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CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED

中國農產品交易有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code: 0149)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

INTERIM RESULTS

The board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Director**(**s**)") of China Agri-Products Exchange Limited (the "**Company**") announces the unaudited condensed consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") for the six months ended 30 September 2022 (the "**Period**"), together with the comparative figures for the six months ended 30 September 2021 ("**2021 Corresponding Period**"). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were not audited, but have been reviewed by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("**HLB**"), the Group's external auditors, and the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee").

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 September 2022

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 September 2022 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	For the six months ended 30 September 2021 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
Turnover	3	321,507	411,791
Cost of operation		(146,274)	(183,889)
Gross profit		175,233	227,902
Other revenue and other net income		13,543	7,855
General and administrative expenses		(81,684)	(74,622)
Selling expenses		(16,444)	(23,410)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued) For the six months ended 30 September 2022

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 September 2022 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	For the six months ended 30 September 2021 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
Profit from operations before fair value changes and impairment		90,648	137,725
Net gain in fair value of investment properties		24,623	3,527
Loss on fair value change of derivative financial instruments		_	(59)
Written down of stock of properties		(4,685)	(37)
Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables and loan			
receivables, net		(726)	(1,142)
Allowance for expected credit losses on financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive			
income ("FVTOCI")		-	(5,566)
Unrealised gain on financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (" FVTPL ")		13	84
Profit from operations		109,873	134,569
Finance costs	5	(64,691)	(66,129)
Profit before taxation	6	45,182	68,440
Income tax	7	(24,721)	(34,486)
Profit for the period		20,461	33,954
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of income tax			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to			
<i>profit or loss:</i> Exchange differences on translating			
foreign operations		(374,092)	60,064

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued) For the six months ended 30 September 2022

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 September 2022 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	For the six months ended 30 September 2021 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
Loss on fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI Reclassified adjustment for allowance for excepted		-	(1,130)
credit losses on financial assets at FVTOCI			5,566
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of income tax		(374,092)	64,500
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of income tax		(353,631)	98,454
Profit for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company		7,764	18,294
Non-controlling interests		12,697	15,660
		20,461	33,954
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(318,904) (34,727)	75,998 22,456
		(353,631)	98,454
Earnings per share – Basic (HK cents)	9	0.08	0.18
– Diluted (HK cents)	9	0.08	0.18

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	As at 30 September 2022 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	As at 31 March 2022 (Audited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
Non-current assets			50.000
Property, plant and equipment		56,066	59,200
Right-of-use assets		11,910	15,303
Investment properties		2,828,966	3,178,403
Loan and interest receivables		16,052	18,525
		2,912,994	3,271,431
Current assets			
Stock of properties		1,298,667	1,534,063
Trade receivables	10	1,985	1,888
Prepayment, deposits and other receivables		193,013	199,533
Loan and interest receivables		9,256	12,913
Financial assets at FVTPL		125	112
Pledged bank deposits		11,826	30,820
Bank and cash balances		270,863	440,328
		1,785,735	2,219,657
Current liabilities			
Deposits and other payables		423,922	487,653
Contract liabilities		150,180	233,727
Receipts in advance		142,424	243,927
Bank and other borrowings		144,053	809,122
Lease liabilities		4,626	4,912
Income tax payable		85,644	97,073
		950,849	1,876,414
Net current assets		834,886	343,243
Total assets less current liabilities		3,747,880	3,614,674

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

	Notes	As at 30 September 2022 (Unaudited) <i>HK\$'000</i>	As at 31 March 2022 (Audited) <i>HK\$'000</i>
Non-current liabilities			
Bonds		204,395	216,542
Bank and other borrowings		1,027,228	466,553
Lease liabilities		11,432	15,035
Deferred tax liabilities		504,561	565,012
Net assets		1,747,616 2,000,264	<u>1,263,142</u> <u>2,351,532</u>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital		99,531	99,531
Reserves		1,523,241	1,839,782
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		1,622,772 377,492	1,939,313 412,219
Total equity		2,000,264	2,351,532

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 30 September 2022

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (the "Interim Financial Statements") have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (the "HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA").

The Interim Financial Statements has been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2022 annual financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes that are expected to be reflected in the 2023 annual financial statements. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in note 2.

The Interim Financial Statements has been prepared under historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

The preparation of Interim Financial Statements conformity with HKAS 34 requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current interim period, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the Interim Financial Statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds
	before Intended Use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current period has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these Interim Financial Statements.

