

利·寶·閣

Star of Canton Restaurant

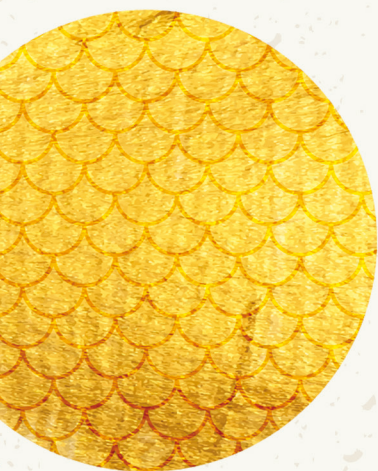
Li Bao Ge Group Limited

利寶閣集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

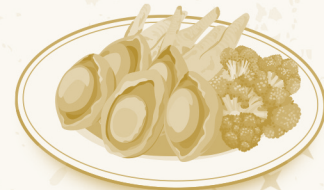
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 1869

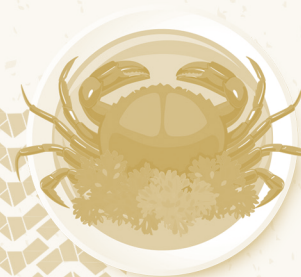


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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Directors

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Chun Kit
(Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer)
Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze
Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Chan Ming Kei
(appointed on 1 May 2022)
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen
(resigned on 1 May 2022)

Audit Committee

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Chan Ming Kei
(appointed on 1 May 2022)
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen
(resigned on 1 May 2022)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Chan Ming Kei (Chairman)
(appointed on 1 May 2022)
Mr. Chan Chun Kit
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (Chairman)
(resigned on 1 May 2022)

董事

執行董事：

陳振傑先生
(董事會主席兼行政總裁)
陳瑋詩女士
朱雪琴女士

非執行董事：

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事：

李暢悅先生
簡士勁先生
陳銘基先生
(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)
袁靖波先生
(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)

審核委員會

李暢悅先生 (主席)
簡士勁先生
陳銘基先生
(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)
袁靖波先生
(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)

薪酬委員會

陳銘基先生 (主席)
(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)
陳振傑先生
簡士勁先生
袁靖波先生 (主席)
(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)

CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

公司資料 (續)

Nomination Committee

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Chan Ming Kei
(*appointed on 1 May 2022*)
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen
(*resigned on 1 May 2022*)

Legal Compliance Committee

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Chan Ming Kei
(*appointed on 1 May 2022*)
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen
(*resigned on 1 May 2022*)

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ho Yee

Authorised Representatives

Mr. Chan Chun Kit
Ms. Leung Ho Yee

Registered Office

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Room B, 5/F
On Fat Industrial Building
12-18 Kwai Wing Road
Kwai Chung, New Territories
Hong Kong

提名委員會

陳振傑先生 (*主席*)
簡士勁先生
陳銘基先生
(*於二零二二年五月一日獲委任*)
袁靖波先生
(*於二零二二年五月一日辭任*)

法律合規委員會

李暢悅先生 (*主席*)
簡士勁先生
陳銘基先生
(*於二零二二年五月一日獲委任*)
袁靖波先生
(*於二零二二年五月一日辭任*)

公司秘書

梁可怡女士

授權代表

陳振傑先生
梁可怡女士

註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港
新界葵涌
葵榮路12-18號
安發工業大廈
5樓B室

CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

公司資料 (續)

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office in the Cayman Islands

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited
Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office in Hong Kong

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited
Room 2103B, 21/F
148 Electric Road
North Point
Hong Kong

Legal Adviser to the Company as to Hong Kong Law

Loong & Yeung

Principal Bankers

Hang Seng Bank
Bank of China (Hong Kong)

Auditor

Ting Ho Kwan & Chan
(appointed on 18 January 2023)
Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance
Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited
(resigned on 18 January 2023)
Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

Listing Information

Place of Listing

The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Code

1869

Company's Website

<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk>

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited
Windward 3, Regatta Office Park
PO Box 1350
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記(香港)有限公司
香港
北角
電氣道148號
21樓2103B室

本公司的香港法律顧問

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行
中國銀行(香港)

核數師

丁何關陳會計師行
(於二零二三年一月十八日獲委任)
根據財務匯報局條例註冊的
公眾利益實體核數師
丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司
(於二零二三年一月十八日辭任)
根據財務匯報局條例註冊的
公眾利益實體核數師

上市資料

上市地點

香港聯合交易所有限公司主板

股份代號

1869

公司網站

<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk>

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

On behalf of the board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Directors**”) of Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, collectively known as the “**Group**”), I hereby present to the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the “**Year**” or the “**Reporting Period**”) together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2021 as set out below for their consideration. Unless otherwise specified, terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Company’s prospectus dated 24 June 2016 (the “**Prospectus**”).

Business Review

The operating environment of the catering industry was continued to remain a depression in 2022 with (i) the fifth wave of the coronavirus disease 2019 (“**COVID-19**” or “**Pandemic**”) in Hong Kong and (ii) the People’s Republic of China’s (the “**PRC**”) operation was suffered by the severe government restriction measures on public gatherings and compulsory temporary lockdowns. In view of the above, the Group decided to cease the operations of three Chinese restaurants and one Thai restaurant in Hong Kong in order to avoid further loss and make available the occupied working capital for other operational needs of the Group.

The Group opened one new high-class Chinese restaurant in high-end location to attract high-spending customers at the end of November 2022. The Group also entered into a cooperation agreement with Kafelaku Coffee International Holding Limited (the “**Kafelaku**”) to establish a joint venture company (the “**JV**”) in coffee services for China market (the “**Cooperation Agreement**”).

During the year under review, the Group’s total revenue amounted to approximately HK\$135.6 million (2021: approximately HK\$274.6 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 50.6%. Loss attributable to owner of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$41.4 million (2021: approximately HK\$92.4 million (restated)) during the Year. For financial review, please refer to the section “Management Discussion and Analysis” in this annual report.

本人謹代表利寶閣集團有限公司(「本公司」，連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)，向本公司股東(「股東」)提呈本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」，或「報告期間」)的經審核綜合業績連同二零二一年同期比較數字載列如下以供考慮。除非另有訂明，否則本報告所使用的詞彙與本公司日期為二零一六年六月二十四日的招股章程(「招股章程」)所定義的詞彙具有相同涵義。

業務回顧

由於(i)香港爆發第五波二零一九年冠狀病毒病(「**COVID-19**」或「**疫情**»)及(ii)中華人民共和國(「**中國**»)的運營受到政府對公眾集會及臨時封鎖的嚴格管治措施所影響，餐飲行業的經營環境於二零二二年繼續保持低迷狀態。有鑑於此，本集團決定停止在香港三間中餐廳及一間泰式餐廳的營運，以避免導致進一步虧損，並將佔用的營運資金用於本集團的其他營運需要。

本集團於二零二二年十一月底於高端地段新開設一間高檔中餐廳，以吸引高端消費顧客。本集團亦與貓屎咖啡國際控股有限公司(「**貓屎**»)訂立合作協議，成立一家聯營公司(「**聯營公司**」)，為中國市場提供咖啡服務(「**合作協議**»)。

回顧年內，本集團的總收入約135.6百萬港元(二零二一年：約274.6百萬港元)，按年減少約50.6%，年內本公司擁有人應佔虧損約41.4百萬港元(二零二一年：約92.4百萬港元(經重列))。有關財務回顧詳見本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued)

主席報告 (續)

Future Outlook

Although the Pandemic has become stabilized, travel restrictions of China and Hong Kong have been lifted, and the economic activities of PRC and Hong Kong have been gradually resuming, the catering industry still faces huge challenges and the business environment remains weak as compared to that before the fifth wave of the Pandemic. The Group remained vigilant by constantly adjusting the menu mix and taking measures to optimize operations and enhance production efficiency, so as to cope with the unpredictable market environment.

Looking forward, the Group will continue to adhere and develop the brand of "Star of Canton" and expand its catering business in Hong Kong and the PRC with the aim to maximize the return to its shareholders. In addition, the Group intends to develop a coffee business in the PRC so as to diversify Group's catering business.

When external uncertainties are eliminated, the Group's business is expected to recover quickly. With the expected resumption of full operation of the Group's restaurants and gradual resumption of the economy in Hong Kong and China, the Group expects its overall financial performance in 2023 would be improved as compared to the same period in 2022.

未來展望

雖然疫情已趨於穩定，中國內地及香港的出行限制已解除，且中國及香港經濟活動已逐步恢復，與第五波疫情之前相比，餐飲業仍面臨巨大挑戰及營商環境依然疲弱。本集團保持警覺，不斷調整菜單組合，並採取措施優化營運及提升生產效率，以應對不可預測的市場環境。

展望未來，本集團將繼續沿用及發展「利寶閣」品牌，並拓展香港及中國之餐飲業務，以為股東帶來最大回報。此外，本集團擬於中國發展咖啡業務，以多元化本集團之餐飲業務。

待外圍不明朗因素消除後，本集團的業務可望加快復原。隨著本集團旗下酒樓有望全面恢復運營，且香港及中國經濟逐步恢復，本集團預計二零二三年的整體財務表現將較二零二二年同期有所改善。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued)

主席報告 (續)

Appreciation

I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to all of our business partners, staff, investors and customers for their support. The Group will continue to work tirelessly to boost the sustainable development of the overall business.

Chan Chun Kit

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 29 March 2023

致謝

在此，本人衷心感謝所有業務夥伴、員工、投資者和顧客的支持。本集團會繼續努力不懈，推動整體業務的可持續發展。

陳振傑

主席兼執行董事

香港，二零二三年三月二十九日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

Business and Operational Review

The Group is a Chinese restaurant group recognised for delivering Cantonese cuisine, and Chinese banquet and dining services.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group operated one full-service restaurant in Hong Kong under the brand name of “Li Bao House (利寶會館)” (the “**Central Restaurant**”) (i.e. a new high class Chinese restaurant for the Group and main brand focus on new high-class Cantonese cuisine and attract customers who put a high value on quality with luxurious decorations) which was opened on 28 November 2022. The Group also operated three full-service restaurants in Shenzhen, the PRC, under the brand name of “Star of Canton (利寶閣)”.

Due to unsatisfactory customer visits, unfavorable market conditions, and the expiration of the lease term on 31 May 2022, the Group decided not to renew the lease and ceased the operation of the Chinese restaurant in Causeway Bay. For similar reasons, and as the Group was unable to obtain favorable lease concessions from the landlords, the Group ceased the operations of the Chinese restaurant in Tsim Sha Tsui, the Thai cuisine restaurant in Mongkok and the Chinese restaurant in Olympian City on 19 May, 25 August and 26 September 2022, respectively. During the Year, the Group’s Chinese restaurants in the PRC were seriously affected by government restriction measures on public gatherings and compulsory temporary lockdowns. One food counter inside Shanghai Freshippo store was closed during the Year. The above factors had caused a severe adverse impact on the Group’s business during the Year.

Despite of (a) the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the “**HKSAR**”) Government has lifted the COVID-19 prevention measures in an orderly manner; (b) the stabilizing of COVID-19; and (c) the gradual resumption of economic activities in the PRC, the catering industry is still facing huge challenges and the business environment remains weak as compared to that before the fifth wave of the COVID-19. The Group remained vigilant by constantly adjusting the menu mix and taking measures to optimize operations and enhance production efficiency, so as to cope with the unpredictable market environment.

業務及營運回顧

本集團為一家以提供粵菜佳餚、中式筵席及餐飲服務而為客戶津津樂道的中式餐飲集團。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團以「利寶會館」品牌名稱於香港經營一間提供全套服務的酒樓（「**中環酒樓**」）（即為本集團新開的高級中式酒樓，主要品牌以新式高端粵菜為主，以豪華裝飾吸引注重品質的顧客），該酒樓已於二零二二年十一月二十八日開業。本集團亦以「利寶閣」品牌名稱於中國深圳經營三間提供全套服務的酒樓。

由於客流量不理想、市況不利及租期於二零二二年五月三十一日屆滿，故本集團決定不再續租，並停止經營位於銅鑼灣的中式酒樓。出於相似理由及由於本集團未能自業主獲得有利的租賃優惠，本集團分別於二零二二年五月十九日、八月二十五日及九月二十六日停止經營位於尖沙咀的中式酒樓、位於旺角的泰式料理餐廳及位於奧海城的中式酒樓。於本年度，本集團於中國的中式酒樓因政府對公眾聚集的限制措施及強制臨時封控而受到嚴重影響。上海盒馬店內的一間食品店舖於本年度關閉。上述因素已對本集團於本年度的業務造成重大不利影響。

儘管(a)香港特別行政區（「**香港特區**」）政府有序取消COVID-19預防措施；(b)中國COVID-19漸趨穩定；及(c)經濟活動逐漸復常，但餐飲業仍面對巨大挑戰，經營環境依然較第五波COVID-19前疲弱。本集團仍然不敢鬆懈，不斷調整菜單組合，並採取優化營運及提升生產效率的措施，以應對變幻莫測的市場環境。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

The management of the Group periodically evaluates the business potential, location, customer traffic, store layout and rental terms of the Group's existing and potential restaurants. In response to the prevailing operating environment in Hong Kong, the Group has in place active cost control measures to ensure that the resources of the Group are deployed efficiently. The Group will continue to strengthen its position in operating restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC and look for suitable opportunities to expand our business in the regions.

All of the Group's restaurants are strategically situated in landmark shopping arcades or commercial complexes at prime locations. The Group maintains a business philosophy of offering quality food and services at reasonable prices in an elegant and comfortable dining setting. All of the Group's restaurants target at mid-to-high end spending customers.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had,

In Hong Kong:

- (i) one Chinese restaurant, which was located in Central (i.e. the Central Restaurant); and

In Shenzhen, the PRC:

- (ii) three Chinese restaurants, which were located in Futain District (i.e. the Shenzhen Restaurant and the Shenzhen One Avenue Restaurant) and Baoan District (i.e. the Shenzhen Uniwalk Restaurant), respectively.

Due to the impact of the COVID-19, the expansion plan of the Group has been delayed.

本集團管理層定期評估本集團現有及潛在酒樓之業務潛力、位置、客流量、店舖佈局及租賃條款。為應對香港現時的經營環境，本集團已採取積極成本控制措施，以確保有效配置本集團之資源。本集團將繼續加強其於香港及中國經營餐廳之地位並物色合適機遇擴展於該等地區之業務。

本集團所有酒樓均經策略性選址而座落於地標購物商場或黃金地段的商業綜合大廈內。本集團秉承於優雅舒適的用餐環境，以合理價格提供優質食品及服務的經營理念。本集團所有酒樓均以中高檔消費客戶為目標客戶。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團

於香港擁有：

- (i) 一間中式酒樓，位於中環（即中環酒樓）；及

於中國深圳擁有：

- (ii) 三間中式酒樓，分別位於福田區（即深圳酒樓及深圳卓悅中心酒樓）及寶安區（即深圳壹方城酒樓）。

由於COVID-19的影響，本集團的擴張計劃已被推遲。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Financial Review

Revenue

For the Year, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately HK\$135.6 million, representing a decrease of approximately 50.6% as compared to approximately HK\$274.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group's total revenue for the Year mainly comprised:

- (1) the aggregate revenue of the four Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$22.3 million (2021: approximately HK\$66.7 million), decreased by approximately 66.7%, which was mainly due to the closure of three Chinese Restaurants during the Year. In addition, the fifth wave of the COVID-19, the accelerated downtrend of the Hong Kong economy and severe government restriction measures on public gatherings also contributed to the reduction of revenue during the Year;
- (2) the aggregate revenue of the three Chinese restaurants in Shenzhen, the PRC, of approximately HK\$108.9 million (2021: approximately HK\$178.2 million), decreased by approximately 38.9%, which was mainly due to the severe government restriction measures on public gatherings and compulsory temporary lockdowns. Operations of our restaurants located in the lockdown areas in the PRC were temporarily suspended which caused serious impacts on our business. Besides, the severe COVID-19 from surrounding cities and regions also affected the consumer spending confidence level in Shenzhen during the Year;
- (3) the aggregate revenue of the Thai (Mongkok) Restaurant in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$4.3 million (2021: approximately HK\$10.2 million), decreased by approximately 57.5%, which was mainly due to the closure of the restaurant during the Year;

財務回顧

收益

於本年度，本集團錄得總收益約135.6百萬港元，較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的約274.6百萬港元減少約50.6%。

本集團於本年度的總收入主要包括：

- (1) 香港四間中式酒樓的總收入約22.3百萬港元(二零二一年：約66.7百萬港元)，減少約66.7%，此乃主要由於本年度關閉三間中式酒樓所致。此外，爆發第5波COVID-19、香港經濟加速下滑，加上政府對公眾集會實施嚴格限制，亦是導致本年度收益減少的原因；
- (2) 中國深圳三間中式酒樓的總收入約108.9百萬港元(二零二一年：約178.2百萬港元)，減少約38.9%，此乃主要由於政府對公眾聚集的嚴格限制措施及強制臨時封控。位於封控區的中國酒樓臨時暫停營運，對我們的業務造成嚴重影響。此外，週邊城市及地區的COVID-19嚴重，也影響了深圳消費者於本年度的消費信心；
- (3) 位於香港的泰式(旺角)餐廳的總收入約4.3百萬港元(二零二一年：約10.2百萬港元)，下降約57.5%，此乃主要由於本年度關閉餐廳所致；

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

- (4) the aggregate revenue of the Freshippo operation inside Shanghai Freshippo store of approximately HK\$17,000 (2021: approximately HK\$18.8 million), decreased by approximately 99.9% which was due to the closure of the operation during the Year; and
- (5) no revenue of sales of food ingredients was recorded during the Year (2021: approximately HK\$0.6 million) as a result of the suspension of such business.
- (4) 來自上海盒馬店關聯的總收入約17,000港元(二零二一年:約18.8百萬港元),下降約99.9%,此乃由於本年度結束營運所致;及
- (5) 由於暫停有關業務,本年度並無錄得銷售食材收益(二零二一年:約0.6百萬港元)。

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit (i.e. revenue minus cost of materials consumed) amounted to approximately HK\$83.8 million for the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 50.2% from approximately HK\$168.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, which was in line with the decrease in revenue of approximately 50.6% during the Year. Nevertheless, the Group's overall gross profit margin slightly increased to approximately 61.8% for the Year (2021: 61.3%).

Employee benefits expense

Employee benefits expense was approximately HK\$50.8 million for the Year (2021: approximately HK\$78.2 million), representing a decrease of approximately 35% as compared to 2021 which was (i) in line with the decrease in revenue from the PRC (represented over 80% of the total revenue of the Group) during the Year and (ii) the closure of three Chinese restaurants and one Thai cuisine restaurant during the Year. Going forward, the Group will closely monitor the cost control in respect of staff salaries, and regularly review the work allocations of the staff in order to improve work efficiency and maintain high quality services.

Depreciation

Depreciation in respect of the right-of-use assets in relation to the Group's leased properties for the Year was approximately HK\$25.6 million (2021: HK\$39.3 million).

毛利及毛利率

於本年度,本集團的毛利(即收益減所耗材料成本)約83.8百萬港元,較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約168.2百萬港元減少約50.2%,與本年度收益減少約50.6%一致。然而,於本年度,本集團的整體毛利率輕微上升至約61.8%(二零二一年:61.3%)。

僱員福利開支

於本年度的僱員福利開支約50.8百萬港元(二零二一年:約78.2百萬港元),較二零二一年減少約35%,其(i)與於本年度中國收益(佔本集團總收益80%以上)減少相一致及(ii)本年度關閉三間中式酒樓及一間泰式料理餐廳。展望未來,本集團將密切關注僱員薪資的成本控制,定期審查僱員的工作分配,以提高工作效率,並保持優質服務。

折舊

於本年度與本集團租賃物業使用權資產相關的折舊為約25.6百萬港元(二零二一年:39.3百萬港元)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Other expenses

Other expenses mainly include but not limited to expenses incurred for the Group's restaurant operations, consisting of operating lease expenses, building management fees, air conditioning charges, cleaning and laundry expenses, utility expenses, service fees to temporary workers, advertising and promotions. For the Year, other expenses amounted to approximately HK\$44.4 million (2021: HK\$74.7 million), representing a decrease of approximately HK\$30.3 million or 40.6% which was mainly due to the combined effects of (i) the decrease of bad debts written-off by approximately HK\$2.0 million; (ii) no VAT recoverable written-off as compared to the year ended 31 December 2021 of approximately HK\$2.5 million; (iii) the decrease of property, plant and equipment written off by approximately HK\$5.8 million compared to the year ended 31 December 2021; (iv) the decrease of short term lease payment by approximately HK\$2 million compared to the year ended 31 December 2021; (v) the decrease of building management fee and air conditioning charges by approximately HK\$3.9 million due to the closure of restaurants in Hong Kong; and (vi) the decrease of temporary staff cost, staff messing and laundry and sanitary expenses by approximately HK\$2.2 million, HK\$2.3 million and HK\$2.5 million, respectively, as compared to the year ended 31 December 2021 due to the reduction in sales and closure of restaurants.

Gain on early termination of leases

The gain on early termination of leases of approximately HK\$24.9 million was mainly resulted from termination of leases held by the Chinese restaurants in Tsim Sha Tsui and Olympian City during the Year. The gain represented the amount of reversal of remaining lease liabilities in excess of the carrying value of related right-of-use assets.

Impairment losses on amount due from a non-controlling shareholder of the Company (the "Shareholder") and intangible assets

There was no impairment loss on the amount due from a non-controlling Shareholder nor impairment loss on intangible assets for the Year as the related amount had been fully provided in the previous year ended 31 December 2021.

其他開支

其他開支主要包括但不限於本集團酒樓營運產生的開支，包括經營租賃開支、大廈管理費、空調費用、清潔及洗濯開支、公用設施開支、支付予臨時工人的服務費以及廣告及宣傳費。於本年度，其他開支約44.4百萬港元（二零二一年：74.7百萬港元），減少約30.3百萬港元或40.6%，此乃主要由於下列各項的綜合影響所致：(i) 壞賬撇銷減少約2.0百萬港元；(ii) 並無可抵扣增值稅撇銷，而截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度為約2.5百萬港元；(iii) 與截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度相比，物業、廠房及設備撇銷減少約5.8百萬港元；(iv) 與截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度相比，短期租賃付款減少約2百萬港元；(v) 由於關閉香港酒樓，大廈管理費及空調費減少約3.9百萬港元；及(vi) 由於銷售減少及關閉酒樓，臨時員工成本、員工雜物、洗衣及衛生費用較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度分別減少約2.2百萬港元、2.3百萬港元及2.5百萬港元。

提早終止租賃之收益

提早終止租賃之收益約24.9百萬港元乃主要由於本年度終止位於尖沙咀及奧海城的中式酒樓持有之租賃。收益指撥回餘下租賃負債超過有關使用權資產賬面值之金額。

應收本公司非控股股東（「股東」）款項及無形資產減值虧損

本年度並無應收一名非控股股東款項減值虧損及無形資產減值虧損，原因為相關金額已於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止過往年度悉數計提。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Impairment losses on right-of-use assets, property, plant and equipment and loan receivable

The net impairment loss on right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately HK\$10.9 million and HK\$6.0 million, respectively, recognised in the Year were due to the unsatisfactory performance of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Directors are of the opinion that the credit risk of the loan receivable is considered to be high for the occurrence of default events. Having considered the recoverable amount of security and the liquidity position of the borrower, the Group recognised approximately HK\$2.0 million impairment loss on loan receivable during the Year.

Finance costs

Finance costs for the Year were approximately HK\$9.2 million (2021: HK\$10.9 million) in respect of interest expense on lease liabilities in relation to the Group's leased property, plant and equipment.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company

For the Year, the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$41.4 million, whereas the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$92.4 million (restated) for the year ended 31 December 2021. Such loss-making position for the Year, decreased by approximately HK\$51.1 million as compared to the last year which was mainly attributable to the combined effects of (i) no record of impairment losses on the intangible assets (2021: approximately HK\$28.7 million); (ii) no record of impairment losses on the amount due from a non-controlling Shareholder (2021: approximately HK\$9.9 million); (iii) the increase in aggregate operating losses of the operations of the Group's restaurants by approximately HK\$7.8 million; (iv) the record of impairment losses on property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$6.0 million; and (v) the gain on early termination of leases by approximately HK\$24.9 million.

使用權資產、物業、廠房及設備及應收貸款減值虧損

於本年度確認的使用權資產以及物業、廠房及設備減值虧損淨額分別約為10.9百萬港元及6.0百萬港元，乃由於香港及中國的中式酒樓表現不理想所致。董事認為，鑑於發生違約事件，應收貸款之信貸風險被視為較高。經計及抵押之可收回金額及借款人之流動資金狀況，本集團於本年度確認應收貸款之減值虧損約2.0百萬港元。

財務成本

於本年度的財務成本為與本集團租賃物業、廠房及設備的租賃負債利息開支相關的約9.2百萬港元（二零二一年：10.9百萬港元）。

本公司擁有人應佔虧損

於本年度，本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約41.4百萬港元，而於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團則錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約92.4百萬港元（經重列）。截至於本年度出現虧損狀況（較去年減少約51.1百萬港元）乃主要由於下列各項的綜合影響所致：(i) 並無錄得無形資產的減值虧損（二零二一年：約28.7百萬港元）；(ii) 並無錄得應收一名非控股股東款項的減值虧損（二零二一年：約9.9百萬港元）；(iii) 本集團酒樓營運的經營虧損總額增加約7.8百萬港元；(iv) 物業、廠房及設備錄得減值虧損約6.0百萬港元；及(v) 提早終止租賃收益約24.9百萬港元。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

Capital Structure

The Group's objectives in managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for its Shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to its Shareholders, return capital to its Shareholders, issue new Shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors its capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The Group's strategy, which was unchanged during the Year, was to maintain the gearing ratio at an acceptable level.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$23.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$3.3 million as compared with approximately HK\$26.8 million as at 31 December 2021. The decrease was mainly due to increase in cash used in operations during the Year.

As at 31 December 2022, cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$23.5 million, of which approximately HK\$16.8 million and HK\$6.7 million were denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"), respectively.

Indebtedness and Banking Facilities

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had bank borrowings of approximately HK\$20.8 million, bearing interest rates at 3.375% per annum and were guaranteed by HKSAR.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's gearing ratio, which is calculated based on the interest-bearing debts (excluding lease liabilities) divided by total equity attributable to owners of the Company (the "Shareholders' Equity"), was irrelevant as the Company has recorded a deficit in its Shareholders' Equity as at 31 December 2022. The Directors, taking into account the nature and scale of operations and capital structure of the Group, will closely monitor the gearing ratio and will adjust its business strategies to improve it to a reasonable level.

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

資本架構

本集團資本管理目標是確保本集團能持續經營，以為股東帶來回報並維持最佳資本架構以減少資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構，本集團可能會調整向其股東派付的股息金額、向其股東退還資本、發行新股份或出售資產以減少債務。

本集團以資產負債比率為基準監察其資本。本集團於本年度保持不變的策略是將資產負債比率維持在可接納的水平。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團的現金及現金等價物約為23.5百萬港元，較二零二一年十二月三十一日的約26.8百萬港元減少約3.3百萬港元。該減少乃主要由於本年度業務運營所用之現金增加所致。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，現金及現金等價物約23.5百萬港元，其中約16.8百萬港元及6.7百萬港元分別以港元（「港元」）及人民幣（「人民幣」）計值。

債務及銀行融資

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團銀行借款約20.8百萬港元，並按3.375%的年利率計息，並由香港特區作擔保。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團資產負債比率（按計息債務（不包括租賃負債）除以本公司擁有人應佔權益總額（「股東權益」）計算）並不相關，原因為本公司於二零二二年十二月三十一日錄得股東權益虧絀。董事經考慮本集團性質及營運規模以及資本架構後，將密切監控資產負債比率，並將調整其業務戰略從而將其提高至合理水平。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Foreign Exchange Exposure

Most of the income and expenditures of the Group are denominated in HK\$ and RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Although HK\$ is not pegged to RMB, the historical exchange rate fluctuation on RMB was not significant during the Year. Thus, no significant exposure is expected on RMB transactions and balances. Accordingly, the Group does not have any material foreign exchange exposure. During the Year, the Group had not used any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

Securities in Issue

As at 31 December 2022, there were 1,105,100,000 ordinary shares in issue. The Company has allotted and issued additional 105,100,000 Shares during the Year. Details of which are set out below with sub-heading “Placing of New Shares under General Mandate”.

Placing of New Shares under General Mandate (the “Placing”)

Reference is made to the Company’s announcements dated 22 November, 6 December and 15 December 2022 (collectively, the “**Placing Announcements**”). The Company has successfully placed on 15 December 2022 a total of 105,100,000 new Shares under the general mandate granted to the Directors by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 June 2022. The net proceeds (after deducting the placing commission, professional fees and all related expenses) were approximately HK\$21.07 million.

Please refer to the Placing Announcements and the section “Use of proceeds from the Placing” on page 20 below for details of the Placing and intended uses of the Placing proceeds.

外匯風險

本集團的大部分收入及開支以港元及人民幣(為各集團實體的功能貨幣)列值。即使港元並非與人民幣掛鈎，人民幣歷史匯率波動於本年度亦不重大。因此，預期人民幣交易及結餘概無重大風險。因此，本集團並無任何重大外匯風險。於本年度，本集團並無使用任何金融工具作對沖用途。

已發行證券

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，已發行1,105,100,000股普通股。本公司於本年度配發及發行105,100,000股額外股份。其詳情載於下文「根據一般授權配售新股份」分節。

根據一般授權配售新股份(「配售事項」)

茲提述本公司日期為二零二二年十一月二十二日、十二月六日及十二月十五日的公告(統稱為「**該等配售公告**」)。本公司已於二零二二年十二月十五日根據股東於二零二二年六月二十四日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上授予董事之一般授權成功配售合共105,100,000股新股份。所得款項淨額(經扣除配售佣金、專業費用及所有相關開支後)約為21.07百萬港元。

有關配售事項及配售事項所得款項擬定用途之詳情請參閱該等配售公告及下文第20頁「**配售事項之所得款項用途**」一節。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Significant Investment Held, Material Acquisition or Disposal of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies and Plans for Material Investment or Capital Assets

There was no significant investment held, material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Year.

The Company entered into the Cooperation Agreement with Kafelaku to establish the JV. Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, the JV will set up a company in Guangzhou city, the PRC and open coffee chain stores in the PRC. For detail, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 18 November 2022.

Save as the above, there was no plan for material investment or capital assets as at 31 December 2022.

Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any charge over its assets (2021: pledged bank deposit of approximately HK\$4.1 million).

Contingent Liabilities

On 31 December 2019, Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company received a Writ of Summons together with an indorsement of claim dated 31 December 2019 issued in the High Court of the HKSAR (the "Court Action") by Foxhill Investments Limited as plaintiff against Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited as defendant. For details, please refer to the announcement titled "Inside Information – Litigation" dated 6 January 2020. A provision of HK\$9.3 million has been made in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$6.0 million). The Company is of the view that the Court Action did not and will not have any material adverse impact on the ordinary operation and financial positions of the Group. To the best knowledge of the Directors, no trial in relation to the Court Action has been scheduled up to the date of this report.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

所持有的重大投資、附屬公司及聯屬公司的重大收購或出售及於重大投資或資本資產的計劃

於本年度，概無持有重大投資、附屬公司及聯屬公司的重大收購或出售。

本公司與貓屎訂立合作協議，以成立一家聯營公司。根據合作協議，聯營公司屆時將於中國廣州市成立一家公司並於中國開設咖啡連鎖店。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年十一月十八日之公告。

除上述者外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日，並無有關重大投資或資本資產的計劃。

抵押資產

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團資產並無加以任何押記(二零二一年：已抵押銀行存款約4.1百萬港元)。

或然負債

於二零一九年十二月三十一日，本公司間接全資附屬公司俊聯(香港)有限公司接獲一份由惠晉投資有限公司(作為原告人)經香港特區高等法院向俊聯(香港)有限公司(作為被告人)發出日期為二零一九年十二月三十一日之傳訊令狀連同申索背書(「法院訴訟」)。詳情請參閱二零二零年一月六日標題為「內幕消息－訴訟」的公告。9.3百萬港元的撥備已於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務報表中計提(二零二一年：6.0百萬港元)。本公司認為，法院訴訟並無亦不會對本集團的日常經營和財務狀況產生任何重大不利影響。據董事所知，直至本報告日期，尚未安排相關法院訴訟的審理時間。

除上文所披露者外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The Group had approximately 408 employees as at 31 December 2022 (2021: 537). The employee benefits expense, including Directors' emoluments, of the Group were approximately HK\$50.8 million (2021: \$78.2 million) decreased by approximately 35.1% compared to 31 December 2021. The decrease was due to (1) the closure of four restaurants in Hong Kong for the Year; and (2) as affected by the COVID-19, the Chinese restaurants in Mainland China only had approximately 10 to 11 months of operations for the Year, however, these restaurants had a whole year operations for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Directors and the senior management of the Company (the “**Senior Management**”) receive compensation in the form of salaries and discretionary bonuses with reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and the performance of the Group. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation package of the Directors and the Senior Management with reference to, among other things, the market level of salaries paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of the Directors and the Senior Management and the performance of the Group.

The remuneration committee of the Board (the “**Remuneration Committee**”) reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their responsibilities, workload, the time devoted to the Group and the performance of the Group. The Directors may also receive options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme (as defined and described on page 116 of this annual report). During the Year, no share option was granted to the relevant participants pursuant to such scheme.

Dividend

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the Year (2021: Nil).

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團約有408名（二零二一年：537名）僱員。本集團的僱員福利開支（包括董事酬金）約為50.8百萬港元（二零二一年：78.2百萬港元），較二零二一年十二月三十一日減少約35.1%。減少乃由於(1)於本年度關閉四家香港酒樓；及(2)因受COVID-19影響，中國內地的中式酒樓於本年度僅營運約10至11個月，然而，該等酒樓於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度全年營運。

董事及本公司高級管理層（「**高級管理層**」）按薪金及酌情花紅的形式獲得報酬，其款額乃參照可比較公司薪金、投入時間及本集團業績而釐定。本集團定期檢討及釐定董事及高級管理層薪酬與補償待遇，其款額乃參照（其中包括）可比較公司所支付薪酬的市場水平、各董事及高級管理層的職責及本集團的業績而釐定。

董事會薪酬委員會（「**薪酬委員會**」）將參照董事職責、工作量、投入本集團的時間及本集團業績檢討及釐定董事薪酬與補償待遇。董事亦可根據購股權計劃（定義及描述見本年報第116頁）獲授購股權。於本年度，概無購股權根據該計劃授予有關參與者。

股息

董事會已議決不建議派付於本年度的任何末期股息（二零二一年：零）。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Prospects

The catering industry still faces huge challenges and the business environment remained weak as compared to that before the fifth wave of the COVID-19. The Directors anticipate that the Group's business will face various challenges in the foreseeable future. The Group's key risk exposures and uncertainties are summarised as follows:

- (i) the Hong Kong and China economies may be further worsened as a result of the unfavourable development of the China-US trade war and the Ukraine war, which would negatively affect the consumption sentiments of the general public and consequently the retail and catering sectors;
- (ii) the continuous rise in interest rates in Hong Kong may affect the consumers' spending sentiments which will adversely affect the business of the Group's restaurants in the year to come;
- (iii) the Group's future success relies heavily on its ability to constantly offer menu items, creatively-designed banquet and dining services based on changing market trends and changing tastes, dietary habits, expectations and other preferences of the Group's target customers. As such, significant costs to survey and research customer trends and preferences and to develop and market new menu items, banquet and dining services may be required, this may place substantial burden on the Group's managerial and financial resources;
- (iv) the operation of the Group may be affected by the price of the food ingredients, including the price of the imported food ingredients which will be affected by the fluctuating exchange rate; and
- (v) there may be labour shortage in the future and intensive competition for qualified individuals in the food and beverage industry.

前景

相較第五輪 COVID-19 前，餐飲行業仍面臨巨大挑戰及營商環境依舊疲弱。董事預計，本集團業務於可見未來將面對各種挑戰。本集團主要風險及不明朗因素概述如下：

- (i) 中美貿易戰及烏克蘭戰爭的不利變化，導致香港及中國經濟進一步惡化，因而對公眾的消費意欲造成負面影響，從而影響了零售及餐飲行業；
- (ii) 香港利率持續上升可能影響消費者的消費情緒，其將對本集團來年的餐廳業務造成不利影響；
- (iii) 本集團未來的成功倚重其基於不斷變化的市場趨勢及本集團目標客戶不斷轉變的口味、飲食習慣、期望及其他喜好而不斷提供菜單項目、創新設計的筵席及用餐服務的能力。因此，進行客戶趨勢及喜好調查及研究，以及開發和推銷新菜單項目、筵席及用餐服務或須支付巨額成本，因而可能為本集團的管理及財務資源帶來沉重壓力；
- (iv) 本集團營運或會受食材價格影響，包括受匯率浮動影響的進口食材價格；及
- (v) 未來可能出現勞動力短缺以及飲食行業的合資格人員競爭激烈。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

For other risks and uncertainties facing the Group, please refer to the section headed “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Prospectus.

Nonetheless, the management is expecting the Hong Kong economy to rebound in 2023 gradually and is optimistic that the Group can succeed and enhance the Shareholders’ value in the medium to long run, based on the years of experience of the Senior Management in managing Chinese restaurant business in Hong Kong and China and its business strategies as detailed below.

The Group is confident that Hong Kong economy will be gradually rebound in 2023 which may also improve the consumer confidence level in Hong Kong. The reopening of the borders between Hong Kong and China will help to accelerate the recovery rate of economic activities in Hong Kong to pre-pandemic levels.

Going forward, the Group will continue to utilise available resources to implement its business strategies, namely, steady growth and prudent expansion in Hong Kong with its multi-brand strategy, progressive expansion in the PRC market, continuing promotion of brand image and recognition through marketing initiatives, enhancement of existing restaurant facilities and strengthening of staff training aiming to attract more new customers. In this process, the Group will continue to maintain its commitment to quality as always. For the time being, the Group will put more effort into online marketing to promote existing business and to increase market share. In addition, the Group intends to develop a coffee business in the PRC so as to diversify Group’s catering business.

The Group will also consider the expansion of its catering business into other types of cuisines and operation modes when opportunities arise, taking into account the Group’s available resources, with the aim to maximize the return to its Shareholders.

有關本集團面對的其他風險及不明朗因素，請參閱本公司之招股章程「風險因素」一節。

儘管如此，根據下文詳述的高級管理層在香港及中國管理中式酒樓業務的多年經驗及其業務策略，管理層預期香港經濟將於二零二三年逐漸反彈並對本集團在中長期鑄就成功及提升股東價值的能力表示樂觀。

本集團有信心香港經濟將於二零二三年逐漸反彈，這亦可能改善香港的消費者信心水平。香港與中國內地邊境重開將有助香港經濟活動加速恢復至疫情前水平。

展望未來，本集團將繼續動用其可用資源實施其業務策略，即以多品牌策略於香港穩步發展及審慎擴張、逐步拓展中國市場、繼續透過營銷活動推廣品牌形象及認知度、提升現有酒樓設施及加強員工培訓，旨在吸引更多新客戶。於該過程中，本集團將一如既往地信守其對品質的承諾。目前，本集團將於網上營銷方面投入更多精力，以推廣現有業務及增加市場份額。此外，本集團擬於中國發展咖啡業務，以多元化本集團的餐飲業務。

考慮到本集團的可用資源，倘有機會，本集團亦將考慮為其餐飲業務擴充菜系及經營模式，以為其股東帶來最大回報。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Use of proceeds from the Placing

The Company's Placing was completed on 15 December 2022 with proceeds received by the Company in the amount of approximately HK\$21.07 million after deducting underwriting commissions and related expenses. For details, please refer to the Placing Announcements.

As at 31 December 2022, the net proceeds from the Placing were applied as follows:

配售事項之所得款項用途

本公司之配售事項於二零二二年十二月十五日完成，經扣除包銷佣金及相關開支後，本公司收取所得款項約21.07百萬港元。詳情請參閱該等配售公告。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，配售事項所得款項淨額用於下述用途：

	Planned use of net proceeds as stated in the Placing announcement dated 15 December 2022 日期為二零二二年十二月十五日之配售事項公告所述所得款項淨額計劃用途 HK\$'000 千港元	Actual use of net proceeds up to 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日所得款項淨額實際用途 HK\$'000 千港元
For replenishing the working capital of the Group 補充本集團的營運資金	9,069	1,703
For repayment of debts 償還債務	4,000	3,252
For developing the Group's businesses in Hong Kong and in the PRC 發展本集團於香港及中國的業務	8,000	243

As at 31 December 2022, approximately HK\$5.2 million out of the net proceeds from the Placing had been used in accordance with the planned usage as detailed above. The portion of net proceeds yet to be used was deposited in licensed banks in Hong Kong, and is expected to be progressively utilised by 2024.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，配售事項所得款項淨額中約5.2百萬港元已按照上文所詳述的計劃用途動用。所得款項淨額的未動用部分存放在香港的持牌銀行，且預期將於二零二四年前被逐步動用。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Events After the Reporting Date of 31 December 2022

Reference is made to the Company's announcement (the "Change of Auditor Announcement") dated 18 January 2023 (the "Effective Date"). Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited ("THKC CPA") had resigned as the auditor of the Company (the "Auditor") with effect from the Effective Date as THKC CPA was commencing a reorganisation of their client base. The Board, with the recommendation from the audit committee of the Board, had resolved to appoint Ting Ho Kwan & Chan ("THKC"), which the partners and management are the same as the directors and management of THKC CPA, as the Auditor with effect from the Effective Date. Please refer to the Change of Auditor Announcement for details.

Save for the above, the Board is not aware of any other important event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

二零二二年十二月三十一日報告日後事項

茲提述本公司日期為二零二三年一月十八日(「生效日期」)的公告(「更換核數師公告」)。丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司(「丁何關陳會計師事務所」)已辭任本公司核數師(「核數師」)，自生效日期起生效，原因為丁何關陳會計師事務所正著手重組其客戶群。經董事會審核委員會推薦後，董事會已議決委任丁何關陳會計師行(「丁何關陳」)，其合夥人及管理層與丁何關陳會計師事務所的董事及管理層相同)為核數師，自生效日期起生效。詳情請參閱更換核數師公告。

除上述者外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日之後及直至本報告日期，董事會概不知悉任何須作出披露的其他重大事項。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

Introduction, Environmental, Social and Governance Policies

Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, “**the Group**” or “**we**”) is a Chinese restaurant group recognised for delivering Cantonese cuisine, Chinese banquet and dining services. As at 31 December 2022, the Group operated one full-service restaurant in Hong Kong under the brand name of “Li Bao House (利寶會館)” (the “**Central Restaurant**”) which was opened in November 2022. It aims as a new high class Chinese restaurant for the Group and main brand focus on new high-class Cantonese cuisine and attract customers who put a high value on quality with luxurious decorations. The Group also operated three full-service restaurants in Shenzhen, the The People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”), under the brand name of “Star of Canton (利寶閣)”.

During the year ended 31 December 2022 (the “**Reporting Period**” or “**2022**”), the Group ceased operations of several restaurants due to the reason of unsatisfactory customer visits, unfavorable market conditions, expiration of the lease term and unfavorable lease concessions. The Chinese restaurants in Causeway Bay and Tsim Sha Tsui were ceased business in May 2022. The Chinese restaurant in Olympian City and the Thai cuisine restaurant in Mongkok were also closed in September 2022 and August 2022 respectively. During the Reporting Period, the Group’s Chinese restaurants in the PRC were seriously affected by government restriction measures on public gatherings and compulsory temporary lockdowns. The remaining food counter inside Shanghai Freshippo store was closed during the Reporting Period.

This Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the “**ESG Report**”) summarises the environmental, social and governance (“**ESG**”) initiatives, plans and performances of the Group and demonstrates its commitment towards sustainable development. The Group attributes the growth and success to its dedication by offering quality food and services to customers.

簡介、環境、社會及管治政策

利寶閣集團有限公司(「**本公司**」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「**本集團**」或「**我們**」) 為以提供優質粵菜佳餚、中式筵席及餐飲服務馳名的中式酒樓集團。於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 本集團以「利寶會館」品牌名稱於香港經營一間提供全套服務的酒樓(「**中環酒樓**」), 其於二零二二年十一月開業。其旨在成為本集團的全新高級中式酒樓, 主要品牌以新式高端粵菜為主, 以豪華裝飾吸引注重品質的顧客。本集團亦以「利寶閣」品牌名稱於中華人民共和國(「**中國**」) 深圳經營三間提供全套服務的酒樓。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「**報告期間**」或「**二零二二年**」), 由於客流量不理想、市況不利、租賃期限屆滿及租賃優惠不足等原因, 本集團停止經營數間酒樓。位於銅鑼灣及尖沙咀的中式酒樓已於二零二二年五月停止營業。位於奧海城的中式酒樓及位於旺角的泰式料理餐廳分別於二零二二年九月及二零二二年八月關閉。於報告期間, 本集團於中國的中式酒樓因政府對公眾聚集的限制措施及強制臨時封控而受到嚴重影響。上海盒馬店內的餘下食品店舖亦於報告期間關閉。

本環境、社會及管治報告(「**本報告**」) 概述本集團的環境、社會及管治(「**環境、社會及管治**」) 舉措、計劃及績效, 矢志實現可持續發展。本集團的成長與成功, 有賴於一直以來竭盡所能向客戶提供優質食品及服務。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Board Statement

The Group strives to develop its business in a sustainable manner and create values to the stakeholders. We are committed to maintaining high standards of business practices in relation to environmental protection, social responsibility and corporate governance, as we believe this is the key to our continuous success in the future.

