
THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult a stockbroker or other registered licensed dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in China Agri-Products Exchange Limited 中國農產品交易所有限公司 (the “Company”), you should at once hand this circular, together with the accompanying form of proxy to the purchaser or transferee, or to the bank, licensed securities dealer, or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for onward transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED

中國農產品交易所有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 0149)

PROPOSALS FOR THE GRANT OF GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND TO REPURCHASE SHARES, RE-ELECTION OF THE RETIRING DIRECTORS, PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME, PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW BYE-LAWS AND NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Capitalized terms used in this cover shall have the same meanings as those defined in this circular.

A notice convening the AGM to be held at Garden Room A-D, 2/F, New World Millennium Hong Kong Hotel, 72 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong on Friday, 26 August 2022 at 10:45 a.m. is set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular.

Whether or not you intend to attend and vote in person at the AGM, you are requested to complete the enclosed form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and deliver it to the Company’s branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong (before 15 August 2022), or at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong (on or after 15 August 2022) as soon as practicable but in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and delivery of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be) should you so wish and in such event the form of proxy previously submitted shall be deemed to be revoked.

References to time and dates in this circular are to Hong Kong time and dates.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE AT THE AGM

In view of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and in line with the Hong Kong Government’s directive on social distancing, personal and environmental hygiene, the Company will implement the following precautionary measures at the AGM venue to protect the attending Shareholders, staff and other stakeholders from the risk of infection:

- (1) compulsory temperature screening/checks;
- (2) wearing of surgical face mask;
- (3) no provision of refreshments or drinks; and
- (4) No souvenirs will be provided.

Attendees who do not comply with the precautionary measures referred to in (1) to (2) above may be denied entry to and be required to leave the AGM venue at the absolute discretion of the Company as permitted by law.

The Company would like to advise all of the Shareholders may appoint any person or the chairman of the AGM as a proxy to attend and vote on the resolutions, instead of attending the AGM in person.

The Company will closely monitor and ascertain the regulations and measures introduced or to be introduced by the Hong Kong Government and may be required to update the precautionary measures and change the AGM arrangements, and if necessary, will make further announcements in case of any update regarding the precautionary measures to be carried out at the AGM.

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DEFINITIONS

In this circular, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings unless the context otherwise requires:

“AGM”	the annual general meeting of the Company to be convened and held at Garden Room A-D, 2/F, New World Millennium Hong Kong Hotel, 72 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong, on Friday, 26 August 2022 at 10:45 a.m. or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be)
“associate(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules
“Board”	the board of Directors
“Bye-Law(s)”	the bye-laws of the Company from time to time
“close associate(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules
“Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
“Company”	China Agri-Products Exchange Limited 中國農產品交易有限公司, an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its Shares are listed and traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 0149)
“controlling shareholder(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules
“core connected person(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules
“Director(s)”	director(s) of the Company
“Existing Bye-laws”	the bye-laws of the Company currently in force before the adoption of the New Bye-laws
“Existing Share Option Scheme”	the existing share option scheme of the Company adopted pursuant the Shareholders’ resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 3 May 2012, which was ended on 2 May 2022
“General Mandates”	the New Issue Mandate and the New Repurchase Mandate
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries
“HK\$”	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

DEFINITIONS

“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China
“Latest Practicable Date”	20 July 2022, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this circular for ascertaining certain information contained in this circular
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
“New Bye-laws”	the amended and restated bye-laws proposed to be adopted by the Company with immediate effect after the close of the AGM following the passing of the relevant special resolution, as set out in Appendix IV to this circular
“New Issue Mandate”	a proposed general and unconditional mandate to be granted to the Directors at the AGM to exercise the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional Shares and other securities during the prescribed period up to a maximum of 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution(s) granting such mandate (such mandate to be extended and added by the number of Shares, if any, repurchased by the Company since the grant of such mandate)
“New Repurchase Mandate”	a proposed general and unconditional mandate to be granted to the Directors at the AGM to exercise the powers of the Company to repurchase Shares on the Stock Exchange during the prescribed period up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution granting such mandate
“New Share Option Scheme”	the share option scheme of the Company proposed to be approved by the Shareholders at the AGM, the principal terms of which are summarized in Appendix III to this circular
“Notice of AGM”	notice convening the AGM as set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular
“Ordinary Resolution(s)”	the proposed ordinary resolution(s) as referred to in the Notice of AGM
“PRC”	the People’s Republic of China, which for the purpose of this circular and for geographical reference only, excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China and Taiwan

DEFINITIONS

“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)
“Shares(s)”	the ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company
“Shareholder(s)”	holder(s) of the Share(s)
“Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“subsidiary(ies)”	a company which is for the time being and from time to time a subsidiary (within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance) of the Company
“substantial shareholder(s)”	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules
“Takeovers Code”	the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong, as amended supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“WOG”	Wang On Group Limited (宏安集團有限公司)*, an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability, whose ordinary shares are listed and traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1222)
“WYT”	Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited (位元堂藥業控股有限公司*), an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability whose ordinary shares are listed and traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 897)
“%”	per cent

** For identification purpose only*

LETTER FROM THE BOARD



CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED

中國農產品交易有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 0149)

Executive Directors:

Mr. Leung Sui Wah, Raymond

(Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Yau Yuk Shing

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Tang Ching Ho, GBS, JP (Chairman)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Ng Yat Cheung, JP

Mr. Lau King Lung

Mr. Wong Ping Yuen

Registered office:

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

*Head office and principal place
of business in Hong Kong:*

Suite 3202, 32/F., Skyline Tower

39 Wang Kwong Road

Kowloon Bay

Kowloon

Hong Kong

25 July 2022

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam,

**PROPOSALS FOR THE
GRANT OF GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND TO REPURCHASE SHARES,
RE-ELECTION OF THE RETIRING DIRECTORS,
PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME,
PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW BYE-LAWS
AND
NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with the Notice of AGM and the information regarding the resolutions that will be proposed at the AGM for the Shareholders to consider and, if thought fit, to approve (i) the grant of the New Issue Mandate and the New Repurchase Mandate to the Directors; (ii) the re-election of the retiring Directors; (iii) the proposed adoption of New Share Option Scheme and (iv) the proposed adoption of New Bye-laws.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

2. PROPOSED GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND TO REPURCHASE SHARES

At the Company's last annual general meeting held on 25 August 2021, the Directors were granted (i) a general mandate to allot, issue and deal with Shares up to an aggregate number of not exceeding 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at 25 August 2021 (equivalent to an aggregate of 1,990,613,564 Shares) (the "**2021 General Mandate**"); and (ii) a general mandate to repurchase Shares up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at 25 August 2021 (equivalent to an aggregate of 995,306,782 Shares) (the "**2021 Repurchase Mandate**").

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the 2021 General Mandate and the 2021 Repurchase Mandate had not been utilised and refreshed and they will expire at the conclusion of the AGM.

To facilitate future allotment, issue and repurchase of Shares by the Directors on behalf of the Company, Ordinary Resolutions will be proposed at the AGM providing that the Directors be granted the General Mandates. In addition, an Ordinary Resolution will also be proposed at the AGM providing that any Shares repurchased under the New Repurchase Mandate (up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the grant of the New Repurchase Mandate) will be added to the total number of the Shares which may be allotted and issued under the New Issue Mandate.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the total number of issued Shares of the Company comprised 9,953,067,822 Shares. Subject to the passing of the resolution granting the New Issue Mandate and on the basis that no further Shares are issued or repurchased before the AGM, the Company will be allowed (i) pursuant to the New Issue Mandate to allot, issue and deal with 1,990,613,564 Shares, representing 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution; and (ii) pursuant to the New Repurchase Mandate to repurchase 995,306,782 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution. The Directors have no immediate plans to allot and issue any Shares under the New Issue Mandate.

Each of the General Mandates will continue in force until whichever is the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by any applicable law of Bermuda or the Bye-Laws to be held; or
- (iii) the date on which any such mandate is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in general meeting.

An explanatory statement as required under the Listing Rules to be given to the Shareholders is set out in Appendix I to this circular. The information in the explanatory statement provides you with information reasonably necessary to enable you to make an informed decision on whether to vote for or against the resolution to grant the Directors the New Repurchase Mandate.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

3. PROPOSED RE-ELECTION OF THE RETIRING DIRECTORS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Board consists of six Directors, namely Mr. Leung Sui Wah, Raymond and Mr. Yau Yuk Shing as executive Directors, Mr. Tang Ching Ho as a non-executive Director and Mr. Ng Yat Cheung, Mr. Lau King Lung and Mr. Wong Ping Yuen as independent non-executive Directors.

In accordance with Bye-Laws 99 of the Existing Bye-laws, Mr. Yau Yuk Shing and Mr. Wong Ping Yuen shall retire from office by rotation at the AGM and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

The Nomination Committee, having reviewed the Board's composition, nominated Mr. Yau and Mr. Wong to the Board for it to recommend to Shareholders for re-election at the AGM.

The Nomination Committee has also reviewed and considered each retiring Director's respective experience, skills and knowledge. Given their different backgrounds and expertise, the Nomination Committee has assessed and is satisfied with the performance of the retiring Directors (including Mr. Wong's accounting qualification and his professional experience in the financial accounting sector) and considered that each of them contributes to the diversity of the Board.

Moreover, the Nomination Committee had assessed and reviewed the written confirmation of the independence of Mr. Wong, who is an independent non-executive Director and has offered himself for re-election at the AGM. The committee members are satisfied that Mr. Wong remains independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are of the view that he has provided independent, balanced and objective views to the Company's affairs.

The Board, having considered the nomination of the Nomination Committee, recommends the retiring Directors, Mr. Yau and Mr. Wong to stand for re-election and the proposed Director as Directors at the AGM. Each of them abstained from voting at the Board meeting and the Nomination Committee meeting (as applicable) regarding their nominations.

Biographical details of the retiring Directors who offer themselves for re-election which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.74 of the Listing Rules are set out in Appendix II to this circular. If a valid notice from a Shareholder to propose a person to stand for election as a Director at the AGM is received in accordance with the Existing Bye-Laws after the printing of this circular, the Company will issue an announcement and/or a supplementary circular to inform Shareholders of the details of the additional candidate(s) proposed.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

4. PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Existing Share Option Scheme, which was adopted on 3 May 2012, was ended on 2 May 2022 whereupon no further new options may be granted. As of the Latest Practicable Date, a total of 226,000,000 Shares may fall to be issued upon the exercise of all issued and outstanding share options granted under the Existing Share Option Scheme.

Following the expiry of the Existing Share Option Scheme, the Directors propose for the Company to adopt the New Share Option Scheme, which will provide the Company with flexibility in providing incentives and recognition to suitable eligible participants for their contribution/potential contributions to the Group.

The Group may from time to time obtain advice / services from, or otherwise engage with advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group (“**External Participants**”) from time to time in its ordinary course of business. For those External Participants who has contributed to the development of the Group and with whom the Group wishes to maintain a long-term and sustainable business relationship (this may, for example, include advisers with relevant know-how in the local agricultural product exchange sector who can advise the Company on the development of its business model), the management of the Group may consider making grants under the New Share Option Scheme to them instead of / in addition to paying monetary consideration for their goods and/or services. Such External Participants will, should they choose to exercise the options granted to them, become owners in the Company and their interests will be aligned with those of the Company and its Shareholders, and the Company considers this to be beneficial to the long-term growth and development of the Group.

In determining whether any grant to External Participants under the New Share Option Scheme is appropriate, the Board (being the body responsible for the administration of the New Share Option Scheme) will take into account a number of factors including (but not limited to) the significance of the services provided by such External Participants to the business development of the Group, the length of business relationship, the availability of alternative services from other third parties in the market, and any existing fee arrangements with such External Participants.

While the Company currently expects the options underlying the New Share Option Scheme will be deployed primarily to incentivize its existing/ potential employees (including directors), there is no separate sublimit under the New Share Option Scheme that is dedicated to any grants made to External Participants.

The New Share Option Scheme takes effect subject to the satisfaction of the following:—

- (i) the passing of a resolution by the shareholders of WOG to approve the New Share Option Scheme;
- (ii) the passing of a resolution by the shareholders of WYT to approve the New Share Option Scheme; and
- (iii) the passing of a resolution by Shareholders to approve and adopt the New Share Option Scheme and to authorise the Board to grant option under the New Share Option Scheme and to allot, issue and deal in the Shares pursuant to the exercise of any options granted under the New Share Option Scheme.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

A summary of the principal terms of the New Share Option Scheme is set out in Appendix III to this circular. A copy of the New Share Option Scheme is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.cnagri-products.com) up to and including the date of the AGM, and will be available for inspection at the AGM.

An application will be made, as and when appropriate, by the Company to the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange for the listing, of, and permission to deal in, the new Shares which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted pursuant to the New Share Option Scheme.

The Directors consider that it is not appropriate to state the value of all the options that may be granted under the New Share Option Scheme as if they had been granted at the Latest Practicable Date as a number of variables which are crucial for the calculation of the value of the options have not been determined. Such variables include the exercise price, exercise period, any lock up period and other conditions, if any, that the options granted under the New Share Option Scheme may be subject to. Accordingly, the Directors believe that any calculation of value of such options as at the Latest Practicable Date based on a number of speculative assumptions would not be meaningful and may be misleading to the Shareholders.

5. PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW BYE-LAWS

With a view to enhancing corporate governance, reflecting the latest changes of the applicable laws and regulations (including Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules), the Company proposes to amend the Existing Bye-laws by way of adopting the New Bye-laws in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Existing Bye-laws given the number of amendments proposed to be made. The adoption of the New Bye-laws is subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the AGM.

The major proposed amendments to the Existing Bye-laws brought about by the adoption of the New Bye-laws, include the following:—

1. adopting the requirement to hold an annual general meeting in each financial, rather than calendar, year and correspondingly revising the maximum time that may elapse between such annual general meetings;
2. clarifying that Shareholders with the right to require the Company to convene a special general meeting may specify resolution(s) in such requisition;
3. revising the provisions relating to a Director's abstention from voting at a meeting of the Directors in light of latest Listing Rules provisions;
4. specifying that all Shareholders have the right to speak and vote at general meetings, unless specifically required to abstain from voting by the Listing Rules;
5. requiring approval by two-thirds of votes cast by Shareholders at a general meeting to remove the Company's auditors;

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

6. permitting meetings of the Shareholders of the Company to be held through electronic facilities or as a hybrid meeting with both physical and electronic participation; and
7. updating, modernising and codifying provisions of the Existing Bye-laws to better align with the wording under the applicable laws of Bermuda and the Listing Rules, and other consequential/consistency changes and typographical edits and corrections.

The latest draft of the New Bye-laws (with mark-ups showing changes from the Existing Bye-laws) is set out in Appendix IV to this circular. In view of the number of amendments proposed to be made to the Existing Bye-laws, the Board proposes that the New Bye-laws be adopted in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Existing Bye-laws, with effect from the close of the AGM (or any adjournment thereof) at which the relevant special resolution is passed.

The New Bye-laws are written in English and there is no official Chinese translation in respect thereof. Accordingly, the Chinese version of the New Bye-laws is for reference only and the English version of the New Bye-laws shall prevail in the event of any discrepancy.

6. THE AGM

The Notice of AGM is set out on pages AGM-1 to AGM-6 of this circular.