3. TURNOVER

Turnover represents revenue from (i) property rental income, (ii) property ancillary services, (iii) commission income from agricultural produce exchange market, (iv) property sales, and (v) food and agricultural by-products merchandising. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised during the period, net of sales related tax, is analysed as follows:

	For the six months ended		
	30 September	30 September	
	2022	2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Revenue from contracts with customers:			
Recognised at a point in time			
Revenue from property ancillary services	47,390	50,371	
Commission income from agricultural produce exchange market	51,505	49,253	
Revenue from property sales	108,185	190,600	
Food and agricultural by-products merchandising	1,231	631	
	208,311	290,855	
Revenue from other sources:			
Property rental income	113,196	120,936	
	321,507	411,791	

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has two reportable segments under HKFRS 8, (i) agricultural produce exchange market operation and (ii) property sales. The segmentations are based on the information about the operation of the Group that management uses to make decisions and regularly review by the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenues and results by reportable segment for the six months ended 30 September 2022 and 2021:

		oduce exchange operation months end	-	ty Sales months end	Unall For the six	ocated months end	Consol For the six	
	30 September 2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2021 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2021 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	30 September 2021 <i>HK\$`000</i> (Unaudited)
Turnover External sales	213,322	221,191	108,185	190,600			321,507	411,791
Result Segment result	99,066	107,813	16,496	49,906			115,562	157,719
Other revenue and other net income	7,220	3,780	-	-	6,323	4,075	13,543	7,855
Net changes in fair value of investment properties Written down of stock of properties Loss on fair value change of	24,623	3,527	- (4,685)	-	-	-	24,623 (4,685)	3,527
derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	(59)	-	(59)
(Allowance for)/reversal of expected credit loss on trade and other receivable and loan receivable, net	(96)	100	_	_	(630)	(1,242)	(726)	(1,142)
Allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets at FVTOCI	. ,	-	-	_	(000)	(5,566)	(120)	(5,566)
Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	13	84	13	84
Unallocated corporate expenses							(38,457)	(27,849)
Profit from operations Finance costs	(25,941)	(15,639)	-	-	(38,750)	(50,490)	109,873 (64,691)	134,569 (66,129)
Profit before taxation Income tax							45,182 (24,721)	68,440 (34,486)
Profit for the period							20,461	33,954

Business segment represents the profit from each segment without allocation of certain other revenue and other net income, loss on fair value change of derivative financial instruments, unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL, allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables and loan receivables, allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at FVTOCI, central administrative costs and directors' salaries, certain finance costs and income tax expenses. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales for the six months ended 30 September 2022 and 2021.

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segment as at 30 September 2022 and 31 March 2022:

	Agricultural produce exchange market operation		Property sales		Consolidated	
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
	30 September	31 March	30 September	31 March	30 September	31 March
	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets						
Segment assets	3,273,563	3,653,129	1,298,667	1,534,063	4,572,230	5,187,192
Unallocated corporate assets					126,499	303,896
Consolidated total assets					4,698,729	5,491,088
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	1,580,762	2,048,190	150,180	233,727	1,730,942	2,281,917
Unallocated corporate liabilities					967,523	857,639
Consolidated total liabilities					2,698,465	3,139,556

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than financial assets at FVTPL and corporate assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than bonds, certain deferred tax liabilities and corporate liabilities.

For the six months ended 30 September 2022 and 2021, no other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue.

Geographical information

As at the end of the reporting period, the entire revenue of the Group were generated from external customers located in The People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**") and over 90% of non-current assets of the Group were located in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical segment analysis on the carrying amount of segment assets or additions to property, plant and equipment is presented.

5. FINANCE COSTS

	For the six months ended		
	30 September	30 September	
	2022	2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Interests on bank and other borrowings wholly repayable			
within five years	50,323	43,727	
Interests on bank and other borrowings wholly repayable			
over five years	1,019	1,592	
Interests on convertible bonds	-	8,186	
Interests on bonds	12,609	11,636	
Interests on leases liabilities	740	988	
	64,691	66,129	

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	For the six months ended		
	30 September	30 September	
	2022	2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging/ (crediting) the following items:			
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	2,042	1,915	
Salaries, wages and other benefits	28,299	29,371	
Equity-settled share-based payment	2,363		
Staff cost	32,704	31,286	
Property rental income	113,196	120,936	
Less: Outgoings	(14,975)	(9,911)	
Net rental income	98,221	111,025	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6,666	6,510	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,716	1,918	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	355	1,668	
Expenses relating to short-term lease expenses	169	217	
Loss on fair value change of derivative financial instruments	-	59	
Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL			
- investment in listed equity security	(13)	(84)	
Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and			
other receivables and loan receivables, net	726	1,142	
Allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at FVTOCI	-	5,566	
Gain on early redemption of bonds	(505)	-	
Cost of stock of properties	79,661	123,033	

7. INCOME TAX

	For the six months ended		
	30 September	30 September	
	2022	2021	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Current tax			
- PRC Enterprise Income Tax	19,403	61,453	
Deferred tax			
- Origination of/(reversal of) temporary differences	5,318	(26,967)	
	24,721	34,486	

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the Interim Financial Statements as the Company and its subsidiaries had no assessable profits in both periods. PRC Enterprise Income Tax is computed to the relevant legislation interpretations and practices in respect thereof during the period. PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate is 25% (six months ended 30 September 2021: 25%).

8. DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not propose the payment of any interim dividend in respect of the period under review (six months ended 30 September 2021: Nil).

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 September 2022 is based on the profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$7,764,000 (six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$18,294,000) and weighted average number of approximately 9,953,068,000 ordinary shares (six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately 9,953,068,000 ordinary shares). The diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 September 2022 was the same as the basic earnings per share because the share options had no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 September 2021: same as the basic earnings per share because the outstanding convertible bonds had an anti-diluted effect on the basic earnings per share).

