
THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in Power Financial Group Limited (“**Company**”), you should at once hand this circular, together with the enclosed form of proxy, to the purchasers or transferees or to the bank, stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchasers or transferees.

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**Power Financial Group Limited****權威金融集團有限公司***(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)***(Stock code: 397)**

**(1) GRANT OF GENERAL MANDATES
TO REPURCHASE SHARES AND TO ISSUE NEW SHARES;
(2) RE-ELECTION OF RETIRING DIRECTORS;
(3) PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW BYE-LAWS OF THE COMPANY;
AND
(4) NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

A notice convening the AGM to be held at 3:00 p.m. on Friday, 17 June 2022 at Unit 1205, 12/F., World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong is set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular. A form of proxy for use by the Shareholders at the AGM is enclosed herein.

Whether or not you are able to attend the AGM, you are requested to complete and return the enclosed form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong as soon as possible and in any event by 3:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Wednesday, 15 June 2022 or not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of any adjourned meeting. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjourned meeting should you so wish, and in such case, the form of proxy previously submitted shall be deemed to be revoked.

Please see the section headed “PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR THE AGM” in this circular for measures being taken to try to prevent and control the spread of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 at the AGM.

24 May 2022

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PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR THE AGM

In view of the ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 (“COVID-19”) epidemic and recent requirements for prevention and control of its spread, the Company will implement the following preventive measures at the AGM to protect attending Shareholders, staff and other stakeholders from the risk of infection:

- (i) Compulsory body temperature checks will be conducted on every Shareholder, proxy and other attendee at the entrance of the AGM venue. Any person with a body temperature of over 37.5 degrees Celsius may be denied entry into the AGM venue or be required to leave the AGM venue.
- (ii) All Shareholders, proxies and other attendees are required to complete and submit at the entrance of the AGM venue declaration forms confirming their names and contact details, and confirming that they have not travelled to, or to the best of their knowledge had physical contact with any person who has recently travelled to, any affected countries or areas outside of Hong Kong (as per guidelines issued by the Hong Kong Government at www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/102742.html) at any time during the 21-day period preceding the date of the AGM. Any person who does not comply with this requirement may be denied entry into the AGM venue or be required to leave the AGM venue.
- (iii) All Shareholders, proxies and other attendees are required to wear surgical face masks inside the AGM venue at all times, and to maintain a safe distance between seats.
- (iv) No refreshment or drink will be served, and there will be no corporate gift.

To the extent permitted under law, the Company reserves the right to deny entry into the AGM venue or require any person to leave the AGM venue in order to ensure the safety of the attendees at the AGM.

In the interest of all stakeholders’ health and safety and consistent with recent COVID-19 guidelines for prevention and control, the Company reminds all Shareholders that physical attendance in person at the AGM is not necessary for the purpose of exercising voting rights. As an alternative, by using proxy forms with voting instructions inserted, Shareholders may appoint the chairman of the AGM as their proxy to vote on the relevant resolutions at the AGM instead of attending the AGM in person.

DEFINITIONS

In this circular, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“AGM”	the annual general meeting of the Company to be held at 3:00 p.m. on Friday, 17 June 2022 at Unit 1205, 12/F., World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong, the notice of which is set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular
“Audit Committee”	the audit committee of the Board
“Board”	the board of Directors
“Bye-Laws”	the bye-laws of the Company currently in force
“Companies Act”	the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended from time to time)
“Company”	Power Financial Group Limited 權威金融集團有限公司, a company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
“Director(s)”	the director(s) of the Company
“Extension Mandate”	a general and unconditional mandate proposed to be granted to the Directors at the AGM to the effect that any Shares repurchased under the Repurchase Mandate will be added to the total number of Shares which may be allotted and issued under the General Mandate
“General Mandate”	a general and unconditional mandate proposed to be granted to the Directors at the AGM to exercise all powers of the Company to allot, issue or otherwise deal with Shares up to a maximum of 20% of the number of issued Shares as at the date of passing the relevant resolution as set out in resolution numbered 5 in the notice convening the AGM
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries
“HK\$”	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

DEFINITIONS

“Latest Practicable Date”	18 May 2022, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this circular for ascertaining certain information contained herein
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
“New Bye-Laws”	the new Bye-Laws proposed to be approved by the Shareholders at the AGM in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing Bye-Laws and a mark-up version against the existing Bye-Laws is set out in Appendix IV to this circular
“PRC”	the People’s Republic of China, and for the purpose of this circular, excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan
“Proposed Amendments”	the proposed amendments to the Bye-Laws as set out in this circular, a summary of which is set out in Appendix III of this circular
“Repurchase Mandate”	a general and unconditional mandate proposed to be granted to the Directors at the AGM to exercise all powers of the Company to repurchase Shares, which shall not exceed 10% of the number of issued Shares as at the date of passing the relevant resolution as set out in resolution numbered 4 in the notice convening the AGM
“Retiring Directors”	collectively, Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny, Mr. Li Wing Cheong, Mr. Cheng Chun Shing, Ms. Chan Lai Ping, Ms. Tam Mei Chu and Mr. Ho Yuen Tung
“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
“Share(s)”	the ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company
“Shareholder(s)”	holder(s) of the Share(s)
“Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“Takeovers Code”	the Code on Takeovers and Mergers issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (as amended from time to time)
“%”	per cent.



Power Financial Group Limited
權威金融集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock code: 397)

Executive Directors:

Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny
(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Tau Sai Kit, Terry
Mr. Li Wing Cheong
Mr. Cheng Chun Shing

Independent non-executive Directors:

Ms. Chan Lai Ping
Ms. Tam Mei Chu
Mr. Ho Yuen Tung

Registered office:

Victoria Place, 5th Floor
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

*Head office and principal place of
business in Hong Kong:*

Unit 1804A, 18/F.
Far East Finance Centre
16 Harcourt Road
Hong Kong

24 May 2022

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam

**(1) GRANT OF GENERAL MANDATES
TO REPURCHASE SHARES AND TO ISSUE NEW SHARES;
(2) RE-ELECTION OF RETIRING DIRECTORS;
AND
(3) PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW BYE-LAWS OF THE COMPANY**

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with information regarding (i) the grant of the Repurchase Mandate, the General Mandate and the Extension Mandate; (ii) the proposed re-election of retiring Directors, and (iii) the proposed adoption of the New Bye-Laws, and to give you notice of the AGM.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

GENERAL MANDATES TO REPURCHASE AND ISSUE SHARES

The general mandate previously granted to the Directors at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 June 2021 to allot and issue and deal with the unissued Shares not exceeding 20% of the number of issued Shares as at the date of such annual general meeting and the general mandate granted to the Directors to repurchase Shares will expire at the conclusion of the AGM. In order to give the Company the flexibility to repurchase and issue Shares if and when appropriate, the following ordinary resolutions will be proposed at the AGM to approve the grant of new general mandates to the Directors:

- (a) to repurchase Shares on the Stock Exchange of up to 10% of the number of issued Shares on the date of passing such resolution (i.e. 278,355,273 Shares assuming that the total number of Shares in issue remains the same at 2,783,552,734 Shares from the Latest Practicable Date up to the date of passing such resolution);
- (b) to allot, issue or deal with Shares of up to 20% of the number of issued Shares on the date of passing such resolution (i.e. 556,710,546 Shares assuming that the total number of Shares in issue remains the same at 2,783,552,734 Shares from the Latest Practicable Date up to the date of passing such resolution); and
- (c) to extend the General Mandate by an amount representing the number of Shares repurchased by the Company pursuant to and in accordance with the Repurchase Mandate.

The Repurchase Mandate and the General Mandate will continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company held after the AGM or any earlier date as referred to in the proposed ordinary resolutions contained in items 4 and 5 of the notice of the AGM as set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular. With reference to the Repurchase Mandate and the General Mandate, the Directors wish to state that they have no immediate plan to repurchase any Shares or issue any Shares pursuant thereto.

In accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, the Company is required to send to the Shareholders an explanatory statement containing all the information reasonably necessary to enable them to make an informed decision on whether to vote for or against the grant of the Repurchase Mandate. The explanatory statement for such purpose is set out in Appendix I to this circular.

RE-ELECTION OF RETIRING DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Bye-Law 102(B), the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the members in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 21 June 2021, 30 September 2021, 31 January 2022, 1 March 2022, 11 March 2022 and 28 April 2022:

- (a) with effect from 21 June 2021, Mr. Tau Sai Kit, Terry (“**Mr. Tau**”) has been appointed as an executive Director;
- (b) with effect from 30 September 2021, Ms. Chan Lai Ping (“**Ms. Chan**”) has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director;
- (c) with effect from 31 January 2022, Mr. Li Wing Cheong (“**Mr. Li**”) has been appointed as an executive Director;
- (d) with effect from 1 March 2022, Ms. Tam Mei Chu (“**Ms. Tam**”) has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director;
- (e) with effect from 11 March 2022, Mr. Ho Yuen Tung (“**Mr. Ho**”) has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director; and
- (f) with effect from 28 April 2022, Mr. Cheng Chun Shing (“**Mr. Cheng**”) has been appointed as an executive Director.

Accordingly, Mr. Tau shall retire as an executive Director at the AGM and has indicated that he will not offer himself for re-election at the AGM as he would like to devote more time in his other commitments; and each of Ms. Chan, Mr. Li, Ms. Tam, Mr. Ho and Mr. Cheng shall retire and each of them, being eligible, will offer himself/herself for re-election at the AGM.

Pursuant to Bye-Law 99 of the Bye-Laws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. In addition, the Listing Rules require that every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election. As such, Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny (“**Mr. Choi**”) shall retire at the AGM and he, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at the AGM.

Ms. Chan, Ms. Tam and Mr. Ho, all being independent non-executive Directors, have given to the Company their written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that Ms. Chan, Ms. Tam and Mr. Ho meet the requirements of the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent in accordance with the independence guidelines.

Further particulars of each of the Retiring Directors are set out in Appendix II to this circular.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW BYE-LAWS OF THE COMPANY

The Board proposes to amend the Bye-Laws to be in line with the latest legal and regulatory requirements, including the amendments made to Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules which took effect on 1 January 2022, which have introduced a common set of core shareholder protection standards which shall apply to all listed issuers in Hong Kong. As the Proposed Amendments are rather extensive, the Board proposes to put forward to the Shareholders a special resolution to adopt the New Bye-Laws, with the Proposed Amendments incorporated, in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing Bye-Laws.

The adoption of the New Bye-Laws is subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the AGM and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the AGM.

The Company's legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws and Bermuda laws have respectively confirmed that the Proposed Amendments conform with the requirements of the Listing Rules and the Bermuda laws. The Company also confirms that there is nothing unusual about the Proposed Amendments for a company listed in Hong Kong.

Please refer to Appendix III and Appendix IV to this circular which set out the major areas of the Proposed Amendments and the full text of the New Bye-Laws (marked up to show the changes in the New Bye-Laws compared to the existing Bye-Laws).

The Chinese translation of the New Bye-Laws is for Shareholders' reference only. In case there are any inconsistencies between the English version and its Chinese translation, the English version shall prevail.

AGM AND PROXY ARRANGEMENT

The notice of the AGM is set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular. At the AGM, resolutions will be proposed to approve, inter alia, the grant of the Repurchase Mandate, the General Mandate and the Extension Mandate, the re-election of the Retiring Directors and the proposed adoption of the New Bye-Laws.

A form of proxy for use at the AGM is enclosed with this circular and published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Whether or not you are able to attend the AGM, you are requested to complete the accompanying form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return it to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong by 3:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Wednesday, 15 June 2022 or not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding any adjourned meeting. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjourned meeting should you so wish, and in such case, the form of proxy previously submitted shall be deemed to be revoked. The results of the poll will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company after the AGM pursuant to the Listing Rules.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquires, no Shareholder is required to abstain from voting on the resolutions to be proposed at the AGM under the Listing Rules. All the resolutions put to vote at the AGM will be decided by way of poll as required by the Listing Rules (except where the chairman of the AGM, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of ascertaining the Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 14 June 2022 to Friday, 17 June 2022 (both days inclusive) (Hong Kong time), during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered. In order to be eligible for attending and voting at the AGM, all duly completed share transfer documents, together with the relevant share certificates, must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Monday, 13 June 2022.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This circular, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, the information contained in this circular is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this circular misleading.

RECOMMENDATION

The Directors consider that (i) the grant of the Repurchase Mandate, the General Mandate and the Extension Mandate; (ii) the re-election of the Retiring Directors; and (iii) the proposed adoption of the New Bye-Laws are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors recommend the Shareholders to vote in favour of all the resolutions to be proposed at the AGM.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

GENERAL INFORMATION

Your attention is drawn to the additional information set out in the various appendices.

Yours faithfully
On behalf of the Board
Power Financial Group Limited
Choi Chun Chung, Danny
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

APPENDIX I EXPLANATORY STATEMENT ON THE REPURCHASE MANDATE

The following explanatory statement contains all the information required pursuant to Rule 10.06(1)(b) of the Listing Rules to enable the Shareholders to make an informed decision on whether to vote for or against the resolution to approve the grant of the Repurchase Mandate to the Directors.

1. SHARE CAPITAL

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the issued share capital of the Company comprised 2,783,552,734 Shares. Subject to the passing of resolution numbered 4 approving the Repurchase Mandate as set out in the notice convening the AGM on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular, and assuming that the issued share capital of the Company will not change prior to the AGM, the Company would be allowed under the Repurchase Mandate to repurchase a maximum of 278,355,273 Shares until (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company; or (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws, the Companies Act or any other applicable laws of Bermuda to be held; or (iii) the revocation or variation by ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in general meeting, whichever is the earliest.

2. REASONS FOR REPURCHASES

The Directors believe that it is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole to have a general authority from the Shareholders to enable the Directors to repurchase Shares on the market. Such repurchases may, depending on the market conditions and funding arrangements at the time, lead to an enhancement of the net asset value of the Company and/or its earnings per Share and will only be made when the Directors believe that such repurchases will benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

3. FUNDING OF REPURCHASES

In repurchasing Shares, the Company may only apply funds legally available for such purpose in accordance with its memorandum of association and the Bye-Laws, the Companies Act, the laws of Bermuda and/or any other applicable laws, as the case may be.

The Companies Act provides that a company may only repurchase its own shares out of capital paid up on its shares to be repurchased, or out of funds of the company which would otherwise be available for dividend or distribution or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made by the company for the purpose. Any amount of premium payable on a repurchase over the par value of the shares may only be effected out of either funds of the company that would otherwise be available for dividend or distribution, or out of the company's share premium account. Further, such repurchase may not be made if, on the date on which the repurchase is to be effected, there are reasonable grounds for believing that the company is, or after the repurchase would be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due.

4. IMPACT OF REPURCHASES

Taking into account the current working capital position of the Company, the Directors consider that, if the Repurchase Mandate were to be exercised in full, it might have a material adverse effect on the working capital and/or gearing position of the Company as compared with the position as at 31 December 2021, the date to which the latest audited consolidated financial statements of the Group were made up.

5. SHARE PRICES

In each of the previous 12 months and up to the Latest Practicable Date, the highest and lowest prices at which the Shares were traded on the Stock Exchange are as follows:

Month	Highest <i>HK\$</i>	Lowest <i>HK\$</i>
2021		
May	0.105	0.087
June	0.104	0.090
July	0.115	0.091
August	0.108	0.086
September	0.219	0.098
October	0.205	0.140
November	0.199	0.146
December	0.179	0.154
2022		
January	0.184	0.038
February	0.147	0.122
March	0.155	0.112
April	0.190	0.136
May (up to the Latest Practicable Date)	0.169	0.146

6. DIRECTORS, THEIR CLOSE ASSOCIATES AND CORE CONNECTED PERSONS

None of the Directors nor, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) have any present intention to sell any Shares to the Company or its subsidiaries under the Repurchase Mandate, in the event that the Repurchase Mandate is approved at the AGM by the Shareholders.

No core connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company has notified the Company that he/she/it has a present intention to sell any Shares to the Company and no such person has undertaken not to sell any Shares held by him/her/it to the Company, in the event that the Repurchase Mandate is approved at the AGM by the Shareholders.

7. UNDERTAKING

The Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that, so far as the same may be applicable, they will exercise the power of the Company to make repurchases of the Shares pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate in accordance with the Listing Rules, the applicable laws of Bermuda and the Bye-Laws.

8. TAKEOVERS CODE IMPLICATIONS

If as a result of a share repurchase, a shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting rights of the repurchasing company increases, such increase will be treated as an acquisition of voting rights for the purposes of the Takeovers Code. As a result, a shareholder or a group of shareholders acting in concert could obtain or consolidate control of a repurchasing company and thereby become obliged to make a mandatory offer in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors, the Directors are not aware of any Shareholder or group of Shareholders acting in concert, who may become obliged to make a mandatory offer under Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code as a consequence of any purchases pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate.

