Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.



### ASIA CASSAVA RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED

亞洲木薯資源控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code : 841)

## ANNOUNCEMENT OF AUDITED RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Reference was made to the announcement of Asia Cassava Resources Holdings Limited (the "Company") dated 30 June 2022, in relation to the unaudited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2022 (the "Unaudited Annual Results Announcement"). Unless otherwise defined, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Unaudited Annual Results Announcement.

#### AUDITOR'S AGREEMENT ON THE ANNUAL RESULTS

The Board is pleased to announce that the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, has completed the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The annual results for the year ended 31 March 2022 had been agreed and reviewed by the audit committee of the Company and approved by the Board on 15 July 2022.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
REVENUE	5	3,585,019	2,715,508
Cost of sales		(3,147,116)	(2,450,865)
Gross profit		437,903	264,643
Other income Fair value losses on investment properties, net Other operating expenses Selling and distribution expenses General and administrative expenses Finance costs	5	$ \begin{array}{r} 11,822\\(14,244)\\(337)\\(281,253)\\(82,403)\\(13,142)\end{array} $	5,450 ( 94,424) ( 4,794) ( 149,084) ( 61,702) ( 12,885)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX Income tax	7 8	58,346 ( 23,856)	( 52,796) 4,300
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest		34,490     44,972     (10,482)     34,490     34,490	$( 48,496) \\ ( 7,129) \\ ( 41,367) \\ ( 48,496) \\ \hline$
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE Basic and diluted	9	HK\$7.69 cents	(HK\$1.22 cents)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	34,490	( 48,496)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Debt investment at fair value through other comprehensive income:	653	11,326
Change in fair value	<u>    267</u> <u>    920</u>	<u> </u>
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income/(loss): Change in fair value Loss on disposal Income tax effect	$ \begin{array}{r}     75 \\     ( 3,604) \\     \underline{449} \\     ( 3,080) \end{array} $	$( 10,792) \\ - 2,179 \\ ( 8,613) \\ ($
Gains on property revaluation Income tax effect		1,262 ( 960) <u>302</u>
	( 1,678)	( 8,311)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	( 758)	3,103
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	33,732	( 45,393)
ATTRIBUTE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	44,214 ( 10,482) 	( 4,026) ( 41,367) ( 45,393)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
	Inotes	<b>ПК</b> \$000	ΠΚֆ 000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		598,902	93,851
Investment properties		625,679	1,153,225
Right-of-use assets		36,042	40,011
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		38,895	44,899
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		21,682	21,284
Club membership		2,240	2,240
Deferred tax assets		2,616	2,847
Total non-current assets		1,326,056	1,358,357
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		869,181	693,127
Trade and bills receivables	10	548,509	489,431
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		63,442	51,266
Equity investments at fair value through other			
comprehensive income		1,648	-
Debt investments at fair value through other			
comprehensive income		1,297	1,030
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		5,977	6,825
Restricted bank balance		4,092	4,209
Cash and cash equivalents		100,579	66,150
Total current assets		1,594,725	1,312,038
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables and accruals	11	( 288,417)	( 300,305)
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	12	(1,017,442)	(1,235,772)
Lease liabilities		( 38)	-
Tax payables		( 66,660)	(42,725)
Total current liabilities		(1,372,557)	( <u>1,578,802</u> )
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		222,168	(266,764)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,548,224	1,091,593
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities		( 13,342)	( 11,756)
Amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary		( 281,927)	( 279,052)
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	12	( 420,000)	-
Lease liabilities		(45)	
		( 715,314)	(
Net assets		832,910	800,785
1101 (455015)			

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

### 31 March 2022

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		
Share capital	58,473	58,473
Reserves	813,691	771,084
	872,164	829,557
Non-controlling interest	( 39,254)	( 28,772)
	832,910	800,785

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 8 May 2008. The registered address of the Company is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The head office and principal place of business of the Company is located at Units 612-3 and 617, Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The shares of the Company have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 23 March 2009.

The principal activities of the Group are the procurement of dried cassava chips in Southeast Asian countries and the sale of dried cassava chips in Mainland China and Thailand, hotel and serviced apartment operations in Mainland China and Hong Kong and property investment.