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	As at	As at
	30 September	31 March
	2022	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade debtors, gross	9,320	10,096
Less: allowance for expected credit losses	(7,335)	(8,208)
Trade debtors, net	1,985	1,888

Ageing analysis

Trade receivables, net of allowance for expected credit losses, with the following ageing analysis presented based on the payment terms on the tenancy agreement as of the end of the reporting period:

	As at	As at
	30 September	31 March
	2022	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Less than 30 days	626	703
More than 30 days but less than 90 days	746	470
More than 90 days but less than 180 days	183	322
More than 180 days	430	393
	1,985	1,888

The Group generally allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. The Group may on a case-by-case basis, and after evaluation of the business relationships and creditworthiness of its customers, extend the credit period upon customers' report.

11. INDEPENDENT REVIEW

The Interim Financial Statements for the six months ended 30 September 2022 is unaudited, but has been reviewed by HLB, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, issued by the HKICPA. The Interim Financial Statements has also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to declare any payment of interim dividend for the Period (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: Nil).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

Turnover, Gross Profit and Segment Result

For the Period, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$322 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$90 million or approximately 22% from approximately HK\$412 million for the six months period ended 30 September 2021 as both the property sales recognition and the market operation turnover were lower than that of the 2021 Corresponding Period. The below table summarises the key financial performance of the Group:

	For the six months ended 30 September 2022		1	For the six months ended 30 September 2021			
	Agricultural			Agricultural	1		
	Produce			Produce			
	Exchange			Exchange			
	Market	Property		Market	Property		
HK\$ million and approximate $\%$	Operations	Sales	Total	Operations	Sales	Total	
Turnover	214	108	322	221	191	412	
Gross Profit	147	28	175	160	68	228	
Segment Result	99	17	116	108	50	158	
Gross Profit to Turnover	69 %	26%	54%	72%	36%	55%	
Segment Result to Turnover	46%	15%	36%	49%	26%	38%	

During the Period, the Group recorded a gross profit and a segment result of approximately HK\$175 million and approximately HK\$116 million, respectively (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$228 million and approximately HK\$158 million, respectively), representing decreases of approximately 23% and approximately 27%, respectively, as compared to the 2021 Corresponding Period. The decrease in gross profit and segment result were mainly due to the decrease in property sales recognition during the Period.

General and Administrative Expenses, Selling Expenses and Finance Costs

The Group recorded general and administrative expenses of approximately HK\$82 million in the Period (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$75 million). The increase is mainly due to the expenses in regard to the pandemic prevention during the Period. Selling expenses were approximately HK\$16 million in the Period (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$23 million), the decrease is due to the decrease in property sales recognition. Finance costs were approximately HK\$65 million in the Period (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$66 million) and such decrease is mainly due to the repayments of interest-bearing debts during the Period.

Net Gain in Fair Value of Investment Properties and Written Down of Stock of Properties

The net gain in fair value of investment properties was approximately HK\$25 million (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$4 million). Such gain is mainly due to the improvement of income derived from Kaifeng Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Kaifeng Market**"). The stock of properties value of approximately HK\$5 million was impaired during the Period (no stock of properties was impaired during the six months ended 30 September 2021). The fair value was arrived at based on the valuations carried out by an independent firm of qualified professional valuers. The professional valuers are professional members of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and the valuations conform to the Valuation Standard of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors.

Fair Value Change of Derivative Financial Instruments

During the Period, no fair value change of derivative financial instruments (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: net loss of approximately HK\$59,000).

Profit for the Period Attributable to Owners of the Company

The profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$8 million as compared with approximately HK\$18 million in the 2021 Corresponding Period. The Group recorded profit from operations before fair value change of investment properties and impairment of approximately HK\$91 million and profit from operations of approximately HK\$110 million for the Period (for the six months ended 30 September 2021: approximately HK\$138 million and approximately HK\$135 million, respectively). The decrease in profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company is mainly due to the decrease of properties sales recognition as partially offset by the increase in net gain in fair value of investment properties during the Period as compared to that of the 2021 Corresponding Period.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the Period, the Group was principally engaged in management and sales of properties in agricultural produce exchange markets in the PRC. During the Period, the COVID-19 pandemic rebounded across the PRC but it caused a little impact on the Group's business operations, as our markets have complied with the strict hygienic requirements imposed by the local authorities. To cope with future growth, the Company has actively been studying and evaluating various business opportunities to diversify the income streams of the Group and to deliver long-term benefits to the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**").

Agricultural Produce Exchange Markets

Hubei Province

Wuhan Baisazhou Market

Located in the provincial capital of Hubei Province, the PRC, Wuhan Baisazhou Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Wuhan Baisazhou Market**") is one of the largest agricultural produce exchange market operators in the PRC. Wuhan Baisazhou Market is situated in the Hongshan District of Wuhan city, the PRC with a site area of approximately 310,000 square metres. In 2021, it was awarded top 10 of agricultural produce exchange markets by China Agricultural Wholesale Market Association. The award recognises the effort and contribution of the Group in the agricultural market and it acknowledges the expertise of the Group as an agricultural produce exchange market operator in the PRC. Rental income from properties letting is the major income generated from Wuhan Baisazhou Market.

