Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.



GHW International

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 9933)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the six months ended 30 June 2022, revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1,598.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB412.3 million or 34.8% comparing with the corresponding period in 2021.
- For the six months ended 30 June 2022, gross profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB377.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB203.3 million or 117.0% comparing with the corresponding period in 2021.
- For the six months ended 30 June 2022, net profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB170.8 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB143.8 million or 531.8% comparing with the corresponding period in 2021.
- For the six months ended 30 June 2022, basic earnings per share of the Group amounted to approximately RMB0.17, representing an increase of approximately 529.6% comparing with the corresponding period in 2021.
- The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

The board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Director**(s)") of GHW International (the "**Company**") is pleased to announce the unaudited condensed consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") for the six months ended 30 June 2022 together with the comparative figures for the six months ended 30 June 2021 as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

		Six months ended 30 June		
	Notes	2022	2021	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Revenue	4	1,598,101	1,185,834	
Cost of sales		(1,221,013)	(1,012,033)	
Gross profit		377,088	173,801	
Other income	5	4,204	6,881	
Other gains and losses	5	9,507	(4,067)	
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model,				
net of reversal		(2,089)	(1,966)	
Selling and distribution expenses		(82,133)	(63,511)	
Administrative expenses		(53,411)	(45,162)	
Research and development expenses		(35,915)	(21,558)	
Finance costs		(18,172)	(12,994)	
Profit before taxation	6	199,079	31,424	
Taxation	7	(28,275)	(4,389)	
Profit for the period		170,804	27,035	

Six months ended 30 June Notes 2022 2021 **RMB'000** RMB'000 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) Other comprehensive (expense) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations (2,563)1.838 Fair value loss on bill receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") (221)(185)Income tax relating to an item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss 34 28 Other comprehensive (expense) income for the period, net of income tax (2,750)1,681 Total comprehensive income for the period 168,054 28,716 Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company 170,804 27,035 Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company 168,054 28,716 Earnings per share 9 – Basic (RMB per share) 0.17 0.027 9 – Diluted (RMB per share) N/A N/A

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2022

		As at	
		30 June 3	1 December
	Notes	2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		542,036	455,027
Right-of-use assets		53,686	53,987
Rental deposits		694	900
Deferred tax assets		392	699
Loan receivable		15,762	15,464
		612,570	526,077
Current assets			
Inventories		456,826	309,342
Trade receivables	10	165,565	208,162
Bill receivables at FVTOCI	11	160,789	85,798
Other receivables and prepayments		83,464	67,781
Tax recoverable		966	367
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
("FVTPL")		1,755	_
Derivative financial instruments		5	273
Restricted bank deposits		108,747	111,493
Bank balances and cash		70,921	58,025
		1,049,038	841,241

		As a	at
		30 June 3	1 December
	Notes	2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current liabilities			
Trade and bill payables	12	200,164	198,009
Other payables and accrued charges		97,127	78,765
Lease liabilities		4,406	4,888
Contract liabilities		54,572	39,268
Tax liabilities		12,427	4,242
Borrowings		484,736	453,908
Loans from related companies		15,500	
		868,932	779,080
Net current assets		180,106	62,161
Total assets less current liabilities		792,676	588,238
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings		192,480	154,468
Loans from a related company		67,303	82,803
Lease liabilities		4,000	3,933
Deferred tax liabilities		21,760	7,955
		285,543	249,159
Net assets		507,133	339,079
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13	8,844	8,844
Reserves		498,289	330,235
Total equity		507,133	339,079

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 25 April 2018 and its shares ("Share(s)") are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") with effect from 21 January 2020. The controlling shareholders of the Company are Mr. Yin Yanbin ("Mr. Yin") and Ms. Wu Hailing ("Ms. Wu"), the spouse of Mr. Yin. The addresses of the Company's registered office and the principal place of business are Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and 6th Building, Xincheng Science Park, No. 69 Aoti Street, Nanjing, the People' Republic of China (the "PRC"), respectively.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are the manufacture and sale of chemical and pharmaceutical products.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**") as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules (the "**Listing Rules**") Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("**RMB**"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as appropriate.

Other than additional accounting policies resulting from application of amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRSs**") and application of certain accounting policies which became relevant to the Group, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are the same as those presented in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In the current interim period, the Group has applied the amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB, for the first time, which are mandatory effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022 for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements. The application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group's condensed consolidated financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents revenue arising from manufacture and sale of chemical related products and medicine for both periods.

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Types of goods		
Animal nutrition	565,431	369,097
Polyurethane materials	304,818	389,043
Medicine and supplements	369,965	268,828
Fine chemicals	351,606	153,846
Others	6,281	5,020
	1,598,101	1,185,834
Timing of revenue recognition		
A point in time	1,598,101	1,185,834

The Group's revenue are under fixed price arrangement with corporate customers. Under the Group's standard contract terms, the credit term is generally 60 days and customers have a right to exchange or return the goods only under the condition of quality issue tested by a third-party testing institution. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, based on historical experiences, the impact of revenue reversal would be immaterial.

All performance obligations for sales of goods are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations as at the end of the reporting period is not disclosed.

For the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment, the key management of the Group, being the chief operating decision maker, reviews the consolidated results as a whole when making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance of the Group and hence, the Group has only one reportable segment and no further analysis of this single segment is presented.

Geographical information

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of customers.

	Revenue from external customers	
	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
The PRC	1,285,173	976,577
Europe	147,839	83,059
Vietnam	32,274	46,825
Other countries in Asia (excluding the PRC and Vietnam)	69,948	39,151
Others	62,867	40,222
	1,598,101	1,185,834

Information about major customers

There was no revenue from individual customer contributing over 10% of total revenue of the Group during both periods.

5. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

Six months ended 30 June

	2022 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Other income		
Government grants	2,026	2,162
Rental income	23	36
Bank interest income	1,527	4,432
Interest income on finance lease receivable	—	7
Interest income on loan receivable	298	—
Others	330	244
	4,204	6,881
Other gains and losses		
Net exchange gains (losses)	12,873	(1,780)
Losses on disposals of plant and equipment	(3,780)	(3,850)
Fair value change on financial asset at FVTPL	—	111
Fair value change on derivative financial instruments		
- commodity derivative contracts (note)	608	718
- foreign currency future contracts	—	—
Others	(194)	734
	9,507	(4,067)

Note: During the six months ended 30 June 2022, amount represented realised gains of RMB608,000 (2021: RMB718,000) and unrealised gains of nil (2021: nil) arising on changes in fair value of commodity derivative contracts.

6. PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

Six months ended 30 June

	2022 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting)		
to profit and loss:		
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	1,215,100	1,006,591
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	19,217	14,438
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2,696	2,261
Total depreciation	21,913	16,699
Capitalised as cost of inventories manufactured	(16,334)	(12,712)
	5,579	3,987
Write-down of inventories	5,913	5,442

7. TAXATION

	Six months ended 30June	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Current tax	14,085	4,390
Under (over) provision in prior years	35	(33)
	14,120	4,357
Deferred tax	14,155	32
Total	28,275	4,389

8. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company for both periods, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Earnings: Earnings for the purposes of calculating basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company	170,804	27,035
	Six months end	ded 30 June
	2022	2021
	'000	' 000
Number of shares: Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
calculating basic earnings per share	1,000,000	1,000,000

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share has been determined on the assumption that the Capitalisation Issue (as defined in note 13) had been effective on 1 January 2020.

No diluted earnings per share was presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2022.

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade receivables	174,245	217,180
Less: allowance for credit losses	(8,680)	(9,018)
	165,565	208,162

Generally, credit terms of 60 days is granted to customers. An aging analysis of the trade receivables presented based on the invoice dates, which approximate the dates of revenue recognition, at the end of the reporting period:

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
0-30 days	100,656	121,167
31-60 days	40,596	47,626
61-90 days	9,050	17,480
Over 90 days	15,263	21,889
	165,565	208,162

The management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Credit limits attributable to customers are reviewed regularly.

As at 30 June 2022, carrying amount of trade receivables amounted to RMB602,000 (31 December 2021: RMB272,000) have been pledged as security for the Group's borrowing.

The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(Reversal of) impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables	(253)	1,966

The basis of determining the inputs and assumptions and the estimation techniques used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group provided impairment allowance of RMB949,000 (2021: RMB8,848,000). In particular a specific loss allowance of RMB949,000 (2021: RMB1,497,000) has been made to individual debtors because the debtors are in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group reversed the impairment allowance of RMB1,202,000 (2021: RMB6,882,000).

11. BILL RECEIVABLES AT FVTOCI

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Bill receivables at FVTOCI	160,789	85,798

The following is an aging analysis of bill receivables at FVTOCI presented based on bill issuance date or endorsement date at the end of the reporting period:

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
0-180 days	159,824	85,798
Over 180 days	965	
	160,789	85,798

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has pledged bill receivables at FVTOCI with a total net book value of RMB143,574,000 (31 December 2021: RMB76,648,000) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

12. TRADE AND BILL PAYABLES

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade payables	182,314	175,009
Bill payables	17,850	23,000
	200,164	198,009

The following is an aging analysis of bill payables at the end of the reporting period:

	As at	
	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
0-180 days	17,850	19,000
Over 180 days		4,000
	17,850	23,000

All bill payables of the Group are with a maturity period of less than one year.

The credit period on purchase of inventories is generally 90 days. The following is an aging analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	As	As at	
	30 June	31 December	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
0-30 days	113,833	114,163	
31-60 days	29,288	29,585	
61-90 days	15,236	8,453	
Over 90 days	23,957	22,808	
	182,314	175,009	

13. SHARE CAPITAL

Pursuant to written resolutions of the Company's shareholders passed on 16 December 2019, on 21 January 2020, the Company allotted and issued a total of 749,000,000 shares, by way of capitalisation ("**Capitalisation Issue**") of the sum of HK\$7,490,000 (equivalent to RMB6,624,000) standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company, credited as fully paid at par to the shareholders as appearing on the register of members of the Company.

On 21 January 2020, the Company issued 250,000,000 new shares at Hong Kong Dollar ("**HK**\$") 0.51 each upon initial public offering in an aggregate gross amount of HK\$127,500,000 (equivalent to RMB112,757,000).

Details of the movement in the Company's shares are disclosed as follows:

	Number of	
	Shares	Amount
		HK\$
		(Unaudited)
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
·		
Authorised		
At 1 January and 30 June 2021, and 1 January and 30 June 2022	10,000,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid		
At 1 January and 30 June 2021, 1 January and 30 June 2022	1,000,000,000	10,000,000
		RMB'000
		(Unaudited)
Presented as at 1 January and 30 June 2021, 1 January and		
30 June 2022		8,844

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Group is an applied chemical intermediates provider in the integrated chemical services (it refers to a complete supply chain to provide customers with a full spectrum of services ranging from pre-sales consulting services, sales of chemical products to after-sales technical support) market, which primarily engages in the production and sales of our chemicals and sales of chemicals produced by third party manufacturers based in the PRC, the Southeast Asia region, Europe and the United States (the "US"). With headquarters in the PRC, we offer a comprehensive product portfolio with a wide range of applications and a full spectrum of services relating to chemical intermediates supply chain through our extensive global operation and sales network, including research and development on production processes, strong product customisation capabilities, manufacturing of quality chemical products, sourcing of wide-ranging chemicals manufactured by third party manufacturers, efficient and safe logistics services and after-sales services.