At the AGM, resolutions will be proposed to, inter alia:

- (i) receive, consider and adopt the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, the report of the Directors and the report of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, the independent auditor of the Company (the “**Auditor**”), for the year ended 31 March 2022;
- (ii)
 - (a) re-elect Mr. Yau Yuk Shing as a Director;
 - (b) re-elect Mr. Wong Ping Yuen as a Director;
 - (c) authorise the Board to fix the remuneration of Directors;
- (iii) re-appoint the Auditor and to authorise the Board to fix the remuneration of the Auditor;
- (iv) grant the New Issue Mandate;
- (v) grant the New Repurchase Mandate;
- (vi) extend the New Issue Mandate by adding to it the number of the Shares repurchased under the New Repurchase Mandate;
- (vii) approve and adopt the proposed New Share Option Scheme; and
- (viii) approve and adopt the proposed New Bye-laws.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

In accordance with Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, all the resolutions proposed at the AGM will be taken by way of a poll and an announcement in respect of the poll results will be published by the Company on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively in the manner prescribed under Rule 13.39(5) of the Listing Rules after the AGM. The Directors are not aware of any Shareholder who is required to abstain from voting at the AGM.

A form of proxy for the AGM is enclosed with this circular. Whether or not you intend to attend and vote in person at the AGM, you are requested to complete and deliver the form of proxy together with the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a certified copy of that power of attorney or authority, to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong (before 15 August 2022), or at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong (on or after 15 August 2022), as soon as possible, but in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case maybe). Completion and delivery of a form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case maybe) should you so wish and in such event the form of proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.

7. RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This circular, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Group. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this circular is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this circular misleading.

8. RECOMMENDATION

The Directors are of opinion that (i) the grant of the General Mandates and the extension of the New Issue Mandate; (ii) the proposed re-election of the retiring Directors; (iii) the proposed adoption of New Share Option Scheme, and (iv) the proposed adoption of New Bye-laws, are all in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole, and recommend you to vote in favour of the resolutions as set out in the Notice of the AGM.

Yours faithfully,

For and on behalf of the Board

CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED

中國農產品交易有限公司

Leung Sui Wah, Raymond

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

This Appendix serves as an explanatory statement, as required by the Listing Rules, to provide certain information to you for your consideration of the New Repurchase Mandate.

1. SHARE CAPITAL

As at the Latest Practicable Date, there was a total of 9,953,067,822 Shares in issue (save as 226,000,000 share options granted under the Existing Share Option Scheme), there was no outstanding share options, or any outstanding convertible notes or options carrying the rights to subscribe for any Share.

Subject to the passing of the resolution granting the New Repurchase Mandate and on the basis that no further Shares are or will be issued and/or repurchased by the Company following the Latest Practicable Date and up to the date of the AGM, the Directors will be authorised to repurchase a maximum of 995,306,782 Shares pursuant to the New Repurchase Mandate, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the AGM.

2. REASONS FOR REPURCHASES OF SHARES

The Directors believe that it is in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders to seek the New Repurchase Mandate from the Shareholders.

Such repurchases may, depending on market conditions and funding arrangements at the time, lead to an enhancement of the net asset value per Share and/or earnings per Share and will only be made when the Directors believe that such repurchase will benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

3. FUNDING OF REPURCHASES

Repurchases made pursuant to the New Repurchase Mandate would be funded from the Company's available cash flow or working capital facilities legally available for the purpose in accordance with the Company's memorandum of association, the Bye-Laws, the applicable laws and regulations of Bermuda and other applicable laws.

There will not be any material adverse impact on the working capital or gearing position of the Company, as compared with the positions disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements set out in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022, in the event that the New Repurchase Mandate is to be exercised in full at any time during the proposed repurchase period.

4. SHARE PRICES

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices at which the Shares have been traded on the Stock Exchange during the 12 months preceding the Latest Practicable Date:

Month	Per Share	
	Highest trading price <i>HK\$</i>	Lowest trading price <i>HK\$</i>
2021		
July	0.139	0.113
August	0.130	0.108
September	0.123	0.104
October	0.120	0.095
November	0.123	0.100
December	0.120	0.107
2022		
January	0.128	0.102
February	0.116	0.097
March	0.117	0.097
April	0.108	0.095
May	0.117	0.096
June	0.117	0.099
July (up to and including the Latest Practicable Date)	0.114	0.086

5. GENERAL

None of the Directors nor, to the best of their knowledge having made all reasonable enquiries, any of their close associates, has any present intention to sell any Shares to the Company, if the New Repurchase Mandate is approved by the Shareholders.

The Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that, so far as the same may be applicable, they will only exercise the New Repurchase Mandate in accordance with the Listing Rules, the Company's memorandum of association and the Bye-Laws and the applicable laws of Bermuda.

The Company has not been notified by any core connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules) that such person has a present intention to sell any Shares to the Company, or has undertaken not to do so, if the New Repurchase Mandate is approved by the Shareholders.

6. TAKEOVER CODE

If, as a result of a repurchase of Shares pursuant to the New Repurchase Mandate, a Shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting rights of the Company increases, such increase will be treated as an acquisition for the purposes of Rule 32 of the Takeovers Code. Accordingly, a Shareholder, or a group of Shareholders acting in concert (as defined in the Takeovers Code), depending on the level of increase of the Shareholders' interest, could obtain or consolidate control of the Company and become obliged to make a mandatory offer in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, to the best knowledge and belief of the Directors, WYT and parties acting in concert with it, were deemed to be interested in 7,320,095,747 issued Shares, representing approximately 73.54% of the issued Shares. In the event that the Directors should exercise the power to repurchase Shares under the New Repurchase Mandate in full and if there is no other change in the issued Shares and the shareholding interests of WYT and parties acting in concert with it (being 7,320,095,747 issued Shares) in the Company remains unchanged immediately after the full exercise of the New Repurchase Mandate, the shareholding interests of WYT and parties acting in concert with it will increase to approximately 81.72% of the issued Shares.

As WYT and parties acting in concert with it already held over 50% of the issued Shares, the above increase in shareholding interests should not result in a mandatory offer being required to be made in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code as a consequence of any purchases pursuant to the New Repurchase Mandate.

The Directors have no present intention to exercise the New Repurchase Mandate to such an extent as would trigger the obligation under Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code to make a mandatory offer nor to such extent as to reduce the amount of Shares held by the public to less than 25%.

7. SHARE REPURCHASE MADE BY THE COMPANY

No Shares had been repurchased by the Company, whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise, in the last six months preceding the Latest Practicable Date.

APPENDIX II BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE RETIRING DIRECTORS

The biographical details of the retiring Directors, and being eligible for re-election at the AGM are set out below:

Mr. Yau Yuk Shing, Executive Director

Mr. Yau Yuk Shing (“**Mr. Yau**”), aged 58, joined the Group in April 2012 and was appointed as an executive director of the Group in December 2012. Mr. Yau is a member of the executive committee of the Company. He has more than 27-year management experience in property development, engineering and construction businesses. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yau worked for certain companies with a wide spread of experience in real estate industry and project management. Mr. Yau is a brother-in-law of Mr. Tang Ching Ho, the non-executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company.

Pursuant to a service agreement entered into between Mr. Yau and the Company, which is without a fixed term but is terminable with six months’ notice without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), he is entitled to a remuneration of HK\$300,000 per annum and a discretionary bonus as determined by the Board with regard to his duties and responsibilities. The term of Mr. Yau’s appointment is also subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-Laws.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, save as disclosed above, Mr. Yau (i) did not have any other directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years; (ii) does not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company; and (iii) did not have any interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other matters regarding the proposed re-election of Mr. Yau that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders, and there is no information to be disclosed pursuant to the requirements under Rules 13.51(2) (h) to 13.51(2) (v) of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Wong Ping Yuen, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Wong Ping Yuen (“**Mr. Wong**”), aged 48, joined the Company as an independent non-executive Director in November 2018. He is the chairman of the audit committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Wong has been a certified public accountant of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2001, and obtained a Master Degree of Business Administration from the University of Adelaide in August 2005. Mr. Wong was appointed as a partner of ITA & Co. in 2009 and has changed to the sole-proprietor of ITA & Co. since 2015. He has been a partner of SRF Partners & Co. since 2014.

Mr. Wong entered into a letter of appointment with the Company as an independent non-executive Director for a specific term of three calendar years. In accordance with the terms of the letter of appointment, Mr. Wong is entitled to an annual remuneration of HK\$144,000 with regard to his duties and responsibilities and a fee of HK\$10,000 for attending each regular audit committee meeting. The term of Mr. Wong’s appointment is also subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-Laws.

APPENDIX II BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE RETIRING DIRECTORS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, save as disclosed above, Mr. Wong: (i) did not have any other directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years; (ii) does not connected with any Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company; and (iii) did not have any interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other matters regarding the proposed re-election of Mr. Wong that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders, and there is no information to be disclosed pursuant to the requirements under Rules 13.51(2) (h) to 13.51(2) (v) of the Listing Rules.

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the New Share Option Scheme proposed to be approved at the AGM but such summary does not form part of, nor is it intended to be, part of the New Share Option Scheme. For details on the New Share Option Scheme, please refer to the copy of the New Share Option Scheme which is published on, among others, the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.cnagri-products.com) for display from the date of this circular up to and including the date of the AGM:

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of the New Share Option Scheme is to reward eligible participants, i.e. directors (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) and employees of the Group and any advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group (“**Participants**”) and to encourage Participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company for the benefit of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

2. WHO MAY JOIN

On and subject to the terms of the New Share Option Scheme and the requirements of the Listing Rules, the Board may offer to grant an option to any Participants as the Board may in its absolute discretion select.

3. ADMINISTRATION

The New Share Option Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board whose decision as to all matters arising in relation to the New Share Option Scheme or its interpretation or effect shall (save as otherwise provided therein) be final and binding on all parties. The Board shall have the right to:

- (a) interpret and construe the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme;
- (b) determine the persons (if any) who shall be offered options under the New Share Option Scheme, and the number of Shares and subscription price, subject to the terms of the New Share Option Scheme;
- (c) subject to approval by the Shareholders to alter the New Share Option Scheme, make such adjustments to the terms of the options granted under the New Share Option Scheme to the relevant Participant(s) who accept an offer in accordance with the terms of the New Share Option Scheme (“**Grantee(s)**”) as the Board deems necessary, and whereupon the Board shall notify the relevant Grantee of such adjustment by written notice;

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

- (d) make such other decisions or determinations as it shall deem appropriate in relation to the offers and/or the administration of the New Share Option Scheme provided that the same are not inconsistent with the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme and the Listing Rules; and
- (e) determine the terms on which the option is to be granted, such terms may at the discretion of the Board, include, among other things, (i) the minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised; and/or (ii) a performance target that must be achieved before the option can be exercised in whole or in part; and/or (iii) any other terms, all of which maybe imposed (or not imposed) either on a case-by-case basis or generally.

4. PAYMENT ON ACCEPTANCE

An offer is deemed to be accepted when the Company receives from the Grantee the offer letter signed by the Grantee specifying the number of Shares in respect of which the offer is accepted and a remittance to the Company of HK\$1.00 as consideration for the grant of option. Such remittance is not refundable under any circumstances.

5. GRANT OF OPTION AND LIFE OF NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On and subject to the terms of the New Share Option Scheme and the Listing Rules, the Board shall be entitled at any time within 10 years after the date of adoption of the New Share Option Scheme to make an offer to any Participant as the Board may in its absolute discretion select to take up an option pursuant to which such Participant may, upon acceptance of such offer, subscribe for such number of Shares as the Board may determine at the subscription price during the option period.

The Company may not grant any options after inside information has come to its knowledge until (and including) the trading day after it has announced the information. In particular, it may not grant any option during the period commencing one month immediately before the earlier of:

- (a) the date of the meeting of the Board (as such date is first notified to the Stock Exchange under the Listing Rules) for approving the Company's results for any year, half-year, quarterly or any other interim period (whether or not required under the Listing Rules); and
- (b) the deadline for the Company to announce its results for any year or half-year under the Listing Rules, or quarterly or any other interim period (whether or not required under the Listing Rules),

and ending on the date of the results announcement. No option may be granted during any period of delay in publishing a results announcement.

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Any grant of options to any Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Group shall be subject to the prior approval of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company (excluding independent non-executive Directors who are the proposed Grantees of the options in question). Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates, would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled or outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:

- (a) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the Shares in issue on the date of such grant; and
- (b) closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5 million,

such further grant of options must be subject to prior approval by the Shareholders (voting by way of poll). The Company must send a circular to the Shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Grantee, his associates and all core connected persons of the Company must abstain from voting in favour of the resolution at such general meeting of the Company.

Subject to the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date of adoption of the New Share Option Scheme, after which period no further options shall be offered or granted under the New Share Option Scheme but the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects. Options granted during the life of the New Share Option Scheme shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of grant after the end of the ten-year period.

Any grant of option under the New Share Option Scheme shall be made, if not already obtained, subject to the Listing Committee (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Stock Exchange granting the approval of the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Shares which may fall to be issued pursuant to the exercise of such option and accordingly an option shall only take effect upon listing approval in respect of Shares which may fall to be issued upon exercise of such option being obtained.

6. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

The subscription price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event must not be less than the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (c) the nominal value of the Shares.

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

7. EXERCISE OF OPTION

The period within which the Share must be taken up under an option shall be determined and notified by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of grant, but such period must not be more than 10 years from the date of grant of the relevant option.

8. TRANSFERABILITY

An option shall be personal to the Grantee and shall not be assignable or transferable and no Grantee shall in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest in favour of any other person over or in relation to any option. Any breach of the foregoing by the Grantee shall entitle the Company to cancel any outstanding option or any part thereof granted to such Grantee to the extent not already exercised without incurring any liability on the part of the Company.

9. RIGHTS ON DEATH

In the event of the Grantee ceasing to be a Participant by reason of his death before exercising his option in full, his legal personal representative(s) may exercise the option up to the Grantee's entitlement as at the date of death (to the extent not already exercised) within the period of 12 months following his death.

10. RIGHTS ON CEASING TO BE A PARTICIPANT FOR REASONS OTHER THAN DEATH OR DISMISSAL

In the event of a Grantee who is an employee or a Director of the Company or another member of the Group ceasing to be a Participant for any reason other than his death or the termination of his employment or directorship on one or more of the grounds specified in sub-paragraph (17)(f), the option (to the extent not already exercised) shall lapse after the expiry of fourteen days from the date of cessation or termination of such employment (which date shall be the Grantee's last actual working day with the Company or the relevant subsidiary whether salary is paid in lieu of notice or not) and shall on that day cease to be exercisable.

In the event of a Grantee who is not an employee or a Director of the Company or another member of the Group ceasing to be a Participant as and when determined by the Board by resolution for any reason other than his death, the Board may by written notice to such Grantee within one month from the date of such cessation determine the period within which the option (or such remaining part thereof) shall be exercisable following the date of such cessation.

11. RIGHTS ON DISMISSAL

In the event of the Grantee ceasing to be a Participant by reason of the termination of his employment or directorship on one or more of the grounds specified in sub-paragraph (17)(f), his option shall lapse automatically (to the extent not already exercised) and shall not be exercisable on or after the date of termination of his employment and to the extent the Grantee has exercised the option in whole or in part, but Shares have not been allotted to him, the Grantee shall be deemed not to have so exercised such option and the Company shall return to the Grantee the amount of the subscription price for the Shares received by the Company in respect of the purported exercise of such option.

12. RIGHTS ON TAKEOVER

If a general offer by way of takeover or otherwise (other than by way of scheme of arrangement) is made to all the holders of Shares (or all such holders other than the offeror and/or any person controlled by the offeror and/or any person acting association or concert with the offeror) and such offer becomes or is declared unconditional prior to the expiry date of the relevant option, the Company shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Grantee and the Grantee (or his legal personal representative) shall be entitled to exercise the option in full (to the extent not already exercised) or to the extent as notified by the Company at any time within such period as shall be notified by the Company.

13. RIGHTS ON SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

If a general offer for Shares by way of scheme of arrangement is made to all the holders of Shares and has been approved by the necessary number of holders of Shares at the requisite meetings, the Company shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Grantee and the Grantee (or his legal personal representative) may at any time thereafter (but before such time as shall be notified by the Company) exercise the option to its full extent or to the extent specified in such notice.

