草悦 控股有限公司 BONJOUR Holdings Limited Hong Kong Stock Code 653



主席的話

Chairman's Message

疫情肆虐逾兩年,香港以自由行服務為主體的零售業深受其害,卓悅作為其中一分子,亦兩年錄得嚴重虧損,作為主席的我,路在何方?如何擔當?

卓悅是一家超過三十年的美妝連鎖企業,在港澳和內地都具備一定知名度,疫情過後,開更多的店舖、做更大的市場服務,是我們最佳選擇嗎?

疫情過後,還會回復每年逾五千萬自由行旅客來 香港享受消費服務嗎?我相信這是一個傳統品牌 零售專門集團,必須回答的問題。

我們將更多的美妝品牌和產品放在更多 MARKETPLACE進行銷售,是今後可行之路嗎?如 果我們在三十個以上MARKETPLACE進行銷售, 我們是否要組建三十多個銷售團隊?我們作為傳 統企業,走上線上銷售,那傳統的部分又如何與線 上各平台部分協同產生火花?今後,傳統企業能否 利用新的更多線上平台和數字化轉型,做到增效 降本,這些都是我們過往兩年考慮的問題和走上 的路。 很多人問我們身為傳統企業,為甚麼不買一個平台回來自己做,而要自行開發?其實這是我們第一個選擇,但是發現香港很特殊,買了內地的,香港不合用;買了香港的,內地不合用;買了海外的,不知怎用。但是香港零售服務天生負責既服務香港,又服務內地,更要服務海外,這樣的平台真的找不到。

所以我們從2020年3月開始,嘗試自行研發電商平台,滿足香港多制式服務。從出發之日起,我們希望能構建一個同時滿足香港、內地、海外的電商平台,為商家客戶服務,更重點把服務對象定位在中小企業。

但是,第一個難題,我們在香港的平台,如何讓內 地居民能夠人民幣付款,我們在香港收港幣?要達 成交易,我們平台首要解決跨關區、不同外匯支付 等正常貿易中,應該具有的關稅和非關稅壁壘條 件。

平台構造如何滿足內地居民需求,又能服務香港本地市民完全不一樣的需求,又要嘗試理解和滿足海外品牌通過我們平台進入內地市場服務的需求,這些都是我們必須面對和需要解決的答案。

現在很高興跟大家分享,經過兩年的努力,團隊同心協力打拼,各行業企業多方支持,我們終於打造出一個一台多制,能解決上述困難的香港貓電商平台。香港貓電商平台之始,在於滿足本地、內地、海外市場的多聯多向,並提供一個新選擇和一個新解決方案。

這是一個十分有趣的事,我們從開始起步都不太相信,我們會建成電商平台,到我們的電商平台, 能學習全面的電商平台服務。原來在不經意之中, 我們走上了一條全新轉型之路,提供美妝服務不 再是我們唯一選擇和唯一賽道。



現在卓悅美妝也成為香港貓其中一個商戶,而香港貓的卓悅商戶,正體驗一個商城模式,香港貓卓悅商城兼容了平台MARKETPLACE線上優勢,和線下傳統優勢,原來我們也在嘗試走出一條O2O全面整合之路,這裏充滿了挑戰和期待。

隨著香港貓提供服務,從賣美妝賣香水開始,到現在能夠賣酒樓點心,為酒樓提供點菜系統、接單系統,到開始為酒樓提供全面ERP營運體系,我們開始向更多不同行業,提供不同企業數字化轉型服務,因為我們在這條路上一直走,我們希望通過自己走過的路,能為更多傳統企業賦能,讓更多傳統企業盡快利用線上平台系統,服務更多更大的市場,達到增加企業銷售效益的願景。

走到如今我們發現在香港的未來發展,和在萬物 互聯新時代的企業數字化轉型路上才剛剛開始, 我們相信這條路還要走很遠很遠,而這條路的未 來發展和空間非常廣闊,商機無限。傳統企業在以 產業創新的道路上,不應等待,不應袖手旁觀。產 業創新才是我們未來的方向。

「科技+消費」是我們在2020年底定出的卓悅新目標,我們在過往兩年投入所有資源勇敢的努力地走上產業創新之路。今天我們終於發現自己走上了路走對了路。我們今後的重點是如何走好這條路。

看山不是山,看山還是山。我們好像轉了一圈又回來還是大家眼中的卓悅。卓悅在追求卓越,自我不停超越。我們相信這是傳統企業一條脫胎換骨之路,企業重構創新之路。這條路我們定會全力以赴努力全力向前走。

現在的卓悅由原來單一美妝零售業務為主體,升級轉型實現「科技+消費」產業創新。香港貓向企業提供一台多制的全球電商服務能力,和卓悅科技向企業提供的數字一體化體系,助力傳統企業打通感知層和應用層的連接。產業創新中心將為傳統產業數字化轉型和線上線下一體化數字營銷服務,提供了可行性和現實性的選擇。

美妝零售體系是卓悅原來的傳統服務,現在卓悅 開始了醫學美容和生活美容的投資和服務,打造 全新美顏產業鏈。

未來的卓悅我們希望在本港傳統企業轉型的道路 上提供更多數字化轉型技術和實施方案,為傳統 企業提供全面數字化賦能服務。

我們相信實現數字型企業,企業數字化轉型是企業未來的廣闊天地,大有作為。

踏上征途,相信前路。有伴何妨你和我唱,無伴獨 聽風聲雨聲。這是我們過往走過的孤獨之路的心 聲。

我們期待大家一齊走上「科技+消費」企業數字化 新零售轉型之路。

陳健文先生

Mr. Chen Jianwen

主席Chairman

主席的話

Chairman's Message

The COVID-19 epidemic having raged for more than two years, the retail industry in Hong Kong, which is primarily based on offering services to FIT (Free Independent Travelers), was deeply affected. Bonjour, as one of retailers, has also suffered significant losses in these two years. As Chairman, I have been constantly pondering the way out for Bonjour and how I can shoulder the responsibilities.

Bonjour has been a beauty chain enterprise for more than 30 years and enjoys a good reputation in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China. The question comes post-COVID: Is it still the best choice to open more stores and capture wider market?

After the epidemic, can Bonjour still be able to enjoy the consumption demands brought about by over fifty million FIT per year in Hong Kong? I believe this is a hard question that is confronted by all traditional retailers.

Is it feasible if we put more beauty brands and products on more marketplaces for sale? Do we need to build 30 or more sales teams for selling our products in more than 30 marketplaces? As a traditional enterprise, if we sell products online, how does the traditional business correlate with the online business? Can traditional enterprises make use of new online platforms and digital transformation to improve efficiency and achieve cost reduction? These are the considerations and questions continuously posed to us and the path we undertook in the past two years.

Many people asked why did Bonjour not acquire an online platform, but chose to develop the platform ourselves. In fact acquiring a third party platform was our first choice. However we discovered that Hong Kong is very special. If we acquire a platform from Mainland China, it may not be suitable for Hong Kong's adoption. If we acquire a local platform from Hong Kong, it may not be applicable for use in the Mainland China. If we acquire it from overseas, we are not sure if it fits the purposes. Yet Hong Kong's retail services are uniquely placed to serve markets in Hong Kong, Mainland China and overseas, it is near impossible to identify a platform in totality that can meet all these requirements.

Therefore, in March 2020, we started to develop our own e-commerce platform in Hong Kong that was tailor-made to meet our multi-system requirements. We aim to build an e-commerce platform that fulfills the needs of Hong Kong, Mainland China and overseas markets at the same time, particularly targeting to serve the SMEs.

However, the first challenge in the development process we confronted was how can consumers in the Mainland China pay in RMB in order for us to receive HKD in Hong Kong? In addition, our platform should be able to address cross border tariff settlement as well as cross border payment in multi-currency.

Further, we must consider how to design our platform so that it not only meets the needs of mainland China consumers, but it also fulfills the unique demands of Hong Kong consumers, as well as understands and satisfies the requirements of foreign brands venturing to enter the Mainland China market through our platform.

I am very pleased to share with you that, after two years of hard work by our Bonjour team, together with support from partner enterprises from various industries, we have finally built a multi-system e-commerce platform: HKMall (香港貓) that is able to tackle the above challenges. HKMall is able to satisfy the needs of the local and overseas markets, as well as providing customers with new choices and innovative solutions.

It is beyond our initial expectation that with concerted effort we have finally developed an e-commerce platform and embarked on a new journey of transformation. More importantly, provision of beauty products and services is no longer our sole offer nor pathway.

Currently, Bonjour's beauty business has become a service offering on HKMall, and all merchants on HKMall are offered a unique shopping mall experience combining advantages of both online marketplace convenience as well as traditional offline store benefits. To our pleasant surprise, we have innovated a new integrated model of O2O, which is full of challenges and yet also filled with expectations.

Through the comprehensive service offerings of HKMall, Bonjour does not only sell beauty makeup and fragrances, but even dim sum from Chinese restaurants and provides restaurants with online ordering system and integrated ERP operating system. We have also started to provide digital transformation services to different industries. As we have embarked on the digital transformation journey, we hope to empower more traditional enterprises to make use of the online platform system as soon as possible to serve more markets and increase their sales efficiency.

Today digital transformation of enterprises in the new era of IoE (Internet of Everything) marks just the beginning of Hong Kong's future. We believe that the potential and opportunities in this spectrum are very broad and without limits. We suggest that traditional enterprises should not just wait but should start the industrial innovation now. Industrial innovation is our future direction!

"Technology + Consumption" is the new goal of Bonjour set at the end of 2020. In the past two years, we devoted all resources to bravely embark on the road of industrial innovation. Today we find our decision is correct. In future, we shall focus on how to walk the path stronger and better.

Despite bearing the same name, Bonjour is not the same Bonjour after undergoing a series of business transformation. Bonjour strives for excellence, continuous innovation and breakthrough. We believe this is the road for traditional enterprises to transcend and innovate. Bonjour will make every dedicated effort to go forward along this path.

Today's Bonjour has been upgraded and transformed from the traditional operating mode of selling mainly beauty products to embed the "Technology + Consumption" industrial innovation model. HKMall (香港貓) provides enterprises with multi-system global e-commerce services, while "Bonjour Technology" provides enterprises with digital integration system, supporting traditional enterprises in terms of digital interfaces and applications. Meanwhile, "Hong Kong Industrial Innovation Center" will offer feasible practical solutions for the traditional industries to undergo digital transformation rendering integrated digital marketing services.

Beauty retail has been Bonjour's traditional business. Bonjour now devotes to creating a new beauty industry chain, including aesthetic medicine and life beauty business, starting a whole new chapter in the beauty industrial supply chain.

Going forward, Bonjour strives to provide more digital transformation technologies and implementation solutions for supporting the transformation of traditional enterprises in Hong Kong, and empowering them with a comprehensive range of digital services.