Our business operation consists of four principal business segments which include polyurethane materials, animal nutrition chemicals, fine chemicals and pharmaceutical products and intermediates and supplements.

Polyurethane materials are widely used in cushion foams, interior components and other lightweight automotive parts to foster fuel and energy savings.

The two major products under our animal nutrition chemicals segment are additives commonly used in feeds for poultry and livestock, which are crucial to the downstream animal husbandry industries. Choline chloride is a complex vitamin which is added as an important nutrient in animal feeds for the acceleration of animal growth as well as a clay stabiliser used in oil and gas drilling and hydraulic fracturing while betaine can be used as dietary feeding attractants which have important physiological functions within the animal bodies and improves the growth and survival rate of fish, poultry, swine and other animals. Under our fine chemicals segment, we procure our products such as carboxylic acids, solvents, resins, and oleochemicals from third party manufacturers for onward selling to our customers. Carboxylic acids are widely used in the synthesis of dyes, production of lubricants, flavours and fragrances while solvents are used in the production of cosmetics, feed additives, paint and synthesis of dyes. The major use of resins and oleochemicals involve the production of cosmetics, emulsifiers and lubricants.

We produce our own products of isooctanoic acid and diethyl sulfate, which are mainly used for paint drier, fungicide, preservative and pharmaceutical raw materials, and synthesis of dyes, pesticides and pharmaceutical intermediates, respectively. On the other hand, we produce our own product of cardanol at our Vietnam production plant, which is a biofuel product mainly used in coating and adhesives industries.

We also produce and sell our own pharmaceutical intermediates which are chemical compounds used in the production of active pharmaceutical ingredients, such as iodine and iodine derivatives as well as selling pharmaceutical products sourced from third party manufacturers such as cefpodoxime dispersible tablets. During the six months ended 30 June 2022, we started to sell supplements sourced from third party manufacturers such as vitamin tablets.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, our financial performance improved, which was mainly resulted from increasing market prices of our major products including choline chloride, betaine and iodine and iodine derivatives. The increasing profitability derived from the above products outweigh the decrease in sales volume of these products, as well as decreasing sales volume of some of our third-party manufactured trading products such as polymeric methylene diphenyl diisocyanate ("**polymeric MDI**") and toluene diisocyanate ("**TDI**"). As a result, our revenue and profit during the six months ended 30 June 2022 increased as compared to the corresponding period last year.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, our Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB1,598.1 million (2021: RMB1,185.8 million), representing an increase of 34.8% as compared to the corresponding period last year.

The increase in revenue was mainly attributable to the increase in (i) sales of selfmanufactured animal nutrition products including choline chloride and betaine in the PRC mainly due to the increasing market prices of these products, which is further elaborated below; (ii) sales of self-manufactured products such as isooctanoic acid and cardanol in the PRC due to the increase of our market share, which is explained below in detail; (iii) sales of iodine and iodine derivatives due to significant increase in market price of iodine; and (iv) sales of ethylene glycol, which is a new third-party manufactured trading product and used as a raw material for solvents and coatings, etc., partially offset by the decrease in sales of polymeric MDI and TDI in our polyurethane materials segment mainly due to decrease in sales volume of these products in the current period, i.e. there was a suspension of production facilities in Europe and the US as affected by the cold wave in the first quarter of 2021, leading to a shortage of supply in the corresponding period last year and hence a relative high level of demand, whereas the supply in the current period was relatively stable. Besides, the operation of PRC's downstream industries, especially construction industry and household appliances industries, were significantly affected by the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic in first half of 2022, leading to a decrease in demand of polymeric MDI and TDI in the PRC during the current period.

The net profit attributed to owners of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2022 amounted to approximately RMB170.8 million (2021: RMB27.0 million), representing an increase of 531.8% as compared to the corresponding period last year. The increase in profit was mainly attributable to an increase in gross profit from approximately RMB173.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB377.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022 as a result of (i) the good performance in our operations in the PRC due to the increasing average selling prices of some of our major products and our successful procurement strategies of raw materials; and (ii) a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB12.9 million (2021: net foreign exchange loss of approximately RMB1.8 million) was recorded during the period mainly as a result of appreciation of US dollar ("US\$") against RMB, which is partially offset by the increase in (i) selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses due to the increasing operating scale of the Group, the significant increases in shipment and logistics costs and provision of performance bonus to staff; (ii) research and development expenses incurred from artificial intelligence system transformation projects, production technology enhancement projects, expansion of research and development team as well as rising cost of raw materials; and (iii) income tax expense, which was in line with the increase in profit generated for the current period.

