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Goodbaby

Goodbaby International Holdings Limited 好孩子國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 1086)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Financial Highlights			
	For the six mo		Year-on-year
	,	2021 millions, pecified)	change
Revenue Gross profit Operating profit ¹ Non-GAAP ² operating profit	4,372.8 1,684.9 18.8 51.4	4,627.3 1,962.7 151.5 192.4	-5.5% -14.2% -87.6% -73.3%
Profit for the period	2.4	101.2	-97.6%
(Loss)/Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	-1.4	101.1	-101.4%
(Loss)/Earnings per share (HK\$) – basic – diluted	-0.00 -0.00	0.06 0.06	-100.0% -100.0%

- 1. Operating profit represents the total sum of gross profit, other income and gains, less selling and distribution expenses, administrative expenses and other expenses.
- 2. We adopted non-GAAP financial measures in order to more clearly illustrate our financial results, and to be more consistent with what we believe to be the industry practice. These unaudited non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, analysis of the Company's financial performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies. Please see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for details.

The board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors", each the "Director") of Goodbaby International Holdings Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is pleased to present the unaudited consolidated interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (the "Period"), together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2021 as below.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS For the six months ended 30 June 2022

		Six months ended 30 June	
	Notes	2022	2021
		(Unaud	
		(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
Revenue	4	4,372,828	4,627,265
Cost of sales		(2,687,891)	(2,664,535)
Gross profit		1,684,937	1,962,730
Other income and gains	4	71,940	34,019
Selling and distribution expenses		(1,045,536)	(1,190,613)
Administrative expenses		(691,630)	(646,983)
Other expenses		(911)	(7,624)
Operating profit		18,800	151,529
Finance income	5	22,876	16,047
Finance costs	6	(52,783)	(45,625)
Share of losses of:	O	(52,705)	(13,023)
Joint ventures		(2,085)	(1,138)
An associate		(2,005)	(6)
All associate			(0)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX	7	(13,192)	120,807
Income tax credit/(expense)	8	15,613	(19,646)
Profit for the period		2,421	101,161
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(1,443)	101,071
Non-controlling interests		3,864	90
-			101.151
		2,421	101,161
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to ordinary			
equity holders of the parent:	10		
Basic			
For (loss)/profit for the period (HK\$)		(0.00)	0.06
Diluted			
For (loss)/profit for the period (HK\$)		(0.00)	0.06
Y 1		()	

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Six months ended 30 June 2022 2021 (Unaudited)	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	2,421	101,161
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Cash flow hedges Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments arising during the period Reclassification adjustments for gains included in	378	31,660
the consolidated statement of profit or loss Income tax effect	(6,172) 514	(4,076) (4,400)
	(5,280)	23,184
Exchange differences: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(308,549)	61,381
Net other comprehensive (loss)/income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(313,829)	84,565
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Actuarial gains of defined benefit plans	<u>-</u>	295
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		295
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of tax	(313,829)	84,860
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(311,408)	186,021
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	(313,389) 1,981	185,605 416
	(311,408)	186,021

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2022

	Notes	30 June 2022 (Unaudited) (HK\$'000)	31 December 2021 (Audited) (HK\$'000)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Goodwill Other intangible assets Investments in joint ventures Investment in an associate Deferred tax assets Pledged deposits Other long-term assets		965,247 308,013 2,714,132 2,169,381 12,023 4,677 66,855 1,149,196 10,268	1,031,631 336,549 2,812,866 2,281,555 6,513 - 85,109 1,152,021 11,294
Total non-current assets		7,399,792	7,717,538
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Trade and notes receivables Prepayments and other receivables Due from related parties Financial assets at fair value through profit or	11 12	2,090,904 1,231,411 714,367 636	2,402,801 1,247,410 641,951 6,775
loss Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Derivative financial instruments	15	75,216 776,711 12,084 13,149	17,824 1,087,413 9,454 40,546
Total current assets		4,914,478	5,454,174
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and bills payables Other payables and accruals Income tax payable Provision	13	1,200,715 817,339 40,455 58,413	1,636,633 905,027 39,483 99,003
Interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings Lease liabilities Derivative financial instruments Due to related parties Defined benefit plan liabilities	14 15	1,333,875 97,547 10,057 2,197 339	1,223,104 98,979 4,260 604 337
Total current liabilities		3,560,937	4,007,430
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,353,541	1,446,744
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		8,753,333	9,164,282

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

As at 30 June 2022

	Notes	30 June 2022 (Unaudited) (HK\$'000)	31 December 2021 (Audited) (HK\$'000)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings Provision Defined benefit plan liabilities Other liabilities Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	14	2,285,303 54,796 3,450 2,386 177,340 432,355	2,294,380 53,870 3,534 2,129 201,925 510,940
Total non-current liabilities		2,955,630	3,066,778
EQUITY EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT Share capital Reserves		16,680 5,742,489	16,680 6,044,271
Non-controlling interests Total equity		5,759,169 38,534 5,797,703	6,060,951 36,553 6,097,504

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 were authorized to issue in accordance with a resolution of directors on 22 August 2022.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 14 July 2000 as an exempted company with limited liability. The registered office is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company's shares (the "shares") have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 24 November 2010.

The Group is principally engaged in design, research and development ("R&D"), manufacturing, marketing and distribution of products for children.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2022 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The financial information is presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("**HK**\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the adoption of the following revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") for the first time for the current period's financial information.

Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended
	Use
Amendments to IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Annual Improvements to	Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples
IFRSs 2018-2020	accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 41

The nature and impact of the revised IFRSs are described below:

(a) Amendments to IFRS 3 replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to IFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying IFRS 3 should refer to IAS 37 or IFRIC-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to business combinations that occurred on or after 1 January 2022. As there were no contingent assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of the amendments arising in the business combination, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

- (b) Amendments to IAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after 1 January 2021. Since there was no sale of items produced while making property, plant and equipment available for use on or after 1 January 2021, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (c) Amendments to IAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under IAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at 1 January 2022 and no onerous contracts were identified. Therefore, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (d) Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 41. Details of the amendments that are applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. The Group has applied the amendment prospectively to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after 1 January 2022. As there was no modification of the Group's financial liabilities during the period, the amendment did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
 - IFRS 16 *Leases*: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying IFRS 16.

3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Strollers and accessories segment, which engages in the research, design, manufacture and sale of strollers and accessories under the Group's own brands and third parties' brands;
- (b) Car seats and accessories segment, which engages in the research, design, manufacture and sale of car seats and accessories under the Group's own brands and third parties' brands;
- (c) Non-durable products segment, which includes maternity and baby-care products and apparel and home textile products; and
- (d) Others segment, which engages in the research, design, manufacture and sale of other children's products under the Group's own brands and third parties' brands.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment revenue.

Six months ended 30 June 2022

	Strollers and accessories (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Car seats and accessories (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Non-durable products (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Others (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Consolidated (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)
Segment revenue (note 4) Sales to external customers	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	554,939	4,372,828
Sales to external customers		1,047,074			
Segment results Other income and gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Other expenses Finance income Finance costs (other than interest on lease liabilities) Share of losses of: Joint ventures An associate	687,102	676,493	192,789	128,553	1,684,937 71,940 (1,743,015) (911) 22,876 (46,934) (2,085)
Loss before tax					(13,192)
Other segment information: Impairment losses recognised in the statement of profit or loss, net Depreciation and amortisation	5,387 108,837	778 89,253	492 24,314	560 24,080	7,217 246,484

Six months ended 30 June 2021

	Strollers and accessories (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Car seats and accessories (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Non-durable products (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Others (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Consolidated (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)
Segment revenue (note 4)					
Sales to external customers	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	584,256	4,627,265
Segment results Other income and gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses Other expenses Finance income Finance costs (other than interest on lease liabilities) Share of losses of: Joint ventures An associate	750,550	730,927	324,555	156,698	1,962,730 34,019 (1,841,391) (7,624) 16,047 (41,830) (1,138) (6)
Profit before tax					120,807
Other segment information: Impairment losses recognised/(reversed) in the statement of profit or loss Depreciation and amortisation Geographical information	(819) 96,803	(1,174) 93,450	(1,306) 30,047	(27) 24,816	(3,326) 245,116
(a) Revenue from external customer	·s				
	European market (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	North America market (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Mainland China market (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Other overseas markets (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	Total (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)
Six months ended 30 June 2022 Segment revenue: Sales to external customers	1,449,691	1,741,459	855,000	326,678	4,372,828
Six months ended 30 June 2021 Segment revenue: Sales to external customers	1 420 142	1 560 026	1 227 505	200 501	A 627 245
Sales to external customers	1,420,143	1,569,936	1,337,595	299,591	4,627,265

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Mainland China	5,295,420	5,536,212
North America	1,006,573	989,234
Europe	1,003,976	1,089,176
	7,305,969	7,614,622

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets, investments in joint ventures and an investment in an associate.

Information about a major customer

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, revenue from sales to a major customer of third party accounting for 10% or more of the total net sales of the Group is HK\$553,220,000 (during the six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$501,960,000).

4. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Sale of goods	4,357,872	4,614,492	
Rendering of testing services	14,956	12,773	
	4,372,828	4,627,265	

Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregated revenue information

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

Segments	Strollers and accessories HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Car seats and accessories HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Non-durable products HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Others HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000 (Unaudited)
Type of goods or services Sale of goods Rendering of testing services	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	539,983 14,956	4,357,872 14,956
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	554,939	4,372,828
Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time Services transferred at a point in time	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	539,983 14,956	4,357,872 14,956
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	554,939	4,372,828
Revenue from contracts with customers					
External customers	1,751,108	1,647,874	418,907	554,939	4,372,828
For the six months ended 30 June 20	21				
Segments	Strollers and accessories <i>HK\$</i> '000 (Unaudited)	Car seats and accessories <i>HK\$</i> '000 (Unaudited)	Non-durable products <i>HK\$</i> '000 (Unaudited)	Others HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Type of goods or services Sale of goods Rendering of testing services	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	571,483 12,773	4,614,492 12,773
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	584,256	4,627,265
Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time Services transferred at a point in time	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	571,483 12,773	4,614,492 12,773
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	584,256	4,627,265
Revenue from contracts with customers					
External customers	1,747,932	1,562,718	732,359	584,256	4,627,265

Other income and gains

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Other income and gains:			
Government grants (note (a))	30,898	26,849	
Gain on disposal of fixed assets (note (b))	23,543	2,740	
Compensation income $(note\ (c))$	5,974	434	
Gain on sales of scrap materials (note (d))	5,435	1,800	
Net foreign exchange gain	2,572	_	
Fair value gains, net	,		
 Cash flow hedges (transfer from equity) 	_	512	
 Derivative instruments – transactions not 			
qualifying as hedges	1,747	_	
Gain on wealth investment products	169	677	
Rental concession income	_	74	
Others	1,602	933	
Total	71,940	34,019	

- Note (a): The amount represents subsidies received from local government authorities in connection with certain financial support to local business enterprises. These government subsidies mainly comprised subsidies for export activities, subsidies for development and other miscellaneous subsidies and incentives for various purposes.
- Note (b): The amount represents the gain on disposal of building, machinery, and other fixed assets.
- Note (c): The amount represents the compensation received from customers as a result of cancellation of orders and suppliers as a result of defective products or shipment delay in the normal course of business and other infringement compensation.
- Note (d): The amount represents the gain on sales of aluminium, plastics, cloth and other scrap materials.