In the opinion of the directors, the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company is Art Rich Management Limited which was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, certain buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, certain financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2022. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other total comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 9,<br/>HKAS 39, HKFRS 7,<br/>HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2Amendment to HKFRS 16Covid-19-Related Rent ConcessionsAmendment to HKFRS 16Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

#### 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

Amendments to HKFRS9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues (a) not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy.

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had certain interest-bearing bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and foreign currencies based on the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") and United States dollars based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The Group expected that HIBOR will continue to exist and the interest rate benchmark reform has not had an impact on the Group's HIBOR-based borrowings. For other LIBOR-based borrowings, since the interest rates of these instruments were not replaced by RFRs during the year, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group. If the interest rates of these borrowings are replaced by RFRs in a future period, the Group will apply the above-mentioned practical expedient upon the modification of these instruments provided that the "economically equivalent" criterion is met.

Amendment to HKFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply (b) lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. In April 2021, the HKICPA issued another amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 to extend the availability of the practical expedient for any reduction in lease payments that affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 (the "2021 Amendment"). The 2021 Amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at the beginning of the current accounting period. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial statements.

#### 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the procurement and sale of dried cassava chips segment engages in the procurement and sale of dried cassava chips;
- (b) the property investment segment invests in office space and industrial properties for its rental income potential; and
- (c) the hotel and serviced apartment operations segment engages in hotel and serviced apartment operations in the Mainland China and Hong Kong.

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/(loss) before tax except that interest income, certain other operating expenses, non-lease-related finance costs, as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank balance, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, club membership, deferred tax assets, other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude tax payables, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

## 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2022	Procurement and sale of dried cassava chips HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Hotel and serviced apartment operations HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Hotel room and serviced apartment revenue,	3,556,152	-	-	3,556,152
and food and beverage income Gross rental income	- 	6,352	22,515	22,515 6,352
Total	3,556,152	6,352	22,515	3,585,019
Segment results	91,547	( 25,401)	3,888	70,034
Interest and unallocated gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Finance costs				$ \begin{array}{r} 11,822\\(10,368)\\(13,142)\end{array} $
Profit before tax				58,346
Segment assets Corporate and other unallocated assets	1,515,418	1,171,884	74,314	2,761,616 159,165
Total assets				2,920,781
Segment liabilities Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	1,103,705	889,267	6,415	1,999,387 88,484
Total liabilities				2,087,871
<b>Other segment information:</b> Depreciation of items of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Capital expenditure Fair value losses on investment properties	2,965 44 3,256	9,799 4,052 ()	1,999 43 	14,763 4,139 3,256 (

## 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021	Procurement and sale of dried cassava chips HK\$'000	Property investment HK\$'000	Hotel operations HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Hotel room revenue, and food and beverage income Gross rental income	2,689,053	7,825	18,630	2,689,053 18,630 7,825
Total	2,689,053	7,825	18,630	2,715,508
Segment results	57,386	(	(478)	( 37,060)
Interest and unallocated gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Finance costs				5,450 ( 8,316) ( 12,870)
Loss before tax				( 52,796)
Segment assets Corporate and other unallocated assets	1,249,977	1,195,457	66,308	2,511,742 158,653
Total assets				2,670,395
Segment liabilities Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	863,536	888,638	42,069	1,794,243 75,367
Total liabilities				1,869,610
<b>Other segment information:</b> Depreciation of items of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Capital expenditure Fair value losses on investment properties	2,694 709 3,358	296 1,437 (	1,857 50 	4,847 2,196 3,358 ( 94,424)

#### 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

#### Geographical information

#### (a) Revenue from external customers

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Mainland China Hong Kong	3,572,607 12,412	2,707,683 7,825
	3,585,019	2,715,508

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Hong Kong Mainland China Thailand	1,193,951 65,000 21,396	1,219,609 65,123 23,639
	1,280,347	1,308,371

The information of the remaining non-current assets above is based on the locations of assets and excludes financial instruments, club membership and deferred tax assets.

#### Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2022, revenue from a customer of the procurement and sale of dried cassava chips segment, amounting to HK\$544,532,000, individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, revenue from a customer of the procurement and sale of dried cassava chips segment, amounting to HK\$564,250,000, individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue.

## 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

6.

