

稀鎂科技集團控股有限公司

Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (股票代號 Stock Code: 00601.HK)

讓我們生活更"**鎂**"好 Making our LIFE better



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公司資料 **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

董事

執行董事:

沈世捷(主席兼行政總裁) 池斯樂

獨立非執行董事:

鄺炳文 張省本 林鵬軒

審核委員會

鄺炳文*(主席)* 張省本 林鵬軒

薪酬委員會

沈世捷(主席) 鄺炳文 張省本

提名委員會

沈世捷(主席) 鄺炳文 林鵬軒

公司秘書

樊國民

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Shum Sai Chit (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Chi Sile

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon Lin Pengxuan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Kwong Ping Man (Chairman) Cheung Sound Poon Lin Pengxuan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Shum Sai Chit *(Chairman)* Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Shum Sai Chit (Chairman) Kwong Ping Man Lin Pengxuan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Fan Kwok Man, Raymond

AUDITORS HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

主要辦事處

香港 九龍尖沙咀 海港城 港威大廈 第5座16樓

百慕達主要股份過戶登記處及 轉讓登記處

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street, PO Box HM 1624 Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處及 轉讓登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

http://www.remt.com.hk

網址

00601

股票代號

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

The Gateway Harbour city Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN BERMUDA

Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

WEBSITE

STOCK CODE 00601



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公司資料(續) **CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

REGISTERED OFFICE

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

16th Floor, Tower 5 Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street, PO Box HM 1624

Tricor Secretaries Limited 17/F. Far East Finance Centre

http://www.remt.com.hk

稀鎂科技集團控股有限公司 2022 週年報告 本人謹代表本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈稀鎂科技集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「稀鎂科 技」或「本集團」或「集團」)截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「年內」)之業績以供各位利益相關者省覽。

行業回顧

「鎂價持續下探 鎂企利潤承壓」

二零二二年中國鎂錠市場承接二零二一年鎂價創歷史新高後回調下行。二零二二年鎂錠均價為人民幣30,686 元/噸,同比升幅19.88%,年內最高價為一月份人民幣51,500元/噸,最低價為十二月份人民幣21,500元/ 噸,二零二二年的鎂價在經歷過二零二一年的暴漲後進入了下降通道,至年底鎂價格已經跌回到二零二一年八 月水平,為17個月來最低值。下游加工企業及貿易商謹慎下單,多以觀望為主,用戶採購也基本以少量剛需為 主。除此之外,由於地緣政治引起的國內外能源形勢緊張,以及中國嚴格的疫情防控措施使得企業有限度地生 產及物流不暢,加劇了下游生產成本壓力,國內外對鎂原材料的需求疲弱。

鎂價持續下探,然而鎂的生產成本仍然居高不下,鎂生產企業的利潤承壓。由於中國不斷完善環保法律體系及加大環保督察力度,企業環保改造投入加大,叠加原材料成本上揚,生產端的總成本不斷上升。隨著鎂價與成本線不斷逼近,當前需求未有明顯改觀,但鎂價格在成本因素以及剛性需求下將對鎂市形成一定支撑,市場期待經濟形勢的改善能給鎂產業帶來新的利好!

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present the annual results of Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "REMT Group" or the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Year") for all stakeholders to review.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

"Continuing Decline in Magnesium Prices, Magnesium Enterprises under Pressure"

In 2022, China's magnesium ingot market saw a downturn after experiencing a historic high in 2021. The average price of magnesium ingot in 2022 was RMB30,686/ton, a year-on-year increase of 19.88%. The Year's highest price was RMB51,500/ton in January, while the lowest price was RMB21,500/ton in December. The price of magnesium in 2022 entered a downward trend after experiencing a sharp rise in 2021. By the end of 2022, the magnesium price had fallen back to the level of August 2021, reaching its lowest value in 17 months. Downstream processing companies and traders were cautious about placing orders and mainly adopted a wait-and-see approach. User purchases were also mainly for small amounts of urgent needs. In addition, the geopolitical tensions affecting energy supply in China and abroad, together with China's strict epidemic prevention and control measures, limited the production and logistics of companies. It exacerbated the pressure on downstream production costs and weakened demand for magnesium raw materials domestically and internationally.

Despite the ongoing decline in magnesium prices, the production costs of magnesium remained high, putting pressure on the profits of magnesium production enterprises. Due to the continuous improvement of China's environmental protection legal system and the strengthening of environmental protection inspections, companies have increased their investment in environmental protection upgrades. Coupled with the rise in raw material costs, the total cost of production continued to rise. The current demand has not significantly improved as the magnesium price approaches the cost line. However, magnesium prices are expected to be supported by cost factors and rigid demand in the market. The market expects that improving economic conditions could bring new positive developments to the magnesium industry.

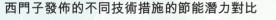
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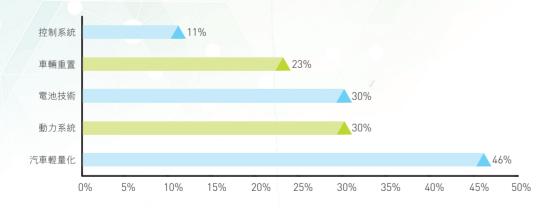
主席報告(續) CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

「汽車輕量化 大勢所趨」

二 二 年 一 月 十 日 , 乘 聯 會 發 佈 的 乘 用 車 市 場 分 析 報 告 顯 示 , 「 二 零 二 之 年 十 二 月 國 內 新 能 源 乘 用 車 零 售 銷 量達64萬輛,同比增長35.1%,保持趨勢性上升走勢;全年新能源乘用車零售567.4萬輛,同比增長90.0%。預 計二零二三年新能源乘用車銷量850萬輛,滲透率將由二零二二年的27.6% ト升到36%。|

新能源汽車的高速發展,驅動汽車輕量化推進。汽車輕量化是指汽車在確保穩定提升行駛安全性、耐撞性以及 舒適性等基礎上,有目標地減輕汽車自身的重量。在西門子發佈的不同技術措施的節能潛力對比顯示,汽車輕 量化以46%的節能潛力位列榜首,是節油降耗的最理想途徑。鑒於碳中和政策的實施和新能源汽車里程要求, 汽車輕量化發展是大勢所趨,驅動鎂、鋁合金等輕量化材料的需求增長。鎂合金密度小、高比強度、比剛度和 良好的鑄造性、抗震減噪能力,在輕量化和一體化壓鑄需求發展中前景廣闊。



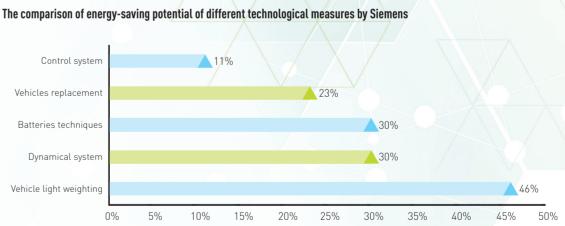


數據來源:西門子公司,東吳證券

"Vehicle Light Weighting is the Trend

On 10 January 2023, the China Passenger Car Association (CPCA) released an analysis report on the passenger car market, which showed that "in December 2022, the domestic retail sales of new energy passenger vehicles reached 640,000 units, an increase of 35.1% year-on-year, maintaining an upward growth trend; the annual retail sales of new energy passenger vehicles were 5.674 million units, a year-on-year increase of 90.0%. The sales of new energy passenger vehicles are expected to reach 8.5 million units in 2023, and the penetration rate will increase from 27.6% in 2022 to 36%.

The rapid development of new energy vehicles has driven the promotion of vehicle light weighting. Automotive light weighting means reducing a car's weight while ensuring stable improvement of driving safety, durability, and comfort, among other factors. According to a comparison of the energy-saving potential of different technological measures released by Siemens, automotive light-weighting ranks first with a 46% energy-saving potential, making it an ideal way to save fuel and reduce consumption. With the implementation of carbon neutrality policies and requirements for new energy vehicle mileage, the development of automotive light weighting is the general trend, driving the demand for lightweight materials such as magnesium and aluminum alloys. Magnesium alloys have a small density, high specific strength, high specific stiffness, good castability, and seismic noise reduction capability. It has broad prospects in developing light weighting and integrated diecasting requirements.

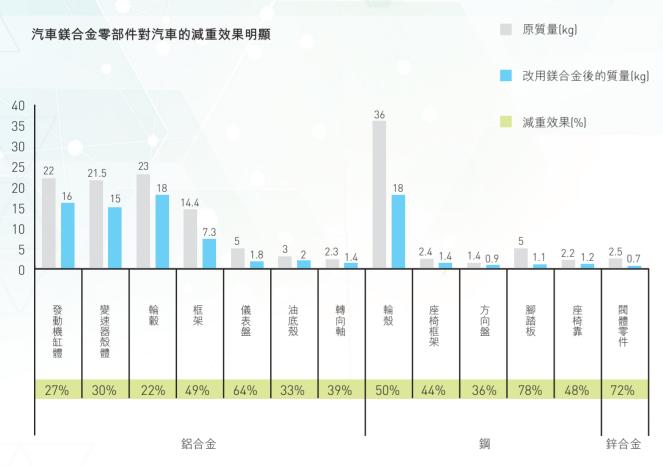


Source: Siemens, Soochow Securities

主席報告(續 **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED)**

「汽車鎂部件由小型件向大型件過渡」

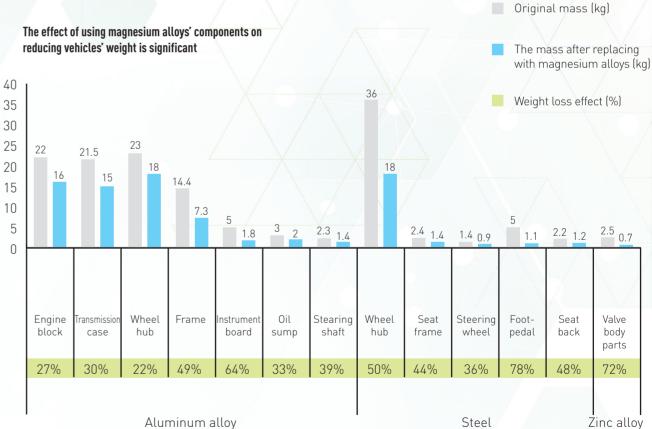
汽車用鎂合金替代鋁合金空間可觀。鎂合金主要用在殼體類與支架類等中小零部件上,包括儀錶盤支架、顯示 屏支架、中控支架、座椅支架、方向盤、轉向件等部件;鋁合金主要應用在車身結構材料。採用鎂合金可在鋁 輕量的基礎上再減輕30%-40%,隨著鎂合金壓鑄技術的提升、鎂製部件由小型件過渡至大型件、鎂鋁價格比走 低, 鎂合金結構件替代鋁合金結構件的優勢凸顯。



數據來源:東吳證券

"Transition of Magnesium Automotive Parts from Small to Large Components"

Magnesium alloys have significant potential to replace aluminum alloys in automotive applications. Magnesium alloys are mainly used in small and medium-sized components such as cases and brackets, including instrument panel brackets, display screen brackets, center console brackets, seat brackets, steering wheels, steering components, and other parts. Aluminum alloys are mainly used in structural body materials. Using magnesium alloys can reduce weight by 30% to 40% on top of the aluminum's lightness. With the improvement of magnesium alloy die-casting technology, the transition of magnesium parts from small to large, and the decrease in the magnesium-aluminum price ratio, the advantages of magnesium alloy structural parts replacing aluminum alloy structural parts has become increasingly prominent.



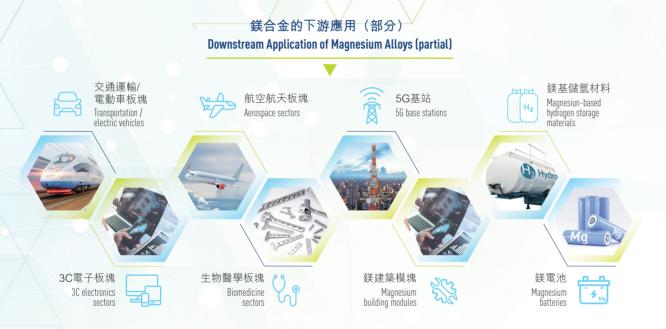
Aluminum alloy

Source: Soochow Securities

主席報告(續 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

展望「重新出發·砥礪前行!」

[鎂代鋁]的前景廣闊,鎂合金的下游應用不斷延伸。除了過往鎂合金已經廣泛應用的交通運輸領域、3C電子領域、航空航天領域外,鎂合金材料在電動車板塊、生物醫學、5G基站、鎂建築模塊、鎂基儲氫材料和鎂電池等 領域的應用也在不斷深化。



「債權人計劃落地 重組成功」

公司持續與債權人、股東以及臨時清盤管理人等專業人士保持密切溝通,在共同努力下,各方達成基本共識。 債權人計劃獲得法定所需的多數計劃債權人的同意以及法院命令批准實施。終於在二零二二年十月八日,歷時 兩年多的債務重組工作成功完成,根據法庭命令,本公司的臨時清盤正式獲得撤銷。

本人謹代表本集團對各股東、董事會成員、客戶、銀行及合作夥伴和全體同仁一直以來對本集團的大力支持致 以衷心的感謝,對債權人的理解和信任表示由衷的感激,對集團全體員工的卓越表現致以誠摯的謝意。在過往 公司重組的兩年多裡,面對集團境外債務重組的流動壓力,公司上下一心,和衷共濟,未來我們還將不忘初 心、砥礪前行,努力克服因境外債務重組給集團造成的負面影響,重新再出發,迎接新挑戰!

沈世捷

主席

香港,二零二三年三月二十四日

PROSPECTS - "RESTART AND FORGE AHEAD!"

The prospect of "magnesium replacing aluminum" is broad, and the downstream application of magnesium alloys continues to expand. In addition to its application in transportation, 3C electronics, and aerospace sectors, magnesium alloy new materials are used in electric vehicles, biomedicine, 5G base stations, magnesium building modules, magnesium-based hydrogen storage materials, magnesium batteries, and other fields.

"Creditors' Scheme Implemented, Successfully Restructuring"

The Company continues to maintain close communication with creditors, shareholders, provisional liquidators, and other professional parties. With joint effort, all parties have reached the consensus. The Company has obtained the approval of the requisite majorities of the scheme creditors and court order for the Scheme to be implemented. Finally, on 8 October 2022, the debt restructuring work, which had lasted for more than two years, was successfully completed. According to the court order, the Company's provisional liquidation was officially revoked.

On behalf of the Group, I wish to thank our shareholders, members of the Board, customers, bankers, and business partners for their invaluable support. I would also like to sincerely thank the creditors for their understanding and all the staff for their dedication and hard work. During the Company's restructuring over the past two years, the Company worked together as one to face the increasing liquidity pressure from the offshore restructuring of the Group. In the future, we will not forget our original aspiration. We will continue to forge ahead and strive to overcome the negative impact caused by the offshore debt restructuring on the Group. We will start afresh and embrace new challenges!

Shum Sai Chit Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 March 2023

主席報告(續) CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED)



業務回顧與分析

年內,本集團收入383,899,000港元(二零二一年:416,060,000港元),減少7.7%;整體毛利率減少4.4%至 12.1%;股東應佔溢利為1,404,000港元(二零二一年:虧損331,883,000港元)。

財務業務摘要

FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS SUMMARY

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000 (經審核) (Audited)	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000 (經審核) (Audited)	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000 (經審核) (Audited)
損益表 Statement of profit	orloss			
收入 毛利 毛利率 本公司擁有人應佔	Revenue Gross profit Gross profit margin Profit/(loss) attributable to	383,899 46,614 12.1%	416,060 68,775 16.5%	744,836 130,171 17.5%
溢利/(虧損) 純利率	owners of the Company Net profit margin	1,404 0.4%	〔331,883〕 不適用 N/A	〔74,011〕 不適用 N/A
財務狀況表 State of financ	ial position			
資產總額 權益總額 銀行現金(包括已抵押 銀行存款)	Total asset Total equity Cash at banks (including pledged bank deposits)	1,873,174 1,095,952 38,297	2,360,619 1,188,942 35,568	2,556,832 1,451,922 46,289
指標 Indicators				
借貸比率 股本收益率	Gearing ratio Return on equity	34.3% 0.1%	37.1% 不適用 N/A	34.1% 不適用 N/A

BUSINESS REVIEW AND ANALYSIS

During the Year, the revenue of the Group was HK\$383,899,000 (2021: HK\$416,060,000), representing a yearon-year decrease of 7.7%; the overall gross profit margin decreased 4.4% to 12.1%, the profits attributable to shareholders was HK\$1,404,000 (2021: loss of HK\$331,883,000).

> 使命 Mission 引領鎂工業高新技術 發展新時代 Leading a new era intechnology development for

magnesium industry

定位 Positioning

致力成為中國最大的 鎂產品企業 Aspiring to become China's largest magnesium product

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管理層討論及分析(續) **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**





主要經營資料的分析

二零二二年,集團營收較去年下降約32,161,000港元,降幅為7.7%。營收下降主要是由於二零二二年中國鎂錠 市場的低迷,儘管鎂錠平均價格同比增長了近20%。鎂錠的售價在經歷過二零二一年的暴漲後進入了下降通 道,下游加工企業和貿易商持謹慎態度,限制了公司的生產和物流。加之地緣政治緊張和中國嚴格的防疫措 施,國內和國際鎂原材料的需求均出現了疲軟,導致集團鎂產品的銷售總量從二零二一年的16,901噸降至二零 二二年的11,098噸,進而導致營收下降。

此外, 镁生產企業的生產成本仍然居高不下, 主要是由於環保升級和原材料成本上漲的原因, 镁生產企業的利 潤承壓。儘管鎂價格持續下跌, 市場期待經濟形勢的改善能給鎂產業帶來新的利好。但是, 當前的需求沒有顯 著改善, 加劇了下游生產成本的壓力, 削弱了鎂原材料的需求。因此, 集團的毛利率從二零二一年的16.5%下 降至二零二二年的12.1%。

其他營業費用分析

銷售和分銷費用

銷售和分銷費用約為3,073,000港元(二零二一年:4,381,000港元),主要包括市場營銷費用和銷售人員工資。銷售和分銷費用佔營收比率約為0.8%(二零二一年:1.1%)。

管理費用

管理費用主要包括員工薪酬、折舊及攤銷、審計和專業費用以及研發費用等。二零二二年的管理費用約為 126,222,000港元(二零二一年:99,610,000港元),增加的主要原因是長期預付款減值損失約為28,620,000港元 (二零二一年:無)。

債務重組收益

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於二零二二年,債權人方案已經得到債權人的批准,並經香港高等法院認可。債務(包括方案債務的本金和應 計利息)總額為847,781,000港元,已獲解除並分配到5年期限延長選擇權和可轉換債券交換選擇權。

作為債權人方案的一部分,公司向債權人發行了65,843,900股新普通股和價值458,390,000港元的可轉換債券。因此,約267,382,000港元的債務重組收益已被確認為二零二二年十二月三十一日結束的財政年度收入。詳細的計算請參閱合併財務報表附註6。

過去兩年中,我們與債權人和其他專業人士密切合作,債權人方案的成功實施是我們努力增強財務實力的重要 里程碑。我們感謝利益相關者在此過程中的合作和支援,我們將繼續保持開放和透明的溝通。

MAIN OPERATION DATA ANALYSIS

The Group's revenue in 2022 decreased by approximately HK\$32,161,000 or 7.7% compared to the previous year. This decline in revenue was primarily due to the downturn in China's magnesium ingot market in 2022, despite the average price of magnesium ingot increasing almost 20% year-over-year. The selling prices of magnesium ingot entered a downward trend after a sharp rise in 2021, and downstream processing companies and traders were cautious, limiting production and logistics of companies. This, coupled with geopolitical tensions and China's strict epidemic prevention and control measures, weakened demand for magnesium raw materials domestically and internationally. As a result, the total sales volume of magnesium products of the Group decreased to 11,098 tonnes in 2022 from 16,901 tonnes in 2021, resulting in the drop in revenue.

Additionally, the production costs of magnesium remained high due to environmental protection upgrades and rising raw material costs, putting pressure on the profits of magnesium production enterprises. Despite the ongoing decline in magnesium prices, the market expects that improving economic conditions will bring positive developments to the magnesium industry. However, the current demand has not significantly improved, exacerbating the pressure on downstream production costs, and weakening demand for magnesium raw materials. Thus, the gross profit margins decreased from 16.5% in 2021 to 12.1% in 2022.

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES ANALYSIS

Selling and Distribution Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses were approximately HK\$3,073,000 (2021: HK\$4,381,000), which mainly comprised of marketing expenses and sales staff wages. Selling and distribution expenses to revenue ratio was approximately 0.8% (2021: 1.1%).

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses mainly comprised of expenses such as staff remuneration, depreciation and amortization, audit and professional fees and research and development. The administrative expenses for the Year was approximately HK\$126,222,000 (2021: HK\$99,610,000), the increase is mainly due to the provision on long outstanding prepayment of approximately HK\$28,620,000 (2021: HK\$nil).

Gain on debt restructuring

In 2022, the Creditors' Scheme was approved by the scheme creditors and sanctioned by the High Court of Hong Kong. The liabilities, including the principals and accrued interests of the scheme debts, amounted to HK\$847,781,000 and have been discharged and allocated into a 5-year term extension option and a convertible bonds swap option.

As part of the Creditors' Scheme, the Company issued 65,843,900 new ordinary shares and convertible bonds worth HK\$458,390,000 to the creditors. Accordingly, a gain on debt restructuring of approximately HK\$267,382,000 has been recognized for the year ended 31 December 2022. For detailed computations, please refer to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

We have worked closely with creditors and other professionals over the past two years, and the successful implementation of the Creditors' Scheme is a significant milestone in our efforts to strengthen our financial position. We appreciate the cooperation and support of our stakeholders throughout this process, and we remain committed to maintaining open and transparent communication with them.





減值和撥備

二零二二年,集團確認了非流動資產減值損失的撥備,金額約為61,530,000港元,(二零二一年:183,577,000港元)有所下降。這項撥備是非經常性和非現金項目,主要歸因於集團鎂業務持續虧損的表現。

此外,集團在二零二二年將預期信用損失準備金提高至約104,191,000港元,而二零二一年為53,243,000港元。 這項預期信用損失撥備金的增加是基於集團在業務環境的持續不確定性下,仔細審查了其信用風險敞口。

財務成本

二零二二年,集團的財務成果顯示出財務成本的顯著下降。該年度的財務成本約為20,923,000港元,較上年減 少約48,478,000港元或69.9%。財務成本的下降主要歸因於債權人計劃的有效實施,該計劃消除了與離岸債務有 關的任何進一步違約利息的確認。

債權人計劃使集團通過降低實際利率來改善其財務狀況,實際利率已從二零二一年的8.12%降至二零二二年的 7.21%。實際利率的下降有助於降低集團的借貸成本,對其財務表現產生了積極影響。

流動性和財務資源

在過去兩年中,公司、債權人和各方專業人士共同努力,以期批准提出的債權人計劃,最終債權人計劃獲得法 定所需的多數計劃債權人的同意以及法院命令批准實施。債權人計劃於二零二二年五月三十一日生效,之後公 司收到了百慕達法院的解除清盤命令,讓公司的臨時清盤得以解除。

債權人計劃為債權人提供兩個選擇:期限延長選項和可轉換債券交換選項。前者將索賠的償還日期延長五年, 索賠將通過各種付款選項解決。後者則提供將索賠轉換為可轉換債券,該債券在方案生效日期的第五週年到 期。

由於債權人計劃的成功實施,原先的債務得到了免除,到期日延長五年。因此,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,公司從二零二一年十二月三十一日的483,515,000港元凈流動負債位置變成了254,946,000港元的凈流動資產位置。

Impairment and Allowance

In 2022, the Group recognised a provision for impairment loss on non-current assets, amounting to approximately HK\$61,530,000 (2021: HK\$183,577,000). This provision is a non-recurring and non-cash item, which has been attributed to the continuous loss-making performance of the Group's magnesium business.

Furthermore, the Group has increased its allowance for expected credit loss on trade receivables to approximately HK\$104,191,000 in 2022, compared to HK\$53,243,000 in 2021. This increase in allowance for expected credit loss is a result of a careful review of the Group's credit risk exposure in light of the ongoing uncertainties in the business environment.

Finance Costs

In 2022, the Group's financial results show a significant decrease in finance costs. The finance cost for the year amounted to approximately HK\$20,923,000, which is a year-on-year reduction of approximately HK\$48,478,000 or 69.9%. This decrease in finance cost is primarily attributed to the effective implementation of the Creditors' Scheme, which eliminated the recognition of any further default interests in respect of the offshore debt.

The Creditors' Scheme has enabled the Group to improve its financial position by reducing the effective interest rate, which has decreased from 8.12% in 2021 to 7.21% in 2022. This decrease in effective interest rate has contributed to a lower cost of borrowing for the Group, which has positively impacted its financial performance.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Over the past two years, the Company, creditors, and all professional parties have made joint efforts to approve the proposed Creditors' Scheme, which was ultimately approved by requisite majorities of the scheme creditors and the High Court of Hong Kong. The Creditors' Scheme became effective on 31 May 2022, and the Company has since received the discharge order from the Bermuda Court, resulting in the dismissal of the provisional liquidations of the Company.

The Creditors' Scheme offers two options for creditors: the Term Extension Option and the Convertible Bonds Swap Option. The former extends the repayment date of Admitted Claims for five years from the Scheme Effective Date, with Admitted Claims being settled through various payment options. The latter offers the conversion of Admitted Claims into Convertible Bonds with a maturity date of the fifth anniversary of the Scheme Effective Date.

Due to the successful implementation of the Creditors' Scheme, the Scheme Debts, which were initially defaulted, have been discharged and extended by five years. Consequently, the Company's net current liabilities position of HK\$483,515,000 as of 31 December 2021 turned into a net current assets position of HK\$254,946,000 as of 31 December 2022.

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非流動資產減值

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日年度, 鎂產品業務的一些子公司因中國鎂錠市場的下滑而遭受損失。該市場在 經歷過二零二一年的暴漲後進入了下降通道。這導致下游加工企業和交易商謹慎下單, 加劇了生產成本的壓 力, 削弱了國內和國際鎂原材料的需求。儘管鎂價持續下跌, 生產成本仍然居高不下, 鎂生產企業利潤承壓。

鑒於鎂產品業務的現金生成單位(「CGU」)的經濟業績低於預期,集團管理層認為存在減值跡象,並對物業、廠 房及設備,租賃權資產和無形資產進行了減值評估。其帳面價值分別為:1,337,361,000港元,40,629,000港元和 20,939,000港元(二零二一年分別為:1,626,848,000港元、47,994,000港元和25,406,000港元)。

集團估計CGU的可收回金額,當無法單獨估計可收回金額時,包括在合理和一致的基礎上分配公司資產。現金 流量現值和CGU的資產帳面價值之和約為1,445,474,000港元。

CGU的可收回金額是根據使用價值計算確定的。該計算使用由集團管理層批准的財務預算所基於的現金流量預 測,涵蓋截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的未來5年,使用税前折現率14.41%和公司税率25%。超過五年期的現 金流量使用2%的增長率進行外推,該增長率基於行業增長預測,並不超過相關行業的長期平均增長率。價值使 用計算的另一個關鍵假設是預算毛利潤的範圍約為18%至25%,該範圍是根據現金生成單位的過去業績和管理 層對市場發展的預期確定的。

集團聘請了獨立估價師Roma Appraisals Limited,作為二零二二年十二月三十一日的集團CGU的估值師。

集團的董事會和審計委員會認為,編製現金流量預測和估值報告所使用的基礎和假設以及估值方法、基礎和假設是合理和適當的。

匯率風險

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本集團主要在中國內地及香港經營業務,故此承受多種外匯風險,主要涉及人民幣、港元及美元。外匯風險源 於未來商業交易、已確認資產及負債,以及外國經營的投資淨額。本集團管理層預期該等業務的外幣風險淨額 並不大。因此,本集團現時並無對沖外匯風險。

本集團擬定期審視持有除港元以外之貨幣之流動資產及負債以評估外匯風險並於必要時考慮使用對沖工具。

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-CURRENT ASSETS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, certain subsidiaries in the magnesium product business incurred losses due to a downturn in China's magnesium ingot market, which experienced a sharp rise in 2021 but entered a downward trend in 2022. This led downstream processing companies and traders to be cautious about placing orders, exacerbating the pressure on production costs and weakening demand for magnesium raw materials domestically and internationally. Despite the ongoing decline in magnesium prices, production costs remained high, putting pressure on the profits of magnesium production enterprises.

In view of the economic performance of the cash generating unit ("CGU") of magnesium product business, which was worse than expected, management of the Group concluded there was an indication for impairment and conducted impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets with carrying amounts of HK\$1,337,361,000, HK\$40,629,000, and HK\$20,939,000, respectively (2021: HK\$1,626,848,000, HK\$47,994,000, and HK\$25,406,000, respectively).

The Group estimates the recoverable amount of CGU, to which the asset belongs when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, including allocation of corporate assets when reasonable and consistent basis can be established. The sum of present value free cash flow and carrying amounts of assets of CGU was approximately HK\$1,445,474,000.

The recoverable amount of CGU has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of the Group covering the following 5 years as at 31 December 2022 with the pre-tax discount rate of 14.4% and the corporate tax rate of 25%. The cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using 2% growth rate, which is based on the industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the relevant industry. Another key assumption for the value in use calculated is the budgeted gross margin with a range of approximately 18% to 25%, which is determined based on the cash-generating unit's past performance and management expectations for the market development.

The Group engaged Roma Appraisals Limited, independent valuer, as the valuer to perform the valuations of the CGUs of the Group as at 31 December 2022.

The board of directors and audit committee of the Group considered that the basis and assumptions used for preparing the cash flow projection and the valuation methodology, basis and assumptions used for preparing the valuation report were reasonable and appropriate.

Exchange rate risk

The Group mainly operates in the Mainland China and Hong Kong and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from primarily with respect to Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollars and United States Dollars. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group's management does not expect the net foreign currency risk from these activities to be significant and hence, the Group does not presently hedge the foreign exchange risks.

The Group has planned to periodically reviews liquid assets and liabilities held in currencies other than Hong Kong Dollars to evaluate its foreign exchange risk exposure and consider the usage of hedging instruments when necessary.

利率風險

對於利息敏感型產品及投資,本集團以動態基準分析其利率風險,並考慮適當時透過各種手段以低成本方式管 理該風險。

信貸風險

本集團一直以來十分重視我們客戶的信貸風險。為最大程度減少信貸風險,本集團管理層已授權相關工作小 組,負責釐定信貸限額,信貸審批及其他監控程序,以確保採取跟進措施收回逾期債務,而本集團可根據每一 客戶先前的交易記錄和信貸往績,定期評估及追蹤所有客戶的賬戶。

流動資金風險

於二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之流動借款約為114,592,000港元,而其現金及現金等價物僅約為 28,599,000港元。誠如財務報表附註3所載,倘本集團不能籌措足夠資金滿足其金融債務,則會遭受流動性風 險。

本公司董事已審慎考慮本集團之未來流動資金狀況。有關詳情載於財務報表附註3。

營運風險

營運風險指因內部程序、人員或制度不足或缺失,或因外部事件導致之損失風險。管理營運風險之責任基本上 由集團及附屬公司的職能部門負責監控和落實。本集團之主要功能是對營運程序、權限及匯報框架作出指引。 管理層將會定期評估主要之營運風險及業務發展所帶來的影響,制定相應措施,完善內控制度,以及時有效應 對和規避風險。

投資風險

投資風險乃界定為因各項外在因素轉變導致任何某項投資相對其預期回報期延長或投資回報低於預期或投資項 目發生虧損的可能性。本集團深明持續開拓業務類型和區域,對集團業務發展的重要性,並落實在年度重點工 作任務中。項目投資框架的主要考慮因素為平衡各類投資之風險及回報,因而風險評估乃投資決策過程中的重 要一環。本集團已設立適當的投資項目評估和盡職調查程序,並會於批准投資前進行詳細分析。本集團之投資 項目進度會定期更新,並向董事局匯報。

人力供應及留聘人才之風險

人力資源管理風險主要指由於本集團業務發展迅速,對人才需求迫切,也面對行業對人才的激烈競爭以及人員 的流動性,本集團可能面臨着未能有效引進及挽留具備適當及所需技能、經驗及才能之主要人員及人才以配合 業務發展的風險,這些主要人員及人才均是達致我們業務目標所需之因素。本集團將會定期對薪酬體系和激勵 機制進行全面分析,優化薪酬結構以確保員工薪酬處於市場合理水平,並具有競爭力。同時,開拓招聘渠道, 不斷充實高級管理層後備人才,並加強對員工的系統化培訓,提供員工升職機會及拓寬事業前途,弘揚良好的 企業文化。

Interest rate risk

For interest-sensitive products and investments, our Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis and considers managing this risk in a cost-effective manner when appropriate, through variety of means.

Credit risk

The Group has always been aware of the credit risk exposure of our customers. In order to minimise the credit risk, management of the Group has authorised a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The procedures required that all clients were regularly assessed so that the Group could keep track of their transaction records and credit history.

Liquidity risk

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's current borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$114,592,000 while its cash and cash equivalents only amounted to approximately HK\$28,599,000. As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, the Group is exposed to liquidity risk if it is not able to raise sufficient fund to meet its financial obligations.

The directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group, details of which are set out in note 3 to the financial statements.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with functional departments of the Group and its subsidiaries. Key function of the Group is to guide their standard operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. Our management will assess key operational exposures and effect raised in business development regularly, implement relevant measures and improve the internal control so that risk can be responded and mitigated on a timely and effective manner.

Investment risk

Investment risk can be defined as the likelihood of extension of its return period relative to the expected return or occurrence of losses on any particular investment attributable to changes of external factors. The Group is well aware of the importance of exploring various business opportunities and territories on a continual basis, and implemented this as the key task of the year. Key concern of projects investment framework will be balancing risk and return across different investments, and thus risk assessment is a core aspect of the investment decision process. Proper investment assessment and due diligence procedures have been set up and detailed analysis will be made before approving investments. Regular updates on the progress of the investments of our Group would be submitted to the Board.

MANPOWER AND RETENTION RISK

Manpower risk means huge demand for talents because of the Group's rapid business development while at the same time facing severe competition over specialists from the industry and turnover of manpower. Our Group may face the risk of not being able to recruit and retain key personnel and talents with appropriate and required skills, experience and competence to cope with the expansion of business which would meet with our business objectives. Our Group will periodically conduct a thorough analysis over its remuneration system, as well as incentive mechanism and optimize the compensation structure so as to ensure remuneration packages can align reasonably with market standard and maintain its competitiveness. Meanwhile, recruitment channels are broadened and the talent pool of senior management are strengthened, so as to further enhance the promotion opportunities and career path of employees. Systematic staff training are also being further enhanced to increase the overall effectiveness of training and the dissemination of corporate cultures and values.

