

# Superactive Group Company Limited 先機企業集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)



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# CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors:**

Ms. Yeung So Lai (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar (Deputy Chairman)

# **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

Ms. Hu Gin Ing

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William

Mr. Leung Man Man

### **AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE**

Ms. Hu Gin Ing (Chairman)

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William

Mr. Leung Man Man

# NOMINATING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William (Chairman)

Ms. Hu Gin Ing

Mr. Leung Man Man

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. Hu Gin Ing (Chairman)

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William

Mr. Leung Man Man

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Luk Chi Keung

#### **AUDITOR**

Confucius International CPA Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House.

2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11,

Bermuda

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1510, 15/F., West Tower,

Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central,

Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

# 董事會

# 執行董事:

楊素麗女士(主席)

李志成先生(副主席)

# 獨立非執行董事:

胡競英女士

周偉良先生

梁萬民先生

#### 審核及風險委員會

胡競英女士(主席)

周偉良先生

梁萬民先生

# 提名及企業管治委員會

周偉良先生(主席)

胡競英女士

梁萬民先生

### 薪酬委員會

胡競英女士 (主席)

周偉良先生

梁萬民先生

### 公司秘書

陸志強先生

### 核數師

天健國際會計師事務所有限公司

### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House,

2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11,

Bermuda

# 總辦事處兼香港主要營業地點

香港上環

干諾道中168-200號信德中心

西座15樓1510室

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN BERMUDA

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

# PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

For other information relating to the Company, please contact Corporate Communication Department.

Website: www.superactive.com.hk

Email: info@superactive.com.hk

# 百慕達主要股份登記及過戶 辦事處

Conyers Corporate Services
(Bermuda) Limited
Clarendon House,
2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11,
Bermuda

# 香港股份登記及過戶分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

# 主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

### 投資者關係

有關本公司的其他資料, 請聯絡企業傳訊部。

網址:www.superactive.com.hk 電郵:info@superactive.com.hk

# FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

**RESULTS** 

業績

		Years ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	132,217	101,129	184,812	237,525	206,526
Gross profit Impairment of assets	毛利 資產減值	49,002 (8,225)	42,267 (9,629)	51,157 (10,758)	42,069 (107,859)	20,019
Net impairment loss on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	(85,203)	(63,525)	(20,916)	(35,157)	159
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司之業績	(5,513)	60	(10,533)	11,929	54,122
(Loss)/profit before tax Income tax (expense)/credit	除稅前(虧損)/溢利所得稅(開支)/抵免	(122,342) (21,345)	(104,561) (1,588)	(86,124) (8,963)	(193,173) 11,167	79,048 (10,074)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(143,687)	(106,149)	(95,087)	(182,006)	68,974
Attributable to:	以下各項應佔:					
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(144,126) 439	(108,257) 2,108	(94,285) (802)	(174,334) (7,672)	69,324 (350)
		(143,687)	(106,149)	(95,087)	(182,006)	68,974

# **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

# 資產及負債

				t <b>31 D</b> ecember 十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	1,255,417 828,267	1,360,944 802,364	1,389,722 772,758	1,485,203 762,965	1,257,549 326,203
Net assets	資產淨值	427,150	558,580	616,964	722,238	931,346
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 應佔權益 非控股權益	415,964 11,186	547,601 10,979	625,467 (8,503)	717,640 4,598	921,224 10,122
Total equity	權益總額	427,150	558,580	616,964	722,238	931,346

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Superactive Group Company Limited (the "Company" together with its subsidiaries (the "Group")), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

**BUSINESS OVERVIEW** 

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue of the Group increased to approximately HK\$132.22 million as compared to approximately HK\$101.13 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of approximately 30.74%. The Group's gross profit increased by approximately HK\$6.73 million from approximately HK\$42.27 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$49.00 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. The gross profit margin decreased from approximately 41.80% for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 37.06% for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$143.69 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 compared to a loss of approximately HK\$106.15 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The main reason for the year-on-year increase in revenue was that the revenue from sales of electronics products has significantly increased, with a segment turnover of approximately HK\$89.97 million, representing an upsurge of approximately 63.57% as compared with that of last year. The decrease in gross profit margin was mainly due to the proportion of revenue contribution from money lending business has decreased from 24.81% in 2020 to 16.64% in 2021 and the gross profit margin in the money lending business is much higher than other business seaments.

本人謹代表先機企業集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然呈報本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

# 業務概覽

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團的收益上升至約132,220,000 港元,較截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度約101.130.000港元增加約 30.74%。本集團毛利由截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度約42,270,000港 元增加約6.730.000港元至截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度約49,000,000 港元。毛利率由截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度約41.80%下降至截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約 37.06%。本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度錄得虧損約143.690.000 港元,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度則為虧損約106,150,000港元。 收入同比增加的主要原因為電子產品的 銷售大幅增加,分類營業額約89,970,000 港元,較上年度增加約63.57%。毛利率 下降乃由於放債業務的收益貢獻比例由 二零二零年的24.81%下降至二零二一年 的16.64%及放債業務的毛利率遠高於其 他業務分類。

#### **PROSPECTS**

Since the outbreak of COVID-19, global economic and business activities have been disrupted. Although the epidemic has not stopped its impact on the global economy, the macro environment of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") has improved significantly in the first half of 2021, and the number of confirmed COVID-19 cases has continued to decline. However, since the third quarter of 2021, the number of COVID-19 infections has risen again in the PRC, and the increase in new infections cases has led to more travel restrictions and lockdown measures, which will inevitably have an impact on the Group's business. We expect the virus containment measures would continue in the short term, so it will take more time for the economy to get back on track. In addition, the recent downturn in China's properties market has once again triggered market concerns that the economic recovery will be hindered. The current business environment is very difficult. Nonetheless, with vaccination rates continuing to rise and antiviral drugs expected to be widely available shortly. We are confident that the outbreak of COVID-19 will soon pass. Also, we expect the government to roll out more accommodative government policies to drive economic recovery. Therefore, we remain cautiously optimistic about the recovery of the Group's business. We will remain vigilant to respond to the rapidly changing environment and will strengthen our strategies for managing turbulence.

# COMMUNITY RELATIONS AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

At the Company, social responsibility is an integral part of how we do business. We go beyond complying with legal or regulatory requirements and genuinely work towards making a positive impact on the welfare of our employees, our business partners, our local communities, and the environment. Environment, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report attached in the annual report provides the public with an appreciation of how we perform and respond to different ESG issues.

# 前景

自從2019冠狀病毒病爆發以來,全球經 濟及商業活動均受到干擾。儘管疫情並 未停止對全球經濟的影響,但中華人民 共和國(「中國」)的宏觀環境於二零二一 年上半年卻有著顯著改善,2019冠狀病 毒病確診數目亦持續減少。但由於二零 二一年第三季開始,2019冠狀病毒病感 染個案於中國再次上升,新增感染病例 增加導致引來更多的旅行限制及封鎖措 施出台,這難免對本集團業務造成影響。 我們預計抗疫措施會在短期內仍會繼續 實施,因此經濟需要更多時間才能重回 正軌。此外,中國房地產市場近期的低迷 情況亦再次觸發了市場對經濟復甦受阻 的擔憂。目前的營商環境非常艱難。儘管 如此,隨著疫苗接種率持續上升加上預 計抗病毒藥物將在不久將來獲得廣泛應 用,我們有信心疫情快將過去。而且,我 們預計政府將推出更寬鬆的政府政策以 推動經濟復甦。因此,我們對本集團業務 的復甦保持謹慎樂觀。我們將保持警惕 以應對瞬息萬變的環境,並會加強我們 應對危機的策略。

# 社區關係及社會責任

本公司深信社會責任是業務營運其中一個不可或缺的部分,因此我們致力做到高於法例或規管要求,真正為僱員的福利、我們的業務夥伴、我們的社區,以及環境帶來正面影響。年報所附的《環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告》讓公眾清楚了解我們對環境、社會及管治方面的不同議題的表現及回應。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Finally, I would like to thank our employees for their dedication, independent directors for their guidance and suggestions, and shareholders for their confidence in the management and their support. I am grateful to everyone who contributes to the success of the Group.

# 致謝

最後,我要感謝所有為本集團的成功作 出貢獻的各方:勤奮工作的員工、提供指 導及意見的獨立董事,以及相信管理層 能力及給予支持的股東們。

Yeung So Lai

Chairman

25 April 2022

楊素麗

主席

二零二二年四月二十五日

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

## **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

Revenue and Gross Profit: Revenue comprised of sales of electronics products, services income from the provision of nursery education service, interest income from the provision of money lending, management fee received from property management services provided and services income from the provision of regulated financial services. The revenue in 2021 increased by approximately HK\$31,088,000 (representing an increase of approximately 30.74% when compared with 2020) from HK\$101,129,000 in 2020 to HK\$132,217,000 in 2021. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in the sales of electronics products. The outbreak of COVID-19 at the end of 2019 caused the production and operation of the business of electronics products in 2020 to be affected due to the suspension. And in 2021, the epidemic was gradually brought under control, and the impact on business operations was gradually reduced. The gross profit increased by approximately HK\$6,735,000 (representing an increase of approximately 15.93% when compared with 2020) from approximately HK\$42,267,000 in 2020 to approximately HK\$49,002,000 in 2021. The gross profit margin decreased by approximately 4.74%, from 41.80% in 2020 to 37.06% in 2021.

**Other net gains:** The other net gains in 2021 were mainly attributable to the rental income of approximately HK\$5,082,000, the government grant of approximately HK\$2,392,000 and fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$1,700,000.

**Administrative costs:** The increase was mainly due to an increase in business development costs.

**Finance costs:** The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in interest recognised on lease liabilities.

**Impairment of assets:** The impairment of assets were mainly attributable to the impairment loss on licence and goodwill in related to the regulated financial service business amount to HK\$4,810,000 and the impairment loss on the interest in an associate HK\$3,415,000.

### 財務回顧

收益及毛利:收益包括電子產品的銷 售、提供幼兒教育服務的服務收入、提 供放債的利息收入、提供物業管理服務 的管理費及提供受規管金融服務的服務 收入。二零二一年的收益由二零二零年 的101,129,000港元上升約31,088,000港 元至二零二一年的132,217,000港元(較 二零二零年上升約30.74%)。收益上升主 要是由於電子產品的銷售上升所致。於 二零一九年年末爆發的2019冠狀病毒病 導致於二零二零年的電子產品業務的生 產經營因停工而受到影響。於二零二一 年疫情逐漸得到控制,對業務經營的影 響亦逐步降低。毛利由二零二零年的約 42,267,000港元上升約6,735,000港元至 二零二一年的約49,002,000港元(較二零 二零年上升約15.93%)。毛利率由二零二 零年的41.80%減少約4.74%至二零二一 年的37.06%。

其他收益淨額:於二零二一年,其他收益淨額主要來源於租金收入約5,082,000港元,政府補助約2,392,000港元及按公允值於損益列賬之金融資產之公允值收益約1,700,000港元。

**行政成本:**上升主要是由於業務發展成本增加所致。

財務成本:減少主要是由於租賃負債確認的利息減少所致。

資產減值:資產減值主要來源於受規管 金融業務之牌照及商譽減值4,810,000 港元及於一間聯營公司之權益減值虧損 3,415,000港元。

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

Net impairment loss on financial assets: The net impairment loss on financial assets for the year comprises the impairment loss on trade receivables, other receivables and loan receivables. The impairment was recognised according to the expected credit loss rates which are based on the actual loss experience over the previous years adjusted for forward-looking information available to the Group without undue cost and effort. Due to the continuation of the epidemic in 2021, when estimating the loss given default of loan receivables, the base rate of the given default rate increased by 10% in 2021 when compared with 2020. In addition, the probability of default and loss given default of individual loans receivable are adjusted after conducting the individual review. As a result, an additional impairment loss on financial assets of approximately HK\$22,000,000 and HK\$57,000,000 was recognised in 2021 for the increase in the base rate of the probability of default and special provision for some individual loans receivable respectively.

**Share of results of associate:** The amount represented the Group's share of the results of the associate, IT City Development Fund LP, on an equity basis.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of money lending service and provision of regulated financial service in Hong Kong; and manufacturing of electronics products, provision of nursery education service and property development and management in the PRC during the year. In 2021, the income from the manufacturing of electronics products, interest income from money lending service, services income from the provision of regulated financial service, income from nursery education and property development and management income accounted for approximately 68.05% (2020: 54.39%), 16.64% (2020: 24.81%), 5.24% (2020: 7.95%), 0.51% (2020: 1.74%) and 9.56% (2020: 11.11%) of total revenue respectively.

應佔聯營公司之業績:該金額指本 集團按股權基準應佔聯營公司IT City Development Fund LP之業績。

#### 業務回顧

本集團本年度主要於香港從事提供放債服務及提供受規管金融服務;及於中國從事電子產品生產、提供幼兒教育服務及物業開發和管理。於二零二一年,來自電子產品生產之收入、來自放債服務之利息收入、來自提供受規管金融服務之服務收入、來自提供幼兒教育之收入和物業開發和管理收入分別約佔總收益68.05%(二零二零年:54.39%)、16.64%(二零二零年:24.81%)、5.24%(二零二零年:7.95%)、0.51%(二零二零年:1.74%)及9.56%(二零二零年:11.11%)。

# **Manufacturing Electronics Products**

During the year, the segment of manufacturing electronics products includes the manufacturing of transformers. The manufacturing of electronics products contributed approximately HK\$89,969,000 to revenue (2020: HK\$55,005,000 representing an increase of 63.57% when compared with 2020). The main market for the business of the manufacturing of transformers is the PRC.

#### **Provision of Nursery Education Services**

During the year, the segment of the provision of nursery education services contributed approximately HK\$672,000 to revenue (2020: HK\$1,756,000, representing a decrease of 61.73% when compared with 2020). The decrease was mainly due to the kindergarten in Chengdu was disposed of during 2020.

#### **Provision of Money Lending Services**

The provision of money lending services of the Group focuses on conducting money lending business by providing secured or guaranteed loans to customers, including individuals and corporations.

During the year, the segment of the provision of money lending services contributed approximately HK\$22,005,000 to revenue (2020: HK\$25,095,000, representing a decrease of 12.31% when compared with 2020).

As at 31 December 2021, loan receivables with the aggregate gross principal amount of HK\$247,300,000 and gross interest receivables of HK\$27,570,000 (2020: gross principal amount of HK\$277,400,000 and gross interest receivables of HK\$24,982,000) were due from thirteen (2020: fourteen) independent third parties. The interest rates of the loan receivables range from 6% to 15% per annum (2020: 6% to 15% per annum.) on the principals from HK\$5,000,000 to HK\$47,000,000 (2020: from HK\$2,000,000 to HK\$51,000,000). Three (2020: three) of the loan receivables are secured by share charges of the borrowers, and twelve (2020: thirteen) of the loan receivables are guaranteed by independent third parties. The Group does not have the right to sell or re-pledge the shares held as collateral in the absence of default by the borrowers. All loan receivables were repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

#### 電子產品生產

於本年度,電子產品生產分類包括 變壓器生產。電子產品生產貢獻收 益約89,969,000港元(二零二零年: 55,005,000港元,較二零二零年上升 63.57%)。變壓器生產業務的主要市場為 中國。

# 提供幼兒教育服務

於本年度,提供幼兒教育服務分類貢獻收益約672,000港元(二零二零年:1,756,000港元,較二零二零年減少61.73%)。下跌主要由於二零二零年內出售了位於成都的幼兒園。

## 提供放債服務

本集團之提供放債服務專注於經營放債業務,向客戶(包括個人及公司)提供有抵押或擔保貸款。

於本年度,提供放債服務分類貢獻收益約22,005,000港元(二零二零年:25,095,000港元,較二零二零年減少12.31%)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收貸 款本金總額合計247,300,000港元及應收 利息總額27,570,000港元(二零二零年: 本金總額277,400,000港元及應收利息總 額24,982,000港元),乃收取自十三名(二 零二零年:十四名)獨立第三方。應收貸 款之利率介乎於每年6%至15%之間(二 零二零年:每年6%至15%)及借款本金 介乎5,000,000港元至47,000,000港元(二 零二零年:2,000,000港元至51,000,000 港元)。其中三項(二零二零年:三項)應 收貸款由借款人股份押記作質押及其中 十二項(二零二零年:十三項)應收貸款 由獨立第三方作擔保。本集團不得在借 款人並無違約的情況下出售或再抵押所 持作為抵押品之股份。所有應收貸款均 自報告期末起須於十二個月內償還。

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

The amount of loans receivables due from the largest borrower and the five largest borrowers accounted for 17.61% (2020: 17.07%) and 54.58% (2020: 56.61%), respectively, of loan receivables of the Company as at 31 December 2021.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收最大借款人和前五名借款人的應收貸款金額分別佔本公司應收貸款的17.61%(二零二零年:17.07%)和54.58%(二零二零年:56.61%)。

The Group has its credit risk strategy and policy and credit review and risk assessment for the money lending business. It is required to perform an independent assessment on loan applications before the loans are granted and conduct checks on the value of the collateral from time to time to ensure that there is no material deterioration in value.

本集團對放債業務有其信用風險策略和 政策以及信用審查和風險評估。在授予 貸款之前,需要對貸款申請進行獨立評 估,並不時檢查抵押品的價值,以確保價 值沒有重大貶值。

The impairment made on the loan receivables is provided and recognised according to the requirement of HKFRS 9 issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. It is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation of the assets' original effective interest rate. In respect of loan receivables, credit risk arises from a customer's inability and unwillingness to meet its financial obligations to make timely payments under the loans the Group provided. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment, to calculate the provision of the impairment. The impairment is a non-cash item.

No loan receivable has been recognised as bad debts during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 無應收貸款確認為壞賬(二零二零年: 無)。

# **Property Development and Management**

Lijiang Underground Walkway: The Lijiang Underground Walkway is located at the underground of Minzhu Road and Fuhui Road, Lijiang City, Yunan Province, the PRC. The construction and the final acceptance were completed in 2018 and those shops that have been pre-sold before the Group's acquisition have been delivered to the respective buyers. The gross floor area of the underground walkway project is approximately 36,583 square metre ("sq. m."), comprising a civil air defence work structure of approximately 13,730 sq. m., 741 units of the saleable shop premises with a total gross floor area of approximately 19,923 sq. m., a non-saleable property utility room of approximately 15 sq. m. and a commercial function room of approximately 2,915 sq. m.. The Lijiang Underground Walkway is now held-for-sales purpose but in the meantime, the shop premises will be leased to generate rental income and management fee income. During the year, the management fee income generated was approximately HK\$12,641,000 (2020: HK\$11,231,000).

#### **Provision of Regulated Financial Services**

During the year, the segment of the provision of regulated financial services contributed approximately HK\$6,930,000 to revenue (2020: HK\$8,042,000, representing a decrease of 13.83% when compared with 2020). The revenue of the provision of regulated financial services was generated from the asset management services.

# 物業開發和管理

麗江地下步行街: 麗江地下步行街位 於中國雲南省麗江市民主路及福慧路 地下,已於二零一八年完成工程及最終 驗收,而在本集團收購該項目前已預售 之商舖已交付予各買方。該地下步行街 項目建築面積約為36,583平方米(「平 方米」),由面積約為13,730平方米之一 項人民防空工程結構、總建築面積約為 19,923平方米之741間可銷售店舖、面積 約為15平方米之一間不可銷售雜物室及 面積約為2.915平方米之一間商業多用途 室組成。麗江地下步行街現持作出售用 途,但同時,商店將會出租以產生租金收 入及管理費收入。於本年度,所產生的管 理費收入約為12,641,000港元(二零二零 年:11,231,000港元)。

### 提供受規管金融服務

於本年度,提供受規管金融服務分類 貢獻收益約6,930,000港元(二零二零年:8,042,000港元,較二零二零年減少13.83%)。提供受規管金融服務之收益產生自資產管理服務。

# LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND GEARING

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$5,686,000 (2020: HK\$11,598,000) which included approximately HK\$1,221,000 and Renminbi ("RMB") 3,647,000.

The Group had interest-bearing borrowings of approximately HK\$498,584,000 (2020: HK\$498,952,000) of which approximately HK\$267,529,000 (2020: HK\$198,562,000) were repayable on demand or within one year; approximately HK\$143,396,000 (2020: HK\$79,908,000) were repayable in the second year; approximately HK\$86,199,000 (2020: HK\$220,482,000) were repayable in the third to fifth years, inclusive; and approximately HK\$1,460,000 were repayable after five years. The Group's total bank and other borrowings divided by total assets as at 31 December 2021 was 39.71% (2020: 36.66%). As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio of the Group was 1.15 (2020: 0.87). This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. With the cash and bank balances available, and other current assets could be converted to cash within a year, the Group has sufficient financial resources to finance its operations and to meet the financial obligations of its business.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has a net asset value of HK\$427,150,000 (2020: HK\$558,580,000), with a liquidity ratio (ratio of current assets to current liabilities) of 1.32 (2020: 1.73).

# 流動資金、財務資源及資本負債比率

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之現金及現金等價物項目約為5,686,000港元(二零二零年:11,598,000港元),其中包括約1,221,000港元及人民幣(「人民幣」)3,647,000元。

本集團之計息借款約為498,584,000港 元(二零二零年:498,952,000港元), 其中約267,529,000港元(二零二零年: 198,562,000港元) 須按要求或於一年 內償還;約143,396,000港元(二零二 零年:79,908,000港元)須於第二年償 還;約86,199,000港元(二零二零年: 220,482,000港元) 須於第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)內償還;及約1,460,000 港元須於五年後償還。本集團於二零 二一年十二月三十一日的銀行及其他 借款總額除以總資產為39.71%(二零二 零年:36.66%)。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本集團資本負債比率為1.15 (二零二零年:0.87)。該比率按債務 淨額除以權益總額計算。債務淨額按計 息借款總額減現金及現金等價物項目計 算。由於具備現金及銀行結餘及其他流 動資產可於一年內變現,本集團有足夠 的財務資源為其經營提供資金及履行其 業務之財務責任。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 之資產淨值為427,150,000港元(二零二 零年:558,580,000港元),而流動資金比 率(流動資產與流動負債之比率)為1.32 (二零二零年:1.73)。

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2021, the share equity of (i) Superactive Financial Group Company Limited, the operating company of the regulated financial services; (ii) Link Complex Limited, a company which held the 18% unlisted equity shares of a company which is for provision of real-time kinematic solution; (iii) Shenzhen Jiaxin Enterprise Management Company Limited, the holding company of a group operating the manufacturing of transformers: (iv) Edisoft Investment Limited, the holding companies of a group operating Lijiang Project, and its subsidiaries; (v) Shenzhen Baike Enterprise Management Co., Ltd., the holding company of a subsidiary operating Lijiang Project; and (vi) Next Millions Limited, the holding company of a subsidiary operating the money lending services, were pledged to secure the Company's bond issued on 29 December 2017. In addition, the office properties included in Land and Building under Property, Plant and Equipment and Restricted Bank Deposits were pledged to a bank to secure the Group's loans.

# EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

The Group's monetary assets, loans and transactions are principally denominated in HK\$ and RMB. All the Group's borrowings are denominated in HK\$ and RMB. The Group did not engage in any derivative activities and did not commit to any financial instruments to hedge its financial position exposure as at 31 December 2021.

# **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had staff force of approximately 300 employees (2020: approximately 250 employees). Of this, most were stationed in the PRC. The remuneration of employees was in line with the market trend and commensurable to the level of pay in the industry. Remuneration of the Group's employees includes basic salaries, bonuses and long-term incentives (such as share option scheme). Total staff costs incurred for 2021 were approximately HK\$35,943,000 (2020: approximately HK\$29,983,000).

### 資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,(i)先機 金融集團有限公司(一間經營受規管金 融服務的公司);(ii) Link Complex Limited (一間持有從事提供實時動態解決方案 的公司18%非上市股權的公司);(iii)深圳 市加信企業管理有限公司(一間持有經 營生產變壓器的集團的控股公司);(iv) Edisoft Investment Limited (經營麗江項 目集團的控股公司) 及其附屬公司;(v)深 圳市佰科企業管理有限公司 (經營麗江 項目附屬公司的控股公司);及(vi) Next Millions Limited (經營放債服務附屬公司 的控股公司)的股權已被質押以為本公 司於二零一七年十二月二十九日發行的 債券作擔保。此外,包含在物業、廠房及 設備中土地及樓宇一欄中之辦公室物業 及受限制銀行存款已質押予銀行以擔保 本集團的貸款。

# 匯率波動風險及有關對沖

本集團的貨幣資產、貸款及交易主要以港元及人民幣計值。本集團借款全部以港元及人民幣計值。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無參與任何衍生工具活動及並無對任何金融工具作出承擔以對沖其財務狀況風險。

### 僱員

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有約300名僱員(二零二零年:約250名僱員),其中大部分在中國工作。僱員的薪酬與市場趨勢一致,與業內的薪酬水平相若。本集團僱員的薪酬包括基本薪金、花紅及長期獎勵(如購股權計劃)。二零二一年所產生的員工成本總額約為35,943,000港元(二零二零年:約29,983,000港元)。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

As at the date of this annual report, the biographical details of the Directors are as follows:

下:

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Ms. Yeung So Lai ("Ms. Yeung"), aged 44, joined the Company on 25 January 2017 as an executive Director and acted as the Chairman of the Company on 8 February 2017. Ms. Yeung has been appointed as director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Yeung is presently a director of a number of private companies engaged in the business of investment holding and is experienced in corporate management. Ms. Yeung was also the executive director and chief executive officer of Imperium Group Global Holdings Limited (formerly known as JF Household Furnishings Limited) (stock code: 0776) from 21 September 2012 to 31 July 2016, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and was executive director of Suncity Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Sun Century Group Limited and Hong Long Holdings Limited) (stock code: 1383), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from 2 September 2011 to 31 March 2017.

Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar ("Mr. Lee"), aged 58, joined the Company on 25 January 2017 as an executive Director and acted as the Deputy Chairman of the Company on 8 February 2017. Mr. Lee has been appointed as director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee obtained a Professional Diploma in Accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as Hong Kong Polytechnic) in 1985 and a Bachelor of Arts in Business Studies from the City University of Hong Kong (formerly known as the City Polytechnic of Hong Kong) in 1994. He had worked in the Inland Revenue Department for over 15 years after his graduation. In 2000, he joined Ernst and Young, an international accounting firm, as a senior manager. He later obtained a Master degree in International Accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong in 2001. He was the executive director of Newtree Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1323), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange from 4 October 2011 to 31 January 2020. He is experienced in corporate management and internal control. He is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. In addition, he is a member of the Society of Registered Financial Planners.

#### 執行董事

楊素麗女士(「楊女士」),44歲,於二零 一七年一月二十五日加入本公司並擔任 執行董事,並於二零一七年二月八日獲 委任為本公司主席。楊女士獲委任為本 公司多間附屬公司的董事。楊女士目前 為多間從事投資控股業務的私人公司的 董事,在企業管理方面經驗豐富。楊女士 亦曾於二零一二年九月二十一日至二零 一六年七月三十一日擔任帝國集團環球 控股有限公司(前稱為捷豐家居用品有 限公司)(股份代號:0776)執行董事兼行 政總裁,該公司股份於香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市,並曾於 二零一一年九月二日至二零一七年三月 三十一日擔任聯交所主板上市公司太陽 城集團控股有限公司(前稱太陽世紀集 團有限公司及鴻隆控股有限公司)(股份 代號:1383)執行董事。

於本年報刊發日期,董事的履歷詳情如

李志成先生(「李先生」),58歲,於二零 一七年一月二十五日加入本公司並擔任 執行董事,並於二零一七年二月八日獲 委任為本公司副主席。李先生獲委任為 本公司多間附屬公司的董事。李先生於 一九八五年獲香港理工大學(前稱為香 港理工學院)頒發會計專業文憑,並於 一九九四年獲香港城市大學(前稱為香 港城市理工學院) 頒發商學文學士學位。 彼畢業後於稅務局工作逾15年。於二零 零零年,彼加入國際會計師事務所安永 會計師事務所出任高級經理。其後,彼 於二零零一年獲香港城市大學頒發國際 會計碩士學位。彼於二零一一年十月四 日至二零二零年一月三十一日擔任聯交 所主板上市公司友川集團控股有限公司 (股份代號:1323)之執行董事。彼於企 業管理及內部監控方面經驗豐富。彼為 香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師 公會資深會員。此外,彼亦為註冊財務策 劃師協會會員。

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Hu Gin Ing ("Ms. Hu"), aged 63, joined the Company on 6 November 2013 as an independent non-executive Director, chairman of the audit and risk committee and a member of the nominating and corporate governance committee of the Company. Ms. Hu has been appointed as a member of the remuneration committee of the Company on 30 May 2014 and re-designated as chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company on 15 September 2014. Ms. Hu has experience in media, television network and private equity investments. Ms. Hu has been a director/partner of NHL CPA Limited, Hong Kong, from January 2005 to July 2020 and the chairman of the board of Benepet Co., Ltd. from July 2017 to June 2020. Ms. Hu is now the vice chairman of the board of Benelife Management Limited since February 2018. Ms. Hu has been the Corp. CFO, Global Finance, of Acer Incorporated a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation for the period from May 2014 to June 2017. Ms. Hu was an independent non-executive director of Carnival Group International Holdings Limited (stock code: 0996), from December 2013 to April 2019 and Enterprise Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 1808) from March 2011 to June 2020, all of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Ms. Hu is an independent non-executive director of LVGEM (China) Real Estate Investment Company Limited (stock code: 0095) a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Ms. Hu has been an independent director of Vigor Kobo Company Limited (stock code: 2733) and Acer Synergy Tech Corp. (stock code: 6751) since 28 June 2019 and 15 October 2019 respectively and both companies are listed on the Mainboard of the Taipei Exchange. Ms. Hu obtained a Master of Business Administration degree from Florida International University, the US, a Master of Science degree from Barry University, the US, and a Bachelor degree in Foreign Language from the National Taiwan University. Ms. Hu is a Certified Public Accountant, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as well as a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 27 years of experience in accounting and finance.

# 獨立非執行董事

胡競英女士(「胡女士」),63歲,於二零 一三年十一月六日加入本公司, 為本公 司之獨立非執行董事、審核及風險委員 會主席以及提名及企業管治委員會成 員。胡女士於二零一四年五月三十日獲 委任為薪酬委員會成員並於二零一四 年九月十五日調任為薪酬委員會主席。 胡女士於媒體、電視網絡及私募股權投 資方面擁有經驗。胡女士於二零零五年 一月至二零二零年七月期間擔任香港匯 俊會計師事務所有限公司之董事/合夥 人及於二零一七年七月至二零二零年六 月期間擔任益寵生醫股份有限公司董事 長。胡女士自二零一八年二月起擔任合 富潤生企業管理諮詢(上海)有限公司副 董事長。胡女士自二零一四年五月至二 零一七年六月期間任職宏碁股份有限公 司(一間於台灣證券交易所上市的公司) 全球財務長。胡女士於二零一三年十二 月至二零一九年四月期間及於二零一一 年三月至二零二零年六月期間分別擔任 嘉年華國際控股有限公司(股份代號: 0996) 及企展控股有限公司(股份代號: 1808) 之獨立非執行董事(上述公司均 於聯交所主板上市)。胡女士為聯交所主 板上市公司綠景(中國)地產投資有限公 司(股份代號:0095)之獨立非執行董 事。胡女士自二零一九年六月二十八日 及二零一九年十月十五日起分別出任維 格餅家股份有限公司(股份代號:2733) 及智聯服務股份有限公司(股份代號: 6751) 之獨立董事(以上兩家公司均於 證券櫃檯買賣中心上櫃)。胡女士取得美 國佛羅里達國際大學(Florida International University)工商管理碩士學位、美國貝瑞 大學(Barry University)理科碩士學位及國 立台灣大學外文系學士學位。胡女士為 執業會計師、香港會計師公會會員以及 美國會計師公會會員,並於會計及財務 方面擁有逾27年經驗。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(Continued)

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William ("Mr. Chow"), aged 49, joined the Company on 8 February 2017 as an independent non-executive Director, chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee, a member of each of the audit and risk committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Chow is a certified public accountant and an executive of an accounting firm in Hong Kong and has various years of experience in auditing, taxation and company secretarial practice in Hong Kong. Mr. Chow obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration (Hons.) from Hong Kong Baptist University in 1996. Mr. Chow is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong.

Mr. Leung Man Man ("Mr. Leung"), aged 54, joined the Company on 17 April 2019 as an independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the audit and risk committee, nominating and corporate governance committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Leung is currently a practising solicitor in Hong Kong and China-Appointed Attesting Officer. Mr. Leung obtained a Bachelor of Laws in the University of Wolverhampton, the United Kingdom and passed the Solicitors' Final Examination pursuant to the Training Regulations, 1989 in England and Wales. He was admitted as a solicitor of the High Court in 1997. He is now a partner of Messrs. K M Lai & Li, Solicitors.

### 獨立非執行董事(續)

周偉良先生(「周先生」),49歲,於二零一七年二月八日加入本公司,為本公司獨立非執行董事、提名及企業管治委員會主席、審核及風險委員會兼薪酬委員會成員。周先生為執業會計師,並為香港、稅務及公司秘書業務方面擁有多年、稅務及公司秘書業務方面擁有多年、稅務及公司秘書業務方面擁有多年、學取得工商管理學士(榮譽)學位。認善學取得工商管理學士(榮譽)學位。認善等取得工商管理學士(榮譽)學位。認善時公會、香港華人會計師公會及香港稅務學會會員。

梁萬民先生(「梁先生」),54歲,於二零一九年四月十七日加入本公司擔任獨立非執行董事,其為本公司審核及風險委員會、提名及企業管治委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。梁先生現為香港執業律師及中國委託公證人。梁先生在英國爾弗漢普頓大學取得法學士學位,並於一九八九年在英格蘭及威爾斯根據「培訓規例」通過律師期末考試。梁先生於一九九七年獲認許為高等法院律師,現為黎錦文李孟華律師事務所之合夥人。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

董事欣然提呈本報告及本集團截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核 綜合財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a diversified investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

# **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 104 and the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

To enhance transparency of the Company and facilitate the shareholders of the Company and investors to make informed investment decisions relating to the Company, the Board adopted a dividend policy on 21 January 2019 ("Dividend Policy").

According to the Dividend Policy, when determining whether to declare any dividend in the future and the amount of dividend to be declared, the Company shall consider the Company's financial results, prospects and other factors, and subject to:

- the Company's Bye-laws;
- the applicable restrictions and requirements under the laws of the Bermuda;
- any banking or other funding covenants by which the Company is bound from time to time:
- the investment and operating requirements of the Company; and
- any other factors that have a material impact on the Company.

# 主要業務

本公司為一家多元化投資控股公司。本公司主要附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註41內。

# 業績及分派

本集團之年內業績載於第104頁之綜合 損益表及隨附之綜合財務報表附註內。

董事不建議派付截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零二零 年:無)。

為提升本公司之透明度及促使本公司股東及投資者作出有關本公司之知情投資 決定,董事會於二零一九年一月二十一 日採納一項股息政策(「股息政策」)。

根據股息政策,當未來決定是否宣派任何股息及所宣派股息的金額時,本公司將考慮本公司之財務業績、前景及其他因素,並受以下各項限制:

- 本公司之公司細則;
- 百慕達法律下的適用限制及要求;
- 本公司不時受其約束的任何銀行或 其他融資契諾;
- 本公司的投資及經營需求;及
- 任何其他對本公司構成重大影響的因素。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution proportion or distribution ratio. The declaration, payment and amount of dividends will be subject to the Board's discretion. The Board has the right to review the Dividend Policy from time to time as it deems fit according to the financial and business development requirements of the Company.

本公司沒有任何預定的股息分配比例或 分配比率。股息之宣派、派付及金額將由 董事會酌情決定。董事會有權於其認為 合適時按本公司財政及業務發展需求不 時審閱股息政策。

## **DONATIONS**

The Group did not make any charitable and other donation during the year (2020: nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's share capital as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 108.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

The Company did not have any distributable reserve available for distribution to the shareholders as at 31 December 2021.

#### ISSUANCE OF BONDS

On 29 December 2017, the Company has issued bonds to an independent third party for a principal amount of HK\$300 million. The bonds are interest-bearing at 8% per annum at issue and interest is payable quarterly in arrears and matured on 28 December 2019. The first instalment of interest was payable on 20 March 2018. According to the subscription agreement, the bonds are non-callable until 29 December 2018. The purpose of the bonds is to satisfy the funding needs of the money lending operation, the capital expenditures for the development of nursery education business and the general working capital of the Group. The proceeds of the bonds were received on 2 January 2018.

# 捐款

本集團年內並無作出任何慈善及其他捐款 (二零二零年:無)。

# 股本

本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 之股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。

### 儲備

年內,本集團之儲備變動詳情載於第108 頁之綜合權益變動表。

#### 可分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司 並無擁有任何可供分派儲備以供向股東 派發。

### 發行債券

On 23 July 2018, the Group partially repaid the principal amount of HK\$20,000,000.

On 24 December 2019, the Group further partially repaid the principal amount of HK\$20,000,000 and the bondholder granted an extension of the maturity date for the remaining outstanding principal amount of HK\$260,000,000 from 28 December 2019 to 28 December 2020.