We firmly believe that digital transformation will bring a promising future and open up a whole new world for all enterprises.

As we walk the innovation path, we are confident of our new future. Treading a lonely path before, we determine to steam ahead embracing differences in opinions. We welcome all partners who share our same ideology to join hands with us to engage in this new future.

We look forward to embarking on this new journey of "Technology + Consumption" hand in hand with all enterprises to explore this new exciting future of digital transformation in new retail!

Mr. Chen Jianwen JP Chairman

董事及高級管理人員



陳健文先生 主席兼執行董事

陳先生在商界多個領域的企業管治、營銷策略、產業整合、價值重構擁有豐 富經驗,尤其於傳統企業的數字化管理系統有超過二十年的創新經驗。

自2020年開始,陳先生出任卓悦控股董事會主席,開始著手將卓悦集團升級轉型為「科技+消費」的產業創新平台。2021年陳先生創立「香港產業創新中心HKIIC」,致力為傳統產業投入數字化轉型及科技創新元素,設計全新商業模式、服務和收入來源,促進行業開放共享,構建產業生態。

陳先生洞悉企業病症、痛點和窘局,以「企業醫生」角色,設計出系列企業 數字化管理工具,輔助企業重構戰略規劃、營運管理、業務生態及營銷發展 之整體架構,掌握面對數字化挑戰之能力和相應的管治框架。

尹先生為本公司多家附屬公司之董事,同時為薪酬委員會及提名委員會各委員會之成員,主要負責本公司的業務發展。尹先生持有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位及威爾斯大學工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港執業會計師及特許公認會計師公會資深會員、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會會員。尹先生於金融財務界擁有豐富經驗,並在高級管理職位上任職逾26年。自2019年6月,獲委任為新天綠色能源股份有限公司(股份代號:0956)之非執行董事及海富國際金融控股集團有限公司的行政總裁。加入海富前,曾為瑞安房地產有限公司(股份代號:00272)的董事總經理兼財務總監及東亞銀行有限公司(股份代號:0023)的總經理兼集團財務總監。



尹熖強先生 副主席兼執行董事



趙麗娟女士 執行董事兼首席財務官

超女士於會計、商業管理及營運方面擁有豐富經驗。彼畢業於英國謝菲爾德大學,獲得經濟學一級榮譽學士學位,並於香港中文大學取得行政人員工商管理碩士學位。趙女士為香港會計師公會資深會員、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會會員、國際信息系統審計師及中國註冊會計師。自2001年至2006年擔任國際資訊系統審計協會(中國香港分會)主席,並於2013年擔任香港會計師公會會長。趙女士目前於匯景控股有限公司(股份代號:9968)、華立大學集團有限公司(股份代號:1756)及中海油田服務股份有限公司(股份代號:2883)擔任獨立非執行董事。同時亦為南洋商業銀行有限公司的獨立非執行董事及上海加冷松芝汽車空調股份有限公司(股份代號:002454)獨立非執行董事。自2006年至2019年,曾擔任利豐集團多家成員公司的高級副總裁、集團華東區首席代表及顧問。趙女士於2013年獲香港特區政府頒授榮譽勳章,2017年獲頒授太平紳士。趙女士屢獲殊榮包括「傑出專業女性大獎」、2017年「傑出商界女領袖獎」、及2021年度「大灣區傑出女企業家獎」;也是現屆上海市政協委員。



郭志成先生 獨立非執行董事

郭先生為本公司審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。郭先生現為香港執業會計師;於1986年7月取得英國亞伯丁大學經濟及會計學文學碩士學位。自 1991年1月起為香港會計師公會資深會員及自1989年11月起為蘇格蘭特許會計師公會會員。

李先生為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會成員。李先生為香港保險行業資深從業人員:於1986年取得香港大學文學學士學位及於2003年取得嶺南大學工商管理碩士學位。自2005年至2006獲委任為香港人壽保險經理協會有限公司會長:自2007年至2011年獲委任為職業訓練局保險業訓練會委員:自2011年至2014年獲委任為Insurance and Financial Practitioners Alliance之創辦人及第一召集人:自2012年至2016年獲委任為香港政府財經事務及庫務局之保險業諮詢委員會委員:自2014年至2019年獲委任為香港人壽保險從業員協會有限公司副會長。李先生亦自2007年起獲委任為香港管理專業協會之保險管理委員會委員:自2011年起獲委任為國際資產規劃師協會會長:自2014年9月起獲委任CEPA商機發展聯合會資產管理委員會副會長:及自2019年8月起獲委任為壽險行業規管與發展關注組之副召集人。



李冠群先生 獨立非執行董事



甄灼寧先生 獨立非執行董事

甄先生為本公司提名委員會主席及審核委員會成員。甄先生現為香港執業律師及國際公證人,亦為柯伍陳律師事務所之主管合夥人;畢業於倫敦大學,獲得法學學士學位及南安普頓大學法學碩士學位。



黃耀明先生 行政總裁兼公司秘書

黃先生為本公司多家附屬公司之董事。黃先生為香港會計師公會資深會員。同時亦擔任海富國際金融控股集團有限公司的執行董事兼副行政總裁,鷹諾全球有限公司的董事及善寧會的執行委員會成員。黃先生曾擔任市區重建局內部審計總經理,亦於香港公共機構及國際企業集團的風險控制、財務及行政、內部審計方面擁有豐富經驗。

郭先生為粵港澳青年創業孵化器聯席行政總裁,負責公司創新業務與數字化轉型。郭先生畢業於華南理工大學電子與通信工程系獲學士學位,及後修讀中山大學金融學研究生。郭先生為英國測量與控制學會(InstMC)會員,並持有中國法律職業資格認證、中國計算機軟件技術高級程序員認證、項目管理專業人士(PMP)認證等。於2004年至2016年,曾任職於愛立信(Ericsson)公司,先後擔任高級工程師、高級方案架構師、技術經理等職務,負責國內及海外重要項目的方案架構及技術管理。於2016年至2021年,曾任職於中國移動香港公司,先後主管網絡部、企業解決方案部,後擔任政府與企業市場部副總裁。郭先生從事資訊及通訊科技(ICT)行業十多年,熟悉5G、物聯網、雲計算、人工智能等新興技術應用及其對行業和企業轉型的賦能。郭先生曾獲邀為亞洲領袖圓桌論壇大灣區峰會(GBA Conference)、亞洲金融論壇(AFF)、香港工程師學會(HKIE)、數字中國建設峰會、國際電子與電氣工程師學會(IEEE)等做演講分享。



郭冠鴻先生 首席創新總裁兼卓悦科技發 展有限公司行政總裁



蘇婕女士 香港貓有限公司行政總裁

蘇女士致力協助香港本地商家創造數字化價值,實現數字化轉型。蘇女士畢業於中央戲劇學院藝術管理系藝術管理專業獲學士學位、香港大學SPACE學院修畢整合營銷專業研究生及金融市場專業研究生,正修讀第三個研究生專業—企業數字化轉型與企業戰略。蘇女士專注互聯網電子支付及跨境電子商務,涉及市場營銷、平台運營、內容創意、O2O和企業數字化轉型解決方案。曾於唯品會旗下樂蜂網擔任公關經理。2011年於支付寶負責快捷支付品牌營銷及輿情報告體系建立:2013年參與淘寶港澳支付業務和「全球游」的創新支付運營;負責粤港澳大灣區本地支付寶市場與運營,建立港澳錢包的業務基礎,是港澳地區跨境電商、移動支付最早的開拓者和推動者;更與「卓悦」共同經歷香港跨境電子支付及電子商務由零至一的突破發展。2019年,蘇女士出任阿里巴巴本地生活餐飲營銷事業部副總經理,負責全國KA大區總及商業化廣告系統開發及實現投放:2020年,調任旗下大文娛擔任定制劇中心及港劇場總負責,負責核心定制劇開發、IP採購及TVB戰略合作,開創建立劇集商業化製片管理體系;其後調任旗下雲智能事業部,負責釘釘國際化及集團數字化創新,推廣雲釘智能管理解決方案。





肌膚瞬間彈滑 緊緻再生



至尊膠原精華液(升級版) Supreme Collagen Complex (Upgrade)



「科技+消費」全方位電商平台



「香港貓HK Mall」一站式全球跨境電商購物平台,擁有龐大流量,會員人數超過100萬,依托集團完善的平台服務體系、龐大的用戶群和媒體資源,為香港各商戶提供最優質的電子商務服務,打通世界各地的銷售渠道,開啓電商新零售事業。

八大理由選擇「香港貓HKMall |

- **1** 不成功不收費,0成本加盟,0上架費及賬戶保證金
- **2. 香港市場覆蓋線上線下 (O2O)**,全方位引發無限商機
 - 3. 港元結算,最快14天上架銷售到大灣區
 - **4. 3大主站**:內地、香港、海外
 - **5. 「科技+消費」**不斷增添科技應用,優化用戶體驗
- **介。海外市場可銷往34個國家**,包括:英國、美國、澳洲、新加坡等
 - **7. 大數據行銷**,為品牌和產品提供精準的投放及銷售方案
 - **冬** 專業團隊對接,排憂解難,輕鬆達成生意



•• 考拉

香港貓里程碑

由從前的單一線下產業走向線上 線下全方位電商平台,香港貓更 以科技加消費為核心,與集團的 卓悦科技產生互相輔助,互相支 持的作用,不斷增添科技元素, 優化用戶購物體驗。

2/2021



香港貓招商

首次邀請商家入駐香港貓 CNY年貨節。已聯絡商家 有37個,成功上架商家有8 個,成功率22%。

4/2021



加入智能化新功能

加入智能開放搜尋(Open Search),圖像搜尋(Image Search),語音搜尋及人工智能個人化內容推薦(AI Recommendation)。

5/2021



大規模招商

邀請不同行業商家進駐,邀請入駐的商家由4月的24個,增加至5月的144個,MoM達526%。

4大入駐優勢

香港貓提供專業電商服務,助商家輕鬆發展O2O業務。

今不成功不收費

按交易收取平台服務費, 0上架費及 賬戶保證金等。



大數據行銷

結合大數據,為品牌和產品提供精準 的投放和銷售方案。提供商戶報表, 讓商戶更了解自已的客戶群。



👺 多樣性的行銷渠道

結合線上線下 多個行銷渠道平台, 使產品可於多個渠道市場曝光。



迎 專業團隊對接

專屬客戶經理,

為商戶對接訂單及物流問題 排憂解難。

入駐商家

超過100個商戶進駐及超過6000個商品上架銷售。









































優化線下購物體驗

利用大數據及智能科技, 將門店改造為線上線下一 體化的O2O新零售店, 為消費者提供嶄新的購物 體驗。





8/2021

加入採購功能

整合不同供應商採購信息, 下單流程Online化,減輕人 力資源,提升效率。可採購 的SKU超過6000個。



加入點餐功能

引入香港貓第一個餐飲集 團,饗噹噹,並開啟點餐 服務平台,幫助舊產業線 上Online化。

11/2021



貓貓幣發行

貓貓幣發行,貓貓幣和現金 的兑换率1:1。打造積分系 統,包括積分交換功能。

12/2021



新增White Label專頁

為平台商家提供專屬頁面, 展示品牌內容和產品,共144 個商家專頁。



數字化新零售應用科技開發

成立於2020年8月,為集團旗下的全資子公司。旨在以科技手段引領「科技+消費」的融合發展,通過「產業 +科技+資本」構建新生態,推動企業數字化轉型和傳統產業創新,以幫助企業運營降本增效和升級轉型。公 司為客戶提供整體解決方案,通過平台能力與系統集成能力,幫助客戶實現業務卓越運營,提供包括零售、 教育、餐飲等信息化解決方案。