管理層討論及分析(續) MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

環境政策及表現

環境政策及表現主要指中國政府對環保法規政策的重視程度和愈加嚴格的規管要求,本集團之附屬公司及新併 購企業由於建成投運已久,可能存在與國家政府陸續出台的環境與責任要求有某種不足或差距的情況。本集團 密切關注環保政策及外在因素的變動對集團業務發展所帶來的影響,本集團以對環境負責和履行社會責任,致 力於改善及保持其經營場所所在地環境及社區之長期可持續性,盡力遵守有關環保之法律及法規,並採取有效 措施達致資源有效利用、能源節約及廢物減少。本集團日常營運已採納綠色倡議及措施。該等倡議包括資源回 收、節約能源措施及節約用水等行動。

遵守法律及規則

本集團的業務主要由本公司於中國內地的附屬公司進行,而本公司於香港聯交所上市。因此,本集團營運須遵 守中國內地及香港的有關法律及法規。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及直至本報告日期,盡我們所 知,本集團就中國內地及香港的有關法律及法規,沒有發現重大違反。

與員工及主要持份者之關係

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團所僱用之員工數目約為377名。本集團根據員工之表現、工作經驗和現時市場情況訂定彼等之薪酬。員工福利包括年假、醫療保險及公積金等。本集團並無發生任何導致正常業務運作受影響之勞資糾紛或僱員關係之重大改變。董事認為本集團與僱員關係良好。

本集團明白與商業夥伴、股東、投資者及銀行保持良好關係,是我們達成長遠目標的要素。為了與我們的主要 持份者維持密切的關係,本集團已制定相應的投資者關係計劃,並不定期為不同持份者舉辦合適的參與活動, 包括股東週年/特別大會、現場考察、研討會和路演等等。故此,高級管理層會在適當情況下與我們的持份者 進行良好溝通、適時交流想法及共享集團發展最新動向。年內,本集團與商業夥伴或銀行之間並沒有重大的糾 紛。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

Environmental policies and performance mainly means that the PRC Government is paying increasing attention to environmental rules and policies and is imposing more stringent regulatory requirements. The Group's subsidiaries and newly acquired enterprises have been operating for a long while which might lag behind in certain environmental and duty requirements promulgated by the PRC Government. The Group monitors impact on business development closely raised from movements of environmental policy and external factors. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner and performing social responsibilities, the Group is committed to improving and maintaining the long term sustainability of the communities in which it operates. The Group endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and adopt effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction. Green initiatives and measures have been adopted in daily operation of the Group. Such initiatives include recycling of resources, energy saving measures and water saving practices.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China while the Company is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The Group's operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China and Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report, to the best of our knowledge, the Group has no material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China and Hong Kong.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES AND KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The number of employees of the Group was approximately 377 as at 31 December 2022. The remuneration of employees was determined by the Group with reference to their performance, work experience and current market conditions. Employee benefits include annual leave, medical insurance and provident fund scheme. There has been no labour dispute or significant change in the relationship with the employees that affect the normal operations of the Group. The Directors believe that the Group maintains admirable relations with its employees.

Our Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with business partners, shareholders, investors and banks to achieve its long-term goals. To keep up with our key stakeholders closely, the Group has formulated corresponding scheme about investor relationship, and also holds tailored activities from time to time, such as annual/extraordinary general meetings, on-site visits, seminars and road-shows. Accordingly, our senior management has kept good communication, promptly exchanged ideas and shared business latest update about development of the Group with our stakeholders when appropriate. During the year, there was no material dispute between our Group and its business partners or banks.

管理層討論及分析(續) MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

項目概覽

白雲石礦

本集團之白雲石礦, 位於中國吉林省白山市。該礦場以露天開採方式操作, 不涉及也不需要額外勘探工程, 開發活動僅涉及露天開採時的簡易基建工程, 並沒有涉及任何地下勘探以及結構工程。已開採之白雲石為本集團 生產金屬鎂產品之原材料。礦場的位置鄰近本集團生產基地, 原料的運輸成本亦相對很低。

本集團之白雲石礦乃按中國資源/儲量分類。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的估計資源量和儲量,按已開採 量逐年核減,得出剩餘資源量及儲量。本集團與以往披露估算假設相比並無重大變更。該資源量及儲量由本集 團之內部地質專家審核。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無出產白雲石。與二零二一年十二 月三十一日相比,白雲石礦於年內的資源量及礦石儲量並無重大變動。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,白雲石礦因開採活動產生之支出約為零港元,而勘探及開發活動之支出則為零港元。

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Dolomite Mine

The Group's dolomite mine is situated in Baishan City, Jilin Province, the PRC. The mine is operated by open-pit method, and therefore no additional exploration works are involved or required. Only simple infrastructure works for open-pit mining are involved in the development activities, and no underground exploration or structural works are involved. The dolomite mined is raw material for producing magnesium products of the Group. The transportation cost for raw material is relatively low due to the close proximity of the mine to the production base of the Group.

The dolomite mine of the Group was reported under the Chinese resource/reserve categories. As at 31 December 2022, the anticipated resource and reserve volumes were determined based on the yearly reduction of quantity mined to calculate the remaining resource and reserve volumes. There is no material change in the assumptions of estimation by the Group as compared with those previously disclosed. The resource and reserve volumes was reviewed by the Group's internal geological experts. For the year ended 31 December 2022, there was no dolomite output. As compared with the state as at 31 December 2021, there was no material change in the resource estimate and ore reserve of the dolomite mine.

The expenditure incurred in mining activities of dolomite for the year ended 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$nil while the expenditure incurred in exploration and development activities was HK\$Nil.



本公司認同良好的企業管治對於本集團 長遠發展之重要性,並致力按本集團所 需識別、制定、實施及加強企業管治常 規。誠如下文所述,本公司已經成立相 關委員會/小組委員會並採納若干內部 政策,以改善內部監控及加強本集團業 務運作之透明度,務求保障其持分者之 利益。

企業管治常規

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,除已於「主席及行政總裁」部分披露 及以下偏離情況外,本公司一直遵守香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則([上 市規則])附錄14所載的企業管治守則(「守 則||):

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載有關 董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守 則|),本集團有關本公司董事(「董事|)進 行證券交易之行為守則條款並不遜於標 準守則所規定之標準。經向全體董事作 出具體查詢後,全體董事確認已於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度遵守 標準守則規定之標準。

The Company recognises the importance of good corporate governance to the long-term development of the Group and has devoted considerable efforts in identifying, formulating, implementing and enhancing corporate governance practices in accordance with the needs of the Group. As mentioned below, the Company has established the relevant committees/subcommittee and adopted certain internal policies to improve internal controls and enhance transparency of business operation of the Group with a view to protect the interests of its stakeholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), save for the deviations as disclosed in "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" section.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct of the Group regarding securities transactions of the directors of the Company (the "Directors") on terms no less exactly than required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

董事會

董事會現時由下列五名董事組成:

執行董事

沈世捷(主席兼行政總裁) 池斯樂

獨立非執行董事

鄘炳文 張省本 林鵬軒

董事會職能

董事會負責制定本集團之整體策略及政 策、檢討及監察本集團之財務表現,包 括編製及審批財務報表及監管管理層之 日常營運工作,考慮本集團在會計及財 務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經 驗是否足夠,以及彼等所接受之培訓課 程及預算是否充足。本集團之日常業務 運作及行政事宜交由管理層處理。

董事會會議及常規

董事會定期舉行會議,董事會會議每年 最少召開四次,大約每季一次。召開董 事會定期會議之通告及議程均於會議前 至少十四天發出予所有董事,以便所有 董事均能騰空出席及加添議程項目。董 事會定期會議之會議文件至少於會議舉 行前三天發送予全體董事,以供彼等細 閱。董事會會議記錄之初稿均於會後之 合理時段內發送至全體董事審閱及提供 意見,方始作實。會議記錄已充份及詳 細地記載董事於會上所考慮之事項及達 致之決定。

THE BOARD

Executive Directors

Chi Sile

Kwong Ping Man Cheuna Sound Poon Lin Pengxuan

Functions of the Board

The Board is responsible for formulating the overall strategies and policies of the Group, reviewing and monitoring its financial performance, including preparing and approving financial statements and overseeing operational matters of the management, considering the adequacy of resources. qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget. Daily business operations and administrative functions of the Group are delegated to the management.

Board meetings and practices

The Board meets regularly and board meetings are held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices and agenda of regular board meetings are served to all Directors at least fourteen days before the meetings to ensure that all Directors are given the opportunity to attend and to include matters in the agenda. Discussion materials of regular board meetings are sent to all Directors for their study at least three days prior to the meetings. Draft minutes of board meetings are circulated to all Directors for review and comments within a reasonable time after the meetings prior to confirmation. Minutes are recorded in sufficient detail of the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached.

企業管治報告(續) **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)**

Currently, the Board comprises the following five Directors:

Shum Sai Chit (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Independent Non-executive Directors

董事會(續)

董事會會議及常規(續)

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度內,本公司共舉行過五次董事會會 議,各董事於董事會會議、委員會會議 及股東大會之個別之出席率如下:

THE BOARD (continued)

Board meetings and practices (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2022, five board meetings were held by the Company, and the individual attendance rate of each Director at meetings of the Board, its committees and General Meetings is as follows:

			所	出席/舉行之會諱 Attended/held		
		董事會 會議 Board	審核 委員會會議 Audit Committee	提名 委員會會議 Nomination Committee	薪酬 委員會會議 Remuneration Committee	股東大會 Members General
		Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meetings
執行董事 沈世捷 池斯樂	Executive Directors Shum Sai Chit Chi Sile	4/4 4/4	-	1/1	-	1/1
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors					
鄺炳文	Kwong Ping Man	4/4	5/5	1/1	1/1	1/1
張省本	Cheung Sound Poon	4/4	5/5	-	1/1	1/1
林鵬軒印	Lin Pengxuan ⁽¹⁾	2/2	3/3	-	-	0/0
關毅傑[2]	Kwan Ngai Kit ⁽²⁾	2/2	2/2	1/1	-	1/1

於二零二二年九月二十日獲委任 [1] 於二零二二年六月二十七日退任

[1] appointed on 20 September 2022 retired on 27 June 2022

按上市規則第3.10[1]及[2],以及3.10A條 之規定,本公司已委任足夠數目之獨立 非執行董事,而獨立非執行董事中亦至 少有一名具備適當會計或有關財務管理 專長。董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事 根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性而個別 作出之年度確認函。

董事會成員之間並無存在包括財務、業 務、家屬或其他重大/相關的關係。

Pursuant to Rules 3.10(1) and (2), and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, sufficient number of Independent Non-executive Directors have been appointed and at least one of the remaining Independent Non-executive Directors has appropriate accounting or related financial management expertise. The Board has received annual confirmation of independence from each of its Independent Nonexecutive Directors as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

There is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships among members of the Board.

董事會(續)

董

ШĿ

董事之持續專業發展

本公司不時向董事提供有關上市規則、 公司條例及其他適用監管規定之最新變 動情況。除鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展 之課程,以更新及提升彼等之知識及技 能外,本公司亦為董事安排與行業有關 之內部研討會,以及向彼等提供有關董 事責任之閱讀材料。所有董事已向本公 司提供彼等於截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年內已接受之培訓紀錄。

The Company updates the Directors of the latest changes in the Listing Rules, Companies Ordinance and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time. Apart from encouraging the Directors to participate in continuous professional development ("CPD") courses to refresh and enhance their knowledge and skills, the Company also arranged an industry-related in-house seminar for the Directors and provided them with reading materials relating to the directors' duties. All Directors have provided the Company with their records of training they received during the year ended 31 December 2022.

「事於截至二零二二年十二月	自三十一日
年內曾參與之培訓概述如下	:

董	₽	Direc	tors		持續專業 發展培訓 種類 ^{附註} Types of continuous professional development training ^{Notes}
執 行 沈世		Exec Shum Chi S	n Sai (Directors Chit	B
					D
狥) 鄺灯	Σ非執行董事 ⊼文	-		nt Non-executive Directors g Man	A及B
1 7 777		TWO1	ig i ili	ghan	A and B
張省	資本 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Cheu	ng So	ound Poon	A及B
					A and B
林朋	島 <u>軒</u>	Lin P	engxı	Jan	A及B A and B
附註	:		Note	5:	
Δ:	出席講座或培訓課程		A:	Attending seminar(s) or training session(s)	
В:	間,這報章、刊物及有關本公司業務或董事職責任、上市規則及其他適用監管規定最新發展等 的最新資料		B:	Reading newspaper, journals and updates relating to directors' duties and responsibilities, the latest developm other applicable regulatory requirements, etc.	

THE BOARD (continued)

Directors' Continuous Professional Development

A summary of the trainings participated by the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

企業管治報告(續) **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)**

董事會(續)

企業管治職能

董事會負責按其「企業管治職能之職權範 圍|履行本公司下列企業管治職務

- [a] 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策 及常規, 並提出合適建議;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監 (b) 管規定方面的政策及常規
- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董 $\left[\right]$ 事的操守準則;及
- (d) 檢討本公司遵守該守則的情況及在 《企業管治報告》內的披露。

於回顧年內,董事會已履行以下企業管 治職務:

- 審批載於本公司二零二一年週年報 告內之企業管治報告的內容;及
- 採納「董事會成員多元化政策」。

THE BOARD (continued)

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties of the Company in accordance with the "Terms of Reference of Corporate Governance Function" adopted by it:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make appropriate recommendations:
- (b) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (d) to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year under review, the Board has performed the following corporate governance duties:

- Reviewed and approved the contents of the Corporate • Governance Report included in the 2021 annual report of the Company; and
- Adopted the "Board Diversity Policy". •

主席及行政總裁

委任為本公司之行政總裁。

先生可勝仟行政總裁一職。

緊接池碧芬女十於二零一九年退任行政 總裁後,主席兼執行董事沈世捷先生獲

沈世捷先生管理本公司多年並熟悉本集

團營運的各個環節。董事會認為沈世捷

Company.

Officer.

於沈先生被任命為行政總裁後,本公司 並無區分主席及行政總裁,而沈先生同 時擔任此兩項職務,因此與上市規則附 錄十四所載之「企業管治守則」守則條文第 A.2.1條有所偏離。根據該守則條文,主 席與行政總裁的角色應予區分,不應由 一人同時兼任。沈先生自二零一五年起 一直致力負責公司的整體管理工作,而 本公司認為而現時之安排可以提高本公 司的企業決策及執行效率,有助本集團 業務於現階段更高效地發展。董事會將 不時審閱現有架構,並於董事會認為適 當時作出必要安排。

非執行董事

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之委任均 為有指定任期,並須根據本公司之公司 細則(「公司細則」)輪值退任及重選。

30

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Subsequent to the retirement of Ms. Chi Bi Fen as Chief Executive Officer in 2019. Mr. Shum Sai Chit, the chairman and an executive Director, has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the

Mr. Shum Sai Chit has numerous years of experience in the management of the Company and is familiar with all aspects of the Group's operations and the Board considers that Mr. Shum Sai Chit is well qualified to take up the role of the Chief Executive

Following the appointment of Mr. Shum as Chief Executive Officer, the Company does not have a separate chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Shum holds both positions, in which there is deviation to code provision A.2.1 of Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, which provides (among other matters) that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Shum Sai Chit had been in charge of the overall management of the Company since 2015 and the Company considered that such arrangement would promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies which would enable the Group to further develop its businesses effectively at this stage. The Board will review the current structure from time to time and shall make necessary arrangements when the Board considers appropriate.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The terms of appointment of the Non-executive Directors and the Independent Non-executive Directors are fixed for a specific term, and shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws").

董事會轄下之委員會

目前,本公司有三個委員會,分別為審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。 各委員會已獲董事會轉授特定權力以協 助董事會履行其職務及監控本集團特定 範疇之事務。各委員會之角色及職能概 沭如下:

審核委員會

審核委員會於一九九九年成立。本公司 已根據該守則之守則條文第C.3.3條採納 審核委員會之職權範圍。審核委員會由 三名獨立非執行董事組成,即鄺炳文先 牛(審核委員會主席)、張省本先牛及林鵬 軒先生。

審核委員會之主要職責為提供獨立及專 業之財務匯報意見及檢討本集團的內部 控制。

審核委員會將向董事會匯報該委員會討 **論過之重要事項,以供董事會知悉及**/ 或作考慮。

審核委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止之年度共舉行過五次會議,審 閱截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度之末期業績及截至二零二二年六月三 十日止六個月之中期業績,並確保該等 財務報表內所採納之會計準則及常規, 以及所作出之披露均為恰當、準確及公 平。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Currently, the Company has three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee respectively. Each committee is delegated with specific authorities by the Board in assisting the Board to discharge its duties and to administer particular aspects of the Group's activities. The roles and functions of each committee are summarized below-

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 1999. The Company has adopted Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee in compliance with code provision C.3.3 of the Code. The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Ping Man (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Cheung Sound Poon and Mr. Lin Pengxuan.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee is to provide an independent and professional advice on financial reporting and review the internal control of the Group.

The Audit Committee will report to the Board of the significant issues discussed by the Committee for the Board's information and/or consideration.

The Audit Committee has held five meetings in the year ended 31 December 2022 and has reviewed the final results for the period ended 31 December 2021 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2022, and confirmed that the accounting principles and practices adopted as well as the disclosures made in such financial statements were appropriate, accurate and fair.

董事會轄下之委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會亦與核數師磋商截至二零二 二年十二月三十一日止年度之審核範 圍,並檢討本公司在會計及財務匯報 職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗,以 及彼等所接受之培訓課程及預算是否足 夠。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於一九九六年成立。本公司 已根據該守則之守則條文第B.1.2條採納 薪酬委員會之職權範圍。薪酬委員會成 員包括執行董事沈世捷先生(薪酬委員會 主席)及兩名獨立非執行董事,即鄺炳文 先生及張省本先生。

薪酬委員會專責就本公司董事及高層管 理人員之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出 建議。其每年最少舉行一次會議以檢討 及釐定執行董事及高層管理人員之薪酬 及福利,以及向董事會建議非執行董事 之酬金。在釐定及批准本公司董事及 高層管理人員之薪酬時,薪酬委員會將 考慮各方面因素包括市場競爭力、個人 表現及本公司與其業務單位之盈利能力 等。

薪酬委員會於截至二零二二年十二月= 十一日止年度內舉行過一次會議,以檢 討本公司董事及高層管理人員之薪酬待 遇等事宜。

Audit Committee (continued)

etc

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

The Audit Committee has also discussed with the auditors on the scope of audit for the year ended 31 December 2022, and reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established in 1996. The Company has adopted Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee in compliance with code provision B.1.2 of the Code. The Remuneration Committee comprises an Executive Director, namely Mr. Shum Sai Chit (Chairman of Remuneration Committeel and two Independent Non-executive Directors. namely Mr. Kwong Ping Man and Mr. Cheung Sound Poon.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure in relation to remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Company. It schedules to meet at least once a year to review and determine the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and senior management and to make recommendation to the Board of the remuneration of Nonexecutive Director. In determining and approving the remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Company, the Remuneration Committee will take into consideration of various factors such as market competitiveness, individual performance and profitability of the Company and its business units.

The Remuneration Committee has held one meeting in the year ended 31 December 2022 to review the existing remuneration policies of the Directors and senior management of the Company,

董事會轄下之委員會(續)

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年成立,本公司 已參考該守則之守則條文第A.5.2條採納 提名委員會之職權範圍。提名委員會成 員包括執行董事沈世捷先生(提名委員會 主席)及兩名獨立非執行董事,即鄺炳文 先生及林鵬軒先生。

提名委員會負責檢討董事會之架構、人 數及組成,物色具備合適資格可出仟董 事之人士並就董事之委任或續任向董事 會作出建議,評估獨立非執行董事之獨 ○忤,以及監察本公司董事會成員多元 化政策之執行等事宜。

提名委員會於截至一零一一年十一月三 十一日止之年度內舉行過一次會議,連 同以書面決議方式,檢討及處理以下主 要事項:

- 檢討各董事之資歷及經驗,以及彼 等於本集團之角色及職能,以確保 現時之董事會架構符合本集團的業 務發展所需;及
- 檢討現行之董事會成員多元化之程 度

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee

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The Nomination Committee was established in 2012. The Company has adopted Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee with reference to code provision A.5.2 of the Code. The Nomination Committee comprises an Executive Director, namely Mr. Shum Sai Chit (chairman of the Nomination Committee) and two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Ping Man and Mr. Lin Pengxuan.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors, assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors and monitoring the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy of the Company.

The Nomination Committee has held one meeting in the year ended 31 December 2022, together with by means of written resolutions, to review and deal with the following major issues:

- Reviewed the qualifications and experiences of individual Directors as well as their roles and responsibilities in the Group to ensure the existing Board structure is fit for the business growth of the Group; and
- Reviewed the degree of diversity of the existing Board.

董事會成員多元化政策概要

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策。 本公司認同及相信董事會成員多元化所 帶來的好處。所有董事會成員之委任均 以能者居之及用人唯才為原則,並將考 慮候選人之若干客觀標準如:性別、年 齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業資 格、領域經驗、技能、知識及服務年資 等。最終決定將按獲選者之長處及可為 董事會帶來之貢獻作依歸

核數師酬金

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司就審核服務及非審核服務而 已支付/應支付予其外聘核數師之酬金 總額如下:

For	the	e j
paid	d/pa	aya
the	aud	dit

服務類別	Types of services	千港元 HK\$'000
審核服務	Audit services	1,000
總計	Total	1,000

董事編製財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等有責任編製可真實及公平 地反映本集團事務狀況及業績之財務 報表。截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團錄得綜合淨盈利約 1.404.000港元。

本公司核數師就其對財務報表之報告責 任聲明載於本週年報告第53至第61頁之 「獨立核數師報告」內。

The statement of the auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 53 to 61 of this annual report.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY SUMMARY

The Company has adopted the Board Diversity Policy. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity of its Board members. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy and competence, and the candidates will be considered against certain objective criteria such as gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional qualifications, areas of experience, skills, knowledge and length of services, etc. The ultimate decision will be based on merits and contributions that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

year ended 31 December 2022, the total remunerations able by the Company to its external auditors in respect of services and non-audit services are as follows:

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs and results. The Group recorded a consolidated net profit of approximately HK\$1,404,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

公司秘書

自二零一五年八月二十日起,樊國民先 生獲委任為公司秘書。樊先生持有香港 中文大學頒授之工商管理學士學位,並 主修保險財務與精算學,彼亦為香港會 計師公會會員,具備逾十年審計、會 計、財務管理及企業融資經驗。

根據上市規則第3.29條, 樊先生於截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度內已參 與不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會

根據公司細則第58條,於提出開會要求 當日持有有權在本公司股東大會投票之 本公司實繳股本不少於10%之股東,有權 隨時向董事會或本公司秘書發出書面要 求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會以處 理書面要求內指定之任何事務,而該會 議須於有關要求發出至本公司之註冊辦 事處後兩個月內舉行。如董事會未能於 接獲有關要求後二十一日內召開會議, 發出要求者本身可按照百慕達一九八一 年公司法(「公司法」)第74(3)條之規定召開 會議。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Since 20 August 2015, Mr. Fan Kwok Man, Raymond has been appointed as the Company Secretary. Mr. Fan holds a Bachelor of Business Administration in Insurance, Financial and Actuarial Analysis from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and he is member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 10 years of experience in auditing, accounting, financial management and corporate finance.

According to Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Fan has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the vear ended 31 December 2022.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convention of Special General meeting

Pursuant to Bye-law 58 of the Bye-laws, Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than 10% of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition to the Company's registered office. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (the "Companies Act").

股東權利(續)

於股東大會上提呈議案

根據公司法第79及80條之規定,登記 股東有權於股東大會上提呈議案倘若彼 套:

[a] 於提出要求當日佔本公司總投票權 不少於5%; 或

為不少於100位的登記股東。 (b)

有關登記股東須簽妥載有該動議的書面 要求,連同不多於1,000字關於該動議所 述事官或將予處理的業務之陳述送交本 公司註冊辦事處。本公司於接獲有效之 書面要求後,將採取適當行動並作出所 需安排,有關股東須根據公司法第79及 80條支付進行該等行動及安排所產生之 開支。

股東查詢

董事會歡迎股東就本集團之管理及企業 管治提出意見、杳詢及關注事項。股東 可隨時透過電郵(info@remt.com.hk)、傳 真([852] 2802 2697) 或郵遞方式發送彼等 之書面杳詢及/或關注事項至本公司之 主要辦事處跟進。

有關股權杳詢方面,股東可聯絡本公司 之香港股份過戶登記分處及轉讓登記處 卓佳秘書商務有限公司,地址為香港夏 慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

憲章文件

本公司之組織章程大綱及公司細則已於 二零一八年六月十三日在本公司及香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)網頁更 新,該憲章文件於年內並無其他更改。

Putting Forward Proposals at General meetings by Shareholders

Pursuant to Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act, registered Shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal at a general meeting if they: (a) represent not less than 5% of the total voting rights of the Company at the date of the deposit of the requisition; or

Enquiries from Shareholders

For shareholding enquiries, Shareholders may contact the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

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SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

(b) are not less than 100 registered Shareholders.

The written requisition stating the resolution(s) should be duly signed by the registered Shareholder(s) concerned, accompanied by a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with must be deposited at the Company's registered office. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements. The Shareholder(s) concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act once valid documents are received.

The Board welcomes views, enquires and concerns in relation to the management and corporate governance of the Group from Shareholders. Shareholders may at any time send their enquires and/or concerns to the Board in writing by email (info@remt.com. hk), by fax ((852) 2802 2697) or by mail to the principal place of business of the Company for follow up.

The Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws of the Company was updated on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("Stock Exchange") on 13 June 2018 and there is no other change in such constitutional document during

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責維持本集團之風險管理 及內部監控。內部監控系統是為管理及 減低未能履行經營目標之風險,並對重 大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理保證。

於回顧年內,董事會曾就本集團之內部 監控系統之有效性進行檢討。檢討範圍 或涵蓋風險管理功能、財務、營運及合 規之監控、本公司在會計及財務匯報職 能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及 彼等所接受之培訓課程及預算是否充足 等。

本公司已制訂內幕消息政策以就處理內 幕消息提供指引。本公司定期提醒董事 及僱員務須遵守本公司就內幕消息所採 納的所有政策,包括就買賣本公司證券 而遵守上市規則附錄10所載之標準守 則∘

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibilities for risk management and internal control of the Group. The system of internal control is designed to manage and mitigate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives with reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the year under review, the Board has conducted review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group. The scope of review would cover risk management functions, financial, operational and compliance controls, the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget, etc..

The Company have formulated an inside information policy providing guideline on handling inside information. The Company regularly reminds the directors and employees about compliance with all policies adopted by the Company regarding inside information including the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules in relation to dealings in securities of the Company.

投資者關係

抸	貨有關係	INV	ESTUR
	集團致力加強與投資者之關係,增加 集團於投資界的透明度。		Group easing
本	公司透過以下方式向投資者發放有關 集團之最新發展動向及消息,以及促 本公司與股東之間的互相溝通:	inve Gro	follow estors i up and npany a
(a)	定期向股東寄發本公司之中期報 告、週年報告及股東通函等企業通 訊文件,並上載該等文件至本公司 及聯交所網頁;	(a)	Maili inter Share websi
(b)	透過本公司及聯交所網頁刊發公 佈:	(b)	Publi Comp
(c)	在本公司網頁提供有關本公司企業 及產品之資訊;	(c)	Makir inforr
(d)	舉辦股東大會以便股東與本公司管 理層可直接交換意見;及	(d)	Orgar views Comp
(e)	鼓勵投資者透過本公司之網頁與本 公司不時進行通訊。	(e)	Enco throu
行. 納!	本公司於二零二二年六月二十七日舉 之上屆股東週年大會上,所有關於採 財務報表、重選董事、續聘核數師及 予發行及購回股份之一般授權等決議	res ele	the Co olution ction o eral ma

案均獲得通過。本公司將訂於二零二三

年六月或本公司網站及聯交所後續刊發 之進一步股東週年大會通告所訂明之任

何其他日期舉行今屆股東週年大會

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企業管治報告(續) **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)**

INVESTOR RELATIONS

ip is committed to enhance investor relationship by g its transparency to the investment community.

wing measures have been taken by the Company to keep informed of the latest developments and news of the d to facilitate a two-way communication between the and its Shareholders:

ling corporate communication documents such as rim reports, annual reports and circulars to the reholders periodically and uploading the same on the sites of the Company and the Stock Exchange;

lishing announcements through the websites of the pany and the Stock Exchange;

ing available of the Company's corporate and products mation on its website;

anizing general meetings to facilitate direct exchange of s between the Shareholders and the management of the pany; and

ouraging investors to communicate with the Company ugh the Company's website from time to time.

ompany's last AGM held on 27 June 2022, all the ns relating to the adoption of financial statements, reof Directors, reappointment of auditors and grant of general mandates to issue and repurchase shares have been duly passed. The forthcoming AGM of the Company is scheduled to be held in June 2023 or any other dates as specified in further notice of AGM meeting to be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange later.

董事及高級管理人員簡介 **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES**

執行董事

沈世捷先生,六十五歲,本集團主席兼行 **政總裁。於加入本集團之前,沈先生曾** 為可新有限公司董事總經理。可新有限 公司主要從事紡織品製造和貿易業務。 沈先生於一九八四年加入福建省紡織品 谁出口公司,出仟經理,負責紡織品的 進出口業務。沈先生畢業於消費品價格 及統計專業。直至二零二一年七月三十 一日前,沈先生亦擔任世紀陽光集團控 股有限公司(股票代號:509)之執行董 事。

池斯樂女士,三十四歲,於二零二一年八 月一日獲委任為本公司執行董事。於獲 委任前,彼為世紀陽光集團控股公司(股 票代號:509)的投資者關係部總監,負責 管理投資者關係。池女士持有香港大學 的工商管理碩士學位,以及西澳大學的 法學學士及文學學士雙學位。池女士為 香港投資者關係協會成員。池女士為世 紀陽光主席及執行董事池文富先生的女 兒。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. SHUM Sai Chit, age 65, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Shum was the Managing Director of Go Modern Limited which was principally engaged in manufacturing of textile products and trading activities. In 1984, Mr. Shum joined Fujian Textiles Import and Export Corporation as a Manager to oversee importing and exporting of textile products. Mr. Shum is a graduate of Consumer Product Pricing and Statistics. Mr. Shum was also an executive director of Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 509) until 31 July 2021.

Ms. CHI Sile, aged 34, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 August 2021. Prior to her appointment, she was the director of investor relations department of Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 509) and responsible for managing investor relations. Ms. Chi holds a MBA degree from the University of Hong Kong and a double degree of Bachelor of Laws and Bachelor of Arts from the University of Western Australia. Ms. Chi is a member of the Hong Kong Investor Relations Association. Ms. Chi is the daughter of Mr. Chi Wen Fu, the chairman and executive director of Century Sunshine.

獨立非執行董事

鄺炳文先生,五十八歲,現為澳栢企業服 務有限公司之董事。該公司從事企業諮 **詢服務。鄺先生於多間公司擔任財務總** 監接近7年。鄺先生於會計、財務及行政 方面有逾15年經驗。鄺先生亦取得香港 理工大學頒授之專業會計學碩十學位。 港會計師公會資深會員,亦為香港公司 秘書公會會士。鄺先生現時為唐宮(中國) 控股有限公司(股份代號:1181)、譽燊豐 控股有限公司(股份代號:2132)及御佳控 股有限公司(股份代號:3789)之獨立非執 行董事。自二零一七年十二月十五日至 二零二一年四月九日,彼為龍皇集團控 股有限公司(股份代號:8493)之獨立非執 行董事。

張省本先生,六十二歲,現任郭崔會計師 行高級核數經理。張先生曾任Gary W.K. Yam & Co. [CPA]之高級核數師。張先生 擁有逾40年會計及核數經驗。張先生現 時為世紀陽光集團控股有限公司(股票代 號:509)之獨立非執行董事。

林鵬軒先生,39歲,至二零二二年八月八 日前擔任東海國際金融控股有限公司之 資深合規經理,在此之前,他曾擔任中 融平和證券有限公司和中融平和財務有 限公司的合規總監,以及香港立橋證券 有限公司的合規總監。林先生在內控和 合規方面擁有超過8年的工作經驗。林先 牛先後獲得廈門大學之金融學(國際金融 方向)博十學位、韓國國際法律經營大學 院之法學碩士及華東政法大學之法學學 $\pm \circ$

April 2021.

(stock code: 509).

Mr. LIN Pengxuan, aged 39, was the senior compliance manager of Donghai International Financial Holdings Company Limited till 8 August 2022 and prior to that engagement, he has worked as the Compliance Director of Zhongrong PT Securities Limited and Zhongrong PT Finance Limited and the Chief Compliance Officer of Well Link Securities Limited. Mr. Lin has over eight years of working experience in internal control and compliance. Mr. Lin has obtained a Ph.D. in International Finance of Applied Economics from Xiamen University, the Master of Laws from Translational Law and Business University and the Bachelor of Laws from East China University of Politics and Law.

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董事及高級管理人員簡介(續) **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES (CONTINUED)**

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. KWONG Ping Man, age 58, is a director of O'Park Corporate Services Limited which provides corporate advisory services. Mr. Kwong had served as the chief financial officer of various companies for almost seven years. Mr. Kwong has over 15 years of experience in accounting, finance and administration. He obtained a master's degree in Professional Accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a member of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants, fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries. Mr. Kwong is currently an independent non-executive director of Tang Palace (China) Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1181), Landrick Holding Limited (Stock Code: 2132) and Royal Deluxe Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3789). He was an independent non-executive director of Dragon King Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8493) from 15 December 2017 to 9

Mr. CHEUNG Sound Poon, age 62, is currently a senior audit manager at Chui & Kwok (CPA). He was an audit senior at Gary W. K. Yam & Co. (CPA). Mr. Cheung has over 40 years of experience in accounting and auditing. He is currently an independent nonexecutive director of Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited

董事及高級管理人員簡介(續) **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES (CONTINUED)**

高級管理人員

魯天元先生,五十八歲,專青本集團企業 事務管理,魯先生畢業於漢語言文學專 業,經濟師。彼於企業事務管理方面擁 有逾15年相關經驗,加入本集團前,曾 於某鐵合金大型企業工作逾25年。於二 零一五年加入本集團。

朱新龍先生,四十六歲,負責本集團鎂產 品生產經營和產品研發。朱先生在金屬 镁行業具有超過20年實踐經驗,擅長於 金屬鎂和鎂合金生產工藝和組織管理, 長期服務於金屬鎂和鎂合金的中國企 業。於二零一九年加入本集團。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. LU Tianyuan, age 58, is responsible for the corporate affairs management of the Group. Mr. Lu is a graduate of Chinese Language and Literature and is an economist. He has over 15 years of relevant experience in corporate affairs management. Prior to joining the Group, he has worked in a large alloy enterprise for over 25 years. He joined the Group in 2015.

Mr. ZHU Xinlong, age 46, is responsible for production, operation, and research and development of the products. Mr. Zhu has more than 20 years of experience in magnesium industry, specializing in the production process and organization management of magnesium and magnesium alloys. He has long served in magnesium and magnesium alloys enterprises in China. He joined the Group in 2019.

