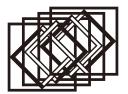
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PAK TAK INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(百德國際有限公司)*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code: 2668)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS

The board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Pak Tak International Limited (the "**Company**") is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (the "**Interim Results**") as follows:

^{*} for identification purpose only

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

		Six months ended		
		30 Ju	ne	
	Note	2022	2021	
		HKD'000	HKD '000	
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Revenue	3	374,684	597,499	
Other revenue	4	37,174	9,952	
Other net gains	4	863	3,640	
Fair value gain on investment properties	12	682	15,293	
Direct costs and operating expenses		(327,576)	(563,716)	
Administrative expenses		(34,859)	(17,458)	
Profit from operations	5	50,968	45,210	
Finance costs	6	(17,206)	(25,436)	
Profit before taxation		33,762	19,774	
Income tax expense	7	(2,496)	(6,947)	
Profit for the period		31,266	12,827	
Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company		31,266	12,827	
Earnings per share — Basic and diluted (in HK cents)	8	0.80	0.37	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	HKD'000	HKD '000	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Profit for the period	31,266	12,827	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
— Exchange differences on translation of financial			
statements of overseas subsidiaries, net of Nil tax	(24,595)	3,964	
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently			
to profit or loss:			
— Fair value change of financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive income, net of Nil tax	(17,310)	(7,460)	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(10,639)	9,331	
Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	(10,639)	9,331	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2022

		At 30 June 2022	At 31 December 2021
	Note	HKD'000	HKD '000
		(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	186,233	65,744
Right-of-use assets	11	52,244	4,223
Investment properties	12	267,154	244,181
Intangible assets		1,951	_
Goodwill	20	3,855	_
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	13	6,595	133,162
Finance lease receivables	14	7,392	12,546
		525,424	459,856
Current assets			
Inventories		2,791	_
Trade and other receivables	15	853,419	880,213
Current portion of finance lease receivables	14	18,477	13,842
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16	928	84,546
Pledged bank deposits		52,127	97,960
Cash and cash equivalents		61,962	15,442
		989,704	1,092,003
Current liabilities			
Trade and bills payables	17	175,341	310,762
Other payables, accrued charges and deferred income		85 301	24 206
Contract liabilities		85,391 12,279	24,206 11,144
Borrowings	18	487,459	493,502
Lease liabilities	10	2,975	1,614
Tax payable		4,508	218
Tux pujuoto		767,953	841,446
Net current assets		221,751	250,557
Total assets less current liabilities		747,175	710,413

		At	At
		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
	Note	HKD'000	HKD '000
		(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	18	25,767	29,587
Lease liabilities		51,986	2,928
Deferred tax liabilities		33,645	31,482
		111,398	63,997
NET ASSETS		635,777	646,416
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	19	78,000	78,000
Reserves		557,775	568,414
Equity attributable to equity shareholders			
of the Company		635,775	646,414
Non-controlling interests		2	2
TOTAL EQUITY		635,777	646,416

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange, including compliance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 ("HKAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). This interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 which has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA.

The interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2021 annual financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes resulting from adoption of amendments to HKFRSs and application of certain accounting policies which became relevant to the Group upon the acquisition of subsidiaries (note 20) that are expected to be reflected in the 2022 annual financial statements. Details of changes in accounting policies and new accounting policies are set out in Note 2.

The preparation of interim financial information in conformity with HKAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The interim financial information is unaudited, but has been reviewed by Baker Tilly Hong Kong Limited in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity", issued by the HKICPA.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Adoption of amendments to HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to this interim financial information for the current accounting period:

- Amendment to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework;
- Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use;
- Amendments to HKAS 37, Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract;
- Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

For business combinations in which the acquisition date is on or after 1 January 2022, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of an asset and a liability in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 issued in June 2018 (the **"Conceptual Framework"**) except for transactions and events within the scope of HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 "Levies", in which the Group applies HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination. Contingent assets are not recognised.

The Group applies the amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after 1 January 2022. The application of the amendments in the current period had no impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit an entity from deducting the proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment. Instead, the sales proceeds and the related costs should be included in profit and loss. The amendments do not have a material impact on these financial statements as the Group does not sell items produced before an item of property, plant and equipment is available for use.

Amendments to HKAS 37, Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance.

New accounting policies arising from acquisition of subsidiaries that are not included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment.

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(b) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

– Website	5 years
- Point-of-Sale system	10 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above.

3. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

The chief operating decision-maker ("**CODM**") has been identified as the executive director of the Company. The CODM reviews the Group's internal reporting for purpose of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various businesses. The Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has six reportable operating segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" which were as follows:

- (i) Supply chain business;
- (ii) Leasing business;
- (iii) Property investment;
- (iv) Money lending business;
- (v) Securities investment; and
- (vi) Hotel management and catering services.