The board of directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) has an ultimate responsibility for overseeing and making decision for the Group’s ESG governance. The ESG governance mainly related to environmental, climate and social aspects. The Board is responsible to set up a general direction for the Group’s ESG strategies, identify the risks and opportunities impacting the Group, formulate ESG policy and targets of the Group, and review the Group’s performance. The Board also ensures the effectiveness in the control of ESG risks and internal control mechanisms.

The Group has established the ESG taskforce (the “**Taskforce**”). The Taskforce comprises core members from different departments and is responsible for collecting relevant information on our ESG aspects for preparing the ESG Report. The Taskforce reports to the Board, assists in identifying and evaluating the Group’s ESG risks and the effectiveness of the internal control mechanisms. The Taskforce also examines and evaluates our performances in different aspects such as environment, health and safety, labour standards and product responsibilities in the ESG aspects.

The Board would review the updates in regulatory requirement, set goals and target with Taskforce regularly to ensure the strategies is on the right track and appropriate.

董事會聲明

本集團竭力以可持續的方式發展業務並為持份者創造價值。我們致力在環境保護、社會責任及企業管治方面維持高標準的商業常規。我們堅信此乃我們日後取得一個又一個成功的關鍵。

本公司董事會(「**董事會**」)承擔本集團ESG管治的監督及決策的最終責任。ESG管治主要涉及環境、氣候及社會方面。董事會負責為本集團的ESG戰略制定總體方向、識別影響本集團的風險及機遇、制定本集團的ESG政策及目標以及檢討本集團的表現。董事會亦確保控制ESG風險及內部控制機制的效用。

本集團已成立環境、社會及管治專責小組(「**專責小組**」)。專責小組的核心成員來自各個不同的部門，負責收集有關環境、社會及管治方面的資料，以供編撰本報告。專責小組向董事會報告，協助識別及評估本集團的環境、社會及管治風險及內部控制機制的效率。專責小組亦檢測及評估我們在環境、社會及管治方面中諸如環境、健康與安全、勞工準則及產品責任等不同方面的表現。

董事會將定期審閱監管要求之更新、與專責小組設定目的及目標，以確保戰略方向屬正確及適當。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Reporting Scope and Framework

Unless otherwise stated, the ESG Report covers the Group's ESG performance of the headquarter office, and the restaurant operations in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Regarding the shops which were ceased operation during the Reporting Period, the ESG Report covers information up to cessation date. The reporting scope was assessed by the senior management of the Group by considering the materiality principle, revenue source and number of staff headcount. We collect the Group's key performance indicators ("KPI") in environmental and social areas through the Group's operation control mechanism.

The ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the "comply or explain" provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEX ESG Reporting Guide").

Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 74 to 104 of this annual report.

Reporting Period and Principles

We adhered to the reporting principles of the ESG Guide that are described below in preparation of this ESG report.

Materiality: Key ESG issues are identified through materiality assessment, the processes and results of which are disclosed in the part of "Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment" in this ESG Report.

Quantitative: Quantitative data in the ESG Report has been explained its purpose and impacts, and been applicable for comparisons.

Consistency: Consistent methodologies adopted to allow meaningful comparisons of ESG data over time over the years.

報告範圍及框架

除另行訂明者外，本報告涵蓋本集團位於香港及中國的總部及酒樓、餐廳在環境、社會及管治方面的表現。就於報告期間停止營業的店舖而言，環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋的資料截至停止營業日期。本集團高級管理層根據重要性原則、收入來源及員工人數評估報告範圍。我們透過本集團的經營控制機制收集本集團在環境及社會方面的關鍵績效指標（「**關鍵績效指標**」）。

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄二十七所載的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》（「**聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引**」）的「不遵守就解釋」規定而編撰。

與本集團企業管治常規有關的資料已載列於此年報第74至104頁的企業管治報告。

報告期間及原則

於編製本報告時，我們遵守下文所述環境、社會及管治指引的報告原則。

重要性：通過重要性評估識別主要環境、社會及管治議題，其評估過程及結果於本報告「持份者的參與及重要性評估」部分披露。

定量：本報告之定量數據已說明其目的及影響並適合進行比較。

一致性：採用一致方法對數年之環境、社會及管治數據進行有意義之比較。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Stakeholder Engagement

The Group values its stakeholders and their views related to its business and ESG issues. By communicating with the stakeholders, the Group is able to understand their concerns and identify crucial environmental and social issues. We communicate with our key stakeholders through different channels.

In formulating operational strategies and ESG measures, we take into account stakeholders' expectation and strive to improve our performance through mutual cooperation. The Group's major stakeholders' communication channels and their corresponding expectations are as follows:

持份者參與

本集團重視其持份者及彼等對其業務以及環境、社會及管治事宜的意見。透過與持份者溝通，本集團可了解其關心的事情並識別重要環境及社會事宜。我們透過不同渠道與主要持份者進行溝通。

在制定營運策略以及環境、社會及管治措施時，我們會考慮持份者的期望，並透過相互合作努力提升集團績效。本集團與主要持份者的溝通渠道及彼等的期望如下：

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望
Investors and shareholders 投資者及股東	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings股東週年大會及其他股東會議Financial reports財務報告Announcements and circulars公告及通函Corporate website公司網站	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Complying with relevant laws and regulations遵守相關法律法規Disclosing latest information of the corporate in due course適時披露公司最新資訊Financial results財務業績Corporate sustainability企業可持續發展
Customers 客戶	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Customer satisfaction surveys and feedback forms客戶滿意度調查及反饋表Customer service manager客服經理Direct communication直接溝通	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Product and service responsibility產品及服務責任Customer information and privacy protection客戶信息及私隱保護Food safety食品安全
Suppliers 供應商	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Supplier management meetings and events供應商管理會議及活動Supplier audit management system供應商審計管理制度Site visits實地參觀	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Fair competition公平競爭Business ethics and reputation商業道德及聲譽Cooperation with mutual benefits合作共贏

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望
Employees 僱員	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employee opinion surveys 僱員意見調查 Channels for employees' feedback (forms, suggestion box, etc.) 僱員反饋渠道 (意見表、意見箱等) Notice boards 告示板 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health and safety 健康與安全 Equal opportunities 平等機會 Remuneration and benefits 薪酬及福利 Career development 職業發展
Government and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Performance reports 績效報告 Written response to public consultation 書面答覆公眾諮詢 Site visits 實地參觀 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tax payment as required by law 依法納稅 Business ethics 商業道德 Complying with relevant laws and regulations 遵守相關法律法規
Community, NGOs and media 社區、非政府組織及媒體	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community investment programs 社區投資計劃 ESG reports 環境、社會及管治報告 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Giving back to society 回饋社會 Environmental protection 環境保護 Compliant operations 合規經營

We aim to collaborate with our stakeholders to improve our ESG performance and create greater value for the wider community on a continuous basis.

我們的目標是與持份者合作，改善我們在環境、社會及管治方面的表現，並持續為社區創造更大價值。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

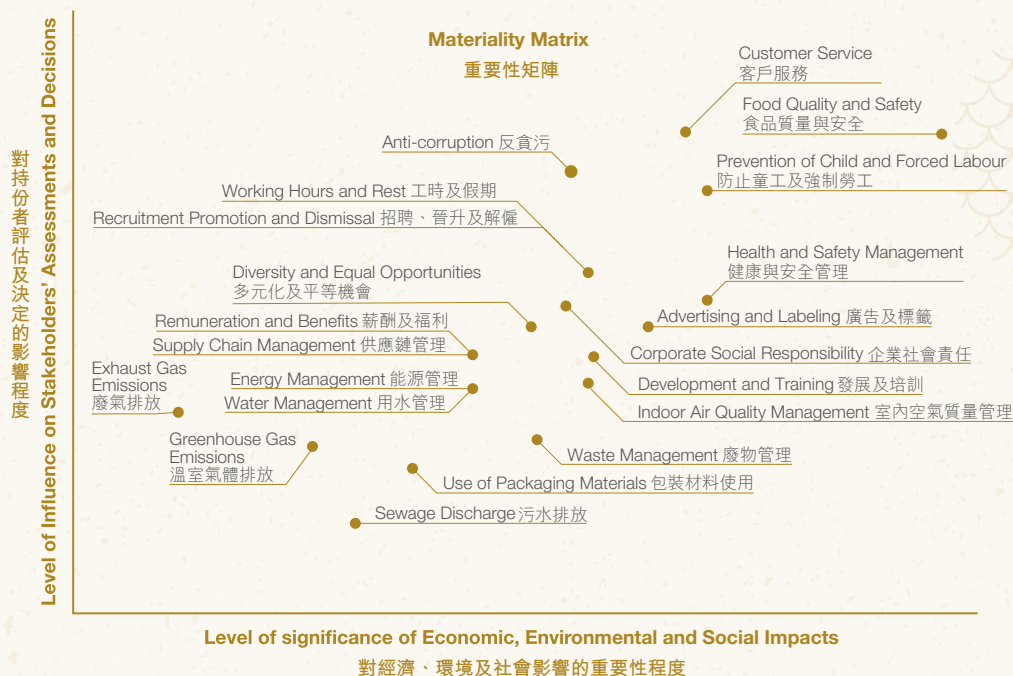
環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Materiality Assessment

The Group reviews its operations, identifies relevant ESG issues, and assesses the importance of those relevant matters to our business and stakeholders regularly. The Group's management, ESG Taskforce and staff in major functions are involved in the preparation of the ESG Report. We have compiled a survey in accordance with the identified material ESG issues to collect information from relevant departments, business units and stakeholders of the Group. Material topics that post relatively great impacts on the Company and its stakeholders were identified. The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG topics.

重要性評估

本集團定期審查其業務營運，識別相關環境、社會及管治事宜，並評估該等相關事宜對我們業務及持份者的重要性。本集團管理層、環境、社會及管治專責小組及主要職能部門的員工均參與編撰本報告。我們根據已識別的重大環境、社會及管治事宜編製資料問卷，向本集團的相關部門、業務單位及持份者收集資料。我們已識別對本公司及其持份者產生較大影響的重大議題。下列矩陣概述本集團的重大環境、社會及管治議題。



During the Reporting Period, the Group has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues, and disclosed contents in the ESG Report are in compliance with the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide.

於報告期間，本集團已就環境、社會及管治事宜制定適當且有效的管理政策及內部監控制度，且本報告所披露的內容符合環境、社會及管治報告指引的要求。

Contact Us

We welcome stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You can provide valuable advices in respect of the ESG Report or our performances in sustainable development by email at enquiry@starofcanton.com.hk.

聯絡我們

我們歡迎持份者提供意見及建議。閣下可來函就本報告或我們在可持續發展方面的表現提供寶貴意見，郵址為 enquiry@starofcanton.com.hk。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

A. Environmental

A1. Emissions

The Group is committed to supporting environmental sustainability by introducing environmentally friendly business practices and educating our employees to enhance their awareness on environmental protection. We strive to minimise the potential impacts of our business on the environment and society in which we operate so to fulfil our commitment on social responsibility.

We have adopted and implemented relevant environmental policies. These policies are responded to emission mitigation principle and waste management principles of “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and Replace”, with the objectives of minimising the adverse environmental impacts, and ensuring the emissions or wastes being generated are managed in an environmentally responsible manner. We implement measures that promote energy conservation, waste reduction and any other green initiatives across the life cycle of our services. Environmental related education was delivered to our employees to raise their awareness on environmental protection and ensure compliance with the relevant environmental laws and regulations.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any non-compliance of environmental laws and regulations in relation to air and greenhouse gas (“GHG”) emissions, water and land discharge, and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes that have a significant impact to the Group. Such environmental laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Hong Kong Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), the Hong Kong Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), the Environmental Protection Law of the People’s Republic of China, the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People’s Republic of China, and the Law of the People’s Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution.

A. 環境

A1. 排放物

本集團致力於透過施行環境友好型營業實務及教導員工提高環保意識支持環境可持續發展。我們努力降低業務對營運所在環境及社會的潛在影響，從而履行對社會責任的承諾。

我們已採用並實施相關的環境政策。該等政策符合減排原則以及「減少、重用、回收、替代」的廢物管理原則，旨在最大程度地減少對環境的不利影響，確保以對環境負責的方式排放或產生廢物。我們採取在服務週期內促進節能、減少廢物及任何其他綠色舉措等各項措施。我們已對員工進行環保教育以提高環保意識，並確保遵守相關的環境法律法規。

於報告期間，本集團並無發現任何違反有關空氣及溫室氣體（「溫室氣體」）排放、向水及土地排放、產生有危害及無危害廢物的環境法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響。該等環境法律法規包括但不限於香港《空氣污染管制條例》（第311章）、香港《廢物處置條例》（第354章）、《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》及《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Exhaust Gas Emissions

The Group strictly controls the emissions of oil fumes in accordance with the legislation requirements of Hong Kong and the PRC. To control the emissions of oil fumes and other exhaust gas, all restaurants of the Group have installed exhaust emission systems and air pollution control equipment, including mechanical ventilation systems and oil fume exhaust filters. In addition, the Group has formulated policies and implemented various emission reduction measures to reduce emissions from sources includes operating vehicles that meet the emission standards of the government and conducting regular vehicle maintenance to maintain engine function and provide better fuel economy.

The major source of exhaust gas generated by the Group's business operations were fuel consumed by vehicles for transportation and town gas for cooking. During the Reporting Period, both of the fuel consumed by vehicles and town gas usage are decreased. The fuel consumption by vehicles decreased for the reason of compulsory temporary lockdowns in the PRC. The Group also instructed staff using public transport in priority for business commuting purposes. Less town gas usage attributed from closure of several Hong Kong restaurants and compulsory temporary lockdowns in the PRC.

The Group's exhaust gas emissions performances were as follows:

Types of exhaust gas 廢氣類別	Unit 單位	Emissions 排放量	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物 (NOx)	kg 公斤	707.18	1,905.33
Sulphur Oxides (SOx) 硫氧化物 (SOx)	kg 公斤	3.23	8.90
Particulate Matter (PM) 懸浮微粒 (PM)	kg 公斤	10.04	15.36

廢氣排放

本集團根據香港及中國的法律規定嚴格控制油煙的排放。為控制油煙及其他廢氣的排放，本集團的所有酒樓均安裝廢氣排放系統及空氣污染控制設備，包括機械通風系統及油煙排氣過濾器。此外，本集團已制定政策並實施各種減排措施以減少源頭排放，包括採用符合政府排放標準的運輸工具及定期進行一次車輛維護，以保持引擎功能並提供更佳燃油經濟性。

本集團經營活動產生廢氣的主要來源主要是車輛運輸燃料及烹飪用煤氣。於報告期間，車輛燃料消耗量及煤氣使用量均有所減少。由於中國強制臨時封控，車輛燃料消耗量有所下降。本集團亦指示員工優先使用公共交通工具進行商務通勤。煤氣使用量減少乃由於關閉數間香港酒樓及中國強制臨時封控所致。

本集團的廢氣排放績效如下：

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

GHG Emissions

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions are direct emissions from town gas cooking, diesel and petrol consumed by vehicles (Scope 1), and indirect emissions from town gas cooking and purchased electricity (Scope 2). The Group actively adopts electricity conservation, emission reduction and energy saving measures to reduce GHG emissions, such measures include but are not limited to:

- Actively adopt vehicular emission reduction measures. Relevant measures are described in the section headed "Exhaust Gas Emissions" in this aspect; and
- Actively adopt measures for environmental protection, energy conservation, and watersaving. Relevant measures are described in the section headed "Energy Management" in aspect A2.

The Group's total GHG emissions has significantly decreased during the Reporting Period mainly due to closure of several Hong Kong restaurants and compulsory temporary lockdowns in the PRC. The above events reduced significant usage of vehicles, electricity and town gas. The Group's GHG emissions performance were as follows:

Indicator ² 指標 ²	Unit 單位	Emissions 排放量	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1) 直接溫室氣體排放 (範圍1)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	8,011.18	23,170.59
Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) 間接溫室氣體排放 (範圍2)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	3,957.41	7,980.38
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2) 溫室氣體排放總量 (範圍1及2)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	11,968.59	31,150.97
Total GHG emissions intensity 溫室氣體排放總量密度	tCO ₂ e/thousand revenue 噸二氧化碳當量/ 千元收入	0.09	0.11

溫室氣體排放

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要來源是煤氣烹飪、運輸消耗的柴油及汽油所產生的直接排放(範圍1)以及煤氣烹飪及外購電力產生的間接排放(範圍2)。本集團積極採取節電、減排及節能措施以減少溫室氣體排放，相關措施包括但不限於：

- 積極採取車輛減排措施。相關措施在本層面「廢氣排放」一節闡述；及
- 積極採取環保、節能、節水措施。相關措施在層面A2「能源管理」一節闡述。

本集團之溫室氣體排放總量於報告期間大幅減少，乃主要由於關閉數間香港酒樓及中國強制臨時封控所致。上述事件大幅減少車輛、電力及煤氣的使用。本集團的溫室氣體排放績效如下：

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Notes:

- (1) GHG emissions data presented above were reference to “How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs” issued by the HKEX.
- (2) During the Reporting Period, the Group’s total revenue was approximately HK\$135.6 million (2021:HK\$274.6 million). The data is also be used for calculating other intensity data.

The size of business operation changed significantly during the Reporting Period, the Group will monitor and review the operation activities and management approaches regularly. The Group continues to strengthen the current measures and targets that the GHG emissions intensity of the coming reporting period will be lower than that of 2022.

Sewage Discharge

During daily operation, the Group generates domestic sewage mainly in the course of food preparation and cleaning. The sewage generated will first be purified in the subsurface sewage treatment system, then discharged to the urban sewage pipe network. The Group has rigorously monitored the usage and disposal of the sewage, and comply with relevant laws and regulations to meet local government sewage discharge standards. Since the Group’s sewage are discharged through the municipal sewage pipe network to the regional water purification plant, our sewage discharged is considered as the water consumed. Hence, the performance of sewage discharged will be disclosed in the section headed “Water Management” in aspect A2.

Wastes Management

No hazardous waste is generated from the Group’s routine operations in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Non-hazardous wastes generated mainly come from food wastes and other domestic wastes such as wastepaper. The Group adheres to the waste management principles and strives to properly manage and dispose all wastes produced in our business activities. Our waste management practices comply with related environmental protection laws and regulations.

附註：

- (1) 上文呈列之溫室氣體排放數據乃參照香港聯交所發佈的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告—附錄二：環境關鍵績效指標彙報指引》。
- (2) 於報告期間，本集團的總收入約為135.6百萬港元（二零二一年：274.6百萬港元），此數據亦會用於計算其他密度數據。

業務營運規模於報告期間發生重大變動，本集團將定期監察及檢討營運活動及管理方法。本集團繼續加強現有措施及目標，即下一報告期間的溫室氣體排放密度將低於二零二二年。

污水排放

於日常營運中，本集團主要在食品製作及清潔過程中產生生活污水。產生的污水首先於地下污水處理系統中淨化，然後排放至城市污水管網。本集團嚴格監控污水的使用及處置，並遵守相關法律法規，以符合當地政府的污水排放標準。本集團的污水經過市政污水管網排放至當地淨水廠，故我們的污水排放量被視為用水量。因此，污水排放的績效將在層面A2「用水管理」一節披露。

廢物管理

本集團於香港及中國的日常營運並無產生有害廢物。所產生的無害廢物主要來自廚餘及其他生活廢物（如廢紙）。本集團恪守廢物管理原則，努力妥善管理及處置業務活動產生的所有廢物。我們的廢物管理實務符合相關的環保法律法規。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Hazardous Wastes

Although the Group did not generate hazardous wastes, the Group has established guidelines in governing the management and disposal of hazardous wastes. In case there are any hazardous wastes produced, the Group is required to engage a qualified chemical wastes collector to handle such wastes, and complied with relevant environmental rules and regulations. The reduction target of hazardous wastes was not applicable to the Group.

Non-hazardous Wastes

Food Wastes

Food wastes is considered as a major non-hazardous waste type generated during the course of our business operation as being a corporation that is engaged in providing and delivering catering and dining services. The Group has developed stringent policies and procedures in managing food wastes, and has appointed qualified professional third parties in collecting and handling the food waste generated. With regards to the used cooking oil, the Group has appointed a waste oil company to collect and recycle the waste oil generated during the cooking process into biodiesel. The biodiesel burns cleaner than gasoline, resulting in fewer greenhouse gas emissions.

The Group has also placed a number of designated garbage bins in different areas in kitchens for staff to centralise food wastes. The qualified wastes collector will collect these garbage bins on a daily basis to ensure the environmental hygiene of kitchens and restaurants. Apart from appointing qualified third parties in handling food wastes, the Group has also implemented various measures in minimising food waste, such as making better use of food ingredients. During the Reporting Period, all food wastes generated by the Group were collected and handled by qualified third party wastes collector.

有害廢物

儘管本集團未產生有害廢物，但仍設立有害廢物管理及處置指引。倘產生任何有害廢物，本集團須委聘合資格的化學廢物收集者處理此類廢物，並遵守相關的環境規則及規例。本集團並無有害廢物減排目標。

無害廢物

廚餘

由於作為從事提供餐飲服務業務的公司，廚餘為我們業務運營過程中產生的主要無害廢物類型。本集團制定嚴格的廚餘管理政策及程序，並委聘合資格的專業第三方收集及處理所產生的廚餘。就已使用的食用油而言，本集團已委任一家廢油公司將烹飪過程產生的廢油收集回收製成生物柴油。生物柴油燃燒較汽油更加清潔，從而減少溫室氣體排放。

本集團亦在廚房的各個區域放置多個指定的垃圾箱，以便員工集中放置廚餘。合資格的廢物收集商每天收集該等垃圾箱，確保廚房及酒樓的衛生。除委聘合資格的第三方處理食品廢物外，本集團亦採取各種措施減少食品浪費，例如將食食物盡其用。於報告期間，本集團產生的所有廚餘由合資格的第三方廢物收集商收集及處理。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Other Wastes

Other wastes generated by the Group are mainly office papers and dim sum papers. The Group takes action to reduce waste by using less material to minimise waste generation and preserve natural resources. More specifically, the Group has adopted various initiatives to minimise the generation of such wastes which include but are not limited to:

- Promote double-sided printing to utilise the use of paper efficiently;
- Use recycled paper for printing and copying;
- Utilise electronic communication where applicable; and
- Distribute office memos to remind staff to only print necessary materials to avoid wastage.

Employees' waste reduction awareness has been raised by above waste reduction initiatives. The Group target reduction in paper waste by studying to adopt electronic ordering system to replace filling in the dim sum paper.

其他廢物

本集團產生的其他廢物主要為辦公用紙及點心紙。本集團已採取措施減少廢物，方法為使用較少材料以盡量減少廢物產生並保護自然資源。具體而言，本集團已採納多項措施以盡量減少廢物的產生，包括但不限於：

- 提倡雙面打印，以提高紙張使用率；
- 使用再生紙進行打印及復印；
- 在適當情況下使用電子通訊；及
- 分發辦公備忘錄，提醒員工僅打印必要的材料，以免浪費。

上述減少廢物措施已提高僱員減少廢物的意識。本集團旨在透過研究採納電子點餐系統代替填裝點心紙減少廢紙。

Non-hazardous wastes type 無害廢物類別	Unit 單位	Disposal 棄置量	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Office paper 辦公紙	tonnes 噸	0.61	1.60
Dim sum paper 點心紙	tonnes 噸	2.82	1.86
Total non-hazardous wastes 無害廢物總量	tonnes 噸	3.43	3.46
Total non-hazardous wastes intensity 無害廢物總量密度	tonnes/million revenue 噸／百萬元收入	0.03	0.01

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

A2. Use of Resources

The Group understands that efficient use of resources is one of the critical methods to reduce carbon footprint. We take initiatives to introduce resource efficiency and eco-friendly measures to the Group's operations. The Group has established relevant policies and procedures in governing the use of energy, water and packaging material with reference to the objective of achieving higher efficiency and reducing the unnecessary use of materials.

Energy Management

The energy consumption of the Group was mainly contributed by electricity consumption for operation, gasoline consumption for vehicles, and town gas for cooking. The Group advocates the principle of efficient use of energy. Employees are required to adopt the related measures and initiatives, and assume responsibility for the Group's overall energy efficiency. By establishing an energy management system, we develop and regularly review our energy objectives and targets to continuously enhance the Group's energy performance. Abnormal consumption of energy will be investigated to find out the root causes, and corresponding preventive measures will be taken where deemed necessary.

The Group has introduced various measures and initiatives to achieve the goal of electricity saving and efficient consumption. For example, the employees are expressly required to turn off all unnecessary electronic appliances and devices when they are not in use to avoid wastage of electricity. Restaurant and office facilities are conducted regular maintenance to ensure optimal efficiency. The Group has priority in using LED lightings instead of traditional lamps and utilise natural ventilation where possible to minimise the use of electricity in lightings.

A2. 資源使用

本集團深知高效使用資源為減少碳足跡的重要方法之一。我們採取各項舉措向本集團的業務運營引入資源效率及環保措施。本集團已制定相關能源、水及包裝材料使用政策及程序，以實現高效使用材料及減少不必要的使用材料為目標。

能源管理

本集團的主要能耗為業務運營所消耗的電力、車輛所消耗的汽油以及烹飪所消耗的煤氣。本集團提倡高效利用能源的原則。僱員必須遵守相關措施及舉措，並對本集團的整體能源效能承擔責任。透過設立能源管理制度，我們制定並定期審查能源目標及指標，以不斷提高本集團的能源績效。異常能耗將進行調查，以找出根本原因，並在必要時採取相應的預防措施。

本集團已推出多項措施及舉措，以實現節約用電及降低能耗的目標。例如，本公司明確要求僱員於不使用時關閉所有不必要電器及設備，以避免浪費電力。我們對酒樓及辦公設施進行定期維護，以維持最佳能耗。本集團優先使用LED照明而非傳統燈具，並在可能情況下利用自然通風，以盡量減少照明的用電量。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group's total energy consumption (includes town gas, electricity and petrol usage) has significantly decreased during the Reporting Period due to closure of several Hong Kong restaurants and compulsory temporary lockdowns in the PRC. In addition, the Group has priority in using unleaded petrol during the Reporting Period and did not consume diesel which also lead to decrease in energy consumption. The Group targets to maintain lower total energy consumption intensity in the coming reporting period when compared to 2022.

本集團的總能源消耗(包括煤氣、電力及汽油使用量)於報告期間大幅減少，乃由於關閉數間香港酒樓及中國強制臨時封控所致。此外，本集團於報告期間優先使用無鉛汽油且並無使用柴油，其亦導致減少能源消耗。本集團的目標為將下一個報告期間的總能源消耗密度維持在低於二零二二年的水平。

Energy type 能源類別	Unit 單位	Consumption 消耗量	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Total energy consumption 能耗總量	MWh 兆瓦時	45,403.95	125,638.08
Total energy consumption intensity 能耗總量密度	MWh/thousand revenue 兆瓦時/千元收入	0.33	0.46
	MWh/m ² (note) 兆瓦時/平方米(附註)	3.85	8.61
<i>Direct energy consumption</i> 直接能耗			
Diesel 柴油	MWh 兆瓦時	0.00	0.66
Unleaded petrol 無鉛汽油	MWh 兆瓦時	155.52	130.00
<i>Indirect energy consumption</i> 間接能耗			
Purchased electricity 購電量	MWh 兆瓦時	3,630.58	4,668.22
Town gas 煤氣	MWh 兆瓦時	41,617.85	120,839.20

Note:

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's total floor area was approximately 11,788.25 m² (2021: 14,584.31 m²). The data will also be used for calculating other intensity data.

附註：

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團的總面積為約11,788.25平方米(二零二一年：14,584.31平方米)。此數據亦會用於計算其他密度數據。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Water Management

Water consumption is mainly from tap water used in restaurants for cleaning and sanitization purpose. While providing high-quality catering service, we still encourage our employees and customers to develop the habit of conscious water use in order to minimise water consumption.

The Group has been strengthening its water-saving promotion in various ways, such as posting water-saving slogans near to water outlets in kitchens, washrooms and sink areas, and guiding employees to use water reasonably. Water pipes and water taps are also checked regularly to prevent water leakage. If abnormal conditions are detected, employees are required to report to the departmental managers and related department for repairment.

The Group's water consumption performances were as follows:

Indicator 指標	Unit 單位	Consumption 消耗量	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Water 用水	m ³ 立方米	87,008	150,099.00
Water consumption intensity 用水密度	m ³ /thousand revenue 立方米/千元收入	0.64	0.55
Water consumption intensity 用水密度	m ³ /m ² 立方米/平方米	7.38	10.29

Due to the closure of several Hong Kong restaurants and compulsory temporary lockdowns in the PRC, the water consumption was significantly decreased during the Reporting Period. We do not have any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. As the water consumption is essential for cleaning and sanitization purpose and the size of our operation changed a lot in the Reporting Period, we would consider a conservative target to maintain lower water consumption intensity in the coming year when compared to year 2022.

用水管理

耗水主要來自酒樓清潔及消毒使用的自來水。於提供優質餐飲服務的同時，我們仍鼓勵僱員及客戶養成節約用水的習慣，以盡可能減少用水量。

本集團一直以各種方式加大節水宣傳力度，例如在廚房、洗手間及水槽區域的出水口附近張貼節水標語，以及指導僱員合理用水。本集團亦定期檢查水管及水龍頭，防止漏水。倘發現異常情況，僱員須向部門經理及相關部門報告以進行維修。

本集團之耗水情況如下：

由於關閉數間香港酒樓及中國強制臨時封控，耗水量於報告期間大幅減少。我們在求取合適水源上並無遇到任何問題。由於清潔及消毒需要用水且我們的營運規模於報告期間發生較大變化，我們將考慮一個保守目標，以於來年保持較二零二二年為低的用水密度。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Use of Packaging Materials

The packaging materials used by the Group are mainly plastic containers and bags for take-away orders. We have utilised every type of packaging material by utilising the space of each in order to avoid excessive packaging. During the Reporting Period, the Group has consumed approximately 0.83 tonnes (2021: 1.02 tonnes) plastic packaging materials, which approximates to 0.006kg (2021: 0.004kg) per thousand revenue. Although several Hong Kong restaurants closed in year 2022, the amount of plastic packaging materials per thousand revenue was still increased. It was attributed from more demand in take-away containers and bags under social distancing measures imposed by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. During that period of time, only limited dine-in services was provided.

A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

In addition to complying with relevant environmental laws and regulations for protecting the natural environment, we have integrated the concepts of environmental protection and natural resource conservation into our internal management and daily operations in order to achieve environmental sustainability. In providing catering service, our restaurants create oil and grease in wastewater, we engaged recognised service provider to perform regular vacuum cleaning and handled according to corresponding regulations.

包裝材料使用

本集團使用的包裝材料主要為用於外賣訂單的塑料容器及袋子。我們透過利用每種包裝材料的空間來使用該包裝材料，以避免過度包裝。於報告期間，本集團消耗約0.83噸（二零二一年：1.02噸）塑料包裝材料，即每千元收入約0.006公斤（二零二一年：0.004公斤）。儘管於二零二二年關閉數家香港酒樓，惟每千元收入的塑料包裝材料數量仍有所增加。此乃由於香港特別行政區政府實施的保持社交距離措施導致外賣包裝盒及包裝袋的需求增加。於該期間，僅提供有限堂食服務。

A3. 環境及天然資源

除遵守相關環保法律及法規以保護自然環境外，我們亦將環境保護與自然資源保護的理念融入本集團內部管理及日常運營中，以實現我們的環保型可持續發展。於提供餐飲服務時，酒樓於廢水中產生油脂，我們聘請獲認可的服務供應商根據相應法規定期進行真空清潔及處理。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Being a high-quality catering service provider, the Group heavily emphasises on indoor air quality. The Group has strict control over air quality management. Smoking is prohibited in all areas within restaurants. Any person who is found to have violated such rule will be subjected to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment. Besides, the Group has installed exhaust emission systems and air pollution control equipment, including mechanical ventilation systems and oil fume exhaust filters in all restaurants. This helps to minimise the oil fume emissions and odour nuisance arising from our restaurant operations. Apart from these measures, the Group will also conduct regular cleaning of the air conditioning systems to ensure a high level of indoor air quality is provided for both employees and customers. The Group has maintained sufficient numbers of air purifiers in restaurant and office area even following a lull in the pandemic.

A4. Climate change

Climate change and global warming are the major environmental concerns in recent decades. Although the climate change did not impose significant impact towards the Group's operation, we still strives to put forward environmental conservation and raise employees' environmental awareness.

作為優質餐飲服務提供商，本集團高度重視室內空氣質量。本集團嚴格控制空氣質量管理事宜。酒樓內所有區域禁止吸煙。違反該規定者，一經發現，將受紀律處分，情節嚴重者甚至會被解僱。此外，本集團在所有酒樓安裝廢氣排放系統及空氣污染控制設備，包括機械通風系統及油煙排氣過濾器等，此舉有助於最大程度地減少我們酒樓營運所產生的油煙排放及異味。除該等措施外，本集團亦會定期清潔空調系統，以確保為僱員及客戶提供優質的室內空氣。即使疫情暫時平息，本集團仍於酒樓及辦公區域維持足夠數量的空氣淨化器。

A4. 氣候變化

氣候變化及全球變暖為近數十年的主要環境關注事宜。儘管氣候變化並未對本集團的營運造成重大影響，惟我們仍竭力提出環境保護並提高僱員的環保意識。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Risk from extreme weather caused by climate change may cause pose risk to the Group's stakeholders such as the Group's employees, suppliers and customers. With regards to acute physical risks such as storms, floods, heatwaves, it may cause disruption to the supply chain network and increase the risks for staff during the journey to work. To address the risk, we maintain a large supplier base to ensure that there was alternative choice for goods in the event of our suppliers being affected by extreme weather conditions. Also, the Group has established a work arrangement policy to provide clear guidelines for staff under extreme weather condition. The Group continue to reduce GHG emissions and energy consumption from our operations through various environmental protection measures as mentioned above.

For transition risks such as change in laws and regulations and change in customers preference, as the Group is not producing significant amount of GHG emission and maintaining the minimum level of energy consumption, we believe that the risk is relatively low. ESG Taskforce would continue to identify the risks and opportunities faced by the Group regarding climate change, monitor the updates in latest environmental-related laws and regulations and regularly report to the Board to ensure the Group meet the regulatory requirement and reduce the impacts towards the business operation.

氣候變化引起的極端天氣風險可能令本集團的持份者(如本集團的僱員、供應商及客戶)面臨風險。就嚴重物理風險(如暴風雨、洪水、熱浪)而言,其可能會導致供應鏈網絡中斷並增加僱員於上班途中的風險。為應對該風險,我們維持一個龐大的供應商基礎,以確保倘我們供應商受到極端天氣條件影響,我們存在其他的貨物選擇。此外,本集團亦制定工作安排政策,為員工提供於極端天氣情況下的明確指引。本集團透過上述各項環保措施,持續減少營運的溫室氣體排放及能源消耗。

就過渡風險(如法律及法規變化以及顧客偏好變化)而言,由於本集團產生的溫室氣體排放並不重大且能源消耗保持於最低水平,我們認為該風險相對較低。環境、社會及管治專責小組將繼續識別本集團於氣候變化方面所面臨的風險及機遇、監控最新環境相關法律及法規的更新並定期向董事會報告,以確保本集團符合監管要求並減少對業務運營的影響。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B. Social

B1. Employment

We regard our employees as the valuable asset of the Group and dedicate to provide them with equal and fair treatment. We believe that success in hiring, training and retaining talents is critical in providing reliable and quality services.

We have established relevant employment policies to fulfil our vision on people-oriented management strategy and realising the full potential of employees. Relevant employment policies are formally documented as the Employee Handbook, covering aspects including recruitment, promotion and dismissal, remuneration and benefits, working hours and rest periods, diversity and equal opportunities, etc. The Group will review these policies and the employment practices periodically to ensure the continuous improvements of our employment standards.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap.57), the Hong Kong Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608), the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

B. 社會

B1. 僱傭

我們將員工視作集團的寶貴資產，致力於為彼等提供平等公正的待遇，致力於為彼等提供平等公正的待遇。我們認為，成功招聘、培訓及挽留人才對提供可靠及優質的服務至關重要。

我們制定相關的僱傭政策，以期實現以人為本的管理策略的願景，並使僱員充分發揮潛能。相關的僱傭政策已正式載錄於《員工手冊》中，涵蓋招聘、晉升及解僱、薪酬及福利、工時及假期、多元化發展及平等機會等主題。本集團將定期審查該等政策及僱傭實務，確保不斷改進我們的僱傭標準。

於報告期間，本集團並無違反賠償及解僱、招聘及晉升、工時、假期、平等機會、多元化發展、反歧視及其他福利及待遇相關法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響，包括但不限於香港《僱傭條例》(第57章)及香港《最低工資條例》(第608章)、《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal

We adopt a robust, transparent and fair recruitment processes based on merit selection against the job criteria, and recruit individuals based on their suitability for the position and their potential to fulfil the Group's current and future needs. To ensure fairness and equality, we never evaluate candidates by gender, age, race, family status, religion or disability status. The Group attracts talents through open recruitment, and candidates are subjected to assessments (both written and technical depending on position's requirement) prior to employment. Employment decision will be made based on results of the assessment, work experience and overall ability of the candidate.

The Group specifies the basis and process for employees' transfer and promotion. Regular performance reviews are carried out to assess employees' ability. We offer transfer and internal promotion opportunities for employees who have outstanding work performance so to optimise the allocation of human resources within the Group. Transfer of job positions can either be recommended by department supervisors or through self-application; while promotions are required to be recommended by department heads.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has 408 (2021: 537) full time employees in the reporting scope with 72% of male employee and 28% of female employee (2021: 72% of male employee and 28% of female employee). The breakdowns of our workforce by age group and geographical regions are as follows:

By age group 按年齡組別劃分	2022	2021	By geographic region 按地理區域劃分	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年		二零二二年	二零二一年
Under 30 years old 30歲以下	40%	40%	Hong Kong 香港	6%	16%
31-50 years old 31-50歲	35%	34%	The PRC 中國	94%	84%
Over 50 years old 50歲以上	25%	26%			

招聘、晉升及解僱

我們會根據工作標準按擇優錄取基準，採用健全、透明及公平的招聘流程，並根據其是否適合有關職位及是否具備滿足本集團當前及未來需求的潛力招聘人員。為保證公平公正，我們從不根據性別、年齡、種族、家庭狀況、宗教或身體障礙狀況評估候選人。本集團透過公開招聘吸引人才，應聘者在受僱前須經過評估（根據職位的要求進行書面及技術評估）。本集團將根據評估結果、工作經驗及應聘者的整體能力做出僱傭決定。

本集團訂明僱員調動及晉升的基準及流程。我們定期進行表現檢討以評估僱員能力。我們為工作表現出色的僱員提供調動及內部晉升機會，以優化本集團內部人力資源的調配。職位調動可由部門主管推薦，亦可毛遂自薦；而晉升則必須由部門主管推薦。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團擁有408名屬報告範圍之全職僱員（二零二一年：537名），72%為男性僱員及28%為女性僱員（二零二一年：72%為男性僱員及28%為女性僱員）。我們按年齡組別及地理區域劃分之勞工明細如下：

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has formulated standardised procedures for dismissal. Dismissal process will only be proceeded with a reasonable basis, and the Group forbids unreasonable dismissal under any circumstances. The Group will ensure sufficient communication has been conducted on the problems prior to official dismissal. Employees are required to return all company property to the Human Resource Department upon leaving the Company.

During the Reporting Period, the turnover rate of total employees is 97% (2021:73%). The relatively high in turnover rate during the Reporting Period attributed from the closure of several Hong Kong restaurants. The Group recognises its social responsibility, when the Central Restaurant opened in the Reporting Period, we have priority in hiring the staff who worked in our closed restaurants previously.

The turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical regions are as follows:

本集團已制定標準的解僱程序。解僱程序僅會依據合理基準進行，本集團禁止任何不合理的解僱。本集團將確保在正式解僱前就有關問題進行充分溝通。僱員於本公司離職後，須將所有公司財產歸還人力資源部。

於報告期間，僱員總數之流失率為97% (二零二一年：73%)。報告期間之流失率相對較高乃由於關閉於香港的若干酒樓所致。本集團深知其社會責任，因此於中環酒樓於報告期間內開業時，我們優先招聘之前曾於我們關閉的酒樓工作的員工。

按性別、年齡組別及地理區域劃分之流失率如下：

By age group 按年齡組別劃分			By geographic region 按地理區域劃分		
	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Male 男性	101%	76%	Hong Kong 香港	156%	67%
Female 女性	87%	65%	The PRC 中國	89%	74%
By age group 按年齡組別劃分					
	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年			
Under 30 years old 30歲以下	100%	100%			
31-50 years old 31-50歲	55%	55%			
Over 50 years old 50歲以上	64%	34%			

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Remuneration and Benefits

The Group's basis for remuneration is job-related skills, qualifications, work performances, and market conditions. Remuneration package includes holidays and different leave types such as annual leave, maternity leave, and sick leave. Due to the Group's business nature, the Group runs business as usual on public holidays. Employees who are working on public holidays are therefore granted with compensatory leave. Besides, free meals and staff quarter are provided for employees in the PRC. Discretionary bonus may also be awarded based on individual work performance.

In addition, the Group participates in the pension scheme registered under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance of Hong Kong (the "MPF Ordinance") for the employees in Hong Kong. It is funded by contributions from employer and employees pursuant to the provisions of the MPF Ordinance. The Group also pays "five social insurance and one housing fund" for its employees in the PRC, namely, endowment insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, employment injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund, to ensure employees are covered by social insurance. Moreover, employees of the Group in the PRC are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes.

薪酬及福利

本集團的薪酬乃以工作相關技能、資歷、工作表現及市場條件為基準釐定。薪酬待遇包括假期以及年假、產假及病假等各類事假。由於本集團的業務性質，本集團在公眾假期照常營業。因此，在公眾假期工作的僱員可享受帶薪休假。此外，本集團會為在中國的員工提供免費餐點及員工宿舍。本集團亦會根據個人工作表現發放酌情花紅。

此外，本集團參加根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》(「強積金條例」)為香港僱員註冊的退休金計劃。根據《強積金條例》的規定，該筆款項由僱主及僱員提供。本集團亦為其中國僱員支付「五險一金」，即養老保險、醫療保險、失業保險、工傷保險、生育保險及住房公積金，以確保僱員享有社會保險。此外，本集團的中國僱員為當地政府營運的相關國家管理定額供款退休金計劃的成員。根據計劃的規定，僱主及僱員有義務按工資的一定比例進行供款。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Diversity and Equal Opportunities

The Group is committed to creating and maintaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture. We are dedicated to providing equal opportunities in all aspects of employment, and maintaining workplace that are free from discrimination, physical or verbal harassment against any individual on the basis of race, religion, colour, gender, physical or mental disability, age, place of origin, marital status and sexual orientation. With the aim of ensuring fair and equal protection for all employees, we have zero tolerance on sexual harassment or abuse in the workplace in any form.

B2. Health and Safety

Employees' health and safety are the most concerned area for the Group. We strive to eliminate potential health and safety hazards at workplace. We have implemented guidelines, policies and standard operating procedures to ensure the health and safety of working environment, as well as providing employees a safe working environment. We follow the occupational health and safety guidelines recommended by the Hong Kong's Occupational Safety and Health Council and the Drug Administration of Shenzhen Municipality.

Each of the Group's restaurants in Hong Kong satisfies the requirements of the Hong Kong Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap.132) in respect of means of ventilation, sanitary fittings, facilities for cleansing equipment and utensils, means of exit and entry, and fire safety. To maintain a safe working environment and ensure employees' health and safety, the Group has formulated and implemented the Kitchen Safety Manual. The Kitchen Safety Manual sets out clear guidance on different occupational safety matters. Instructions on the use of kitchen equipment are also provided in the manual. In addition, the Group provides employees with appropriate safety equipment to protect their bodies from injuries at work.

多元化發展及平等機會

本集團致力於打造及維持包容協作的工作場所文化。我們矢志在僱傭各方面提供平等機會，保護僱員在工作場所不會因種族、宗教、膚色、性別、身體或精神殘疾、年齡、出身地、婚姻狀況及性取向等而遭受歧視、肢體或言語侵犯。為確保為所有僱員提供公平及平等的保護，我們對工作場所中任何形式的性騷擾或性虐待零容忍。

B2. 健康與安全

僱員的健康與安全是本集團最為關注的方面。我們致力於消除工作場的潛在健康與安全隱患。我們已實施指引、政策及標準作業程序以確保工作環境的健康及安全以及為僱員提供安全的工作環境。我們遵守香港職業安全健康局及深圳市藥品監督管理局推薦的職業健康與安全指引。

本集團位於香港的每間酒樓在通風設備、衛生設備、清潔設備及餐具等設施以及出入通道及消防安全等方面均符合香港《公共衛生及市政條例》(第132章)的規定。為維持安全的工作環境並確保員工的健康與安全，本集團制定並實施《廚房安全手冊》。《廚房安全手冊》就各項職業安全事宜制定明確的指導。手冊亦制定有關廚房設備使用說明。此外，本集團為僱員提供適當的安防設備，以保護僱員免受工作傷害。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

There were no reported cases of work-related fatalities for the past three years, including the Reporting Period. There are 19 (2021:21) employees who are injured during work which caused 88 (2021:141) work days lost during the Reporting Period. Corresponding work safety training has been delivered to employees after the accidents happened to remind employees of good safety practices.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware any non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environmental and protecting employees from occupational hazards, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap.509), the Hong Kong Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap.282), Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Fire Protection Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

Fire Safety

The Group strictly follows the fire safety related laws and regulations. Fire equipment such as fire extinguishers and fire blankets are placed in accordance with the law requirement. Fire safety trainings are also arranged for employees across all departments on a regular basis to raise the awareness of the threat posed by fire to people, property and our business community. Regular fire and emergency drills will also be arranged by the property management office and regional governmental department for employees to ensure employees are aware of the emergency procedures and routes. In addition, the Group conducts regular safety inspections to minimise the safety risks of employees and ensure safety standards are met.