In addition, the Directors have no intention to exercise the Repurchase Mandate to such extent that will result in the number of Shares in the hands of the public falling below the prescribed minimum percentage of 25%.

9. GENERAL

In the six months preceding the Latest Practicable Date, the Company had not repurchased any Share on the Stock Exchange or otherwise.

APPENDIX II DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS PROPOSED TO BE RE-ELECTED

The following are the particulars of the Retiring Directors, all of whom will retire at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

1. **Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny (“Mr. Choi”)**

Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny (蔡振忠), aged 60, was appointed as the chairman of the Board and a non-executive Director with effect from 3 November 2017. Mr. Choi was re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 2 January 2019. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company, the chairman of the nomination committee (“**Nomination Committee**”) of the Board and a member of the remuneration committee (“**Remuneration Committee**”) of the Board.

Mr. Choi is currently a Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference member of the Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, PRC, the executive vice president of Guangxi Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce, the permanent chairman of the Federation of HK Guangxi Qinzhou Organizations Limited, the vice-chairman of the Federation of HK Guangxi Community Organizations, the officer of Hong Kong Guangxi Hong Kong East Service Centre, the honorary chairman of Hong Kong Sanshui Association, the honorary chairman of the Yuen Long Sports Association and an Unofficial Member of District Fight Crime Committee (Eastern District).

Mr. Choi has extensive experience in the wholesaling of diamonds and jewellery. He was employed by Wing Hang Company from 1979 to 1990. Wing Hang Company was principally engaged in wholesaling of diamonds and jewellery in Hong Kong. Since 1991, he has been a director of Diamond Outline Limited whose business includes wholesaling of diamonds and jewellery products worldwide.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Choi was interested in, through, Galaxy Journey Limited, a corporation controlled by Mr. Choi, 28,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 1.01% of the issued share capital of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Choi was a director of the following private companies incorporated in Hong Kong, which were dissolved by deregistration under section 751 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or under section 291AA of the then prevailing Companies Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as these companies ceased to carry on business:

Name of company	Nature of business before dissolution	Date of dissolution
Asia Champion Trading Limited	Property investment	18 February 2015
Lily & Co. Jewellery Manufacturer Limited	Jewellery manufacturer	14 October 2011

APPENDIX II DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS PROPOSED TO BE RE-ELECTED

Name of company	Nature of business before dissolution	Date of dissolution
M & D Jewelry (International) Limited	Trading	28 November 2014

As confirmed by Mr. Choi, each of the above companies was dissolved due to cessation of business and was solvent at the time of it being dissolved by deregistration.

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and Mr. Choi, Mr. Choi is appointed for a term of 1 year commencing from 2 January 2022 to 1 January 2023 and his appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules. Mr. Choi is entitled to a monthly director's fee of HK\$1,000,000 which is determined with reference to his background, roles and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

2. Mr. Li Wing Cheong ("Mr. Li")

Mr. Li Wing Cheong (former name: Li Wing Cheong Leonard) (李榮昌), aged 56, was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 31 January 2022.

Mr. Li holds a master degree of Master of Arts in Professional Accounting and Information Systems from the City University of Hong Kong in Hong Kong and a degree of Bachelor of Administrative Studies from York University in Canada.

Mr. Li has over 25 years of work experience in the area of accounting, auditing and loan financing. He joined the Group in June 2021 and served as the vice president of the Company's subsidiaries. He was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 31 January 2022. Before his appointment as an executive Director, he worked in various local securities firms and loan financing companies.

Mr. Li was a director of ABC Marketing Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong which was dissolved by deregistration under section 751 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or under section 291AA of the then prevailing Companies Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as the said company ceased to carry on business.

As confirmed by Mr. Li, ABC Marketing Limited was dissolved due to cessation of business and was solvent at the time of it being dissolved by deregistration.

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and Mr. Li, Mr. Li is appointed for a fixed term from 31 January 2022 to 30 January 2023 and his appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules. Mr. Li is entitled to a monthly director's fee of HK\$45,000 which is determined with reference to his background,

roles and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

3. Mr. Cheng Chun Shing ("Mr. Cheng")

Mr. Cheng Chun Shing (鄭鎮昇), aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director, the chief financial officer of the Company, the company secretary of the Company, an authorised representative of the Company under Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules and the authorised representative of the Company under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), all with effect from 28 April 2022. He joined the Group on 11 April 2022 as financial controller of the Group and is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Cheng has over 24 years of experience in accounting, auditing, corporate financial management and corporate governance. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Cheng served as the company secretary, financial controller and chief financial officer of various listed companies on the Stock Exchange and worked in various international audit firms in Hong Kong.

Mr. Cheng is currently an independent non-executive director of Genes Tech Group Holdings Company Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8257) and an independent non-executive director of China Oriented International Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1871). Mr. Cheng served as the financial controller and company secretary of BeijingWest Industries International Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2339), during the respective period from October 2017 to April 2022 and from March 2018 to April 2022.

Mr. Cheng is a holder of a master's degree in corporate and financial law from the University of Hong Kong, a master's degree in business administration (Executive Master of Business Administration Programme) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a bachelor's degree in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a CFA charterholder, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Mr. Cheng has entered into a letter of appointment in respect of his appointment as an executive Director, the chief financial officer of the Company and the company secretary of the Company with the Group for a fixed term of one year and his appointment as an executive Director is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules. Pursuant to the said letter of appointment, Mr. Cheng is entitled to a director fee of HK\$1,040,000 per annum plus discretionary bonus, which is determined with reference to prevailing market conditions, duties and responsibilities of Mr. Cheng at the Group and the remuneration policy of the Company.

4. Ms. Chan Lai Ping (“Ms. Chan”)

Ms. Chan Lai Ping (陳麗屏), aged 38, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairperson of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee, all with effect from 30 September 2021. Ms. Chan has been re-designated as the chairperson of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 31 December 2021.

Ms. Chan holds a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) (Major in Accounting) from Lingnan University in Hong Kong. She is a registered member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Ms. Chan is the financial controller and company secretary of China Demeter Financial Investments Limited (whose shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 8120) (“**China Demeter**”) since 18 November 2015. Before she joined China Demeter in August 2014, she worked in various local and international audit firms for around eight years.

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and Ms. Chan, Ms. Chan is appointed for one year commencing from 30 September 2021 to 29 September 2022 and her appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules. Ms. Chan is entitled to a monthly director’s fee of HK\$10,000 which is determined with reference to her background, roles and responsibilities, the Company’s remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

5. Ms. Tam Mei Chu (“Ms. Tam”)

Ms. Tam Mei Chu (譚美珠), aged 34, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, all with effect from 1 March 2022.

Ms. Tam holds a Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) in Accounting from the Hong Kong Metropolitan University (formerly known as the Open University of Hong Kong) in Hong Kong. She is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 9 years of experience in auditing and company secretarial services.

Ms. Tam is the company secretary of Link-Asia International MedTech Group Limited, whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1143), since 31 August 2021 and the company secretary of Bortex Global Limited, whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8118), since 1 September 2021.

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and Ms. Tam, Ms. Tam is appointed for a fixed term from 1 March 2022 to 28 February 2023 and her appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules. Ms. Tam is

APPENDIX II DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS PROPOSED TO BE RE-ELECTED

entitled to a monthly director's fee of HK\$10,000 which is determined with reference to her background, roles and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

6. Mr. Ho Yuen Tung ("Mr. Ho")

Mr. Ho Yuen Tung (何遠東), aged 42, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, all with effect from 11 March 2022.

Mr. Ho holds a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting from Hong Kong Baptist University. He is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and has over 16 years of experience in auditing, accounting and financial management in international audit firms and listed company. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Ho is a Vice President, Finance of Apex Ace Holding Company Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6036).

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and Mr. Ho, Mr. Ho is appointed for a fixed term from 11 March 2022 to 10 March 2023 and his appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules. Mr. Ho is entitled to a monthly director's fee of HK\$10,000 which is determined with reference to his background, roles and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

Nomination policy and process for the independent non-executive Directors

The Nomination Committee and the Board have followed the nomination policy adopted by the Company and the board diversity policy adopted by the Company in March 2022 for the re-appointment of Ms. Chan, Ms. Tam and Mr. Ho as independent non-executive Directors. In reviewing the structure of the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board will consider the Board diversity from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional and qualifications, skills, knowledge, length of service and industry and regional experience. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against criteria including talents, skills and experience as may be necessary for the operation of the Board as a whole, with maintaining a view to a sound balance of the Board's composition.

Ms. Chan

Ms. Chan was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 30 September 2021. Ms. Chan has extensive experience in accounting and auditing. In considering the re-election of the Ms. Chan, the Nomination Committee has considered the past performance of Ms. Chan, the independence confirmations pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules being furnished to the Company and the background, skills, knowledge and experience of Ms. Chan

APPENDIX II DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS PROPOSED TO BE RE-ELECTED

having regard to the board diversity policy adopted by the Board. The Nomination Committee considered that the appointment of the Ms. Chan can contribute to the diversity of the Board having regard to her background, skills, knowledge and experience in the area of accounting.

The re-election of Ms. Chan as an independent non-executive Director will continue to further replenish the valuable knowledge of the Board in the area of accounting. As such, the Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of Ms. Chan to the Board for the Board to recommend to the Shareholders for re-election at the AGM. The Board believes her re-election is in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole and therefore she should be re-elected.

Ms. Tam

Ms. Tam was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 March 2022. Ms. Tam has extensive experience in auditing and company secretarial services. In considering the re-election of the Ms. Tam, the Nomination Committee has considered the past performance of Ms. Tam, the independence confirmations pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules being furnished to the Company and the background, skills, knowledge and experience of Ms. Tam having regard to the board diversity policy adopted by the Board. The Nomination Committee considered that the appointment of the Ms. Tam can contribute to the diversity of the Board having regard to her background, skills, knowledge and experience in the area of auditing and company secretarial services.

The re-election of Ms. Tam as an independent non-executive Director will continue to further replenish the valuable knowledge of the Board in the area of auditing and company secretarial services. As such, the Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of Ms. Tam to the Board for the Board to recommend to the Shareholders for re-election at the AGM. The Board believes her re-election is in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole and therefore she should be re-elected.

Mr. Ho

Mr. Ho was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 11 March 2022. Mr. Ho has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and financial management. In considering the re-election of the Mr. Ho, the Nomination Committee has considered the past performance of Mr. Ho, the independence confirmations pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules being furnished to the Company and the background, skills, knowledge and experience of Mr. Ho having regard to the board diversity policy adopted by the Board. The Nomination Committee considered that the appointment of the Mr. Ho can contribute to the diversity of the Board having regard to his background, skills, knowledge and experience in the area of auditing, accounting and financial management.

The re-election of Mr. Ho as an independent non-executive Director will continue to further replenish the valuable knowledge of the Board in the area of auditing, accounting and financial management. As such, the Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of Mr. Ho to the Board for the Board to recommend to the Shareholders for re-election at the AGM. The Board believes his re-election is in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole and therefore he should be re-elected.

GENERAL

As at the Latest Practicable Date, save as disclosed above, (i) each of the Retiring Directors has not held any other major appointments and professional qualifications or any directorships in the last three years in other public companies, the securities of which are listed on any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas; (ii) each of the Retiring Directors did not hold any other positions with the Company or other members of the Group; (iii) each of the Retiring Directors did not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders (having the meaning ascribed to it in the Listing Rules) of the Company; (iv) each of the Retiring Directors did not have any interest and short positions in the shares or underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO; and (v) there was no further information to be disclosed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 13.51(2)(h) to (v) of the Listing Rules nor any other matters that needed to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders in relation to the re-election of each of the Retiring Directors.

APPENDIX III AMENDMENTS BROUGHT ABOUT BY THE NEW BYE-LAWS

The major areas of the Proposed Amendments are set out below:

1. to add or modify the definition of “address”, “announcement”, “Auditor”, “the Board”, “Clearing House”, “close associate”, “Designated Stock Exchange”, “electronic communication”, “electronic means”, “electronic meeting”, “extraordinary resolution”, “full financial statements”, “hybrid meeting”, “Meeting Location”, “Newspapers”, “Notice”, “physical meeting”, “Principal Meeting Place”, “Relevant Territory”, “summarized financial statements” and “writing” or “printing”, and to delete the definition of “associate”, “the Chairman”, and making corresponding changes to the relevant provisions (including the provision providing that a Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any Board resolution approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his close associates is materially interested);
2. to provide that the principal register and branch register of members shall be open to inspection;
3. to provide that any preference share may, subject to the Companies Act and with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that it is liable to be redeemed upon the happening of a specified event or upon a given date and either at the option of the Company or, if so authorised by the memorandum of association of the Company, at the option of the holder;
4. to allow all general meetings (including an annual general meeting, any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting) of the Company to be held as a physical meeting in any part of the world and at one or more locations, or as a hybrid meeting (being a general meeting convened for the (i) physical attendance by members and/or proxies at a or certain physical location and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by members and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities), or as an electronic meeting, as may be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion;
5. to provide that the Board may issue, among others, convertible securities or securities of similar nature on such terms as the Board may from time to time determine;
6. to provide that at an adjourned meeting or postponed meeting of Shareholders to approve variation of class rights, the quorum shall be two Shareholders (whatever the number of Shares held by them);
7. to insert the amount of authorised share capital of the Company at the date the New Bye-Laws come into effect;
8. to provide that, subject to compliance with the Listing Rules and the rules and regulations of any other competent regulatory authority, the Company may give financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company;

APPENDIX III AMENDMENTS BROUGHT ABOUT BY THE NEW BYE-LAWS

9. to delete the provision regarding offer of Shares to existing Shareholders before the Company may issue any new Shares;
10. to empower the Board not to offer the Shares to Shareholders on account either of legal restrictions under the laws of the relevant place or the requirements of the relevant regulatory body or stock exchange in that place based on the legal opinions provided by legal advisers;
11. to provide that the Company must hold an annual general meeting in each financial year and such annual general meeting must be held within six months after the end of the Company's financial year;
12. to elaborate on the procedure for holding special general meeting upon requisition by Shareholders;
13. to provide that an annual general meeting of the Company must be called by notice of not less than twenty-one clear days, while all other general meetings (including a special general meeting) may be called by notice of not less than fourteen clear days but if permitted by the Listing Rules, a general meeting may be called by shorter notice, subject to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda if it is so agreed under the circumstances set out in the New Bye-Laws;
14. to provide that a resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by way of a poll save that chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands;
15. to provide that all Shareholders shall have the right to (i) speak at a general meeting of the Company; and (ii) vote at a general meeting of the Company, except where a Shareholder is required, by the Listing Rules or the rules, codes or regulations of any competent regulatory authority, to abstain from voting to approve the matter under consideration;
16. to provide for the procedures to conduct general meetings of the Company which may be held at one or more locations, or as a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, and the powers of the Board and the chairman of the meeting in relation thereto;
17. to update the provisions regarding appointment of alternate Directors and the rights of alternate Directors;
18. to permit the Directors to attend the general meetings of the Company by way of electronic means;
19. to update the provision regarding rotation of Director so that not less than one-third of the Directors shall retire at each annual general meeting;

APPENDIX III AMENDMENTS BROUGHT ABOUT BY THE NEW BYE-LAWS

20. to update the provision regarding nomination of new Director by Shareholders;
21. to update the provision regarding removal of Director;
22. to remove the requirement of appointment of chairman and deputy chairman of the Company;
23. to permit a Director to give his/her consent to a resolution in writing by any means (including by means of electronic communication);
24. to provide that the Board shall have the power to provide in every notice calling a general meeting the circumstances in which a postponement or change of the relevant general meeting may occur automatically without further notice including, without limitation, where a tropical cyclone warning signal number 8 or above, black rainstorm warning or other similar event is in force at any time prior to or at the time of the general meeting on the day of the general meeting;
25. to provide that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election;
26. to update the provision providing the circumstances under which a Director is not prohibited from voting (or being counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his close associates is materially interested, in accordance with the requirements under Rule 13.44 of the Listing Rules;
27. to provide that the Board may capitalize all or any part of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) for paying up unissued shares to be allotted to employees or trustee in connection with the operation of share incentive scheme or employee benefit scheme or other arrangement that has been adopted or approved by Shareholders;
28. to provide that the Company in general meeting may make distribution to Shareholders out of any contributed surplus (as ascertained in accordance with the Companies Act);
29. to update the provision regarding signing of balance sheet so that any one Director may sign the balance sheet on behalf of the Board;
30. to update the provision regarding sending of summarized financial statement;

APPENDIX III AMENDMENTS BROUGHT ABOUT BY THE NEW BYE-LAWS

31. to clarify that (i) the appointment of the auditor of the Company shall be by way of an ordinary resolution and (ii) the remuneration of the auditor of the Company shall be fixed by ordinary resolution;
32. to provide that the Shareholders may approve the removal of the auditor of the Company at any time before the expiration of his term of office by way of an extraordinary resolution (i.e. a resolution which has been passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by the shareholders permitted to vote on such resolution);
33. to update the provision regarding the appointment of the auditor of the Company to fill any casual vacancy in the office of the auditor of the Company to include in the event that Shareholders have failed to appoint or re-appoint the auditor;
34. to provide that the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by ordinary resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up; and
35. to update and tidy up definitions and other references, and to make consequential amendments in line with the above amendments and other house-keeping amendments.