董事會呈報截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度之報告及經審核財務報表。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司為投資控股公司,其主要附屬公 司之業務載列於財務報表附註1。

根據香港公司條例附表5規定,就該等業 務之進一步討論及分析(包括本集團面對 之主要風險及不確定性之描述及本集團 業務可能之未來發展跡象)載於本年報第 12頁至第25頁之「管理層討論及分析」。該 討論構成本「董事會報告」之一部分。

環境政策及表現

本集團確認環境保護對本集團之長期發 展至關重要。為將對環境影響降至最 低,本集團將持續不時審閱及改進管理 常規之實效。「環境、社會及管治報告| 將於二零二三年四月二十八日或之前發 佈。詳情請參閱本公司網站。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度之盈利,及本集團於該日之財務 狀況載列於第62頁至第65頁之財務報 表。

本公司於回顧年度內並無派發中期股 息。董事會不建議向股東派發截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股 息。本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一 日止之保留溢利約為362.694.000港元。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries is set out in note 1 to the financial statements, respectively.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 12 to 25 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this directors' report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

No interim dividend was paid by the Company during the year under review. No payment of final dividend to Shareholders is recommended for the year ended 31 December 2022. The retained earnings of the Group as at 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$362.694.000.

董事會報告 **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The Board presents their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group recognises environmental protection is of vital importance to the long-term development of the Group. In order to minimise the environmental impact, the Group will continue to review and improve the effectiveness of its management practices from time to time. "Environmental. Social and Governance Report" will be published on or before 28 April 2023. For details, please refer to the Company's website.

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 62 to 65.

董事會報告(續) **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度:

- (i) 本集團之最大客戶及前五大客戶 分別佔本集團總收入之22.7%及 48.9% •
- (ii) 本集團之最大供應商及前五大供應 商分別佔本集團總採購額之19.8%及 53.0%(並不包括資本性質之採購項 日)。

據董事會所了解,本公司之董事、其聯 繫人士及任何擁有本公司股本超過5%之 股東並無持有前五大客戶及前五大供應 商之任何權益。

財務資料摘要

摘錄自經審核之財務報表,有關過去五 個財政年度公佈之業績及資產、負債、 及非控制性權益的摘要載列於第183至 184頁。該摘要並不構成經審核財務報表 的一部分。

股本

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除財務報表附註30所披露外,本公司股 本於年內概無變動。

可供分派儲備

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公 司可供分派儲備(根據百慕達一九八一 年公司法(經修訂)(「公司法」)計算)為 669.253.000港元。根據公司法,本公司 的實繳盈餘亦可供分派予股東。如會導 致本公司無法償還到期負債或其資產的 可變現價值因此低於其負債,則不會以 實繳盈餘派付股息或作出分派。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

- (i) The Group's largest customer and the five largest customers accounted for 22.7% and 48.9% respectively of the Group's total revenue
- (ii) The Group's largest supplier and the five largest suppliers accounted for 19.8% and 53.0% respectively of the Group's total purchases (not including purchases of items which are of capital in nature).

According to the understanding of the Board, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders who owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital had any interest in the five largest customers or the five largest suppliers.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities, and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and restated as appropriate, is set out on pages 183 to 184. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Except as disclosed in the note 30 to the financial statements. there were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) ("Companies Act") amounted to HK\$669,253,000. Under the Companies Act, the Company's contributed surplus is also available for distribution to the Shareholders. No dividend shall be paid or distribution made out of contributed surplus if to do so would render the Company unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or the realisable value of its assets would thereby become less than its liabilities.

董事及董事服務合約

於本年內及截至本報告日期止,本公司

執行董事:

沈世捷(主席兼行政總裁) 池斯樂

獨立非執行董事: 鄺炳文 張省本 林鵬軒[1] 關毅傑[2]

(1)

根據公司細則第86[2]條,林鵬軒先生之 任期將直至本公司應屆股東週年大會為 止,並符合資格於股東週年大會上膺選 連任。

根據公司細則第87條,沈世捷先生及鄺 炳文先生將於股東週年大會上退任,惟 彼均符合資格並願意膺選連任。

獲建議於股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事概無與本集團訂立本集團不可於一年 內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務 合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已經收到其獨立非執行董事,即 鄺炳文先生、張省本先生及林鵬軒先生 根據上市規則第3.13條就確認彼等之獨立 性而個別發出的年度確認函。

因此,本公司認為各獨立非執行董事均 為獨立人士。

Accordingly, the Company considers all the Independent Nonexecutive Directors are independent.

Chi Sile

Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon Lin Pengxuan^[1] Kwan Ngai Kit^[2]

於二零二二年九月二十日獲委任 於二零二二年六月二十七日退任

董事會報告(續) **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors:

Shum Sai Chit (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

appointed on 20 September 2022 retired on 27 June 2022

Pursuant to Bye-law 86(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Lin Pengxuan will hold office until the forthcoming AGM of the Company and being eligible for re-election at the AGM.

Pursuant to Bye-law 87 of the Bye-laws, Mr. Shum Sai Chit and Mr. Kwong Ping Man will retire by rotation and, being eligible. offer himself for re-election at the AGM

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its Independent Nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Ping Man, Mr. Cheung Sound Poon and Mr. Lin Pengxuan, an annual confirmation confirming their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

董事擁有之證券權益

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據本 公司按證券及期貨條例第352條而存置 之登記冊所記載,或根據上市規則附錄 10所載之標準守則向本公司及聯交所所 申報,各董事及彼等之聯繫人士於本公 司及其聯繫公司(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)擁有之股份 及相關股份之權益如下:

於本公司股份、相關股份及債券之 權益

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

At 31 December 2022, the interests of the Directors and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

Interests in the Shares, underlying shares and debenture of the Company

董事	Number of 個人權益		視為擁有權益之 [:] es interested or 持有 購股權數目	普通股數目 deemed to be inter 公司權益	ested 總額	佔本公司 已發行股本 之權益概約 百分比 Approximate percentage of
Director	Personal interests	Family interests	Number of options held	Corporate interests	Total	interests in the issued share capital of the Company
好倉 Long position						
沈世捷 Shum Sai Chit	-	-	1,500,000	-	-	0.38%
鄺炳文	-	-	250,000	-	-	0.06%
Kwong Ping Man 張省本 Cheung Sound Poon	-	-	250,000	-	-	0.06%
淡倉 Short position						

於相聯法團股份之權益(好倉) 董事姓名 相聯法團名稱 Names of Directors Name of associated corporation 沈世捷 世紀陽光集團控股有限公司(「世紀陽光」) Shum Sai Chit Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited ("Century Sunshine") 池斯樂 世紀陽光 Chi Sile Century Sunshine 張省本 世紀陽光

Century Sunshine

董事擁有之證券權益(續)

Cheung Sound Poon

無 Nil

董事會報告(續) REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

Interests in the shares of associated corporations (long position)

擁有權 Number o				
個人權益	家族權益	所持 購股權數目	總額	佔相聯法團 已發行之 股本之 百分比
Personal interests	Family interests	Number of options held	Total	% of issued share capital of associated corporation
14,666,305	-	20,000,000	34,666,305	0.76%
36,736,742	-	-	36,736,842	0.80%
-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	0.11%

董事擁有之證券權益(續)

於相聯法團股份之權益(好倉)(續)

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二 月三十一日,各董事或彼等之聯繫人士 概無在本公司或其任何聯繫公司(定義見 證券及期貨條例)之股份及相關股份中擁 有任何權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

為吸引及挽留最優秀僱員以支持本集團 之業務發展,並向獲選之合資格參與者 提供額外激勵或獎勵,本公司於二零一 七年十二月四日採納購股權計劃(「該計 劃」)。合資格參與者主要包括為本集團(「該計 劃」)。合資格參與者主要包括為本集團作 出貢獻之本集團顧問或諮詢人士、分銷 商、承包商、供應商、服務供應商美 。 家戶及業務夥伴。除非另行註銷 調 起計10年。該計劃之剩餘年期約為5年(於 二零二七年十二月四日屆滿)。

Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

Interests in the shares of associated corporations (long position) (continued)

Save as disclosed above, at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors or their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

In order to attract and retain the best quality employees for the development of the Group's businesses and to provide additional incentives or rewards to selected qualifying participants, the Company adopted a share option scheme on 4 December 2017 (the "Scheme"). The qualifying participants mainly include employees and directors of the Group and any substantial shareholders, and the consultants or adviser, distributors, contractors, suppliers, service providers, agent, customer and business partner of the Group who have contribution to the Group. The Scheme, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years since its establishing date. The remaining life of the Scheme is approximately 5 years (expiry on 4 December 2027).

購股權計劃(續)

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,該計劃 項下可認購總數17,170,000股股份之購股 權(「購股權」)尚未行使。

		於 二零二二年 一月一日 持有 Held at 1 January 2022	年內 授出之 購股權 Options granted during the year	年內 行使之 購股權 Options exercised during the year	年內 註銷之 購股權 Options cancelled during the year	年內 失效足 購股權 Options lapsed during the year	於 二零二二年 十二月 三十一日 持有 Held at 31 December 2022	行使價 (附註) Exercise price [note] 港元 HK\$
(A)	僱員 Employees	8,170,000 7,000,000	-	-	-	-	8,170,000 7,000,000	8 6
(B)	董事 Directors 沈世捷 Shum Sai Chit	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	8
	鄺炳文 Kwong Ping Man	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000	8
	張省本 Cheung Sound Poon	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000	8
	關毅傑# Kwan Ngai Kit [#]	250,000	-	-	-	(250,000)	-	8
		10,420,000 7,000,000	-	-	-	(250,000) -	10,170,000 7,000,000	8 6
		17,420,000	-	-	-	(250,000)	17,170,000	-
			# sotis	d op 27 June 201	20			

於二零二二年六月二十七日退任

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董事會報告(續) REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2022, options to subscribe for a total of 17,170,000 Shares were outstanding under the Scheme (the "Options").

retired on 27 June 2022

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷 詳情載於年報第40至第42頁。

除已於「董事擁有之證券權益|披露外,本 公司或其任何控股公司、附屬公司及同 系附屬公司於年內仟何時間概無作出仟 何安排,致令董事可藉購入本公司或其 他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

董事酬金

董事之酬金乃由股東於股東大會批准。 其他酬金由本公司參照董事的職責,責 任及表現,以及本集團的業績由董事會 釐定。

獲准許之彌償條文

就董事之責任之獲准許之彌償條文(根據 香港公司條例定義)於截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度內生效。

董事於交易、安排或合約之權 益

於年內,概無董事或董事之有關連實體 於任何本集團有關業務之重要交易、安 排或合約(其中本公司之任何控股公司、 附屬公司或同系附屬公司為簽約方)直接 或間接地擁有重大利益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上 市證券

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 40 to 42 of the annual report.

DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in "Directors' interests in securities", at no time during the year was the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

During the year ended 31 December 2022, a permitted indemnity provision as defined in the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance was in force for an indemnity against liability incurred by the Directors.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR **CONTRACTS**

No Directors nor a connected entity of Directors had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which any of the Company's holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

主要股東

除上文披露有關若干董事之權益外,於 二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據本公 司按證券及期貨條例第336條而存置之主 要股東名冊所記載,下列股東曾知會本 公司擁有本公司已發行股本中的權益和 淡倉:

of the Company:

股東名稱

Name of Shareholder

Ming Xin Developments Limited(附註1) (note 1) New Bright Group Limited(附註2) [note 2] 世紀陽光集團控股有限公司(附註3) Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited (note 3) 池文富(附註4) Chi Wen Fu (note 4) Thoughtful Limited(附註5)(note 5) So Kit Yee Anita(附註5)[note 5] Chan King Wai Leonard(附註5)(note 5)

附註:		Notes:	
[1]	237,435,871股由Ming Xin Developments Limited實益 擁有。	[1]	237,43
[2]	Ming Xin Developments Limited為New Bright Group Limited之全資附屬公司。故此,就證券及期貨條例 而言, New Bright Group Limited被視為擁有Ming Xin Developments Limited擁有權益之全部股份之權 益。	(2)	Ming > Limite shares
[3]	New Bright Group Limited為世紀陽光之全資附屬公司。故此,就證券及期貨條例而言,世紀陽光被視為擁有Ming Xin Developments Limited擁有權益之全部股份之權益。	[3]	New E such, (Develo
[4]	池文富先生在世紀陽光(Ming Xin Developments Limited之最終控股公司)股東大會上控制三分之一 或以上表決權。故此,就證券及期貨條例而言,池 文富先生被視為擁有Ming Xin Developments Limited 擁有權益之全部股份之權益。	[4]	Mr. Cl genera Develo shares
(5)	根據本公司與其方案債權人之間的安排,公司於 二零二二年八月五日將65,843,900股已發行普通股 轉移給方案公司(即Thoughtful Limited)。蘇潔儀女 士和陳景偉先生是方案的聯合管理員。Thoughtful Limited根據方案條款在二零二二年八月五日至十二 月三十一日期間處置了4,350,000普通股。	(5)	Accord credito compa King W Limited 31 Dec

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董事會報告(續) **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At 31 December 2022, the register of substantial shareholders kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain Directors, the following Shareholder had notified the Company of relevant interests and short positions in the issued share capital

佔已發行股本 之百分比 % of issued share capital	所持普通股 股份數目 Number of ordinary shares held
60.10	237,435,871 (L) 237,435,871 (L) 237,435,871 (L)
60.10	237,435,871 (L)
	61,493,900 (L) 61,493,900 (L) 61,493,900 (L)

35,871 shares are beneficially owned by Ming Xin Developments Limited.

Xin Developments Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Bright Group ted. As such, New Bright Group Limited is deemed to be interested in all the es in which Ming Xin Developments is interested by virtue of the SFO.

Bright Group Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Century Sunshine. As , Century Sunshine is deemed to be interested in all the shares in which Ming Xin lopments is interested by virtue of the SFO.

Chi Wen Fu controls more than one-third or more of the voting power at ral meetings of Century Sunshine (the ultimate holding company of Ming Xin lopments Limited). As such, Mr. Chi Wen Fu is deemed to be interested in all the es in which Ming Xin Developments Limited is interested by virtue of the SFO.

rding to the Scheme of Arrangement between the Company and its scheme itors, the Company transferred 65,843,900 issued ordinary shares to the scheme pany (i.e. Thoughtful Limited) on 5 August 2022. Ms. So Kit Yee Anita and Mr. Chan Wai Leonard are the joint and several administrators of the scheme. Thoughtful ted has disposed 4,350,000 ordinary shares for the period from 5 August 2022 to ecember 2022 pursuant to the terms of the Scheme.

主要股東(續)

除上文所披露外,於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,本公司概無接獲任何人十知 會於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例須向本公司披露之權益 或淡倉。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法例並無任何優先購 買權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東發售新股。

關連交易

本年度及去年度並沒有仟何關連交易, 惟於財務報表附註37所披露除外。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司以公開途徑取得的資料及據 董事所知,於本報告付印前之最後實際 可行日期,本公司一直維持上市規則所 訂明的公眾持股量。

核數師

本公司於過去三年內並無更換其他核數 師。國衛會計師事務所有限公司即將任 滿告退,本公司將於其應屆股東週年大 會上提呈一項決議案,續聘國衛會計師 事務所有限公司為本公司之核數師。

承董事會命

沈世捷先生 <i>主席</i>	Mr. Shum Sai Chit Chairman
香港	Hong Kong
二零二三年三月二十四日	24 March 2023

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Company had not been notified by any persons who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the SFO.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Byelaws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

CONNECTED TRANSACTION

Other than those disclosed in Note 37 to the financial statements. there was no connected transaction during the year and in prior period.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, as at the latest practical date prior to the printing of this report.

AUDITORS

There has been no other change in the auditors of the Company during the past three years. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited will retire and the Company will propose a resolution at its forthcoming AGM to reappoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company.

By order of the Board

威 衛會計師事務所有限公司 HLB HODGSON IMPEY CHENG LIMITED

稀镁科技集團控股有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

To the Shareholders of Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited *(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)*

意見

我們已審核第62至182頁的稀鎂科技集團 控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財 務狀況表、截至該日期止年度的綜合損 益表、综合其他全面收入表、综合權益 變動表及綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務 報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實 公允地反映 貴集團於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及截至該日 期止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流 量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定 妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 核數準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審核。 我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報 告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之 青任|一節作進一步闡述。根據香港會計 師公會頒佈的專業會計師道德守則(「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守 則中其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所 獲得的審核證據充分而適當地為我們的 審核意見提供基礎

OPINION

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告 **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

31/F. Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

香港 中環 畢打街11號 置地廣場 告羅士打大廈31樓

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 62 to 182, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷, 認為對本期間綜合財務報表的審核至關 重要的事項。這些事項在我們審核整體 综合財務報表及出具意見時處理。我們 不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

信貸虧損」)撥備		
請參閲綜合財務報表附註 3及附註20。	我們就應收貿易賬款預期信 貸虧損撥備而進行的審核程 序包括但不限於:	Refer to Note consolidated fir
於二零二二年十二月三十 一日, 貴集團的應收貿 易賬款約為154,881,000港 元。預期信貸虧損撥備約 為153,383,000港元。	 了解並評估 貴集團 為管理及監控其信貸 風險而實施的主要監 控措施; 	As at 31 Dece had trade rece HK\$154,881,00 were approxim
管理層在評估預期信貸虧 損時已運用判斷。倘已知 客戶有財務困難或嚴重懷	 透過檢查相關銷售發 票,抽樣測試應收賬 款賬齡的準確性; 	Management in assessing relating to cu

應收貿易賬款預期信貸虧損(「預期

疑能否收回應收款項,則		
會個別評估相關應收款項		
的減值撥備。預期信貸虧	•	對照銀行收據,抽樣
損亦根據不同客戶的信貸		測試應收賬款的後續
狀況、應收貿易賬款的賬		償付狀況;及
齡、過往償付記錄、後續		
償付狀況、未償還結餘的		
預期變現時間及金額等資		
料以及與相關客戶的持續	•	評估 貴公司的預期
貿易關係,按應收貿易賬		信貸虧損撥備方法是
款的可收回性及預期信貸		否恰當,抽樣檢查關
虧損撥備的充足程度作出		鍵輸入數據以評估其
估計。管理層亦已考慮可		準確性及完備性,並
能影響客戶償還未償還結		對用於釐定預期信貸
餘能力的前瞻性資料,以		虧損的假設(包括過往
估計預期信貸虧損。		及前瞻性資料)提出質
		疑。

我們專注於這個範疇,是	綜上所述,我們發現管理層
由於在預期信貸虧損模型	就應收貿易賬款的預期信貸
下的應收貿易賬款預期信	虧損撥備所作的估計及判斷
貸虧損撥備涉及重大的管	可由可得證據支持。
理層判斷及估計。	

獨立核數師報告(續) **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

Allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on trade receivables

inancial statements.

cember 2022, the Group eivables of approximately 00. The allowance for ECL nately HK\$153,383,000.

nt applied judgement the ECL Receivables customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. ECL are also estimated by recoverability of the trade receivables and the sufficiency of allowance for ECL based on information including credit profile of different customers, aging of the trade receivables, historical settlement records, subsequent settlement status, expected timing and amount of realisation of outstanding balances, and on-going trading relationships with the relevant customers. Management also considered forwardlooking information that may impact the customers' ability to repay the outstanding balances in order to estimate the ECL.

of significant management judgements and estimates.

te 3 and Note 20 to the Our audit procedures in relation to management's assessment on allowance for ECL on trade receivables included but not limited to:

- Obtaining an understanding and evaluating the key controls that the Group has implemented to manage and monitor its credit risk:
- Tested on a sample basis, the accuracy of ageing profile of trade receivables by checking to the underlying sales invoices;
- Tested on a sample basis, the ٠ subsequent settlement of trade receivables against bank receipts; and
- Assessing the appropriateness of the ECL provisioning methodology of the Company, examining the key data inputs on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and completeness, and challenging the assumptions, including both historical and forward-looking information, used to determine the ECL.

We focused on this area due to the Based upon the above, we found that allowance for ECL of trade receivables the estimation and judgement made under the ECL model involved the use by management in respect of the allowance for ECL on trade receivables were supportable by the available evidence.

獨立核數師報告(續) **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產、 無形資產及採礦權的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註 3及附註18。	我們就管理層的減值評估進 行的審核程序包括但不限 於:
於二零二二年十二月三十 一日,物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產、無形資 約為1,337,361,000港元、 40,629,000港元、20,939,000 港元及46,545,000港元。 已分別就物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產、無形資 及採礦權確認減值虧損約 58,631,000港元、1,957,000 港元、942,000港元及零港 元。	 評價獨立估值師的勝任度、能力及客觀性; 了解 貴集團的減值 測試值模型、使用的括乎產生單位分配及使用的假設; 評估用於計算可收回金額的模型是否恰當;
	 透過考慮過往業績、 經批准財務預算、管 理層的業務計劃、可 用的行業及市場數 據,評估預算收入及 毛利率是否合理;
	 透過比較過往財務預 算與實際業績,評估 管理層所編製財務預 算的過往準確性;及
	 聘請我們的估值專家 評估所用貼現率及終 端增長率是否恰當。

我們發現,管理層的判斷及 假設可由可得證據支持。

Impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights

Refer to Note 3 and Note 18 to the Our audit procedures in relation consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights were approximately HK\$1,337,361,000, • Understanding the Group's HK\$40,629,000, HK\$20,939,000 and HK\$46,545,000 respectively. Impairment losses of approximately HK\$58,631,000, HK\$1,957,000, HK\$942,000 and HK\$nil had been recognised in respect of property, plant • and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights respectively.

to management's impairment assessment included but not limited to:

- Evaluating the independent valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity;
- impairment testing process. including the valuation model adopted, CGUs allocation and assumptions used:
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the model used to calculate the recoverable amount:
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the budgeted revenue and gross profit margin by considering the historical performance, approved financial budgets, the management's business plan, the available industry and market data;
- Evaluating the historical accuracy of the financial budgets prepared by the management by comparing the historical financial budgets with the actual performance; and
- Engaging our valuation expert to evaluate the appropriateness of the discount rates and terminal growth rates used.

We found that the management judgement and assumptions were supportable by the available evidence.

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產、 無形資產及採礦權的減值評估(續)

根據附註3所述的會計政 策,倘任何事件或情況變 動顯示資產的賬面值可能不 能收回,則 貴集團須對物 業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、無形資產及採礦權進行 減值評估。 貴集團的現金 產生單位(「現金產生單位」) 按資產的公允值減銷售成本 及其使用價值(以較高者為 準) 釐定, 並使用貼現現金 流量預測。我們專注於這個 範疇,是由於物業、廠房及 設備、使用權資產、無形資 產及採礦權的金額龐大,而 減值評估的過程涉及重大的 管理層判斷及估計,包括選 取恰當的比較數據及假設 例如現金流量預測中的貼現 率及未來收入等。 貴集團 已聘請外聘估值師協助評估 現金產生單位可收回金額。

amount of the CGUs

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獨立核數師報告(續) **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

Impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights (continued)

The Group is required to perform impairment assessment on property. plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 3. The recoverable amounts of the Group's cash generating unit ("CGUs") was determined based on the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to disposal and its value-in-use using discounted cash flow projection. We focused on this area because the amounts of property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights were significant and the impairment assessment process involved significant management's judgements and estimates including the selection of appropriate comparables and assumptions such as discount rate and future revenue in the cash flow projection. The Group engaged an external valuer to assist the assessment for the recoverable

獨立核數師報告(續) INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於年報內的全部資料,惟不 包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告 (「其他資料」)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

就我們對綜合財務報表的審核而言,我 們的責任是閱讀其他資料,並在此過程 中考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或 我們在審核過程中所了解的情況存在重 大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情 況。基於我們已執行的工作,若我們認 為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們須 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何 報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔之責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定編製作出真實而公平反映的綜合財 務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報 表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報 表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大 錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情 況下披露與持續經營有關之事項,以及 使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有 意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其 他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助監督 貴集團之財務報告 過程之責任。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon ("Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須 承擔之責任

在根據香港核數準則進行審核的過程 中,我們運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑 態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險、設計及執行審核程序以應對 該等風險,以及獲取充分適當的審 核憑許可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意 遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕內部監控的 情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致 的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發 現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設 計適當的審核程序,惟並非旨在 對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表 意見。
- 評估董事所採用的會計政策是否恰 Ev 當以及作出的會計估計及相關披露 an 是否合理。 dis

Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited Annual Report 2022

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AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

獨立核數師報告(續) **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎是否 恰當作出結論,並根據獲取的審核 憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況 有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導 致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生 重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大不 確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中 提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的 相關披露。倘有關披露不足,則修 訂我們的意見。我們的結論乃基於 截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審 核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可 能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方 式、結構及內容,包括披露資料, 以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相 關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財 務資料獲取充分適當的審核憑證 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。 我們負責集團審核的方向、監督及 執行。我們為審核意見承擔全部責 仟。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的 計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現溝 通,該等發現包括我們在審核過程中識 別的內部監控的任何重大缺失。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,指出我 們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求, 並與彼等溝通可能合理認為會影響我們 獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及為 消除威脅而採取的行動或應用的防範措 施(如適用)。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the • going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a aoina concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們釐 定對本期間綜合財務報表的審核至關重 要的事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我 們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非 法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項, 或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期在 我們的報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後 果超出產生的公眾利益,則我們決定不 應在報告中傳達該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事 是郭梓俊。

郭梓俊

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 **HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited** Certified Public Accountants 執業會計師 Kwok Tsz Chun 執業證書編號: P06901 Practising Certificate Number: P06901 香港,二零二三年三月二十四日 Hong Kong, 24 March 2023

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獨立核數師報告(續) **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

From the matters communicated with Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Kwok Tsz Chun.

綜合損益及其他全面收入表 **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

		附註 Notes	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ ′000
收入 銷售成本	Revenue Cost of sales	6	383,899 (337,285)	416,060 (347,285)
毛利 其他收益或虧損,淨額 債務重組收益 銷售及分銷支出 行政支出 貿易應收賬款、按金及 其他應收款項預期信貸 虧損撥備淨額 就物業、廠房及設備確認 之減值虧損	Gross profit Other gains or losses, net Gain on debt restructuring Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables, deposits and other receivables Impairment loss recognised on property, plant and equipment	6 6 18	46,614 7,575 267,382 (3,073) (126,222) (104,191) (58,631)	68,775 14,712 - (4,381) (99,610) (53,243) (175,657)
就使用權資產確認的減值虧損 無形資產減值	Impairment loss recognised on right-of-use assets Impairment loss recognised on	18	(1,957)	(5,182)
財務費用	intangible assets Finance costs	18 8	(942) (20,923)	(2,738) (69,401)
税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税支出	PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX Income tax expense	7 11	5,632 (4,228)	(326,725) (5,158)
年度溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(Loss) for the year		1,404	(331,883)
其他全面(支出)/收入 後續期間重新分類至損益的 其他全面(支出)/收入: 換算海外業務之匯兑差額	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSE)/ INCOME Other comprehensive (expense)/ income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(160,593)	66,671
年度其他全面(支出)/收入, 扣除所得税	Other comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year, net of income tax		(160,593)	66,671

	附註 Notes	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
年度全面支出總額	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	(159,189)	(265,212)
下列人士應佔年度溢利/ (虧損): 本公司擁有人	Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	1,404	(331,883)
下列人士應佔年內全面 支出總額: 本公司擁有人	Total comprehensive expenses for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	(159,189)	(265,212)
			(經重列) (Restated)
每股盈利/(虧損) : -基本及攤薄	Earnings/(loss) per share: – basic and diluted 13	0.39港仙 HK\$0.39 cent	(1.01港元) (HK\$1.01)
隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表 分。	長之組成部 The accompanying notes for consolidated financial statemer	0	part of these

綜合損益及其他全面收入表(續) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

綜合財務狀況表 **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

		附註 Notes	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 無形資產 採礦權	NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Mining rights	14 15 16 17	1,337,361 40,629 20,939 46,545	1,626,848 47,994 25,406 50,222
非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets		1,445,474	1,750,470
流動資產 存貨 應收貿易賬款及應收票據 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 應收税款 已抵押銀行存款 現金及現金等值項目	CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Trade and bills receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Tax recoverable Pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	19 20 21 22 22	192,274 1,498 190,514 5,117 9,698 28,599	215,410 149,504 209,667 - 10,490 25,078
流動資產總額	Total current assets		427,700	610,149
流動負債 應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項及應計費用 合約負債 借款 應付税款 應付一名股東款項	CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Other payables and accruals Contract liabilities Borrowings Tax payable Amount due to a shareholder	23 24 24 25 26	17,449 23,244 14,598 114,592 – 2,871	13,364 134,351 26,321 876,043 3,627 39,958
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities		172,754	1,093,664
流動資產/(負債)淨額	NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITI	ES)	254,946	(483,515)
資產總額減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,700,420	1,266,955

		附註 Notes	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
非流動負債 遞延收入 借款 可換股債券 遞延税項負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred revenue Borrowings Convertible bonds Deferred tax liabilities	27 25 28 29	69,354 205,512 320,048 9,554	75,018 - - 2,995
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities		604,468	78,013
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		1,095,952	1,188,942
權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 已發行股本 儲備	EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company Issued capital Reserves	30 32	3,950 1,092,002	658,439 530,503
權益總額	TOTAL EQUITY		1,095,952	1,188,942
於第62至第182頁之綜合財務 二三年三月二十四日經董事 權刊印,並由下列董事代表簽	會審批及授 approved and authoris	sed for issu	ied by the board	

沈世捷先生 Mr. Shum Sai Chit <i>董事</i> <i>Director</i>	
隨附之附註為本綜合財務報表之組成部 分。	ζ

綜合財務狀況表(續) **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

池斯樂女士 Ms. Chi Sile 董事 Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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綜合權益變動表 **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

Bare Date Chartelia Caser Statuy Marge Charteria Advance Rest Accord Stratus			已發行 股本	股份 溢價賬	繳入盈餘	資本贖回 儲備 (附註(ii)) Capital	可換股 債券權益 儲備	購股權 儲備	法定儲備 (附註(iii))	合併儲備 (附註(iv))	其他儲備	匯兑波動 儲備	保留盈利	總額
HEAD Loss for loyer Image: state of lower Image: state of low			capital 千港元	premium account 千港元	surplus 千港元	redemption reserve (note (ii)) 千港元	bonds equity reserve 千港元	option reserve 千港元	reserve (note (iii)) 千港元	reserve (note (iv)) 千港元	reserve 千港元	fluctuation reserve 千港元	earnings 千港元	Total 千港元 HK \$ '000
При п	年度虧損 年度其他全面收入 扣除所得税: 奐算海外業務所產生之	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax: Exchange differences arising from translations of foreign	658,439 -	1,562,634 -	21,976	419	-	28,720	115,849 _	(1,500,592) 	[44,209] -	_	(331,883)	1,451,922 (331,883) 66,671
単型 heyers/licence for heyers // new form layed												00,071		00,071
By Equity settled share based transactions -		(expense)/income for	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,671	(331,883)	(265,212)
based transactions - - - - - 2.222 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 <td></td> <td>Share option lapsed</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>[628]</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>628</td> <td>-</td>		Share option lapsed	-	-	-	-	-	[628]	-	-	-	-	628	-
韓宝 <table-cell> 韓宝 編 Transfer to reserve Fig 2: 4 Fig 2: - Fig 2:</table-cell>	设權結算股份付款之交易					_	_	1 111		-	_			2,232
十三月三十一日及 二零二十一月日 「度道利」 Profit for the yar 度度溢別 Uther comprehensive year, net of income tax. year, net of income tax. gl是為業務所產主之 面見差額 Profit for the yar expense for the year, net of income tax. year, net of income tax. glashing from translations of for tigo genations - - - - - 18,896 (1,500,572) [44,209] [20,931] 361,966 (1,44,409) 1,404 環境外電影所産主之 面見差額 Profit for the yar war net of income tax. yates arising from translations of for the year - - - - - 1,404 1 Rg全面(注)/ %L数額 Total comprehensive legensel/income for the year - - - - - - 1 1,404 1 Rt本重組(用註20) Capital rearganisation forte 60 655,147 - <td< td=""><td>專撥至儲備</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>,</td><td>3,047</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>2,232</td></td<>	專撥至儲備		-	-	-	-	-	,	3,047	-	-	-		2,232
收入總額 (expense)/income for the year - - - - - - - - 1 (40,593) 1,404 (1 版本重組(附註30) Capital reorganisation (note 30) Capital reorganisation (note 30) 655,147) - <t< td=""><td>十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日</td><td>and 1 January 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive expense for the year, net of income tax: Exchange differences arising from translations of</td><td>658,439 _ _</td><td>1,562,634 -</td><td>21,976</td><td>419</td><td>- -</td><td>30,324 _ _</td><td>118,896 _ _</td><td>(1,500,592) - -</td><td>(44,209) - -</td><td></td><td>1,404</td><td>1,188,942 1,404 (160,593)</td></t<>	十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	and 1 January 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive expense for the year, net of income tax: Exchange differences arising from translations of	658,439 _ _	1,562,634 -	21,976	419	- -	30,324 _ _	118,896 _ _	(1,500,592) - -	(44,209) - -		1,404	1,188,942 1,404 (160,593)
for the year - <														
Instantion Inde 30 [655,147] - 655,147 -	收人總額		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[160,593]	1,404	(159,189)
(note 6) 658 28,972 -	资行股份,扣除	(note 30) Issue of shares, net of	(655,147)	-	655,147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(note 6) - - - 42,512 -			658	28,972	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,630
之遞延税項 to issuance of convertible bonds - 1 <th2< th=""> <th2< th=""> <th< td=""><td></td><td>(note 6)</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>42,512</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>42,512</td></th<></th2<></th2<>		(note 6)	-	-	-	-	42,512	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,512
3失效講版権 Share option lapsed - - - - - 596 擦弦音構体 Transfer to reserve - - - - - 596 操弦音算股份付款之交易 Equity settled share - - - - - - - - 1,292 - - - [1,292]		to issuance of					(LALA)							Louis
撥至儲備 Transfer to reserve 1,292 (1,292) 權結算股份付款之交易 Equity settled share	失效購股權		-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-		(6,861)
	撥至儲備	Transfer to reserve	-	-	-	-	-		1,292	-	-	-		-
	8權結算股份付款之交易		-	-	-	-	-	918	-	-	-	-		918
に零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022 3,950 1,591,606 677,123 419 35,651 30,646 120,188 (1,500,592) (44,209) (181,524) 362,694 1,0	\─┳───────────────────────────────────		2.050	1 501 (0)	177 100	/10	25.451		120 100	(1 500 502)	[// 200]	(191 52/)	212 101	1,095,952

附註:		Notes:	
(i)	此等儲備賬包含綜合財務狀況表中的綜合儲備 1,092,002,000港元(二零二一年:530,503,000港 元)。	(i)	These re HK\$530,9
(ii)	資本贖回儲備指本公司於購回及註銷股份時由本公 司保留盈利轉撥的本公司股份面值。	(ii)	Capital I Compan repurcha
(iii)	法定儲備主要指附屬公司按中華人民共和國(「中 國」)法定財務報表所列純利的10%及為若干安全生 產活動提撥的資金。	(iii)	Statutory 10% of th statemer
	根據中國成立之附屬公司之組織章程細則及相關之 中國法則及法規,該等附屬公司須撥出10%之扣除 所得税後溢利(按中國國內法定財務報表記錄為準) 作為法定儲備,除非該儲備結餘已達附屬公司註冊 資本50%。該儲備僅可用於對銷附屬公司過往年度 之虧損、擴充附屬公司之生產業務或增加附屬公司 之股本。		In accord PRC and set aside statemer 50% of th good the operation
	根據中國國家安全生產監督管理總局及其他相關監 管機構發佈的若干規例,本集團需按規定比例為白 雲石及蛇紋石採掘活動提撥資金。該等資金可供用 於維護及/或改善上述安全生產,不得向股東分 派。		Pursuant the PRC mainly for be used t available
(iv)	合併儲備於就合併受共同控制之實體採用合併會計 法時產生。	(iv)	Merger r to the co

Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited 66 Annual Report 2022

綜合權益變動表(續) **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

eserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1.092.002.000 (2021: 0,503,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

l redemption reserve represents the nominal value of the Shares of the any which was transferred from the Company's retained earnings upon hase and cancellation of Shares by the Company.

ry reserve mainly represents the fund set aside by the subsidiaries based on their net profit of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") statutory financial ents and that for the purpose of certain safety production activities.

rdance with the articles of association of the subsidiaries established in the nd the relevant PRC rules and regulations, these subsidiaries are required to de 10% of their profit after income tax as recorded in the PRC statutory financial ents as statutory reserve, except where the reserve fund balance has reached the subsidiaries' registered capital. The reserve fund can only be used to make ne subsidiaries' previous years' losses, to expand the subsidiaries' production ons or to increase the capital of the subsidiaries.

ant to certain regulations issued by the State Administration of Work Safety of C and other relevant regulatory bodies, the Group is required to set aside funds for mining of dolomite and serpentine at prescribed rates. These funds can d for maintenance and/or improvements of safety of these activities, and is not le for distribution to shareholders.

reserve was arising on the application of merger accounting method in relation to the combination with entity under common control.