於過往三年(包括報告期間),並無報告因工死亡個案。於報告期間,19名(二零二一年:21名)僱員因工受傷,導致損失88個(二零二一年:141個)工作日。事故發生後,已對僱員進行相應工作安全培訓,以提醒僱員良好安全常規。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何違反有關提供安全工作環境及保護僱員免受職業危害的法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響的行為,包括但不限於香港《職業安全及健康條例》(第509章)、香港《僱員補償條例》(第282章)、《中華人民共和國安全生產法》及《中華人民共和國消防法》。

消防安全

本集團嚴格遵守消防安全相關法律法規。本集團依法放置滅火器及滅火毯等消防設備。本集團亦定期為所有部門的僱員安排消防安全培訓,以提高僱員有關火災對人身、財產及企業造成威脅的認識。物業管理公司及當地政府部門亦將定期為僱員安排消防演習,確保僱員了解應急程序及路徑。此外,本集團定期進行安全檢查,以最大程度降低僱員的安全風險並確保符合安全標準。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B3. Development and Training

Valuable contribution of our talents is crucial to the continued success of the Group. The Group regards our employees as the most important asset and resource and recognises the importance of providing employees with thorough and practical training to continuously enhance their technical knowledge, and keeping abreast of the latest developments.

Development and Training

The Group offers a variety of training programmes to employees based on their job duties. All new employees have to attend induction training to learn about the company structure, employee duties and safety requirements. For front-line employees, they are also trained with topic of customer services in order to attract and retain customers. The Group regularly arrange vocational trainings on food ingredients, food preparation and preservation, flow of food production, hygiene conditions of the kitchen and quality control in different aspects of the restaurant operation to raise employees' awareness in providing high quality catering service.

The Group has always encouraged our directors to attend relevant training courses in receiving the latest news and knowledge regarding the Listing Rules, corporate governance and other applicable statutory and regulatory regimes. During the Reporting Period, 73% (2021:44%) of total employees took part in training with following breakdown by gender and employment categories:

By gender 按性別劃分	2022	2021	By employment categories 按僱傭類別劃分	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年		二零二二年	二零二一年
Male 男性	68%	60%	Senior level personnel 高級人員	12%	28%
Female 女性	32%	40%	Middle level personnel 中級人員	22%	35%
			Entry level personnel 初級人員	66%	37%

B3. 發展及培訓

人才的寶貴貢獻對本集團的持續成功至關重要。本集團將僱員視作最重要的資產及資源，深知為僱員提供全面及實際的培訓以不斷提升技術知識及掌握最新發展形勢的重要性。

發展及培訓

本集團根據僱員的工作職責為其提供各種培訓計劃。所有新僱員須參加入職培訓以了解公司架構、僱員職責及安全規定。一線僱員亦會接受以客服為主題的培訓以吸引及留住客戶。本集團定期安排有關食品配料、食品製作及保存的職業培訓、食品生產流程、廚房衛生條件以及酒樓運營質量控制等方面的培訓，以提升僱員提供優質餐飲服務的意識。

本集團一直鼓勵董事參加相關培訓課程，以掌握有關上市規則、企業管治以及其他適用法律及監管規定的最新消息及知識。於報告期間，僱員總數的73%（二零二一年：44%）已參加培訓，按性別及僱傭類別劃分之明細如下：

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The average training hours per employee was 2.08 (2021:5.26) hours with following breakdown by gender and employment categories:

每名僱員之平均受訓時數為2.08小時(二零二一年:5.26小時)，按性別及僱傭類別劃分之明細如下：

Average training hours by gender:

按性別劃分之平均受訓時數：

	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Male 男性	2.12	4.69
Female 女性	1.96	6.65

Average training hours by employment categories:

按僱傭類別劃分之平均受訓時數：

	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Senior level personnel 高級人員	1.34	11.11
Middle level personnel 中級人員	0.90	5.31
Entry level personnel 初級人員	2.60	3.17

During the Reporting Period, the frequency and duration of training are both decreased mainly due to the social distancing measures imposed by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the closure of several Hong Kong restaurants within the Group.

於報告期間，主要由於香港特別行政區實行的社交距離措施及本集團內若干香港酒樓關閉，培訓頻率及時長均有所下降。

B4. Labour Standards

Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

The Group strictly complies with national and local employment laws and regulations, and prohibits the employment of child and forced labour in both the PRC and Hong Kong operations.

The Group has stipulated employment policies that only employees over the age of 18 will be recruited and we require all new employees to provide true and accurate personal information when they join the Group. Upon employment, recruiters will stringently review employees' personal information including ID card, household registration and other information. The Group has a well-established recruitment process to check the background of candidates and a formal reporting procedure to deal with any exceptions. We also conduct regular reviews and inspections to prevent any child labour or forced labour in its operation. The Group's employment relationship with the concerned employee will be immediately terminated in case there is any irregularities noted in ages or identities.

B4. 勞工準則

防止童工及強制勞工

本集團嚴格遵守國家及地方僱傭法律法規，禁止在中國及香港業務營運中僱傭童工及強制勞工。

本集團已制定僱傭政策，只招聘18歲以上的僱員，我們要求所有新入職僱員在加入本集團時須提供真實而準確的個人資料。招聘時，招聘人員將嚴格審查僱員的個人資料，包括身份證、戶籍及其他信息。本集團擁有完善的招聘流程檢查應聘者的背景，並具有正式的報告程序處理任何例外情況。我們亦定期進行審查及檢查，防止其營運中出現任何童工或強制勞工。倘發現任何年齡或身份違規，將立即終止本集團與有關僱員之僱傭關係。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has formulated policies in determining the working hours and rest periods for employees in accordance to local employment laws. Work schedules are arranged by department heads, and employees can request the change in work schedules by applying to department heads. Furthermore, employees of the Group only work overtime if necessary and on a voluntary basis. We also prohibit any punishments, management methods and behaviours involving verbal abuse, physical punishment, physical abuse, oppression, sexual harassment, etc. against our employees for any reason. In case any child or forced labour noted, the Group would immediately prohibit the arrangement and perform investigation for the cause and rectify the job arrangement.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labour related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap.57), the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Regulations on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour in the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

B5. Supply Chain Management

Sourcing capability plays an important role in the management of a restaurant operation, and an effective supplier selection procedure is considered as an essential element for our business operation. The Group sets up a supplier management system to closely evaluate and monitor suppliers regularly, and puts forward requirements for suppliers on environmental and social risk control.

本集團已制定政策，根據當地僱傭法釐定員工的工時及假期。工作時間表由部門主管安排，僱員可向部門主管申請更改工作時間表。此外，本集團的僱員僅在必要時自願加班。我們亦禁止以任何理由對僱員進行口頭虐待、身體懲罰、身體虐待、壓迫及性騷擾等處罰、管理方法及行為。倘發現童工或強迫勞工，本集團將立即禁止安排、調查原因並整改工作安排。

於報告期間，本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反童工及強迫勞工相關法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響的行為，包括但不限於香港《僱傭條例》(第57章)、《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國禁止使用童工規定》。

B5. 供應鏈管理

採購能力在酒樓業務的管理中發揮著舉足輕重的作用，高效的供應商甄選程序為集團業務營運的基本要素。本集團設立供應商管理制度，定期對供應商進行嚴密評估及監督，並在環境及社會風險控制方面對供應商提出要求。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has established a rigorous supplier selection system based on a set of selection criteria including but not limited to price, quality of ingredients, reputation, service quality, past performance, and delivery efficiency. Background search will also be performed to ensure that the Group has proper understanding on the supplier selected. The Group will also consider suppliers' environmental and social risks during the supplier selection process. Priority will be given to supplier which holds certificates or accreditations related to environmental or social issues as part of our selection criteria.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has 211 (2021: 289) suppliers in total with 67% (2021: 49%) of suppliers from Hong Kong and 33% (2021: 51%) suppliers from PRC. Hong Kong and PRC suppliers are served to corresponding operation area to save transportation cost and reduce carbon footprint by limiting products that require long shipping time.

The Group has formulated respective measures to ensure suppliers could engage in fair competition during the procurement process. Employees or personnel having any interest relationship with suppliers will not be allowed to participate in relevant procurement activities. We have zero tolerance towards bribery and corruption, and the practice of partners or suppliers obtaining partnerships or procurement contracts through any forms of benefits transfer are strictly prohibited.

To ensure a steady supply of food ingredients and minimise the risks of non-delivery, substandard products and suppliers' delinquencies, the Group sources major raw materials from a number of approved suppliers. The Group places great importance to the quality of raw materials and closely monitors if the suppliers have met the aforementioned criteria. The above-mentioned procedure is applicable to all suppliers for the Group.

本集團依據一套甄選標準建立嚴格的供應商甄選制度，標準包括但不限於價格、原料質量、聲譽、服務質量、過往表現及交貨效率。我們亦會進行背景調查，以確保適當了解本集團所選擇的供應商。本集團亦將於供應商選擇過程考慮供應商的環境及社會風險。作為我們選擇標準的一部分，我們將優先考慮持有與環境或社會問題相關的證書或認證的供應商。

於報告期間，本集團共有211名（二零二一年：289名）供應商，67%（二零二一年：49%）的供應商來自香港及33%（二零二一年：51%）的供應商來自中國。香港及中國供應商獲派往相應運營區域提供服務，以透過限制需要較長運輸時間的產品節省運輸成本並減少碳足跡。

本集團已制定相應措施，確保供應商在採購過程中能夠公平競爭。與供應商有任何利益關係的僱員或人員不得參與相關採購活動。我們對賄賂及腐敗行為零容忍，並嚴禁合夥人或供應商透過任何形式的利益轉換獲得合夥人或採購合約的做法。

為確保食品原料的穩定供應，並盡量降低不按時交貨、產品不合格及供應商違約的風險，本集團向眾多經核准供應商採購主要原材料。本集團非常重視原材料的質量，並密切監控供應商是否符合上述標準。上述程序適用於本集團的所有供應商。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

In hopes of maintaining the product quality and safety, our Purchasing Department conducts supplier reviews regularly in the areas of food quality, delivery time, food packaging, compliance on operation and accreditation...etc. All suppliers are required to hold valid licences issued by the government, while all imported goods shall obtain proper clearance from respective authorities. Goods received from suppliers have to be in compliance with the food labelling requirements and relevant hygiene and sanitary regulations. To safeguard the quality and condition of goods, suppliers with past records of material environmental or social accidents will be exempted from the list of suppliers.

B6. Product Responsibility

As a high quality Chinese restaurants operator, we prioritise the food safety and service quality. The Group actively monitors the food and service quality through internal controls. We also maintain communication with our customers to understand customers' need and satisfaction level and to meet their expectations.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters for products and services provided, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Cap.362), Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on Protection of the Rights and Interests of the Consumers, and the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

為保持產品質量與安全，我們的採購部會定期就食品質量、交付時間、食品包裝、運營與認證合規性等方面審查供應商。所有供應商均須持有政府頒發的有效牌照，而所有進口貨物均應獲得相關監管機構的適當清關證明。自供應商收取的貨物必須符合食品標籤要求以及相關衛生與清潔法規。為保障貨物的質量及狀況，過往有重大環境或社會事故記錄的供應商將被從供應商名單中剔除。

B6. 產品責任

作為一家高品質中式酒樓運營商，我們以食品安全及服務質量為先。本集團透過內部控制積極監控食品及服務質量。我們亦與客戶保持溝通，了解客戶需求及滿意度，滿足彼等的期望。

於報告期間，本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反提供產品及服務的相關健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜的法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響的行為，包括但不限於香港《商品說明條例》(第362章)、《中華人民共和國食品安全法》、《中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法》及《中華人民共和國廣告法》。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Food Quality and Safety

The Group has placed great effort in ensuring and maintaining the quality of food and ingredients for restaurants' daily operations. We have implemented a Quality Control System that emphasises food hygiene and safety as well as the sanitation and cleanliness of restaurant premises. The Quality Control System covers every aspect from food preparation and cooking to the dining environment of restaurants. We have also developed a series of food safety policies to employees according to the standards as required by governmental authorities. Restaurant managers are responsible to monitor the operations and performances of the restaurants so to ensure the restaurant operations are in consistent with the Group's established guidelines and policies. All employees, in particular kitchen staff are required to strictly obey the policies on daily food preservation and preparation, dress code and food processing instructions.

Raw materials and food ingredients are only sourced from the approved supplier list endorsed by the Group's senior management. We select food ingredients mainly based on the place of origin, freshness, nutritional value, and consumption safety. Freshness and quality of the raw materials and food ingredients are examined on a regular basis. The Group would cease sourcing from those suppliers who fail to provide quality food ingredients as specified.

食品質量與安全

本集團在酒樓日常營運中傾力確保及保持食品及食材的質量。我們實施一套強調食品衛生、安全以及酒樓場地衛生及整潔的質量控制系統。該質量控制系統涵蓋從食品準備及烹煮以至酒樓用餐環境的質量控制。我們亦根據政府部門規定的標準為僱員制定一系列食品安全政策。酒樓經理負責監控酒樓的營運及表現，確保酒樓的營運與本集團既定指引及政策相符一致。所有僱員(尤其是廚房僱員)必須嚴格遵守有關日常食品保存及準備、著裝要求及食品加工說明的政策。

原材料及食材僅來自經由本集團高級管理層批准的供應商清單。我們主要依據產地、新鮮度、營養價值及食用安全性選擇食材。我們會定期檢查原材料及食材的新鮮度及質量。本集團將停止向無法提供指定優質食材的供應商進行採購。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

We also place great emphasis on the food ingredients preservation process by developing different standards and guidelines on the storage of food ingredients. The Group has developed a Warehouse Management System to specify different instructions and measures to standardise the daily logistics of the warehouse. Such measures include storing food ingredients separately, tagging food with exclusive labels, and marking opening dates for each package of food to prevent consumption after expiry date. It is believed that such measures can better maintain food safety while ensuring food quality. In addition, the hygiene of cutlery and utensils are cleaned and sanitised routinely to ensure food safety. Instructions in cleaning and sanitising utensils are posted on kitchen walls to ensure employees are aware of the procedures in cleaning cutlery and utensils.

The shop manager and senior management are responsible in implementing various quality control measures on food production, including, among others, checking the quality upon purchase of raw materials, receipt of food ingredients, cooking and serving of foods.

During the Reporting Period, no products sold was recalled for safety and health reasons and no material complaints was received regarding the products and services provided to customers.

我們亦高度重視食材的保存程序，並就食材的存儲制定不同標準及指引。本集團建立倉庫管理系統，訂明不同的指示及措施以規範倉庫的日常物流。該等措施包括分開存放食材，在食物上張貼專有標籤，以及在每份食物上標明生產日期防止過期後食用。我們相信，該等措施可以在確保食品質量的同時更好地保持食品安全。此外，餐具及炊具會定期清潔及消毒，以確保食品安全。廚房牆壁上貼有餐具清潔及消毒說明，確保僱員了解餐具及炊具的清潔程序。

門店經理及高級管理層負責執行對食品生產的各項質量控制措施，其中包括檢查購買原材料、接收食材、烹飪及提供食品時的質量。

於報告期間，並無已售產品因安全及健康原因而召回且並未收到有關自獲提供產品及服務顧客之重大投訴。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Customer Service

High quality and customer centric service are fundamental to our business success. To achieve it, the Group developed standardised service management policies. The Group has set up comprehensive and concrete instructions to guide employees in providing quality customer service manners. Such guidelines include the correct positioning of dishes and the handling method of food trays, etc. All instructions are illustrated with pictures and posted in kitchen areas so to provide employees a clear image of the appropriate and standardised method of delivering when serving customers. We believe these instructions and guidelines can help to improve employees' customer service manner while building the Group's image of a high-quality catering service provider.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's Hong Kong restaurants were accredited with The Quality Tourism Services (QTS) Scheme administered by The Hong Kong Tourism Board. Under the scheme, QTS Scheme accredited establishments must pass stringent annual assessments showing that we met high standards of product quality and service. To maintain high quality hygiene standard of restaurants, the Group has regularly engaged external supplier to perform work of pest control and cleaning of fish tanks and carpets.

We value every comment and feedback from customers. Customers are encouraged to provide feedback directly to staff or managers in the restaurant or through our corporate email listed on our website. All reviews and comments received from customers are reviewed by restaurant managers and the senior management and considered for improvement and rectification. To actively collect customer feedbacks, we conduct customer satisfaction surveys annually.

客戶服務

以客戶為中心的優質服務對我們的業務取得成功至關重要。為實現此目標，本集團制定標準化的服務管理政策。本集團制定全面而具體的說明，以指導僱員提供優質客戶服務的方式。該等指引包括正確擺放碗碟及處理食盤的方法等。所有說明均帶有圖片，並張貼在廚房區域，以便僱員參照適當且標準化的送餐方式的清晰圖像為客戶提供服務。我們相信該等說明及指引可幫助改善僱員的客服方式，同時樹立本集團的優質餐飲服務提供商形象。

於報告期間，本集團的香港酒樓獲香港旅遊發展局管理的優質旅遊服務計劃認證。根據該計劃，優質旅遊服務計劃認可的機構必須通過嚴格的年度評估，表明我們已達到高標準的產品及服務品質。為維持酒樓的優質衛生標準，本集團定期委聘外部供應商進行蟲害防治及魚缸及地毯清潔工作。

我們重視客戶的每一條評論及反饋，鼓勵客戶直接向酒樓僱員或經理或透過載於我們網站的公司郵箱提供反饋。酒樓經理及高級管理層會審閱客戶的所有審查及評論，並考慮改進及糾正。我們每年會進行客戶滿意度調查以積極收集客戶反饋。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

We also provide regular trainings to employees in handling enquiries and complaints in a decent and professional manner. Restaurant managers are responsible to settle complaints and carry out further and follow up actions to improve the quality of catering service provided by the restaurant. The senior management regularly review the complaint record and the actions taken by restaurant manager so as to improve service quality and offer the required resources.

Advertising and Labelling

We maintain highest integrity in promoting our products and services in ways that do not mislead consumers. Clear and reliable information about our products helps customers make informed choices. We strictly adhere to the Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Cap. 362). The Group advertises our restaurants through a variety of platforms include corporate website, billboards, and floor directories, etc. By complying relevant legislations and code of practices, the Group organises promotion campaigns and creates advertising materials in a reliable and reasonable way in order to protect consumers' interests, rights and benefits.

Intellectual Property Rights

The Group strives to protect its intellectual property rights and respect intellectual property rights for other parties. The Group's employees are prohibited from infringement of the intellectual property of the Group or third parties. Only licenced software was allowed to be used in restaurants and back office. We closely monitor the status of all existing licence and trademarks to ensure the validity of the Company's intellectual property rights.

我們亦定期為僱員提供培訓，並以體面且專業的方式處理詢問及投訴。酒樓經理負責解決投訴，並採取進一步及跟進行動，以提高酒樓的餐飲服務質量。高級管理層定期審閱投訴記錄及酒樓經理採取的措施以提升服務品質及提供所需資源。

廣告及標籤

我們一直以最誠信而不會誤導消費者的方式推廣產品及服務。有關我們產品的清晰可靠的信息有助客戶作出知情決定。我們嚴格遵守《商品說明條例》(第362章)。本集團透過各種平台為酒樓做廣告宣傳，包括公司網站、廣告牌及樓層目錄等。本集團遵循相關法規及守則以可靠及合理的方式組織促銷活動並製作廣告材料，以保護消費者的利益、權利及福利。

知識產權

本集團竭力保護其知識產權並尊重其他人士的知識產權。本集團僱員禁止侵犯本集團或第三方的知識產權。僅獲得許可的軟件方允許於酒樓及後台使用。我們密切監控所有現有許可及商標的狀態，以確保本公司知識產權的有效性。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Customer data privacy

The Group emphasises the importance to the protection of confidential data of our customers. To ensure data privacy, all documents containing sensitive commercial data are only allowed to be used within the operation area. The data are restricted to be used by the authorised employee who are required to fully comply with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap.486) at all times when handling customers' personal data.

B7. Anti-corruption

The Group believes that a corporate culture with integrity is not only a foundation for corporate social responsibility, but also a cornerstone to the Group's continued success. We value the importance of anti-corruption work and does not tolerate any corruptions, frauds and all other behaviours violating work ethics. The Group does not allow any forms of corruption. Punishment measures will be taken once corruption is identified and confirmed. The Group has established the Code of Business Conducts, and has put in place internal control mechanism to prevent the occurrence of fraud, theft, bribery, corruption and other misconducts involving employees, customers and other third parties.

The Group has formulated and documented policies in the Employee Handbook that prohibits employees from performing acts which will result to any forms of corruption, such policies include prohibiting employees from receiving gifts and tips from customers, and prohibiting employees to obtain or provide benefits to customers, contractors, suppliers or those who have business relationships with the Group. Updated anti-corruption training materials and information are circulated to employees, including Directors to raise their awareness towards anti-corruption and keep updates on the latest requirement during the Reporting Period.

顧客資料私隱

本集團強調保護顧客機密資料的重要性。為確保資料私隱，所有包含敏感商業資料的文件僅允許於運營區域使用。該資料僅限於處理顧客個人資料時須始終完全遵守《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第486章)之獲授權僱員使用。

B7. 反貪污

本集團認為，誠信的企業文化不僅是企業社會責任的基礎，亦是本集團持續成功的基石。我們深知反腐敗工作的重要性，絕不容忍任何腐敗、欺詐及所有其他違反職業道德的行為。本集團絕不允許任何形式的貪污，一旦發現並確認貪污行為，將採取懲罰措施。本集團制定《商業行為準則》，並建立內部控制機制，以防止發生涉及僱員、客戶及其他第三方的欺詐、盜竊、賄賂、貪污及其他不當行為。

本集團已在《員工手冊》中制定並記錄相關政策，禁止僱員作出可能導致任何形式的貪污的行為。該等政策包括禁止僱員向客戶收取禮物及小費，以及禁止僱員自客戶、承包商、供應商或與本集團有業務關係的人員獲取利益或向彼等提供利益。於報告期間，經更新的反腐敗培訓材料及資料已分發給僱員(包括董事)，以提高其反腐敗意識並及時了解最新要求。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap.201), Company Law of the People's Republic of China, and Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group. Also, there was no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against us or our employees during the Reporting Period.

Whistle-blowing Mechanism

The Group has established a whistle-blowing system and implemented the Whistle-blowing Policy. This allows stakeholders to report suspicious negligence, corruption, bribery and other misconduct to the Group anonymously. The Group's whistle-blowing system was handled by senior management directly who will investigate and process the reports and complaints in a prompt and fair manner when cases received. All reported cases are investigated confidentially to ensure the whistle-blower is protected.

B8. Community Investment

The Group recognises that the long-term viability of the Group's business is closely linked with the wellbeing of society. We are committed to emboldening and supporting the public by means of social participation and contribution as part of its strategic development.

During the pandemic, we have donated numbers of protective equipment, such as protective masks and antigen test kits to those who needed in catering service industry. The Group regularly reviews and understands the need of community to determine the focus areas of contribution. Meanwhile, we encourage our employees to participate in all kinds of charitable activities during their work and leisure time to make greater contributions to the community.

於報告期間，本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢相關法律法規從而對本集團造成重大影響的行為，包括但不限於香港《防止賄賂條例》(第201章)、《中華人民共和國公司法》及《中華人民共和國招標投標法》。此外，於報告期間，並無對我們或我們僱員提起有關腐敗行為的已結案法律個案。

舉報機制

本集團已建立舉報制度，並實施舉報政策。此舉使得持份者可以向本集團匿名舉報可疑的玩忽職守、貪污、賄賂及其他不當行為。本集團的舉報制度由高級管理層直接處理，高級管理層將於接獲個案時以及時及公平的方式調查及處理舉報及投訴。所有舉報個案將進行保密調查以確保舉報者得到保護。

B8. 社區投資

本集團深知本集團業務能否長期營運的可行性與社會福祉息息相關。我們致力於透過參與社會、為社會作貢獻來鼓勵及支持公眾，此乃集團策略發展的一部分。

疫情期間，我們向餐飲服務行業有需求的人士捐贈大量防護設備，例如防護口罩及抗原檢測試劑盒。本集團定期檢討及了解社區需求，以釐定專注貢獻範疇。同時，我們鼓勵僱員在工作中及閒暇時間參加各類慈善活動以為社區做出更大貢獻。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The ESG Reporting Guide Content Index of HKEX

聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引 內容索引

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Part A. Environmental A部. 環境		
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1：排放物		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有危害及無危害廢物的產生等的：	Emissions 排放物
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放資料。	Emissions – Exhaust Gas Emissions 排放物－廢氣排放

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標 A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – GHG Emissions 排放物—溫室氣體排放
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標 A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Wastes Management 排放物—廢物管理
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標 A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Wastes Management 排放物—廢物管理
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標 A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Exhaust Gas Emissions & GHG Emissions 排放物—廢氣排放及溫室氣體排放
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標 A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法，及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Wastes Management – Hazardous wastes & non-hazardous waste 排放物—廢物管理—有害廢物及無害廢物

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect A2: Use of Resources		
層面 A2：資源使用		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	Use of Resources 資源使用
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標 A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 按類型劃分的直接及／或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Use of Resources – Energy Management 資源使用－能源管理
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Use of Resources – Water Management 資源使用－用水管理
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標 A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Energy Management 資源使用－能源管理
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標 A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題，以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Water Management 資源使用－用水管理
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標 A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及倘適用，每生產單位佔量。	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Materials 資源使用－包裝材料使用

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources		
層面 A3：環境及天然資源		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標 A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源
Aspect A4: Climate Change		
層面 A4：氣候變化		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	Climate change 氣候變化
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標 A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜，及應對行動。	Climate change 氣候變化

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Part B. Social B部. 社會		
Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工常規		
Aspect B1: Employment 層面 B1：僱傭		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的：	Employment 僱傭
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	Employment – Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal
關鍵績效指標 B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	僱傭－招聘、晉升及解僱
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employment – Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal
關鍵績效指標 B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	僱傭－招聘、晉升及解僱

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面 B2：健康與安全		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Health and Safety
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	健康與安全
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標 B2.1	過去三年（包括匯報年度）每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	健康與安全
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標 B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數。	健康與安全
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標 B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施，以及相關執行及監察方法。	健康與安全

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B3: Development and Training		
層面 B3：發展及培訓		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標 B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標 B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分，每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
Aspect B4: Labour Standards		
層面 B4：勞工準則		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工及強制勞工的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Labour Standards 勞工準則
KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標 B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	Labour Standards 勞工準則
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標 B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	Labour Standards 勞工準則

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Operating Practices		
營運慣例		
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management		
層面 B5：供應鏈管理		
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management
一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例，向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目，以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility		
層面 B6：產品責任		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Product Responsibility
一般披露	有關所提供產品及服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	產品責任
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Product Responsibility – Food Quality and Safety
關鍵績效指標 B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	產品責任－食品質量與安全
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Responsibility – Food Quality and Safety
關鍵績效指標 B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	產品責任－食品質量與安全
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Product Responsibility – Intellectual Property Rights
關鍵績效指標 B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	產品責任－知識產權
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility – Food Quality and Safety, Customer Service
關鍵績效指標 B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	產品責任－食品質量與安全、客戶服務
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Product Responsibility – Customer data privacy
關鍵績效指標 B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策，以及相關執行及監察方法。	產品責任－客戶數據私隱

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption		
層面 B7：反貪污		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的：	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標 B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪污
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption – Whistle-blowing Mechanism
關鍵績效指標 B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序，以及相關執行及監察方法。	反貪污－舉報機制
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標 B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Community 社區		
Aspect B8: Community Investment 層面 B8：社區投資		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要及確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標 B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標 B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	Community Investment 社區投資

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷詳情

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (陳振傑 (“Mr. Chan”)), aged 67, is the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer of the Company, an executive Director and one of the controlling shareholders of the Company (the “**Controlling Shareholders**”). He is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the “**Nomination Committee**”) and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Chan was appointed as a Director on 1 September 2015 and re-designated as an executive Director on 23 September 2015. Mr. Chan is responsible for the Group’s overall management, strategic development, financial management and major decision-making of the Group. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. He is the father of Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine, an executive Director.

From December 2012 to May 2014, Mr. Chan completed 13 courses including construction and operation management of catering corporations of chain-store franchise system* (餐飲企業連鎖體系建設與運營管理) held by the Graduate School in Shenzhen, Tsinghua University in order to enhance the brand management of the Group.

Mr. Chan has over 20 years of experience in the restaurant business. He is currently the vice chairman of the Association of Restaurant Managers. Mr. Chan is also the committee member of the training committee of Chinese Cuisine Training Institute.

執行董事

陳振傑先生(「陳先生」)，67歲，為董事會主席、本公司行政總裁、執行董事及本公司控股股東(「控股股東」)之一。彼亦為本公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)主席及薪酬委員會成員。陳先生於二零一五年九月一日獲委任為董事，並於二零一五年九月二十三日獲調任為執行董事。陳先生負責本集團整體管理、策略規劃、財務管理及重大決策。彼亦同時擔任本集團多家附屬公司的董事。彼為執行董事陳瑋詩女士之父。

於二零一二年十二月至二零一四年五月，陳先生於清華大學深圳研究生院完成包括餐飲企業連鎖體系建設與運營管理等13個課程，以加強本集團品牌管理。

陳先生擁有逾20年的酒樓業務經驗。彼現為現代管理(飲食)專業協會副主席。陳先生另為中華廚藝學院訓練委員會委員。

* For identification purpose only

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze (陳瑋詩) (“Ms. Chan”), aged 37, was appointed as an executive Director on 7 January 2020. She joined the Group in December 2019 and is also the business development director of the Company. Ms. Chan is the daughter of Mr. Chan Chun Kit, the Chairman of the Board, an executive Director and a Controlling Shareholder.

Ms. Chan holds a degree of Bachelor of Commerce from Ryerson University in Canada and a degree of Master of Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Chan worked at Yahoo! Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd from April 2008 to September 2014 and was subsequently promoted to senior operations engineer in 2013. Ms. Chan also worked at Kering Asia Pacific Limited from September 2014 to September 2017 as a IT service manager, and has then been engaged in the food and beverage industry till November 2019.

Ms. Zhu Xueqin (朱雪琴) (“Ms. Zhu”), aged 45, was appointed as an executive Director on 7 January 2020. She is the general manager of a restaurant of the Group located at Kerry Plaza, Futian District, Shenzhen, the PRC (the “**Shenzhen Restaurant**”) and is responsible for the management and administration of the Shenzhen Restaurant. She joined the Group in May 2013.

Ms. Zhu obtained a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration from the Open University of China, the PRC in 2023. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhu worked at 深圳市王子廚房餐飲有限公司 (Shenzhen Prince Kitchen Catering Company Limited*) from 2003 to 2009 with her last position as deputy manager. From 2009 to 2012, she worked at 江蘇王子飯店有限公司 (Jiangsu Prince Catering and Management Limited*) with her last position as general manager.

陳瑋詩女士 (「陳女士」)，37歲，於二零二零年一月七日獲委任為執行董事。彼於二零一九年十二月加入本集團，亦擔任本公司的業務發展部總監。陳女士為陳振傑先生之女兒，陳振傑先生為董事會主席、執行董事及控股股東。

陳女士持有加拿大瑞爾森大學 (Ryerson University) 的商業學士學位和香港中文大學的工商管理碩士學位。於加入本集團前，陳女士曾於二零零八年四月至二零一四年九月任職於 Yahoo! Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd，隨後於二零一三年晉升為高級運營工程師。陳女士亦於二零一四年九月至二零一七年九月在 Kering Asia Pacific Limited 擔任 IT 服務經理，其後一直任職於食品及飲料行業，直至二零一九年十一月。

朱雪琴女士 (「朱女士」)，45歲，於二零二零年一月七日獲委任為執行董事。彼為本集團位於中國深圳福田區嘉里建設廣場的酒樓 (「**深圳酒樓**」) 總經理，負責深圳酒樓管理及行政事務。彼於二零一三年五月加入本集團。

朱女士於二零二三年獲得國家開放大學行政管理學士學位。於加入本集團前，朱女士自二零零三年至二零零九年就任於深圳市王子廚房餐飲有限公司，離職前擔任副經理。自二零零九年至二零一二年，彼就任於江蘇王子飯店有限公司，離職前擔任總經理。

* For identification purpose only

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David (周耀邦 (“Mr. Chow”)), aged 37, was appointed as an executive Director on 23 September 2015 and re-designated as a non-executive Director on 7 January 2020.

Mr. Chow obtained a Higher Diploma in Web-based Technology for Business from Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education (Sha Tin) in July 2005. He further holds a degree of Bachelor of Science (Information Technology) from the Swinburne University of Technology in Melbourne, Australia by way of distance learning in March 2007.

From July 2005 to March 2012, Mr. Chow worked at Compass Business Solutions Limited as a programmer, and was subsequently promoted to a technical consultant since October 2008. Since July 2012, Mr. Chow has been working at Tectura Hong Kong Limited as a client services consultant.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (李暢悅先生 (“Mr. Lee”)), aged 41, was appointed by the Board as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2022, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and Legal Compliance Committee.

非執行董事

周耀邦先生(「周先生」)，37歲，於二零一五年九月二十三日獲委任為執行董事，並於二零二零年一月七日調任為非執行董事。

周先生於二零零五年七月於香港專業教育學院(沙田分校)獲得電子商貿技術高級文憑。彼另於二零零七年三月透過遙距學習於澳大利亞墨爾本斯威本科技大學獲得信息技術理學學士學位。

自二零零五年七月至二零一二年三月，周先生於Compass Business Solutions Limited任職程式設計員，其後於二零零八年十月獲升為技術顧問。自二零一二年七月起，周先生於Tectura Hong Kong Limited任職客戶服務顧問。

獨立非執行董事

李暢悅先生(「李先生」)，41歲，於二零二二年一月一日獲董事會委任為獨立非執行董事，及主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼亦為審核委員會及法律合規委員會主席。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Commerce (Accounting) from The University of Queensland, Australia in 2004. He has been a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since 2009 and became a fellow member since 2014. Mr. Lee has over 18 years of experience in financial reporting, investment analysis, merge & acquisition exercises and business development. Mr. Lee has been taking up various senior positions in the financial and business sectors for over 12 years and he also has extensive experience in terms of Hong Kong listed companies. Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of Hybrid Kinetic Group Limited (Stock Code: 1188), Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (formerly, Sunlight Technology Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1950) and Kirin Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8109). Mr. Lee was an independent non-executive director of Asia Television Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 707) from February 2020 to December 2022. Mr. Lee had been an independent non-executive director of Chuan Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1420), and an executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (Stock Code: 8148).

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (袁靖波) ("Mr. Yuen"), aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director during the period from 7 January 2020 to 30 April 2022, and was mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He was also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee.

李先生於二零零四年自澳洲昆士蘭大學取得商學士(會計)學位。彼自二零零九年起為英國特許公認會計師公會會員，並自二零一四年起成為資深會員。李先生於財務申報、投資分析、併購活動及業務發展方面擁有逾18年經驗。李先生在金融界及商界擔任多個高級職位超過12年，彼亦擁有豐富的香港上市公司經驗。李先生目前擔任正道集團有限公司(股份代號：1188)、帝王實業控股有限公司(前稱為深藍科技控股有限公司)(股份代號：1950)以及麒麟集團控股有限公司(股份代號：8109)之獨立非執行董事。自二零二零年二月起至二零二二年十二月止期間，李先生層擔任亞洲電視控股有限公司(股份代號：707)之獨立非執行董事。李先生曾擔任川控股有限公司(股份代號：1420)之獨立非執行董事及奧栢中國集團有限公司(股份代號：8148)之執行董事。

袁靖波先生(「袁先生」)，75歲，於二零二零年一月七日至二零二二年四月三十日期間獲委任為獨立非執行董事，主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼亦曾為薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會、提名委員會及法律合規委員會成員。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Mr. Yuen graduated with a Master of Science in Interdisciplinary Design and Management from The University of Hong Kong. He is an Eminent Fellow Member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a Fellow Member of the Chartered Institute of Housing, a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Housing and a Member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. He has approximately 50 years of real estate experience in both public and private sectors. He is currently a non-executive chairman of InfraredNF Investment Advisers Limited and an independent non-executive director of Autotoll Limited. Mr. Yuen was ex-chairman of the Industry Training Advisory Committee (Property Management) of the Education Bureau, past chairman of the Real Estate Service Training Board, ex-committee member of the Employee Retraining Board, ex-member of the Land and Building Advisory Committee, past chairman of the Chartered Institute of Housing (Hong Kong Branch), past president of the Hong Kong Association of Property Management Companies and past president of the Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators. Mr. Yuen is currently an independent non-executive director of Winson Holdings Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 6812).

Mr. Yuen has resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 1 May 2022.

Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth (簡士勁) (“Mr. Kan”), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 September 2020, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee.

Mr. Kan was awarded a diploma by the Architectural Association School of Architecture in the United Kingdom in August 1989. He was then received a MA in property valuation and law from the department of property valuation and management, Business School, City University, the United Kingdom in August 1993.

袁先生畢業於香港大學，獲跨學科設計及管理理學碩士學位。彼為英國皇家特許測量師學會傑出資深會員、英國特許房屋經理學會資深會員、香港房屋經理學會資深會員及英國特許仲裁學會會員。彼於公私營房地產界別擁有約50年經驗。彼現為匯貫南豐投資管理有限公司的非執行主席及快易通有限公司的獨立非執行董事。袁先生為教育局行業培訓諮詢委員會(物業管理業)前主席、房地產服務業訓練委員會前主席、僱員再培訓局委員會前成員、土地及建設諮詢委員會前成員、英國特許房屋經理學會香港分會前主席、香港物業管理公司協會前會長及香港地產行政師學會前會長。袁先生現為永順控股香港有限公司(股份代號：6812)的獨立非執行董事。

袁先生已於二零二二年五月一日辭任獨立非執行董事。

簡士勁先生(「簡先生」)，57歲，於二零二零年九月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事，主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼亦為審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會以及法律合規委員會成員。

簡先生於一九八九年八月獲英國建築聯盟學院頒授文憑。其後，彼於一九九三年八月獲英國城市大學商學院物業估值及管理系頒授物業估值及法學碩士學位。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Currently, Mr. Kan is the director of CHK Partnership Limited, an architecture and interior design company that was found and directed by Mr. Kan in 1996 until he left the company in 2015. Mr. Kan rejoined the company in 2018 and has been responsible for overseeing the design projects undertaken by the company. Previously, Mr. Kan was a project director for Kerry Properties (China) Limited from January 2017 to August 2017.

Mr. Kan has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Architects since 2016 and has been registered with the Architects Registration Board of Hong Kong since 2017. Mr. Kan has also been a certified interior designer of the Hong Kong Interior Design Association since 2018. Mr. Kan became a member of Royal Institute of British Architects in 1992, and is currently registered with the Architects Registration Board of the United Kingdom.

Mr. Chan Ming Kei (陳銘基) (“Mr. MK Chan”), aged 40, was appointed by the Board as an independent non-executive Director on 1 May 2022, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Legal Compliance Committee.

Mr. MK Chan holds a Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) majoring in Accounting from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 17 years experiences in accounting, financial management and company secretarial works.

Mr. MK Chan is currently a joint company secretary and the financial controller of Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (formerly, Sunlight Technology Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1950). From January 2018 to April 2021, he acted as company secretary and assistant financial controller of Fullsun International Holdings Group Co., Limited (Stock Code: 627). Mr. MK Chan was an independent non-executive director of Elegance Optical International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 907) from April 2017 to June 2019.

目前，簡先生擔任CHK Partnership Limited的董事，該公司為一家建築及室內設計公司，由簡先生於一九九六年創辦及管理，直至彼於二零一五年從該公司離職。簡先生於二零一八年重新加入該公司，一直負責監管該公司所承擔的設計項目。此前，簡先生曾於二零一七年一月至二零一七年八月擔任嘉里置業(中國)有限公司的项目總監。

簡先生自二零一六年起擔任香港建築師學會會員，並自二零一七年起在香港建築師註冊管理局註冊。此外，簡先生自二零一八年起一直擔任香港室內設計協會認證室內設計師。簡先生於一九九二年成為英國皇家建築師協會的會員，目前在英國建築師註冊管理局註冊。

陳銘基先生 (「陳銘基先生」)，40歲，於二零二二年五月一日獲董事會委任為獨立非執行董事，主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼亦為薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會、提名委員會及法律合規委員會成員。

陳銘基先生持有香港科技大學工商管理榮譽學士(主修會計學)學位。彼為香港會計師公會會員，於會計、財務管理以及公司秘書工作擁有逾17年經驗。

陳銘基先生現為帝王實業控股有限公司(前稱深藍科技控股有限公司)(股份代號: 1950)的聯席公司秘書及財務總監。自二零一八年一月至二零二一年四月，彼擔任福晟國際控股集團有限公司(股份代號: 627)的公司秘書兼助理財務總監。陳銘基先生於二零一七年四月至二零一九年六月期間曾為高雅光學國際集團有限公司(股份代號: 907)的獨立非執行董事。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present herein the corporate governance report of the Company for the Year.

The Directors and the management of the Group recognise the importance of sound corporate governance to the long-term success and continuing development of the Group. Therefore, the Board is committed to upholding good corporate standards and procedures, so as to improve the accountability system and transparency of the Group, protect the interests and create value for the Shareholders.

Corporate Culture and Strategy

The company embeds with a strong corporate culture for compliance, corporate governance and corporate social responsibilities, and at the same time, strives to provide high quality and reliable products and services, and to create values to the stakeholders through sustainable growth and continuous development. The Company acts as an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are operating of a chain of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC. As a group with a well-established business foundation, it is the Board's role to foster a corporate culture with the following principles to guide the conduct and behaviours of its employees, and ensure that the Company's vision, mission and business strategies are aligned to it:

- (i) Integrity – we strive to do what is right;
- (ii) Excellence – we aim to deliver excellence;
- (iii) Collaboration – we are always better together;
- (iv) Accountability – we are accountable for delivering on our commitments;
- (v) Empathy we care about our stakeholders – employees, customers, supply chain and the community; and
- (vi) Sustainability – we are committed to a sustainable future.

董事會欣然提交於本年度的本公司企業管治報告。

本集團董事及管理層意識到，卓越的企業管治對本集團的長期成功及持續發展很重要。因此，董事會承諾堅持良好的企業標準及程序，以完善本集團的問責制度及提高其透明度，維護股東的利益並為其創造價值。

企業文化及戰略

本公司在合規、企業管治及企業社會責任方面融入強大企業文化，同時致力於提供高質素及可靠之產品及服務，及透過可持續增長及持續發展為持份者創造價值。本公司為一間投資控股公司，其附屬公司之主要業務為在香港及中國從事中式酒樓連鎖店業務。作為一間擁有穩健業務基礎之集團，董事會之職責為根據以下原則培育企業文化，以引導員工之操守及行為，並確保本公司之願景、使命及業務策略與之一致：

- (i) 誠信—我們致力於做正確的事；
- (ii) 卓越—我們致力於追求卓越；
- (iii) 合作—我們相信團隊合作，眾志成城；
- (iv) 問責—我們承擔責任，致力信守承諾；
- (v) 同理心—我們關心持份者—僱員、客戶、供應鏈及社區；及
- (vi) 可持續發展—我們致力於締造可持續發展的未來。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

The Group continuously reviews and updates its strategies to provide better clarity on direction and business models. In addition, the Group takes active and prompt measures to meet market changes through adjustment of business strategies and control over costs for supporting continuous business development of the Group.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company is committed to ensure a high standard of corporate governance in the interests of the Shareholders and devotes considerable effort to maintain high level of business ethics and corporate governance practices. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the section headed "Part 2 – Principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices" of Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the CG Code for the Year, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations which are explained below.

Under Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and chief executive officer (the "CEO") of the Company should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

本集團持續檢討及更新其策略，進一步釐清發展方向及業務模式。此外，本集團透過調整業務策略及控制成本，主動及迅速採取措施應對市場變化，以支持本集團之持續業務發展。

遵守企業管治守則

為保障股東的利益，本公司致力確保高標準的企業管治，並投入大量精力維持高水平的商業道德及企業管治常規。本公司根據上市規則附錄十四之企業管治守則（「企業管治守則」）「第二部份－良好企業管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規」一節中的原則及守則條文進行企業管治工作。於本年度，本公司已採用企業管治守則中的原則並遵循其中的適用守則條文，惟下述若干偏離除外（有關偏離所考慮的因素於下文闡述）。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文C.2.1，本公司董事會主席（「主席」）及行政總裁（「行政總裁」）的角色應有所區分及不應由一人同時兼任。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

For the Year, the Company has not separated the roles of Chairman and the CEO. Mr. Chan was the Chairman and also the CEO and is responsible for overseeing the operations of the Group during such period. In view of the fact that Mr. Chan has been operating and managing the Group since 1998, the Board believes that it is in the best interests of the Group to have Mr. Chan taking up both roles for effective management and business development. The Board also believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in the same person has the benefit of ensuring the consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. Although Mr. Chan performs both roles of Chairman and CEO, the division of responsibilities between the two roles is clearly established. While the Chairman is responsible for supervising the functions and performance of the Board, the CEO is responsible for the management of the Group's business. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired given the appropriate delegation of the power of the Board to the Senior Management for the day-to-day management of the Group, and the effective functions of the independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board such that no one individual has unfettered power of decisions. This structure will also enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of Chairman and CEO at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

The Board will periodically review on the Company's corporate governance functions and will continuously improve the Company's corporate governance practices by assessing their effectiveness with evolving standards to meet changing circumstances and needs.