AMENDED AND RESTATED NEW-BYE-LAWS

OF

POWER FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

權威金融集團有限公司

(Adopted by a special resolution passed at an annual general meeting held on [•] 2022)

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NEWAMENDED AND RESTATED BYE-LAWS

OF

POWER FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

權威金融集團有限公司(Adopted by a special resolution passed at an annual general meeting held on [•] 2022)

PRELIMINARY

1. (A) The marginal notes to these Bye-Laws shall not be deemed to be part of these Bye-Laws and shall not affect their interpretation and, in the interpretation of these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:

Marginal
Notes

“address” shall have the ordinary meaning given to it and shall include any facsimile number, electronic number or address or website used for the purposes of any communication pursuant to these Bye-Laws;

Definitions

~~“appointed newspaper” shall have the meaning as defined in the Companies Act;~~

Definitions

~~“associate(s)”, in relation to any Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder, shall have the meaning assigned to it by the Listing Rules from time to time;~~

“announcement” shall mean an official publication of a Notice or document of the Company, including a publication, subject to and to such extent permitted by the Listing Rules, by electronic communication or by advertisement published in the newspapers or in such manner or means ascribed and permitted by the Listing Rules and applicable laws;

“appointed newspaper” shall have the meaning as defined in the Companies Act;

Definitions

~~“AuditorsAuditor” shall mean the personsperson for the time being performing the duties of that office;~~

“Bermuda” shall mean the Islands of Bermuda;

“the Board” shall mean the ~~Directors~~board of Directors as constituted from time to time of the Company or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present and voting at a meeting of the Directors; at which a quorum is present;

“these Bye-Laws” or “these presents” shall mean these Bye-Laws in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted Bye-Laws for the time being in force;

“call” shall include any instalment of a call;

“capital” shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company;

~~“the Chairman” shall mean the Chairman presiding at any meeting of members or of the Board;~~

~~“Clearing House” shall mean a recognised clearing house within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as from time to time supplemented, amended, substituted or replaced or a clearing house or authorised shares depository recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the Shares of the Company are listed or quoted on a stock exchange in such jurisdiction~~the Designated Stock Exchange;

“close associate” in relation to any Director, shall have the same meaning as defined in the Listing Rules as modified from time to time, except that for purposes of Bye-Law 98(H) where the transaction or arrangement to be approved by the Board is a connected transaction referred to in the Listing Rules, it shall have the same meaning as that ascribed to “associate” in the Listing Rules;

“the Company” or “this Company” shall mean Power Financial Group Limited incorporated in Bermuda on the 4th May, 1992;

“the Companies Act” shall mean the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as may from time to time be amended;

“Companies Ordinance” shall mean the Companies Ordinance (Chapter ~~326~~22 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as from time to time supplemented, amended, substituted or replaced;

“debenture” and “debenture holder” shall respectively include “debenture stock” and “debenture stockholder”;

“Designated Stock Exchange” shall mean a stock exchange ~~in respect of the~~which is an appointed stock exchange for the purposes of the Companies Act in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted and where such appointed stock exchange deems such listing or quotation to be the primary listing or quotation of the shares of the Company;

“Director” shall mean a director of the Company;

“dividend” shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not inconsistent with the subject or context;

“electronic communication” shall mean a communication sent, transmitted, conveyed and received by wire, by radio, by optical means or by other similar means in any form through any medium;

“electronic means” shall include sending or otherwise making available to the intended recipients of the communication an electronic communication;

“electronic meeting” shall mean a general meeting held and conducted wholly and exclusively by virtual attendance and participation by members and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities;

“extraordinary resolution” shall mean a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given;

“full financial statements” shall mean the financial statements that are required under section 87(1) of the Companies Act as may be amended from time to time;

“Head Office” shall mean such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company;

“Hong Kong” shall mean the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China;

“HK\$” shall mean Hong Kong dollars or other lawful currency of Hong Kong;

“holding company” and “subsidiary” shall have the meanings ascribed to them by the Companies Act;

“hybrid meeting” shall mean a general meeting convened for the (i) physical attendance by members and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by members and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities;

“Listing Rules” shall mean the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on ~~t~~The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (as amended from time to time);

“Meeting Location” shall have the meaning given to it in Bye-Law 69A;

“member” shall mean the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company;

“month” shall mean a calendar month;

“Newspapers”, in relation to the publication in newspapers of any notice, shall mean in English in one leading English language daily newspaper and in Chinese in one leading Chinese language daily newspaper published and circulating generally in the Relevant Territory and specified for this purpose by the ~~stock exchange in the Relevant Territory~~; Designated Stock Exchange (if applicable);

“Notice” shall mean written notice unless otherwise specifically stated and as further defined in these Bye-Laws;

“paid up” in relation to a share, shall mean paid up or credited as paid up;

“physical meeting” shall mean a general meeting held and conducted by physical attendance and participation by members and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and/or where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations;

“Principal Meeting Place” shall have the meaning given to it in Bye-Law 63;

“the Principal Register” shall mean the register of members of the Company maintained in Bermuda;

“the register” shall mean the Principal Register and any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes;

“Registered Office” shall mean the registered office of the Company for the time being;

“Registration Office” shall mean in respect of any class of share capital, such place or places in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere where the Directors from time to time determine to keep a branch register of members in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Directors otherwise agree) transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered;

“Relevant Territory” shall mean Hong Kong or such other territory as the Directors may from time to time decide if the issued ordinary share capital of the Company is listed on a ~~stock exchange in such territory~~Designated Stock Exchange;

“Seal” shall mean any one or more common seals from time to time of the Company for use in Bermuda or in any place outside Bermuda;

“Secretary” shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing the duties of that office;

“Securities Seal” shall mean a seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company which is a facsimile of the Seal of the Company with the addition on its face of the words “Securities Seal”;

“share” shall mean share in the capital of the Company;

“Statutes” shall mean the Companies Act and every other act (as amended from time to time) for the time being in force of the Legislature of ~~the Islands of Bermuda~~ applying to or affecting the Company, the Memorandum of Association and/or these presents;

“summarized financial statements” shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the section 87A(3) of the Companies Act as may be amended from time to time;

~~“Summary Financial Report” shall mean the summary financial report which is derived from and summarises the complete annual Directors’ report and the Auditors’ report and as defined in the Companies Ordinance;~~

“Transfer Office” shall mean the place where the Principal Register is situate for the time being: ~~and;~~

“writing” or “printing” shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form or, to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Statutes and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, any visible substitute for writing (including an electronic communication), or modes of representing or reproducing words partly in one visible form and partly in another visible form, and including where the representation takes the form of electronic display, provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or Notice and the member’s election comply with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations.

- (B) In these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent herewith:

General

words denoting the singular shall include the plural and words denoting the plural shall include the singular;

words importing any gender shall include every gender and words importing persons shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations;

subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Companies Act (except any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Bye-Laws become binding on the Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same meaning in these Bye-Laws, save that “company” shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere;

references to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;~~and~~

references to a document (including, but without limitation, a resolution in writing) being signed or executed include references to it being signed or executed under hand or under Seal or by electronic signature or by electronic communication or by any other method and references to a Notice or document include a Notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not;

expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears be construed as including printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing words or figures in a visible form, and including without limitation where the representation takes the form of electronic display, provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or notice and any requisite member’s election comply with any applicable statutes, rules and/or regulations;

references to a meeting shall mean a meeting convened and held in any manner permitted by these Bye-Laws and any member or Director attending and participating at a meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be deemed to be present at that meeting for all purposes of the Statutes and these Bye-Laws, and attend, participate, attending, participating, attendance and participation shall be construed accordingly;

references to a person’s participation in the business of a general meeting include without limitation and as relevant the right to speak or communicate, vote, be represented by a proxy and have access in hard copy or electronic form to all documents which are required by the Statutes and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations or these Bye-Laws to be made available at the meeting, and participate and participating in the business of a general meeting shall be construed accordingly;

references to electronic facilities include, without limitation, online platform(s), website addresses, webinars, webcast, video or any form of conference call systems (telephone, video, web or otherwise); and

where a member is a corporation, any reference in these Bye-Laws to a member shall, where the context requires, refer to a duly authorised representative of such member.

- (C) A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, ~~in the cases of members which are corporations, by their respective duly authorized representatives or,~~ where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which ~~not less than 21 days' notice~~ Notice, specifying (without prejudice to the power contained in these presents to amend the same) the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution, has been duly given. Special Resolution

- (D) A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, ~~in the case of any member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative or,~~ where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting held in accordance with these presents and of which ~~not less than 14 days' notice has been duly given. Provided that, if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at any such meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a Special Resolution at a meeting of which less than 21 days' notice has been given.~~ Notice has been duly given. Ordinary Resolution

- (E) Save where a general meeting is required by the Companies Act, a resolution in writing signed (in such manner as to indicate, expressly or impliedly, unconditional approval) by or on behalf of all persons for the time being entitled to receive ~~n~~ Notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company shall, for the purposes of these Bye-Laws, be treated as an Ordinary ~~resolution~~ Resolution duly passed at a general meeting of the Company and, where relevant, as a Special Resolution so passed. Any such resolution shall be deemed to have been passed at a meeting held on the date on which it was signed by the last member to sign, and where the resolution states a date as being the date of his signature thereof by any member the statement shall be prima facie evidence that it was signed by him on that date. Such a resolution may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more relevant members. Written Resolutions of Members

- (F) A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Bye-Laws or the Statutes. Special Resolution effective as Ordinary Resolution

- Appendix 3, para 16 2. Without prejudice to any other requirements of the Statutes, a Special Resolution shall be required to alter the Memorandum of Association, to approve any amendment of these presents or to change the name of the Company. When Special Resolution is required

SHARES, WARRANTS AND MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

- 3. Without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attaching to any shares or any class of shares, any share may be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard Issue of shares

to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination or so far as the same may not make specific provision, as the Board may determine) and any preference share may, subject to the Companies Act and with the sanction of a ~~Special~~ Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that it is liable to be redeemed upon the happening of a specified event or upon a given date and either at the option of the Company or, if so authorised by the Memorandum of Association of the Company, at the option of the holder.

4. The Board may, ~~subject to the approval by the members in general meeting,~~ issue warrants Warrants
or convertible securities or securities of similar nature conferring the right upon the holders thereof to subscribe for any class of shares or securities in the share capital of the Company on such terms as the Board may from time to time determine. ~~Where warrants are issued to bearer, no certificate thereof shall be issued to replace one that has been lost unless the Board is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original certificate thereof has been destroyed and the Company has received an indemnity in such form as the Board shall think fit with regard to the issue of any such replacement certificate.~~

Appendix 3,
para 15

5. (A) For the purposes of Section 47 of the Companies Act, if at any time the capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum (other than at an adjourned meeting or a postponed meeting) shall be ~~not less than two~~ persons holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class; and ~~that at any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting of such holders, two holders present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by them) shall be a quorum and every holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll~~ shall be entitled to one vote for every such share held by him.
- (B) The provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the rights whereof are to be varied or abrogated.
- (C) The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to ~~or~~ the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

How rights
of shares
may be
modified

SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

6. (A) The authorised share capital of the Company at the date on which these Bye-Laws come into effect is HK\$300,000,000 divided into 30,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.

6. (AB) Subject to the Statutes, the power contained in the Memorandum of Association for the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its shares shall be exercisable by the Board upon such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.

Company to purchase its own shares

~~(BC) Subject, where applicable, to the rules of any relevant stock exchange, the Company may in accordance with an employees' share scheme approved by the members in general meeting provide money on such terms as the Board thinks fit for the acquisition of fully or partly paid shares in the Company or its holding company. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, an employees' share scheme is a scheme for encouraging or facilitating the holding of shares or debentures in the Company by or for the benefit of bona fide employees or former employees (including, notwithstanding Section 96 of the Companies Act, any such bona fide employee or former employee who is or was also a director) of the Company, the Company's subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company, or the wives, husbands, widows, widowers or children or step-children under the age of twenty-one of such employees or former employees. Subject to compliance with the Listing Rules and the rules and regulations of any other competent regulatory authority, the Company may give financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company.~~

Company to finance acquisition of own shares

~~(CD) [Reserved] Subject, where applicable, to the rules of any relevant stock exchange, the Company, the Company's subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company may make loans to persons (including, notwithstanding Section 96 of the Companies Act, any such bona fide employee or former employee who is or was also a director) employed in good faith by the Company with a view to enabling those persons to acquire fully or partly paid shares in the Company or its holding company to be held by them by way of beneficial ownership.~~

~~(DE) [Reserved] The conditions subject to which money and loans are provided under paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Bye-Law may include a provision to the effect that when an employee ceases to be employed by the Company, the shares acquired with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company on such terms as the Board thinks fit.~~

7. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, whether or not all the shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued and whether or not all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully paid up, by Ordinary Resolution increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be

Power to increase capital

divided into shares of such class or classes and of such amounts in Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars or such other currency as the members may think fit and as the resolution may prescribe.

8. Any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights, privileges or restrictions annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given, subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws, as the Board shall determine; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special right or without any right of voting. On what conditions new shares may be issued

9. ~~[Reserved]The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, and either at par or at a premium, to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of such shares, but in default of any such determination or so far as the same shall not extend, such shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the same.~~ When to be offered to existing members

10. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Bye-Laws, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Bye-Laws with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise. New shares to form part of original capital

11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Board and it may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as it in its absolute discretion thinks fit, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount: to their nominal value. The Directors shall, as regards any offer or allotment of shares, comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, if and so far as such provisions may be applicable thereto. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such offer, option or shares to members or others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable. Members or that based on legal opinions provided by legal advisers, the Board considers it necessary or expedient not to offer the shares to such members on account either of legal restrictions under the laws of the relevant place or the requirements of the relevant regulatory body or stock exchange in that place. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of members for any purpose whatsoever. Shares at the disposal of the Board

12. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that the conditions and requirements of the Companies Act shall be observed and complied with, and in each case the commission shall not exceed ten per cent. of the price at which the shares are issued.
13. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Bye-Laws or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and, except as aforesaid, the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other right or claim to or in respect of any shares except an absolute right to the entirety thereof of the registered holder.

Company
may pay
commission

Company not
to ~~recognise~~
recognize
trusts in
respect of
shares

REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 14 (A) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of the members and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Companies Act.

Share
register

Appendix 3,
para 20

- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a local or branch register at such location outside Bermuda as the Board thinks fit and, while the issued share capital of the Company is, with the consent of the Board, listed on ~~any stock exchange in Hong Kong~~, the Company shall keep a branch register in Hong Kong the Designated Stock Exchange, the Company shall keep a branch register in the Relevant Territory. The Principal Register and branch register of members, as the case may be, shall be open to inspection between 10 a.m. and 12 noon during business hours by members of the public without charge at the Registered Office or such other place at which the Principal Register is kept in accordance with the Companies Act. The Principal Register including any overseas or local or other branch register of members may, after Notice has been given by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and where applicable, any other newspapers in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules or by any means (electronic means or otherwise) in such manner as may be accepted by the Listing Rules to that effect, be closed for inspection at such times or for such periods not exceeding in the whole thirty (30) days in each year as the Board may determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares.

Local or
branch
register

15. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or ~~lodgment~~lodgement of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide or, such shorter period as the Designated Stock Exchange may from time to time prescribe) one certificate for all his shares, or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming ~~a stock exchange~~the Designated Stock Exchange board lot for the purposes of the ~~stock exchange on which the~~

Share
Certificates
certificates

~~shares are listed~~ Designated Stock Exchange, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, of such sum (not exceeding ~~the maximum fees prescribed by in the case of any share capital listed on the rules, regulations,~~ Designated Stock Exchange, HK\$2.50 or ~~codes of the stock exchanges~~ such other sum as the Designated Stock Exchange may from time to time permit, ~~and in the Relevant Territory from time to time, or in the absence~~ case of such maximum prescribed fees any other shares, such fee ~~sum in such currency~~ as the Board may from time to time determine ~~to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine~~) for every certificate after the first as the Board may from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in ~~stock exchange~~ the Designated Stock Exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue a certificate or certificates to each such person, and the issue and delivery of a certificate or certificates to one of the joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

16. Every certificate for shares, warrants or debentures or representing any other form of securities of the Company shall be issued under the Seal of the Company, which for this purpose may be a Securities Seal. Share certificates to be sealed
17. Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe. A share certificate shall relate to only one class of shares. Share certificate to specify number and class of shares
18. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share. Joint holders
- (B) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of ~~notice~~ Notice and, subject to the provisions of these Bye-Laws, all or any other matter connected with the Company, except the transfer of the shares.
19. If a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such fee, if any, (not exceeding, in the maximum fees prescribed by ~~case of any share capital listed on the rules, regulations,~~ Designated Stock Exchange, HK\$2.50 or ~~codes of the stock exchanges~~ such other sum as the Designated Stock Exchange may from time to time permit, ~~and, in the Relevant Territory from time to time, or in the absence~~ case of such maximum prescribed fees any other capital, such fee ~~sum in such currency~~ as the Board may from time to time determine ~~to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine~~) as the Board shall from time to time determine and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of ~~notices~~ Notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear Replacement of share certificates

and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity.