During the period, the Group commenced the business engaging in hotel management and catering along with the acquisition of subsidiaries (as detailed in Note 20), and it is considered as a new operating and reportable segment by the CODM.

The Group's operations are monitored with strategic decisions which are made on the basis of operating results, consolidated assets and liabilities as reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

HKD'000 (unaudited)HKD'000 (unaudited)Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15Disaggregated by major products of service lines— Sales of goods from supply chain business— Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services— Hotel room service income— Hotel room service income— Hotel room services2,614— Handling fee income from hotel managements367,454585,3Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,4	ted)
HKD'000 (unaudited)HKD'000 (unaudited)Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15(unaudited)Disaggregated by major products of service lines338,876— Sales of goods from supply chain business338,876— Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services24,165— Hotel room service income1,299— Management fee income from hotel management services2,614— Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements5001,1367,454585,1Revenue from other sources3,140Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,01,1Finance lease income8961,1	7000 ted)
(unaudited)(unaudited)Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15Disaggregated by major products of service lines-— Sales of goods from supply chain business338,876— Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services24,165— Hotel room service income1,299— Management fee income from hotel management services2,614— Handling fee income from supply chain 	ted)
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15 Disaggregated by major products of service lines – Sales of goods from supply chain business 338,876 – Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services 24,165 – Hotel room service income 1,299 – Management fee income from 1,299 – Management services 2,614 – Handling fee income from supply chain 500 financing arrangements 500 367,454 585,3 Revenue from other sources 3,140 Interest income from supply chain 3,140 financing arrangements 3,140 5,4 Finance lease income 896 1,5	
within the scope of HKFRS 15Disaggregated by major products of service lines— Sales of goods from supply chain business— Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services24,165— Hotel room service income1,299— Management fee income from hotel management services2,614— Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements5001,1367,454585,4Revenue from other sources Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,4Finance lease income8961,5	884
 Sales of food and beverage products from hotel management and catering services Hotel room service income Management fee income from hotel management services Management fee income from supply chain financing arrangements Solo 367,454 S85,5 Revenue from other sources Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements 3,140 5,0 Finance lease income Satisfies 	884
hotel management and catering services24,165— Hotel room service income1,299— Management fee income from hotel management services2,614— Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements500367,454585,5Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,6Finance lease income8961,5	
 Hotel room service income Management fee income from hotel management services 2,614 Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements 500 1,9 367,454 585,3 Revenue from other sources Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements 3,140 5,0 Finance lease income 896 1,9 	_
— Management fee income from hotel management services 2,614 — Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements 500 367,454 585,5 Revenue from other sources 367,454 Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements 3,140 5,0 1,9 Finance lease income 896	_
hotel management services2,614— Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements5001,9367,454585,9Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,05,9Finance lease income8961,9	_
— Handling fee income from supply chain financing arrangements5001,9367,454585,9367,454585,9Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,05,0Finance lease income8961,9	_
financing arrangements5001,9367,454585,9Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,05,0Finance lease income8961,9	
Revenue from other sourcesInterest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,0Finance lease income8961,0	992
Interest income from supply chain financing arrangements3,1405,0Finance lease income8961,0	876
financing arrangements3,1405,0Finance lease income8961,0	
Finance lease income 896 1,9	
,	086
Gross rentals from investment properties	953
— Lease payment that are fixed 3,194 2,5	821
	763
7,230 11,0	623
374,684 597,4	499
Disaggregated by geographical location of customers	
— The People's Republic of China (the " PRC ") 374,684 595,	736
— Hong Kong (place of domicile) – 1,	763
374,684 597,4	

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition is disclosed in Note 3(b).

(b) Information about profit or loss

Six months ended 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	Supply chain business HKD'000	Leasing business HKD'000	Property investment <i>HKD'000</i>	Money lending business HKD'000	Securities investment HKD'000	Hotel management and catering services <i>HKD</i> '000	Total HKD'000
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition							
Point in time	339,376	-	-	-	-	24,165	363,541
Over time	3,140	896	2,837	-	-	4,270	11,143
Revenue from external customers	342,516	896	2,837	_	_	28,435	374,684
Segment result	23,613	(526)	2,989	(2,689)	(40)	(8,781)	14,566
Reconciliation:							
Interest income							1,038
Other revenue and other net gains							36,136
Corporate and other							(77)
unallocated expenses Finance costs							(772) (17,206)
						-	(17,200)
Profit before taxation							33,762
Income tax expense						_	(2,496)
Profit for the period						=	31,266