In 2021, the legal disputes involving this market resulted in a judgment in favor of the Group. For further information related to the said legal disputes, please refer to the section headed "Litigation" in this announcement and note 21 to the condensed consolidated financial statements of the interim report to be published in due course.

The outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic in various parts of the PRC during the Period did not cause significant effect on this market and it remains in normal operations.

Huangshi Market

Huangshi Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Huangshi Market**") is one of the Group's joint venture projects in Hubei Province, the PRC. Huangshi Market occupies approximately 23,000 square metres. Huangshi city is a county level city in Hubei Province and around is 100 kilometres away from Wuhan Baisazhou Market. Huangshi Market, as a second-tier agricultural produce exchange market, created synergy with Wuhan Baisazhou Market to boost vegetables and by-products trading. During the Period, the performance of Huangshi Market had resumed to its full operation.

Suizhou Market

In March 2018, the Group formed a joint venture company with an independent third party in Suizhou city, Hubei Province, the PRC, to operate Suizhou Baisazhou Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Suizhou Market**"), which is the third project of the Group in Hubei Province. Suizhou Market occupies approximately 240,000 square metres. The Group has pursued asset light operation business model by taking up the contract management rights to operate this market in Hubei Province. The COVID-19 pandemic had moderately affected the performance of the market. During the Period, the operating performance of Suizhou Market was satisfactory.

Henan Province

Luoyang Market

Luoyang Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Luoyang Market**") is the flagship project of the Group in Henan Province, the PRC, with a site area and a gross floor area of approximately 255,000 square metres and approximately 223,000 square metres, respectively. During the Period, the COVID-19 pandemic slowed down the properties sale activities of Luoyang Market. As the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic was gradually brought under control, the operation of Luoyang Market had returned to normal. The market performance was satisfactory and contributed a positive cash flow to the Group.

Puyang Market

Puyang Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Puyang Market**") is one of our joint venture projects in cooperation with a local partner in Henan Province, the PRC. During the Period, the operating performance of Puyang Market was satisfactory.

Kaifeng Market

Kaifeng Market, with a gross floor construction area of approximately 140,000 square metres, was the third point of market operations for facilitating the Group to build an agricultural produce market network in Henan Province, the PRC. The performance of Kaifeng Market had improved gradually.

Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region

Yulin Market

Yulin Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Yulin Market**") is one of the largest agricultural produce exchange markets in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region ("**Guangxi Region**"), the PRC with a site area of approximately 415,000 square metres. Sale of properties is the major income generated from Yulin Market. The performance of Yulin Market was satisfactory during the Period.

Qinzhou Market

Qinzhou Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Qinzhou Market**"), with a gross floor construction area of approximately 180,000 square metres, was the second point of market operations and facilitated the Group to build an agricultural produce market network in the Guangxi Region. During the Period, the performance of Qinzhou Market was satisfactory.

Jiangsu Province

Xuzhou Market

Xuzhou Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Xuzhou Market**") occupies approximately 200,000 square metres and is located in the northern part of Jiangsu Province, the PRC. The market houses various market stalls, godowns and cold storage. Xuzhou Market is a major marketplace for the supply of fruits in the city and the northern part of Jiangsu Province, the PRC. The operating performance of Xuzhou Market was steady during the Period.

Huai'an Market

Huai'an Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Huai'an Market**") occupies approximately 100,000 square metres and is located in Huai'an City of Jiangsu Province, the PRC. Phase one of Huai'an Market has begun its operation since October 2015 and it is expected that the performance of Huai'an Market has more time to make market to grow up.

Liaoning Province

Panjin Market

Panjin Hongjin Agricultural and By-Product Exchange Market ("**Panjin Market**"), with a construction area of around 50,000 square metres, is the first attempt of investment of the Group in Liaoning Province, the PRC. Panjin Market focused on the trading of river crabs. It is expected that the performance of Panjin Market will remain steady.

E-commerce Development

With the robust mobile network and widespread use of intelligent mobile devices in the PRC, the Group allocated cost effective resources to e-commerce development. The Group would also explore opportunities to establish new electronic trading platform for energising the efficiency of agricultural products market.

Cyber Risk and Security

With computer system and internet network playing vital roles in its operation, the Group has designated professionals to monitor and assess potential cyber risks. Both hardware and software are kept track with appropriate company policies. Potential cyber risks and network security is one of the key concerns of the management, thus the Group has formulated policies and procedures to regulate the use of internet, to physically safeguard system power supply and to regularly update internet protection system and firewall to separate the intranet of the Group from outside network. Designated professionals are responsible for the day-to-day monitoring on any abnormal network activities.

Data Fraud or Theft Risk

The Group continuously reviews and updates its internal control system on data and information access. Appropriate policies have been adopted to protect data, and access permissions are only granted to the authorised personnel. The management believes the existing policies and procedures have been effectively put in place to avoid data fraud or theft risk.

Environmental and Social Risk

Due to the nature of the business, the Group will face a moderate environmental risk in case there in severe and permanent climate change across the PRC. Such risk may have an adverse impact on agricultural production and affect the turnover of the Group in market operation and property sales.

Effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group's business

During the Period, the PRC government have imposed various measures to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus. These included limiting the locomotion of people and vehicles and strengthening the markets hygiene controls. In response to such measures, the markets invested and improved fixtures and facilities to meet up with such measures. This helped to minimize the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the operations and the financial performance of the Group during the Period.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 30 September 2022, the Group had total cash and cash equivalents amounting to approximately HK\$271 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$440 million) whilst total assets and net assets were approximately HK\$4,699 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$5,491 million) and approximately HK\$2,000 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$2,352 million), respectively. The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 September 2022 was approximately 0.6 (31 March 2022: approximately 0.4), being a ratio of (i) total bank and other borrowings and bonds of approximately HK\$1,376 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$1,492 million), net of cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$271 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$440 million) to (ii) shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$2,000 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$440 million) to (ii) shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$2,000 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$2,352 million).

As at 30 September 2022, the ratio of total interest-bearing debts of approximately HK\$1,376 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$1,492 million) to total assets of approximately HK\$4,699 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$5,491 million) was approximately 29% (31 March 2022: approximately 27%).

LISTED NOTES DUE IN 2024 ("LISTED NOTES") AND PARTIAL REPURCHASE DURING THE PERIOD

In May 2014, the Company established a HK\$1,000,000,000 medium term note program. The Listed Notes issued under the program are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") by way of debt issue to professional investors only (stock code: 5755). On 24 August 2022, the Company had completed the repurchase of and subsequently cancelled the outstanding Listed Notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$30 million of the outstanding Listed Notes. Following such repurchase and cancellation, Listed Notes in the principal amount of HK\$260 million remained outstanding.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS, PLEDGES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 September 2022, outstanding capital commitments, contracted but not provided for, amounted to approximately HK\$213 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$272 million) in relation to the purchase of property, plant and equipment and payment of construction contracts. As at 30 September 2022, the Group had significant contingent liabilities in the amount of approximately HK\$0.4 million in relation to the guarantees provided by wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company to our customers in favor of a bank for the loans provided by the bank to the customers of our projects (31 March 2022: had no significant contingent liabilities).

As at 30 September 2022, certain investment properties, stock of properties and bank deposits with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,910 million (31 March 2022: approximately HK\$1,987 million for land use rights and properties) were pledged to secure certain bank borrowings.

The Group did not have any outstanding foreign exchange contracts, interest or currency swaps or other financial derivatives as at 30 September 2022. The revenue, operating costs and bank deposits of the Group were mainly denominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars. The activities of the Group are exposed to foreign currency risks mainly arising from its operations in mainland China and certain bank deposits denominated in Renminbi. Currently, the Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. During the Period, due to the currency fluctuation of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars, the Group had been considering, from time to time, alternative risk hedging tools to mitigate Renminbi currency exchange risk.

DEBT PROFILES AND FINANCIAL PLANNING

As at 30 September 2022 and 31 March 2022, interest-bearing debts of the Group were analysed as follows:

	As at 30 September 2022		As at 31 March 2022		
		Approximate	Approximate		
	Carrying	effective	Carrying	effective	
	amount	interest rate	amount	interest rate	
	HK\$ million	(per annum)	HK\$ million	(per annum)	
Bonds Issuance	204	12%	217	12%	
Financial Institution Borrowings	825	6%	699	6%	
Non-financial Institution					
Borrowings	346	10%	576	10%	
Total	1,375		1,492		

As at 30 September 2022, the bonds issued by the Company will mature in September 2024; the financial institution borrowings of the Company will mature during the period from November 2022 to May 2029 (31 March 2022: May 2022 to May 2029); the non-financial institution borrowings of the Company will mature in May 2027 (31 March 2022: September 2022).

TREASURY POLICY

The Group's treasury policy includes diversification of funding sources. Internally generated cash flow and interest-bearing bank/non-financial institution loans were the general sources of fund to finance the operation of the Group during the Period. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions so as to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations. In order to meet interest-bearing debts and business capital expenditure, the Group from time to time considers various types of equity and debt financing alternative, including but not limited to placement of new shares, rights issue of new shares, financial institution borrowings, non-financial institution borrowings, bonds issuance, convertible notes issuance, other debt financial instruments issuance, disposal of investment properties and sales of stock properties.

MATERIAL VALUATION METHOD OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND REVIEW OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The investment properties of the Group were stated at fair value as at 30 September 2022. The fair value was arrived at based on the valuations carried out by an independent firm of qualified professional valuers. The professional valuers are professional members of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with experience in the location of the properties being valued. The valuations are confirmed to be in accordance with HKIS Valuation Standards 2020, which incorporates the International Valuation Standards (IVS). The professional valuers valued the properties on the basis of capitalisation of the net income derived from the properties rental and made reference to the asking or transaction price of market comparable. For vacant site and inventory portions of the properties, Direct Comparison Method is adopted based on the principle of substitution, where comparison is made based on prices realised on actual sales and/ or asking prices of comparable properties. Comparable properties of similar size, scale, nature, character and location are analysed and carefully weighed against all the respective advantages and disadvantages of each property in order to arrive at a fair comparison of market value.