14. RIGHTS ON WINDING-UP

In the event a notice is given by the Company to the Shareholders to convene a general meeting for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, approving a resolution to voluntarily wind-up the Company, the Company shall forthwith give notice thereof to the Grantee and the Grantee (or his legal personal representative) may at any time thereafter (but before such time as shall be notified by the Company) exercise the option to its full extent or to the extent specified in such notice, and the Company shall as soon as possible and in any event no later than three days prior to the date of the proposed general meeting, allot, issue and register in the name of the Grantee such number of fully paid Shares which fall to be issued on exercise of such option.

15. RIGHTS ON COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT

In the event of a compromise or arrangement, other than a scheme of arrangement, between the Company and its members or creditors is proposed in connection with a scheme for the reconstruction or amalgamation of the Company, the Company shall give notice thereof to all Grantees on the same day as it gives notice of the meeting to its members or creditors to consider such compromise or arrangement and the Grantee (or his legal personal representative) may at any time thereafter but before such time as shall be notified by the Company exercise the option either to its full extent or to the extent notified by the Company, and the Company shall as soon as possible and in any event no later than three days prior to the date of the proposed meeting, allot, issue and register in the name of the Grantee such number of fully paid Shares which fall to be issued on exercise of such option.

16. RANKING

The Shares to be allotted upon the exercise of an option shall be subject to all the provisions of the memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company for the time being in force and shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing fully paid Shares in issue on the date on which those Shares are allotted on exercise of the option and accordingly shall entitle the holders to participate in all dividends or other distributions paid or made after the date on which Shares are allotted other than any dividend or other distribution previously declared or recommended or resolved to be paid or made if the record date thereof shall be on or before the date on which the Shares are allotted.

Without prejudice to paragraph (14), the options do not carry any right to vote in general meeting of the Company, or any right, dividend, transfer or any other rights, including those arising on the liquidation of the Company.

17. LAPSE OF OPTION

An option shall lapse automatically and not be exercisable (to the extent not already exercised) on the earliest of:

- (a) the expiry of the option period (subject to the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme);
- (b) the expiry of the periods referred to in paragraphs (9), (10), (11), (14) and (15);
- (c) the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph (12) provided that if any court of competent jurisdiction makes an order the effect of which is to prohibit the offeror from acquiring the remaining Shares in the offer, the relevant period within which options may be exercised shall not begin to run until the discharge of the order in question or unless the offer lapses or is withdrawn before that date;
- (d) subject to the scheme of arrangement referred to in paragraph (13) becoming effective, the expiry of the period for exercising the option as referred to in paragraph (13);
- (e) the date of the commencement of the winding-up of the Company;

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

- (f) the date on which the Grantee (if an employee or Director of the Company or another member of the Group) ceases to be a Participant by reason of the termination of his employment or directorship on the grounds that he has been guilty of serious misconduct, or appears either to be unable to pay or to have no reasonable prospect of being able to pay his debts or has committed any act of bankruptcy or has become insolvent or has made any arrangements or compromise with his creditors generally, or has been convicted of any criminal offence involving his integrity or honesty or on any other grounds on which an employer would be entitled to terminate his employment summarily. A resolution of the Board or the board of directors of the relevant subsidiary to the effect that the employment of a Grantee has or has not been terminated on one or more of the grounds specified in this sub-paragraph (17)(f) shall be conclusive and binding on the Grantee, and where appropriate, his legal representative(s);
- (g) the date on which the Grantee commits a breach of paragraph (8); and
- (h) subject to paragraph (10), the date the Grantee ceases to be a Participant for any other reason.

18. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES

(a) Scheme Mandate Limit

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not, in the absence of Shareholders' approval, in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the New Share Option Scheme (the "**Scheme Mandate Limit**"). Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the New Share Option Scheme and (as the case may be) such other share option schemes of the Company will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit.

(b) Refreshment of Scheme Mandate Limit

The Scheme Mandate Limit referred to in sub-paragraph (18)(a) above may be renewed at any time subject to prior Shareholders' approval but in any event the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the limit as refreshed must not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the Shareholders' approval of the renewal of the Scheme Mandate Limit. Options previously granted under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the New Share Option Scheme or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit.

APPENDIX III PRINCIPAL TERMS OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

(c) Grant to Specified Grantees

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may grant Options beyond the Scheme Mandate Limit to Participants if:

- (i) separate Shareholders' approval has been obtained for granting options beyond the Scheme Mandate Limit to Participants specifically identified by the Company before such Shareholders' approval is sought; and
- (ii) the Company, in connection with the seeking of such separate Shareholders' approval, has first sent a circular to the Shareholders containing a generic description of the specified Participants who may be granted such options, the number and terms of the options to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified Participants with an explanation as to how the terms of the options serve such purpose and such other information required by the Listing Rules.

(d) Individual Limit

Subject to Shareholders' approval mentioned below, the maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Grantee under the New Share Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not (when aggregated with any Shares subject to options granted during such period under any other share option scheme(s) of the Company other than those options granted pursuant to specific approval by the Shareholders in a general meeting) exceed 1% of the Shares in issue for the time being.

Where any further grant of options to a Participant would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the Shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by Shareholders in general meeting with such Participant and his close associates (or his associates if the Participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. The Company must send a circular to the Shareholders disclosing the identity of the Participant in question, the number and terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such Participant) and such other information required under the Listing Rules. The number and terms (including the subscription price) of the options to be granted to such Participant must be fixed before Shareholders' approval and the date of Board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price under paragraph (6).

(e) Scheme Limit

At any time, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time (the “**Scheme Limit**”). No options may be granted under the New Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company if this will result in the Scheme Limit being exceeded.

If the Company conducts a share consolidation or subdivision after the 10% limit has been approved in general meeting, the maximum number of Shares that may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the 10% limit as a percentage of the total number of issued Shares at the date immediately before and after such consolidation or subdivision shall be the same.

19. EFFECTS OF REORGANISATION OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE

In the event of any alteration to the capital structure of the Company whilst any option remains exercisable, arising from capitalisation issue, rights issue, subdivision or consolidation of shares, or reduction of the share capital of the Company in accordance with legal requirements and requirements of the Stock Exchange, other than any alteration in the capital structure of the Company as a result of an issue of Shares as consideration in a transaction to which the Company is a party, such corresponding alterations (if any) shall be made in (i) the number or nominal amount of Shares subject to the option so far as unexercised; and/or (ii) the subscription price for the Shares subject to the option so far as unexercised; and/or (iii) the number of Shares subject to the New Share Option Scheme, or any combination thereof, provided that:

- (a) any such adjustments give a Grantee the same proportion of the equity capital of the Company as that to which that Grantee was previously entitled; and
- (b) notwithstanding the above, any adjustments as a result of an issue of securities with a price-dilutive element, such as a rights issue, open offer or capitalisation issue, should be based on a scrip factor similar to the one used in accounting standards in adjusting the earnings per share figures and the acceptable adjustments set out in the Supplementary Guidance on Rule 17.03(13) of the Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange dated 5 September 2005 and/or any other guidance/interpretation of the Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange from time to time, but no such adjustments shall be made to the extent that a Share would be issued at less than its nominal value.

20. ALTERATION OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Those specific provisions of the New Share Option Scheme which relate to the matters set out in Rule 17.03 of the Listing Rules cannot be altered to the advantage of Participants, and changes to the authority of the Board in relation to any alteration of the terms of the New Share Option Scheme shall not be made, in either case, without the prior approval of Shareholders in general meeting. Any alterations to the terms and conditions of the New Share Option Scheme which are of a material nature or any change to the terms of options granted, must also, to be effective, be approved by the Shareholders in general meeting, except where the alterations take effect automatically under the existing terms of the New Share Option Scheme. The New Share Option Scheme so altered must comply with Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

21. CANCELLATION OF OPTION

Any options granted but not exercised may be cancelled if the Grantee so agrees. Where the Company cancels the options and issues new options to the same Grantee, the issue of such new options may only be made under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company (excluding the cancelled options within the Scheme Mandate Limit).

22. TERMINATION OF THE NEW SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company by ordinary resolution in general meeting or the Board may at any time terminate the operation of the New Share Option Scheme and in such event no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the New Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in respect of options which are granted during the life of the New Share Option Scheme and which remain unexpired immediately prior to the termination of the operation of the New Share Option Scheme.

~~AMENDED AND RESTATED~~ BYE-LAWS

OF

CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED
中國農產品交易有限公司

(adopted by a special resolution passed on 26 August 2022)

(Adopted at the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2010)

~~AMENDED AND RESTATED~~

BYE-LAWS

(As adopted by a ~~Resolutions~~ special resolution passed on ~~8 June 2010~~ 26 August 2022)

OF

CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED

中國農產品交易有限公司

PRELIMINARY

1. (A) The marginal notes to these Bye-Laws shall not be deemed to be part of these Bye-Laws and shall not affect their interpretation and, in the interpretation of these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:

~~“address” shall have the ordinary meaning given to it and shall include any facsimile number, electronic number or address or website used for the purposes of any communication pursuant to these Bye-Laws; (Amended by a special resolution on 31 May 2002)~~

~~“appointed newspaper” shall have the meaning as defined in the Companies Act;~~

~~“associates” shall have the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory; (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~

~~“Auditors” shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office;~~

~~“Bermuda” shall mean the Islands of Bermuda;~~

~~“the Board” shall mean the board of directors of the Company as constituted from time to time or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present and voting at a meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present;~~

~~“business day” shall mean a day on which the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory generally is open for the business of dealing in securities. For the avoidance of doubt, where the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory is closed for the business of dealing in securities on a business day by reason of a Number 8 or higher typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event, such day shall for the purposes of these Bye-Laws be counted as a business day; (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)~~

~~“these Bye-Laws” or “these presents” shall mean these Bye-Laws in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted Bye-Laws for the time being in force;~~

~~“call” shall include any instalment of a call;~~

“capital” shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company;

“the Chairman” shall mean the Chairman presiding at any meeting of shareholders or of the Board;

“Clearing House” ~~means shall mean~~ a clearing house recognised by the laws of the ~~Relevant Territory~~ jurisdiction in which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted with the permission of the Company on a stock exchange in the ~~Relevant Territory~~; ~~(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~ such jurisdiction including but not limited to HKSCC;

“close associate” shall mean in relation to any Director, shall have the same meaning as ascribed to it in the Listing Rules except that for purposes of Bye-law 98 where the transaction or arrangement to be approved by the Board is a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, it shall have the same meaning as that ascribed to “associate” in the Listing Rules;

“the Companies Act” shall mean the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as may from time to time be amended;

“the Company” or “this Company” shall mean China Agri-Products Exchange Limited with the secondary name 中國農產品交易有限公司; ~~(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)~~

“Company’s website” shall mean the website of the Company to which any shareholder may have access, the address or domain name of which has been notified to the shareholders at the time the Company seeks the relevant shareholder’s consent for the purposes of Bye-Law 167(B) or, as subsequently amended by notice given to the shareholders in accordance with Bye-Law 167;

“corporate representative” means any person appointed to act in that capacity pursuant to Bye-laws 87(A) or 87(B);

“debenture” and “debenture holder” shall respectively include “debenture stock” and “debenture stockholder”;

“Director” means a director of the Company;

“dividend” shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not inconsistent with the subject or context;

“electronic” shall mean relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical electromagnetic or similar capabilities and such other meanings as given to it in the Electronic Transactions Act 1999 of Bermuda as may be amended from time to time; ~~(Amended by a special resolution on 31 May 2002)~~

“electronic communication” shall mean a communication sent, transmitted, conveyed and received by wire, by radio, by optical means or by other electron magnetic means in any form through any medium;

“electronic meeting” shall mean a general meeting held and conducted wholly and exclusively by virtual attendance and participation by shareholders and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities;

“Head Office” shall mean such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company;

“HK\$” shall mean Hong Kong dollars or other lawful currency of Hong Kong;

“HKSCC” shall mean Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited;

“hybrid meeting” shall mean a general meeting convened for the (i) physical attendance by shareholders and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by shareholders and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities;

“holding company” and “subsidiary” shall have the meanings ascribed to them by the Companies Act Listing Rules;

“Hong Kong” shall mean the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China;

“Listing Rules” shall mean the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on ~~the main board of~~ The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ~~(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~. Reference in these Bye-Laws to the rules of any relevant stock exchange shall include the Listing Rules;

“Meeting Location” shall have the meaning given to it in Bye-Law 69A;

“month” shall mean a calendar month;

“Newspapers”, in relation to the publication in newspapers of any notice, shall mean in English in one leading English language daily newspaper and in Chinese in one leading Chinese language daily newspaper published and circulating generally in the Relevant Territory and specified for this purpose by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory;

“Notice” shall mean written notice unless otherwise specifically stated and as further defined in these Bye-Laws;

“paid up” in relation to a share, shall mean paid up or credited as paid up;

“physical meeting” shall mean a general meeting held and conducted by physical attendance and participation by shareholders and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and/or where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations;

“the Principal Register” shall mean the register of shareholders of the Company maintained in Bermuda;

“Principal Meeting Place” shall have the meaning given to it in Bye-Law 63;

“the register” shall mean the Principal Register and any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes;

“Registered Office” shall mean the registered office of the Company for the time being;

“Registration Office” shall mean in respect of any class of share capital, such place or places in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere where the Directors from time to time determine to keep a branch register of shareholders in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Directors otherwise agree) transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered;

“Relevant Territory” shall mean Hong Kong or such other territory as the Directors may from time to time decide if the issued ordinary share capital of the Company is listed on a stock exchange in such territory;

“Seal” shall mean any one or more common seals from time to time of the Company for use in Bermuda or in any place outside Bermuda;

“Secretary” shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing the duties of that office;

“Securities Seal” shall mean a seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company which is a facsimile of the Seal of the Company with the addition on its face of the words “Securities Seal”;

“share” shall mean share in the capital of the Company;

“shareholder” shall mean the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company;

“Statutes” shall mean the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and every other act of the Legislature of Bermuda for the time being in force applying to or affecting the Company, its memorandum of association and/or these Bye-laws; ~~(Amended by special resolutions on 31 May 2002 and 8 June 2010, respectively)~~ Laws;

“Transfer Office” shall mean the place where the Principal Register is situate for the time being;

“writing” or “printing” shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words or figures in a visible-legible and non-transitory form or, and to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Statutes and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, any visible substitute for writing (including an electronic communication), or modes of representing or reproducing words partly in one visible form and partly in another visible form, and including where the representation takes the form of electronic display, provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or notice and the shareholder Member’s election comply with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations. *(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)*

- (B) In these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent herewith:

words denoting the singular shall include the plural and words denoting the plural shall include the singular;

words importing any gender shall include every gender and words importing persons shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations;

subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Companies Act (except any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Bye-Laws become binding on the Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same meaning in these Bye-Laws, save that “company” shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere; ~~and~~

references to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

- (C) A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such shareholders as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, ~~in the cases of shareholders which are corporations, by their respective~~ by a duly authorised representative ~~corporate representative~~ or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-Law 63. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
- (D) A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such shareholders as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, ~~in the case of any shareholder being a corporation, by its~~ a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting held in accordance with these presents and of which notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-Law 63. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*

- (E) A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Bye-Laws ~~or the Statutes.~~
- (F) ~~References to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not. (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~
- (F) A resolution shall be an extraordinary resolution (“Extraordinary Resolution”) when it has been passed by a majority of not less than two thirds of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of such Members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which Notice has been duly given in accordance with these Bye-Laws.
- (G) A reference to a meeting shall mean a meeting convened and held in any manner permitted by these Bye-Laws and any shareholder or Director attending and participating at a meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be deemed to be present at that meeting for all purposes of the Statutes and these Bye-Laws, and attend, participate, attending, participating, attendance and participation shall be construed accordingly.
- (H) References to a person’s participation in the business of a general meeting include without limitation and as relevant the right (including, in the case of a corporation, through a duly authorised representative) to speak or communicate, vote, be represented by a proxy and have access in hard copy or electronic form to all documents which are required by the Statutes or these Bye-Laws to be made available at the meeting, and participate and participating in the business of a general meeting shall be construed accordingly.
- (I) References to electronic facilities include, without limitation, website addresses, webinars, webcast, video or any form of conference call systems (telephone, video, web or otherwise).
- (J) Where a Member is a corporation, any reference in these Bye-laws to a Member shall, where the context requires, refer to a duly authorised representative of such Member.