LIEN

20. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien and charge on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such members or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after ~~notice~~Notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Bye-Law. Company's
lien
21. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a ~~notice in writing~~Notice, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving ~~notice~~Notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been given to the registered holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled to the shares by reason of such holder's death, bankruptcy or winding-up ~~to the shares~~. Sale of
shares
subject to
lien
22. The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in relating to the sale. Application
of proceeds
of sale

CALLS ON SHARES

- | | |
|---|--|
| 23. The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of shares or by way of premiums <u>premium</u>) and not by the conditions of <u>issue</u> or allotment thereof made payable at a fixed time. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments. | Calls/
instalments |
| 24. Fourteen days' notice <u>Notice</u> at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid. | Notice of
call |
| 25. A copy of the notice <u>Notice</u> referred to in Bye-Law 24 shall be sent to members in the manner in which notices <u>Notices</u> may be sent to members by the Company as herein provided. | Copy of
notice <u>Notice</u>
to be sent to
members |
| 26. In addition to the giving of notice <u>Notice</u> in accordance with Bye-Law 25, notice <u>Notice</u> of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may be given to the members by notice <u>Notice</u> to be inserted <u>published</u> at least once in the Newspapers. | Notice of
call may be
given |
| 27. Every member upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint. | Time and
place for
payment of
call |
| 28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed. | When call
deemed to
have been
made |
| 29. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other moneys due in respect thereof. | Liability of
joint holders |
| 30. The Board may from time to time at its discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may extend such time as regards all or any of the members whom due to residence outside the Relevant Territory or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour. | Board may
extend time
fixed for call |
| 31. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalments is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part. | Interest on
unpaid calls |
| 32. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote (save as proxy for another member) at any general meeting, either personally, or (save as proxy for another member) by proxy, or be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other | Suspension
of privileges
while call
unpaid |

privilege as a member until all calls or instalments due from him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.

33. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; that the resolution of the Board making the call has been duly recorded in the minute book of the Board; and that ~~notice~~Notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Bye-Laws; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Board who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Evidence in action for call

34. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share and/or by way of premium, shall for all purposes of these Bye-Laws be deemed to be a call duly made, notified, and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Bye-Laws as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. The Board may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment.

Sums payable on allotment deemed a call Shares may be issued subject to different conditions as to calls, etc.

35. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or instalments payable upon any shares held by him, and in respect of all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide but a payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend subsequently declared or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the share or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member not less than one month's ~~notice in writing~~Notice of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such ~~notice~~Notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

Payment of calls in advance

TRANSFER OF SHARES

36. Subject to the Companies Act, all transfers of shares may be effected in any manner prescribed by and in accordance with the Listing Rules or by transfer in writing in the usual or common form or in such other form as the Board may accept and may be under hand or by means of mechanically imprinted signatures or such other manner as the Board may from time to time approve~~provided, however, that for the purpose of this Bye-law, the Board may, on such conditions as the Board may think fit, accept the machine imprinted, mechanically produced or other forms of signatures of the transferor of the transferee as the valid signatures of the transferor or the transferee.~~

Form of transfer

37. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case in which it thinks fit, in its absolute discretion, to do so. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Without prejudice to Bye-Law 36, the Board may resolve, either generally or in a particular case, upon request by either the transferor or transferee which is a Clearing House or its nominee(s), to accept machine imprinted signatures on the instrument of transfer. Nothing in these Bye-Laws shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.
38. (A) The Board may, in its absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time transfer any share upon the Principal Register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the Principal Register or any other branch register.
- (B) Unless the Board otherwise agrees (which agreement may be on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board in its absolute discretion may from time to time stipulate, and which agreement it shall, without giving any reason therefor, be entitled in its absolute discretion to give or withhold) no shares on the Principal Register shall be transferred to any branch register nor shall shares on any branch register be transferred to the Principal Register or any other branch register and all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration, and registered, in the case of any shares on a branch register, at the relevant Registration Office, and, in the case of any shares on the Principal Register, at the Transfer Office. Unless the Board otherwise agrees, all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration with, and registered at, the relevant Registration Office.
- (C) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Bye-Law, the Company shall as soon as practicable and on a regular basis record in the Principal Register all ~~transfers of shares effected~~ entries or alterations made on any branch register and shall at all times maintain the Principal Register in all respects in accordance with the Companies Act.
39. The Board may, in its absolute discretion, and without assigning any reason, refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share option scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register a transfer of any share (whether fully paid up or not) to more than four joint holders or a transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.

Execution of
transfer

Shares
registered on
principal
register,
branch
register, etc.

Board may
refuse to
register a
transfer

40. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-
- Requirements
as to transfer
- (i) such sum, if any, (not exceeding, ~~in the maximum fees prescribed by case of any share capital listed on the rules, regulations~~ Designated Stock Exchange, HK\$2.50 or codes of the stock exchanges such other sum as the Designated Stock Exchange may from time to time permit, and, in the Relevant Territory from time to time, or in the absence ~~case of such maximum prescribed fee~~ any other capital, such fee ~~sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine~~) as the Board shall from time to time determine is paid to the Company) in respect thereof has been paid;
 - (ii) the instrument of transfer is lodged at the relevant Registration Office or, as the case may be, the Transfer Office accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do);
 - (iii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share;
 - (iv) the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company;
 - (v) if applicable, the instrument of transfer is properly stamped; and
 - (vi) where applicable, the permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority with respect thereto has been obtained.
41. No transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) shall be made to an infant or to a person of unsound mind or under other legal disability.
- No transfer
to an infant
42. If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to each of the transferor and the transferee ~~notice~~ Notice of such refusal.
- Notice of
refusal
43. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued without charge to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the instrument of transfer.
- Certificate to
be given up
on transfer
44. The registration of transfers ~~may be suspended and the register closed on giving notice of~~ shares or of any class of shares may, after Notice has been given by announcement or by electronic communication or by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and in the Newspapers any newspaper or by any other means in accordance with the requirements of
- When
transfer
books and
register may
be closed

~~any Designated Stock Exchange or by any means (electronic or otherwise) in such manner as may be accepted by the Designated Stock Exchange to that effect be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding in the whole thirty (30) days in any year) as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.~~

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

45. In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him. Deaths of registered holder or joint holder of shares
46. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof. Registration of personal representatives and trustees in bankruptcy
47. If the person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Bye-Law 46 shall elect to be registered himself, as the holder of such share he shall deliver or send to the Company a ~~notice in writing~~ Notice signed by him at (unless the Board otherwise agrees) the Registration Office, stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of such shares to his nominee. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such ~~notice~~ Notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the member had not occurred and the ~~notice~~ Notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member. Notice of election to be registered and registration of nominee
48. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if it thinks fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Bye-Law 77 being met, such a person may vote at general meetings of the Company. Retention of dividends, etc. until transfer or transmission of shares of a deceased or bankrupt member

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

49. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Bye-Law 32, serve a If call or instalment not paid ~~notice~~ Notice may be given

~~notice~~Notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may thereafter accrue up to the date of actual payment.

50. The ~~notice~~Notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the ~~notice~~Notice) on or before which the payment required by the ~~notice~~Notice is to be made, and it shall also name the place where payment is to be made, such place being either the Registered Office or a Registration Office. The ~~notice~~Notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited. Content of ~~notice~~Notice of call
51. If the requirements of any such ~~notice~~Notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the ~~notice~~Notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the ~~notice~~Notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Bye-Laws to forfeiture shall include surrender. If ~~notice~~Notice not complied with shares may be forfeited
52. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit. Forfeited shares to become property of Company
53. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the forfeited shares, together with (if the Board shall in its discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until the date of actual payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Bye-Law any sum which by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall notwithstanding that such time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment. Arrears to be paid notwithstanding forfeiture
54. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited or surrendered on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the Evidence of forfeiture and transfer of forfeited share

consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

- 55. When any share shall have been forfeited, ~~notice~~Notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such ~~notice~~Notice or make any such entry. Notice after forfeiture

- 56. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture on such terms as the Board thinks fit or permit the shares so forfeited to be bought back or redeemed upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the shares, and upon such further terms (if any) as it thinks fit. Power to redeem forfeited shares

- 57. The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already made or instalment payment thereon. Forfeiture not to prejudice Company's right to call or instalment payment

- 58. (A) The provisions of these Bye-Laws as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. Forfeiture for non-payment of any sum due on shares

- (B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares the member shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited and in any event the certificates representing shares so forfeited shall be void and of no further effect.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 59. (A) The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:- Increase in capital, consolidation and division of capital and sub-division, cancellation of shares and re-denomination etc.
 - (i) increase its capital as provided by Bye-Law 7;
 - (ii) consolidate or divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares; and on any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise as it thinks expedient and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) may as between the holders of shares to be consolidated determine which particular shares are to be consolidated into a consolidated share, and if it

shall happen that any person shall become entitled to fractions of a consolidated share or shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose and the person so appointed may transfer the shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction or fractions of a consolidated share or shares rateably in accordance with their rights and interest or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit;

- (iii) divide its shares into several classes and attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions;
- (iv) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Companies Act, and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares;
- (v) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled;
- (vi) make provision for the issue and allotment of shares which do not carry any voting rights; and
- (vii) change the currency denomination of its share capital.

- (B) The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution, subject to any confirmation or consent required by law, reduce its issued share capital, ~~any capital redemption reserve fund or or, save for the use of share premium as expressly permitted by the Companies Act,~~ any share premium account or other undistributable reserve ~~in any manner authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law.~~

Reduction of capital

GENERAL MEETINGS

- Appendix 3, para 14(1) 60. ~~The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its~~ Subject to the Companies Act, an annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that of the Company shall be held in each financial year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting must be held within six (6) months after the end of the Company and that of's financial year (unless a longer period would not infringe the next. The annual general

When annual general meeting to be held

~~meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board and Listing Rules, if any) at such time and place as may be determined by the Board shall appoint. A meeting of the members or any class thereof may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as to permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board.~~

61. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called special general meetings. All general meetings (including an annual general meeting, any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting) may be held in such manner either: (a) as a physical meeting in any part of the world and at one or more locations as provided in Bye-Law 69A, or (b) as a hybrid meeting, or (c) as an electronic meeting, as may be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion.

Special
general
meeting

Appendix 3,
para 14(5)

62. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting, and members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held in the form of a physical meeting only within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be the Principal Meeting Place in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act~~special general meetings shall also be convened on requisition, as provided by the Companies Act, and, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists.~~

Convening of
special
general
meeting

Appendix 3,
para 14(2)

63. An annual general meeting ~~and a meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution~~ shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' n~~Notice in writing~~, and a~~all other general meetings~~ of the Company (including a special general meeting) ~~other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of a Special Resolution~~ shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' Notice~~notice in writing~~. The ~~n~~Notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, ~~and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business,~~ and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such ~~notices~~Notices from the Company, provided that, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye-Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:-

Notice of
meetings

(i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five per cent. ~~in nominal value of the shares giving that right~~ of the total voting rights at the meeting of all the members.

The Notice shall specify (a) the time and date of the meeting, (b) save for an electronic meeting, the place of the meeting and if there is more than one meeting location as determined by the Board pursuant to Bye-Law 69A, the principal place of the meeting (the “Principal Meeting Place”), (c) if the general meeting is to be a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, the Notice shall include a statement to that effect and with details of the electronic facilities for attendance and participation by electronic means at the meeting (which electronic platform may vary from time to time and from meeting to meeting as the Board, in its sole discretion, may see fit) or where such details will be made available by the Company prior to the meeting, and (d) particulars of resolutions to be considered at the meeting. The Notice convening an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such. Notice of every general meeting shall be given to all members other than to such members as, under the provisions of these Bye-Laws or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such Notices from the Company, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a member and to each of the Directors and the Auditor.

64. (A) The accidental omission to give any ~~notice~~Notice to, or the non-receipt of any ~~notice~~Notice by, any person entitled to receive ~~notice~~Notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceedings at any such meeting.
- (B) In the case where instruments of proxy are sent out with any ~~notice~~Notice, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive ~~notice~~Notice of the relevant meeting shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

Omission to give ~~notice~~Notice

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

65. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and ~~Auditor~~the Auditor and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of Directors and appointment of ~~Auditor~~the Auditor and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the ~~Auditors~~Auditor, and the voting of ordinary or extra or special remuneration to the Directors.
66. ~~For all purposes~~No business other than the quorum for appointment of a general chairman of a meeting shall be two members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and entitled to vote. No

Special business, business of annual general meeting

Quorum

~~business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite a quorum shall be~~ present at the commencement of the meeting business. Two (2) members entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy or, for quorum purposes only, two persons appointed by the Clearing House as authorised representatives or proxies shall form a quorum for all purposes.

67. ~~If within fifteen~~ thirty (30) minutes from ~~(or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the chairman of the meeting may determine to wait) after the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon~~ on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at the same time and (where applicable) same place(s) or to such time and (where applicable) such place(s) and in such form and manner referred to in Bye-Law 61 as shall be decided by the chairman of the meeting (or in default, the Board) may absolutely determine. If at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.

When if quorum not present meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned

68. ~~The Chairman (if any) chairman of the Board or, if he is absent Company or if there is more than one chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or declines to take the chair at failing such meeting, the Deputy Chairman (if agreement, any) one of them elected by all the Directors present shall take the chair~~ preside as chairman at every a general meeting, or, if there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or, if. If at any general meeting neither no chairman of such Chairman or Deputy Chairman the Company is present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, the meeting, or is willing to act as chairman of the meeting, the deputy chairman of the Company or if there is more than one deputy chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them elected by all the Directors present shall preside as chairman of the meeting. If no chairman or deputy chairman of the Company is present or both such persons decline is willing to take act as chairman of the chair at such meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number as Chairman, and to act, or if one Director only is present he shall preside as chairman of the meeting if willing to act. If no Director is present, or if each of the Directors present declines to take the chair, or if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if the Chairman the chairman of the meeting chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall choose elect one of their number to be Chairman chairman of the meeting.

Chairman of general meeting

69. ~~Subject to Bye-Law 69C, The Chairman of the meeting may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn any the meeting from time to time (or indefinitely) and/or from place to place(s) and/or from one form to another (physical meeting, hybrid meeting or electronic meeting) as the meeting shall determine. Whenever, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen (14) days or meeting more, at least seven (7) clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour~~ Notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in

Power to adjourn general meeting, business of adjourned

~~the case of an original meeting specifying the details set out in Bye-Law 63 but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice~~ Notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. ~~Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or and the general nature of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. No business. Save as aforesaid, it shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the unnecessary to give Notice of an adjournment took place.~~

69A.(1) The Board may, at its absolute discretion, arrange for persons entitled to attend a general meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance and participation by means of electronic facilities at such location or locations (the “Meeting Location(s)”). Any member or any proxy attending and participating in such way or any member participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities is deemed to be present at and shall be counted in the quorum of the meeting.

Electronic
meeting

(2) All general meetings are subject to the following:

- (a) where a member is attending a Meeting Location and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, the meeting shall be treated as having commenced if it has commenced at the Principal Meeting Place;
- (b) members present in person or by proxy at a Meeting Location and/or members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be counted in the quorum for and entitled to vote at the meeting in question, and that meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate electronic facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that members at all Meeting Locations and members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities are able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;
- (c) where members attend a meeting by being present at one of the Meeting Locations and/or where members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities, a failure (for any reason) of the electronic facilities or communication equipment, or any other failure in the arrangements for enabling those in a Meeting Location other than the Principal Meeting Place to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened or in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, the inability of one or more members or proxies to access, or continue to access, the electronic facilities despite adequate electronic facilities having been made available by the Company, shall not affect the validity of the meeting or the resolutions passed, or any business conducted there or any action taken pursuant to such business provided that there is a quorum present throughout the meeting; and

(d) if any of the Meeting Locations is outside the jurisdiction of the Principal Meeting Place and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, unless otherwise stated in the Notice, the provisions of these Bye-Laws concerning the service and giving of Notice for the meeting, and the time for lodging proxies, shall apply by reference to the Principal Meeting Place; and in the case of an electronic meeting, the time for lodging proxies shall be as stated in the Notice for the meeting.