## An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
<u>Revenue from contracts with customers</u> Sales of dried cassava chips and other goods	3,556,152	2,689,053
Hotel room and serviced apartment revenue,	5,550,152	2,089,055
food and beverage income	22,515	18,630
<u>Revenue from other sources</u> Gross rental income from investment property		
operating leases	6,352	7,825
	3,585,019	2,715,508
An analysis of other income is as follows:		
	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Other income Logistic service income	8,918	_
Bank interest income	54	164
Others	2,850	5,286
	11 822	5,450
	11,822	
FINANCE COSTS		
An analysis of finance costs is as follows:		
	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans	11,427	12,553
Interest on other loan	1,711	317
Interest on lease liabilities	4	15
	13,142	12,885

#### 7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	3,147,116	2,450,865
Depreciation of items of		
property, plant and equipment	14,763	4,847
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	4,139	2,196
Employee benefit expenses		
(including directors' remuneration):		
Wages and salaries	26,074	25,848
Pension scheme contributions	1,273	893
	27,347	26,741
Lease payments not included in the measurement		
of lease liabilities	12,648	7,855

#### 8. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Current – Hong Kong		
Charge for the year	7,999	3,103
Overprovision in prior years	( 901)	(10,063)
Current – Macau		
Charge for the year	10,258	-
Underprovision in prior years	3,132	-
Current – Thailand	3,349	2,211
Deferred	19	449
	23,856	( 4,300)

## 9. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share amount is based on the earnings/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 584,726,715 (2021: 584,726,715) in issue during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during these years.

#### 10. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Trade receivables	15,192	17,774
Bills receivables	325,517	269,537
Bills receivables discounted to the banks with recourse	217,931	210,980
	558,640	498,291
Impairment	( 10,131)	( 8,860)
	548,509	489,431

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Within 30 days	505,492	321,233
31 to 60 days	38,623	119,521
61 to 90 days	228	44,967
Over 90 days	4,166	3,710
	548,509	489,431

Bills receivables of HK\$217,931,000 as at 31 March 2022 (2021: HK\$210,980,000) were discounted to the banks with recourse.

#### 11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000
Trade payables	7,758	41,390
Other payables	7,287	4,249
Contract liabilities	6,172	14,350
Accrued liabilities	5,042	6,053
Due to a director	4,811	6,964
Loan from a related company	255,000	224,000
Rental deposits received	2,347	3,299
		300,305

Based on the invoice date, the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period would mature within one month (2021: one month). Trade and other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

#### 12. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Analysed into bank borrowings repayable:		
Within one year or on demand	1,017,442	1,235,772
In the second year	8,000	-
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	412,000	-
	1,437,442	1,235,772
Less: Amount classified as current portion	(1,017,442)	(1,235,772)
Amount classified as non-current portion	420,000	

Note:

For the purpose of the above analysis, the Group's bank loans in the amount of HK\$1,235,772,000 at 31 March 2021 containing a repayment on demand clause are included within current interestbearing bank borrowings and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand. Notwithstanding the above repayment on demand clause, the directors do not believe that the bank loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of the bank loans, their maturity terms at 31 March 2021 are HK\$807,772,000 in 2022, HK\$8,000,000 in 2023, HK\$8,000,000 in 2024, HK\$8,000,000 in 2025, and HK\$404,000,000 in 2026.

#### MATERIAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN UNAUDITED AND AUDITED ANNUAL RESULTS

Since financial information contained in the Unaudited Annual Results Announcement was neither audited nor agreed with the Company's auditors as at the date of its publication and subsequent adjustments have been made to such information, shareholders and potential investors of the Company are advised to pay attention to certain differences between the financial information of the unaudited and audited annual results of the Group. Set forth below are principal details and reasons for the material differences in such financial information.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 March 2022