- (K) References to the right of a Member to speak at an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting shall include the right to raise questions or make statements to the chairman of the meeting, verbally or in written form, by means of electronic facilities. Such a right shall be deemed to have been duly exercised if the questions or statements may be heard or seen by all or only some of the persons present at the meeting (or only by the chairman of the meeting) in which event the chairman of the meeting shall relay the questions raised or the statements made verbatim to all persons present at the meeting, either orally or in writing using electronic facilities.
2. Without prejudice to any other requirements of the Statutes, a Special Resolution shall be required to alter the Memorandum of Association, to approve any amendment of these presents or to change the name of the Company.

SHARES, WARRANTS AND MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

3. Without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attaching to any shares or any class of shares, any share may be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination or so far as the same may not make specific provision, as the Board may determine) and any preference share may, subject to the Companies Act and with the sanction of a Special Resolution, be issued on the terms that it is liable to be redeemed upon the happening of a specified event or upon a given date and either at the option of the Company or, if so authorised by the Memorandum of Association of the Company, at the option of the holder, ~~and if the redemption is not made through the marketing or by tender, the price shall be limited to a maximum, and if by tender, tenders shall be made to all shareholders alike.~~
4. The Board may, subject to the approval by the shareholders in general meeting, issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Company on such terms as the Board may from time to time determine. Where warrants are issued to bearer, no certificate thereof shall be issued to replace one that has been lost unless the Board is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original certificate thereof has been destroyed and the Company has received an indemnity in such form as the Board shall think fit with regard to the issue of any such replacement certificate.

5. (A) For the purposes of Section 47 of the Companies Act, if at any time the capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be not less than two persons holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010), and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy or by a duly authorised corporate representative may demand a poll.
- (B) The provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the rights whereof are to be varied or abrogated.
- (C) The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to or the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

~~5A. No powers shall be taken to freeze or otherwise impair any of the rights attaching to any share by reason only that the person or persons who are interested directly or indirectly therein have failed to disclose their interests to the Company.~~

SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

6. (A) The authorised share capital of the Company at the date on which these Bye-Laws come into effect is USHK\$3800,000,000.00 divided into 380,000,000,000 shares of USHK\$0.010 each.
- (B) Subject to the Statutes, the power contained in the Memorandum of Association for the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its shares shall be exercisable by the Board upon such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.

- (C) Subject, where applicable, to the rules of any relevant stock exchange, the Company may in accordance with an employees' share scheme approved by the shareholders in general meeting provide money on such terms as the Board thinks fit for the acquisition of fully or partly paid shares in the Company or its holding company. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, an employees' share scheme is a scheme for encouraging or facilitating the holding of shares or debentures in the Company by or for the benefit of bona fide employees or former employees (including, notwithstanding Section 96 of the Companies Act, any such bona fide employee or former employee who is or was also a director) of the Company, a subsidiary of the Company or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company, or the wives, husbands, widows, widowers or children or step-children under the age of twenty-one of such employees or former employees.
- (D) Subject, where applicable, to the rules of any relevant stock exchange, the Company, a subsidiary of the Company or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company may make loans to persons (including, notwithstanding Section 96 of the Companies Act, any such bona fide employee or former employee who is or was also a director) employed in good faith by the Company with a view to enabling those persons to acquire fully or partly paid shares in the Company or its holding company to be held by them by way of beneficial ownership.
- (E) The conditions subject to which money and loans are provided under paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Bye-Law may include a provision to the effect that when an employee ceases to be employed by the Company, the shares acquired with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company on such terms as the Board thinks fit.
7. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, whether or not all the shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued and whether or not all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully paid up, by Ordinary Resolution increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such class or classes and of such amounts in Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars or such other currency as the shareholders may think fit and as the resolution may prescribe.
8. Any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights, privileges or restrictions annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given, subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws, as the Board shall determine; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special right or without any right of voting.

9. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, and either at par or at a premium, to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of such shares, but in default of any such determination or so far as the same shall not extend, such shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the same.
10. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Bye-Laws, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Bye-Laws with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.
11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Board and it may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as it in its absolute discretion thinks fit, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount. The Directors shall, as regards any offer or allotment of shares, comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, if and so far as such provisions may be applicable thereto. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such offer, option or shares to shareholders or others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.
12. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that the conditions and requirements of the Companies Act shall be observed and complied with, and in each case the commission shall not exceed ten per cent. of the price at which the shares are issued.
13. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Bye-Laws or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and, except as aforesaid, the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other right or claim to or in respect of any shares except an absolute right to the entirety thereof of the registered holder.

REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

14. (A) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of the shareholders and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Companies Act.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a local or branch register at such location outside Bermuda as the Board thinks fit and, while the issued share capital of the Company is, with the consent of the Board, listed on any stock exchange in ~~Hong Kong~~the Relevant Territory, the Company shall keep a branch register in ~~Hong Kong~~the Relevant Territory.
- (C) For so long as any part of the share capital of the Company is listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, any member may inspect the principal register or branch register of the Company maintained in Hong Kong without charge and require the provision to him of copies or extracts thereof in all respects as if the Company were incorporated under and is subject to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong).
15. Every person whose name is entered as a shareholder in the register shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide or, such shorter period as such stock exchange may from time to time prescribe) one certificate for all his shares, or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot for the purposes of the stock exchange on which the shares are listed, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, of such sum (not exceeding in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in ~~Hong Kong~~the Relevant Territory, HK\$2.50, or such ~~larger amount~~greater sum as such stock exchange may be decided by the Federation of Share Registrars from time to time and agreed by the Board~~per~~mit, and in the case of any other shares, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) for every certificate after the first as the Board may from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in stock exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue a certificate or certificates to each such person, and the issue and delivery of a certificate or certificates to one of the joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
16. Every certificate for shares, warrants or debentures or representing any other form of securities of the Company shall be issued under the Seal of the Company, ~~which for this purpose may be~~or under the Securities Seal or in such manner as the Board may authorise.

17. Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe. A share certificate shall relate to only one class of shares. ~~Where the shares do not carry voting rights, the words “non-voting” shall appear in the designation of such shares. For the designation of each class of shares with different voting rights, the words “restricted voting” must appear in the designation of such shares.~~
18. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share.
- (B) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first-named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of notice and, subject to the provisions of these Bye-Laws, all or any other matter connected with the Company, except the transfer of the shares.
19. If a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such fee, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in ~~Hong Kong~~ the Relevant Territory, HK\$2.50, or such ~~larger amount~~ greater sum as such stock exchange ~~may be decided by the Federation of Share Registrars~~ from time to time and agreed by the Board ~~permit~~, and, in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity.

LIEN

20. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien and charge on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share. The Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a shareholder, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such shareholders or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such shareholder, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such shareholder or his estate and any other person, whether a shareholder of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Bye-Law.

21. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been given to the registered holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled to the shares by reason of such holder's death, bankruptcy or winding-up.
22. The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in relating to the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

23. The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the shareholders in respect of any moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of issue or allotment thereof made payable at a fixed time. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments.
24. Fourteen days' notice at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.
25. A copy of the notice referred to in Bye-Law 24 shall be sent to shareholders in the manner in which notices may be sent to shareholders by the Company as herein provided.
26. In addition to the giving of notice in accordance with Bye-Law 25, notice of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may be given to the shareholders by notice to be published at least once in the Newspapers or by electronic means as may be permitted by the Statutes and in such manner as may be accepted by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory.
27. Every shareholder upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint.
28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed.

29. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other moneys due in respect thereof.
30. The Board may from time to time at its discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may extend such time as regards all or any of the shareholders whom due to residence outside the Relevant Territory or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension but no shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.
31. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalments is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
32. No shareholder shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote (save as proxy for another shareholder) at any general meeting, either personally, or (save as proxy for another shareholder) by proxy or by a duly authorised corporate representative, or be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other privilege as a shareholder until all calls or instalments due from him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.
33. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the shareholder sued is entered in the register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; that the resolution of the Board making the call has been duly recorded in the minute book of the Board; and that notice of such call was duly given to the shareholder sued, in pursuance of these Bye-Laws; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Board who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.
34. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share and/or by way of premium, shall for all purposes of these Bye-Laws be deemed to be a call duly made, notified, and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Bye-Laws as to payment subject to of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. The Board may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment.

35. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any shareholder willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or instalments payable upon any shares held by him, and in respect of all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide but a payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the shareholder to receive any dividend or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a shareholder in respect of the share or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such shareholder before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such shareholder not less than one month's notice in writing of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

36. Subject to the Companies Act, all transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual or common form or in such other form as the Board may accept and may be under hand or by ~~machine~~means of mechanically imprinted signatures or such other manner as the Board may from time to time approve.
37. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case in which it thinks fit, in its absolute discretion, to do so. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Bye-Laws shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person. ~~However, where a recognised Clearing House is a transferor or transferee, the Company may accept authorised mechanically executed transfer forms with machine imprinted signatures of the authorised representative duly appointed by such recognised Clearing House.~~
38. (A) The Board may, in its absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time transfer any share upon the Principal Register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the Principal Register or any other branch register.
- (B) Unless the Board otherwise agrees (which agreement may be on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board in its absolute discretion may from time to time stipulate, and which agreement it shall, without giving any reason therefor, be entitled in its absolute discretion to give or withhold) no shares on the Principal Register shall be transferred to any branch register nor shall shares on any branch register be transferred to the Principal Register or any other branch register and all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration, and registered, in the case of any shares on a branch register, at the relevant Registration Office, and, in the case of any shares on the Principal Register, at the Transfer Office. Unless the Board otherwise agrees, all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration with, and registered at, the relevant Registration Office.

- (C) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Bye-Law, the Company shall as soon as practicable and on a regular basis record in the Principal Register all transfers of shares effected on any branch register and shall at all times maintain the Principal Register in all respects in accordance with the Companies Act.
39. The Board may, in its absolute discretion, and without assigning any reason, refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share option scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register a transfer of any share (whether fully paid up or not) to more than four joint holders or a transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.
40. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:—
- (i) such sum, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in ~~Hong Kong~~ the Relevant Territory, HK\$2.50, or such ~~larger amount~~ greater sum as such stock exchange may be decided by the Federation of Share Registrars from time to time and agreed by the Board ~~permit~~, and, in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine is paid to the Company in respect thereof has been paid;
 - (ii) the instrument of transfer is lodged at the relevant Registration Office or, as the case may be, the Transfer Office accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do);
 - (iii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share;
 - (iv) ~~The~~ the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company;
 - (v) if applicable, the instrument of transfer is properly stamped; and
 - (vi) where applicable, the permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority with respect thereto has been obtained.
41. No transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) shall be made to an infant or to a person of unsound mind or under other legal disability.
42. If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to each of the transferor and the transferee notice of such refusal.

43. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued without charge to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the instrument of transfer.
44. The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed on giving notice by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and in the Newspapers or by any electronic means as may be permitted by the Statutes and in such manner as may be accepted by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

45. In the case of the death of a shareholder, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.
46. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a shareholder may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.
47. If the person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Bye-Law 46 shall elect to be registered himself, as the holder of such share he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him at (unless the Board otherwise agrees) ~~at~~ the Registration Office, stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of such shares to his nominee. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the shareholder had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such shareholder.

48. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if it thinks fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Bye-Law 77 being met, such a person may vote at general meetings of the Company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

49. If a shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Bye-Law 32, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may thereafter accrue up to the date of actual payment.
50. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and it shall also name the place where payment is to be made, such place being either the Registered Office or a Registration Office. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
51. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Bye-Laws to forfeiture shall include surrender.
52. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit.

53. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a shareholder in respect of the forfeited shares., but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the forfeited shares, together with (if the Board shall in its discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until the date of actual payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Bye-Law any sum which by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall notwithstanding that such time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.
54. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited or surrendered on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
55. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the shareholder in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or make any such entry.
56. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture on such terms as the Board thinks fit or permit the shares so forfeited to be bought back or redeemed upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the shares, and upon such further terms (if any) as it thinks fit.
57. The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already made or instalment payment thereon.
58. (A) The provisions of these Bye-Laws as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

- (B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares the shareholder shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited and in any event the certificates representing shares so forfeited shall be void and of no further effect.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

59. (A) The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:-
- (i) increase its capital as provided by Bye-Law 7;
 - (ii) consolidate or divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares; and on any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise as it thinks expedient and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) may as between the holders of shares to be consolidated determine which particular shares are to be consolidated into a consolidated share, and if it shall happen that any person shall become entitled to fractions of a consolidated share or shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose and the person so appointed may transfer the shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction or fractions of a consolidated share or shares rateably in accordance with their rights and interest or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit;
 - (iii) divide its shares into several classes and attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions;
 - (iv) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Companies Act, and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares;
 - (v) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled;
 - (vi) make provision for the issue and allotment of shares which do not carry any voting rights; and

- (vii) change the currency denomination of its share capital.
- (B) The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any manner authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

60. (A) ~~The Subject to the Companies Act, the Company shall in each financial year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of onesuch annual general meeting must be held within six (6) months after the end of the Company and that of the next. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere's financial year (or such longer period as may be detpermintted by the Board and at such time and place as the Board shall appoint. A meeting of the shareholders or any class thereof may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meetingrules of the stock exchange on which any securities of the Company are listed with the permission of the Company).~~
- (B) Save where a general meeting is required by the Companies Act, a resolution in writing signed (in such manner as to indicate, expressly or impliedly, unconditional approval) by or on behalf of all persons for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company shall, for the purposes of these Bye-Laws, be treated as an Ordinary Resolution duly passed at a general meeting of the Company and, where relevant, as a Special Resolution so passed. Any such resolution shall be deemed to have been passed at a meeting held on the date on which it was signed by the last shareholder to sign, and where the resolution states a date as being the date of his signature thereof by any shareholder the statement shall be prima facie evidence that it was signed by him on that date. Such a resolution may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more relevant shareholders.
61. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called special general meetings. All general meetings (including an annual general meeting, any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting) may be held as a physical meeting in the Relevant Territory or in any part of the world and at one or more locations as provided in Bye-Law 69A, as a hybrid meeting or as an electronic meeting, as may be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion.

62. ~~The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting, and special shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall also be convened on at all times have the right, by written requisition, as provided to the Directors or the Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the Companies Act, and, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists.~~
63. ~~An annual general transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be called by notice in writing of not less than twenty-one clear days and not less than twenty clear business days and any special general held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be the passing of a special resolution is to be considered shall the hour principal place of the meeting and (the "Principal Meeting Place"), and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors.~~
63. An annual general meeting must be called by notice in writing of not less than at least twenty-one clear days and not less than ten clear business days days' notice in writing. All other special general meetings may (including a special general meeting) must be called by at least fourteen days' notice in writing of not less than fourteen clear days and not less than ten clear business days. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify (a) the time and date of the meeting, (b) save for an electronic meeting, the place, of the day meeting and if there is more than one meeting location as determined by the Board pursuant to Bye-law 69A, the Principal Meeting Place, (c) if the general meeting is to be a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, the notice shall include a statement to that effect and with details of the electronic facilities for attendance and participation by electronic means at the meeting or where such details will be made available by the Company prior to the meeting, and (d) particulars of resolutions to be considered at the meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act and the rules of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye- Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:--
- (i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the shareholders entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the shareholders having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority ~~together holding~~ representing not less than ninety-five per cent. ~~in nominal value of the total voting rights at the meeting of all the shares giving that right. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)~~ shareholders.