The material valuation methods of investment properties valuation have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

There was no significant investment held, nor was there any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Period. As at 30 September 2022, the Group did not have any concrete plan for material investments or capital assets nor acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

RISK FACTORS RELATING TO OUR INDUSTRY AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

As at 30 September 2022, the Group operated 11 agricultural produce exchange markets across five provinces in the PRC. In view of the ever-changing business environment in the PRC, the following are the principal risks, challenges and uncertainties faced by the Group, including: (1) fluctuation in the exchange rate of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars, which affects the translation of the PRC assets and liabilities from Renminbi to Hong Kong dollars in the Group's financial reporting, in which the Group periodically monitors the exchange rate fluctuation, and prepares effective hedging mechanism to deal with adverse conditions in forex market, if necessary; (2) difficulty in obtaining adequate financing, in both equity and debt financing, to support our agri-products exchange markets that are capital intensive in nature. The Group regularly reviews the short-term and long-term liquidity level and prepare for the future capital need, as and when appropriate; (3) difficulty in preserving or enhancing our competitive position in the agri-products exchange markets industry, in which the Group has designated personnel to monitor the market activities of competitors and formulate effective strategies to preserve our competitive position; (4) difficulty in maintaining or enhancing the level of occupancy in our agri-products exchange markets, in which the Group launches, from time to time, various marketing campaigns to retain existing tenants and to attract new tenants; (5) challenges in obtaining promptly all necessary licenses and permits for development, construction, operations and acquisition of agri-products exchange markets. The Group hires sufficient local staffs with professional qualifications to ensure all processes complying with local rules and regulations; and (6) to the effect of regulatory changes and amendments relating to agri-products exchange markets which affect operation and development of the Group, in both the national and local levels. The Group maintains a relatively flat organization structure and a high autonomous level to enable quick response to any changes in different aspects; (7) the rebound of COVID-19 epidemic will adversely affect the operation of the markets. The markets continuously carry out various contingency health and hygienic measures for the sake of the health and safety of all of our employees, tenants and visitors.

LITIGATION

References were made to the announcements of the Company dated 11 January 2011, 22 May 2012, 19 June 2014, 4 July 2014, 13 January 2015, 14 January 2015, 28 May 2015, 8 January 2016, 11 January 2016, 24 May 2016, 31 August 2016, 19 April 2017, 11 May 2017, 27 December 2018, 11 March 2020 and 30 March 2021 in relation to the civil proceedings (the "**Legal Proceedings**") in the PRC initiated by Ms. Wang Xiu Qun ("**Ms. Wang**") and Wuhan Tian Jiu Industrial and Commercial Development Co., Ltd ("**Tian Jiu**") as plaintiffs against the Company as defendant and joined Wuhan Baisazhou Agricultural By-Product Grand Market Company Limited ("**Baisazhou Agricultural**") as third party and other related legal proceedings.

Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu alleged that the share transfer agreements in relation to the acquisition of an aggregate of 90% interest in Baisazhou Agricultural by the Company from Ms. Wang as to 70% thereof and Tian Jiu as to 20% thereof (the "**Contended Agreements**") were forged. They sought an order from the Higher People's Court of Hubei Province, the PRC (the "**Hubei Court**") that the Contended Agreements were void and invalid from the beginning and should be terminated and claimed against the Company and Baisazhou Agricultural all relevant profits of Baisazhou Agricultural which were attributable to Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu, together with costs of the Legal Proceedings.

The Company received the judgment from the Hubei Court in relation to the Legal Proceedings (the "**Hubei Court Judgment**") in June 2014. By the Hubei Court Judgment, the Hubei Court dismissed the claims of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu, and ordered Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu to bear the legal costs of the Legal Proceedings. Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu filed an appeal notice to the Supreme People's Court of the PRC (the "**Supreme Court**"). On 13 January 2015, the Company received the judgment (the "**Beijing Judgment**") handed down from the Supreme Court in relation to Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu's appeal against the Hubei Court Judgment. The Supreme Court ordered that (i) the Hubei Court Judgment be revoked; (ii) the Contended Agreements were void; and (iii) acknowledged that the HK\$1,156 million sale and purchase agreement (the "**SPA**") shall be the actual agreement being performed by the Company, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu.

In May 2015, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu jointly commenced legal proceedings against the Ministry of Commerce ("**MOFCOM**") of the PRC alleging that MOFCOM failed to discharge its statutory duties for handling their application submitted in January 2015 for revoking the certificate of approval and letter of approval in relation to the Contended Agreements (the "**Application**"). The cases were accepted by the Beijing Second Intermediate People's Court (the "**Beijing Court**") in May 2015. The Company and Baisazhou Agricultural then made an application to join the cases as third party. On 8 January 2016, the Company received a judgment dated 31 December 2015 issued by the Beijing Court, by which the Beijing Court demanded MOFCOM to handle the Application again within 30 days.

On 23 May 2016, the Company received a decision (the "**Decision**") issued by MOFCOM dated 19 May 2016 to the effect, among other things, that its approval issued in November 2007 (the "**Approval**") in relation to the Contended Agreements shall not be revoked and shall remain to be in force. In making the Decision, MOFCOM considered that the revocation of the Approval as requested by Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu may cause serious damage to the public interest.