On 28 December 2020, the Company entered into the third supplemental deed (the "Third Supplemental Deed") with the supplemental. Pursuant to the Third Supplemental Deed, the bond's interest rate has been raised from 8% per annum to 10% per annum; the bond's final maturity date has been extended to 28 June 2022 and to be redeemed by phases. According to the Third Supplemental Deed, the Company should redeem a bond with a principal of HK\$10,000,000 on 28 December 2020 which have been settled on 7 January 2021. On or before 28 June 2021, together with the aggregate principal amount for the redemptions made after 28 December 2020, the Company shall redeem not less than principal of HK\$20,000,000; On or before 28 December 2021, together with the aggregate principal amount for the redemptions made after 28 December 2020, the Company shall redeem not less than HK\$160,000,000. On or before 28 June 2022, the Company shall redeem all remaining outstanding principal amount of the bonds.

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一八年七月二十三日,本集團已 償還20,000,000港元之部分本金額。

於二零一九年十二月二十四日,本集團進一步償還部分本金額20,000,000港元, 而債券持有人批准將餘下未償還本金額 260,000,000港元之到期日由二零一九年十二月二十八日延長至二零二零年十二月二十八日。

於二零二零年十二月二十八日,本公 司與債券持有人訂立了第三份補充契據 (「第三份補充契據」)。根據第三份補 充契據,該債券的利率已從每年8%提高 到每年10%;該債券的最終到期日已延 長至二零二二年六月二十八日,並將分 期贖回。根據第三份補充契據,本公司 應於二零二零年十二月二十八日贖回本 金為10,000,000港元的債券(已於二零 二一年一月七日結清);於二零二一年六 月二十八日或之前, 連同於二零二零年 十二月二十八日之後所進行贖回的本金 總額,本公司應贖回不少於20,000,000 港元本金;於二零二一年十二月二十八 日或之前, 連同於二零二零年十二月 二十八日之後所進行贖回的本金總額, 本公司應贖回不少於160,000,000港元。 於二零二二年六月二十八日或之前,本 公司應贖回債券所有剩餘未贖回本金

# 物業、廠房及設備

年內,本集團之物業、廠房及設備之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Ms. Yeung So Lai

Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

Ms. Hu Gin Ing

Mr. Chow Wai Leung William

Mr. Leung Man Man

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of the current directors are set out on page 16 to page 18 of this annual report.

# DIRECTOR'S SERVICE CONTRACTS AND ROTATION

The appointment of each Director is subject to retirement by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election in accordance with Bye-law 84 of the Company's Bye-laws and Code Provision A.4.2 of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. All of the independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term.

In accordance with Bye-law 84 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar, and Ms. Hu Gin Ing shall retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible for re-election.

Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar will offer himself for election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. However, Ms. Hu Gin Ing will retire at the end of forthcoming annual general meeting and will not offer herself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

None of the Directors has entered or has proposed to enter into any service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not expiring or determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

## 董事

於年內及截至本報告刊發日期之董事如 下:

# 執行董事:

楊素麗女士

李志成先生

# 獨立非執行董事:

胡競英女士

周偉良先生

梁萬民先生

## 董事之履歷詳情

現任董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第16至 18頁。

# 董事服務合約與輪值

根據本公司公司細則第84條及上市規則 附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管 治守則」)守則條文第A.4.2條,各委任董 事均須輪值退任且符合資格並願意重選 連任。所有獨立非執行董事均按指定任 期獲委任。

根據本公司之公司細則第84條,李志成 先生及胡競英女士將於本公司即將舉行 之股東週年大會上退任董事職務,而彼 等符合資格重選連任。

李志成先生願意於應屆股東週年大會上 膺選連任。但胡競英女士將於應屆股東 週年大會結束時退任及不會於應屆股東 週年大會上膺選建任。

董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立或擬訂立並非於一年內屆滿或僱傭公司不可於一年內不作補償(法定補償除外)而終止之服務合約。

#### **DIRECTOR'S EMOLUMENTS**

Details of Director's emoluments on a named basis are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

The executive Directors, Ms. Yeung So Lai and Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar have waived part of their salaries of approximately HK\$6,600,000 and HK\$5,400,000 respectively during the year.

# INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

# DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN THE SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2021, the interests of the Directors and their associates in the ordinary shares and underlying ordinary shares of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken or are deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO) or which are required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which are required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

# 金幡車董

董事酬金詳情以具名方式載列於綜合財 務報表附註9。

於本年度,執行董事楊素麗女士及李志成先生已放棄彼等部分薪金分別約6,600,000港元及5,400,000港元。

# 獨立非執行董事之獨立性

根據上市規則第3.13條之規定,本公司 已收到每位獨立非執行董事就其獨立性 之年度確認。本公司認為所有獨立非執 行董事均屬獨立人士。

# 董事於本公司及其相聯法團證 券之權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事 及其聯繫人於本公司及其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨 條例」)第XV部)之普通股及相關普通股 中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 7及8分部,須知會本公司及聯交所之權益 (包括根據證券及期貨條例該等條 當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉),本條 就證券及期貨條例第352條須記入本條 所述之登記冊之權益,或根據上市發行 人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準 守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之權益如 下:

# DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN THE SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS (Continued)

Long Positions in the Shares of the Company

董事於本公司及其相聯法團證 券之權益(續)

於本公司股份之好倉

		Number of shares 股份數目	
			Percentage of aggregate interest to total number of
Name of director 董事姓名	Corporate Interest 公司權益	Total 總計	shares in issue* 總權益 佔已發行股份總數* 之百分比
Ms. Yeung So Lai 楊素麗女士	1,152,731,997(1)	1,152,731,997	56.71%
Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar 李志成先生	1,152,731,997(2)	1,152,731,997	56.71%

#### Notes:

- (1) This represents interest hold by Ms. Yeung So Lai through Super Fame Holdings Limited ("Super Fame") which holds 1,152,731,997 shares of the Company. Ms. Yeung So Lai has 55% interest in Super Fame, and she is therefore deemed to be interested in 1,152,731,997 shares of the Company.
- (2) This represents interest held by Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar through Super Fame which holds 1,152,731,997 shares of the Company. Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar has 45% interest in Super Fame, and he is therefore deemed to be interested in 1,152,731,997 shares of the Company.
- \* The percentage has been adjusted based on the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 2,032,571,385 shares).

Other than as disclosed above, neither the Directors nor any of their associates, had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations.

#### 附註:

- (1) 指楊素麗女士透過持有本公司1,152,731,997 股股份之超名控股有限公司(「超名」)持有之權益。楊素麗女士擁有超名之55%權益,故彼被視為於本公司1,152,731,997股股份中擁有權益。
- (2) 指李志成先生透過持有本公司1,152,731,997 股股份之超名持有之權益。李志成先生擁 有超名之45%權益,故彼被視為於本公司 1,152,731,997股股份中擁有權益。
- \* 該百分比已按本公司於二零二一年十二月 三十日已發行股份總數(即2,032,571,385股) 予以調整。

除以上披露者,董事或彼等之任何聯繫 人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之任 何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權 益或淡倉。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements headed "Related Party Transactions", no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors is considered to have interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the Listing Rules.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

# 董事於重大交易、安排或合約 中之權益

除綜合財務報表附註37「關連人士交易」 所披露者外,於本年度末或年內任何時 間概無存續由本公司、其控股公司或其 任何附屬公司訂立而董事直接或間接於 其中擁有重大權益之其他重大交易、安 排或合約。

# 董事於競爭業務中之權益

於本年度內及直至本年報日期,概無董事被視為於與本集團之業務直接或間接 形成競爭或可能形成競爭之業務(定義 見上市規則)中擁有權益。

# 董事購入股份或債券之權利

本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司 在本年度內任何時間概無訂立任何安 排,致使董事可藉購入本公司或任何其 他法人團體之股份或債券而得益。

# SUBSTANTIAL INTERESTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, the interests or short positions of those persons (other than Directors whose interests disclosed above) in the ordinary shares and underlying ordinary shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

# 於本公司股本中之主要權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置之登記冊所記錄,該等人士(不包括其權益於上文披露之董事)於本公司普通股及相關普通股持有之權益或淡倉如下:

# **Long Positions**

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Name 名稱	Capacity in which shares were held 持有股份的身份	Number of shares 股份數目	Percentage of aggregate interest to total number of shares in issue* 總權益 佔已發行股份 總數之百分比*
Super Fame¹ 超名¹	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,152,731,997 (L)	56.71%
Jade Treasure Global Limited ("Jade Treasure") <sup>2</sup> 致達環球有限公司(「致達」) <sup>2</sup>	Security interest 抵押權益	1,152,731,997 (L)	56.71%

L: Long position

L: 好倉

#### Notes:

. Super Fame is owned as to 55% by Ms. Yeung So Lai and 45% by Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar. As such, Ms. Yeung So Lai and Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar were deemed to be interested in 1,152,731,997 shares of the Company held by Super Fame.

# 附註:

1. 超名由楊素麗女士及李志成先生分別擁有 55%及45%權益。因此,楊素麗女士及李志成 先生被視為於超名持有的1,152,731,997股本 公司股份中擁有權益。

# SUBSTANTIAL INTERESTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

# Long Positions (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- 2. Jade Treasure is wholly-owned by Wise Prismatic Limited ("Wise Prismatic"). Wise Prismatic is wholly-owned by China Huarong Overseas Investment Holdings Co., Limited ("Huarong Overseas Investment"), which in turn is wholly-owned by Huarong Overseas Chinese Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Huarong Overseas Chinese Asset Management is owned as to 91% by Huarong Zhiyan Investment & Management Co. Ltd ("Huarong Zhiyan") which in turn wholly-owned by China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Huarong"). Thus, each Wise Prismatic, Huarong Overseas Investment, Huarong Overseas Chinese Asset Management, Huarong Zhiyan and China Huarong is deemed to be interested in 1,152,731,997 Shares in which Jade Treasure has a security interest.
- \* The percentage has been adjusted based on the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 2,032,571,385 shares).

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the ordinary shares and underlying ordinary shares of the Company which had been recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors throughout the year and up to the date of this annual report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

於本公司股本中之主要權益(續)

# 好倉(續)

附註:(續)

- 2. 致達由Wise Prismatic Limited (「Wise Prismatic」) 全資擁有。Wise Prismatic由China Huarong Overseas Investment Holdings Co., Limited (「Huarong Overseas Investment」) 全資擁有,Huarong Overseas Investment由華融華僑資產管理股份有限公司(「華融華僑資產管理」)持有。華融華僑資產管理由華融致遠投資管理有限責任公司(「華融致遠」)擁有91%權益。華融致遠由中國華融資產管理股份有限公司(「中國華融」)全資擁有。因此,Wise Prismatic、Huarong Overseas Investment、華融華僑資產管理、華融致遠及中國華融各自被視為於致達擁有抵押權益之1,152,731,997股股份中擁有權益。
- \* 該百分比已按本公司於二零二一年十二月 三十日已發行股份總數(即2,032,571,385股) 予以調整。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本公司並未獲知會有任何 其他人士擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須存置之登記冊所記錄之本公司 普通股及相關普通股之任何其他權益或 淡倉。

#### 公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開資料,並就董事所知悉,本公司於本年度及直至本年報日期內維持充足的公眾持股量,其並不少於上市規則規定之本公司已發行股份之25%。

### 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則概無有關優先購買權之條文,百慕達法律亦沒有該等權利之規定,使本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股。

#### **PENSION SCHEMES**

The pension schemes of the Group are primarily in the form of contributions to Hong Kong's Mandatory Provident Fund and the PRC statutory public welfare fund, respectively.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to requirements of the Listing Rules. Other transactions which were exempted from the requirements of the Listing Rules are also disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements as related party transactions.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Business review is set out on page 9 to page 15 under Management Discussion and Analysis of this annual report.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND MAJOR SUPPLIERS

Sales to the largest customer and the five largest customers accounted for 21.30% and 61.81%, respectively, of total revenues for the year.

Purchases from the largest supplier and the five largest suppliers accounted for 11.55% and 26.01%, respectively, of total purchases for the year.

As far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, their close associates, or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares) has any interest in the customers or suppliers of the Company disclosed above.

## 退休金計劃

本集團之退休金計劃主要供款形式分別 為香港強制性公積金計劃及中國法定公 益金供款計劃。

# 關連交易

於本年度,本公司並無訂立任何須遵守 上市規則的關連交易。獲上市規則豁免 的其他交易亦於綜合財務報表附註37披 露作關連人士交易。

# 管理合約

本年度概無訂立或於年末存續任何有關 本公司全部或絕大部分業務管理與行政 之合約。

# 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市 證券

本公司於本年度概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### 業務回顧

業務回顧載於本年報管理層討論與分析 第9至15頁。

#### 主要客戶及主要供應商

最大客戶及五大客戶之銷售額分別佔本 年度總收益額之21.30%及61.81%。

最大供應商及五大供應商之採購額分別 佔本年度總採購額之11.55%及26.01%。

據董事所知,概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或 據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份總數 5%以上權益之任何股東於上文所披露之 本公司客戶或供應商擁有任何權益。

# PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Bye-laws of the Company provides that directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they are or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices. The Company has taken out insurance against the liability and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against Directors.

### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

The Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report.

#### SHARE OPTION

On 6 June 2017, a resolution was passed in the 2017 annual general meeting of the Company to adopt a new share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme").

The Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange has granted the listing of, and permission to deal in the shares of the Company which may fall to be issued pursuant to the exercise of the options which was granted and/or may be granted under the Share Option Scheme subsequently.

As at 31 December 2021, no share options were granted under the Share Option Scheme.

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme.

### 獲准許的彌償條文

本公司之公司細則規定董事或其任何一人於或就各自執行其職務或應執行之職務時而所作出、發生之作為或不作為而將會或可能招致或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,可獲確保就此免受任何損害,並從本公司的資產獲得彌償。本公司已就董事可能面對任何訴訟時產生的責任及相關的費用購買保險。

#### 報告期後事項

董事 並 不知 悉 於 二零 二 一 年 十 二 月 三十一日後及直至本報告日期發生任何 須予披露的重大事項。

## 購股權

於二零一七年六月六日,一項決議案已 於本公司二零一七年股東週年大會上 通過,以採納新購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」)。

聯交所上市委員會已批准本公司其後根據購股權計劃授出及/或可能授出之購 股權獲行使後而須予發行之股份上市及 買賣。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無購 股權根據購股權計劃獲授出。

以下為購股權計劃之主要條款概要。

## **SHARE OPTION** (Continued)

# (A) Share Option Scheme

#### **Purpose**

To attract and retain the grantees and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

#### **Participants**

Eligible participants include:

- (a) any director, employee, consultant or advisor, substantial shareholder, distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider to the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company (the "Affiliate")
- (b) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee, consultant or advisor, substantial shareholder, distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider to the Group or an Affiliate

#### **Exercise price**

Determined by the Board and shall not be less than the higher of:

- (a) the closing price of one (1) share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets at the offer date, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of one (1) share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the offer date; and
- (c) the nominal value of the share on the offer date,

provided that in case of fractional prices, the exercise price per share shall be rounded upwards to the nearest whole cents.

### 購股權(續)

# (A) 購股權計劃

#### 目的

吸引及挽留承授人並推動本集團業 務成功。

# 參與者

合資格參與者包括:

- (a) 本集團、本集團持有權益之公司或該公司附屬公司(「聯屬公司」)之任何董事、僱員、顧問或諮詢人、主要股東、分銷商、承建商、供應商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴或服務供應商
- (b) 本集團或聯屬公司之任何董 事、僱員、顧問或諮詢人、主 要股東、分銷商、承建商、供應 商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴或服 務供應商所實益擁有之公司

#### 行使價

由董事會釐定,且不得低於以下之 較高者:

- (a) 於授出日期(須為營業日)—(1) 股股份在聯交所每日報價單所 列之收市價;
- (b) 緊接授出日期前五(5)個營業日 一(1)股股份在聯交所每日報價 單所列之平均收市價;及
- (c) 股份於授出日期之面值,

惟就碎股股價而言,每股行使價應 湊整至最接近完整仙位。

#### SHARE OPTION (Continued)

# (A) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

# Total number of shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of this annual report

203,257,138 shares, being approximately 10% of the issued shares of the Company.

#### Maximum entitlement of each participant

Not exceed 1% of the shares in issue in any 12-month period.

# Period within which the securities must be taken up under the option

Subject to the discretion by the Board and, in the absence of which, from the date of acceptance to the earlier of the date on which such option lapses and 10 years from the date of the offer.

# Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Subject to the discretion by the Board.

#### Amount payable on acceptance

HK\$1.00 payable upon acceptance of the offer.

#### Period within which calls/loans must be made/repaid

Not applicable.

#### Remaining life of the scheme

The scheme will be valid and effective until 5 June 2027, after which no further options will be granted, but the provisions of the scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects. Options complying with the provisions of the Listing Rules which are granted during the duration of the scheme and remain unexercised immediately prior to 5 June 2027 shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of the grant, notwithstanding the expiry of the scheme.

### 購股權(續)

# (A) 購股權計劃(續)

# 可發行股份總數及於本年度報告日 期佔已發行股本之百分比

203,257,138股股份,佔本公司已發 行股份約10%。

#### 每名參與者之最高配額

不超過於任何十二個月期間已發行 股份之1%。

#### 根據購股權認購證券之期限

由董事會酌情釐定,如並無釐定,由 接納日期起至有關購股權失效之日 及授出日期起計滿十年之較早者。

### 購股權行使前必須持有之最短期限

由董事會酌情釐定。

### 接納時應付金額

於接納時應付1.00港元。

# 付款金額/貸款須作出/償還之期 限

不適用。

#### 計劃之餘下年期

計劃將生效及有效直至二零二七年六月五日,此後將不會進一步授出任何購股權,但計劃之條文於所有其他方面將維持十足效力及有效。於計劃期內授出且於緊接二零二七年六月五日前仍未獲行使但符合上市規則條文之購股權,將可繼續根據彼等之授出條款予以行使,儘管計劃之期限已屆滿。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## SHARE OPTION (Continued)

# (B) Movements of the Share Option Scheme

No share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since the date of the adoption of the scheme.

### **AUDITOR**

On 14 December 2021, BDO Limited who acted as auditor of the Company for the period form 1 October 2009 to 31 December 2020, resigned and Confucius International CPA Limited ("Confucius") was appointed on 15 December 2021 as auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy and hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by Confucius which will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

**Superactive Group Company Limited** 

#### Yeung So Lai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 April 2022

### 購股權(續)

# (B) 購股權計劃之變動

自購股權計劃採納日期以來概無根 據計劃授出任何購股權。

# 核數師

於二零二一年十二月十四日,於二零零九年十月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間任本公司核數師之香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司辭任,而天健國際會計師事務所有限公司(「天健國際」)於二零二一年十二月十五日獲委任為本公司核數師以填補空缺並任期至應屆股東週年大會結束。

本年度之綜合財務報表已由天建國際審核,該核數師將於應屆股東週年大會上 退任,惟符合資格並願意重選連任。

代表董事會

先機企業集團有限公司

### 楊素麗

主席

香港,二零二二年四月二十五日

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices to enhance corporate performance and accountability. Continuous efforts are made to review and enhance the Group's procedures in light of changes in regulations and developments in best practices.

本公司致力維持高水平企業管治常規, 以提升企業表現及問責性。鑒於法規變動及最佳慣例之演變,我們亦持續審閱 及加強本集團之程序。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted all the code provisions in the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. Throughout the year, the Company complied with applicable code provisions of the CG Code, save as disclosed below.

Under Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not at present have an officer with the title CEO. The daily operation and management of the Company are monitored by the executive Directors. The Board considers the present structure is more suitable for the Company because it can promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises five Directors, with two executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

Appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance had been arranged for all the Directors and Officers of the Company.

# 企業管治守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十四所載之 企業管治守則之所有守則條文。於整個 年度內,除下文披露者外,本公司一直遵 守企業管治守則之適用守則條文。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1 條,主席與行政總裁(「行政總裁」)之角 色應予分開,不應由同一人士兼任。本公 司並無任何職稱為「行政總裁」之主管人 員。本公司之日常運作及管理由執行董 事監察。董事會認為現有架構適合本公 司,因為其可促進本公司策略之有效制 訂及實施。

## 董事會

於本報告刊發日期,董事會由五名董事 組成,其中兩名為執行董事及三名為獨 立非執行董事。

本公司已為全體董事及高級職員投購合適之董事及高級職員責任保險。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

Each newly appointed director receives comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has an appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. Directors are also regularly updated on the Group's business and accounting reporting standards in the board meetings.

During the year, all Directors, have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by way of reading materials or attending seminars, meetings, forums and/or training course relevant to the Group's business or to the directors' duties and responsibilities. The Company had received from each of Directors a confirmation of his training.

During the year, the company secretary, who is the employee of the Company, has taken no less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training requirement.

The Board has a balance of appropriate skills and experience to meet the requirements of the businesses of the Group. All Directors had separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management, the chief financial officer and the company secretary of the Company, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed.

During the year, the Board met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors representing more than one-third of the board of directors, with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company had received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considered them to be independent.

### 董事會(續)

各新委任董事獲委任時均會獲得一項全面、正規及切合個人需要的入職指引,以確保彼對本公司的業務及營運有恰當了解,並完全知悉其根據上市規則及有關監管要求的職責及責任。於董事會會議上,董事定時獲得與本集團業務及會計申報準則有關的更新資料。

於本年度內,所有董事透過閱讀與本集 團業務或董事職務及職責相關的資料或 參加相關之研討會、會議、論壇及/或培 訓課程,參與適當的持續專業發展活動。 本公司已接獲每名董事就接受培訓的確 認書。

年內,公司秘書(其為本公司之僱員)已符合不少於15小時的相關專業培訓規定。

董事會具備適當的技能和經驗以滿足本 集團之業務需求。全體董事均有個別和 獨立途徑取得高級管理層、首席財務官 及本公司公司秘書之建議和服務,從而 確保董事會程序,以及所有適用規則和 規定得以遵從。

年內,董事會已遵守上市規則有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(超過董事會三分之一成員),且其中一名須具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長的規定。

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已接獲 每名獨立非執行董事就其獨立性作出之 年度確認書,並認為彼等均屬獨立。

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

# **Appointment and Succession Planning of Directors**

The Company has established the nomination and corporate governance committee ("NCG Committee") and adopted formal, considered and transparent procedures for the appointment and succession planning of Directors. Appropriate candidates as properly selected by the NCG Committee will be proposed to the Board for approval.

The Board and the NCG Committee as a whole are responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The Board reviews its structure, size and composition, as appropriate, to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company.

In accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, one third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation every year, and any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting.

The Board recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Detailed information of the Directors standing for re-election will be set out in the circular of the Company in relation to the forthcoming annual general meeting to be despatched to the shareholders.

# 董事會(續)

# 董事之委任及續任計劃

本公司已成立提名及企業管治委員會 (「提名及企業管治委員會」)並就董事的 委任及繼任計劃制訂正式、經周詳考慮 及透明的程序。經提名及企業管治委員 會挑選考慮合適人選,再向董事會提名、 頒過落實。

董事會連同提名及企業管治委員會整體 上負責審閱董事會的組成、確立及制訂 提名及委任董事的有關程序、監察董事 的委任及繼任計劃,並評估獨立非執行 董事的獨立性。董事會會在適當時候檢 討其架構、成員人數及組成,確保其具備 適合本公司業務需求的專業知識、技能 及經驗。

根據本公司的公司細則,本公司三分之一董事每年均須輪流退任,而獲委任填補臨時空缺或新增董事會職位的任何新董事,僅留任至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時彼等將符合資格於該大會上應撰連任。

董事會建議被重新委任的董事將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上接受重選。寄發予股東的本公司應屆股東週年大會通函將載有接受重選董事的詳細資料。

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

## **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company continuously seeks to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance and recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity in the Board. In January 2019, the Board adopted a Board Diversity Policy.

The Company believes that diversity of the Board can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors when deciding on appointments of Directors, including but not limited to gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how and any other factors that the Board deems appropriate from time to time. In implementing its perspectives on Board diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its business model and specific needs from time to time.

The composition, experience and balance of skills in the Board are regularly reviewed to ensure that the Board retains a core of members with longstanding knowledge of the Group alongside new Director(s) appointed from time to time who bring(s) fresh perspectives and diverse experiences to the Board. The NCG Committee has the primary responsibility for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board and, in carrying out such responsibility, will give adequate consideration to the Board Diversity Policy. The NCG Committee believes that the current composition of the Board is based on the history and actual conditions of the Company and it reflects the achievement of full consideration of factors of Board diversity.

The Board will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness.

## 董事會(續)

## 董事會多元化政策

本公司一直務求提升董事會效率及維持 最高水平之企業管治,認同並確信董事 會成員多元化之好處。於二零一九年一 月,董事會採納董事會多元化政策。

在決定任命董事時,本公司相信要獲得董事會多元化,可以從多方面的因素考慮,包括(但不限於)性別、年齡、經驗、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識及董事會不時認為適用的其他因素。在實行董事會多元化方面,本公司亦將根據其業務模式及不時之特定需要考慮各種因素。

董事會定期檢討其組合、經驗及技能平衡,確保董事會保留一組對本集團有長期認識之核心成員,同時不時委任之新董事會帶來新觀點及多元化經驗。提名及企業管治委員會負有物色異備合適資格人選成為董事會成員有物色異構合適資格人選成為董事會成員的主要董事會多元化政策。提名及企業管治委員會認為現時董事會的組成乃結合本公司的歷史及實際情況,並反映董事會多元化的因素已經獲得充份的考慮。

董事會將在適當時候檢討董事會多元化 政策,以確保其持續有效。

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The Board meets regularly, and the Board meetings are held at least four times a year, and at other times as necessary. Where appropriate, decisions are also taken by way of circulated resolutions. The Board monitors and reviews, among others, the performance of the Group companies, including operations, finance, risk management, internal controls and strategic issues. The principal functions of the Board are to:

- play a key role in the implementation and monitoring of internal controls, financial reporting and risk management;
- assume responsibility for corporate governance and compliance with applicable laws and regulations; and
- approve the Group's strategies, directions and financial objectives.

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board. The Board reserves for its decision all significant matters of the Company and it has delegated the day-to-day management, administration and operations of the Company to the executive Directors and senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board for all material transactions entered into by senior management and other executives.

The Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his/her responsibilities to the Company.

For all of the Board meetings, proper and reasonable notices, adequate and appropriate information in the form of agenda, board papers and minutes of the meetings are prepared and circulated to all the Directors in a reasonable time.

## 董事會(續)

董事會定期會面,一年最少召開四次董事會會議,及於必要時在其他時間召開會議。在適當情況下,亦會以傳閱決議案之方式作決定。董事會監察及檢討(其中包括)本集團成員公司於營運、財務、風險管理、內部控制及策略等事項之表現。董事會之主要職能為:

- 在執行和監察內部控制、財務報告 及風險管理方面擔當重要角色;
- 承擔企業管治責任並遵守適用法律 及法規;及
- 批核本集團之策略、方向及財務目標。

董事會負責本公司業務之整體管理。董 事會對本公司所有重大事宜保留決策 權,並委派執行董事及高級管理層負責 本公司之日常管理、行政及運作,並定期 檢討獲分派的職能及職責。高級管理人 員及其他行政人員訂立的所有重大交易 必須獲董事會批准。

董事會定期檢討各董事向本公司履行其 職責時所作出的貢獻。

就所有董事會會議而言,正規及合理的 通知以及充足及適當的資料包括議程、 董事會文件及會議記錄均會在合理時間 內編製及發送予各董事。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The attendance records of all the Directors for the Board and Committee meetings for the year are set out below:

## 董事會(續)

於本年度,所有董事的董事會及委員會會議出席記錄載列如下:

		No. of meetings attended/No. of meetings held 出席會議數目/舉行會議數目				
Directors	董事	Full Board 董事會 全體會議	Audit and Risk Committee 審核及 風險委員會	NCG Committee 提名及企業 管治委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	General meeting¹ 股東大會¹
Executive Directors:	<i>執行董事:</i>					
Ms. Yeung So Lai	楊素麗女士	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar	李志成先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Ms. Hu Gin Ing	胡競英女士	3/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Chow Wai Leung William	周偉良先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Leung Man Man	梁萬民先生	3/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1
Number of meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止 年度內舉行之會議數目	4	3	1	1	1

Note:

2021 annual general meeting held on 2 June 2021.

附註:

」 二零二一年股東週年大會於二零二一年六月 二日舉行。

### **AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE**

The Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities as to the Company's financial statements, reporting, audit findings and reviewing the risk management and internal control systems of the Company, as well as the Company's process for monitoring compliance with certain laws and regulations.

The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are as follows: Ms. Hu Gin Ing (Chairman), Mr. Chow Wai Leung William and Mr. Leung Man Man, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

#### Work done during the year

- reviewed the annual report and the interim report in accordance with the accounting policies and practices, accounting standards, Listing Rules and legal requirements;
- reviewed the appointment of auditors for audit and non-audit related services and their fees;
- reviewed the audit plans and findings of auditors, risk management, internal controls and financial reporting matters;
- discussed the audit approach and significant audit and accounting issues with the auditors; and

The Audit and Risk Committee met twice a year with the external auditors in the absence of the executive Directors during the year.

There was no disagreement between the Audit and Risk Committee and the Directors in respect of matters about selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

During the year, the Company's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee.

## 審核及風險委員會

審核及風險委員會協助董事會履行監察 本公司之財務報表、匯報、核數結果及 審閱風險管理及內部控制系統,以及本 公司監督遵循若干法律及法規程序之責 任。

審核及風險委員會由以下人士組成:胡 競英女士(主席)、周偉良先生及梁萬民 先生,全部皆為獨立非執行董事。

#### 於本年度處理的工作

- 根據會計政策及常規、會計準則、上 市規則及法定要求,審閱年報及中 期報告;
- 審閱委聘核數師提供核數及非核數 相關服務及其酬金;
- 審閱核數師的核數計劃及結果、風險管理、內部控制及財務報告事宜;
- 與核數師討論審核方法及重大審核 及會計事宜;及

於本年度,審核及風險委員會在執行董 事缺席的情況下每年與外聘核數師舉行 兩次會議。

審核及風險委員會於遴選、委聘、辭任或 罷免外聘核數師的事宜上,與董事並無 意見分歧。

於本年度內,審核及風險委員會已審閱 本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的全年業績及截至二零二一年六 月三十日止六個月的中期業績。

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee advises the Board on the Group's compensation policy and practices with a view that a meaningful portion of management's compensation should be contingent upon financial performance of the Group to foster the creation of long term shareholder value.

The Remuneration Committee adopted the model described in code provision B.1.2(c)(i) of the CG Code.

The members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows: Ms. Hu Gin Ing (Chairman), Mr. Chow Wai Leung William and Mr. Leung Man Man, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

## Work done during the year

- reviewed the remuneration policy for the Directors and management with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- reviewed and determined packages of the Directors and management with reference to their duties and responsibilities with the Company; and
- ensured no Director or any of his/her associate is involved in deciding his/her remuneration.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the emoluments of the members of the senior management of the Group by bands is set out below:

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會就本集團之薪酬政策及慣例 向董事會提供意見,其認為管理層薪酬 之合理部分應與本集團之財務表現掛 鈎,以加強創造股東長遠價值。

薪酬委員會採用企業管治守則中守則條 文B.1.2(c)(i)所述之模式。

薪酬委員會由以下人士組成:胡競英女士(主席)、周偉良先生及梁萬民先生,全部皆為獨立非執行董事。

## 於本年度處理的工作

- 参考董事會的企業方針及目標,審 閱董事及管理層的薪酬政策;
- 參考董事及管理層於本公司的職務 及職責,審閱及釐定彼等的待遇;及
- 確保並無董事或其任何聯繫人士參 與決定其薪酬。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第B.1.5條,本集團高級管理層成員之酬金級別載列如下:

Remuneration Bands 酬金級別		Number of Individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	5

## NOMINATING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE ("NCG COMMITTEE")

The NCG Committee oversees the composition of the Board to ensure that qualified individuals meeting the criteria of the provisions of the Listing Rules serve as members of the Board and its committees. The NCG Committee also has the responsibility to develop, recommend to the Board and oversee the implementation of corporate governance principles and policies relating to the operation of the Board and its committees and the Company as a whole.

Where vacancies on the Board exist or an additional Director is considered necessary, the NCG Committee will identify suitable candidates and propose the appointment of such candidates to the Board for consideration and the NCG Committee will take into account the qualification as required by the Listing Rules, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics, etc. of the candidates and approved if such appointment is considered suitable.

The members of the NCG Committee are as follows: Mr. Chow Wai Leung William (Chairman), Ms. Hu Gin Ing and Mr. Leung Man Man, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

## Work done during the year

- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, and is of the view that there is an appropriate and diverse mix of skills and experience;
- assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors and confirmed that all independent non-executive Directors are considered independent;

## 提名及企業管治委員會(「提名 及企業管治委員會」)

提名及企業管治委員會監督董事會之組成,以確保由符合上市規則條文所訂標準之合資格人士出任董事會及其委員會之成員。提名及企業管治委員會亦有責任制定、向董事會提出建議及監督有關董事會及其委員會以及本公司整體營運之企業管治原則及政策之執行。

倘董事會出現空缺或認為有必要增加董事,提名及企業管治委員會將物色合適候選人,並向董事會提呈有關候選人之委任事項以供審議,提名及企業管治委員會則將考慮候選人是否符合上市規則規定之資格、能力、工作經驗、領導才能及職業道德操守等因素,如認為有關委任合適則給予批准。

提名及企業管治委員會由以下人士組成: 周偉良先生(主席)、胡競英女士及梁 萬民先生,全部皆為獨立非執行董事。

## 於本年度處理的工作

- 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成,並 認為董事會成員具備適當而多元化 的技能及經驗;
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,並確認全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立;

## NOMINATING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE ("NCG COMMITTEE") (Continued)

## Work done during the year (Continued)

- reviewed the profile and performance of Directors who will stand for re-election at the annual general meeting and confirmed that all those Directors are suitable to stand for re-election;
- developed and reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- reviewed the Company's compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The NCG Committee continued to monitor the Board composition with regard to its diversity policy by reviewing its size, structure and composition to ensure that the Board has a balance of ages, talents, expertise, skills, experience, culture, knowledge and gender appropriate to the requirements of the Company. The Company believes diversity is important to enhance the Board's effectiveness by encouraging a diversity of perspectives and to maintain high standards of corporate governance. The Company will continue to monitor and develop new objectives for implementing and achieving improved diversity on the Board as and when it considers appropriate with regard to the specific needs of the Company and the market from time to time.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct governing Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company, that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

## 提名及企業管治委員會(「提名及企業管治委員會」)(續)

## 於本年度處理的工作(續)

- 審閱將於股東週年大會上參與重選 董事的履歷及表現,並確認所有有 關董事適合參與重選;
- 制定及審閱本公司企業管治的政策 及常規;
- 審閱及監察本公司政策及常規在遵守法定及監管要求的情況;及
- 審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則的守 則條文及企業管治報告的披露要求 的情況。

針對董事會的多元化政策,提名及企業 管治委員會透過審閱董事會的規模、架 構及組成監察董事會的組成,以確保董 事會於年齡、才能、專長、技能、經驗、 化、知識及性別方面可取得平衡,以切合 本公司的要求。本公司相信多元化政策 能鼓勵多元視野並維持企業管治處於高 水平,對提升董事會的效能起重要作用。 本公司將繼續監察,並不時因應本公司 及市場的特別需要,在其認為適當時,制 定落實及提升董事會多元化發展的新目 標。

#### 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載標準守則作為其本身之董事進行證券交易之操守準則。全體董事經本公司作出特別查詢後確認,彼等於整個年度內一直遵守標準守則內所規定之準則。

## **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

The Group's systems of risk management and internal control involve the operation and/or supervision of the Board and the Audit and Risk Committee. The main features and the key processes that have been established in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of such systems are stated below.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's systems of risk management and internal control. However, these systems are designed to manage the Group's risks within an acceptable risk profile, rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the business objectives of the Group. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable assurance but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information and records or financial losses or fraud.

The Board has overall responsibility in monitoring the process of corporate reporting and control system throughout the Group. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and briefs the systems at least annually.

The Board has established an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group and this process includes updating the systems of risk management and internal control when there are changes to the business environment or regulatory guidelines. The effectiveness and efficiency of risk management and internal control systems are reviewed annually.

The Group has developed an internal control system, which covers major financial, operational and compliance controls to safeguard its assets against unauthorised use, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The internal control system is reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board and Audit and Risk Committee annually. For any identified internal control weaknesses or defects, the Group will enhance control measures to rectify such control weaknesses or defects.

## 風險管理及內部控制

本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統涉及 董事會及審核及風險委員會之運作及/ 或監督。本集團所確立供審閱該等系統 的充足性及有效性的主要特點及主要程 序載列如下。

董事會負責監督本集團風險管理及內部 監控系統。然而,該等系統的設計旨在將 本集團的風險控制在可接受的風險範圍 內(而非完全消除失誤風險),以達至本 集團業務目標。因此,有關系統僅可就管 理層及財務資料及紀錄的重大錯誤陳述 或財務損失或欺詐提供合理而非絕對的 保證。

董事會負責監察本集團整體企業匯報及 控制系統之程序。審核及風險委員會每 年至少進行一次檢討及簡述系統。

董事會已確立既定程序,以識別、評估及 管理本集團所面對的重大風險,有關程 序包括於營商環境或監管指引變更時更 新風險管理及內部監控系統。每年均就 風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性及其 效率進行檢討。

本集團已制定內部監控系統,該系統涵蓋主要財務、營運及合規監控,以保障資產免受未經授權的使用,確保維持正式會計記錄及確保遵守相關法律及法規。董事會和審核及風險委員會每年以持續基準檢討內部監控系統。本集團將針對任何已識別的內部監控弱點或缺陷加強監控措施,以糾正有關監控弱點或缺陷。

### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

(Continued)

The key processes that have been established in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the systems of risk management and internal control include the following:

 The Company has engaged an external professional internal control consultant firm, Ammo Group Corporate Service Limited, to provide internal audit services to the Group on an annual basis.