5. FINANCE INCOME

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest income on bank deposits	22,876	16,047
TWA WORL GOOTES		

6. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	46,934	41,830
Interest on lease liabilities	5,849	3,795
	52,783	45,625

7. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Cost of inventories sold	2,679,749	2,658,220	
Cost of services provided	8,142	6,315	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	148,748	152,126	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	63,053	59,655	
Amortisation of intangible assets	34,683	33,335	
R&D costs	225,333	198,018	
Short-term rental expenses*	21,463	19,680	
Auditors' remuneration	5,435	4,938	
Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration):			
Wages, salaries and other benefits	898,365	888,951	
Share option expense	11,607	20,035	
Pension scheme costs (defined benefit plans) (including			
administrative expense)	171	460	
Pension scheme contributions	37,059	32,894	
	947,202	942,340	
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss Fair value gains, net:	(2,572)	2,589	
Cash flow hedges (transfer from equity)	_	(512)	
Derivative instruments – transactions not qualifying as hedges	(1,747)	(312)	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(169)	_	
Provision for impairment of receivables	2,871	1,586	
Provision/(reversal) of provision of inventories	4,346	(4,912)	
Product warranties and liabilities	17,617	35,782	
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	(23,543)	(2,740)	
Bank interest income	(22,876)	(16,047)	
	(==,=,0)	(,/)	

^{*} Short-term rental expenses consist of lease payments of leases with lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application and property management fee on retail stores, storages and office premises.

8. INCOME TAX

The Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in the Cayman Islands and Samoa, respectively, are exempted from taxation.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2021:16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the period, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 (2021: HK\$2,000,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries (or jurisdictions) in which the Group operates.

State income tax and federal income tax of the Group's subsidiaries in the United States have been provided for at rates of state income tax and federal income tax on the estimated assessable profits of the subsidiary during the period. The state income tax rates are from 2.5% to 9.99% in the respective states where the subsidiary operates, and the federal income tax rate was lowered to 21% effective from 1 January 2018, as a result of U.S. tax reform enacted in December 2017.

The Group's subsidiary registered in Japan is subject to income tax based on the taxable income at rates ranging from 15% to 23.2% on a progressive basis.

The Group's subsidiaries registered in Germany are subject to income tax based on the taxable income at the rate of 15.825% and the trade income tax on the taxable income at rates ranging from 12.95% to 17%.

The Group's subsidiaries registered in Denmark are subject to income tax based on the taxable income at the rate of 22%.

The Group's subsidiary registered in the Czech Republic is subject to income tax based on the taxable income at the rate of 19%.

All of the Group's subsidiaries registered in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which only have operations in Mainland China, are subject to PRC enterprise income tax ("EIT") on the taxable income as reported in their PRC statutory accounts adjusted in accordance with relevant PRC income tax laws, at the rate of 25%.

Pursuant to relevant tax rules under the EIT Law and with the approval from the relevant tax authorities in the PRC, two of the Group's subsidiaries, Goodbaby Child Products Co., Ltd. ("GCPC") and EQO Testing and Certification Services Co., Ltd. ("EQTC"), are qualified as "High and New Technology Enterprises" and are entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% from 2020 to 2022.

The major components of income tax expense of the Group are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Current income tax			
 Charge for the period 	24,619	24,857	
Deferred income tax	(40,232)	(5,211)	
Income tax (credit)/expense reported in the statement of			
profit or loss	(15,613)	19,646	

9. DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved not to declare any interim dividend in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2022 (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

10. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

11.

The calculation of the basic (loss)/earnings per share is based on the (loss)/profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,668,031,166 in issue during the six months ended 30 June 2022 (six months ended 30 June 2021: 1,668,024,099).

The calculation of diluted (loss)/earnings per share amount is based on the (loss)/profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, as used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

The calculation of (loss)/earnings per share is based on:

	Six months 2022 (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	ended 30 June 2021 (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)
(Loss)/earnings (Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation	(1,443)	101,071
		er of shares s ended 30 June 2021 (Unaudited)
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation	1,668,031,166	1,668,024,099
Effect of dilution-weighted average number of ordinary shares: Share options		1,187,698
Total	1,668,031,166	1,669,211,797
INVENTORIES		
	As at 30 June 2022 (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2021 (HK\$'000) (Audited)
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	351,198 31,744 1,707,962	341,062 59,372 2,002,367
	2,090,904	2,402,801

12. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES

	As at 30 June 2022 (<i>HK\$'000</i>) (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2021 (HK\$'000) (Audited)
Trade receivables Notes receivables	1,261,193	1,282,135
Impairment of trade receivables	1,261,263 (29,852)	1,282,135 (34,725)
	1,231,411	1,247,410

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is up to three months. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimize credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

The Group's notes receivables are all aged within six months and are neither past due nor impaired.

An aging analysis of the trade receivables of the Group, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Within 3 months	1,145,526	1,171,109
3 to 6 months	21,615	39,751
6 months to 1 year	51,520	30,388
Over 1 year	12,680	6,162
	1,231,341	1,247,410

13. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An aging analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	As at 30 June 2022 (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	As at 31 December 2021 (HK\$'000) (Audited)
Within 3 months 3 to 12 months 1 to 2 years 2 to 3 years Over 3 years	971,638 224,095 3,705 573 704	1,368,263 261,248 3,297 3,074 751
	1,200,715	1,636,633

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and normally settled on terms of 60 to 90 days. The carrying amounts of the trade and notes payables approximate to their fair values due to their short-term maturity.

14. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

		As at 30 June 2022			December 21
		20	HK\$'000	20	HK\$'000
		Maturity (Unaudited)	Maturity	(Audited)
Current					
Bank overdrafts - secured	Note (a)	2022-2023	240,134	2022	301,238
Bank overdrafts - unsecured	Note (a)	2022-2023	3,232	2022	156
Current portion of long-term					
bank loans – secured	Note (b)	2022-2023	3,958		_
Current portion of long-term					
bank loans - unsecured		2022-2023	467,730	2022	489,357
Bank borrowings – secured	Note (b)	2022-2023	506,601	2022	334,013
Bank borrowings – unsecured		2023	112,220	2022	97,872
Promissory note	Note (c)			2022	468
			1,333,875		1,223,104
Non-current					
Bank borrowings – secured	Note (b)	2023-2024	2,285,303	2023-2024	2,294,380
Dank borrowings – secured	roie (b)	2023-2024	4,203,303	2025-2024	2,294,300
Total			3,619,178		3,517,484

- Note (a): The bank overdraft facilities amounted to HK\$356,495,000, of which HK\$240,134,000 had been utilised as at the end of the reporting period. The bank overdraft facilities are revolving facilities with no termination date.
- *Note* (b): As at 30 June 2022, certain of the Group's bank loans are secured by:
 - (i) standby letters of credit and letters of guarantee from certain banks issued by a subsidiary of the Group;
 - (ii) the guarantee from the Company;
 - (iii) Certain machinery amounting to HK\$3,137,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$5,834,000);
 - (iv) the pledge of certain of the Group's time deposits amounting to HK\$315,718,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$330,316,000).
- *Note* (c): The promissory note was issued by the US government authority.
- Note (d): The effective interest rates of the bank loans and other borrowing range from 0.8% to 3.3% (2021: 0.59% to 3.1%).

15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	As at 30 June 2022		
	Assets (<i>HK</i> \$'000) (Unaudited)	Liabilities (HK\$'000) (Unaudited)	
Forward currency contracts - designated as hedging instruments	13,149	10,057	
	As at 31 D	ecember 2021	
	Assets	Liabilities	
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)	
	(Audited)	(Audited)	
Forward currency contracts			
 designated as hedging instruments 	40,546	4,260	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW

Profitability strongly impacted amidst Unprecedented Global Challenges

During the Period, our Group withstood the major challenges presented by a protracted pandemic environment – particularly in our China market, massively increased global supply chain costs, continued global supply chain disruptions, and unfavorable foreign exchange rate movements in Europe. Additional challenges included a volatile European geopolitical landscape, and downward pressure on the global economy.

In our Europe and North American markets, very positive revenue growth momentum resulted from sustained consumer demand for the Group's products. This growth was suppressed by the lack of product availability caused by the continuation of global supply chain disruptions. This overall growth momentum was offset by unprecedented high global freight rates and increased input costs in both markets and unfavorable foreign exchange rate movements in Europe, creating a negative impact on the Group's profitability.

In our China market, the government tightened restrictive measures to curb the resurgence of the pandemic throughout the Period. These stringent measures caused offline store and warehouse closures, significantly disrupted logistic deliveries, suspended the Group's production activities and supply chain, which severely impacted the Group's China market business both online and offline and generating a negative impact on the Group's profitability.

Amidst these challenges, the Group initiated focused cost reduction measures in all business units to freeze unnecessary expenditures and implemented mitigation initiatives. Meanwhile, it continued to expand its own international distribution platforms and invest in innovation in a more prudent manner to maintain its competitive strength. The Group continued to gain market share during the Period.

Key factors of success of the Group during the Period include:

- 1. Our diversified portfolio of brands and balanced global footprint minimized risk in any one territory and resulted in a strong global competitive advantage;
- 2. Strength of the Group's one-dragon vertically integrated platform of own brands, omni-channel distribution platforms, own manufacturing and operational services enabled the Group to absorb significant negative developments;
- 3. Initiated focused cost control measures in all business units;
- 4. Implemented competitive product price increases throughout the second quarter to improve profitability;
- 5. Prudent investments in innovation to maintain competitive strength;
- 6. Continued to extend own D2C online retail platforms in key markets and extended our international wholesale distribution platform.

Our revenue for the Period decreased by 5.5% to approximately HK\$4,372.8 million from approximately HK\$4,627.3 million for the corresponding period in 2021. During the Period, foreign exchange rate fluctuations impacted the overall revenue growth. On a constant currency basis, our revenue for the Period recorded a 2.7% decrease as compared to the corresponding period in 2021. Reported gross profit decreased by 14.2% to approximately HK\$1,684.9 million for the Period from approximately HK\$1,962.7 million for the corresponding period in 2021. Reported operating profit decreased by 87.6% to approximately HK\$18.8 million from approximately HK\$151.5 million for the corresponding period in 2021 and on a non-GAAP basis, our operating profit decreased by 73.3% to approximately HK\$51.4 million for the Period from approximately HK\$192.4 million for the corresponding period in 2021.

During the Period, the Group's strategic brands recorded a decrease of 3.0% in revenue (a 0.5% increase on a constant currency basis) from the revenue of the corresponding period in 2021.