綜合現金流量表 **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

		附註 Notes	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
經營業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
税前溢利/(虧損) 調整:	Profit/(loss) before tax Adjustments for:		5,632	(326,725)
財務費用 以股權結算之購股權費用	Finance costs Equity-settled share option	8	20,923	69,401
銀行利息收入	expenses Bank interest income	31 6	918 (600)	2,232 (551)
出售物業、廠房及設備項目 之收益	Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	6	(2,280)	(5,052)
債務重組收益 撇銷預付款項	Gain on debt restructuring Written-off of prepayments	6	(267,382) 28,620	
撇銷物業、廠房及設備	Written-off of property, plant and equipment	7	183	774
就物業、廠房及設備確認之 減值虧損 就使用權資產確認之	Impairment loss recognised on property, plant and equipment	18	58,631	175,657
就 医 用 権 員 座 唯 応 之 減 值 虧 損 就 無 形 資 產 確 認 之 減 值 虧 損	Impairment loss recognised on right-of-use assets Impairment loss recognised on	18	1,957	5,182
物業、廠房及設備之折舊	intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and	18	942	2,738
使用權資產之折舊 無形資產之攤銷 按金及其他應收款項之 預期信貸虧損	equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets Allowance for/(reversal of allowance) for expected credit	14 15 16	110,144 1,439 1,448	103,305 1,377 4,900
撥備/(撥備撥回)	loss on deposits and other receivables	21	18	(65)
應收貿易賬款預期信貸虧損 撥備	Allowance for expected credit loss on trade receivables	20	104,173	53,308
營運資金變動前之 經營現金流量 存貨減少 應收貿易賬款及應收票據	Operating cash flows before changes in working capital Decrease in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and		64,766 5,502	86,481 38,254
應收員勿販訊及應收票據 減少/(増加) 預付款項、按金及其他應收	bill receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments,		37,152	(25,699)
款項(增加)/減少 應付貿易賬款增加/(減少) 其他應付款項、應計費用及	deposits and other receivables Increase/(decrease) in trade payables (Decrease)/increase in other payables,		(31,125) 5,266	11,494 (23,643)
合約負債(減少)/增加	accruals and contract liabilities		(40,418)	21,468

	附	讨註	二零二二年 2022 千港元	二零二一年 202 1 千港元
		otes	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
經營業務所得之現金 已付所得税項	Cash generated from operations Income taxes paid		41,143 (13,061)	108,35 (1,65
經營業務之現金流入淨額	Net cash flows generated from operating activities		28,082	106,69
投資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
利息收入 出售物業、廠房及設備的	ACTIVITIES Interest received Proceeds from disposal of property,		600	55
所得款項	plant and equipment		3,403	6,93
購入物業、廠房及設備項目	Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment		(5,423)	(113,30
投資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash flows used in investing			
及其不切た死並加西方族	activities		(1,420)	(105,82
融資業務之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
已付利息 償還借款	Interest paid Repayment of borrowings		(429) (34,621)	(2,06 (79
向股東墊款/(股東還款)	Advance to/(repayment) from amount due to a shareholder		13,072	(12,20
融資業務之現金流出淨額	Net cash flows used in financing activities		(21,978)	(15,06
現金及現金等值項目之 増加/(減少)淨額	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		4,684	(14,18
年初之現金及現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		25,078	36,10
外幣匯率變更調整,淨額	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(1,163)	3,16
年終之現金及現金等值項目	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		28,599	25,07
現金及現金等值項目結餘分析	ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
		22	28,599	25,07

綜合現金流量表(續) **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

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1. 公司及集團資料

稀镁科技集團控股有限公司(「本公 司)是一間於百慕達註冊成立之有 限公司。本公司之主要營業地點位 於香港九龍尖沙咀海港城港威大廈 第5座16樓。

於本年度內,本集團之業務涉及製 造及銷售金屬鎂相關產品

按董事之意見,本公司之直接控股 公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立公 司Ming Xin Developments Limited, 而最終控股公司則為於英屬處 女群島註冊成立公司Alpha Sino Limited •

综合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列, 港元與本公司之功能貨幣相同。除 另有指明外,所有價值均四捨五入 至最接近之千位數(千港元)。

解除清盤呈請及委任臨時清盤 X

於二零二零年七月三日,本公司公 佈[i]本公司控股股東世紀陽光集團 控股有限公司(「世紀陽光」)已違約贖 回本金金額為101,750,000新加坡元 之後償票據(「世紀陽光付款違約」); (ii)本公司於二零二零年六月三十日 接獲其中一名銀行債權人要求本公 司或其附屬公司償還其約22.870.000 港元借款另加應計利息,且認為其 可能會收到債權人的進一步通知; (iii)世紀陽光支付違約構成本集團若 干借款的違約事件,其須即時按要 | 求償還;(iv)一份清盤呈請連同委任 共同臨時清盤人(「共同臨時清盤人」) 之申請已代表本公司於二零二零年 七月三日向百慕達最高法院提交, 其為[非強制]原則行事,即本公司 董事會(「董事會」)仍將管理本公司, 而共同臨時清盤人會與公司管理層 一起致力於(其中包括)監督、督導 和監察對整個集團進行全面及經協 調的債務和負債重組(「建議重組計 劃」),包括維持本公司在香港聯合 交易所有限公司的上市。

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1

Rare Earth Technology Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 16th Floor, Tower 5, The Gateway, Harbour City, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the manufacture and sale of magnesium products.

In the opinion of the directors, the immediate holding company of the Company is Ming Xin Developments Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the ultimate holding company is Alpha Sino Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

Discharge of winding-up petitions and appointment of provisional liquidators

On 3 July 2020, the Company announced (i) Century Sunshine Group Holding Limited ("CS"), the controlling shareholder of the Company, defaulted in the redemption of its SGD101.75 million in principal amount of subordinated notes (the "CS Payment Default"); (ii) the Company had received on 30 June 2020 a demand from one of the bank creditors for the repayment of borrowings of the Company or its subsidiaries of approximately HK\$22.87 million plus interest accrued and believed it was likely to receive further calls from its creditors; (iii) the CS Payment Default constituted an event of default in respect of certain borrowings of the Group, which became immediately payable on demand; (iv) a winding-up petition has been filed on 3 July 2020 to the Supreme Court of Bermuda on behalf of the Company together with an application for the appointment of joint provisional liquidators ("JPLs") on a "light touch" basis that the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") will retain management of the Company while the JPLs will work alongside the Company's management to, amongst other things, monitor, supervise and oversee the implementation of a group-wide holistic and coordinated restructuring of its debts and liabilities (the "Proposed Restructuring Plan") including to maintain the listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange of the Hong Kong Limited.

1. 公司及集團資料(續) 解除清盤呈請及委任臨時清盤 人(續)

於二零二零年七月十六日,百慕逹 最高法院頒佈一項命令,委任安永 企業財務服務有限公司之間正為先 生及蘇潔儀女士、安永有限公司之 Roy Bailey先生以及EY Cayman Ltd 之Tammy Karina Fu女士為本公司 共同臨時清盤人,並授予其共同及 個別之權力。於二零二零年八月七 日,百慕達法院接受閻正為先生 之辭任,而有關Roy Bailey先生、 Tammy Karina Fu女士、及蘇潔儀女 士作為共同臨時清盤人的責任令則 維持牛效。

於二零二零年八月二十五日,香港 特別行政區高等法院已批准有關在 香港委任共同臨時清盤人的認可 会。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Discharge of winding-up petitions and appointment of provisional liquidators (continued)

On 16 July 2020, an order was granted by the Supreme Court of Bermuda for the appointment of Mr. Yen Ching Wai David and Ms. So Kit Yee Anita of Ernst & Young Transactions Limited, Mr. Roy Bailey of Ernst & Young, and Ms. Tammy Karina Fu of EY Cayman Ltd as JPLs of the Company with the power to act jointly and severally. On 7 August 2020, the Bermuda Court accepted the resignation of Mr. Yen Ching Wai David. The JPLs appointment order remains in force in respect of Mr. Roy Bailey, Ms. Tammy Karina Fu and Ms. So Kit Yee Anita as JPLs.

On 25 August 2020, the High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region has granted the recognition order in respect of the appointment and powers of the JPLs in Hong Kong.

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

解除清盤呈請及委任臨時清盤 人(續)

於二零二一年二月二十五日,本 公司收到AI Global Investment SPC 於二零二一年二月二十二日代表 Al Investment Fund S.P.並就其帳 目(「呈請人」)向香港特別行政區該 法院(「法院」)針對本公司提交的呈 請(「該呈請」),該呈請中請求法院 將本公司清盤。其針對本公司提 交之呈請乃由於本公司未能向呈請 人支付票據(「定義如下」)未償付本 金連同未支付利息及拖欠利息總額 20,707,777.78美元,有關金額乃根據 呈請人(作為認購人)與本公司(作為 發行人)於二零一七年八月七日訂立 之於二零二零年到期本金20,000,000 美元之7%非後償及無抵押票據(「票 據」)認購協議作出。該呈請聆訊已 押後至二零二二年五月二十七日與 債權人計劃批准聆訊一同舉行。

本公司於二零二二年一月十八日就 相關計劃債權人擬議安排計劃(「債 權人計劃」),且債權人計劃於二零 二二年三月一日獲法定所需的多數 計劃債權人批准,並於二零二二年 五月二十七日獲香港高等法院批 准。債權人計劃於二零二二年五月 三十一日生效。此後,本公司已向 百慕達最高法院申請撤回百慕達呈 請並解除委任共同臨時清盤人。於 二零二二年十月八日,本公司接獲 由百慕達法院發出日期為二零二二 年八月十五日的解除命令。

1 **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION** (continued)

Discharge of winding-up petitions and appointment of provisional liquidators (continued)

On 25 February 2021, the Company received a petition (the "Petition") filed by Al Global Investment SPC acting on behalf of and for the account of AI Investment Fund S.P. Ithe "Petitioner") on 22 February 2021 against the Company in the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Court") for an order that the Company be wound up by the Court. The Petition was filed against the Company for its failure to repay the Petitioner an outstanding principal of the Notes (as defined below) together with the unpaid interest and default interest in an aggregate amount of US\$20,707,777.78, which was pursuant to a subscription agreement of 7% unsubordinated and unsecured notes due 2020 in a principal amount of US\$20,000,000 (the "Notes") entered into between the Petitioner as subscriber and the Company as the issuer dated 7 August 2017. The hearing of the Petition has been adjourned to be heard together with sanction hearing for the creditors' scheme and presently fixed for 27 May 2022.

The Company proposed a scheme of arrangement to the related scheme creditors ("the Creditors' Scheme") on 18 January 2022 and the Creditors' Scheme was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the scheme creditors on 1 March 2022 and was approved by the High Court of Hong Kong on 27 May 2022. The Creditors' Scheme became effective on 31 May 2022. Since then, the Company had made the application to the Supreme Court of Bermuda for the withdrawal of the Bermuda Petition and the discharge of the appointment of joint provisional liquidators. On 8 October 2022, the Company has received the discharge order dated 15 August 2022 granted by the Bermuda Court.

人 (續) 本公司之主要附屬2 下:	公司之詳情如]	1 C C	S (continued) ars of the Con	npany's	principal	subsidiaries a
名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及 經營地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行普通股/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued ordin share/register	агу	本公司應佔股權之百 Percentage of equ attributable to the Company 直接 Direct		持有 表決權 比例 Proportion of voting power held	主要業務 Principal activities
新彊騰翔鎂制品有限公司 (「新疆騰翔」) Xinjiang Tengxiang Magnesium Products Company Limited	中國 The PRC	人民幣171,800, RMB171,800,00		-	100	100%	製造及銷售金屬 鎂相關產品 Manufacture and trac of magnesium rela
("Xinjiang Tengxiang") 白山市天安金屬鎂礦業 有限公司 Baishan City Tianan Magnesium Resources Company Limited	中國 The PRC	人民幣280,332, RMB280,332,00		-	100	100%	products 製造及銷售金屬 鎂相關產品 Manufacturing and tr of magnesium related products
中國稀鎂科技控股有限公司 China Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	10,310港元 HK\$10,310		-	100	100%	, 投資控股 Investment holdings
香港新材料產業投資有限公司 Hong Kong New Materials Industry Investments Limited	香港 Hong Kong	1港元 HK \$ 1		-	100	100%	投資控股 Investment holdings

the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則1)之修訂

本年度強制生效之香港財務報 告準則之修訂

於本年度,本集團已首次採用以下 由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則之修 訂,該等修訂就編製綜合財務報表 而言於本集團二零二二年一月一日 或之後開始之年度期間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則第3 號的修訂	有關概念框架之提述
香港財務報告準則第 16號的修訂	於二零二一年六月三 十日後的新型肺炎 疫情相關和金優惠
香港會計準則第16號 的修訂	发情相關祖並優感 物業、廠房及設備 - 作擬定用途前之所 得款項
香港會計準則第37號 的修訂本	有償合約 - 履行合約 的成本
香港財務報告準則的 修訂	香港財務報告準則二 零一八年至二零二 零年之年度改進

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則的 修訂並無對本集團於本年度及過往 年度的財務狀況及表現及/或於該 等綜合財務報表所載的披露產生重 大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS")**

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30
Amendments to HKAS 16	June 2021 Property, Plant and
	Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

		2.	APPL REPC
			New a
			The amer yet ei
香港財務報告準則 第17號(包括香港財務 報告準則第17號於 二零二零年十月及 二零二二年二月的 修訂)	保險合約1		HKFF Oc Fe Am HK
香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號的修訂	投資者與其聯營公 司或合資公司之 間的資產出售或 注資 ²		Amer an
香港財務報告準則 第16號的修訂	售後租回交易中的 租賃負債 ³		Amer
香港會計準則第1號的 修訂	將負債分類為流動 或非流動以及香 港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年)之 有關修訂 ³		Amer
香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則 實務報告第2號的 修訂	會計政策之披露1		Amer HK Sta
香港會計準則第8號的	會計估計之定義1		Amer
香港會計準則第12號的 修訂	與單一交易產生的 資產及負債有關 的遞延税項 ³		Amer
	港財務報告準具 的術品、 協会 法期務報告準具 这個人具具 这個人具具 这個人具具 这個人具具 这個人具具 法書書 法書書 法書書 法書書 法書書 我的 我会	香港財務報告準則 保險合約1 第17號(包括香港財務 報告準則第17號於 二零二零年十月及 二零二二年二月的 修訂) 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公 第10號及香港會計 司或合資公司之 幣的修訂 司或合資公司之 幣均節的資產出售或 注資 ² 香港前非準則第1號的 售後租回交易中的 幣負債分類為流動 或非流動以及香 港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年)之 有關修訂3 會計政策之披露1 香港會計準則第1號及 會計政策之披露1 香港會計準則第8號的 會計估計之定義1 修訂 一交易產生的 香港會計準則第12號的 與單一交易產生的 資產及負債有關	港財務報告準則」)之修訂(續) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則 本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但 尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則: 香港財務報告準則 第17號(包括香港財務 報告準則): 香港財務報告準則 第17號(包括香港財務 報告準則第17號於 二零二二年二月的 修訂) 香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號的修訂 香港自計準則第1號的 香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告第2號的 修訂 香港會計準則第1號及 香港會計準則第8號的 修訂 香港會計準則第8號的 修訂 香港會計準則第12號的 修訂

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS")** (continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not et effective:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ²
Amendment to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ³
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ¹
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ³

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則))之修訂(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期 1 間生效。
- 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始之年度期 間生效。

本公司董事預測,應用所有其他香 港財務報告準則新訂及修訂本於可 預見的未來將不會對綜合財務報表 產生重大影響。

3. 主要會計政策概要 編製基準

於編製此等綜合財務報表時應用之 主要會計政策載列如下。除非另有 説明,此等政策已一致應用於所有 呈列年度。

综合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公 會頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。 此外,綜合財務報表包括香港聯合 交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)及香港公司條例(「公司條 例])所規定之適用披露資料。

歷史成本基準

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综合財務報表已按歷史成本基準編 製。歷史成本通常根據為換取資產 支付的代價的公允值釐定。

APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS")** (continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective *(continued)*

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

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The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

Historical cost basis

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

主要會計政策概要 (續) 編製基準(續)	3.	Sl Ba
歷史成本基準(續)		His
公允值為市場參與者於計量日期在 有意為中出售資產個。 中出售資產個。 不一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一		Fa as be es th ac pa wh Fa th Su th Pa HI fa in of
非金融資產的公允值計量參考市場 參與者能否以最高及最佳用途使用 該資產,或把該資產售予另一能夠 以最高及最佳用途使用該資產的市 場參與者所產生的經濟效益。		A ac be se as
此外,就財務報告而言,公允值計 量根據公允值計量之輸入數據可觀 察程度及輸入數據對公允值計量之 整體重要性分類為第1類、第2類及 第3類,載述如下:		In m ba m in ar
• 第1類輸入數據是實體於計量		•

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- 第1類輸入數據是實體於計量 日期可以取得的相同資產或負 債於活躍市場之報價(未經調 整);
- 第2類輸入數據是就資產或負債 直接或間接地可觀察之輸入數 據(第1類內包括的報價除外); 及

•

第3類輸入數據是資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Preparation (continued)

Historical cost basis (continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payments, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1. that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 綜合基準

综合財務報表包括本公司及本公司 所控制的實體(包括結構性實體)及 其附屬公司的財務報表。倘出現以 下情況,則本公司已取得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而可獲 得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力藉行使其權力而影響該 等回報。

倘有事實或情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中,有一項或以上出現變數, 本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資 對象。

本公司於獲得附屬公司控制權時將 附屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬 公司控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體 而言,於本年度內購入或出售之附 屬公司之收入及開支,按自本公司 獲得控制權當日起至本公司失去附 屬公司控制權當日止,計入綜合損 益及其他全面收益報表內。

本公司擁有人及非控股股東權益應 佔損益及其他全面收益各組成部 分。即使會使非控股權益出現虧 絀,一間附屬公司的全面收益及開 支總額仍歸本公司擁有人及非控股 權益所有。

如有需要,會對附屬公司的財務報 表作出調整,以使其會計政策與本 集團採用的會計政策一致

所有本集團成員間集團內部交易有 關資產及負債、權益、收益、開支 及現金流已於編製綜合賬目時悉數 抵銷。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its • involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. •

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to being their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3.	主	要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SUM
	附属	屬公司		Subsi
	之團承投有既	醫公司為本公司直接或間接控制 置體(包括結構性實體)。當本集 討參與投資對象業務之浮動回報 營風險或享有權利以及能透過對 發對象之權力(即本集團獲賦予現 約以主導投資對象相關活動之 譯權利)影響該等回報時,即取得 剛權。		A su direct is active variat has over the invest
	對象 利, 投資	公司直接或間接擁有少於投資 大多數投票或類似權利的權 則本集團於評估其是否擁有對 資對象之權力時會考慮一切相關 び及情況,包括:		Whe majo Grou asse
	(a)	與投資對象其他投票持有人之 合約安排:		(a)
	(b)	其他合約安排所產生之權利; 及		(b)
	(c)	本集團之投票權及潛在投票 權。		(c)
	股息 附屬	魯公司業績按已收取及應收取之 劉列入本公司損益賬。本公司於 魯公司之投資按成本扣除任何減 J賬。		The prof rece state

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

sidiaries

ubsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity). ectly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to iable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to affect those returns through its power r the investee (i.e. existing rights that give the Group current ability to direct the relevant activities of the estee).

en the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a jority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the oup considers all relevant facts and circumstances in sessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's ofit or loss to the extent of dividends received and eivables. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 業務合併

業務為一組綜合的活動及資產,當中 包括一項投入及一個實質性過程,兩 者共同為創造產出的能力作出重大貢 獻。倘所收購的過程對持續創造產出 的能力至關重要(包括一群擁有進行相 關過程所需的技術、知識或經驗的有 組織僱員)或對持續創造產出的能力作 出重大貢獻且被認為獨有或罕有或必 須付出重大成本、精力或延遲持續創 造產出的能力方能取代,則有關過程 被視為實質性。

收購業務以收購法入賬。業務合併 所轉讓代價以公允值計量,而公允 值按本集團所轉讓資產、本集團對 被收購方前擁有人所產生負債以及 本集團就交換被收購方控制權所發 行股本權益於收購日期之公允值總 和計算。收購相關成本一般於產生 時於損益內確認。

於收購日期,所購入可識別資產及 所承擔負債按其公允值確認,但以 下各項除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及有關僱員福利安排之資產或負債分別 根據香港會計準則第12號所得 税及香港會計準則第19號僱員 福利確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎支付 安排或為替代被收購方以股份 為基礎支付安排而訂立之本集 團以股份為基礎支付安排有關 之負債或權益工具,於收購日 期根據香港財務報告準則第2號 以股份為基礎之支付計量(見下 文會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號持 作出售非流動資產及已終止經 營業務分類為持作出售之資產 (或出售組合)按該準則計量; 及

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations

A business is an integrated set of activities and assets which includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired processes are considered substantive if they are critical to the ability to continue producing outputs, including an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform the related processes or they significantly contribute to the ability to continue producing outputs and are considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);

• assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard; and

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	S
	業務合併(續) • 租賃負債按剩餘租賃付款(定義見香港財務報告準則第16號)之現值確認及計量,猶如收購之租賃於收購日期為新租賃,惟(a)租期於收購日期12個月內結束;或(b)相關資產為低價值的租賃除外。使用權資產按與相關租賃負債相同之金額確認及計量,並進行調整以反映與市場條件相比租賃之有利或不利條款。		•
	商譽按所轉讓代價、於被收購方任 何非控股權益之金額及收購方過往 所持被收購方股本權益(如有)公允 值總和超於收購可識別資產量。 倘於重新評估後,所收購可識別資 產人價、於被收購方任何非控股權 之金額及收購方過往所持被收購 之金額及收購方過往所持被收購 定金額和,差額即 時於損益確認為按折價收購收益。		C c a a r a c i i p i i
	非控股權益為現有所有權權益,使 持有人於清盤時能夠按比例分佔相 關附屬公司資產淨值,其可初步按 非控股權益按比例分佔被收購方可 識別資產淨值之已確認數額或按公 允值計量。		N ii o ii t
	當本集團於一項業務合併轉移之代 價包括或然代價安排,則或然代價 乃按其收購日期之公允值計量,並 計入作為於一項業務合併轉移之代 價一部分。合資格作計量期間調整 之或然代價之公允值變動乃追溯調 整。計量期間調整為於「計量期間」 (不得超過收購日期起計一年)因獲 得於收購日期已存在事實及情況之 額外資料而作出之調整。		V a a t C t a a o

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財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations (continued)

• lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date, except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re- assessment, the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

業務合併(續)

不符合作為計量期間調整之或然代 價之其後會計處理,取決於或然代 價如何分類。分類為權益之或然代 價於其後報告日期不會重新計量, 其後結算於權益內進行入賬處理。 分類為資產或負債之或然代價於其 後報告日期重新計量至公允值,而 相應收益或虧損乃於損益中確認。

倘業務合併分階段達成,本集團先 前持有之被收購方股權乃於收購日 期(即本集團獲得控制權之日期)重 新計量至公允值,而所產生之收益 或虧損(如有)乃於損益或其他全面 收益(如適用)內確認。於收購日期 前已於其他全面收益確認並按香港 財務報告準則第9號計量之被收購方 權益產生之金額,將按本集團直接 出售先前持有之股權所需之相同基 進入賬。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合併 發生之報告期末仍未完成,則本集 團會就仍未完成會計處理之項目呈 報暫定金額。該等暫定金額於計量 期間(見上文)內作出追溯調整,並 確認額外資產或負債,以反映獲得 有關於收購日期已存在事實及情況 之新資料,而倘知悉該等資料,將 會影響於當日確認之金額

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations (continued)

The subsequent accounting for the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income and measured under HKFRS 9 would be accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted retrospectively during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SUM
	來自客戶合約之收入		Revei
	本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此) 確認收益,即於特定履約責任相關 的商品或服務的「控制權」轉讓予客 戶時確認收益。		The oblig servi trans
	履約責任指明確貨品及服務(或一組 貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同的明 確貨品或服務。		A pe a bu distii
	控制權會隨時間轉移,而倘滿足以 下其中一項標準,則收益乃參照完 全滿足相關履約責任的進度而隨時 間確認:		Cont over satis the f
	 於本集團履約時客戶同時取得 並耗用本集團履約所提供的利 益; 		•
	 本集團的履約行為創造及提升 客戶於本集團履約時已控制的 資產;或 		•
	 本集團的履約行為並無創造對 本集團而言有其他用途的資 產,且本集團擁有就迄今為止 已完成的履約部分獲付款的可 強行執行權利。 		•
	否則,收益於客戶取得明確貨品或 服務控制權的時間點確認。		Othe cust
	合約資產指本集團就向客戶換取本 集團已轉讓的商品或服務收取代價 的權利(尚未成為無條件)。其根據 香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。		A const cons the unco

相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價

的無條件權利,即只需待時間過去

代價即須到期支付。

ontract asset represents the Group's right to sideration in exchange for goods or services that Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet onditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

nue from contracts with customers

Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance gation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or ices underlying the particular performance obligation is sferred to the customer.

erformance obligation represents a good or service (or Indle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of nct goods or services that are substantially the same.

trol is transferred over time and revenue is recognised time by reference to the progress towards complete sfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

erwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the omer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

來自客戶合約之收入(續)

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取 代價(或到期收取的代價),而須向 客戶轉讓商品或服務之責任。

與合約有關之合約資產及合約負債 列作以淨額基準呈列。

來自加工及銷售農業肥料、鎂產品 及煉鋼熔劑之收益於產品的控制權 在產品交付予客戶且客戶已接納產 品的時間點轉移以及並無可能會影 響客戶接納產品的未履行責任時隨 時間點予以確認。當產品已運送到 指定地點,產品陳舊及遺失的風險 已轉移至客戶,及客戶按照銷售合 約接納產品,或接納條款已失效, 或本集團有客觀證據證明所有接納 標準均已達成時,交付即告完成。

該等銷售的收益按照合約訂明的價 格(扣除折扣、回報及增值税)予以 確認。

應收款項於產品交付及客戶接納產 品時確認,因從那一刻開始,付款 之到期僅須時間的流逝,故收取代 價成為無條件。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to a contract are accounted for an presented on a net basis.

Revenue from the processing and sales of magnesium products is recognised at a point in time when control of the products has transferred, being at the point the products are delivered to the customer and the customer has accepted the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of discounts, returns and value added taxes.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered and the customers accept the products, as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

政府撥款

政府撥款不予確認, 直至有合理保 證,本集團將符合政府撥款隨附的 條件,以及將收獲撥款後,方會確 訒。

倘與收入相關者之政府撥款成為應 收款項,作為已產生的開支或虧損 的彌償,或提供予本集團而沒有相 關未來成本即時財務支持,則於成 為應收款項之期間於損益確認。有 關撥款於「其他收益或虧損淨額」項 下呈列。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為用作生產或供 應貨物或服務,或行政用途的無形 資產(在建工程除外)按成本減其後 累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。

成本包括為使資產達到能夠按照管 理層擬定的方式開展經營所必要的 位置及條件而直接產生的任何成 本,及(就合資格資產而言)根據本 集團會計政策資本化的借貸成本。 此等資產以其他物業資產的相同基 準,當資產可供擬定用途時開始計 提折舊。

在建工程包括建造以供生產或本身 運用的物業、廠房及設備。在建工 程乃按成本減任何已確認減值虧損 列賬。當在建工程完成及可供擬定 用途,則撥入物業、廠房及設備的 適當分類。此等資產以其他物業資 產的相同基準,當資產可供擬定用 途時開始計算折舊。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government Grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other gains or losses, net".

Property, Plant and Equipment

use.

Property, plant and equipment, are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress), are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended

Construction in progress includes property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

當本集團就於物業的擁有權權益(包 括租賃土地及樓宇部分)付款時,全 部代價於租賃土地及樓宇部分之間 按初始確認時的相對公允值的比例 分配。

倘相關付款能可靠分配,則以經營 相賃入賬的租賃十地權益於綜合財 務狀況表中呈列為「使用權資產」。 倘代價無法於相關租賃土地的非租 賃樓宇部分及未分割權益間可靠分 配,则整項物業分類為物業、廠房 及設備。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或 預期持續使用該資產不再帶來未來 經濟利益時取消確認。因資產取消 確認產生的任何收益或虧損(按出售 所得款項淨額與項目賬面值的差額 計算)乃於項目取消確認的期間內計 入期內損益。

折舊乃按直線基準計算,以撇銷物 業、廠房及設備各項的成本至其估 計可使用年期內的剩餘價值。用於 此目的的主要年利率如下:

租賃土地及樓宇	於租期的較 短者內或3%
傢具、裝置及設備	6%至25%
廠房及機器	10%至25%
汽車	15%至25%
估計可使用年期、剩 方法於各報告期末進 估計變更的影響乃 ²	行審核,任何

脹。

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3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment and depreciation (continued)

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings	Over the shorter of the lease terms or 3%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	6% to 25%
Plant and machinery	10% to 25%
Motor vehicles	15% to 25%

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.	主要會計政策概要 (續) 租賃	3.	SUI Lea:
	租賃的定義		Defi
	倘合約賦予權利於一段時間內控制 已識別資產的用途以換取代價,則 該合約為或包含租賃。		A c rigł tim
	就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修 改或由業務合併產生的合約而言, 本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16 號的定義於初始或修改日期或收購 日期(倘適用)評估該合約是否為租 賃或包含租賃。除非合約的條款及 條件其後出現變動,否則有關合約 將不予重新評估。		For bus app cor 16 app the cha
	本集團作為承租人		The
	將代價分配至合約組成部分		Alloc
	就包含租賃組成部分以及一項或多 項額外租賃或非租賃組成部分之合 約而言,本集團根據租賃組成部分 之相對獨立價格及非租賃組成部分 之獨立價格總和將合約代價分配至 各租賃組成部分,包括收購含有租 賃土地及非租賃樓宇組成部分的物 業的所有權權益的合約,惟有關分 配無法可靠作出則除外。		For mo allo con the of c leas
	本集團採用可行權宜方法,不將非 租賃組成部分從租賃組成部分區分 開來,而是將租賃組成部分及任何 相關非租賃組成部分作為一項單獨		The lea acc lea

的租賃組成部分進行入賬。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

IMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ISes

finition of a lease

contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the tht to control the use of an identified asset for a period of ne in exchange for consideration.

or contracts entered into or modified or arising from isiness combinations on or after the date of initial plication, the Group assesses whether a contract is or ntains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as propriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless e terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently anged.

Group as a lessee

ocation of consideration to components of a contract

r a contract that contains a lease component and one or ore additional lease or non-lease components, the Group locates the consideration in the contract to each lease mponent on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of e lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of e non-lease components, including contract for acquisition ownership interests of a property which includes both asehold land and non-lease building components, unless ch allocation cannot be made reliably.

e Group applies practical expedient not to separate nonase components from lease component, and instead count for the lease component and any associated nonase components as a single lease component.