Six months ended	Supply chain	Leasing	Property	Money lending	Securities	Hotel management and catering	
30 June 2021 (unaudited)	business	business	investment	business	investment	services	Total
()	HKD '000	HKD'000	HKD '000	HKD'000	HKD '000	HKD '000	HKD'000
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition							
Point in time	585,876	161	-	-	-	-	586,037
Over time	5,086	1,792	2,821	1,763	-	-	11,462
Revenue from external customers	590,962	1,953	2,821	1,763			597,499
Segment result	24,510	187	17,740	(1,411)	362		41,388
Reconciliation:							
Interest income							1,665
Other revenue and other net gains							8,287
Corporate and other unallocated expenses							(6,130)
Finance costs						_	(25,436)
Profit before taxation							19,774
Income tax expense							(6,947)
Profit for the period						-	12,827

(c) Information about assets and liabilities

At 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	Supply chain business <i>HKD'000</i>	Leasing business HKD'000	Property investment <i>HKD'000</i>	Money lending business HKD'000	Securities investment <i>HKD'000</i>	Hotel management and catering services <i>HKD</i> '000	Total HKD'000
Segment assets	871,225	26,764	240,583	10,082	6,740	279,224	1,434,618
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets							80,510
Total assets							1,515,128
Segment liabilities	644,031	7,841	32,500	1,034	-	159,616	845,022
Reconciliation: Deferred tax liabilities Corporate and other unallocated liabilities							33,645 684
Total liabilities							879,351
At 31 December 2021 (audited)	Supply chain business HKD '000	Leasing business HKD'000	Property investment HKD '000	Money lending business HKD'000	Securities investment HKD'000	Hotel management and catering services HKD'000	Total HKD'000
Segment assets	1,061,679	28,705	248,040	12,573	133,546	_	1,484,543
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets							67,316
Total assets							1,551,859
Segment liabilities	819,776	10,228	35,766	976	_		866,746
Reconciliation: Deferred tax liabilities							31,482
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities							7,215

4. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET GAINS

	Six months ended			
	30 June			
	2022	2021		
	HKD'000	HKD '000		
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)		
Other revenue				
Dividend income from equity investments	35,803	8,000		
Interest income	1,038	1,665		
Sundry income	333	287		
	37,174	9,952		
Other net gains				
Fair value change of financial assets at				
fair value through profit or loss	863	3,640		

5. **PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS**

Six months ended 30 June		
2022	2021	
HKD'000	HKD '000	
(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
5,463	1,035	
2,593	1,052	
121	_	
(1,328)	(310)	
(518)	231	
12	(150)	
	30 Ju 2022 <i>HKD '000</i> (unaudited) 5,463 2,593 121 (1,328) (518)	

6. FINANCE COSTS

The finance costs represent interests on bank loans, lease liabilities and other borrowings for the respective periods.

7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2021	
	HKD'000	HKD '000	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax			
— Over-provision in respect of prior year	(108)	_	
Current tax – the PRC Enterprise Income Tax			
— Current income tax	2,884	3,124	
	2,776	3,124	
Deferred tax			
— The PRC	(280)	3,823	
	(280)	3,823	
Income tax expense	2,496	6,947	

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated or domiciled in Hong Kong have no assessable profits or sustained tax losses for taxation purpose for both interim periods.

The subsidiaries in the PRC are subject to a corporation income tax rate of 25%. Provision for income tax has been made by the Company's subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the interim period.

	Six months ended	
	30 June	
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Earnings Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	31,266	12,827
Number of shares	'000	'000'
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	3,900,000	3,441,436

Basic earnings per share are the same as the diluted earnings per share as the Company has no dilutive potential shares.

9. **DIVIDEND**

The directors do not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group's additions to property, plant and equipment were related to acquisition at a cost of HKD729,000 and additions of HKD130,506,000 as a result of acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 20).

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment at a cost of HKD14,000.

11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, there was no addition right-of-use assets except for certain right-of-use assets of HKD53,435,000 regarding leases of office, factory and restaurants in the PRC acquired as a result of the acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 20).

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Group did not enter into any new lease.

The leases of offices, factory and restaurants in the PRC contain minimum annual lease payment terms that are fixed. These payment terms are common in the PRC where the Group operates.

12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
At the beginning of the period/year	244,181	221,443
Addition arising from the acquisition of		
subsidiaries (Note 20)	34,639	_
Exchange realignment	(12,348)	6,317
Fair value gain	682	16,421
At the end of the period/year	267,154	244,181

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

The investment properties are situated in the PRC and are held under a medium-term lease.

At 30 June 2022, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HKD234,253,000 (31 December 2021: HKD244,181,000) were pledged to a bank for loans granted to the Group (Note 18).

Fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties

The fair value of the Group's investment properties is measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair value measurement". The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

The fair values of the Group's investment properties located at two different locations have been arrived at on the basis of valuation performed by 深圳市國正信資產評估土地房地產估價有 限公司 and ROMA Appraisals Limited respectively, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group.