64. (A) The accidental omission to give any notice to, or the non-receipt of any notice by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceedings at any such meeting.
- (B) In the case where instruments of proxy are sent out with any notice, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice of the relevant meeting shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

65. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of Directors and appointment of Auditors and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, and the voting of ordinary or extra or special remuneration to the Directors.
66. For all purposes the quorum for a general meeting shall be two shareholders present in person (or, ~~in the case of a shareholder being a corporation, by its~~ a duly authorised corporate representative) or by proxy or, for quorum purposes only, two persons appointed by the clearing house as authorized representative or proxy, and entitled to vote. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the meeting.
67. If within fifteen minutes (or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the Chairman of the meeting may determine to wait) from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at ~~such~~ the same time and (where applicable) same place as shall be decided by(s) or to such time and (where applicable) such place(s) and in such form and manner referred to in Bye-law 61 as the chairman of the meeting (or in default, the Board) may absolutely determine.

68. (1) The Chairman (if any) of the Board or, if hethere is absent or declines to take the chair at such meeting, the Deputy Chairman (if any) shall take the chair more than one Chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them elected by all the Directors present shall preside as chairman at every a general meeting, or, if there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or, if at any general meeting neither of such Chairman or Deputy ChairmanIf at any meeting no chairman, is present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding suehthe meeting, or both such persons decline to take the chair at suehis willing to act as chairman, the Deputy Chairman or Vice Chairman or if there is more than one Deputy Chairman or Vice Chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them elected by all the Directors present shall preside as chairman. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman or Vice Chairman is present or is willing to act as chairman of the meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number as Chairmanto act, andor if one Director only is present he shall preside as chairman if willing to act. If no Director beis present; or if all the Directors present declinee each of the Directors present declines to take the chair, or if the Cchairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the shareholders present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall ehooselect one of their number to be Chairmanchairman of the meeting.
- (2) If the chairman of a general meeting is participating in the general meeting using an electronic facility or facilities and becomes unable to participate in the general meeting using such electronic facility or facilities, another person (determined in accordance with Bye-Law 68(1) above) shall preside as chairman of the meeting unless and until the original chairman of the meeting is able to participate in the general meeting using the electronic facility or facilities.
69. The Subject to Bye-Law 69C, the Chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and/or from place to place(s) and/or from one form to another (a physical meeting, a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting) as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen (14) days or more, at least seven (7) clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting details set out in Bye-Law 63 but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no shareholder shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

- 69A. (1) The Directors may, at their absolute discretion, arrange for persons entitled to attend a general meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance and participation by means of electronic facilities at such location or locations (“Meeting Location(s)”) determined by the Directors at their absolute discretion. Any shareholder or any proxy attending and participating in such way or any shareholder or proxy attending and participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities is deemed to be present at and shall be counted in the quorum of the meeting.
- (2) All general meetings are subject to the following and, where appropriate, all references to a “shareholder” or “shareholders” in this sub-paragraph (2) shall include a proxy or proxies respectively:
- (a) where a shareholder is attending a Meeting Location and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, the meeting shall be treated as having commenced if it has commenced at the Principal Meeting Place;
- (b) shareholders present in person or by proxy at a Meeting Location and/or shareholders attending and participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be counted in the quorum for and entitled to vote at the meeting in question, and that meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate electronic facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that shareholders at all Meeting Locations and shareholders participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities are able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;
- (c) where shareholders attend a meeting by being present at one of the Meeting Locations and/or where shareholders participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities, a failure (for any reason) of the electronic facilities or communication equipment, or any other failure in the arrangements for enabling those in a Meeting Location other than the Principal Meeting Place to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened or in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, the inability of one or more shareholders or proxies to access, or continue to access, the electronic facilities despite adequate electronic facilities having been made available by the Company, shall not affect the validity of the meeting or the resolutions passed, or any business conducted there or any action taken pursuant to such business provided that there is a quorum present throughout the meeting;
- (d) if any of the Meeting Locations is not in the same jurisdiction as the Principal Meeting Place and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, the provisions of these Bye-Laws concerning the service and giving of Notice for the meeting, and the time for lodging proxies, shall apply by reference to the Principal Meeting Place; and in the case of an electronic meeting, the time for lodging proxies shall be as stated in the Notice for the meeting.

69B. The Board and, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may from time to time make arrangements for managing attendance and/or participation and/or voting at the Principal Meeting Place, any Meeting Location(s) and/or participation in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities (whether involving the issue of tickets or some other means of identification, passcode, seat reservation, electronic voting or otherwise) as it shall in its absolute discretion consider appropriate, and may from time to time change any such arrangements, provided that a shareholder who, pursuant to such arrangements, is not entitled to attend, in person or by proxy, at any Meeting Location shall be entitled so to attend at one of the other Meeting Locations; and the entitlement of any shareholder so to attend the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at such Meeting Location or Meeting Locations shall be subject to any such arrangement as may be for the time being in force and by the Notice of meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting stated to apply to the meeting.

69C. If it appears to the chairman of the general meeting that:

- (a) the electronic facilities at the Principal Meeting Place or at such other Meeting Location(s) at which the meeting may be attended have become inadequate for the purposes referred to in Bye-Law 69A(1) or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the Notice of the meeting; or
- (b) in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, electronic facilities being made available by the Company have become inadequate; or
- (c) it is not possible to ascertain the view of those present or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate and/or vote at the meeting; or
- (d) there is violence or the threat of violence, unruly behaviour or other disruption occurring at the meeting or it is not possible to secure the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting;

then, without prejudice to any other power which the chairman of the meeting may have under these Bye-Laws or at common law, the chairman may, at his/her absolute discretion, without the consent of the meeting, and before or after the meeting has started and irrespective of whether a quorum is present, interrupt or adjourn the meeting (including adjournment for indefinite period). All business conducted at the meeting up to the time of such adjournment shall be valid.

69D. The Directors and, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may make any arrangement and impose any requirement or restriction the Directors or the chairman of the meeting, as the case may be, considers appropriate to ensure the security and orderly conduct of a meeting (including, without limitation, requirements for evidence of identity to be produced by those attending the meeting, the searching of their personal property and the restriction of items that may be taken into the meeting place, determining the number and frequency of and the time allowed for questions that may be raised at a meeting). Shareholders shall also comply with all requirements or restrictions imposed by the owner of the premises at which the meeting is held. Any decision made under this Bye-Law shall be final and conclusive and a person who refuses to comply with any such arrangements, requirements or restrictions may be refused entry to the meeting or ejected (physically or electronically) from the meeting.

69E. If, after the sending of Notice of a general meeting but before the meeting is held, or after the adjournment of a meeting but before the adjourned meeting is held (whether or not Notice of the adjourned meeting is required), the Directors, in their absolute discretion, consider that it is inappropriate, impracticable, unreasonable or undesirable for any reason to hold the general meeting on the date or at the time or place or by means of electronic facilities specified in the Notice calling the meeting, they may change or postpone the meeting to another date, time and/or place and/or change the electronic facilities and/or change the form of the meeting (a physical meeting, an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting) without approval from the shareholders. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Directors shall have the power to provide in every Notice calling a general meeting the circumstances in which a postponement of the relevant general meeting may occur automatically without further notice, including without limitation where a number 8 or higher typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event is in force at any time on the day of the meeting. This Bye-Law shall be subject to the following:

- (a) when a meeting is so postponed, the Company shall endeavour to post a Notice of such postponement on the Company's website as soon as practicable (provided that failure to post such a Notice shall not affect the automatic postponement of a meeting);
- (b) when only the form of the meeting or electronic facilities specified in the Notice are changed, the Directors shall notify the shareholders of details of such change in such manner as the Directors may determine;
- (c) when a meeting is postponed or changed in accordance with this Bye-Law, subject to and without prejudice to Bye-Law 69, unless already specified in the original Notice of the meeting, the Directors shall fix the date, time, place (if applicable) and electronic facilities (if applicable) for the postponed or changed meeting and shall notify the shareholders of such details in such manner as the Directors may determine; further all proxy forms shall be valid (unless revoked or replaced by a new proxy) if they are received as required by these Bye-Laws not less than 48 hours before the time of the postponed meeting; and

- (d) Notice of the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting shall not be required, nor shall any accompanying documents be required to be recirculated, provided that the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting is the same as that set out in the original Notice of general meeting circulated to the shareholders.
- 69F. All persons seeking to attend and participate in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting shall be responsible for maintaining adequate facilities to enable them to do so. Subject to Bye-Law 69C, any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of electronic facilities shall not invalidate the proceedings of and/or resolutions passed at that meeting.
- 69G. Without prejudice to other provisions in Bye-Law 69, a physical meeting may also be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
70. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by way of a poll. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)
- (1) At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by way of a poll save that in the case of a physical meeting the chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands in which case every shareholder present in person (or being a corporation, is present by a duly authorized representative), or by proxy(ies) shall have one vote provided that where more than one proxy is appointed by a shareholder which is a clearing house (or its nominee(s)), each such proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands. For purposes of this Bye-law, procedural and administrative matters are those that (i) are not on the agenda of the general meeting or in any supplementary circular that may be issued by the Company to its shareholders; and (ii) relate to the chairman's duties to maintain the orderly conduct of the meeting and/or allow the business of the meeting to be properly and effectively dealt with, whilst allowing all shareholders a reasonable opportunity to express their views. Votes (whether on a show of hands or by way of poll) may be cast by such means, electronic or otherwise, as the Directors or the chairman of the meeting may determine;
- (2) In the case of a physical meeting where a show of hands is allowed, before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll may be demanded:
- ~~72. Intentionally deleted (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)~~
- (a) by at least three shareholders present in person or in the case of a shareholder being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or
- (b) by a shareholder or shareholders present in person or in the case of a shareholder being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy and representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having the right to vote at the meeting; or

- (c) by a shareholder or shareholders present in person or in the case of a shareholder being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one tenth of the total sum paid up on all shares conferring that right.

A demand by a person as proxy for a shareholder or in the case of a shareholder being a corporation by its duly authorised representative shall be deemed to be the same as a demand by the shareholder.

71. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be resolution of the meeting. The Company shall only be required to disclose the voting figures on a poll if such disclosure is required by the Listing Rules. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010) Where a resolution is voted on by a show of hands, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or not carried by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect made in the minute book of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the resolution.

72. The poll shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, not being more than thirty (30) days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the chairman directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

73. In the case of an equality of votes on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote the chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)

~~Intentionally deleted (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)~~

~~75.~~

74. For the purposes of section 106 of the Companies Act, a Special Resolution of the Company, and of any relevant class of shareholders, shall be required to approve any amalgamation agreement as referred to in that section.

75. If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman, the proceedings shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.

VOTES OF SHAREHOLDERS

76. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a poll every shareholder present in person (or, ~~in the case of a shareholder being a corporation, by its~~ duly authorised corporate representative) or by proxy, shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid up (but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments shall be treated for the purposes of this Bye-Law as paid up on the share). On a poll a shareholder entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast his votes in the same way. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
77. Any person entitled under Bye-Law 46 to be registered as the holder of any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting, (as the case may be) at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his right to be registered as the holder of such shares or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
78. Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto; but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased shareholder in whose name any share stands shall for the purposes of this Bye-Law be deemed joint holders thereof.
79. A shareholder of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
80. (A) Save as expressly provided in these Bye-Laws, no person other than a shareholder duly for registered and who shall have paid everything voting for the time being due from him payable to the Company in respect of his shares shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another shareholder) either personally or by proxy or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another shareholder), at any general meeting.

(B)

- (B) Subject to paragraph (C) of this Bye-Law, no objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- (C) Where the Company has knowledge that any shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted. *(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)*
- ~~(C) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.~~
- (D) All shareholders shall have the right to (a) speak at a general meeting; and (b) vote at a general meeting except where a shareholder is required, by the Listing Rules, to abstain from voting to approve the matter under consideration.
81. Any shareholder of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. ~~On a poll votes~~ Votes may be given either personally ~~(or, in the case of a shareholder being a corporation, by its~~ a duly authorised corporate representative) or by proxy. A shareholder who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a shareholder. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual shareholder or a shareholder which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the shareholder which he or they represent as such shareholder could exercise, including the right to vote individually on a show of hands.
82. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. In the case of an instrument of proxy purporting to be signed on behalf of a corporation by an officer thereof it shall be assumed, unless the contrary appears, that such officer was duly authorised to sign such instrument of proxy on behalf of the corporation without further evidence of the facts.

83.

83. (A) The Company may, at its absolute discretion, provide an electronic address for the receipt of any document or information relating to proxies for a general meeting (including any instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy, any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, an appointment of proxy (whether or not required under these Bye-Laws) and notice of termination of the authority of a proxy). If such an electronic address is provided, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed that any such document or information (relating to proxies as aforesaid) may be sent by electronic means to that address, subject as hereafter provided and subject to any other limitations or conditions specified by the Company when providing the address. Without limitation, the Company may from time to time determine that any such electronic address may be used generally for such matters or specifically for particular meetings or purposes and, if so, the Company may provide different electronic addresses for different purposes. The Company may also impose any conditions on the transmission of and its receipt of such electronic communications including, for the avoidance of doubt, imposing any security or encryption arrangements as may be specified by the Company. If any document or information required to be sent to the Company under this Bye-Law is sent to the Company by electronic means, such document or information is not treated as validly delivered to or deposited with the Company if the same is not received by the Company at its designated electronic address provided in accordance with this Bye-Law or if no electronic address is so designated by the Company for the receipt of such document or information.
- (B) The instrument appointing a proxy and (if required by the Directors) the power of attorney or other authority, (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of that such power or authority, shall be deposited at to such place or one of such places (if any) as is may be specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the Notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Registration Office) or the Registered Office, as may be appropriate), or if the Company has provided an electronic address in accordance with the preceding paragraph, shall be received at the electronic address specified, not less than forty- eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) or postponed meeting at which the person named in such the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve (12) months from the date named in it as the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or postponed meeting in a ease cases where the meeting was originally held within twelve (12) months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a shareholder from attending and voting in person at the meeting convened and; in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
84. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve.

85. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a shareholder for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the shareholder, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment or postponement of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
86. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or power of attorney or by ~~the~~ duly authorised corporate representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at its Registration Office, or at such other place as is referred to in Bye-Law 83, at least two hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting, at which the proxy is used.
87. (A) Any corporation which is a shareholder of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its corporate representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of shareholders of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual shareholder of the Company. References in these Bye-Laws to a shareholder present in person at a meeting shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include a corporation which is a shareholder represented at the meeting by such duly authorised corporate representative.
- (B) ~~If Where a Clearing House shareholder is a clearing house (or its nominee(s) is a shareholder of the Company),~~ it may authorise such ~~person or~~ persons as it thinks fit to act as its ~~representative or~~ representatives at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of shareholders ~~of the Company~~ provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such ~~person~~ representative is so authorised. ~~A~~ Each person so authorised under the provisions of this Bye-Law ~~law~~ shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the ~~C~~clearing Hhouse (or its nominee) ~~which he represents as that Clearing House(s))~~ as if such person was the registered holder of the shares of the Company held by the clearing house (or its nominee(s)) could exercise if it were an individual shareholder in respect of the number and class of shares specified in the relevant authorisation including to speak and, where a show of hands is allowed, the right to vote individually on a show of hands.

REGISTERED OFFICE

88. The Registered Office shall be at such place in Bermuda as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

89. The number of Directors shall not be less than two.

The Company shall keep at the Registered Office a register of its directors and officers in Board accordance with the Statutes.