69B. The Board and/or, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may from time to time make arrangements for managing attendance and/or participation and/or voting at the Principal Meeting Place and/or any Meeting Location(s) and/or participation and/or voting in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities (whether involving the issue of tickets or some other means of identification, passcode, seat reservation, electronic voting or otherwise) as it shall in its absolute discretion consider appropriate, and may from time to time change any such arrangements, provided that a member who, pursuant to such arrangements, is not entitled to attend, in person or by proxy, at any Meeting Location shall be entitled so to attend at one of the other Meeting Locations or through electronic facilities; and the entitlement of any member so to attend the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at such Meeting Location(s) or through electronic facilities shall be subject to any such arrangement as may be for the time being in force and by the Notice of meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting stated to apply to the meeting.

69C. If it appears to the chairman of the general meeting that:

- (a) the electronic facilities at the Principal Meeting Place or at such other Meeting Location(s) at which the meeting may be attended have become inadequate for the purposes referred to in Bye-Law 69A(1) or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the Notice of the meeting; or
- (b) in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, electronic facilities being made available by the Company have become inadequate; or
- (c) it is not possible to ascertain the view of those present or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate and/or vote at the meeting; or
- (d) there is violence or the threat of violence, unruly behaviour or other disruption occurring at the meeting or it is not possible to secure the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting.

then, without prejudice to any other power which the chairman of the meeting may have under these Bye-Laws or at common law, the chairman of the meeting may, at his absolute discretion, without the consent of the meeting, and before or after the meeting has started and irrespective of whether a quorum is present, interrupt or adjourn the meeting (including adjournment for indefinite period). All business conducted at the meeting up to the time of such adjournment shall be valid.

69D. The Board and, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may make any arrangement and impose any requirement or restriction the Board or the chairman of the meeting, as the case may be, considers appropriate to ensure the security and orderly conduct of a meeting (including, without limitation, requirements for evidence of identity to be produced by those attending the meeting, the searching of their personal property and the restriction of items that may be taken into the meeting place, determining the number and frequency of and the time allowed for questions that may be raised at a meeting). Members shall also comply with all requirements or restrictions imposed by the owner of the premises and/or the electronic facilities at which the meeting is held. Any decision made under this Bye-Law shall be final and conclusive and a person who refuses to comply with any such arrangements, requirements or restrictions may be refused entry to the meeting or ejected (physically or electronically) from the meeting.

69E. If, after the sending of Notice of a general meeting but before the meeting is held, or after the adjournment of a meeting but before the adjourned meeting is held (whether or not Notice of the adjourned meeting is required), the Directors, in their absolute discretion, consider that it is inappropriate, impracticable, unreasonable or undesirable for any reason to hold the general meeting on the date or at the time or place and/or by means of electronic facilities specified in the Notice calling the meeting, they may change or postpone the meeting to another date, time and/or place and/or change the electronic facilities and/or change the form of the meeting (physical meeting, electronic meeting or hybrid meeting) without approval from the members. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Directors shall have the power to provide in every Notice calling a general meeting the circumstances in which a postponement of the relevant general meeting may occur automatically without further notice, including without limitation where a number 8 or higher typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event is in force at any time on the day of the meeting. This Bye-Law shall be subject to the following:

- (a) when a meeting is so postponed, the Company shall endeavour to post a notice of such postponement on the Company's website as soon as practicable (provided that failure to post such a notice shall not affect the automatic postponement of such meeting);
- (b) when only the form of the meeting or electronic facilities specified in the Notice are changed, the Board shall notify the members of details of such change in such manner as the Board may determine;

- (c) when a meeting is postponed or changed in accordance with this Bye-Law, subject to and without prejudice to Bye-Law 69, unless already specified in the original Notice of the meeting, the Board shall fix the date, time, place (if applicable) and electronic facilities (if applicable) for the postponed or changed meeting and shall notify the members of such details in such manner as the Board may determine; further all proxy forms shall be valid (unless revoked or replaced by a new proxy) if they are received as required by these Bye-Laws not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the postponed or changed meeting; and
- (d) notice of the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting shall not be required, nor shall any accompanying documents be required to be recirculated, provided that the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting is the same as that set out in the original Notice of general meeting circulated to the members.
- 69F. All persons seeking to attend and participate in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting shall be responsible for maintaining adequate facilities to enable them to do so. Subject to Bye-Laws 69C and 69H, any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of electronic facilities shall not invalidate the proceedings of and/or resolutions passed at that meeting.
- 69G. Without prejudice to other provisions in Bye-Laws 69A to 69F, a physical meeting may also be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
- 69H. Without prejudice to Bye-Laws 69A to 69G, and subject to the Statutes and the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws, the Board may resolve to enable persons entitled to attend an electronic meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance by means of electronic facilities with no member necessarily in physical attendance and without any particular Meeting Location being designated. Each member or its proxy shall be counted in the quorum for, and entitled to vote at, the electronic meeting in question, and that general meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid if the chairman of the electronic meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the electronic meeting to ensure that members attending the electronic meeting who are not present together at the same place may, by means of electronic facilities, attend and speak or communicate and vote at it.
- 69I. If an amendment is proposed to any resolution under consideration but is in good faith ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.

70. ~~At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless voting by way of a poll is required by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange or (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) a poll is duly demanded. A poll may be demanded by:~~

What is to be evidence of the passing of a resolution where poll not demanded

(A) Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any shares by or in accordance with these Bye Laws, at any general meeting on a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every fully paid share of which he is the holder but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments is treated for the foregoing purposes as paid up on the share. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by way of a poll save that in the case of a physical meeting, the chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands in which case every member present in person or by proxy(ies) shall have one vote provided that where more than one proxy is appointed by a member which is a Clearing House (or its nominee(s)), each such proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands. For purposes of this Bye-Law, procedural and administrative matters are those that (i) are not on the agenda of the general meeting or in any supplementary circular that may be issued by the Company to its members; and (ii) relate to the chairman's duties to maintain the orderly conduct of the meeting and/or allow the business of the meeting to be properly and effectively dealt with, whilst allowing all members a reasonable opportunity to express their views. Votes may be cast by such means, electronic or otherwise, as the Directors or the chairman of the meeting may determine. a poll may be demanded by:

(B) In the case of a physical meeting where a show of hands is allowed, before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll may be demanded by:

~~(i) the Chairman of the meeting; or~~

(ii) at least three members present in person ~~(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative)~~ or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or

(iii) any member or members present in person ~~(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorized representative)~~ or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or

(iv) any member or members present in person ~~(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative)~~ or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all ~~the~~ shares conferring that right.

~~Unless a poll is so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of meetings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against such resolution. A demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be deemed to be the same as a demand by the member. Where a resolution is voted on by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or not carried by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect made in the minute book of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the facts without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the resolution. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting. The Company shall only be required to disclose the voting figures on a poll if such disclosure is required by the Listing Rules.~~

70A. ~~If required by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, the Chairman of the meeting and/or any Director holding the proxies shall demand a poll, if such aggregate proxies held individually or collectively by the Chairman of a particular meeting, and/or the Directors, account for five (5) per cent or more of the total voting rights at that meeting, and if on a show of hands in respect of any resolution, the meeting votes in the opposite manner to that instructed in those proxies. [Reserved]~~

71. ~~On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A person entitled to more than one vote on a poll need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall (subject as provided in Bye-Law 72) be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, as the Chairman directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, with the consent of the Chairman, at any time before the close of the meeting at which the poll was demanded or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier.~~

Poll

72. ~~[Reserved] Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment.~~

In what case
poll taken
without
adjournment

73. ~~All questions submitted to a meeting shall be decided by a simple majority of votes except where a greater majority is required by these Bye-Laws or the applicable Statutes, rules, codes or regulations of any competent regulatory authority. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote the Chairman chairman of the meeting shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive.~~

Chairman to
have casting
vote

74. ~~[Reserved]~~The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
75. For the purposes of section 106 of the Companies Act, a Special Resolution of the Company, and of any relevant class of members, shall be required to approve any amalgamation or merger agreement as referred to in that section.

Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll
Approval of amalgamation agreement

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Appendix 3,
para 14(3)

76. All members shall have the right to (a) speak at a general meeting; and (b) vote at a general meeting except where a member is required by the Listing Rules, the applicable Statutes, rules, codes or regulations of any competent regulatory authority, to abstain from voting on any particular resolution to approve the matter under consideration. ~~Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares and Bye-Law 76A, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who is present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorized representative) shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorized representative) or by proxy, shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid up (but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments shall be treated for the purposes of this Bye-Law as paid up on the share). On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast his votes in the same way.~~

Votes Rights of members

Appendix 3,
para 14(4)

- 76A. ~~That where~~Where any member is, under the Listing Rules, the applicable Statutes, rules, codes or regulations of any competent regulatory authority required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

77. Any person entitled under Bye-Law 46 to be registered as the holder of any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting (as the case may be) at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his right to be registered as the holder of such shares or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

Votes in respect of deceased and bankrupt members

78. Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto; but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purposes of this Bye-Law be deemed joint holders thereof.

Joint holders

79. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, ~~whether on a show of hands or on a poll~~, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may ~~on a poll~~ vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office.

Votes of member of unsound mind

80. (A) Save as expressly provided in these Bye-Laws or unless the Board determines otherwise, no person other than a member duly registered and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him payable to the Company in respect of his shares shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another member), at any general meeting.

Qualification for voting

(B) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Objections to votes

Appendix 3, para 18

81. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. ~~On a poll votes~~Votes may be given either personally ~~(or, in~~ or ~~by proxy. A member who is the easeholder of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorized representative)~~two or by proxy. A member more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a member. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual member or a member which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the member which he or they represent as such member could exercise, including the right to vote individually on a show of hands.

Proxies

82. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and if the Board in its absolute discretion determines, may be contained in an electronic communication, and (i) if in writing but not contained in an electronic communication, under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing; ~~or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its seal or under the hand of an officer~~or, attorney or other person authorised to sign the same; ~~or (ii) in the case of an appointment contained in an electronic communication, submitted by or on behalf of the appointer, subject to such terms and conditions and authenticated in such manner as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine. In the case of an instrument of proxy purporting to be signed on behalf of a corporation by an officer thereof it shall be assumed, unless the contrary appears, that such officer was duly authorised to sign such instrument of proxy on behalf of the corporation without further evidence of the fact.~~

Instrument appointing proxy to be in writing

82A. The Company may, at its absolute discretion, provide an electronic address for the receipt of any document or information relating to proxies for a general meeting (including any instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy, any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, an appointment of proxy (whether or not required under these Bye-Laws) and notice of termination of the authority of a proxy). If such an electronic address or electronic means of submission is provided, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed that any such document or information (relating to proxies as aforesaid) may be sent by electronic means to that electronic address or by such electronic means of submission, subject to any other limitations or conditions specified by the Company when providing the electronic address or electronic means of submission. Without limitation, the Company may from time to time determine that any such electronic address or electronic means of submission may be used generally for such matters or specifically for particular meetings or purposes and, if so, the Company may provide different electronic addresses or electronic means of submission for different purposes. The Company may also impose any conditions on the transmission of and its receipt of such electronic communications including, for the avoidance of doubt, imposing any security or encryption arrangements as may be specified by the Company. If any document or information required to be sent to the Company under this Bye-Law is sent to the Company by electronic means, such document or information is not treated as validly delivered to or deposited with the Company if the same is not received by the Company at its designated electronic address or via its electronic means of submission in accordance with this Bye-Law or if no electronic address or electronic means of submission is so designated by the Company for the receipt of such document or information.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a ~~notarially~~-certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in the ~~notice~~Notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company (or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office), or if the Company has provided an electronic address or electronic means of submission in accordance with Bye-Law 82A, shall be received at the electronic address or electronic means of submission specified, not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or ~~poll~~postponed meeting (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or ~~on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned~~postponed meeting in a case where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or ~~upon the poll~~ concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.

Appointment
of proxy
must be
deposited

84. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve.

Form of
proxy

85. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to ~~demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of and/or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates or postponement of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. The Board may decide, either generally or in any particular case, to treat a proxy appointment as valid notwithstanding that the appointment or any of the information required under these Bye-Laws has not been received in accordance with the requirements of these Bye-Laws. Subject to aforesaid, if the proxy appointment and any of the information required under these Bye-Laws is not received in the manner set out in these Bye-Laws, the appointee shall not be entitled to vote in respect of the shares in question.~~

Authority under instrument appointing proxy

86. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or power of attorney or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at its Registration Office, or at such other place as is referred to in Bye-Law 83, at least two hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the proxy is used.

When vote by proxy valid though authority revoked

Appendix 3, para 18

87. (A) Any corporation which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company. ~~Referenees in and such corporation shall for the purposes of these Bye-Laws be deemed to a member be present in person at any such meeting shall, unless the context, otherwise requires, include if the person so authorised is present thereat. Nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall prevent a corporation which is a member represented at member of the meeting by such duly authorised representative Company from appointing one or more proxies to represent it pursuant to Bye-Law 81.~~

Corporation acting by representatives at meetings

Appendix 3, para 19

(B) If a Clearing House (or its nominee) is a member of the Company, it may ~~authorise~~ appoint such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy or proxies or as its representative or representatives, to the extent permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the

Company provided that, if more than one person proxy or, representative is so authorised appointed, the authorisation appointment shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person proxy or representative is so authorised appointed. A person so authorised appointed under the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Clearing House (or its nominee) which he represents as that Clearing House (or its nominee) could exercise as if it were an individual member including the right to vote individually on a show of hands. The number of persons a Clearing House (or its nominee) may appoint to act as its representative or representatives shall not exceed the number of shares held by a Clearing House (or its nominee), being shares in respect of which there is an entitlement to attend and vote at the relevant meeting.

REGISTERED OFFICE

88. The Registered Office ~~of the Company~~ shall be at such place in Bermuda as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

Registered
Office

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

89. ~~The~~ Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than two; (2). There shall be no maximum number of Directors unless otherwise determined from time to time by the members in a general meeting. The Company shall keep at its registered office the Registered Office a register of its directors and officers in accordance with the Statutes.

Constitution
of Board

90. ~~The Company in general~~ Any Director may at any time by Notice delivered to the Registered Office or Head Office or at a meeting may by Ordinary Resolution elect a of the Directors appoint or remove any person or persons qualified to be Directors to act as his alternate Director. Any person so appointed shall have all the rights and powers of the Director or Directors for whom such person is appointed in the alternative to any of the Directors of the Company or may authorise the Board to appoint such alternate Directors. Any alternate Director may provided that such person shall not be removed by the Company in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution and, if appointed by the Board, may counted more than once in determining whether or not a quorum is present. An alternate Director may be removed at any time by the Board person or body which appointed him and, subject thereto, the office of alternate Director shall continue until the next annual election of Directors in accordance with Bye-Law 99 or, happening of any event which, if he were a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if earlier, the date on which the relevant Director his appointer ceases for any reason to be a Director. Any appointment or removal of an alternate Director shall be effected by Notice signed by the appointor and delivered to the Registered Office or Head Office or tendered at a meeting of the Board. An alternate Director may also be a Director in his own right and may act as alternate to more than one Director. An alternate Director shall, if his appointor so requests, be entitled to receive Notices of meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board to the same extent

Alternate
Directors

as, but in lieu of, the Director appointing him and shall be entitled to such extent to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws shall apply as if he were a Director save that as an alternate for more than one Director his voting rights shall be cumulative.

91. (A) An alternate Director shall only be a Director for the purposes of the Companies Act and shall only be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act insofar as they relate to the duties and obligations of a Director when performing the functions of the Director for whom he is appointed in the alternative and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him. An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any fee in his capacity as an alternate Director except only such part, if any, of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by Notice to the Company from time to time direct.~~A Director may at any time, by notice in writing signed by him delivered to the Registered Office of the Company or at the Head Office or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to act as alternate Director in his place during his absence and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. If such person is not another Director such appointment unless previously approved by the Board shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event, which were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.~~
- (B) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the ordinary remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.~~Every person acting as an alternate Director shall have one vote for each Director for whom he acts as alternate (in addition to his own vote if he is also a Director). If his appointor is for the time being absent from Hong Kong or otherwise not available or unable to act, the signature of an alternate Director to any resolution in writing of the Board or a committee of the Board of which his appointor is a member shall, unless the Notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as the signature of his appointor.~~

Rights of
alternate
Directors

- (C) ~~An alternate Director shall, ipso facto cease to be an alternate Director if his appointor so requests, be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Board or committees of the Board to the same extent as, but in lieu of, the Director appointing him and shall be entitled to such extent to attend and vote as ceases for any reason to be a Director at any, however, such meeting at which the alternate Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as or any other person may be re-appointed by the Directors to serve as an alternate Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of PROVIDED always that, if at any meeting any Director retires but is re-elected at the same meeting, any appointment of such alternate Director pursuant to these Bye-Laws shall apply as if which was in force immediately before his retirement shall remain in force as though he had not retired were a Director.~~
- (D) ~~[Reserved] Every person acting as an alternate Director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternate Director and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to Directors and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him. An alternate Director may be paid expenses and shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any fee in his capacity as an alternate Director.~~
- (E) ~~[Reserved] Every person acting as an alternate Director shall have one vote for each Director for whom he acts as alternate (in addition to his own vote if he is also a Director). The signature of an alternate Director to any resolution in writing of the Board or a committee of the Board shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as the signature of his appointor.~~
- (F) ~~[Reserved] No alternate Director shall by virtue of that position be a director for the purposes of the Companies Act, but shall nevertheless be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act in so far as they relate to the duties and obligations of directors (other than the obligations to hold any qualifying share in the Company) when performing the functions of a Director.~~
92. A Director or an alternate Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and all meetings of any class of ~~members of the Company.~~ members. Directors may participate in any meeting of the members or any class thereof by means of a conference telephone, electronic means or other communications equipment through which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate simultaneously and instantaneously and, such participation shall constitute presence at a meeting as if those participating were present in person.