Details of our financial performance is further explained below.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The table below sets forth the breakdown of our revenue by business segments during the six months ended 30 June 2022:

Total revenue by business segments

	2022		2021	
		% of total		% of total
	RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue
Polyurethane materials	304,818	19.1%	389,043	32.8%
Animal nutrition chemicals	565,431	35.4%	369,097	31.1%
Fine chemicals	351,606	22.0%	153,846	13.0%
Pharmaceutical products and				
intermediates and supplements	369,965	23.1%	268,828	22.7%
Sub-total	1,591,820	99.6%	1,180,814	99.6%
Others (note)	6,281	0.4%	5,020	0.4%
Total	1,598,101	100.0%	1,185,834	100.0%

For the six months ended 30 June

For the six mon	ths ended	30 June
-----------------	-----------	---------

	2022		2021	
		% of total		% of total
	RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue
Self-manufactured chemicals	1,087,791	68.1%	715,327	60.3%
Chemicals produced by third				
parties	504,029	31.5%	465,487	39.3%
Sub-total	1,591,820	99.6%	1,180,814	99.6%
Others (note)	6,281	0.4%	5,020	0.4%
Total	1,598,101	100.0%	1,185,834	100.0%

Note: Others primarily include revenue generated from transportation of hazardous chemicals for third parties in the PRC and other miscellaneous income

Polyurethane materials

Our revenue generated from the sales of polyurethane materials decreased from approximately RMB389.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB304.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily due to the decrease in our sales volume of our significant polyurethane materials products such as polymeric MDI and TDI.

Our average selling prices of polymeric MDI and TDI was approximately RMB16,826 and RMB12,582, respectively, per tonne for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and approximately RMB16,940 and RMB16,099 per tonne, respectively, for the six months ended 30 June 2022. There was no material fluctuation on the market price of polymeric MDI when compared to the corresponding period last year. For TDI, the increase in average selling price was mainly due to the temporary suspension of production of major manufacturers of TDI in the PRC for inspection and repairment since the third quarter of 2021 and until the first quarter of 2022.

On the other hand, our sales volume of polymeric MDI and TDI decreased from approximately 14,859 tonnes and 3,798 tonnes, respectively, to approximately 10,967 tonnes and 1,899 tonnes, respectively. The decrease in sales volume was primarily due to the fact that there was a suspension of production facilities in Europe and the US as affected by the cold wave in the first quarter of 2021, leading to a shortage of supply in the corresponding period last year and hence a relative high level of demand, whereas the supply in the current period was relatively stable. Besides, the operation of PRC's downstream industries, especially construction industry and household appliances industries, were significantly affected by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic in first-half of year 2022, leading to a decrease in demand of polymeric MDI and TDI in the PRC during the current period. The significant increase in shipment costs also led to a decrease in export sales of our polyurethane materials in other countries in Asia.

Animal nutrition chemicals

Our revenue generated from sales of animal nutrition chemicals significantly increased from approximately RMB369.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB565.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily due to the increase in our average selling prices of choline chloride and betaine, partially offset by the decrease in sales volume of choline chloride.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, sales of choline chloride accounted for approximately 75% (2021: 75%) of our revenue under the animal nutrition chemicals segment. The revenue generated from sales of choline chloride increased from approximately RMB273.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB422.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The revenue generated from sales of betaine also increased from approximately RMB83.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately 2021 to approximately RMB128.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

The average selling prices of choline chloride and betaine increased from approximately RMB5,033 and RMB7,582, respectively, per tonne for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB8,842 and RMB11,009 per tonne, respectively, for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily because of the increase in both of the raw material costs and our bargaining power with our existing customers, who were satisfied with our integrated sale services.

Our sales volume of choline chloride decreased from approximately 54,398 tonnes for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately 47,810 tonnes for the six months ended 30 June 2022, which was primarily due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the recovery from African swine fever, leading to an excess of supply of swine over demand from the consumer market in the PRC since early 2022, and hence the production scale of swine industry reduced during the current period. Our sales volume of betaine slightly increased from approximately 10,958 tonnes for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately 11,629 tonnes for the six months ended 30 June 2022, which was primarily due to the increasing sales to our semi-new and sizable customers in the biotech fermentation industry in the PRC since 2021, which outweighed the reducing demand as a result of outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic in the PRC.

Fine chemicals

Our revenue generated from sales of fine chemicals increased from approximately RMB153.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB351.6 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily due to (i) the increase in sales volume of cardanol and isooctanoic acid as explained below; and (ii) the Group started to trade ethylene glycol, which is used as a raw material for solvents and coatings, etc., since the second half of year 2021.

The increase in sales volume of cardanol and isooctanoic acid was primarily because of the increase of our market share as a result of the Russia-Ukraine War, leading to potential energy crisis in the Europe and reduction of imported products.

During the period, the revenue generated from ethylene glycol, being a new third-party manufactured trading product since second half of year 2021, was approximately RMB68.1 million (2021: nil).

Pharmaceutical products and intermediates and supplements

Our revenue generated from sales of pharmaceutical products and intermediates and supplements increased from approximately RMB268.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB370.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily due to the increase in average selling prices of our iodine and iodine derivatives, partially offset by the decrease in sales volume of iodine and iodine derivatives.

The average selling prices of our iodine and iodine derivatives (excluding sub-processing services) increased from approximately RMB237,750 and RMB131,459 for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB505,529 and RMB246,755 for the six months ended 30 June 2022, which was primarily due to the continuous global shortage in supply of iodine in the market over the period. The insufficient supply also led to the decrease in our sales volume.

During the period, our Group started to sell third-party manufactured supplements. Since it was still in the start-up phase, the revenue derived from supplements products was not material to our Group's revenue. The table below sets forth our total sales in terms of geographical locations of our customers during the six months ended 30 June 2022:

Total revenue by geographical locations

	For the six months ended 30 June			
	202	22	202	1
		% of total		% of total
	RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue
The PRC	1,285,173	80.4%	976,577	82.4%
Europe	147,839	9.3%	83,059	7.0%
Vietnam	32,274	2.0%	46,825	3.9%
Other countries in Asia (excluding				
the PRC and Vietnam)	69,948	4.4%	39,151	3.3%
Others	62,867	3.9%	40,222	3.4%
Total	1,598,101	100.0%	1,185,834	100.0%

Our revenue derived from the PRC contributed approximately 82.4% and 80.4% of our total revenue for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2022, respectively. Given that the revenue derived from the PRC constitutes a substantial portion of our total revenue, the fluctuations in revenue of sales in the PRC for our business segments of polyurethane materials, animal nutrition chemicals, fine chemicals and pharmaceutical products and intermediates and supplements were in line with the fluctuations in the overall revenue of each of these segments.