90. The Company in general meeting may by Ordinary Resolution elect a person or persons qualified to be Directors to act as Directors in the alternative to any of the Directors of the Company or may authorise the Board to appoint such alternate Directors. Any alternate Director may be removed by the Company in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution and, if appointed by the Board, may be removed by the Board and, subject thereto, the office of alternate Director shall continue until the next annual election of Directors in accordance with Bye-Law 99 or, if earlier, the date on which the relevant Director ceases to be a Director. An alternate Director may also be a Director in his own right and may act as alternate to more than one Director.

91. (A) A Director may at any time, by notice in writing signed by him delivered to the Registered Office or to the Head Office or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to act as alternate Director in his place during his absence and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. If such person is not another Director such appointment unless previously approved by the Board shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which, were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.
- (B) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the ordinary remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- (C) An alternate Director shall, if his appointor so requests, be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Board or committees of the Board to the same extent as, but in lieu of, the Director appointing him and shall be entitled to such extent to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws shall apply as if he were a Director.

- (D) Every person acting as an alternate Director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternate Director and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to Directors and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him.
- (E) Every person acting as an alternate Director shall have one vote for each Director for whom he acts as alternate (in addition to his own vote if he is also a Director). The signature of an alternate Director to any resolution in writing of the Board or a committee of the Board shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as the signature of his appointor.
- (F) No alternate Director shall by virtue of that position be a director for the purposes of the Companies Act, but shall nevertheless be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act in so far as they relate to the duties and obligations of directors (other than the obligations to hold any qualifying share in the Company) when performing the functions of a Director.
92. A Director or an alternate Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and all meetings of any class of shareholders of the Company.
93. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services as Directors such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors' fees.
94. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company or in the discharge of their duties as Directors.
95. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to or at the request of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or otherwise as the Board may determine.

96. (A) Notwithstanding Bye-Laws 93, 94 and 95, the remuneration of a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or an Executive Director or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company may from time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his ordinary remuneration as a Director.
- (B) Payments to any Director or past Director of any sum by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for or in connection with his retirement from office (not being a payment to which the Director is contractually entitled) must be approved by the Company in general meeting.
97. (A) A Director shall vacate his office:—
- (i) if he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors generally;
 - (ii) if he becomes a lunatic or of unsound mind;
 - (iii) if he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months, without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office;
 - (iv) if he becomes prohibited by law from acting as a Director;
 - (v) if by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its Registered Office or at the Head Office he resigns his office;
 - (vi) if he shall be removed from office ~~by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company~~ under Bye-Law 104. *(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)*
- (B) No Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
98. (A) Subject to the Companies Act, a Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditors) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine, and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for, by or pursuant to any other Bye-Law.

- (B) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditors) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.
- (C) A Director may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the shareholders for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.
- (D) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment or the appointment of any of his close associates as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).
- (E) Where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors or any of the close associate(s) of any such Director(s) to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director or, as the case may be, the close associate(s) of such Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment or the appointment of any of his close associates (or the arrangement ~~or~~ variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) and except (in the case of an office or place of profit with any such other company as aforesaid) where the other company is a company in which the Director ~~together with any of and~~ his close associates in aggregate owns 5 per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company.
- (F) Subject to the Companies Act and to the next paragraph of this Bye-Law, no Director or proposed or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the shareholders for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement, by reason only of such Director holding that office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

- (G) ~~A Director who~~ If to his knowledge of a Director, he or any of his close associates, is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company, he shall declare the nature of his or, as the case may be, his close associate(s)' interest at the meeting of the BoardDirectors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest or that of his close associate(s) then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the BoardDirectors after he knows that he or his close associate(s) is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, a general notice to the BoardDirectors by a Director to the effect that (a) he or his close associate(s) is a shareholder of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with that company or firm or (b) he or his close associate(s) is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him or any of his close associate(s), shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Bye-Law in relation to any such contract or arrangement; provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the BoardDirectors or the Director takes reasonable steps to enseeure that it is brought up and read at the next Board-meeting of the Directors after it is given.
- (H) A Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the BoardDirectors approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) is materially interested, but this prohibition shall not apply to any of ~~or his associate(s)~~ in the following matters namely:
- (ai) ~~any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity either:~~
 - (a) ~~to such~~ the Director or his close associate(s) ~~any security or indemnity~~ in respect of money lent ~~by him or any of his associate(s)~~ or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of his associate(s) ~~them~~ at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or
 - (b) ~~any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity to~~ a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his close associate(s) has himself/ themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
 - (eii) ~~any contract or arrangement~~ proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase, where the Director or his close associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;

- ~~(diii) any contract proposal or arrangement in which concerning the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities benefit of employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries by virtue only of his/their interest in including:~~
- ~~(a) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or debentures or other securities of by the Company;~~
- ~~(e) any contract or arrangement concerning any other company in under which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested only, whether directly or indirectly, as an officer or executive or a shareholder other than a company in which the Director and/or his associate(s) is/are beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of the issued shares or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company (or any third company through which his interest or that of any of his associates is derived); or~~
- ~~(f) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a share option scheme, may benefit; or~~
- ~~(b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme or other arrangement which relates both to Directors or, his associates close associate(s) and employees employee(s) of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director; or his associates close associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the employees class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates. (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004); and~~
- ~~(I) A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) owns five (5) per cent. or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he and/or his associates (either directly or indirectly) are the holders of the beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company (or of any third company through which his/their interest or that of any of his associates is derived). For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or his associate(s) as bare or custodian trustee and in which he or any of them has/have no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the interests of the Director or his associate(s) is/are in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director is/are interested only as a unit holder and any shares which carry no voting right at general meetings and very restrictive dividend and return of capital right. (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~

- (J) ~~Where a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) holds five (5) per cent. or more is/are materially interested in a transaction, then that Director and/or his associate(s) shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction. (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~
- (K)
- (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Directors or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company.
- (I) ~~If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board Directors as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman or any of the meeting) or his associate(s) or close associates as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question (unless it relates to the Chairman) shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting Chairman and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director and/or his associate(s) concerned or his close associates as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board other Directors. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting Chairman such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board Directors (for which purpose such chairman the Chairman shall not be counted in the quorum and shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman the Chairman or his close associates as known to such chairman him has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. (Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)~~
other Directors.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

99. At each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated offices. (Amended by special resolutions on 27 May 2005 and 27 April 2009, respectively.)

100. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place the places of the retiring Directors are not filled, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had ~~their place~~ places filled shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until their places are filled, unless:—
- (i) it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors; or
 - (ii) it is expressly resolved at such meeting not to fill up such vacated offices; or
 - (iii) in any such case the resolution for re-election of a Director is put to the meeting and lost; or
 - (iv) such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is not willing to be re-elected.
101. The Company in general meeting shall from time to time fix and may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase or reduce the maximum and minimum number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than two.
102. (A) ~~The Subject to the Statutes and the provisions of these Bye-Laws, the Company may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall be subject to retirement by rotation pursuant to Bye-law 99. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2009)~~
- (B) The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the ~~next following~~ first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting. *(Amended by a special resolution on 27 May 2005)*

103. No person, other than a ~~Director retiring at the meeting~~ Director, shall, unless recommended by the ~~Director~~ Board for election, be eligible for election ~~asto the office of~~ Director at any general meeting, unless a written notice signed by a shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) ~~duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given~~ notice in writing of his ~~the~~ intention to propose ~~sueh~~ that person for election as a Director and also a written notice signed in writing by ~~that~~ the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the ~~h~~ Head Office or at the Registration Office ~~provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such written notice(s) are given, shall be during a period of at least seven (7) days and that the period for lodgment of such written notice(s) shall commence commencing no earlier than the day immediately after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven (7) days prior to before the date of such general meeting.~~ *(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)*
104. The ~~Company~~ shareholders may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director (including a ~~Managemen~~ Director or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his ~~period~~ term of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting. *(Amended by a special resolution on 28 May 2004)*

BORROWING POWERS

105. The Board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all the powers. of the Company to raise or borrow or to secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.
106. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
107. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any of equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
108. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount (other than shares), premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

109. (A) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with such provisions of the Companies Act with regard to the registration of mortgages and charges as may be specified or required.
- (B) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferable by delivery, the Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures.
110. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the shareholders or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

MANAGING DIRECTORS, ETC.

111. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the business of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Bye-Law 96.
112. Every Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 hereof shall, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between himself and the Company, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.
113. A Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 shall be subject to the same provisions as to rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he shall cease to hold the office of Director for any cause.
114. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or Executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that it may think fit provided that the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such withdrawal, revocation or variation shall be affected thereby.

MANAGEMENT

115. (A) The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board which, in addition to the powers and authorities expressly conferred upon it by these Bye-Laws, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done or approved by the Company and which are not hereby or by the Statutes expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions of these Bye-Laws, provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.
- (B) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Bye-Laws, it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:—
- (i) to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at par or at such premium and on such other terms as may be agreed; and
 - (ii) to give to any Directors, officers or employees of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

MANAGERS

116. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, manager or managers of the business of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.
117. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers of the Board and such title or titles as it may think fit.
118. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may in its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND OTHER OFFICERS

119. The Board shall as soon as practicable following each annual general meeting elect one of its body to the office of Chairman of the Company and another to be the Deputy Chairman of the Company and may from time to time elect or otherwise appoint other officers and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Deputy Chairman shall preside at meetings of the Board, but if no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman be elected or appointed, or if at any meeting the Chairman or Deputy Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. All the provisions of Bye-Laws 112, 113 and 114 shall mutatis mutandis apply to any Directors elected or otherwise appointed to any office in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

120. The Board may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn or postpone, and otherwise regulate its meetings and proceedings as it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Bye-Law, an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but, notwithstanding that an alternate Director is also a Director or is an alternate for more than one Director, he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. A meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

121. A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board which may be held in any part of the world provided that no such meeting shall be summoned to be held outside the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate without the prior approval of the Directors. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director and alternate Director either in writing or by telephone or by telex or telegram at the address from time to time notified to the Company by such Director or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. A Director absent or intended to be absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate may request the Board that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but such notices need not be given any earlier than notices given to Directors not so absent and in the absence of any such request it shall not be necessary to give notice of a Board meeting to any Director who is for the time being absent from such territory. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

122. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

123. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under these Bye-Laws for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.
124. The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body and such other persons as the Board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.
125. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.
126. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not replaced by any regulations imposed by the Board pursuant to Bye-Law 124.
127. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Board or by any such committee or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director or member of such committee.
128. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Bye-Laws as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.
- ~~129. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors except such as are~~
129. (A) A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors (or their alternate Directors) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly convened and held. Any such resolutions in writing may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors. A notification of consent to such resolution given by a Director in writing to the Directors by any means (including by means of electronic communication) shall be deemed to be his/her signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Bye-law.

- (B) Where a Director is, on the date on which a resolution in writing is last signed by a Director, absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situated or situated, or cannot be contacted at his last known address or contact telephone or facsimile number, or it temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability and, in each case, his alternate (if any) is affected by any of these events, the signature of such Director (or their his alternate Directors) to the resolution shall (not be required, and the resolution in writing, so long as such a resolution shall have been signed by at least two Directors or their alternates who are entitled to vote thereon or such number of Directors as shall form a quorum, shall be deemed to have been passed at a meeting of Directors duly convened and held, provided that a copy of such resolution has been given or the contents thereof communicated to all the Directors (or their alternates) for the time being entitled to receive notices of Board meetings) be as valid and effectual as if it had been of the Directors at their respective last known address, telephone or facsimile number or, if none, at the Head Office and provided further that no Director is aware of or has received from any Director any objection to the resolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a resolution in writing shall not be passed at in lieu of a meeting of the Board duly convened and held. Any such resolutions in writing may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors for the purposes of considering any matter or business in which a substantial shareholder of the Company or a Director has a conflict of interest and the Board has determined that such conflict of interest to be material.
- (C) A certificate signed by a Director (who may be one of the signatories to the relevant resolution in writing) or the Secretary as to any of the matters referred to in paragraph (A) or (B) of this Bye-Law shall in the absence of express notice to the contrary of the person relying thereon, be conclusive of the matters stated on such certificate.

MINUTES

130. (A) The Board shall cause minutes to be made of:—
- (i) all appointments of officers made by the Board;
 - (ii) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of committees appointed pursuant to Bye-Law 124; and
 - (iii) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of such committees.
- (B) Any such minutes shall be conclusive evidence of any such proceedings if they purport to be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- (C) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Companies Act in regard to keeping a register of shareholders and to the production and furnishing of copies of or extracts from such register.

- (D) Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner which shall include, without prejudice to the generality thereof, recording by means of magnetic tape, microfilm, computer or any other non-manual system of recording. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

SECRETARY

131. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Statutes or these Bye-Laws required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially on behalf of the Board. If the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.
132. The duties of the Secretary shall be those prescribed by the Companies Act and these Bye-Laws, together with such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board.
133. A provision of the Statutes or of these Bye-Laws, requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND USE OF THE SEAL

134. (A) Subject to the Statutes, the Company shall have one or more Seals as the Directors may determine. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of each Seal, and no Seal shall be used without the authority of the Directors or a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf.
- (B) Every instrument to which a Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature other than autographic as specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.

- (C) The Company may have a Securities Seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such Securities Seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid. The Board may by resolution determine that the affixation of Securities Seal on certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company be dispensed with or be affixed by printing the image of the Securities Seal on such certificates.
135. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking accounts shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.
136. (A) The Board may from time to time and at any time, by power of attorney under the Seal, appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Bye-Laws) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- (B) The Company may, by writing under its Seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the Seal.
137. The Board may establish any committees, regional or local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, regional or local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, regional or local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any regional or local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding any such vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

138. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid and the spouses, widows, widowers, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid; Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

139. Any Director or the Secretary or other authorised officer of the Company shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies of extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the Head Office, the local manager or such other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be the authorised officer of the Company as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any local board or committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

140. (A) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve to capitalise any part of the Company's reserves (including any contributed surplus account and also including any share premium account or other undistributable reserve, but subject to the provisions of the law with regard to unrealised profits) or undivided profits not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend, and accordingly that such part be sub-divided amongst the shareholders who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions ~~or such other proportion as the shareholders by ordinary resolution may determine~~, on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such shareholders respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid to and amongst such shareholders in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in one way and partly in the other provided that for the purpose of this Bye-Law, any amount standing to the credit of any share premium account may only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to shareholders of the Company as fully paid and provided further that any sum standing to the credit of the share premium account may only be applied in crediting as fully paid shares of the same class as that from which the relevant share premium was derived. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
- (B) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, debentures, or other securities and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Bye-Law, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to a capitalisation issue as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any shareholders in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the shareholders concerned. The Board may appoint any person to sign on behalf of the persons entitled to share in a capitalisation issue a contract for allotment and such appointment shall be effective and binding upon all concerned, and the contract may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the shares, debentures or other securities to be allotted and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised.

DIVIDENDS, CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS AND RESERVES

141. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

142. (A) The Board may subject to Bye-Law 143 from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the position of the Company and, in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing), if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer to the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.
- (B) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.
143. (A) No dividend shall be declared or paid and no distribution of contributed surplus made otherwise than in accordance with the Statutes. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (but without prejudice to paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law), where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company, and be available for dividend accordingly. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Board be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- (C) Subject to Bye-Law 143 (D) all dividends and other distributions in respect of shares in the Company shall be stated and discharged, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, in Hong Kong dollars, and in the case of shares denominated in United States dollars, in United States dollars, provided that, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Board may determine in the case of any distribution that shareholders may elect to receive the same in United States dollars or any other currency selected by the Board, conversion to be effected at such rate of exchange as the Board may determine.
- (D) If, in the opinion of the Board, any dividend or other distribution in respect of shares or any other payment to be made by the Company to any shareholder is of such a small amount as to make payment to that shareholder in the relevant currency impracticable or unduly expensive either for the Company or the shareholder then such dividend or other distribution or other payment may, at the discretion of the Board, be paid or made in the currency of the country of the relevant shareholder (as indicated by the address of such shareholder on the register).