Attendance
at general
meetings

93. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services as Directors such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors' fees.

Directors' remuneration

94. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company or in the discharge of their duties as Directors.

Directors' expenses

95. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to or at the request of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or otherwise as the Board may be arranged to determine.

Special remuneration

96. (A) Notwithstanding Bye-Laws 93, 94 and 95, the remuneration of a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or an Executive Director or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company may from time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his ordinary remuneration as a Director.

Remuneration of Managing Directors, etc.

(B) Payments to any Director or past Director of any sum by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for or in connection with his retirement from office (not being a payment to which the Director is contractually entitled) must be approved by the Company in general meeting.

Payments for compensation for loss of office

97. (A) A Director shall vacate his office:-

When office of Director to be vacated

- (i) if he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors generally;
- (ii) if he becomes a lunatic or of unsound mind;

- (iii) if he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months, without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office;
 - (iv) if he becomes prohibited by law from acting as a Director;
 - (v) if by ~~notice in writing~~Notice delivered to the Company at its Registered Office or at the Head ~~office~~Office or at a meeting of the Board he resigns his office;
 - (vi) if he shall be removed from office by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company under Bye-Law 104.
- (B) No Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
98. (A) Subject to the Companies Act, a Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of ~~Auditor~~the Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine, and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for, by or pursuant to any other Bye-Law.
- (B) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as ~~Auditor~~the Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.
- (C) A Director may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.
- (D) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).

Directors'
interests

- (E) ~~[Reserved]Where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) and except (in the case of an office or place of profit with any such other company as aforesaid) where the other company is a company in which the Director together with any of his associates own 5 per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company;~~
- (F) Subject to the Companies Act and to the next paragraph of this Bye-Law, no Director or proposed or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement, by reason only of such Director holding that office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established.
- (G) A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest ~~or the interest of any of his associate(s)~~ at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest ~~or the interest of any of his associate(s)~~ then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he ~~or any of his associate(s)~~ is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, a general ~~notice~~Notice to the Board by a Director to the effect that (a) he ~~or any of his associate(s)~~ is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the ~~notice~~Notice be made with that company or firm or (b) he ~~or any of his associate(s)~~ is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the ~~notice~~Notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him, shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Bye-Law in relation to any such contract or arrangement; provided that no such ~~notice~~Notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given.

(H) A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board relating to any contract or arrangement or proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) has/have a material interest, and if he ~~or his associate(s)~~ shall do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution), but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters namely:-

(i) the giving of any security or indemnity either: -

(i) (a) ~~any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity to the Director or his close associate(s) in respect of money lent or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of them at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or~~

(ii) (b) ~~any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his close associate(s) has himself/themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;~~

(iii) ~~any proposal concerning an offer of the shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase where the Director or his close associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;~~

(iv) ~~any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company; any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including:~~

(a) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme under which the Director or his close associate(s) may benefit; or

(b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates to the Director, his close associate(s) and employee(s) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director, or his close associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates; and

- (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company.~~any proposal concerning any other companies in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested directly or indirectly whether as an officer or executive or a member other than a company in which the Director and any of his associate(s) are not in aggregate beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company (or of any third company through which his interest or that of his associate(s) is derived) or of the voting rights;~~
- (vi) ~~[Reserved]any proposal or arrangement for the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefit scheme which relates both to the Directors, his associate(s) and employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not give the Director or his associate(s) as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates; and~~
- (vii) ~~[Reserved]any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme, or any share incentive or share option scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or other securities by the Company under which the Director or his associate(s) may benefit.~~
- (I) ~~[Reserved]A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director and any of his associate(s) own five (5) per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he and his associate(s) are (either directly or indirectly) the holder of or beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company (or of any third company through which the interest of the Director or that of his associate(s) is derived) or of the voting rights of any class of shares available to members of the company. For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or any of his associate(s) as bare or custodian trustee and in which he and his associate(s) have no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the Director's interest and his associate(s) is in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director or any of his associate(s) is interested only as a unit holder.~~

- (J) ~~[Reserved]Where a company in which a Director and any of his associate(s) hold five (5) per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights of any class of shares available to members of the company is materially interested in a transaction, then that Director shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction.~~
- (K) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board) or his close associates or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director or his close associates concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board or his close associates such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board shall not be counted in the quorum and shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting of the Board or his close associates as known to him has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

99. At each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation ~~save any Director holding office. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as Chairman or Managing Director: throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of Directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.~~ The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated offices. For avoidance of doubt, each Director shall retire at least once every three (3) years. Any Director appointed pursuant to Bye-Law 102(B) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation.

Rotation and retirement of Directors

100. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place the places of the retiring Directors are not filled, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until their places are filled, unless:-

- (i) it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors; or
- (ii) it is expressly resolved at such meeting not to fill up such vacated offices; or
- (iii) in any such case the resolution for re-election of a Director is put to the meeting and lost; or
- (iv) such Director has given ~~notice in writing~~ Notice to the Company that he is not willing to be re-elected.

Retiring Directors to remain in office until successors appointed

101. The Company in general meeting shall from time to time fix and may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase or reduce the maximum and minimum number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than two.

Power of general meeting to increase or reduce number of Directors
Appointment of Directors

102. (A) The Company may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition ~~Director~~ to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall ~~hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are~~ subject to retirement by rotation at such meeting pursuant to Bye-Law 99.

Appendix 3,
para 4(2)

- (B) The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the members in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office ~~only until the next following first annual general meeting of the Company~~ after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

103. No person, other than a Director retiring Director, at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the ~~Board~~ Directors for election, be eligible for election ~~to the office of as a Director at any general meeting; unless notice in writing of the~~ a Notice signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such Notice is given of his intention to propose that such person for election as a Director and notice in writing also a Notice signed by that the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are

Notice of proposed Director to be given

~~given, shall be at least seven days before the date~~(7) days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the Notice of the general meeting. ~~That appointed for such election)~~ the period for lodgment of ~~the notices above referred to will~~such Notice(s) shall commence ~~no earlier than~~on the day after the despatch of the ~~notice~~Notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

Appendix 3,
para 4(3)

104. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director (including a Managing Director or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) ~~and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.~~ provided that the Notice of any such meeting convened for the purpose of removing a Director shall contain a statement of the intention so to do and be served on such Director fourteen (14) days before the meeting and at such meeting such Director shall be entitled to be heard on the motion for his removal. A vacancy on the Board created by the removal of a Director under the preceding paragraph may be filled by the election or appointment by the members at the meeting at which such Director is removed to hold office until the next appointment of Directors or until their successors are elected or appointed or, in the absence of such election or appointment such general meeting may authorise the Board to fill any vacancy in the number left unfilled.

Power to
remove
Director by
Ordinary
Resolution

BORROWING POWERS

105. The Board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow or to secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.
106. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
107. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
108. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount (other than shares), premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

Power to
borrow

Conditions
on which
money may
be borrowed

Assignment
of debentures
etc.

Special
privileges of
debentures
etc.

109. (A) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with such provisions of the Companies Act with regard to the registration of mortgages and charges as may be specified or required. Register of charges to be kept
- (B) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferable by delivery, the Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures. Register of debentures or debenture stock
110. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge. Mortgage of uncalled capital

MANAGING DIRECTORS, ETC.

111. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the business of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Bye-Law 96. Powers to appoint Managing Directors, etc.
112. Every Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 hereof shall, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between himself and the Company, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board. Removal of Managing Director, etc.
113. A Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 shall be subject to the same provisions as to rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he shall cease to hold the office of Director for any cause. Cessation of appointment
114. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or Executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that it may think fit provided that the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such withdrawal, revocation or variation shall be affected thereby. Powers may be delegated

MANAGEMENT

115. (A) The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board which, in addition to the powers and authorities ~~by these Bye-Laws~~ expressly conferred upon it by these Bye-Laws, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done or approved by the Company and which are not hereby or by the Statutes expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company. General powers of Company vested in Board

in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions of these Bye-Laws, provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

(B) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Bye-Laws, it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:-

(i) to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at par or at such premium and on such other terms as may be agreed; ~~and~~

(ii) to give to any Directors, officers or employees of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration-; and

(iii) to resolve that the Company be discontinued in Bermuda and continued in a named country or jurisdiction outside Bermuda subject to the provisions of the Companies Act.

MANAGERS

116. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, manager or managers of the business of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.

Appointment and remuneration of managers

117. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers of the Board and such title or titles as it may think fit.

Tenure of office and powers

118. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may in its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

Terms and conditions of appointment

CHAIRMAN AND OTHER OFFICERS

119. ~~The Board officers of the Company shall as soon as practicable following each annual general meeting~~ consist of the Directors and Secretary and such additional officers (who may or may not be Directors) as the Board may from time to time determine, all of whom shall be deemed to be officers for the purposes of the Act and these Bye-Laws. The Board may elect one of its body to the office of Chairman of the Company and another to be the Deputy Chairman ~~or more chairman and one or more deputy chairman~~ of the Company and may from time to time elect or otherwise appoint other officers and determine the period for which each of them ~~is~~ they are respectively to hold office. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Deputy Chairman shall preside at meetings ~~such~~ office. If no chairman or deputy chairman of the Board, but if no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman ~~be~~ Company is elected or appointed, or if at any meeting the Chairman ~~no~~ chairman or Deputy Chairman ~~deputy~~ chairman of the Company is not present within five (5) minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall may choose one of their number to be Chairman ~~chairman~~ of such ~~the~~ meeting. All the provisions of Bye-Laws 112, 113 and 114 shall mutatis mutandis apply to any Directors elected or otherwise appointed to any office in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law.

Chairman,
Deputy
Chairman
and officers
Officers

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

120. The Board may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, postpone and otherwise regulate its meetings and proceedings as it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Bye-Law an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but, notwithstanding that an alternate Director is also a Director or is an alternate for more than one Director, he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. Any Director who ceases to be a Director at a Board meeting may continue to be present and to act as a Director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of such Board meeting if no other Director objects and if otherwise a quorum of Directors would not be present. A meeting of the Board or any ~~Committee~~ committee of the Board may be held by means of such telephone, electronic means or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate ~~with each other~~ simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Meeting of
the Board,
quorum, etc.

121. ~~A Director may, and~~ A meeting of the Board may be convened by the Secretary on the request of a Director ~~theor by any Director.~~ The Secretary shall, ~~at any time~~ summon convene a meeting of the Board which may be held in any part of the world provided that ~~no such meeting whenever he shall be summoned to be held outside the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate without the prior approval of the Directors required so to do by any Director.~~ Notice ~~thereof~~ of a meeting of the Board shall be deemed to be duly given to each Director and alternate a Director either if it is given to such Director in writing or verbally (including in person or by telephone or by telex or by facsimile) or telegram at the by electronic means to an electronic address or number from

Convening of
Board

time to time notified to the Company by such Director or (if the recipient consents to it being made available on a website) by making it available on a website or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. ~~A Director absent or intended to be absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate may request the Board that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but such notices need not be given any earlier than notices given to Directors not so absent and in the absence of any such request it shall not be necessary to give notice of a Board meeting to any Director who is for the time being absent from such territory. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.~~

122. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

How questions to be decided

123. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under these Bye-Laws for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.

Powers of meeting

124. The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body and such other persons as the Board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate

125. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.

Act of committee to be of same effect as acts of Board

126. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not replaced by any regulations imposed by the Board pursuant to Bye-Law 124.

Proceedings of committee

127. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Board or by any such committee or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director or member of such committee.

When acts of Board or committee to be valid notwithstanding defects

128. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Bye-Laws as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.
129. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors except such as are ~~absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate or temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability (or their, and all the alternate Directors) shall (so long, if appropriate, whose appointors are temporarily unable to act as such aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual as if a resolution shall be signed by had been passed at least two Directors or their alternates) a meeting of the Board duly convened and held provided that such number is sufficient to constitute a quorum and that a copy of such resolution has been given or the contents thereof communicated to all the Directors (or their alternates) for the time being entitled to receive notices~~ Notices of Board meetings) ~~be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held. Any in the same manner as Notices of meetings are required to be given by these Bye-Laws and further provided that no Director is aware of or has received any objection to the resolution from any Director. A notification of consent to such resolutions~~ resolution given by a Director in writing to the Board by any means (including by means of electronic communication) shall be deemed to be his signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Bye-Law. Such resolution may consist of be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors and for this purpose a facsimile signature of a Director or an alternate Director shall be treated as valid.

Directors' powers when vacancies exists

Directors' resolutions

MINUTES

130. (A) The Board shall cause minutes to be made of:-
- (i) all appointments of officers made by the Board;
 - (ii) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of committees appointed pursuant to Bye-Law 124; and
 - (iii) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of such committees.
- (B) Any such minutes shall be conclusive evidence of any such proceedings if they purport to be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- (C) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Companies Act in regard to keeping a register of members and to the production and furnishing of copies of or extracts from such register.

Minutes of proceedings of meetings and Directors

- (D) Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner which shall include, without prejudice to the generality thereof, recording by means of magnetic tape, microfilm, computer or any other non-manual system of recording. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

SECRETARY

131. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Statutes or these Bye-Laws required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company ~~authorized~~authorised generally or specially on behalf of the Board. If the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.
132. The duties of the Secretary shall be those prescribed by the Companies Act and these Bye-Laws, together with such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board.
133. A provision of the Statutes or of these Bye-Laws requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

Appointment
of Secretary

Duties of the
Secretary

Same person
not to act in
two
capacities at
once

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND USE OF THE SEAL

134. (A) Subject to the Statutes, the Company shall have one or more Seals as Custody of Seal the Directors may determine. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of each Seal, and no Seal shall be used without the authority of the Directors or a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf.
- (B) Every instrument to which a Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors or ~~some other person~~by any person or persons (including a Director and/or the Secretary) appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature other than autographic or may be printed thereon as specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.

Custody of
Seal

Use of Seal

(C) The Company may have a Securities Seal for use for sealing certificates Securities Seal for shares or other securities issued by the Company and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such Securities Seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid. The Board may by resolution determine that the affixation of Securities Seal on certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company be dispensed with or be affixed by printing the image of the Securities Seal on such certificates.

Securities Seal

135. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company’s banking accounts shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.

Cheque and banking arrangements

136. (A) The Board may from time to time and at any time, by power of attorney under the Seal, appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Bye-Laws) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

Power to appoint attorney

(B) The Company may, by writing under its Seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the Seal ~~of the Company.~~

Execution of deeds by attorney

137. The Board may establish any committees, regional or local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, regional or local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, regional or local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any regional or local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding any such vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may

Regional or local boards

think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

138. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, ~~and holding or who have held any salaried employment or office in the Company or such other company,~~ and the spouses, widows, widowers, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid. Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

Power to
establish
pension
funds

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

139. Any Director or the Secretary or other ~~authorized~~authorised officer of the Company shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies of extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the Head Office, the local manager or such other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be the authorised officer of the Company as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any local board or committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

Power to
authenticate

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

140. (A) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve to capitalise any part of the Company's reserves (including any contributed surplus account and also including any share premium account or other undistributable

Power to
capitalise

reserve, but subject to the provisions of the law with regard to unrealised profits) or undivided profits not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend, and accordingly that such part be sub-divided amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same ~~proportions~~proportion or such other proportions as may be determined by Ordinary Resolution on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid to and amongst such members in the ~~proportion~~ aforesaid, or partly in one way and partly in the other provided that for the purpose of this Bye-Law, any amount standing to the credit of any share premium account may only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid and provided further that any sum standing to the credit of the share premium account may only be applied in crediting as fully paid shares of the same class as that from which the relevant share premium was derived.