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)	3.	主要會計政策概要(續)
	租賃(續)		Leases (continued)		租賃 (續)
	本集團作為承租人(續)		The Group as a lessee (continued)		本集團作為承租人(續)
	短期租賃及低價值資產租賃		Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets		租賃負債
	對於租期自開始日期起計12個月或 以內且並無包含購買選擇權的機器 及設備租賃,本集團應用短期租賃 確認豁免。本集團亦對低價值資產 租賃應用確認豁免。短期租賃及低 價值資產租賃的租賃付款按直線基 準或另一系統基準於租期內確認為 開支。		The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of machinery and equipment that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.		於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日尚 未支付的租賃付款現值確認及計量 租賃負債。就計算租賃付款現值而 言,倘租賃中隱含利率不易確定, 則本集團於租賃開始日期使用的增 量借款利率進行計算。
	<u>使用權資產</u>		Right-of-use assets		計入計量租賃負債之租賃付款包 括:
	使用權資產的成本包括:		The cost of right-of-use asset includes:		 固定租賃款項(包括實質性的固 向付款)はより口口獲得知年度
	• 租賃負債初步計量金額:		 the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; 		定付款)減去任何已獲得租賃優 惠:
	 於開始日期或之前作出的任何 租賃付款,減去已獲得的租賃 優惠; 		 any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; 		 跟隨指數或比率而定的可變租 賃付款,初步按開始日期的指 數或比率計量;
	 本集團所產生的任何初始直接 成本;及 		 any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and 		 根據剩餘價值擔保預期將由承 租人支付的金額;
	 由本集團廢除及移除相關資 產,恢復其所在場地或將相 關資產恢復到租賃條款及條件 		 an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the 		 倘承租人合理確定行使購買選 擇權,則為該選擇權的行使 價;及
	确員座恢復到祖員條款及條件 所要求的條件所產生的成本估 算,除非該等成本乃因生產存 貨而產生。		underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.		 倘租期反映將行使選擇權終止 租賃,則支付終止租賃的罰 款。
	使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊 及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的 任何重新計量作出調整。		Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.		於開始日期後,租賃負債就應計利 息及租賃付款作出調整。
	就本集團於租期結束時合理確定獲 取相關租賃資產所有權之使用權資 產而言,有關使用權資產自開始日 期4000000000000000000000000000000000000		Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement data to the and of the useful life. Straight line basis over the		

date to the end of the useful life. Straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

> The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

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- |固 優
- 租 |指|
- 承
- 選 • 使
- 止 • 쁿

開始日期後,	租賃負債就應計利
、及租賃付款作	出調整。

使用權資產

- 租賃負債初步計量金 •
- 於開始日期或之前作 . 租賃付款,減去已獲 優惠;
- 本集團所產生的任何 . 成本;及
- 由本集團廢除及移 • **產**,恢復其所在場 關資產恢復到租賃修 所要求的條件所產生 算,除非該等成本J 貨而產生。

就本集團於租期結束時合 取相關和賃資產所有權之 產而言,有關使用權資產 期起至可使用年期結束期間計提折 舊。在其他情況下,使用權資產按 直線基準於其估計可使用年期與租 期兩者之較短期間內計提折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用 權資產呈列為一項單獨項目。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date:
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

和賃(續) 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量 租賃負債(並就相關使用權資產作出 相應調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購買選擇 權的評估發生變化,在此情況 下,相關租賃負債诱過使用 重新評估日期的經修訂貼現率 貼現經修訂租賃付款而重新計 量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金調查 後市場租金變動/有擔保剩餘 價值下預期付款變動而出現變 動,在此情況下,相關租賃負 債使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂 租賃付款而重新計量。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表中呈列 為一項單獨項目。

和賃的修訂

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除本集團已應用可行權宜方法的新 冠肺炎疫情相關和金優惠外,倘出 現以下情況,本集團將租賃的修改 作為一項單獨的租賃進行入賬:

- 租賃修訂通過增加了使用一項 或以上相關資產的權利使租賃 範圍增大;及
- 和賃代價增加的金額相當於擴 大範圍對應的單獨價格,加上 以反映特定合約的實際情況 對單獨價格進行的任何適當調 整。

就未作為一項單獨租賃入賬的租賃 修改而言,本集團透過使用修改生 效日期的經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂 租賃付款,根據經修訂租賃的租期 重新計量租賃負債。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

3

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review/expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease modifications

Except for Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	S
	租賃(續)		L
	租賃的修訂(續)		L
	木隹風涌過当扣關庙田墟咨斋谁行		т

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行 相應調整,以對租賃負債進行重新 計量。當經修訂合約包含租賃組成 部分以及一項或多項額外租賃或非 租賃組成部分時,本集團根據租賃 組成部分的相對獨立價格及非租賃 組成部分的獨立價格總額,將經修 訂合約中的代價分配至各租賃組成 部分。

因利率基準改革導致釐定未來和 賃付款的基準變動

就因利率基準改革導致釐定未來租 信付款的基準變動而言,本集團應 用實際可行權宜方法,透過使用不 變貼現率將經修訂租賃付款貼現而 重新計量租賃負債,並對相關使用 權資產作出相應調整。僅在同時符 合以下情況時,方須根據利率基準 改革的規定修改相信:

- 因利率基準改革的直接後果而 導致必須修改;及
- 釐定相賃付款的新基準在經濟 • • 上等同於過往基準(即緊接修改 前的基準)。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Lease modifications (continued)

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform

For changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, the Group applies the practical expedient to remeasure the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the unchanged discount rate and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets. A lease modification is required by interest rate benchmark reform if, and only if, both of these conditions are met:

- the modification is necessary as a direct consequence of interest rate benchmark reform; and
- the new basis for determining the lease payments is economically equivalent to the previous basis (i.e. the basis immediately preceding the modification).

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 和賃(續)

新冠肺炎疫情相關租金寬免

就因新冠肺炎疫情導致直接產生的 與租賃合約有關的租金寬免而言, 本集團已選擇在滿足下列所有條件 時應用可行權宜方法不評估有關變 動是否為一項租賃修改:

- 租賃付款變動導致之租賃之經 修訂代價與緊接變動之前的租 賃代價基本相同或低於該代 價;
- 租賃付款之任何減少僅影響原 於二零二二年六月三十日或之 前到期的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實 質性變動。

應用可行權宜方法將租金寬免導致 之租賃付款變動列賬之承租人將以 同一方式將應用香港財務報告準則 第16號「租賃」的變動入賬(倘變動並 非租賃修訂)。租賃付款之寬免或豁 免被入賬列作可變租賃付款。相關 租賃負債獲調整以反映寬免或豁免 之金額,並於該事件發生的期間內 在損益中確認相應調整。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Covid-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

3.	主要會計政策概要 <i>(續)</i> 無形資產 於業務合併中收購的無形資產	3.	S Ir Ir
	業務合併中收購的無形資產與商譽 分開確認及初步按其於收購日期的 公允值(被視作其成本)確認。		lı a r
	於首次確認後,具有有限使用年期 的無形資產乃按成本減累計攤銷及 任何累計減值虧損列賬。具有有限 使用年期的無形資產以直線法按其 估計可使用年期計提攤銷。		S fi A p li
	無形資產乃於出售時或於預期使用 或出售不會產生未來經濟利益時終 止確認。於終止確認無形資產所產 生的收益及虧損(按資產的出售所得 款項淨額與賬面值之間的差額計量) 於終止確認資產時在損益中確認。		A fu G a p

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財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets Acquired in a Business Combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 無形資產(續)

專利權

購入專利權之開支將予資本化,並 以直線法按自專利權可使用日期起 計九至十六年之估計可使用年期攤 銷。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、採礦權及無形資產(商譽 除外)減值

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及 無形資產之可收回金額予以個別估 計。倘無法個別估計可收回金額, 則本集團會估計該資產所屬現金產 生單位之可收回金額。

在就減值測試現金產生單位時,於 可設定合理一致的分配基準時,公 司資產會分配至相關現金產生單 位,否則有關資產會分配至可設定 合理一致分配基準之現金產生單定 最小組別。就公司資產所屬現金產 生單位或現金產生單位組別堂賬面值進行 比較。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible Assets (continued)

Patent

Expenditure on acquired patent is capitalised and amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of 9 to 16 years, from the date when the patent is available for use.

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, mining right and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets, intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

主要會計政策概要(續)	3.
物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、採礦權及無形資產(商譽 除外)減值 <i>(續)</i>	
可收回金額為公允值減出售成本與 使用價值兩者中之較高者。於評估 使用價值時,乃以反映目前市場對 貨幣時間價值及資產(或現金產生單 位)於估計未來現金流量調整前之獨 有風險之税前貼現率將估計未來現 金流量貼現至其現值。	
倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可 收回金產住。現金產生單位)之可 收回金產額。就要一一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一	

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財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, mining right and intangible assets other than goodwill (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash- generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs to disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、採礦權及無形資產(商譽 除外)減值(續)

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則資產(或 現金產牛單位或現金產牛單位組別) 的賬面值會增加至其經修訂的估計 可收回金額,惟增加後的賬面值不 得超出假設過往年度並無就該項資 產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別)確認減值虧損時原應釐定的賬 面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確 訒。

採礦權

採礦權包括所轉撥之勘探及評估資 產,以成本扣除累計攤銷及任何減 值虧損後列示。採購權按生產量除 以礦產資源總儲量作攤銷。倘礦山 被廢置時,則採礦權在損益表中攤 銷。

外幣

編製本集團旗下各個別實體的財務 報表時,以該實體的功能貨幣以外 貨幣(外幣)進行的交易按交易日期 的匯率以其功能貨幣(即該實體經營 業務所在主要經濟環境的貨幣)列 脹。

於各報告期末,以外幣結算的貨幣 項目按該日的匯率重新換算。以外 幣計值並以公允值列賬之非現金項 目於公允值獲釐定當日按當前比率 重新換算。按過往成本以外幣結算 的非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, mining right and intangible assets other than goodwill (continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash- generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss

Mining Rights

Mining rights, including transferred exploration and evaluation assets, are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The mining rights are amortised on the production guantities over the total estimated mineral reserve. Mining rights are written off to the profit or loss if the mining property is abandoned.

Foreign Currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

主要會計政策概要 (續) 外幣 <i>(續)</i>	3.	SUM Forei
結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目時產 生的匯兑差額於產生期間在損益確 認。重新換算非貨幣項目產生的匯 兑差額按公允值納入有關期間的損 益內。		Exch item reco Exch mon loss
就綜合財務報表呈報方式而言,本 集團海外業務的資產及負債按報告 期末的匯率換算為本集團的呈報貨 幣(即港元),而其收入及開支則按 年內平均匯率換算,除非匯率於期 內出現大幅波動,在此情況下,則 採用交易日期的匯率換算。所產生 匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益確 認並於(如適用,按非控股權益應佔 之)股本(即匯兑儲備)累計。		For state oper the o trans exch in w of tr any, accu
於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海 外業務的全部權益或涉及失去對一 家從事海外業務的附屬公司的控制 權的出售、涉及失去對一家從事海 外業務的共同控制實體的共同控制 權的出售、或失去對一家從事海外 業務的聯營公司的重大影響力的出 售)時,就本公司擁有人應佔該業務 之權益而累計之所有匯兑差額重新 分類至損益。		On t the disp inclu cont oper over the e that recla

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ign Currencies (continued)

hange differences arising on the settlement of monetary ms, and on the translation of monetary items, are ognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. change differences arising on the retranslation of nonnetary items carried at fair value, are included in profit or for the period.

the purposes of presenting consolidated financial tements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign rations are translated into the presentation currency of Group (i.e. HK\$) at the rates of exchange prevailing at end of the reporting period. Income and expenses are nslated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless hange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates ransactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if are recognised in other comprehensive income and umulated in equity (i.e. the translation reserve) (attributed non-controlling interests as appropriate).

the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a posal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that udes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint trol over jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign ration, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence r an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of operation attributable to the owners of the Company are lassified to profit or loss.

借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、建築或生產

合資 格資產的借貸成本,而該等資產需 要較長時間才能準備好供擬定用途 使用或銷售,則該借貸成本則加入 該等資產的成本,直至該等資產大 致可供擬定用途使用或銷售。

所有其他借貸成本於產生之期內在 損益確認。

退休福利費用

退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例 設立一項界定供款之強制性公積金 退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」),為所 有僱員參與強積金計劃。供款按僱 員基本薪金的若干百分比釐定並根 據強積金計劃守則於需支付供款時 在損益內扣除。強積金計劃之資產 與本集團的其他資產分開處理,由 一獨立管理之基金持有。在向強積 金計劃供款時,本集團僱主供款將 全數歸屬於僱員所有。

本集團亦為僱員(包括若干董事)設 ○一項界定供款僱員退休金計劃, 該計劃依職業退休計劃條例註冊 (「職業退休計劃」)。職業退休計劃的 資產與本集團資產分開,由一個獨 立管理的基金持有。供款按合資格 僱員基本薪金的若干百分比釐定並 於根據職業退休計劃守則於需支付 供款時在損益內扣除。如僱員於其 於本集團僱主供款的權益尚未全數 歸於僱員前退出職業退休計劃,有 關被沒收的供款可能減少本集團的 持續應付供款。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement Benefit Costs

Pension Schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The Group also operates a defined contribution staff retirement scheme registered under the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (the "ORSO Scheme") for its employees (including certain directors), the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the ORSO Scheme. When an employee leaves the ORSO Scheme prior to his/ her interest in the Group's employer contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group may be reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited contributions.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 退休福利費用(續) 退休金計劃(續)

本集團於中國內地營運附屬公司之 僱員須參與一項由當地市政府管理 之中央退休金計劃。此等附屬公司 須按彼等薪金成本之若干百分比, 向該中央退休金計劃作出供款。此 供款根據中央退休金計劃之守則, 於應付時在捐益內扣除。

向界定供款退休金計劃的供款於僱 員提供服務後而符合領取有關供款 的資格時列作支出扣除。

以股份為基礎的付款 以股權結算以股份為基礎的付款

授予僱員的購股權

向僱員及其他提供類似服務的人十 作出的以股權結算以股份為基礎的 付款乃於授出日期按權益工具的公 允值計量。

以股權結算以股份為基礎的付款按 授出日期釐定的公允值(並無計及所 有非市場歸屬條件),乃根據本集團 對最終將歸屬的權益工具的估計, 於歸屬期內以直線法支銷,而權益 (購股權儲備)會相應增加。於各報 告期末,本集團基於對所有相關非 市場歸屬條件的評估修訂預期歸屬 的權益工具數目的估計。修訂原先 估計的影響(如有)於損益中確認 以便累計開支反映修訂估計,並對 購股權儲備作出相應調整。

當購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權 儲備中確認的款項將轉撥至股份溢 信。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收 或於屆滿日仍未獲行使,先前於購 股權儲備中確認的款項將轉撥至保 留溢利。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Retirement Benefit Costs (continued)

Pension Schemes (continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Payments to defined contribution retirement plans are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions

Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant nonmarket vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值項目

於綜合財務狀況表呈列的現金及現 余等值項目包括:

- (a) 現金,包括手頭現金及活期存 款,不包括因受監管限制而令 其不再符合現金定義的銀行結 餘;及
- (b) 現金等值項目,包括可輕易轉 換成已知金額現金而承受的價 值變動風險並不重大的短期(到 期日一般為三個月或以下)高流 動性投資。現金等值項目乃持 作應付短期現金需要而非作投 資或其他用途。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現 金等值項目包括上述定義的現金及 現金等值項目,扣除須按要求償還 並構成本集團現金管理中不可或缺 一部分的未償還銀行透支。該等銀 行透支於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為 短期借款。

税項

所得税開支指當前應付税項及遞延 税項總額。

當前應付税項乃按年內應課税溢利 計算。應課税溢利不包括已撥往其 他年間的應課税收入或可扣減開支 項目,亦不包括可作免税或不可 作税項扣減之項目,故與綜合損益 及其他全面收益表所列溢利不同。 本集團即期税項負債乃按於報告期 末已頒佈或大致上已頒佈之税率計 質。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting shortterm cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Such overdrafts are presented as short-term borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently pavable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 税百(續)

炕 坞(<i>嶺)</i>
遞延税項乃按於財務報表內資產及 負債應税互用於計算應課稅認。 遞低項值與用於計算應額確認。 遞低項值與不者之暫時差額確認。 遞低項項。應設稅項資產通常 會就所有資產。 一項就可可對一方額。 一項就可以一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一
遞延税項負債就與於附屬公司投資 有關之應課税臨時差額確認,惟倘 集團能控制臨時差額撥回且臨時差 額於可見未來不會撥回則作別論。
遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告 期末均作檢討,並在不大可能再有 足夠應課税溢利收回全部或部分資 產時減少。
遞延税項負債及資產以負債被清償 或資產被變現的期間內預期適用的 税率計量,並根據於報告期末已頒 佈或大致上已頒佈的税率(和税務法 例)計量。遞延税項負債及資產之計 量反映隨本集團預期於報告期末時 收回或償還資產及負債賬面值所產

牛之税務後果。

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects. at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries. except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

税項(續)

對於其中税項扣除歸屬於租賃負債 之租賃交易,本集團將香港會計準 則第12號所得税要求分別應用於使 用權資產及租賃負債。相關使用權 資產及租賃負債初步確認之暫時差 額乃由於應用初始確認豁免而並未 確認。因重新計量租賃負債及租賃 修訂導致對使用權資產及租賃負債 的賬面值進行後續修訂而產生的不 受初始確認豁免之暫時差額,於重 新計量或修訂日期確認。

當即期税項資產與即期税項負債可 依法相互抵銷,且與同一税務機關 對同一應課税實體所徵收之所得税 有關時,遞延税項資產及負債可相 互抵销。即期及遞延税項於損益確 訒。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者的較 低者列賬。如為在製品及製成品, 包括直接物料、直接勞工及適當部 分的間接開支。成本以加權平均法 計算。可變現淨值指存貨之估計售 價減完成之所有估計成本以及出售 所需之成本。

金融工具

倘集團實體成為工具合約條文的訂 約方,則確認金融資產及金融負 債。所有金融資產的常規買賣均按 交易日期基準確認及終止確認。常 規買賣即要求在法規或市場慣例要 求的時限內交付資產的金融資產買 賣。

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority. Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make sale.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SUM
	金融工具(續) 除客戶合約產生的貿易應收款項根 據香港財務報告準則第15號初步計 量外,金融資產及金融負債初步按 公允值計量。收購或發行金融資產 及金融負債直接應佔的交易成本乃 於首次確認時自金融資產或金融負 債的公允值加入或扣除(如適用)。 收購按公允值計入損益的金融資產 或金融負債直接應佔的交易成本, 即時於損益內確認。		Finance Final mease from in ac direc asset the fa appro attrib liabili loss.
	實際利率法是一種計算金融資產或 金融負債的攤銷成本以及將利息收 入和利息費用於有關期間分配的方 法。實際利率是將估計未來現金收 入和支出(包括所有構成實際利率整 體部分的已付或已收的一切費用及 利率點、交易成本及其他溢價或折 價)透過金融資產或金融負債的預期 年期或(倘適用)更短期間準確貼現 至首次確認時的賬面淨額的利率。		The e the a and c the r that e trans the e or, w amou
	金融資產		Financ
	金融資產的分類及後續計量		Class asset
	符合下列條件的金融資產其後按攤 銷成本計量:		Finar subse
	 以收取合約現金流量為目標的 業務模式下持有之金融資產; 		•

合約條款於指定日期產生之現 金流量僅為支付本金及未償還

及

本金之利息。

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

cial instruments (continued)

ncial assets and financial liabilities are initially sured at fair value except for trade receivables arising contracts with customers which are initially measured cordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are tly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial ts and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from air value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as opriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly outable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial ities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or

effective interest method is a method of calculating mortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability of allocating interest income and interest expense over elevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and nents (including all fees and points paid or received form an integral part of the effective interest rate, action costs and other premiums or discounts) through expected life of the financial asset or financial liability. here appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying unt on initial recognition.

ial assets

sification and subsequent measurement of financial ts.

ncial assets that meet the following conditions are equently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 金融工具(續) 金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及後續計量(續)

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按公 允值計入其他全面收益(「按公允值 計入其他全面收益1)計量:

- 以透過出售及收取合約現金流 量兩種方式達致目標之業務模 式持有金融資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現 金流量僅為支付本金及未償還 本金之利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公允值計 入損益計量,但在首次確認金融資 產之日,倘該股權投資並非持作買 賣,亦非由於收購方在香港財務報 告準則第3號「業務合併」所適用之業 務合併中確認之或然代價,本集團 可不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益 呈列相關股權投資之其後公允值變 動。

倘屬以下情況, 金融資產持作買賣 用途:

- 其主要為於不久將來出售而購 買;或
- 在首次確認時,其為本集團所 集中管理並擁有短期獲利之近 期實際模式的已識別金融工具 組合的一部分;或
- 其為非指定及有效作對沖工具 的衍生工具。此外,本集團可 不可撤回地指定須按攤銷成本 或按公允值計入其他全面收益 計量的金融資產為按公允值計 入損益計量,前提為有關指定 可消除或大幅減少會計錯配。

SUM	MARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
Finar	ncial instruments (continued)
Finan	cial assets (continued)
	sification and subsequent measurement of financial ets (continued)
sub	ancial assets that meet the following conditions are sequently measured at fair value through other prehensive income ("FVTOCI"):
•	the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
•	the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
FVTF the char com held an a	other financial assets are subsequently measured at PL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent nges in fair value of an equity investment in other prehensive income if that equity investment is neither for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 iness Combinations applies.
A fin	ancial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument. In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SU
	金融工具(續)		Fina
	金融資產(續)		Fina
	金融資產的分類及後續計量 <i>(續)</i>		Cla ass
	(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入		<u>(i)</u>

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資 產使用實際利率法確認利息收 入。利息收入乃對一項金融資 產賬面總值應用實際利率予以 計算,惟其後出現信貸減值的 金融資產除外(見下文)。就其 後出現信貸減值的金融資產而 言,自下一報告期起,利息收 入乃對金融資產攤銷成本應用 實際利率予以確認。倘信貸減 值 金融工具的信貸風險好轉, 使金融資產不再出現信貸減 值,於釐定資產不再出現信貸 減值後,自報告期開始起利息 收入乃對金融資產賬面總值應 用實際利率予以確認。

(ii) 按公允值計入損益的金融資產

不符合標準按攤銷成本計量或 按公允值計入其他全面收益或 指定為按公允值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產按公允值計入 指益。

按公允值計入損益的金融資產 於各報告期末按公允值計量, 任何公允值損益於損益內確 款。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ancial instruments (continued)

ncial assets (continued)

ssification and subsequent measurement of financial sets (continued)

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

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3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第9號進行減值評估)

本集團就根據香港財務報告準則第9 號面臨減值評估的金融資產的預期 信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模型進行 減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各 報告日期更新,以反映自首次確認 起的信貸風險變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預 期高內預期信貸虧損可能的違約事件 個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預損」)則指預期於報告日期後12 個月內了能發生的違約事件而導致 的部分全期預期於報告日期後12 個月內分全期獲生的違虧損。 虧損內可能發生的違虧損。 虧損內可能發生的違虧損。 虧損 之一般經濟狀況及於報告日期預 當前狀況的評估及對未來狀況的預 測而作出調整。

本集團始終就貿易應收款項確認全 期預期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量 的虧損撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧 損,惟倘信貸風險自首次確認以來 出現顯著上升,在此情況下,本集 團確認其全期預期信貸虧損。應否 確認全期預期信貸虧損的評估乃基 於自首次確認以來發生違約的機率 或風險的顯著上升作出。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

3

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL") on financial assets which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3.	主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	S
	金融工具(續)		F
	金融資產(續)		Fi
	金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第 9 號進行減值評估) <i>(續)</i>		lr a

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加

<u>(I)</u>

特別是,在評估信貸風險是否 顯著增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或 內部信用評級的實際或預 期顯著惡化;
- 外部市場信貸風險指標的 顯著惡化,如信貸利差大 幅增加,債務方的信用違 約掉期價格;
- 預計會導致債務方償還債 務能力大幅下降的業務、
 財務或經濟狀況的現有或
 預測的不利變化;

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

inancial instruments (continued)

inancial assets (continued)

mpairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

3.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第9號進行減值評估)(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

- 債務方經營業績的實際或 預期顯著惡化;或
- 導致債務方償還債務能力 大幅下降的債務方監管、
 經濟或技術環境的實際或 預期的重大不利變化。

不論上述評估的結果如何,本 集團認為,當合約付款逾期超 過30天,則自首次確認以來信 貸風險已顯著增加,除非本集 團有合理且可支持的資料證明 並非如此。

本集團會定期監察識別信貸風 險是否顯著增加所用標準的有 效性,並適時作出修訂以確保 有關標準能夠在有關金額逾期 前識別信貸風險的顯著增加。

	Financial instruments (continued) Financial assets (continued)		
	airment of financial assets subject to impairment ssment under HKFRS 9 (continued)		
<u>(i)</u>	Significant increase in credit risk (continued)		
	 an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; 		
	• an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.		
	Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.		

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SUI
金融工具(續)		Fina
金融資產(續)		Fina
金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第9號進行減值評估) <i>(續)</i>		lmp ass
(ii) 違約定義		<u>(ii)</u>
就內部信貸風險管理而言,本		

3

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本 集團認為,違約事件在內部得 出或得自外界來源的資料顯示 債務方不大可能悉數向債權人 (包括本集團)還款(未計及本集 團所持任何抵押品)時發生。

不論上文為何,本集團都認為,金融資產逾期超過90日後 即算違約,除非本集團有合理 及可支持資料顯示更加滯後的 違約標準更為恰當。

(iii) 發生信貸減值的金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上的違約 事件(對該金融資產估計未來現 金流量構成不利影響)發生時發 生信貸減值。金融資產發生信 貸減值的證據包括有關下列事 件的可觀察數據:

- [a] 發行人或借款人的重大財 政困難;
- [b] 違反合約(如違約或逾期 事件);
- [c] 借款人的貸款人因有關借款人財政困難的經濟或合約理由而向借款人批出貸款人不會另行考慮的優惠;
- (d) 借款人將可能陷入破產或 其他財務重組;或
- (e) 金融資產因財政困難而失 去活躍市場。

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財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ancial instruments (continued)

incial assets (continued)

pairment of financial assets subject to impairment sessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第9號進行減值評估)(續)

(iv) 註銷政策

資料顯示對手方處於嚴重財政 困難及無實際收回可能時(例如 對手方被清盤或已進入破產程 序時),以較早者為準,本集團 則撇銷金融資產。經考慮法律 意見後(倘合適),遭撇銷的金 融資產可能仍須按本集團收 輯成終止確認事項。任何其後 收回在損益中確認。

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

計量預期信貸虧損乃違約概 率、違約損失率程度(即倘發生 違約的損失程度)及違約風險的 函數。違約概率及違約損失率 程度的評估根據經前瞻性資 調整的歷史數據作出。預期信 貸虧損的估計反映無偏概率加 懷為權重確定。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根 據合約應付本集團的所有合約 現金流與本集團預期將收取的 現金流量間的差額,並按首次 確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

主要曾計政策概要(續)	3.	SUI
金融工具(續)		Fina
金融資產(續)		Fina
金融資產減值(須根據香港財務報告 準則第 9 號進行減值評估) <i>(續)</i>		lmp ass
<u>[v] 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認</u> <u>(續)</u>		<u>(v)</u>
對於綜合評估,本集團於建立 組別時考慮以下特性:		
• 逾期狀況:		
 債務方的性質、規模及行業;及 		
• 外部信貸評級(如有)。		

歸類工作經管理層定期檢討, 以確保各組別成份繼續擁有類 似信貸風險特性。

利息收入根據金融資產的賬面總額 計算,除非金融資產發生信貸減 值,在此情況下,利息收入根據金 融資產的攤銷成本計算。

本集團通過調整金融資產的賬面值 於損益中確認所有金融工具的減值 收益或虧損,惟貿易及其他應收款 項除外,在此情況下,按金及其他 應收款項的相應調整透過虧損撥備 賬確認。

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

MMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ancial instruments (continued)

ncial assets (continued)

pairment of financial assets subject to impairment
sessment under HKFRS 9 (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception for trade receivables, deposits and other receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account. 3

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 金融工具(續) 金融負債及權益

終止確認金融資產

僅當資產現金流量之合約權利屆 滿,或當本集團將金融資產連同資 產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉 讓予另一實體,本集團方會終止確 認該項金融資產。倘本集團並無轉 讓或保留大部份擁有權之風險及回 報,並繼續控制已轉讓資產,則本 集團將於資產確認保留權益,並可 能須付聯屬負債金額。倘本集團保 留已轉讓金融資產擁有權之大部份 風險及回報,則本集團繼續確認金 融資產,並就所收款項確認已抵押 借貸。倘本集團保留已轉讓金融資 產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報, 則會繼續確認金融資產並同時就已 收所得款項確認已抵押借款。

於終止確認以攤銷成本計量之金融 資產時,該資產賬面值與已收及應 收代價之和之間的差額於損益確 家。

Financial instruments (continued) Financial liabilities and equity Derecognition of financial assets The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount

and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is

recognised in profit or loss.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

主要會計政策概要(續)	3.	SL
金融工具(續)		Fin
金融負債及權益(續)		Fin
分類為債務或權益		Cl
債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排的 實際內容以及金融負債及權益工具 的定義分類為金融負債或股本。		De lia of fin
權益工具		Eq
	金融工具(續) 金融負債及權益(續) 分類為債務或權益 債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排的 實際內容以及金融負債及權益工具 的定義分類為金融負債或股本。	金融工具(續) 金融負債及權益(續) 分類為債務或權益 債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排的 實際內容以及金融負債及權益工具 的定義分類為金融負債或股本。

權益工具乃證明本集團於扣減所有 負債後的資產中擁有剩餘權益的任 何合約。本公司發行的權益工具按 所得款項扣減直接發行成本確認。

購回本公司自身的股份權益工具於 權益確認並直接扣除。購買、出 售、發行或註銷本公司自身的股本 股本權益工具時不會於損益內確認 任何收益或虧損。

金融負債

全部金融負債後續按攤銷成本使用 實際利率法或按公允值計入損益計 量。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

本集團的金融負債包括貿易應付款 項、其他應付款項及應計費用、租 賃負債、借款及應付股東款項。

可換股票據

可换股票據的組成部分乃根據合約 安排的實際內容以及金融負債及權 益工具的定義分別分類為金融負債 及權益。倘轉換選擇權將透過以固 定金額的現金或另一項金融資產換 取固定數目的本公司本身權益工具 結算,則屬權益工具。

Convertible note

The component parts of the convertible note are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

UMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

nancial instruments (continued)

nancial liabilities and equity (continued)

lassification as debt or equity

ebt and equity instruments are classified as either financial abilities or as equity in accordance with the substance f the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a nancial liability and an equity instrument.

quity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accruals, lease liabilities, borrowings and amount due to a shareholder.

3.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 金融工具(續) 金融負債及權益(續)

可換股票據(續)

於發行日期,負債部分的公允值乃 透過計量並無相關權益部分的類似 負債的公平值作出估計。

分類為權益的轉換選擇權乃透過扣 除整個複合工具的公允值的負債部 分金額而釐定,並於權益中確認及 入賬(扣除所得税影響),而其後不 予重新計量。此外,分類為權益的 轉換選擇權將保留於權益中,直至 轉換權獲得行使,而在此情況下, 於權益中確認的結餘將轉撥至股份 溢價賬。倘轉換選擇權於可換股票 據到期日仍未獲行使,則於權益中 確認的結餘將轉撥至累計虧損。轉 換選擇權獲轉換時或到期時不會於 損益內確認任何收益或虧損。

有關發行可換股票據的交易成本乃 按所得款項總額的分配比例分配至 負債及權益部分。有關權益部分的 交易成本直接於權益中扣除,有關 負債部分的交易成本計入負債部分 的賬面值,並於可換股票據的期限 內按實際利率法攤銷。

終止確認金融負債

當且僅當其責任獲履行、取消或屆 滿時,本集團方會終止確認金融負 債。終止確認的金融負債賬面值與 已付及應付代價的差額於損益確 訒。

Financial liabilities and equity (continued)
Convertible note (continued)
At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.
A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.
Transaction costs relating to the issuance of the convertible note are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction cost relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

主事	要會	計政策概要(續)	3.	SU
關連	基人 日	士交易		Re
		沉下,有關人士將被視為 有關連:		Αŗ
[1]		₿以下人士,即該人士或該 □之直系親屬與本集團有關		(1)
	(i)	控制或共同控制本集團;		
	(ii)	對本集團有重大影響;或		
	(iii)	為本集團或本集團母公司 的主要管理層成員。		
或				or
[2]		F合下列任何條件,則有關 :為實體:		[2]
	(i)	該實體與本公司屬同一集 團之成員公司。		

3.

- 營公司或合資公司(或另 一實體的母公司、附屬公 司或同系附屬公司)。
- (iii) 該 實體與本集團均為同一 第三方的合資公司。
- (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合
 谷公司,
 而
 另
 一
 會
 體
 為 該第三方實體的聯營公 司。
- [v] 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體就僱員利益 設立的離職福利計劃。倘 本集團本身便是該計劃, 則為離職福利計劃的提供 資助的僱主。
- 或受共同控制。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

IMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

lated Parties Transactions

party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.

The party is an entity where any of the following condition applies:

- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group.
- (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity).
- (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers of the post- employment benefit plan.
- the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a (vi) person identified in (1).

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士交易(續)

〔2〕(續)

- (vii) 於[1](i)所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公司)主要 管理層成員。
- (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團 之任何成員公司為本集團 或本集團之母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

一名人士的家族的密切成員指可能 影響該名人士或被該名人士影響的 家族成員,從而影響該名人士或其 家族的密切成員與實體的交易,包 括:

- [a] 該名人士的子女、配偶或同居 者;
- [b] 該名人士或其配偶或其同居者 的子女;及
- [c] 該名人士或其配偶或其同居者 的家屬。

關連人士之間轉讓資源或責任的交 易,乃視為關連人士交易。

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related Parties Transactions (continued)

(2) (continued)

3

- (vii) a person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續) 分部報告 經營分部及綜合財務報表所呈列各 〇如的合題, 乃從为白本集團名項 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Segment Reporting Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item sected in the second identification of the s

分部的金額,乃從為向本集團各項 業務及地理位置分配資源及評估其 業績而定期向本集團多數最高行政 管理層提供的財務資料當中識別出 來。

個別重要的經營分部不會合計以供 財務報告之用,但如該等經營分部 的產品和服務性質、生產工序性 質、客戶類別或階層、分銷產品或 提供服務的方法以至監管環境的本 質等經濟特性均屬類似,則作別 論。個別不重要的經營分部如果符 合以上大部分條件,則可以合計為 一個報告分部。

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源

於應用於附註3所述之本集團之會計 政策時,本公司之董事須對未能透 過其他來源確定之資產及負債之賬 面值作出判斷、估計及假設。所作 出之估計及相關假設乃以過往經驗 及其他被視為相關之因素為基準。 實際業績可能與該等估計有異。

估計及相關假設乃以持續基準被審 関。倘對會計估計之修訂僅影響進 行修訂之期間,則於該期間確認, 或倘修訂會影響目前及未來期間, 則會於目前及未來期間確認。 The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies which are described in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

以下為於報告期末極可能導致本集 團資產與負債賬面值於下一財政年 度需要作出重大調整之未來相關重 要假設及導致估計不明朗因素的其 他主要來源。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權 (a) 資產、無形資產及採礦權的 減值的估計

根據附註3所述的會計政策 倘任何事件或情況變動顯示資 產的賬面值可能不能收回,則 本集團會評估具有有限可使用 年期的物業、廠房及設備、使 用權資產及採礦權的無形資產 有否出現任何減值。本集團的 現金產生單位的可收回金額指 資產的公允值減銷售成本或其 使用價值(以較高者為準)。公 允值減銷售成本或使用價值的 計算須作出估計及假設。若假 設及估計(包括現金流量預測 中的貼現率及未來收入)有所 變動,可對可收回金額產牛重 大影響。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,經計及已分別確認 的物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、無形資產及採礦權的減 值虧損約58.631.000港元(二零 二一年:175.657.000港元)、 1,957,000港元(二零二一年: 5,182,000港元)、942,000港元 (二零二一年:2.738.000港元) 及零港元(二零二一年:零港元) 後,須進行減值評估的物業、 廠房及設備、使用權資產、無 形資產及採礦權的賬面值分別 約為1,337,361,000港元(二零二 一年:1,626,848,000港元)、 40,629,000港元(二零二一年: 47,994,000港元)、20,939,000港 元(二零二一年:25,406,000港 元)及46,545,000港元(二零二 一年:50,222,000港元)。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF **ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

Kev Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

4

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(a) Estimated Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Right-of-use assets. Intangible assets and Mining Rights

The Group evaluates whether property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets with finite useful lives and mining rights have suffered any impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 3. The recoverable amounts of the Group's CGUs represent the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to disposal or its value- in-use. The calculations of fair value less costs to disposal or value-in-use require the use of estimates and assumptions. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the future revenue in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts. As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights subject to impairment assessment were approximately HK\$1,337,361,000 (2021: HK\$1,626,848,000), HK40,629,000 (2021: HK\$47,994,000), HK\$20,939,000 (2021: HK\$25,406,000) and HK\$46,545,000 (2021: HK\$50,022,000) respectively after taking into account the impairment losses of approximately HK\$58,631,000 (2021: HK\$175,657,000), HK\$1,957,000 (2021: HK\$5,182,000), HK\$942,000 (2021: HK\$2,738,000) and HK\$nil (2021: HK\$nil) in respect of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights that have been recognised respectively.