All-in-One智慧零售一體機 (AIO)

打造O2O線上線下融合、聚合支付及店鋪人、貨、場綜合管理的智慧零售終端。











會員共享

積分互換

流量導入

聯合營銷







數據融合

供應鏈協同

10+種收款方式 打通線下收款



屏宇宙及貓屏

基於雲端靈活管理的多媒體廣告屏共享生態,實現屏資源共享,擴散傳播面,實現精準高效投放。

生態共享 屏幕資源互利共享,快速擴張,互相引流,價值共享

多種形態 戶外大屏、店內屏與手機屏多方式觸達

雲端管控,多標籤分組實現精準投放,支持內容編排與直播







智能霧化消毒機器人

全智能超聲波霧化消毒 手機APP遙控自主導航

- 全智能自主導航及規劃路徑,智能避障技術
- 超聲波霧化消毒,360度無死角,不殘留
- 高達99.99%的消毒效率,安全高效,通過歐美認證
- 適用於寫字樓、商場、學校、酒樓、酒店、公共場所等



▶ STEM教育科技

編程貓

全國最大市佔率,中小學人工智慧編程課堂服 務,覆蓋從小學到中學不同層級的編程培訓, 從圖形化編程到Python、C++,讓香港學生贏 在新科創。







智慧黑板

整合式4K超高清護眼大屏同時也是黑板,多點觸 控,紙屏互動,Windows/Android雙系統,海量資 源雲端調用。





推動STEM創新教育



10/2021

卓悦科技行政總裁郭冠鴻先生獲邀出席 「STEM-UP香港創新科技大賽」並擔任比賽評委

12/2021

卓悦科技行政總裁郭冠鴻先生獲邀出席「第二屆大 灣區5G應用創新大賽」並擔任總決賽評委



第二屆大灣區5G應用創新大賽

01/2022

卓悦科技+香港教聯 簽署學校STEM拓展合作協議



賦能傳統企業從舊業態轉為新業態

集團將佔地23萬平方呎的卓悦大廈打造成立了「香港產業創新中心HKIIC」,作為傳統產業創新轉型的示範基地,通過與華潤資本等簽署合作協議,全方位加速對產業創新的賦能。集團旗下的香港電子商務研究院、卓悦新零售創新中心、香港多頻道網路製作有限公司(MCN)、香港網紅孵化器等產業創新機構正在投入運作,不單支持集團業務的發展,更逐漸形成對外提供服務的能力。

而粵港澳青年創業孵化器也形成了廣州大學城基地與香港產業創新中心基地兩地聯動的格局,並通過了「數碼港加速器 支援計劃」認可的加速器。香港產業創新中心將進一步在共享、孵化、加速、融資對接、科技賦能等方面推動產業創新 升級。



「粵港澳青年創業孵化器」於2019年1月18日正式啟動運營。孵化器包括廣州大學城和香港產業創新中心兩個站點,運營面積分別為1萬平方米和2.3萬平方米。

孵化器與包括香港恒生大學、以色列耶路撒冷希伯來大學、暨南大學等36個國際及港澳產業平台、高校/研究機構、國內產業機構及金融服務機構建立合作,構建了完備的產學研資體系;同時與卓悦控股等多家香港實力企業及內地權威媒體機構推進「多平台+多基地」建設,助力粵港澳大灣區創新創業可持續發展。









一 孵化器為進駐的初創企業提供多元化服務,包括:

• 創新創業服務 • 企業秘書服務 • 產業政策服務







2021

服務企業總數 突破250家

組織開展 創新創業主題 活動167場

入駐企業 達126家

• 工商服務

企業累計融資 2億元人民幣

₩ 榮譽及認可

2021年度廣州市港澳臺青年創新創業示範基地

2019年度廣州市優秀(A級)科技企業孵化器

廣州大學城港澳臺青年創新創業基地示範點

2019年番禺區創新創業服務領軍人才

番禺區科技創新服務站

廣州大學城創客聯盟核心發起單位



獲批准納入「數碼港加速器支援計劃」



「粵港澳青年創業孵化器」獲批准納入「數碼港加速器支援計劃」(Cyberport Accelerator Support Programme, CASP),成為數碼 港CASP加速器支援計劃認可的加速器。而獲「粵港澳青年創業孵化器」取錄的受培育公司,可望得到最高達30萬港幣的資助。



香港多頻道網路製作有限公司(MCN)

Hona Kona Multi-Channel Network Production Company Limited (MC

MCN多頻道網路製作 線上線下營銷推廣策劃

全方位製作團隊為不同商戶提供以下營銷推廣製作服務,由構思、製作至宣傳曝光一條龍包 辦,更可為商戶度身訂做全套營銷推廣方案。





社交媒體貼文製作

圖片 影片 文字創作



網站多媒體製作

圖片 影片 文字創作



平面及多媒體廣告製作

創意文案 拍攝產品及人像硬照 拍攝廣告片













各大小型活動

活動統籌、流程及司儀安排 拍攝活動花絮 (相片及影片) 燈光、擴音系統製作 及統籌



O2O宣傳推廣

宣傳品設計及製作 屏幕宣傳圖片及影片



直播

提供場地、直播器材及 技術支援 提供資深KOL進行直播 KOL訓練課程



直播帶貨團隊 培育專業KOL



自2020年3月起,在荃灣卓悦大廈自設KOL直播間,並邀請美國上市公司為200名前線銷售人員培訓直播帶貨。內地直播平台包括:天貓,考拉,京東,微信……,已播出超過3000場;香港直播平台包括:Facebook、In-App、Youtube及IG。專業的直播團隊提供Studio直播、預錄直播、室內直播(上門到客戶場地進行直播),更可根據客戶要求提供直播劇本及場景設計。技能全面的雙語KOL團隊均為一線銷售人員組成,專業的銷售技巧是直播帶貨業務的首選。全面的KOL新零售行銷課程,更培訓學員成為專業KOL,進軍電商網路營銷。

直播合作伙伴



領展商場 / 戶外直播活動



Cyberport數碼港直播活動



香港貿易發展局直播活動

美顏產業

開拓生活美容及醫學美容業務線

立足於集團的優勢本業,在美妝零售的基礎上,全力開拓優質生活美容與高端醫學美容兩條業務線。通過與瑞士科研製造高端護膚品牌合作,塑造優質的生活美容。此外,與醫學美容業界頂尖的醫生合作,提供專業、安全、效果顯著的高端醫學美容服務,充分發揮香港在美顏產業的優勢,樹立品牌,提供專業培訓,形成優質服務標準,為了將來延伸至大灣區、內地及海外市場做好準備。







SUISSE REBORN

SWITZERLAND

全港首間美肌概念店

瑞士頂級護膚品牌Suisse Reborn將進駐銅鑼灣核心地段,開設全港首間品牌概念店,以尊貴高效的皇牌護膚產品,完美融入美容療程當中,再配合源自瑞士的獨家按摩手法,為女士們帶來極致及放鬆的美肌體驗。



開拓醫美市場

有見美顏產業發展大有可為,集團將在生活美容的 成功基礎上進一步規劃醫學美容服務,期望與業內 頂尖醫美團隊合作,運用高端專業的醫美技術,為 顧客帶來高品質的醫美服務,同時為推動香港成為 亞洲醫美中心出一分力。





Strategic Partners

2021 戰略合作伙伴

1/4

4/5



28/3

1/4

16/6

17/12

卓悦生活元素+香港3861企業集團股份有限公司 三八六一九九家政服務(廣州)有限公司 廣西三八六一母嬰服務股份有限公司 三八六一網絡科技(廣州)有限公司

啟動雙品牌合作,充分發揮各自在品牌、全球供應鏈、 業態營運、智慧科技等方面的優勢,共同利用卓悦科技 大數據、移動支付等數字化工具,推動親子體驗服務和 行業的商業閉環升級。



卓悦控股有限公司+ 遠東發展有限公司

透過遠東發展於香港及海外的房地產發展及經驗,有助卓悅的線下零售及電商業務加速發展,共同發掘新機遇。



卓悦控股有限公司+ 有線寬頻通訊有限公司

發揮各自的優勢在電子商務及廣告領域建立商業合作關係,打造「新零售+新媒體」大循環經濟。



卓悦科技服務有限公司+ 香港華為國際有限公司

聯手以華為雲建構嶄新購物平台,卓悅全力發展新零售科技服務(Retail Tech as a Service)的創新應用,為企業客戶提供一站式服務,支持香港零售行業轉型及持續發展。



卓悦科技服務有限公司+ 中國移動香港有限公司

簽署5G零售融合發展合作框架協議,基於各自的專業領域,力助「科技+消費」新生態發展,推動互利共贏。

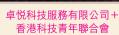


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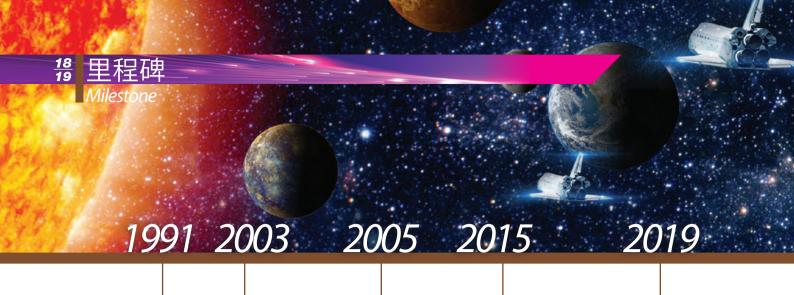


卓悦科技發展有限公司+China Resources Capital Investment Management Limited

與華潤資本建立緊密的合作關係,大力推動香港傳統 產業升級轉型,促進科技、資本及產業於大灣區全力 ^{發展}。



合力推動『產業+科技+資本』的融合,為企業從舊業態向新業態轉變,實現數字化轉型,提供全方位的智慧零售解決方案。



1991

開業於佐敦,其後搬遷到花 園街,正式為人所熟悉。

Since our first launch in Jordan, and moving to Fa Yuen Street in Mong Kok afterwards, the Bonjour brand has steadily gained recognition.