Summary of the Group's strategic brands and Blue Chip business revenue:

	Chanasan							
(HK\$ million)	2	2022		2022 2021		Change (%)	Change on a constant currency basis (%)	
Group Total Revenue	\$4,372.8		\$4,372.8		\$4,6	527.3 -5.5%		-2.7%
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Change (%)	Change on a constant currency basis (%)		
Strategic Brands CYBEX gb Evenflo	\$3,653.2 1,631.8 791.7 1,229.7	83.5% 37.3% 18.1% 28.1%	\$3,766.3 1,617.9 1,211.2 937.2	81.5% 35.0% 26.2% 20.3%	-3.0% 0.9% -34.6% 31.2%	0.5% 10.1% -34.9% 29.8%		
Blue Chip	\$560.6	12.8%	\$642.3	13.9%	-12.7%	-12.9%		

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

During the Period, the Group's strategic brands performed as follows:

• Amidst extremely difficult COVID-19 related challenges and geopolitical challenges, CYBEX brand recorded growth of 0.9% (a 10.1% increase on a constant currency basis) in the Period to reach another record first half revenue of approximately HK\$1,631.8 million from approximately HK\$1,617.9 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The first quarter revenue was very strong, while the second quarter revenue temporarily impacted due to ongoing global supply chain disruptions resulting lack of product availability. CYBEX has a very strong order book on hand, confirming continuous strong consumer demand. The growth momentum across all key global markets was primarily driven by very strong brand position and disruptive and innovative product portfolio, continued introduction of new products in car seats, wheeled goods and home furniture, continued expansion and fortification of global omni-channel distribution

network, in particular, and the successful roll-out of its own e-commerce platform in Europe contributed to the positive growth performance. CYBEX has outperformed its competitors and gained market share in key markets. The positive revenue developments during the Period were offset primarily by unprecedented high global supply chain costs, unfavorable foreign exchange rate movements as the Euro weakened against the Chinese Renminbi (RMB) and persistently high input costs. During the Period, CYBEX continued to receive awards from independent European consumer testing (e.g. ADAC) and design (e.g. reddot design award) organizations, which proves the brand's steadfast commitment to technologies and design. The recently launched AnorisT car seat with full-body airbag technology was designated by the independent ADAC organization as "very good" – representing the safest car seat ever tested. CYBEX continues to gain market share and reinforce its global leading position as the premium "technical-lifestyle" brand.

- gb brand recorded a decrease in revenue of 34.6% (a 34.9% decrease on a constant currency basis) in the Period to approximately HK\$791.7 million from approximately HK\$1,211.2 million for the corresponding period in 2021. In the China market, gb brand recorded revenue decrease of 37.3% (a 37.6% decrease on a constant currency basis) as compared with the corresponding period of 2021. Beginning early and continuing throughout the Period, the Omicron subvariant spread in various regions throughout China. In response, the Chinese government implemented restrictive measures, including unprecedented strict city-wide lockdowns in Shanghai from the end of March to the end of May and traffic control and regional shutdowns in Beijing from May to June. These restrictive measures caused offline store and warehouse closures, significantly disrupted logistic deliveries, suspended wholesale activities and weakened consumer confidence across the country, severely impacting the Group's China market business both online and offline. The revenue decline was further impacted by the continued birth rate decline in China. During the Period, gb brand continued to right-size and transform the commercial operations to adapt to the new China market environment, gb continued to gain recognition for its commitment to innovation and design by receiving an iF design award for its new launch during the Period.
- Evenflo brand continued its very strong growth momentum to reach a record first half revenue. The growth of 31.2% (a 29.8% increase on a constant currency basis) in the Period to approximately HK\$1,229.7 million from approximately HK\$937.2 million for the corresponding period in 2021 was primarily driven by strong growth in digital channels and continued strong consumer acceptance of innovative products, elevated product portfolio and the enhanced brand image which continue to generate gains in retailer awards of business. As a result, Evenflo rapidly gained market share in North America. During the Period, Evenflo absorbed unprecedented increases in global supply chain costs and raw material input costs, only to be partially offset by price increases finalized late in the Period.

During the Period, our Blue Chip business recorded revenue decrease of 12.7% (a 12.9% decrease on a constant currency basis) to approximately HK\$560.6 million as compared to approximately HK\$642.3 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The revenue decrease was primarily due to a reduction in orders resulting from customers' high inventory levels. Blue Chip continues to maintain very stable and healthy relationships with its customers.

During the Period, the Group's revenue from our tactical brands approximated HK\$159.0 million as compared to approximately HK\$218.7 million in the corresponding period of 2021. This approximate 27.3% decrease (a 29.4% decrease on a constant currency basis) was primarily due to the continued planned rationalization of the respective product portfolios and impacts from COVID-19 related curbs and lockdowns.

OUTLOOK

Notwithstanding the varying macro environments of the various regions in which the Group operates, we expect positive developments in the future business performance of our brands. Our navigation through the unprecedented challenges experienced during the Period proves the strength of the Group's one-dragon vertically integrated platform. We remain very confident in our overall strategy and will continue to execute our focused strategy in our strategic brands of CYBEX, gb and Evenflo and support the ongoing development of our Blue Chip business.

CYBEX will continue its global growth strategy across all key geographic regions and gain market share driven by its innovative product portfolio, new product launches, new category extensions, strengthened supply chain capabilities, new e-commerce platforms and expansion of national distribution platforms in new geographic territories. Recently implemented price increases and cost reduction measures combined with the stabilization of key supply chain costs will significantly improve profitability. These initiatives will be carefully monitored and adjusted to the new realities of the geopolitical and inflationary environment in Europe.

Whilst **gb** brand revenue is anticipated to further decline amidst the protracted pandemic environment and continued birth rate decline in China; further business rightsizing will provide a strong focus on profitability and maintain positive cash flow. It will continue its brand upgrade, further development of digital cloud retail system and social media based owned channels and complete the reformation of its wholesale distribution channel, and its focus on product innovation, technologies and new product launches, which will establish the foundation for profitability improvement. We will continue to execute the brand transformation to strengthen consumer engagement in all owned channels and upgrade our retail store concepts working in concert with our cloud retail system to provide a deeper engagement, via an immersive experience, with our consumers.

Evenflo will continue to drive strong revenue and market share growth based on strong development of digital channels, consumer reception to innovative product launches; it will continue to launch new and more profitable products and fulfill new awards of business from major retailers as the brand is being recognized for its commitment to overall brand enhancement and product innovation. Improvements in profitability will be realized from competitive price increases implemented in the second quarter and the stabilization of supply chain costs. Key focus areas continue to be mitigation of logistics disruptions and the volatility in consumer behavior caused by the inflationary environment.