關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源(續) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

(續)

(a) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、無形資產及採礦權的 減值的估計(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產、無形資產及採礦權的減值 評估詳情於附註18披露。

使用權資產、物業、廠房及 (h) 設備、無形資產和採礦權的 可使用年期的估計

本集團的管理層為其使用權資 產、物業、廠房及設備、無形 資產及採礦權釐定估計可使用 年期及相關折舊/攤銷費用。 此估計以相似性質及功能的使 用權資產、物業、廠房及設備 及無形資產過往經驗的實際可 使用年期及獨立技術顧問所釐 定的礦產資源為基準,其可因 科技創新及競爭者對市況作出 反應而有很大差距。倘可使用 年期較之前估計年期短,管理 層將提高折舊/攤銷費用,或 撇銷或撇減已棄置或出售的技 術上過時或非策略性的資產。

本集團於截至二零二二年及二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度內並無更改使用權資產、物 業、廠房及設備、無形資產以 及採礦權之估計可使用年期

(h)

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF **ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (continued)

- (a) Estimated Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Right-of-use Assets. Intangible Assets and Mining Rights (continued)
 - Details of the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights are disclosed in note 18.
 - Estimated Useful Lives of Right-of-use Assets, Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Mining Rights
 - The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation/amortisation charges for its right-of-use assets, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and mining rights. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of right-of-use assets, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of similar nature and functions and the mineral reserve determined by independent technical adviser. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to market conditions. Management will increase the depreciation/ amortisation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or writedown technically obsolete or nonstrategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.
 - During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not change the estimated useful lives of right- of-use assets, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and mining rights.

關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源(續)

4

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

(c) 預期信貸虧損貿易應收款項 撥借

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易 應收款項的預期信貸虧損。撥 備率乃基於具有類似虧損模式 (即按地理區域、產品類型、客 戶類型及評級,以及信用證或 其他形式的信用保險的承保範 圍)的不同客戶分部組合逾期日 數釐定。

撥備矩陣最初基於本集團過往 觀察所得違約率而釐定。本集 **圆將調整矩陣,藉以按前膽性** 資料調整過往信貸虧損經驗。 舉例而言,倘預測經濟環境(即 本地生產總值)預期將於未來一 年惡化,導致製造業違約事件 增加,則會調整過往違約率。 於各報告日期,過往觀察所得 違約率將予更新,並會分析前 瞻性估計變動。

對 過 往 觀 察 所 得 違 約 率 、 預 測經濟環境及預期信貸虧損 之間關連性進行的評估屬重大 估計。預期信貸虧損金額對情 況變化及預測經濟環境相當敏 感。本集團過往信貸虧損經驗 及預測經濟環境亦未必能代表 客戶日後的實際違約情況。有 關本集團貿易應收款項的預期 信貸虧損的資料於財務報表附 註20及40披露。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF **ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (continued)

(c) Provision for Expected Credit Losses on Trade Receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i. e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic products) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward- looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in notes 20 and 40 to the financial statements

5.	向源中類零要銷隊主團主分於。二從售向要並	务分類資料 要營運決策者內部呈報以作資配及分部表現評估資料,乃集所交付或提供貨品或服務種本集團於截至二零二二年及二一年十二月三十一日止年度主事單一分部業務,亦即製造及團全面掌管有關整體業務分部的營運決策者匯報。因此,本集無獨立可報告分部。		Info dec and of g is p mai duri mai seg repo	RATING SEGMENT INFOR ormation reported interision makers for the p assessment of segmen goods or services delive principally engaged in hufacturing and selling ing the years ended 31 D magement team reports kers who comprehensive ment. Accordingly, the operable segments.	ernally to the c urpose of resou t performance fo vered or provid one single segr magnesium re ecember 2022 an to the chief ope ly manages such	arce allocation ocuses on types ed. The Group ment, which is lated products d 2021. A single rating decision entire business
	(a)	[■] 員和 來自外界客戶之收入		(a)	Revenue from external custor	ners	
		中國(香港除外)	Mainlan	d Chii	na	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
					Hong Kong)	383,899	416,060
		上述收入資料按客戶所在地呈 列。			The revenue inform locations of the custom		based on the
	(b)	非流動資產		(b)	Non-current assets		
						二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$'000
		中國(香港除外)	Mainland (other		na Hong Kong)	1,445,474	1,750,470

上述非流動資產資料按資產所 在地呈列。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of the assets.

5. 業務分類資料(續)

5. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

主要客戶資料

於本年度向單一客戶之銷售佔本集 團10%或以上之收入如下:

Information about major customers Sales to a single customer contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the year is as bellows:

客戶A Customer A 87,256 74,249			二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$′000
	客戶A	Customer A		

6

除上文所披露者外,概無其他客戶 對本集團年內總收入貢獻10%或以 上。 Except disclosed above, no other customers contributed 10% or more to the Group's total revenue for the year.

收入、其他收益或虧損,淨 額及債務重組收益

收入、其他收益或虧損,淨額分析 如下:

REVENUE, OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES, NET AND GAIN ON DEBT RESTRUCTURING

An analysis of revenue and other gains or losses, net is as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
於某一時間點確認 來自客戶合約之收入 銷售鎂金屬相關產品	Revenue from contract with customer recognised at a point in time Sale of magnesium related products	383,899	416,060
其他收益或虧損淨額 銀行利息收入 銷售廢料 出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	Other gains or losses, net Bank interest income Sales of scrap materials Gain on disposal of property, plant	600 1,871	551 2,052
租賃收入 其他	and equipment Rental income Others	2,280 4,010 (1,186)	5,052 7,578 (521)
		7,575	14,712

所有收入合約年度為一年或以下。 如香港財務報告準則第15號的實際 權宜所許可,並無披露分配至未履 行合約的交易價格。 All revenue contracts are for one year or less. As permitted by practical expedient under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

6. 收入、其他收益或虧損,淨 6. 額及債務重組收益(續) 債務重組收益 本集團的債權人計劃(「債權人計劃」) 已於二零二二年三月一日舉行的債

已於二零二二年三月一日舉行的債 權人計劃會議上獲得法定所需的多 數計劃債權人批准。債權人計劃亦 已於二零二二年五月二十七日獲香 港高等法院頒令批准。此後,債權 人計劃已於二零二二年五月三十一 日生效。 於二零二二年七月二十五日,計劃 管理人已自所有計劃債權人收取章

常理人已自所有計劃債權人收取意 願表態表格且受理申索按以下方式 分配:

根據延長五年期限選擇權(「選擇權 A」)的條款,選擇權A債權人的受理 申索將獲全數償還,而償還日期將 由生效日期二零二二年五月三十一 日起計延長五年期限。作為債權人 計劃的一部分,本公司已於二零二 年七月發行65,843,900股新普通股 (「計劃股份」,相當於本公司現時已 發行股份約20%),當中29,630,000港 元(作為延長期限的利息及延長期限 的潛在額外付款)將向計劃管理人發 行並由其代選擇權A債權人持有。延 長期限的利息將由計劃公司每年向 各選擇權A債權人支付;或

根據可換股債券置換選擇權(「選擇 權B」)的條款,本公司已發行公允 值約為352,175,000港元的可換股債 券。後者可讓受理申索轉換成可換 股債券,到期日為計劃生效日期的 第五週年。

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. REVENUE, OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES, NET AND GAIN ON DEBT RESTRUCTING (continued)

Gain on debt restructuring

The Group's creditors' scheme ("Creditors' Scheme") was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the scheme creditors at the meeting of Creditors' Schemes held on 1 March 2022. The Creditors' Scheme was also sanctioned by the High Court of Hong Kong on 27 May 2022. Since then, the Creditors' Scheme became effective on 31 May 2022.

As at 25 July 2022, the scheme administrators have received the preference indication forms from all scheme creditors and the admitted claims have been allocated in the following manner:

Under the terms of the 5 years term extension option ("Option A"), full repayment of admitted claims will be made to the Option A creditors and the repayment date will be extended for a period of five years beginning from the effective date on 31 May 2022. As part of the Creditors' Scheme, the Company issued 65,843,900 new ordinary shares ("Scheme Shares") of which HK\$29,630,000 being approximately 20% of the currently issued shares of the Company in July 2022 for the term extension interest and term extension potential extra payment, will be issued to the scheme administrator to be held on behalf of the Option A Creditors. The term extension interest will be paid to each Option A Creditor by the Scheme Company on an annual basis or;.

Under the terms of convertible bonds swap option ("Option B), the Company issued convertible bonds in the fair value of approximately HK\$352,175,000. The latter offers the conversion of admitted claims into convertible Bonds with a maturity date of the fifth anniversary of the scheme effective date.

6.

6. 收入、其他收益或虧損,淨 額及債務重組收益(續)

債務重組收益(續)

根據債權人計劃,負債(包括計劃負 債的本金及應計利息)約847,781,000 港元已獲解除並分配至延長五年期 限選擇權及可換股債券置換選擇 權。因此,截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度確認債務重組收益 約267,382,000港元。

進一步詳情請參閱本公司日期為二 零二二年五月三日及二零二二年七 月二十六日的公告。

REVENUE, OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES, NET AND GAIN ON DEBT RESTRUCTING (continued)

Gain on debt restructuring *(continued)*

Pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme, the liabilities, including the principals and accrued interests of the scheme debts, amounted to approximately HK\$847,781,000 have been discharged and allocated into a 5-year term extension option or a convertible bonds swap option. Accordingly, a gain on debt restructuring of approximately HK\$267,382,000 has been recognized for the year ended 31 December 2022.

For more details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 3 May 2022 and 26 July 2022.

已根據債權人計劃轉移的 資產:	Asset transfered pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme:	
計劃股份	Scheme Shares	(29,630)
已根據債權人計劃 承擔的負債:	Liabilities assumed pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme:	
可換股債券 - 負債部分(附註28)	Convertible bonds – Liability components (Note 28)	(309,663)
可換股債券 - 權益部分(附註28)	Convertible bonds - Equity components (Note 28)	(42,512)
借款(附註25)	Borrowings (Note 25)	(198,594)
		(550,769)
已根據債權人計劃 解除的負債:	Liabilities discharged pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme:	
其他應付款項及應計費用(附註24)	Other payables and accrued expenses (Note 24)	77,203
應付一名股東款項(附註26)	Amount due to a shareholder (Note 26)	50,159
借款(附註25)	Borrowings (Note 25)	720,419
		847,781
債務重組收益	Gain on debt restructuring	267,382

7. 税前溢利/(虧損) 本集團之税前溢利/(虧損)已扣 除/(計入)下列各項:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
出售存貨成本 [#] 物業、廠房及設備之折舊*	Cost of inventories sold [#] Depreciation of property,	252,536	306,086
物業、廠房及設備撇銷*	plant and equipment* Written-off of property, plant	110,144	103,305
以股權結算之購股權費用 使用權資產折舊* 出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	and equipment* Equity-settled share option expenses Depreciation of right-of-use assets* Gain on disposal of property,	183 918 1,439	774 2,232 1,377
物業、廠房及設備確認之	plant and equipment Impairment loss recognised on property,	(2,280)	(5,052)
減值虧損 使用權資產確認之減值虧損	plant and equipment Impairment loss recognised on	58,631	175,657
無形資產確認之減值虧損	right-of-use assets Impairment loss recognised on	1,957	5,182
	intangible assets	942	2,738
撇銷預付款項 無形資產攤銷* 核數師酬金*	Written-off of prepayment Amortisation of intangible assets* Auditors' remuneration*	28,620 1,448	4,900
一審計服務 一非審計服務	- Audit Service - Non-audit Service	1,000 -	1,000 -
僱員福利開支 (包括董事薪酬)	Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration)		
工資、薪金及實物福利 退休計劃供款	Wages and salaries and benefits in kind Pension scheme contributions	37,402 783	43,915 610
		38,185	44,525
匯兑差額,淨額* 其他應收款項之 預期信貸虧損	Foreign exchange differences, net* Allowance for/(reversal of) expected credit loss	4,412	910
撥備/(撥回) 應收貿易賬款預期	on other receivables	18	(65)
信貸虧損撥備	Allowance for expected credit loss on trade receivables	104,173	53,308
# 計入綜合損益及其他全面收入表之「 本」	銷售成	e consolidated statemer	nt of profit or loss and
* 計入綜合損益及其他全面收入表之「 出」	行政支 * Included in "Administrative exper loss and other comprehensive in		d statement of profit or

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

8. 財務費用

8. FINANCE COSTS

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
頁於五年內全數償還之銀行及 其他借款利息	Interest on bank and other borrowings wholly repayable within five years	3,620	69,401
責權人計劃下借款的實際利息 開支	Effective interest expenses on borrowings under the Creditors' Scheme	6,918	_
f權人計劃下可換股債券的實 際利息開支	Effective interest expenses on convertible bonds under the Creditor's Scheme	10,385	
		20,923	69,401

9. 董事酬金

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

(a) 董事薪酬

(a) Directors' Emoluments

截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度各董事之薪酬載列如 下:

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set below:

		袍金 Fees 千港元 HK\$'000	薪金 Salaries 千港元 HK\$'000	購股權 Share options 千港元 HK\$'000	僱主的 退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contribution 千港元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
執行董事 沈世捷 池斯樂	Executive directors Shum Sai Chit Chi Sile	600 600	-	134 -	- 45	734 645
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors					
鄺炳文	Kwong Ping Man			22		52
張省本	Cheung Sound Poon			22		52
關毅傑[1]	Kwan Ngai Kit ⁽¹⁾	15		11		26
林鵬軒[2]	Lin Pengxuan ⁽²⁾	8	-	-	-	8
		1,283	-	189	45	1,517
(1) 於二零二二年	=六月二十七日退任	⁽¹⁾ r	etired on 27 June 2	2022		

於二零二二年九月二十日獲委任 [2]

appointed on 20 September 2022

昏酬金 (續)		9.	DI
			(a)
			1
執行董事 沈世捷 池靜超 ^[1] 池斯樂 ^[2]	Executive directors Shum Sai Chit Chi Jing Chao ⁽¹⁾ Chi Sile ^[2]		
非執行董事 孟健 ⁽³⁾	Non-executive director Meng Jian ⁽³⁾		
獨立非執行董事 鄺炳文 張省本 關毅傑	Independent non-executive directors Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon Kwan Ngai Kit	i	
	董事薪酬(續) 截至二零二一年 日止年度各董事 下: 執行董事 沈靜經 ^[1] 池靜樂 ^[2] 非執行董事 孟健 ^[3] 獨立非執行董事 顯炳文 張省本	董事薪酬(續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度各董事之薪酬載列如下: 執行董事 上年度各董事之薪酬載列如下: 執行董事 上年度各董事之薪酬載列如下: 執行董事 比較量 沈世捷 沈時超 ^[1] Chi Jing Chao ^[1] 池斯樂 ^[2] 非執行董事 Anon-executive director 五健 ^[3] 獨立非執行董事 Independent non-executive directors 鄭炳文 Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon	董事薪酬(續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度各董事之薪酬載列如下: 執行董事 上年度各董事之薪酬載列如下: 執行董事 上報行董事 比增超 ^[1] Chi Jing Chao ^[1] 池靜超 ^[1] Ku野經 ^[2] F執行董事 And Chi Sile ^[2] 非執行董事 Mon-executive director 五健 ^[3] Mong Jian ^[3] 獨立非執行董事 Independent non-executive directors 鄭炳文 Kwong Ping Man Cheung Sound Poon

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[1]	於二零二一年八月一日辭任
[2]	於二零二一年八月一日獲委任

[3] 於二零二一年六月三十日退任

截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團概無向本集團任何董事支付 任何酬金,以誘使其加入本集 **围或加入本集團**,或作為離職 補償。

於本年度內,並無董事訂立任 何放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之 安排(二零二一年:無)。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

Directors' Emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set below:

袍金 Fees ←港元 \$'000	薪金 Salaries 千港元 HK\$'000	購股權 Share options 千港元 HK\$'000	僱主的 退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contribution 千港元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
- - 250	250 _ _	315 18 -	8 - -	573 18 250
50	-	26	-	76
30 30 30	- -	52 52 52	- - -	82 82 82
390	250	515	8	1,163

resigned on 1 August 2021

appointed on 1 August 2021 [2]

[3] retired on 30 June 2021

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2021: nil).

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10. 最高薪酬人士

本集團年內薪酬最高的五名僱員包 括兩名(二零二一年:兩名)董事, 其薪酬詳情載於上文附註9。剩餘 三名(二零二一年:三名)薪酬最高 僱員(並非本公司董事或主要行政人 員)的年內薪酬詳情如下:

10. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two (2021: two) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2021: three) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
薪金、津貼及實物利益 購股權費用 退休計劃供款	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Share option expenses Pension scheme contributions	1,590 22 29	1,289 52 35
		1,641	1,376

薪酬介乎以下範圍的薪酬最高的僱 員(並非本公司董事)人數如下:

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000
零至1,000,000 港元	Nil to HK\$1,000,000	3	3

11. 所得税開支

即期税項:

- 中國企業所得税 遞延税項(附註29)

於綜合損益及其他全面收入表內扣 除/(計入)的所得税開支數額指:

	二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
Current tax: – PRC Enterprises Income Tax Deferred taxation (Note 29)	4,305 (77)	5,238 (80)
	4,228	5,158

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
税前溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before tax	5,632	(326,725)
按法定税率計算之税項 毋須納税之收入 不可扣税之支出 未被確認之税項虧損	Tax at the statutory tax rates Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax Tax losses not recognised	823 (44,217) 41,430 6,192	(76,994) (161) 79,518 2,795
按本集團實際税率計算 之税項支出	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	4,228	5,158

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The amount of income tax expense charged/(credited) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit/ (loss) before tax at the statutory rates for the countries/ jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e. the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

11. 所得税開支(續)

(a) 香港利得税

於二零一八年三月二十一日, 香港立法會通過二零一十年税 務條例草案(修訂)(第7號)(「該 草案1),該草案引入利得税兩 級制。該法案於二零一八年三 月二十八日簽署成法律,並於 翌日刊憲。根據利得税兩級 制,合資格集團實體的首2百萬 港元利潤將按8.25%徵税,而 超過2百萬港元的利得税則須按 16.5%徵税。不符合利得税兩 級制的集團實體利潤將繼續按 16.5%的固定税率徵税。

本集團董事認為實施兩級制利 得税税率規定後所涉及的金額 就綜合財務報表而言屬不重 大。香港利得税於兩個年度內 均按估計應課税溢利之16.5%計 算。由於在香港並無產生應課 税溢利,故截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日止年度毋須支付 任何税項(二零二一年:無)。

(h) 中國企業所得税

中國企業所得税乃按於中國截 至二零二二年及二零二一年十 二月三十一日止年度之估計應 課税溢利之25%計算。

12. 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二二年及 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 派付任何股息。

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

(a) Hong Kong Profits Tax

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rate regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazette on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rate regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits tax above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The directors of the Group considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profit tax rates require as insignificant to the consolidated financial statement. Hong Kong Profits tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years. No tax is payable for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil) since there was no assessable profit generated in Hong Kong.

(b) PRC Enterprise Income Tax

The PRC Enterprise Income Tax is calculated at 25% on the estimated assessable profits arising in the PRC for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

12. DIVIDEND

The board of directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

13.	本公司普通股應佔每股盈 利/(虧損) 計算本公司擁有人應佔每股基本 及攤薄盈利/(虧損)乃根據以下數 據:		EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHA OF THE COMPANY The calculation of the basic share attributable to owners following data:	and diluted earni	ngs/(loss) per
				二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK \$ '000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
	計算每股基本及攤薄 盈利/(虧損)所用的 本公司擁有人應佔年內 溢利/虧損	owners of	for the year attributable to the Company for the f basic and diluted earnings/ share	1,404	(331,883)
				截至十二月三 Year ended 3 二零二二年 2022	
	計算每股基本及攤薄 盈利/(虧損)所用的加權 平均普通股數目	shares for	erage number of ordinary • the purpose of basic and rnings/(loss) per share	356,098,245	329,219,502
	年內已發行加權平均普通股數目 356,098,245(二零二一年:已重列 329,219,502),已作出調整以反映 註30所披露的股份合併的影響。 較數字亦已按股份合併已於上個	」為 R附 比	The weighted average n 356,098,245 (2021: Restated the year, as adjusted to r consolidation as disclosed have also been adjusted or	l as 329,219,502) reflect the effect in note 30. Com	in issue during at of the share parative figures

度生效的假設而作出調整。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

have also been adjusted on the assumption that the share consolidation had been effective in the prior year.

13. 本公司普通股應佔每股盈 利/(虧損)

13. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS **OF THE COMPANY** (continued)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止 年 度 已 發 行 加 權 平 均 普 通 股 數目356,098,245(二零二一年: 329,219,502)的計算方法如下:

The calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares amounting to 356,098,245 (2021: 329,219,502) in issue for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

			十一日止年度 31 December
		二零二二年 2022	二零二一年 2021 (經重列) (Restated)
於一月一日已發行股份數目 股份合併的影響 發行新計劃股份的影響	Number of issued shares on 1 January Effect of the share consolidation Effect brought by the issue of new scheme shares	6,584,390,058 (6,255,170,556) 26,878,743	6,584,390,058 (6,255,170,556) –
		356,098,245	329,219,502

就購股權而言,本公司根據尚未行 使購股權所附認購權貨幣值進行計 算,以釐定可按公允值(以本公司期 內股份平均市價釐定)購入的股份數 目。本公司會將按上文所述計算的 股份數目與假設行使購股權所發行 的股份數目進行比較。

由於購股權行使價高於截至二零二 二及二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的股份平均市價,故計算每股 攤薄盈利/(虧損)時並無假設行使 本公司的購股權。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,計算每股攤薄盈利時並無假 設已轉換本公司可換股債券,原因 為假設轉換會導致每股盈利增加。

For the share options, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average market price of the Company's shares during the period) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

The computation of diluted earnings/(loss) per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options because the exercise price of those share options was higher than the average market price of shares for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the computation of diluted earning per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's convertible bonds since their assumed exercise would result in an increase in earning per share.

/ /	肳業、	厰房	ヱ゠゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚゚	
4 3				ΈB
				1.0

		租賃土地 及樓宇 Leasehold land and buildings 千港元 HK\$'000	在建工程 Construction in progress 千港元 HK\$'000	傢具、 裝置及 設備 Furniture, fixtures and equipment 千港元 HK\$*000	廠房及 機器 Plant and machinery 千港元 HK\$*000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
成本: 於二零二一年一月一日 添置 韓譲 出售 撤銷 歴兑重列	Cost: As at 1 January 2021 Additions Transfer Disposal Written-off Exchange realignment	506,400 - 579,111 - (1,293) 22,374	443,541 205,854 (639,617) _ _ 7,895	6,734 36 - - 202	1,051,584 1,804 60,506 (6,864) - 32,212	3,735 - - - - 112	2,011,994 207,694 - (6,864, (1,293) 62,795
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 添置 韓譲 出售 撤銷 匯兑重列	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Addition Transfer Disposal Written-off Exchange realignment	1,106,592 - - - [83,554]	17,673 11,337 [53] _ [1,702]	6,972 12 - - (527)	1,139,242 1,413 53 (2,656) (1,124) (85,942)	3,847 183 - [615] [276]	2,274,326 12,945 - (2,656 (1,739) (172,001)
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	1,023,038	27,255	6,457	1,050,986	3,139	2,110,875
累計折舊及減值 : 於二零二一年一月一日 本年度計提折舊 減值 出售 撤銷 匯兑重列	Accumulated depreciation and impairment: As at 1 January 2021 Depreciation provided during the year Impairment Disposal Written-off Exchange realignment	(77,027) (25,798) (98,307) - 519 (2,611)	- [1,722] - -	(5,009) (277) (149) – – (154)	(277,819) (76,496) (75,387) 4,985 - (9,231)	(2,097) (734) (92) - (72)	(361,952) (103,305) (175,657) 4,985 519 (12,068)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 本年度計提折舊 減值 出售 勤銷 匯兑重列	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Deprecation provided during the year Impairment Disposal Written-off Exchange realignment	(203,224) (40,707) (34,086) - - 9,389	[1,722] - [2,350] - -	(5,589) (941) - - 442	(433,948) (68,068) (22,195) 1,533 975 29,604	(2,995) (428) - 581 215	(647,478) (110,144) (58,631) 1,533 1,556 39,650
	As at 31 December 2022	(268,628)	(4,072)	(6,088)	[492,099]	(2,627)	(773,514
賬面值: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 於二零二一年十二月三十一日	Carrying amount: As at 31 December 2022 As at 31 December 2021	754,410 903,368	23,183 15,951	369 1,383	558,887 705,294	512 852	1,337,361 1,626,848

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

稀鎂科技集團控股有限公司 133 2022 週年報告

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

14. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

附註

Note:

(i) 本集團之租賃土地及樓宇於報告期末之賬面 值分析如下:

The carrying amount of the Group's leasehold land and buildings reporting

(i) periods are analysed as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
於中國內地之中年期租約	Medium term leases in Mainland China	754,410	903,368

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面 (ii) 淨值約270,790,000港元之樓宇、廠房及機器 (二零二一年:331,490,000港元)已被抵押以 獲得本集團所獲授之銀行信貸額(附註25)。
- (ii) As at 31 December 2022, buildings, plant and machinery of the Group with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$270,790,000 (2021: HK\$331,490,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 25).

物業、廠房及設備之減值測試詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註18。

Details of the impairment testing on property, plant and equipment are disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

15. 使用權資產

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
於一月一日 本年度計提折舊 減值虧損 匯兑重列	As at 1 January Depreciation provided during the year Impairment loss Exchange realignment	47,994 (1,439) (1,957) (3,969)	52,981 (1,377) (5,182) 1,572
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	40,629	47,994

使用權資產指土地使用權,包括獲 得使用若干土地(主要位於中國)以 於固定期限內經營的權利的成本。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,使

用權資產約40,629,000港元(二零二

一年:47,994,000港元)已予質押以

使用權資產之減值測試詳情載於綜

抵押銀行借款(附註25)。

合財務報表附註18。

The right-of-use assets represent the land use rights, comprising cost of acquiring rights to use certain land, which are principally located in the PRC, for operating purposes over fixed periods.

As at 31 December 2022, right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$40,629,000 (2021: HK\$47,994,000) have been pledged to secure bank borrowings (note 25).

Details of the impairment testing on right-of-use assets are disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

16. 無形資產

		專利 Patent 千港元 HK\$'000
成本:	Cost:	
於二零二一年一月一日	As at 1 January 2021	53,293
匯兑重列	Exchange realignment	1,598
於二零二一年十二月三十一日及	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	
二零二二年一月一日	,	54,891
匯兑重列	Exchange alignment	[4,144]
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	50,747
累計攤銷及減值:	Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	
於二零二一年一月一日	As at 1 January 2021	21,152
本年度攤銷	Amortisation for the year	4,900
減值虧損	Impairment loss	2,738
匯兑重列	Exchange alignment	695
於二零二一年十二月三十一日及	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	
二零二二年一月一日	,	29,485
本年度攤銷	Amortisation for the year	1,448
減值虧損	Impairment loss	942
匯兑重列	Exchange alignment	(2,067)
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	29,808
賬面值:	Carrying amount:	
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	20,939
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	25,406
無形資產之減值測試詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註18。	Details of the impairment testing on intang disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated finan	gible assets a

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

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17. 採礦權

17. MINING RIGHTS

		千港元 HK\$'000
成本: 於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑重列	Cost: As at 1 January 2021 Exchange realignment	58,600 1,757
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 匯兑重列	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Exchange realignment	60,357 (4,557)
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	55,800
累計攤銷: 於二零二一年一月一日 本年度攤銷 匯兑重列	Accumulated amortisation: As at 1 January 2021 Amortisation for the year Exchange realignment	9,840 - 295
二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日 本年度攤銷 匯兑重列	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Amortisation for the year Exchange realignment	10,135 - (880)
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	9,255
賬面值: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日	Carrying amount: As at 31 December 2022	46,545
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	50,222

結餘乃位於中國吉林省白山市的白 雲石礦的採礦權,以礦石儲備的產 量予以攤銷。

本集團按公允值減出售成本估計採 礦權的可收回金額。相關資產的賬 面值並無超出按公允值減出售成本 的可收回金額,故並無確認減值。 The balance represents mining rights of the dolomite mine located in Baishan City of Jilin Province, the PRC, which is amortised by the production quantity over the ore reserve.

The Group estimates on the recoverable amounts of the mining rights based the fair value less costs to disposal. The carrying amount of the relevant assets does not exceed the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs to disposal and no impairment has been recognised.

勿業、廠房及設備、使用權	1
資產 · 無形資產及採礦權之	
咸值測試	
截至二零二二年十二月三十一日	
上年度,本集團的業務表現不佳	
並產生虧損,乃由於對營運資金	
4. 见制。题於銈產品業務的現全產	

18.

的限制。鑒於銈產品業務的現金產 生單位(「現金產生單位」)的經濟表 現不如預期,本集團管理層認為存 在減值跡象,並對賬面值分別約為 1,337,361,000港元(二零二一年: 1,626,848,000港元)、40,629,000 港元(二零二一年:47,994,000港 元)、20,939,000港元(二零二一年: 25,406,000港元)及46,545,000港元 (二零二一年:50,222,000港元)的物 業、廠房及設備、使用權資產、無 形資產及採礦權進行減值評估。

倘無法單獨估計資產所屬的現金產 生單位之可收回金額,則本集團會 估計該現金產生單位之可收回金 額,包括於可確立合理及一致基準 時分配企業資產。現金產生單位的 資產賬面值約為1,441,500,000港 元(二零二一年:1,750,470,000港 元)。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據 使用價值計算釐定。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,該計算使用基於 本集團管理層批准的涵蓋未來5年的 財務預算的現金流量預測,採用的 税前貼現率為14.41%(二零二一年: 14.71%)。超過5年(二零二一年:5 年)期之現金流量乃使用2%(二零二 一年:2%)增長率推算,乃基於行 場長預測,且不超過相關行業的另 一項主要假設為預算收入、毛單 期平均增長率。使用價值計算的另 又營運支出,乃根據現金產生單 的過往表現及管理層對市場發展的 預期釐定。

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

18. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND MINING RIGHTS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group's business was underperformed and incurred losses due to the constraints to working capital. In view of the economic performance of the cash generating unit ("CGU") of magnesium product business which was worse than expected, management of the Group concluded there was an indication for impairment and conducted impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets, intangible assets and mining rights with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$1,337,361,000 (2021: HK\$1,626,848,000), HK\$40,629,000 (2021: HK\$47,994,000), HK\$20,939,000 (2021: HK\$25,406,000) and HK\$46,545,000 (2021: HK\$50,222,000), respectively.

The Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU, to which the asset belongs when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, including allocation of corporate assets when reasonable and consistent basis can be established. The carrying amounts of assets of CGU was approximately HK\$1,441,500,000 (2021: HK\$1,750,470,000).

The recoverable amount of CGU has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management of the Group covering the following 5 years with a pre-tax discount rate is 14.41% (2021: 14.71%) as at 31 December 2022. The cash flows beyond the five-year (2021: five-year) period are extrapolated using 2% (2021: 2%) growth rate, which is based on the industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the relevant industry. Another key assumption for the value in use calculated is the budgeted revenue, gross margin and operating expenses which are determined based on the cash-generating unit's past performance and management expectations for the market development.

18. 物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、無形資產及採礦權之 減值測試(續)

根據減值評估結果,本集團管理層 釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額低 於賬面值。減值金額已分配至具有 有限可使用年期的各類物業、廠房 及設備、使用權資產及無形資產, 以使各類別資產的賬面值不會降低 至低於其公允值減出售成本之最高 值、其使用價值及零。根據使用價 值計算及分配,已在物業、廠房及 設備、使用權資產、無形資產及採 礦權涉及的相關功能內就該等資 產分別確認減值虧損約58,631,000 港元(二零二一年:175,657,000港 元)、1,957,000港元(二零二一年: 5.182.000港元)、942.000港元(二零 二一年:2,738,000港元)及零港元(二 零二一年:零港元)。

採礦權的賬面值並無減少,原因為 公允值減出售成本高於賬面值。採 礦權乃根據白雲石的市價及餘下礦 石儲量按第二層級公允值計量。

18. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND **EQUIPMENT, RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND MINING RIGHTS** (continued)

Based on the result of the impairment assessment, management of the Group determined that the recoverable amount of the CGU is lower than the carrying amount. The impairment amount has been allocated to each category of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives such that the carrying amount of each category of asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less cost to disposal, its value in use and zero. Based on the value in use calculation and the allocation, impairment loss of approximately HK\$58,631,000 (2021: HK\$175,657,000), HK\$1,957,000 (2021: HK\$5,182,000), HK\$942,000 (2021: HK\$2,738,000) and HK\$nil (2021: HK\$nil) has been recognised against the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, right-ofuse assets, intangible assets and mining rights respectively within the relevant functions to which these assets relate.

The carrying amount of mining rights has not been reduced since the fair value less cost to disposal is higher than the carrying amount. The mining rights were measured at fair value based on Level 2 hierarchy based on the market price of dolomite and the remaining ore reserve.