The Group has already established the inside information policies. They depict the decision trees to distinguish inside information and the necessary actions. Employees are required to keep all inside information in strict confidence. Once the inside information needs disclosure, the manner must be equal, timely and effective.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Company's principal auditor is Confucius International CPA Limited. The total remuneration paid/payable to Confucius International CPA Limited in respect of audit services during the year amounted to approximately HK\$1,300,000.

## RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. The auditor of the Company acknowledges its reporting responsibilities on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 as set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 94 to 103.

## 風險管理及內部控制 (續)

本集團已確立主要程序以審閱風險管理 及內部監控系統的充足性及完整性,該 等程序包括:

本公司已委聘一家外聘專業內部監控顧問公司,盈雪集團企業集團有限公司,每年向本集團提供內部審核服務。

本集團已訂立內幕消息政策。該政策已描述決策樹以區別內幕消息及必要行動。僱員必須絕對保密所有內幕消息。如需披露內幕消息,必須以平等、適時及有效的方式披露。

#### 核數師酬金

本公司之主要核數師為天健國際會計師事務所有限公司。於年內,就已付/應付天健國際會計師事務所有限公司之核數服務之酬金總額約為1,300,000港元。

## 有關財務報表之責任

全體董事知悉彼等編製截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表之責任。本公司核數師知悉其對第94至103頁獨立核數師報告載列之截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度財務報表之申報責任。

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company is committed to ensuring that the Group complies with disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations and that all shareholders and potential investors have an equal opportunity to receive and obtain externally available information issued by the Company. Information regularly provided to the shareholders includes annual and interim reports, circulars and announcements in accordance with the Listing Rules.

The Company welcomes the attendance of shareholders at general meetings to express their views. All the Directors are encouraged to attend the general meetings to have personal communication with shareholders. The external auditor is also required to be present to assist the Directors in addressing any relevant queries by shareholders.

The Chairman of the Company, chairman of each of Audit and Risk Committee, Remuneration Committee and NCG Committee, and representatives of BDO Limited, the then external auditor of the Company, attended the annual general meeting held on 2 June 2021. All these persons were available to answer questions at the annual general meeting.

For both institutional and retail investors, the Company's website at www.superactive.com.hk, provide up-to-date information of the Group. All key information such as announcements, annual and interim reports and circulars can be downloaded from these websites.

## 與股東之通訊

本公司致力確保本集團遵守上市規則項下之披露責任以及其他適用法律及法規,而所有股東及潛在投資者均有同等機會接獲及取得本公司發放之對外公開資料。本公司根據上市規則定期向股東提供之資料包括年報及中期報告、通函及公佈。

本公司歡迎股東出席股東大會以表達意見,並鼓勵所有董事出席股東大會與股東直接溝通。外聘核數師亦須出席股東大會,以協助董事回答股東之任何相關提問。

本公司主席、審核及風險委員會、薪酬委員會和提名及企業管治委員會的主席,以及香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司(本公司時任外聘核數師)的代表均有出席於二零二一年六月二日舉行的股東週年大會,從而在股東週年大會上解答問題。

機構及散戶投資者可於本公司網站 www.superactive.com.hk獲得有關本集團 之最新資料。所有主要資料如公佈、年 報及中期報告及通函均可於上述網址下 載。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

## (i) Procedures by which Shareholders can convene a Special General Meeting ("SGM")

The Board shall, on the requisition in writing of the shareholders of not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company upon which all calls or other sums then due have been paid, forthwith proceed to convene a SGM.

The requisition must state the purpose of the meeting and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company with a copy to the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room 1510, 15/F., West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary.

If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene the SGM, the requisitionists or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a SGM, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after three months from the date of the original deposit.

## (ii) Procedures for putting forward proposals at General Meetings ("GM")

Shareholders can submit a written requisition to move a resolution at GM. The number of shareholders shall represent not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having, at the date of the requisition, a right to vote at the GM, or who are no less than 100 shareholders.

## 股東之權利

## (i) 股東召開股東特別大會(「股東 特別大會」)之程序

應持有不少於本公司十分之一已繳 足股本且已繳付所有到期催繳股 款或其他款項之股東之書面請求, 董事會須立即就此召開股東特別大 會。

呈請須列明會議目的,並須由呈請 人簽署並送交本公司註冊辦事處, 且抄送至本公司總辦事處及於香港 之主要營業地點(地址為香港上環干 諾道中168-200號信德中心西座15 樓1510室),註明公司秘書收。

倘董事會並未於該請求書發出日期 起計二十一日內召開股東特別大 會,則提出該請求人士或持有全體 請求人士之過半數總表決權之任何 請求人士可自行召開股東特別大 會,惟任何如此召開之會議不得於 原先發出要求日期起計三個月後舉 行。

## (ii) 於股東大會(「股東大會」)提出 建議之程序

股東可於股東大會上提出書面請求 動議決議案。股東之數目須不少於 在該請求提出之日期有權於股東 大會上表決之所有股東之總表決權 二十分之一,或不少於100名股東。

## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

## (ii) Procedures for putting forward proposals at General Meetings ("GM") (Continued)

The written requisition must state the resolution, accompanied by a statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at the GM. It must also be signed by all of the shareholders concerned and be deposited at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room 1510, 15/F., West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary not less than six weeks before the GM in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the GM in case of any other requisition.

The shareholders concerned must deposit a sum of money reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and circulating the statement submitted by the shareholders concerned under applicable laws and rules.

#### (iii) Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's registrar. Shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for information on the Company to the extent that such information is publicly available. Shareholders may also make enquiries to the Board by writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room 1510, 15/F., West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

## 股東之權利(續)

## (ii) 於股東大會(「股東大會」)提出 建議之程序(續)

有關股東須存放一筆合理及充足之款項,用以支付本公司根據適用法律及規則送達決議案通知及傳閱有關股東提交之陳述書所產生之開支。

#### (iii) 股東之查詢

股東如對名下持股有任何疑問,應向本公司之股份過戶登記處提出。 股東及投資人士可隨時要求索取有關本公司之公開資料。股東亦可透 過致函本公司總辦事處及於香港之 主要營業地點(地址為香港上環干諾 道中168-200號信德中心西座15樓 1510室)之公司秘書向董事會作出 查詢。

## INTRODUCTION – ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

This Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") summarises the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives, plans and performances of Superactive Group Company Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group" or "we"), and demonstrates our commitment to sustainable development.

The Group believes sustainability is a key to achieve continuous success, therefore we have integrated this concept into our business strategy. In order to pursue a successful and sustainable business model, the Group recognises the importance of integrating ESG aspects into our risk management system. We adhere to the ESG management direction in accordance with the concept of sustainable development, and are committed to progressing effectively and responsibly against ESG affairs.

#### The ESG Governance Structure

The Group conducts a top-down management approach concerning its ESG issues. The board of directors (the "Board") oversees and sets out ESG management approach and strategy for the Group, as well asholds the responsibility for ensuring the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal controls. With a view to having a systematic management of the ESG issues, the Group has arranged designated personnel from various departments to handle ESG management as a working group. The working group is responsible for collecting relevant ESG data and compiling the ESG report. It periodically reports to the Board, assists in the assessing and identifying the Group's ESG risk, and evaluates the implementation and effectiveness of internal control system. The working group also reviews the Group's ESG performance through key performance indicators ("KPI") from various ESG aspects, including environmental, labour practices, in order to review progress made against ESG-related goals and targets. By conducting regular materiality assessment, it assists the Board to evaluate, prioritise and manage material ESG-related issues. For further details, please refer to the sections headed "Stakeholder Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment".

## 序言一環境、社會及管治政策

本環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」)總結先機企業集團有限公司(「本公司」,建同其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」或「我們」)在環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)上的倡議、計劃及績效,並展示我們在可持續發展方面的承諾。

本集團堅信可持續發展乃實現持續成功 的關鍵,因此我們已將此概念融入我們 的業務戰略。為追求成功及可持續的業 務模式,本集團深明將環境、社會及管治 理念融入其風險管理系統的重要性。我 們秉承可持續發展理念的環境、社會及 管治的管理方針,承諾有效及負責任地 處理環境、社會及管治事務。

#### 環境、社會及管治的管治架構

本集團就其環境、社會及管治事項採取 自上而下的管理方法。董事會(「董事會」) 監督及設定本集團的環境、社會及管治 管理方法及戰略,並負責確保本集團風 險管理及內部控制的有效性。為有系統 地管理環境、社會及管治事項,本集團已 安排各部門指定人員組成工作小組,負 青環境、社會及管治的管理。該工作小組 負責收集相關環境、社會及管治數據,並 編製環境、社會及管治報告,定期向董事 會報告,協助評估及識別本集團的環境、 社會及管治風險,並評估內部控制系統 的實施及有效性。該工作小組還透過關 鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」) 從環境及 勞工慣例等多個環境、社會及管治方面 審查本集團的環境、社會及管治績效,以 檢討在環境、社會及管治相關目標及指 標方面取得的進展。通過定期進行重要 範疇評估,其協助董事會評估、優先評級 及管理與環境、社會及管治相關的重大 事項。有關進一步詳情,請參閱「持份者 之參與」及「重要範疇評估」章節。

#### REPORTING SCOPE

This ESG Report generally covers the Group's business and operational activities in Hong Kong and PRC. In particular, the general disclosures and compliance matters of the ESG Report cover the Group's business activities driven by the provision of regulated financial services and the manufacturing and sales of consumer electronics, while the ESG KPI is gathered and included under the Group's business activities driven by the Hong Kong office, which include the provision of regulated financial services, as the Group has not yet established the data collection system for the KPIs relating to environmental aspects for the manufacturing facility for transformers. The Group will continue to access the major ESG aspects of different businesses and extend the scope of disclosures when and where applicable.

#### REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEX"). During the preparation for this ESG Report, the Group has applied the reporting principles stipulated in the ESG Reporting Guide as follows:

- "Materiality" The materiality assessment was conducted to identify material issues, thereby adopting the confirmed material issues as the focus for the preparation of the ESG Report. The materiality of issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board. Please refer to the sections headed "Stakeholder Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" for further details.
- "Quantitative" Supplementary notes are added along with quantitative data disclosed in the ESG Report to explain any standards, methodologies, and source of conversion factors used during the calculation of emissions and energy consumption.

## 報告範圍

#### 報告框架

環境、社會及管治報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板證券上市規則附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管治報告指引」)編製。於編製本環境、社會及管治報告期間,本集團已採用環境、社會及管治報告指引所規定的報告原則,如下所示:

- 「重要性」一通過進行重要性評估 識別重大事項,從而將已確認的重 大事項作為環境、社會及管治報告 的編製重點。事項的重要性由董事 會審核及確認。有關進一步詳情,請 參閱「持份者之參與」及「重要範疇評 估」章節。
- 「量化」-在環境、社會及管治報告中披露定量數據的同時,還增加補充說明,以解釋在計算排放量及能源消耗量時使用的任何標準、方法及換算係數的來源。

"Consistency" – The preparation approach of this ESG Report
was substantially consistent with the previous year, and
explanations were provided regarding data with changes in the
scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies.

Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 33 to 47 of this annual report.

#### **REPORTING PERIOD**

The ESG Report describes the ESG activities, challenges and measures taken by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Reporting Period" or "2021").

#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

We value our stakeholders and their feedback in regards to our businesses and ESG aspects. With the goal to strengthen the sustainability approach and performance of the Group, we put effort in maintaining close communication with our key stakeholders, including but not limited to shareholders and investors, customers, employees, suppliers and regulators. We take stakeholders' expectations into consideration in formulating our businesses and ESG strategies by utilising diversified engagement methods and communication channels, which are shown as below.

「一致性」一本環境、社會及管治報告的編製方法與上一年度基本一致,並對披露範圍及計算方法出現變化的數據進行說明。

與本集團企業管治常規有關的資料載於 本年報第33至47頁的《企業管治報告》 內。

#### 報告期間

環境、社會及管治報告描述本集團於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (「報告期間」或「二零二一年」)的環境、 社會及管治活動、有關挑戰及所採取的 措施。

## 持份者之參與

我們重視我們的持份者及其對我們業務及環境、社會及管治方面的反饋意見。我們的目標是加強本集團的可持續發展方法及績效,努力與我們的主要持份者(包括但不限於股東及投資者、客戶、僱員、供應商及監管機構)保持密切溝通。在制定我們的業務及環境、社會及管治戰略時,我們會通過利用如下所示的多種參與方式及溝通渠道,考慮持份者的期望。

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and concerns 期望及憂慮	Communication channels 溝通渠道
Shareholders and investors	<ul><li>Returns on investment</li><li>Corporate strategy and governance</li><li>Risk mitigation and management</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Annual general meeting</li> <li>Financial reports, corporate websites</li> <li>Announcements, notices of meetings, circulars</li> </ul>
股東及投資者	<ul><li>投資回報</li><li>企業戰略及管治</li><li>風險緩解及管理</li></ul>	<ul><li>股東週年大會</li><li>財務報告、企業網站</li><li>公告、會議通知、通函</li></ul>
Customers	<ul><li>Robust operation management</li><li>Full compliance with regulations</li><li>Sustainability performance of operations</li></ul>	<ul><li>Financial reports, corporate websites</li><li>Regular meetings and communication</li></ul>
客戶	<ul><li>穩健的經營管理</li><li>全面遵守法規</li><li>經營的可持續性績效</li></ul>	<ul><li>財務報告、企業網站</li><li>定期會議及通訊</li></ul>
Employees	<ul> <li>Compensation and benefits</li> <li>Occupational health and safety ("OHS")</li> <li>Career development opportunities</li> <li>Corporate culture and well being</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leisure activities</li> <li>In-house training programmes</li> <li>Performance reviews and appraisals</li> <li>Promote career development and enhance competence at all levels</li> </ul>
僱員	<ul><li>薪酬及福利</li><li>職業健康與安全(「職業健康與安全」)</li><li>職業發展機會</li><li>企業文化及福利</li></ul>	<ul> <li>休閒活動</li> <li>內部培訓計劃</li> <li>績效審核及評估</li> <li>促進職業發展及提升各個層面的能力</li> </ul>
Suppliers	<ul><li>Long-term partnership</li><li>Ethical business practices</li><li>Supplier assessment criteria</li></ul>	<ul><li>Procurement processes</li><li>Audits and assessments</li></ul>
供應商	<ul><li>長期合作夥伴</li><li>道德商業常規</li><li>供應商評估標準</li></ul>	<ul><li>採購流程</li><li>審計及評估</li></ul>
Regulators	Laws and regulations compliance	<ul><li>Review latest law &amp; regulations</li><li>Inspections</li></ul>
監管機構	• 法律及法規合規	<ul><li>審閱最新的法律及法規</li><li>巡查</li></ul>

We aim to collaborate with our stakeholders to improve our ESG performance and create greater value for the wider community on a continuous basis.

重要節疇評估

的社區創造更大的價值。

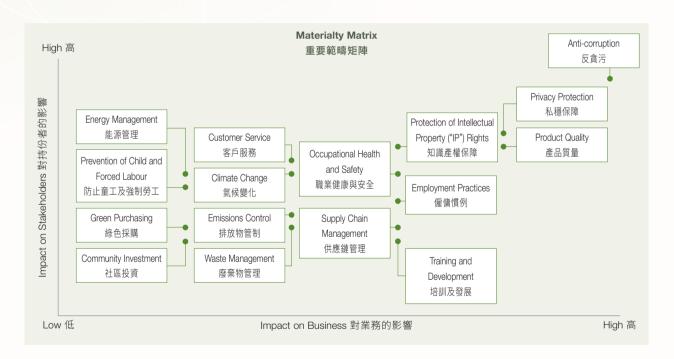
## MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

A materiality assessment in the form of surveys was conducted during the Reporting Period, where relevant departments, business units and stakeholders of the Group evaluated the materiality of different ESG issues to the Group based on several criteria including, but not limited to direct financial implications and level of impact the activities have on the environment and society. By analysing the assessment result, the Group assesses the importance of the material ESG issues to our business and stakeholders. The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues:

於報告期間內,本集團以調查的形式進行了重要範疇評估,本集團相關部門、業務單位及持份者根據多個標準(包括但不限於直接財務影響及活動對環境與社會的影響程度)評估不同環境、社會及管治事項的重要性。通過分析評估結果,本集團評估重大環境、社會及管治事現代業務及持份者的重要性。下文矩陣總結本集團的重大環境、社會及管治事項:

我們的目標是與持份者合作,持續提高

我們的環境、社會及管治績效,為更廣泛



During the Reporting Period, the Group has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues, and disclosed relevant management approach in the ESG Report comply with the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide.

於報告期間內,本集團已針對環境、社會 及管治事項設立適當且有效的管理政策 及內部控制系統,並於環境、社會及管治 報告內披露相關管理方法,內容符合環 境、社會及管治報告指引的規定。

### **CONTACT US**

We welcome stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You are welcome to provide valuable feedback on the ESG Report or our sustainability performance by email at info@superactive.com.hk.

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL

#### A1. Emissions

The Group strives to protect the environment through the implementation of control activities and monitoring measures in our business activities and workplace. We are committed to promoting a green environment by introducing environmentally friendly business practices, educating our employees to raise their awareness on environmental protection and complying with the relevant environmental laws and regulations.

In order to enhance our environmental governance practice and mitigate the environmental impacts brought by the Group's operations, we have adopted and implemented relevant environmental policies and have communicated such policies to our employees. These policies apply the waste management principles of "Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and Replace" as well as emission mitigation principle, with an objective of minimising adverse environmental impacts. These policies also ensure the waste disposed or emission generated is managed in an environmentally responsible manner. Within our policy framework, we continually look for different opportunities to pursue environmentally friendly initiatives and enhance our environmental performance by reducing energy and use of other resources.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with environmental related laws and regulations in relation to exhaust gas and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, water and land discharge, and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Waste Disposal Ordinance, the Air Pollution Control Ordinance, the Water Pollution Control Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC and the Environmental Protection Tax Law of the PRC.

### 與我們聯絡

我們歡迎持份者提供其意見及 建議。歡迎 閣下通過電子郵件 info@superactive.com.hk就環境、社會及 管治報告或我們的可持續發展績效提供 寶貴的反饋意見。

## A. 環境

## A1. 排放物

本集團致力透過在我們的業務 活動及工作場所實施控制活動 及監察措施保護環境。我們致 力通過引入環保的業務常規、 教育僱員以提高其環保意識及 遵守相關環保法例及規例,推 進綠色環境。

## Emissions Control GHG Emissions

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions are generated from petrol consumed by vehicles (Scope 1) and purchased electricity (Scope 2). We have adopted the following measures to reduce GHG emissions during operation:

- Plan routes ahead of time to optimise fuel consumption;
- Switch off the engine whenever the vehicle is idling;
- Conduct regular vehicle maintenance to ensure optimal engine performance and fuel use; and
- Electricity conservation measures are described in the section headed "Energy Management" under aspect A2.

To ensuring the effectiveness of the above carbon reduction measures, the Group decided to set a target of reducing the total GHG emissions intensity (tCO2e/employee) by 2025 compared to the Reporting Period. The Group's GHG emissions performances were as follows:

## 排放物控制 *溫室氣體排放*

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要來源為車輛使用的汽油(範圍1)及外購電力(範圍2)。於經營期間,我們已採取以下措施減少溫室氣體排放:

- 提前規劃路線,以優化燃料使用;
- 當車輛空轉時,關閉引擎;
- 定期進行車輛保養,以確保最佳的引擎性能及燃料使用;及
- 省電措施於層面A2下的 「能源管理」一節說明。

為確保上述減碳措施的有效性,本集團決定訂立使溫室氣體排放總密度(噸二氧化碳當量/僱員)到二零二五年較報告期間有所下降的目標。本集團的溫室氣體排放績效如下:

Indicator¹ Unit 指標¹ 單位		Emissions 排放 <u>物</u>	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1) 直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1)	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	28.21	27.17
Energy indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) 能源間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2)	tCO <sub>2</sub> e 噸二氧化碳當量	16.43	19.53
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2) 溫室氣體總排放量 (範圍1及2)	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	44.63	46.70
Total GHG emissions intensity² 溫室氣體排放總密度²	tCO²e/employee 噸二氧化碳當量/ 僱員	1.59	1.95

Note:

- GHG emission data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the HKEX, and Hong Kong Electric Investments Sustainability Report 2020.
- 2. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 28 (2020: 24) full-time employees. The data is also used for calculating other intensity data.

#### **Exhaust Gas Emissions**

The principal source of emissions arising out of the Group's operation was fuel consumed by vehicles. In response to the above source, the following emission reduction measures are adopted:

- Seek prior approval from the department head for vehicle use so as to ensure a well-planned transportation route to minimise unnecessary transportation needs;
- Ensure all the Group's vehicles function in the optimum conditions by having regular maintenance;
- Prioritise the local vendors for products and service supplies selection in order to shorten the distance transportation; and
- Arrange regular examination for business vehicles on exhaust gas emissions.

附註:

- 1. 溫室氣體排放數據乃按二氧化碳 當量呈列及基於(但不限於)世界 資源研究所與世界可持續發展工 商理事會頒佈的《溫室氣體議定 書:企業會計與報告標準》、香港 交易所頒佈的《如何準備環境、社 會及管治報告一附錄二:環境關 鍵績效指標匯報指引》及港燈電 力投資的《二零二零年可持續發 展報告》。
- 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團共有28名全職僱員(二零 二零年:24名)。該數據亦用於計 算其他密度數據。

## 廢氣排放

本集團經營產生的主要排放來 源為車輛消耗的燃料。因應上 述來源,本集團採用以下減排 措施:

- 使用車輛必須事先徵求部門主管批准,以有效規劃 交通路線,盡量減少不必要的交通需要;
- 本集團所有車輛均定期進 行維護,以確保其在最佳 狀態下運作;
- 優先選擇本地產品及服務 供應商,以縮短運輸路程; 及
- 定期檢查商務車輛的廢氣 排放。

The Group's air emissions performances were as follows:

## 本集團的氣體排放績效如下:

Types of air emissions 氣體排放種類	Unit 單位	Emissions 排放物	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物 (NOx)	kg 公斤	7.76	7.48
Sulphur Oxides (SOx) 硫氧化物 (SOx)	kg 公斤	0.16	0.15
Particulate Matter (PM) 顆粒物 (PM)	kg 公斤	0.57	0.55

## Sewage Discharge

The Group does not consume significant volume of water in its daily operation due to its business nature is office-based, therefore its business activities did not generate a material portion of discharge into water. Since the sewage discharged by the Group are discharged into the municipal sewage drainage system to the regional water purification plant, water consumed by the Group is considered as sewage discharged. The data on water consumption and corresponding water conservation measures are described in the section headed "Water Management" under aspect A2.

## Waste Management

#### Hazardous Wastes

Given its business nature, the headquarter office in Hong Kong did not generate significant amount of hazardous wastes during the Reporting Period. In order to ensure the compliance with relevant national and local laws and minimise negative impact on the environment due to the waste disposal, the Group has implemented an effective waste management system by adopting the 3R principles (Reduce, Recycle and Reuse) for wastes generated from the offices and manufacturing facility.

### 污水排放

由於本集團業務性質主要在辦公室,本集團在日常運作中並無使用大量的水,因此其業務活動並無產生大量的的污水排放。由於本集團排放的污水通過城市污水管網排放至區內的淨水廠,因此本集團的耗水量被視為污水量排放。有關用水量的數據及相應的節水措施於層面A2下的「水資源管理」一節說明。

## 廢棄物管理 *有害廢棄物*

由於其業務性質,於報告期間內,香港總部辦事處並無產生大量有害廢棄物。為確保遵守相關的國家及地方法律,以及儘量減少廢棄物處理對環境的負面影響,本集團推行一個有效的廢棄物管理系統,採用3R原則(即減少、回收及重用)處理辦公室及製造設施產生的廢棄物。

To reduce the waste at source, the Group reviews the materials in-out records and analyses the amount of materials used in production at a regular intervals in order to prevent the unnecessary waste of materials. Moreover, the Group has provided different recycling bins nearby the working area to properly sort and collect the recyclable materials without mixing with the non-recyclable materials, and reuse or recover the useful materials in the manufacturing processes to facilitate the workers in waste segregation and recycling. The remaining recyclable materials were then sold to the designated waste collectors for recycling. The Group keeps tracking on the types and amount of non-hazardous waste generated in the manufacturing facility and continue to seek opportunities to minimise the waste generation.

The Group recognises various types of waste such as tin residues, organic solvents and activated carbon are defined as hazardous waste under the national laws will be generated inevitably during the production process, and these hazardous wastes must receive proper treatment before disposal so as to prevent harmful impacts on our environment. All the hazardous wastes are properly categorised, segregated and stored in rigid containers that are resistant to chemicals actions with drip tray in the designated storage area, in order to avoid mixing with incompatible wastes and to prevent chemical leakage, containers for hazard identifications and fire safety are decorated with proper safety labelling and cautions signage. The hazardous wastes are consigned to licensed waste collectors for further treatment and disposal. In order to minimise the amount of hazardous waste generated, the chemicals and solvents will be recycled and reused in the production process as much as possible.

本集團確認,於生產過程中不可避 免地產生若干數量的廢物,如錫渣、 有機溶劑及活性炭(根據國家法律被 歸類為有害廢物),棄置該等有害廢 物前須經過妥善處理,以防止對環 境造成危害。所有有害廢物會進行 妥善分類、隔離,並於指定區域擺放 及貯存在附有防漏盆且耐化學作用 的堅固容器當中,以避免和不相容 廢物混合及防止化學品洩漏。該等 容器上均貼有適當安全標籤和警告 牌,便於識別危險及保障消防安全。 該等有害廢物均由持牌廢物收集商 作進一步處理及處置。為減少產生 有害廢物,生產過程中會盡量回收 及重用化學品及溶劑。

#### Non-hazardous Wastes

The non-hazardous wastes generated by the Group are mainly paper. With the aim of minimising the environmental impacts from non-hazardous wastes generated from our business operations, the Group upholds the 3R principles, and has developed relevant waste reduction policies and guidelines. The Group's staff and the assigned administrative staff collectively take the responsibilities for waste management in its offices, and have conducted measures such as:

- Organise, maintain and clean the garbage and waste recycling areas;
- Sort recycled wastes into appropriate containers;
- Place appropriate signage on walls and bins, indicating the types of wastes to be recycled; and
- Ensure that no garbage is to be placed on building's corridor and path.

At the same time, the Group has adopted the following practices to reduce paper consumption at source:

- Minimise the paper usage at our workplace by recycling used papers regularly and use double-sided printing; and
- Recycle and reuse papers, carton boxes, envelopes and folders which have been used, including all non-confidential documents from the Group.

#### 無害廢棄物

本集團產生的無害廢棄物主要為紙張。為減低我們業務營運產生的無害廢棄物對環境的影響,本集團堅持3R原則,並制定了相關的減少廢棄物政策及指引。本集團員工及被指派的行政人員共同負責其辦事處的廢棄物管理,並採取了以下措施:

- 整理、維持及清理垃圾及廢棄物回收區;
- 將回收廢棄物分類,放進合適容器內;
- 於牆壁及垃圾箱上張貼合適標 示,註明待回收廢棄物的類別; 及
- 確保大廈走廊通道並無存放垃圾。

同時,為從源頭上減少紙張消耗,本 集團已採納以下慣例:

- 通過定期回收廢紙及使用雙面 打印盡量減少工作場所的用紙 量;及
- 回收及重用用過的紙張、紙箱、 信封及公文袋,包括本集團的 所有非機密文件。

To ensuring the effectiveness of the above waste reduction measures, the Group decided to set a target of reducing the total non-hazardous wastes intensity (tonnes/employee) by 2025 compared to the Reporting Period. The Group's non-hazardous wastes disposal performances were as follows:

為確保上述減廢措施的有效性,本 集團決定訂立使無害廢棄物總密度 (噸/僱員)到二零二五年較報告 期間有所下降的目標。本集團的無 害廢棄物處理績效如下:

Non-hazardous waste category 無害廢棄物類別	Unit 單位	Disposal 處理	
		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Paper 紙張	tonnes 噸	0.59	0.59
Total non-hazardous wastes intensity 無害廢棄物總密度	tonnes/employee 噸/僱員	0.02	0.02

#### A2. Use of Resources

The Group is committed to optimising the use of resources in our business operations. Therefore, we have taken initiatives to introduce resource efficiency and eco-friendly measures to the Group's operations on a continuous basis.

The Group has established relevant policies and procedures in governing the efficient use of resources, including petrol, electricity and office consumables, in accordance with the objectives of achieving higher energy efficiency and reducing the unnecessary use of resources.

#### **Energy Management**

The Group aims to minimise the environmental impacts resulted from our operations by identifying and adopting appropriate measures. Energy policies, measures, and practices have been developed to show our commitment on energy efficiency. All employees are required to adopt such measures and practices, including the purchase of energy-efficient products, and assume responsibility for the Group's overall energy efficiency.

#### A2. 資源使用

本集團致力於我們業務營運過程中優化資源使用。因此,我們已經採取措施,持續向本集團的經營引入資源效率及環保措施。

本集團已根據提高能源效益及 減少非必要物料運用的目標, 制定有效使用資源(包括汽油、 電力及辦公室耗材)的相關政策 及程序。

#### 能源管理

本集團的目標是通過確定及採取適當的措施,減少營運對環境造成的影響。我們已制定能源政策、措施及常規,以展示我們對提高能源效率的承諾。所有僱員均須採取該等措施及常規(包括採購節能產品),並對本集團的整體能源效率負責。

The energy consumption of the Group was mainly contributed by the electricity consumed in operation and petrol consumed by vehicles. The Group has introduced various measures and initiatives to achieve the goal of energy saving and efficient consumption. Such measures and initiatives include but not limited to:

- Install energy-efficient Light-emitting Diode ("LED") lights;
- Replace old models of machine with high consumption of electricity;
- Prioritise higher energy-efficient models when purchasing new office appliance;
- Encourage employees to turn off idling equipment, computers and lightings when not in use or after working hours;
- Utilise natural lighting and natural ventilation in workplace; and
- Maintain the comfort room temperature at 25 degrees Celsius.

本集團的能源消耗主要源於經營所消耗的電力及車輛所消耗的汽油。本集團已推出多項措施及倡議,以實現節約能源及高效消耗的目標。該等措施及倡議包括但不限於:

- 安裝節能的發光二極管 (「LED」) 勞;
- 替換高耗電量的舊機型;
- 購買新辦公設備時,優先 選擇效能更高的型號;
- 鼓勵僱員在不需要使用或 下班後關掉閒置設備,如 電腦及照明設備;
- 於工作場所利用自然光及 通風;及
- 保持25攝氏度的舒適室溫。

To ensuring the effectiveness of the above energy conservation measures, the Group decided to set a target of reducing the total energy consumption intensity (MWh/employee) by 2025 compared to the Reporting Period. The Group's energy consumption performances were as follows:

為確保上述節能措施的有效性,本集團決定訂立使總能源消耗密度(兆瓦時/僱員)到二零二五年較報告期間有所下降的目標。本集團的能源消耗績效如下:

Energy types 能源類型	Unit 單位	Consumption 消耗	
	. —	2021	2020
Direct energy consumption		二零二一年	二零二零年 ———
直接能源消耗			
<ul> <li>Petrol</li> </ul>	MWh	102.78	99.01
<ul><li>汽油</li></ul>	兆瓦時		
Indirect energy consumption			
間接能源消耗			
Electricity	MWh	23.13	24.12
• 電力	兆瓦時		
Total energy consumption	MWh	125.91	123.13
能源消耗總量	兆瓦時		
Total energy consumption intensity 總能源消耗密度	MWh/employee 兆瓦時/僱員	4.50	5.13

### **Water Management**

With an aim to promote efficient use of precious water resource, the Group follows the "Water Management Regulation" at its headquarters and manufacturing facility. All departments are responsible to maintain good conditions of the water supply facilities. Any leakage and damage of the water supply facilities should be reported to the maintenance team immediately for replacement or repair to avoid water wastage. Water— saving posters are placed in workplace, particularly in the Group's toilets, pantry and cleaning facilities so as to increase the employees' awareness on water conservation. During the Reporting Period, the Group targets to promote water conservation in our office by 2025.

During the Reporting Period, there was no water consumption data maintained by the Hong Kong headquarter office as the water charges are borne by the landlord. In view of our operating locations, the Group does not encounter any significant issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

#### **Use of Packaging Material**

Due to the business nature of the reported segment, we do not consume significant amount of packaging materials for product packaging.

#### A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

Although the core business of the Group has remote impact on the environment and natural resources, we recognise the responsibility in minimising the negative environmental impacts of our business operations in order to achieve sustainable development for generating long-term values to our stakeholders and the community as a whole. We regularly assess the environmental risks of our businesses, and adopt preventive measures as necessary to reduce the risks and ensure the compliance of relevant laws and regulations. For more detailed policies on the efficient use of resources, please refer to the section headed "Emissions Control" under Aspect A1. Emissions.

## 水資源管理

於報告期間,香港總部辦事處並無備存耗水數據,因為水費乃由業主承擔。鑑於我們的營運位置,本集團於求取適用水源方面並無任何重大問題。

#### 包裝物料使用

由於呈報分部的業務性質,我 們不會耗用大量產品包裝的包 裝物料。

## A3. 環境及天然資源

### **Indoor Air Quality**

Indoor air quality in our workplace is regularly monitored and measured. We maintain indoor air quality by installing air purification equipment in workplace and cleaning air-conditioning systems regularly to filter pollutants and dust. Green plants are also placed in offices to improve the overall air quality.

#### **Green Working Environment**

During the Reporting Period, the Group implemented the concept of green environmental protection in the operation of office areas, focusing on improving the office environment, which aims at reducing the emissions of its own office operations and improving the efficiency of the use of resources and energy. There is no significant waste of natural resources in the Group's business. It also introduces energy-saving equipment in its office, such as multi-functional photocopiers (with printing, scanning and fax functions) that meet efficiency standards to promote green office and reduce energy consumption. The Group strives to consider the products' life cycle and select the raw materials, sub-assemblies and parts that are ecofriendly, hazardous substance free or emitting smaller toxic substances during installation, use or upon disposal for manufacture.

#### A4. Climate Change

The Group recognises the importance of the identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues, therefore closely monitors the potential impact of climate change on our business and operations. In accordance with the reporting framework developed by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures, there are two major categories of climate-related risks, physical and transition risks. During the Reporting Period, climate-related risks have been embedded into the Group's risk register of existing risk management system, and relevant mitigation measures have also been formulated.

## 室內空氣質素

我們會定期監控及測量工作場所的室內空氣質素。我們主要透過在工作場所安裝空氣淨化設備及定期清潔冷氣系統以過濾污染物及灰塵。辦公室亦會擺放綠色植物,改善整體空氣質素。

#### 綠色工作環境

於報告期間,本集團在辦公區 域的運營中實施綠色環保概 念,重點改善辦公環境,目標 是減少其自身辦公運營的排放 物,並提高資源及能源的使用 效率。在本集團的業務中,並無 對天然資源重大浪費。此外,本 集團亦在其辦公室引入符合效 率標準的節能設備(如具備打 印、掃描及傳真功能的多功能 影印機),以促進綠色辦公室及 減低能源消耗。於安裝、使用或 生產處置過程中,本集團考慮 產品的生命週期並盡量選擇環 保、無有害物質或排放較少有 毒物質的原材料、子組件及零 件。

#### A4. 氣候變化

#### **Physical Risks**

The increased frequency and severity of extreme weather events such as typhoons, storms, heavy rains, and extreme cold or heat pose acute and chronic physical risks to the Group's business. The Group's capacity and productivity will be reduced under extreme weather events as the safety of our employees is threatened and the operational sites might be damaged, which lead to direct negative impact on the Group's revenue.

To minimise the potential risks and hazards, the Group has established mitigation plans, including flexible working arrangements and precautionary measures during bad or extreme weather conditions such as typhoon, flood, and black rainstorm. The Group will explore emergency plan to further reduce the vulnerability of our installations and production of factory in Shenzhen to extreme weather events in order to enhance business stability.

#### **Transition Risks**

To achieve the global vision on carbon neutrality, the Group expects evolution of the regulatory, technological and market landscape due to climate change, including the tightening of national policies and listing rules and the emergence of environmentally related taxes. Stricter environmental laws and regulations may expose enterprises to higher risks of claims and lawsuits, which might incur additional compliance costs and affect the reputation of the Group.

In response to the policy and legal risks as well as the reputation risks, the Group constantly monitors any changes in laws or regulations and global trends on climate change to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines or reputational risks due to delayed response. In addition, the Group has taken comprehensive environmental protection measures, including GHG reduction measures, and has set targets to gradually reduce the Group's energy consumption and GHG emissions in the future, in order to mitigate the impact of such risks.