(A1) Notwithstanding any provisions in these Bye-Laws, the Board may resolve to capitalise all or any part of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) whether or not the same is available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to (i) employees (including directors) of the Company and/or its affiliates (meaning any individual, corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated association or other entity (other than the Company) that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Company) upon exercise or vesting of any options or awards granted under any share incentive scheme or employee benefit scheme or other arrangement which relates to such persons that has been adopted or approved by the members at a general meeting, or (ii) any trustee of any trust to whom shares are to be allotted and issued by the Company in connection with the operation of any share incentive scheme or employee benefit scheme or other arrangement which relates to such persons that has been adopted or approved by the members at a general meeting.

(B) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or ~~profits and~~ undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, debentures, or other securities and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Bye-Law, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to a capitalisation issue as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the

Effect of
resolution to
capitalise

benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned. The Board may appoint any person to sign on behalf of the persons entitled to share in a capitalisation issue a contract for allotment and such appointment shall be effective and binding upon all concerned, and the contract may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the shares, debentures or other securities to be allotted and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised.

DIVIDENDS, CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS AND RESERVES

141. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Company in general meeting may also make a distribution to the members out of any contributed surplus (as ascertained in accordance with the Companies Act). Power to declare dividends
142. (A) The Board may subject to Bye-Law 143 from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the ~~position~~profit of the Company and, in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing), if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer to the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights. Board's power to pay interim dividends
- (B) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.
143. (A) No dividend shall be declared or paid and no distribution of contributed surplus made otherwise than in accordance with the Statutes. ~~No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution.~~ Dividend not to be paid out of capital/ distribution of contributed surplus
- (B) ~~[Reserved]Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (but without prejudice to paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law), where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company, and be available for dividend accordingly. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased eum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Board be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.~~

- (C) Subject to Bye-Law 143 (D) all dividends and other distributions in respect of shares in the Company shall be stated and discharged, ~~in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, in Hong Kong dollars, and in the case of shares denominated in United States dollars, in United States dollars, provided that, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Board may determine in the case of any distribution that members may elect to receive the same in United States dollars or any other in any~~ currency selected by the Board, conversion to be effected at such rate of exchange as the Board may determine.
- (D) If, in the opinion of the Board, any dividend or other distribution in respect of shares or any other payment to be made by the Company to any member is of such a small amount as to make payment to that member in the relevant currency impracticable or unduly expensive either for the Company or the member then such dividend or other distribution or other payment may, at the discretion of the Board, be paid or made in the currency of the country of the relevant member (as indicated by the address of such member on the register).
144. Notice of the declaration of an interim dividend shall be given ~~by advertisement in the Relevant Territory and in such other territory or territories as the Board may determine and~~ in such manner as the Board shall determine. Notice of interim dividend
145. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company. No interest on dividend
146. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe for securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, with or without offering any rights to members to elect to receive such dividend in cash, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as ~~they think it thinks~~ expedient, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may determine that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, the Board may appoint any person to sign a contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. The Board may resolve that no such assets shall be made available or ~~made paid~~ to members with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable Dividend in specie

and in such event the only entitlement of the members aforesaid shall be to receive cash payments as aforesaid. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be a separate class of members for any purpose whatsoever.

147. (A) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting ~~have~~has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:-

Scip
dividends

either

- (i) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in ~~the form~~the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes already held by the allottee, provided that the members entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
 - (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' ~~notice in writing~~Notice to the members of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such ~~notice~~Notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
 - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised ("the non-elected shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis.

or

- (ii) that members entitled to such dividend will be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes of shares already held by the allottee. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
 - (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks ~~notice in writing~~ Notice to the member of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such ~~notice~~ Notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
 - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised (“the elected shares”) and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company’s reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- (B) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank pari passu in all respects with the shares then in issue save only as regards participation:-
- (i) in the relevant dividend (or the right to receive or to elect to receive an allotment of shares in lieu thereof as aforesaid); or

- (ii) in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend;
- (ii) ~~in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend~~ unless, contemporaneously with the announcement by the Board of ~~their~~its proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with ~~their~~its announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Board shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.
- (C) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all members interested an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by ~~Special~~Ordinary Resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to members to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.
- (E) The Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election and the allotment of shares under paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall not be made available or made to any members with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the circulation of an offer of such rights of election or the allotment of shares would or might be unlawful, or impracticable and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

148. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to distribute by way of dividend. Reserves
149. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Bye-Law no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share. Dividends to be paid in proportion to paid up capital
150. (A) The Board may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists. Retention of dividends etc.
- (B) The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise. Deduction of debts
151. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call shall be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call. Dividend and call together
152. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon before the registration of the transfer. Effect of transfer
153. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interim dividends or bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of such shares. Receipt for dividends by joint holders of share

154. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that any endorsement thereon has been forged. Payment by post
155. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company. Unclaimed dividend
156. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable or made to the persons registered as the holder of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend or other distribution shall be payable or made to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend or other distribution between the transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Bye-Law shall mutatis mutandis apply to bonuses, capitalisation issues, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members. Record dates

DISTRIBUTION OF REALISED CAPITAL PROFITS

157. The Company in general meeting may at any time and from time to time resolve that any surplus moneys in the hands of the Company representing capital profits arising from moneys received or recovered in respect of or arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company or any investments representing the same and not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend instead of being applied in the purchase of any other capital assets or for other capital purposes be distributed amongst the ordinary members on the footing that they receive the same as capital and in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled to receive the same if it had been distributed by way of dividend, provided that no such profits as aforesaid shall be so distributed unless there shall remain in the hands of the Company a sufficiency of other assets to answer in full the whole of the liabilities and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being. Distribution of realised capital profits

ANNUAL RETURNS

158. The Board shall make or cause to be made such annual or other returns or filings as may be required to be made in accordance with the Statutes.

Annual Returns

ACCOUNTS

159. The Board shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place; and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Statutes or necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.

Accounts to be kept

160. The books of account shall be kept at the Head Office or at such other place or places as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors provided that such records as are required by the Statutes shall also be kept at the Registered Office.

Where accounts to be kept

161. No member (not being a Director) or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Statutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Board or the Company in general meeting.

Inspection by members

162. (A) The Board shall from time to time cause to be prepared and laid before the Company at its annual general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are required by the Statutes. ~~The Board may also cause to be prepared any other financial documents (including but without limitation any Summary Financial Report) as the Board thinks fit.~~

Relevant financial statements and summary financial report Annual profit and loss account and balance sheet

- (B) ~~Every~~ Subject to paragraph (C) below, every balance sheet of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board by ~~two~~ any one of the Directors and ~~subject to paragraph (C) below, a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or annexed thereto) and profit and loss account which is to be laid before the Company at its annual general meeting, together with a copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the Auditors' Auditor's report or a Summary Financial Report in place of the Directors' report and the Auditors' report (provided that prior consent has been obtained from the member and to the extent as permissible under the Companies Act and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and the Listing Rules),~~ shall not less than twenty-one (21) days before the date of the meeting be sent ~~using electronic means (provided that prior consent has been obtained from the member) or by post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper or by delivery or by leaving it as such registered address as appearing in the register or served personally or otherwise made available by the Company using electronic means to every member of, any every holder of debentures of, the Company and every person registered under Bye-Law 46 and every other~~ to each person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the ~~Company thereto,~~ provided that this Bye-Law shall not require a copy of those

Director's Annual report of Directors and balance sheet to be sent to members

~~documents to be sent, served or otherwise made available to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of those documents has not been sent, served or otherwise made available to shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Head Office or the Registration Office. If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be (with the consent of the Company) listed or dealt in on any stock exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of such stock exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice.~~

- (C) The Company may send summarized financial statements to members of the Company who have, in accordance with the Statutes and the Listing Rules, consented and elected to receive summarized financial statements instead of the full financial statements. The summarized financial statements must be accompanied by an Auditor's report and Notice informing the member how to notify the Company that he elects to receive the full financial statements. The summarized financial statements, Notice and the Auditor's report must be sent not less than twenty-one days before the general meeting to those members that consented and elected to receive the summarized financial statements. Subject to the Companies Act, applicable laws, rules, regulations and the Listing Rules, where a member (a "Consenting Member") has, in accordance with legislation and the Listing Rules, consented to treat the publication of the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the Directors' report and the Auditors' report and/or the Summary Financial Report on the Company's computer network as discharging the Company's obligation under the Companies Ordinance, to send a copy of the relevant balance sheet, profit and loss account, the Directors' report and the Auditors' report and/or the Summary Financial Report, then publication by the Company, in accordance with legislation, on the Company's computer network of the relevant balance sheet, profit and loss account, the Directors' report and the Auditors' report and/or the Summary Financial Report at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the general meeting shall, in relation to each Consenting Member, be deemed to discharge the Company's obligations under paragraph (B).

Copies of relevant financial statements or Summary Financial Report sent to members

- 162A(D) Subject to Section 88 of the Companies Act, applicable laws, rules, regulations and the Listing Rules, any notice or document, including Company shall send the Directors' report, full financial statements to a member within seven days of receipt of the Auditors' report and member's election to receive the Summary Financial Report, may be given to a member either in the English language or the Chinese language. full financial statements.

AUDITORS AUDITOR

163. (A) ~~Auditors~~The Auditor shall be appointed and the terms and tenure of such appointment and their duties at all times regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

Appointment
of ~~Auditors~~
Auditor

Appendix 3,
para 17

(B) ~~The~~Subject to section 88 of the Companies Act, the Company shall at each annual general meeting by Ordinary Resolution appoint one or more firms of auditors to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting, but if an appointment is not made, the ~~Auditors~~Auditor in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries or a partner, officer or employee of any such Director, officer or employee shall not be capable of being appointed ~~Auditors~~ofas the Company. ~~The Board may fill any casual vacancy in Auditor. If the office of Auditors, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving Auditor becomes vacant by the resignation or continuing Auditors (if any) may act.~~death of the Auditor, or by his becoming incapable of acting by reason of illness or other disability at a time when his services are required or by the members failed to appoint or re-appoint the Auditor, the Directors shall fill the vacancy and fix the remuneration of the Auditor so appointed. Subject as otherwise provided by the Companies Act, the remuneration of the Auditor shall be fixed by or on the authority of the Company in the annual general meeting by way of Ordinary Resolution except that in any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board by way of Ordinary Resolution and the remuneration of any Auditor appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Directors.

(C) The member may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Bye-Laws, by extraordinary resolution remove the Auditor at any time before the expiration of his term of office and shall by Ordinary Resolution at that meeting appoint another Auditor in his stead for the remainder of his term.

164. ~~The Auditors of the Company~~Auditor shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information as may be necessary for the performance of his or their duties, and the ~~Auditors~~Auditor shall make a report to the members on the accounts examined by them and on every balance sheet, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account intended to be laid before the Company in the annual general meeting during their tenure of office as required by the Statutes.

Auditors
Auditor to
have right of
access to
books and
accounts

165. A—~~Subject to section 89 of the Companies Act, a person other than the retiring Auditor~~incumbent Auditor shall not be capable of being appointed ~~Auditor~~as the Auditor at an ~~annual~~a general meeting unless ~~notice~~Notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of ~~Auditor~~the Auditor has been given to the Company not less than ~~fourteen~~twenty-one days before the ~~annual~~general meeting, and the Company shall send a copy of any such ~~notice~~Notice to the ~~retiring Auditor~~incumbent Auditor and shall give ~~notice~~Notice thereof to the members not less than seven days before the annual general meeting provided that the above requirements may be waived by ~~notice in writing~~Notice by the ~~retiring Auditor~~incumbent Auditor to the Secretary ~~provided that if after a notice of the intention to nominate Auditors has been so given an annual general meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after that notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time required by this Bye-Law, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes thereof, and the notice to be sent or given by the Company may instead of being sent or given within the time required by this provision be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the annual general meeting.~~

Appointment of ~~auditors~~Auditor other than retiring ~~auditors~~Auditor

166. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, all acts done by any person acting as ~~Auditor~~the Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in their appointment or that they were at the time of their appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

Defect of appointment

NOTICES

167. (A) (1) ~~Except where otherwise expressly stated, any Notice or document to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Bye-Laws shall be in writing or, to the extent permitted by the Statutes and any applicable rules prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time and subject to this Bye-Law, contained in an electronic communication. A notice calling a meeting of the Directors need not be in writing. Except where otherwise expressly stated, any notice or document to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws shall be in writing, and may be served by the Company on any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or by delivering or leaving it at such registered address as aforesaid or (in the case of a notice) by advertisement in the Newspapers. A notice calling a meeting of Directors need not be in writing.~~

Service of ~~notice~~Notices

(B) (2) ~~Any Notice or document to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Bye-Laws may be served on or delivered to any member of the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or by leaving it at that address addressed to the member or by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned or (other than share certificates) by publishing it by way of advertisement in at least one English language~~

newspaper and one Chinese language newspaper circulating generally in Hong Kong. In case of joint holders of a share, all Notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and Notice so given shall be sufficient Notice to all the joint holders. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing but subject to the Statutes and any rules prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time, a Notice or document may be served or delivered by the Company to any member by electronic means to such address as may from time to time be authorised by the member concerned or by publishing it on a website and notifying the member concerned that it has been so published (the “notice of availability”). Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations binding on the Company from time to time, and unless the Board shall otherwise in its absolute discretion consider not appropriate for any purpose or purposes under these Bye-Laws, any notice or document to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws may also be served by the Company on any member by using electronic means in the manner prescribed under applicable laws, rules and regulations or such other designated electronic means as may be agreed between the Company and the relevant member from time to time.

In the case of sending notices or other documents by electronic means under this Bye-Law, the Board may make it subject to such terms and conditions as it shall in its absolute discretion consider appropriate in the circumstances.

- ~~(C)~~ (3) Any such Notice or document may be served or delivered by the Company by reference to the register as it stands at any time not more than fifteen (15) days before the date of service or delivery. No change in the register after that time shall invalidate that service or delivery. Where any Notice or document is served or delivered to any person in respect of a share in accordance with these Bye-Laws, no person deriving any title or interest in that share shall be entitled to any further service or delivery of that Notice or document.~~In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices Notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice Notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.~~
- ~~(B)~~(1) Any Notice or document required to be sent to or served upon the Company, or upon any officer of the Company, may be sent or served by leaving the same or sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to the Company or to such officer at the Head Office or the Registered Office.
- ~~(E)~~ (2) The Board may from time to time specify the form and manner in which a Notice may be given to the Company by electronic means, including one or more addresses for the receipt of an electronic communication, and may prescribe such procedures as it thinks fit for verifying the authenticity or integrity of any such electronic communication. Any Notice may be given to the Company by electronic means only if it is given in accordance with the requirements specified by the Board.

Notice to
joint holders

168. Any member whose registered address is outside the Relevant Territory may notify the Company in writing of an address in the Relevant Territory which for the purpose of service of ~~notice~~Notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. Where the registered address of the member is outside the Relevant Territory, ~~notice~~Notice, if given through the post, shall be sent by prepaid airmail letter or ~~transmitted~~—by electronic means in accordance with Bye-Law 167 ~~(B)~~(A)(2).

Members out
of the
Relevant
Territory

169. Any Notice or other document, if sent by mail, postage prepaid, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which the letter, envelope, or wrapper containing the same is put into the post. In proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter, envelope or wrapper containing the Notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post as prepaid mail. Any Notice or document not sent by post but left by the Company at the address of a member noted on the register shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so left. Any Notice or document, if sent by electronic means (including through any relevant system), shall be deemed to have been given on the day following that on which the electronic communication was sent by or on behalf of the Company. Any Notice or document served or delivered by the Company by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned shall be deemed to have been served when the Company has carried out the action it has been authorised to take for that purpose. Any Notice or other document published by way of advertisement in the Newspapers or in an appointed newspaper shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so published. Any Notice or document published on a website shall be deemed to have been given by the Company to a member on the later of (i) the date on which a notice of availability is deemed to have been served on such member and (ii) the date on which such Notice or document was published on the website.~~Any notice sent by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the envelope or wrapper containing the same is put into a post office situated within the Relevant Territory and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was properly prepaid, addressed and put into such post office and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was so addressed and put into such post office shall be conclusive evidence thereof.~~

~~169A. Subject to applicable laws, rules and regulations binding on the Company from time to time, any notice or document sent by electronic means in accordance with Bye-Law 167(B) shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the expiration of twenty-four (24) hours after the time it was first sent and in proving such service or delivery it shall be conclusive to prove that the address used for the electronic communication was the address supplied for that purpose and the electronic communication was properly dispatched, unless the Company is aware that there has been a failure of delivery of such notice or document following at least two (2) attempts in which case such notice or document shall be sent to the member by post provided that the date of deemed service or delivery shall be twenty-four (24) hours from the dispatch of the original electronic communication in accordance with this Bye-Law.~~

When notice
by electronic
means
deemed to be
served

170. A ~~notice~~Notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the ~~notice~~Notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.