Upon the making of the Decision by MOFCOM that the Approval shall not be revoked and shall remain in force in August 2016, the Company noted that Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu had brought another administrative proceedings (the "Administrative Proceedings") to the Beijing Court. According to a writ dated 3 August 2016, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu requested the Beijing Court to revoke the Decision and to order MOFCOM to make a decision to revoke the Approval. According to a notice issued by the Beijing Court dated 26 August 2016 together with the writ which was served to the Company on 30 August 2016, each of the Company and Baisazhou Agricultural has been added as third party by the Beijing Court to the Administrative Proceedings.

On 18 April 2017, the Company received the judgment of the Beijing Court dated 31 March 2017 (the "**31 March Judgment**") stating that the request made by Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu to revoke the Decision lacked both legal and factual basis and was not supported by the Beijing Court. Accordingly, the Beijing Court dismissed the application of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu.

On 10 May 2017, the Company received a notice of appeal dated 8 May 2017 (the "**Notice of Appeal**"). By the Notice of Appeal, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu appealed against the 31 March Judgment and requested for an order that (a) the 31 March Judgment be set aside and (b) MOFCOM to make a decision to revoke the Approval.

On 30 August 2017, the hearing for the appeal against the 31 March Judgment took place. On 24 December 2018, the Company received the judgment of the Beijing High People's Court dated 20 December 2018 (the "**20 December Judgment**"). By the 20 December Judgment, the Beijing High People's Court dismissed the appeal of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu and upheld the ruling of the Beijing Court as set out in the 31 March Judgment.

On 4 March 2020, the Company noted the judgment of the Supreme Court dated 31 December 2019 (the "**31 December Judgment**"). By the 31 December Judgment, the Supreme Court dismissed the application of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu for retrial and for dismissal of the 31 March Judgment and the 20 December Judgment.

In other words, the approval issued by MOFCOM in November 2007 in relation to the Contended Agreements shall not be revoked and remain to be in force, and the Company continues to be the legal and beneficial owner of Baisazhou Agricultural under the PRC Laws.

Separately, in May 2015, in view of the Beijing Judgment, the Company issued a writ against Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu which was accepted by the Hubei Court. The Company sought an order from the Hubei Court that Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu shall assist Baisazhou Agricultural to discharge its contractual duties under the SPA to make the necessary filing with MOFCOM.

On 10 May 2017, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu applied to the Hubei Court for a freezing order in respect of the Company's 70% interest in Baisazhou Agricultural. According to the order of the Hubei Court dated 26 May 2017 (the "**26 May Order**"), the Hubei Court granted a freezing order as against the Company's 70% interest in Baisazhou Agricultural. The Company then applied for review of the 26 May Order which was dismissed by the Hubei Court on 12 June 2017.

On 26 May 2017, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu applied to add a counterclaim for return of the Company's 90% interest in Baisazhou Agricultural (70% for Ms. Wang and 20% for Tian Jiu). On 10 April 2019, in light of the outcome of the legal proceedings against MOFCOM by Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu, the Company applied to the Hubei Court for withdrawal of the Company's claim. On 11 April 2019, the application of the Company was granted by the Hubei Court.

According to the judgment of the Hubei Court dated 23 December 2019 (the "**23 December Judgment**"), the counterclaim made by Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu was dismissed by the Hubei Court.

According to the notice of appeal dated 19 January 2020, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu appealed against the 23 December Judgment to the Supreme Court and requested for an order from the Supreme Court that (a) the 23 December Judgment be set aside and (b) return of the Company's 90% interest in Baisazhou Agricultural (70% for Ms. Wang and 20% for Tian Jiu).

On 29 March 2021, the Company received the judgment of the Supreme Court dated 29 December 2020 (the "**29 December Judgment**") stating that the appeal basis of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu could not be established and was not supported by the Supreme Court. Accordingly, the Supreme Court dismissed the appeal of Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu and upheld the 23 December Judgment. The 29 December Judgment is final.

As advised by the PRC legal advisors of the Company, according to the 23 December Judgment and the 29 December Judgment, the Company continues to be the legal owner of Baisazhou Agricultural.

On or about 24 October 2011, the Company issued a Writ of Summons in the Hong Kong Court of First Instance (the "**HK Court**") against Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu. The Company (as purchaser) sought damages from Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu (as vendors) for their breach of various provisions of the SPA regarding the acquisition of the interest in Baisazhou Agricultural.

On 18 January 2021, the Court handed down a judgment ("**HK Judgment**"). Pursuant to the HK Judgment, the Court ruled, inter alia, that (i) Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu shall pay to the Company damages in the total sum of RMB510,000,001; (ii) the Company is entitled to set-off an amount of HK\$54,211,000 from the sum due by the Company to Ms. Wang under one of the Instruments (as defined hereinafter); (iii) as the quantum of the award of damages to the Company is greater than the amounts due under the two instruments (the "**Instruments**") purportedly described as promissory notes issued by the Company to Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu as part of consideration for the SPA, Ms. Wang and Tian Jiu are not allowed to enforce the Instruments against the Company. In the circumstances, the Company is not required to make any payment under the Instruments to Ms. Wang or Tian Jiu.