2005

設立網頁www.bonjourhk.com為消費者提供網上購物平台。

www.bonjourhk.com was established to provide online shopping platform for customers.



2019

卓悅參與香港零售管理協會舉辦的「優質網店認證計劃」, 我們的購物網上商店通過嚴 謹客觀的評審,並獲得「優網店」認證標誌,有效加強顧客網上購物的信心。

Bonjour participated in the "Quality E-Shop Recognition Scheme" organised by Hong Kong Retail Management Association (HKRMA). Our e-shop has passed the comprehensive and objective assessment and was awarded a "Quality E-Shop Recognition Logo", which effectively enhances customers' confidence in online shopping.

2003

在香港聯合交易所主板上市(上市編號: 653),股份獲17倍超額認購,從此奠定 卓悅在香港美容化粧品行業的先驅地位。

Bonjour was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (Stock Code: 653), receiving 17 times oversubscription for its initial public offering. It secured the foundation of Bonjour's leading status in the beauty and cosmetics industry in Hong Kong.

2015

集團於11月正式將寫字樓總部由 土瓜灣喬遷往荃灣,更大的樓宇 面積及配套設備,讓集團的中央 管理及物流管理更趨優化。

In November, the Group's headquarters were officially moved from To Kwa Wan to Tsuen Wan – utilising a larger floor area and enhanced facilities in order

to centralise operations and optimise logistics services.





2020

由年初新冠疫情至今,卓悅提供超過2000萬個超低價口罩抗疫,獲超過17家媒體報導,並獲 Sparkle Hong Kong專業團隊選為最具社會責任的上市公司之一。



Since the outbreak of the pandemic, the Group has supplied over 20 million face masks at affordable prices which gained coverage from over 17 media and was awarded by Sparkle Hong Kong as one of the listed companies fulfilling CSR in Hong Kong.

12/6

卓悅新零售創新中心於卓悅大廈創 建了一間佔地5000多平方呎的新零 售概念店「美魔」,帶來全新的購物體 驗。

Bonjour New Retail Innovation Center established a new retail concept

store "MEI MALL" with an area of more than 5,000 square feet in Bonjour Building to create a whole new shopping experience.



卓悅微商城正式啟動,強化線 上營銷,讓顧客在疫症期間足 不出戶亦可安心購物。

Bonjour WeChat Mall was officially launched to develop and strengthen its online sales - allowing customers to shop online at the convenience of staying at home during the pandemic.



11/9

集團投資一間註冊於新加坡的社交商務軟件初創企業 Evolut Holdings Pte. Ltd. (「Evo」), 旨在配合業務發展及把握電子商務於亞洲市 場快速增長所帶來的機遇。

The Group invested in Evolut Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("EVO"), a social commerce software start-up company registered in Singapore, to develop its own business and to grasp the opportunities brought by the rapid growth of e-commerce in the Asian market.

25/5

創建卓悅KOL直播間,可提供9個網上平台同時直播。直播平台包括:facebook、YouTube、Instagram、Bonjour Global、卓悅全球購、卓悅海淘、天貓、考拉、京東。

KOL live streaming studio was established in Bonjour Building, which can support simulcast at 9 different platforms, including: facebook, YouTube, Instagram, Bonjour Global, Bonjour Quan Qiu Gou, Bonjour Hai Tao, Tmall. Kaola and JD.com.





24/11

集團成為數碼港企業網絡(CEN)最高級別會員之一,於數碼港企業網長之一,於數碼港企業網絡1500多間科技公業的中甄選了其中8間科技初創企業進行商業活動配對,並與其中5間初簽定合作協議。

The Group became one of the highest-level members of the Cyberport Enterprise Network (CEN). Of over 1,500 technology companies in the CEN, eight technology start-ups were selected for business matching with the Bonjour Group, and we preliminarily signed cooperation agreements with five of the above companies.



2021

27/3-28/3

香港貓直播團隊獲領展邀請到 樂富廣場參與一連兩天「周末玩 盡 直播帶貨」活動,直播團隊於 直播中介紹樂富廣場的戶外活動 設施及小市集,並與現場觀眾進 行互動。



The live stream team of HongKong Mall was invited by LINK to participate in the two-day "weekend live-streaming e-commerce (周末玩盡 直播帶貨)" event at Lok Fu Place where the live stream team introduced the outdoor facilities and small marketplace at Lok Fu Place in the live streaming process and interacted with audience on the site.

28/4-2/5

香港貓直播團隊受邀為香港貿發局「時尚購物展」直播帶貨,為協助展商開拓網上商機,時尚購物展特設KOL直播室,並邀請集團KOL進行共8場直播,介紹近60家展商的產品,部份產品亦於「香港貓」網上平台實時售賣。該展覽一連五天在香港灣仔會議展覽中心舉行,雲集430家參展商,吸引了超過55,000人次入場參觀。

The live stream team of HongKong Mall was invited by the Hong Kong Trade Development Council to participate in the live-streaming e-commerce titled "Fashion Shopping Exhibition (時尚購物展)" to help exhibitors expand online opportunities. The Fashion Shopping Exhibition (時尚購物展) provided KOL live streaming studios and invited the KOLs from the Group in eight live streaming events to introduce the products of nearly 60 exhibitors, some of which were also sold in real time on the online platform of HongKong Mall. This



exhibition had continued for five consecutive days at Convention and Exhibitor Centre, Wanchai, Hong Kong, with 430 exhibitors involved and over 55,000 visits.

22/5

香港貓直播團隊獲邀為數碼港初創企業舉辦「卓悅科技呈獻:創科智慧生活」直播帶貨。活動由卓悅科技及香港貓主辦,卓悅控股有限公司及數碼港聯合支持,由5月22日開始於數碼港園區,一連舉辦8場直播,吸引了Roborn,FutureNow及ISTEM等12家數碼港科技企業參與。

The live stream team of HongKong Mall was invited to participate in the live-streaming e-commerce event titled "Bonjour Technology's Offering: Innovative Technologies Create Intelligent Life (卓悅科技呈獻:創科 智慧生活)" held for the startups in Cyberport. This event was sponsored by Bonjour Technology and HongKong Mall and jointly supported by Bonjour Holdings Limited and Cyberport. There were eight consecutive live stream events in the park zone of Cyberport starting from 22 May, attracting 12 technology companies including Roborn, FutureNow and ISTEM.





29/6

集團執行董事趙麗娟女士受邀出席「環境、社會及企業管治成就2020 大獎」於香港生產力促進局舉行的首屆頒獎典禮。

「環境、社會及企業管治成就大獎」由環境社會及企業管治基準學會 (Institute of ESG & Benchmark,簡稱IESGB)於2020年創立。大獎旨在表 揚各行各業於環境、社會和企業管治(ESG)方面取得的成就,一共頒發獎項予36間公司和2名業界精英。卓悅控股有限公司榮獲環境、社會、企業管治企業新星金獎及特別大獎銀獎。





Ms. Susanna, Chiu Lai Kuen, an executive director of the Group, was invited to attend the first awards ceremony of the "Award for Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance Achievements 2020", which took place at the Hong Kong Productivity Council.

The Award for Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance Achievements was established by the Institute of ESG & Benchmark "IESGB" in 2020. The award was designed to commend the achievements made by every industry or trade in environmental, social responsibility and corporate governance ("ESG"). A number of awards in this regard were granted to 36 companies and two industry elites. Bonjour Holdings Limited was granted the Gold Award for the ESG Rising Star and the Special Silver Award in Environmental, Social Responsibility and Corporate Governance.

25/7

集團贊助總值50萬元現金券予「油尖旺購物節 重振地區經濟」活動,與3,500家販商合作,大力推動『科技+消費』的營運模式,幫助小商家由舊業態轉型至智慧零售新生態。

The Group sponsored cash coupons with a total value of HKD500,000 to the event of "Yau Tsim Mong Shopping Festival, Revitalize the Regional Economy". It cooperated with 3,500 vendors in Yau Tsim Mong to vigorously promote the "technology + consumption" operation model, and helped small vendors

transform

from old

business

models into

the new

ecosystem of smart

retail.





2/8

集團贊助香港獅子山青 年商會之「KOL夢●起 航」活動,支持青年人追 夢,實現0元電商創業。 卓悅提供總部的直播間 及專業KOL導師,令他



們能掌握直播的專業技巧;同時提供實習的舞台,在「香港貓 HongKong Mall」網上購物平台進行多場直播帶貨,鼓勵年青人投身電商直播事業。

The Group sponsored the "KOL Dream • Set Sail" event of Lion Rock Junior Chamber to support young people in pursuing their dreams and achieving zero e-commerce startup. Bonjour provided a headquarter-based live stream studio and professional KOL tutors to enable them to command the professional skills for live streaming. At the same time, it provided them with a practice platform for conducting multiple live streaming e-commerce events on HongKong Mall, and encouraged young people to devote themselves to the e-commerce live streaming undertakings.



14/9

廣東省僑聯黨組書記顏珂一行蒞臨卓悅位 於廣州大學城,粵港澳青年創業孵化器參 觀調研目前的建設運營情況,瞭解多間入 駐企業的發展情況。

Yan Ke, Secretary of the Leading Party Members' Group of China Federation of Overseas Chinese Entrepreneurs, and the delegation visited and investigated the current construction and operation

progress of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Youth Entrepreneurship Incubator located in Guangzhou Higher Education Mega Center to understand the development status of several resident enterprises.





29/10

集團榮獲2021年度香港零售科技創新大獎,憑着積極創新的態度及有目共睹的轉型成果,卓悅聯同阿里雲獲得由香港零售科技商會頒發的零售商組別「最佳零售創新-科技應用大獎」,彰顯了集團在數碼轉型上已成為香港零售科技界的典範。

The Group was honored the 2021 Hong Kong Retail Innovation Awards. With the proactive and innovative attitude and the evident transformation achievements, Bonjour, together with Alibaba

Cloud, won the "Best Retail Innovation - Technology Application Prize" for retailer group granted by the Hong Kong Retail Technology Industry Association, demonstrating that the Group has become the model in the retail technology sector in Hong Kong in terms of digital transformation.



4/11

數字化轉型獲肯定,卓悅控股有限公司從芸芸優質上市公司中脫穎而出,獲得香港股票分析師協會頒發「上市公司年度大獎2021」。

With its well-recognized achievements in digital transformation, Bonjour Holdings Limited has differentiated itself from many quality listed companies and won the "Outstanding Listed Companies Award 2021" granted by the Hong Kong Institute of Financial Analysts and Professional Commentators.