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 are determined using direct comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis, adjusted for a discount specific to the quality and location of the properties compared to the recent sales, and are therefore grouped into Level 3 of fair value measurement. During the reporting period, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfer into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

13. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") — Listed equity securities in Hong Kong 	6,595	23,162
— Unlisted equity securities in Hong Kong		110,000
	6,595	133,162

At 31 December 2021, certain listed equity securities with an aggregate carrying amount of HKD3,796,000 were pledged to an independent third party for other borrowings granted to the Group (Note 18). At 30 June 2022, the pledge was released upon the repayment of other borrowings.

The unlisted equity securities are 13,921,278 ordinary shares held in Golden Affluent Limited ("Golden Affluent"). Golden Affluent is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and principally engaged in investment holding and its subsidiaries are engaged in the provision of financial and bullion services in Hong Kong and private investment management services in the PRC. The Group designated its investment in Golden Affluent at FVOCI (non-recycling) as the investment is held for strategic purposes.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group disposed of all equity securities of Golden Affluent with carrying amount of approximately HKD110,000,000, the related balance in the fair value reserve in amount of approximately HKD60,682,000 was reclassified to retained profits. In addition, dividend income of approximately HKD35,060,000 was recognised from these equity securities of Golden Affluent during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Changes in fair value of those equity securities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated within the fair value reserve within equity. The Group transfers amounts from this reserve to retained profits when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current finance lease receivables	7,521	12,763
Current finance lease receivables	18,799	14,084
	26,320	26,847
Less: Expected credit loss allowance		
— Non-current portion	(129)	(217)
— Current portion	(322)	(242)
	(451)	(459)
	25,869	26,388

14. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

The total minimum lease payments receivable under finance leases and their present values are as follows:

	Minin	num lease		nt value of nimum
	payment	ts receivable	lease	payments
	At	At	At	At
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)	(unaudited)	(audited)
Within 1 year	19,243	14,565	18,799	14,084
After 1 year but within 2 years	6,479	9,017	6,454	8,969
After 2 years but within 3 years	1,071	3,683	1,067	3,675
After 3 years but within 4 years		122		119
	26,793	27,387	26,320	26,847
Less: Unearned interest income	(473)	(540)		
Present value of minimum				
lease payments receivable	26,320	26,847	26,320	26,847

Certain motor vehicles and machinery are leased out under finance leases with lease terms of 24 to 48 months (31 December 2021: 24 to 48 months). The interest rate inherent in the leases is fixed at the contract date for the entire lease term. The average effective interest rate is ranging from 6.2% to 10% (31 December 2021: 6.2% to 12%) per annum.

Finance lease receivables are secured over the motor vehicles and machinery leased. The Group is not permitted to sell or repledge the collateral in the absence of default by the lessee.

15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Trade receivables, net of expected credit loss allowance	739,206	624,462
Other receivables, net of expected credit loss allowance	100,304	109,453
	839,510	733,915
Deposits and prepayments	13,909	146,298
	853,419	880,213

The ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of expected credit loss allowances) as at the end of the reporting period, based on invoice date, is as follows:

At	At
30 June	31 December
2022	2021
HKD'000	HKD '000
(unaudited)	(audited)
10,444	271,387
94,615	188,058
633,057	160,444
1,090	4,573
739,206	624,462
	30 June 2022 <i>HKD'000</i> (unaudited) 10,444 94,615 633,057 1,090

Trade receivables are generally due within 30 to 365 days (31 December 2021: 30 to 365 days) from the date of billing. The ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of expected credit loss allowances) as at the end of the reporting period, based on due date, is as follows:

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Current (not past due)	679,379	555,338
Less than 1 month past due	8,442	12,942
1 to 3 months past due	8,883	26,639
3 to 12 months past due	42,502	29,543
	739,206	624,462

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVPL")

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Held for trading investments at fair value		
— Listed equity securities in Hong Kong	42	82
— Listed equity securities in PRC	886	841
	928	923
Other investments stated at fair value		
— Structured deposits	_	72,847
— Wealth management products		10,776
		83,623
	928	84,546

17. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Trade payables	82,800	90,062
Bills payables	92,541	220,700
	175,341	310,762

The ageing analysis of trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on invoice date, is as follows:

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Within 1 month	12,440	35,005
1 to 3 months	22,678	32,653
3 to 12 months	140,223	240,639
Over 12 months	_	2,465
	175,341	310,762

At 30 June 2022, the Group had bills payables of HKD92,541,000 (31 December 2021: HKD220,700,000) were secured by pledged bank deposits (31 December 2021: structured deposits and pledged bank deposits).