於本年度，本公司並無區分主席及行政總裁的角色。於有關期間，陳先生兼任主席及行政總裁，負責監管本集團的營運事務。鑑於陳先生自一九九八年起一直經營及管理本集團，董事會認為，由陳先生擔任主席及行政總裁職務以進行有效管理及業務發展，乃符合本集團最佳利益。董事會亦相信，由同一人兼任主席及行政總裁的角色，可有利於確保本集團內部領導貫徹一致，使本集團的整體策略規劃更有效及更高效。儘管陳先生同時履行主席及行政總裁職務，主席及行政總裁的職責分工已清楚確立。主席負責監督董事會職能及表現，而行政總裁則負責管理本集團業務。董事會認為，鑑於董事會就本集團的日常管理適當分配權力予高級管理層，現行安排不會削弱權力和權限制衡，加上獨立非執行董事佔董事會成員最少三分之一，以致並無個別人士有絕對的決定權，能有效發揮職能，此架構亦可讓本公司迅速及有效地作出及落實決策。董事會將繼續進行檢討，並會在計及本集團整體情況後考慮於適當時候將主席與行政總裁的角色分開。

董事會將定期檢討本公司的企業管治職能，並按不斷演變的標準評估其有效性，以應對不斷轉變的情況和需要，進而持續改善本公司的企業管治常規。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Board of Directors

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the board committees of the Company (the "Board Committees"). Further details of the Board Committees are set out in this annual report. Under the terms of reference, the duties of the Board in respect of corporate governance are as follows:

1. to develop and review the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and make recommendations;
2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and Senior Management;
3. to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to Directors and employees; and
5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report of the Company.

董事會

董事會的主要責任包括制定本集團的整體戰略、建立管理目標及監督管理表現。管理層就本集團的管理及行政工作獲董事會轉授權力及責任。此外，董事會亦轉授多項責任予本公司的董事委員會（「董事委員會」）。董事委員會的進一步詳情載列於本年報中。根據職權範圍，董事會關於企業管治之責任載列如下：

1. 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策及實務，並提出建議；
2. 審閱及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展；
3. 審閱及監察本集團關於遵守法律及監管規定的政策及實務；
4. 制定、審閱及監察適用於董事及僱員的操守守則及合規手冊（如有）；及
5. 審閱本公司對企業管治守則的遵守情況及在本公司企業管治報告內的披露。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Composition of the Board

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, there have been changes in the composition of the Board. As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven Directors, including three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board and the aforesaid changes are set out as follow:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine
Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (*resigned on 1 May 2022*)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (*appointed on 1 May 2022*)

In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Board was consisted of three independent non-executive Directors during the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period and as of the date of this annual report, the number of independent non-executive Directors represents more than one-third of the Board. As such, there is a strong independent element in the Board to provide independent judgement. Amongst the independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace and Mr. Chan Ming Kei have the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

The Company has entered into a service agreement with each of the independent non-executive Directors for a term of one year, which may be terminated earlier by no less than three months written notice served by either party on the other.

董事會組成

於報告期間及直至本年報日期，董事會組成發生變動。於本年報日期，董事會由七名董事組成，包括三名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會組成及所述變動載列如下：

執行董事

陳振傑先生 (*主席兼行政總裁*)
陳瑋詩女士
朱雪琴女士

非執行董事

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事

袁靖波先生 (*於二零二二年五月一日辭任*)
簡士勁先生
李暢悅先生
陳銘基先生 (*於二零二二年五月一日獲委任*)

根據上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10A條，於報告期間，董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事。於報告期間及截至本年報日期，獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會人數三分之一以上。因此，董事會具備強大的獨立元素，可提供獨立判斷。獨立非執行董事中，李暢悅先生及陳銘基先生具有上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定的適當專業資格及會計與相關財務管理專長。

本公司已與各獨立非執行董事訂立為期一年的服務協議，其可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知而提前終止。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Company will use its best efforts to achieve the board diversity policy and ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity which is appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. The selection of candidates will be based on a range of criteria, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge. The appointment of Directors will continue to be made based on merit and potential contribution by the candidate to the Board and the Company. Each of Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the section "Biographical Details of Directors" of this annual report. The Directors have the necessary skills and experience appropriate for discharging their duties as Directors in the best interest of the Company.

Pursuant to Article 108 of the Articles, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third), not including those Directors who are subject to re-election pursuant to Article 112 of the Articles, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. Mr. Chan Chun Kit, Ms. Zhu Xueqin and Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David will retire from office as Directors and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM").

Specific enquiry has been made by the Company to each of the independent non-executive Directors to confirm their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. In this connection, the Company has received the positive annual confirmations from all of the three independent non-executive Directors. Based on the confirmations received, the Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent under the Listing Rules.

本公司將盡其所能實現董事會多元化政策及確保董事會於技能、經驗及多元化方面保持適當的平衡以適應本公司業務需要。甄選候選人將以一系列標準為基準，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、經驗（專業或其他）、技能及知識。委任董事將繼續取決於候選人的優點及候選人對董事會及本公司之潛在貢獻。各董事相關履歷詳情載於本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節。董事具有在符合本公司最佳利益情況下履行彼等的董事職務的必要技能及專業經驗。

根據章程細則第108條，於股東週年大會上，為數三分之一（或倘其數目並非三(3)的倍數，則取最接近但不少於三分之一者（不包括根據章程細則第112條膺選連任的董事））的現任董事須輪流退任，惟所有董事須最少每三年輪流退任一次。陳振傑先生、朱雪琴女士及周耀邦先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會（「股東週年大會」）上退任董事職位，並合資格膺選連任。

根據上市規則第3.13條，本公司已向各獨立非執行董事作出具體查詢，以確認彼等的獨立性。就此而言，本公司已獲得全部三名獨立非執行董事的正面年度確認。根據所獲確認，本公司認為，根據上市規則，全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Board and General Meetings

During the Reporting Period, eight board meetings were held to approve, among others, the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021, the interim results in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022. The AGM which was held on 24 June 2022 was the general meeting of the Company during the Reporting Period.

The attendance of the respective Directors at the Board meetings are set out below:

董事會及股東大會

於報告期內，董事會舉行了八次會議以批准(其中包括)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績、截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的中期業績。於二零二二年六月二十四日舉行的股東週年大會乃本公司於報告期內的股東大會。

各董事出席董事會會議的記錄載列如下：

		Attendance/ Number of Board meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間 董事會會議 出席次數/會議次數	Attendance/ Number of general meeting during the Reporting Period 報告期間 股東大會 出席次數/會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Chan Chun Kit (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>)	陳振傑先生 (<i>主席兼行政總裁</i>)	7/8	1/1
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine	陳瑋詩女士	8/8	1/1
Ms. Zhu Xueqin	朱雪琴女士	6/8	1/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David	周耀邦先生	6/8	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (<i>resigned on 1 May 2022</i>)	袁靖波先生 (<i>於二零二二年五月一日辭任</i>)	3/3	Not applicable 不適用
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	7/8	1/1
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悅先生	7/8	1/1
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (<i>appointed on 1 May 2022</i>)	陳銘基先生 (<i>於二零二二年五月一日獲委任</i>)	4/4	1/1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Articles. All minutes of the Board meetings were recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached.

To facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors are free to have access to the management for enquiries and to obtain further information when required. The Directors can also seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense, in discharging their duties to the Company. All Directors have unrestricted access to the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") who is responsible for ensuring that the Board/committee procedures are complied with, and for advising the Board/committee(s) on compliance matters.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of possible legal action against its Directors and senior officers.

Relationships among Board Members and Senior Management

Saved as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" of this annual report, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship among members of the Board and the Senior Management.

Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors in respect of the Shares (the "Code of Conduct"). The Company has made specific enquiry to all Directors, and all Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Code of Conduct during the Year.

董事可親身出席會議，或依據章程細則，利用其它電子通訊方式參與會議。所有董事會會議記錄詳細記錄董事會考慮的事宜及已達成的決定。

為加快決策過程，董事可隨時向管理層查詢，並獲取其它資料(如有需要)。董事亦可就履行其於本公司職責而在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見，費用概由本公司支付。全體董事均可無限制地聯絡本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘書」)，公司秘書乃負責確保董事會／委員會程序遵守該遵從的事項，以及就該遵從的事項向董事會／委員會提出建議。

本公司已就其董事及高級職員可能面臨的法律訴訟作出適當投保安排。

董事會成員與高級管理層之間的關係

除本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節所披露者外，董事會及高級管理層成員之間並無財政、業務、家庭或其他重大或相關關係。

董事進行證券交易的操守守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的規定準則作為董事就股份進行證券交易的操守守則(「操守守則」)。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢，而全體董事已確認，彼等於本年度一直全面遵守操守守則所載的規定買賣準則。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Directors' Continuing Professional Development Programme

The Group acknowledges the importance of adequate and ample continuing professional development for the Directors for a sound and effective internal control system and corporate governance. In this regard, the Group has always encouraged its Directors to attend relevant training courses to receive the latest news and knowledge regarding corporate governance.

During the Reporting Period, the Company has provided the Directors at least one training course on the updates of the Listing Rules concerning good corporate governance practices. The Company will, if necessary, provide timely and regular trainings to the Directors to ensure that they keep abreast with the current requirements under the Listing Rules.

According to the training records maintained by the Company, the continuous professional development programmes received by each of the Directors during the Reporting Period is summarised as follows:

董事的持續專業發展計劃

本集團肯定董事獲得足夠及充分持續專業發展對健全而行之有效的內部監控系統及企業管治的重要性。為此，本集團一直鼓勵其董事出席有關培訓課程，以獲取有關企業管治的最新消息及知識。

於報告期內，本公司已向董事提供最少一次培訓課程，內容有關上市規則中涉及良好企業管治常規的最新資料。本公司將按需要為董事提供適時及正規培訓，以確保彼等緊跟上市規則的現行規定。

根據本公司存置的培訓記錄，各董事於報告期間接受的持續專業培訓概述如下：

		Type of Training 培訓類別
Executive Directors	執行董事：	
Mr. Chan Chun Kit (<i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>)	陳振傑先生 (主席兼行政總裁)	A&B
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine	陳瑋詩女士	A&B
Ms. Zhu Xueqin	朱雪琴女士	A&B
Non-executive Director	非執行董事：	
Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David	周耀邦先生	A&B
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事：	
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (<i>resigned on 1 May 2022</i>)	袁靖波先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日辭任)	A&B
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	A&B
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悅先生	A&B
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (<i>appointed on 1 May 2022</i>)	陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)	A&B

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

- A: attending training sessions, including but not limited to, seminars, briefings, conferences, forums and workshops.
- B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities.

- A: 參加培訓課程，包括但不限於研討會、簡報會、會議、論壇和工作坊。
- B: 閱讀報章、期刊和最新資訊，內容關於經濟、一般業務、企業管治及董事職責和責任。

Corporate Governance Function

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors which includes:

- (a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and Senior Management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on such matters; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the annual report.

企業管治職能

董事會認為，企業管治應是董事的集體責任，其中包括：

- (a) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規；
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展；
- (c) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的行為守則及合規手冊；
- (d) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規，並向董事會提出建議及就有關事宜向董事會匯報；及
- (e) 檢討本公司在企業管治守則的遵守情況及年報的披露情況。

Corporate Governance Policies and Mechanism

The Board recognizes that a comprehensive corporate governance management structure is crucial in helping the Company to implement its strategies and policies effectively and consistently throughout the Group, and safeguard the long-term interests of its shareholders. Accordingly, the Company has established the following policies and mechanism and has continuously reviewed them to ensure that the Group meets the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations:

- Board Diversity Policy
- Mechanisms Ensuring Independent Views Available to the Board

企業管治政策及機制

董事會深明，一套全面的企業管治管理架構，對協助本公司有效地在本集團內貫徹執行所定策略和政策並保障股東的長遠利益而言至為關鍵。因此，本公司已建立以下政策及機制，並持續檢討該政策及機制，以確保本集團符合適用法律及法規的要求：

- 董事會多元化政策
- 確保向董事會提供獨立意見的機制

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

- Anti-corruption Policy
- Whistle-blowing Policy

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy whereby it recognises and embraces the importance and benefits of a diversity of Board members. It endeavours to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. All Board nominations, appointments and reappointments will continue to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board members and the nomination policy of the Company. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills and knowledge.

The Board will strive to maintain gender diversity when recruiting and selecting the workforce across the Group's operation. As at 31 December 2022, the Board members include two female members which achieved gender diversity in respect of the Board.

The Board and the Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy at least annually to ensure that its continued effectiveness, and where necessary, will make revisions that may be required and the Nomination Committee will recommend any such revision to the Board for consideration and approval.

At the meeting held on 29 March 2023, the Board and the Nomination Committee have reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and was satisfied with its implementation and effectiveness during the Year.

- 反腐敗政策
- 舉報政策

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會多元化政策，藉此明白並深信董事會成員多元化的重要性及裨益，並致力確保董事會具備切合本公司業務所需的技巧、經驗及多元觀點。董事會所有提名、委任及續聘將繼續以用人唯才為原則，兼顧董事會成員多元化的利益及本公司的提名政策，並將根據一系列多元化思維（包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能及知識）挑選候選人。

董事會在招聘及甄選本集團運營中所僱傭的員工時，將努力保持性別多元化。於二零二二年十二月三十一日，董事會成員包括兩名女性成員，此於董事會方面實現性別多元化。

董事會及提名委員會將至少每年審視董事會多元化政策，以確保其持續有效，且如有必要，將作出所需的修訂及提名委員會將向董事會建議任何有關修訂供其審議及批准。

於二零二三年三月二十九日舉行的會議上，董事會及提名委員會已檢討董事會多元化政策並信納其於本年度的實施情況及有效性。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Workforce Diversity

As at 31 December 2022, the ratio of male and female in the workforce by gender and age of the Group (including executive directors and senior management) is 72% and 28% respectively as set out in the section B1. Employment of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 40 to 44 of this annual report. The goal of a workplace diversity is to create the right environment where people feel comfortable working together with both collaboratively and effectively in an environment without judgment; all staff is able to reach their full potential while working as a team. The Group considers that the current composition of workforce diversity objective (gender ratio, plan or measurable objectives for gender diversity, factors or circumstances affecting the gender ratio, etc) had been achieved at acceptable level.

Independent Views of the Board

In compliance with Code B.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company has established mechanisms to ensure that a strong independent element on, and independent views and input are available to the Board (the “Mechanisms”).

The Mechanisms are to ensure that a strong independent element on, and independent views and input are available to, the board of directors of the Company. The Mechanisms cover composition of the board and board committees; independence assessment; compensation; Board decision making; and review of the policy implementation.

The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the Mechanisms annually. At the meeting held on 29 March 2023, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Mechanisms during the Year and considered that the Group was satisfied with the independence status of all the independent non-executive directors.

Anti-corruption Policy

To outline the Company's expectations and requirements on prevention, detection, reporting and investigation of any suspected fraud, corruption and other similar irregularities; and to provide information and guidance on recognizing and dealing with bribery and corruption, the Company has established its group-wise anti-corruption policy that complies with Code D.2.7 of the CG Code.

員工多元化

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團按性別及年齡劃分的男女員工（包括執行董事及高級管理層）比例分別為72%及28%，詳見本年報第40至44頁的環境、社會及管治報告所載B1.僱傭一節。工作場所多樣化旨在創造舒適環境，讓員工於不受評判的環境中互相合作並有效開展工作；全體員工均可以團隊協作的同時充分發揮潛力。本集團認為，目前員工多元化目標組成（性別比例、性別多樣性的計劃或可衡量目標、影響性別比例的因素或情況等）已達致令人可接受的水平。

董事會的獨立意見

根據企業管治守則B.1.4，本公司已建立機制，以確保董事會具有強大的獨立元素、獲得獨立意見及投入（「機制」）。

機制旨在確保本公司董事會具有強大的獨立元素，並可獲得獨立意見及投入。機制涵蓋董事會及董事委員會的組成；獨立性評估；補償；董事會決策；及政策實施情況的審查。

董事會將每年審查機制的執行情況及成效。於二零二三年三月二十九日舉行的會議上，董事會檢討有關機制於年內的實施情況及成效，並認為本集團信納全體獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

反腐敗政策

為概述本公司對預防、檢測、報告及調查任何涉嫌欺詐、腐敗及其他類似違規行為的預期及要求；及就識別並處理賄賂及腐敗事件提供資訊及指導，本公司已制定本集團反腐敗政策，該政策符合企業管治守則規則D.2.7。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Under the anti-corruption policy, the Group has established the Code of Business Conducts, and has put in place internal control mechanism to prevent the occurrence of fraud, theft, bribery, corruption and other misconducts involving employees, customers and other third parties.

The anti-corruption policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry best practice.

Whistle-blowing Policy

The Group is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability, the Company has established a whistle-blowing policy which forms an important part of its effective risk management and internal control systems.

Under the whistle-blowing policy, the Group allows stakeholders to report suspicious negligence, corruption, bribery and other misconduct to the Group anonymously. All reported cases are investigated confidentially to ensure the whistle-blower is protected.

The whistle-blowing policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry best practice.

Board Committees

The Board has established a number of functional committees in compliance with the relevant Listing Rules and to assist the Board to discharge its duties. Currently, four committees have been established:

1. The Audit Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with its terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.21 to 3.23 of the Listing Rules, and paragraphs D.3.3 and D.3.7 of the CG Code;
2. The Remuneration Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with its terms of reference in compliance with paragraph E.1.2 of the CG Code;

根據反腐敗政策，本集團制定《商業行為準則》，並建立了內部監控機制，以防止發生涉及員工、客戶及其他第三方的欺詐、盜竊、賄賂、腐敗及其他不當行為。

我們會定期檢討及更新反腐敗政策，以符合適用的法律法規以及行業最佳慣例。

舉報政策

本集團致力於追求及保持最高標準的開放、誠信及問責，本公司已制定舉報政策，該政策是其有效風險管理及內部控制系統的重要組成部分。

根據舉報政策，本集團允許利益相關者匿名向本集團舉報可疑的疏忽、貪污、賄賂及其他不當行為。所有舉報的案件都會受到保密調查，以確保舉報人受到保護。

本集團會定期檢討及更新舉報政策，以符合適用的法律法規以及行業最佳慣例。

董事委員會

董事會已根據相關上市規則成立若干功能性委員會，以協助董事會履行職務，現時已成立四個委員會：

1. 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設立審核委員會並遵照上市規則第3.21至3.23條及企業管治守則第D.3.3及D.3.7段的規定訂明其職權範圍；
2. 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設立薪酬委員會並遵照企業管治守則第E.1.2段訂明其職權範圍；

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

3. The Nomination Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3.1 of the CG Code; and
4. The Legal Compliance Committee was established on 16 June 2016.

The functions and responsibilities of these committees have been set out in the relevant terms of reference which are of no less stringent than that stated in the CG Code. The relevant terms of reference of each of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee can be found on the Group's website (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>) and the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) in accordance with the CG Code. All committees have been provided with sufficient resources and support from the Group to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet, Horace (Chairman), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the members of the Audit Committee shall comprise three non-executive Directors and shall be appointed or removed by the Board. If any member of the Audit Committee ceases to be a Director, he/she will cease to be a member of the Audit Committee automatically.

The Audit Committee must comprise a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Upon the resignation of Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen as a member of the Audit Committee on 1 May 2022, Mr. Chan Ming Kei has been appointed as a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 1 May 2022.

3. 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設立提名委員會並遵照企業管治守則第B.3.1段訂明其職權範圍；及
4. 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設立法律合規委員會。

該等委員會的職能及職責載於相關職權範圍，該等職權範圍的嚴格程度不遜於企業管治守則所列者。根據企業管治守則，審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自的相關職權範圍可於本集團網站 (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>) 及香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）網站查閱。本集團已向所有委員會提供充足資源及支援，以令其履行職責。

審核委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止，審核委員會包括三名成員，即袁靖波先生（於二零二二年五月一日辭任）、李暢悅先生（主席）、陳銘基先生（於二零二二年五月一日獲委任）及簡士勁先生均為獨立非執行董事。根據審核委員會的職權範圍，審核委員會成員包括三名非執行董事及須由董事會委任或罷免。倘若審核委員會任何成員不再為董事，其將自動不再為審核委員會的成員。

審核委員會須包括最少三名成員，其中至少一名獨立非執行董事具有上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定的適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長。

於袁靖波先生於二零二二年五月一日辭任審核委員會成員後，陳銘基先生已獲委任為審核委員會成員，自二零二二年五月一日起生效。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

With reference to the terms of reference, the primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are, among others (for the complete terms of reference please refer to the Group's website (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

1. to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Company's external auditors, and approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the Company's external auditors;
2. to review and monitor the Company's external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
3. to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts and half-year report and review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
4. to discuss with the Company's external auditors questions and doubts arising in the audit of annual accounts;
5. to review the statement about the Company's internal control system (if any) as included in the Company's annual report prior to submission for the Board's approval;
6. to review the Company's financial reporting, financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
7. to discuss the internal control system with the Company's management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system;
8. to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
9. to review the financial and accounting policies and practices of the Group;

根據職權範圍，審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)(有關完整的職權範圍，請參閱本集團的網站(<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>)或聯交所網站)：

1. 就本公司外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准本公司外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款；
2. 按適用的標準檢討及監察本公司外聘核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效；
3. 監察本公司的財務報表、年報、賬目及半年報的完整性，並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報的重大判斷；
4. 與本公司外聘核數師討論在全年賬目審核中出現的問題及存疑之處；
5. 於提交董事會批准前，審閱本公司年報所列有關本公司內部控制系統的報表(如有)；
6. 檢討本公司的財務申報、財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度；
7. 與本公司管理層討論內部監控系統，確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的內部監控系統；
8. 主動或應董事會的委派，就有關內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層對調查結果的回應進行研究；
9. 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策及實務；

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

10. to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to the management in respect of accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
 11. to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter; and
 12. to review the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.
10. 審閱外聘核數師給予管理層的管理函件、核數師就會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理層提出的任何重大疑問及管理層作出的回應；
 11. 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師給予管理層的管理函件中提出的事宜；及
 12. 檢討本公司在會計及財務報告職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及預算是否充足。

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's annual results and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2021, and interim results and interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2022, and discussed internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee had also reviewed audited annual results for the Year, this annual report, and confirmed that this annual report complies with the applicable standard, the Listing Rules, and other applicable legal requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. There is no disagreement between the Directors and the Audit Committee regarding the selection and appointment of the external auditors. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that Ting Ho Kwan & Chan ("THKC") be nominated for re-appointment as the Company's auditor at the forthcoming AGM.

The Board is of the view that the Audit Committee has properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

於報告期內，審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績及年報及截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月的中期業績及中期報告以及討論內部監控、風險管理及財務申報事宜。審核委員會亦已審閱於本年度的經審核全年業績及本年報，並確認本年報符合適用準則、上市規則及其他適用法律規定，且已作出足夠披露。董事與審核委員會於挑選及委任外聘核數師方面並無意見分歧。審核委員會已向董事會建議提名丁何關陳會計師行（「丁何關陳」）於應屆股東週年大會上連任本公司的核數師。

董事會認為，於報告期內及截至本年報日期止，審核委員會已妥善履行其職務及職責。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year. During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee had held four meetings together with the management of the Group and/or the Company's auditors. The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee are summarised below:

審核委員會每年至少舉行四次會議。於報告期內，審核委員會與本集團管理層及／或本公司核數師一起舉行了四次會議。審核委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下：

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數／會議次數
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)	袁靖波先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	4/4
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悅先生	4/4
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)	陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)	3/3

Remuneration Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (Chairman) (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (Chairman) (appointed on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Chun Kit and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors.

薪酬委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止，薪酬委員會包括三名成員，即袁靖波先生(主席)(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)、陳銘基先生(主席)(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)、陳振傑先生及簡士勁先生。袁靖波先生、陳銘基先生及簡士勁先生均為獨立非執行董事。

With reference to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, the primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include (for the complete terms of reference please refer to the Group's website (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

根據薪酬委員會的職權範圍，薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(有關完整職權範圍，請參閱本集團的網站(<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>)或聯交所網站)：

1. to consult the chairman of the Board and/or chief executive about their remuneration proposals for other executive Directors;
2. to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and Senior Management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;

1. 就其他執行董事的薪酬建議諮詢董事會主席及／或行政總裁；
2. 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構，及就設立正規而具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策，向董事會提出建議；

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

3. to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
 4. to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and Senior Management;
 5. to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
 6. to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Company and its subsidiaries;
 7. to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and Senior Management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
 8. to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
 9. to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules;
 10. to advise Shareholders on how to vote with respect to any service contracts of Directors that require Shareholders' approval under Rule 13.68 of the Listing Rules;
 11. to ensure that no Directors or any of his close associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;
 12. to do any such things to enable the Remuneration Committee to discharge its power and functions conferred on it by the Board; and
 13. to conform any requirement, direction and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board, or contained in the articles of association of the Company or imposed by applicable rules and regulations.
3. 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層的薪酬建議；
 4. 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇；
 5. 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議；
 6. 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬、須付出的時間及職責，以及本公司及其附屬公司的其他職位的僱用條件；
 7. 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償，以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致；若未能與合約條款一致，賠償亦須公平，不致過多；
 8. 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排，以確保該等安排與合約條款一致；若未能與合約條款一致，有關賠償亦須合理適當；
 9. 檢討及／或批准上市規則第17章項下與股份計劃有關的事宜；
 10. 就根據上市規則第13.68條須經股東批准的任何董事服務合約的表決向股東提供意見；
 11. 確保董事或其任何密切聯繫人概無參與釐定其本身的薪酬；
 12. 作出使薪酬委員會能夠履行其由董事會賦予的權力及職能的所有有關事宜；及
 13. 符合董事會可能不時訂明、本公司組織章程細則所載或適用規則及規例施加的任何要求、指示及規例。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee had held two meetings. The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration Committee are summarised below:

薪酬委員會會議至少每年舉行一次。於報告期內，薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會議。薪酬委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下：

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數／會議次數
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (<i>Chairman</i>) (<i>resigned on 1 May 2022</i>)	袁靖波先生 (主席) (於二零二二年 五月一日辭任)	2/2
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	2/2
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (<i>Chairman</i>) (<i>appointed on 1 May 2022</i>)	陳銘基先生 (主席) (於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)	0/0

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and made recommendations on the remuneration package of the Directors and Senior Management. The Remuneration Committee has also reviewed the Share Option Scheme at its meeting held on 29 March 2023. The Board is of the view that the Remuneration Committee had properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

於報告期內，薪酬委員會已就董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇進行檢討及建議。薪酬委員會亦於二零二三年三月二十九日舉行的會議上審閱購股權計劃。董事會認為，於報告期及截至本年報日期止，薪酬委員會已妥善履行其職責及職務。

Nomination Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman), Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors.

提名委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止，提名委員會包括三名成員，即陳振傑先生 (主席)、袁靖波先生 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)、陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任) 及簡士勁先生。袁靖波先生、陳銘基先生及簡士勁先生乃獨立非執行董事。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

According to the terms of reference the Nomination Committee, the Nomination Committee shall convene meeting at least once a year and the primary responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include (for the complete terms of reference, please refer to the Group's website (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

1. to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and make recommendations on proposed changes, if any, to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
2. to review the Company's Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the said policy;
3. to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
4. to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
5. to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted the nomination policy which sets out the nomination criteria and procedures for the Company to appoint or re-elect Directors. The nomination policy aims to:

- set out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors;
- ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company; and
- ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level.

根據提名委員會的職權範圍，提名委員會須至少每年舉行一次會議，其主要職責包括(有關完整的職權範圍，請參閱本集團的網站(<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/>)或聯交所網站)：

1. 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元化(包括技能、知識及經驗方面)，並就為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變動(如有)提出建議；
2. 檢討本公司的董事會成員多元化政策及就該政策制定的目標的執行進度；
3. 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士，並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見；
4. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性；及
5. 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

提名政策

董事會已採納提名政策，載列本公司委任或重選董事的提名準則及程序。提名政策旨在：

- 載列提名及委任董事的準則及程序；
- 確保董事會具備切合本公司業務所需的技巧、經驗及多元觀點；及
- 確保董事會的持續性及維持其領導角色。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The nomination policy applies to the Directors and, where applicable, Senior Management prepared for Board positions under the succession planning of the Company.

In evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the following criteria should be considered:

- Character and integrity
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the board diversity policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy
- Any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board Committee(s)
- Requirement for the Board to have independent Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules
- Any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity
- Such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of a Director, including an independent non-executive Director, in accordance with the procedures and process as set out in the nomination policy. Nomination Committee will shortlist candidates for consideration by the Board based on the selection criteria and such other factors that it considers appropriate.

提名政策適用於董事，以及(如有需要)按本公司的董事繼任計劃聘任相關的將可獲委任為董事的高級管理人。

在評估及挑選候選人擔任董事時，應考慮下列準則：

- 品格與誠實
- 資格，包括專業資格、技巧、知識及與本公司業務及策略相關的經驗，以及董事會成員多元化政策所提述的多元化因素
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的任何可計量目標
- 是否願意投放足夠時間履行身為董事會成員及／或擔任董事會轄下委員會的委員的職責
- 根據上市規則，董事會需包括獨立董事的規定，以及參考上市規則內列明候選人是否被視為獨立的指引
- 候選人的專業資格、技能、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來的任何潛在貢獻
- 適用於本公司業務及繼任計劃的其他觀點及(倘適用)董事會及／或提名委員會可不時就提名董事及繼任計劃採納及／或修訂有關觀點

提名委員會將根據提名政策所載的程序及流程，就董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的甄選、委任及續聘向董事會提出建議。提名委員會根據甄選標準及其認為適當的有關其他因素，將候選人列入最終候選人名單，供董事會考慮。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring and reviewing the nomination policy and recommend any changes thereto to the Board for its adoption as and when necessary.

提名委員會負責監督和審查提名政策，並在必要時向董事會建議任何修改，以供採用。

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee had held two meetings. The attendance of the members of the Nomination Committee at the committee meetings is as follows:

於報告期內，提名委員會已舉行兩次會議。提名委員會成員於委員會會議之出席次數如下：

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數/會議次數
Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman)	陳振傑先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)	袁靖波先生(於二零二二年 五月一日辭任)	2/2
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)	陳銘基先生(於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)	0/0

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee reviewed and assessed (i) the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, (ii) the performance of each of the Directors, (iii) the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and proposed the appointment or re-appointment or succession (if applicable) of Directors.

於報告期內，提名委員會已檢討及評核(i)董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面)、(ii)各董事的表現、(iii)獨立非執行董事的獨立性及建議董事的委任、重新委任或繼任(如有)。

Legal Compliance Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Legal Compliance Committee comprised three members, namely, Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors.

法律合規委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止，法律合規委員會包括三名成員，即袁靖波先生(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)、李暢悅先生(主席)、陳銘基先生(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)及簡士勁先生。袁靖波先生、李暢悅先生、陳銘基先生及簡士勁先生乃獨立非執行董事。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Upon the resignation of Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen as a member of the Legal Compliance Committee on 1 May 2022, Mr. Chan Ming Kei has been appointed as a member of the Legal Compliance Committee with effect from 1 May 2022.

According to the terms of reference of the Legal Compliance Committee, the primary duties of the Legal Compliance Committee are to assist in overseeing the Group's compliance with laws and regulations relevant to its business operations and to review the effectiveness of its regulatory compliance procedures and system, and the Legal Compliance Committee shall hold meeting at least once a year.

During the Reporting Period, the Legal Compliance Committee had held one meeting. The attendance of the members of the Legal Compliance Committee at the committee meetings is as follows:

於袁靖波先生於二零二二年五月一日辭任法律合規委員會成員後，陳銘基先生獲委任為法律合規委員會成員，自二零二二年五月一日起生效。

根據法律合規委員會的職權範圍，法律合規委員會的主要職責為協助監督與本集團業務營運有關的法律及法規的遵守情況，並審閱其監管合規程序及制度是否有效，而法律合規委員會須至少每年舉行一次會議。

於報告期內，法律合規委員會已舉行一次會議。法律合規委員會成員於委員會會議之出席次數如下：

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數／會議次數
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)	袁靖波先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	1/1
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悅先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)	陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)	0/0

During the Reporting Period, the Legal Compliance Committee reviewed (i) the compliance policies of the Company against the applicable laws and regulations, and (ii) the training and continuing professional development of the Directors and Senior Management.

於報告期內，法律合規委員會已檢討 (i) 本公司對適用法律及法規的合規政策及 (ii) 董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Auditor's Remuneration

During the Reporting Period, the Group had engaged Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited (“**THKC CPA**”) as the Group's external auditor (the “**Auditor**”) and to hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM. On 18 January 2023, due to their reorganisation of client base, THKC CPA has resigned as the Auditor and, with the recommendation from the Audit Committee, the Board has appointed THKC as the Auditor, which the partners and management were the same as the directors and management of THKC CPA. The Company's consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by THKC. The remuneration paid or payable to THKC CPA and THKC is set out as follows:

Services rendered	所提供服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付費用 for the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Statutory audit services	法定審核服務		
– THKC CPA	– 丁何關陳會計師事務所	–	1,000
– THKC	– 丁何關陳	1,020	–
Non-audit services	非審核服務		
– THKC CPA	– 丁何關陳會計師事務所	95	282
– THKC	– 丁何關陳	97	–

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ho Yee (“**Ms. Leung**”) was appointed as the Company Secretary on 1 October 2020. Ms. Leung has been nominated by Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited (“**Boardroom**”), an external service provider, under an engagement letter made between the Company and Boardroom to be the Company Secretary.

核數師薪酬

於報告期內，本集團已委聘丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司（「丁何關陳會計師事務所」）為本集團的外聘核數師（「核數師」），其任期將直至應屆股東週年大會結束止。於二零二三年一月十八日，由於丁何關陳會計師事務所著手重組其客戶群，故其已請辭核數師職務，經審核委員會推薦後，董事會已委任丁何關陳（其合夥人及管理層與丁何關陳會計師事務所的董事及管理層相同）為核數師。本公司於本年度的綜合財務報表已經丁何關陳審核。已付或應付丁何關陳會計師事務所及丁何關陳的薪酬載列如下：

公司秘書

於二零二零年十月一日，梁可怡女士（「梁女士」）已獲委任公司秘書一職。梁女士乃由寶德隆企業服務（香港）有限公司（「寶德隆」）（外部服務供應商）根據本公司與寶德隆訂立的委聘函提名為公司秘書。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, Ms. Leung undertook not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The primary person at the Company with whom Ms. Leung has been contacting in respect of company secretarial matters is Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine, an executive Director of the Group.

Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Board is responsible for monitoring the adequacy and reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems (including those relating to ESG risk, performance and reporting) of the Group. The scope of the review is determined and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board annually. The review covers:

1. all material controls, including but not limited to financial, operational and compliance controls;
2. risks management functions; and
3. the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in connection with the accounting and financial reporting function, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting of the Group and their training programmes and relevant budget.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee assessed the risk management and internal control environment of the Group and reviewed the internal control review report and internal control procedural manual of the Group and is satisfied with the Group's risk management and internal control systems (including those relating to ESG risk, performance and reporting). The Board considered the Group's risk management and internal control systems were effective during the Reporting Period. The systems are designed in consideration of the nature of business and the organisation structure. Further, the systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure in operational system and to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system is designed further to safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and financial reporting, achieve efficiency of operations and ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

於報告期內，梁女士已根據上市規則第3.29條的規定進行不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。就本公司的公司秘書事務與梁女士保持聯繫的本公司主要人士，為本集團執行董事陳瑋詩女士。

風險管理及內部監控制度

董事會負責監控本集團風險管理及內部監控制度(包括環境、社會及管治風險、表現及呈報)的充足性及並檢討其成效。檢討範圍每年均須經審核委員會釐定及建議後提交董事會批准。檢討包括：

1. 所有重大監控，包括(但不限於)財務、經營及合規監控；
2. 風險控制職能；及
3. 於本集團會計及財務匯報職能及有關本集團環境、社會及管治表現及呈報方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠以及該等員工所接受的培訓課程及相關預算是否充足。

於報告期內，審核委員會評估本集團風險管理及內部監控環境並檢討內部控制審閱報告及本集團內部監控程序手冊及信納本集團風險管理及內部監控制度(包括環境、社會及管治風險、表現及呈報)。董事會認為本集團於報告期間的風險管理及內部控制系統屬有效。該制度乃經考慮業務性質及組織結構後制定。此外，該制度乃旨在管理而非消除與經營制度相關的風險，並合理(而非絕對)保證能夠避免出現嚴重誤報或損失的情況。該制度乃用於進一步保障本集團資產、備存適當的會計記錄及財務報告、維持經營效率及確保遵守上市規則及其他所有適用法律法規。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Group has engaged external independent professionals (the “**Adviser**”) to review its risk management and internal control systems for the Year and further enhance its risk management and internal control systems as appropriate. Such review is conducted annually. During the Reporting Period, no material deficiency was discovered. with regards to the recommendation on internal control system provided by the external independent professionals, the Group has established action plans for improvement.

The Board and the Audit Committee are of the view that there are no material internal control defeats noted. The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit functions for the Group as the need arises. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to review the need for an internal audit function annually.

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge and understand their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements and to ensure that the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in a manner which reflects the true and fair view of the state of affairs, results and cash flows of the Group and are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards and principles, applicable laws and disclosure provisions required of the Listing Rules. The Directors are of the view that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for each financial year have been prepared on this basis. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Statement of the Company's external auditor's responsibilities in respect of the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this annual report.

本集團已於年內聘請外部獨立專業人員(「顧問」)檢討其風險管理及內部監控制度並進一步加強其風險管理及內部監控制度(倘適用)。有關檢討每年進行一次。於報告期間，並無發現重大缺陷。就外部獨立專業人士就內部控制系統提出的推薦建議而言，本集團已制定整改行動計劃。

董事會及審核委員會認為，並無發現重大內部控制失誤。董事會認為風險管理及內部審核控制系統有效且充分。

本集團現時並無內部審核部門。董事已檢討內部審核部門的需要，就本集團的規模、業務性質及複雜性而言，彼等認為，於需要時聘請外部獨立專業人員為本集團進行內部審核工作，更具成本效益。然而，董事會每年均將持續檢討內部審核部門的需要。

董事及核數師就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事確認及了解彼等須負責編製綜合財務報表，確保本集團編製的綜合財務報表真實而公平地反映本集團的狀況、業績及現金流量，且符合相關會計準則及原則、適用法律以及上市規則規定的披露條文。董事認為，本集團各財政年度的綜合財務報表均已按有關基準編製。董事於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採納持續經營的基準。

有關本公司外聘核數師就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任的聲明載於本年報中的獨立核數師報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Disclosure of Inside Information

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced promptly when it is the subject of a decision. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the Listing Rules as well as the “Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information” published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and the Company’s website;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group’s affairs, so that only the Executive Directors, the Company Secretary and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company are authorised to communicate with parties outside the Group.

General Meetings with Shareholders

The AGM is a forum in which the Board and the Shareholders communicate directly and exchange views concerning the affairs and overall performance of the Group, and its future developments, etc. At the AGM, the Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are available to attend to questions raised by the Shareholders. The external auditors of the Company is also invited to be present at the AGM to address to queries of the shareholders concerning the audit procedures and the auditors’ report.

The forthcoming AGM will be held on Tuesday, 20 June 2023, the notice of which shall be sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days prior to the meeting.

披露內幕消息

本集團知悉其根據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例及上市規則所應履行的責任，整體原則是內幕消息必須在有所決定後即時公佈。處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控措施如下：

- 本集團處理事務時會充分考慮上市規則項下的披露規定以及香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」；
- 本集團透過財務報告、公告及本公司公司網站等途徑向公眾廣泛及非獨家披露資料，以實施及公平披露其政策；
- 本集團已嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密或內幕消息；及
- 本集團已就外界查詢本集團事務訂立及執行回應程序，據此，只有執行董事、公司秘書及本公司之財務總監方獲授權與本集團外部人士溝通。

股東大會

股東週年大會為董事會與股東可就本集團事務、整體表現及未來發展等直接溝通及交換意見的平台。董事（包括獨立非執行董事）會出席股東週年大會回答股東提問。本公司外聘核數師亦獲邀出席股東週年大會，以回答股東有關審核程序及核數師報告的提問。

本公司應屆股東週年大會將於二零二三年六月二十日（星期二）舉行，大會通告將於大會前最少20個完整營業日寄發予股東。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Shareholders' Rights

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting on Requisition by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting (“EGM”). EGMs shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. If, within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisition(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisition(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings and Procedures for Shareholders' Nomination of Directors

To put forward proposals at a general meeting, Shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room B, 5/F, On Fat Industrial Building, 12-18 Kwai Wing Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong. The request will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company. The period for lodgment of the notices required under the Article will commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days.

股東權利

在股東要求下召開股東特別大會

根據章程細則第64條，董事會可酌情召開股東特別大會（「股東特別大會」）。股東特別大會亦須應一名或多名於要求日期持有不少於本公司有權於股東大會上投票的實繳股本十分之一的股東要求而予以召開。該項要求須以書面向董事會或公司秘書提呈，以要求董事會召開股東特別大會以處理任何該書面要求中所列明的任何事項。倘董事會於提出該項要求後21日內未能召開該大會，本公司須向提出要求人士償付由提出要求人士因董事會未能召開大會而產生的所有合理開支。

將建議提呈予股東大會及股東提名候選董事的程序

如於股東大會上提呈議案，股東須向公司秘書呈交該等議案之書面通知連同詳細聯絡資料，地址為本公司於香港之主要營業地點（地址為香港新界葵涌葵榮路12-18號安發工業大廈5樓B室）。有關要求將由本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處核實，並待彼等確認該要求為恰當後，公司秘書將向董事會提出將有關決議案納入股東大會議程內。

根據章程細則第113條，除退任董事外，任何未經董事會推薦的人士均不具資格於任何股東大會獲選為董事，除非有關提名該人士參選為董事的書面通知及該被提名人士表明有意參選的書面通知送達本公司總辦事處或註冊辦事處。章程細則規定提交該等通知書的期限，由不早於寄發為有關選舉所召開股東大會通告翌日起至不遲於舉行有關股東大會日期前七日為止，而向本公司提交該通知的最短時限為七日。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Communication with the Shareholders

The Company has adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy with the objective of providing the Shareholders with equal and timely access to information about the Company in order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner and allow them to engage actively with the Company.

Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may direct their enquiries concerning their shareholdings to the Company's share registrars. Shareholders may also make a request for the Company's information to the extent that such information has been made publicly available by the Company. All written enquiries or requests may be forwarded to the Company's head office or by fax to (852) 2525 2081, or by email to ir@starofcanton.com.hk.

The addresses of the Company's head office and the Company's share registrars can be found in the section "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

Investor Relations

To ensure transparent and comprehensive disclosures to investors, the Group delivers information of the Group to the public through various channels, including general meeting, public announcement and financial reports. The investors are also able to access the latest news and information of the Group via our website (<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk>).

In order to maintain good and effective communication, the Company together with the Board extend their invitation to all Shareholders and encourage them to attend the AGM and all future general meetings.

與股東的溝通

本公司已採納股東溝通政策，旨在為股東提供平等及即時獲得有關本公司資料的權利，以便股東能夠於知情的情況下行使其權利，並讓彼等積極與本公司聯絡。

股東向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東如對名下持股有任何問題，可向本公司的股份過戶登記處提出。股東亦可要求索取本公司的公開資料。所有書面查詢或要求可送交本公司的總辦事處或傳真至(852) 2525 2081 或電郵至 ir@starofcanton.com.hk。

本公司的總辦事處及股份過戶登記處地址請參閱本年報「公司資料」一節。

投資者關係

為確保透明及全面向投資者披露資訊，本集團循多個渠道向公眾人士傳達資料，包括股東大會、公告及財務報告。投資者亦可於本公司網站(<http://www.starofcanton.com.hk>)查閱本集團最新消息及資料。

為維持良好有效溝通，本公司與董事會誠邀並鼓勵全體股東出席應屆股東週年大會以及日後所有股東大會。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

The Shareholders may also forward their enquiries and suggestions in writing to the Company to the followings:

Address: Room B, 5/F
On Fat Industrial Building
12-18 Kwai Wing Road
Kwai Chung, New Territories
Hong Kong

Email: ir@starofcanton.com.hk

The Board has reviewed the Group's shareholders and communication activities conducted during the Year and is satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy.

Dividend Policy

The Board has adopted a dividend policy. Subject to the approval of the Shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia: (a) the Group's actual and expected financial performance; (b) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans; (c) the Group's debt to equity ratios and the debt level; (d) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (e) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; (f) dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries and associates; (g) the Shareholders' and investors' expectation and industry's norm; and (h) any other conditions or factors that the Board deems relevant.

The Board may update, amend, modify and/or cancel the dividend policy upon review from time to time.

股東亦可循以下渠道向本公司提出書面查詢及意見：

地址：香港
新界葵涌
葵榮路12-18號
安發工業大廈
5樓B室

電郵：ir@starofcanton.com.hk

董事會已檢討本集團於本年度進行的股東及溝通活動，並信納股東溝通政策的實施情況及成效。

股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策。待股東批准後及根據有關法律之規定，倘本集團錄得溢利、營運環境穩定且本集團並無重大投資或承擔，本公司將向股東派付年度股息。

董事會在建議派付任何股息時，亦須考慮（其中包括）：(a) 本集團的實際及預期財務表現；(b) 本集團的預期營運資金要求及未來擴展計劃；(c) 本集團的債務權益比率及債務水平；(d) 本集團放貸人就派付股息可能施加的任何限制；(e) 整體經濟狀況、本集團業務的商業週期，以及可能影響本公司業務或財務表現及狀況的其他內外因素；(f) 自本公司附屬公司及聯營公司收取的股息；(g) 股東及投資人士的預期及行業規範；及(h) 董事會視為相關的任何其他情況或因素。

董事會經審視後可隨時更新、修訂、修改及／或取消股息政策。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告 (續)

Significant Changes in Constitutional Documents

During the Year, there had been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company.