2/12

卓悅科技憑藉持續產業創新及堅定「科技+消費」數字化新零售應用科技的開發,榮獲由etnet舉辦、數碼港協辦的「2021智慧生活夥伴大獎」之「傑出智慧零售全方位應用方案」獎項。

Bonjour Technology won the prize for "Outstanding All-round Smart Retail Application Solutions" of the "Smart Living Partnership Awards 2021" sponsored by etnet and co-sponsored by Cyberport for its continuous industrial innovation and focus on developing technologies for application in the digital new retail for "technology + consumption".





6/12

集團主席陳健文先生受邀出席《香港經濟峰會2022》作為嘉賓講者,分享傳統企業如何融入數字經濟。大會以「十四五規劃·經貿雙循環」為主題,邀請香港特別行政區行政長官林鄭月政女士擔任壓軸演講嘉賓、財政及財民陳茂波先生擔任主禮嘉賓,以及範界、金融界、地產界、商界等不同範疇的重量級嘉賓參與,並且探討香港在國家整體的發展。

Mr. CHEN, Jianwen, Chairman of the Group, was invited to participate as speaker at the "Hong Kong Economy Peak 2022" and share the opinions on how traditional enterprises integrate into the digital economy. This Peak has the topic "14th Five-Year Plan • Dual Cycle of Economy and Trade", and invited Mrs. Carrie Lam Cheng Yuet-ngor, Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, as key guest speaker, Mr. Paul Chan Mo-po, Financial Secretary of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, as guest of honour, and many important guests from different sectors such as political circle, finance sector, real estate sector, and business sector, to discuss the overall development of Hong Kong in China.

集團榮獲多個本地及國際獎項 Bonjour Group was proudly awarded Local and International Awards

卓悅為香港領導地位的電子商務平台及美妝零售集團之一,榮獲多個本地及國際獎項。

Bonjour Group is one of the leading E-Commerce Platform and Beauty Retail Group in Hong Kong and proudly obtained local and international awards.

獎項 Awards

頒發機構 Issuing Organizations

優質網店認證計劃	香港零售管理協會
Quality E-Shop Recognition Scheme	Retail Asia Expo
信譽網店認證計劃	香港零售管理協會
Trust E-shop Recognition Scheme	Retail Asia Expo
「香港精神」企業社會責任嘉許 "Sparkle Hong Kong" CSR in Hong Kong Award	Fortune Insight
IFAPC上市公司大獎 IFAPC Outstanding Listed Company Award	香港股票分析師協會 The Hong Kong Institute of Financial Analysts and Professional Commentators Limited (IFAPC)
香港最有價值企業服務獎 Hong Kong's Most Valuable Companies Services Awards	Mediazone Group
香港Q嘜優質服務計劃認證	香港優質標誌局
The Hong Kong Q-Mark Service Scheme Certificate	Hong Kong Q - Mark Council
正版正貨承諾計劃	知識產權署
No Fakes Pledge Scheme	Intellectual Property Department
優質旅遊服務計劃	香港旅遊發展局
Quality Tourism Services Scheme	Hong Kong Tourism Board
香港服務名牌十年成就獎	香港品牌發展局
Hong Kong Top Service Brand Ten Years Achievement Award	Hong Kong Brand Development Council
亞洲區最佳中小上市企業	福布斯
Best Listed SMEs in Asia	Forbes
香港名牌榮譽金獎 Consumer's Most Favorable Hong Kong Brands	中華(海外)企業信譽協會 China Enterprise Reputation and Credibility Association (Overseas)
香港優質誠信商號	廣州日報
Hong Kong Merchant of Integrity	Guangzhou Daily
優質連鎖化粧及護理品牌大獎	Lisa 味道
High Quality Chain Cosmetics and Care Brand Award	Lisa Magazine
優質化粧品美容集團	資本壹週





Quality Cosmetics & Beauty Group







Capital Weekly





獎項 Awards

頒發機構 Issuing Organizations

傑出上市企業大獎 The Excellence of Listed Enterprise Awards	資本壹週 Capital Weekly
資本壹週服務大獎 Capital Weekly Services Award	資本壹週 Capital Weekly
傑出企業策略大獎 Outstanding Corporate Strategy Awards	東週刊 East Week
香港家庭最愛品牌 The Best for Home	經濟日報 Take Me Home Hong Kong Economic Times - Take Me Home
10年Plus商界展關懷 10 Years Plus Caring Company	香港社會服務聯會 The Hong Kong Council of Social Service
香港傑出企業巡禮 Hong Kong Outstanding Enterprises Parade	經濟一週 Economic Digest
傑出企業形象大獎 Outstanding Corporate Image Award	TVB 周 刊 TVB Weekly
影響廣州時尚生活品牌 Guangzhou Influential Fashion Brands Awards	精品生活 Style Weekly
DSA傑出推銷員大獎 Distinguished Salesperson Award (DSA)	香港管理專業協會 The Hong Kong Management Association
Yahoo! 感情品牌大獎 Yahoo! Emotive Award	雅虎香港 Yahoo! Hong Kong
香港最佳名品牌 The Premier Brand in Hong Kong	騰訊 大粵網香港 GD. QQ. COM / FASHION / HK
商評卓越商業大獎 Business Excellence Awards	香港商業專業評審中心 The Professional Validation Centre of Hong Kong Business Sector
亞洲美髮美容行業傑出企業成就大獎 Asian Outstanding Business Achievement Awards	亞洲美髮美容協會 Asian Hair & Beauty Association
十大電子商務網站大獎 Top 10 eCommerce Website Awards	香港貨品編碼協會/亞洲零售博覽會 GS1 Hong Kong / Retail Asia Expo
榮譽大獎 Honorable Award	香港化粧品同業協會 The Cosmetic and Perfumery Association of Hong Kong
年度零售卓越大獎 Industry Super Retailer of the Year	亞洲零售博覽會 Retail Asia Expo
智慧生活夥伴大獎-傑出智慧零售全方位應用方案 Smart Living Partnership Awards - Outstanding All-round Smart Retail Application Solution	經濟通 etnet
最佳零售創新一科技應用大獎 Grand Award Use of Technology – Best Retail Innovation (Application – Retailer)	香港零售科技商會 Hong Kong Retail Technology Industry Association



(Application – Retailer)











Association





鈴 公益慈善環保活動

Public Welfare and Environmental Protection Activities

集團在發展業務之餘,積極參與慈善公益、環保及社會責任企業活動,貢獻社會不遺餘力,助力中小企, 攜手共度時艱。

In addition to developing business, the Group actively participates in charitable, environmental and socially responsible corporate activities, endeavours to contribute to the society, to support SMEs and join hands with them to overcome difficult times.

活動 Activities

機構 Organizations

活動 Activities	機桶 Organizations
環境、社會、企業管治企業新星金獎及特別大獎銀獎	環境社會及企業管治基準學會
The ESG Rising Star (Gold) & Special Awards (Silver)	Institute of ESG & Benchmark
10年Plus商界展關懷	香港社會服務聯會
10 Years Plus Caring Company	The Hong Kong Council for Social Service
「點亮●善行」- 保良局賣旗設置捐款箱	保良局
"Light Up● Charity" Po Leung Kuk Flag Selling Donation Box	Po Leung Kuk
捐贈防疫用品給「羅氏基金護幼中心暨宿舍」 Pandemic-prevention Supplies Donated to the "Law's Foundation Child Care Centre cum Hostel"	仁濟醫院 Yan Chai Hospital
塑膠資源再生伙伴計劃	仁愛堂環保園
Plastic Resources Recycling Partnership	Yan Oi Tong EcoPark
設置捐款箱	香港奧比斯
Donation Box Placement	ORBIS (Hong Kong)
設置捐款箱	仁濟醫院
Donation Box Placement	Yan Chai Hospital
探訪仁濟醫院方若愚長者鄰舍中心 Visit Yan Chai Hospital Fong Yock Yee Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	仁濟醫院 Yan Chai Hospital
仁濟慈善行籌款	仁濟醫院
Yan Chai Charity Walk	Yan Chai Hospital
仁濟醫院敬老齋宴	仁濟醫院
Vegetarian Feast "Year of Snake"	Yan Chai Hospital
慈善星輝仁濟夜	仁濟醫院
Yan Chai Charity Show	Yan Chai Hospital
仁濟海外學生會x卓悅愛心團探訪仁濟羅氏基金護幼中心暨宿舍 Transworld x Bonjour Charity Visit to Yan Chai Law's Foundation Child Care Centre cum Hostel	仁濟醫院 Yan Chai Hospital
福善關愛傳萬家慈善夜	九龍婦女聯會
Amity and Benevolence Charity Night	Kowloon Women's Organisations Federation
公益金植樹日	香港公益金
Tree Planting Day	The Community Chest
「乳・健康大步走」步行籌款	香港乳癌基金會
Pink Walk Against Breast Cancer	HK Breast Cancer Foundation

活動 Activities

步走大自然@米埔 Walk for Nature

「慧妍 x Canon 繽 Fun 植樹慈善行」 籌款活動

Wai Yin x Canon - Walk For Charity • Plant For

Fun...d" Event

仁濟安老送關懷愛心福袋賀回歸

Yan Chai Fortune Bag in Care of Elderly

贊助世界女子保齡球錦標賽

Sponsor "World Women Bowling Championships"

卓悅x善德遠足百萬行

Bonjour x Shine Tak Charity Hiking

「糉」是有情愛心行動

Free Rice Dumplings Giveaways

仁濟全港賣旗日

Territory-wide Flag Day

點滴善行在尼泊爾Annapurna

Charity Walk for Nepal Annapurna

「冰桶挑戰」籌款活動

Ice Bucket Challenge Fund Raising Event

公益金百萬行

Walk for Millions

粉紅革命

Pink Revolution

毅行者籌款活動

Trailwalker Fund Raising Event

慈善籌款晚宴

Charity Gala Dinner

捐贈予學校作購買移動學習設備及發展STEM教育

Donation to the school for the purchase of mobile learning equipment

and the development of STEM education

中國賑災義賣活動

Charity Sale for Disaster Relief in China

捐款活動

Charity Donation

日本森永奶粉\$1慈善義賣活動

\$1 Morinaga Milk Powder Charity Sales

「工業獻愛心」表揚計劃

Industry Cares Recognition Scheme

戶外燈光約章

Charter on External Lighting

機構 Organizations

世界自然基金會香港分會

WWF (Hong Kong)

慧妍雅集

Wai Yin Association

仁濟醫院

Yan Chai Hospital

香港保齡球總會

Hong Kong Tenpin Bowling Congress

善德基金會

Shine Tak Foundation

善德基金會/滙蝶公益

Shine Tak Foundation/Butterflyers Association

仁濟醫院

Yan Chai Hospital

點滴是生命

A Drop of Life

香港肌健協會

Hong Kong Neuro-muscular Disease Association

香港公益金

The Community Chest

香港癌症基金會

Hong Kong Cancer Fund

香港樂施會

Oxfam Hong Kong

香港傷健策騎協會

Riding For The Disabled Association

仁濟醫院蔡衍濤小學

Yan Chai Hospital Choi Hin To Primary School

香港紅十字會

Hong Kong Red Cross

意贈慈善基金

Egive For You Charity Foundation

香港奧比斯

ORBIS (Hong Kong)

香港工業總會

Federation of Hong Kong Industries

環境局

Environment Bureau

營獨家代理品牌

Products with Exclusive Distributorship

卓悅擁有超過200個獨家代理國際品牌,旗下的獨家代理及代理品牌包括:

SUISSE REBORN、YUMÉI、Dr. Schafter、DR.BAUER、Medi Angel、franck olivier、Rote Fabrik、Qiriness、ARVAL、LAINO、NOTE、WOWWOW等。

Bonjour owns over 200 exclusively-distributed international brands, including exclusive and private labels such as SUISSE REBORN, YUMÉI, Dr. Schafter, DR.BAUER, Medi Angel, franck olivier, Rote Fabrik, Qiriness, ARVAL, LAINO, NOTE, WOWWOW etc.