18. BORROWINGS

	At	At
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Bank loans, secured (Note (a))	513,226	517,089
Other borrowings, secured (Note (b))	-	6,000
	513,226	523,089

The maturity profile of borrowings, based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in relevant loan agreements, is as follows:

At	At
30 June	31 December
2022	2021
HKD'000	HKD '000
(unaudited)	(audited)
487,459	493,502
5,316	5,385
20,451	24,202
513,226	523,089
(487,459)	(493,502)
25,767	29,587
	30 June 2022 <i>HKD'000</i> (unaudited) 487,459 5,316 20,451 513,226 (487,459)

Notes:

(a) At 30 June 2022, bank loans comprised Bank Loan 1, Bank Loan 2, Bank Loan 3, Bank Loan 4 and Bank Loan 5 with principal amount of RMB26,255,000 (equivalent to HKD30,755,000) (31 December 2021: RMB28,286,000 (equivalent to HKD34,636,000)), RMB280,000,000 (equivalent to HKD327,992,000) (31 December 2021: RMB280,000,000 (equivalent to HKD342,860,000)), RMB114,000,000 (equivalent to HKD133,540,000) (31 December 2021: RMB114,000,000 (equivalent to HKD139,593,000)), RMB8,200,000 (equivalent to HKD9,605,000) (31 December 2021: Nil) and RMB9,675,000 (equivalent to HKD11,334,000) (31 December 2021: Nil) respectively.

Bank Loan 1 is secured by certain investment properties of the Group (Note 12) and is repayable by instalments up to 2027. Interest is charged at Prime rate of The People's Bank Of China ("**PBOC**") plus 30% of PBOC Prime rate per annum.

Bank Loan 2 is secured by corporate guarantee executed by the Company and its certain subsidiaries and certain properties owned by an independent third party and is repayable within one year. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 5.4% (31 December 2021: 5.4%) per annum.

Bank Loan 3 is secured by properties owned by independent third parties and is repayable within one year. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 6.5% (31 December 2021: 6.5%) per annum.

Bank Loan 4 is secured by personal guarantee executed by an independent third party, certain property owned by another independent third party and is repayable within one year. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 4.05% per annum.

Bank Loan 5 is secured by personal guarantee executed by an independent third party, certain property owned by another independent third party and is repayable within one year. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 4.05% per annum.

Above-mentioned third parties represent the business associates of the Group.

(b) At 31 December 2021, other borrowing with principal amount of HKD6,000,000 was obtained from an independent third party. The loan was secured by certain listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group (see Note 13) and the corporate guarantee executed by the Company. Interest was charged at a fixed rate of 10% per annum. This loan was fully repaid during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

19. SHARE CAPITAL

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

20. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 1 April 2022, the Group acquired 100% issued shares of Foresight Industrial Group Limited ("Foresight Industrial") from an independent third party at a cash consideration of approximately HKD120,000,000. Upon the completion of the transaction, the Foresight Industrial will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Foresight Industrial and its subsidiaries ("Foresight Industrial Group") were therefore consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company. Foresight Industrial Group is principally engaged in hotel operations and management, and provision of food and beverage catering services in the PRC. The primary reason for the above acquisition is to diversify the business risks and to expand the income streams of the Group.

Fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of Foresight Industrial Group at the date of acquisition

	HKD '000
Assets	
Investment properties	34,639
Property, plant and equipment	130,506
Right-of-use assets	53,435
Intangible assets	1,346
Inventories	3,160
Trade and other receivables	54,101
Cash and cash equivalents	34,534
Liabilities	
Trade and other payables	(109,008)
Contract liabilities	(5,356)
Borrowings	(22,786)
Lease liabilities	(53,435)
Tax payable	(1,303)
Deferred tax liabilities	(3,688)
Fair value of identifiable net assets of Foresight Industrial Group	116,145
Goodwill arising on acquisition	3,855
Total consideration	120,000
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	
	HKD '000
Cash consideration	(120,000)
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	34,534
Net cash outflow	(85,466)

The receivables acquired (which principally comprised trade receivables) with a fair value of HKD54,101,000 at the date of acquisition had gross amount of HKD54,101,000. The best estimate at acquisition date is that all the contractual cash flows are expected to be collected.

Goodwill arose from the above acquisition by the Group is mainly attributable to the benefit of expected revenue growth and future market development. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets. None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purpose.

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

The acquired subsidiaries contributed approximately HKD28,435,000 to the Group's revenue and resulted loss of approximately HKD8,781,000 for the period between the date of acquisition and the end of the reporting period.

Had the above acquisitions been effected at the beginning of the reporting period, the total amount of revenue of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 would have been approximately HKD405,602,000 and the amount of the profit for the period would have been approximately HKD26,154,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed at the beginning of the reporting period, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

21. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has the following charges on its assets:

- (i) Certain investment properties of the Group with carrying amount of approximately HKD234,253,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HKD244,181,000) were pledged to banks for loans granted to the Group which are disclosed in Note 18.
- (ii) None of listed equity securities classified as financing assets at fair value through other comprehensive income of the Group (31 December 2021: certain listed equity securities with carrying amount of HKD3,796,000) were pledged to an independent third party for other borrowings granted to the Group which are disclosed in Note 18.
- (iii) The structured deposits and pledged bank deposits of the Group with carrying amount of approximately HKD Nil (31 December 2021: HKD72,847,000) and HKD52,127,000 (31 December 2021: HKD97,960,000) were pledged as guarantee deposits for bills payable made available to the Group which are disclosed in Note 17.

22. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2021
	HKD'000	HKD '000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	2,173	2,742
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	82	95
	2,255	2,837

(b) Other related party transactions

The Group did not enter into other significant related party transactions during both interim periods.

(c) Related party balances

At 30 June 2022 and 2021, the Group had no balances dealt with its related parties.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the principal activities of the Group are: (i) supply chain business (the "Supply Chain Business"), (ii) leasing business (the "Leasing Business"), (iii) hotel management and catering services ("Hotel Management & Catering Services"), (iv) property investment (the "Property Investment"), (v) money lending business in Hong Kong under the provisions of the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Money Lending Business") and (vi) securities investment (the "Securities Investment").

BUSINESS REVIEW

Supply Chain Business

The Supply Chain Business, being the provision of supply chain services of non-ferrous metals and construction materials, continued to be the Group's core business. During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Supply Chain Business recorded a revenue of HKD342.5 million, a decrease of HKD248.5 million as compared with the corresponding period in 2021. Pessimistic expectations for the supply chain business reduce the use of non-ferrous metals and construction materials, and the ongoing measures against the epidemic in PRC which created a challenging environment for both upstream and downstream companies. Despite the challenging environment which results in a drop of the revenue in Supply Chain Business and continued to tighten the credit risk assessment and aims to expand business potential with more valuable customers. The segment result of Supply Chain Business amounted to HKD23.6 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, representing a decrease of 3.7% as compared with the last corresponding period.

Leasing Business

The Leasing Business is operated through direct lease or sale-and-leaseback arrangements. As at 30 June 2022, the aggregate finance lease receivables were HKD25.9 million and revenue of HKD0.9 million was recognised for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The ongoing measures against the epidemic in the PRC had an impact to the Leasing Business, the prospects were still uncertain and the potential customers inclined to be prudent and conservative in the investment in the leasing machinery. Nevertheless, the Group will continue to adopt a prudent approach and strive to discover further potential business opportunities.

Hotel Management & Catering Services

By the acquisition of the entire issued capital of Foresight Industrial at a consideration of HKD120 million which completed in April 2022, the Group expands its business to the hotel management and catering services. Foresight Industrial Group owns one four-star hotel in Beihai City, Guangxi Province, PRC and operates its hotel portfolio through different distinct lines of business included luxury, upper upscale and mid-scale. Besides, it operates several Chinese restaurants, coffee shops and a food factory to develop its catering services. The operation of hotel and beverage continued affected by the epidemic and the ongoing measures in the PRC, and recorded a segment loss during the period under review. The management will consider and review the operational efficiency to optimise the cost structure and improve the overall performance.

Property Investment

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group has the investment properties located in Yunfu, PRC. The rental income from leasing of the above investment properties of HKD2.8 million and at 30 June 2022, the fair value of the above investment properties amounted to HKD234.3 million, representing a fair value gain of HKD0.7 million. The Group will continue to lease out the investment properties for rental income and may realise its properties investment to enhance the Group's working capital if necessary and when timing is appropriate.

Money Lending Business

In order to ensure the healthy development of Money Lending Business, the Group will continue to adopt a prudent risk management policy, and will also carry out regular review of credit risk over its customers. As at 30 June 2022, no loan receivables of the Money Lending Business was recorded.

Securities Investment

The Group conducts securities investment activities including the listed securities and the unlisted securities in Hong Kong and PRC. During the period under review, the Group disposed the unlisted equity securities and the net proceeds used to settle the consideration of acquisition of Foresight Industrial. The Group will continue to adopt a prudent investment strategy for both short-term investments and long-term investments and will closely monitor the market changes and adjust its investment portfolio as and when necessary.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Below is an analysis of the Group's key financial information including, but not limited to revenue, expenses and profit for the six months ended 30 June 2022, which reflected the financial position of the Group's business.

Revenue

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded a total revenue of HKD374.7 million, representing a decrease of 37.3% as compared with that of the six months ended 30 June 2021 of HKD597.5 million. Such decrease was mainly due to the decline in revenue generated in Supply Chain Business by HKD248.5 million from HKD591.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to HKD342.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Despite such decrease in revenue in Supply Chain Business, the Hotel Management & Catering Services opened up a new income stream for the Group and recorded a revenue of HKD28.4 million for the period under review (six months ended 30 June 2021: HKD Nil).