The Company proposes to amend the M&A in order to comply with the Listing Rules and CG Code that came into effect on 1 January 2022. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 March 2023.

章程文件之重大更改

於本年度，本公司章程文件並無重大更改。

本公司建議修訂組織章程大綱及細則，以符合二零二二年一月一日生效的上市規則及企業管治守則。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二三年三月二十九日的公告。

DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements (the “**Financial Statements**”) of the Company for the Reporting Period.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 41 to the Financial Statements of this annual report. During the Reporting Period, the Group is principally engaged in the operation of a chain of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC.

An analysis of the Group's results for the Reporting Period by segments is set out in Note 7 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Business Review

The business review of the Group for the Reporting Period, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the business of the Group, is set out in the section headed “Management Discussion and Analysis” on pages 8 to 21 of this annual report. These discussions form part of this Directors' report.

Results and Appropriations

The Group's results for the Reporting Period are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 130 to 131 of this annual report.

Dividend

The Directors has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Reporting Period (2021: Nil).

Summary of Financial Information

The summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 255 to 256 of this annual report.

董事會欣然提呈本公司報告期的年報及經審核綜合財務報表（「**財務報表**」）。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司的主要業務載於本年報財務報表附註41。於報告期，本集團主要在香港及中國從事中式酒樓連鎖店業務。

按部門劃分的就本集團報告期的業績分析載於本年報財務報表附註7。

業務回顧

本集團報告期的業務回顧（包括就本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素以及本集團業務可能有的未來發展揭示的討論）載於本年報第8至21頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。該等討論構成董事會報告的一部分。

業績及分派

本集團報告期的業績載於本年報第130至131頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

股息

董事已議決不建議宣派報告期間的末期股息（二零二一年：無）。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績、資產及負債概要載於本年報第255至256頁。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 15 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Share Capital

The Company's issued share capital as at 31 December 2022 was 1,105,100,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of movements of the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 28 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Pre-Emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

Reserves

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in Note 37 to the Financial Statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity of this annual report, respectively.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution as calculated in accordance with the Articles and the Companies Act Cap. 22 of Cayman Islands, was approximately HK\$23.5 million inclusive of share premium and accumulated losses.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於本年報財務報表附註15。

股本

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本公司已發行股本為1,105,100,000股每股面值0.01港元的普通股。

本公司股本於報告期內的變動詳情載於本年報財務報表附註28。

優先購買權

章程細則或開曼群島法律均無規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份的優先購買權條文。

儲備

本公司及本集團於本年度的儲備變動詳情分別載於本年報財務報表附註37以及綜合權益變動表。

可分派儲備

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，根據章程細則及開曼群島公司法第22章計算，本公司可分派儲備約為23.5百萬港元（計入股份溢價及累計損失）。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

- (i) due to the nature of the Group's business, its customers mainly represented walk-in customers from the general public. As such, the Directors consider that it is not practicable to identify the five largest customers of the Group, and the Group did not rely on any single customer; and
- (ii) the aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 49.8% (2021: approximately 34.4%) of the Group's total purchases, and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 26.6% (2021: approximately 18.4%) of the Group's total purchases. To the best of the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital had an interest in these major suppliers.

Directors

The Directors during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine
Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (*resigned on 1 May 2022*)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (*appointed on 1 May 2022*)

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度：

- (i) 鑑於本集團的業務性質，其顧客主要為散客。因此，董事認為確定本集團五大客戶並不切實可行。本集團並無依賴任何單一客戶；及
- (ii) 對本集團五大供應商的採購總額佔本集團採購總額的約49.8%（二零二一年：約34.4%），而對最大供應商的採購額佔本集團採購總額的約26.6%（二零二一年：約18.4%）。就董事所深知，概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或任何股東（據董事所知擁有本公司5%以上的股本）於該等主要供應商中擁有任何權益。

董事

於報告期內及截至本年報日期，本公司董事如下：

執行董事

陳振傑先生 (*主席兼行政總裁*)
陳瑋詩女士
朱雪琴女士

非執行董事

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事

袁靖波先生 (*於二零二二年五月一日辭任*)
簡士勁先生
李暢悅先生
陳銘基先生 (*於二零二二年五月一日獲委任*)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the Articles, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (not including those Directors who are subject to re-election pursuant to Article 112 of the Articles shall retire from office by rotation, whereby Mr. Chan Chun Kit, Ms. Zhu Xueqin and Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming AGM, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Biographical Details of Directors

The biographical details of the Directors are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" on pages 68 to 73 in this annual report.

Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has entered into a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save for the related party transactions disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial statements of this annual report, no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, holding company or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interests directly or indirectly subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

Management Contracts

No management contracts concerning the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period.

Contract of Significance

There was no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries for the Year.

根據章程細則第108(a)條，於每一屆股東週年大會上，當時為數三分之一的現任董事（不包括根據章程細則第112條膺選連任的董事）須輪流退任，因此，陳振傑先生、朱雪琴女士及周耀邦先生將於應屆股東週年大會上退任董事職位，並合資格膺選連任。

董事履歷詳情

董事的履歷詳情披露於本年報第68至73頁「董事履歷詳情」一節。

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事概無與本公司訂立不得由本公司於一年內未支付賠償（法定賠償除外）而終止的服務合約。

董事於合約的權益

除本年報財務報表附註40所披露的關聯方交易外，於報告期末或報告期間的任何時間，概無存在本公司或其任何附屬公司、控股公司或同系附屬公司為其中一方及董事在其中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

管理合約

於報告期間，概無訂立或存在涉及本公司業務全部或任何重大部分的管理合約。

重大合約

於本年度，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無與控股股東或其任何附屬公司訂立重大合約。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Remuneration of the Directors, Senior Management and the Five Highest Paid Individuals

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in Note 9 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

The emoluments paid or payable to the Senior Management of the Group who are not Directors were within the following bands:

董事、高級管理層及五位最高薪人士酬金

董事及本集團五位最高薪人士酬金詳情載於本年報財務報表附註9。

本集團高級管理層(非董事)已付或應付薪酬範圍如下：

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Number of individuals 人數	Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至 1,000,000 港元	2	2

Permitted Indemnity Provision

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors, managing Directors, alternate Directors, auditors, secretary and other officers of the Company for the time being shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or about the execution of their duty in their offices or in relation thereto.

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance which provides appropriate cover for the directors of the Company and directors of the subsidiaries of the Group.

獲准許彌償撥備

根據章程細則，本公司董事、董事總經理、替任董事、核數師、秘書及本公司當時之其他高級職員因執行彼等各自職務或有關之職責而將會或可能承擔或蒙受之所有行動、成本、押記、虧損、損害及開支獲得本公司作出之彌償保證及免受損害。

本公司已投購董事責任保險，為本公司董事及本集團之附屬公司董事提供適當保障。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Emolument Policy

The Remuneration Committee is set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and the Senior Management, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices. The remuneration of the Directors is determined with reference to the economic situation, the market conditions, the responsibilities and duties assumed by each Director as well as their individual performance.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

Pension Schemes

Details of the Group's pension schemes for the Reporting Period are set out in Note 3.22 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Directors' Interests in Competing Businesses

Set out below are details of certain catering businesses of the Directors which were not included into the Group as at the date of this report. As disclosed in the Prospectus, Mr. Chan was engaged in such businesses as at the date of Listing. For further details, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders – Excluded Catering Businesses" in the Prospectus.

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會的設立，旨在根據本集團的經營業績、個人表現及可比較的市場慣例，對本集團的薪酬政策及所有董事與高級管理層的薪酬政策及結構進行審核。董事酬金參考經濟形勢、市場條件、每位董事所擔任的責任與職責及其個人表現而釐定。

本公司已採納購股權計劃，作為對董事及合資格僱員的激勵，購股權計劃詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」一節。

退休金計劃

本集團報告期退休金計劃詳情載於本年報所載財務報表附註3.22。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

以下載列於本報告日期無納入本集團之董事的若干餐飲業務之細節。誠如招股章程中所披露，陳先生於上市之時已從事該等業務。有關詳情請參閱招股章程「與控股股東的關係－除外餐飲業務」一節。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Non-Competition Undertaking

On 16 June 2016, Zhao Tian, Mr. Chan, Ms. Liu Siu Kuen (“Mrs. Chan”), Bright Creator Limited (“Bright Creator”), Hong Cui Developments Limited, Mr. Wong Ka Wai (“Mr. Wong”), Sun Foo Sing Development Limited (“Sun Foo Sing”), Sky Gain Investments Limited (“Sky Gain”), Mr. Ho Wood Yam (“Mr. Ho”), Mr. Tsui King Foo (“Mr. Tsui K. F.”), Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David (“Mr. David Chow”), Mr. Chow Chor Ting Anthony, Mr. Lam Kwok Leung Peter (“Mr. Lam”), Ms. Tsui Yuk Yi (“Ms. Tsui”), Mr. Tsui Chi Kit (Mr. Tsui C. K.) and Mr. Tam Chie Sang (each a “Covenantor” and collectively the “Covenantors”) have entered into a deed of non-competition (the “Deed of Non-competition”) in favour of the Company and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition, each of the Covenantors has irrevocably and unconditionally undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of its subsidiaries) that, save and except as disclosed in the Prospectus, during the period that the Deed of Non-competition remains effective, she/he/it shall not, and shall procure that her/his/its close associates (other than any member of the Group) not to develop, acquire, invest in, participate in, carry on or be engaged, concerned or interested, or otherwise be involved, directly or indirectly, in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business activity of any member of the Group within Hong Kong and such other parts of the world where any member of the Group may operate from time to time, save for the holding of not more than 5% shareholding interests (individually or with her/his/its close associates) in any company listed on a recognised stock exchange and at any time the relevant listed company shall have at least one shareholder (individually or with her/his/its close associates, if applicable) whose shareholding interests in the relevant listed company is higher than that of the relevant Covenantor (individually or with her/his/its close associates).

Each of the Covenantors further undertakes that if she/he/it or her/his/its close associates other than any member of the Group is offered or becomes aware of any business opportunity which may compete with any business opportunity of the Group, she/he/it shall procure that her/his/its close associates to promptly notify the Group in writing with such required information to enable the Group to evaluate the merits of the relevant business opportunity and the Group shall have a right of first refusal to take up such opportunity and jointly pursue the same with the relevant Covenantor. The parties shall then negotiate in good faith with respect to a collaboration for such new business.

不競爭承諾

於二零一六年六月十六日，兆添、陳先生、廖少娟女士（「陳太太」）、暉緯有限公司（「暉緯」）、弘翠發展有限公司、王家惠先生（「王先生」）、新富星發展有限公司（「新富星」）、天盈投資有限公司（「天盈」）、何活欽先生（「何先生」）、徐競富先生（「徐競富先生」）、周耀邦先生（「周耀邦先生」）、周佐庭先生、林國良先生（「林先生」）、徐玉儀女士（「徐女士」）、徐志傑先生（「徐志傑先生」）及譚次生先生（各稱為「契諾人」及統稱「該等契諾人」）以本公司及其附屬公司為受益人訂立不競爭契據（「不競爭契據」）。根據不競爭契據，各契諾人向本公司（為其本身及為其附屬公司利益）不可撤回及無條件地承諾，除招股章程所披露者外，於不競爭契據有效期間，彼不會並促使其緊密聯繫人（本集團任何成員公司除外）不會直接或間接發展、收購、投資、參與、進行或從事、與其有關或於其中持有權益，或以其他方式涉及與本集團任何成員公司於香港及本集團任何成員公司可能不時經營於世界各地的現時的業務構成競爭或有可能構成競爭的業務，惟於在認可證券交易所上市的任何公司中持有不多於5%的股權（個別或連同其緊密聯繫人）除外，及有關上市公司於任何時間須擁有至少一名於該有關上市公司所持有的股權高於相關契諾人（個別或連同其緊密聯繫人）所持有者的股東（個別或連同其緊密聯繫人，如適用）。

各位契諾人進一步承諾，除任何本集團成員公司外，倘若彼或其緊密聯繫人獲提供或知悉可能與本集團任何業務機會構成競爭的任何業務機會，彼會促使其緊密聯繫人立即書面知會本集團有關所有資訊，以讓本集團分析有關商機的可取之處，且本集團擁有取得該機會的優先選擇權，並與相關契諾人共同爭取該機會。其後訂約各方將就有關新業務的合作真誠磋商。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

The Group shall, within 30 days after receipt of the written notice (or such longer period if the Group is required to complete any approval procedures as set out under the Listing Rules from time to time), notify the Covenantor(s) whether the Group will exercise the right of first refusal. The Group shall only exercise the right of first refusal upon the approval of all independent non-executive Directors who do not have any interest in such opportunity. The relevant Covenantor(s) and the other conflicting Directors (if any) shall abstain from participating in and voting at and shall not be counted as quorum at all meetings of the Board where there is a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest including but not limited to the relevant meeting of the independent non-executive Directors for considering whether or not to exercise the right of first refusal.

Details of the Deed of Non-Competition have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus.

Pursuant to the announcements "AMENDMENT OF CONCERT PARTY DEED AND CHANGE IN CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS" dated 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, the Outgoing Parties are no longer bound to comply with the Concert Party Deed to cast unanimous vote collectively for or against all resolutions in the shareholders' meetings of the Company and discussions of the Group together with the Remaining Concert Parties. As a result, the Outgoing Parties are no longer part of a group of shareholders of the Company acting in concert with the Remaining Concert Parties; and the Outgoing Parties and the Remaining Concert Parties are no longer deemed to be interested in the Shares held by each other.

As a result of the aforesaid, (i) the Outgoing Parties ceased to be the Controlling Shareholders of the Company; and (ii) Mr. Chan, Mrs. Chan and Bright Creator became the only Controlling Shareholders of the Company.

本集團須於收到書面通知後三十日內(或本集團根據上市規則不時規定須完成辦理所需審批手續較長期間)通知契諾人本集團是否行使優先選擇權。本集團僅會在獲全體獨立非執行董事(彼等於有關商機中並無擁有任何權益)批准後方會行使優先選擇權。有關契諾人及其他有利益衝突的董事(如有)不得於參與涉及利益衝突或潛在利益衝突的所有相關董事會會議(包括但不限於考慮是否行使優先選擇權的有關獨立非執行董事會議)且不得於會上投票,亦不得計入法定人數。

不競爭契據詳情載於招股章程「與控股股東的關係」一節。

根據日期為二零一九年十月八日及二零二一年四月九日之「修訂一致行動人士契約及控股股東變動」,退出方不再受一致行動人士契約約束,不須與其餘一致行動人士共同投票一致贊成或反對本公司股東大會的所有決議案及本集團的所有討論。因此,退出方不再是與其餘一致行動人士行動一致的本公司股東;及退出方與其餘一致行動人士不再被視為於各自持有的股份中擁有權益。

由於上述原因,(i)退出方不再為本公司的控股股東;及(ii)陳先生、陳太及暉緯成為本公司唯一控股股東。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Since the Outgoing Parties ceased to be the Controlling Shareholders of the Company, each of them will no longer be bounded by the Deed of Non-competition. The Remaining Concert Parties, on the other hand, will continue to be bounded by the Deed of Non-competition. The terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the announcements dated 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021.

The Directors confirmed that the undertakings contained in the Deed of Non-competition have been fully complied with by the Group and the Remaining Concert Parties during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

Save as disclosed above and as of the date of this report, none of the Directors or Controlling Shareholders or their respective close associates had any interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, nor any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

All the independent non-executive Directors are delegated with the authority to review the Deed of Non-Competition. The independent non-executive Directors were not aware of any non-compliance of the Deed of Non-Competition given by the Controlling Shareholders from the date of the Deed of Non-Competition and up to the date of this annual report.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the listed securities of the Company during the Year. The Company did not redeem any of its listed securities during the Year.

由於退出方不再為本公司控股股東，彼等各自不再受不競爭契據約束。另一方面，其餘一致行動人士將繼續受不競爭契據約束。本節使用之詞彙應具有日期為二零一九年十月八日及二零二一年四月九日之公告界定之相同意義。

董事確認，不競爭契據所載的承諾自報告期及直至本報告日期，已獲本集團及其餘一致行動人士全面遵守。

除上文所披露者外及截至本報告日期，概無董事或控股股東或彼等各自緊密聯繫人於直接或間接會或可能會與本集團競爭的業務擁有任何權益，且概無任何該等人士與本集團產生或有可能產生任何其他利益衝突。

全體獨立非執行董事均獲授權審核不競爭契據。自不競爭契據日期至本年報日期，獨立非執行董事並未獲悉違反與控股股東所訂立的不競爭契據的任何行為。

購回、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度，本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買或出售本公司任何上市證券。於本年度，本公司概無贖回其任何上市證券。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

Apart from the sections headed “Directors’ and Chief Executive’s Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures”, “Substantial Shareholders” and “Other Persons’ Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures” and “Share Option Scheme” below, at no time during the Reporting Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective associates nor was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective associates to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Equity-Linked Agreement

Save as disclosed in the section headed “Share Option Scheme” below, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during Reporting Period or subsisted at the end of the Year.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group is devoted to promoting and maintaining the environmental and social sustainable development of the regions where it operates. As a responsible enterprise, the Group strives to comply with all the relevant laws and regulations in terms of the environmentally friendliness, health and safety, adopts effective measures, conserves energy and reduces waste.

A report on environmental, social and governance matters is set out in the section headed “Environmental, Social and Governance Report” on pages 22 to 67 of this annual report.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group conducts ongoing reviews of newly enacted/revised laws and regulations affecting its operations. The Company is not aware of any non-compliance in any material respect with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the Reporting Period.

購買股份或債權證安排

除下文「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」、「主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」及「購股權計劃」章節外，概無於報告期內任何時間向任何董事或彼等各自的聯繫人授出可透過購入本公司股份或債權證而獲益的權利，本公司及其任何附屬公司亦無參與任何安排，以致董事或彼等各自的聯繫人可於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

股權掛鈎協議

除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外，於報告期內概無訂立或於本年度末亦不存在股權掛鈎協議。

環境政策及績效

本集團致力於促進及維持經營所在地區的環境及社會可持續發展。作為一間負責任的企業，本集團努力遵守有關環保、健康及安全的所有相關法律法規，並採取有效措施，節約能源及減少廢物。

有關環境、社會及管治事宜的報告載於本年報第22至67頁「環境、社會及管治報告」一節。

遵守相關法律法規

本集團確認遵守法律及監管規定的重要性以及不遵守有關規定的風險。本集團持續審閱影響其營運的新頒佈／修訂的法例法規。於報告期內，本公司並不知悉在任何重大方面不遵守對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響的相關法律法規的任何情況。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Relationship with Employees, Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

The Group understands that the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee together with the management have reviewed the accounting standards and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters in connection with the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirmed that, the Company has maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

Auditor

Reference is made to the Change of Auditor Announcement, THKC CPA had resigned as the Auditor with effect from the 18 January 2023 as THKC CPA was commencing a reorganisation of their client base. The Board, with the recommendation from the audit committee of the Board, had resolved to appoint THKC, which the partners and management are the same as the directors and management of THKC CPA, as the Auditor with effect from 18 January 2023. Please refer to the Change of Auditor Announcement for details. THKC will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for its re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM. The Financial Statements have been audited by THKC.

與僱員、供應商、客戶及其他持份者的關係

本集團明白本集團業務的成功有賴於其主要持份者(包括僱員、客戶、供應商、銀行、監管機構及股東)的支持。本集團將繼續確保與各主要持份者維持有效溝通及保持良好關係。

審核委員會

審核委員會連同管理層已審閱本集團所採納的會計標準及慣例，並已就與編製本集團於本年度的經審核綜合財務報表有關的核數、內部控制及財務申報事宜進行討論。

充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得的公開資料及就董事所知，董事確認，於最後可行日期(先於本年報發行)，本公司維持符合上市規則所規定的公眾持股量。

核數師

謹此提述更換核數師公告，由於丁何關陳會計師事務所著手重組其客戶群，故其已請辭核數師職務，自二零二三年一月十八日起生效。經董事會審核委員會推薦後，董事會已議決委任丁何關陳(其合夥人及管理層與丁何關陳會計師事務所的董事及管理層相同)為核數師，自二零二三年一月十八日起生效。詳情請參閱更換核數師公告。丁何關陳將於本公司即將召開的股東週年大會退任，並願意受聘連任。即將召開的股東週年大會上將會提呈續聘其為本公司核數師的決議案。財務報表由丁何關陳審核。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Share Option Scheme

The Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme on 16 June 2016. The terms of the share option scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. Particulars of the share option scheme which was adopted on 16 June 2016 are set out in Note 42 to the Financial Statements of this annual report. No share options were granted since the adoption of the share option scheme and there were no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2022.

The Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on 29 March 2023, has reviewed the Share Option Scheme.

Disclosure of Interests

A. Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meanings of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which any such director or chief executive is taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or which were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register of members of the Company, or which were required, pursuant to standard of dealings by Directors as referred to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日有條件採納一項購股權計劃。該計劃的條款符合上市規則第十七章的條文。於二零一六年六月十六日獲採納的購股權計劃詳情載於本年報財務報表附註42。自購股權計劃獲採納後，概無授出任何購股權，且於二零二二年十二月三十一日亦無任何購股權尚未獲行使。

薪酬委員會於二零二三年三月二十九日舉行的會議上檢討購股權計劃。

權益披露

A. 董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部）的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉（包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文任何相關董事或最高行政人員被當作或被視為擁有的權益及淡倉），或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司股東名冊內的權益或淡倉，或根據上市規則所述董事進行交易的準則知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下：

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

(i) Long Position in the Shares

(i) 於股份的好倉

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature	Number of Shares held/ interested in	Approximate percentage of shareholding
董事姓名	身份/性質	持有/擁有權益的股份數目	股權概約百分比
Mr. Chan	Interest in a controlled corporation (Notes 1 and 2)	376,531,400	34.07%
陳先生	受控制法團權益(附註1及2)		
	Beneficial owner	18,630,000	1.68%
	實益擁有人		
Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze	Beneficial owner	3,275,000	0.29%
陳璋詩女士	實益擁有人		
Mr. David Chow	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3)	19,324,960	1.74%
周耀邦先生	受控制法團權益(附註3)		

Notes:

- Mr. Chan owns 50% of Bright Creator, which in turn owns approximately 34.07% of the entire issued share capital of the Company. As such, Mr. Chan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Bright Creator for the purposes of the SFO. Mr. Chan is a director of Bright Creator.
- Mr. Chan (together with Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator) are parties acting in concert (having the meaning ascribed to it under The Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs) (the "Takeovers Code") pursuant to the concert party deed, the supplemental deed, the first amendment deed and the second amendment deed dated 25 September 2015, 6 June 2016, 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, respectively. As such, Mr. Chan (together with Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator) together control approximately 35.75% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.
- Mr. David Chow owns 37.5% issued shares of Sky Gain, which in turn owns approximately 1.74% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.

附註:

- 陳先生擁有暉緯50%權益，而暉緯則擁有本公司全部已發行股本約34.07%。因此，就證券及期貨條例而言，陳先生被視為或當作於暉緯持有的全部股份中擁有權益。陳先生為暉緯的董事。
- 根據日期分別為二零一五年九月二十五日、二零一六年六月六日、二零一九年十月八日及二零二一年四月九日的一致行動人士契約、補充契約、第一份修訂契約及第二份修訂契約，陳先生(連同陳太、暉緯)為一致行動人士(具《公司收購、合併及股份回購守則》(「收購守則」)所賦予的涵義)。因此，陳先生(連同陳太、暉緯)共同控制本公司全部已發行股本的約35.75%。
- 周耀邦先生擁有天盈37.5%已發行股份，而天盈則擁有本公司全部已發行股本約1.74%。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were: (a) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO to (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, entered in the register as referred to therein; or (c) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

B. Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2022, the interest and short positions of the persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long Position in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature	Number of shares held/ interested in	Approximate percentage of shareholding
姓名	身份/性質	持有/擁有權益之股份數目	股權概約百分比
Bright Creator 暉緯	Interests held jointly with other persons (Note 1) 與其他各方人士共同持有的權益(附註1)	18,630,000	1.68%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	376,531,400	34.07%
Mrs. Chan 陳太	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) 受控制法團權益(附註2)	376,531,400	34.07%
	Interests held jointly with other persons (Note 1) 與其他各方人士共同持有的權益(附註1)	18,630,000	1.68%
Sincere Expand Limited 誠開有限公司	Beneficial owner (Note 3) 實益擁有人(附註3)	66,912,500	6.05%

除上文所披露外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日，概無本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、相關股份或債權證內，擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文彼等被視為或視作擁有的權益及淡倉)；(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條記入該條所指的登記冊的權益及淡倉；或(c)根據標準守則將知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉。

B. 主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，相關人士/實體(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文通知本公司及聯交所或須記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊中須記錄的權益或淡倉如下：

於股份的好倉

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature	Number of shares held/ interested in	Approximate percentage of shareholding
姓名	身份/性質	持有/擁有權益 之股份數目	股權概約百分比
Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited ("Richmax")	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	66,912,500	6.05%
富盈投資(香港)有限公司 (「富盈」)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	16,750,000	1.51%
Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau ("Mr. Cheung")	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	83,662,500	7.57%
張元秋先生(「張先生」)	受控制法團權益(附註3)		
Mr. David Chu ("Mr. Chu")	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	83,662,500	7.57%
朱偉東先生(「朱先生」)	受控制法團權益(附註3)		
Ms. Tsang Siu Lan	Interest of spouse (Note 4) 配偶權益(附註4)	83,662,500	7.57%
曾笑蘭女士	配偶權益(附註4)		
Ms. Phyllis Woon Kink Cheng	Interest of spouse (Note 5) 配偶權益(附註5)	83,662,500	7.57%
鄭煥瓊女士	配偶權益(附註5)		
Ms. Cho Sin Sum Fion	Interest of spouse (Note 6) 配偶權益(附註6)	19,324,960	1.74%
曹倩心女士	配偶權益(附註6)		

Notes:

- Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator, together with Mr. Chan, are parties acting in concert (having the meaning ascribed to it under the Takeovers Code) pursuant to the concert party deed, the supplemental deed, the first amendment deed and second amendment deed dated 25 September 2015, 6 June 2016, 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, respectively. As such, Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator and Mr. Chan, together control approximately 35.75% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.
- Mrs. Chan owns 50% issued shares of Bright Creator. As such, Mrs. Chan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Bright Creator for the purposes of the SFO. Mrs. Chan is the spouse of Mr. Chan and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Chan has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- Sincere Expand Limited is an investment-holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and wholly-owned by Richmax. Each of Mr. Chu and Mr. Cheung owns approximately 46.67% and 40% issued shares of Richmax respectively. As such, each of Richmax, Mr. Chu and Mr. Cheung is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Sincere Expand Limited for the purposes of the SFO.

附註:

- 根據日期分別為二零一五年九月二十五日、二零一六年六月六日、二零一九年十月八日及二零二一年四月九日的一致行動人士契約、補充契約、第一份修訂契約及第二份修訂契約，陳太、暉緯連同陳先生為一致行動人士(具收購守則所賦予的涵義)。因此，陳太、暉緯連同陳先生共同控制本公司全部已發行股本的約35.75%。
- 陳太擁有暉緯已發行股份的50%。因此，就證券及期貨條例而言，陳太被視為或當作於暉緯持有的全部股份中擁有權益。陳太為陳先生的配偶，因此，就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於陳先生擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 誠開有限公司為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司，由富盈全資擁有。朱先生及張先生各自分別擁有富盈約46.67%及40%已發行股份。因此，就證券及期貨條例而言，富盈、朱先生及張先生被視作或被當作於誠開有限公司持有的所有股份中擁有權益。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

- Ms. Tsang Siu Lan is the spouse of Mr. David Chu and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. David Chu has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Phyllis Woon Kink Cheng is the spouse of Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Cho Sin Sum Fion is the spouse of Mr. David Chow and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. David Chow has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- 曾笑蘭女士為朱偉東先生的配偶，因此，就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於朱偉東先生擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 鄭煥瓊女士為張元秋先生的配偶，因此，就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於張元秋先生擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 曹倩心女士為周耀邦先生的配偶，因此，就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於周耀邦先生擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, as of 31 December 2022, no other persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had any interest or a short position in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文披露者外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日，概無其他人士／實體（除本公司董事及最高行政人員外）於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文通知本公司及聯交所或須記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊中須記錄的任何權益或淡倉。

Connected Transactions and Related Party Transactions

The Company had not entered into any connected transaction during the Reporting Period which is required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules. Related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Reporting Period are disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial Statements.

關連交易及關聯方交易

本公司於報告期內概無訂立任何關連交易而須根據上市規則須予披露。本集團於報告期內訂立的關聯方交易披露於財務報表附註40。

Other than the related party transaction disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial Statements, no transactions, arrangements, contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or his connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into or subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

除披露於財務報表附註40中的關聯方交易外，本公司或其任何附屬公司於報告期末或報告期內任何時間，並無簽訂或仍存續與本集團業務有關而董事或其關連實體在其中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重要交易、安排及合約。

2023 Annual General Meeting and Closure of Register of Members

The forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") is scheduled to be held at Li Bao House, 4th Floor of Century Square, 1-13 D'Aguiar Street, Central, Hong Kong on Tuesday, 20 June 2023 at 10:00 a.m.

二零二三年股東週年大會及暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

應屆股東週年大會（「股東週年大會」）將於二零二三年六月二十日（星期二）上午十時正於香港中環德己立街1-13號世紀廣場4樓利寶會館舉行

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 15 June 2023 to Tuesday, 20 June 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of the Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 2103B, 21st Floor, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 14 June 2023.

Change in Information of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the change of information of the Directors is set out below:

- On 28 December 2022, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace resigned as an independent non-executive director of Asia Television Holdings Limited (stock code: 707), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Events after the Reporting Date of 31 December 2022

Details of the events after the reporting date of 31 December 2022 has been disclosed in Management Discussion and Analysis section of this annual report. Save as disclosed therein and elsewhere in this annual report, the Board is not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

On behalf of the Board

Chan Chun Kit

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 29 March 2023

本公司將於二零二三年六月十五日(星期四)至二零二三年六月二十日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間將不會進行股份過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於二零二三年六月十四日(星期三)下午四時三十分前交回股份過戶登記處寶德隆證券登記有限公司,地址為香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室。

董事資料的變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料的變更載列如下:

- 於二零二二年十二月二十八日,李暢悅先生辭任聯交所主板上市公司亞洲電視控股有限公司(股份代號:707)的獨立非執行董事。

二零二二年十二月三十一日報告日後事項

二零二二年十二月三十一日報告日後事項詳情已披露於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節。除本文及本年報其他地方所披露者外,據董事會所知,於二零二二年十二月三十一日之後及直至本報告日期並無發生任何須予披露的重大事項。

代表董事會

主席兼行政總裁

陳振傑

香港,二零二三年三月二十九日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



To the Members of Li Bao Ge Group Limited
(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 130 to 254, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (“**the Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致利寶閣集團有限公司成員
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審核載於第130頁至第254頁利寶閣集團有限公司(「**貴公司**»)及其附屬公司(統稱「**貴集團**»)的綜合財務報表，此綜合財務報表包括於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表，及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，當中包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為，綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**»)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**»)真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其於截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「**香港審計準則**»)進行審核。我們於該等準則項下的責任在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中有詳述。根據香港會計師公會的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「**守則**»),我們獨立於 貴集團，並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$43,094,000 during the year ended 31 December 2022. As of that date, the Group had a net liabilities of approximately HK\$66,662,000 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$79,780,000. As stated in note 3.1, these conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

有關持續經營的重大不確定因素

我們提請閣下注意綜合財務報表附註3.1，其表明於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，貴集團產生淨虧損約43,094,000港元。截至該日期，貴集團的淨負債為約66,662,000港元及其流動負債超過其流動資產約79,780,000港元。誠如附註3.1所述，該等情況連同綜合財務報表附註3.1所載的其他事項表明，存在重大不確定因素可能對貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑慮。我們並無就此事項修改意見。

關鍵審計事項

根據我們的專業判斷，關鍵審計事項為我們認為對審核本年度綜合財務報表工作中最重要的事項。此等事項是我們在審核整體綜合財務報表及就此形成意見時進行處理的事項，我們不會就該等事項提供單獨的意見。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of restaurants

酒樓物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的賬面值

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

*Refer to notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements
請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及16*

The carrying value of the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$18,794,000 and HK\$62,847,000 respectively. The total depreciation charge and net impairment loss for the year ended 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$40,115,000 and HK\$16,962,000 respectively. 於二零二二年十二月三十一日，貴集團的物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產之賬面值分別約為18,794,000港元及62,847,000港元。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，總計折舊開支及減值虧損淨額分別約為40,115,000港元及16,962,000港元。

Depreciation rates, useful lives and the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are reviewed annually by the management. The Group carries these assets at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. The management considers each restaurant as an individual cash-generating unit as each restaurant generates independent cash flows. The Group determines the impairment provision based on the discounted cash flow forecasts of underperformed restaurants. The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts involves the exercise of significant management judgement, in particular, in estimating projected revenue, growth rate, operating margin and discount rate applied.

管理層每年對物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的折舊率、可使用年期及賬面值進行審查。貴集團將上述資產按成本減累計折舊及任何累計減值入賬。管理層將每間酒樓視為一個個別現金產生單位，原因為每間酒樓均產生獨立現金流量。貴集團根據表現不佳酒樓之現金流量預期折現釐定減值撥備。編製貼現現金流量預測涉及管理層作出重大判斷，尤其是估計所應用之預測收入、增長率、經營利潤率及折現率。

We have reviewed the management's estimates and assertions regarding, estimated useful lives and residual values of the property, plant and equipment. 我們已審閱管理層對物業、廠房及設備的估計可使用年期及剩餘價值的估計及聲明。

We have reviewed the management's estimates and assertions regarding, the appropriate lease term and incremental borrowing rate that used for recognising the right-of-use assets. 我們已審閱管理層就確認使用權資產所採用的適當租賃年期及遞增借款利率所作出的估計及聲明。

We have discussed the current status of leasehold improvements and right-of-use assets of each restaurant with the management team regarding any indicator of possible impairment identified. 我們已就任何可能出現減值的指標與管理層團隊討論每間酒樓的租賃裝修及使用權資產的現況。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of restaurants (Continued)

酒樓物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的賬面值 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

We identified the above assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter due to the carrying value of such assets are significant to the consolidated financial statements and high degree of management judgement was required in making assumptions and estimations.

由於物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的賬面值對綜合財務報表而言屬重大且管理層於作出假設及估計時需作高度判斷，因此我們將有關資產之上述評估識別為關鍵審計事項。

We have assessed the reasonableness of the projected revenue, growth rate and operating margin of the relevant restaurants used in the cash flow projections with reference to past results of operations of the restaurants and management's development plans.

我們參考酒樓過往的經營業績及管理層的發展計劃評估現金流量預測使用的相關酒樓的預測收入、增長率及經營利潤率的合理性。

We have reviewed the discount rate used in the cash flow projections by comparing to relevant external source of market data and tested mathematical accuracy of the cash flow projections.

我們已透過與相關外部市場數據來源進行比較審查現金流量預測使用的貼現率並測試現金流量預測的數學準確性。

We have assessed the reasonableness of management's assumptions and critical judgements by using the past restaurant operation experiences within the Group.

我們已根據本集團內過往酒樓的營運經驗，評估管理層的假設及關鍵判斷是否合理。

We concluded that management's conclusion and estimates on assessing the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to be consistent with the available evidence.

我們的結論是，管理層就評估物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的賬面值所作出的結論及估計與現有證據一致。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all information in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon ("the Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息承擔責任。其他信息包括年報中所包含的所有信息，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告（「其他信息」）。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息。我們亦不對其他信息發表任何形式的核證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言，我們的責任是閱讀其他信息，在此過程中，考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符，或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。

基於我們已完成的工作，倘若我們認為其他信息出現重大錯誤陳述，我們須報告該事實。我們就此並無須報告事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定，編製真實而公允的綜合財務報表，並負責董事認為就編製綜合財務報表所必需的內部控制，以確保綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時，董事須評估 貴集團持續經營的能力，並披露與持續經營有關的事項（如適用）。除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤，或停止營運，或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法，否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

審核委員會協助董事履行彼等監督 貴集團財務報告流程的責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標是合理保證此等綜合財務報表整體而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述，並發出包含審核意見的核數師報告。本報告僅為閣下(作為整體)而編製(按照雙方所協定的應聘條款)，並無其他用途。我們並不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任何義務或負上任何責任。

合理保證是高層次的保證，但不能擔保根據香港審計準則進行的審核工作總能發現所存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤。倘該等錯誤陳述個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時，則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

我們根據香港審計準則進行審核時的職責之一，是運用專業判斷，在整個審核過程中抱持職業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險，因應此等風險設計及執行審核程序，以及獲得充足及適當的審計憑證為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕內部控制，因此未能發現由欺詐造成的重大錯誤陳述風險比未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 了解與審計有關的內部控制，以設計恰當的審計程序，但並非旨在對貴集團之內部控制是否有效發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當，以及董事所作出的會計估算和相關披露是否合理。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

- 總結董事所採用、以持續經營為基礎的會計法是否恰當，並根據已獲取的審計憑證，總結是否存在可能對貴集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。倘若我們總結認為有重大不確定因素，我們須在核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內的相關資料披露，或在相關披露不足時修訂我們的意見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日期所獲得的審計憑證。然而，未來事件或情況可能導致貴集團不再具有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表（包括資料披露）的整體列報、架構、內容，以及綜合財務報表是否已公允地反映相關交易及事項。
- 就貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務資料獲得充足的審計憑證，以就綜合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責指導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。我們僅須為所提出的審核意見承擔責任。

我們就（其中包括）審計工作的計劃範圍和時間以及重大審計發現（包括我們在審計過程中發現的任何內部控制的重大缺失）與審核委員會溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明，確認我們已遵守與獨立性有關的道德要求，並就所有被合理認為可能影響我們獨立性的關係和其他事宜以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或應用的保障措施（如適用），與審核委員會溝通。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Kam Chuen.

TING HO KWAN & CHAN

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

9th Floor, Tung Ning Building
249–253 Des Voeux Road Central
Hong Kong
29 March 2023

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

我們通過與審核委員會溝通，我們確定對本年度綜合財務報表審計工作中最重要的事項，即關鍵審計事項。除非法律或法規不容許公開披露此等事項，或在極罕有的情況下，我們認為披露此等事項可合理預期的不良後果將超過公眾知悉此等事項的利益而不應在報告中予以披露，否則我們會在核數師報告中描述此等事項。

負責此審計工作與簽發獨立核數師報告的項目合夥人為黃錦全先生。

丁何關陳會計師行

執業會計師

香港
德輔道中249–253號
東寧大廈9樓
二零二三年三月二十九日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)* (經重列)*
Revenue	收益	8	135,552	274,566
Other income	其他收入	8	7,180	6,656
Other gain	其他收益		-	5
Cost of materials consumed	所耗材料成本		(51,730)	(106,399)
Employee benefits expense	僱員福利開支	9	(50,801)	(78,238)
Depreciation	折舊	10	(40,115)	(58,432)
Other expenses	其他開支	10	(44,355)	(74,658)
Operating loss	經營虧損		(44,269)	(36,500)
Gain on early termination of leases, net	提早終止租賃收益淨額		24,879	13
Impairment loss on amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	應收一名非控股股東款項 減值虧損		-	(9,858)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, net	物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損淨額	15	(6,015)	(406)
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets, net	使用權資產減值虧損淨額	16	(10,947)	(14,309)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	17	-	(28,695)
Finance costs	財務成本	11	(9,865)	(11,533)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損		(46,217)	(101,288)
Income tax	所得稅	12	3,123	1,150
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(43,094)	(100,138)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其他全面(虧損)/收入 可能於其後重新列入損益的 項目：			
Exchange difference arising from translation of financial statements of foreign operations	換算海外業務財務報表的匯 兌差額		(199)	982
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		(43,293)	(99,156)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)* (經重列)*
Loss attributable to:	以下人士應佔虧損：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(41,352)	(92,430)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,742)	(7,708)
		(43,094)	(100,138)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面虧損總額：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(41,913)	(91,369)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,380)	(7,787)
		(43,293)	(99,156)
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損	14	14
		HK cent (4.12) 港仙	HK cent (9.24) 港仙

*Note: Comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been restated for the change in accounting policy. Details of the restatements are set out in note 4.2 to these consolidated financial statement.

*附註：截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字已就會計政策變更進行重列。重列之詳情載於該等綜合財務報表附註4.2。

The notes on pages 138 to 254 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第138頁至第254頁的附註屬此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		As at 1 January 2021 於二零二一年 一月一日
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)* (經重列)*	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
	Notes 附註			
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	18,794	38,592
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	62,847	85,769
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	–	–
Rental deposits	租金按金		6,502	12,773
Deposits placed for life insurance policies	投購壽險保單保費	18	–	2,247
Deposit paid for property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備已付按金		–	–
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	35	3,244	320
			91,387	139,701
				239,822
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	9,412	13,893
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	21	1,603	2,302
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	22	13,745	10,250
Loan receivable	應收貸款	23	1,470	3,706
Current tax recoverable	可收回即期稅項		6	42
Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	應收一名非控股股東款項	24	–	–
Amounts due from related companies	應收關聯公司款項	40	7	9
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融資產	25	791	–
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	26	–	4,076
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27	23,503	26,817
			50,537	61,095
				85,542
Total assets	資產總額		141,924	200,796
				325,364

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

綜合財務狀況表 (續)

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		As at 1 January 2021 於二零二一年 一月一日
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)* (經重列)*	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
	Notes 附註			
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	28	11,051	10,000
Reserves	儲備		(72,651)	(50,756)
			(61,600)	(40,756)
			(5,062)	(3,682)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益			50,613
				4,105
Total (deficit)/equity	(虧絀)/權益總額		(66,662)	(44,438)
				54,718
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	74,794	102,999
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	34	3,475	3,833
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	35	-	-
			78,269	106,832
				135,684
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	29	11,638	16,646
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	30	50,640	32,443
Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder	應付一名非控股股東款項	24	1,262	723
Amounts due to related companies	應付關聯公司款項	40	1,117	307
Contract liabilities	合約負債	31	16,903	23,451
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	32	20,776	24,724
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	26,031	38,168
Current tax payable	應付即期稅項		-	28
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	34	1,950	1,912
			130,317	138,402
				134,962

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

綜合財務狀況表 (續)

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		As at 1 January 2021 於二零二一年 一月一日
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated)* (經重列)*	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
	Notes 附註			
Total liabilities	負債總額	208,586	245,234	270,646
Total (deficit)/equity and liabilities	總(虧絀)/權益及負債	141,924	200,796	325,364
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值	(79,780)	(77,307)	(49,420)

*Note: Comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been restated for the change in accounting policy. Details of the restatements are set out in note 4.2 to these consolidated financial statements.

*附註：截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的比較數字已就會計政策變更進行重列。重列之詳情載於該等綜合財務報表附註4.2。

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

於二零二三年三月二十九日董事會批准及授權發行此等綜合財務報表，並由以下人士代表簽署：

CHAN Chun Kit

陳振傑
Director
董事

CHAN Josephine Wai Sze

陳瑋詩
Director
董事

The notes on pages 138 to 254 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第138頁至第254頁的附註屬此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔						Non- controlling interests	Total equity/ (deficit) 權益/ (虧絀)總額
		Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Exchange translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total		
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 37) (附註37)	匯兌儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	(虧絀)總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2021 (as previously reported)	二零二一年一月一日的結餘(先前呈報)	10,000	98,884	42,396	(1,524)	(93,807)	55,949	4,105	60,054
Change in accounting policy (note 4)	會計政策變動(附註4)	-	-	-	(107)	(5,229)	(5,336)	-	(5,336)
Balance as at 1 January 2021 (restated)	二零二一年一月一日的結餘(重列)	10,000	98,884	42,396	(1,631)	(99,036)	50,613	4,105	54,718
Loss for the year (restated)	年內虧損(重列)	-	-	-	-	(92,430)	(92,430)	(7,708)	(100,138)
Currency translation differences (restated)	貨幣換算差額(重列)	-	-	-	1,061	-	1,061	(79)	982
Total comprehensive loss for the year (restated)	年內全面虧損總額(重列)	-	-	-	1,061	(92,430)	(91,369)	(7,787)	(99,156)
Balance as at 31 December 2021 (restated)	二零二一年十二月三十一日的結餘 (重列)	10,000	98,884	42,396	(570)	(191,466)	(40,756)	(3,682)	(44,438)
Balance as at 1 January 2022 (restated)	於二零二二年一月一日的結餘(重列)	10,000	98,884	42,396	(570)	(191,466)	(40,756)	(3,682)	(44,438)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	(41,352)	(41,352)	(1,742)	(43,094)
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	-	-	-	(561)	-	(561)	362	(199)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	(561)	(41,352)	(41,913)	(1,380)	(43,293)
Placing of new shares (note 28)	配售新股份(附註28)	1,051	20,018	-	-	-	21,069	-	21,069
Balance as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日的結餘	11,051	118,902	42,396	(1,131)	(232,818)	(61,600)	(5,062)	(66,662)

The notes on pages 138 to 254 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第138頁至第254頁的附註屬此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	27(b)	10,178	41,810
Income tax refunded, net	已退所得稅淨額		87	195
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得之現金淨額		10,265	42,005
Investing activities	投資活動			
Interest received	已收利息		202	304
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(3,361)	(4,132)
Payment of purchase of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	購買按公允值計入損益的金融資產的付款		(2,100)	–
Proceeds from disposal of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公允值計入損益的金融資產的所得款項		1,283	–
Proceeds from termination of the life insurance policy	終止壽險保單的所得款項		2,245	–
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		24	10
Net cash used in investing activities	於投資活動所用之現金淨額		(1,707)	(3,818)
Financing activities	融資活動			
Borrowing costs paid	已付借款成本	27(c)	(660)	(634)
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	27(c)	(2,846)	(2,791)
Repayment of loan from a director	償還董事貸款	27(c)	(4,000)	–
Proceeds from loan from a director	董事貸款的所得款項	27(c)	4,000	–
Proceeds from new bank borrowings	新銀行借款所得款項	27(c)	–	4,000
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金資本部分	27(c)	(18,464)	(32,069)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金利息部分	27(c)	(8,472)	(10,659)
Proceeds from placing of new shares, net	配售新股份的所得款項淨額	28	21,069	–
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額		(9,373)	(42,153)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

綜合現金流量表 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 減少淨額		(815)	(3,966)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物	27(a)	25,715	28,949
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響		(1,397)	732
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等價物	27(a)	23,503	25,715

The notes on pages 138 to 254 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第138頁至第254頁的附註屬此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

1 General Information

Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 1 September 2015 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company’s registered office and principal place of business are Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and Room B, 5/F, On Fat Industrial Building, 12–18 Kwai Wing Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong, respectively. The Company’s shares (the “**Shares**”) are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”).