16plain	Deoproce	I. COLOR Focus
3W Clinic	Dermedic	I. COLOR PRO
A+ Fit	Divaderme	I. Skin Focus
AA	DR.BAUER	Jellyfish Venom Essence
Adin	Dr. Schafter	Jeu'Demeure
Arvid	Eunyul	Khloris
ARVAL	Fascinelle	Kicho
Beauty Purify	Flor de Mayo	KUORA
BODDY'S PHARMACY	Flormar	LAINO
Body X	Forderm	LaStella
Carlotta	franck olivier	Layla
CARMELLA	G. Field	LEN-O-LIN
CCNY	GLOWHILL	Les CHIMéNE
Charming Enzyme	Gold Energy Snail Synergy	Les Fleurs de Bach
Ciracle	I Beauty	Llia Lily
Claire de Lune	In. Hair professional	Living Healthy
Collection de Parfums	Inuwet	Lonkoom
Comfo	IPSE	LOOK AT ME
Dabo	IPSENATURE	Love Impact
Deed I Do	IPSE SOLUTION	Luxury Soo







MBeauty	Sence Beauty	Zeno
Medi Angel	Silky Tender	Zymogen
Mediterraneum Nostrum MMXIII	SkiNADO	澳特寧
Miss Kay	Snowy	純顏社
Mikatvonk	SO2C	太極宗師
Moroni	SUISSE REBORN	安和製藥
Nature's Green	Swiss Plus	尚品堂
Natureza	Swiss 3	御品堂
Nextbeau	The Boutique Collection	筆神
Nightingale	The Luxury Bathing Company	
NOTE	The Skin House	
Oillan Baby	Tinchew (By Ms. Violet)	
Pretty by Flormar	Tom Robinn	
Prevense	Tonino Lamborghini	
Purita	Ugetsu	
Qiriness	Unicorn	
RAINBOW L'AFFAIR	Who's Hair	
Rich	WOW WHOO	
Rossini	WOWWOW	



Rote Fabrik



YUMÉI







饗噹噹飲食集團 WOW RESTAURANT GROUP



管理團隊由具有廣泛酒家營運及管理經驗人員組成,管理團隊逾30年飲食行業經驗加上訓練有素的員工,對可持續性發展及未來拓展業務上有著重要的優勢。

去年,集團致力發展新業態轉型,積極優化業務及開拓網上商機,並由卓悦

提供一站式的新零售科技服務,

成功邁向新零售型態。

卓悦科技憑藉『科技+消費』 數字化新零售應用科技,為饗 噹噹飲食集團從舊業態向新業 態轉變,提供全方位的智慧零 售解決方案,特別引入「掃碼 點餐」服務,提供給消費者一 個快速、有效率的點餐漁廳的好 感度,也可連帶提升店舖的營 運效率。





香港貓平台擁有完善的平台服務體系,提供最優質的電子商務服務,加上龐大的用戶群和豐富的媒體資源,包括:電商平面設計、直播Live、產品攝影等,讓饗噹噹飲食集團輕鬆踏上線上營銷之路。

彩逸軒酒家(屯門店) 香港新界屯門兆康苑商場地下103號舖

彩逸漁港(柴灣店) 香港柴灣環翜道11號興華邨-期興華商場1樓104號舖 **彩逸皇宮(天水圍店)** 香港新界天水園天恩路12-18號置宮嘉湖第二期2樓219號新

平台支援: 香港输 技術支援: **不卓悦科技**HoneKong Mall





強大科技及平台支援 **線下活動同步至線上**

近年疫情肆虐,年輕人與大眾都需要娛樂盛事來緩和緊繃的神經,如「聲夢傳奇」、「全民造星」等歌唱比賽,讓市民發揮潛能一躍成歌唱偶像。香港網紅好聲音混合歌唱與網紅兩大元素,舉辦「香港好聲音」網紅歌唱大賽,透過一系列活動,如「網紅歌唱大賽」、「新春示範匯演」、「網紅培訓工作坊」,培訓新一代歌唱明星與網紅。活動以新科技發展新業態,帶動熱愛音樂的人創夢成真。主辦方期望推動網紅經濟發展,給音樂人一個舞台,讓他們憑著夢想展翅高飛。

第一炮「港島好聲音網紅歌唱大賽」早前以網上直播形式進行啟動禮,啟動禮由中國企業協會副會長兼總裁張夏令及香港島婦女聯會副主席陳美燕一同揭開序幕。大賽邀請到曾航生作為音樂總監及星級評委團首席代表,寰亞唱片藝人發展及音樂制作高級經理Viki Chan、演員及節目主持Kiko Leung、前唱作人及演員張新悦及香港貓KOL經理Roy Yip作為星級評委選拔優秀代表。



卓悦控股有限公司執行董事兼首席財務官趙麗娟 於啟動禮上致辭。

香港貓作為是次大賽的平台支持,而卓悦科技則提供技術支援,提供報名平台並進行網上直播,以及提供系統技術的支援,將線下活動同步至線上,將科技聯繫你我。卓悦控股有限公司執行董事兼首席財務官趙麗娟於啟動禮上致辭:「卓悦全力支持此次活動,並期望可以透過這種合作模式,培育更多新一代青年人成為網紅,讓大家在疫情困境之中,可以有更多機會發光發亮。」



平台支援: 香港猫 技術支援: 6

Y U M É I Power Solution

輕輕一抹肌膚彈起來

蘊含多種肽 煙酰胺維生素B3 維生素B5及透明質酸





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二零二一年年報 1



五年財務及營業概要

Five-Year Financial and Operational Summary

(除另有指明外,均以 千港元計算)	(in HK\$ thousands unless otherwise specified)	二零一七年 2017	二零一八年 2018	二零一九年 2019	二零二零年 2020 (Restated) (經重列)	二零二一年 2021
** *** *** ***	Townson	1 004 000	4 700 457	4 450 000	E00 700	000 004
營業額 毛利	Turnover	1,934,893	1,793,457	1,458,828	538,788	626,991
毛利率	Gross profit	680,228	635,765	490,443	173,095	49,960
	Gross margin	35.16%	35.45%	33.62%	32.13%	7.97%
經營虧損	Operating loss	(187,526)	(16,213)	(71,449)	(217,302)	(176,786)
經營溢利率	Operating margin	(9.69)%	(0.90)%	(4.90)%	(40.33)%	(28.20)%
年度虧損	Loss for the Year	(202,342)	(39,613)	(130,621)	(258,423)	(216,078)
	Loss for the Year attributed to:	(000 040)	(00.040)	(100.010)	(055.704)	(0.10 =00)
一本公司擁有人	- Owners of the Company	(202,342)	(39,613)	(129,648)	(255,734)	(216,738)
一非控股權益	- Non-controlling interests	-	-	(973)	(2,689)	660
銷售回報/淨溢利率	Return on sales/Net margin	(10.46)%	(2.21)%	(8.95)%	(47.96)%	(34.47)%
營運資金	Working capital	124,119	38,640	(253,121)	(98,330)	(55,339)
資產總值	Total assets	1,416,042	1,393,159	1,539,638	1,027,546	699,043
負債總額	Total liabilities	774,828	793,474	1,104,212	858,998	696,256
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	641,214	599,685	435,426	168,548	2,787
一本公司擁有人	 Owners of the Company 	641,214	599,085	436,298	172,166	2,787
一非控股權益	 Non-controlling interests 	-	-	(872)	(3,618)	-
資產總值回報	Return on total assets	(14.29)%	(2.84)%	(8.42)%	(24.89)%	(31.00)%
股本回報	Return on equity	(31.56)%	(6.61)%	(29.72)%	(148.54)%	(7,776.75)%
銷售存貨週期(日)	Inventory turnover on sales (days)	36	48	47	66	15
負債總額與總權益比例	Total liabilities to total equity	1.21	1.32	2.54	5.10	249.8
香港零售分店總數	Total number of retail outlets in					
	Hong Kong	33	35	33	22	9
澳門零售分店總數	Total number of retail outlets in					
	Macau	3	3	3	2	2
中華人民共和國 (「中國」) 內地零售	Total number of retail outlets in the Mainland Area of the					
分店總數	People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "China")	2	1	1	0	0

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公司資料

董事會

執行董事

陳健文先生(主席) 尹熖強先生(副主席) 趙麗娟女士

獨立非執行董事

郭志成先生 李冠群先生 甄灼寧先生

審核委員會

郭志成先生*(主席)* 李冠群先生 甄灼寧先生

薪酬委員會

李冠群先生(主席) 尹熖強先生 郭志成先生

提名委員會

甄灼寧先生*(主席)* 尹熖強先生 郭志成先生

授權代表

尹熖強先生 黃耀明先生

公司秘書

黄耀明先生

獨立核數師

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jianwen *(Chairman)*Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel *(Vice-Chairman)*Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning

Audit Committee

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing *(Chairman)*Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan
Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan *(Chairman)* Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel Mr. Kwok Chi Shing

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning *(Chairman)*Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel
Mr. Kwok Chi Shing

Authorised Representatives

Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel Mr. Wong Iu Ming

Company Secretary

Mr. Wong lu Ming

Independent Auditor

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited Certified Public Accountants



公司資料(續)

法律顧問

郭立成哈永豪律師事務所

註冊辦事處

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港荃灣 橫窩仔街36-50號 卓悅集團中心十二樓 電話:(+852) 2872-2872 傳真:(+852) 2872-2873

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司交通銀行(香港)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司中國工商銀行(澳門)股份有限公司上海商業銀行