19. 存貨

19. INVENTORIES

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
原材料 在製品 製成品	Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	108,967 - 83,307	101,454 - 113,956
		192,274	215,410

應收貿易賬款	2	0. TR	ADE RECEIVABLES		
				二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ ⁻ 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款(附註[i]) 預期信貸虧損撥備			s (note (i)) pected credit loss	154,881 (153,383)	206,406 (56,902)
				1,498	149,504
附註:		Note	2:		
(i) 本集團與其客戶之貿易主要以 行。除銷期一般不超過180天 有最高除銷額度。本集團務求前 付應收款項並將除銷風險降至封 理層定期審核逾期結餘。鑒於 之本集團之應收貿易賬款涉及 戶,故並無重大的信貸集中風限 無就其應收貿易賬款結餘持有 或其他信貸提升保障。應收貿 息。	, 毎名客戶皆 嚴格控制未償 長低。高級管 上文所散之客 気の散之客 金本集團並 1 任何抵押品	(i)	The Group's trading terms wi credit period is generally not o credit limit. The Group seeks t receivables and to minimise regularly by senior management that the Group's trade receiva customers, there is no significa not hold any collateral or other balances. Trade receivables are	ver 180 days. Each custon o maintain strict control o credit risk. Overdue bala nt. In view of the aforemen bles related to a large nu nt concentration of credit r credit enhancements over	ner has a maximun over its outstanding ances are reviewer ntioned and the fac umber of diversifier risk. The Group doe
於 二 零 二 一 年 一 月 一 日 客 戶 合 約 的 應 收 貿 易 賄 165,186,000港元。			at 1 January 2021, trade stomers amounted to app		
於報告期末按發票日期劃 貿易賬款(扣除預期信貸虛 之賬齡分析如下所示:		the	ageing analysis of the tr e reporting period, base owance for expected crea	d on the invoice da	ate and net o
				二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
少於60天 61至90天 91至180天	Within 60 61 to 90 d 91 to 180	ays		1,156 342 -	2,692 20,448 126,364
				1,498	149,504

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

20. 應收貿易賬款(續)

20. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

應收貿易賬款預期信貸虧損撥備之 變動如下:

The movements in the allowance for expected credit loss of trade receivables are as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
年初 預期信貸虧損凈額撥備 匯兑差額	At the beginning of year Allowance for expected credit loss, net Exchange difference	56,902 104,173 (7,692)	3,490 53,308 104
於年末	At the end of year	153,383	56,902

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減 值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥 備率乃基於向有類似虧損模式(即按 地理區域、產品類型、客戶類型及 評級,以及信用證或其他形式的信 用保險的承保範圍)的多個客戶分部 組合的內部信貸評級釐定。該計算 反映或然率加權結果、貨幣時值及 於報告日期可得有關過往事件、目 前狀況及預測未來經濟狀況的合理 佐證資料。預期信貸虧損評估詳情 載於附註40。

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on internal credit ratings for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Details of assessment of expected credit loss was detailed in Note 40.

20. 應收貿易賬款(續) 採用撥備矩陣分析本集團貿易應收

款項的信貸風險資料如下:

matrix:

		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千港元 HK\$'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二二年十二月三十一日 即期(未逾期) 逾期少於1年	31 December 2022 Current (not past due) Less than 1 year past due	1.64% 100%	1,523 153,358 154,881	25 153,358 153,383
		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千港元 HK\$'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 即期(未逾期) 逾期少於1年	31 December 2021 Current (not past due) Less than 1 year past due	3.68% 100%	155,221 51,185 206,406	5,717 51,185 56,902

		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千港元 HK\$'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000
於二零二二年十二月三十一日 即期(未逾期) 逾期少於1年	31 December 2022 Current (not past due) Less than 1 year past due	1.64% 100%	1,523 153,358	25 153,358
			154,881	153,383
		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千港元 HK\$'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 即期(未逾期) 逾期少於1年	31 December 2021 Current (not past due) Less than 1 year past due	3.68% 100%	155,221 51,185	5,717 51,185
			206,406	56,902

應收貿易賬款減值評估的詳情載於 附註40。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

20. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivbles are set out in Note 40.

21. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 款項

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK \$ '000
預付款項(附註[i]) 按金 其他應收款項(附註[ii])	Prepayments (note (i)) Deposits Other receivables (note (ii))	186,726 253 3,677	202,185 397 7,217
預期信貸虧損撥備	Allowance for expected credit loss	190,656 (142)	209,799 (132)
		190,514	209,667

按金概無逾期或減值。預期信貸虧 損撥備與其他應收款項有關。

附註:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,預付款項主 (i) 要包括存貨之預付款項約182,782,000港元 (二零二一年:191,248,000港元)。
- 其他應收款項主要包括可於中國收回的增值 (ii) 税約2,223,000港元(二零二一年:2,390,000 港元)。

按金及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧 損撥備之變動如下:

None of the deposits is either past due or impaired. The allowance for expected credit loss was related to other receivables.

notes:

- As at 31 December 2022, prepayments mainly comprise of prepayment of inventory of approximately HK\$182,782,000 (2021: HK\$191,248,000). (i)
- (ii) Other receivable mainly comprise of value-added tax recoverable in the PRC of approximately HK\$2,223,000 (2021: HK\$2,390,000).

The movements in the allowance for expected credit loss of deposits and other receivables are as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
年初	At the beginning of year	132	191
預期信貸虧損撥備/(撥備撥回)	Allowance/(reversal of allowance) for expected credit loss	18	(65)
匯兑差額	Exchange difference	(8)	6
於年末	At the end of year	142	132

按金及其他應收款項減值評估的詳 情載於附註40。

Details of impairment assessment of deposits and other receivables are set out in note 40.

22. 現金及現金等值項目及已抵 22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK 押銀行存款 DEPOSITS

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
現金及銀行結餘 已抵押銀行存款	Cash and bank balances Pledged bank deposits	28,599 9,698	25,078 10,490
減:借款之抵押存款(附註25)	Less: Pledged deposits for borrowings (note 25)	38,297 (9,698)	35,568 (10,490
現金及現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	28,599	25,078
已抵押銀行存款: 流動部份 非流動部份	Pledged bank deposits: Current portion Non-current portion	9,698 -	10,490 -
		9,698	10,490
於報告期末,本集團以人民幣 之現金及現金等值項目以及已 銀行存款約為38,037,000港元)。人 二一年:32,479,000港元)。人 不得自由兑換其他貨幣,然而 據中國外匯管理條例及結匯、 及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准 獲授權可從事匯兑業務的銀行 民幣兑換為其他貨幣。	抵押 equivalents and pledge 二零 denominated in RMB 民幣 HK\$38,037,000 (2021: Hk ,根 convertible into other cur 售匯 China's Foreign Excha 透過 Administration of Settlem 將人 Exchange Regulations, th RMB for other currenci	equivalents and pledged bank deposits of the Grou denominated in RMB amounted to approximatel HK\$38,037,000 (2021: HK\$32,479,000). RMB is not free convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainlan China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations an Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreig Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchang RMB for other currencies through banks authorised t conduct foreign exchange business.	
銀行現金乃根據銀行每日銀行 利率之浮動利率賺取利息。視 集團即時現金需求,短期定期 之期限為三個月,並按各自之 定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行 及抵押存款存放於具良好信用 有近期拖欠付款記錄的銀行。	乎本daily bank deposit rates存款made for three months短期cash requirements of the存款respective short term time	s. Short term tim s depending on t e Group, and earn e deposit rates. Th deposited with cre	e deposits ar the immediat interest at the e bank balance
於二零二二年十二月三十一日 抵押銀行存款約9,698,000港元 二一年:10,490,000港元)已抵 銀行,以獲得借款(附註25)。	(二零 approximately HK\$9,698	,000 (2021: HK\$1	0,490,000) wa

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

23. 應付貿易賬款

23. TRADE PAYABLES

於報告期末按發票日期劃分的應付 貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下所示:

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice dates, is as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
少於60天 61至90天 超過90天	Within 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days	5,966 554 10,929	1,557 769 11,038
		17,449	13,364

應付貿易賬款不計利息,結算期通 常為不超過180天。

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled within 180-day terms.

24. 其他應付款項及應計費用及 合約負債

24. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
應計費用(附註[i]) 其他應付款項(附註[ii])	Accruals (note (i)) Other payables (note (ii))	4,867 18,377	5,666 128,685
		23,244	134,351
合約負債(附註[iii]及[iv])	Contract liabilities (notes (iii) and (iv))	14,598	26,321

24. 其他應付款項及應計費用及 合約自信(續)

日於		LIAt
	費用及其他應付款項為免息及 要求償還。	Accr on d
付註:		note:
i)	於二零二二年十二月三十一日,應計開支主 要為應計薪金及員工福利約3,118,000港元 (二零二一年:3,777,000港元)及應計專業費 用約1,749,000港元(二零二一年:1,889,000 港元)。	(i)
ii)	於二零二二年十二月三十一日,其他應付 款項主要為應付利息約8,474,000港元(二零 二一年:82,847,000港元)及應付在建工程 未結付金額約6,756,000港元(二零二一年: 25,829,000港元)。	(ii)
iii)	債權人計劃於二零二二年五月三十一日生效 後,金額約為77,203,000港元的未償還應計 費用及其他應付款項已根據債權人計劃獲全 數解除。	(iii)
iv]	在與銷售鎂產品的客戶簽訂合約時,本集團 收取若干部分的合約金額。分配至該等銷售 的交易價格於初步銷售交易時確認為合約負 債。本年度確認於合約負債餘額中的收益約 為26,321,000港元(二零二一年:13,993,000 港元)。本集團認為預付款項計劃並不包括 重大融資部分,而因此經計及付款條款並非 主要因向本集團提供融資而訂立,代價金額 並非就金錢時間值的影響而調整。	(iv)

合約負債之變動如下:	(v) The movements of contract liabili	ties are as follows:	
		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二- 2 千氵 HK\$'
於一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1 January	26,321	13.
自本年度滿足的履約責任確認之收益	Revenue recognised from performance obligations satisfied during the year	(26,321)	(13)
年內收取按金導致之合約負債增加	Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receiving		
	deposits during the year	16,586	25,
匯兑重列	Exchange realignment	(1,988)	
		1/ 500	2/
於十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31 December	14,598	26

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

24. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS AND CONTRACT

LIABILITIES (continued)

cruals and other payables are interest-free and repayable demand.

As at 31 December 2022, the accrual expenses mainly represent accrual salary and staff benefit of approximately HK\$3,118,000 (2021: HK\$3,777,000) and accrued professional fee of approximately HK\$1,749,000 (2021: HK\$1,889,000).

As at 31 December 2022, the other payable was mainly represents interest pavable of approximately HK\$8.474.000 (2021: HK\$82.847.000) and outstanding amount payable for construction-in-progress of approximately HK\$6,756,000 (2021: HK\$25,829,000).

Upon the Creditors' Scheme becoming effective on 31 May 2022, the outstanding accruals and other payable in the amount of approximately HK\$77,203,000 was fully discharged pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme.

The Group receives certain portion of contract amounts when signing the contracts with customers on sale of magnesium products. The transaction price allocated to these sales is recognised as a contract liability at the time of initial sales transaction. Revenue recognised in the current year that was included in the contract liability balance was approximately HK\$26,321,000 (2021: HK\$13,993,000). The Group considers the advance payments schemes does not contain significant financing component and accordingly the amount of consideration is not adjusted for the effects of the time value of money taking into consideration that the payment terms were not structured primarily for the provision of finance to the Group.

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

25. 借款(續)

25. 借款

25. **BORROWINGS**

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行借款 其他借款(附註[ii])	Bank borrowings Other borrowings (note (ii))	72,173 247,931	137,080 738,963
		320,104	876,043
借款: 一年內或按要求到期 兩年以上但不超過 五年期間內到期	Borrowings: Due within one year or on demand Due within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	114,592 205,512	876,043
減:列作非流動負債金額	Less: Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	320,104 (205,512)	876,043
列作流動負債金額 減:由於貸款違約或 違反貸款契諾而須按要 求償還的銀行及其他借 款賬面值(流動負債下 列示)(附註iv)	Amounts shown under current liabilities Less: The carrying amount of bank and other borrowings that are repayable on demand due to loan defaults or breach of loan covenants (shown under current	114,592	876,043
就於一年內應付或按要求 應付之銀行及其他貸款 列作流動負債之金額	liabilities) (note iv) Amounts shown under current liabilities for the bank and other borrowings that are repayable within one year or on demand	(114,592) –	(839,815) 36,228
借款: 有抵押(附註[i]) 無抵押	Borrowings: Secured (note (i)) Unsecured	186,784 133,320	256,654 619,389
		320,104	876,043

本集團借款之實際利率(亦 約利率)範圍如下:	目等於合	The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also eq to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings as follows:		
			截至 二零二二年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
實際利率: 固定利率借款 浮動利率借款		terest rate: te borrowings rate borrowings	8.47% 4.25%-5.48%	4% to 18% 4.25% to 5.48%
借款以下列貨幣計值:		Borrowings were der	nominated in the foll	owing currencies:
			二零二二 20 千港 HK\$'0	22 2021 元 千港元
人民幣 港元 美元	RMB HK\$ US\$		72,1 205,5 42,4	12 563,785
			320,1	04 876,043

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

25. BORROWINGS (continued)

25. 借款(續)

附註

- (i) 有抵押借款約186.784.000港元(二零二一 : 256,654,000港元)由世紀陽光集團控股 有限公司及一家同系附屬公司擔保,並以已 質押物業、廠房及設備約270.790.000港元及 使用權資產約16,005,000港元(二零二一年 物業、廠房及設備約331,490,000港元及使用 權資產約47.994.000港元)作抵押。
- 其他借款包括[a]國際金融公司(「國際金融公 (ii) 司」)的貸款約42,419,000港元(二零二一年: 42,359,000港元); [b]債權人計劃項下負債 205,512,076港元(二零二一年:零港元)。

於二零二二年五月三十一日,本金額約為 720,419,000港元的未償還借款已根據債權 人計劃獲解除。根據債權人計劃,受理申 索已分配為[a]延長五年期限選擇權(「選擇權 A」);及[b]可換股債券置換選擇權(請參閱附 註28)。選擇權A的實際利率為8.47%,該等 負債的初步確認金額為198,594,000港元,於 二零二二年十二月三十一日的已攤銷金額為 205,521,076港元。

- (iii) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,銀行借款及 其他借款的加權實際利率約為7.21%(二零二 一年:812%)。
- (iv) 本集團若干信貸融資須達成借貸安排中常有 的契諾條件。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,賬面總值為114,592,000港元(二零二一 年:839,815,000港元)的借款拖欠還款或違 反貸款契諾,並於二零二二年十二月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況表中分類為流動負債。本 集團正在與貸方磋商以於報告期末為借款再 融資。於綜合財務報表批准日期,上述借款 尚未續期亦尚未償還。

25. BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes

- (i) Secured borrowings of approximately HK\$186,784,000 (2021: HK\$256,654,000) were guaranteed by Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited and a fellow subsidiary, and secured by pledged property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$270,790,000 and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$16,005,000 (2021: property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$331,490,000 and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$47,994,000).
- Other borrowings included (a) an International Finance Corporation ("IFC") loan (ii) of approximately HK\$42,419,000 (2021: HK\$42,359,000): (b) liabilities under the Creditors' Scheme of HK\$205.512.076 (2021: HK\$nil).

As of 31 May 2022, the outstanding borrowing in the principal amount of approximately HK\$720,419,000 was discharged pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme. Pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme, the admitted claims had been allocated into (a) a 5-year term extension option ("Option A") and (b) a convertible bonds swap option (please refer to note 28). The effective interest rate of Option A is 8.47%, and the initial recognition of such liabilities is HK\$198,594,000 and amortized to HK\$205,521,076 as of 31 December 2022.

The weighted effective interest rate of bank and other borrowings as of 31 (iiii) December 2022, is approximately 7.21% (2021: 8.12%).

Certain of the Group's facilities were subject to the fulfillment of covenants (iv) commonly found in lending arrangements. As of 31 December 2022, borrowings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$114,592,000 (2021: HK\$839,815,000) were in default of repayment or loan covenants and were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2022. The Group is in negotiations with the lenders to refinance the borrowings at the end of the reporting period. As of the approval date of the consolidated financial statements, the aforesaid borrowings were not yet renewed nor repaid

26.	應付一名股東之款項 於二零二二年十二月三十一日及二 零二一年十二月三十一日應付一名 股東之款項為無抵押、免息及按要 求償還。	26.	AMOL As at due t repay
	債權人計劃於二零二二年五月三十 一日生效後,應付一名股東之款項 約50,159,000港元已根據債權人計劃 獲解除。		Upon 2022, HK\$5 Scher
27.	遞延收入	27.	DEFEI
	與資產相關之政府撥款 Govern to as		grants
	為促進金屬鎂業之發展,白山市天 安金屬鎂礦業有限公司於二零一二 年與當地政府訂立一份協議。根據 該協議,當地政府同意向白山市天 安金屬鎂礦業有限公司提供財務資 助(「資助」)以改善其生產科技及提高 物業、廠房及設備的產能。		In or indus Co., I gover gover "Assis Comp enhar
	截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團並無收 取任何資助,而截至二零二二年及 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 並無確認任何其他收入。遞延收入 賬面值減少乃由於匯兑差額所致。		Durir Grou no ot Decer reven
	所收或成為應收款項之資助,初始 確認為遞延收入及其後以扣減折舊 法開支,按該須予折舊資產可用年 期於損益中確認。		The A initial recog asset

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

JUNT DUE TO A SHAREHOLDER

31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the amount to a shareholder is unsecured, interest-free and vable on demand.

n the Creditors' Scheme becoming effective on 31 May 2, the amount due to a shareholder of approximately 50,159,000 was discharged pursuant to the Creditors' eme.

ERRED REVENUE



rder to encourage the development of magnesium ustry, Baishan City Tianan Magnesium Resources Limited entered into an agreement with the local ernment in 2012. Pursuant to the agreement, the local ernment agree to provide financial assistance (the istance") to Baishan City Tianan Magnesium Resources pany Limited to improve their production technology and ance the capacity of the property, plant and equipment.

ing the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the up has not received any Assistance and there were other income was recognised for the years ended 31 ember 2022 and 2021. The carrying amount of deferred nue decreased due to the arise of exchange difference.

Assistance received or which becomes receivables is ally recognised as deferred revenue and subsequently ognised in profit or loss over the life of a depreciable asset by way of as a reduced depreciation charge expense.

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28. 可換股債券

於二零二二年八月五日,本公司根 據債權人計劃的條款發行本金總額 458,390,000港元的零票息可换股債 券(「可換股債券」)。

可換股債券賦予債券持有人權利以 換股價1.2港元換取股份。可換股 信券的到期日為自發行日期起計五 年。持有人可於可換股債券到期日 前隨時作出轉換。本公司將贖回於 到期日尚未獲轉換的可換股債券。

有關可換股債券條款的詳情,請參 閲本公司日期為二零二二年五月三 日的通函。

根據本集團的會計政策,可換股債 券根據合約安排的實際內容以及金 融負債及權益工具的定義分別分類 為金融負債及權益。倘轉換選擇權 將透過以固定金額的現金或另一項 金融資產換取固定數目的本公司本 身權益工具結算,則屬權益工具。 負債部分的公允值按類似的不可轉 換工具的現行市場利率作出估算。 權益部分於權益的「可換股債券權益 儲備」項下呈列。發行人贖回選擇權 被認為與主債務密切相關而並非與 主合約分開。負債部分於初步確認 時的實際年利率為8.47%。

初步計入可換股債券權益儲備的轉 換選擇權於到期時轉撥至保留盈 利。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 可換股債券負債部分的公允值為 320,048,000港元,屬公允值等級的 第三級。

本集團金融工具的賬面值與其公允 值合理相若。

28. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 5 August 2022, the Company has issued zero coupon convertible bonds ("Convertible Bonds") with aggregate principal amount of HK\$458,390,000 pursuant to the terms of the Creditors' Scheme.

The Convertible Bonds entitle the bondholder to convert to shares at a conversion price of HK\$1.2. The maturity date of the Convertible Bonds is 5 years from the date of issue. Conversion may occur at any time before maturity date of the Convertible Bonds. The Company will redeem the Convertible Bonds if the bonds have not been converted on maturity date.

For more details of the terms of Convertible Bonds. Please refer to the Company's circular dated on 3 May 2022.

According to the Group's accounting policy, the Convertible Bonds are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument. The fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. The equity element is presented in equity under the heading of "convertible bond equity reserve". The issuer redemption options are considered as closely related to the host debt and are not separated from the host contract. The effective interest rate of the liability component on initial recognition is 8.47% per annum.

The convertible option initially included in convertible bonds equity reserve was transferred to retained earnings upon expiry.

The fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Bonds at 31 December 2022 amounted to HK\$320.048.000. which are within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments reasonably approximate to fair values.

28. 可換股債券(續) 年內發行的可換股債券已分拆為負

信部分及權益部分如下:

		千港元 HK\$'000
可換股債券於發行日期的公允值	Fair value of the Convertible Bonds	
權益部分	at the issuance date Equity Component	352,175 (42,512)
於發行日期的負債部分 利息開支(附註8)	Liability component at the issuance date Interest expenses (Note 8)	309,663 10,385
於二零二二年十二月三十一日的 負債部分	Liability component as at 31 December 2022	320,048

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

28. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

The Convertible Bonds issued during the year have been split into the liability and equity components as follows:



29. 遞延税項

下:

29. DEFERRED TAXATION

年內於綜合財務狀況表確認之遞延 税項結餘的組成部份及其變動如

遞延税項負債

The components of deferred tax balances recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year as follows:

Deferred Tax Liabilities

		可換股債券 Convertible bond 千港元 HK\$'000	使用權資產 Right-of- use assets 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年一月一日 計入綜合損益及其他 全面收入表	As at 1 January 2021 Credited to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other	-	2,986	2,986
	comprehensive income	-	(80)	(80)
匯兑重列	Exchange realignment	-	89	89
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 計入綜合損益及其他 全面收入表	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Credited to consolidated statement of profit	-	2,995	2,995
與發行可換股債券有關之	or loss and other comprehensive income Deferred tax related to	-	(77)	(77)
遞延税項 匯兑重列	issuance of convertible bonds	6,861	(225)	6,861
峰元里夘	Exchange realignment		(223)	(225)
於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	6,861	2,693	9.554

本集團於税務局(「税務局」)評估前於 香港產生的税務虧損約為87.887.000 港元(二零二一年:39,301,000港 元),並可供無限期抵銷產生有關 虧損的公司的未來應課税溢利。本 集團亦於中國內地產生税務虧損約 零港元(二零二一年:11,081,000港 元),將於一至五年內到期以抵銷未 來應課税溢利。因此附屬公司已虧 損一段時間且認為其應課税溢利不 足以抵銷此等附屬公司可動用之税 務虧損,故就此等虧損而言,並未 確認遞延税項資產。

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong before Inland Revenue Department ("IRD") assessment of approximately HK\$87,887,000 (2021: HK\$39,301,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has tax losses arising in Mainland China of approximately HK\$Nil (2021: HK\$11,081,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised by these subsidiaries.

29. 遞延税項(續) 29. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued) 遞延税項負債(續) **Deferred Tax Liabilities** (continued)

根據中國企業所得税法,於中國內 地成立之外資企業向外國投資者 這派之股息須徵收10%之暫繳税。 項規定已由二零零八年一月一日 生效,並適用於二零之和。 一日之後產者所屬可按較 一日之後產者所屬可按較 個 之間有税務協議,則面言, 統 稅率繳稅。 因此, 國 百 定 於 一 日 以後產生之盈利 所 分派 之 附 屬 加 前 定 的 一 日 之 版 》 之 附 屬 約 之 附 屬 四 方 之 附 四 之 附 四 之 的 四 之 的 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之 之	Pu 10 for est frc De ap the the to su eat
於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本	At
集團並無就於中國內地成立之附屬	for
公司、聯營公司及合資公司因未確	the
設盈利而產生之應付股息暫繳税確	div
認任何遞延税項。董事認為,此等	join
附屬公司、聯營公司及合資公司和	of
可見未來不大可能分派此等盈利。	ass
於報告期末,有關於中國內地的附	the
屬公司、合資公司及聯營公司之投	dif
資,並未有產生重大暫時差額(二零	ver
二一年:無)。	rep
本公司向其股東支付的股息並無附	Th
有所得税後果。	pay

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

ursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 0% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to preign investors from the foreign investment enterprises stablished in Mainland China. The requirement is effective om 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 ecember 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be oplied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and ne jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, ne applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those ubsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of arnings generated from 1 January 2008.

31 December 2022, no deferred tax has been recognised or withholding dividend taxes that would be payable on ne unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding ividend taxes of the Group's subsidiaries, associate, and int ventures established in Mainland China. In the opinion f the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries, ssociate and joint ventures will distribute such earnings in ne foreseeable future. There was no significant temporary fference associated with investments in subsidiaries, joint entures and associate in Mainland China at the end of the eporting period (2021: nil).

here are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

本公司法定及已發行股本之變動概

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

30. 股本

述如下:

30. SHARE CAPITAL

A summary of movements in the Company's authorised and issued share capital is as follows:

		Number of shares 已發行 股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
已發行及繳足: 每股0.001港元(二零二一年:0.01港元) 的普通股 法定: 於二零二一年一月一日、二零二一年 十二月三十一日及二零二二年一月一日 股本重組生效時之股本削減:股份合併及 股份拆細(附註a)	Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 (2021: HK\$0.1) each Authorised: As at 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Capital reduction; share consolidation and share sub-division upon capital reorganisation effective (Note a)	130,000,000,000	1,300,000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	13,000,000,000	1,300,000
已發行及繳足: 於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 股本重組生效時之股本削減; 股份合併及股份拆細(附註a)	Issued and fully paid As at 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Capital reduction; share consolidation and share sub-division upon capital	6,584,390,058	658,439
債權人計劃生效時所發行之 計劃股份(附註b)	reorganisation effective (Note a) Issue of scheme shares upon creditors' scheme effective(Note b)	(6,255,170,556) 65,843,900	(655,147) 658
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	395,063,402	3,950

30.	<mark>股</mark> 2 _{附註} :)	30.	SHA Notes	
	(a)]之股本重組於二零二二年七月十四日 而股本重組包括以下各項:		(a)	0
		(i)	本公司股本中每二十股每股面值0.10 港元之已發行及未發行股份合併為一 股本公司股本中每股面值2.00港元之 合併股份:			(
		(ii)	股本削減:[a]因股份合併而產生之本 公司已發行股本中任何零碎合併股份 將予註銷:及[b]削減本公司之已發行 股本,方式為從當時已發行之每股合 併股份之已繳股本中註銷1.99港元, 令已發行合併股份之面值由每股2.00 港元降低至每股0.01港元;及			(
		(iii)	緊隨股本削減後,每股面值2.00港元 之法定但未發行合併股份將拆細為二 百股每股面值0.01港元之新普通股。			(
	(b)	∦ 債 構 売 裂	二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,根 個人計劃,本公司已按發行價每股1.20 終行65,843,900股計劃股份,即佔有關 終行前之現有已發行股份數目20%。		(b)	[s
		債權人	设份將由計劃公司代表延長期限選擇權 持有。發行計劃股份將不會導致延長 提擇權債權人成為主要股東。			ך ע i:
			夏多詳情・請參閲本公司日期為二零二 五月三日及二零二二年七月二十六日之			F

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財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

ARE CAPITAL (continued)

- On 14 July 2022, the capital reorganisation of the Company became effective. And the capital reorganization comprised the following:
- (i) every twenty issued and unissued shares of par value HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company be consolidated into one consolidated share of par value HK\$2.00 each in the share capital of the Company;
- (ii) the capital reduction by which: (a) any fractional consolidated share in the issued share capital of the Company arising from the share consolidation shall be cancelled; and (b) the issued share capital of the Company be reduced by cancelling the paid-up capital to the extent of HK\$1.99 on each of the then issued consolidated shares such that the par value of each issued consolidated share will be reduced from HK\$2.00 to HK\$0.01; and
- (iii) immediately following the capital reduction, each of the authorised but unissued consolidated share with par value of HK\$2.00 each be subdivided into two hundred new shares of par value HK\$0.01 each.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company issued 65,843,900 scheme shares at an issue price of HK\$1.20 per share under the Creditors' Scheme which represents 20% of existing number of issued shares before relevant share issue.

The Scheme Shares are held by the Scheme Company for and on behalf of the Term Extension Option Creditors. None of the Term Extension Option Creditors will become a substantial shareholder of the Company as a result of the issuance of the Scheme Shares.

For more details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 3 May 2022 and 26 July 2022.

31. 購股權

於二零一十年十二月四日,本公司 股東批准購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。 根據該計劃,本公司可授出購股權 予本集團及任何主要股東之董事或 僱員、本集團的顧問或諮詢人、分 銷商、分包商、供應商、服務供應 商、代理、客戶及業務夥伴(「合資 格參與者一,以認購本公司股份。

購股權可按董事全權酌情釐定的歸 屬、行使或其他方面的條款及條件 而授出,惟有關條款及條件須與該 計劃的任何其他條款及條件相符一 致。

認購價不會低於以下最高者: [i]股 份於購股權提呈日期於聯交所每日 報價表所列在主板之收市價; (ii)股 份於緊接購股權提呈日期前五個交 易日於聯交所每日報價表所列在主 板之平均價;及[iii]股份之面值。本 集團並無法定或推定責任以現金購 回或償付購股權。

合資格參與者須於購股權授出日期 起至指定行使日期止期間於本集團 或主要股東任職,方可行使購股 權。

各合資格人士於要約日期屆滿前十 二個月期間內因行使其獲授購股權 而獲發行及將獲發行的股份總數, 不得超過本集團已發行股本1%。 倘向本集團主要股東或獨立非執行 董事(或彼等各自的任何聯繫人)授 出任何購股權而導致在截至授出日 期(包括該日)止任何十二個月期間 内,上述人士已獲授及將獲授的全 部購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚 未行使的購股權)獲行使而發行及 將予發行的證券數目,[i]合共超過 相關類別已發行證券的0.1%;及[ii) (倘證券於聯交所上市)根據證券於 各授出日期收市價計算的總值超過 5,000,000港元,該額外授出購股權 須經本集團股東批准。

31. SHARE OPTIONS

On 4 December 2017, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company. Under the Scheme, the Company may grant options to the directors or employees of the Group and any substantial shareholder. consultant or adviser, distributor, contractor, supplier, service provider, agent, customer and business partner of the Group (the "Eligible Participant") to subscribe for shares in the Company.

Options may be granted on such terms and conditions in relation to their vesting, exercise or otherwise as the directors may determine in its absolute discretion, provided that such terms and conditions shall not be inconsistent with any other term conditions of the Scheme.

The subscription price is not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares on Main Boards stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer of the option; (ii) the average prices of the shares on Main Board as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

The share options are exercisable only if the Eligible Participants remain in the service of the Group or substantial shareholder from the grant date of the share options up to the designated exercise date.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible person in the twelve-month period expiring on the offer date must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Group. Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Group, or any of their respective associates, would result in the securities issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the twelvemonth period up to and including the date of such grant (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the relevant class of securities in issue: and (ii) (where the securities are listed on the Stock Exchange), having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the securities at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, such further grant of options must be approved by shareholders of the Group.



		於 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 持有 Held at 31 December 2021	於股份合併 時調整 (附註30) Adjusted upon the completion of the share consolidation (note 30)	於股份 合併後持有 Held after share consolidation	年内 技出 購配 dptions granted during the year	年內 行使之 購股權 Options exercised during the year	年內 註銷之 購股權 Options cancelled during the year	年內 失效之 購股權 Options lapsed during the year	於 二零二二年 十二月 三十一日 持有 Held at 31 December 2022	於 二零二二年 七月十四日 股份合併前 之每股行使價 Exercisable price per share before share consolidation on 14 July 2022 港元 HK\$	於 二零二二年 七月十四日 股份合併後之 經調整每股 行使價 (附註) Adjusted exercisable price per share after share after share consolidation on 14 July 2022 [note] 港元 HK\$
(A)	僱員 Employees	163,400,000 140,000,000	(155,230,000) (133,000,000)	8,170,000 7,000,000	-	-	-	-	8,170,000 7,000,000	0.4 0.3	8
(B)	董事 Directors 沈世捷 Shum Sai Chit	30,000,000	(28,500,000)	1,500,000					1,500,000	0.4	8
	鄺炳文 Kwong Ping Man	5,000,000	(4,750,000)	250,000					250,000	0.4	8
	張省本 Cheung Sound Poon	5,000,000	(4,750,000)	250,000					250,000	0.4	8
	關毅傑* Kwan Ngai Kit*	5,000,000	(4,750,000)					(250,000)		0.4	8
		208,400,000 140,000,000	(197,980,000) (133,000,000)	10,420,000 7,000,000				(250,000) -	10,170,000 7,000,000	0.4 0.3	8 6
		348,400,000	(330,980,000)	17,420,000	-	-	-	(250,000)	17,170,000	-	-

於二零二二年六月二十七日退任

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

retired on 27 June 2022

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至	購股權 <i>(續)</i> 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度			二零二一年十二月三十一 For the year ended 31 December 2021						
		於 二零二一年 一月一日 持有 Held at 1 January 2021	年內 授出之 購股權 Options granted during the year	年內 行使之 購股權 Options exercised during the year	年內 註銷之 購股權 Options cancelled during the year	年內 失效之 購股權 Options lapsed during the year	於 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 持有 Held at 31 December 2021	行使價 (附註) Exercise price (note) 港元 HK\$		
(A)	僱員 Employees	163,400,000 140,000,000	-	-	-	-	163,400,000 140,000,000	0.4 0.3		
(B)	董事 Directors 沈世捷 Shum Sai Chit	30,000,000	-	-	-	-	30,000,000	0.4		
	池靜超* Chi Jing Chao*	3,000,000	-	-	-	(3,000,000)	-	0.4		
	孟健 [#] Meng Jian [#]	5,000,000	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	-	0.4		
	鄺炳文 Kwong Ping Man	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	0.4		
	張省本 Cheung Sound Poon	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	0.4		
	關毅傑 Kwan Ngai Kit	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	0.4		
		216,400,000 140,000,000	-	-	-	[8,000,000] _	208,400,000 140,000,000	0.4 0.3		
		356,400,000	-	-	-	(8,000,000)	348,400,000	-		

於二零二一年八月一日辭任 *

* resigned on 1 August 2021 #

於二零二一年六月三十日退任

retired on 30 June 2021

購股權(續) 於二零二二年十二月 未行使購股權有以下加 使期及行使價。	三十一日,尚 0	HARE OPTIONS (continued) ptions outstanding at 31 De xpiry date, exercise period a		
頒授日期 Grant date	屆滿日期 Expiry date	行使期 Exercise period	每股行使價購 Exercise prices per Share 港元 HK \$	股權數目 Number of Options
二零一八年四月二十五日 25 April 2018	二零二三年十二月二十九日 29 December 2023	自二零一八年十一月一日起至 二零二三年十二月二十九日 From 1 November 2018 to 29 December 2023	8	10,170,000
二零一九年七月二十五日 25 July 2019	二零二二年八月三十一日 31 August 2022	自二零一九年九月一日起至 二零二二年八月三十一日 From 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2022	6	7,000,000
				17,170,000

行之本公司股份總數(包括上述尚未 行使購股權)為40,041,950股,相當 於本公司當日已發行股本約10.1%。 該計劃之餘下年期約為5年,並將於 二零二七年十二月四日屆滿。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

21 CHADE ODTIONE

Shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme (including the above Options outstanding not yet exercised) was 40,041,950 representing approximately 10.1% of the issued share capital of the Company as of the date thereof. The remaining life of the Scheme is approximately 5 years and to be expired on 4 December 2027.