The total revenue from Money Lending Business, Securities Investment, Leasing Business, and Property Investment amounted to approximately HKD3.7 million as compared with that of the six months ended 30 June 2021 of HKD6.5 million.

Expenses

The Group's direct costs and operating expenses significantly decreased by HKD236.1 million from HKD563.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to HKD327.6 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The decrease in direct costs and operating expenses was mainly due to the decline in the Supply Chain Business, which accounted for over 91% of the Group's total revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

The Group's administrative expenses increased by HKD17.4 million from HKD17.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to HKD34.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. Such increase was mainly attributable to the newly acquired Hotel Management & Catering Services.

The Group's finance cost decreased by HKD8.2 million from HKD25.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to HKD17.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, mainly due to the decrease in average interest rate of borrowings and no interest expense from bonds which had been fully settled by the Company on March 2021.

Profit for the period

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded a net profit of approximately HKD31.3 million as compared to a net profit of approximately HKD12.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021. Such increase in net profit was primarily attributable to the increase in the dividend income from the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and decrease in finance cost during the current period.

Trade and other receivables

The decrease in trade and other receivables of HKD26.8 million was primarily due to the decrease in the deposits and prepayments amounting to HKD132.4 million, which the prepayments made to the suppliers in Supply Chain Business was recognised as direct cost and operating expenses. On the other hand, there was an increase in trade receivables of HKD114.7 million, since the long credit period was given to some customers during the six months ended 30 June 2022. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and the management actively monitor the status of its outstanding receivables and the rapid change of the market condition in order to minimise credit risk. The management regularly reviews the overdue balances, which performs assessment of recoverability on a case-by-case basis.

Trade and bills payables

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's trade and bills payable significantly decreased by HKD135.5 million from HKD310.8 million as at 31 December 2021 to HKD175.3 million. Such decrease was in line with the slowdown of the Supply Chain Business during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Other payables, accrued charges and deferred income

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's other payables, accrued charges and deferred income significantly increased by HKD61.2 million from HKD24.2 million as at 31 December 2021 to HKD85.4 million. Such increase was mainly attributable to the newly acquired Hotel Management & Catering Services which mainly consists deposits received for hotel management of HKD34.0 million, receipt in advance for management fee income, accrued operating expenses and leasehold improvements.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2022 the cash and cash equivalents of the Group were HKD62.0 million (31 December 2021: HKD15.4 million) and interest-bearing borrowings, including the borrowings and lease liabilities were HKD568.2 million (31 December 2021: HKD527.6 million). The following table details the cash and cash equivalents, the bonds, the borrowings and the lease liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2022 denominated in original currencies:

	At 30 June 2022	
	HKD	RMB
	('000)	('000)
Cash and cash equivalents	11,451	43,009
Borrowings		438,130
Lease liabilities		46,919
	At 31 December 2021	
	HKD	RMB
	('000)	('000')
Cash and cash equivalents	15,113	269
Borrowings	6,000	422,286
Lease liabilities		3,709

The Group principally satisfies its demand for operating capital with cash inflow from its operations and borrowings. As at 30 June 2022, the gearing ratio, which is calculated on the basis of total debts (including interest-bearing borrowings and lease liabilities) over total shareholders' fund of the Group, was 89.4% (31 December 2021: 81.6%). The gearing ratio increased in comparison to previous year mainly due to the additions of lease liabilities as a result of acquisition of subsidiaries. The liquidity ratio, which represents a ratio of current assets over current liabilities, to reflect the adequacy of the financial resources, was 1.29 (31 December 2021: 1.30). The liquidity ratio is stable in comparison to that as at 31 December 2021.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND INTEREST RATE RISKS MANAGEMENT

The Group adopts strict and cautious policies in managing its exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. The principal foreign currency exchange risk stems from the exchange rate movements of the Hong Kong dollar, which is pegged to the United States dollars, and Renminbi. The sales of the Group and purchases of raw materials are mainly denominated in Renminbi. While the Group's operations in the PRC, the location of its production, are primarily conducted in Renminbi, its Hong Kong operations are conducted in Hong Kong dollars. The management will closely monitor such risk and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The interest rate risk arises from borrowings, which, being obtained at variable rates and at fixed rates, expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis and considers managing this risk in a cost-effective manner when appropriate, through a variety of means.

PLEDGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, the investment properties of the Group located in Yunfu, PRC with net carrying amount of approximately HKD234.3 million (31 December 2021: HKD244.2 million) were pledged to secure bank loans and facilities of the Group.

The structured deposits and pledged bank deposits of the Group entered with financial institutions as at 30 June 2022 with carrying amount of approximately HKD Nil (31 December 2021: HKD72.8 million) and HKD52.1 million (31 December 2021: HKD98.0 million) respectively, were pledged as guarantee deposits for bills payables to suppliers.