## 實體風險

颱風、風暴、暴雨、極寒或極熱 等極端天氣事件的頻率及嚴重 程度增加,給本集團的業務帶 來嚴重而長期的物理風險。在 極端天氣事件下,由於資運場所 可能受到破壞,本集團的能受 可能受到破壞,本集團的能力 及生產力將會下降,這將導致 本集團的收益受到直接的負面 影響。

為盡量減少潛在風險及危險, 本集團已制定緩解計劃,包括 在颱風、洪水及黑色暴雨等惡 劣或極端天氣條件下的靈活工 作安排及預防措施。本集團將 探索應急計劃,進一步減少我 們深圳工廠的設施及生產因極 端天氣事件而受損的情況,以 提高業務穩定性。

#### 轉型風險

為實現碳中和的全球願景,本集團預計監管、技術及市場格局將因氣候變化而發生演變的包括國家政策及上市規則的公眾境相關稅收的出可嚴格的環境法律法規則出可能發力嚴格的環境法律法規所訴訟使企業面臨更高產生額外的合規成本並影響本集團的聲譽。

### B. SOCIAL

## **B1. Employment**

Human resources are the foundation in supporting the development of the Group. The Group treasures employee's talent and recognises it as the most valuable asset of the Group. The Group has formulated the Human Resources Policy to fulfil its vision on people-oriented management. The captioned policy is formally documented in the Staff Handbook, covering employment practices, equal opportunity, labour rights, training and development and occupational health and safety. We review and update the relevant policies regularly in accordance with the latest laws and regulations.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with employment related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Labour Law and the Labour Contract Law of the PRC.

#### **Employment Practices**

#### Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal

The Group seeks to build an elite workforce by recruiting outstanding employees. We adhere to the principles of transparent and fairness to adopt a robust recruitment process based on merit selection against the job criteria applied. Recruitment of individuals are based on their suitability for the positions and potential to fulfil the Group's current and future needs, regardless of their race, gender, religion, physical disability, marital status, sexual orientation, etc.

### B. 社會

#### B1. 僱傭

人力資源是支持本集團發展的 基礎。本集團重視僱員才能,視 其為本集團最寶貴的資產。本 集團已制定人力資源政策,本 實現其以人為本的管理遠見, 相關政策於員工手冊中有正 記錄,內容涉及僱傭慣例、平等 機會及反歧視、勞工權利、員 培訓及發展以及職業健康與例 定期審閱及更新相關政策。

於報告期間,本集團並未發現 對本集團造成重大影響的任何 重大違反僱傭相關法例規例的 情況。有關法例及規例包括但 不限於《香港僱傭條例》、《中華 人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人 民共和國勞動合同法》。

#### 僱傭慣例

## 招聘、晉升及解僱

本集團尋求通過招募優秀的僱員打造一支精英員工隊伍。我們堅持透明及公平的原則,根據所申請職位的篩選標準,採用一套行之有效的招聘招等。我們根據對職位的適足不會內方。我們根據對職位的適足不會人類,以滿足不數則不不不數。對於一樣,對於一樣,對於一樣,對於一樣,對於一樣,對於一樣,

The Group offers promotion and development opportunities for outperforming employees through an open and fair assessment system so as to explore their capability, assist them on career development and contribute to the Group's sustainable growth. Staff performance reviews are carried out regularly to assess employees' work performance based on the principle of meritocracy, talents and competitiveness on an open and fair basis.

Furthermore, the Group does not tolerate the dismissal of employees under any unreasonable basis, and exit interviews are required to be conducted with the resigned staff to collect opinions for any possible improvements on the Group's policies.

本集團透過公開公平的評估制度為表現優異的僱員提供擢升及發展機會,以發掘他們的能業發展作出力、協助他們的職業發展作出竟獻。我們會定期審視僱員表現,根據任人唯賢、才能及競爭力根據任人唯賢、才能及競爭力的原則,在公開及公平的基礎上,評估僱員的工作表現。

此外,本集團不容忍以任何不 合理依據解聘僱員,並會與請 辭僱員進行離職會談以收集有 關任何可以改進本集團政策的 意見。

#### Remuneration and Benefits

The Group has established a fair, reasonable and competitive remuneration system to employees. Employees of the Group are remunerated according to their performance and experience. Remuneration packages include attractive wage, fixed working hours, comprehensive insurance coverage (e.g., medical insurance or "Five social insurance and one housing fund"), overtime compensation and allowances, etc. The Group reviews the remuneration packages annually to ensure they are up-to-date and competitive enough to attract and retain talents. The Group's employees are entitled to other additional holidays such as maternity leaves, paternity leaves, marriage leaves and compassionate leaves apart from annual leaves. For employees with outstanding achievements and performance in various aspects and work units, monetary incentives and promotions will be provided.

#### Staff Well-being and Communication Channels

The Group places emphasis on its employees' well-being as it is crucial to the personal health and development of the staff, improve the staff productivity and performance at work, as well as enhancing the employees' loyalty and the engagement level to the Group ultimately. Thus, the Group strives to encourage and promote work-life balance to our employees The Group organised various activities such as sport activities, sports fun day and festive celebrations during the Reporting Period, aiming to inspire healthy lifestyle, reduce stress levels from work and strengthen the staff bonding.

## 薪酬及福利

本集團已為僱員建立公平、合 理且具競爭力的薪酬制度。本 集團會根據僱員表現及經驗 發放薪酬。薪酬待遇包括包括 具吸引力的工資、固定的工作 時間、全面保險(如醫療保險或 「五險一金」)、加班補貼及津 貼等。本集團每年檢討薪酬待 遇,以確保其反映最新情況及 具競爭力,足以吸引及挽留人 才。本集團僱員有權享受除年 假以外之其他額外的假期,如 產假、侍產假、婚假及體恤假期 等。本集團亦為在各個方面及 工作單位均有出色成就及表現 的僱員提供金錢獎勵及晉升。

#### 員工福祉及溝通渠道

本集團重視僱員的福祉,因為 這對員工的個人健康與發展、 提高員工的工作效率及工作 現,以及最終提高僱員至關的忠誠度及學與良至關的忠誠度及學與力於活平 關的忠此,本集團致力於活平關 促進僱員的工作與生活織屬 於報告期間,本集團節節 於報告期間,本集團節 於報告期間,本集團節 所 活動、趣味運動會及康的知 類活動,旨在啟發健康的加 資工聯繫。

To further enhance the work satisfaction of the Group's employees, the Group has established various channels to communicate with them. The employees are welcome to make suggestions or complaints via various established communication channels such as suggestion box, letters, and direct report to supervisors or to the Human Resources Department. Once complaints or grievances are received, a designated team will handle and resolve the problems promptly and the results will be distributed to both complainants and the management. All the information received from the employees is kept in confidentiality. For the employees in the PRC, two-way communication channel with the senior management is provided through the Labour Union to express their views on the existing management approaches and make recommendations for improvement.

#### Diversity, Equal Opportunity and Anti-discrimination

The Group is committed to creating and maintaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture in which all can thrive. The Group was dedicated to provide equal opportunities in all aspects of employment and maintaining workplace that are free from any forms of discrimination and harassment against any individual on the basis of race, religion, colour, gender, physical or mental disability, and age, place of origin, marital status, and sexual orientation.

The Group also has zero tolerance in any forms of sexual harassment or abuse at workplace. Any employee who is intimidated, humiliated, bullied or harassed (including sexual harassment) may report to the employee's representative, or file complaints directly to the management representative or the general manager, and we will take serious approaches to resolve these issues upon receiving the said complaints.

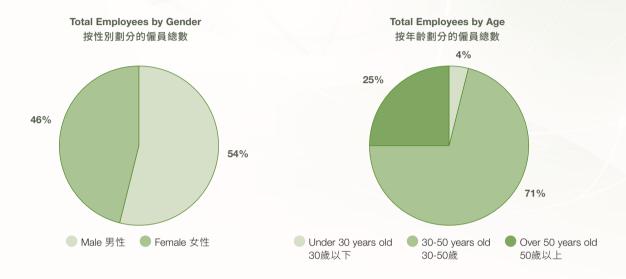
### 多元化、平等機會及反歧視

本集團致力創造及維護包容協作的工作文化,讓所有員工攜手茁壯成長。本集團致力於傭的所有方面提供平等機會,讓工作場所不存在基於種族、宗教、膚色、性別、身體或精神殘疾、年齡、出生地、婚姻狀況及性取向而針對任何個人的任何形式的歧視或騷擾。

本集團對於工作場所發生之任何形式性騷擾或虐待持零容忍態度。任何僱員如受到恫嚇、侮辱、欺凌或騷擾(包括性騷擾),可向僱員代表反映、或直接向管理層代表或總經理投訴,我們收到投訴後將嚴肅處理。

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 28 full-time employees based in Hong Kong. The following table shows employees' gender diversity and age group of the Group:

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團在香港合共擁有28 名全職僱員。下表顯示本集團 僱員的性別多元化及年齡組 別。



The employee turnover rate by gender and age group is as follows:

按性別及年齡組別劃分的僱員 流失率如下:

		Turnover rate (%) 流失率
		20212020二零二一年二零二零年
Gender	性別	
Male	男性	<b>-</b> 44%
Female	女性	<b>33%</b> 30%
Age Group	年齡組別	
Under 30 years old	30歲以下	<b>100</b> %³ –
30 to 50 years old	30至50歲	<b>11%</b> 30%
Over 50 years old	50歲以上	<b>8%</b> 73%

#### Note:

 Due to the very small number of employees under 30 years old, the turnover rate of that age group is very volatile and can reach high value.

#### 附註:

3. 由於30歲以下的僱員數量極少, 該年齡組別的流失率十分不穩定 並可達到高數值。

## **B2. Health and Safety**

#### **Occupational Health and Safety**

The Group prioritise safety at work to safeguard the well-being of all its employees. In order to accomplish the ultimate goal of zero-accident in the workplace, the safety and health management system was implemented to effectively control safety hazards and risks posed to the employees and the premises, as well as fulfilling the legal requirements in order to implement safety production and operation in its manufacturing facility and headquarter office thoroughly.

The Health and Safety Committee conducts safety risk identification assessments at a regular time interval to evaluate the risks levels and hazards exposure towards workers in the workplace. Relevant safety procedures, working instructions, machines and equipment maintenance safety guidelines, in-house safety rules and suitable personal protective equipment provision have been implemented to avoid, minimise and mitigate the safety risks in the workplace. To ensure that safety control measures are effectively maintained, daily safety inspections are conducted

Maintaining a safe working environment requires the cooperative efforts among the Group and all employees. The Group strives to raise the employees' safety awareness and equip the workers with knowledge on working safely. A compulsory safety and health training is offered by the Group to all new employees before they commence work in manufacturing facility. Furthermore, internal OHS training courses with specific topics are provided to all workers in regular time intervals so that they are aware of the significance of work safety.

## B2. 健康與安全

### 職業健康與安全

本集團將工作安全放在首位, 以保障全體僱員福祉。為實現 工作場所零事故的最終目標, 本集團已實施安全與健康受 系統,以有效控制對僱員及 作場所構成的安全隱患和風 險,以及符合法律要求,以便在 製造廠房及總部辦公室實 施安全生產及營運。

維持安全的工作環境需要本集團與全體僱員的通力合全意識,立為僱員提供安全在有數學工作前,並為僱員提供安全在與開始的有數學,並為僱員開始,本集團提供外,定與健康與人提供具有全體工人提供具安全的政策,以便員工了解工作安全的重要性。

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong, Labour Law of the PRC and Production Safety Law of the PRC. During the Reporting Period, there has no lost days recorded due to work-related injuries. The Group has achieved zero work-related fatalities in the past three years, including the Reporting Period.

#### **Employee Health Management**

The Group offers comprehensive health care coverage for its employees, including medical benefits and dental benefits. The Group has also continued to organise work-life balancing activities for employees and carry out other activities to promote healthy living practices. The Group also conveys information relating to health and safety to its employees so as to raise their awareness of occupational health and safety. During the Reporting Period, the Group's employees have attended an occupational health talk on "Prevention of Heat Stroke at Work in a Hot Environment".

#### Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") Prevention

In response to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has complied with the public health and safety measures from the Hong Kong government. The Group has also promptly implemented new health and safety measures in response to COVID-19, such as making remote work arrangements and distributing adequate surgical masks and hand sanitizer in the offices. All personnel, whether employee or guests, entering the Group's premises is also required to have their temperature recorded to prevent the potential spread of the virus. Clear guidelines are also in place to respond to situations where employees or their family members are found to have contracted the virus.

### 僱員健康管理

## 預防2019冠狀病毒病 (「COVID-19」)

#### **B3. Development and Training**

The Group regards its staff as the most important asset and resource. The Group recognises the valuable contribution its talents made to the continuing success of the Group. The Group is committed to inspiring its human capital towards delivering excellence and strive to create an intellectually-stimulating environment within which employees do not only develop basic skills and knowledge but also specific talent and ability.

In order to retain talents and maintain the Group's competitive edge in the industry. The Group seeks to empower employees by providing suitable on-the-job and external training programmes to further nurture their professional knowledge and personal goals for continuous career development. According to the Group's Training Management Procedure, the Group identifies the training needs of staff members depending on their positions and career levels, and tailor make an annual training programme for staff skills and knowledge advancement, following the Group's Training Management Procedure. The Group conducts regular reviews to evaluate the effectiveness and suitability of training, aiming to make adjustment or improvement for further training opportunities where necessary.

The Group offers financial subsidiaries to eligible employees and attends external training courses in order to pursue their professional development.

#### B3. 發展及培訓

本集團視員工為最重要資產及 資源。本集團深知人才對本集 團持續成功所作出的寶貴 獻。本集團致力培養人力資 以追求卓越,並力求創造刺激 思維的環境,僱員在該環境下 不僅發展基本技巧及知識,亦 發展特定才能及能力。

為了挽留人才並保持本集團於 行業中的競爭優勢。本集團力 求通過提供適當的在職及外 部培訓課程提高僱員的能力, 以進一步培養僱員的專業知識 及個人目標實現持續的職業發 展。根據本集團的培訓管理程 序,本集團根據員工不同的職 位及職業層次確定員工的培訓 需求,以及遵循本集團的培訓 管理程序針對員工技能及知識 拓展量身定制年度培訓計劃。 本集團定期進行檢討,評估培 訓的有效性及適當性,旨在於 必要情況下調整或改善進一步 培訓機會。

本集團為合資格僱員提供財務 支持,以參加外部培訓課程,追 求彼等的專業發展。

All new employees are offered to join an orientation training programme, which covers the topics on the Group's business profile and organisation, employees' welfares and obligations, OHS knowledge, is offered to all new hirers within three months upon their arrival. Besides, the Group regularly provides regular internal on-the-job training with assessment to all existing employees at different levels or departments to suit the operation needs. To encourage life-long learning, the Group offers financial subsidiaries to eligible employees and attends external training courses in order to pursue their professional development.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has achieved a total training hour of 143 hours. The table below shows the employee training data by gender and employee category:

於報告期間,本集團實現總培訓時間143小時。下表列示按性別及僱員類別劃分的僱員培訓數據:

		Percentage of employees trained (%) 受訓僱員 百分比(%)	Average training hours (hours) 平均培訓 時數 (小時)
Gender	性別		
Male	男性	86%	1
Female	女性	14%	10
<b>Employee Category</b>	僱員類別		
Management	管理人員	71%	10
Administrative staff	行政人員	29%	2
Technical workers	技術工人	-	-

During the Reporting Period, we have organised both internal and external training courses for employees. Such training courses cover topics including but not limited to industrial updates, compliance matters, occupational health and safety, etc.

於報告期間,我們已為僱員舉辦內部及外部培訓課程。有關培訓課程涵蓋的主題內容包括但不限於行業發展最新資料、合規事宜、職業健康及安全等等。

#### **B4. Labour Standards**

#### Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

Child and forced labour are strictly prohibited during the recruitment process as defined by laws and regulations. The Group strictly complies with local laws and prohibits any child and forced labour employment. The Group's Human Resource and Administration Department is responsible to monitor and ensure compliance with the latest and relevant laws and regulations that prohibit child labour and forced labour.

To combat against illegal employment of child labour, underage workers and forced labour, personal data are collected during the recruitment of process to assist the selection of suitable candidates. The Human Resource and Administration Department also ensures identity documents are carefully checked. If the violation is involved, it will be dealt with in the light of circumstances.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with any material non-compliance with child and forced labour-related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Labour Law of the PRC.

#### B4. 勞工準則

#### 防止童工及強制勞工

根據法例及規例規定,在招聘過程中會嚴格禁止童工和強制勞工。本集團嚴格遵守當地法例並禁止任何童工及強制勞工招聘情況發生。本集團的人力資源及行政部負責監控及確保遵守嚴禁童工及強制勞工的最新相關法例及規例。

為打擊非法僱用童工、未成年 勞工及強制勞工,招聘過程中 收集之個人資料乃用於輔助甄 選合適人選。人力資源及行政 部亦會確保仔細核查身份證明 文件。若出現違規情況,將按照 具體情況進行處理。

於報告期間,本集團並未發現 對本集團造成重大影響之任何 重大違反童工及強制勞工相關 之法例及規例。有關法例及規 例包括但不限於《香港僱傭條 例》及《中華人民共和國勞動 法》。

#### Labour Rights

The Group has zero tolerance towards child labour and forced labour in the workplace. By strictly following the relevant local labour laws and ordinances, the Group forbids employment of any persons who are under the age of 16, and other unlawful form of labour. All employees can exercise their freedom to decide their careers and terminate their employment with proper notifications or pay in lieu of notice. The Group also ensures its staff works consensually, including overtime work and disapprove any forced labour behaviour in the workplace, as well as protecting their freedom and rights of association and collective bargaining.

The Group clearly explains to all applicants about its stance on child labour and force labour during the job interview to prevent any recruitment of child labour and forced labour. The identity, employment eligibility prove and academic qualification of job candidates are examined and verified thoroughly by its Human Resources Department before the job is offered. In case any child or forced labour is discovered, the Group will stop all the work of the identified child or forced labour immediately and offer medical checks and treatment where appropriate. Investigation will be carried out subsequently to find out the root cause of child or forced labour employment and revise the employment management procedure whenever possible to plug the loophole.

In addition, the Group requests its suppliers to maintain the same labour standards when conducting business with the Group and regular assessments will be carried out to evaluate whether the suppliers meet the abovementioned labour requirements. The Group will refuse to have business partnerships with the suppliers who violate the labour standards.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not identify any related legal case regarding to the use of child labour and forced labour.

#### 勞工權利

此外,本集團要求供應商在與本集團開展業務時維持相同的 勞工標準,並進行定期評估,以 評估供應商是否符合上述勞工 規定。本集團將拒絕與違反勞 工標準的供應商建立業務夥伴 關係。

於報告期間,本集團並無發現 有關使用童工及強迫勞工的任 何法律案件。

#### **B5. Supply Chain Management**

In accordance with the Group's supplier management policy, new suppliers are required to fill in the pre– qualified questionnaire to reveal their competency in the following areas: 1) Production capability; 2) Management of quality assurance, safety and environmental compliance; 3) Partnerships; 4) Process on materials procurement; and 5) Practices on corporate social responsibility for our assessment. Only those suppliers fulfilling all the above requirements can be qualified as approved suppliers.

Regular performance assessments with all suppliers, including on-site inspections, are implemented to monitor and evaluate their continuous performances to ensure suppliers' performance meet required standards, when any non-conformities are identified by the Group based on the assessment findings, the Group will issue corresponding areas-for-improvement reports to the suppliers and request rectifications or taking corrective actions for improvement under the grace period. Those suppliers who are consecutively failed to fulfil the requirements will contribute to the disqualification from the Group's approved supplier list.

With an aim to promote the values of social responsibility and sustainability to the Group's suppliers, the suppliers must follow the Group's Supplier Code of Business Conduct and associated practices (e.g. labour practices, legal compliance, anti-corruption and anti-bribery and data protection etc.) in the business dealings. All suppliers are required to complete a self– assessment survey of Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") performance, which will be evaluated by the Group's procurement team annually to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain. Employees and other individuals with an interest with the suppliers will not be allowed to participate in relevant procurement activities.

#### B5. 供應鏈管理

根據本集團的供應商管理政策,新供應商需要填寫資格預審調查問卷以供我們評估,以表明他們在以下方面的能力:1)生產能力;2)質量保證、安全及環境合規管理;3)合作夥伴關係;4)材料採購流程;及5)企業社會責任實踐。供應商須符合上述所有要求方可成為認可的供應商。

#### **Green Purchasing**

The Group is committed to selecting the environmentally friendly products with competitive prices and good quality, in order to safeguard end-users' health and safety, to prevent pollution and to efficiently use the natural resources. The Group is dedicated to considering the products' life cycle and select the raw materials, subassemblies and parts that are eco-friendly, hazardous substance free or emitting smaller toxic substances during installation, use or upon disposal for manufacture. Vendors are required to provide proves (e.g. laboratory testing reports and product specifications etc.) or evidence showing the supplies are all in compliance with the national regulations and international industrial standards such as Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment ("WEEE"), Restriction of Hazardous Substances ("RoHS") and Registration Evaluation Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ("REACH").

The Group requires all departments to take into account environmental considerations and search for the products with high recycled content, with greater durability or with greater water and energy efficiency when purchasing office appliances, machines and equipment for daily operation, in order to optimise the resource efficiency and minimise pollutions and waste generation.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had 189 suppliers, all of them located in China and supporting the business in segment of manufacturing electronics products.

#### 綠色採購

本集團致力選擇具有競爭力的 價格及優質的環保產品,以保 障最終用戶的健康與安全,防 止污染及有效利用自然資源。 於安裝、使用或生產處置過程 中,本集團盡量考慮產品的生 命週期並選擇環保、無有害物 質或排放較少有毒物質的原材 料、子組件及零件。供應商須提 供證據(如實驗室測試報告及產 品規格等)或顯示供應均符合國 家法規及《廢棄電子電機設備指 令》(「WEEE」)、《關於限制在電 子電器設備中使用某些有害成 分的指令》(「RoHS」)以及《關於 化學品註冊、評估、許可和限制 法案》(「REACH」) 等國際行業 標準的證明。

本集團要求所有部門考慮環境 因素,並於購置日常營運所需 的辦公用品、器械及設備時,物 色具有回收成分、更耐用或水 和能源效率更高的產品,以優 化資源效率、減少污染以及產 生的廢物。

報告期內,本集團共有供應商 189家,均位於中國,支持電子 產品製造板塊的業務。

#### **B6. Product Responsibility**

The Group is committed to providing reliable products and services by offering sustainable and responsible platforms and services, as well as protecting the interests of clients.

#### **Product Quality**

The Group has established a set of comprehensive quality control procedures to address the potential risks and opportunities of product quality and safety issues along the production chain, securing all products are aligning with the highest quality standard.

The Group has also implemented various standardised management procedures to carry out stringent quality assurance inspections along the production cycle ranging from incoming materials checks, manufacturing process inspections to final products examination based on the latest national regulations and international industrial standards. The effective in-house quality control system and regular sampling checks allow the Group to identify the quality problems immediately and take prompt corrections and preventive actions in order to maintain the product quality and prevent the severe defects of final products during the manufacturing processes. The Group's final product quality assurance examination ascertained the goods are free from defects and with proper safety labelling and packing, and meet the required product specifications before delivery.

The Group has arranged on-the-job training and external training related to quality management to our workers to build up their capability and ensure they understand our requirements on quality assurance to resolve the quality and technical problems in work. Thus, the effectiveness of the quality control can be secured.

#### B6. 產品責任

本集團致力於透過提供可持續 及負責任的平台及服務以及保 障客戶權益的方式提供可靠產 品及服務。

#### 產品質量

本集團已建立一套全面的質量 控制程序,以解決產品質量及 安全問題的潛在風險及機會, 確保所有產品符合最高的質量 標準。

本集團還已實施各種標準化管 理程序,以便根據最新的國家 法規及國際行業標准,於生產 週期內進行嚴格質量保證檢 查一從來料檢查、製造過程檢 查到最終產品檢驗。有效的內 部質量控制制度及定期抽樣檢 查讓本集團能夠立即識別質量 問題並及時採取糾正及預防措 施,以保持產品質量以及防止 於我們的生產過程中製成的最 終產品出現嚴重缺陷。本集團 的最終產品質量保證檢查在產 品交付前確定製造的產品並無 缺陷,以及配有滴當的安全標 籤及包裝,以及符合規定的產 品規格。

本集團就質量管理為員工安排相關的在職培訓及外部培訓,以提升彼等的能力,並確保彼等了解我們的質量保證規定,以解決工作時的質量及技術問題。因此,質量控制的有效性得到保證。

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with any laws and regulations concerning advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Product Quality Law of the PRC. Moreover, disclosure on the number of products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons was not applicable due to the Group's business nature.

#### **Customer Service**

In order to enhance customer satisfaction, customer feedback and opinion surveys can serve as a driver to refine the products, services and management systems or processes. Hence, the Group solicits customer feedback through annual customer satisfaction survey which allow the Group to understand their needs and expectations. Based on the survey results and the comments or suggestions offered by the respondents, a customer satisfaction analysis report is prepared to further review the strengths and weaknesses of the Group and identify the room for improvement. Therefore, the Group can focus on addressing customer needs and enhancing customer satisfaction.

In event of communications or complaints received from customers regarding to the product quality and schedule of product delivery, the Marketing Department will promptly follow up and attend to the concerned customers by following our Customer Complaint Handing Procedure. The Group will conduct investigations to confirm the nature of the complaints subsequently. Relevant root-cause analysis will be conducted for the confirmed cases by the responsible department, where corrective actions will be carried out to avoid the recurrence of the cases. The Group is committed to replying to the complainants within three working days as per the Group's performance pledge. During the Reporting Period, no products and services related complaints were received.

於報告期間,本集團並未發現對本集團造成重大影響的任人之有關所提供產品及稱務以及補救方法所涉廣告、內國法例。有關法例及規例包括隱)。有關法例及規例(私隱)。相關,他國人內國人人,由於本集團,也不能對於一人,也不能對於一人,也不能對於一人,也不能對於一人。此外,也於一人之一,也不可能遭召回的一人。

#### 客戶服務

#### **Privacy Protection**

The Group will store all customers' tangible and intangible assets and information (e.g. sample raw materials, sub-assemblies and mould etc.) in designated area with proper labelling and kept in confidentiality. All the assets and information can only be accessed and handled by the Group's authorised personnel for operational purposes and staff members are forbidden to copy, transfer and disclose any information, particularly intellectual property and customers' personal data, to any third parties without prior consent from the customers.

#### **Protection of Intellectual Property Rights**

The Group consults legal advice from solicitors for drafting patent licence agreements or service contracts to prevent any infringement of intellectual property rights (i.e. trademarks, patents and designs) as well as ensuring all business activities are in compliance with all the national laws and regulations such as the Patent Law of the PRC and the Implementation Rules of Patent Law of the PRC). There is no infringement on intellectual property rights during the Reporting Period.

The Group strictly adheres to regulatory requirements on data privacy through fulfilling high security and confidentiality of personal data privacy protection. We are committed to maintaining and protecting personal data, and have established an internal policy to govern the collection and handling of personal data.

#### 私隱保障

#### 知識產權保障

本集團就起草專利許可協議或 服務合同向律師諮詢法律 ,以防止不侵犯知識產權(即 商標、專利及設計),向所有 所有的業務活動符合所有 ,法律法規(如《中華人民共和國 專利法》及《中華人民共和國專 利法實施細則》)。於報告權的 內,概無發生侵犯知識產權的 情況。

本集團實行高度安全及保密標準保護個人資料私隱,以嚴守有關資料私隱的監管規定。我們致力維護及保護個人資料,並已制定內部政策以規管有關收集及處理個人私隱資料情況。

#### **Investor Protection and Education**

The Group has established procedures relating to the services and products provided. We conduct the "Know Your Clients" ("KYC") procedures and assessment processes to understand and evaluate clients' financial background, trading experience and risk tolerance level prior to providing clients the type of financial services or products that suit their needs.

The Group is committed to providing clear and balanced information to clients. The Group has established a classification system that classifies the capability and intentions of investors. The Group categorises clients into professional investors and retail investors based on the standard of their financial knowledge. We will in particular protect retail investors by conducting risk evaluations, and classify and grade the investors based on the risk tolerance evaluation results.

#### **B7. Anti-corruption**

The Group believes that a corporate culture of high integrity is the key to its continuing success, therefore we value the importance of anti-corruption work and are committed to building an incorruptness and transparent corporate culture.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has strictly complied with all applicable laws and regulations, as well as guidance from various regulatory bodies, including the Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC"). The Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with related laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering that would have a significant impact on the Group. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong, Criminal Law of the PRC, Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC and the Company Law of the PRC.

#### 投資者保護及教育

本集團已制定有關提供服務及產品之程序。我們將會進行「認識你的客戶」(「認識你的客戶」)程序及評估過程,為客戶提供金融服務或迎合客戶需求的產品類型前了解及評估客戶的財務背景、交易經驗及風險承受能力。

#### B7. 反貪污

本集團相信廉潔的企業文化是本集團持續成功的關鍵,因此 我們極為重視反腐倡廉的工作,並致力於建設廉潔公開透明的企業文化。

The Group strives to achieve a high standard of ethics in our business operations and fraudulent acts such as corruption, bribery, and collusion are strictly prohibited. Employees should comply with the Code of Conduct in performing business activities, and they should consult the management if they suspect any professional misconduct. The Group has also prohibited employees from offering or asking for any forms of benefits such as gifts, coupons and money for any advantages and favours in the business. The Group has circulated the Code of Business Conduct which has a dedicated section on anti-corruption, which defines and restricts the code of conduct of our employees in this regard. Employees should also declare any conflict of interest under their job responsibility which may impair the integrity of work. To further strengthen employees' working ethics, anti-corruption trainings are ready to be provided by the Group in order to identify proper actions and prevent unnecessary misunderstanding. Directors of the training program are also trained to ensure their professionalism and the quality of the program contents. During the Reporting Period, all directors have received anti-corruption training by means of reading materials circulated ("Guideline on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Financing of Terrorism" published by SFC) and have spent approximately 2 hours to study instead of physical attending training classes due to restrictions under the COVID-19.

The Group has established a whistle-blowing mechanism for reporting any potential fraudulent cases and management is responsible for the investigation and resolution. To further mitigate business frauds, an Ethics Committee is established to handle the cases in a timely manner. Dedicated investigation team is nominated and deal with the case to ensure the independence and the reliability of the investigation results. The whistle-blower will receive the result of the investigation within two months. If discovered the personnel who was suspected of violating any laws in corruption or participating in other unlawful activities upon the internal investigation, the cases will be further handed over to the relevant justice authorities for relevant legal actions.

本集團傾力秉持業務營運的高 標準道德水平,嚴禁發生腐敗、 賄賂和勾結等欺詐事件。僱員 在執行業務活動時應遵守行為 守則,如有懷疑任何專業失當, 應諮詢管理層。本集團亦已禁 止僱員提供或要求任何形式的 利益(如禮品、優惠券及現金) 以在業務中獲得任何偏袒及好 處。本集團已傳閱「商業行為規 範」,當中有一節專門關於反腐 敗,界定和約束僱員在這方面 的行為守則。如僱員發現任何 可能因利益衝突損害其工作操 守之情況,亦應上報管理層。為 進一步加強僱員的職業道德, 本集團已經準備提供反貪污培 訓,以識別適當的行為及防止 不必要的誤解。培訓項目主管 亦接受培訓,以確保其專業性 及項目內容的質量。報告期內, 由於COVID-19的限制,全體董 事通過閱讀培訓材料(證監會發 布的《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金 籌集的指引》)從而接受了反貪 污培訓,並用約2小時的時間學 習而不是親自參加。

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any breaches of relevant laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering and the Group confirmed that no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group and the employees.

#### **B8. Community Investment**

The Group is committed to emboldening and supporting the public by means of social participation and contribution as part of our strategic development. We strive to nurture the corporate culture and practices of corporate citizen in the daily work life. To fulfil its corporate social responsibility, the Group focuses on inspiring its employees towards social welfare concerns.

The Group will formulate the community investment policy with strategies that linked with the local concerned issues and leverage the Group's business competency and resources for supporting our communities. Apart from these, the Group also aims to continue to enlarge the employee participation in various voluntary and charitable activities so as to exert our cares about the underprivileged ones in the community, which will enable us to better shoulder our corporate responsibilities and create benefits to the society.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has donated hygiene products, including masks, alcohol, disinfectants, disinfectant spray and hand sanitizers, to Caritas – Hong Kong, supporting their aspirations of the Last, the Least and the Lost within the community. The Group strives to join hands with Hong Kong people in hard times and encourage all citizens to fight the virus together.

於報告期間,本集團概無發現任何違反有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢的相關法律法規的行為,且本集團確認亦無針對本集團及我們僱員涉及貪污行為的已完結法律案件。

#### B8. 社區投資

本集團致力透過參與及貢獻社會活動以鼓勵及支援社會,作為其戰略發展之一部分,並努力在日常工作生活中培育企業文化及企業公民慣例。為承擔企業社會責任,本集團會朝著社會福利事宜之方向啟發其僱員。

本集團將擬備社區投資政策, 根據當地相關問題制定戰略, 並利用本集團的業務能力及 源支持我們的社區。除此之外, 本集團亦繼續鼓勵僱員參達 項自願及慈善活動,以表達 們對社區中弱勢群體的關懷, 此舉有助於我們更好地承擔企 業責任,為社會創造效益。

於報告期間,本集團已向香港明愛捐贈口罩、酒精、消毒劑、消毒噴霧及洗手液等衛生用品,支持其為社區內最末後無靠、最卑微無助及最失落無效的人士效力的願望。本集團努力與香港同胞攜手共渡難關,鼓勵全港市民共同抗疫。

# THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

香港聯合交易所有限公司《環境、社會及管治報告指引》內容索引

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1:排放物		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污、有害 及無害廢棄物產生的:	Emissions 排放物
	(a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例 的資料。	
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 直接 (範圍1) 及能源間接 (範圍2) 溫室氣體排放量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制

Subject Areas, Aspects, General	Description	Section/Declaration
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KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity. 所產生有害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及密度。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物一廢棄物管理
		(Not applicable – Explained) (不適用一已解釋)
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity.  所產生無害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及密度。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物一廢棄物管理
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到該等目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,以及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到該等目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物一廢棄物管理
Aspect A2: Use of Res 層面A2:資源使用	sources	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源 (包括能源、水及其他原材料) 政策。	Use of Resources 資源使用
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity. 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源耗量及密度。	Use of Resources – Energy Management 資源使用一能源管理
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity. 總耗水量及密度。	Use of Resources – Water Management 資源使用一水資源管理
		(Not applicable – Explained) (不適用一已解釋)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到該等目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Energy Management 資源使用一能源管理
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到該等目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Water Management 資源使用一水資源管理
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及每生產單位佔量。	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Material 資源使用一包裝物料使用 (Not applicable – Explained) (不適用一已解釋)
Aspect A3: The Environment En	onment and Natural Resources 資源	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	The Environment and Natural Resources – Indoor Air Quality, Green Working Environment 環境及天然資源一室內空氣 質素、綠色工作環境

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節/聲明
Aspect A4: Climate Ch 層面A4:氣候變化	nange	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事項的政策。	Climate Change 氣候變化
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事項及已採取管理有關事項的行動。	Climate Change – Physical Risks, Transition Risks 氣候變化一實體風險、轉型風 險
Aspect B1: Employme	nt	

層面B1:僱傭

General Disclosure 一般披露 Information on:

有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:

- (a) the policies; and
- (a) 政策;及
- (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer

relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例 的資料。

KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.

按性別、僱傭類型(例如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及 地區劃分的員工總數。

Employment – Diversity, Equal Opportunity and Antidiscrimination

**Employment** 

僱傭

僱傭—多元化、平等機會及反 歧視

Subject Areas,	Description	Section/Declaration
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披露及關鍵績效指標		
KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	Employment – Diversity, Equal Opportunity and Anti- discrimination  僱傭—多元化、平等機會及反 歧視
Aspect B2: Health and 層面B2:健康與安全	I Safety	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety
	(a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及	健康與安全-職業健康與安全
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例 的資料。	
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 過去三年 (包括報告年度) 每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety 健康與安全一職業健康與安
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety 健康與安全一職業健康與安 全
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety 健康與安全一職業健康與安 全

Subject Areas,	Description	Section/Declaration
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披露及關鍵績效指標		
Aspect B3: Developm 層面B3:發展及培訓	ent and Training	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別 (例如高級管理層、中級管理層) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
Aspect B4: Labour Sta 層面B4:勞工準則	andards	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關防止童工及強制勞工的:	Labour Standards 勞工準則
	(a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to preventing child and forced labour.	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例 的資料。	
KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	Labour Standards - Prevention of Child and Forced Labour 勞工準則一防止童工及強制勞工
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	Labour Standards - Prevention of Child and Forced Labour 勞工準則一防止童工及強制勞工

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect B5: Supply Ch 層面B5:供應鏈管理	ain Management	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management 供應鍵管理
KPI B5.3 關鍵績效指標B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management 供應鍵管理
KPI B5.4 關鍵績效指標B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management – Green Purchasing 供應鏈管理一綠色採購

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product R6 層面B6:產品責任	esponsibility	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關所提供產品及服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤 及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	Product Responsibility 產品責任
	(a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例 的資料。	
KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比	Product Responsibility – Product Quality 產品責任一產品質量
KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	Product Responsibility – Customer Services 產品責任一客戶服務
KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	Product Responsibility – Protection of Intellectual Property Rights 產品責任—知識產權保障
KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	Product Responsibility – Product Quality 產品責任一產品質量

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and h	Description  (PIs	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 披露及關鍵績效指		章節/聲明
KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法	Product Responsibility – Privacy Protection 產品責任一私隱保障
Aspect B7: Anti-c 層面B7:反貪污	orruption	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:  (a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.  (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法例及規例的資料。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.2 關鍵績效指標B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Anti-corruption 反貪污

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般 披露及關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
KPI B7.3 關鍵績效指標B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
Aspect B8: Communit 層面B8:社區投資	y Investment	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).  專注貢獻範疇 (如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源 (如金錢或時間)。	Community Investment 社區投資

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



### 天健國際會計師事務所有限公司

Confucius International CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

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### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUPERACTIVE GROUP COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Superactive Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (herein referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 104 to 212, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致先機企業集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審核第104頁至第212頁所載先機企業集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及包括主要會計政策概要在內的綜合財務報表附註。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) 真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度 貴集團的綜合財務表現及其綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審核準則(「香港審核準則」) 進行審核工 作。根據該等準則,我們的責任於本報告 「核數師對審核綜合財務報表的責任」 一節中詳述。根據香港會計師公會「專業 會計師道德守則」(「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道 德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑 證足夠及能適當地為我們的意見提供基 礎。

## MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared assuming that the Group will continue as a going concern. We draw attention to note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which indicated that the Group incurred a net loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$144,126,000 and as at the same date its cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$5,686,000. In addition, as at 31 December 2021, the principal amount and the interest of bond payables of approximately HK\$170,593,000 were not repaid in accordance with the terms of agreements. Such default entitled the bondholder a right to demand immediate repayment from the Group. Based on the cashflow forecast up to 31 March 2023, it indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. As explained in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of these matters.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# Impairment assessment of licenses and goodwill allocated to the cash generating units ("CGUs")

(Refer to note 17 and the Group's accounting policies set out in note 3 Goodwill, note 3 Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill) and critical accounting estimates and judgements set out in note 4)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had licenses and goodwill of HK\$12,363,000 which are allocated to the CGUs of money lending business, regulated financial services business, electronics products and property development and management segments for annual impairment assessment.