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in the operation of a chain of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”).

2 Statement of Compliance With Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKASs**”) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”).

1 一般資料

利寶閣集團有限公司(「**本公司**」)於二零一五年九月一日根據開曼群島公司法(二零一三年修訂版)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處地址為Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands；主要營業地點為香港新界葵涌葵榮路12–18號安發工業大廈5樓B室。本公司股份(「**股份**」)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司，其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」)主要在香港及中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)從事中式酒樓連鎖店業務。

2 香港財務報告準則合規聲明

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表乃遵照所有適用香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)而編製，該統稱包括由香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之所有適用個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「**香港會計準則**」)及詮釋、香港普遍採納之會計準則及香港公司條例之披露規定。此等綜合財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)的適用披露規定。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group”).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”) which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except where otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 6.

3 主要會計政策概要

3.1 編製基準

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表涵蓋本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)(亦為本公司的功能貨幣)呈列。除另有指明者外，所有數值乃四捨五入至最接近千位數。

綜合財務報表以歷史成本法編製，惟按公允值計量的若干金融工具除外。

按照香港財務報告準則編製綜合財務報表時，需採用若干重大的會計估算。管理層亦需於採用本集團的會計政策時作出有關判斷。當中，涉及高度判斷、複雜之範疇，或對綜合財務報表而言屬重大影響的假設及估算，乃於附註6披露。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recorded a consolidated net loss of approximately HK\$43,094,000 and, as of that date, the Group had net liabilities of approximately HK\$66,662,000 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$79,780,000.

Notwithstanding the above results, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent upon the success of the Group's future operations, its ability to generate adequate cash flows in order to meet its obligations as and when fall due and its ability to refinance or restructure its borrowings such that the Group can meet its future working capital and financing requirements.

The Group has taken a number of measures to improve its liquidity position, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (i) the Group had interest-bearing bank borrowings of approximately HK\$20,776,000 as at 31 December 2022, of which approximately HK\$3,192,000 is repayable within one year. The remaining interest-bearing bank borrowings, amounting to approximately HK\$17,584,000 were classified as current liabilities due to the existence of a repayment on demand clause in the loan agreements. The Group will actively negotiate with the bank for the renewal of the Group's bank borrowings when they fall due in order to secure necessary funds to meet the Group's working capital and financial requirements in the foreseeable future. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group will be able to roll over or refinance the bank borrowings upon their maturity;

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.1 編製基準 (續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得綜合淨虧損約43,094,000港元，及截至該日，本集團的淨負債約為66,662,000港元及其流動負債超過其流動資產約79,780,000港元。

儘管存在上述業績，綜合財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製，其有效性取決於本集團未來業務的成功、產生充足現金流量以應付到期債務的能力以及再融資或重組其借款以令本集團可滿足其未來營運資金及融資需要的能力。

本集團已採取若干措施改善其流動資金狀況，包括但不限於以下方面：

- (i) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團的計息銀行借貸為約20,776,000港元，其中約3,192,000港元須於一年內償還。其餘約17,584,000港元的計息銀行借款由於貸款協議訂有按要求償還條款而被歸類為流動負債。本集團將積極與銀行協商，在本集團銀行借款到期時進行續期，以確保獲得必要的資金，滿足本集團在可見未來的營運資金及財務需求。董事認為，本集團將可於銀行借款到期時展期或再融資；

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (ii) the Group is actively negotiating with banks to obtain additional funds to finance the Group's working capital and improve the liquidity positions;
- (iii) the Group will continue to take active measures to control expenses through various channels including human resources optimisation and management remuneration adjustments; and
- (iv) a substantial shareholder of the Company has agreed to continuously provide financial support for the continuing operations of the Company so as to enable it to meet its liabilities when they fall due and carry on its business without a significant curtailment of operations.

After taking into consideration of the above factors and funds expected to be generated internally from operations based on the Directors' estimation on the future cash flows of the Group, the Directors are of the opinion that there will be sufficient financial resources available to the Group to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue its business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amount, to provide for future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities to current assets and liabilities respectively.

The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.1 編製基準 (續)

- (ii) 本集團正積極與銀行磋商，以取得新資金，為本集團的營運資金撥資及改善流動資金狀況；
- (iii) 本集團將繼續採取積極措施，通過各種渠道控制開支，包括優化人力資源及調整管理層薪酬；及
- (iv) 本公司一名主要股東已同意持續為本公司之持續營運提供財務支援，從而令其可償還其到期負債及開展其業務，而無需大幅縮減業務。

經考慮上述因素及基於董事對本集團未來現金流量的估計的預期來自業務內部資金後，董事認為本集團將有足夠財務資源償付其到期的債務，並持續經營。因此，董事已按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

萬一本集團無法按持續經營基準繼續業務，則需要作出調整，將資產價值撇減至其可回收金額，以為日後可能出現的負債計提撥備，並分別將非流動資產及負債重新分類為流動資產及負債。

此等潛在調整的影響尚未於綜合財務報表中反映。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.2 Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

Investments in subsidiaries are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.1 編製基準(續)

編製此等綜合財務報表時所採用的主要會計政策載列如下。除另有說明外，此等政策已貫徹應用於所有呈報年度。

3.2 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司乃由本集團控制的實體。當本集團享有或有權享有其參與實體所得的可變回報並有能力透過其對實體的權力影響該等回報時，則本集團控制該實體。於評估本集團是否擁有權力時，僅會考慮實際權利(由本集團及其他人士持有)。

於附屬公司的投資乃自控制開始當日綜合列入綜合財務資料，直至控制結束當日為止。集團內公司間結餘、交易及現金流量與集團內公司間交易所產生的任何未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。集團內公司間交易所產生的未變現虧損的抵銷方法與未變現收益相同，惟僅以無減值證據者為限。

倘某項附屬公司股權並非直接或間接歸屬於本公司，而本集團亦無與有關權益持有人協定任何額外條款，從而令本集團整體就該權益負有符合金融負債定義的合約責任，該項股權即屬非控股權益。於每次合併業務時，本集團可於公允值及非控股權益股份於附屬公司可識別淨資產的佔比之間，二擇其一用以計量每項非控股權益。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.2 Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with notes 3.18.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 3.10), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.2 附屬公司及非控股權益 (續)

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表內呈列於權益之下，與本公司擁有人應佔權益分開呈列。在本集團業績之中，會將年內損益總額及其他全面收益總額，在非控股權益及本公司擁有人之間進行分配，並將此視為非控股權益，呈列於綜合損益及其他全面收益表之上。來自非控股權益持有人的貸款，以及對該等持有人負有的其他合約責任，會根據附註3.18視作金融負債，在綜合財務狀況表呈列。

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動(未導致喪失控制權)入賬列作權益交易，於綜合權益內對控制及非控制權益金額作出調整以反映相關權益變動，但並未對商譽作出調整及並無確認收益或虧損。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權時，會入賬列作出售於該附屬公司的全部權益，而所產生之收益或虧損乃於損益內確認。前附屬公司於喪失控制權當日保留之任何利益乃按公允值確認，且該款項於初步確認金融資產時會被視為公允值，或(倘適用)於初步確認於聯營公司或合營企業投資時被視為成本。

於本公司財務狀況表內，於附屬公司的投資乃按成本減減值虧損列賬(請參閱附註3.10)，除非該投資被分類列作持作出售(或被列入分類列作持作出售的出售集團)則另作別論。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard; and

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.3 業務合併

收購業務以收購法入賬。業務合併所轉讓代價以公允值計量，而公允值按本集團所轉讓資產、本集團對被收購方前擁有人所產生負債以及本集團就交換被收購方控制權所發行股本權益於收購日期之公允值總和計算。收購相關成本一般於產生時於損益內確認。

於收購日期，所購入可識別資產及所承擔負債按其公允值確認，但以下各項除外：

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及有關僱員福利安排之資產或負債分別根據香港會計準則第12號所得稅及香港會計準則第19號僱員福利確認及計量；
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎支付安排或為替代被收購方以股份為基礎支付安排而訂立之本集團以股份為基礎支付安排有關之負債或股本工具，於收購日期根據香港財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎之支付計量(見下文會計政策)；
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售非流動資產及已終止經營業務分類為持作出售之資產(或出售組合)按該準則計量；及

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations (Continued)

- lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low-value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.3 業務合併 (續)

- 租賃負債按剩餘租賃付款 (定義見香港財務報告準則第16號) 之現值確認及計量，猶如收購之租賃於收購日期為新租賃，惟(a)租期於收購日期12個月內結束；或(b)相關資產為低價值的租賃除外。使用權資產按與相關租賃負債相同之金額確認及計量，並進行調整以反映與市場條件相比租賃之有利或不利條款。

商譽按所轉讓代價、於被收購方任何非控股權益之金額及收購方過往所持被收購方股本權益 (如有) 公允值總和超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期之淨額計量。倘於重新評估後，所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債之淨額超出所轉讓代價、於被收購方任何非控股權益之金額及收購方過往所持被收購方權益 (如有) 公允值之總和，差額即時於損益確認為按折價收購收益。

當本集團於一項業務合併轉移之代價包括或然代價安排，則或然代價乃按其收購日期之公允值計量，並計入作為於一項業務合併轉移之代價一部分。合資格作計量期間調整之或然代價之公允值變動乃追溯調整。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations (Continued)

Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the “measurement period” (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted retrospectively during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

3.4 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated. The value-in-use calculation requires the Directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGU and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.3 業務合併 (續)

計量期間調整為於「計量期間」(不得超過收購日期起計一年)因獲得於收購日期已存在事實及情況之額外資料而作出之調整。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合併發生之報告期末仍未完成，則本集團會就仍未完成會計處理之項目呈報暫定金額。該等暫定金額於計量期間(見上文)內作出追溯調整，並確認額外資產或負債，以反映獲得有關於收購日期已存在事實及情況之新資料，而倘知悉該等資料，將會影響於當日確認之金額。

3.4 商譽

收購業務所產生的商譽乃按於收購業務日期成立之成本(見上文會計政策)減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

釐定商譽是否減值時須估計已獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。計量使用價值時，董事須估計現金產生單位預期所產生之未來現金流量以及適當貼現率，以計量現值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.4 Goodwill (Continued)

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cash-generating unit (or a cash generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cash-generating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating units) retained.

3.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.4 商譽 (續)

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別) 會每年或於單位出現減值跡象時更頻繁地進行減值測試。就於報告期間進行收購產生之商譽而言，獲分配商譽之現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別) 會於報告期末前進行減值測試。倘可收回金額少於其賬面值，則減值虧損會首先分配以削減任何商譽的賬面值，並於其後按單位 (或現金產生單位組別) 內各資產的賬面值按比例分配至其他資產。

於出售相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別內的任何現金產生單位時，會於釐定出售溢利或虧損金額時計及商譽的應佔金額。當本集團出售現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別內的一個現金產生單位) 內的業務時，所出售商譽金額按所出售業務 (或現金產生單位) 與所保留現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別) 部分的相對價值計量。

3.5 無形資產 (商譽除外)

業務合併所收購之無形資產

業務合併所收購之無形資產乃與商譽分開確認並初步按收購日期之公允值 (被視為其成本) 確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination (Continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are recognised at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

– Trademarks	8 years
– Cooperation contracts	8 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.5 無形資產 (商譽除外) (續)

業務合併所收購之無形資產 (續)

於初步確認後，於業務合併所收購之有限定可使用年期之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損確認，基準與單獨收購之無形資產相同。於業務合併所收購無有限定可使用年期之無形資產按成本減任何其後累計減值虧損列賬。

有限使用年期的無形資產的攤銷是在資產的估計使用年期内以直線方式計入損益。以下具有有限使用年期的無形資產從其可使用之日起進行攤銷，其估計使用年期如下：

– 商標	8年
– 合作合約	8年

攤銷期限及方法均會每年審閱。

無形資產於出售或預期使用或出售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認無形資產產生之收益及虧損按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計算，並於終止確認資產時在損益內確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.6 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the “CODM”). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) of the Group who makes strategic decisions.

3.7 Foreign currency transactions

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Group’s entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”), which is also the Company’s functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within ‘other gains and losses’.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.6 分部呈報

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要營運決策人(「主要營運決策人」)提供的內部呈報一致。主要營運決策人負責分配資源及評估經營分部的表現，並已被識別為本集團進行策略性決策的行政總裁(「行政總裁」)。

3.7 外幣交易

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的綜合財務報表所包括的項目，乃按有關實體經營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣及呈列貨幣港元(「港元」)呈列。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易乃按交易日或項目重新計量估值日期的通行匯率換算為功能貨幣。該等交易結算以及以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按年末匯率換算產生的匯兌損益，於綜合損益及其他全面收益表確認。匯兌損益於綜合損益及其他全面收益表的「其他收益及虧損」呈列。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.7 Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of this consolidated statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each profit and loss account are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.7 外幣交易(續)

(c) 集團公司

本集團所有實體如持有與呈報貨幣不同的功能貨幣(其中並無任何實體持有通脹嚴重的經濟體系的貨幣),其業績和財務狀況均按以下方法兌換為呈報貨幣:

- (i) 每項財務狀況表的資產及負債均按照本綜合財務狀況表當日收市時的匯率折算為呈報貨幣;
- (ii) 每項損益表的收入和支出均按照平均匯率折算為呈報貨幣(惟倘此平均匯率未能合理地反映各交易日之匯率所帶來的概約累積影響,則收支項目按照交易日期之匯率折算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兌差額於其他全面收入內確認。

因收購海外實體而產生之商譽及公允值調整,均視作該海外實體之資產及負債處理,並以收市時的匯率折算。產生的貨幣換算差額於其他全面收入確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.7 Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

(c) Group companies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control) the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.7 外幣交易 (續)

(c) 集團公司 (續)

對於出售海外業務 (即出售本集團於海外業務中的全部權益，或者出售涉及喪失對擁有海外業務的附屬公司的控制權，或涉及喪失對擁有海外業務的共同控制實體的共同控制權，或涉及喪失對擁有海外業務的聯營公司的重大影響力)，就該項業務累計計入權益而歸屬於本公司權益持有人的所有匯兌差額均重新分類至損益。

對於並不導致本集團喪失對擁有海外業務的附屬公司的控制權的部分出售，累計匯兌差額中的比例份額重新歸屬於非控股權益而不在損益中確認。對於所有其他部分出售 (即本集團在聯營公司或共同控制實體中的所有權益的減少並不導致本集團喪失重大影響或共同控制權)，累計匯兌差額中的比例份額重新分類至損益。

3.8 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按過往成本減累計折舊列賬。過往成本包括購買該等項目直接產生的開支。倘個別項目的相關未來經濟利益可能流入本集團，而項目成本可準確計量，該項目之其後成本方會計入資產賬面值，或在適當情況下認列為獨立資產。更換部分之賬面金額不會被確認。所有其他維修及保養費用自其產生的財政期間的綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.8 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Shorter of 5 to 8 years and the unexpired lease term
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 5 years
Motor vehicles	4 to 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. No provision for depreciation is made on assets under construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and available for their intended use. On completion, the relevant assets is reclassified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (see note 15).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains and losses' in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.8 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

物業、廠房及設備折舊乃按下列方式以估計可使用年期將其成本按直線法分攤至其殘值(如有)計算:

租賃裝修	5至8年或未到期租賃期限之較短者
家具、裝置及設備	3至5年
汽車	4至5年

資產的殘值及可使用年期在各報告期末檢討，並在適當時調整。

在建工程指興建中或未安裝的物業、廠房及設備，並按成本減減值虧損(如有)列賬。在建工程之資產截至相關資產建設完成且可作擬定用途前不會計提折舊。就完工而言，有關資產於竣工及可供使用時重新分類至適當的物業、廠房及設備類別。

倘資產賬面值高於估計可收回金額，則資產賬面值即時撇減至其可收回金額(請參閱附註15)。

出售收益及虧損乃以比較所得款項及賬面值釐定，並於綜合損益及其他全面收益表的「其他收益及虧損」內確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.9 Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (note 3.10).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of right-of-use assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of right-of-use assets, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method as follows:

- The Group's interests in buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and the buildings' estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.
- Items of plant and equipment arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of the leases and their estimated useful lives.

Where parts of an item of right-of-use assets have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.9 使用權資產

因租賃物業的租賃而產生且本集團並非物業權益的註冊擁有人的使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損(附註3.10)列賬。

報廢或出售使用權資產項目所產生的損益以該項目的出售所得款項淨額與其賬面值之間的差額釐定，並於報廢或出售當日在損益內予以確認。

使用權資產折舊在扣除其估計剩餘價值(如有)後，以直線法撇銷其成本計算如下：

- 本集團於租賃土地上樓宇的權益在未屆滿租期及樓宇估計可使用年期(即於完成日期後50年內)(以較短者為準)折舊。
- 因租賃相關廠房及設備而產生的廠房及設備項目在未屆滿租期及其估計可使用年期(以較短者為準)折舊。

倘某項使用權資產的各部分具有不同可使用年期，則該項目的成本按合理基準在各部分之間進行分配，且各部分單獨計算折舊。資產的可使用年期及其剩餘價值(如有)每年均會進行檢討。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment.

Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

3.11 Financial assets

(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.10 非金融資產減值

擁有不確定可使用年期的商譽及無形資產毋須攤銷，惟須每年進行減值測試。

其他資產乃於發生事件或情況變動顯示其賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值檢討。減值虧損按資產賬面值超出其可收回金額的金額確認入賬。可收回金額指資產公允值減出售成本或使用價值的較高者。就評估減值而言，資產按獨立可識別現金流量(現金產生單位)的最低水平歸類。已減值的非金融資產(商譽除外)於各報告期末檢討是否可能撥回減值。

3.11 金融資產

(a) 金融資產之分類及計量

所有已確認金融資產其後按攤銷成本或公允值計量。

符合下列條件的債務工具其後按攤銷成本計量：

- 以收取合約現金流量為目標而持有金融資產的業務模式下所持有的金融資產；及
- 金融資產的合約條款於指定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還的本金利息。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The Group's rental deposits, deposits placed for life insurance policies, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivable, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, amounts due from related companies, pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.11 金融資產 (續)

(a) 金融資產之分類及計量 (續)

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按公允值計入其他全面收入 (「按公允值計入其他全面收入」) 計量：

- 以收取合約現金流量及出售達致目標的業務模式下所持有的金融資產；及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還的本金利息。

所有其他金融資產其後默認按公允值計入損益 (按公允值計入損益) 計量。

本集團的租金按金、壽險保單、貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、應收貸款、應收非控股股東款項、應收關聯公司款項、已抵押銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物隨後按攤銷成本計量。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(b) Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit loss (“ECL”), through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance.

On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the “Other income” (note 8).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.11 金融資產 (續)

(b) 攤銷成本及實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具攤銷成本及於有關期間分配利息收入的方法。

實際利率指確切地在債務工具的預計年期內或(如適用)較短時期內，將估計未來現金收入(包括所有屬於實際利率一部份的已付或已收費用及利率差價、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓，不包括預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」))折現至初步確認時債務工具總賬面值的利率。金融資產的攤銷成本指金融資產於初步確認時計量的金額減去本金還款，加上使用實際利率法計算的初始金額與到期金額之間任何差額的累計攤銷(就任何虧損撥備作出調整)。

另一方面，金融資產的總賬面值指金融資產就任何虧損撥備作出調整前的攤銷成本。

對於隨後以攤銷成本計量的債務工具，利息收入乃使用實際利率法確認。利息收入乃根據對金融資產的總賬面值應用實際利率計算，惟隨後出現信貸減值的金融資產除外。就其後成為信貸減值的金融資產而言，利息收入將實際利率應用於金融資產攤銷成本確認。

利息收入於損益確認並計入「其他收入」(附註8)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.12 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including rental deposits, deposits placed for life insurance policies, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivable, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, amounts due from related companies, cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits).

Other financial assets measured at fair value are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.12 抵銷金融工具

倘有法律上可強制執行的權利抵銷已確認金額以及有意按淨基準進行結算，或同步變現資產及結算負債，則將金融資產及負債抵銷，並在綜合財務狀況表呈報淨金額。法定可強制執行權利不得依賴未來事件而定，且在一般業務過程中以及在本公司或對手方出現違約、無償債能力或破產時須可強制執行。

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貨虧損及金融資產減值

本集團就下列項目確認預期信貨虧損（「預期信貨虧損」）的虧損撥備：

- 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產（包括租賃按金、投購壽險保單保費、貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、應收貸款、應收一名非控股股東款項、應收關聯公司款項、現金及現金等價物以及已抵押銀行存款）。

按公允值計量的其他金融資產不受預期信貨虧損模式評估。

計量預期信貨虧損

預期信貨虧損乃信貨虧損的概率加權估算。信貨虧損以所有預期現金差額（即根據合約應付本集團的現金流量與本集團預期將收取的現金流量之間的差額）的現值計量。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

For undrawn loan commitments, expected cash shortfalls are measured as the difference between (i) the contractual cash flows that would be due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitment draws down on the loan and (ii) the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate;
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable;
- loan commitments: current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損及金融資產減值 (續)

計量預期信貸虧損 (續)

就未提取之貸款承擔而言，預期現金差額乃按(i)在貸款承擔持有人提取貸款的情況下應付本集團的合約現金流量與(ii)在貸款被提取的情況下本集團預期將收取的現金流量之間的差額計量。

倘貼現影響重大，則預期現金差額乃採用以下貼現率貼現：

- 定息金融資產、貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產：於初始確認時釐定的實際利率或其近似值；
- 浮息金融資產：即期實際利率；
- 應收租賃款項：計量應收租賃款項時使用的貼現率；
- 貸款承擔：就現金流量特定風險調整的即期無風險利率。

估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的最長期間為本集團承受信貸風險的最長合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時，本集團會考慮在無需付出過多成本或努力下即可獲得的合理而具理據支持的資料，包括有關過往事件、現時狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的資料。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables, lease receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments (including loan commitments issued), the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損及金融資產減值 (續)

計量預期信貸虧損 (續)

預期信貸虧損乃按以下基準計量：

- 12個月預期信貸虧損：指預期因報告日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的虧損；及
- 存續期預期信貸虧損：指在應用預期信貸虧損模型的項目的預期年期內因所有可能違約的事件而導致的虧損。

貿易應收款項、租賃應收款項及合約資產的虧損撥備一般按等同於整個有效期的預期信貸虧損的金額計量。於報告日期，該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據本集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗使用提列矩陣進行評估，根據債務人的特定因素及對當前及預計一般經濟狀況的評估進行調整。

就所有其他金融工具（包括已發放的貸款承擔）而言，本集團會以相等於12個月的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備，除非自初步確認後該金融工具的信貸風險顯著增加，在此情況下，虧損撥備會以相等於存續期預期信貸虧損的金額計量。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貨虧損及金融資產減值 (續)

信貨風險大幅增加

評估金融工具的信貨風險自初步確認以來有否大幅上升時，本集團會比較於報告日期及於初步確認日期評估的金融工具發生違約的風險。於作出重新評估時，本集團認為，倘(i)借款人不大可能在本集團無追索權採取變現抵押(如持有)等行動的情況下向本集團悉數支付其信貨債務；或(ii)金融資產已逾期90日，則構成違約事件。本集團會考慮合理可靠的定量及定性資料，包括過往經驗及在無需付出不必要成本或努力下即可獲得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是，於評估信貨風險自初步確認以來有否大幅增加時，會考慮下列資料：

- 未能按合約到期日期支付本金或利息；
- 金融工具的外部或內部信貨評級(如有)的實際或預期顯著惡化；
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期重大惡化；及
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境的目前或預期變動對債務人履行其對本集團責任的能力有重大不利影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

For loan commitments, the date of initial recognition for the purpose of assessing ECLs is considered to be the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considers changes in the risk of default occurring on the loan to which the loan commitment relates.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVTOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損及金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

就貸款承擔而言，評估預期信貸虧損的初步確認日期被視為本集團成為不可撤銷承擔訂約方的日期。於評估貸款承擔初步確認起信貸風險是否大幅增加時，本集團會考慮與貸款承擔相關的貸款發生的拖欠風險變動。

視乎金融工具的性質，信貸風險大幅增加的評估乃按個別基準或共同基準進行。倘評估為按共同基準進行，金融工具則按共同的信貸風險特徵(如逾期狀況及信貸風險評級)進行分組。

預期信貸虧損於各報告日期進行重新計量以反映金融工具自初步確認以來的信貸風險變動。預期信貸虧損的任何變動均會於損益內確認為減值收益或虧損。本集團就所有金融工具確認減值收益或虧損，並通過虧損撥備賬對彼等之賬面值作出相應調整，惟於其他全面收入確認虧損撥備及於公允值儲備(轉撥)累計的按公允值計入其他全面收入(轉撥)的債務證券投資除外。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset, lease receivable or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

3.14 Contract assets and Contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 3.26) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) in accordance with the policy set out in note 3.13 and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 3.15).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 3.26). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 3.26).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貨虧損及金融資產減值 (續)

撇銷政策

倘日後實際上不可收回款項，則本集團會撇銷（部分或全部）金融資產、租賃應收款項或合約資產的總賬面值。該情況通常出現在本集團確定債務人並無資產或可產生足夠現金流量的收入來源以償還應撇銷的金額。

隨後收回先前撇銷的資產於收回期間在損益內確認為減值撥回。

3.14 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產乃於本集團在無條件有權根據合約所載的付款條款收取代價之前確認收益（請參閱附註3.26）時確認。合約資產乃根據附註3.13所載政策就預期信貨虧損（「預期信貨虧損」）作出評估，並於代價權利成為無條件時重新分類至應收款項（請參閱附註3.15）。

合約負債於客戶在本集團確認相關收益前支付代價時確認（請參閱附註3.26）。倘本集團於本集團確認相關收益前擁有無條件接納代價的權利，則會確認合約負債。在此情況下，亦將確認相應的應收賬款。

倘合約包含重大融資部分時，合約餘額包括按實際利率法產生的利息（請參閱附註3.26）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.15 Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses. See note 3.11 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade and other receivables and note 3.13 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses ("ECLs") in accordance with the policy set out in note 3.13.

3.17 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.15 貿易及其他應收款項

當本集團具有無條件收取代價的權利時，會確認應收款項。倘在該代價到期支付之前僅需經過一段時間，則具有無條件收取代價的權利。倘收益已於本集團具有無條件收取代價的權利之前確認，則有關金額乃作為一項合約資產呈列。

應收款項乃按採用實際利率法計算的攤銷成本減去信貸損失撥備列賬。有關本集團貿易及其他應收款項的會計處理的進一步資料，請參閱附註3.11，而有關本集團減值政策的說明，則請參閱附註3.13。

3.16 現金及現金等價物

於綜合現金流量表內的現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存款及其他原到期日為三個月或以內的短期高流動性投資。現金及現金等價物乃按照附註3.13所載的政策評估預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)。

3.17 股本

普通股乃分類列作權益。發行新股或期權直接應佔的增量成本，乃於權益內列示為所得款項的一項扣減(扣除稅項後)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.18 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

3.19 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facilities to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.18 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項為在日常業務過程中向供應商購買商品或服務的付款責任。倘於一年或以內(或如屬較長時間,則在業務的正常經營週期內)到期,則分類為流動負債。否則,貿易及其他應付款項呈列為非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公允值確認。於初步確認後,貿易及其他應付款項按攤銷成本列賬,除非貼現的影響並不重大,在該情況下則按發票金額列賬。

3.19 借款

借款初步按公允值扣除所產生交易成本確認。借款隨後按攤銷成本入賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值之間的任何差額以實際利率法於借款期間於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確認。

於設立貸款融資時支付的費用,在可能提取部分或全部融資時確認為貸款的交易成本。在此情況下,該費用會遞延至提取融資為止。倘並無證據顯示將有可能提取部分或全部融資,則費用會資本化為流動資金服務的預付款項,並在融資相關期間攤銷。

除非本集團具有無條件權利將負債的結算遞延至報告日期後最少十二個月,否則借款歸類為流動負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.20 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred since no borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualified assets.

3.21 Current and deferred tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current tax

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.20 借款成本

所有借款成本於其產生期間在綜合損益及其他全面收益表確認，原因是借款成本並非直接因合資格資產的收購、建設或製造而產生。

3.21 即期及遞延稅項

年內稅項開支包括即期及遞延稅項。除與在其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認的項目有關的稅項外，其餘稅項均在綜合損益及其他全面收益表內確認。在此情況下，稅項分別在其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。

(a) 即期稅項

即期稅項支出按本公司附屬公司經營及產生應課稅收入所在國家於報告日期已頒佈或實際頒佈的稅法計算。管理層定期就適用稅務法例詮釋所規限的情況評估報稅情況，並於適當時按預期向稅務機關繳付的金額作出撥備。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.21 Current and deferred tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.21 即期及遞延稅項 (續)

(b) 遞延稅項

遞延稅項乃以負債法就資產及負債的稅基與於綜合財務狀況表的賬面值之間的暫時差額確認。然而，倘遞延稅項源自業務合併以外交易初步確認的資產或負債，而在交易時並不影響會計或應課稅損益，則不予入賬處理。遞延稅項以於報告日期已頒佈或實際頒佈的稅率（及法例）而釐定，並預期於相關遞延所得稅資產變現或遞延所得稅負債清償後採用。

遞延稅項資產僅於可能有未來應課稅利潤用以抵銷可動用暫時差額的情況下確認。

倘本公司能夠控制撥回暫時性差額的時間，且該等差額可能不會於可見將來撥回，則不會於海外業務的投資賬面值與稅基之間的暫時性差額確認遞延稅項負債及資產。

(c) 抵銷

倘有可依法強制執行權利將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷，且遞延稅項資產及負債與同一稅務機關就一個或不同應課稅實體徵收的所得稅有關，而有關實體有意按淨額基準結算結餘時，遞延稅項資產與負債將會互相抵銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligation

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the “MPF Scheme”) in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group’s employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The full-time employees of the Group in the PRC are covered by various government-sponsored basic pension insurance under which the employees are entitled to a monthly pension based on certain formulas. The relevant government agencies are responsible for the pension liability to these retired employees. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these pension plans. Under these plans, the Group has no obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expenses as incurred and contributions paid to the defined-contribution pension plans for a staff are not available to reduce the Group’s future obligations to such defined-contribution pension plans even if the staff leaves the Group.

The Group’s contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period they incurred.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.22 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例，為合資格參與強積金計劃的僱員，於香港設立界定供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）。供款乃以僱員的基本薪金百分比作出，並根據強積金計劃的規則於應付時在損益內扣除。當本集團向強積金計劃供款後，僱員有權完全享有僱主供款。

本集團的中國全職僱員參與多個政府資助的基本退休金保險計劃，據此，僱員可享有按若干公式計算的每月退休金。相關政府部門負責支付該等退休僱員的退休金責任。本集團按月對該等退休金計劃作出供款。根據該等計劃，倘本集團已作出供款，則並無進一步的退休福利責任。向該等計劃作出的供款於產生時列作開支，即使員工離開本集團，為員工向定額供款退休金計劃支付的供款不可用作扣減本集團於未來向該等定額退休金計劃供款的責任。

本集團的供款於產生期間計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

The PRC employees of the Group are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurance and other employee social insurance plan. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period, and recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

(c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(d) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination when the Group has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees without possibility of withdrawal. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after the reporting date are discounted to their present value.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.22 僱員福利 (續)

(b) 住房公積金、醫療保險及其他社保

本集團的中國僱員可參與多個政府監管的住房供款、醫療保險及其他僱員社保計劃。本集團每月按僱員薪金的若干百分比對該等基金作出供款，以若干上限為限。本集團就該等基金的責任限於各期間應付的供款，並於供款到期時確認為僱員福利開支。

(c) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享年假乃於計予僱員時確認。僱員因提供服務而產生的應享年假乃按截至報告日期的年假估計負債作出撥備。

僱員應享病假及分娩假期僅於支取時確認。

(d) 離職福利

離職福利於僱用在正常退休日期前被本集團終止，或當僱員接受自願遣散以換取此等福利時支付。倘本集團根據詳細正式計劃終止現有僱員的僱用（沒有撤回的可能），則屬本集團在表明確定終止時確認離職福利。因提出要約以鼓勵自願遣散而提供的離職福利乃按預期接受要約的僱員人數釐定。在報告日期後超過十二個月支付的福利貼現為現值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits (Continued)

(e) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(f) Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments to its employees in Hong Kong upon cessation of their employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefits that the employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods.

A provision is recognised in respect of the probable future long service payments expected to be made. The provision is based on the best estimate of the probable future payments which have been earned by the employees from their service to the Group to the end of the reporting period.

3.23 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in-first out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.22 僱員福利 (續)

(e) 花紅計劃

本集團就花紅確認負債及開支。本集團就合約責任或過往經驗已產生推定責任而確認撥備。

(f) 長期服務金

根據香港僱傭條例，本集團在若干情況下終止聘用香港員工而須向其支付的長期服務金負擔淨額，為僱員因本期及過往年期提供服務而賺取的未來利益金額回報。

本集團已就可見將來預期作出的長期服務金確認撥備。該撥備乃根據僱員截至報告期末因其向本集團提供服務而賺取於可見將來的款項所作最佳估計而計算。

3.23 存貨

存貨乃以成本及可變現淨值之較低者列賬。成本乃採用先入先出法計算。可變現淨值指存貨的估計售價減去所有估計完工成本及進行銷售所需的成本。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.24 Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Other provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3.25 Provision for reinstatement costs

Provision for reinstatement costs represents the present value of the estimated cost for the restoration work of the Group's leased retail shops agreed to be carried out upon the expiry of the relevant leases using a risk-free pre-tax interest rate. The provision has been determined by the Directors based on their best estimates. The related reinstatement costs have been included as leasehold improvements in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.24 其他撥備及或然負債

當本集團須就過往事件承擔法定或推定責任，且履行責任可能須流出經濟利益並可作出可靠估計時，便會就尚未肯定時間或金額之其他負債確認其他撥備。倘貨幣的時間價值重大，則按預計履行該責任所需支出之現值計提準備。

倘不大可能要求流出經濟利益，或有關數額無法可靠估計，則該責任披露為或然負債，惟流出經濟利益之可能性極低則除外。須視乎一宗或多宗未來事件是否發生方可確定存在與否的可能責任亦披露為或然負債，惟流出經濟利益之可能性極低則除外。

3.25 修復成本撥備

修復成本撥備指協定將於相關租約屆滿時，就本集團租賃零售店舖進行修復工作而採用無風險稅前利率計算的估計成本的現值。撥備已由董事按其最佳估計釐定。有關修復成本已作為租賃裝修計入綜合財務狀況表。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.26 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenues are recognised when or as the control of the good or service is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the good or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The Group can recognise revenue over time if the Group meets one of the following conditions:

- provides the benefits which are received and consumed simultaneously by the customer as the Group performs;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods and services.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.26 收益確認

客戶合約收入

收益於貨品或服務的控制權轉移至客戶時確認。貨品或服務的控制權是在一段時間內或某一時間點轉移，取決於合約的條款與適用於合約的法律規定。倘本集團符合下列條件之一，則本集團能夠在一段時間內確認收益：

- 於本集團履約時提供由客戶同時收到及耗用的利益；
- 本集團履約時創建及優化由客戶控制的資產；或
- 並無產生對本集團有替代用途的資產，且本集團可強制執行其權利以收取累計至今已完成履約部分的款項。

倘資產的控制權在一段時間內轉移，則收益乃於整個合約期間經參考完成履行履約責任的進度確認。否則，收益會於客戶獲得貨品或服務控制權的時間點確認。

倘合約包含融資部分，為客戶提供重大融資利益超過12個月，則收益按以與客戶進行的個別融資交易所反映貼現率貼現的應收款項現值計量，而利息收入則按實際利率法獨立累計。倘合約包含融資部分，該融資部份為本集團提供重大融資利益，則根據該合約確認的收益包括按實際利率法計算合約責任產生的利息開支。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.26 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Further details of the Group's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

(a) *Revenue from restaurant operations*

Revenue is recognised at a particular point in time when customers have control over the goods, which is generally the time when the related catering services are rendered to customers.

(b) *Revenue from sale of food ingredients*

Revenue from sale of food ingredients consists of sales of dried foods sold to third parties and is recognised at a particular point in time when customers have control over the goods, which generally coincides with the date of delivery.

(c) *Revenue from cooperation with Freshippo*

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when customers have control over the goods, which is generally the time when the goods is delivered to or consumed by the customers.

Other income

Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 3.11).

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.26 收益確認 (續)

客戶合約收入 (續)

有關本集團收益確認政策的進一步詳情如下：

(a) *酒樓業務收益*

於客戶具有對貨品的控制權的特定時間點(通常為向客戶提供相關餐飲服務的時間)確認收益。

(b) *銷售食材收益*

銷售食材收益包括銷售予第三方的乾製食品，並在客戶對貨品具有控制權的特定時間點(一般與交貨日期一致)確認。

(c) *與盒馬合作收益*

於客戶具有對貨品的控制權的特定時間點(通常為向客戶交付貨品或客戶消耗貨品的時間)確認收益。

其他收入

利息收入

利息收入於產生時按實際利率法以財務資產預期年限的估計未來現金收入完全折現為財務資產的賬面總額之利率確認。就按攤銷成本或按公允值計入其他全面收入(轉撥)計量且並無出現信貸減值的財務資產而言，按資產的總賬面值採用實際利率。就出現信貸減值的財務資產而言，資產的攤銷成本(即扣除虧損撥備的總賬面值)採用實際利率(請參閱附註3.11)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.27 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.27 租賃

本集團會於合約初始生效時評估該合約是否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的權利，則該合約屬租賃或包含租賃。倘客戶有權主導可識別資產的使用及從該使用中獲取幾乎所有的經濟收益，則表示控制權已轉讓。

作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分，本集團選擇不將非租賃部分單獨處理，並就所有租賃將每項租賃部分及相關的任何非租賃部分按單一租賃部分入賬處理。

於租賃開始日期，本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債，惟租賃期為12個月或更短的短期租賃及低價值資產的租賃除外。當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃時，本集團按每項租賃情況決定是否將租賃資本化。與該等不作資本化租賃相關的租賃付款在租賃期內按系統基準確認為開支。

當將租賃資本化時，租賃負債初步按租賃期內應付租賃付款的現值確認，並使用租賃中隱含的利率或（倘該利率不可直接釐定）使用相關的遞增借款利率貼現。

初步確認後，租賃負債按攤銷成本計量，而利息開支則採用實際利率法計算。不取決於某一指數或比率的可變租賃付款不包括在租賃負債的計量，因此於其產生的會計期間於損益中支銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.27 Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 3.9).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("**lease modification**") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.27 租賃 (續)

作為承租人 (續)

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權資產初步按成本計量，包括租賃負債的初始金額加上在開始日期或之前支付的任何租賃付款，以及產生的任何初步直接成本。在適用情況下，使用權資產的成本亦包括拆除及移除相關資產或還原相關資產或該資產所在地而產生的估計成本，該成本須折現至其現值並扣除任何收取的租賃優惠。使用權資產隨後按成本減去累計折舊及減值虧損列賬（見附註3.9）。

當未來租賃付款因某一指數或比率變動而變更，或當本集團預期根據殘值擔保估計預期應付的金額有變，或因重新評估本集團是否合理地確定將行使購買、續租或終止選擇權而產生變動，則會重新計量租賃負債。按此方式重新計量租賃負債時，使用權資產的賬面值將作相應調整，或倘使用權資產的賬面值已減至零，則於綜合損益內列賬。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合同原先並無規定的租賃代價發生變化（「**租賃修改**」），且未作為單獨的租賃入賬時，則亦要對租賃負債進行重新計量。在該等情況下，租賃負債根據經修訂的租賃付款和租賃期限，使用經修訂的貼現率在修改生效日重新計量。

本集團將使用權資產及租賃負債分別呈列於綜合財務狀況表。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.28 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the members of the Company and its subsidiaries is recognised as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders or director, where appropriate, of the respective companies.

3.29 Financial guarantee contract liabilities

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL and do not arise from a transfer of a financial asset, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policies.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be acquired without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.28 股息分派

向本公司及其附屬公司股東作出的股息分派在股息獲各公司股東或董事(如適用)批准的期間於綜合財務狀況表內確認為負債。

3.29 財務擔保合約負債

財務擔保合約規定，當特定債務人未能根據債務工具內的條款於到期日償還債務，發行人便須給予特定款項以償還持有人的損失。

財務擔保合約負債初始按其公允值計量，而倘未指定為以公允值計量並計入損益及並非產生自金融資產的轉讓，則隨後按以下較高者計量：

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號釐定的損失準備的金額；及
- 根據收入確認政策，初始確認的金額減(倘適用)確認的累計攤銷。

財務擔保的公允值釐定為債務工具所需合約付款與無擔保情況下所須付款的現金流量差額現值，或第三方承擔責任而應付第三方的估計金額。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.30 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.30 關聯方

- (a) 倘屬以下人士，即該人士或該人士的近親與本集團有關連：
- (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響；或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件，即實體與本集團有關連：
- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的成員公司（即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關連）。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業（或另一實體為成員公司的集團旗下成員公司的聯營公司或合營企業）。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三方的合營企業。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3.30 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third party and the other entity is an associate of third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

3 主要會計政策概要 (續)

3.30 關聯方 (續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件，即實體與本集團有關連：(續)
- (iv) 一家實體為第三方的合營企業，而另一實體為該第三方的聯營公司。
- (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連的實體就僱員利益設立的離職福利計劃。
- (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制。
- (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體母公司)主要管理層成員。
- (viii) 實體或任何其所屬集團的任何成員向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

某人士的近親是指與該實體交易時預期可影響該人士或受該人士影響的家庭成員。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

4 Changes in Accounting Policies

4.1 The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to HKFRSs, which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The Group has adopted the following amendments to HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's consolidated financial statements:

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

4 會計政策變動

4.1 香港會計師公會已頒佈若干於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的會計期間生效的香港財務報告準則修訂本。本集團已就本年度之綜合財務報表首次採納以下香港財務報告準則修訂本：

香港財務報告準則的年度改進	二零一八年至二零二零年週期 香港財務報告準則的年度改進
香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	對概念框架的提述
香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)	物業、廠房及設備：作擬定用途前的所得款項
香港會計準則第37號 (修訂本)	虧損性合約－履行合約的成本

除下文所述者外，於本年度應用香港財務報告準則(修訂本)並無對本集團於本期間及過往期間的財務表現及狀況及／或該等綜合財務報表所載之披露造成重大影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

4 Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued)

4.1 (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before intended use

The amendments prohibit an entity from deducting the proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment. Instead, the sales proceeds and the related costs should be included in profit and loss. The amendments do not have a material impact on these consolidated financial statements as the Group does not sell items produced before an item of property, plant and equipment is available for use.

The Group has not applied any other new standard, amendment or interpretation that has been issued but is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

- 4.2** The Group reassessed its accounting policy for property, plant and equipment with respect to the class of crockery, utensils and linens. The Group had previously capitalised the initial expenditure incurred for crockery, utensils and linens with no depreciation was provided thereon and recognised the cost of subsequent replacement for these items in profit or loss when incurred. In the current reporting period, the Directors of the Company, to cope with the recent economic environment and prevailing industry practices, determined to recognise all expenditures for crockery, utensils and linens in profit or loss when incurred. The Directors believe that the new accounting policy provides more consistent, reliable and relevant information to the users of the Group's financial statements to understand the financial performance and the financial position of the Group.

The change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures for the corresponding comparative prior periods have been restated.