Our revenue derived from Vietnam decreased from approximately RMB46.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB32.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, primarily resulted from the decrease in revenue from sales of polyurethane materials due to the significant increase in shipment costs, leading to a decrease in export sales of our polyurethane materials as mentioned above.

Mainly due to the rising costs of raw materials of our animal nutrition chemical segment, our revenue derived from Europe, Asia (excluding the PRC and Vietnam) and other countries increased from approximately RMB83.1 million, RMB39.2 million and RMB40.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB147.8 million, RMB69.9 million and RMB62.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, respectively.

Cost of sales

Our cost of sales comprises mainly cost of raw materials and inventories, staff costs, manufacturing overheads, depreciation and others. Cost of raw materials and inventories is our main cost of sales. Staff costs mainly comprise salaries, wages and social insurance costs for those who are directly involved in the production and the management team of the production plants.

Our cost of sales increased from approximately RMB1,012.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB1,221.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our cost of sales was driven by the increase in cost of raw materials and inventories incurred as a result of increasing market prices of our raw materials of the products in animal nutrition chemical segment as well as the increasing cost of raw materials and inventories in fine chemical segment, which was in line with the increasing sales volume of cardanol and isooctanoic acid.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The table below sets forth a breakdown of gross profit and gross profit margin by business segments during the six months ended 30 June 2022:

Total gross profit by business segments

	For the six months ended 30 June			
	202	22	202	1
	Gross	Gross profit Gross profit		profit
	RMB'000	margin %	RMB'000	margin %
Polyurethane materials	18,190	6.0%	27,399	7.0%
Animal nutrition chemicals	162,215	28.7%	83,207	22.5%
Fine chemicals	44,475	12.6%	23,139	15.0%
Pharmaceutical products and				
intermediates and supplements	151,711	41.0%	39,611	14.7%
Others	497	7.9%	445	8.9%
Total	377,088	23.6%	173,801	14.7%

Our gross profit increased from approximately RMB173.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB377.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. Our overall gross profit margin increased from 14.7% for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately 23.6% for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our gross profit and gross profit margin were mainly due to the increase in (i) the gross profit margin of our animal nutrition chemicals segment, as a result of our increasing bargaining power on purchase of raw materials as well as on sales of our products; and (ii) the gross profit margin of our iodine and iodine derivatives, as a result of the significant increase in market price of iodine and our strategic purchase plan over the current period. The result was partially offset by the decrease in gross profit and gross profit margin derived from (i) polymeric MDI, as its market price gradually decreased during the current period, leading to a narrower gap between the procurement price and selling price and hence a lower gross profit; and (ii) ethylene glycol, as it was a new product to us and the profit margin was still minimal.

Other income

Our other income primarily comprises gross rental income, one-off and unconditional subsidies from the relevant government authority in relation to the Group's contribution in the local district, subsidy in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic, successful listing (the "Listing") of the Shares on the Stock Exchange and interest income. It decreased from approximately RMB6.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to RMB4.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The decrease in our other income was mainly due to the decrease in bank interest income from approximately RMB4.4 million to approximately RMB1.5 million derived from decreasing average restricted bank deposits and bank balances during the current period.

Other gains and losses

Our other gains and losses primarily comprise (i) net foreign exchange gains or losses which primarily arose from appreciation or depreciation of US\$ against RMB as the functional currency of our subsidiaries in the PRC is RMB while their export sale to customers and purchase from overseas suppliers were mainly settled in US\$; (ii) losses on disposals of plant and equipment; and (iii) net gain arising on fair value changes on derivative financial instruments and financial asset at FVTPL. Our Group recorded net other losses of approximately RMB4.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and net other gains of approximately RMB9.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. Such increase in gain in our net other gains and losses was mainly because a net foreign exchange loss of approximately RMB1.8 million was recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2021 whereas a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB12.9 million was recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2021 whereas a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB12.9 million was recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2021 whereas a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB12.9 million was recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2021 whereas a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB12.9 million was recorded for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Selling and distribution expenses

Our selling and distribution expenses primarily comprise transportation costs, staff remuneration for our sales and marketing team, port charges, storage costs, material costs for export and packaging materials and insurance costs.

Our selling and distribution expenses increased from approximately RMB63.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB82.1 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our selling and distribution expenses was primarily due to the increase in (i) staff remuneration, which was due to the provision of performance bonus to our staff during the current period regarding our improving operating results; and (ii) logistic costs (including transportation, port charges and shipment costs), as driven by the increasing oil price, pandemic-related shutdown of significant ports, shortage of workforce etc..

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses primarily comprise staff costs including salary, social insurance costs and provident funds for our staff (other than the staff who are directly involved in the production, the management team of the production plants and the sales and marketing team), entertainment expenses, travelling expenses, rent, depreciation and amortisation of leasehold improvements, office equipment and motor vehicle, safety costs, office expenses, repair expenses, and environmental protection costs in relation to implementation of safety and environmental protection measures and others.