144. Notice of the declaration of an interim dividend shall be given by advertisement in the Relevant Territory and in such other territory or territories as the Board may determine and in such manner as the Board shall determine.
145. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
146. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or ~~debenture stock of~~ warrants to subscribe for securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, with or without offering any rights to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash, and where any difficulty arises in regard to ~~such~~ the distribution the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient, and in particular may issuedisregard fractional certificatesentitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may determine that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the shareholders concerned, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, the Board may appoint any person to sign a contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. The Board may resolve that no such assets shall be made available or paid to shareholders with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable and in such event the only entitlement of the shareholders aforesaid shall be to receive cash payments as aforesaid. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.
147. (A) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:—

either

- (i) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes already held by the allottee, provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—
- (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
 - (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the shareholders of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must ~~he~~be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
 - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised (“the non-elected shares”) and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis.

or

- (ii) that shareholders entitled to such dividend will be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes of shares already held by the allottee. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—
- (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;

- (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the shareholders of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
 - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable ~~in cash~~ on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised ("the elected shares") and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- (B) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank pari passu in all respects with the shares then in issue save only as regards participation:—
- (i) in the relevant dividend (or the right to receive or to elect to receive an allotment of shares in lieu thereof as aforesaid); or
 - (ii) in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend.

Unless, contemporaneously with the announcement by the Board of its proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with its announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Board shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.

- (C) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the shareholders concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all shareholders interested an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by Special Resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.
- (E) The Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election and the allotment of shares under paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall not be made available or made to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the circulation of an offer of such rights of election or the allotment of shares would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.
148. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to distribute by way of dividend.
149. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Bye-Law no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.

150. (A) The Board may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- (B) The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any shareholder all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise.
151. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the shareholders of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each shareholder shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call shall be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the shareholder, be set off against the call.
152. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
153. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interim dividends or bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of such shares.
154. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the shareholder entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that any endorsement thereon has been forged.
155. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company.

156. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable or made to the persons registered as the holder of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend or other distribution shall be payable or made to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend or other distribution between the transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Bye-Law shall mutatis mutandis apply to bonuses, capitalisation issues, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the shareholders.

DISTRIBUTION OF REALISED CAPITAL PROFITS

157. The Company in general meeting may at any time and from time to time resolve that any surplus moneys in the hands of the Company representing capital profits arising from moneys received or recovered in respect of or arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company or any investments representing the same and not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend instead of being applied in the purchase of any other capital assets or for other capital purposes be distributed amongst the ordinary shareholders on the footing that they receive the same as capital and in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled to receive the same if it had been distributed by way of dividend, provided that no such profits as aforesaid shall be so distributed unless there shall remain in the hands of the Company a sufficiency of other assets to answer in full the whole of the liabilities and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being.

ANNUAL RETURNS

158. The Board shall make or cause to be made such annual or other returns or filings as may ~~be~~ required to be made in accordance with the Statutes.

ACCOUNTS

159. The Board shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place; and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Statutes or necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.
160. The books of account shall be kept at the Head Office or at such other place or places as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors provided that such records as are required by the Statutes shall also be kept at the Registered Office.
161. No shareholder (not being a Director) or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Statutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Board or the Company in general meeting.

162. (A) ~~The Board~~ Directors shall from time to time cause to be prepared and laid before the Company at its annual general meeting ~~such~~ profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are required by the Statutes and, so long as any shares in the Company are with the consent of the Company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the accounts of the Company shall be prepared and audited based on the generally accepted accounting principles of Hong Kong, the International Financial Reporting Standards, or such other standards as may be permitted by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory on which any of the shares in the Company are with the consent of the Company listed on such exchange, and the accounting principles or standards adopted shall be disclosed in the financial statements and the report of the Auditors.
- (B) Every balance sheet of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board by two of the Directors and a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or annexed thereto) and profit and loss account which is to be laid before the Company at its annual general meeting, together with a copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the Auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every shareholder of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and every other person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company under the provisions of the Companies Act or these Bye-Laws, provided that this Bye-Law shall not affect the operation of paragraph (C) of this Bye-Law, or require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures, but any shareholder or holder of debentures to whom a copy of those documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Head Office or the Registration Office. If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be (with the consent of the Company) listed or dealt in on any stock exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of such stock exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice.

- (C) ~~To the extent permitted by and subject~~ Subject to due compliance with all applicable the Statutes, and the rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the Listing Rules of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, and to obtaining all necessary consents, if any, required thereunder and such consents being in full force and effect, the requirements of Bye-Law 162(B) shall be deemed satisfied in relation to any person by sending to the person in any manner not prohibited by the Statutes, summarised and instead of such copies, a summary financial statements derived from the Company's annual accounts and financial statements, the directors' report thereon, an auditor's report and a notice informing the shareholder how to notify the Company that he elects to receive the full financial statements required under Bye-law 162(B), which shall be in the form and containing the information required by applicable laws and regulations, provided that any person who is otherwise entitled to the annual financial statements of the Company and the directors' report thereon may, if he so requires by notice in writing served on the Company, demand that the Company sends to him, in addition to summarised a summary financial statements, a complete printed copy of the Company's annual financial statement and the directors' report thereon. *(Amended by special resolutions on 31 May 2002 and 8 June 2010, respectively)*
- (D) ~~The requirement to send to a person referred to in Bye-Law 162 (B) the documents referred to in that provision or a summary financial report in accordance with Bye-Law 162(C) shall be deemed satisfied where, in accordance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the rules of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, the Company publishes copies of the documents referred to in Bye-Law 162(B) and, if applicable, a summary financial report complying with Bye-Law 162(C), on the Company's computer network or in any other permitted manner (including by sending any form of electronic communication), and that person has agreed or is deemed to have agreed to treat the publication or receipt of such documents in such manner as discharging the Company's obligation to send to him a copy of such documents.~~ *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*

AUDITORS

163. (A) Auditors shall be appointed and the terms and tenure of such appointment and their duties at all times regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

- (B) The Company shall at each annual general meeting appoint one or more firms of auditors to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting, but if an appointment is not made, the Auditors in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries or a partner, officer or employee of any such Director, officer or employee shall not be capable of being appointed Auditors of the Company. The Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditors, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditors (if any) may act. Subject as otherwise provided by the Companies Act, the remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by ~~or on the authority of the Company in the annual Ordinary Resolution in general meeting except that in any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of or in such remuneration to~~ manner as the Boardshareholders may determine and the remuneration of any Auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Directors.
- (C) The shareholders may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Bye-law, by Extraordinary Resolution remove the Auditor at any time before the expiration of his term of office and shall by Ordinary Resolution at that meeting appoint another Auditor in his stead for the remainder of his term.
164. The Auditors shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information as may be necessary for the performance of his or their duties, and the Auditors shall make a report to the shareholders on the accounts examined by them and on every balance sheet, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account intended to be laid before the Company in the annual general meeting during their tenure of office as required by the Statutes.
165. A person other than the retiring Auditors shall not be capable of being appointed Auditors at an annual general meeting unless notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of Auditors has been given to the Company not less than fourteen days before the annual general meeting, and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring Auditors and shall give notice thereof to the shareholders not less than seven days before the annual general meeting provided that the above requirements may be waived by notice in writing by the retiring Auditors to the Secretary provided that if after a notice of the intention to nominate Auditors has been so given an annual general meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after that notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time required by this Bye-Law, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes thereof, and the notice to be sent or given by the Company may instead of being sent or given within the time required by this provision be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the annual general meeting.
166. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, all acts done by any person acting as Auditors shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in their appointment or that they were at the time of their appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

NOTICE

167. (A) (1) Any ~~n~~Notice or ~~other~~ document (including any “corporate communication” within the meaning ascribed thereto under the ~~rules of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory~~ Listing Rules), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws from the Company to a shareholder shall be in writing or by cable, telex or facsimile transmission message or other form of electronic transmission or electronic communication and any such ~~notice~~ Notice and document may be ~~served~~given or ~~delivered~~issued by the Company ~~on or to any shareholder either~~following means:

- (a) by serving it personally ~~or~~ on the relevant person;
- (b) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to such shareholder at his registered address as appearing in the ~~r~~Register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose ~~or, as the case may be, by transmitting;~~
- (c) by delivering or leaving it to any ~~at~~ such address or transmitting it to any telex or facsimile transmission number ~~or as~~ aforesaid;
- (d) by placing an advertisement in appropriate Newspapers or other publication and where applicable, in accordance with the requirements of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory;
- (e) by sending or transmitting it as an electronic communication to the relevant person at such ~~electronic number or address or website supplied by him as he may provide under Bye-Law 167(A)(5), subject to the Company complying with the Statutes and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force with regard to any requirements for the~~ giving~~obtaining~~ of notice ~~consent (or deemed consent) from such person;~~

- (f) by publishing it on the Company's website to him or which the relevant person transmitting the notice reasonably and bona fide believes at the relevant time will result in the notice being duly received by the shareholder or may also be served by advertisement published in an appointed newspaper (as defined in the Companies Act) or in newspapers published daily and circulating generally in the territory of and in accordance with the requirements of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory or, to the extent permitted by the applicable laws, by placing it on the Company's website or the website of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, and may have access, subject to the Company complying with the Statutes and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force with regard to any requirements for the obtaining of consent (or deemed consent) from such person and/or for giving notification to the shareholder a notice any such person stating that the notice or other, document or publication is available thereon the Company's computer network website (a "notice of availability"); or
- (g) by sending or otherwise making it available to such person through such other means to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Statutes and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.
- (2) The notice of availability may be given to the shareholder by any of the means set out above other than by posting it on a website.
- (3) In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register and notice so given shall be deemed a sufficient notice service on or delivery to all the joint holders. (Amended by special resolutions on 31 May 2002 and 8 June 2010, respectively)
- (4) Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, transmission, or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share, which, previously to his name and address (including electronic address) being entered in the Register as the registered holder of such share, shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives title to such share.
- (5) Every shareholder or a person who is entitled to receive notice from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or these Bye-Laws may register with the Company an electronic address to which notices can be served upon him.
- (6) Subject to any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the terms of these Bye-Laws, any notice, document or publication, including but not limited to the documents referred to in Bye-Laws 162(B), 162(C) and 167 may be given in the English language only or in both the English language and the Chinese language.

(B) Any Notice or other document:

- (a) if served or delivered by post, shall where appropriate be sent by airmail and shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which the envelope containing the same, properly prepaid and addressed, is put into the post; in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Directors that the envelope or wrapper containing the Notice or other document was so addressed and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
- (b) if sent by electronic communication, shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent. A Notice placed on the Company's website or the website of the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, is deemed given by the Company to a shareholder on the day following that on which a notice of availability is deemed served on the shareholder;
- (c) if published on the Company's website, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the notice, document or publication first so appears on the Company's website to which the relevant person may have access or the day on which the notice of availability is deemed to have been served or delivered to such person under these Bye-Laws, whichever is later;
- (d) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Bye-Laws, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant despatch or transmission; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Directors as to the act and time of such service, delivery, despatch or transmission shall be conclusive evidence thereof; and
- (e) if published as an advertisement in a Newspaper or other publication permitted under these Bye-Laws, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the advertisement first so appears.

168. (A) ~~Any shareholder whose registered address is outside the Relevant Territory may notify the Company in writing of an address in the Relevant Territory which for the purpose of service of notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. Where the registered address of the shareholder is outside the Relevant Territory, notice, if given through the post, shall be sent by prepaid airmail letter. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, a cable or telex or facsimile or electronic transmission message purporting to come from a holder of shares or, in the case of a corporation which is a holder of shares from a director or the secretary thereof or a duly appointed attorney or duly authorised representative thereof for it and on its behalf, shall in the absence of express evidence to the contrary available to the person relying thereon at the relevant time be deemed to be a document or instrument in writing signed by such holder in the terms in which it is received. (Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010) where available.~~

(B) Any shareholder who fails (and, where a share is held by joint holders, where the first joint holder named on the register fails) to supply his registered address or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) or a correct registered address or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) to the Company for service of notices and documents on him shall not (and where a share is held by joint holders, none of the other joint holders whether or not they have supplied a registered address or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) shall) be entitled to service of any notice or documents by the Company and any notice or document which is otherwise required to be served on him may, if the Directors in their absolute discretion so elect (and subject to them re-electing otherwise from time to time), be served, in the case of notices, by displaying a copy of such notice conspicuously at the Registered Office and the Head Office or, if the Directors see fit, by advertisement in the Newspapers, and, in the case of documents, by posting up a notice conspicuously at the Registered Office and the Head Office addressed to such shareholder which notice shall state the address within the Relevant Territory at which he may obtain a copy of the relevant document, or by displaying or otherwise making available the relevant notice or document on the Company's website and stating the address within the Relevant Territory at which he may obtain a copy of the notice or document. Any notice or document served in the manner so described shall be sufficient service as regards shareholders with no registered or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) or incorrect addresses, provided that nothing in this paragraph (B) shall be construed as requiring the Company to serve any notice or document on any shareholder with no or an incorrect registered address or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) for the service of notice or document on him or on any shareholder other than the first named on the register.

- (C) If on three consecutive occasions notices or other documents have been sent through the post to any shareholder (or, in the case of joint holders of shares, the first holder named on the register) at his registered address or by electronic means to his electronic address or website (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at this electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) but have been returned undelivered, such shareholder (and, in the case of joint holders of a share, all other joint holders of the share) shall not thereafter be entitled to receive or be served (save as the Directors may elect otherwise pursuant to paragraph (B) of this Bye-Law) and shall be deemed to have waived the service of notices and other documents from the Company until he shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing a new registered address or electronic address (in the event that the shareholder concerned has elected for service of any notice or document at his electronic address or website pursuant to Bye-Law 167(B)) for the service of notices on him.
- (D) Notwithstanding any election by a shareholder, if the Company is advised that the sending of any notice or other document to any electronic address supplied by a shareholder may or might infringe the law of any relevant jurisdiction, or if the Company cannot verify the location of the server at which the electronic address of the shareholder located, the Company may in lieu of the sending of any notice or other document to the electronic address supplied by the shareholder concerned, place the same on the Company's website, and any such placement shall be deemed effective service on the shareholder, and the relevant notice and document shall be deemed to be served on the shareholder on which the same is first placed on the Company's website.
- (E) Notwithstanding any election by a shareholder from time to time to receive any notice or document through electronic means, such shareholder may, at any time, require the Company to send to him, in addition to an electronic copy thereof a printed copy of any notice or document which he, in his capacity as shareholder, is entitled to receive.

169. (A) Any notice or document:

- (a) ~~if served or delivered~~ sent by post, shall ~~where appropriate~~ be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the envelope or wrapper containing the same, ~~properly prepared and addressed,~~ is put into ~~the~~ a post office situated within the Relevant Territory and in proving such service ~~or delivery,~~ it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly prepaid (and in the case of an address outside the Relevant Territory where air mail service is available, air mail postage prepaid), addressed and put into ~~the~~ such post office and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board Directors that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was so addressed and put into ~~the~~ such post shall be conclusive evidence therefor.