Corporate Information (continued)

Legal Adviser

Kok & Ha Solicitors

Registered Office

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

12/F., Bonjour Tower No. 36-50 Wang Wo Tsai Street Tsuen Wan, Hong Kong Telephone: (+852) 2872-2872 Facsimile: (+852) 2872-2873

Principal Bankers

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Communications (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited
Shanghai Commercial Bank

投資者資料

Information for Investors

公司網址

公司資料

http://corp.bonjourhk.com

網上購物網站 www.bonjourhk.com www.hongkongmall.com

雷郵地址

corporate@bonjourhk.com

股份過戶登記總處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited (前稱為

SMP Partners (Cavman) Limited) Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3 Building D, P.O. Box 1586 Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

Company Website

Company Information http://corp.bonjourhk.com

Online Shopping Web www.bonjourhk.com www.hongkongmall.com

E-mail Address

corporate@bonjourhk.com

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Suntera (Cayman) Limited (formerly known as SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited) Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3 Building D, P.O. Box 1586 Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cavman, KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F. Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point Hong Kong

財務日誌

股東调年大會 :二零二三年 (「股東週年 五月三十一日

大會」)

末期業績公告

:二零二三年 三月二十四日

:二零二一年 財政年度完結 十二月三十一日

Financial Calendar

Annual General Meeting (the "AGM") : 31 May 2023

Announcement of final results : 24 March 2023

Financial year end : 31 December 2021

重要日期

暫停股東登記 二零二三年五月

二十四日至 二零二三年 五月三十一日 (包括首尾兩日)

Important Dates

Closure of Register of Members : 24 May 2023 to 31 May 2023

(both days inclusive)

: 653

股份代號

香港聯合交易所 : 653

有限公司 (「聯交所」)

二零二一年年報

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong

Limited (the "Stock Exchange")

每手買賣單位 :2,000股 Board lot : 2,000 shares

Stock Code



管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

全年業績

本集團年內營業額約為 627,000,000港元,較去年同期的 538,800,000港元增加約16.4%。

- 年內虧損約為216,100,000港元 (二零二零年:258,400,000港 元)。
- 本集團毛利約為50,000,000港元,較去年同期的約173,100,000港元下降約71.1%。
- 每股虧損為6.3港仙(二零二零年:7.5港仙)。
- 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團於香港及澳門合共經營 11間零售店。

市場概覽

二零二一年本地疫情雖然時有反覆,但在政府消費券的支持下,本港零二零售出現短期小陽春,比二零二零料會工一年全年零售業總銷貨價值的時估計數字為3,530億港元,的第一次,相比二零二零年時的業別,相比二零二零年時的業別,相比二零二零年時的業別,相比二零二零年時的業別,相比二零二零年時的業別,有數售價值的估計為286億港元,與其一次,佔零售業總銷貨價值的。1%。

Annual Results

- The Group's turnover for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$627.0 million, representing an increase of approximately 16.4% from HK\$538.8 million of last corresponding year.
- Loss for the Year was approximately HK\$216.1 million (2020: HK\$258.4 million).
- The Group's gross profit decreased by approximately 71.1% from approximately HK\$173.1 million of last corresponding year to approximately HK\$50.0 million.
- Loss per share was HK6.3 cents (2020: HK7.5 cents).
- As at 31 December 2021, the Group operated a total of 11 retail stores in Hong Kong and Macau.

Market Overview

During 2021, the local retail market recovered relatively from 2020 supported by the Consumption Voucher Scheme despite recurrent outbreaks COVID-19 pandemic from time to time. According to the Census and Statistics Department, for the full year of 2021, the value of total retail sales was estimated at HK\$353 billion, an increase of 8.1% year-on-year, compared with an decrease of 24.3% for 2020. Besides, the value of online retail sales was estimated at HK\$28.6 billion, an increase of 39.0% year-on-year, accounting for about 8.1% of the value of total retail sales.

On the other hand, to stop the COVID-19 pandemic from spreading, the government continued to implement strict quarantine measures to safeguard the health of the public, resulting in a slump in the number of visitors to Hong Kong. According to preliminary data from the Hong Kong Tourism Board, the number of visitors to Hong Kong was about 91,398 in 2021, with a significant decline of 97.4% compared to 2020. Of these, the number of Mainland visitors to Hong Kong was 65,721, down 97.6% from 2020, and the number of non-Mainland visitors to Hong Kong was 25,704, down 97.0% year on year. Due to the quarantine measures, they came to Hong Kong mainly to visit their relatives or for other necessary reasons, and the number of recreational visitors remained close to zero.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

市場概覽(續)

疫情的突襲加速「宅經濟」盛行,加上科技創新令網上消費更便捷可靠,促使人們的消費行為出現重大變化。傳統零售企業必需加快轉型步伐,才能趕上消費潮流,並且要配合與時俱進的新零售科技,才能在競爭激烈的環境中生存,甚至把握機遇,出奇制勝。

業務概覽

本集團從二零二零年初開始對業務 進行轉型升級。在產品方面,本集團 把美妝零售業務拓展至「Beauty、 Health & Beautiful Life」產品,提升 消費者購物體驗。在運營方面,本集 團 利 用 科 技 創 新 , 將 舊 業 態 轉 變 成 新 業態,本集團、消費者、商家、供應商 及持份者等都從中受惠,獲取最大的 回報。這是通過(1)建立線下與線上運 營相互融合的O2O營運模式,以提升 消費者的購物體驗(2)建立全球電子商 務平台卓悅「香港貓HKMall」網上購 物平台,香港及國際品牌可透過44個 市場平台向34個國家提供服務(3)構 建新業態模式,協助香港中小企商家 轉型,由傳統舊業態轉變成全域數字 化新業務模式。

新零售020

根據香港差餉物業估價署二零二零年至二零二一年香港物業報告的數據中指出,本年度私人零售樓宇租金指數較上年度上升大約2.4%,而二零二二年的租賃需求本集團預計將繼續疲弱。

由於電子商務於新型冠狀病毒病下更加流行,實體店舖有望轉變為旗艦店或快閃店,有效增強成本效益。

本集團計劃減少對實體店舖的依賴, 更加注重電子商務發展。此外,改造 一些現有的商店,增加科技設備,必 將有效吸引顧客及增加顧客互動,並 創造更好的購物體驗及提高運營效 率。

Market Overview (continued)

The outbreak of the epidemic, which has accelerated the popularity of the "stay-at-home economy", and innovation in technology that makes online spending more convenient and reliable have significantly altered consumer behaviour. Traditional retailers have to speed up their transformation to keep up with consumer trends. They can only survive the competitive environment and seize the opportunities and differentiate themselves by leveraging on the evolving new retail technology.

Business Overview

The Group has commenced its business transformation from early 2020. On the product side, the Group expanded the product range from pure beauty products to "Beauty, Health & Beautiful Life" products, enhancing consumers experience. In terms of operations, the Group has leveraged on technology innovation to transform the traditional retail business to a new business ecosystem, of which the Group and all stakeholders including consumers, merchants and suppliers will benefit. This is achieved by (1) establishing an O2O system integrating offline with online operations to enhance consumers' shopping experience (2) establishing a global eCommerce platform "HKMall" (香港舖) to serve Hong Kong merchants as well as overseas brands across 34 countries over 44 market platforms. (3) establishing an ecosystem to assist Hong Kong small and medium enterprises (SMEs) to digitally transform their traditional business into new business models.

New Retail 020

According to the data of Hong Kong Property Report 2020-2021 by the Hong Kong Rating and Valuation Department, the rental indices of private retail buildings in the current year increased by approximately 2.4% compared to the previous year. And the Group expects that the demand for lease will continue to be weak in 2022.

With e-commerce gaining popularity amidst COVID-19, physical stores are expected to change to flagship stores or pop-up stores to effectively enhance cost efficiency.

The Group plan to reduce the reliance on brick-and-mortar stores and focus more on e-commerce development. Modifying some of the existing shops with more technological equipment will effectively attract and engage customers, as well as to create better shopping experience and operational efficiency.



Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

新零售020(續)

自新型冠狀病毒爆發以來,訪港旅客數量急挫。此外,大多數民眾選擇居家及轉向網上購物。多個國際零售品牌甚至退出香港市場及/或計劃關閉實體店及將重心轉移至網上銷售。實體店租金成為零售業的成本壓力。

年內,集團戰略性優化零售店舖數量,關閉效益未如理想的店鋪,以加強成本控制,改造為線上線下一體化的O2O零售店,為消費者提供嶄新的購物體驗,同時節省租金成本。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,集團於香港及澳門共設有11間線下零售店。集團將繼續密切監測租金市場及檢討其店舖網絡,以加強成本控制。另外,集團擬利用店舖內外電子屏幕,配合卓悅科技有限公司(「卓悅科技」)(本公司之全資子公司)自主研發的控制系統,開拓新收入來源。

年內,集團把視頻直播、智慧導購、智能推送、圖像搜尋、語音搜尋、數據銀行等 多項領先新零售技術應用在電子商貿平台 「香港貓」上,大大優化客戶線上購物體 驗。

香港貓是一個多渠道電商平台,除了銷售獨家代理產品和代理品牌,亦服務中小商戶,協助企業透過香港貓有效且快速地將其產品銷售網絡擴展到大灣區及海外市場。集團更為商家提供「香港正貨、香港交貨、香港收款、全球銷售」的服務,為中小型企業提供一條捷徑,以全域數字化為其業務升級轉型。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,香港 貓能夠觸達34個國家包括英國、美國、加 拿大、澳洲、法國、新加坡等,共銷售往 44個中國內地及海外渠道平台,包括天 貓國際、考拉海購、京東、Facebook及微 信小程序商城等平台。

Business Overview (continued)

New Retail O2O (continued)

Since the outbreak of COVID-19, the number of tourist arrival slumped rapidly. Most people also tend to stay at home and turn to online shopping. A number of international retail brands have exited the Hong Kong market and/or intended to close physical stores and switch their focus to online sales. Physical store rental has become a cost pressure to retail industry.

During the Year, the Group strategically optimised the number of retail stores underperforming stores were closed for better cost control, whilst other stores were transformed into O2O stores to provide consumers with new shopping experience while saving rental costs.

As of 31 December 2021, the Group operated 11 physical retail stores in Hong Kong and Macau. The Group will continue to monitor the rental market closely and review its store network for better cost control. Further, the Group intends to explore new sources of income by utilising digital displays in and out of its stores with the control system powered by Bonjour Technology Development Limited ("Bonjour Technology"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

During the Year, the Group applied various leading new retail technologies, including live streaming, intelligent shopping guide, smart push, image search, voice search, and data bank, to its e-commerce platform "HKMALL" (香港貓), which greatly enhanced the online shopping experience for customers.