Our administrative expenses increased from approximately RMB45.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB53.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our administrative expenses was primarily due to increases in our staff costs resulted from the provision of performance bonus regarding the improving operating performance.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses primarily comprise raw materials consumed for conducting research and development activities, staff costs and social insurance costs for our research and development personnel, electricity expenses, depreciation of our research centre, hardware supplies and transportation cost of raw materials for conducting research and development.

Research and development expenses comprise all costs that are directly attributable to our research and development activities. Because of the nature of our research and development activities which mainly aimed to develop production equipment and method for improving our own production efficiency and it is difficult to assess the probable future economic benefits in the research phase of a project, the criteria for recognition of such costs as an asset are not met. As such, our research and development costs are generally recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Our research and development expenses increased from approximately RMB21.6 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB35.9 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our research and development expenses was primarily due to an increase in cost of raw materials of approximately RMB8.0 million, staff cost of approximately RMB1.6 million and electricity expenses of approximately RMB3.1million. The increases of the above costs was mainly derived from the artificial intelligence system transformation projects, production technology enhancement projects, expansion of research and development team as well as rising cost of raw materials as mentioned above.

Finance costs

Finance costs represent interest on bank and other borrowings and loans from a related company, discounted bills and lease liabilities.

Our finance costs increased from approximately RMB13.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB18.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our finance costs was primarily due to the increase in the average borrowings level during the period.

Income tax expenses

Our income tax expenses increased from approximately RMB4.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 to approximately RMB28.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in our income tax expenses was in line with the increase in our profit before taxation.

Our effective tax rate was approximately 14.2% (2021: 14.0%) for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The effective tax rate for both periods were comparable.

Profit for the period

As a result of the foregoing, we recorded a profit for the period of approximately RMB170.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2022, comparing to a profit for the period of approximately RMB27.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021, as a combined result of the above fluctuations.

PROSPECTS

The Group is establishing a new production plant in the western region from our existing Tai'an production plant at the Tai'an Daiyue Chemical Industrial Park (泰安岱岳化工產業 園) as part of our expansion plan. The new production plant is expected to consist of certain production facilities for (i) the production of trimethylamine, which is the key raw material for the production of choline chloride and betaine, and (ii) the construction of a pilot plant for manufacturing various pharmaceutical intermediates, including methyl iodide, iodopropynyl butyl carbamate ("**IPBC**") and moxifloxacin side chain. We believe that our expansion to produce trimethylamine at the new production plant will enable us to capitalise on the market consolidation opportunities brought about by the challenging market conditions and absorbing the market share from other competitors. The establishment of pilot plant for manufacturing various pharmaceutical intermediates the Group to utilise a small-scale production system to practically test and validate the production technologies of our new pharmaceutical intermediate products which were developed by our research and development team, before scaling up to a full-scale production.

In the opinion of the Board, the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak worldwide and the international affairs including the US-China trade relationship and the Russia-Ukraine War to the Group is still uncertain up to the date of this announcement. Management will remain alert to the development of the pandemic and take measures as appropriate.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE, LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**") through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, including bank and other borrowings, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued capital and reserves. The management of the Group reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues as well as the issuance of debts and repayment of existing borrowings. The Group's overall strategy remained unchanged throughout the period.

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group's working capital was financed by both internal resources and borrowings.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's total assets and bank balances and cash amounted to approximately RMB1,661.6 million (31 December 2021: RMB1,367.3 million) and RMB70.9 million (31 December 2021: RMB58.0 million), respectively. The bank balances and cash were mainly denominated in RMB and US\$.

As at 30 June 2022, the borrowings (including loans from related companies) were approximately RMB760.0 million (31 December 2021: RMB691.2 million). As at 30 June 2022, borrowings amounting to approximately RMB740.0 million (31 December 2021: RMB671.2 million) are carried at fixed interest rates ranging from 0% to 7.2% (31 December 2021: from 0% to 8.0%) per annum and repayable from 2022 to 2050 (31 December 2021: from 2022 to 2050), borrowings amounting to approximately RMB20.0 million (31 December 2021: RMB20.0 million) are carried at variable interest rates ranging from 4.4% to 4.4% (31 December 2021: from 4.4% to 5.7%) per annum and repayable in 2023 (31 December 2021: repayable in 2022).

The gearing ratio of the Group, which was calculated by dividing the total external borrowings by total equity as at the end of the period and multiplied by 100%, is 133.5% (31 December 2021: 203.8%). The decreasing gearing ratio of the Group was mainly due to the increasing profit generated during the current period.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group applied the agenda decision of the Committee in relation to supply chain financing arrangements. For the period ended 30 June 2022, the net cash from operating activities would be RMB69,433,000 (2021: net cash used in operating activities RMB45,640,000) and the net cash from financing activities would be RMB48,634,000 (2021: net cash from financing activities RMB46,550,000), if the Group has not changed the accounting policies.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM GLOBAL OFFERING

On 21 January 2020 (the "**Listing Date**"), the Company issued 250,000,000 Shares at an offer price of HK\$0.51 per Share of a par value of HK\$0.01 each on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange by global offering (the "**Global Offering**") upon our successful Listing.