	Audited HK\$'000	Unaudited HK\$'000	Difference HK\$'000	Notes
REVENUE	3,585,019	3,585,019	-	
Cost of sales	(3,147,116)	(3,147,116)	<u>-</u>	
Gross profit	437,903	437,903	-	
Other income	11,822	10,865	957	(a)
Fair value losses on investment properties, net	( 14,244)	( 14,684)	440	(b)
Other operating expenses	( 337)	( 337)	-	
Selling and distribution expenses	( 281,253)	( 281,253)	-	
General and administrative expenses	( 82,403)	( 86,395)	3,992	(c)
Finance costs	( 13,142)	( 13,142)		
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	58,346	52,957	5,389	
Income tax	( 23,856)	(20,724)	(	(d)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	34,490	32,233	2,257	
ATTRIBUTE TO:				
Owners of the Company	44,972	42,715	2,257	
Non-controlling interest	( 10,482)	( 10,482)	-	
	34,490	32,233	2,257	
EARNINGS PER SHARE				
Basic and diluted	HK\$7.69 cents	HK\$7.31 cents		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

	Audited HK\$'000	Unaudited HK\$'000	Difference HK\$'000	Notes
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	34,490	32,233	2,257	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent per	iods:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Debt investment at fair value through other comprehensive income:	653	11,705	( 11,052)	(e)
Change in fair value	<u>    267</u> <u>    920</u>	<u> </u>	( 11,052)	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be profit or loss in subsequent periods:	reclassified to			
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income: Change in fair value Loss on disposal Income tax effect	$ \begin{array}{r} 75 \\ ( 3,604) \\ \underline{449} \\ ( 3,080) \end{array} $	5,838 ( 1,702) 4,136	( 5,763) ( 3,604)  2,151 ( 7,216)	(f) (g) (h)
Gains on property revaluation Income tax effect	$ \begin{array}{r}     1,687 \\     ( 285) \\     \hline     1,402 \end{array} $	942 ( 285) 657	745  745	(i)
	( 1,678)	4,793	( 6,471)	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>(758</u> )	16,765	<u>(17,523)</u> (15,266)	
FOR THE YEAR	33,732	48,998	( 15,266)	
ATTRIBUTE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	44,214 ( 10,482) <u>33,732</u>	59,480 ( 10,482) 48,998	( 15,266) 	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2022

	Audited HK\$'000	Unaudited HK\$'000	Difference HK\$'000	Note
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment	598,902	596,200	2,702	(c)&(i)
Investment properties	625,679	625,239	440	(b)
Right-of-use assets	36,042	36,042	-	
Equity investments at fair value through other		,		
comprehensive income	38,895	44,453	( 5,558)	(f)
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21,682	21,682	-	
Club membership	2,240	2,240	-	
Deferred tax assets	2,616	4,223	(	(h)
Total non-current assets	1,326,056	1,330,079	( 4,023)	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventories	869,181	869,181	-	
Trade and bills receivables	548,509	548,509	-	
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Equity investment at fair value through other	63,442	60,448	2,994	(a)&(c)
comprehensive income	1,648	1,648	-	
Debt investments at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	1,297	1,297	-	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,977	5,977	-	
Restricted bank balance	4,092	4,092	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	100,579	100,579		
Total current assets	1,594,725	1,591,731	2,994	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables and accruals	( 288,417)	( 285,286)	( 3,131)	(c)
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	(1,017,442)	(1,017,442)	-	
Lease liabilities	( 38)	( 38)	-	
Tax payables	( 66,660)	( 63,528)	( 3,132)	(d)
Total current liabilities	(1,372,557)	(1,366,294)	( 6,263)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	222,168	225,437	( 3,269)	
	<u>,</u>		<u> </u>	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,548,224	1,555,516	( 7,292)	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liabilities	( 13,342)	( 14,732)	1,390	(h)
Amount due to a non-controlling interest				
of a subsidiary	( 281,927)	( 281,927)	-	
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	( 420,000)	( 420,000)	-	
Lease liabilities	(45)	( 45)		
	( 715,314)	( 716,704)	1,390	
Net assets	832,910	838,812	(5,902)	

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

#### 31 March 2022

	Audited HK\$'000	Unaudited HK\$'000	Difference	Notes
EQUITY				
Equity attributable to owners of the Company				
Share capital	58,473	58,473	-	
Reserve	813,691	819,593	( 5,902)	
	872,164	878,066	( 5,902)	
Non-controlling interest	( 39,254)	( 39,254)		
	832,910	838,812	(5,902)	