4 會計政策變動 (續)

4.1 (續)

香港會計準則第16號之修訂本，物業、廠房及設備：擬定用途前所得款項

該等修訂本禁止實體從物業、廠房及設備項目之成本扣除出售該資產可使用前所生產項目之所得款項。相反，銷售所得款項及相關成本應計入損益。該等修訂本對該等綜合財務報表並無重大影響，原因是本集團並無出售物業、廠房及設備項目可使用前所生產之項目。

本集團於現時會計期間並未應用任何其他已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂準則、修訂本或詮釋。

- 4.2** 本集團重新評估其有關器具、餐具及布單類別的物業、廠房及設備的會計政策。本集團先前將器具、餐具及布單產生的初步開支資本化及並無就此計提折舊，並於產生時於損益確認其後更換該等物品的成本。於本報告期間，為與近期經濟環境及現行行業慣例保持一致，本集團董事決定於產生時於損益確認器具、餐具及布單的所有開支。董事認為，新會計政策為本集團財務報表的使用者提供更加一致、可靠及相關的資料，以了解本集團的財務表現及財務狀況。

會計政策變動已追溯入賬，並已重列相應可比過往期間的可比數字。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

4 Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued)

4.2 (Continued)

The tables below illustrate the affected financial statements line items upon the application of the new accounting policy for the prior periods:

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2021 (extract)

4 會計政策變動 (續)

4.2 (續)

下表說明就先前期間應用新會計政策後受影響的財務報表項目：

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合全面收益表 (節選)

		As previously reported 2021 先前呈報 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Impact of restatements 重列之影響 HK\$'000 千港元	As restated 2021 經重列 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other expenses	其他開支	(74,678)	20	(74,658)
Operating loss	經營虧損	(36,520)	20	(36,500)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損	(101,308)	20	(101,288)
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(100,158)	20	(100,138)
Exchange difference arising from translation of financial statements of foreign operations	換算海外業務財務報表產生的匯兌差額	1,104	(122)	982
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	(99,054)	(102)	(99,156)
Loss attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔虧損： 本公司擁有人	(92,450)	20	(92,430)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔全面虧損總額： 本公司擁有人	(91,267)	(102)	(91,369)
		HK cent 港仙	HK cent 港仙	HK cent 港仙
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損	(9.25)	0.01	(9.24)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

4 Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued) 4 會計政策變動 (續)

4.2 (Continued)

Consolidated statement of financial position
(extract)

4.2 (續)

綜合財務狀況表 (節選)

		As previously reported 31 December 2021 先前呈報 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Impact of restatements 重列之影響 HK\$'000 千港元	As restated 31 December 2021 經重列 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	44,629	(6,037)	38,592
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	–	320	320
Total assets	資產總額	206,513	(5,717)	200,796
Non current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	279	(279)	–
Equity	權益			
Reserves	儲備	(45,318)	(5,438)	(50,756)
Total deficit and liabilities	總虧絀及負債	206,513	(5,717)	200,796

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

4 Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued) 4 會計政策變動 (續)

4.2 (Continued)

Consolidated statement of financial position
(extract) (Continued)

4.2 (續)

綜合財務狀況表 (節選) (續)

		As previously reported 1 January 2021 先前呈報 二零二一年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Impact of restatements 重列之影響 HK\$'000 千港元	As restated 1 January 2021 經重列 二零二一年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	63,216	(5,919)	57,297
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	852	583	1,435
Total assets	資產總額	330,700	(5,336)	325,364
Equity	權益			
Reserves	儲備	45,949	(5,336)	40,613
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債	330,700	(5,336)	325,364

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposures to changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk arises when recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Group entities' functional currency. Most of the income and expenditures of the Group are denominated in HK\$ and RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Even HK\$ is not pegged to RMB, the historical exchange rate fluctuation on RMB is insignificant. Thus there is no significant exposure expected on RMB transactions and balances. Hence, the Group does not have any material foreign exchange exposure. The Group has not implemented or entered into any type of instruments or arrangements to hedge against currency exchange fluctuations for the years under review. As at 31 December 2021 and 2022, the Group did not have any outstanding hedging instruments.

5 財務風險管理

5.1 財務風險因素

本集團業務活動面臨下列多項財務風險：市場風險（包括外匯風險以及現金流量利率風險及公允值利率風險）、信貸風險及流動性風險。本集團的整體風險管理項目專注於金融市場的不可預測性及致力於將本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響減至最低。本集團並未使用任何衍生金融工具對沖其匯率及利率變動風險。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

外匯風險是金融工具的公允值或未來現金流會因匯率變動而波動的風險。當已確認資產及負債以本集團實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣列值，即產生外匯風險。本集團的大部分收入及開支以港元及人民幣（為各集團實體的功能貨幣）列值。即使港元並非與人民幣掛鈎，人民幣歷史匯率波動亦不重大，故預期人民幣交易及結餘概無重大風險。因此，本集團並無任何重大外匯風險。本集團並無實施或訂立任何類型的工具或安排以對沖回顧年度的匯率波動。於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何發行在外對沖工具。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits and borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by bank deposits held at variable rates. The interest rate profile of borrowings is disclosed in note 32. The bank deposits generate interest at the prevailing market interest rates.

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances and bank borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates on bank balances and the Best Lending Rate arising from the bank borrowings.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to effective interest rates for the variable-rate bank borrowings at the end of each reporting period.

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量及公允值利率風險

現金流利率風險是金融工具的未來現金流會因市場利率變動而波動的風險。公允值利率風險是金融工具的價值會因市場利率變動而波動的風險。

本集團的利率風險來自銀行存款及借款。按不同利率計算的借款使本集團承受現金流利率風險，惟部分由按可變利率計算的銀行存款所抵消。借款的利率概況於附註32披露。銀行存款按現行市場利率進行計息。

本集團就銀行結餘及銀行借款面對現金流量利率風險。本集團的現金流量利率風險主要集中於銀行結餘的利率及銀行借款的最優惠貸款利率波動。

以下敏感度分析乃根據於各報告期末銀行浮息借款轉換之實際利率釐定。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022, if the effective interest rates of bank borrowings amounting to approximately HK\$20,776,000 had been 1%, 2%, 3% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$186,000, HK\$372,000, HK\$558,000 higher/lower respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower finance costs on floating rate borrowings.

As at 31 December 2021, if the effective interest rates of bank borrowings amounting to approximately HK\$24,724,000 had been 1%, 2%, 3% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$215,000, HK\$429,000, HK\$644,000 higher/lower respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower finance costs on floating rate borrowings.

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(a) 市場風險 (續)

(ii) 現金流量及公允價值利率風險 (續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，倘為數約20,776,000港元銀行借款的實際利率增加／減少1%、2%、3%，而所有其他變數維持不變，年內除稅前虧損將分別增加／減少約186,000港元、372,000港元、558,000港元，主要由於浮息借款的融資成本增加／減少所致。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，倘為數約24,724,000港元銀行借款的實際利率增加／減少1%、2%、3%，而所有其他變數維持不變，年內除稅前虧損將分別增加／減少約215,000港元、429,000港元、644,000港元，主要由於浮息借款的融資成本增加／減少所致。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, loan receivable, other receivables, amounts due from related companies and amount due from a non-controlling shareholder. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank deposits is limited because the Group places their deposits to certain reputable banks with a minimum rating of "investment grade" ranked by an independent party. See note 27(a) for further disclosure on credit risk.

Trade receivables

The Group applied simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險指對手方不履行其合約義務而導致本集團蒙受財務虧損的風險。本集團的信貸風險主要來自貿易應收款項、應收貸款、其他應收款項、應收關聯公司款項及應收一名非控股股東款項。本集團因銀行存款產生的信貸風險有限，因為本集團將其存款存放於若干信譽良好的銀行，其最低評級由獨立第三方評定為「投資級別」。有關信貸風險的進一步披露見附註27(a)。

貿易應收款項

本集團採用簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損，該方法就所有貿易應收款項使用全期預期信貸虧損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損，貿易應收款項已根據攤佔信貸風險特徵及逾期天數分組。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 and 2022:

Status	狀況	2022	2021	2022		2021	
		Expected loss rate 二零二二年 預期虧損率 %	Expected loss rate 二零二一年 預期虧損率 %	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross carrying amount 賬面總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross carrying amount 賬面總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期	4%-6%	4%-6%	72	1,285	110	1,915
0 to 30 days past due	逾期0至30日	18%-22%	12%-16%	30	139	35	242
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日	23%	14%-17%	6	24	11	63
Over 60 days past due	逾期60日以上	24%-100%	15%-21%	161	424	78	316
				269	1,872	234	2,536

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損率乃按過往3年的實際虧損經驗為準。該等比率乃經調整，以反映收集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對應收款項的預計年期內經濟狀況的看法的差異。

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(b) 信貸風險 (續)

貿易應收款項 (續)

下表提供有關本集團於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日所面臨的信貸風險及貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損的資料：

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan receivable, other receivables and amounts due from related companies

The Group applied lifetime approach to measuring expected credit losses for loan receivable, other receivables and amounts due from related companies. The Directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of other receivables and amounts due from related companies since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL.

In determining the 12-month ECL for other receivables and amounts due from related companies, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate. The Group has considered the consistently low historical default rate in connection with payments, and concluded that credit risk inherent in these Group's outstanding balances is insignificant. Accordingly, no loss allowance based on 12-month ECL was provided for these assets.

The management of the Group are of opinion that due to evidence indicating the loan receivable is credit-impaired, lifetime approach is used to measure the credit loss on the loan receivable. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recognised approximately HK\$1,922,000 ECL for the loan receivable individually. See note 23 for the credit losses provision.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(b) 信貸風險 (續)

應收貸款、其他應收款項及應收關聯公司款項

本集團應用全期法計量應收貸款、其他應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損。本公司董事相信，自初步確認以來，其他應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的信貸風險並無大幅增加，而本集團按12個月預期信貸虧損作出減值撥備。

在釐定其他應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的12個月預期信貸虧損時，本集團管理層已考慮過往違約經驗及前瞻性資料(如適用)。本集團已考慮到與付款有關的過往違約率持續偏低，並得出結論，認為該等本集團未償還結餘的固有信貸風險並不重大。因此，並無就該等資產的按12個月預期信貸虧損作出虧損撥備。

本集團管理層認為，由於有證據表明應收貸款發生信貸減值，因此使用全期法計量應收貸款之信貸虧損。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團個別對應收貸款確認預期信貸虧損約1,922,000港元。信貸虧損撥備見附註23。

最大信貸風險為綜合財務狀況表內各項金融資產的賬面值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with debt covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from banks and other financial institutions to meet their liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. Management believes that there is no significant liquidity risk as the Group is able to generate net cash inflow from operating activities and has sufficient committed facilities to fund its operations and debt servicing requirements and to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements from its operation cash flows and available bank financing.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specially, bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights.

		Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日				
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	11,638	-	-	-
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他 應付款項	50,640	-	-	-
Amount due to a non- controlling shareholder	應付一名非控股股東 的款項	1,262	-	-	-
Amounts due to related companies	應付關聯公司款項	1,117	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	22,976	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33,409	27,668	47,855	14,705

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(c) 流動性風險

本集團的政策為定期監管即期及預期流動資金需要，其遵守債項契據，確保其維持充足現金儲備及獲銀行及其他金融機構提供足夠承諾融資信貸，以滿足長短期的流動性需求。管理層認為並無任何重大流動性風險，因為本集團能夠自經營業務活動中產生淨現金流入，並擁有充足承諾融資信貸可為我們的經營業務及償債需求作出撥付，且可以其經營現金流量及可供提取銀行融資滿足其未來營運資金及其他融資需求。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債的餘下合約到期日。下表乃根據本集團須償還金融負債最早日期的相關金融負債的未折現的現金流量而編製。具體而言，載有按通知要求償還條款的銀行借款，不論銀行選擇行使其權利的可能性高低，均會計入最早時段。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(c) 流動性風險 (續)

		Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日				
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	16,646	-	-	-
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他 應付款項	32,443	-	-	-
Amount due to a non- controlling shareholder	應付一名非控股股東 的款項	723	-	-	-
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關聯公司款項	307	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	26,965	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	47,257	43,731	59,398	17,499

The following table summarises the maturity analysis of bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the bank loan agreements. The amount includes interest payments computed using contractual rates. The Directors do not consider that it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such bank borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the bank loan agreements.

下表概述附有按要求償還條款的銀行借款根據銀行貸款協議所載的協定還款條款作出的到期日分析。有關金額包括以合約利率計算的利息款項。董事認為銀行不會行使要求即時還款的酌情權。董事相信，有關銀行借款將會根據銀行貸款協議所載的計劃還款日期償還。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(c) 流動性風險 (續)

Maturity Analysis – term loans subject to a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments
到期日分析 – 包含按要求償還條款的定期貸款 (按計劃還款日期)

		Over 1 year but less than 2 years	Over 2 years but less than 5 years	Over 5 years	
	Within 1 year	超過一年 至兩年內	超過兩年 至五年內	超過五年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	3,844	3,845	11,533	3,754
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	4,574	3,773	11,319	7,299

5.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

5.2 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理目標是確保本集團能持續經營，以為股東帶來回報，同時兼顧其他持份者的利益，並維持最佳資本架構以減少資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構，本集團可調整支付予股東的股息金額、退還資本予股東、發行新股份或出售資產以減少負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.2 Capital risk management (Continued)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as interest-bearing debts divided by capital. Debts are calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position). Capital represents total equity of the Group.

The Group's strategy, which was unchanged during the year, was to lower the gearing ratio to an acceptable level. The Group's gearing ratio at 31 December 2021 and 2022 were as follows:

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.2 資本風險管理 (續)

與業內其他同行一樣，本集團以負債股權比率為基準監察其資本。該比率按計息債務除以資本計算。債務為借款總額(包括綜合財務狀況表列示的流動及非流動借款)。資本指本集團總權益。

本集團於本年度保持不變的策略是將負債股權比率降低至可接納的水平。本集團於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日的資產負債比率如下：

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	1 January 2021 二零二一年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Bank borrowings (note 32) 銀行借款 (附註32)	20,776	24,724	22,408
Lease liabilities (note 33) 租賃負債 (附註33)	100,825	141,167	168,640
Total borrowings 借款總額	121,601	165,891	191,048
Total (deficit)/equity of the Group 本集團總(虧絀)/權益	(66,662)	(44,438)	54,718
Gearing ratio 負債股權比率	(182.41%)	(373.31%)	349.15%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.3 Fair value measurement

- (i) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the carrying value of the Group's financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.3 公允值計量

- (i) 按公允值計入損益的金融資產

公允值層級

下表呈列本集團於報告期末按經常性基準按公允值計量的金融工具賬面值。該等金融工具已歸入香港財務報告準則第13號公允值計量所界定的三個公允值層級。本集團參照以下估值方法所採用的輸入數據的可觀察程度及重要性，釐定公允值計量數值所應歸屬的層級：

- 第一級估值：僅使用第一級輸入數據（即於計量日期根據可識別資產或負債於活躍市場之未經調整報價）計量的公允值。
- 第二級估值：使用第二級輸入數據（即未能達到第一級的可觀察輸入數據）且並未使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量的公允值。不可觀察輸入數據為其市場數據不可用之輸入數據。
- 第三級估值：使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量的公允值。

Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2022 categorised into

公允值計量於二零二二年十二月三十一日歸入

Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
公允值	第一級	第二級	第三級
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融資產		
– Unlisted unit trust fund	– 非上市單位信託基金	791	–
		–	791
			–

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.3 Fair value measurement (Continued)

- (i) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

The fair value of unlisted unit trust fund, a non-principal guaranteed investment fund, is based on net asset value of the investment fund at the end of the reporting period provided by the financial institution.

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfer into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

- (ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values as at 31 December 2021 and 2022.

5 財務風險管理 (續)

5.3 公允值計量 (續)

- (i) 按公允值計入損益的金融資產 (續)

非上市單位信託基金、非保本投資基金的公允值以金融機構提供於報告期末的投資基金的資產淨值為基礎。

截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，第一級與第二級之間並無出現任何轉移，亦無轉入第三級或自第三級轉出。本集團的政策乃於報告期末公允值層級之間出現轉移時確認有關轉移。

- (ii) 以非公允值列賬的金融資產及負債的公允值

董事認為於綜合財務狀況表內按攤銷成本記錄的金融資產及金融負債的賬面值與其於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日的公允值相若。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group has significant investments in property, plant and equipment. The Group is required to estimate the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to ascertain the amount of depreciation charges for each reporting date.

Useful lives are estimated at the time of purchase of these assets after considering future technology changes, business developments and the Group's strategies. The Group performs annual reviews to assess the appropriateness of the estimated useful lives. Such review takes into account any unexpected adverse changes in circumstances or events, including declines in projected operating results, negative industry or economic trends and rapid advancement in technology. The Group extends or shortens the useful lives and/or makes impairment provisions according to the results of the review.

6 主要會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括在相關情況下認為合理的未來事件預期)持續評估該等估計及判斷。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。顧名思義，所得的會計估計甚少與相關實際結果相同。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期

本集團投放大量資金於物業、廠房及設備。本集團須估計物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期，以確定各報告日期的折舊支出金額。

該等資產的可使用年期於購入時經考慮未來技術變革、業務發展及本集團的策略後作出估計。本集團每年進行檢討以評估有關估計可用年期是否適當。有關檢討經考慮於有關情況下或事件中的任何不可預見不利變動，包括預測經營業績下滑、負面行業或經濟趨勢及技術迅速發展。本集團根據檢討結果延長或縮短可用年期及／或計提減值撥備。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Continued)

(b) Income tax

The Group is subject to current tax in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's management determines the deferred tax assets based on the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates (and laws) and the best knowledge of profit projections of the Group for coming years during which the deferred tax assets are expected to be utilised. In assessing the amount of deferred tax assets that need to be recognised, the Group considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. In the event that the Group estimates of projected future taxable income and benefits from available tax strategies are changed, or changes in current tax regulations are enacted that would impact the timing or extent of the Group's ability to utilise the tax benefits of net operating loss carry forwards in the future, adjustments to the recorded amount of net deferred tax assets and income tax expense would need to be made. In addition, management will revisit the assumptions and profit projections at each reporting date.

6 主要會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 所得稅

本集團須於香港及中國繳納即期稅項。釐定所得稅撥備時須作出重大判斷。多項交易及計算方式未能確定最終稅項。本集團基於估計有否額外稅項到期確認預計稅務審計事項的負債。倘有關事宜的最終得出稅項與最初入賬的金額不同，則差額會影響釐定稅項期間的即期稅項及遞延稅項資產與負債。

遞延稅項採用在報告日期已頒佈或實質頒佈，及預期在變現有關係遞延稅項資產或清償遞延稅項負債時會採用的稅率(及法例)釐定。僅於未來可能有應課稅溢利可用於抵銷暫時差額，方確認遞延稅項資產。

本集團管理層根據已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅率(及法例)，以及本集團就預期動用遞延稅項資產的未來年度的最佳溢利預測釐定遞延稅項資產。評估需予確認的遞延稅項資產金額時，本集團會考慮未來應課稅收入及現行審慎及可行的稅務規劃策略。倘本集團有關預測未來應課稅收入及現有稅務策略所帶來利益的估計出現任何變動，或現行稅務法規經修訂後會影響本集團日後能夠動用結轉經營虧損淨額的稅務利益的時間或程度，則會對錄得的遞延稅項資產淨額及稅項開支作出調整。此外，管理層會於各報告日期修訂假設及溢利預測。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Continued)

(c) Estimated impairment of trade and loan receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of loss allowance for trade and loan receivables based on the credit risk of trade and loan receivables. The loss allowance amount is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows with the consideration of expected future credit losses. The assessment of the credit risk of trade and loan receivables involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty as the management of the Group estimates the loss rates for debtors by using forward-looking information. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected or more than expected, a material impairment loss or a material reversal of impairment loss may arise accordingly.

6 主要會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 貿易應收款項及應收貸款的估計減值

本集團管理層根據貿易應收款項及應收貸款的信貸風險估計貿易應收款項及應收貸款的虧損撥備金額。虧損撥備金額在考慮到預期未來信貸虧損按資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量現值的差額計算。評估貿易應收款項及應收貸款的信用風險涉及大量估計與不確定性因素，乃因本集團管理層利用前瞻性資料估計債務人的虧損率。當實際未來現金流量低於或高於預期時，可能會因此產生重大減值虧損或減值虧損重大撥回。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Continued)

(d) Determining the lease term

As explained in policy note 3.27, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

(e) Contingent liabilities

The Group is exposed to the risk of litigation in the course of its normal operation. The Group will make provision and/or disclose information as appropriate. Changes in the assumptions around the likelihood of an outflow of economic resources or the estimation of any obligation would change the amount of provision recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

6 主要會計估計及判斷(續)

(d) 釐定租期

誠如附註3.27所載會計政策所述，租賃負債以租期內應付租賃款項的現值初始確認。在釐定包含本集團可行使續租選擇權的租賃的租期開始日時，本集團將評估行使該等續租選擇權的可能性，並考慮產生行使選擇權的經濟動機的所有相關事實及情況(其中包括優惠條款、所承擔的租賃改良以及相關資產對本集團營運的重要性)。當本集團控制權範圍內發生重大事件或重大變動時，會重新評估租期。租期的任何增加或減少將影響未來年度已確認的租賃負債和使用權資產金額。

(e) 或然負債

本集團在正常營運過程中會面臨訴訟風險。本集團將於適當時計提撥備及/或披露資料。倘評估經濟利益流出的可能性或估算責任時所採用的假設出現變化，可能改變綜合財務報表中已確認的撥備金額。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

7 Segment Information

The chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) has been identified as the chief executive officer of the Company (the “CEO”) who reviews the Group’s internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The CODM assesses the performance based on a measure of profit after income tax. The CODM considers all business is included in a single operating segment.

The Group is principally engaged in the operation of food catering services through a chain of Chinese restaurants. Information reported to the CODM for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment focuses on the operation results of the Group as a whole as the Group’s resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment financial information is available. Accordingly, the Group has identified one operating segment – operation of restaurants and no operating segment information is presented.

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, there are no single external customers contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group.

7 分部資料

主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」)指檢討本集團內部報告以評估表現及分配資源的本公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」)。主要經營決策者基於有關報告釐定經營分部。

主要經營決策者根據除所得稅後溢利的計量評估表現，將所有業務納入一個單獨的經營分部。

本集團主要通過中式酒樓連鎖店經營餐飲服務。由於本集團已整合資源，並無獨立的經營分部財務資料，故向主要經營決策者報告用於分配資源及評估表現的資料整體上主要為本集團的經營業績。因此，本集團僅列示一個經營分部—酒樓業務，而並無呈列經營分部資料。

截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，並無單一外部客戶對本集團收益的貢獻超過10%。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

7 Segment Information (Continued)

Geographical information

The following table presents revenue from external customers for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022 by geographical area.

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益		
Hong Kong	香港	26,595	76,944
Mainland China	中國內地	108,957	197,622
		135,552	274,566

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

以上收益資料乃按客戶地區呈列。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	1 January 2021 二零二一年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Hong Kong	香港	2,926	11,939	44,552
Mainland China	中國內地	78,715	112,422	174,915
		81,641	124,361	219,467

The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets and deferred tax assets.

上述非流動資產資料乃以資產地點為基準，不包括金融資產及遞延稅項資產。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

8 Revenue and Other Income

An analysis of revenue and other income during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022 are as follows:

8 收益及其他收入

截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的收益及其他收入分析如下：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from customers and recognised at point in time	按時間點確認的客戶收益		
Revenue from Chinese restaurant operations	中式酒樓業務收益	131,197	244,934
Revenue from Thai Cuisine restaurant operations	泰菜餐廳業務收益	4,338	10,210
Revenue from cooperation with Freshippo	與盒馬合作收益	17	18,826
Revenue from sale of food ingredients	銷售食材收益	-	596
		135,552	274,566
Other income	其他收入		
Interest income on short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款的利息收入	164	54
Interest income on loan receivable	應收貸款的利息收入	88	300
Interest income from deposits placed for life insurance policies	投購壽險保單保費的利息收入	-	113
Reversal of provision for reinstatement costs, net	撥回修復成本撥備淨額	361	204
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	撥回貿易應收款項減值虧損	-	98
Government subsidies and incentive (i)	政府補貼及獎勵 (i)	757	3,569
Government grants (ii)	政府資助 (ii)	3,947	2,214
Miscellaneous income	雜項收入	377	104
Forfeiture of deposits received	沒收已收按金	1,486	-
		7,180	6,656
Total revenue and other income	收益及其他收入總額	142,732	281,222
Total interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產利息收入總額	252	467

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

8 Revenue and Other Income (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Government subsidies represent the refund of VAT in respect of COVID-19 from the PRC Government. The government incentive represented the amounts granted by the Economic Development Bureau of different districts in the PRC to support the Group's contribution to local economy with no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies and are recognised as other income upon receipts during the year (2021: same).
- (ii) Government grants represent subsidies from Catering Business Subsidy Scheme under the Anti-epidemic fund in respect of COVID-19 from the Hong Kong Government (2021: same).

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by geographic markets is disclosed in note 7.

(i) Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities (note 31) 合約負債(附註31)	16,903	23,451

(ii) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in relation to carried-forward contract liabilities.

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in the balance of contract liabilities at the beginning of the year (note 31) 計入年初合約負債結餘的已確認收益(附註31)	9,277	11,563

8 收益及其他收入(續)

附註：

- (i) 政府補貼為中國政府就COVID-19給予的增值稅退稅。政府獎勵為中國不同地區的經濟促進局為支持本集團對當地經濟作出貢獻而提供且並無未達成條件或或然事項的款項，並於收訖後於本年度確認為其他收入(二零二一年：相同)。
- (ii) 政府資助為香港政府就COVID-19在防疫抗疫基金下設立的餐飲處所資助計劃給予的補貼(二零二一年：相同)。

按地域市場劃分的來自客戶合約收益之分拆披露於附註7。

(i) 合約負債

本集團已確認以下收益相關合約負債：

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities (note 31) 合約負債(附註31)	16,903	23,451

(ii) 就合約負債確認的收益

下表列示所確認的與結轉合約負債有關的收益金額。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense

9 僱員福利開支

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Wages, salaries and bonuses	工資、薪金及獎金	46,663	73,047
Directors' fees	董事袍金	706	452
Pension costs – defined contribution plans (note a)	退休金成本 – 界定供款計劃 (附註a)	3,432	4,739
		50,801	78,238

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

The Group's net contributions to pension plans are mainly for employees in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Summary of the pension plans are as follows:

- (i) The Group contributes to an MPF Scheme for its employees in Hong Kong, under which the Group and each employee each makes monthly contribution to the scheme at 5% of the qualifying earnings of the employee, subject to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (2021: HK\$1,500) per month. Contribution totalling approximately HK\$89,000 and HK\$7,000 were payable to the MPF fund as at 31 December 2021 and 2022, respectively.
- (ii) The Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China also contribute to retirement plans for its employees in Mainland China at a percentage of their salaries in compliance with the requirements of the respective municipal governments in Mainland China. The municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligation of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in Mainland China.

(a) 退休金 – 界定供款計劃

本集團之退休金計劃供款淨額主要為香港及中國內地他僱員而設。退休金計劃概述如下：

- (i) 本集團為其香港僱員設立強制性公積金計劃，據此本集團及各僱員均須按僱員之合資格入息5%作每月供款，惟每月供款額上限為1,500港元（二零二一年：1,500港元）。於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日，分別向強制性公積金作出合共約89,000港元及7,000港元的供款。
- (ii) 本集團於中國內地的附屬公司亦有遵守相關中國內地市政府的規定為其於中國內地的僱員作出為其薪金一定百分比的退休計劃供款。市政府保證承擔所有現有及未來本集團於中國內地僱員的退休福利責任。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(b) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of directors for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out below:

9 僱員福利開支 (續)

(b) 董事薪酬

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，董事的酬金載列如下：

		Basic salaries, allowances and benefits 基本薪金、津貼及福利	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	Employer's contributions to pension scheme 僱主供款退休金計劃	Total 總額
	Fees 袍金	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事：				
CHAN Chun Kit	陳振傑	-	2,244	-	2,244
CHAN Josephine Wai Sze	陳瑋詩	86	774	24	884
ZHU Xueqin	朱雪琴	86	299	90	475
Non-Executive director:	非執行董事：				
CHOW Yiu Pong David	周耀邦	86	-	4	90
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事：				
WONG Lung Tak, Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022)	黃龍德 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任)	-	-	-	-
LEE Cheung Yuet Horace (appointed on 1 January 2022)	李暢悅 (於二零二二年一月一日獲委任)	149	-	-	149
CHAN Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)	陳銘基 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)	99	-	-	99
YUEN Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)	袁靖波 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)	50	-	-	50
KAN Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁	150	-	-	150
		706	3,317	118	4,141

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(b) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments of directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

9 僱員福利開支 (續)

(b) 董事薪酬 (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，董事的酬金載列如下：

	Fees	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits	Discretionary bonuses	Employer's contributions to pension scheme	Total
	袍金	基本薪金、津貼及福利	酌情花紅	僱主供款	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事：				
CHAN Chun Kit	陳振傑	-	2,244	-	2,244
CHAN Josephine Wai Sze	陳瑋詩	-	844	22	866
ZHU Xueqin	朱雪琴	-	413	50	468
Non-Executive director:	非執行董事：				
CHOW Yiu Pong David	周耀邦	-	86	4	90
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事：				
WONG Lung Tak, Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022)	黃龍德 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任)	150	-	-	150
YUEN Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)	袁靖波 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)	150	-	-	150
KAN Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁	152	-	-	152
		452	3,587	5	4,120

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(b) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2021: Nil). No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

(c) Directors' retirement benefits

No retirement benefits were paid to the directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 by a defined contribution plan operated by the Group in respect of their services as directors of the Company (2021: Nil). No other retirement benefits were paid to the directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings (2021: Nil).

(d) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

(e) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company did not pay any considerations to any third parties for making available the services of themselves as directors of the Company (2021: Nil).

(f) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

No loans, quasi-loans and other dealings were entered into by the Company or its subsidiary undertakings in favour of the directors of the Company, a controlled body corporate or a connected entity of such directors at any time during the year (2021: Nil).

9 僱員福利開支 (續)

(b) 董事薪酬 (續)

於本年度，概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬(二零二一年：無)。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，概無已付或應付任何董事加入本集團的獎勵或離職補償(二零二一年：無)。

(c) 董事退休福利

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團營運的界定供款計劃並無就本公司董事所提供服務向其支付任何退休福利(二零二一年：無)。概無就董事管理本公司或其附屬公司事務而提供的其他服務向其支付其他退休福利(二零二一年：無)。

(d) 董事離職福利

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，概無董事已收取或將收取任何離職福利(二零二一年：無)。

(e) 就獲取董事服務而向第三方支付之代價

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司並無就獲取彼等作為本公司董事的服務而向任何第三方支付任何代價(二零二一年：無)。

(f) 有關以董事、董事之受控制法團及關連實體為受益人之貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

於本年度任何時間內，本公司或其附屬公司概無以本公司董事、董事之受控制法團或關連實體為受益人進行貸款、準貸款或其他交易(二零二一年：無)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(g) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save for transactions disclosed elsewhere in the notes to these consolidated financial statements, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Same).

(h) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the years ended 31 December 2022 include three directors (2021: three directors) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2021: two) individuals during the years are as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits	基本薪金、津貼及福利	1,042	966
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	43	-
Employer's contribution to pension scheme	退休金計劃僱主供款	32	36
		1,117	1,002

The emoluments of the above two (2021: two) individuals were within the following bands:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
HK\$Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零港元 – 1,000,000 港元	2	2

No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any of the five highest paid individuals during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

9 僱員福利開支(續)

(g) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權益

除此等綜合財務報表其它附註所披露之交易外，並無有關本集團業務而本公司作為其中一方且本公司董事於其中(不論直接或間接)擁有重大權益(於本年年底或於年內任何時間)的重大交易、安排及合約(二零二一年：相同)。

(h) 五位最高薪人士

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團五位最高薪人士包括三名董事(二零二一年：三名董事)，彼等的薪酬已載於上列分析。於本年度，應付餘下兩名(二零二一年：兩名)人士的薪酬如下：

上述兩名(二零二一年：兩名)人士的薪酬介乎以下範圍：

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，並無加入本集團的獎勵或離職補償已付或應付予五位最高薪人士中任何一位(二零二一年：無)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

10 Depreciation and Other Expenses

10 折舊及其他開支

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Depreciation	折舊		
– Property, plant and equipment	– 物業、廠房及設備	14,482	19,119
– Right-of-use assets	– 使用權資產	25,633	39,313
		40,115	58,432
Other expenses include the following items:	其他開支包括以下各項：		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
– Audit services	– 審核服務	1,020	1,000
– Non audit services	– 非審核服務	192	282
Amortisation on intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	–	1,874
Operating lease payments of premises	物業經營租賃付款		
– Contingent rent for premises (i)	– 物業或然租金 (i)	27	1,743
– Coronavirus disease 2019 (“COVID-19”) rent concessions	– 二零一九冠狀病毒病 (「COVID-19」) 租金減免	(1,664)	(3,224)
– Variable lease payment	– 浮動租賃付款	–	687
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	計量租賃負債時並無計入的租賃付款	2,015	4,026
Impairment loss on trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值虧損	51	–
Impairment loss on loan receivable	應收貸款減值虧損	1,983	–
Property, plant and equipment written-off	撤銷物業、廠房及設備	15	5,811
Bad debts written-off	撤銷壞賬	53	2,072
Value-added tax (“VAT”) recoverable written-off (ii)	撤銷可收回增值稅 (「增值稅」) (ii)	–	2,511

(i) The contingent rent refers to the operating rentals based on pre-determined percentage to the restaurant revenue less minimum rentals of the respective leases.

(i) 或然租金指按酒樓收益預定百分比減各租賃的最低租金計算的營運租金。

(ii) The VAT recoverable written-off was mainly derived from the dormant subsidiaries. These dormant subsidiaries are still entitled to the VAT recoverable. Given that these dormant subsidiaries ceased their business, the management of the Company considered the probability of utilising such VAT recoverable to be remote.

(ii) 撤銷可收回增值稅主要源自不活躍附屬公司。該等不活躍附屬公司仍有權享有可收回增值稅。鑑於該等不活躍附屬公司終止其業務，本公司管理層認為，利用有關可收回增值稅的可能性極低。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

11 Finance Costs

11 財務成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息開支	631	634
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	9,205	10,899
Interest expenses on loan from a director	董事貸款利息開支	29	-
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	非按公允值計入損益的金融負債利息開支總額	9,865	11,533

12 Income Tax

12 所得稅

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	即期稅項		
Current tax on profits for the year – the PRC	年內溢利的即期稅項 – 中國	-	556
(Overprovided)/underprovided in prior year	過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足	(83)	75
Deferred tax	遞延稅項	(83)	631
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	產生及撥回暫時性差異	(3,040)	(1,781)
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	(3,123)	(1,150)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax is made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group has no assessable profits derived in Hong Kong for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022.

截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，概無於綜合財務報表計提香港利得稅撥備，因為本集團並無於香港取得應課稅溢利。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

12 Income Tax (Continued)

No provision for the PRC profits tax is made in the consolidated financial statement as the Group has no assessable profits derived in the PRC for the year ended 31 December 2022.

According to the PRC Enterprise Corporate Tax Law promulgated by the PRC government, the PRC's statutory income tax rate is 25%. Except for certain preferential tax treatment available to one of its subsidiaries of the Group, the other PRC subsidiaries are subject to income tax at the rate of 25% for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022.

The tax on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using applicable statutory tax rates as follows:

12 所得稅 (續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，概無於綜合財務報表計提中國利得稅撥備，因為本集團並無於中國取得應課稅溢利。

根據中國政府頒佈的中國企業稅法，中國的法定所得稅率為25%。於截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團除一家附屬公司享有若干優惠稅務待遇外，其他中國附屬公司須按稅率25%繳納所得稅。

本集團除所得稅前虧損的稅項與按適用法定稅率計算所得理論上金額之間的差異如下：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損	(46,217)	(101,288)
Tax calculated at applicable statutory tax rates	按適用法定稅率計算的稅項	(9,274)	(19,153)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課稅之收入	(2,846)	(510)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣稅之開支	1,904	4,886
Current tax (overprovided)/ underprovided in prior year	過往年度即期稅項 (超額撥備)/撥備不足	(83)	75
Tax effect of deferred tax assets overprovided in prior year	過往年度遞延稅項資產超額撥備的稅務影響	-	647
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差額的稅務影響	(1,003)	5,391
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損的稅務影響	8,179	7,514
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	(3,123)	(1,150)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

13 Dividend

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

13 股息

董事會已議決不建議派付截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的任何末期股息(二零二一年：無)。

14 Loss Per Share

The calculation of basic loss per Share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

14 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損乃根據以下數據計算：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損	(41,352)	(92,430)
		2022 二零二二年 '000 千股	2021 二零二一年 '000 千股
Number of Shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of Shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per Shares	就計算每股基本盈利的加權平均股份數目	1,004,895	1,000,000

Diluted loss per Shares was the same as basic loss per Share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022.

由於截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度並無任何潛在攤薄普通股股份，故每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment

15 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Crockery, utensils, linens	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		租賃裝修	家具、裝置 及設備	器具、餐具 及布單	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本						
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	99,996	37,325	5,919	1,537	4,207	148,984
Change in accounting policy (note 4)	會計政策變動(附註4)	-	-	(5,919)	-	-	(5,919)
At 1 January 2021 (restated)	於二零二一年一月一日 (經重列)	99,996	37,325	-	1,537	4,207	143,065
Additions	添置	4,546	1,459	-	-	-	6,005
Disposals/written-off (restated)	出售/撇銷(經重列)	(11,311)	(4,629)	-	(323)	-	(16,263)
Transfer	轉撥	3,065	1,149	-	-	(4,214)	-
Exchange alignment (restated)	匯兌調整(經重列)	1,722	814	-	7	7	2,550
At 31 December 2021 (restated)	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 (經重列)	98,018	36,118	-	1,221	-	135,357
Additions	添置	2,754	607	-	-	-	3,361
Disposals/written-off	出售/撇銷	(24,283)	(5,526)	-	(919)	-	(30,728)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(6,261)	(2,629)	-	(24)	-	(8,914)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	70,228	28,570	-	278	-	99,076

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

15 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Crockery, utensils, linens	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		租賃裝修	家具、裝置及設備	器具、餐具及布單	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值						
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	58,851	25,472	-	1,445	-	85,768
Charge for the year	年內計提	13,293	6,035	-	43	-	19,371
Reversal of impairment loss	撥回減值虧損	(293)	-	-	-	-	(293)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	699	-	-	-	-	699
Written back on disposal/written-off	出售時撤回/撤銷	(7,162)	(2,966)	-	(319)	-	(10,447)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	1,052	610	-	5	-	1,667
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	66,440	29,151	-	1,174	-	96,765
Charge for the year	年內計提	9,977	4,480	-	25	-	14,482
Impairment loss	減值虧損	4,833	1,182	-	-	-	6,015
Written back on disposal/written-off	出售時撤回/撤銷	(24,555)	(5,215)	-	(919)	-	(30,689)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(4,053)	(2,217)	-	(21)	-	(6,291)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	52,642	27,381	-	259	-	80,282
Net book value	賬面淨值						
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	17,586	1,189	-	19	-	18,794
At 31 December 2021 (restated)	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 (經重列)	31,578	6,967	-	47	-	38,592

As at 31 December 2021, depreciation expense of approximately HK\$252,000 had been expensed in cost of materials consumed.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，折舊開支約252,000港元已計入消耗的材料成本。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, as restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC underperformed and incurred losses due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the management of the Group concluded there was an indication for impairment and conducted impairment assessment on recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of relevant restaurants. The Group estimated the recoverable amount of these restaurants, each represents an individual cash generating unit (“CGU”), to which the asset belongs when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually.

The recoverable amount of each CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations by preparing cash flow projections of the relevant CGU derived from the most recent financial forecast approved by the management covering the remaining lease term. The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rates in the range of 12.93% to 14.26% (2021: 12.57% to 16.31%).

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of certain CGUs exceeds their recoverable amount, therefore, a net impairment loss of approximately HK\$10,947,000 (2021: HK\$14,309,000) and approximately HK\$3,015,000 (2021: HK\$406,000) which was allocated to the assets including right-of-use assets and leasehold improvements within the CGUs on a pro rata basis, was recognised in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Significant management judgement is required in determining the appropriate key assumptions, including revenue growth rate, gross profit margin and discount rate, to be applied in the value-in-use calculation. The change in any of these key assumptions would affect the recoverable amount of the CGUs and could result in additional impairment loss. If the projected revenue applied to the cash flow projections for the CGUs had been 6% lower than the management's estimates, the Group would have had to recognise further impairment loss of approximately HK\$3,446,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，由於受COVID-19爆發影響，香港及中國部分酒樓表現欠佳和蒙受虧損，本集團管理層得出的結論為有減值跡象，並對相關酒樓的物業、廠房及設備和使用權資產的可收回金額進行減值評估。在無法單獨估計可收回金額的情況下，本集團對有關酒樓的可收回金額進行了估計，各家酒樓資產所屬為個別現金產生單位（「現金產生單位」）。

各現金產生單位的可收回金額乃按使用價值計算，方法為編製相關現金產生單位的現金流量預測，此乃由管理層批准涵蓋剩餘租賃期的新近財務預測得出。現金流使用稅前貼現率介乎12.93%至14.26%（二零二一年：12.57%至16.31%）的範圍內進行貼現。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，部分現金產生單位之賬面值超出其可收回金額，因此，約10,947,000港元（二零二一年：14,309,000港元）及約3,015,000港元（二零二一年：406,000港元）之減值虧損淨額已按比例分配至現金產生單位內之資產（包括使用權資產及租賃裝修），並於綜合損益表及其他全面收益中確認為損益。

於釐定使用價值計算應用之適當關鍵假設（包括收益增長率、毛利率及貼現率）時，管理層需作出重大判斷。任何該等關鍵假設之變化將影響現金產生單位之可收回金額並可能導致額外減值虧損。倘現金產生單位現金流量預測應用的預期收益較管理層的估計減少6%，本集團將須於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度進一步確認減值虧損約3,446,000港元。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

If the gross profit margin applied to the cash flow projections for the CGUs had been 2% lower than the management's estimates, the Group would have had to recognise further impairment loss of approximately HK\$5,283,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

If the pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections for the CGUs had been 1.5% higher than the management's estimates, the Group would have had to recognise further impairment loss of approximately HK\$1,043,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2021, as a result of judgements made by a court in the PRC, property, plant and equipment of a subsidiary with carrying amount of approximately HK\$4,704,000 were frozen for outstanding salaries and construction cost payables. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the lease agreement of a factory of the above subsidiary was early terminated. The Directors of the Company expected that the economic value of the property, plant and equipment is zero and the Group recognised full impairment of approximately HK\$3,000,000 on the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment of this subsidiary.

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘應用於現金產生單位現金流量預測的毛利率較管理層的估計減少2%，本集團將於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度進一步確認減值虧損約5,283,000港元。

倘應用於現金產生單位現金流量預測的稅前貼現率較管理層的估計增加1.5%，本集團將於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度進一步確認減值虧損約1,043,000港元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，由於中國法院作出判決，一間附屬公司賬面值約4,704,000港元之物業、廠房及設備因尚未支付薪金及應付建築成本而被凍結。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，提前終止上述附屬公司之廠房租賃協議。本公司董事預期物業、廠房及設備的經濟價值為零，及本集團就該附屬公司的物業、廠房及設備賬面值確認全額減值約3,000,000港元。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

16 Right-of-use Assets

16 使用權資產

		Premises 物業 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	211,763
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	3,894
Additions	添置	2,259
Adjustments upon modification of the leases	修訂租賃時調整	3,751
Written-off	撇銷	(18,735)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	202,932
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(11,058)
Additions	添置	23,102
Adjustments upon modification of the leases	修訂租賃時調整	6,448
Written-off	撇銷	(87,207)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	134,217
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	80,109
Charge for the year	年內計提	39,313
Reversal of impairment loss	撥回減值虧損	(591)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	14,900
Written-off	撇銷	(17,810)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	1,242

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

16 Right-of-use Assets (Continued)

16 使用權資產 (續)

		Premises 物業 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	117,163
Charge for the year	年內計提	25,633
Impairment loss	減值虧損	10,947
Written-off	撇銷	(77,458)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(4,915)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	71,370
Carrying amount	賬面值	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	62,847
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	85,769

The Group has obtained the right to use properties as its office and restaurants through lease agreements. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 10 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group. Total cash outflow for the leases for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 was approximately HK\$26,936,000 and HK\$42,728,000 respectively.

本集團已透過租賃協議獲得將物業用作其辦公室及酒樓的權益。租賃協議並無規定任何契約。租賃資產不得作為借款的擔保。

租賃通常的初步租期為2至10年。一般而言，本集團被限制在本集團外轉讓及轉租租賃資產。租賃於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的現金流出總額分別約為26,936,000港元及42,728,000港元。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

16 Right-of-use Assets (Continued)

During the year, lessors of the relevant leases provided rent concessions to the Group, these rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and met of all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46(B), and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the effects on changes in lease payments due to forgiveness or waiver by the lessors for the relevant leases of approximately HK\$1,664,000 and HK\$3,224,000 respectively were recognised as negative variable lease payments.