On a global basis, we will continue to invest in B2C platforms through our own national distribution platforms in existing and new markets to ensure we maintain a direct relationship with our fans and consumers and provide them with a world class online experience. We will continue to optimize our supply chain strategies as we embrace supplier partnerships and broaden our global footprint to ensure we are quicker to market and leverage regional capabilities. World class manufacturing, supply chain excellence and cost optimization will always remain the core of our vision of leading the global juvenile eco-system and achieving sustained profitable growth.

The protracted pandemic environment, absorption of global supply chain costs, logistics disruptions and unfavorable foreign exchange rate fluctuations inevitably negatively impacted the Group's revenue and profitability during the Period. We have already implemented measures to mitigate the future impact of these influences. Consumer sentiment is anticipated to be negatively impacted due to high inflation and geopolitical instability. We will monitor these dynamics very closely and execute any additional actions as required.

We remain vigilant regarding any ongoing impacts related to COVID-19 and will implement further necessary proactive measures to ensure the ongoing viability of the Group performance. Any significant resurgence of COVID-19 and related challenges may influence Group commercial performance, but our strong global one-dragon model is the key foundational element to continue to achieve significant accomplishments in all environments.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For the Period, the total revenue of the Group decreased by 5.5% to approximately HK\$4,372.8 million from approximately HK\$4,627.3 million for the corresponding period in 2021. During the Period, foreign exchange rate fluctuations impacted the overall revenue growth. On a constant currency basis, our revenue for the Period recorded a 2.7% decrease compared to the corresponding period in 2021.

The table below sets out the revenue by business format for the periods indicated.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 2021

		% of		% of	Change	Change on a constant currency
(HK\$ million)	Revenue	revenue	Revenue	revenue	(%)	basis (%)
Group's own brand and retailer private label						
businesses	3,812.2	87.2	3,985.0	86.1	-4.3%	-1.1%
– APAC	1,051.8	24.1	1,534.7	33.1	-31.5%	-31.2%
– EMEA	1,457.4	33.3	1,433.7	31.0	1.7%	11.3%
Americas	1,303.0	29.8	1,016.6	22.0	28.2%	26.8%
Blue Chip business	560.6	12.8	642.3	13.9	-12.7%	-12.9%
Total	4,372.8	100.0	4,627.3	100.0	-5.5%	-2.7%

For the Period, the 4.3% decrease (1.1% decrease on a constant currency basis) of the Group's own brands and retailer private label businesses revenue were attributable to the combination result of growth of our strategic brands CYBEX and Evenflo, as well as the decrease of brand gb, for more information about performances by brand, please refer to Executive Summary of this Management Discussion and Analysis section.

- In region APAC, we recorded revenue from China market of approximately HK\$855.0 million in the Period against approximately HK\$1,337.6 million in the corresponding period in 2021, a decrease of 36.1% (a decrease of 36.4% on a constant currency basis). The decrease in region APAC was mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue from our core strategic brand gb in China. The revenue from APAC markets outside China remained stable.
- In region EMEA, we recorded revenue of approximately HK\$1,457.4 million for the Period, an increase of 1.7% (11.3% increase on a constant currency basis) from approximately HK\$1,433.7 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The growth in region EMEA was mainly attributable to the increase in revenue from our core strategic brand CYBEX.
- In region Americas, we recorded revenue of approximately HK\$1,303.0 million in the Period, an increase of 28.2% (26.8% increase on a constant currency basis) from approximately HK\$1,016.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in revenue from our core strategic brand Evenflo.

During the Period, our Blue Chip business recorded a decrease of 12.7% (12.9% decrease on a constant currency basis) to approximately HK\$560.6 million as compared to approximately HK\$642.3 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The revenue decrease was primarily due to a reduction in orders resulting from customers' high inventory levels.

Cost of Sales, Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Cost of sales slightly increased by 0.9% to approximately HK\$2,687.9 million for the Period from approximately HK\$2,664.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. Gross profit for the Group decreased to approximately HK\$1,684.9 million for the Period from approximately HK\$1,962.7 million for the corresponding period in 2021, and the gross profit margin decreased by 3.9 percentage points to 38.5% for the Period from approximately 42.4% for the corresponding period in 2021. Gross profit decline was primarily attributed to the decrease in gross profit margin, the decrease in revenue from China market and inability to fulfill order books (particularly in EMEA) due to continued supply chain disruptions. Decrease in gross profit margin was mainly driven by dramatic inflation in freight cost, weakened foreign exchange rates, especially Euro against RMB, which impacts were partially offset by product price increases.

Other Income and Gains

Other income and gains of the Group increased by approximately HK\$37.9 million to approximately HK\$71.9 million for the Period as compared to approximately HK\$34.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021, which was mainly attributable to the increase in gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and compensation income.

Selling and Distribution Expenses

The Group's selling and distribution expenses primarily consist of marketing expenses, personnel costs, rental and commission and warehousing and transportation costs. The selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately HK\$145.1 million to approximately HK\$1,045.5 million for the Period from approximately HK\$1,190.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The decrease was mainly attributable to: a) the decrease in rental and commission paid in retail channel to approximately HK\$67.8 million for the Period from approximately HK\$135.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021; b) the decrease in personnel costs to approximately HK\$307.0 million for the Period, from approximately HK\$356.8 million for the corresponding period in 2021; and c) the decrease in warehousing and transportation costs to approximately HK\$252.1 million for the Period from approximately HK\$263.4 million for the corresponding period in 2021.