#### Notes:

- (a) Being adjustment of other income recognised for the year
- (b) Being adjustment of fair value gain on investment properties situated in Thailand
- (c) Being adjustment of exchange differences on translation of certain "Property, Plant and Equipment" and "Prepayment, deposits and other receivables" in foreign operations
- (d) Being adjustment of under-provision for income tax in Macau
- (e) Being adjustment of exchange differences on translation of foreign operations
- (f) Being adjustment of fair value on equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (g) Being separately disclosure of loss on disposal of equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (h) Being adjustment of tax effect on the item (f) and (g) above
- (i) Being adjustment of fair value gain on properties situated in Thailand

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During the year ended 31 March 2022 (the "Current Year"), the Group was principally engaged in procurement of dried cassava chips in Southeast Asian countries, including Thailand, Cambodia and Vietnam, and sales of dried cassava chips, to customers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Group is continued to be the largest procurer and exporter of dried cassava chips in Thailand and the largest supplier of imported dried cassava chips in the PRC with an all-round integrated business model covering procurement, processing, warehousing, logistics and sale of cassava chips.

#### **Business review**

During the Current Year in which the impact of coronavirus epidemic still persisted, the demand for alcoholic products (to which the dried cassava chips are one of the raw materials for production in the PRC) is increased significantly which triggered demand of the dried cassava chips. The Group's revenue from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips was increased to approximately HK\$3,556.2 million for the Current Year, representing an increase of approximately 32.2% from approximately HK\$2,689.1 million for the previous year.

As regards "338 Apartment", upper apartment units are currently operated by the Group as serviced apartment operators upon the lapse of the lease to the local serviced apartment operators during the Current Year. The remaining portion of the building was considered as investment property.

As regards the Group's hotel operation, the revenue generated from hotel room rental and catering from restaurant was improving but still subject to uncertainties from the coronavirus epidemic and China's macroeconomic growth. The Group will continue to put efforts on overcoming unfavourable factors and capitalising opportunities, such as putting resources in promoting food & drink delivery services, the birthday party or wedding banquets packages and optimising staff allocation.

#### Financial Review on Audited Results

#### Revenue

The Group's revenue from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips increased by approximately HK\$867.1 million or approximately 32.2% from approximately HK\$2,689.1 million for the previous year to approximately HK\$3,556.2 million for the Current Year. Increase in the Group's revenue was mainly attributable to the increase in sales volume of dried cassava chips in the mainland China and average selling price during the Current Year.

The Group's revenue from hotel and serviced apartment operation amounted to approximately HK\$22.5 million for the Current Year, representing an increase of approximately 21.0% from approximately HK\$18.6 million for the previous year. During the Current Year, the Group's PRC hotel operation was still subject to pressures from the coronavirus epidemic in China and the slowdown in China's macro-economic growth. Nevertheless, the Group continues to put efforts on overcoming unfavourable factors and capitalising opportunities, such as putting resources in promoting food and drinks delivery services, the birthday party or wedding banquets packages and optimising staff allocation.

#### Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's cost of sales from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips increased by approximately HK\$697.2 million, or approximately 28.5%, from approximately HK\$2,443.6 million for the previous year to approximately HK\$3,140.8 million for the Current Year, mainly due to the increase in sales quantity of dried cassava chips in the Current Year.

The Group's gross profit from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips increased by approximately HK\$169.9 million from approximately HK\$245.5 million for the previous year to approximately HK\$415.4 million for the Current Year, mainly due to the increase in revenue from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips and increase in average selling price.

The Group's gross profit margin from procurement and sales of dried cassava chips for the Current Year increased to approximately 11.7% from approximately 9.1% for the previous year mainly due to increase in average selling price.

The Group's cost of sales from hotel and serviced apartment operation decreased to approximately HK\$6.3 million for the Current Year from approximately HK\$7.3 million for the previous year. The Group's gross profit margin from hotel operation for the Current Year increased to approximately 72.0% from approximately 60.7% for the previous year.

#### Selling and distribution costs

During the Current Year, the Group's selling and distribution expenses of approximately HK\$281.3 million (2021: approximately HK\$149.1 million) comprised mainly (a) ocean freight costs of approximately HK\$130.1 million (2021: approximately HK\$44.3 million), (b) warehouse, handling and inland transportation expenses of approximately HK\$130.6 million (2021: approximately HK\$96.2 million) and (c) those related to hotel operation of approximately HK\$9.4 million (2021: approximately HK\$8.6 million).