The net proceeds from the Global Offering (after deducting the underwriting fees, commissions and Listing-related expenses in connection with the Global Offering) amounted to approximately HK\$65.9 million. The net proceeds will continue to be applied in the following manner:

- (i) approximately 17.2%, or HK\$11.3 million, will be used on the initial establishment of the new production plant to be established at the western region from our existing Tai'an production plant (the "New Production Plant"), which will consist of production facilities for the production of trimethylamine and a pilot plant for manufacturing pharmaceutical intermediates, respectively;
- (ii) approximately 60.4%, or HK\$39.8 million, will be used to construct production facilities at the New Production Plant for manufacturing trimethylamine, which is the principal raw material used to produce choline chloride and betaine;
- (iii) approximately 10.2%, or HK\$6.7 million, will be used on the construction of a pilot plant at the New Production Plant for small batch production of various types of pharmaceutical intermediates;
- (iv) approximately 2.2% of HK\$1.5 million, will be used on the research and development process of our new pharmaceutical product, moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets, by which we plan to engage a pharmaceutical company, which is an independent third party to the Group, to conduct clinical trials on moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets including preliminary and formal bioequivalence testings, raw materials purchase, sample preparation and other miscellaneous costs;
- (v) approximately 0.8%, or HK\$0.5 million, will be used on purchasing hardware and software for upgrading our existing financial and accounting management system, which will support the operation of our current office automation system; and
- (vi) approximately 9.2%, or HK\$6.1 million, will be used as working capital and other general corporate purposes.
Since the Listing Date and up to 30 June 2022, the net proceeds from the Listing had been applied as follows:

Business objective as stated in the Company's prospectus dated 31 December 2019 (the "Prospectus").	Percentage of total net proceeds	Planned use of net proceeds HK\$'million	Planned use of net proceeds RMB'million	Actual use of net proceeds during the period from the Listing Date to 30 June 2022 RMB'million	Proceeds unused as at 30 June 2022 RMB'million	Planned timeline as stated in the Prospectus	Expected timeline
Initial establishment of the New Production Plant	17.2%	11.3	10.1	10.1	0.0	Complete in the second half of 2020	Complete in the first half of 2023
Construction of production facilities at the New Production Plant for the production of trimethylamine	60.4%	39.8	35.4	22.7	12.7	Complete in the second half of 2021	Complete in the first half of 2023
Construction of pilot plant at the New Production Plant for the production of pharmaceutical intermediates	10.2%	6.7	6.0	6.0	0.0	Complete in the second half of 2021	Complete in the first half of 2023
Research and development on moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets	2.2%	1.5	1.3	0.0	1.3	Complete in the second half of 2020	Complete in the first half of 2023
Upgrade of the financial and accounting management system	0.8%	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	Complete in the second half of 2020	Complete in the second half of 2022
General working capital	9.2%	6.1	5.4	5.4	0.0	N/A	N/A
Total	100.0%	65.9	58.6	44.6	14.0		

As at the date of this announcement, the Group had entered into several construction contracts with constructors regarding the establishment of the New Production Plant and the construction works had been on-going during the six months ended 30 June 2022 (details of the Group's capital commitment disclosed in section headed "**Capital Commitment**" below).

The Board considers that the execution of the Group's expansion plans of establishment of the New Production Plant had been/will be impeded by the postponed resumption of normal operation of constructors with the impact of the recent outbreak of the COVID-19. Such postponement of the basic infrastructure construction schedule also leads to delay in use of proceeds on purchase and installation of ancillary facilities, utilities system and major machinery and equipment.

Besides, as announced by the National Joint Office of Centralized Procurement of Drugs (全國藥品集中採購聯合辦公室), one of our competitors won the bid of moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets in several provinces at a unit price lower than our estimated cost of production, i.e. this competitor will supply moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets at the bid price to the hospitals in these provinces. In order to compete with this competitor, the management considers to study and develop the pharmaceutical intermediates used in production of moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets, which is expected to be developed in our pilot plant at the New Production Plant for the production of pharmaceutical intermediates. As a result, use of proceeds on development on moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets will be completed after the construction of our pilot plant for the production of pharmaceutical intermediates. As at 30 June 2022, contracts with a total amount of approximately RMB4.9 million were signed in relation to the purchase of machinery and equipment for the production of the pharmaceutical intermediates used in relation to the purchase of machinery and equipment for the production of the pharmaceutical intermediates used in production of moxifloxacin hydrochloride tablets, which will be developed in our pilot plant at the New Production Plant in the future.

The unexpected disruption as a result of the outbreak of the COVID-19 not only increases the uncertainty on the timing of availability of production facilities and causes the earmarked fund for payments to be idle, but also increases the overall risk profile of the project. The Board will remain alert to the development of the pandemic and maintain an appropriate pace of the development plans based on the latest situation.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any material change or delay in the planned use of proceeds. As at the date of this announcement, there were no changes of business plan from that disclosed in the Prospectus. The unutilized portion of the net proceeds of RMB14.0 million were placed in licensed bank in the PRC.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects would be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies. The Group has currency exposure as income earned and expenses incurred in the PRC were denominated in RMB.

RMB is not a freely convertible currency. Future exchange rates of the RMB could vary significantly from the current or historical exchange rates as a result of controls that could be imposed by the PRC government. The exchange rates may also be affected by economic developments and political changes domestically and internationally, and the demand and supply of the Renminbi. The appreciation or devaluation of Renminbi against US\$ may have impact on the operating results of the Group.

The Group's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies of respective group entities which are exposed to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk for certain financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk for its interest-bearing financial liabilities and certain of its interest-bearing financial assets.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. The management monitors interest rate risk exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise. The Group aims at keeping borrowings at variable rates. The Group manages its interest rate exposures by assessing the potential impact arising from any interest rate movements based on interest rate level and outlook. The management will review the proportion of borrowings in fixed and floating rates and ensure they are within reasonable range.