FINANCIAL GUARANTEES PROVIDED

As at 30 June 2022, the Company had provided corporate guarantees amounting to HKD328.0 million (31 December 2021: HKD342.9 million) and HKD Nil (31 December 2021: HKD6 million) in favour of certain banks and an independent third party respectively in connection with facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Group.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND COMMITMENTS

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group invested HKD729,000 (31 December 2021: HKD25,000) on properties, plant and equipment, which included leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, furniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles. The Group also acquired properties, plant and equipment of HKD130,506,000 (31 December 2021: HKD Nil) as a result of acquisition of subsidiaries. As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group had no capital commitments.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

As at 30 June 2022, the significant investments held by the Group are as follows:

	30 June 2022 <i>HKD'000</i>	31 December 2021 <i>HKD</i> '000
Financial assets at fair value through		
other comprehensive income	6,595	133,162
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
— Listed equity securities	928	923
— Structured deposits		72,847
— Wealth management products		10,776
	7,523	217,708

Save as disclosed above, there were no significant investments held by the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Discloseable Transaction – Acquisition of the Entire Issued Share Capital of Foresight Industrial Group Limited

On 26 January 2022, the Company through its direct wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party in relation to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foresight Industrial. Foresight Industrial Group is principally engaged in hotel operations and management and provision of food and beverage catering services in the PRC, at a cash consideration of HKD120,000,000 (the "Acquisition").

Completion of the Acquisition took place on 1 April 2022. Thereafter, Foresight Industrial has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the financial statements of the Foresight Industrial Group are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Major Transaction – Disposal of Minority Interest in Golden Affluent Limited

On 28 January 2022, the Company through its direct wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a share transfer agreement (the "**Share Transfer Agreement**") with an independent third party in relation to disposal of 14.73% equity interest of Golden Affluent, at a cash consideration of HK\$110,000,000 (the "**Disposal**").

Completion of the Disposal took place on 31 May 2022. Thereafter, the Company did not hold any equity interest in Golden Affluent, which ceased to be classified as financial asset at fair value through comprehensive income in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Disposal had been approved as the ordinary resolutions by the shareholders of the Company at the special general meetings of the Company on 13 May 2022.

Save as disclosed above, there was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies by the Group during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a total of approximately 400 employees (30 June 2021: approximately 50 employees). Employees' remuneration and bonuses are based on their responsibilities, performances, experience and the prevailing industry practice. The Group's remuneration policies and packages were reviewed periodically by the management of the Company. The Group provides relevant training to its employees in accordance with the skills requirements of difference positions.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors did not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: HKD Nil).

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company does not have any significant events after the reporting period.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

In the second half of 2022, the Group will continue to enhance the performance in Supply Chain Business as our core business by improving the efficiency on utilisation of the Group's resources for the supply chain of non-ferrous metals and construction materials. The Group intends to strengthen its strategic cooperation with large suppliers, with a view to establishing itself as a reputable supplier in the industry well recognised for offering products at competitive prices.

Besides, the management will maintain the stable and healthy development in the Leasing Business and strictly adhere to the regulatory requirements in the finance lease industry and maintain strict risk control. Furthermore, the acquisition of Foresight Industrial as a starting point to development in the hotel management and catering services, the management will monitor the rapidly changing epidemic situation and the ongoing measures in PRC and adjust the operating strategies in a timely manner.

For the other businesses including Property Investment, Money Lending Business and Securities Investment, the management will keep a cautious and prudent approach and maintain the current scale of such businesses.

OTHER INFORMATION

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for the following deviation:

Under code provision F.2.2, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Mr. Liao Nangang, being the chairman of the Board was unable to attend the AGM due to the circumstances under the COVID-19 outbreak. Mr. Liao will endeavour to attend all future annual general meetings of the Company unless unexpected or special circumstances prevent him from doing so. Mr. Liao had entrusted Mr. Shin Yick, Fabian, being non-executive Director, to respond to shareholders' concerns (if any) on his behalf at the AGM.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions (the "**Model Code**") on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirms that all the Directors have complied with the Model Code for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed the Interim Results with no disagreement with the accounting treatment adopted by the Group. At the request of the Directors, the Group's external auditors have carried out a review of the Interim Results in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the HKICPA.

PUBLICATION OF INTERIM REPORT ON THE WEBSITES OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE COMPANY

The Company's interim report containing all information required by the Listing Rules will be despatched to the shareholders of the Company and published on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and the website of the Company at www.paktakintl.com in due course.

> On behalf of the Board **Pak Tak International Limited Liao Nangang** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 26 August 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Liao Nangang, Ms. Qian Pu, Mr. Wang Jian and Mr. Ning Jie as executive Directors; Mr. Shin Yick Fabian and Mr. Liu Xiaowei as non-executive Directors; and Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny, Mr. Chan Kin Sang and Mr. Zheng Suijun as independent non-executive Directors.