Service of ~~notice~~Notice to persons entitled on death, mental disorder or bankruptcy

171. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every ~~notice~~Notice in respect of such share which prior to his name and address being entered on the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

Transferee to be bound by prior ~~notices~~Notices

172. Any ~~notice~~Notice or document delivered or sent by post to, or left at the registered address of, any member in pursuance of these presents or transmitted by electronic means in accordance with Bye-Law 167 (A)(2) or by any other means as permitted by these Bye-Laws ~~or transmitted by electronic means in accordance with Bye-Law 167(B),~~ shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has ~~notice~~Notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such ~~notice~~Notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares.

Notice valid though member deceased, bankrupt

173. The signature to any ~~notice~~Notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed: or made electronically.

How ~~notice~~Notice to be signed

INFORMATION

174. No member (not being a Director) shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

Members not entitled to information

WINDING UP

Appendix 3,
para 21

175. A resolution that the Company be wound up by the Court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a Special Resolution.

Modes of winding up

176. If the Company shall be wound up, the surplus assets remaining after payment to all creditors shall be divided among the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, and if such surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, they shall be distributed subject to the rights of any shares which may be issued on special terms and conditions, so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively.

Distributing of assets in winding up

177. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or ordered by the Court) the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company whether the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds and the liquidator may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members and the members within each class. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets upon which there is a liability.

Assets may be distributed in specie

INDEMNITY

178. Save and except so far as the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Directors, Managing Directors, alternate Directors, ~~Auditor~~the Auditor, Secretary and other officers ~~for the time being~~ of the Company, whether at present or in the past, and the liquidators or trustees (if any) ~~for the time being acting or who have acted~~ in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if

Indemnity

any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects of the Company shall be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be placed out or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, except as the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

UNTRACEABLE MEMBERS

179. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Bye-Law 155 and the provisions of Bye-Law 180, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.

Company
cease
sending
dividend
warrants etc.

180. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:-

Company
may sell
shares of
untraceable
members

- (i) all cheques or warrants, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Bye-Laws of the Company have remained ~~encashed;~~ uncashed;
- (ii) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law;
- (iii) the Company has caused an advertisement to be inserted in the Newspapers ~~of its intention to sell and in a newspaper circulating in the area of the last known address of such shares—member or any person entitled to the share under Bye-Law 46 and where applicable, in each case in accordance with the requirements of, the Designated Stock Exchange and a period of three months or such shorter period as may be allowed by the Designated Stock Exchange~~ has elapsed since the date of such advertisement; and
- (iv) the Company has notified the ~~stock exchange in the Relevant Territory~~ Designated Stock Exchange of its intention to effect such sale and the Designated Stock Exchange has been notified of such sale. ~~intention.~~

For the purpose of the foregoing, “relevant period” means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (iii) of this Bye-Law and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and the instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such proceeds it shall become indebted to the former member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trusts shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Bye-Law shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

181. (1) Subject to the Companies Act, the Company may destroy:-

- (a) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of such cancellation;
- (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two years from the date on which such mandate, variation, cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company;
- (c) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of six years from the date of registration; ~~and~~
- (d) any other document, on the basis of which any entry in the register is made, at any time after the expiry of six years from the date on which an entry in the register was first made in respect of it; and
- (e) any copies of powers of attorney, grants of probate and letters of administration at any time after the expiry of six years after the account to which the relevant powers of attorney, grants of probate or letters of administration related has been closed,

Destruction
of
Documents

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly

and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:-

- (i) the foregoing provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
- (ii) nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled; and
- (iii) references in this Bye-Law to the destruction of any document include reference to its disposal in any manner.

~~(iii)(2) Notwithstanding any provision contained in these Bye-Laws, the Directors may, if permitted by applicable law, authorise the destruction of documents set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) of paragraph (1) of this Bye-Law and any other documents in relation to share registration which have been microfilmed or electronically stored by the Company or by the share registrar on its behalf provided always that this Bye-Law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company and its share registrar that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim. referenees in this Bye-Law to the destruction of any document include reference to its disposal in any manner.~~

RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

182. Pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes, the Board shall, for so long as the Company does not have a ~~quorum of Directors~~ Director or a Secretary ordinarily resident in Bermuda, appoint a Resident Representative as defined in the Statutes, to act on its behalf in Bermuda and to maintain all such records as may be required by the ~~Statutes~~ Statutes to be maintained in Bermuda and to make all necessary filings with the Ministry of Finance and Registrar of Companies in Bermuda as may be required by the Statutes and to fix his or their or its remuneration either by way of salary or fee for the period of the Resident Representative's service to the Company.

Resident
Representative

MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

183. ~~The~~ Where the Company has Resident Representative, the Company shall keep at the office of its Resident Representative, in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, the following:-

Maintenance
of records

- (i) minutes of all proceedings of general meetings of the Company; ~~and all proceedings of meetings of Directors;~~ of meetings of Directors;

- (ii) all financial statements required to be prepared by the Company under the Companies Act together with the ~~Auditors~~²Auditor's report thereon;
- (iii) all records of account required by Section 83 of the Companies Act to be kept in Bermuda; and
- (iv) all such documents as may be required in order to provide evidence of the continued listing of the Company on ~~an appointed stock exchange within the meaning of the Companies Act.~~ the Designated Stock Exchange.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHT RESERVE

184. (A) Subject to the Statutes if, so long as any of the rights attaching to any warrants issued by the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company shall remain exercisable, the Company does any act or engages in any transaction which, as a result of any adjustments to the subscription price in accordance with the provisions applicable under the terms and conditions of the warrants, would reduce the subscription price to below the par value of a share, then the following provisions shall apply:-

Subscription
right reserve

- (i) as from the date of such act or transaction the Company shall establish and thereafter (subject as provided in this Bye-Law) maintain in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law a reserve (the "Subscription Right Reserve") the amount of which shall at no time be less than the sum which for the time being would be required to be capitalised and applied in paying up in full the nominal amount of the additional shares required to be issued and allotted credited as fully paid pursuant to sub- paragraph (iii) below on the exercise in full of all the subscription rights outstanding and shall apply the Subscription Right Reserve in paying up in full such difference in respect of such additional shares as and when the same are allotted;
- (ii) the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified above unless all other reserves of the Company (other than the share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) have been used and will only be used to make good losses of the Company if and so far as is required by law;
- (iii) upon the exercise of all or any of the subscription rights represented by any warrant, the relevant subscription rights shall be exercisable in respect of a nominal amount of shares equal to the amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights) and, in addition, there shall be allotted

in respect of such subscription rights to the exercising warrant holder, credited as fully paid, such additional nominal amount of shares as is equal to the difference between:-

- (aa) the said amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be, the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights); and
- (bb) the nominal amount of shares in respect of which such subscription rights would have been exercisable having regard to the provisions of the conditions of the warrants, had it been possible for such subscription rights to represent the right to subscribe for shares at less than par; ~~and immediately upon such exercise so much of the sum standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve as is required to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares shall be capitalised and applied in paying up in full such additional nominal amount of shares which shall forthwith be allotted credited as fully paid to the exercising warrant holder; and;~~

and immediately upon such exercise so much of the sum standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve as is required to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares shall be capitalised and applied in paying up in full such additional nominal amount of shares which shall forthwith be allotted credited as fully paid to the exercising warrant holder; and

- (iv) if upon the exercise of the subscription rights represented by any warrant the amount standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve is not sufficient to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares equal to such difference as aforesaid to which the exercising warrant holder is entitled, the Board shall apply any profits or reserves then or thereafter becoming available (including, to the extent permitted by law, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) for such purpose until such additional nominal amount of shares is paid up and allotted as aforesaid and until then no dividend or other distribution shall be paid or made on the fully paid shares of the Company then in issue. Pending such payment up and allotment, the exercising warrant holder shall be issued by the Company with a certificate evidencing his right to the allotment of such additional nominal amount of shares. The rights represented by any such certificate shall be in registered form and shall be transferable in whole or in part in units of one share in the like manner as the shares for the time being are transferable, and the Company shall make such arrangements in relation to the maintenance of a register therefor and other matters in relation thereto as the Board may think fit and adequate particulars thereof shall be made known to each relevant exercising warrant holder upon the issue of such certificate.

- (B) Shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of this Bye-Law shall rank pari passu in all respects with the other shares allotted on the relevant exercise of the subscription rights represented by the warrant concerned. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law, no fraction of any share shall be allotted on exercise of the subscription rights.
- (C) The provisions of this Bye-Law as to the establishment and maintenance of the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be altered or added to in any way which would vary or abrogate, or which would have the effect of varying or abrogating, the provisions for the benefit of any warrant holder or class of warrant holders under this Bye-Law without the sanction of a Special Resolution of such warrant holders or class of warrant holders.
- (D) A certificate or report by the ~~Auditors for the time being of the Company~~ Auditor as to whether or not the Subscription Right Reserve is required to be established and maintained and if so the amount thereof so required to be established and maintained, as to the purposes for which the Subscription Right Reserve has been used, as to the extent to which it has been used to make good losses of the Company, as to the additional nominal amount of shares required to be allotted to exercising warrant holders credited as fully paid, and as to any other matter concerning the Subscription Right Reserve shall (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding upon the Company and all warrant holders and members.

RECORD DATES

185. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bye-Laws the Company or the Board may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue and such record date may be on or at any time before or after any date on which such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made. The Company or the Board may also fix any date as the record date for determining the members entitled to receive Notice and vote at any general meeting of the Company.

STOCK

186. ~~The following provisions shall have effect at any time and from time to time that they are not prohibited or inconsistent with the Statutes:~~
- (1) ~~The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid up shares into stock, and may from time to time by like resolution reconvert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination.~~
- (2) ~~The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might prior to conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit, but the Directors may from time to time, if they think fit, fix the~~

~~minimum amount of stock transferable and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum, but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose. No warrants to bearer shall be issued in respect of any stock.~~

- (3) ~~The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in assets on a winding up, voting at meetings, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.~~
- (4) ~~Such of the provisions of these Bye-Laws as are applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "member" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".~~



Power Financial Group Limited
權威金融集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock code: 397)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual general meeting (“**Meeting**”) of Power Financial Group Limited (“**Company**”) will be held at 3:00 p.m. on Friday, 17 June 2022 at Unit 1205, 12/F., World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong for the following purposes:

1. To receive and consider the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and the reports of the directors (“**Directors**”, each a “**Director**”) and the auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.
2.
 - (A) To re-elect Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny as an executive Director;
 - (B) To re-elect Mr. Li Wing Cheong as an executive Director;
 - (C) To re-elect Mr. Cheng Chun Shing as an executive Director;
 - (D) To re-elect Ms. Chan Lai Ping as an independent non-executive Director;
 - (E) To re-elect Ms. Tam Mei Chu as an independent non-executive Director;
 - (F) To re-elect Mr. Ho Yuen Tung as an independent non-executive Director;
 - (G) To authorise the board of directors of the Company (“**Board**”) to fix the directors’ remuneration.
3. To re-appoint CCTH CPA Limited as auditors of the Company and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

NOTICE OF AGM

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

4. **“THAT:**

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the directors of the Company (**“Directors”**) during the Relevant Period (as defined below) of all the powers of the Company to repurchase (or agree to repurchase) its shares in the share capital of the Company (each, a **“Share”**) on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (**“Stock Exchange”**), or any other stock exchange on which the Shares may be listed and recognised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Stock Exchange for such purpose, be and generally the same is hereby and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the Shares which may be repurchased or agreed to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above during the Relevant Period shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the number of issued Shares as at the date of passing of this resolution and the authority pursuant to paragraph (a) of this resolution shall be limited accordingly;
- (c) if, after the passing of this resolution, the Company conducts a share consolidation or subdivision, the number of Shares subject to the limit set out in paragraph (b) above shall be adjusted to the effect that the number of Shares subject to the limit set out in paragraph (b) above as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same; and
- (d) for the purpose of this resolution, **“Relevant Period”** means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:
 - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company, the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) or any other applicable laws of Bermuda to be held; or
 - (iii) the passing of an ordinary resolution by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting revoking or varying the authority given to the Directors under this resolution.”

NOTICE OF AGM

5. “**THAT:**

- (a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the directors of the Company (“**Directors**”) during the Relevant Period (as defined below) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with the authorised and unissued shares in the capital of the Company (each, a “**Share**”) and to make or grant offers, agreements or options, including warrants to subscribe for Shares, which might require the exercise of such powers be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Directors during the Relevant Period to make or grant offers, agreements or options, including warrants to subscribe for Shares, which might require the exercise of such powers after the expiration of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate number of Shares allotted, issued or dealt with or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted, issued or dealt with (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) by the Directors pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to or in consequence of: (i) a Rights Issue (as defined below); or (ii) the exercise of any option granted under any share option scheme or similar arrangements adopted by the Company; or (iii) any scrip dividend or similar arrangements providing for the allotment and issue of Shares in lieu of the whole or part of a dividend on Shares in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company in force from time to time; or (iv) any issue of Shares upon the exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrants, convertible bonds, debentures, notes or any securities issued by the Company which are convertible into Shares, shall not exceed the aggregate of:
 - (aa) 20 per cent. of the number of issued Shares as at the date of passing of this resolution; and
 - (bb) (if the Directors are so authorised by a separate ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company) the Shares repurchased by the Company subsequent to the passing of this resolution (up to a maximum equivalent to 10 per cent. of the number of issued Shares as at the date of passing of this resolution), and the authority pursuant to paragraph (a) of this resolution shall be limited accordingly;
- (d) if, after the passing of this resolution, the Company conducts a share consolidation or subdivision, the number of Shares subject to the limit set out in paragraph (c) above shall be adjusted to the effect that the number of Shares subject to the limit set out in paragraph (c) above as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same; and

NOTICE OF AGM

(e) for the purposes of this resolution:

“**Relevant Period**” means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company, the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) or any other applicable laws of Bermuda to be held; or
- (iii) the passing of an ordinary resolution by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting revoking or varying the authority given to the Directors under this resolution;

“**Rights Issue**” means an offer of Shares, or an offer of warrants, options or other securities giving rights to subscribe for Shares, open for a period fixed by the Directors to holders of Shares whose names appear on the Company’s register of members on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of Shares (subject to such exclusion or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements, or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory outside Hong Kong).”

6. “**THAT** conditional upon the passing of resolutions numbered 4 and 5 above, the general mandate granted to the directors of the Company (“**Directors**”) pursuant to resolution numbered 5 above be and is hereby extended by the addition to the number of shares of the Company which may be allotted, issued or dealt with or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted, issued or dealt with by the Directors pursuant to or in accordance with such general mandate of an amount representing the number of shares of the Company repurchased by the Company pursuant to or in accordance with the authority granted under resolution numbered 4 above.”

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To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

7. “**THAT**

- (a) the new bye-laws of the Company in the form produced to the Meeting, marked “A” and for the purpose of identification, initialled by the chairman of the Meeting, be approved and adopted as the new bye-laws of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing bye-laws of the Company; and
- (b) any director of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts and things and execute all such documents and make all such arrangements as they shall, in their absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient in connection with the implementation of or giving effect to the aforesaid adoption of the new bye-laws of the Company.”

On behalf of the Board
Power Financial Group Limited
Choi Chun Chung, Danny
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 24 May 2022

Registered office:
Victoria Place, 5th Floor
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

*Head office and principal place of
business in Hong Kong:*
Unit 1804A, 18/F.
Far East Finance Centre
16 Harcourt Road
Hong Kong

Notes:

1. Any shareholder of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting convened by the above notice shall be entitled to appoint one or more proxy to attend and, subject to the provisions of the bye-laws of the Company, to vote on his/her/its behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company but must be present in person at the Meeting to represent the shareholder. If more than one proxy is so appointed, the appointment shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such proxy is so appointed.
2. In the case of joint holders of any share of the Company, any one of such joint holders may vote at the Meeting, either in person or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he/she were solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such joint holders be present in person or by proxy at the Meeting, then one of such joint holders so present whose name stands first on the register of members of the Company in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

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3. For the purpose of ascertaining the shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 14 June 2022 to Friday, 17 June 2022 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the Meeting, all transfer documents, together with the relevant share certificates, must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Monday, 13 June 2022.
4. In order to be valid, the form of proxy must be duly completed and signed in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and deposited together with a power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority, at the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong by 3:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on Wednesday, 15 June 2022 or not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding any adjourned meeting.
5. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude a shareholder of the Company from attending and voting in person at the Meeting or any adjournment thereof should he/she so wish, and in such case, the instrument appointing a proxy previously submitted shall be deemed to be revoked.
6. The above resolutions put to vote at the Meeting will be decided by way of poll as required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.
7. Please see the section headed "PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR THE AGM" in the circular of the Company dated 24 May 2022 for measures being taken to try to prevent and control the spread of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 at the Meeting.

As at the date of this notice, the executive Directors are Mr. Choi Chun Chung, Danny, Mr. Tau Sai Kit, Terry, Mr. Li Wing Cheong and Mr. Cheng Chun Shing; and the independent non-executive Directors are Ms. Chan Lai Ping, Ms. Tam Mei Chu and Mr. Ho Yuen Tung.