#### 有關持續經營的重大不確定 因素

隨附的截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的綜合財務報表乃假設 集團將持續經營而編製。我們提請注 意綜合財務報表附註1,當中提及 貴 集團產生本公司擁有人應佔虧損淨額 約144,126,000港元,而於同日,其現金 及現金等價物約為5,686,000港元。此 外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,約 170.593,000港元的應付債券本金額及利 息並無按照協議條款償還。該違約行為 使債券持有人有權要求 貴集團立即還 款。根據直至二零二三年三月三十一日 的現金流量預測,其顯示存在重大不確 定因素,可能會對 貴集團持續經營的 能力產生重大疑問。如綜合財務報表附 註1所述,該等綜合財務報表乃按持續經 營基準編製。我們並無就此等事項作出 保留意見。

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為我們的專業判斷中有關 審核本期間的綜合財務報表中最重要的 事項。我們於審核整體綜合財務報表中 處理此等事項及就此達致意見,而不會 就此等事項單獨發表意見。

# 分配至現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之牌照及商譽之減值評估

(請參考附註17及附註3商譽、附註3非金融資產減值(商譽除外)所載 貴集團之會計政策及附註4所載重大會計估計及判斷)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團之牌照及商譽為12,363,000港元,並分配至放債業務、受規管金融服務業務、電子產品及物業開發和管理分類之現金產生單位作年度減值評估。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

# Impairment assessment of licenses and goodwill allocated to the cash generating units ("CGUs")

(Continued)

The Company's directors have concluded that there was impairment loss on licenses amounted to HK\$1,329,000 and impairment loss on goodwill amounted to HK\$3,481,000 in current year (2020: no impairment loss on licenses and impairment loss on goodwill amounted to HK\$8,271,000). This conclusion was based on the impairment testing carried out by the management for these CGUs as set out in note 17. The impairment assessment was prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies which are set out in detail in note 3 Goodwill and note 3 Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill). The calculation of recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, involved significant judgement and assumptions with respect to the determination of the pre-tax discount rates and the estimation of the underlying future cash flows.

We identified the impairment assessment of licenses and goodwill of the relevant CGUs as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and because the impairment testing involved significant management judgement and estimates as explained above.

#### Our response

Our audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment above included:

- Evaluating the models used by management in the value in use calculations and where applicable, fair value less costs to sell, for impairment assessment;
- Assessing the reasonableness of discount rates and growth rates applied to the impairment assessment;
- Challenging the reasonableness of other key assumptions based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- Checking input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budget and considering the reasonableness of the budget;

### 關鍵審核事項(續) 分配至現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之牌照及商譽之減值評估(續)

貴公司董事認為於本年度,牌照減值虧損為1,329,000港元,而商譽的減值虧損則為3,481,000港元(二零二零年:牌照並無減值虧損,而商譽的減值虧損則為8,271,000港元)。此結論建基於附註17所載管理層就該等現金產生單位進行之減值測試。減值評估乃根據附註3商譽除外)所註3非金融資產減值(商譽除外)所可收過金額(即使用價值與公允值減銷售成本之較高者)涉及對釐定除稅前貼現率及估計相關未來現金流量的重大判斷及假設。

我們將相關現金產生單位之牌照及商譽 之減值評估識別為關鍵審核事項,原因 為其對綜合財務報表而言屬重大,以及 減值測試涉及管理層如上所述作出的重 大判斷及估計。

#### 我們的回應

我們就管理層上述減值評估所採納審核 程序包括:

- 評核管理層於減值評估之使用價值 及公允值減銷售成本(倘適用)計算 中採用之模型;
- 評估減值評估所應用貼現率及增長 率的合理性;
- 基於我們對業務及行業的認識,質 疑其他主要假設的合理性;
- 查核支持輸入值的證據,例如獲批 准預算及考慮預算的合理性;

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### Our response (Continued)

- Checking the value in use calculations and where applicable, fair value less costs to sell, mathematically;
- Considering the overall adequacy of the disclosures in respect of impairment assessment included in the consolidated financial statements.

### Assessment of net realisable value of properties held for sale

(Refer to note 18 and the Group's accounting policies set out in note 3 Properties held for sale and critical accounting estimates and judgements set out in note 4)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had properties held for sale of HK\$602,664,000 which in total accounted for approximately 48% of the Group's total assets. The carrying amounts of properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The Group engaged an independent external valuer to perform a valuation of properties held for sale as at 31 December 2021 to assess if the net realisable values of these assets were higher than their carrying amounts.

The Group has concluded that there was no impairment loss on properties held for sale. This conclusion was based on the impairment testing carried out by valuer as set out in note 4. The impairment assessment was prepared in accordance with considerable analysis of current market price of properties of a comparable standard and location and a forecast of future sales based on zero growth rate of property price. The calculation of recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, involved significant judgement and assumptions with respect to the determination of the pre-tax discount rates and the estimation of the underlying future cash flows.

We identified the impairment assessment of properties held for sale as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and because the impairment testing involved significant management judgement and estimates as explained above.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 我們的回應

- 查核使用價值及公允值減銷售成本 (倘適用)的計算;
- 考慮綜合財務報表所包含之減值評估披露的整體充足性。

#### 持作出售物業之可變現淨值評估

(請參考附註18及附註3持作出售物業所 載本集團之會計政策及附註4所載重大 會計估計及判斷)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有持作出售物業602,664,000港元,合計佔本集團總資產約48%。持作出售物業的賬面值以成本與可變現淨值孰低列賬。

本集團委聘獨立外部估值師對二零二一 年十二月三十一日的持作出售物業進行 估值,以評估該等資產的可變現淨值是 否高於其賬面值。

本集團認為,持作出售物業並無減值虧損。此結論建基於附註4所載估值師進行之減值測試。減值評估乃根據可比標準及地點的物業當前市場價格的大量分析以及基於物業價格零增長率的未來銷售預測而編製。計算可收回金額(即使用價值與公允值減銷售成本之較高者)涉及對釐定除稅前貼現率及估計相關未來現金流量的重大判斷及假設。

我們將持作出售物業之減值評估識別為 關鍵審核事項,原因為其對綜合財務報 表而言屬重大,以及減值測試涉及管理 層如上所述作出的重大判斷及估計。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### Our response

Our audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment above included:

- We assessed the competence, capability and objectivity of the independent external valuer used by management;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methods adopted with reference to market practice.
- Assessing the reasonableness of current market price by comparing the management's estimated selling price to the recent average contracted selling price in prevailing market price of comparable properties with similar type, size and location; and;
- Challenging the reasonableness of other key assumptions based on our knowledge of the business and industry;

Based on the audit procedures performed, we consider that management's judgements applied in impairment assessment of properties held for sale were supported by the evidence we obtained.

# Impairment assessment of trade receivables and loan receivables

(Refer to note 20 and note 22 and the Group's accounting policy set out in note 3 Financial Instruments – Impairment loss on financial assets and critical accounting estimates and judgements set out in note 4)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had trade receivables amounting to HK\$54,290,000 and loan receivables amounting to HK\$274,870,000. The Group assessed impairment for these receivables based on expected credit losses model. Loss allowance for expected credit losses amounting to HK\$11,530,000 and HK\$162,406,000 respectively has been made for the trade receivables and loan receivables as at 31 December 2021.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 我們的回應

我們就管理層對上述減值評估有關的審 核程序包括:

- 我們已評估管理層所使用獨立外部 估值師的實力、能力及客觀性;
- 参考市場慣例評估所採用估值方法 的適當性;
- 通過將管理層的估計售價與具有類 似類型、面積和位置的可比物業的 現行市場價格的近期平均合約售價 進行比較,評估當前市場價格的合 理性;及
- 基於我們對業務及行業的了解,質 疑其他關鍵假設的合理性。

基於所執行的審核程序,我們認為管理 層在對持作出售物業進行減值評估時採 用的判斷已得到我們所獲證據的支持。

#### 應收貿易賬款及應收貸款的減值評 估

(請參閱附註20及附註22以及附註3金融工具一金融資產減值虧損所載 貴集團會計政策及附註4所載重大會計估計及判斷)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團分別有應收貿易賬款54,290,000港元及應收貸款274,870,000港元。 貴集團根據預期信貸虧損模式評估該等應收款項的減值。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已分別就應收貿易賬款及應收貸款計提預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備11,530,000港元及162,406,000港元。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

## Impairment assessment of trade receivables and loan receivables (Continued)

Assessing expected credit losses on trade receivables and loan receivables is a subjective area as it requires application of judgement and uses of estimates. Judgement is applied in assessing whether the credit risk of the loan receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition and whether the trade receivables and loan receivables are credit-impaired. In this regard, management considers factors including those relevant forward-looking information and how it impacts the historical data. These require significant judgement by the management.

We have identified impairment assessment of trade receivables and loan receivables as a key audit matter due to considerable amount of judgement and estimation being required in conducting impairment assessment as mentioned in the foregoing paragraph.

#### Our response

Our audit procedures in relation to management's assessment of expected credit losses on trade receivables and loan receivables included:

- Obtaining an understanding on the key controls over credit risk assessment and how management estimates the loss allowance for trade receivables and loan receivables;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the loss allowance calculation methodology used by the management;
- Testing the integrity of information used by management in assessing the credit risk of individual customers, on a sample basis, by comparing historical default rates to the actual losses recorded during the current financial year;
- Evaluating management's assessment of the historical credit loss rates by sample checking inputs in respect of the assumptions made, such as historical payment records, correspondence on any disputes or claims with the customers and subsequent settlement records; and

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 應收貿易賬款及應收貸款的減值評 估*(續)*

評估應收貿易賬款及應收貸款的預期信貸虧損為主觀事項,需要使用判斷及估計。於評估應收貸款信貸風險自首次確認以來是否大幅增加及應收貿易賬款及應收貸款是否信貸減值時會應用判斷。就此而言,管理層考慮各種因素,包括相關前瞻性資料及其如何影響過往數據。管理層須行使重大判斷。

由於如上一段所述,進行減值評估時須 行使大量判斷及估計,我們已識別應收 貿易賬款及應收貸款的減值評估為關鍵 審核事項。

#### 我們的回應

我們就管理層對上述應收貿易賬款及應 收貸款的預期信貸虧損評估所採納的審 核程序包括:

- 了解對信貸風險評估的關鍵監控及 管理層如何估計應收貿易賬款及應 收貸款的虧損撥備;
- 評估管理層所採用虧損撥備計算模型是否合適;
- 透過對比過往違約率與當前財政年度錄得的實際虧損,抽樣測試管理層用於評估個別客戶信貸風險的資料的完整性;
- 透過抽樣檢查所作假設的輸入數據 (例如過往付款記錄、與客戶的任何糾紛或申索的對應及其後還款記錄),評估管理層對過往信貸虧損率的評估;及

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### Our response (Continued)

- Assessing the factors considered by the management for determining whether the credit risk of the loan receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition and whether the trade receivables and loan receivables are credit-impaired which include:
  - Challenging management's consideration of other factors including changes in repayment pattern of borrowers and changes in value of collateral since initial recognition (if applicable);
  - Assessing how reasonably management has incorporated in their assessment of the forward-looking information including expected changes in economic and financial conditions which is expected to cause a significant change in the customers' ability to meet their debt obligations; and
  - Checking subsequent settlement of the year end trade receivables and loan receivables on a sample basis.

#### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 我們的回應(續)

- 評估管理層釐定應收貸款信貸風險 自首次確認以來是否大幅增加以及 應收貿易賬款及應收貸款是否信貸 減值時考慮的因素,包括:
  - 挑戰管理層考慮其他因素,包括借款人還款模式以及自初次確認應收款後抵押品價值變動(如適用);
  - 評估管理層是否合理於評估時 考慮前瞻性資料,包括預期會 對客戶履行債務責任的能力造 成重大變動的經濟及財務狀況 的預期變動;及
  - 抽樣檢查於年終之應收貿易賬款及應收貸款結餘之其後還款情況。

#### 年報的其他資料

董事負責其他資料。其他資料包括 貴公司年報所載資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及相關核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,我們的責任為閱 覽其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或我們於審核過程 中所了解的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎 有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工 作,倘我們認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳 述,我們須報告該事實。我們並無就此報 告任何事項。

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit and Risk Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事對綜合財務報表的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披 露規定編製真實且公平的綜合財務報 表,並為其認為為使編製綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述而必需的內部監控措施負責。

編製 綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。審核及風險委員會協助董事履行有關責任。

#### 核數師對審核綜合財務報表的 責任

我們的目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)按照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保根 據香港審核準則進行的審核工作一定能 發現所有存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳 述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體於 合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據該等 綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被 視為重大錯誤陳述。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

## 核數師對審核綜合財務報表的責任(續)

根據香港審核準則進行審核時,我們運 用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專 業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,因應此等風險設計及執行審核程序,獲得充足及適當審核憑證為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕內部控制,因此未能發現由此造成的重大錯誤陳述風險較未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制的有效程度發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及 董事所作會計估算及相關披露是否 合理。
- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法是否恰當,並根據已獲取的審核憑證,總結是否有對 貴獨經營的能力構成重大疑問問題持續經營的能力構成重大疑問問題,與情況等重大不確定因素。因意以情況等重大不確定因素。因意以代表。因為不是,則修訂我們需於核數師報告中提請內方。我們的結論以截至核數師報,則修訂我們的結論以截至核數師報告日期所獲得的審核憑證為基礎,惟未來事件或情況可能導致 貴無國不再具有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露) 的整體列報、架構及內容,以及綜合 財務報表是否已公允反映及列報相 關交易及事項。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit and Risk Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit and Risk Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師對審核綜合財務報表的責任(續)

就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的 財務資料獲得充足恰當的審核憑 證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。我 們須負責指導、監督及執行 貴集 團的審核工作。我們須為我們的審 核意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核及風險委員會就(其中包括) 審核工作的計劃範圍及審核時間及重大 審核發現(包括我們於審核期間識別出 內部監控的任何重大缺陷)進行溝通。

我們亦向審核及風險委員會提交聲明,說明我們已遵守有關獨立身份的道德要求,並就所有被合理認為可能影響我們的獨立身份的關係及其他事宜,以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關防範措施(如適用)與審核及風險委員會溝通。

我們從與董事溝通的事項中,釐定對本期間綜合財務報表的審核工作最為重要的事項,並據此構成關鍵審核事項。除非法律或法規不容許公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有的情況下,我們認為披露此等事項可合理預期的不良後果將超越公眾知悉此等事項的利益而不應於報告中披露,否則我們會於核數師報告中描述此等事項。

#### **Confucius International CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

Wong Ho Yuen, Gary

Practising Certificate Number: P01316

Hong Kong, 25 April 2022

天健國際會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

黃浩源

執業證書號碼:P01316

香港,二零二二年四月二十五日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元 ————
Revenue	收益	5	132,217	101,129
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(83,215)	(58,862)
Gross profit	毛利		49,002	42,267
Other net gains	其他收益淨額	6	10,136	9,619
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本		(1,406)	(1,743)
Administrative costs	行政成本		(56,490)	(52,884)
Finance costs	財務成本	7	(24,643)	(28,726)
Impairment of assets	資產減值	8	(8,225)	(9,629)
Net impairment loss on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	8	(85,203)	(63,525)
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司之業績	14	(5,513)	60
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	8	(122,342)	(104,561)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	10	(21,345)	(1,588)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(143,687)	(106,149)
Loss for the year attributable to:	應佔年內虧損:			
•	本公司擁有人		(144 106)	(100.057)
Owners of the Company	非控股權益		(144,126) 439	(108,257)
Non-controlling interests	オトÍエルス催血 		439	2,108
			(143,687)	(106,149)
Loss per share	<b>每股虧損</b>			
Basic and diluted (HK cents)	基本及攤薄(港仙)	12	(7.09)	(5.33)
Dasic and united (Fire Cents)	全个/人,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	14	(1.09)	(0.00)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

### 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(143,687)	(106,149)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益			
Items that may be reclassified	其後可能會重新分類至			
subsequently to profit or loss:	損益之項目:			
Exchange differences arising from the	換算海外業務產生之			
translation of foreign operations	匯兌差額		12,257	27,445
Reclassification adjustments of reserves	出售附屬公司後儲備之		ŕ	,
upon disposal of subsidiaries	重新分類調整	33	-	1,779
Other comprehensive income	年內其他全面收益,			
for the year, net of tax	扣除稅項		12,257	29,224
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額			
for the year			(131,430)	(76,925)
Total comprehensive income	應佔年內全面收益總額:			
for the year attributable to:	心口十八十四人里心识。			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(131,637)	(77,866)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		207	941
	<b>クトラエハン゙イ隹.皿</b> ─────		201	941
			(131,430)	(76,925)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	_	— ~ — ~ 1 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港デ
		NI) PT	17676	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	299,483	317,01
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	14	146,313	153,58
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允值於損益列賬之			
profit or loss	金融資產	15	8,720	7,02
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	12,363	17,08
			466,879	494,700
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	18	8,765	5,60
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	19	602,664	540,39
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	20	44,395	32,43
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及	20	1 1,000	02,10
other receivables	其他應收款項	21	12,379	55,81
Amount due from non-controlling	應收非控股權益款項	۷ ا	12,013	00,01
interests	心仅加工放催血水分	26	295	
Loan receivables	應收貸款	22	112,464	218,50
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	23	1,890	1,89
	現金及銀行結餘	23		
Cash and bank balances	况並仪蚁门結助 ————————————————————————————————————		5,686	11,598
			788,538	866,238
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及			
	其他應付款項	24	205,735	164,48
Rental received in advance	預收租金		2,395	17,12
Contract liabilities	合約負債	25	3,200	3,67
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	14	68,031	66,69
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	26	16,723	33,64
Amounts due to	應付非控股權益款項	_0	10,120	33,31
non-controlling interests		26	_	2,53
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借款	27	267,529	198,56
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	52	27
Tax payable	應付稅項	20	32,116	13,28
тах рауаше			32,110	13,20
			595,781	500,27
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		192,757	365,96
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	總資產減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			659,636	860,673

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
				, , ,
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借款	27	231,055	300,390
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	135	188
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	29	1,296	1,515
			232,486	302,093
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		427,150	558,580
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	203,257	203,257
Reserves	儲備	31	212,707	344,344
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
OWNERS OF THE COMPANY			415,964	547,601
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	32	11,186	10,979
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		427,150	558,580

The consolidated financial statements on pages 104 to 212 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors of the Company ("Directors") on 25 April 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第104至212頁的綜合財務報表已於 二零二二年四月二十五日經本公司董事 (「董事」)會批准並授權刊發,且由以下 人士代表簽署:

YEUNG SO LAI 楊素麗 DIRECTOR 董事 LEE CHI SHING CAESAR 李志成 DIRECTOR 董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

## 綜合權益變動表

	4	Share capital	Share premium*	Other reserve*	Capital redemption reserve* 資本	Capital reserve*	Translation reserve*	(Accumulated losses)*	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備* <b>HK\$</b> '000 千港元	東回 順回儲備* <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	換算儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	(累計虧損)* HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	203,257	476,989	40	1,442	19,870	29,191	(183,188)	547,601	10,979	558,580
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income:	年內虧損 其他全面收益:	-	-	-	-	-	-	(144,126)	(144,126)	439	(143,687)
Exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	12,489	-	12,489	(232)	12,257
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	12,489	(144,126)	(131,637)	207	(131,430)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	203,257	476,989	40	1,442	19,870	41,680	(327,314)	415,964	11,186	427,150

<sup>\*</sup> The total reserves at 31 December 2021 is HK\$212,707,000 (2020: HK\$344,344,000).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日之儲備總計為 212,707,000港元 (二零二零年:344,344,000 港元)。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

		Share capital	Share premium*	Other reserve*	Capital redemption reserve*	Capital reserve*	Translation reserve*	(Accumulated losses)*	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	貝本 贖回儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	換算儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	(累計虧損)* HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	203,257	476,989	40	1,442	19,870	(1,200)	(74,931)	625,467	(8,503)	616,964
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income: Exchange differences arising from	年內虧損 其他全面收益: 換算海外業務產生之	-	7	-	-	-	-	(108,257)	(108,257)	2,108	(106,149)
the translation of foreign operations Reclassification adjustments of reserves upon disposal of		-	-	-	-	-	28,612	-	28,612	(1,167)	27,445
subsidiaries (note 33)		-	-	-	-	-	1,779	-	1,779	-	1,779
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	30,391	(108,257)	(77,866)	941	(76,925)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	18,541	18,541
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	203,257	476,989	40	1,442	19,870	29,191	(183,188)	547,601	10,979	558,580

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# 綜合現金流量表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /6/6	1 /6/
Cash flows from operating activities:	經營活動產生之現金流量:		
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(122,342)	(104,56
Adjustment for:	下列項目之調整:		
Interest income	利息收入	(15)	(;
Interest on bank borrowings and	銀行借款及透支以及其他		
overdrafts and other borrowings	借款之利息	24,634	27,03
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	9	1,69
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司之業績	5,513	(60
Impairment of assets	資產減值	8,225	9,629
Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets	按公允值於損益列賬之		
at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產的公允值		
	(收益)/虧損	(1,700)	15,604
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
equipment		22,607	22,129
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (note 33)	出售附屬公司之收益		
	(附註33)	_	(13,82
Net impairment loss on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	85,203	63,52
Impairment loss on inventories	存貨之減值虧損	_	432
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	5	1
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營現金		
movements in working capital	流量	22,139	21,60
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(3,011)	4,340
Decrease/(increase) in loan receivables	應收貸款減少/(增加)	27,512	(27,37
Increase in trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及其他應收	21,012	(21,01)
moreage in trade and other receivables	款項增加	(17,792)	(26,99
Increase in trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付	(11,102)	(20,000
moreage in trade and early payables	款項增加	24,561	2,234
(Decrease)/increase in rental received	預收租金(減少)/增加	21,001	2,20
in advance		(15,197)	8,869
(Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)/增加	(572)	620
		, ,	
Net cash generated from/(used in)	業務營運已產生/(動用)之		
operations	現金淨額	37,640	(16,700
Income tax paid	已付所得稅	(3,079)	(2,568
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動已產生/(動用)之		
operating activities	現金淨額	34,561	(19,268

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash flows from investing activities:	投資活動產生之現金流量:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(4,601)	(4,378)
nterest received	已收利息	15	5
Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之現金流出		
(note 33)	淨額(附註33)	_	(293)
Decrease in restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款減少	_	450
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	出售無形資產所得款項	-	600
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動動用之現金淨額	(4,586)	(3,616)
Cash flows from financing activities:	融資活動產生之現金流量:		
Proceeds from interest-bearing	計息借款所得款項		
borrowings	可心自秋/川守秋/久	18,000	1,073
Repayments of interest-bearing	償還計息借款	10,000	1,070
borrowings	貝	(18,397)	(4,692)
	計息借款之已付利息	(10,397)	(4,092)
Interest paid on interest-bearing	可思由从之口的利思	(45.005)	(16,758)
borrowings	償還租賃負債之本金部分	(15,025)	(10,750)
Repayments of principal portion of	<b>順</b>	(076)	(671)
lease liabilities	士什和信色传之利自如八	(276)	(671)
Payments of interest portion of	支付租賃負債之利息部分	(0)	(1,600)
lease liabilities	<b>夕见市力(温</b> 勒) / 執 勒	(9)	(1,693)
(Repayment to)/advance from a shareholder		(16,923)	32,517
Repayment to non-controlling interests	非控股權益之還款	(2,894)	(676)
Net cash (used in)/generated from	融資活動(動用)/已產生之		
financing activities	現金淨額	(35,524)	9,100
Net decrease in cash and	現金及現金等價物減少淨額		
cash equivalents		(5,549)	(13,784)
Effect of foreign exchange rates	外匯匯率影響	(363)	(706
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等價物		
at the beginning of the year		11,598	26,088
Cash and cash equivalents	年末之現金及現金等價物		
at the end of the year		5,686	11,598
Analysis of balances of cash and	現金及現金等價物結餘分析:		
cash equivalents:			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	5,686	11,598

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. The principal place of its business is Room 1510, 15/F., West Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In the opinion of the Directors, at 31 December 2021, Super Fame Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the immediate holding company and Ms. Yeung So Lai and Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar are the ultimate controlling parties of the Company.

The functional currency and the presentation currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). Each entity in the Group maintains its books and records in its own functional currency.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collectively include all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements also include applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value. The measurement bases are fully described in accounting policies set out below.

### 1. 一般資料

本公司在百慕達註冊成立為受豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處之地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda,且主要營業地點為香港干諾道中168-200號信德中心西翼15樓1510室。

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。董事認為,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,超名控股有限公司(一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司)為直接控股公司及楊素麗女士與李志成先生為本公司之最終控制方。

本公司的功能貸幣及呈列貨幣為港元(「港元」)。本集團內各實體按其本身的功能貨幣記賬及記錄。

此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) (其中包括所有適用香港財務報告 準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準 則」)及詮釋及香港公司條例之披露 規定而編製。綜合財務報表亦包括 適用之聯交所證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)之披露規定。

綜合財務報表按歷史成本法編製,惟若干以公允值計量之金融工具除外。有關計量基準於下文會計政策 詳述。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued) Going concern basis

The Group incurred a net loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$144,126,000 and as at the same date its cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$5,686,000. In addition, as at 31 December 2021, the principal amount and the interest of bond payables of approximately HK\$170,593,000 were not repaid in accordance with the terms of agreements. Such default entitled the bondholder a right to demand immediate repayment from the Group.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that might cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group may be unable to realise the Group's asset and discharge the Group's liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors of the Company are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations as they fall due in the foreseeable future, after taking into consideration of the followings:

- (i) The Group will continue to negotiate with the Group's bondholder with a view to extend the repayment terms of the Group's bond payables as they fall due;
- (ii) For the amount due to a shareholder of HK\$16,723,000 at 31 December 2021, the shareholder has undertaken that will not demand for repayment after maturity until all other liabilities of the Group have been satisfied;
- (iii) The Group will also seek additional financing including but not limited to borrow loans, issuing additional equity or debt securities; and
- (iv) The directors of the Company will continue to implement measures aiming at improving the working capital and cash flows of the Group, including close monitoring of general administrative expenses and operating costs.

### 1. 一般資料 (續) 持續經營基準

本集團產生本公司擁有人應佔虧 損淨額約144,126,000港元,而於 同日,其現金及現金等價物約為 5,686,000港元。此外,於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,約170,593,000 港元的應付債券本金額及利息並無 按協議條款償還。該違約行為使債 券持有人有權要求本集團立即還 款。

該等情況顯示存在重大不確定因素,可能會對本集團繼續經營的能力產生重大疑問,因此本集團可能無法於正常業務過程中變現本集團資產及清償本集團負債。

經考慮以下各項後,本公司董事信納,本集團將有充裕財務資源以履行其於可見將來到期的財務責任:

- (i) 本集團將繼續與本集團的債券 持有人進行磋商,以延長本集 團到期應付債券的償還期限;
- (ii) 對於二零二一年十二月三十一 日的應付股東款項16,723,000 港元,該股東已承諾於到期後 不會要求償還,直至本集團的 所有其他負債清償為止;
- (iii) 本集團亦將尋求額外融資,包 括但不限於借入貸款、發行額 外股本或債務證券;及
- (iv) 本公司董事將繼續實施旨在改善善事集團營運資金及現金流量的措施,包括密切監察一般行政開支及營運成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

### Going concern basis (Continued)

The directors of the Company have carried out a detailed review of the cash flow forecast of the Group for the next twelve months from the reporting date taking into account the impact of above measures, the directors of the Company believe that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements as and when they fall due in the next twelve months from the reporting date and, accordingly, are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue in business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amount, to provide for future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities to current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

### **1.** 一般資料 (續) 持續經營基準 (續)

經考慮上述措施的影響,本公司董事已對本集團自報告日期起計未來十二個月的現金流量預測進行詳細檢討,本公司董事相信,本集團將有充裕現金資源滿足其未來營運周將有充裕現金資源滿足其未來十二個月期的其他融資需要,因此信納,按高期的其他融資基準編製綜合財務報表屬合滴之舉。

倘本集團無法持續經營業務,將須 作出調整以撇減資產價值至其可收 回金額,及就可能產生之未來負債 作出撥備,並將非流動資產及負債 分別重新分類為流動資產及負債。 此等潛在調整的影響並無於該等綜 合財務報表反映。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs

## (a) Adoption of amended HKFRSs

Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued a number of amended HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to HKAS 39, Interest Rate Benchmark
HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, Reform—Phase 2
HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16

The adoption of the above amendments did not have any significant impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods. The Group has not early applied any new or amended HKFRSs that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

### 2. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則

## (a) 採納經修訂香港財務報告 準則

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項於本集團本會計期間首次生效之 經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 2019冠狀病毒 第16號之修訂 病相關租金 減免

香港會計準則第39號、利率基準改 香港財務報告準則 革-第二階 第4號、香港財務報 段 告準則第7號、香港 財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準 則第16號之修訂

於本期間或過往期間採納上文 修訂對本集團之業績及財務狀 況並無任何重大影響。本集團 於本會計期間並無提早採納任 何尚未生效之新訂或經修訂香 港財務報告準則。

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#### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs.

(Continued)

### (b) Amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments<sup>3</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework<sup>2</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of and HKAS 28 Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>4</sup> Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hona Kona Interpretation 5 (2020)3

Property, Plant and Amendments to HKAS 16 Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use<sup>2</sup>

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Amendments to HKAS 37 Fulfilling a Contract<sup>2</sup> Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates<sup>3</sup>

Disclosure of Accounting Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Policies<sup>3</sup> Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction<sup>3</sup> Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Covid-19 Related Rent Concession beyond 30 June 20211

### 2. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

### (b) 已頒佈惟尚未生效之經修 訂香港財務報告準則

以下可能與本集團財務報表有 關之經修訂香港財務報告準則 經已頒佈,惟尚未生效且未獲 本集團提早採納。本集團目前 擬於其生效日期應用該等變 動。

香港財務報告準則 保險合約及相 第17號 閣修訂3 對概念框架之 香港財務報告準則 第3號之修訂 提述2

香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號之修訂

投資者與其聯 營公司或合 營企業之間 的資產出售

或注資4

香港會計準則第1號 之修訂

將負債分類為 流動或非流 動以及香港 詮釋第5號之 相關修訂(二 零二零年)3

香港會計準則第16號 物業、廠房及設 之修訂

借一作擬定 用途前之所 得款項2

香港會計準則第37號 有償合約-履 之修訂 香港會計準則第8號

行合約成本2 會計估計的定

義3

之修訂 香港會計準則第1號 及香港財務報告準 則實務聲明第2號

披露會計政策3

之修訂 香港會計準則第12號 之修訂

有關單一交易 所產牛資產 及負債的遞

香港財務報告準則之

延稅項3 香港財務報告 準則二零

一八年至二 零二零年之 年度改進2

香港財務報告準則第 16號之修訂

於二零二一年 六月三十 日後之 COVID-19相 關租金優惠1

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## 2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs

(Continued)

# (b) Amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not vet effective (Continued)

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The Directors of the Group anticipate that the application of these new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group made up to 31 December each year. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

### 2. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則 (續)

### (b) 已頒佈惟尚未生效之經修 訂香港財務報告準則(續)

- 於二零二一年四月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- <sup>2</sup> 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期 間生效。

本集團董事預期,採用該等新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 於可預見未來不會對綜合財務 報表產生重大影響。

### 3. 主要會計政策概要

#### 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團直至每年 十二月三十一日編製的財務報表。 編製綜合財務報表時,公司間交易 及集團公司之間的結餘連同未變現 盈利將全數對銷。倘已於損益內確 認虧損,除非交易能提供已轉讓資 產減值的證據,否則未變現虧損亦 將對銷。

年內所收購或出售的附屬公司的業績已載於自收購事項生效日期起或直至出售事項生效日期(按適用者)的綜合損益表內。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Business combination and basis of consolidation

(Continued)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisitiondate fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisitionrelated costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 業務合併及綜合基準 (續)

如有需要,可於附屬公司的財務報表作出調整,致令其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所用者一致。

收購附屬公司或業務乃以收購法入 賬。收購事項的成本乃按已轉讓資 產於收購日期的公允值、所產生負 債及本集團(作為收購人)所發行的 權益的總和計量。已收購的可識別 資產及所承擔負債主要按收購日期 公允值計量。本集團先前所持有於 被收購人的權益將按收購日期公允 值重新計量,而最終的盈虧則於損 益內確認。本集團可能按個別交易 的情況選擇按公允值或被收購人可 識別淨資產的按比例份額計量代表 目前於附屬公司的擁有權權益的非 控股權益。除非香港財務報告準則 規定須應用其他計量準則,所有其 他非控股權益應以公允值計量。除 非與收購事項相關的成本乃因發行 股本工具而產生且成本已自股本扣 除,否則所產生成本已獲支銷。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# **Business combination and basis of consolidation** (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition-date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 業務合併及綜合基準 (續)

收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價按 收購日之公允值確認。其後對代價 之調整僅於調整源自於計量期間(最 長為自收購日期起12個月)獲得有 關收購日之公允值之新資料時才會 與商譽確認。其後對或然代價分類 為資產或負債之所有其他調整均於 損益中確認。

當本集團失去附屬公司控制權時, 出售之損益為以下兩者之差額:(i)已 收代價公允值與任何保留權益公允 值之總額及(ii)附屬公司與任何非控 股權益之資產(包括商譽)及負債之 過往賬面值。以往於其他全面收益 確認與附屬公司有關之金額按在相 關資產或負債已經出售情況下須採 取之方式入賬。

收購後,非控股權益賬面值(即現時於附屬公司擁有權權益)為該等權益於初步確認時之金額加有關非控股權益應佔其後權益變動金額。即使全面收益總額撥歸該等非控股權益後造成虧絀,全面收益總額仍須撥歸相關非控股權益。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are investees over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

In the note to the consolidated financial statements that discloses the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment loss. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the end of the reporting period.

### Interest in an associate

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over these policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amounts are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司可行使控制權的 被投資人。倘下列三項元素全部存 在,則本公司已控制該被投資人:對 被投資人的權力、就收取被投資人 可變動回報面臨的風險或權利,以 及運用其權力影響有關可變動回報 的能力。倘出現任何該等控制權元 素可能有變的事實或情況,控制權 將獲重新評估。

所有集團內公司間交易、結餘、收入 及開支已於綜合入賬時對銷。

在披露本公司財務狀況表之綜合財務報表附註中,於附屬公司之投資經扣除任何減值虧損後按成本列賬。本公司將附屬公司的業績以於報告期末所收及應收股息的基準入賬。

#### 於一間聯營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團能夠對其發揮重 大影響力之實體,附屬公司或於合 資企業之權益除外。重大影響力是 有權參與被投資公司之財務及經營 政策決定,但並非控制或共同控制 該等政策。

聯營公司採用權益法入賬,據此,聯營公司初步按成本確認,此後其賬面金額因應本集團收購後所佔之聯營公司資產淨值變動予以調整,惟超出本集團於聯營公司之權益之虧損不會被確認,除非有責任承擔該等虧損。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest in an associate (Continued)

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

#### Goodwill

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition-date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment assessment, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

所確認的本集團及其聯營公司的交易所產生的損益僅限於聯營公司內 互不相關的投資者的權益。投資者 因此等交易於聯營公司的損益中分 佔的部份於聯營公司的賬面值中對 銷。倘未變現虧損能證明所轉讓資 產的減值,則其即時於損益中獲確 認。

就聯營公司所支付高於本集團分佔的已收購可識別資產、負債及或然負債公允值的任何溢價已撥充資本,並計算在聯營公司的賬面值之內。倘客觀證據證明於聯營公司的投資已減值,該投資的賬面值須按與其他非金融資產相同的方式進行減值測試。

#### 商譽

倘可識別資產及負債之公允值高於 所付代價之公允值、於被收購方任 何非控股權益之金額與收購方先前 所持被收購方股本權益之收購日期 公允值的總額,則超出部份於重估 後於收購日期在損益確認。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Goodwill (Continued)

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is assessed for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount to below its fair value less costs to sell (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 商譽(續)

### 收益確認

來自客戶合約之收益於貨物或服務 的控制權轉移至客戶時確認,其金 額反映本集團預期就交換該等貨品 或服務而有權獲得的代價,不包括 代表第三方收取的金額。收益不包 括增值稅或其他銷售稅,並扣除任 何貿易折扣。

視乎合約條款及適用於合約的法律,貨物或服務控制權可隨時間或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在履約過程中滿足下列條件,則貨物或服務控制權隨時間轉移:

- 提供客戶同時收取及消耗的所 有利益;
- 本集團履約時創建或提升客戶 所控制的資產;或
- 沒有創建對本集團有替代用途的資產,且本集團可強制執行 其權利收回至今已完成履約部分的款項。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

#### (i) Electronic products

Customers obtain control of the electronic products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised when the customers accept the electronic products. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are usually payable within 120 days.