Credit Risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge the obligations by counterparties arises from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statements of financial position at the end of each reporting period.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group currently performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss model upon the application of IFRS 9 on trade receivables. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on bill receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income are limited as those bills are issued by banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies and no history of default in the past, thus no loss allowance provision for bills was recognised during the period.

For other receivables, rental deposits and finance lease receivable, Directors make periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience and also available and supportive forward-looking information. The management of the Group believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balances of other receivable, rental deposits and finance lease receivable.

The Group has concentration of credit risk on bank balances and restricted bank deposits which are deposited with several banks. However, the credit risk on bank balances and restricted bank deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies, and expected credit loss is insignificant.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk on trade and bill receivables and other receivables, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of non-availability of funds to meet all contractual financial commitments as they fall due. In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent treasury policy and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the period. The Group strives to reduce credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's foreign currency transactions are mainly denominated in RMB and US\$. The Group has currency exposure as certain income and expenses incurred in the PRC were denominated in RMB and certain overseas sales income were denominated in US\$ and other currencies. The Group is subject to foreign exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in RMB. During the period, the Group did not commit to any financial instruments to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

During the period, the Group's capital expenditures consisted of additions to property, plant and equipment and construction in progress in our operations amounting to approximately RMB108.4 million (2021: RMB65.3 million).

CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a capital commitment of approximately RMB26.1 million (31 December 2021: RMB19.9 million). The capital commitments primarily related to the establishment of the New Production Plant and purchase of machinery and equipment for existing usage. We intend to fund these commitments with cash generated from our operations, bank and other borrowings and proceeds from the Global Offering.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, save as (i) restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB108.7 million (31 December 2021: RMB111.5 million); (ii) right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB40.2 million and RMB93.9 million respectively (31 December 2021: right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB45.3 million and RMB54.0 million respectively); (iii) bill receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income of approximately RMB143.6 million (31 December 2021: RMB76.6 million); (iv) bank balance and cash of approximately RMB2.3 million (31 December 2021: RMB1.2 million); (v) inventories of approximately RMB4.8 million (31 December 2021: RMB5.2 million); and (vi) trade receivables and other receivables and prepayments of approximately RMB0.7 million (31 December 2021: RMB0.3 million) to secure the borrowings, the Group did not pledge any other assets.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2022, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (2021: Nil).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a total of 969 (2021: 874) employees, including the Directors. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) was approximately RMB59.5 million (2021: RMB44.1 million) for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Remuneration is determined with reference to market norms and individual employees' performance, qualification and experience.

On top of the basic salaries, bonuses may be paid by reference to the Group's performance as well as the individual's performance. Other major staff benefits include contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plan, Hong Kong's Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and the state-managed retirement benefit schemes.

The salaries and benefits of the Group's employees are kept at a competitive level and employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system, which is reviewed annually. The Group also operates a share option scheme adopted by the Company on 16 December 2019 where options to subscribe for Shares may be granted to the Directors and employees of the Group.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group did not hold any significant investment or capital assets (2021: Nil).

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Save as disclosed in the Prospectus and in the section headed "Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures" below, the Group did not have any plans for material investments or capital assets in the coming year.

The Group will finance the future acquisitions through internally generated funds and other fund-raising activities, including but not limited to issue of new debts or equity instruments.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group has not acquired nor disposed of any of its material subsidiaries during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

The Group does not have any material subsequent event after the six months ended 30 June 2022 and up to the date of this announcement.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company established the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the requirements as set out in the Listing Rules for the purposes of reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems, including, among others, material risks relating to environmental, social and governance ("ESG"), of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Zheng Qing (chairlady), Mr. Sun Hongbin and Mr. Wang Guangji.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed the internal control and risk management and financial reporting matters, including review of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 with the management, and that adequate disclosures have been made with no disagreement by the Audit Committee.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

None of the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the period ended 30 June 2022 and up to the date of this announcement.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors had interests in business which competes or may compete with the Group's business.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "**Model Code**") as set forth in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding the dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors during the period ended 30 June 2022.

Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, each Director has confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the period ended 30 June 2022 and up to the date of this announcement.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has adopted the code provision (the "**Code Provisions**") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**"). During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Company has complied with all the Code Provisions of the CG Code, save and except for the Code Provision C.2.1. Details of the deviation from the Code Provision C.2.1 are explained in the section "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" of this announcement. The Board is committed to complying with the principles of the CG Code contained in the Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its business and the Shareholders. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a quality board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all the Shareholders. The Board will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practice to ensure compliance with the CG Code, and make necessary changes as appropriate.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the Chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Company has not separated the roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Yin Yanbin was the Chairman of the Board and also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company responsible for overseeing the operations of the Group during year. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership, and allows for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies. The Board shall nevertheless review the structure from time to time to ensure appropriate move is being taken should suitable circumstances arise.

The CG Code stipulates that the Chairman of the Board should at least annually hold meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the executive Directors present. During the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Chairman held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other executive Directors.

PUBLICATION OF RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT ON THE WEBSITES OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE COMPANY

This interim results announcement is published on the website of the Stock Exchange at www. hkexnews.hk and the Company at www.goldenhighway.com, and the interim report of the Company for six months ended 30 June 2022 containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be dispatched to the Shareholders and published on the respective websites of Stock Exchange and the Company in due course.

By order of the Board GHW International Yin Yanbin Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 29 August 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Yin Yanbin, Mr. Zhuang Zhaohui, Mr. Chen Zhaohui, Mr. Zhou Chunnian, Mr. Chen Hua and Mr. Diao Cheng as executive Directors, and Mr. Sun Hongbin, Mr. Wang Guangji and Ms. Zheng Qing as independent non-executive Directors.