The Group's selling and distribution expenses increased mainly due to increase in sales volume and increase in unit ocean freight costs under the COVID pandemic during the Current Year.

#### General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses of the Group increased from approximately HK\$61.7 million in the previous year to approximately HK\$82.4 million in the Current Year, mainly due to (i) the increase in depreciation of approximately HK\$10 million in relation to certain units of 338 Apartment due to its separation as serviced apartment from investment properties, (ii) the increase in repair and maintenance expenses incurred for 338 Apartment of approximately HK\$4.0 million, and (iii) the increase in operating expenses due to inflationary adjustment.

#### Finance costs

Finance expenses of the Group increased from approximately HK\$12.9 million for the previous year to approximately HK\$13.1 million for the Current Year. The increase in finance costs was mainly due to increase in average interest rates of the trade financing loans and bank borrowing during the Current Year as compared with the previous year.

#### *Profit/(Loss) for the year*

The Group's profit for the Current Year attributable to the owner of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$45.0 million (2021: loss of HK\$7.1 million).

#### Financial resources and liquidity

As at 31 March 2022, the net assets amounted to approximately HK\$832.9 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$32.1 million from approximately HK\$800.8 million as at 31 March 2021 which was mainly due to the profit and other comprehensive income for the Current Year and the decrease in non-controlling interest.

Current assets amounted to approximately HK\$1,594.7 million (2021: HK\$1,312.0 million), including cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$100.6 million (2021: HK\$66.2 million), trade and bills receivables of approximately HK\$548.5 million (2021: HK\$489.4 million), inventories of approximately HK\$693.1 million), debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income of approximately HK\$6.0 million (2021: HK\$1.0 million), financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$6.0 million (2021: HK\$6.8 million), and prepayments, deposits and other receivables of HK\$63.4 million (2021: HK\$51.3 million). The Group had non-current assets of HK\$1,326.1 million (2021: HK\$1,358.4 million) which mainly included investment properties of approximately HK\$625.7 million (2021: HK\$1,153.2 million), property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$21.7 million (2021: HK\$93.9 million), right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$21.7 million (2021: HK\$40.0 million), prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$36.0 million (2021: HK\$4.2 million), right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$36.0 million (2021: HK\$4.2 million), right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$36.0 million (2021: HK\$4.4 million), right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$36.0 million (2021: HK\$4.4 million), right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$36.0 million (2021: HK\$4.4 million), property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$4.0 million), club membership of approximately HK\$2.2 million (2021: HK\$4.2 million) and equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income of approximately HK\$38.9 million).

The Group's current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$1,372.6 million (2021: HK\$1,578.8 million), which comprised mainly trade and other payables and accruals of approximately HK\$288.4 million (2021: HK\$300.3 million), tax payable of approximately HK\$66.7 million (2021: HK\$42.7 million) and bank borrowings of approximately HK\$1,017.4 million (2021: HK\$1,235.8 million). The Group's non-current liabilities included non-current bank borrowings of approximately HK\$420.0 million (2021: nil), deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$13.3 million (2021: HK\$11.8 million) and the amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of approximately HK\$281.9 million (2021: HK\$279.1 million) for the acquisition and operation of 338 Apartment.

The Group expresses its gearing ratio as a percentage of borrowings over total assets. As at 31 March 2022, the Group had a gearing ratio of 49.2% (2021: 46.3%).

The Group's inventory turnover period is 90.6 days as at 31 March 2022, representing an increase of 19.8 days from 70.8 days as at 31 March 2021.

The Group's debtor turnover period is 52.8 days as at 31 March 2022 (2021: 59.8 days).

#### Employment and remuneration policy

As at 31 March 2022, the total number of the Group's staff was approximately 250. The total staff costs (including directors' remuneration) amounted to approximately HK\$27.3 million for the Current Year. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing industry practice. The Group provides retirement benefit for its employees in Hong Kong in form of mandatory provident fund and provides similar schemes for its employees in the PRC, Macau, Vietnam and Thailand.