31. 購股權(續)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度所授出之購股權,使用二項 式期權定價模式釐定公允值為約 13.509.000港元。輸入該估值模式的 重要計算因素為於授出日期的股價 0.285港元上述行使價、預期股價波 動介於46.729%至54.568%、年度無 風險利率1.459%至1.758%。約1.10 至3.10年預計購股權年期及股息收益 率1.64。按預期股價回報的標準偏 差而計量的波幅,乃根據由二零一 零年十二月三十一日至二零一九年 七月二十五日的每日股價的統計分 析計算得出。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,約918,000港元 (二零二一年:2,232,000港元)已計 入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度概無授出任何購 股權。

32. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往期間之儲備 金額及其變動呈列於財務報表第66 頁之綜合權益變動表內。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本 公司可供分派儲備(根據一九八一年 百慕達公司法(經修訂)(「公司法」) 計算)為669,253,000港元(二零二一 年:480,084,000港元)。根據公司 法,本公司的實繳盈餘亦可供分派 予股東。如會導致本公司無法償還 到期負債或其資產的可變現價值因 此低於其負債,則不會以實繳盈餘 派付股息或作出分派。

本集團之特別儲備指根據一九九三 年本公司之股份上市前所進行之本 集團重組而收購之附屬公司股份之 面值, 為交換此等股份而發行之本 公司股份面值之差額。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The fair value of Options granted during the year ended 31 December 2019 determined using the Binomial Option Pricing model was approximately HK\$13,509,000. The significant inputs into the model were share price of HK\$0.285, at the grant date and adjusted for the effect of the share subdivision, exercise price shown above, expected volatility ranged from 46.729% to 54.568%, annual riskfree interest rate of 1.459% to 1.758%. Expected life of Options of approximately 1.10 to 3.10 years and dividend payout ratio 1.64. The volatility measured at the standard deviation of expected share price returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices from 31 December 2010 to 25 July 2019. During the year ended 31 December 2022, approximately HK\$918,000 (2021: HK\$2,232,000) were charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

No Options were granted during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

32. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current year and prior period are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 66 of the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) ("Companies Act") amounted to HK\$669,253,000 (2021: HK\$480,084,000). Under the Companies Act, the Company's contributed surplus of the Company is also available for distribution to the Shareholders. No dividend shall be paid or distribution made out of contributed surplus if to do so would render the Company unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or the realisable value of its assets would thereby become less than its liabilities

The Group's special reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1993, and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

33. 融資業務所產生負債之對賬 33. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING **ACTIVITIES**

		應付一名 股東之款項 Due to a shareholder 千港元 HK\$'000	借款 Borrowings 千港元 HK\$'000	應付利息 Interest Payables 千港元 HK\$'000	可換股債券 Convertible bonds 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二二年一月一日	As at 1 January 2022	39,958	876,043	82,847	-	998,848
融資現金流量	Financing cash flow	13,072	(34,621)	(429)		(21,978)
匯兑重列	Exchange realignment	-	(6,411)	183		(6,228)
其他非現金變動:	Other non-cash movement:					
應付利息	Interest payable	-		3,076		3,076
實際利息支出	Effective interest expense	-	6,918		10,385	17,303
根據債權人計劃轉移的負債	Liabilities transferred pursuant to the Creditors' Scheme	(50,159)	(521,825)	(77,203)	309,663	(339,524)
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	Net debt as at 31 December					
的債務淨額	2022	2,871	320,104	8,474	320,048	651,497

		應付一名 股東之款項 Due to a shareholder 千港元 HK\$'000	借款 Borrowings 千港元 HK\$'000	應付利息 Interest Payables 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年一月一日 融資現金流量 匯兑重列 其他非現金變動: 應付利息	As at 1 January 2021 Financing cash flow Exchange realignment Other non-cash movement: Interest payable	33,959 (12,201) - 18,200	872,319 (793) 4,517 –	33,566 (2,068) 148 51,201	939,844 (15,062) 4,665 69,401
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 的債務淨額	Net debt as at 31 December 2021	39,958	876,043	82,847	998,848

34. 非	現金交易
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34. NON-CASH TRANSACTION

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止
年度期間,物業、廠房及設備之添
置部分由存貨及存貨還款金額分別
約1,601,000港元及5,921,000港元所
結算。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

During the year ended 31 December 2022, additions of property, plant and equipment was partially settled by inventories and prepayment for inventories with the amounts of approximately HK\$1,601,000 and HK\$5,921,000 respectively.

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35. 資產抵押

本集團以某些資產作為抵押的借款 的詳情見附註14、15、22及25。

35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's borrowings, which are secured by certain assets of the Group, are included in notes 14, 15, 22 and 25.

36. 承擔

本集團於報告期末亦有下列資本承 擔:

36. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

		二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
已訂約但未作撥備: 物業、廠房及設備	Contracted, but not provided for: Property, plant and equipment	26,973	10,001

37. 重大關連人士交易

[a] 除在此等財務報表其他章節詳 述的交易外,於年內,本集團 有下列重大關連人士交易:

37. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

		截至 二零二二年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 Year ended 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
向直接控股公司支付 之管理費	Management fee paid to an intermediate holding company	2,950	1,200

37.	重; (b)	大 關連人士交易 <i>(續)</i> 本集團主要管理人員報酬:		TERIAL RELATED PARTY Compensation of key Group:		
					二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
		董事(附註9) 其他主要管理人員: 薪金及其他短期僱員福利	Salaries a	ote 9) anagement personnel: nd other short term ee benefits	1,517 1,641	1,163 1,376
					3,158	2,539
	(c)	於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,應付一名股東之款項約為 2,871,000港元(二零二一年: 39,958,000港元)。該款項為無 抵押、免息及按要求償還(附註 26)。	(c)	As at 31 December shareholder was appi HK\$39,958,000). The ar bearing and repayable	roximately HK\$2 mount is unsecur	2,871,000 (2021: red, non-interest
	(d)	於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,向本公司直接控股公 司Ming_Xin Developments Limited發行的可換股債券約為 312,149,000港元(附註28)。	(d)	As at 31 December 20 to the immediate holo Ming Xin Developmer HK\$312,149,000 (note 2	ding company o nts Limited, was	f the Company,
	(e)	誠一按二人、 一年出 一年出 一年出 一年出 一年出 一年出 一年出 一年出	(e)	As disclosed in the a published on 1 Augus Baishan City Tianan M and Xinjiang Tengxiang Limited, the indirect the Company, entere with a bank to guara of Shandong Hongri (Limited ("Shandong H owned subsidiary of Co Limited (the controllin in respect of the loans advanced by that bank loan agreements. Sha connected person of t of the Listing Rules, a connected transaction Listing Rules and w announcement requ	st 2021 (the "An Magnesium Reso Magnesium Pro wholly-owned antee the payme Chemical Joint S dongri"), an indir entury Sunshine g shareholder o amounting to RM of Shandong H andong Hongri i he Company und and the guarant ons of the Comp ere subject to	nouncement"), burces Co., Ltd. bducts Company subsidiaries of ee agreements ent obligations Stock Company rect non-wholly Group Holdings f the Company), 4B124.96 million ongri under the s accordingly a der Chapter 14A ees constituted pany under the the reporting,

司於有關時間內未遵守有關擔

保之申報、公告規定及獨立股

東批准規定。本公司已採取多

種補救措施提升其內部控制,

有關不合規事件。

預防再次發生該公告所披露的

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

ment requirements and shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, the Company had not complied with the reporting, announcement requirements and independent shareholders' approval requirement in respect of the Guarantees at the relevant time. The Company has taken various remedial measures to enhance its internal control and prevent recurrence of such non-compliance as disclosed in the Announcement.

37. 重大關連人士交易(續)

- 根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 (f) 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第 14A.72條:
 - _ 除上文[a]、[c]及[d]披露者 外,董事認為附註37所披 露之其他關聯方交易不再 上市規則第14A章的定義 $\overline{}$ •
 - 董事確認上文[a]項所載 「應付中間控股公司管理 費」悉數豁免上市規則第 14A.73條及第14A.76條項 下之報告、公告及股東批 准之規定。
 - 董事確認上文 [c]項 所載「應付Ming Xin Developments Limited款 項」乃基於正常或較佳商 業條款,且本集團並無資 產作為抵押,因此悉數豁 免上市規則第14A.73條及 第14A.90條項下之報告、 公告、通函及股東批准之 規定。

除以上所披露外,董事認為,附註 37及財務報表的其他部分所披露之 其他關連人士交易並不符合上市規 則第14A章中「關連交易」的定義。

37. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (f) Pursuant to Rule 14A.72 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"):
 - _ Save as disclosed in the item (a), (c) and (d) above, the Directors consider that the other related party transactions disclosed in the Note 37 do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
 - The Directors confirm that the transactions _ under "management fee paid to an intermediate holding company" set forth in item (a) above are fully exempt from the reporting, announcement, circular and shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.73 and Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules.
 - _ The Directors confirm that the transaction under "amount due to Ming Xin Developments Limited" set forth in item (c) was conducted on normal commercial terms or better, and not secured by the assets of the Group, and thus are fully exempt from the reporting, announcement, circular and shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.73 and Rule 14A.90 of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors consider that the other related party transactions disclosed in the Note 37 and elsewhere in these financial statements do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

38. 按類別劃分之金融工具

谷頬別金融上具於報告期木之賬囬	
值如下:	

follows:

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022 金融資產	Financial assets	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融資產 Financial assets at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款 列為按金及其他應收款項之金融資產 已抵押銀行存款	Trade receivables Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables Pledged bank deposits	1,498 3,789 9,698
現金及現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	28,599 43,584
金融負債	Financial liabilities	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022 金融資產	Financial assets	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融資產 Financial assets at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款 列為按金及其他應收款項之金融資產 已抵押銀行存款 現金及現金等值項目	Trade receivables Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables Pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	1,498 3,789 9,698 28,599
		43,584
金融負債	Financial liabilities	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款 列為其他應付款項及應計費用之 金融負債 借款 應付一名股東之款項	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Borrowings Amount due to a shareholder Convertible bonds	17,449 23,244 320,104 2,871 320,048

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as

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38. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續) **38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY** (continued)

二零二一年十二月三十一日 31 December 2021 金融資產	Financial assets	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融資產 Financial assets at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款 列為按金及其他應收款項之金融資產 已抵押銀行存款 現金及現金等值項目	Trade receivables Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables Pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	149,504 5,092 10,490 25,078 190,164
金融負債	Financial liabilities	按攤銷 成本計量之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款 列為其他應付款項及應計費用之 金融負債 借款 應付一名股東之款項	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Borrowings Amount due to a shareholder	13,364 134,351 876,043 39,958

39.	金融工具之公允值及公允值 等級	39.	FA In
	管理層已評估本集團之金融資產及 負債之公允值結餘與賬面值相若, 此乃頗大程度由於此等工具將於短 期內到期。		Ma Gr ap sh
40.	財務風險管理目標及政策 本集團主要金融工具包括應收貿易 賬款及應收票據、按金及其他應收 款項金及現金等值項目、已抵 押銀行存款、應付貿易賬款,其他 應付示項及應計費用、借款,以及 應付一名非控股股東之款項及可換 股債券。 本集團金融工具產生的主要風險為 信貸風險、流動資金風險及外幣風 險。」 就動資金風險及外幣風 險的政策,概述如下:	40.	FII Th tra ca pa an bo Th in: cu po su
	信貸風險 本集團僅與認可且信譽良好的第三 方進行交易。本集團的政策規定, 所有欲以信貸條款進行交易的客戶 均須遵守信貸驗證程序。此外,本 集團持續監控應收款項結餘,而本		Cre Th th wh ve

集團的壞賬風險屬不重大。對於非

以相關營運單位的功能貨幣計值的

交易,未經信貸控制主管的特別批

准,本集團不會提供信貸條款。

1,063,716

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

AIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL **ISTRUMENTS**

anagement has assessed that the fair values of the roup's financial assets and liabilities, the balance were oproximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the nort term maturities of these instruments.

NANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

he Group's principal financial instruments mainly comprise ade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, ash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits, trade ayables, other payables and accruals, borrowings, and mount due to a non-controlling shareholder and convertible onds.

ne main risks arising from the Group's financial struments are credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign urrency risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees olicies for managing each of these risks and they are ummarised below.

edit risk

ne Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy ird parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers ho wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit erification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the Head of Credit Control.

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險分級評估包 括以下類別:

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

內部信貸評級 Internal credit	描述	應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables	其他金融資產 Other financial
rating	Description	Trade receivables	assets
低風險	交易對手方的違約風險低且並無任何 逾期款項	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值	12個月預期 信貸虧損
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL- not credit-impaired	12m ECL
監察名單	債務人經常在到期後才還款,但通常 悉數清償	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值	12個月預期 信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL- not credit-impaired	12m ECL
存疑	根據內部生成或從外部所得資料, 自初步確認以來信貸風險顯著上升	全期預期信貸虧損- 未發生信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or externally	Lifetime ECL- not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL- not credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產已發生信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 - 已發生信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 - 已發生信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL- credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL- credit-impaired
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財困而 本集團收回款項的機會渺茫	撇銷有關金額	撇銷有關金額
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect		Amount is written off

40.	財務風險管理目標 (續) 下表詳載本集團須進行 損評估的金融資產所面 險:	預期信貸	盾	<i>(continued</i>) The table	es below detail ti p's financial asset	ne credit risk	exposures of
		附註	外部信貸 評級	內部信貸 評級	12個月或全期預期 信貸虧損	賬面	總值
		Notes	External credit rating	Internal credit ratings	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carry	ing amount
						二零二二年 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 Financial assets at amortised cost				자 바이코프 바이스 사는 분드 1억		
	應收貿易賬款	20		低風險	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值	1,523	536
	Trade receivables	20		Low risk	lifetime ECL- not credit-impaired	1,523	536
				監察名單	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值	-	125,913
				Watch list	lifetime ECL-not credit-impaired	-	125,913
				存疑	全期預期信貸虧損 - 未發生信貸減值	_	28,772
				Doubtful	lifetime ECL-not credit-impaired	_	28,772
				虧損	全期預期信貸虧損 一已發生信貸減值	153,358	51,185
				Loss	Lifetime ECL- credit-impaired	153,358	51,185
	按金及其他應收款項	21		低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	3,930	7,614
	Deposits and other receivables	21		Low risk	12m ECL	3,930	7,614
	已質押銀行存款	22	A3至Aa2	不適用	12個月預期信貸虧損	9,698	10,490
	Pledged bank deposits	22	A3 to Aa2		12m ECL	9,698	10,490
	銀行結餘	22	A3至Aa3	不適用	12個月預期信貸虧損 12m FOL	28,595	25,051
	Bank balances	22	A3 to Aa3	N/A	12m ECL	28,595	25,051

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

本集團已對應收貿易賬款應用香港 財務報告準則第9號的簡化方法,按 全期預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。 除未償還結餘重大或已出現信貸減 值的應收貿易賬款外,本集團對該 等項目按賬齡及逾期狀況分組, 整 體釐定預期信貸虧損。

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部 分,本集團就其營運對其客戶應用 內部信貸評級。下表提供於全期逾 期信貸虧損內(未發生信貸減值)按 集體基準評估有關應收貿易賬款所 面臨信貸風險的資料。於二零二二 年十二月三十一日已發生信貸減值 而賬面總值為153.358.000港元(二零 二一年:51,185,000港元)的賬款按 獨立基準評估。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. Except for debtors with significant outstanding balances or credit-impaired, the Group determines the ECL on these items on a collective basis, grouped by aging status and past due status.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers in relation to its operation. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade receivables which are assessed on a collective basis within lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired). Debtors with credit-impaired with gross carrying amounts of HK\$153.358.000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$51,185,000) were assessed individually.

			二零二二年 2022		二一年 21
內部信貸評級	Internal credit rating	平均虧損率 Average loss rate	應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 千港元 HK\$'000	平均虧損率 Average loss rate	應收貿易賬款 Trade receivables 千港元 HK\$'000
低風險 監察名單	Low risk Watch list	1.6% 不適用	1,523	1.2%	536
存疑	Doubtful	N/A 不適用 N/A	-	0.5% 17.5%	125,913 28,772
			1,523		155,221

估計虧損率乃根據應收貿易賬款於 預期存續期內的違約概率及違約損 失率作出估計,並按毋須付出過多 成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料 予以調整。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止 年度, 本集團根據整體評估確認應 收貿易賬款減值虧損撥回19,000港元 (二零二一年:撥備3,275,000港元)。 已為結餘重大並已發生信貸減值的 賬款計提減值撥備104,192,000港元 (二零二一年:50,033,000港元)。

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on probability of default and loss given default over the expected life of the trade receivables and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue costs or effort.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group provided reversal of HK\$19,000 (2021: allowance for HK\$3,275,000) impairment loss recognised for trade receivables based on collective assessment. Impairment allowance of HK\$104,192,000 (2021: HK\$50,033,000) were made on debtors with significant balance and creditimpaired debtors.

財務風險管理目標及政策	40 .
(續)	
下表列示已按簡化方法確認的應收 貿易賬款全期預期信貸虧損的變 動: 	

		全期預期 信貸虧損 (未出現信 貸減值) Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 千港元 HK\$'000	全期預期 信貸虧損 (已出現信 貸減值) Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 千港元 HK\$'000	總數 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年一月一日 轉移 已確認減值虧損撥備	At 1 January 2021 Transfer Impairment losses	3,173 (781)	317 781	3,490 _
淨額 匯兑差額	recognised, net Exchange difference	3,275 50	50,033 54	53,308 104
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及	At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022			
於二零二二年一月一日	,	5,717	51,185	56,902
轉移	Transfer	(4,459)	4,459	-
已確認減值虧損淨額	Impairment losses recognised, net	(19)	104,192	104,173
匯兑差額	Exchange difference	(1,214)	(6,478)	(7,692)
於二零二二年	At 31 December 2022			
十二月三十一日		25	153,358	153,383

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables under the simplified approach:

40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

就按金及其他應收款項的內部風險管 理而言,本集團使用過往資料來評估 信貸風險是否已自初步確認以來顯著 ⊢升。

For the purpose of internal credit risk management of deposits and other receivables, the Group uses past due informations to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

		未逾期 Not past due 千港元 HK\$'000	已逾期 Past due 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零二二年 按金及其他應收款項	2022 Deposits and other receivables	3,930	-	3,930
二零二一年 按金及其他應收款項	2021 Deposits and other receivables	7,614	-	7,614

就按金及其他應收款項而言,管理層 根據行業信貸評級及違約率對按金及 其他應收款項的可收回性進行週期性 獨立評估。管理層認為,該等款項的 信貸風險自初步確認以來並無顯著上 升,而本集團按12個月預期信貸虧損 計提減值撥備。

For deposits and other receivables, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of deposits and other receivables based on industry credit rating and default rate. The management believes that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL.

40.	財務風險管理目標及政策 40. (續) 下表顯示已就按金及其他應收款項確		con	tinued)	DBJECTIVES AN vement of ECL ⁻		
	認的預期信貸虧損的變動。			ognised for dep			
				12個月 預期信貸虧損	全期預期 信貸虧損 (未出現信 貸減值)	全期預期 信貸虧損 (已出現信 貸減值)	總數
				12m 千港元 HK\$'000	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 千港元 HK\$'000	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 千港元 HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
	於二零二一年一月一日 已確認減值虧損撥回淨額	At 1 January 2021 Reversal of impairment	I	191	-	-	191
	匯兑差額	losses recognised, ne Exchange difference	et	(65) 6	-	-	(65) 6
	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及於二零二二年一月一日 已確認減值虧損淨額	At 31 December 2021 an 1 January 2022 Impairment losses	nd	132	-	-	132
	匯兑差額	recognised, net Exchange difference		18 (8)			18 (8)
	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022		142	-	_	142

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

就已質押銀行存款及銀行結餘而 言,由於交易對手均為信譽良好且 獲國際信貸機構給予高度信貸評級 的銀行,因此信貸風險有限。本集 團參考外部信貸評級機構所發佈有 關各信貸評級的違約概率及違約損 失率程度的資料,評估銀行結餘的 12個月預期信貸虧損。根據平均損 失率, 銀行結餘的12個月預期信貸 虧損被認為並不重大,因此並無確 認虧損撥備。

利率風險

本集團就已抵押銀行存款及固定利 率借款面臨公允值利率風險(有關詳 情請分別參閱附註22及25)。

由於管理層認為本集團的上述公允 值利率風險並不重大,故於年內管 理層並無進行利率掉期或其他對沖 活動。

由於銀行存款及浮動利率銀行借款 的現行市場利率的波動,本集團亦 面臨現金流量利率風險。本集團的 現金流量利率風險主要集中於銀行 結餘及借款利率的波動。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

For pledged bank deposits and bank balances, the credit risk is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit agencies. The Group assessed 12m ECL for pledged bank deposits and bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12m ECL on pledged bank deposits and bank balances is considered to be insignificant and therefore no loss allowance was recognised.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to pledged bank deposits and fixed-rate borrowings (see Notes 22 and 25 respectively for details).

As management considers the Group's exposure to the above fair value interest rate risk is not significant, no interest rate swaps or other hedging activities are undertaken by management during the year.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank deposits and variable-rate bank borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates on bank balances and borrowings.

0.	財務屆险	倍 理 E	標及政策
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敏感度分析

(續)

倘於二零二二年十二月三十一日的浮 動利率借款利率較實際上的實際利率 高/低10個基點(年利率0.1%)(二零二 一年:10個基點),本集團的年內除税 後虧損將增加/減少約35,000港元(二 零二一年:年內除税後虧損將增加/ 減少約85,000港元)。

本集團亦面臨與以現行市場利率計 息的銀行結餘有關的現金流量利率 風險。然而,由於銀行結餘均為短 期性質,故本集團的有關風險微乎

流動資金風險

本集團以經常性流動資金規劃工具 監察其資金短缺風險。該工具審議 其金融工具及金融資產(如應收貿易 賬款)之到期情況,並預測經營業務 之現金流量情況。

本集團運用銀行借款及銀行信貸 額,致力在資金持續性及靈活性中 間取得平衡。本集團於二零二二年 十二月三十一日一年內到期之銀行 借款乃根據賬面值反映於財務報表 内。

下表描述本集團截至報告期末根據 合約未折現付款之金融負債。尤其 是,按要求條款償付借款及債權人 要求立即償還之款項計入最早時間 範圍內。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

If interest rates on variable-rate borrowings as at 31 December 2022 had been 10 basis points (0.1% per annum) (2021: 10 basis points) higher/lower than the actual effective interest rate, the Group's post-tax loss for the year would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$35,000 (2021: post tax loss for the year would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$85,000).

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances carried at prevailing market rate. However, such exposure is minimal to the Group as the bank balances are all short-term in nature.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings and banking facilities. The Group's bank borrowings would mature in less than one year as at 31 December 2022 based on the carrying value of borrowings reflected in the financial statements.

The following tables described the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments. Specifically, borrowing with repayment on demand clause and amounts being demanded by the creditors for immediate repayment are included in the earliest time band.

40. 財務風險管理目標及政策

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

流動資金風險(續)

(continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

		二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022				
		加權平均 實際利率 Weighted average effective interest rate %	按要求或 少於一年 demand or less than 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	超過一年 Over 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	未貼現現金 流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 千港元 HK\$'000	賬面值 Carrying amount 千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Tanda asunklar	70		-		
應內貝勿販款 列為其他應付款項及應計費用	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in		17,449		17,449	17,449
之金融負債	other payables and accruals	-	23,244		23,244	23,244
借款	Borrowings	6.70	122,270	219,281	341,551	320,104
應付一名股東之款項	Amount due to a shareholder	-	2,871		2,871	2,871
可換股債券	Convertible bonds	8.47	27,122	431,268	458,390	320,048
			192,956	650,549	843,505	683,716

		二零二一年十二月三十一日 31 December 2021					
		加權平均 實際利率 Weighted average effective interest rate	按要求或 少於一年 On demand or less than 1 year	超過一年 Over 1 year	未貼現現金 流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows	賬面值 Carrying amount	
		%	千港元 HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK \$ ′000	千港元 HK\$'000	
應付貿易賬款 列為其他應付款項及應計費用	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in	-	13,364	-	13,364	13,364	
之金融負債	other payables and accruals	-	134,351	-	134,351	134,351	
借款	Borrowings	8.12	947,157	-	947,157	876,043	
應付一名股東之款項	Amount due to a shareholder	-	39,958	-	39,958	39,958	
			1,134,830	-	1,134,830	1,063,716	

40 .	財務風險管理目標及政策	40
	(續)	

外幣風險

鑑於本集團大部分業務交易、資產 及負債主要以各附屬公司的功能貨 幣計值,故此並沒有承受巨大的外 匯風險。本集團目前並無就外幣 交易、資產及負債訂立外幣對沖政 策。本集團將密切監測其外匯風 險,並在需要時考慮對沖重大外幣 風險。

資本管理

本集團之資本管理,主要目標乃保 **障本集團能持續經營**,並維持健康 之資本比率,以支持其業務及提高 股東價值。

本集團管理其資本架構,並因應經 > 濟狀況之變動及資產風險特性作出 調整。在保持或調整其資本架構 時,本集團或會向股東退回資本或 發行新股份。於截至二零二二年十 二月三十一日及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,其目標、政策或 程序並無變動。

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

0. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group does not have significant exposures to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the respective subsidiaries. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its significant foreign currency exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

⁽續)

41. 本公司之財務狀況表

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資 料如下:

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		二零二二年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
非流動資產 附屬公司之投資	NON-CURRENT ASSET Investments in subsidiaries	990,467	1,752,000
流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 預付款項 現金及銀行結餘	CURRENT ASSETS Amounts due from subsidiaries Prepayments Cash and bank balances	218,108 1,524 257	236,597 2,387 72
流動資產總額	Total current assets	219,889	239,056
流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 銀行借款 其他借款 應付一名股東款項	CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Bank borrowings Other borrowings Amount due to a shareholder	1,861 _ _ 2,871	87,576 22,785 696,604 45,568
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities	4,732	852,533
流動資產/(負債)淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)	215,157	(613,477)
資產總額減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,205,624	1,138,523

41. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

(continued)

		二零二二年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
非流動負債 借款 可換股債券 遞延税項負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Borrowings Convertible bonds Deferred tax liabilities	205,512 320,048 6,861	- - -
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities	532,421	-
資產淨值	Net assets	673,203	1,138,523
權益 已發行股本 儲備(附註)	EQUITY Issued capital Reserves (note)	3,950 669,253	658,439 480,084
權益總額	Total equity	673,203	1,138,523
財務報表於二零二三年三月二十四The financial statement was approved and authorised日經董事會審批及授權刊印,並由issue by the board of directors on 24 March 2023 and下列董事代表簽署:signed on its behalf by:			

沈世捷先生 Mr. Shum Sai Chit 董事 Director

財務報表附註(續) **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

池斯樂女士 Ms. Chi Sile 董事 Director

41. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

(continued)

附註:	Note:
本公司之儲備概要如下:	A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

		股份溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	缴入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元 HK\$'000	資本 贖回儲備 Capital redemption reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	可換股債券 權益儲備 Convertible bond equity reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	購股權儲備 Share option reserve 千港元 HK\$ [*] 000	累計虧損 Accumulated losses 千港元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年一月一日	As at 1 January 2021	1,562,634	21,976	419	-	28,720	(610,458)	1,003,291
年度虧損及全面支出總額 已失效購股權 股權結算股份付款之交易	Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year Share option lapsed Equity settled share-based transactions	-	-	-	-	- (628) 2,232	(525,439) 628 –	(525,439) - 2,232
	ti diisactions					2,232		2,232
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	1,562,634	21,976			30,324	(1,135,269)	480,084
年度虧損及全面虧損總額 股本重組	Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year Capital reorganisation		- 655,147				(531,519) -	(531,519) 655,147
發行股份,扣除交易成本	lssue of shares, net of transaction cost	28,972						28,972
發行可換股債券 與發行可換股債券有關之 遞延税項	Issue of convertible bonds Deferred tax related to issuance of convertible	-			42,512			42,512
	bonds				(6,861)			(6,861)
已失效購股權 股權結算股份付款之交易	Share option lasped Equity settled share-based transactions							
於二零二二年十二月 三十一日	As at 31 December 2022	1,591,606	677,123	419	35,651	30,646	(1,666,192)	669,253

本公司之繳入盈餘指根據一九九三 年本公司之股份上市前所進行之集 團重組而收購之附屬公司股份之公 允值超逾為交換此等股份而發行之 本公司股份面值之部份。根據一九 八一年百慕達公司法,一間公司可 在若干情況下,以繳入盈餘賬內之 款項向其成員作出分派。 The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1993, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, a company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus in certain circumstances.

42. 法律訴訟及或然負債

(a)	於二零二一年六月二日,一間 中國附屬公司接獲一間中國銀 行針對中國附屬公司違反所授 出貸款的條款及條件的中國法 院傳訊令狀(「令狀」)。根據申 索陳述書,銀行向該中國附屬 公司提呈申索,要求立即償還 所有未償還本金及利息,總計 約人民幣64,266,667元,連同拖 次利息及額外款項,或其他減
	欠利息及額外款項,或其他減 免及相關費用。
	於二零二一年六月二日,一

於二零二二年十二月二十二 日,白山法院已裁定解除查封 白山天安的採礦權。

財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

42. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) On 2 June 2021, a PRC subsidiary were served by a writ of summons (the "Writ") in a court in PRC by a PRC bank against the PRC subsidiary for its noncompliance to the terms and conditions of a loan granted. According to the Statement of Claim, the bank is pursuing claims against the PRC subsidiary for an immediate repayment of all outstanding principal and interest, in the sum of approximately RMB64,266,667, as well as the default interest thereon, further or other relief and related costs.

On 2 June 2021, Baishan City Tianan Magnesium Resources Company Limited ("Baishan Tianan"), a PRC subsidiary, was served by a writ of summons (the "Writ") in a court in PRC by a PRC bank against Baishan Tianan for its non-compliance to the terms and conditions of a loan granted. According to the statement of claim, the bank is pursuing claims against the PRC subsidiary for an immediate repayment of all outstanding principal and interest, in the sum of approximately RMB64,266,667, as well as the default interest thereon, further or other relief and related costs.

On 16 March 2022, the Company received a written ruling from Baishan Intermediate People's Court of Jilin Province (the "Baishan Court") issued to Baishan Tianan, which stated that according to the ruling, the bank applied for the frozen of 1 plot of land, 14 properties and the mining rights owned by Baishan Tianan, with a frozen period of three years, and the frozen of bank accounts held by Baishan Tianan with a frozen period of one year, pursuant to which Baishan Tianan cannot transfer or disposal of the frozen assets during the frozen period.

On 22 December 2022, Baishan Court ruled that the freezing of the mining rights of Baishan Tianan be released.

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42. 法律訴訟及或然負債(續)

鑒於以上所述,查封白山天安 擁有的資產將不會影響本集團 的持續經營,在並無發生不可 預見的情況下,本公司預計查 封將不會對本集團的業務營運 產生重大不利影響。

白山天安將繼續與銀行協商, 盡快解除查封。

(b) 兹提述本公司日期為二零二一 年八月一日之公告,本公司收 到臨沂市中級人民法院(「臨沂 法院」)有關一間中國銀行申請 強制執行該銀行向山東紅日授 出的金額為人民幣124,960,000 元的貸款擔保的書面裁定(「裁 定」),有關擔保乃由本集團若 干附屬公司提供。

> 於二零二一年十一月二十五 日,該中國銀行向臨沂法院遞 交申請以撤銷執行。根據臨沂 法院二零二一年十二月一日的 書面裁定,該申請獲批准,執 行獲撤銷。

誠如上文披露,董事認為百至報告 日期,概無重大法律訴訟會對本集 團之業務、運營及財務狀況產生重 大不利影響。

43. 報告期後事項

於二零二二年十二月三十一日後百 至本報告日期,本集團並無進行重 大事項。

44. 授權刊印綜合財務報表

综合財務報表於二零二三年三月二 十四日已獲得董事會批准及授權刊 EΠ。

42. LITIGATIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

In view of the above and the freezing assets owned by Baishan Tianan will not affect the Group's continued operation, in the absence of unforeseen circumstances, the Company is not expected the freezing would have a material adverse effect on the Group's business operations.

Baishan Tianan will continue the negotiation with the bank to have the freezing order released as soon as possible.

(b) Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 1 August 2021, the Company received a written ruling (the "Ruling") from Linyi Intermediate People's Court ("Linyi Court") regarding a PRC bank's application to enforce guarantees of loans amounting to RMB124.96 million granted to Shandong Hongri by the bank that have been provided by certain subsidiaries of the Group.

On 25 November 2021, the PRC bank had submitted an application to Linvi Court to withdraw the enforcement. Pursuant to the written ruling from Linyi Court dated 1 December 2021, such application was approved and the enforcement was withdrawn.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors consider that up to report date there were no significant litigations would have material adverse impact on the business, operation and financial position of the Group.

43. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no material events undertaken by the Group subsequent to 31 December 2022 and up to date of this report.

44. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 March 2023.

本概要並非組成經審 一部份。	This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.					
業績		RESULTS				
		截至 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2018 千港元 HK\$'000 附註(ii) 及附註(ii) Note (ii) and Note (ii)	截至 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2019 千港元 HK\$'000 附註(i) 及附註(ii) Note (ii) and Note (ii)	截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	截至 二零二二年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$*000
持續經營業務 收入	Continuing operations Revenue	1,537,781	1,515,291	744,836	416,060	383,899
税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税	Profit/(loss) before tax Income tax	267,526 (49,835)	263,128 [53,396]	(68,648) (5,363)	(326,725) (5,158)	5,632 (4,228)
本年度來自 持續經營業務溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	217,691	209,732	[74,011]	[331,883]	1,404
來自已終止經營業務之溢利/ (虧損)	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	68,169	-	-	-	-
本年度溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	285,860	209,732	(74,011)	(331,883)	1,404
以下人士應佔溢利/(虧損): 本公司股權持有人 非控制性權益	Profit/(Loss) attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	285,772 88	209,732 -	(74,011) -	(331,883) -	1,404 -
本年度溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	285,860	209,732	(74,011)	(331,883)	1,404

財務概要 **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

資產與負債

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		於二零一八年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2018 千港元 HK\$'000 附註(i) Note (i)	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2019 千港元 HK\$'000 附註(i) Note (i)	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2020 千港元 HK\$*000	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$*000	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022 千港元 HK\$'000
資產總額 負債總額	Total assets Total liabilities	2,372,218 (1,101,001)	2,554,324 (1,166,437)	2,556,832 (1,104,910)	2,360,619 (1,171,677)	1,873,174 (777,222)
		1,271,217	1,387,887	1,451,922	1,188,942	1,095,952
本公司股權持有人應佔股權	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	1,271,217	1,387,887	1,451,922	1,188,942	1,095,952
		1,271,217	1,387,887	1,451,922	1,188,942	1,095,952

附註:

Notes:

(i) 業績及資產與負債之比較數字乃按相應年度已刊發 之往年年報而編製。 The comparative figures of the results and asset and liabilities have been prepared based on the previous annual report published in the corresponding years.

[ii] 本集團之呈列猶如截至二零一八年十二月三十一日 止年度之已終止經營業務於比較期初經已終止。 The Group has re-presented as if the operation discontinued during the year ended 31 December 2018 had been discontinued at the beginning of the comparative period.



稀鎂科技集團控股有限公司 Rare Earth Magnesium Technology Group Holdings Limited