For other detailed information of the litigation cases, please refer to note 21 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in the interim report to be published by the Company in due course.

EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 1 October 2022, the Group and Wang On Group Limited entered into the master licensing agreement which sets out the general principles and key terms governing the definitive licensing agreements under which relevant members of Wang On Group Limited may grant license of, and the Group may take up the license of the premises from 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2025. Details were disclosed in the joint announcement of, inter alia, the Company dated 1 October 2022.
- (b) The Company repurchased outstanding notes of bond listed (stock code: 5755) in an aggregate amount of HK\$40 million on 3 October and 13 October 2022, and HK\$30 million on 21 October 2022 via open market. The repurchases were funded by internal resources. The repurchased notes shall be cancelled as soon as practicable after repurchase. Details of repurchases and cancellations were disclosed in the announcements dated 13 October 2022 and 21 October 2022.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 September 2022, the Group had 1,105 employees (31 March 2022: 1,115), approximately 98% of whom were located in the PRC. The Group's remuneration policy was reviewed periodically by the remuneration committee of the Company and the Board's remuneration is determined by reference to market terms, company performance, and individual qualifications and performance. The Group aimed to recruit, retain and develop competent individuals who were committed to the Group's long-term success and growth. Remunerations and other benefits of employees were reviewed annually in response to both market conditions and trends, and were based on qualifications, experience, responsibilities and performance. The Company has adopted a new share option scheme on 26 August 2022 for the primary purpose of rewarding eligible participants and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company for the benefit of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

PROSPECTS

During the Period, the tension between the PRC and the United States remained and has slowed down the economic growth. However, such friction has little impact on the Group's operation which is mainly focused on the domestic market. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to build a nationwide agricultural produce exchange network by leveraging on its leading position in the industry, readily replicable business model, well-advanced management system, information technology infrastructure and quality customer services.

Since the outbreak of COVID-19, all of our agricultural produce exchange markets have upgraded the facilities and fixtures to keep up with the stringent health and hygiene measures imposed by the local governments. On one side, this increased our operation cost; on the other side, this raised our competitive edges against many local and less-sophisticated competitors. Following the easing of the pandemic situation during the Period, it helped the Company not only restored to normal operating level, but better adopt to the post-pandemic market environment.

Once again, agricultural development is the PRC central government's first priority policy for the next consecutive years. In 2022, the Central Committee of Communist Party of China and the State Council of China released the "No. 1 Central Document of 2022". The document vows to promote investments in agricultural produce markets, expand the agricultural produce network, build logistic infrastructure and storage facilities for agriculture products and improve regional cold storage infrastructure. On the other hand, it is expected that the "Belt and Road Initiative" policy will drive the overall growth of the PRC economy and provide a sustainable way for the PRC's continuing development.

In order to capture new business opportunities, the Group has taken further steps to expand its operations in the PRC by cooperating with different partners with an "asset light" strategy and explore electronic platform development in order to capture opportunity of technology advancement in which the PRC government promote data economy. Taking the advantage of its leading position in the industry, the Group is confident that this strategy and business model will deliver long-term benefits to the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the Period, the Company completed the repurchase of the outstanding Listed Notes under the HK\$1,000,000,000 medium term note programme on the Stock Exchange in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$30,000,000, and the cancellation of such Listed Notes has completed on 5 October 2022. Following the repurchase and the cancellation, the Listed Notes in the principal amount of HK\$260,000,000 remained outstanding.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the Period.

On 3 October 2022, 13 October 2022 and 21 October 2022, the Company further repurchased part of the Listed Notes in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 of the outstanding Listed Notes (the "**Repurchased Notes**").

After cancellation of the Repurchased Notes and as at the date of this announcement, the aggregate principal amount of the Listed Notes remaining outstanding was HK\$190,000,000.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance within a sensible framework with a strong emphasis on transparency, accountability, integrity and independence and enhancing the Company's competitiveness and operating efficiency, to ensure its sustainable development and to generate greater returns for the Shareholders.

The Board has reviewed the corporate governance practices of the Company and is satisfied that the Company had applied the principles and complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code as contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the Period.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, for the purposes of, inter alia, reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting processes, internal controls, risk management and other corporate governance issues. The Audit Committee comprises all the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Ping Yuen, Mr. Ng Yat Cheung and Mr. Lau King Lung, and is chaired by Mr. Wong Ping Yuen. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with the management of the Group and HLB the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Group for the Period.

PUBLICATION OF INTERIM RESULTS AND DESPATCH OF INTERIM REPORT

This interim results announcement is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.cnagri-products.com). The 2022 interim report of the Company containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be despatched to the Shareholders and available on the above websites in due course.

By Order of the Board CHINA AGRI-PRODUCTS EXCHANGE LIMITED 中國農產品交易有限公司 Leung Sui Wah, Raymond Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 24 November 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the executive Directors are Mr. Tang Ching Ho, Mr. Leung Sui Wah, Raymond and Mr. Yau Yuk Shing, and the independent non-executive Directors are Mr. Ng Yat Cheung, Mr. Lau King Lung and Mr. Wong Ping Yuen.