#### Charge on group assets

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's bank borrowings are secured by:

- (i) legal charges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings situated in Hong Kong with a carrying value of HK\$503,515,000 and HK\$1,170,000 (2021: leasehold land and buildings of HK\$15,330,000 and HK\$1,070,000), respectively;
- (ii) legal charges over the Group's investment properties situated in Hong Kong with a carrying value of HK\$564,500,000 (2021: HK\$1,091,200,000); and
- (iii) bills receivables of the Group amounting to HK\$217,931,000 (2021: HK\$210,980,000) discounted to the banks with recourse.

#### Foreign currency exposure

The Group carries on business in Renminbi ("RMB"), United States dollars ("US\$") and Thai Baht and therefore the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk as the values of these currencies fluctuate in the international market. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency exposure. However, the directors monitor the related foreign currency exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### *Contingent liabilities*

As 31 March 2022, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### Material acquisition

The Group had no material acquisition during the Current Year.

#### Prospect

In the PRC, renewable energy is considered a vital resource of energy, playing an important role in the aspects such as satisfying national energy safety and demand, and reducing environmental pollution. The PRC's policy of "non-competition for grain with people and non-competition for harvest land with grain" stipulates that grains such as corn should be used with priority for animal feeds and food so as to guarantee the national food safety. As a result, the use of non-grain feedstock to produce bio-fuel is encouraged by the PRC government. We anticipate that the demand of dried cassava chips in the PRC ethanol fuel industry will be growing which is beneficial to the Group's long-term business development.

For procurement, the Group has procurement facilities and networks in Thailand, Cambodia and Laos of total storage capacity of 600,000 tonnes, which pave the solid foundation for enhancement of the market coverage and maintenance of long-term business development. The Group targets to reduce its unit cost of dried cassava chips and increase its gross profit margin with the effect of economy of scales in relation to the procurement business of dried cassava chips by the Group's procurement networks in Thailand, Laos and Cambodia. In medium and long-run, the Group intends to set up additional procurement facilities and networks (when appropriate) in Thailand, Laos or Cambodia so as to cope with the expected increase in demand of dried cassava chips, to increase the Group's market share and to maintain our leading position in the industry.

The Group's unique and integrated business model combines the procurement, processing, warehousing, logistics and sale of cassava chips. Looking ahead, the Group plans to continue establishing more procurement and warehouse centres in order to replicate the proven business model in Thailand. Riding on our broad procurement channels and network together with the warehouse facilities, optimised logistics capabilities and the widespread sales network in the PRC, the Group will continue to strive to enhance our market coverage and maximise returns for our shareholders.

In addition, the Group will prudently study the feasibility for trading of other commodity and also explore other investment project with potentials, but not limiting to hotel operation and property project, in order to broaden the revenue sources and maximize returns for our shareholders.

#### DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

There were no purchases, redemption or sale of the Company's listed securities by the Company or its subsidiaries during the Current Year.

#### CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company had adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange. The Company also had made specific enquiry of all directors and the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with he required standard of dealings and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

To the knowledge of the Board, the Company has complied with all the code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2022, save for the deviation from the code provision as detailed below.

Under provision A.2.1 of the Code, the role of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer should be performed by separate individuals. Mr. Chu Ming Chuan is the Chairman who provides leadership for the Board. According to A.2.2 and A.2.3 of the Code, Mr. Chu Ming Chuan as the Chairman ensures that all directors are properly briefed on issued arising at board meetings, and receive adequate information, both complete and reliable, in a timely manner. The executive directors of the Company collectively oversee the overall management of the Group in each of their specialized executive fields, which fulfils the function of Chief Executive Officer in substance. Therefore, the Company currently has not appointed its Chief Executive Officer to avoid the duplication of duties.

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has set up an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over financial reporting process and internal controls of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises independent non-executive directors of the Company. The Audit Committee held a meeting on 15 July 2022 to consider and review the annual report and annual financial information of the Group and to give their opinion and recommendations to the Board. The Audit Committee considers that the annual report and the annual financial information of the Company have complied with the applicable accounting standards and the Company has made appropriate disclosure thereof.

By order of the Board Chu Ming Chuan Chairman

Hong Kong, 15 July 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the executive directors of the Company are Mr. Chu Ming Chuan, Ms. Liu Yuk Ming and Ms. Lam Ching Fun; the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Mr. Chui Chi Yun Robert, Mr. Hong Sijie and Ms. Amporn Lohathanulert.