#### (ii) Nursery education services/properties management

Revenue is recognised over time as those services are provided. Payments received from customers are generally paid in advance prior to the rendering of services. In accordance with HKFRS 15, if there are obligations to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from customer, an entity should recognise contract liabilities.

#### (iii) Money lending

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 收益確認(續)

倘貨物或服務控制權隨時間轉移, 收益會參考整個合約期間完成履約 義務的進度進行確認。否則,收益於 客戶獲得貨物或服務控制權時的某 一時間點確認。

#### (i) 電子產品

客戶於貨物予以交付及已獲接納時獲得對電子產品的控制權。當客戶接納電子產品後,則因而確認收益。一般僅有一項履約責任。發票通常於120日內應付。

#### (ii) 幼兒教育服務/物業管理

收益乃隨著提供該等服務之時間轉移而確認。自客戶收取之款項通常於提供該等服務前預先支付。根據香港財務報告準則第15號,倘本集團已收取客戶代價而有責任向客戶轉讓服務時,則實體須確認合約負債。

### (iii) 放債

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (iv) Regulated financial services

Revenue from asset management services is recognised over time as those services are provided. Invoices for regulated financial services are issued on a semi-annual basis and are usually payable within 60 days.

#### (v) Other income

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

lease or five years, whichever is shorter

Furniture, fixtures and equipment  $10\%-33^{1/3}\%$  Motor vehicles 10%-25% Plant and machinery  $10\%-33^{1/3}\%$ 

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 收益確認(續)

#### (iv) 受規管金融服務

資產管理服務之收益乃隨著提供該等服務之時間流逝而確認。受規管金融服務的發票每半年發出,通常於60日內應付。

#### (v) 其他收入

經營租賃項下的租金收入於有關租賃年期按直線基準確認。

利息收入就未償還本金根據適 用利率按時間基準累計。

股息收入於有權收取股息時予 以確認。

### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計 折舊及減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備的成本包括其購 買價以及收購有關項目直接產生的 成本。

物業、廠房及設備按其估計可使用 年期,以直線法撇銷扣除預期剩餘 價值後之成本以計算折舊。可使用 年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法均於各 報告期末審閱,並在適當情況下作 出調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目以直線法按下列年率折舊:

租賃裝修於租賃尚餘年期內或

五年(以較短者為準)

家俬、裝置及設備 10%-33⅓% 汽車 10%-25% 廠房及機器 10%-33⅓%

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of the lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

### Properties held for sale

Properties for future sale in the ordinary course of business are included in current assets at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the consideration for development expenditure (which includes cost of land use rights, construction costs and capitalised interest) directly attributable to the development of the properties.

#### **Financial Instruments**

#### **Financial assets**

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

使用權資產按租期和相關資產的可使用年期(以較短者為準)折舊。

因出售或停用物業、廠房及設備項目引致之收益或虧損乃按銷售所得款項及資產賬面值兩者之差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

僅當與項目有關之未來經濟利益很可能流入本集團,且該項目之成本能夠可靠計量時,其後成本方會按該資產之賬面值入賬或確認為獨立資產(視情況而定)。所有其他成本(如維修及保養費)於其產生之財政年度在損益內扣除。

### 持作出售之物業

為日常業務過程中將於未來出售之物業乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者間之較低者計入流動資產。成本包括物業開發所直接應佔之發展開支之代價(包括土地使用權成本、建築成本及資本化利息)。

### 金融工具 金融資產

金融資產(並無重大融資部份的應

收貿易賬款除外)初步按公允值加上收購或發行應佔的直接交易成本計量(倘屬並非按公允值於損益列賬(「按公允值於損益列賬」)的金融資產)。並無重大融資部份的應收貿易賬款初步按交易價計量。

所有金融資產之日常買賣於交易日確認,即本集團承諾買賣資產之日期。日常買賣指須根據市場規則或慣例一般訂定之時限內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial Instruments** (Continued)

#### **Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There is one measurement category into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Equity instruments**

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本集團 管理資產之業務模式及資產之現金 流量特徵。本集團將其債務工具分 類為一種計量類別:

攤銷成本:倘為收取合約現金流量而持有之資產之現金流量僅為支付本金及利息,則該等資產按攤銷成本計量。按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後用實際利率法計量。利息收入、匯兌收益及虧損及減值於損益確認。終止確認的任何收益於損益確認。

#### 股本工具

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for ECL on trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-month ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation of the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-month ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產減值虧損

預期信貸虧損乃信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損乃基於根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量之間的差額。該差額其後按與資產原有實際利率相近的利率貼現。

本集團已選用香港財務報告準則第 9號簡化法計量應收貿易賬款之虧 損撥備,並已根據全期預期信貸虧 損計算預期信貸虧損。本集團已設 立以本集團過往信貸虧損經驗為基 礎的撥備矩陣,並按債務人特定之 前瞻性因素及經濟環境調整。

就其他債務金融資產而言,預期信 貸虧損乃基於12個月預期信貸虧 損。然而,倘信貸風險自產生以來大 幅增加,撥備將基於全期預期信貸 虧損。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial Instruments** (Continued)

#### Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 120 days past due.

In respect of loan receivables, credit risk arises from a customer's inability and unwillingness to meet its financial obligations to make timely payments under the loans the Group provided. The Group has taken measures to identify credit risks arising from loan business. The Group manages credit risk through review and credit approval and post-transaction monitoring processes which is performed by management. The Group also demands certain borrowers to place collateral at the time the loan agreement is entered into as securities of loans.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產減值虧損(續)

當釐定金融資產之信貸風險是否自初步確認後大幅增加,並於估計預期信貸虧損時,本集團考慮到相關及毋須付出過多成本或努力後即可獲得之合理及可靠資料。此包括根據本集團之過往經驗及已知信貸評估得出定量及定性之資料分析,包括前瞻性資料。

本集團假設,倘逾期超過90日,金融 資產之信貸風險已大幅增加。

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下 為信貸減值:(1)借款人不大可能在 本集團並無進行追索例如變現抵押 (如持有)的情況下向本集團悉數 支付其信貸義務;或(2)該金融資產 逾期超過120日。

就應收貸款而言,信貸風險來自客戶無力及不願履行其財務責任,以及時支付本集團提供的貸款。本集團已採取措施識別貸款業務產生的 信貸風險。本集團透過管理層進行的審閱及信貸審批以及交易後監控程序管理信貸風險。本集團亦於訂立貸款協議時要求若干借款人提供抵押品作為貸款抵押。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

During the post-transaction monitoring process, the Group performs credit evaluations on customers periodically. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay.

The Group categorises the credit quality of its loan receivables and interest receivables according to 3 different stages under the ECL model:

#### Stage 1:

Loan receivables and interest receivables have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk since origination and impairment recognised on the basis of 12-month expected credit losses (12-month ECLs).

#### Stage 2:

Loan receivables and interest receivables have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since origination and impairment is recognised on the basis of lifetime expected credit losses (Lifetime ECLs non credit-impaired).

#### Stage 3:

Loan receivables and interest receivables that are in default and considered credit-impaired (Lifetime ECLs credit-impaired).

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產減值虧損(續)

於交易後的監察過程中,本集團定期對客戶進行信貸評估。該等評估 重點為客戶過往於款項到期時之付款記錄及當前付款能力。

根據預期信貸虧損模型,本集團根據三個不同階段對應收貸款及應收 利息的信貸質素進行分類:

#### 第一階段:

由於應收貸款及利息的信貸風險自 批授後並無大幅增加,故減值乃按 12個月預期信貸虧損(12個月預期 信貸虧損)基準確認。

#### 第二階段:

由於應收貸款及利息的信貸風險自 批授後大幅增加,故減值乃按全期 預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值的全期預 期信貸虧損)基準確認。

#### 第三階段:

應收貸款及利息違約並被視為信貸 減值(信貸減值的全期預期信貸虧 損)。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial Instruments** (Continued)

#### Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The loan receivables are moveable between stages. For instance, loan receivables originally classified at stage 1 should be downgraded to stage 2 if events occur such as a significant increase in credit risk. Loan receivables at stage 2 could be upgraded to stage 1 if credit risk decreases and the criteria for the determination of "a significant increase in credit risk" are no longer met.

The Group recognises a loss allowance to different loan receivables at an amount equal to 12-month or lifetime expected credit loss based on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and whether the financial instrument is credit-impaired. ECL is the result of discounted product of the weighted average of "probability of default (PD)", "loss given default (LGD)", "exposure at default (EAD)" under the three scenarios, which are defined as follows:

Probability of default (PD) is the probability of default occurring of a client and its assets in a given period of time in the future.

Loss given default (LGD) represents the percentage of amount of loss to be incurred in the event of default to the total risk exposure. It is expressed as the loss percentage per unit of exposure which typically varies by nature of debtor, type and seniority of claim and the availability of collaterals or other credit enhancements.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產減值虧損(續)

應收貸款可於不同階段自由流動。 例如,倘發生信貸風險大幅增加等 事件,原分類為第一階段的應收貸 款應降級至第二階段。倘信貸風險 減少且不再符合釐定「信貸風險大幅 增加」的標準,則第二階段的應收貸 款可升級至第一階段。

本集團根據信貸風險是否大幅增加 及金融工具是否出現信貸減值,按 相等於12個月或全期預期信貸虧損 的金額確認不同應收貸款的虧損撥 備。預期信貸虧損是三種情景下「違 約概率(PD)」、「違約損失率(LGD)」、 「違約風險敞口(EAD)」加權平均值 的折現結果,其定義如下:

違約概率(PD)指客戶及其資產在未來特定時期內發生違約的概率。

違約損失率(LGD)指發生違約時蒙受的損失金額佔總風險承擔百分比。 其表示為每單位風險承擔的損失百分比,通常因債務人性質、申索類型 及優先次序以及抵押品或其他信用 增級的可用性而有所不同。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

Exposure at default (EAD) represents the total amount of on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure at the time of default by debtor, reflecting the total amount of possible losses likely to be incurred. In general, this includes the utilised credit limit, interest receivable, the anticipated usage of unused credit facilities as well as the related expenses to be incurred.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from loan receivables are set out in notes 22 and 39.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

#### **Financial liabilities**

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. All the Group's financial liabilities are at amortised cost and are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產減值虧損(續)

違約風險敞口(EAD)指債務人違約時 資產負債表內及資產負債表外風險 的總額,反映可能產生的損失總額。 一般包括已使用的授信限額、應收 利息、未使用授信額度的預期使用 數額以及可能產生的相關費用。

有關本集團應收貸款所產生之信貸 風險之進一步量化披露載於附註22 及39。

信貸減值金融資產的利息收入乃按 金融資產的攤銷成本(即賬面總值減 虧損撥備)計算。對於非信貸減值之 金融資產,利息收入根據賬面總值 計算。

#### 金融負債

本集團視乎金融負債產生之目的將 其金融負債分類。本集團所有金融 負債均按攤銷成本計算,且初步按 公允值扣除所產生之直接應佔成本 計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial Instruments** (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### **Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債包括應 付貿易賬款及其他應付款項及借款 隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。有關利息開支會於損益確認。

當負債終止確認以及進行攤銷時, 收益或虧損於損益確認。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或金融 負債之攤銷成本及於有關期間分配 利息收入或利息開支之方法。實際 利率乃於金融資產或負債估計年期 或(倘適用)較短期間實際折現估計 未來現金收入或付款之比率。

### 股本工具

本公司發行的股本工具按所收取的所得款項扣除直接發行成本列賬。

#### 終止確認

凡收取金融資產所帶來之未來現金 流量之合約權利期間屆滿,或當金 融資產被轉讓而轉讓符合香港財務 報告準則第9號之終止確認準則,則 本集團會終止確認該金融資產。

金融負債於有關合約列明之責任獲 解除、取消或到期時終止確認。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 借貸成本

直接因收購、建築或生產須一段時間方能用作其擬定用途或出售之資產借貸成本,乃資本化為該等資產之一部份成本。將待用於該等資產之特定借貸作短期投資所賺取之收入,會於資本化借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於彼等產生期間在損益確認。

### 存貨

存貨初步按成本確認,其後按成本 或可變現淨值兩者之較低者入賬。 成本包括直接原料及(如適用)直接 成本及使存貨達至目前地點及狀況 所需之間接成本。成本乃採用加權 平均法計算。可變現淨值指於日常 業務過程中之估計售價,減完成產 品之估計成本及促成銷售所需估計 成本。

#### 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知數額現金、承受價值變動風險甚微以及一般於購入時三個月內到期之短期高流通性投資,該等金額扣除須應要求償還之銀行透支及作為本集團現金管理之一個完整部份。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured at the Directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而擁有現有責任(法定或推定),而履行該責任可能將需要經濟利益外流且責任的金額能夠可靠估計,則會就付款時間或金額不定之負債確認撥備。撥備乃按董事對於報告日期就履行責任所需開支所作之最佳估計計量,倘屬影響重大者,則貼現至現值。

如果需要經濟利益外流的可能性較低,或無法對有關數額作出可靠的估計,便會披露為或然負債,但經濟利益外流的可能性極低者則除外。當潛在責任之存在僅能以一宗或數宗未來事項發生或不發生來證實,除非經濟利益外流之可能性極小,否則亦披露為或然負債。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under the Group's accounting policy. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs to sell, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 非金融資產減值(商譽除外)

就評估減值而言,倘一項資產並未產生主要獨立於其他資產所產生者之現金流入,則就獨立產生現金流入之最小資產組合(即現金產生單位)釐定可收回金額。因此,若干資產單獨進行減值測試,而若干資產則按現金產生單位水平進行減值測試。

倘其後將減值虧損撥回,該資產之 賬面值須增至其可收回金額之經修 訂估計值,使已增加之賬面值不會 超過倘若過往期間並無確認有關資 產之減值虧損而應釐定之賬面值。 減值虧損撥回即時確認為收入。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Contract assets and liabilities**

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

#### **Income Taxes**

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 合約資產及負債

合約資產指本集團對於已向客戶轉讓的貨品或服務而收取代價的權利 (尚未成為無條件)。相反,應收款項 指本集團收取代價的無條件權利, 即代價到期付款前僅須待時間推 移。

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取 代價(或已到期收取代價),而本集 團有責任須向客戶轉讓貨品或服 務。

#### 所得稅

年內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅 項。

即期稅項乃根據日常活動損益,並就所得稅屬不可評稅或不可扣稅的項目作出調整而定,以及按報告期末已頒佈或實際上頒佈的稅率計算。

遞延稅項乃就以財務報告為目的之 資產及負債賬面值與以稅務為目的 之相應金額之間的暫時差異稅利 認。除不會影響會計或應課稅利 的商譽以及已確認資產及負債外, 遞延稅項負債將就所有應課稅稅 對可扣除暫時差異,遞延稅項 抵銷可扣除暫時差異,遞延稅項 實確認。遞延稅項乃按適用於 或負債的賬面值獲變現或清償的 期方式,且報告期末已頒佈 以及 上頒佈的稅率計量。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Income Taxes** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 所得稅(續)

除本集團可控制撥回暫時差異以及 暫時差異於可見將來不會撥回之 外,遞延稅項負債乃為投資於附屬 公司及聯營公司所產生的應課稅暫 時差異而確認。

除非所得稅與已於其他全面收益內確認的項目有關,而稅項亦已於其他全面收益內確認,或所得稅與直接於權益內確認的項目有關,而稅項亦已直接於權益內確認,否則所得稅乃於損益內確認。

#### 政府補助

政府補助於可合理地確定將會收取 補助及將符合所有附帶條件時按公 允值確認。如補助涉及開支項目,則 會於成本支銷的期間內系統性地對 應其擬補助的成本確認為收入。

倘補助與資產有關,則其公允值計 入遞延收入賬,並在有關資產的預 期可使用年期內以每年等額分期撥 至損益表。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual Group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at that date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average monthly exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of other comprehensive income (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣

於編製各獨立集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外之之別投各自之功能貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按各自之功能貨幣(即實體主要經營之經濟運營之貨幣)以交易當日之現行匯率重日之現行匯率重新換算。按公允值入賬且以外的值內實際項目乃按釐定公允值內無可以外的值的之現行匯率重新換算。按以外的值日之現行匯率重新換算。按以外重新

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目時所 產生之匯兌差額會於其產生期間於 損益確認。因重新換算以公允值列 賬之非貨幣項目所產生之匯兌差額 則計入期內損益,除非因重新換算 非貨幣項目所產生之差額的損益已 於其他全面收益內確認,在該情況 下,匯兌差額亦於其他全面收益內 確認。

就呈報綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業務之資產及負債均按當日之現行匯率換算為本集團之呈報貨幣(即港元),而其收支則按期內月度平均匯率換算,除非匯率於該段期間內大幅波動則作別論,在匯率於該情況下,則採用交易當日之現行匯率,所產生之匯率差額(如有)會確認為其他全面收益中之獨立部份(匯兌儲備)。該等匯兌差額於出售海外業務之期間在損益確認。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated in Hong Kong dollars at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the translation reserve.

#### Leasing

All leases (irrespective of whether they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. The Group measures the right-to-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

因於二零零五年一月一日或之後收 購境外業務而產生之商譽及公允值 調整已作為境外業務之資產及負債 處理,並已於報告期結束時換算為 港元。所產生匯兌差額於換算儲備 中確認。

#### 租賃

所有租賃(不論為經營租賃或融資租 賃)須於財務狀況表資本化為使用權 資產及租賃負債,惟實體可選擇可 資本化(i)屬短期租賃的租賃及/或(ii) 相關資產為低價值的租賃的會計政 策。本集團已選擇不就低值資產 於開始日期租期少於12個月的租赁 確認使用權資產及租賃負債。與 等租賃相關的租賃付款已於租期內 按直線基準支銷。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認並將包括:(i)租賃負債的初始計量金額;(ii)於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃侵惠;(iii)承租人產生的任何初始直接成本及(iv)承租人根據租賃條款及條件規定的時間,以下拆卸及移除相關資產時將產時的估計成本,除非該等成本乃任計成本,除非該等成本不過生自生產存貨。本集團按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量使用權資產,並就任何租賃負債重新計量作出調整。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Leasing (Continued)

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g., a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Accounting as a lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

#### 租賃負債

租賃負債按租賃開始日期尚未支付的租賃付款的現值確認。租賃付款乃使用租賃中的內含利率(倘該利率能較容易確定)進行貼現。倘該利率無法即時釐定,則本集團使用本集團的增量借款利率。

下列並非於租賃開始日期支付的租期內相關資產使用權付款被視為租賃付款:(i)固定付款減去任何應收租賃優惠;(ii)取決於指數或利率的可變租賃付款,初始按開始日期的指數或利率計量;(iii)承租人根據剩餘價值擔保預期應付的金額;(iv)購買選擇權的行使價(倘承租人合理確定行使該選擇權);及(v)支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租期反映承租人行使選擇權終止租賃)。

於開始日期後,本集團按以下方式 計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面值以反映 租賃負債的利息;(ii)減少賬面值以 反映作出的租賃付款;及(iii)重新計 量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃修 訂,例如指數或利率變動導致未來 租賃付款變動、租期變動、實質固定 租賃付款變動或購買相關資產的評 估變動。

#### 作為出租人的會計處理

經營租賃的租金收入於相關租賃期內按直線法於損益確認。磋商及安排經營租賃所產生之初始直接成本計入租賃資產之賬面值,並於租期內以直線法確認為開支。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

License acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of license acquired in a business combination is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### **Impairment**

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are assessed for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are assessed for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are assessed for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts. The accounting policy as set out in "Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill)" is adopted for impairment assessment of intangible assets with finite and indefinite useful lives.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as revaluation decrease to the extent of its revaluation surplus.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 無形資產(商譽除外)

獨立收購之牌照初步按成本確認。 於業務合併中購入之牌照成本為於 收購日期之公允值。其後,無限可使 用年期之無形資產按成本減任何累 計減值虧損列賬。

#### 減值

當有跡象顯示一項資產可能出現減值,則會對有限年期的無形資產進行減值評估。無限可使用年期之無形資產及尚未可供使用之無形資產是否已出現任何減值跡象無形資產是否已出現任何減值跡象。無形資產乃透過比較其賬面值與不數回金額進行減值評估。有限及無限可使用年期之無形資產之減值(商譽除外)」所載之會計政策。

倘估計資產之可收回金額少於其賬 面值,則該項資產之賬面值將減少 至其可收回金額。

減值虧損即時確認為開支,除非相關資產按重估金額列賬,在此情況下,減值虧損會視作重估調減處理,以其重估盈餘為限。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Retirement benefits costs**

Payments to the defined contribution retirement plans are charged as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to contributions.

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Scheme"), for employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

#### **Related parties**

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 退休福利成本

定額供款退休計劃之付款於當僱員 提供服務使其有權取得供款時支 銷。

本公司在中國大陸經營之附屬公司 所聘僱員,須參與由地方市政府籌 辦之中央退休金計劃。附屬公司須 將其薪金成本之若干百分比撥出作 為中央退休金計劃之供款。根據中 央退休金計劃之規定,供款將於應 付時在損益扣除。

#### 關聯方

- (a) 倘任何個人符合以下條件,則 該名個人或該名個人近親家屬 成員為本集團之關聯方:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本公司之母公司中主要管理人員成員。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

### 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘下列任何條件對其適用,則 該實體為本集團之關聯方:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集 團(指一方之母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司與另 一方存在關聯) 成員公司。
  - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體之聯 營公司或合營企業(或另一 實體其中成員公司之集團 成員公司之聯營公司或合 營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三方 之合營企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體之 合營企業而另一實體為該 第三方實體之聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與本 集團有關聯之實體之僱員 福利設立之離職後福利計 劃。
  - (vi) 該實體由(a)所界定人士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)所界定人士對該實體 具有重大影響力或為該實 體(或該實體之母公司)之 主要管理人員成員。
  - (viii) 實體、或一間集團之任何 成員公司(為集團之一部 份)向本集團或本集團之母 公司提供主要管理服務。

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# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Related parties (Continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

### Segmental reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Group's executive Director.

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results might differ from these estimates.

## 3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 關聯方(續)

個人之近親家屬成員指於其與實體 進行交易時,預期可影響該人士或 受該人士影響之家屬成員,包括:

- (i) 該人士之子女及配偶或家庭伴 侣;
- (ii) 該人士配偶或家庭伴侶之子 女;及
- (iii) 該人士或該人士配偶或家庭伴 侶之受養人。

### 分類呈報

經營分類按與呈交主要經營決策人 的內部報告一致的方式呈報。主要 經營決策人已獲確認為本集團的執 行董事,彼負責分配經營分類的資 源及評估經營分類的表現。

### 4. 重大會計估計及判斷

於應用本集團的會計政策時,董事 須就尚未見於其他來源的資產及負 債的賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。 估計及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及 其他被視為相關的因素。實際結果 可能與該等假設有所不同。

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

The key accounting judgement is as follows:

### Classification of properties held for sale

The Group has temporarily leased out its properties held for sale (shop premises) but has decided not to treat these shop premises as investment properties because it is not the Group's intention to hold these shop premises in the long-term for capital appreciation or rental income. Accordingly, these properties are still treated as properties held for sale.

The key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The management of the Group reviews the carrying amount of the inventories at the end of each reporting period, and makes allowance for any inventory items identified to be carried at a recoverable value that is lower than cost through estimation of the expected selling prices less estimated cost of sale under current market conditions.

#### Impairment of properties held for sale

Management assessed the recoverability of the carrying amount based on professional valuation of the fair value of the underlying properties which involves, inter-alia, considerable analysis of current market price of properties of a comparable standard and location and a forecast of future sales based on zero growth rate of property price. If the actual net realisable values of the underlying properties are more or less than expected as a result of change in market condition and/or significant variation in the budgeted costs of resale, material reversal of or provision for impairment losses may result.

## 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

主要會計判斷如下:

### 持作出售物業之分類

本集團暫時將其持作出售之物業(商店)出租,但決定不將該等商店視為 投資物業,乃由於本集團無意為長 期資本增值或收取租金收入而持有 該等商店。因此,該等物業仍被視為 持作出售物業。

主要估計不確定因素如下:

#### 存貨

存貨按成本或可變現淨值兩者中之較低者計量。本集團管理層於各個報告期末審閱存貨之賬面值,並根據目前市況估計預期售價減估計銷售成本,就確認為賬面值低於成本之可收回價值之存貨項目計提撥備。

#### 持作出售之物業減值

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

# Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill)

Management periodically reviews each asset for possible impairment or reversal of previously recognised impairment. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If such assets are considered by management to be impaired or impairment recognised is no longer required, the impairment required or reversal of impairment previously recognised is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds or exceeded by the estimated recoverable amount of the assets respectively. In determining the recoverable amount, the Group seeks professional advice or makes use of independent professional valuations as appropriate which are based on various assumptions and estimates.

## Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2021 was HK\$4,506,000 (2020: HK\$7,901,000). Further details are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

## 非金融資產減值(商譽除外)

#### 商譽減值

本集團至少按年度基準釐定商譽是否出現減值。該過程需要估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。本集團須於估計使用價值時對現金產生單位之預期未來現金流量作出估計,亦須選用合適之貼現金流量之現值。於二零二十二月三十一日,商譽之賬面值為4,506,000港元(二零二零年:7,901,000港元)。進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement

The fair value measurement of certain of the Group's financial assets utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the "fair value hierarchy"):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The Group measures the below item at fair value:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 15)

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of the item above, please refer to the applicable note.

#### Impairment of trade and loan receivables

Management assesses the expected credit loss on trade and loan receivables based on the lifetime ECLs and 12-month ECLs respectively. Judgement is required in assessing probability-weighted estimate of credit losses, and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provision may be required in future accounting periods.

## 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

## 公允值計量

本集團若干金融資產之公允值計量 盡可能利用市場可觀察輸入值及數 據。用以釐定公允值計量的輸入值 根據估值技術所使用輸入值的可觀 察程度分為不同等級(「公允值等 級」):

- 第1級:相同項目於活躍市場之 報價(未經調整);
- 第2級:第1級輸入值以外之可 觀察直接或間接輸入值;
- 第3級:不可觀察輸入值(即並 非源自市場數據)。

將項目分類為上述等級乃基於所使 用對該項目公允值產生重大影響之 最低等級輸入值確定。項目在不同 等級間轉換於產生期間予以確認。

本集團按公允值計量下列項目:

按公允值於損益列賬之金融資產(附註15)

有關上述項目公允值之更詳盡資料,請參考適用附註。

### 應收貿易賬款及應收貸款減值

管理層分別按全期預期信貸虧損及 12個月預期信貸虧損評估應收貿易 賬款及應收貸款的預期信貸虧損。 評估信貸虧損的概率加權估計及本 集團預期獲得的現金流量時須作 出判斷。倘債務人的財務狀況將會 惡化而削弱彼等的付款能力,則可 能須於日後的會計期間作出額外撥 備。

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#### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's segment information is based on regular internal financial information reported to the Company's executive Directors and management, being the chief operating decision makers, for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and their review of these components' performance.

The Group currently has five reportable segments. These segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies as follows: (i) manufacture of electronics products; (ii) provision of nursery education service; (iii) money lending business; (iv) property development and management business; and (v) regulated financial services business.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

### 5. 收益及分類資料

本集團之分類資料乃根據呈報予本公司執行董事及管理層(即主要營運決策者)以供其決定本集團業務組成部份之資源分配及檢討該等組成部份之表現之定期內部財務資料編製。

本集團目前有五個可報告分類。獨立管理該等分類之原因是各業務提供不同產品及服務,並需要不同業務策略如下:(i)電子產品生產;(ii)提供幼兒教育服務;(iii)放債業務;(iv)物業開發和管理業務;及(v)受規管金融服務業務。

下文概述本集團各個可報告分類的經營:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15:	香港財務報告準則第15號 範圍內來自客戶合約之收益:		
Electronics products – manufacturing and sale of electronics products	電子產品一 生產及銷售電子產品	89,969	55,005
Nursery education – providing	幼兒教育一	55,555	00,000
nursery education for children	為兒童提供幼兒教育	672	1,756
Property management – providing	物業管理- 為業主及租戶提供管理服務		
management services for landlords and tenants	<u> </u>	12,641	11,231
Regulated financial services – providing	受規管金融服務一	12,011	11,201
asset management services	提供資產管理服務	6,930	8,042
		110,212	76,034
Revenue scoped out of HKFRS 15:	香港財務報告準則第15號 範圍以外的收益:		
Money lending	放債	22,005	25,095
		132,217	101,129

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### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

## 5. 收益及分類資料(續)

(Continued)

The total presented for the Group's operating segments reconciles to the Group's key financial figures as presented in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

本集團經營分類所呈報總額與本集 團於綜合財務報表內呈報之主要財 務數據對賬如下:

		Electronics products 電子產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Nursery education 幼兒教育 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Property development and management 物業開發 和管理 HK\$'000 千港元	Regulated financial services 受規管 金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2021 Segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	<b>二零二一年</b> 分類收益 分類間收益	89,969 -	672 -	22,005 -	12,641 -	6,930 -	132,217 -
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分類收益	89,969	672	22,005	12,641	6,930	132,217
Segment profit/(loss)	分類溢利/(虧損)	1,314	(502)	(64,418)	871	(6,571)	(69,306)
Other information: Additions to segment non-current assets Net finance (credit)/charge Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Income tax expense/(credit)	其他資料: 添置之分類非流動資產 融資(抵免)/開支淨額 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 所得稅開支/(抵免)	5,968 386 2,997	:	- 5 343 -	- (12) 2,127 21,347	- - 31 (2)	5,968 379 5,498 21,345
Net impairment loss on financial assets Impairment of assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額 資產減值	182	-	78,532 -	2,542 -	3,947 4,810	85,203 4,810
2020 Segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	<b>二零二零年</b> 分類收益 分類間收益	55,005 -	1,756 -	25,095 -	11,231 -	8,042 -	101,129 -
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分類收益	55,005	1,756	25,095	11,231	8,042	101,129
Segment profit/(loss)	分類溢利/(虧損)	(8,665)	6,841	(38,216)	1,594	(156)	(38,602)
Other information: Additions to segment non-current assets Net finance (credit)/charge Depreciation of property, plant and	其他資料: 添置之分類非流動資產 融資(抵免)/開支淨額 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	2,031 32	- 1,659	202 5	2,300 (4)	-	4,533 1,692
equipment Income tax expense Net impairment loss on financial assets Impairment loss on inventories Impairment of assets	所得稅開支 金融資產減值虧損淨額 存貨減值虧損 資產減值	2,193 43 306 432 8,271	- 3,576 - -	355 178 55,089 - -	1,279 1,234 2,829 - -	41 133 1,725 -	3,868 1,588 63,525 432 8,271

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### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

## 5. 收益及分類資料(續)

(Continued)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Reportable segment loss Impairment of assets Share of results of an associate Other net gains Unallocated corporate costs (note) Unallocated corporate net finance cost	可報告分類虧損 資產減值 應佔一間聯營公司之業績 其他收益淨額 未分配企業成本(附註) 未分配企業融資成本淨額	(69,306) (3,415) (5,513) 1,700 (21,559) (24,249)	(38,602) - 60 (14,726) (24,263) (27,030)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(122,342)	(104,561)

#### Note:

附註:

The unallocated corporate costs mainly comprise staff cost (including Directors' remuneration), legal and professional fee, exchange differences, depreciation and office rental (short term lease).

未分配企業成本主要包括員工成本(包括董事酬金)、法律及專業費用、匯兌差額、折舊及辦公室租金(短期租約)。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets Electronics products Nursery education Money lending Property development and management Regulated financial services	分類資產 電子產品 幼兒教育 放債 物業開發和管理 受規管金融服務	67,411 158 113,475 617,923 17,205	45,451 444 220,170 602,847 24,051
Total reportable segment assets  Unallocated corporate assets  Interest in an associate  Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  Property, plant and equipment (note (i))  Prepayments, deposits and other	可報告分類資產總值 未分配企業資產 於一間聯營公司之權益 按公允值於損益列賬之 金融資產 物業、廠房及設備(附註(j)) 預付款項、按金及	816,172 146,313 8,720 280,361	892,963 153,580 7,020 298,629
receivables Others (note (ii))  Total assets	其他應收款項 其他(附註(ii)) ————— 資產總值	267 3,584 1,255,417	535 8,217 1,360,944

#### Notes:

- (i) This mainly represents office buildings which are used as corporate head office.
- (ii) The balance mainly represents cash and bank balances retained at corporate level.

#### 附註:

- (i) 此項主要指用作公司總辦事處之辦公 大樓。
- (ii) 該結餘主要為保留於企業層面的現金 及銀行結餘。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

## 5. 收益及分類資料(續)

(Continued)

			/
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Segment liabilities	分類負債		
Electronics products	電子產品	46,550	26,438
Nursery education	幼兒教育	3,056	2,738
Money lending	放債	623	572
Property development and management	ent 物業開發和管理	179,916	156,222
Regulated financial services	受規管金融服務	2,048	2,127
Total reportable segment liabilities	可報告分類負債總額	232,193	188,097
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債	202,100	100,001
Bond payable	應付債券	250,000	260,000
Other interest-bearing borrowings	其他計息借款	236,548	237,902
Interest payable	應付利息	20,772	11,163
Fund contribution payable	應付基金供款	68,031	66,698
Others (note)	其他(附註)	20,723	38,504
Total liabilities	<i>色 佳</i> 4南 2石	000 007	000 004
Total liabilities	負債總額	828,267	802,364

Note:

附註:

The balance mainly represents amount due to a shareholder and accrued corporate expenses.

結餘主要為應付一名股東款項及應計企業開 支。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

### **Geographical information**

The following provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers by geographical market, irrespective of the origin of the goods:

### 5. 收益及分類資料(續)

### 地區資料

下表提供本集團按地區市場劃分(不 論貨物之來源)的來自外部客戶之收 益分析:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The People's Republic of China ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」) Mainland China 中國大陸 Hong Kong (place of domicile) 香港 (註冊地點)	103,282 28,935	67,992 33,137
	132,217	101,129

### Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 December 2021, revenue from three customers (2020: three customers) (all in the manufacture of electronics products segment) with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the year as detailed below:

### 有關主要客戶的資料

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,均來自電子產品生產分類之三名客戶(二零二零年:三名客戶)的交易收益超過本集團年內收益的10%,詳情如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A Customer B Customer C	客戶A 客戶B 客戶C	18,690 26,105 28,167	19,162 17,573 12,542
		72,962	49,277

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

### 5. 收益及分類資料(續)

(Continued)

### Timing of revenue recognition

### 收益確認時間

			s products 產品		education 教育	and man	evelopment agement 發和管理	serv	d financial rices 金融服務	To 總	tal 計
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元								
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	收益確認時間 於某一時間點 隨時間轉移	89,969 -	55,005 -	- 672	- 1,756	- 12,641	- 11,231	- 6,930	- 8,042	89,969 20,243	55,005 21,029
		89,969	55,005	672	1,756	12,641	11,231	6,930	8,042	110,212	76,034

The following table provides information about trade and bills receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

下表載列有關與客戶合約的應收貿易賬款、應收票據及合約負債的資料。

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
	'			
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	20	44,395	32,437
Contract liabilities	合約負債	25	3,200	3,672

The contract liabilities mainly related to the advance consideration received from customers. The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its contracts for sale of goods and services and therefore the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sale of goods and services which had an original expected duration of one year or less.

合約負債主要與預收客戶代價有關。本集團已將香港財務報告準則第15號第121段之可行權宜方法應用於其銷售貨品及服務合約,故上述資料不包括有關本集團於達成原先預計為期一年或以內之銷售貨品及服務合約餘下履約責任時將有權享有之收益的資料。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. OTHER NET GAINS

## 6. 其他收益淨額

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank deposit and balances Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Rental income Government grant (note) Exchange differences Forfeiture of deposits from tenants and property purchasers Fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL Others	銀行存款及結餘之利息 出售附屬公司之收益 租金收入 政府補助(附註) 匯兌差異 租戶及物業買家所放棄的 按金 按公允值於損益列賬之 金融資產之公允值 收益/(虧損) 其他	33	15 - 5,082 2,392 (5) - 1,700 952	5 13,827 8,025 985 (15) 320 (15,604) 2,076
			10,136	9,619

#### Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group received government funding support of HK\$910,000 from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong SAR Government. The Group does not have any unfulfilled obligation related to this subsidy as at 31 December 2020.