- ~~(b) if sent by electronic communication, shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent. A notice placed on the Company's website is deemed given by the Company to a shareholder on the day following that on which a notice of availability is deemed served on the shareholder;~~
- ~~(c) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Bye-Laws, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant despatch, transmission or publication; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board as to the fact and time of such service, delivery, despatch, transmission or publication office shall be conclusive evidence thereof; and:~~
- ~~(d) may be given to a shareholder either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations. *(Amended by special resolutions on 31 May 2002 and 8 June 2010, respectively)*~~
- (B) A notice served by advertisement in the Newspapers shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the notice is first published.
- (C) Any notice or document sent by electronic transmission shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the notice is sent.
- (D) Any notice or document placed on the Company's website is deemed given by the Company to a shareholder on the day the notice or document is placed on the Company's website except where the document is the Company's directors' report, annual financial statements or auditors' report and, where applicable, summary financial statement, then such document shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which a notice of publication is deemed served on the shareholder.
- (E) A notice served by display of the same at the Registered Office and Head Office shall be deemed to have been served 24 hours after the notice was first so displayed.
- (F) Any notice or document served pursuant to Bye-Law 168(B) shall be deemed duly served 24 hours after the relevant notice was first displayed.
170. A notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a shareholder by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address (including any electronic address), if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.
(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)

171. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which prior to his name and address being entered on the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.
172. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post or electronic means to, or left at the registered address of, ~~or sent in any of the manners set out in Bye-Law 169 to,~~ any shareholder in pursuance of these presents, shall notwithstanding that such shareholder be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such shareholder until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares. *(Amended by a special resolution on 8 June 2010)*
173. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed.

INFORMATION

174. No shareholder (not being a Director) shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interests of the shareholders of the Company to communicate to the public.

WINDING UP

175. A resolution that the Company be wound up by the Court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a Special Resolution.
176. If the Company shall be wound up, the surplus assets remaining after payment to all creditors shall be divided among the shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, and if such surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, they shall be distributed subject to the rights of any shares which may be issued on special terms and conditions, so that, as nearly as may -be, the losses shall be borne by the shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively.

177. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or ordered by the Court) the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the ~~shareholder's~~ shareholders in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company whether the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds and the liquidator may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the shareholders or different classes of shareholders and the shareholders within each class. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of shareholders as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no shareholder shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

178. Save and except so far as the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Directors, Managing Directors, alternate Directors, Auditors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects of the Company shall be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be placed out or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, except as the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

UNTRACEABLE SHAREHOLDERS

179. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Bye-Law 155 and the provisions of Bye-Law 180, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.

180. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a shareholder who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:—

- (i) all cheques or warrants, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Bye-Laws of the Company have remained uncashed;
- (ii) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the shareholder who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law;
- (iii) the Company has caused an advertisement to be inserted in the Newspapers of its intention to sell such shares and a period of three months has elapsed since the date of such advertisement; and
- (iv) the Company has notified the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory of its intention to effect such sale.

For the purpose of the foregoing, “relevant period” means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (iii) of this Bye-Law and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and the instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such proceeds it shall become indebted to the former shareholder for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trusts shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit.

Any sale under this Bye-Law; shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the shareholder holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

181. Subject to the Companies Act, the Company may destroy:—

- (a) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of such cancellation;

- (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two years from the date on which such mandate, variation, cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company;
- (c) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of six years from the date of registration; and
- (d) any other document, on the basis of which any entry in the register is made, at any time after the expiry of six years from the date on which an entry in the register was first made in respect of it;

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:—

- (i) the foregoing provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
- (ii) nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of provision (i) above are not fulfilled; and
- (iii) references in this Bye-Law to the destruction of any document include reference to its disposal in any manner.

RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

182. Pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes, the Board shall, for so long as the Company does not have a quorum of Directors ordinarily resident in Bermuda, appoint a Resident Representative as defined in the Statutes, to act on its behalf in Bermuda and to maintain all such records as may be required by the Statutes to be maintained in Bermuda and to make all necessary filings with the Ministry of Finance and Registrar of Companies in Bermuda as may be required by the Statutes and to fix his or their or its remuneration either by way of salary or fee for the period of the Resident Representative's service to the Company.

MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

183. The Company shall keep at the office of its Resident Representative, in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, the following:—
- (i) minutes of all proceedings of general meetings of the Company;
 - (ii) all financial statements² required to be prepared by the Company under the Companies Act together with the Auditors' report thereon;
 - (iii) all records of account required by Section 83 of the Companies Act to be kept in Bermuda; and
 - (iv) all such documents as may be required in order to provide evidence of the continued listing of the Company on an appointed stock exchange within the meaning of the Companies Act.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHT RESERVE

184. (A) Subject to the Statutes if, so long as any of the rights attaching to any warrants issued by the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company shall remain exercisable, the Company does any act or engages in any transaction which, as a result of any adjustments to the subscription price in accordance with the provisions applicable under the terms and conditions of the warrants, would reduce the subscription price to below the par value of a share, then the following provisions shall apply:—
- (i) as from the date of such act or transaction the Company shall establish and thereafter (subject as provided in this Bye-Law) maintain in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law a reserve (the "Subscription Right Reserve") the amount of which shall at no time be less than the sum which for the time being would be required to be capitalised and applied in paying up in full the nominal amount of the additional shares required to be issued and allotted credited as fully paid pursuant to sub-paragraph (iii) below on the exercise in full of all the subscription rights outstanding and shall apply the Subscription Right Reserve in paying up in full such difference in respect of such additional shares as and when the same are allotted;
 - (ii) the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified above unless all other reserves of the Company (other than the share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) have been used and will only be used to make good losses of the Company if and so far as is required by law;

- (iii) upon the exercise of all or any of the subscription rights represented by any warrant, the relevant subscription rights shall be exercisable in respect of a nominal amount of shares equal to the amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights) and, in addition, there shall be allotted in respect of such subscription rights to the exercising warrant holder, credited as fully paid, such additional nominal amount of shares as is equal to the difference between:—
- (aa) the said amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be, the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights); and
- (bb) the nominal amount of shares in respect of which such subscription rights would have been exercisable having regard to the provisions of the conditions of the warrants, had it been possible for such subscription rights to represent the right to subscribe for shares at less than par; and immediately upon such exercise so much of the sum standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve as is required to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares shall be capitalised and applied in paying up in full such additional nominal amount of shares which shall forthwith be allotted credited as fully paid to the exercising warrant holder; and
- (iv) if upon the exercise of the subscription rights represented by any warrant the amount standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve is not sufficient to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares equal to such difference as aforesaid to which the exercising warrant holder is entitled, the Board shall apply any profits or reserves then or thereafter becoming available (including, to the extent permitted by law, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) for such purpose until such additional nominal amount of shares is paid up and allotted as aforesaid and until then no dividend or other distribution shall be paid or made on the fully paid shares of the Company then in issue. Pending such payment up and allotment, the exercising warrant holder shall be issued by the Company with a certificate evidencing his right to the allotment of such additional nominal amount of shares. The rights represented by any such certificate shall be in registered form and shall be transferable in whole or in part in units of one share in the like manner as the shares for the time being are transferable, and the Company shall make such arrangements in relation to the maintenance of a register therefor and other matters in relation thereto as the Board may think fit and adequate particulars thereof shall be made known to each relevant exercising warrant holder upon the issue of such certificate.

- (B) Shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of this Bye-Law shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the other shares allotted on the relevant exercise of the subscription rights represented by the warrant concerned. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law, no fraction of any share shall be allotted on exercise of the subscription rights.
- (C) The provisions of this Bye-Law as to the establishment and maintenance of the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be altered or added to in any way which would vary ~~or~~ abrogate, or which would have the effect of varying or abrogating, the provisions for the benefit of any warrant holder or class of warrant holders under this Bye-Law without the sanction of a Special Resolution of such warrant holders or class of warrant holders.
- (D) A certificate or report by the Auditors for the time being of the Company as to whether or not the Subscription Right Reserve is required to be established and maintained and if so the amount thereof so required to be established and maintained, as to the purposes for which the Subscription Right Reserve has been used, as to the extent to which it has been used to make good losses of the Company, as to the additional nominal amount of shares required to be allotted to exercising warrant holders credited as fully paid, and as to any other matter concerning the Subscription Right Reserve shall (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding upon the Company and all warrant holders and shareholders.

RECORD DATES

185. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bye-Laws the Company or the Board may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue and such record date may be on or at any time before or after any date on which such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made.

STOCK

186. The following provisions shall have effect at any time and from time to time that they are not prohibited or inconsistent with the Statutes:
- (1) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid up shares into stock, and may from time to time by like resolution reconvert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination.
 - (2) The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might prior to conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit, but the Directors may from time to time, if they think fit, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum, but so that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose. No warrants to bearer shall be issued in respect of any stock.

- (3) The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in assets on a winding up, voting at meetings, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.
- (4) Such of the provisions of these Bye-Laws as are applicable to paid up shares shall apply to stock, and the words “share” and “shareholder” therein shall include “stock” and “stockholder”.

NOTICE OF THE AGM



CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED 中國農產品交易有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 0149)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual general meeting of China Agri-Products Exchange Limited 中國農產品交易有限公司 (the “**Company**”) will be held at Garden Room A-D, 2/F., New World Millennium Hong Kong Hotel of 72 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, the Hong Kong on Friday, 26 August 2022, at 10:45 a.m. (the “**AGM**”) for the following purposes:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, the report of the directors of the Company (individually, a “**Director**” and collectively, the “**Directors**”) and the report of the independent auditor of the Company (the “**Auditor**”) for the year ended 31 March 2022.
2. To re-elect the following retiring Directors:
 - A. Mr. Yau Yuk Shing as a Director;
 - B. Mr. Wong Ping Yuen as a Director; and
 - C. to authorize the board of Directors (the “**Board**”) to fix the remuneration of the Directors.
3. To re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as the Auditor and to authorize the Board to fix their remuneration.

NOTICE OF THE AGM

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

4. (A) **“THAT**
- (a) subject to paragraph (c) of this resolution, the exercise by the Directors during the Relevant Period (as hereafter defined of this resolution) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue, grant, distribute, dispose of and otherwise deal with additional shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the **“Shares”**), and to make, issue or grant offers, agreements and options (including bonds, warrants, notes, securities or debentures convertible into Shares or options) and rights of exchange or conversion which would or might require the exercise of such powers either during or after the Relevant Period, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
 - (b) the approval in paragraph (a) of this resolution shall be in addition to any other authorisations given to the Directors and shall authorise the Directors during the Relevant Period to make, issue or grant offers, agreements and options (including bonds, warrants, notes, securities or debentures convertible into Shares or options) and rights of exchange or conversion which would or might require the exercise of such powers either during or after the Relevant Period;
 - (c) the aggregate number of Shares allotted, issued, granted, distributed, disposed of or otherwise dealt with or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted, issued, granted, distributed, disposed of or otherwise dealt with (whether pursuant to an option, a conversion or otherwise) by the Directors pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) of this resolution, otherwise than pursuant to:
 - (i) a Rights Issue (as hereafter defined of this resolution); or
 - (ii) an exercise of any option granted under any share option scheme; or
 - (iii) any scrip dividend or other similar arrangement providing for the allotment of Shares in lieu of the whole or part of a dividend on the Shares in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company in force from time to time (the **“Bye-Laws”**); or

NOTICE OF THE AGM

(iv) an exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrants issued by the Company or any securities which are convertible into Shares, shall not exceed the aggregate of (aa) 20% of the total number of Shares in issue at the date of passing this resolution and (bb) (if the Directors are so authorized by a separate ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company) the aggregate share capital of the Company repurchased by the Company subsequent to the passing of this resolution (up to a maximum equivalent to 10% of the total number of Shares in issue at the date of the passing of this resolution), the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

(d) for the purpose of this resolution:

“**Relevant Period**” means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws or any applicable law of Bermuda to be held; or
- (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) in general meeting.

“**Rights Issue**” means an offer of Shares or an issue of options, warrants or other securities of the Company giving the right to subscribe for Shares, open for a period fixed by the Directors to holders of Shares or any class thereof on the register of members on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such Shares or class thereof (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory outside Hong Kong).”

(B) “**THAT**

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) of this resolution, the exercise by the Directors during the Relevant Period (as defined in paragraph (c) of this resolution) of all the powers of the Company to repurchase Shares, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

NOTICE OF THE AGM

- (b) the total number of Shares to be repurchased or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) of this resolution during the Relevant Period shall not exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing this resolution and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
 - (c) for the purpose of this resolution, “**Relevant Period**” means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:
 - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws or any applicable laws of Bermuda to be held; or
 - (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in a general meeting.”
- (C) “**THAT** conditional upon resolution 4(A) and resolution 4(B) as set out in this notice of the AGM dated 25 July 2022 (the “**AGM Notice**”) being passed, the aggregate number of Shares which are repurchased by Company under the authority granted pursuant to resolution 4(B) as set out in the AGM Notice (up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing of resolution 4(B) as set out in the AGM Notice) shall be added to the total number of Shares that may be allotted and issued or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted by the Directors pursuant to resolution 4(A) as set out in the AGM Notice.”

5. “**THAT**

a share option scheme, the terms of which are set out in the document marked “A” produced to the meeting and for the purpose of identification signed by the chairman of this meeting hereof, be and are hereby approved and adopted and that the directors of the Company be authorised to grant option, subject to such conditions as the directors of the Company may impose, thereunder and to allot and issue shares pursuant to the New Share Option Scheme and take all such step as may be necessary or desirable to implement the New Share Option Scheme.”

NOTICE OF THE AGM

To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolution as special resolution:

6. **“THAT**

the new amended and restated bye-laws of the Company (“**New Bye-laws**”), a copy of which is marked “B” and produced to this meeting and signed by the chairman of this meeting for the purpose of identification, be and is hereby approved and adopted as the bye-laws of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing bye-laws of the Company with immediate effect and that any one director of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all things necessary to implement the adoption of the New Bye-laws.”

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of ascertaining shareholders’ entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the Register of Members of the Company (the “**Register of Members**”) will be closed from Tuesday, 23 August 2022 to Friday, 26 August 2022, both days inclusive, during which period no transfers of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for voting at the forthcoming AGM, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company’s Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopwell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong (if the transfer will be lodged before 15 August 2022) or 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong (if the transfer will be lodged on or after 15 August 2022) for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 22 August 2022.

By order of the Board
CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED
中國農產品交易有限公司
Leung Sui Wah, Raymond
Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 25 July 2022

Registered Office:
Clarendon House
2 Church Street
Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda

*Head office and principal place of
business in Hong Kong:*
Suite 3202, 32/F., Skyline Tower
39 Wang Kwong Road
Kowloon Bay
Kowloon
Hong Kong

NOTICE OF THE AGM

Notes:

- (1) A member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. A member who is the holder of two or more Shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. A proxy needs not be a member of the Company. If more than one proxy is so appointed, the appointment shall specify the number and class of Shares in respect of which each proxy is so appointed.
- (2) A form of proxy for use at the AGM is enclosed with the circular of the Company to the shareholders dated 25 July 2022. In order to be valid, the form of proxy completed in accordance with the instructions set out therein, together with the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed, or a certified copy of such power of attorney, must be deposited at the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong (before 15 August 2022), or at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong (on or after 15 August 2022) not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and delivery of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM should you so wish and in such event the form of proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.
- (3) In the case of joint holders of any Shares, any one of such joint holders may vote at the AGM, either in person or by proxy, in respect of such Shares as if he/she was solely entitled thereto, provided that if more than one of such joint holders be present at the AGM whether in person or by proxy, the person whose name stands first in the register of members of the Company in respect of the joint holding shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (4) An explanatory statement regarding the general mandate for the repurchase of Shares sought in resolution 4(B) (as set out in the AGM Notice) is set out in appendix I to the circular of the Company dated 25 July 2022 to the Shareholders of which this notice forms part.
- (5) All of the above resolutions will be voted by way of a poll at the AGM.
- (6) The Chinese language version of this notice is translated from the English version. In the event of any discrepancies or conflicts between the contents of the Chinese version and the English version of this notice, the English version shall prevail.