Administrative Expenses

The Group's administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel costs, R&D costs, professional service expenses, depreciation and amortization cost and other office expenses. The administrative expenses increased by approximately HK\$44.6 million to approximately HK\$691.6 million for the Period from approximately HK\$647.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The increase was mainly due to: a) the increase in the R&D cost to approximately HK\$225.3 million for the Period from approximately HK\$198.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021; and b) the increase in personnel cost to approximately HK\$261.1 million for the Period from approximately HK\$248.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021.

Other Expenses

Other expenses of the Group decreased to approximately HK\$0.9 million for the Period from approximately HK\$7.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. Other expenses of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$6.7 million, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in foreign exchange loss and the decrease in loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Operating Profit

As a result of the foregoing, the Group's operating profit decreased by approximately 87.6%, or HK\$132.7 million, to approximately HK\$18.8 million for the Period from approximately HK\$151.5 million for the corresponding period in 2021.

Finance Income

For the Period, the Group's finance income increased to approximately HK\$22.9 million from approximately HK\$16.0 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The Group's finance income mainly represents interest income from bank deposits.

Finance Costs

For the Period, the Group's finance costs increased by approximately HK\$7.2 million to approximately HK\$52.8 million from approximately HK\$45.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The increase was aligned with the increase in interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings balance.

Despite the increase in interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings balance and rapid increase of interest rate, especially LIBOR, net finance costs remained stable compared with the corresponding period in 2021, which was mainly attributable to optimization of loan structure.

Profit/Loss Before Tax

As a result of the foregoing, the profit before tax of the Group decreased from approximately HK\$120.8 million for the corresponding period in 2021 by approximately HK\$134.0 to a loss before tax of approximately HK\$13.2 million for the Period.

Income Tax

The Group's income tax was a credit of approximately HK\$15.6 million for the Period, and the income tax expense was approximately HK\$19.6 million for the corresponding period in 2021. The decrease in the amount of income tax was aligned with the decrease of the profit before tax of the Group.

Profit for the Period

Profit of the Group for the Period decreased by 97.6% to approximately HK\$2.4 million from approximately HK\$101.2 million for the corresponding period in 2021.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement the consolidated results of the Group prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP operating profit, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP profit before tax, non-GAAP profit for the year and non-GAAP net margin, have been presented in this announcement. The Company's management believes that the non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with more clear view on the Group's financial results, and with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of the Group's strategic operations by excluding certain impact of certain non-cash items, certain impact of merger and acquisition transactions, certain one-off operating loss and recognition of deferred tax expenses due to the change of tax law. Nevertheless, the use of these non-GAAP financial measures has limitations as an analytical tool. These unaudited non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, analysis of the Company's financial performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies.

The following tables set forth the reconciliations of the Company's non-GAAP financial measures for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 to the nearest measures prepared in accordance with IFRS:

Six months ended 30 June 2022

	SIX months chucu 30 June 2022			
	Adjustments			
	As reported (HK\$ million)	Equity-settled share option expenses (HK\$ million)	intangible assets (a)	Non-GAAP (HK\$ million)
Operating profit Profit/(Loss) before tax Profit for the period Operating margin Net margin	18.8 -13.2 2.4 0.4% 0.1%	11.6 11.6 11.6	21.0 21.0 15.7	51.4 19.4 29.7 1.2% 0.7%
		Six months ended 30 June 2021		
		Adj		
	As reported (HK\$ million)	Equity-settled share option expenses (HK\$ million)	intangible assets (a)	Non-GAAP (HK\$ million)
Operating profit Profit/(Loss) before tax Profit for the period Operating margin Net margin	151.5 120.8 101.2 3.3% 2.2%	20.0 20.0 20.0	20.9 20.9 15.6	192.4 161.7 136.8 4.2% 3.0%

Note:

⁽a) Amortization of intangible assets arising from acquisitions, net of related deferred tax.

Working Capital and Financial Resources

	As at 30 June 2022 (HK\$ million)	As at 31 December 2021 (HK\$ million)
Trade and notes receivables (including trade receivables due from related parties) Trade and notes payables (including trade	1,232.0	1,254.2
payables due to related parties) Inventories	1,202.9 2,090.9	1,637.2 2,402.8
	As at 30 June 2022 (HK\$ million)	As at 31 December 2021 (HK\$ million)
Trade and notes receivables turnover days ⁽¹⁾ Trade and notes payables turnover days ⁽²⁾ Inventories turnover days ⁽³⁾	51 95 150	44 98 141

Notes:

- (1) Trade and notes receivables turnover days = Number of days in the reporting period x (average balance of trade and notes receivables at the beginning and at the end of the period)/revenue in the reporting period.
- (2) Trade and notes payables turnover days = Number of days in the reporting period x (average balance of the trade and notes payables at the beginning and at the end of the period)/cost of sales in the reporting period.
- (3) Inventories turnover days = Number of days in the reporting period x (average balance of inventories at the beginning and at the end of the period)/cost of sales in the reporting period.

Trade and notes receivables remained stable. The increase in trade and notes receivables turnover days is mainly attributable to the relatively high balance of trade and notes receivables at the end of previous year and at the end of the Period due to higher monthly revenue near the end of previous year and near the end of the Period than average monthly revenue during the Period.

The decrease of inventory is mainly attributable to lower procurements near the end of the Period than procurements near the end of previous year. The trade and notes payables turnover days remained stable.

The decrease of inventories was mainly attributable to working capital improvement as well as the lower level of inventory in transit and less delayed shipments caused by instability of global logistics for the Period as compared to year end 2021. The increase of inventory turnover days was mainly because the inventory at the end of last year and at the end of the Period was substantially higher than the inventory at the beginning of last year, as a result of a much higher inventory level in transit caused by much longer global logistic time and substantial higher freight cost which caused higher inventory value for the same inventory volume.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's monetary assets, including cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits and certain financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss, were approximately HK\$2,003.4 million (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$\$2,256.1 million).