#### 附註:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團收到香港特區政府所推出防疫抗疫基金 項下「保就業」計劃的政府資金支持910,000港元。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無與該補貼有關的任何未履行責任。

### 7. FINANCE COSTS

### 7. 財務成本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings and bank overdrafts and other borrowings Interest on lease liabilities	銀行借款及銀行透支以及 其他借款之利息 租賃負債之利息	24,634 9	27,033 1,693
		24,643	28,726

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 8. LOSS BEFORE TAX

Loss before tax has been arrived at after charging:

## 8. 除稅前虧損

除稅前虧損乃於扣除以下各項後達 致:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Staff costs including Directors' emoluments:	員工成本(包括董事酬金):		
Directors' emoluments (note 9)	董事酬金(附註9)	610	934
Staff salaries, allowance and welfare	員工薪酬、津貼及福利	31,878	27,665
Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
contributions		3,455	1,384
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	35,943	29,983
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,300	1,303
Cost of inventories recognised	確認為支出之存貨成本		
as expenses		74,736	42,251
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
plant and equipment (note 13)	(附註13)	22,607	22,129
Exchange differences	匯兌差異	5	15
Short term leases expenses	短期租賃開支	60	322
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損(附註16)		
(note 16)		4,810	8,271
Impairment loss on interest in	於一間聯營公司之權益		
an associate (note 14)	減值虧損(附註14)	3,415	_
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment (note 13)	減值虧損(附註13)	-	1,358
Impairment of assets	資產減值	8,225	9,629
Net impairment loss on	應收貿易賬款減值虧損淨額		
trade receivables (note 39)	(附註39)	4,515	2,784
Net impairment loss on	其他應收款項減值虧損淨額		
other receivables		2,156	5,652
Net impairment loss on loan	應收貸款減值虧損淨額		
receivables		78,532	55,089
Net impairment loss on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	85,203	63,525
Impairment loss on inventories	存貨減值虧損	_	432

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# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the Directors are as follows:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2021

## 9. 董事及僱員酬金

已付或應付各董事之酬金如下:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度

			Basic salaries and		Benefits	Retirement benefit scheme	
		Fees	allowances 基本薪金	Bonuses	in kind	contributions 退休福利	Total
		袍金 <b>HK\$</b> '000 千港元	及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	紅利 HK\$'000 千港元	實物福利 HK\$'000 千港元	計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors:	執行董事:						
Ms. Yeung So Lai	楊素麗女士	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar	李志成先生	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:						
Ms. Hu Gin Ing	胡競英女士	250	-	-	-	-	250
Mr. Chow Wai Leung William	周偉良先生	180	-	-	-	-	180
Mr. Leung Man Man	梁萬民先生	180	-	-	-	-	180
		610	_	_	-	_	610

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020

## 9. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度

			Basic			Retirement benefit	
			salaries and		Benefits	scheme	
		Fees	allowances 基本薪金	Bonuses	in kind	contributions 退休福利	Total
		袍金	及津貼	紅利	實物福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors:	執行董事:				/-		
Ms. Yeung So Lai	楊素麗女士	-	154	-	_	8	162
Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar	李志成先生	-	154	-	-	8	162
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:						
Ms. Hu Gin Ing	胡競英女士	250	-		-	-	250
Mr. Chow Wai Leung William	周偉良先生	180		-	-	-	180
Mr. Leung Man Man	梁萬民先生	180	-	-	-	_	180
		610	308	_	_	16	934

Note: Salaries, allowances and other benefits paid to or for the executive directors are generally emoluments in respect of those persons' other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries.

附註: 已付或應付執行董事之薪金、津貼及 其他福利通常為有關該等人士對管理 本公司及其附屬公司事務所提供之其 他服務之薪酬。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, Ms. Yeung So Lai and Mr. Lee Chi Shing Caesar have waived part of their emoluments in the amount of HK\$6,600,000 and HK\$5,400,000 respectively (2020: HK\$6,438,000 and HK\$5,238,000 respectively).

Save as aforesaid, no Directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

No remuneration was paid by the Group to the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

For the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, none of them were directors of the Group (2020: nil), details of whose emoluments are set out above. The emoluments of the five (2020: five) highest individuals are as follows:

## 9. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,楊素麗女士及李志成先生 已放棄彼等部分酬金,金額分別為 6,600,000港元及5,400,000港元(二 零二零年:分別為6,438,000港元及 5,238,000港元)。

除上文所述者外,截至二零二一年 及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何 酬金。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無向董事支付薪酬 作為將加入或當加入本集團時的獎勵或離職補償(二零二零年:無)。

本集團的五名最高薪酬人士概並非本集團董事(二零二零年:無),有關酬金詳情載於上文。五名(二零二零年:五名)最高薪酬人士之酬金載列如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits  Contributions to retirement benefit	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	3,780	4,402
schemes		90	74
		3,870	4,476

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

## 9. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

彼等之酬金分為下列級別:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Nil - HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	4	3 2
		5	5

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management were within the following bands:

已付或應付高級管理層成員之酬金 分為下列級別:

		Num	Number of individuals 人數			
		二零-	2021 二一年	2020 二零二零年		
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元		5	5		

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The income tax expense for the year comprises:

### 10. 所得稅開支

本年度所得稅開支包括:

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元 ———
Current tax – Hong Kong profits t				
Charged for the year	年內扣除 		(217)	(310)
Current tax – PRC tax	即期稅項-中國稅項			
Charged for the year	年內扣除		(10,530)	(809)
Under provision	過往年度撥備不足			, ,
in respect of prior years			(10,817)	(469)
			(21,347)	(1,278)
			(21,564)	(1,588)
Deferred tax	遞延稅項			
Credited for the year	年內計入	29	219	_
Under provision in respect of	過往年度撥備不足			
prior years		29	-	_
			219	-
Income tax expense	所得稅開支		(21,345)	(1,588)

PRC enterprise income tax has been provided on estimated assessable profits of the subsidiaries' operations in the PRC at 25% (2020: 25%).

PRC Land Appreciation Tax is levied at progressive rates from 30% to 60% (2020: 30% to 60%) on the estimated appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditure including land costs, borrowings costs and all property development expenditures.

已就中國營運之附屬公司之估計應 課稅溢利按稅率25%(二零二零年: 25%)計提中國企業所得稅。

中國土地增值稅乃按照30%至60% (二零二零年:30%至60%)的累進稅率對估計土地增值額繳納土地增值稅。估計土地增值額為出售物業收入減可抵扣支出,包括土地成本、借款成本以及所有物業發展成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

In accordance with the new two-tiered profits tax rates regime with effect from the year of assessment 2018/19, Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 16.5%), except for the first HK\$2,000,000 of the qualified entity's assessable profit which is calculated at 8.25% (2020: 8.25%).

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

## 10.所得稅開支(續)

根據於二零一八/一九課稅年度生效之新兩級制利得稅率,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,香港利得稅按估計應課稅溢利16.5%計稅(二零二零年:16.5%),惟合資格實體之首2,000,000港元應課稅溢利則按8.25%計稅(二零二零年:8.25%)。

本年度所得稅開支與綜合損益表之 除稅前虧損對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(122,342)	(104,561)
Tax thereon at domestic rates applicable to profits or losses in the jurisdictions concerned	於有關司法權區按適用於損益 之當地稅率計算之稅項	18,811	14,625
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣稅開支之稅務影響	(24,867)	(17,385)
Tax effect of income not assessable for tax purposes Tax effect of tax losses not	毋須課稅收入之稅務影響 未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	-	3,459
recognised  Tax effect of temporary differences	未確認暫時差異之稅務影響	(3,981)	(4,705)
not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously	動用以往未確認之稅項虧損	(700)	(738)
not recognised Under provision in respect of	過往年度撥備不足	44	3,492
prior years Effect of special tax exemption	特殊稅項豁免納稅影響	(10,817) 165	(469) 133
Income tax expense for the year	年內所得稅開支	(21,345)	(1,588)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

#### 12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$144,126,000 (2020: HK\$108,257,000) and the weighted average number of 2,032,571,385 ordinary shares.

The basic and diluted loss per share are the same for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during each of the respective years.

#### 11. 股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息 (二零二零年:無)。

## 12. 每股虧損

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據本公司擁有人應佔虧損144,126,000港元(二零二零年:108,257,000港元)以及普通股加權平均數2,032,571,385股計算。

由於截至二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度並無具攤薄 潛力之發行在外普通股份,故於有 關年度各年每股基本及攤薄虧損相 同。

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## 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13.物業、廠房及設備

	Land and buildings 土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢低、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Right- of use asset 使用權資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>成本</b> 於二零二零年一月一日	347,663	17,277	3,930	2,057	2,113	1,713	374,753
添置 租賃修訂 匯兌調整	- - -	1,564 - 961	2,383 - 273	- - 84	431 - 166	267 (110) 106	4,645 (110) 1,590
於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	347,663	19,802	6,586	2,141	2,710	1,976	380,878
添置 匯兌調整	-	- 425	- 127	- 37	4,601 74	- 46	4,601 709
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	347,663	20,227	6,713	2,178	7,385	2,022	386,188
累計折舊及減值							
於二零二零年一月一日	33,318	2,346	1,263	1,540	806	642	39,915
折舊 減值 出售 匯兌調整	17,383 1,336 - -	2,812 22 - 240	736 - - 76	158 - - 58	174 - - 64	866 - (69) 88	22,129 1,358 (69) 526
於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	52,037	5,420	2,075	1,756	1,044	1,527	63,859
折舊 匯兌調整	17,383	2,985 111	1,505 34	170 26	291 28	273 41	22,607 239
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	69,420	8,516	3,614	1,952	1,363	1,841	86,705
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	278,243	11,711	3,099	226	6,022	181	299,483
	************************************	成本 於二零二零年一月一日     347,663       添置 租賃修訂 医兌調整     - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	成本 於二零二零年一月一日     347,663     17,277       添置 租債修訂 區兌調整     - 1,564 - 1,564 - 961       於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年十二月三十一日 工零二一年十二月三十一日     347,663     19,802       添置 日定規整     - 425       於二零二零年十二月三十一日     347,663     20,227       累計折舊及減值 於二零二零年一月一日     33,318     2,346       折舊 減值 1,336     22 	Land and buildings	Land and buildings   Leasehold improvements   Leasehold fingument quipment quip	Land and buildings improvements	Land and buildings improvements   Land and buildings improvements   Equipment (保証・装置

Bank borrowings of HK\$230,548,000 (2020: HK\$237,902,000) are secured on the Group's land and buildings.

銀行借款230,548,000港元 (二零二零年:237,902,000港元) 由本集團之 土地及樓宇擔保。

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## 14. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/AMOUNT DUE TO AN ASSOCIATE

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had an interest in the following associate:

## 14.於一間聯營公司之權益/應 付一間聯營公司款項

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本集團於以下聯營公司 擁有權益:

Name of entity	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation	Principal place of operation	Total capital HK\$'000	Proportion of capital contributed by the Group	Proportion of voting rights held by the Group as general partner 本集團 作為普通	Principal activities
實體名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立地點	主要營業地點	總資本 千港元	本集團貢獻 資本比例	合夥人所持 投票權比例	主要業務
IT City	Limited partnership	Cayman Islands	Hong Kong	255,250	60%	28.57%	IT properties investment
	有限合夥人	開曼群島	香港				IT物業投資

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Movements of interest in an associate are as follows:	於一間聯營公司之 權益變動如下:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	153,580	150,349
Capital contribution to associate	向聯營公司注資	1,661	3,171
Impairment (note 8)	減值(附註8)	(3,415)	_
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之業績	(5,513)	60
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	146,313	153,580

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# 14. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/AMOUNT DUE TO AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Note:

On 2 May 2018, the Group entered into the limited partnership agreement (i) in relation to the operation of IT City Development Fund LP ("IT City") and two subscription agreements in relation to the application to subscribe for an interest in IT City with a committed capital contribution of HK\$51,000,000 in the capacity as general partner (through an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("GP1")) and HK\$100,000,000 in the capacity as limited partner (through a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) respectively. The principal purpose of IT City is to invest in properties that can consolidate and promote the development of IT industry and its related supporting facilities. According to the limited partnership agreement, the management, policies and control of IT City shall be vested exclusively in the general partners who, acting unanimously, may make such investment decisions as they shall determine, having given consideration to the investment objective and investment strategy of IT City and the advice of the investment committee of IT City (the "Investment Committee"). GP1 shall be entitled to appoint two members to the Investment Committee, which demonstrates its significant influence over IT City.

## 14.於一間聯營公司之權益/應 付一間聯營公司款項(續) 附註:

於二零一八年五月二日,本集團訂立 一項有限合夥人協議,內容有關經營IT City Development Fund LP (「IT City」) 及兩項認購協議,內容有關申請認購IT Citv權益,當中已承諾分別透過本公司 間接全資附屬公司以普通合夥人(「普 通合夥人一」)身份出資51,000,000港元 及透過本公司直接全資附屬公司以有 限合夥人身份出資100,000,000港元。IT City的主要目的是投資於能夠整合及推 動IT行業及其相關配套發展的物業。根 據有限合夥人協議,IT City的管理、政策 及控制權應獨家歸屬予普通合夥人,據 此,普通合夥人(以一致行動行事)可於 考慮IT City的投資目標及投資策略以及 IT City之投資委員會(「投資委員會」)的 意見後按其釐定作出有關投資決定。普 通合夥人一應有權委任投資委員會當 中兩名成員,顯示其於IT City具重大影 響力。

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# 14. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE/AMOUNT DUE TO AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of IT City is set out below:

## 14.於一間聯營公司之權益/應 付一間聯營公司款項(續) 有關IT City之財務資料概述如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	223,740	243,160
Total assets	總資產	223,740	243,160
Current liabilities	流動負債	(16,933)	(15,446)
Total liabilities	總負債	(16,933)	(15,446)
Net assets	資產淨值	206,807	227,714
Share of an associate's net assets	應佔一間聯營公司之資產淨值	146,313	153,580
Revenue	收益	12,200	12,217
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(36,300)	(2,376)
Share of results of an associate (net of tax)	應佔一間聯營公司之業績 (扣除稅項)	(5,513)	60

The amount due to an associate is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

At the date of this annual report, IT City has not identified any potential project for investment. IT City and its general partners are now inviting potential investors to participate in order to increase the fund size and the investment options.

應付一間聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及須於要求時償還。

於本年報日期,IT City未有識別任何 潛在投資項目。IT City及其普通合夥 人正邀約潛在投資者參與,以祈擴 大基金規模及增加投資項目選擇。

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## 15. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

## 15.按公允值於損益列賬之金融資產

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值於損益列賬之 金融資產		
<ul> <li>Unlisted equity investment</li> </ul>	-非上市股本投資	8,720	7,020

The unlisted equity investment represents 18% equity interest in ORBiz International Limited which was established for provision of real-time kinematic solution. The equity of Link Complex Limited, which owns this unlisted equity investment and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company was pledged to secure the Group's bond issued as detailed in notes 27(vi) to (viii).

The fair value of the unlisted equity investment as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 has been arrived at on the basis of an valuation carried out on the respective dates by Asset Appraisal Limited, independent qualified professional valuer net connected to the Group.

非上市股本投資指於ORBiz International Limited的18%股權(為提供實時動態解決方案而成立)。如附註27(vi)至(viii)所詳述,此項非上市股本投資持有人及本公司之全資附屬公司Link Complex Limited的股權已被質押以為本集團已發行的債券作擔保。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及二 零二零年十二月三十一日的非上市 股本投資公允值乃基於中誠達資產 評值顧問有限公司(與本集團並無關 連的獨立合資格專業估值師)於相關 日期進行的估值釐定。

#### **16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

### 16.無形資產

		Notes 附註	License 牌照 HK\$'000 千港元	Goodwill 商譽 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020 Impairment Disposal Currency realignment	於二零二零年一月一日 減值 出售 匯兌調整	8	9,786 - (600) -	14,458 (8,271) — 1,714	24,244 (8,271) (600) 1,714
At 31 December 2020 an 1 January 2021 Impairment Currency realignment	d 於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 減值 匯兌調整	8	9,186 <b>(1,329)</b> -	7,901 <b>(3,481)</b> <b>86</b>	17,087 <b>(4,810)</b> <b>86</b>
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日		7,857	4,506	12,363

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### 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The intangible assets comprise licenses and goodwill from business combinations. License mainly represent the Type 4, Type 5, Type 6 and Type 9 regulated activities licenses as defined under Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong. These licenses were considered to have indefinite useful lives and will be assessed for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired. During the year ended 31 December 2021, impairment loss of HK\$3,481,000 was recognised on goodwill relating to acquisition of subsidiaries engaged in regulated financial services and the related goodwill was fully impaired on 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$8,271,000 relating to acquisition of subsidiaries engaged in manufacturing and sale of electronic products and the related goodwill was fully impaired on 31 December 2020).

The Directors assessed the impairment of licenses under the regulated financial services business segments at the CGU level. Based on the results of the assessments, impairment loss of HK\$1,329,000 was recognised on licenses under the regulated financial services business segment as at 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

## 17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LICENSES AND GOODWILL

For the purpose of impairment assessment, licenses and goodwill are allocated to the CGUs of money lending business, regulated financial services business, electronic products and property development and management as set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 16.無形資產(續)

無形資產包括業務合併產生的牌照 及商譽。牌照主要指香港法例第571 章《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期 貨條例》」)項下所界定之第4類、第 5類、第6類及第9類受規管活動牌 照。該等牌照被視為有無限可使用 年期,其將每年及當有跡象顯示可 能出現減值時進行減值評估。於截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,已就有關收購從事受規管金融 服務之附屬公司之商譽確認減值虧 損3,481,000港元,以及於二零二一 年十二月三十一日有關商譽已悉 數減值(二零二零年:有關收購從 事製造及銷售電子產品之附屬公司 8,271,000港元,以及於二零二零年 十二月三十一日有關商譽已悉數減 值)。

董事按現金產生單位層面評估受規管金融服務業務分類項下牌照之減值。根據評估結果,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司就受規管金融服務業務分部項下牌照確認減值虧損1,329,000港元(二零二零年:無)。

#### 17. 牌照及商譽之減值評估

就減值評估而言,牌照及商譽被分配至誠如綜合財務報表附註16所載之放債業務、受規管金融服務業務、電子產品及物業開發和管理之現金產生單位。

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## 17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LICENSES AND GOODWILL (Continued)

### Regulated financial services business

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined from value in use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets covering a five-year period of 2022 – 2026 (2020: 2021 – 2025). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 2% (2020: 2%), which does not exceed the long-term growth rate for the financial advisory industry in Hong Kong.

## 17. 牌照及商譽之減值評估

### 受規管金融服務業務

現金產生單位之可回收金額乃根據 正式批准預算之二零二二年至二零 二六年(二零二零年:二零二一年至 二零二五年)現金流量預測(涵蓋五 年期間)採用使用價值計算而釐定。 超過五年期間之現金流量乃採用 估計加權平均增長率2%(二零二零 年:2%)推算,有關增長率不超過香 港財務諮詢行業長期增長率。

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate	貼現率	17.90%	17.39%
Management fee growth rate Advisory fee growth rate	管理費增長率 諮詢費增長率	2% 0%	2%
Costs growth rate	成本增長率	2% - 5%	2% – 5%

The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant CGU.

The recoverable amount of the CGU was estimated using unobservable market data from the projection of the future cash flows of the business from its economic useful life and is classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair value was determined by discounting its present value by the weighted average cost of capital determined from market data.

所採用之貼現率乃除稅前並反映相 關現金產生單位之具體風險。

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃使用來自該業務經濟可使用年期之未來現金流量預測之不可觀察市場數據作出估計,並分類為公允值層級第3級。公允值乃按市場數據釐定之加權平均資本成本折現其現值而釐定。

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# 17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LICENSES AND GOODWILL (Continued)

### Regulated financial services business (Continued)

In view of the combined book value of the non-current assets under the CGU being higher than the recoverable amount of this CGU determined based on value in use, management estimated that the fair value less cost to sell of this CGU should not be materially different from its value in use since the existing use of the subject non-current assets under the CGU represent their highest and best use. Accordingly, based on value in use calculation, an impairment loss of HK\$1,329,000 and HK\$3,481,000 against license and goodwill has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

### **Property management services**

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined from value in use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets covering a five-year period of 2022 – 2026 (2020: 2021 – 2025). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 2% (2020: 2%), which does not exceed the long-term growth rate for property management in the PRC.

### 17. 牌照及商譽之減值評估(續)

### 受規管金融服務業務(續)

鑒於現金產生單位項下非流動資產的合併賬面值高於該現金產生單位根據使用價值釐定的可收回金額,管理層估計該現金產生單位的公允值減出售成本應與其使用價值並無重大差異,此乃由於現金產生單位項下的非流動資產的現有用途為人間,與照及商譽減值虧損分別最高及最佳用途。因此,根據使用價值計算,牌照及商譽減值虧損分別為1,329,000港元及3,481,000港元已於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合損益表內確認(二零二零年:無)。

### 物業管理服務

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據涵蓋五年期(二零二二年至二零二六年)(二零二零年:二零二一年至二零二五年)的正式批准預算而作出的現金流量預測,採用使用價值計算以釐定。五年期以後之現金流量乃採用估計加權平均增長率2%(二零二零年:2%)推算,該比率預期不超過中國物業管理的長期增長率。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate	貼現率	16.46%	16.46%
Management fee growth rate	管理費增長率	10%	10%

The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant CGU.

The management fees within the five-year period were determined based on past experience.

所採用之貼現率乃除稅前並反映相 關現金產生單位之具體風險。

五年期間內之管理費乃基於過往經 驗釐定。

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# 17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LICENSES AND GOODWILL (Continued)

### **Property management services** (Continued)

The recoverable amount of the CGU was estimated using unobservable market data from the projection of the future cash flows of the business from its economic useful life and is classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair value was determined by discounting its present value by the weighted average cost of capital determined from market data.

As the recoverable amount of the CGU of the property management services exceeded the combined value of the non-current assets under this CGU, the directors are of the opinion that there was no impairment on goodwill as at 31 December 2021.

#### **Electronics products**

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined from value in use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets covering a five-year period of 2022 – 2026 (2020: 2021 – 2025). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated weighted average growth rate of 2% (2020: 2%), which does not exceed the long-term growth rate for the manufacturing of electronics products in the PRC.

## 17. 牌照及商譽之減值評估(續)

### 物業管理服務(續)

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃使用來自該業務經濟可使用年期之未來現金流量預測之不可觀察市場數據作出估計,並分類為公允值層級第3級。公允值乃按市場數據釐定之加權平均資本成本折現其現值而釐定。

由於物業管理服務現金產生單位之 可收回金額超出此現金產生單位項 下非流動資產之總價值,故董事認 為商譽於二零二一年十二月三十一 日並無出現減值。

### 電子產品

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據涵蓋五年期(二零二二年至二零二六年)(二零二零年:二零二一年至二零二五年)的正式批准預算而作出的現金流量預測,採用使用價值計算以釐定。五年期以後之現金流量乃採用估計加權平均增長率2%(二零二零年:2%)推算,該增長率預期不超過中國電子產品生產的長期增長率。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate	貼現率	15.50%	15.50%
Revenue growth rate	收益增長率	1% - 8%	2% - 14%
Costs growth rate	成本增長率	1% – 8%	2% – 14%

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# 17. IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LICENSES AND GOODWILL (Continued)

### **Electronics products** (Continued)

The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant CGU.

The recoverable amount of the CGU was estimated using unobservable market data from the projection of the future cash flows of the business from its economic useful life and is classified within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair value was determined by discounting its present value by the weighted average cost of capital determined from market data.

In view of the combined book value of the non-current assets under the CGU being higher than the recoverable amount of this CGU determined based on value in use, management estimated that the fair value less cost to sell of this CGU should not be materially different from its value in use since the existing use of the subject non-current assets under the CGU represent their highest and best use. The goodwill was fully impaired on 31 December 2020.

#### Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

The management believes that a reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which management has based its determination of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs of regulated financial services business and property management services would not cause the carrying amount of the respective CGU to exceed the respective recoverable amount.

## 17. 牌照及商譽之減值評估(續)

## 電子產品(續)

所採用之貼現率乃除稅前並反映相 關現金產生單位之具體風險。

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃使用來自該業務經濟可使用年期之未來現金流量預測之不可觀察市場數據作出估計,並分類為公允值層級第3級。公允值乃按市場數據釐定之加權平均資本成本折現其現值而釐定。

鑒於現金產生單位項下非流動資產 的合併賬面值高於該現金產生單位 根據使用價值釐定的可收回金額, 管理層估計該現金產生單位的公 值減出售成本應與其使用價值並無 重大差異,此乃由於現金產生單位 項下的非流動資產的現有用途為其 最高及最佳用途。商譽已於二零 零年十二月三十一日悉數減值。

#### 假設變動的敏感度

管理層相信管理層所根據以釐定受 規管金融服務業務及物業管理服務 現金產生單位可收回金額的主要假 設的合理可能變動不會導致各現金 產生單位的賬面值超出各自的可收 回金額。

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#### 18. INVENTORIES

### 18.存貨

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原料 半製品 製成品	5,101 1,456 2,208	1,159 1,427 3,015
		8,765	5,601

### 19. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

### 19. 持作出售物業

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	602,664	540,391

The properties are located at the underground of Minzhu Road and Fuhui Road, Lijiang City, Yunan Province, the PRC. The gross floor area of the underground walkway project is approximately 36,583 square metre ("sq. m.") comprising a civil air defence work structure of approximately 13,730 sq. m., 741 units of the saleable shop premises with a total gross floor area of approximately 19,923 sq. m., a non-saleable property utility room of approximately 15 sq. m. and a commercial function room of approximately 2,915 sq. m.. Properties held for sale which are expected to be recovered more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets as it is expected to be realised in the normal operating cycle of the Group.

The Group engaged Knight Fank Petty Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group to perform valuation on properties held for sale at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 and further adjusted the cost to sell by the Group to assess the net realisable value. No impairment was provided for both years.

本集團委聘卓德萊坊測計師行有限公司(與本集團並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師)對二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二零年十二月三十一日的持作出售物業進行估值,並進一步調整本集團出售成本以評估可變現淨值。兩個年度均未計提減值撥備。

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### 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

## 20. 應收貿易賬款及應收票據

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: impairment provision	應收貿易賬款 減:減值撥備	54,290 (11,530)	36,640 (6,901)
Trade receivables – net	應收貿易賬款-淨額	42,760	29,739
Bills receivables	應收票據	1,635	2,698
		44,395	32,437

At the reporting date, the ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables before impairment, based on invoice date, is as follows:

按發票日期計,應收貿易賬款及應收票據(減值前)於報告日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000
0 – 60 days 61 – 90 days 91 – 120 days Over 120 days	零至60日 61至90日 91至120日 120日以上	33,971 1,343 1,126 19,485	3,823 2,741
		55,925	39,338

The Group allows credit periods ranging from 0 to 120 days (2020: 0 to 120 days) to its trade customers depending on their credit status and geographical location. The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and bills receivables approximate to their fair values.

本集團視乎其貿易客戶之信貸狀況 及地理位置而給予彼等介乎0至120 日(二零二零年:0至120日)之信貸 期。董事認為,應收貿易賬款及應收 票據賬面值與其公允值相若。

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## 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## 21. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Other tax recoverable	預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 其他可收回稅項	11,575 804	53,812 2,001
		12,379	55,813

#### 22. LOAN RECEIVABLES

#### 22. 應收貸款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loan receivables	應收貸款	274,870	302,382
Less: impairment provision	減:減值撥備	(162,406)	(83,874)
Loan receivables – net		110.464	219 509
Loan receivables – net	怎以貝 <b>从一</b> 净領	112,464	218,508

As at 31 December 2021, loan receivables with aggregate gross principal amount of HK\$247,300,000 and gross interest receivables of HK\$27,570,000 (2020: gross principal amount of HK\$277,400,000 and gross interest receivables of HK\$24,982,000) were due from thirteen (2020: fourteen) independent third parties. The interest rates of the loan receivables range from 6% to 15% per annum (2020: 6% to 15% per annum.) Three (2020: three) of the loan receivables are secured by share charges of the borrowers, and twelve (2020: thirteen) of the loan receivables are secured by individual guarantee. The Group does not have the right to sell or re-pledge the shares held as collateral in the absence of default by the borrowers. All loan receivables which were repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period were classified as current assets at the reporting date.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 金總額合計247,300,000港元之應 收貸款及應收利息總額27,570,000 港元(二零二零年:本金總額 277.400.000港元及應收利息總額 24.982,000港元) 乃收取自十三名 (二零二零年:十四名)獨立第三 方。應收貸款之利率介乎於每年6% 至15%之間(二零二零年:每年6% 至15%)。其中三項(二零二零年:三 項) 應收貸款由借款人股份押記作質 押及其中十二項(二零二零年:十三 項) 應收貸款由個人擔保作抵押。本 集團不得在借款人並無違約的情況 下出售或再抵押所持作為抵押品之 股份。於報告日期,所有自報告期末 起須於十二個月內償還之應收貸款 均分類為流動資產。

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#### 23. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

### 23.受限制銀行存款

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Restricted bank deposits 受限制銀行存款	1,890	1,890

As at 31 December 2021, a bank deposit of approximately HK\$1,890,000 (2020: HK\$1,890,000) was pledged for banking borrowing amounting to HK\$86,109,000 (2020: HK\$88,410,000) granted to the Group (note 27(i)).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,銀行存款約1,890,000港元(二零二零年:1,890,000港元)已就授予本集團的銀行借款86,109,000港元(二零二零年:88,410,000港元)作抵押(附註27(i))。

## 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 24. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	應付貿易賬款 應計費用及其他應付款項	25,865 179,870	14,498 149,989
		205,735	164,487

At the reporting date, the ageing analysis of trade payables, based on invoice date, is as follows:

按發票日期計,應付貿易賬款於報 告日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 60 days 61 – 90 days Over 90 days	0至60日 61至90日 90日以上	13,624 1,506 10,735	6,352 2,528 5,618
		25,865	14,498

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate to their fair values.

董事認為應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項之賬面值與其公允值相若。

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## 25. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

## 25.合約負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities arising from: Provision of properties management	下列項目產生之合約負債: 提供物業管理服務		
services		1,360	3,373
Manufacturing of electronic products	生產電子產品	1,840	299
		3,200	3,672

# Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

## 就合約負債確認之收益

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 於一月一日之結餘 Decrease in contract liabilities as 本年度確認年初計入 a result of recognising revenue during 合約負債之收益導致合約 the year that was included in 負債減少 the contract liabilities at the beginning	3,672	3,095
of the year	(3,672)	(2,846)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 33) 出售附屬公司(附註33) Increase in contract liabilities as a result 收取預付款項導致	-	(249)
of advanced payments received 合約負債增加	3,200	3,672
Balance as at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之結餘	3,200	3,672

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## 26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO A SHAREHOLDER/ NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The amounts due from/to a shareholder/non-controlling interests are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

# 26. 應收/應付股東/非控股權益款項

應收/應付股東/非控股權益款項為無抵押、免息及須於要求時償還。

## 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

## 27. 計息借款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元 ———
Current:	流動:		
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款		
Secured term loans	有抵押定期貸款		
(note (i), (v) and (ix))	(附註(i)、(v)及(ix))	10,065	7,654
Unsecured borrowing	無抵押借款		
(note (ii), (v) and (ix))	(附註(ii)、(v)及(ix))	5,914	357
Guaranteed revolving loan	有擔保循環貸款		
(note (iii), (v) and (ix))	(附註(iii)、(v)及(ix))	-	551
Guaranteed term loan	有擔保定期貸款		
(note (iv), (v) and (ix))	(附註(iv)、(v)及(ix))	1,550	_
Bond payable (note (vi) to (ix))	應付債券(附註(vi)至(ix))	250,000	190,000
		267,529	198,562
Non-current:	非流動:		
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款		
Secured term loans	有抵押定期貸款		
(note (i), (v) and (ix))	(附註(i)、(v)及(ix))	220,482	230,248
Guaranteed revolving loan	有擔保循環貸款		
(note (iii), (v) and (ix))	(附註(iii)、(v)及(ix))	-	142
Guaranteed term loan	有擔保定期貸款		
(note (iv), (v) and (ix))	(附註(iv)、(v)及(ix))	10,573	_
Bond payable (note (vi) to (ix))	應付債券(附註(vi)至(ix))	-	70,000
		231,055	300,390
Total	總計	498,584	498,952

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### 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

- (i) Loans amounted to HK\$230,548,000 (2020: HK\$237,902,000) are secured by certain land and buildings held by the Group of which HK\$86,109,000 are further secured by bank deposits of HK\$1,890,000. As at 31 December 2021, term loans of approximately HK\$230,548,000 (2020: HK\$237,902,000) carried floating interest rate which ranged from 1.4% to 2% per annum (2020: same) over one-month HIBOR or the lending bank's cost of funds, whichever is higher. HK\$10,065,000 and HK\$220,482,000 are repayable within 1 year and 2 to 3 years respectively.
- (ii) Loan amounted to HK\$5,914,000 (2020: HK\$357,000) is unsecured, carried fixed interest rate which ranged from 4.25% to 8.48% (2020: 8.48%) per annum and repayable within 1 year.
- (iii) As at 31 December 2020, loan amounted to HK\$693,000 is secured by personal guarantee of a former director of a subsidiary and carried fixed interest rate of 11.34% per annum. HK\$551,000 and HK\$142,000 are repayable within 1 year and 2 to 3 years respectively.
- (iv) Loan amounted to HK\$6,000,000 is secured by personal guarantee of directors and carried fixed interest rate of 2.75% per annum. HK\$325,000, HK\$798,000, HK\$3,417,000 and HK\$1,460,000 are repayable within 1 year, 1 to 2 years, 2 to 5 years and more than five years respectively.

Loan amounted to HK\$6,123,000 is secured by personal guarantee of a director of a subsidiary and corporate guarantee of certain subsidiaries, and carried floating interest rate of 5 basis points over Loan Prime Rate. HK\$1,225,000, HK\$1,225,000 and HK\$3,673,000 are repayable within 1 year, 1 to 2 years and 2 to 5 years respectively.

(v) All the loans do not contain repayment on demand clause but are subject to the fulfilment of covenants. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the loans would become repayable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with their covenants and there was no breach during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### 27. 計息借款 (續)

- (i) 貸款230,548,000港元(二零二零年:237,902,000港元)由本集團所持的若干土地及樓字作抵押,其中86,109,000港元進一步由銀行存款1,890,000港元作抵押。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,定期貸款約230,548,000港元(二零二零年:237,902,000港元)按一個月銀行同業拆息加每年1.4%至2%(二零二零年:相同)的浮動利率或借款銀行資金成本率之較高者計息。10,065,000港元及220,482,000港元分別於1年內及2至3年內須償環。
- (i) 貸款5,914,000港元(二零二零357,000港元)為無抵押,按每年4.25%至8.48%(二零二零年:8.48%)的固定利率計息及須於1年內償還。
- (iii) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貸款693,000港元由附屬公司一 名前任董事的個人擔保作抵押, 並按每年11.34%的固定利率計 息。551,000港元及142,000港元 分別於1年及2至3年內須償還。
- (iv) 貸款6,000,000港元由董事的個人擔保作抵押,並按每年2.75%的固定利率計息。325,000港元、798,000港元、3,417,000港元及1,460,000港元分別於1年、1至2年內、2至5年內及5年以上須償還。

貸款6,123,000港元由附屬公司一名董事的個人擔保及若干附屬公司的企業擔保作抵押,並按每年貸款市場報價利率加5個基點的浮動利率計息。1,225,000港元、1,225,000港元及3,673,000港元分別於1年、1至2年內及2至5年內須償還。

(v) 所有貸款並無按要求償還條款,但須履行契諾。倘本集團違反契諾,貸款須按要求償還。本集團定期監察其契諾合規情況,而截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度並無違反契諾。

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#### 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

- (vi) In 2018, the Group issued bond with principal amount of HK\$300,000,000 to an independent third party. The bond bears interest at 8% per annum and matured in December 2019. The interest is repayable guarterly in arrears by the Group. On 23 July 2018, the Group partially repaid the principal amount of HK\$20,000,000. The bond payable was secured by pledge of share equity of certain subsidiaries including (i) Chengdu One Two Three Aozhong Education Investment Company Limited, the immediate holding company of operating company of the provision of nursery education services in PRC; (ii) Superactive Financial Group Company Limited ("Superactive Financial Group"), the operating company of the provision of regulated financial services in Hong Kong; (iii) Link Complex Limited, a company which held 18% equity in ORBiz International Limited; and (iv) Shenzhen Jiaxin Enterprise Management Company Limited ("Shenzhen Jiaxin").
- (vii) On 24 December 2019, the Group partially repaid the principal amount of HK\$20,000,000 and the bondholder granted an extension of the maturity date for the remaining outstanding principal amount of HK\$260,000,000 from December 2019 to 28 December 2020.

Upon extension of the maturity date, the bond payable was secured by additional pledge of share equity of certain subsidiaries including (i) Edisoft Investment Limited, (ii) Joint Faith Enterprise Limited, (iii) Shenzhen City Qianhai Wanke Financial Services Company Limited and (iv) Lijiang Hua Ou Real Estate Company Limited, the operating company which is engaged in property development in PRC.