The amounts recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 in relation to leases are as follows:

16 使用權資產 (續)

年內，相關租賃的出租人向本集團提供租金優惠，該等租金優惠乃Covid-19大流行的直接後果，並符合香港財務報告準則第16.46(B)條的所有條件，而本集團採取實際權宜之策，不評估該等變動是否構成租賃修訂。截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，因出租人放棄或豁免相關租賃而導致的租賃付款變動影響分別約1,664,000港元及3,224,000港元，已確認為負可變租賃付款。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，於損益內就租賃確認的金額如下：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊開支	25,633	39,313
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	9,205	10,899
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	2,015	4,026
Operating lease payments of premises	物業經營租賃付款		
– Contingent rent for premises	– 物業或然租金	27	1,743
– Variable lease payment	– 浮動租賃付款	–	687
Total amounts recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認的總金額	36,880	56,668

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

17 Intangible Assets

17 無形資產

		Goodwill 商譽 HK\$'000 千港元	Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Cooperation Contracts 合作合約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日	16,326	11,613	3,357	31,296
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	426	302	88	816
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	16,752	11,915	3,445	32,112
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(1,420)	(1,010)	(292)	(2,722)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	15,332	10,905	3,153	29,390
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值				
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日	-	605	175	780
Amortisation charge for the year	年內攤銷費用	-	1,454	420	1,874
Impairment loss	減值虧損	16,355	9,573	2,767	28,695
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	397	283	83	763
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	16,752	11,915	3,445	32,112
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(1,420)	(1,010)	(292)	(2,722)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	15,332	10,905	3,153	29,390
Carrying amount	賬面金額				
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

17 Intangible Assets (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, amortisation of the Group's intangible assets has been charged to other expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment test

For the purpose of impairment testing, intangible assets in respect of the goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts in the consolidated financial statements have been allocated to an individual CGU, namely Yaoliang (Shanghai) Food Co., Limited (“**Yaoliang**”), engaged in operating food counters in Shanghai, the PRC.

At 31 December 2021, all food counters operated by Yaoliang under the brand name of “Sun Kau Kee (新玖記)” in Shanghai, the PRC, were closed down. All relevant cooperation contracts with Shanghai Freshippo were also terminated in September 2021. The management of the Group considered that Yaoliang's business performance was unsatisfactory and decided to cease its operations. The Directors of the Group expected that Yaoliang would not generate any economic benefit in the foreseeable future. The management determined the recoverable amounts of the goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts by reference to Yaoliang's fair value less costs of disposal to be zero as Yaoliang has ceased its operations and had net liabilities position. Having considered the above conditions, the Directors of the Group considered there were indications of impairment in Yaoliang and recognised full impairment loss of approximately HK\$28,695,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 on the intangible assets including goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts.

17 無形資產 (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團的無形資產攤銷已於綜合損益及其他全面收入表的其他開支中扣除。

減值測試

就減值測試而言，與商譽、商標及綜合財務報表合作合約有關的無形資產已分配予個別現金產生單位，即耀良(上海)食品有限公司(「**耀良**」)，該公司於中國上海從事經營食品專櫃。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，耀良於中國上海以「新玖記」品牌名稱經營之所有食品店舖均已關閉。與上海盒馬之所有相關合作合約亦已於二零二一年九月終止。本集團管理層認為耀良之業務表現不盡人意並決定停止營運。本集團董事預期耀良於可預見未來將不會產生任何經濟利益。管理層經參考耀良之公允值減出售成本確定商譽、商標及合作合約之可收回金額為零，原因為耀良已停止營運及存在淨負債狀況。經計及上述情況，本集團董事認為耀良存在減值跡象並於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度就無形資產(包括商譽、商標及合作合約)確認悉數減值虧損約28,695,000港元。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

18 Deposits Placed for Life Insurance Policies 18 投購壽險保單保費

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Life insurance policy 壽險保單		-	2,247

Life Insurance Policy

In April 2009, the Group entered into a life insurance policy with an insurance company to insure an Executive Director, Mr. Chan Chun Kit. Under the policy, the beneficiary and policy holder is Orient Century Limited (“Orient Century”), a subsidiary of the Company and the total insured sum is USD750,000 (approximately HK\$5,850,000). Orient Century is required to pay ten annual instalments of USD26,055 up to 30 April 2019 (approximately HK\$203,229) including a premium charge at inception of the policy amounting to USD8,100 (approximately HK\$63,180). Orient Century can terminate the policy at any time and receive cash back based on the cash value of the policy at the date of withdrawal, which is determined by the accumulated deposit payments plus accumulated interest earned and minus the accumulated insurance charge and policy expense charge.

In addition, if withdrawal is made between the 1st to 15th policy year, there is a specified amount of surrender charge. The insurance company will pay Orient Century an guaranteed interest of 5.55% on annum basis for first 20 years. Commencing on the 21st year, the interest will become 3% per annum plus a premium determined by the insurance company on an annual basis.

During the year 2022, the Group terminated the policy.

壽險保單

於二零零九年四月，本集團與一間保險公司簽訂一份壽險保單，以為執行董事陳振傑先生投保。根據保單，受益人及保單持有人為本公司附屬公司奧聯有限公司（「奧聯」），而總保額為750,000美元（約5,850,000港元）。奧聯須分十年支付26,055美元（約203,229港元），直至二零一九年四月三十日，包括於保單訂立時的保費8,100美元（約63,180港元）。奧聯可於任何時間終止保單，並按於退保日期保單的現金價值收回現金，而現金價值乃按累計按金加已賺取累計利息並減累計保險收費與保單開支收費釐定。

再者，倘於第一至第十五個保單年度內退保，保險公司將收取定額退保費用。保險公司將於首二十年按保證年利率5.55厘向奧聯支付利息。自第二十一年起，利息將按年利率3厘計算，並加每年支付由保險公司釐定的保費。

於二零二二年度，本集團終止該保單。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

19 Financial Instruments by Category

19 按類別劃分的金融工具

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Rental deposits	租金按金	6,502	12,773
Deposits placed for life insurance policies	投購壽險保單保費	-	2,247
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	1,603	2,302
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	12,699	8,956
Loan receivable	應收貸款	1,470	3,706
Amounts due from related companies	應收關聯公司款項	7	9
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	-	4,076
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23,503	26,817
		45,784	60,886
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融資產		
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融資產	791	-
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	11,638	16,646
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	50,640	32,443
Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder	應付一名非控股股東的款項	1,262	723
Amounts due to related companies	應付關聯公司款項	1,117	307
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	20,776	24,724
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	100,825	141,167
		186,258	216,010

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

20 Inventories

20 存貨

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Food and beverages	食品及飲品	9,412	13,893

As at 31 December 2021 and 2022, there were no inventories stated at net realisable value.

於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日，概無存貨按可變現淨值列賬。

21 Trade Receivables

21 貿易應收款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	1,872	2,536
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	減：減值虧損撥備	(269)	(234)
		1,603	2,302

The Group's sales from its restaurant operations are mainly conducted in cash or by credit cards. The credit period granted by the Group to its customers ranges from 0 to 30 days.

本集團酒樓業務的營業額主要以現金或信用卡結算。本集團向其客戶授出的信貸期介乎0至30日。

The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date (net of allowance for impairment losses) is as follows:

按發票日期呈列的貿易應收款項(扣除減值虧損撥備後)賬齡分析如下：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	1,213	1,805
31 to 60 days	31至60日	109	207
61 to 90 days	61至90日	18	52
Over 90 days	90日以上	263	238
		1,603	2,302

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

21 Trade Receivables (Continued)

The Group applies simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

Movements in loss allowance recognised in respect of trade receivables are as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January	於一月一日	234	325
Loss allowance recognised for the year	年內確認的虧損撥備	51	-
Reversal of loss allowance for the year	年內虧損撥備撥回	-	(98)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(16)	7
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	269	234

Due to the short-term nature of the trade receivables, their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

21 貿易應收款項 (續)

本集團採用簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損，該方法就所有貿易應收款項使用全期預期虧損撥備。

就貿易應收款項已確認的虧損撥備變動如下：

因貿易應收款項的短期性質使然，其賬面值與其公允值相若，以港元或人民幣（為各集團實體的功能貨幣）計值。於報告日期所面對的最大信貸風險為上述貿易應收款項的賬面值。本集團並無持有任何抵押品作為擔保。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

22 Deposits, Prepayments and Other Receivables 22 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental deposits	租金按金	16,342	16,870
Utility deposits	公用按金	465	1,068
Other deposits, prepayments and other receivables	其他按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	3,440	5,085
		20,247	23,023
Less: Non-current portion – rental deposits	減：非即期部分 – 租金按金	(6,502)	(12,773)
Current portion	即期部分	13,745	10,250

The carrying amounts of deposits, prepayments and other receivables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities.

按金、預付款項及其他應收款項的賬面值與其公允值相若，以港元或人民幣（即各集團實體的功能貨幣）計值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

23 Loan Receivable

23 應收貸款

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fixed-rate loan receivable	固定利率應收貸款	3,392	3,706
Less: allowance for impairment loss	減：減值虧損撥備	(1,922)	-
		1,470	3,706

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's loan receivable represented secured loan receivable denominated in RMB of approximately HK\$3,392,000 (2021: unsecured loan receivable of approximately HK\$3,706,000) due from an independent third party bearing interest at a fixed rate of 3.85% (2021: 3.85%) per annum and repayable on 31 December 2022 (2021: six months from the date of loan withdrawn). The loan receivable was secured by 10.5% equity interest in a unlisted company and guaranteed by two independent third parties (2021: guaranteed by two independent third parties).

The management of the Group are of the opinion that the credit risk of the loan receivable is considered to be high due to default events occurred in 2022. Having considered the recoverable amount of the security and liquidity position of the borrower, the Group recognised approximately HK\$1,922,000 (2021: Nil) lifetime ECL during the year ended 31 December 2022.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團的應收貸款指應收一名獨立第三方的有抵押人民幣計值的應收貸款約3,392,000港元(二零二一年：無抵押應收貸款約3,706,000港元)，按每年3.85厘(二零二一年：3.85厘)的固定利率計息及須於二零二二年十二月三十一日(二零二一年：自貸款提取當日起計六個月)償還。應收貸款由一間非上市公司之10.5%股權抵押並由兩名獨立第三方擔保(二零二一年：由兩名獨立第三方擔保)。

本集團管理層認為，由於二零二二年發生違約事件，應收貸款的信貨風險被認為很高。於考慮借款人的抵押品之可收回金額及流動資金狀況後，本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度確認全期預期信貸虧損約1,922,000港元(二零二一年：零)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

24 Amounts Due from/(to) Non-Controlling Shareholders 24 應收／(應付)非控股股東款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amount due from a non-controlling shareholder	應收一名非控股股東款項		
Interest-free (note i)	免息(附註i)	2,277	2,487
Fixed rate of 3% per annum (note ii)	固定年利率3厘(附註ii)	6,965	7,610
		9,242	10,097
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (note iv)	減：減值虧損撥備(附註iv)	(9,242)	(10,097)
		-	-
Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder (note iii)	應付一名非控股股東款項 (附註iii)	1,262	723

Notes:

- (i) Secured by a non-controlling shareholder's entire equity interest in Yaoliang and has no fixed repayment term.
- (ii) Secured by a non-controlling shareholder's entire equity interest in Yaoliang and repayable in December 2021. No interest income was recognised for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022.
- (iii) Unsecured, interest free and has no fixed repayment term.
- (iv) The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the credit risk of the amount due from a non-controlling shareholder is considered to be high due to default events occurred. Having considered the recoverable amount of security and the liquidity condition of the non-controlling shareholder, the Group recognised full impairment loss during the year ended 31 December 2021.

附註：

- (i) 由一名非控股股東於耀良的全部股權抵押且無固定還款期。
- (ii) 由一名非控股股東於耀良的全部股權抵押及須於二零二一年十二月償還。截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度，並無確認利息收入。
- (iii) 無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。
- (iv) 本公司董事認為，由於發生違約事件，故應收一名非控股股東款項的信貸風險被認為較高。考慮到抵押品之可收回金額及非控股股東的流動資金狀況，截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團確認悉數減值虧損。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

25 Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss 25 按公允值計入損益的金融資產

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted unit trust fund (note i)	非上市單位信託基金 (附註i)	791	—

Note i: As at 31 December 2022, unlisted unit trust fund represented an investment in a non-principal guaranteed wealth management product managed by a financial institution in the PRC. The investment has unguaranteed yield, a fixed maturity date and can be redeemed at any time. The fair value of the investment is reported by the financial institution with reference to the net asset value of the underlying instruments (mainly bank deposits and non-convertible debentures) at the end of the reporting period.

附註i: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日，非上市單位信託基金指對中國一間金融機構所管理非保本理財產品之投資。投資具有不保證收益、固定到期日並可隨時贖回。投資之公允值由金融機構參考有關工具(主要為銀行存款及非可換股債券)於報告期末之資產淨值進行呈報。

26 Pledged Bank Deposit

No pledged bank deposits as at 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2021, a short-term deposit carried at the prevailing market interest rate at 0.1% per annum was pledged to a bank to secure short-term general banking facilities granted to the Group, and therefore classified as current asset.

The pledged bank deposit was denominated in HK\$.

26 已抵押銀行存款

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，並無已抵押銀行存款。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，按現行市場年利率0.1%列賬的短期存款已抵押予銀行，以取得授予本集團的短期一般銀行融資，因此分類為流動資產。

已抵押銀行存款均以港元計值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

27 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

27 現金及現金等價物及其他現金流量資料

(a) 現金及現金等價物包含：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at banks	銀行現金	10,486	26,696
Cash on hand	手頭現金	17	121
Short-term deposits	短期存款	13,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表的現金及現金等價物	23,503	26,817
Less: bank overdraft (note 32)	減：銀行透支(附註32)	-	(1,102)
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	於綜合現金流量表的現金及現金等價物	23,503	25,715
Maximum exposure to credit risk	最高信貸風險	23,486	26,696

Majority of the Group's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits earn interest at rates of 3.5% to 4.9% per annum.

本集團大部分現金及現金等價物以港元或人民幣(即各集團實體的功能貨幣)計值。銀行現金以每日銀行存款利率為基準的浮動利率賺取利息。短期存款按年利率3.5%至4.9%賺取利息。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

27 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash generated from operations:

27 現金及現金等價物及其他現金流量資料 (續)

(b) 除所得稅前虧損與經營所得現金的對賬：

	Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss before income tax		(46,217)	(101,288)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	15、16	40,115	58,684
Amortisation	10	-	1,874
Finance costs	11	9,865	11,533
Interest income	8	(252)	(467)
Premium charged on life insurance policies		2	42
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, net	15	6,015	406
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets, net	16	10,947	14,309
Impairment loss on trade receivables	10	51	-
Impairment loss on loan receivables	10	1,983	-
Impairment loss on intangible asset	17	-	28,695
Impairment loss on amount due from a non-controlling shareholder		-	9,858
Reversal of provision for reinstatement costs, net	8	(361)	(204)
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	8	-	(98)
Gain on early termination of leases, net		(24,879)	(13)
Rent concessions	10	(1,664)	(3,224)
Property, plant and equipment written-off	10	15	5,811
Bad debts written-off	10	53	2,072
VAT recoverable written-off	10	-	2,511
Gain on disposal property, plant and equipment		-	(5)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

27 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash generated from operations: (Continued)

27 現金及現金等價物及其他現金流量資料 (續)

(b) 除所得稅前虧損與經營所得現金的對賬：(續)

	Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		(4,327)	30,496
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		3,602	(1,334)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables		(545)	2,345
Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables		2,543	6,774
Decrease in loan receivable		-	6,294
Decrease in trade payables		(3,919)	(3,154)
Decrease in amounts due from related companies		2	61
(Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities		(4,805)	1,079
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposit		4,076	(4,076)
Increase in accruals and other payables		12,141	2,542
Increase in amount due to a non-controlling shareholder		600	476
Increase in amount due to a related company		810	307
Cash generated from operations		10,178	41,810

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

27 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flow was, or future cash flow will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

27 現金及現金等價物及其他現金流量資料 (續)

(c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬：

下表載列本集團自融資活動所產生負債之變動(包括現金及非現金變動)詳情。自融資活動所產生的負債為本集團於綜合現金流量表分類為融資活動所得現金流量的現金流量或未來現金流量。

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Loan from a director 董事貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020 and at 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及於二零二一年一月一日	22,408	168,640	-	191,048
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動：				
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(2,791)	-	-	(2,791)
Proceeds from new bank borrowings	新銀行借款所得款項	4,000	-	-	4,000
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分	-	(32,069)	-	(32,069)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的利息部分	-	(10,659)	-	(10,659)
Borrowing costs paid	已付借款成本	(634)	-	-	(634)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變動總額	575	(42,728)	-	(42,153)
Other changes	其他變動				
Increase in leases liabilities from entering into new leases during the year	年內訂立新租賃而產生的租賃負債增加	-	2,259	-	2,259
Adjustment on the modification of the lease term	修訂租賃條款的調整	-	3,751	-	3,751
Adjustment on early termination of leases	提早終止租賃的調整	-	(938)	-	(938)
Rent concessions	租金減免	-	(3,224)	-	(3,224)
Interest expenses (note 11)	利息開支(附註11)	634	10,899	-	11,533
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	5	2,508	-	2,513
Total other changes	其他變動總額	639	15,255	-	15,894
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	23,622	141,167	-	164,789

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

27 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: (Continued)

27 現金及現金等價物及其他現金流量資料 (續)

(c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬：(續)

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Loan from a director 董事貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021 and at 1 January 2022	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及於二零二二年一月一日	23,622	141,167	-	164,789
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動：				
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(2,846)	-	-	(2,846)
Proceeds from loan from a director	董事貸款所得款項	-	-	4,000	4,000
Repayment of loan from a director	償還董事貸款	-	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分	-	(18,464)	-	(18,464)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的利息部分	-	(8,472)	-	(8,472)
Borrowing costs paid	已付借款成本	(631)	-	(29)	(660)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變動總額	(3,477)	(26,936)	(29)	(30,442)
Other changes	其他變動				
Increase in leases liabilities from entering into new leases during the year	年內訂立新租賃而產生的租賃負債增加	-	22,240	-	22,240
Adjustment on the modification of the lease term	修訂租賃條款的調整	-	6,448	-	6,448
Transfer to other payables	轉撥至其他應付款項	-	(6,842)	-	(6,842)
Adjustment on early termination of leases	提早終止租賃的調整	-	(34,628)	-	(34,628)
Rent concessions	租金減免	-	(1,664)	-	(1,664)
Interest expenses (note 11)	利息開支(附註11)	631	9,205	29	9,865
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	-	(8,165)	-	(8,165)
Total other changes	其他變動總額	631	(13,406)	29	(12,746)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	20,776	100,825	-	121,601

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

28 Share Capital

28 股本

		Number of Ordinary shares 普通股數目	Nominal value of Ordinary share 普通股面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定：		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each as at 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and 2022	於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二一年及 二零二二年十二月 三十一日每股面值0.01 港元之普通股	2,000,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
As at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年十二月 三十一日	1,000,000,000	10,000
Issue of shares upon placing (note)	於配售時發行股份(附註)	105,100,000	1,051
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	1,105,100,000	11,051

Note: On 22 November 2022, the Company and the placing agent entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to place through the placing agents 105,100,000 placing shares ("Placing Shares") to not less than six placees at the HK\$0.204 per Placing Share. The placing was completed on 15 December 2022. An aggregate of 105,100,000 Placing Shares have been placed to not less than six placees at HK\$0.204 per Placing Share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the placing agreement. The gross proceeds and the net proceeds (after deduction of the relevant expenses and fees) from the placing amounted to approximately HK\$21,440,000 and approximately HK\$21,069,000, respectively. The Company intends to use the net proceeds for the purposes of replenishing the working capital of the Group, repayment of debts and developing the Group's business in Hong Kong and China.

附註：於二零二二年十一月二十二日，本公司與配售代理訂立配售協議，據此，本公司有條件同意透過配售代理以每股配售股份0.204港元向不少於六名承配人配售105,100,000股配售股份（「配售股份」）。配售事項已於二零二二年十二月十五日完成。本公司已根據配售協議之條款及條件以每股配售股份0.204港元向不少於六名承配人配售合共105,100,000股配售股份。配售所得款項總額及所得款項淨額（經扣除相關開支及費用後）金額分別約為21,440,000港元及約21,069,000港元。本公司擬將所得款項淨額用於補充本集團之營運資金、償還債務以及發展本集團於香港及中國之業務。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

29 Trade Payables

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	2,284	6,943
31 to 60 days	31至60日	2,751	3,443
61 to 90 days	61至90日	1,273	1,256
Over 90 days	90日以上	5,330	5,004
		11,638	16,646

The carrying amounts of trade payables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities.

29 貿易應付款項

按發票日期呈列的貿易應付款項賬齡分析如下：

貿易應付款項的賬面值與其公允值相若，並以港元或人民幣（為各集團實體的功能貨幣）計值。

30 Accruals and Other payables

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accrued expenses	應計費用	32,425	26,096
Other payables	其他應付款項	17,275	5,510
Temporary receipts	暫收款	940	837
Total accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他 應付款項總額	50,640	32,443

All of the accruals and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

The carrying amounts of accruals and other payables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities.

30 應計費用及其他應付款項

所有應計費用及其他應付款項預期將在一年內結清或確認為收入，或按需償還。

應計費用及其他應付款項的賬面值與其公允值相若，並以港元或人民幣（即各集團實體的功能貨幣）計值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

31 Contract Liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities.

31 合約負債

本集團已確認以下收益相關合約負債。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current	流動	16,903	23,451

Contract liabilities represent the advance payments from customers, while the underlying services are not yet provided as at 31 December 2021 and 2022. The contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as income within one year and are classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

合約負債指客戶預付款項，而相關服務於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日尚未提供。合約負債預期將於一年內確認為收入及於綜合財務狀況表內分類為流動負債。

Movement in the contract liabilities balances during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022 is as follows:

於截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的合約負債結餘的變動如下：

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日的賬面值	23,451	21,823
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(1,743)	549
Revenue recognised during the year (note 8(ii))	年內已確認收益 (附註8(ii))	(9,277)	(11,563)
Forfeiture of deposits recognised as income (note 8)	沒收確認為收入的按金 (附註8)	(1,486)	—
Consideration received from customers, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during the year	已收客戶代價，不包括年內已確認為收益的款項	5,958	12,642
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的賬面值	16,903	23,451

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

32 Bank Borrowings

32 銀行借款

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank overdraft – unsecured (note 27) 銀行透支—無抵押(附註27)	–	1,102
Bank borrowings due for repayment within one year – unsecured 於一年內到期償還銀行借款—無抵押	3,192	2,855
Bank borrowings due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause – unsecured 於一年後到期償還銀行借款(含有按要求償還條款)—無抵押	17,584	20,767
	20,776	24,724

As at 31 December 2022, the bank borrowings of the Group amounting to approximately HK\$20,776,000 (2021: HK\$23,622,000) were guaranteed by the Hong Kong Government, certain of the existing and former controlling shareholders. As at 31 December 2021, bank overdraft of approximately HK\$1,102,000 was guaranteed by the Company for a subsidiary. The Company has not recognised any deferred income in respect of the guarantee provided to a bank for the subsidiary as its fair value cannot be reliably measured and there is no transaction price.

No covenants relating to the Group or the subsidiary's financial ratios were required by the banks as at 31 December 2021 and 2022.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團銀行借款約20,776,000港元(二零二一年：23,622,000港元)由香港政府、若干現有及前控股股東擔保。於二零二一年十二月三十一日，銀行透支約1,102,000港元由本公司就一間附屬公司作出擔保。本公司並無因就附屬公司向銀行提供之擔保確認任何遞延收入，原因為其公允值無法可靠計量且並無交易價格。

於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日，銀行並無要求與本集團或附屬公司的財務比率有關的契約。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

32 Bank Borrowings (Continued)

Repayments of bank borrowings based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements are as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,192	3,957
Over one year but less than two years	超過一年但少於兩年	3,300	3,243
Over two years but less than five years	超過兩年但少於五年	10,601	10,279
Over five years	超過五年	3,683	7,245
		20,776	24,724

The weighted average effective interest rates at the respective reporting date were set out as follows:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	3.38%	2.92%

The carrying amounts of current bank borrowings approximate their fair values, as the impact of discounting was not significant on the borrowings carried floating interest rate.

32 銀行借款 (續)

按貸款協議所載的計劃還款日期劃分的償還銀行借款的詳情如下：

於相關報告日期的加權平均實際利率列載如下：

由於貼現對借款浮動利率影響不大，故即期銀行借款的賬面值與其公允值相若。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

33 Lease Liabilities

As at 31 December 2022, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	26,031	38,168
After 1 year but within 2 years	超過一年但兩年內	22,105	36,879
After 2 years but within 5 years	超過兩年但五年內	39,740	49,815
After 5 years	超過五年	12,949	16,305
		74,794	102,999
		100,825	141,167

33 租賃負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日，租賃負債償還如下：

34 Provision for Reinstatement Costs

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,745	5,885
Transfer to other payables	轉撥至其他應付款項	(599)	-
Additions	添置	862	-
Provision made during the year	年內計提撥備	150	-
Reversal made during the year	年內作出之撥回	(511)	(204)
Exchange alignment	匯兌調整	(222)	64
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,425	5,745
Less: Non-current portion	減：非即期部分	(3,475)	(3,833)
Current portion	即期部分	1,950	1,912

34 修復成本撥備

Provision for reinstatement costs is recognised for the costs to be incurred for the reinstatement of the properties used by the Group for its operations upon expiration of the relevant leases. The Group expected that the present value of the costs approximates their undiscounted costs.

修復成本撥備乃就本集團於相關租賃到期後修復其經營所用物業所產生的成本而確認。本集團預期該等成本的現值與其未貼現成本相若。

* For identification purposes only

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

35 Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)

(a) The analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) is as follows:

35 遞延稅項資產/(負債)

(a) 遞延稅項資產/(負債) 產分析如下:

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	1 January 2021 二零二一年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Deferred tax liabilities 遞延稅項負債	-	-	(2,902)
Deferred tax assets 遞延稅項資產	3,244	320	1,435
	3,244	320	(1,467)

The movements in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the current and prior years, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

於本年度及過往年度的遞延稅項資產/(負債) 變動(並無計及同一稅務司法權區的結餘抵銷) 如下:

Deferred tax

遞延稅項

		(Accelerated) Decelerated tax depreciation (加速)減速 稅項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Tax losses 稅務虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021 (as previously reported) 於二零二一年一月一日 (先前呈報)		834	645	(3,529)	(2,050)
Effect of change in accounting policy (note 4) 會計政策變動產生的影響 (附註4)		583	-	-	583
At 1 January 2021 (restated) 於二零二一年一月一日 (經重列)		1,417	645	(3,529)	(1,467)
Exchange alignment (restated) 匯兌調整(經重列)		11	1	(6)	6
Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (note 12) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及其他全面收益表 (附註12)		(1,149)	(646)	3,576	1,781
At 31 December 2021 (restated) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日(經重列)		279	-	41	320
At 1 January 2022 (restated) 於二零二二年一月一日 (經重列)		279	-	41	320
Exchange alignment 匯兌調整		(14)	(102)	-	(116)
Credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (note 12) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及其他全面收益表 (附註12)		(311)	3,352	(1)	3,040
At 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日		(46)	3,250	40	3,244

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

35 Deferred Tax Assets (Continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Deductible temporary differences	可扣減暫時差額	36,283	44,688
Tax losses	稅項虧損	201,251	159,916
		237,534	204,604

Notes:

- (i) The deductible temporary differences do not expire under the current tax legislation.
- (ii) Tax losses of approximately HK\$53,997,000 (2021: HK\$46,312,000) arising from the Group's restaurant business in the PRC will expire in the fifth year commencing from the year the loss incurred whereas tax losses of approximately HK\$147,254,000 (2021: HK\$113,604,000) arising from the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong do not expire under the current tax legislation

35 遞延稅項資產 (續)

(b) 並未就以下項目確認遞延稅項資產：

附註：

- (i) 根據現行稅法，可扣減暫時差額並不會到期。
- (ii) 根據現行稅法，本集團於中國之酒樓業務產生的稅項虧損約53,997,000港元(二零二一年：46,312,000港元)將自產生虧損年度起計第五年到期，而本集團於香港之附屬公司產生的稅項虧損約147,254,000港元(二零二一年：113,604,000港元)並不會到期。

36 Major Non-Cash Transactions

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group entered into lease arrangements in respect of lease modification and the acquisition of right-of-use assets with a total capital value of approximately HK\$29,550,000 and HK\$6,010,000, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, additions of property, plant and equipment included purchase of property, plant and equipment settled by deposit paid in 2020 amounting to approximately HK\$1,873,000, which did not involve any cash payment in 2021.

36 主要非現金交易

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團就租賃修訂及收購使用權資產訂立租賃安排，其總資本價值分別約為29,550,000港元及6,010,000港元。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，添置物業、廠房及設備包括於二零二零年以已付按金結付之購買物業、廠房及設備約1,873,000港元，其於二零二一年並無涉及任何現金付款。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

37 Reserves

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 135 of the consolidated financial statements.

Other reserves

Other reserves of the Group represent (i) the amount arising from a reorganisation of the Company in connection with the listing; (ii) waiver of amounts due to a non-controlling shareholder, related party, and ultimate controlling shareholders; (iii) the difference between the acquisition of additional equity interests from the then non-controlling shareholders and the nominal value of the shares of an existing subsidiary of the Group issued in exchange therefore prior to the listing of the Company's shares; and (iv) the difference between the consideration received on disposal of the entire equity interests of the subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the net liabilities of the subsidiaries.

38 Litigation and Contingent Liabilities

Except for the case set out below, the Group did not have other significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

As announced by the Company on 6 January 2020, Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company received a Write of Summons together with an indorsement of claim (the "Indorsement") dated 31 December 2019 and a statement of claim (the "Statement of Claim") dated 17 January 2020 issued in the High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Court Action") by Foxhill Investments Limited as plaintiff (the "Plaintiff") against Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited as defendant (the "Defendant").

37 儲備

本集團當前及過往年度儲備之金額及變動呈列於綜合財務報表第135頁綜合權益變動表內。

其他儲備

本集團其他儲備為(i)來自本公司與上市相關之重組產生的金額；(ii)放棄應付非控股股東、關聯方及最終控股股東的金額；(iii)收購來自當時非控股股東的其他股權與本集團一家現有附屬公司的股份面值之間、於本公司股份上市前發行於聯交所的差額；及(iv)出售附屬公司全部股權所收代價與附屬公司淨負債之賬面值的差額。

38 訴訟及或然負債

除下述案件外，於二零二二年十二月三十一日及直至本報告日期，本集團概無其他重大或然負債。

誠如本公司於二零二零年一月六日所宣佈，本公司間接全資附屬公司俊聯(香港)有限公司接獲一份由惠晉投資有限公司(作為原告人，「原告人」)經香港特別行政區高等法院向俊聯(香港)有限公司(作為被告人，「被告人」)發出日期為二零一九年十二月三十一日之傳訊令狀連同申索背書(「背書」)以及日期為二零二零年一月十七日之申索陳述書(「申索陳述書」)(「法院訴訟」)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

38 Litigation and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

It is stated in the Indorsement that the Plaintiff's claim against the Defendant is in relation to the breach of the Tenancy Agreement dated 18 April 2018 (the "Tenancy Agreement") for wrongfully failing and/or refusing to pay the rent and/or management fees and/or government rates in respect of the Premises located at Units 201-202 on the Second Floor of Infinitus Plaza, No.199 Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong (the "Premises") since 1 October 2019. As at 31 December 2022, the Group had recognised a payable approximately HK\$9,271,000 (2021: HK\$6,037,000) as the rent, management fee, penalty and related interest in relation to the Premises in the consolidated financial statements.

Up to the date of this report, the case is still in proceedings. On the basis of currently available information, the Director's considered that the legal proceedings are unlikely to result in any other material outflow of economic benefits from the Group.

39 Capital Commitments

The Group did not have any significant capital commitment as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

38 訴訟及或然負債(續)

背書中指出，原告人針對被告人提起之申索乃有關違反日期為二零一八年四月十八日之租賃協議(「租賃協議」)，因被告人自二零一九年十月一日起未能及／或拒絕就位於香港中環德輔道中199號無限極廣場二樓201至202室之物業(「物業」)妥為支付租金及／或管理費及／或政府差餉。於二零二二年十二月三十一日，本集團就物業於綜合財務報表內確認租金、管理費、罰金及相關利息的應付款項約9,271,000港元(二零二一年：6,037,000港元)。

截至本報告日期，訴訟尚未結案。根據現時可獲取的資料，董事認為法律訴訟不會導致本集團出現任何其他巨額經濟利益流出。

39 資本承擔

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何重大資本承擔。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

40 Related Party Transactions

(a) Transactions with related parties

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with its related parties during the years:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expenses paid to Richfield Develop Limited (Note i)	向富裕拓展有限公司支付租金開支 (附註 i)	308	886
Interest expense paid to Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Note ii)	向陳振傑先生支付利息開支 (附註 ii)	29	—
		337	886

Note i: Richfield Develop Limited is a related company controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the Company. Rental expenses paid to the related company were charged at term mutually agreed by both parties.

Note ii: A director of the Company

The above transactions constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, as they are below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A.76(i).

40 關聯方交易

(a) 與關聯方的交易

除於綜合財務報表另有披露者外，本集團於有關年度與關聯方訂有以下重大交易：

附註 i：富裕拓展有限公司為本公司董事陳振傑先生控制的關聯公司。支付予關聯公司的租金開支按雙方相互協定的價格收取。

附註 ii：本公司的一名董事

上述交易構成上市規則第 14A 章所界定之持續關連交易，惟該等交易獲豁免遵守上市規則第 14A 章之披露規定，原因為該等交易低於第 14A.76(i) 條項下之最低豁免水平。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

40 Related Party Transactions (Continued)

(b) Balances with related parties

- (i) Particulars of amounts due from related companies, disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 3 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

		Maximum amount outstanding during the year		Maximum amount outstanding during the year	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		年內最高未償還金額	年內最高未償還金額	年內最高未償還金額	年內最高未償還金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Long Run Investment Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	瑞祥投資有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	3	3	2	2
Elite Linker Investment Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	俊聯投資有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	3	3	3	3
Richfield Develop Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	富裕拓展有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	-	-	66	-
Poly Wealth Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	寶利高有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	1	1	1	1
Star Catering Management Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	利寶閣飲食管理有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	3	-	3	3
		10	7	75	9

Note:

- (i) Controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the Company.

附註：

- (i) 由本公司董事陳振傑先生控制。

40 關聯方交易 (續)

(b) 與關聯方的結餘

- (i) 根據《香港公司條例》第383(1)(d)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第3部，應收關聯公司款項的詳情如下：

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

40 Related Party Transactions (Continued)

(b) Balances with related parties (Continued)

(ii) Amounts due to related companies

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Richfield Develop Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	富裕拓展有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	980	307
Star Catering Management Limited ⁽ⁱ⁾	利寶閣飲食管理有限公司 ⁽ⁱ⁾	137	-
		1,117	307

Note:

(i) Controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the Company.

Amounts due from/(to) related parties are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

40 關聯方交易 (續)

(b) 與關聯方的結餘 (續)

(ii) 應付關聯公司款項

附註：

(i) 由本公司董事陳振傑先生控制。

應收/(付)關聯方款項為無抵押、免息及按需償還。

(c) Key management compensation

The emoluments of executive directors and members of key management were as follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Directors' fee	董事袍金	172	-
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits	基本薪金、津貼及福利	3,978	4,260
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	43	5
Employer's contribution to pension scheme	退休金計劃僱主供款	134	105
		4,327	4,370

Total remuneration is included in "Employee benefits expenses" (see note 9).

薪酬總額載於「僱員福利開支」(見附註9)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the Company 41 本公司財務狀況表

(a) Company-level statement of financial position

(a) 公司層面財務狀況表

	Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries	41(c)	24,548	19,784
Current assets			
Prepayments and other receivables		360	227
Amounts due from related companies		7	7
Pledged bank deposits		-	4,076
Cash and cash equivalents		13,355	126
		13,722	4,436
Total assets		38,270	24,220
EQUITY			
Share capital	28	11,051	10,000
Share premium	41(b)	118,902	98,884
Other reserve	41(b)	78	78
Accumulated losses	41(b)	(95,510)	(87,433)
Total equity		34,521	21,529
Current liabilities			
Other payables		3,749	2,691
Total liabilities		3,749	2,691
Total equity and liabilities		38,270	24,220
Net current assets		9,973	1,745

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 29 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

CHAN Chun Kit
陳振傑
Director
董事

於二零二三年三月二十九日，董事會批准及授權刊發該等財務報表，並由以下人士代表簽署：

CHAN Josephine Wai Sze
陳瑋詩
Director
董事

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued) 41 本公司財務狀況表 (續)

(b) Movements in components of reserve of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備組成的變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日的結餘	98,884	78	(70,575)	28,387
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面 虧損總額	-	-	(16,858)	(16,858)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的結餘	98,884	78	(87,433)	11,529
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面 虧損總額	-	-	(8,077)	(8,077)
Placing of new shares	配售新股份	20,018	-	-	20,018
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的結餘	118,902	78	(95,510)	23,470

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued) 41 本公司財務狀況表(續)

(c) Particulars of principal subsidiaries

Details of the principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

(c) 主要附屬公司詳情

於報告期末的主要附屬公司詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operation and type of legal entity 註冊成立及經營地點及法律實體類型	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Effective interest held by the Company 本公司所持實際權益	Principal activities 主要業務
Solarday Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$20,000	100%	Ceased business
祥匯投資有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	20,000 港元	100%	停止營運
Orient Century Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$20,000	100%	Ceased business
奧聯有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	20,000 港元	100%	停止營運
Great Virtue Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	100%	Ceased business
俊品投資有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	10,000 港元	100%	停止營運
Great Virtue (Hong Kong) Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	100%	Ceased business
俊品(香港)投資有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	10,000 港元	100%	停止營運
Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	Ceased business
俊聯(香港)有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	1 港元	100%	停止營運
Smart Best (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$100	100%	Ordering of food ingredient for the Group
佳俊(亞洲)有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	100 港元	100%	為本集團訂購食材
Tiena Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	Restaurant operation
天運來有限公司	香港，有限責任公司	1 港元	100%	酒樓營運
利寶閣(深圳)餐飲有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB23,530,000	100%	Restaurant operation
利寶閣(深圳)餐飲有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	人民幣23,530,000元	100%	酒樓營運
利寶閣(深圳)宴會餐飲有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB13,000,000	100%	Restaurant operation
利寶閣(深圳)宴會餐飲有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	人民幣13,000,000元	100%	酒樓營運

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued) 41 本公司財務狀況表 (續)

(c) Particulars of principal subsidiaries (Continued) (c) 主要附屬公司詳情 (續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operation and type of legal entity 註冊成立及經營地點及法律實體類型	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Effective interest held by the Company 本公司所持實際權益	Principal activities 主要業務
利寶閣茶居(深圳)餐飲有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	HK\$5,000,000	100%	Ceased business
利寶閣茶居(深圳)餐飲有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	5,000,000 港元	100%	停止營運
利寶茶居(深圳)餐飲有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	HK\$500,000	100%	Ceased business
利寶茶居(深圳)餐飲有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	500,000 港元	100%	停止營運
上海志捷食品有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB3,750,000	100%	Ceased business
上海志捷食品有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	人民幣3,750,000 元	100%	停止營運
耀良(上海)食品有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB5,500,000	70%	Ceased business
耀良(上海)食品有限公司	中華人民共和國，有限責任公司	人民幣5,500,000 元	70%	停止營運

The above table lists out the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affect the results of the Group for the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group at the end of the year.

To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt capital in issue at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

以上附屬公司乃基於董事會認為其對本集團本年度業績有重要性影響或佔本集團本年度末資產淨值的重大部分而列表。

董事會認為併列其他附屬公司詳情會引致篇幅冗長。

於本年度末或本年度任何時間內，各附屬公司並無發行任何債務股本。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued) 41 本公司財務狀況表(續)

(d) Non-controlling interest

The following table lists out the information relating to Yaoliang, the only subsidiary of the Group which has a material non-controlling interest (NCI). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

(d) 非控股權益

下表列出有關耀良(本集團唯一擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司)的資料。以下所呈列的概要財務資料為任何公司間對銷前的金額。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
NCI percentage	非控股權益百分比	30%	30%
Current assets	流動資產	-	-
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-	-
Current liabilities	流動負債	(8,891)	(9,490)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	-
Net liabilities	負債淨值	(8,891)	(9,490)
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值	(2,667)	(2,847)
Revenue	收益	-	15,731
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(206)	(21,528)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收入/(虧損)總額	599	(21,730)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益的全面收入/(虧損)總額	180	(6,519)
Dividend paid to NCI	已付非控股權益的股息	-	-
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量	59	3,046
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量	-	1
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量	-	(2,708)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

42 Share-Based Payment Transactions

Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") adopted on 16 June 2016 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to Directors, employees, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and services providers of the Group, the directors, employees, consultant or adviser of the Group or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and services providers may, at the discretion of the board, be granted options (the "Options") to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price determined by its directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a trading day, (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on the date of grant of the option.

Without prior approval from the Company's shareholders, the total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, and the number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time.

The Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years from the date of its adoption. Options granted must be taken up not later than 7 days after the date of grant. A consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an option.

The exercisable period of an option, which shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant, is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company at their discretion. No options have been granted since its adoption.

43. Comparative figures

As explained in note 4.2 to the consolidated financial statements, due to the change in accounting policy for property, plant and equipment adopted by the Group, certain comparative amounts have been restated to conform with the current year's accounting treatments and presentation.

42 股份付款交易

根據本公司於二零一六年六月十六日所採納的購股權計劃(「計劃」)，主要目的為向本集團董事、僱員、諮詢人、顧問、分銷商、承建商、供應商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴及服務供應商提供獎勵，董事會酌情向本集團董事、僱員、諮詢人或顧問或本集團任何主要股東，或任何分銷商、承建商、供應商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴及服務供應商授出購股權(「購股權」)以按其董事釐定的價格認購本公司股份，但價格不得低於下列之最高者：(i) 股份於有關提出要約日期(須為交易日)在聯交所每日報價表所列的收市價，(ii) 股份於緊接提出要約日期前五個交易日在聯交所每日報價表所列的收市價平均數；及(iii) 於授出購股權日期本公司股份的面值。

未經本公司股東事先批准，根據計劃可能授出購股權而發行的股份總數不得超過本公司任何時間點已發行股份的10%，且於任何一年可能向任何個人授出的購股權相關的股份數目不得超過本公司任何時間點已發行股份的1%。

該計劃將自其採納日期起計十年內具有效力。購股權自提出要約之日起計7日內須獲接納。於接納購股權要約時，須支付代價1港元。

購股權可行使期間為自授出之日起計不超過十年，由本公司董事會酌情決定。自採納以來，並無授出購股權。

43. 比較數字

誠如綜合財務報表附註4.2所述，由於本集團就物業、廠房及設備採納會計政策變動，若干比較金額已獲重列以與本年度之會計處理及呈列一致。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

44 Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2022

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 and which have not been early adopted in these consolidated financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group:

44 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在影響

直至此等綜合財務報表刊發日期止，香港會計師公會已頒佈多項於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且於此等綜合財務報表內並未提早採納之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋。該等或與本集團有關之準則包括以下各項：

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效
HKFRS 17 香港財務報告準則第17號	Insurance Contracts 保險合約	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current 負債分類為流動或非流動	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號(修訂本)	Disclosure of Accounting Policies 會計政策的披露	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 8 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)	Definition of Accounting Estimates 會計估計的定義	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 12 香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction 與單一交易產生的資產及負債相關的遞延稅項	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

44 Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 (Continued)

44 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在影響 (續)

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資	待定
HK Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2024
香港詮釋第5號(二零二零年)	財務報表的呈列 — 借款人對包含可隨時要求償還條款的定期貸款的分類	二零二四年一月一日

These standards are mandatorily effective for first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2023. At this stage, the Group does not intend to adopt these standards before their effective date. The Group has not early applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

該等準則自二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之首個年度期間強制生效。於本階段，本集團不擬於其生效日期前採納該等準則。本集團並無提前應用該等已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

本集團現正評估該等發展預期對初次應用期間帶來之影響。迄今，本集團已得出結論採納該等準則不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(restated)	(restated)	(restated)	(restated)
			(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
Revenue	收益	135,552	274,566	236,397	352,861	360,509
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利	(46,217)	(101,288)	(40,499)	(50,981)	4,608
Income tax	所得稅	3,123	1,150	74	(9,343)	(2,650)
(Loss)/Profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(43,094)	(100,138)	(40,425)	(60,324)	1,958
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔：					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(41,352)	(92,430)	(39,466)	(60,324)	1,958
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,742)	(7,708)	(959)	-	-
		(43,094)	(100,138)	(40,425)	(60,324)	1,958

FINANCIAL SUMMARY (Continued)

財務概要 (續)

Assets, Liabilities and Non-Controlling Interests 資產、負債及非控股權益

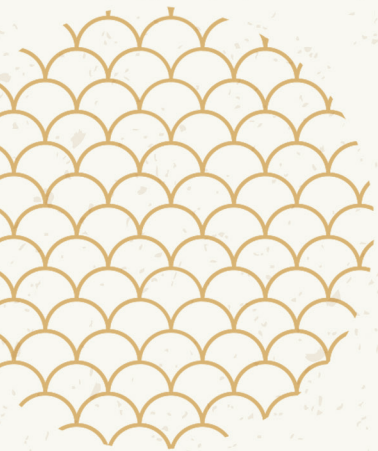
		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Total assets	資產總額	141,924	200,796	325,364	369,315	176,831
Total liabilities	負債總額	(208,586)	(245,234)	(270,646)	(281,873)	(57,978)
Net (liabilities)/assets	淨(負債)/資產	(66,662)	(44,438)	54,718	87,442	118,853
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	5,062	3,682	(4,105)	-	-
(Deficit)/Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔(虧絀)/權益	(61,600)	(40,756)	50,613	87,442	118,853

The financial information for the year ended 31 December 2022 is extracted from the consolidated financial statements in the Company's annual reports. The financial information for the years earlier than 2022 has been restated for consistency with the change in accounting policy in 2022.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之財務資料乃摘自本公司年報中的綜合財務報表。二零二二年之前年度之財務資料已獲重列以與二零二二年會計政策之變動一致。

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。



利·寶·閣

Star of Canton Restaurant

Li Bao Ge Group Limited

利寶閣集團有限公司