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings were approximately HK\$3,619.2 million (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$3,517.5 million), including short-term bank loans and other borrowings of approximately HK\$1,333.9 million (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,223.1 million) and long-term bank loans and other borrowings with repayment terms ranging from two to three years of approximately HK\$2,285.3 million (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$2,294.4 million).

As a result, as at 30 June 2022, the Group's net debt position was approximately HK\$1,615.8 million (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,261.4 million).

Contingent Liabilities

In the ordinary course of business, the Group may from time to time be involved in legal proceedings and litigations. The Group records a liability when the Group believes that it is both probable that a loss has been incurred by the Group and the amount can be reasonably estimated. With respect to the Group's outstanding legal matters, notwithstanding that the outcome of such legal matters is inherently unpredictable and subject to uncertainties, the Group believes that, based on its current knowledge, the amount or range of reasonably possible loss will not, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (as at 31 December 2021: nil).

Exchange Rate Fluctuations

The Group is a multinational enterprise with operations in different countries and the money that it used to conduct its business and transaction is denominated in various currencies, and the Group uses Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") as its reporting currency, which is pegged to US\$. The Group's revenue is mainly denominated in US\$, RMB and EUR. The Group's procurement and OPEX are mainly denominated in RMB, US\$ and EUR. The net exposures to foreign currency risks of the Group's operating results are mainly the US\$ and EUR revenue against RMB procurement and OPEX. The Group would benefit from the appreciation of US\$ and EUR against RMB but would suffer losses if US\$ or EUR depreciates against RMB. The Group uses forward contracts to eliminate the foreign currency exposures.

Pledge of Assets

As at 30 June 2022, bank deposits of approximately HK\$803.9 million (31 December 2021: HK\$805.6 million) were pledged for certain standby letters of credit from banks and for guarantee. Bank deposits of approximately HK\$9.8 million (31 December 2021: HK\$7.1 million) were pledged for interest reserve. Bank deposits of approximately HK\$315.7 million (31 December 2021: HK\$330.3 million) were pledged for certain long-term bank loans. Certain machinery amounting to approximately HK\$3.1 million (31 December 2021: HK\$5.8 million) was pledged to secure bank loan granted to the Group.

Gearing Ratio

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's gearing ratio (calculated by net debt divided by the sum of adjusted capital and net debt; the amount of net debt is calculated by the sum of trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals, payables due to related parties and interest-bearing bank loan and other borrowings (current and non-current) less monetary assets, including cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits and certain financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss; the amount of adjusted capital is calculated by equity attributable to owner of the parent minus hedging reserve) was approximately 38.7% (31 December 2021: approximately 38.6%), or 40.5% after taking into consideration the impact of IFRS 16) (as at 31 December 2021: approximately 40.4%).

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a total of 8,188 full-time employees (31 December 2021: 8,826). For the Period, costs of employees, excluding Directors' emoluments, amounted to a total of approximately HK\$925.0 million (for the corresponding period of 2021: approximately HK\$926.0 million). The Group determined the remuneration packages of all employees with reference to their position, competency, performance, value and market salary trend. The Group provides its employees in the PRC and other countries and regions with welfare schemes as required by applicable local laws and regulations.

On 5 November 2010, the Company adopted a share option scheme ("2010 Share Option Scheme") to incentivize or reward eligible participants for their contribution to the Group for the purpose of motivating the eligible participants to optimize their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group, and attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

As the 2010 Share Option Scheme expired on the tenth anniversary of its adoption, and to enable the Company to continue to grant share options to eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the success of the Group, the Company terminated the 2010 Share Option Scheme and approved and adopted a new share option scheme (the "2020 Share Option Scheme") at its annual general meeting held on 25 May 2020. A summary of the principal terms of the 2020 Share Option Scheme is set out in Appendix III of the Company's circular dated 22 April 2020.

As at 30 June 2022, there were 134,108,500 outstanding share options in total under the 2010 Share Option Scheme and the 2020 Share Option Scheme (31 December 2021: 136,099,167 share options).

Significant Acquisition, Disposal or Investment

During the Period, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies, and investment.

OTHER INFORMATION

Events After the Reporting Period

No material events affecting the Company or its subsidiaries has occurred subsequent to 30 June 2022.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares

During the Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Dividends

The Board does not recommend payment of any dividend for the Period (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

Corporate Governance

The Board has committed to achieving high corporate governance standards. The Board believes that high corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Group to safeguard the interests of shareholders and formulate its business strategies and policies as well as to enhance corporate value and accountability.

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and has also put in place certain recommended best practices as set out in the CG Code. The Board is of the opinion that the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the Period.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

Since the listing of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 24 November 2010, the Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code for the dealings in securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiries, all Directors have confirmed that they complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Model Code for the Period.

Audit Committee

As at the date of this announcement, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") consists of Ms. Chiang Yun, Mr. Shi Xiaoguang and Mr. So Tak Young. The chairlady of the Audit Committee is Ms. Chiang Yun. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the Period have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The unaudited interim results for the Period have been reviewed by the Company's auditors, Ernst & Young, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Publication of Interim Report

This interim results announcement is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (http://www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (http://www.gbinternational.com.hk). The interim report of the Company for the Period containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be despatched to shareholders of the Company and made available for review on the same websites in due course.

By order of the Board
Goodbaby International Holdings Limited
SONG Zhenghuan
Chairman

Hong Kong, 22 August 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the executive Directors of the Company are Mr. SONG Zhenghuan, Mr. Martin POS, Mr. XIA Xinyue, Mr. LIU Tongyou and Mr. Michael Nan QU; the non-executive Directors are Ms. FU Jingqiu and Mr. HO Kwok Yin, Eric; and the independent non-executive Directors are Ms. CHIANG Yun, Mr. SHI Xiaoguang, Mr. JIN Peng and Mr. SO Tak Young.