### 27. 計息借款(續)

- (vi) 於二零一八年,本集團向 獨立第三方發行本金額為 300,000,000港元的債券。債券 的年利率為8%,於二零一九 年十二月到期。本集團須每季 償還利息。於二零一八年七 月二十三日,本集團已償還 20,000,000港元之部分本金 額。應付債券以質押包括(i)成 都壹貳三澳中教育投資有限公 司(一間於中國經營提供幼兒 教育服務的公司之直接控股公 司);(ii)先機金融集團有限公司 (「先機金融集團」)(一間於香 港經營提供受規管金融服務的 公司); (iii) Link Complex Limited (一間持有ORBiz International Limited 18%股權的公司);及(iv) 深圳市加信企業管理有限公司 (「深圳加信」) 在內之若干附屬 公司的股權作抵押。
- (vii) 於二零一九年十二月二十四日,本集團已償還部分本金20,000,000港元,債券持有人就其餘未償還本金260,000,000港元授予延期,到期日由二零一九年十二月延至二零二零年十二月二十八日。

於延遲到期日後,應付債券以額外質押包括(i) Edisoft Investment Limited;(ii) Joint Faith Enterprise Limited;(iii)深圳市前海萬客金融服務有限公司;及(iv)麗江華歐房地產置業有限公司(於中國從事物業發展的營運公司)在內之若干附屬公司的股權作抵押。

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#### 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

(viii) On 28 December 2020, the Group partially redeemed the principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 which have been subsequently settled on 7 January 2021. The bondholder further granted an extension of the maturity date for the remaining outstanding principal amount of HK\$250,000,000 and the bond interest rate was increased from 8% to 10% per annum. According to the Third Supplemental Deed, the Group should redeem a bond with a principal of HK\$10,000,000 on 28 December 2020; On or before 28 June 2021, together with the aggregate principal amount for the redemptions made after 28 December 2020, the Group shall redeem not less than principal of HK\$20,000,000; On or before 28 December 2021, together with the aggregate principal amount for the redemptions made after 28 December 2020, the Group shall redeem not less than HK\$160,000,000. On or before 28 June 2022, the Group shall redeem all remaining outstanding principal amount of the bonds.

Upon extension of the maturity date, the bond payable was secured by additional pledge of share equity of certain subsidiaries including (i) Joint Faith Enterprise Management (Shenzhen) Company Limited, (ii) Shenzhen Baike Enterprise Management Co., Ltd., the immediate holding company of Lijiang Shunjin Business Administration and Management Company and (iii) Next Millions Limited, immediate holding company of Superactive Finance Company Limited.

(ix) Except for loans with outstanding principal amount of RMB9,829,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$12,036,000) (2020: RMB882,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,050,000)), all interest-bearing borrowings are denominated in HK\$.

### 27. 計息借款 (續)

(viii) 於二零二零年十二月二十八 日,本集團部分贖回本金額 10,000,000港元,隨後已於二 零二一年一月七日結清。債券 持有人已就其餘未償還本金額 250,000,000港元進一步授予 延期,而債券利率已由每年8% 提高至10%。根據第三份補充 契據,本集團應於二零二零年 十二月二十八日贖回本金為 10,000,000港元的債券;於二 零二一年六月二十八日或之 前,連同於二零二零年十二月 二十八日之後所進行贖回的本 金總額,本集團應贖回不少於 20,000,000港元本金;於二零 二一年十二月二十八日或之 前,連同於二零二零年十二月 二十八日之後所進行贖回的本 金總額,本集團應贖回不少於 160,000,000港元。於二零二二 年六月二十八日或之前,本集 團應贖回債券所有剩餘未贖回 本金額。

於延遲到期日後,應付債券以額外質押若干附屬公司股權作抵押,有關附屬公司包括(i)津信企業管理(深圳)有限公司,(ii)深圳市佰科企業管理有限公司(麗江順境商業經營管理有限公司的直接控股公司)及(iii) Next Millions Limited (先機財務有限公司的直接控股公司)。

(ix) 除未償還本金為人民幣9,829,000 元(相當於約12,036,000港元) (二零二零年:人民幣882,000元 (相當於約1,050,000港元))之 貸款外,所有計息借款均以港 元結算。

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### 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

At 31 December, total current and non-current borrowings were scheduled to be repaid as follows:

### 27. 計息借款 (續)

於十二月三十一日,計劃償還的流動及非流動借款總額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	267,529	198,562
More than one year, but not	一年以上但不超過兩年		
exceeding two years		143,396	79,908
More than two years, but not	兩年以上但不超過五年		
exceeding five years		86,199	220,482
More than five years	五年以上	1,460	_
		400 504	400.050
		498,584	498,952

#### 28. LEASES

# (a) Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee)

The Group leases a number of properties with a fixed periodic rent over the lease term in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The lease term of properties are from 1 year to 5 years.

### 28.租賃

# (a) 租賃活動性質(以承租人身份)

本集團於香港及中國大陸租賃 多項於租期內定期支付定額租 金的物業。物業租期介乎一年 至五年。

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### 28. LEASES

### 28.租賃

### (b) Lease liabilities

### (b) 租賃負債

		HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	22,997
Additions	添置	267
Interest expense (note 7)	利息支出(附註7)	1,693
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 33)	出售附屬公司(附註33)	(23,545)
Lease payments	租賃付款	(2,364)
Modification of lease	租賃修訂	(42)
Currency realignment	匯兌調整	1,454
As at 31 December 2020 and	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日	460
Interest expense (note 7)	利息支出(附註7)	9
Lease payments	租賃付款	(285)
Currency realignment	匯兌調整	3
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	187

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### 28. LEASES (Continued)

28.租賃 (續)

# **(b) Lease liabilities** (Continued) Future lease payments are due as follows:

### (b) 租賃負債(續)

未來租賃付款到期情況如下:

	Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款 31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest 利息 31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Present value 現值 31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000
Not later than one year 不遲於一年 Later than one year and 遲於一年但不遲於兩年	282	(10)	272
not later than two years	58	(6)	52
Later than two years and not遲於兩年但不遲於五年 later than five years	142	(6)	136
	482	(22)	460

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### 28. LEASES (Continued)

### 28.租賃(續)

### (b) Lease liabilities (Continued)

### (b) 租賃負債(續)

	Minimum		_
	lease		Present
	payments	Interest	value
	最低租賃付款	利息	現值
	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2021	2021	2021
	二零二一年	二零二一年	二零二一年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元
7.19.4V	50	(0)	50
Not later than one year 不遲於一年	58	(6)	52
Later than one year and 遲於一年但不遲於兩年	50	(4)	
not later than two years	59	(4)	55
Later than two years and not遲於兩年但不遲於五年			
later than five years	83	(3)	80
	200	(13)	187

The present value of future lease payments are analysed as:

未來租賃付款之現值分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities  Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	52 135	272 188
		187	460

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### 29. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

The deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current year and prior year:

### 29. 遞延稅項資產/(負債)

本年度及過往年度確認之遞延稅項 資產/(負債)及有關變動:

		Intangible asset 無形資產 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	(1,515)
Charged to profit or loss for the year (note 10)	年內自損益扣除 (附註10)	-
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	(1,515)
Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 10)	年內於損益計入(附註10)	219
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	(1,296)

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### 29. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

### 29. 遞延稅項資產/(負債)(續)

(Continued)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised for the following:

未確認遞延稅項資產如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unused tax losses	未動用稅項虧損	209,473	157,369

The Group recognises deferred tax assets in respect of tax losses only where there is a reasonable expectation that these tax losses will be utilised in the foreseeable future. Based on forecast income streams and having considered potential future earnings volatility, the Group does not anticipate the utilisation of any significant portion of these unrecognised tax losses in the foreseeable future.

The tax losses of the subsidiaries operating in PRC amounted to HK\$10,676,000 (2020: HK\$3,496,000) can be carried forward for five years from the year of incurrence of such loss under the current tax legislation. Tax losses of HK\$198,797,000 (2020: HK\$153,873,000) can be carried forward indefinitely.

Pursuant to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable to 10% withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

本集團僅於可合理預期稅項虧損將 於可見將來獲動用之情況下確認 有關遞延稅項資產。根據預測收入 流及經考慮潛在未來盈利之波動性 後,本集團預期於可見將來並不會 動用該等未確認稅項虧損之任何重 大部份。

根據現行稅務法例,於中國經營之附屬公司之稅項虧損10,676,000港元(二零二零年:3,496,000港元)可由產生有關虧損之年度起結轉五年。稅項虧損198,797,000港元(二零二零年:153,873,000港元)可無限期結轉。

根據中國企業所得稅法,於中國成立之外資企業向外國投資者宣派之股息須繳納10%預扣稅。該規定自二零零八年一月一日起生效,由於二零零七年十二月三十一日之盈利。倘中國與外國投資者所在司法權區訂立稅項條約,則可就在低預扣稅稅率。因此,本集團須就二等於中國大陸成立之附屬公司於二等零八年一月一日起賺取之盈利所宣派之股息繳納10%預扣稅。

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### 29. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

(Continued)

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC. In the opinion of Directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute their earnings accrued after 1 January 2008 in the foreseeable future. As at 31 December 2021, the unrecognised deferred tax liability that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries amounted to approximately HK\$6,195,000 (2020: HK\$2,537,000).

### 29. 遞延稅項資產/(負債)(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,並無就本公司於中國成立之附屬公司應付之未匯出盈利 所產生之預扣稅確認遞延稅項。董 事認為,該等附屬公司於可見將來 應不會分派彼等於二零零八年一月 一日後賺取之盈利。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,將以本集團附屬 公司的未匯出盈利支付的未確認 延稅項負債約為6,195,000港元(二 零二零年:2,537,000港元)。

#### 30. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 30.股本

		2021 二零二一年		2021     2020       二零二零     二零二零		
		Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$ 港元	Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$ 港元	
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 (2020: HK\$0.10) each	法定: 每股面值0.10港元 (二零二零年:0.10港元) 的普通股	15,000,000,000	1,500,000,000	15,000,000,000	1,500,000,000	
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足	2,032,571,385	203,257,139	2,032,571,385	203,257,139	

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#### 31. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for both the current year and prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 108 and 109 of the consolidated financial statements.

### 31.儲備

本集團儲備金額及其於本年度及過 往年度之變動呈列於綜合財務報表 第108及109頁之綜合權益變動表。

#### **Share Premium**

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	476,989	476,989

#### **Other Reserve**

The other reserve represents the net gain on the disposal of the treasury shares.

#### **Capital Reserve**

The capital reserve represents the capital reserve arising on the Group reorganisation carried out in 1994.

#### **Translation Reserve**

The translation reserve comprises the exchange differences arising on the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

#### 其他儲備

股份溢價

其他儲備指出售庫存股份之收益淨 額。

#### 資本儲備

資本儲備指本集團於一九九四年進 行之重組產生之資本儲備。

#### 換算儲備

換算儲備包括換算海外業務之財務 報表產生之匯兌差額。

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#### 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

### (i) 123 China Education Development Limited, a 80% owned subsidiary of the Company, has material non-controlling interests. Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of 123 China Education Development Limited and its subsidiaries before intragroup eliminations is presented below:

#### 32. 非控股權益

(i) 本公司擁有80%權益之附屬公司123中國教育發展有限公司擁有重大非控股權益。有關123中國教育發展有限公司及其附屬公司於集團內對銷前的非控股權益財務資料概要呈列如下:

		0004	0000
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元 ————
Current assets	流動資產	92	375
Current liabilities	流動負債	(61,162)	(59,724)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	9,229	8,885
Revenue	收益	672	1,756
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(481)	6,962
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額		
for the year		(1,101)	4,019
Loss attributable to the	非控股權益應佔虧損		
non-controlling interests		(96)	(2,296)
Other comprehensive income	非控股權益應佔		
attributable to the	其他全面收益	(0.40)	(4.477)
non-controlling interests		(248)	(1,177)
Total comprehensive income	非控股權益應佔		
attributable to the non-controlling interests	全面收益總額	(344)	(3,473)
		(044)	(0,470)
Dividends paid to	已付非控股權益股息		
non-controlling interests			
Net cash outflow from	經營活動產生之		
operating activities  Net cash outflow from	現金流出淨額 投資活動產生之	(48)	(2,254)
investing activities	投具活動性主之   現金流出浄額	_	_
Net cash inflow from	融資活動產生之		
financing activities	現金流入淨額	-	1,659
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(48)	(595)

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### 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

(ii) Shenzhen Dowis Electronics Company Limited ("Shenzhen Dowis") and Zhaoqing Shengxiang Electronic Technology Company Limited ("Zhaoqing Shengxiang"), 60% owned subsidiaries of the Company, has material non-controlling interests. Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of Shenzhen Dowis and Zhaoqing Shengxiang before intra-group eliminations is presented below:

#### 32. 非控股權益(續)

(ii) 深圳市德維斯電子有限公司 (「深圳德維斯」)及肇慶聖享 電子科技有限公司(「肇慶聖享」) (為本公司擁有60%權益之附 屬公司)擁有重大非控股權益。 有關深圳德維斯及肇慶聖享於 集團內對銷前的非控股權益財 務資料概要呈列如下:

		2021 二零二一年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	52,974 17,145 (60,432) (4,898)	34,737 11,886 (42,776) (148)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,854)	(1,300)
Revenue	收益	89,969	55,005
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	1,343	(410)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	1,398	(356)
Profit/(loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔溢利/(虧損)	537	(164)
Other comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔 其他全面收益	17	22
Total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔 全面收益總額	554	(142)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	已付非控股權益股息	-	_
Net cash outflow from operating activities Net cash outflow from	經營活動產生之 現金流出淨額 投資活動產生之	(4,135)	(2,396)
investing activities  Net cash inflow from	現金流出淨額 融資活動產生之	(5,968)	(75)
financing activities	・ 関ラ活動産主と 現金流入淨額	10,601	3,077
Net cash inflow	現金流入淨額	498	606

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#### 33. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 3 July 2020, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a purchaser pursuant to which the Group agreed to sell the entire share capital held of a subsidiary, Chengdu One Two Three Aozhong Education Investment Company Limited ("Chengdu"), together with shareholder's loan of RMB13,118,314 to an independent third party at a consideration of RMB10,000. The disposal of Chengdu was completed in July 2020. The net liabilities of Chengdu on 30 June 2020 were as follows:

#### 33.出售附屬公司

於二零二零年七月三日,本集團與 一名買方訂立買賣協議,據此本一 見意向一名獨立第三方出育 有限公司(「成都」)之全部持有股公司(「成都」)之全部持有股 本,連同人民幣13,118,314元之股東 貸款,代價為人民幣10,000元。出 成都已於二零二零年七月完成。 都於二零二零年六月三十日之負 淨額如下:

		Notes 附註	30 June 2020 二零二零年 六月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元
Net liabilities disposed of:		LIJ DT	—————————————————————————————————————
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項		
other receivables  Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		848 305
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項		(11,494)
Contract liabilities Lease liabilities	合約負債 租賃負債	25 28	(249) (23,545)
			<u></u>
Translation reserve	換算儲備		(34,135) 1,779
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		18,541
			(13,815)
			HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration	代價		12
Add: Net liabilities disposed of	加:已出售之負債淨額		13,815
Gain on disposal	出售收益	6	13,827
			HK\$'000
			千港元
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金流出淨額:		
Cash consideration	現金代價		12
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售之現金及現金等價物		(305)
			(293)

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# 34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

### 34.綜合現金流量表附註

融資活動產生之負債對賬:

		Amount due to a shareholder 應付一名 股東款項 (note 26) (附註26) HK\$'000 千港元	Interest payables included in other payables 計入其他 應付款項之 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest-bearing borrowings 計息借款 (note 27) (附註27) HK\$'000 千港元	Amounts due to/(from) non-controlling interests 應付/(應收) 非控股 權益敕項 (note 26) (附註26) HK\$'000	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (note 28) (附註28) HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	1,129	888	502,549	3,006	22,997
Changes from cash flows:	現金流量變動:					
Proceeds from interest-bearing borrowings	計息借款所得款項	-	<del>-</del>	1,073	-	_
Repayments of interest-bearing borrowings	償還計息借款		-	(4,692)	-	-
Advance from a shareholder	股東之墊款	32,517	-		(0.70)	-
Repayment to non-controlling interests Interest paid on interest-bearing borrowings	向非控股權益還款 計息借款之已付利息	_	(16,758)	1 / -	(676)	
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	信還租賃負債之本金部分	_	(10,730)		_	(671)
Payment of interest portion of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債之利息部分	_	-	-	-	(1,693)
Total changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動總額:	32,517	(16,758)	(3,619)	(676)	(2,364)
Exchange adjustments Other changes: Interest on bank borrowings and	匯兌調整 其他變動: 銀行借款及透支以及其他負債	-	-	22	200	1,454
overdrafts and other liabilities	之利息	_	27,033	_	_	1.693
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	=	-	=	-	(23,545)
Increase in lease liabilities	租賃負債増加	-	-	=	-	267
Modification of lease	租賃修訂		_		_	(42)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	33,646	11,163	498,952	2,530	460
Changes from cash flows: Proceeds from interest-bearing borrowings Repayments of interest-bearing borrowings	現金流量變動:計息借款所得款項 信息計息借款		:	18,000 (18,397)	-	Ē
Repayment to a shareholder Repayment to non-controlling interests	向股東還款 向非控股權益還款	(16,923)	-	-	(2,894)	-
Interest paid on interest-bearing borrowings	計息借款之已付利息	_	(15,025)		(2,094)	
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities		_	(10,020)	_	_	(276)
Payment of interest portion of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債之利息部分	-	-	-	-	(9)
Total changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動總額:	(16,923)	(15,025)	(397)	(2,894)	(285)
Exchange adjustments Other changes:	匯兌調整 其他變動:	-	-	29	69	3
Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts and other liabilities	銀行借款及透支以及其他負債之利息	-	24,634	-	-	9
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	16,723	20,772	498,584	(295)	187

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#### 35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

#### **36. COMMITMENTS**

#### **Operating commitments**

#### As Lessor

The minimum rent receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

#### 35.或然負債

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債。

### 36. 承擔

#### 經營承擔

#### 作為出租人

不可撤銷經營租賃項下的最低應收租金如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Not later than one year	不超過一年	13,768	10,369
Later than one year and	超過一年但不超過兩年		
not later than two years		3,523	2,343
Later than two years and	超過兩年但不超過五年		
not later than five years		527	1,142
		17,818	13,854

Operating lease payments represent rentals receivable by the Group for certain of its shop premises. The leases run for an initial period of 1-2 years (2020: 1-2 years). The shop premises would be sold when potential buyers are located. None of the leases contain contingent rentals.

經營租賃款項乃指本集團就其若干商店應收之租金。租約之初步年期為1至2年(二零二零年:1至2年)。商店將於覓得潛在買家時出售。概無租約含有或然租金。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### **36. COMMITMENTS** (Continued)

#### 36. 承擔 (續)

#### **Capital commitments**

At the reporting date, the Group had capital commitments in respect of property development and property, plant and equipment as follows:

### 資本承擔

於報告日期,本集團就物業開發及物業、廠房及設備之資本承擔如下:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted but not provided for	已訂約惟未撥備	6,119	5,956

#### **37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

#### 37. 關連人士交易

The remuneration of the key management during the year is as follows:

本年度主要管理層之酬金如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries and allowances, bonuses and benefits in kind (note 9) 實物利益(附註9)  Mandatory provident fund contributions (note 9)  基本薪金及津貼、花紅 實物利益(附註9)	610	918 16
	610	934

Balances with related parties are disclosed in notes 14 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Other than the disclosures above, the Group has not entered into any other related party transactions.

與關連人士之結餘披露於綜合財務 報表附註14及26。

除以上披露者外,本集團未有訂立 任何其他關連人士交易。

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#### 38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND RISK

The Group's objectives are: to provide returns for shareholders; to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it continues to provide returns and benefits for its stakeholders; to support the Group's stability and growth; and to provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Group's risk management capability.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue new shares to reduce its debt level.

Consistent with other industries, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital represents total equity, as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

#### 38.資本管理政策及風險

本集團之目標為:向股東提供回報; 保證本集團之持續經營能力,以繼 續為持份者提供回報及利益;支持 本集團之穩定性及增長;及提供資 金以增強本集團風險管理能力。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或 會調整支付予股東之股息金額、歸 還資本予股東及發行新股以降低其 債務水平。

與其他行業一致,本集團基於資本 負債比率監控資本。該比率按債務 淨額除以資本總值計算。債務淨額 按計息借款總額減現金及現金等價 物計算。誠如綜合財務狀況表所列 示,資本總值指權益總值。

於報告期末之資本負債比率如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Total net debt Total capital	淨債務總額 資本總值	492,898 427,150	487,354 558,580
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	115.39%	87.25%

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks: including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by key management under the policies approved by the Board. The Group does not have written risk management policies. However, the Board meets regularly and co-operates closely with key management to identify and evaluate risks and to formulate strategies to manage financial risks.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities.

The Group's financial assets are primarily denominated in HK\$ and RMB. The currencies to which the Group had significant exposure on its monetary financial assets and liabilities included RMB. At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the net exposure expressed in HK\$ is as follows:

### 39.財務風險管理及政策

#### 外幣風險

外幣風險為金融工具之公允值或未來現金流量因外匯匯率變動而波動之風險。本集團所承擔外匯匯率變動之風險主要關乎本集團之經營活動。

本集團之金融資產主要以港元及人 民幣計值。本集團涉及貨幣性金融 資產及負債的重大風險之有關貨幣 包括人民幣。於二零二一年及二零 二零年十二月三十一日,以港元表 示之淨風險如下:

	Assets 資產		
	2021	2020	
	二零二一年	二零二零年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	
RMB 人民幣	_	24	

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 in response to reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of reporting period. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 9% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a decrease in loss where the relevant currencies strengthen 9% against the HK\$. For a 9% weakening of the relevant currencies against the HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss and the balances below would be negative.

#### 39. 財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險 (續)

		202	21	202	20
		_ 零 _	_一年	二零二零年	
		Increase in	Effect on	Increase in	
		exchange	loss for the	exchange	Effect on loss
		rate	year	rate	for the year
			對年內虧損		對年內虧損
		匯率增加	的影響	匯率增加	的影響
		%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000
			千港元		千港元
RMB	人民幣	9	-	9	3

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank borrowings. Bank borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arises.

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates for variable rate bank borrowings, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated loss) by approximately HK\$2,305,000 (2020: HK\$2,379,000).

The analysis is prepared assuming these financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points increase or decrease in interest rates is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 39. 財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### 利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要來自銀行借款。按浮息發行的銀行借款使本集團承受現金流利率風險。本集團並未設有利率對沖政策。然而,管理層監控利率風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,倘 浮息銀行借款的利率整體上升/下降100個基點,而其他所有變數 保持不變,估計本集團的除稅後虧損(及累計虧損)將上升/下降約2,305,000港元(二零二零年:2,379,000港元)。

分析假設該等於報告期末尚未償還的金融工具於全年均未償還。利率上升或下降100個基點用於向主要管理層人員內部匯報利率風險,代表管理層對利率合理可能變動的評估。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables and loan receivables. The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The Group is exposed to concentration risk as a significant portion of its business is derived from its largest customers. As at 31 December 2021, trade and bills receivables of 72.6% (2020: 79.6%) and loan receivables of 54.6% (2020: 50.6%) were contributed by the top five customers. In order to minimise any credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team to be responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt on a regular basis to ensure that adequate impairment loss are made for irrecoverable amounts. Management does not expect any significant losses of trade receivables that have not been provided for by way of an allowance.

In respect of loan receivables, all borrowers who obtain loans from the Group are subject to management review. The Group also demands certain borrowers to place collateral at the time the agreement is entered into as securities of loans.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparts are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要歸因於應收 貿易賬款及應收貸款。本集團已制 定信貸政策,且信貸風險持續受到 監控。

就應收貸款而言,所有向本集團取得貸款之借款人均需經管理層審閱。本集團亦要求若干借款人於訂立協議時提供抵押品,以作為貸款之擔保。

流動資金之信貸風險有限,乃因交 易對手為國際信貸評級機構賦予高 信貸評級之銀行。

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

### Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivables:

### 信貸風險(續)

下表載列本集團就應收貿易賬款及 應收票據之信貸風險及預期信貸虧 損之資料:

		Lifetime ECL rate 全期預期 信貸虧損率	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日				
Current	即期	0.1%	30,564	31	30,533
1 - 60 days past due	逾期1 – 60日	1%	2,036	20	2,016
61 – 90 days past due	逾期61 – 90日	5%	255	12	243
91 – 120 days past due	逾期91 – 120日	25%	270	67	203
Over 120 days past due	逾期120日以上	50%	22,800	11,400	11,400
Total	總計		55,925	11,530	44,395
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日				
Current	即期	0.1%	18,483	18	18,465
1 – 60 days past due	逾期1 – 60日	1%	6,527	65	6,462
61 – 90 days past due	逾期61 – 90日	5%	496	25	471
91 – 120 days past due	逾期91 – 120日	25%	482	120	362
Over 120 days past due	逾期120日以上	50%	13,350	6,673	6,677
Total	總計		39,338	6,901	32,437

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

ECL rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

### 信貸風險(續)

預期信貸虧損率基於過去3年之實際虧損經驗。該等比率經已調整以反映歷史數據收集期間之經濟狀況 差異、目前狀況以及本集團對應收款項預計年期之經濟狀況的意見。

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Impairment loss recognised Impairment loss reversed Currency realignment	於一月一日 已確認減值虧損 已撥回減值虧損 匯兌調整	6,901 4,524 (9) 114	3,883 3,642 (858) 234
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	11,530	6,901

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

### Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for loan receivables:

### 信貸風險(續)

下表提供有關本集團應收貸款之信貸風險及預期信貸虧損之資料:

		Non-credit	impaired	Total
		非信貸	減值	總計
		Stage 1	Stage 2	
		12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	
		第一階段	第二階段	
		12個月預期	全期預期	
		信貸虧損	信貸虧損	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				·
		千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	—————————————————————————————————————	千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年			
	十二月三十一日			
Loan receivables	應收貸款	21,837	253,033	274,870
Impairment allowance	減值撥備	(5,327)	(157,079)	(162,406)
Net of impairment allowance	扣除減值撥備	16,510	95,954	112,464
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年			
At 31 December 2020				
	十二月三十一日	105.000	107.170	000 000
Loan receivables	應收貸款	105,209	197,173	302,382
Impairment allowance	減值撥備	(23,824)	(60,050)	(83,874)
Niet of leaveline and alleger	17.16.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.	01.005	107.100	010 500
Net of impairment allowance	扣除減值撥備	81,385	137,123	218,508

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to ensure that adequate funds are available to meet commitments associated with its financial liabilities.

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring short term and long term cash outflows on a regular basis. The Group mainly utilises cash to meet its liquidity requirements for periods up to 30 days. Funding for long term liquidity needs will be considered when liquidity requirements in the long term are identified.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The contractual maturity analysis below is based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities.

### 2021

#### More than one Carrying or on demand than two years than five years five years 一年內或 超過一年 超過兩年 按要求時 但少於兩年 但少於五年 超過五年 未貼現總金額 賬面值 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 非衍生金融負債: Non-derivative financial liabilities: Trade and other payables (note 24) 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項 (附註24) 203,735 205,735 205.735 應付一間聯營公司款項 68.031 68.031 Amount due to an associate 68,031 Amount due to a shareholder 應付一名股東款項 16,723 16,723 16,723 計息借款(附註27) 287,715 144,129 87,926 1,564 521,334 498,584 Interest-bearing borrowings (note 27) Lease liabilities (note 28) 租賃負債(附註28) 83 200 187 576,262 144,188 810.023 1.564 789.260

### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

### 流動資金風險

本集團之目標為確保有足夠資金可 供動用以償付與其金融負債有關之 承擔。

本集團透過定期嚴密監控短期及長期現金流出以管理其流動資金需求。本集團主要利用現金滿足其於最多30日期間內之流動資金所需。當確定長期流動資金所需時,長期流動資金需求的所需資金將予以考慮。

下表為本集團按淨額基準結算相關 到期組別在報告日期直至合約到期 日為止之剩餘期限之金融負債之分 析。以下為根據金融負債之未貼現 現金流量作出之合約到期日分析。

#### 二零二一年

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

2020

二零二零年

		Within one year or on demand 一年內或 按要求時 HK\$'000 千港元	More than one year but less than two years 超過一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000	More than two years but less than five years 超過兩年 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than five years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted amount 未貼現總金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-derivative financial liabilities:	非衍生金融負債:						
Trade and other payables (note 24)	應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項						
	(附註24)	164,487	_	_	-	164,487	164,487
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	66,698	-	-	-	66,698	66,698
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	33,646	-	-	-	33,646	33,646
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	2,530	-	_	_	2,530	2,530
Interest-bearing borrowings (note 27)	計息借款 (附註27)	213,793	89,287	225,429	_	528,509	498,952
Lease liabilities (note 28)	租賃負債(附註28)	282	58	142	-	482	460
		481,436	89,345	225,571	-	796,352	766,773

## Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of financial position relates to the following categories:

Financial assets:

### 金融資產及負債分類概要

於綜合財務狀況表中呈列之金融資 產及負債賬面值與以下類別有關:

金融資產:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
At amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	5,686	11,598
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	1,890	1,890
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	44,395	32,437
Loan receivables	應收貸款	112,464	218,508
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	11,363	12,028
At fair value through profit or loss	按公允值於損益列賬	8,720	7,020
		184,518	283,481

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

# Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category (Continued)

Financial liabilities:

#### 金融資產及負債分類概要 (續)

金融負債:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債:		
amortised cost:	陈 / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他 應付款項	205,735	164,487
Amount due to an associate	應付一間聯營公司款項	68,031	66,698
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	16,723	33,646
Amount due to non-controlling	應付非控股權益款項		
interests		_	2,530
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借款	498,584	498,952
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	187	460
		789,260	766,773

The carrying values of the financial assets included above approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

The carrying values of the financial liabilities (including current portion of interest-bearing borrowings) included above approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for borrowings with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing borrowings as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 was assessed to be insignificant. The carrying values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing borrowings also approximate their fair values as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

由於金融資產於短期內到期,其賬面值與其公允值相若。

由於金融負債於短期內到期,其(包括計息借款的流動部分)賬面值與其公允值相若。

計息借款的非流動部分的公允值以 目前可取得且具類似條款、信貸風 險及餘下年期的借款的利率貼現 預期未來現金流量計算。本集團於 二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日的計息借款違約風險獲評 為輕微。計息借款非流動部分的三零 面值亦與其於二零二一年及二零 二零年十二月三十一日的公允值相 若。

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

# Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category (Continued)

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### 39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

### 金融資產及負債分類概要(續)

下表載列根據公允值等級按公允值 列賬的金融工具之分析:

第1級: 相同資產或負債於活躍市 場之報價(未經調整);

第2級: 除計入第1級之報價外,可 就資產或負債直接(即價 格)或間接(即源自價格) 觀察所得之輸入值;及

第3級: 並非根據可觀察市場數據的資產或負債之輸入值 (不可觀察輸入值)。

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# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

39.財務風險管理及政策(續)

Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category (Continued)

金融資產及負債分類概要(續)

				Significant	Relationship of unobservable	le 公允值			
		Fair value hierarchy 公允值層級	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	unobservable input(s) 重大不可 觀察輸入值	input(s) to fair value 不可觀察 輸入值與 公允值的關係	2020 HK\$'000 二零二零年 千港元			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  – Unlisted equity instrument (note 15)	按公允值於損益 列賬之金融資產 一非上市股本工具 (附註15)	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate at 21.12% (2020: 22.16%)	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value	千港元 8,720	7,020		
				Long term revenue growth rate ranged from 103.66% to 130.12% (2020: 103.66%	The higher the long term revenue growth rate, the higher the fair value				
		第3級	貼現現金流量	to 130.12%) 貼現率為 21.12% (二零二零年: 22.16%)	貼現率越高, 公允值越低	8,720	7,020		
				長期收益 增長率為 103.66%至 130.12% (二零二零年: 103.66%至 130.12%)	長期收益 增長率越高, 公允值越高				

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## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND POLICIES (Continued)

## Summary of financial assets and liabilities by category (Continued)

There was no change in valuation technique between the two years.

As at 31 December 2021, the fair values of unlisted equity instrument has been determined by an independent firm of professional valuer which holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification.

Reconciliation for financial instruments carried at fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is as follows:

#### Unlisted equity investment

#### 39. 財務風險管理及政策(續)

### 金融資產及負債分類概要(續)

估值技術於兩年內保持一致。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,非 上市股本工具之公允值已由一間持 有認可及相關專業資格之獨立專業 估值師行釐定。

按公允值列賬之金融工具根據重大 不可觀察輸入值(第3級)之對賬載列 如下:

#### 非上市股本投資

		Financial assets at FVTPL 按公允值於損益列賬之金融資產	
		<b>2021</b> 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> HK\$'000 千港元 千港元	
At 1 January  Total gain/(loss):  Fair value change during the year	於一月一日 收益/(虧損)總額: 年內公允值變動	7,020 1,700	22,624 (15,604)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	8,720	7,020

#### Sensitivity analysis

For the purpose of valuation of the unlisted equity investment, discounted cash flows method has been adopted. As at 31 December 2021, the key unobservable input used was the expected revenue growth rate of the unlisted equity investment. The expected revenue growth rate adopted ranged from 103.66% to 130.12%. A reasonably possible 5% decrease/increase in the expected revenue growth rate would result in increase/decrease in loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 and decrease/increase in equity of the Group by HK\$1,779,000 as at 31 December 2021.

#### 敏感度分析

就非上市股本投資之估值而言, 已採納貼現現金流量法。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,所使用的 主要不可觀察輸入值為非上市股 本投資的預期收益增長率。所採用 的預期收益增長率介乎103.66%至 130.12%。預期收益增長率可能。 理減少/增加5%將導致截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之后 損增加/減少及本集團於二零二一 年十二月三十一日之權益減少/增加1.779,000港元。

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### 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

### 40.本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

	Note 附註		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資	2 21,628	7 21,629
		21,630	21,636
CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Restricted bank deposits Cash and bank balances	流動資産 r 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 受限制銀行存款 現金及銀行結餘	82 731,189 1,890 242	354 867,229 1,890 190
		733,403	869,663
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accruals and other payables  Amount due to a shareholder Interest-bearing borrowings	流動負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 應付一名股東款項 計息借款	23,822 16,711 253,500	14,819 33,634 192,600
		294,033	241,053
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	439,370	628,610
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	「總資產減流動負債	461,000	650,246
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Interest-bearing borrowings	<b>非流動負債</b> 計息借款	82,609	155,810
		82,609	155,810
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	378,391	494,436
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 30 儲備	203,257 175,134	203,257 291,179
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	378,391	494,436

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 April 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司的財務狀況表已於二零二二 年四月二十五日獲董事會批准及授 權刊發,並由以下人士代表簽署:

YEUNG SO LAI 楊素麗 DIRECTOR 董事 LEE CHI SHING CAESAR 李志成 DIRECTOR 董事

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### 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

## 40.本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

(Continued)

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	476,989	54	1,442	70,911	(148,744)	400,652
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	年內虧損及全面收益總額	-	-	-	<del>                                     </del>	(109,473)	(109,473)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	476,989	54	1,442	70,911	(258,217)	291,179
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	年內虧損及全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	(116,045)	(116,045)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	476,989	54	1,442	70,911	(374,262)	175,134

#### Note:

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the book values of the underlying assets of the Company's former subsidiaries, Pantronics Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, at the date on which the shares of these companies were acquired, and the nominal amount of the share capital issued by the Company under a Group reorganisation in 1994.

In addition to retained profits, under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus account of a company is also available for distribution. However, the Company cannot pay or declare a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if: it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

#### 附註:

繳入盈餘指本公司前附屬公司Pantronics Holdings Limited及其附屬公司之相關資產於 該等公司之股份獲收購之日之賬面值與本公 司根據本集團於一九九四年進行重組時發行 之股本面值之差額。

除未分配溢利外,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,一家公司之繳入盈餘賬亦可供分派。然而,倘本公司無法或於付款後無法償還其到期負債,或其資產之可變現價值因此將低於其負債與已發行股本及股份溢價賬之總和,則本公司不可派付或宣派股息或自繳入盈餘作出分派。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 41. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

### 41. 主要附屬公司

主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

			Proportion of owne held by the C 本公司所持擁有權		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operation 註冊成立或註冊/經營地點	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Superactive Financial Group Company Limited	Hong Kong/Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$12,500,000	-	100%	Provision of regulated financia
先機金融集團有限公司	香港/香港	普通股12,500,000港元			services activities 提供受規管金融服務活動
Lijiang Hua Ou Real Estate Company Limited (note)	PRC*/PRC	Registered capital RMB5,000,000	-	100%	Property development
麗江華歐房地產置業有限公司 (附註)	中國*/中國	註冊資本人民幣5,000,000元			物業開發
Lijiang Shunjing Business Administration and Management Limited (note)	PRC*/PRC	Registered capital RMB5,000,000	-	100%	Property management
麗江順境商業經營管理有限公司 (附註)	中國*/中國	註冊資本人民幣5,000,000元			物業管理
Superactive Finance Company Limited 先機財務有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong 香港/香港	Ordinary HK\$15,000 普通股15,000港元	-	100%	Money lending 放債
Shenzhen Dowis Electronic Company Limited (note)	PRC*/PRC	Registered capital RMB1,000,000	-	60%	Manufacturing of electronic products
深圳市德維斯電子有限公司(附註)	中國*/中國	註冊資本人民幣1,000,000元			製造電子產品

<sup>\*</sup> These are companies with limited liabilities in the PRC

Note: The English name of the subsidiary represents the best effort by the Company's management to translate from its Chinese name as this subsidiary has no official English name.

The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of all the other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities subsisting at 31 December 2021 or at any time during the year (year ended 31 December 2020: nil).

\* 該等為於中國的有限責任公司

附註:由於該附屬公司並無正式英文名稱,附屬公司的英文名稱為本公司管理層盡力翻譯該公司的中文名稱。

根據董事之意見,上述所列本公司 之附屬公司均為主要影響本集團於 本年度之業績或佔本集團大部份資 產及負債的公司。根據董事之意見, 提供所有其他附屬公司之詳情可能 導致篇幅過於冗長。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日或本年度任何時間,概無附屬公司擁有任何債務證券(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:無)。