HKMALL is an omni-channel e-commerce platform that not only sells products and branded merchandises with exclusive distributorship rights, but also assists small and medium enterprises (SMEs) in expanding their sales network via HKMALL efficiently and effectively to markets in the Greater Bay Area and overseas countries. The Group sells authentic goods, and offers SMEs an easy way of payment settlement, logistics support and data services, providing a fast track to SMEs to digitally transform their businesses.

As of 31 December 2021, HKMALL covered 34 countries including the UK, the US, Canada, Australia, France and Singapore, across 44 market platforms in Mainland China and overseas, including Tmall Global, Kaola, JD.com, Facebook and WeChat Mall etc.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

新零售020(續)

網紅(KOL)經濟迅速冒起,集團自設規模可觀的KOL直播間,透過KOL在社交平台渠道進行銷售,加強消費者互動體驗,增加顧客忠誠度,逐漸累積客戶的訂閱及關注,藉以提高營業額。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,集團直播數目達2000場次。集團至今已成功培育超過200名銷售人員成為KOL。本集團亦與多家協會合作推出公開賽以培養外部KOL。於O2O平台(包括美妝產品及科技產品)年內已完成訂單的總商品交易額(GMV)達627,000,000港元。

品牌管理

現時集團銷售超過100,000種產品。 分銷逾100個知名品牌(其中包括獨家分銷Suisse Reborn、Dr. Bauer、 Yumei、WOWWOW、Dr. Schafter及 I.SKINFOCUS)。除了護膚品、香水、化妝品、護髮及身體護理產品外,集團亦從全球各地採購保健及生活產品。近期亦以具有吸引力的價格推出多種優質產品,以滿足顧客不斷變更的需要。

科技及產業創新

除了自身發展,集團亦致力為中小企商戶提供最優質的電商服務及全方位智慧零售解決方案,推動企業數字化轉型和傳統產業創新,不但能幫助企業降本增效,亦靈活運用卓悅科技平台的能力,助力客戶實現業務卓越運營。

為構建有效的生態體系,依託合作加快增長,集團與多個策略夥伴達成合作協議,包括與中國移動香港、華為雲、數碼港、ATOME、香港科技青年聯合會、香港教育工作者聯會等業界領先的公司及團體合作,推動互利共贏。

為賦能傳統企業轉變為新業態,集團創立「香港產業創新中心」(HKIIC),通過「產業+科技+資本」融合,推動企業數字化轉型升級。香港產業創新中心同時是「粵港澳青年創業孵化器」香港站運營點,提供一站式共用辦公、創業孵化和加速、融資對接、生態系統構建。粵港澳青年創業孵化器及香港站運營站獲批准納入「數碼港加速器支援計劃」(Cyberport Accelerator Support Programme, CASP),成為數碼港認可的加速器。

Business Overview (continued)

New Retail O2O (continued)

With the fast rise of the KOL economy, the Group has its own sizeable direct broadcasting studio for KOLs to conduct sales on social media. As a result, the Group is able to enhance the interaction of consumer experience and customer loyalty, while accumulating online subscriptions and "Likes" to boost its turnover. As of 31 December 2021, the Group had conducted over 2,000 live streaming broadcasts across all platforms. The Group has cultivated more than 200 sales staff to become KOLs so far. The Group also collaborated with various associations to launch open competitions to nurture external KOLs. The gross merchandise value (GMV) of completed orders on O2O platform (including beauty products and technology products) amounted to HK\$627.0 million for the Year.

Brand Management

Currently, the Group offers over 100,000 types of products, and distributes over 100 well-known brands, including, among others, exclusive distribution of Suisse Reborn, Dr. Bauer, Yumei, WOWWOW, Dr. Schafter and I.SKIN FOCUS. Apart from skincare, fragrance, cosmetics, haircare and bodycare, the Group also sourced healthcare and lifestyle products from all over the world. Recently, a variety of quality products are offered at competitive prices to satisfy the ever-changing customer needs.

Technology and Industry Innovation

Apart from its own development, the Group is also committed to providing SMEs with the best e-commerce services and all-rounded intelligent retail solutions, helping businesses to transform to digital and traditional industries to innovate. The Group not only supports businesses to streamline costs and improve efficiency, but also empowers customers to achieve operational excellence through the flexible use of the capabilities of the Bonjour Technology platform.

In order to build an effective ecosystem and leverage on partnership to accelerate growth, the Group entered into cooperation agreements with various strong strategic partners, including industry-leading companies and groups such as China Mobile Hong Kong, Huawei Cloud, CEN, ATOME, Hong Kong Science and Technology Youth Federation, and Hong Kong Federation of Education Workers, to drive for a win-win collaboration.

To enable traditional business to transform to new business models, the Group has established the "Hong Kong Industry Innovation Centre" (HKIIC), which aims to support the digital transformation of business by combining "industry + technology + capital". The HKIIC also serves as the Hong Kong site of the "Guangdong Hongkong and Macau Youth Entrepreneurship Incubator", offering one-stop services for office sharing, start-up incubation and acceleration, financing facilitation and ecosystem development. Both the Guangdong Hongkong and Macau Youth Entrepreneurship Incubator and the Hong Kong site were approved for inclusion into the Cyberport Accelerator Support Programme (CASP) as an accelerator recognised by Cyberport.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

開拓美顏業務

年內,集團緊扣「Beauty, Health & Beautiful Life」的發展方針,積極探索開拓美顏業務的可行性。於二零二一年十二月,集團全資附屬公司卓悅健康有限公司(「卓悅健康」)開始與香港頂尖的醫美專家進行戰略性業務討論,以開發醫美市場。集團期望以優質的醫美服務,捕捉大灣區甚至亞洲的龐大市場商機。

此外,集團已籌備開展由資深美容行業專家領軍的美顏服務,為客戶帶來全新 Suisse Reborn品牌美容中心,提供一站 式健康生活美容新體驗。

3C產品業務

於二零二一年初,本公司通過切入3C 產品業務並抓住其增長潛力,主動多 元化其產品線,因3C產品業務以其高 營業額及大容量性質吸引本公司的興 趣,預計隨著業務擴大,該業務為本 公司帶來穩定及不斷增長的利潤。

作為試營業及與服務公司達成協議, 3C產品業務(涉及銷售移動電話)採 用成本加成定價策略。服務公司於 零二零年初開始其採購代理業務 購及銷售符合客戶特定需就爭力 被等向本公司引介能以具競爭力 採購3C產品的供應商,亦引介受本加 採購3C產品的供應商 ,以成本加成 定價模式購買及轉售本公司的3C產 品,從而確保本公司的穩定利潤。

於開展3C產品業務時,本公司作為「委託人」且承擔各種交易風險(即信貸風險、庫存風險、法律風險等)。憑藉已建立的品牌及商譽,本公司作為3C產品業務的重要及增值方運營。本公司的聲譽不僅確保更廣泛的消費品客戶群,亦為相關供應商及客戶在獲得訂單時提供保證。

Business Overview (continued)

Exploring Beauty Business

During the Year, the Group actively explored the possibility of expanding into aesthetic medical business under the development approach of "Beauty, Health & Beautiful Life". In December 2021, Bonjour Health Limited ("Bonjour Health"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, commenced strategic business discussion with leading aesthetic medical experts in Hong Kong to develop the aesthetic medical market. The Group expects to capture enormous opportunities in markets across the Greater Bay Area and even Asia with quality aesthetic medical services.

Further, the Group is preparing for the provision of beauty services led by experienced experts in the sector through the brandnew Suisse Reborn beauty center which will offer one-stop new experience of healthy lifestyle and beauty to customers.

3C Product Business

In early 2021, the Company took an initiative to diversify its product line by tapping into the 3C product business and capturing its growth potential, as the 3C product business caught the Company's interest by its high-turnover and large-volume nature, which was expected to generate a stable and growing profit for the Company as its business expanded.

As a pilot run and in agreement with the Service Companies, the 3C product business, which involved the sale of mobile phones, was conducted using a cost-plus pricing strategy. The Service Companies commenced its procurement agent business in early 2020, that source for and sell goods that suit the customers' specific requirements. They introduced suppliers that could source 3C products at a competitive price to the Company and also introduced customers that were incentivized by the Company's established brand name to buy and resell the Company's 3C products under the cost-plus pricing model, thus ensuring a stable profit for the Company.

In conducting the 3C product business, the Company acted as a "Principal" and it bore various transaction risks (i.e. credit risk, inventory risk, legal risk, etc.). With its established branding and goodwill, the Company operates as an essential and value-added party to the 3C product business. The Company's reputation not only ensures a wider customer base for consumer products but also provides assurance to relevant suppliers and customers when securing orders.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

3C產品業務(續)

本公司一般收取客戶的預付款項,並在與潛在客戶及供應商訂立銷售及採購協議後,在收到客戶的付款後向供應商支付定金。一旦訂單完成,本公司將收取並結算任何剩餘款項(倘適用)。該交易流程旨在確保公司保持可靠的供應鏈,並確保其客戶及時有效地收到高質量產品。

於二零二一年七月,由於Covid-19疫情導致物流限制,3C產品業務暫停。

隨著二零二二年初經濟開始復甦,本公司於同年三月採用相同業務模式恢復其3C產品業務。本公司預計3C產品業務的財務表現將於其二零二二年財務業績中反映。

人才培訓

面對艱難的經濟環境,本集團全力以 赴尋求途徑、與員工攜手克服時 意識到數字時代的市場趨勢,本集團 已著手進行改革,於二零二零年初 員工提供網上直播培訓。逾200名前 線員工成功受訓成為網絡直播的竟見 領袖(KOLs)。本集團亦與淘寶 合作,提升員工的電子商務技能。

於年內,本集團聘有約270(二零二零年:500名)員工,員工成本對營業額比率約為15.4%(二零二零年:約24.3%)。

策略合作

六月,卓悅科技服務有限公司與中國移動香港有限公司(「中國移動香港」) 簽署5G零售融合發展合作框架協議, 雙方合作將基於各自的專業領域,推 動互利共贏。中國移動香港將利用其 在5G流動通訊技術方面專業優勢,積 極助力卓悅在新零售領域的各項業務 轉型升級。

Business Overview (continued)

3C Product Business (continued)

The Company typically receives prepayments from the customers and pays deposits to the suppliers upon receipt of payment from the customers after entering into the sales and purchase agreements with the potential customers and suppliers. Once the orders are fulfilled, the Company collects and settles any remaining payments, if applicable. This transaction flow is designed to ensure that the Company maintains a reliable supply chain and that its customers receive high-quality products in a timely and efficient manner.

In July 2021, due to the logistic restrictions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the 3C product business was suspended.

As the economy started to recover in early 2022, the Company resumed its 3C product business using the same business model in March of the same year. The Company expects that the financial performance of the 3C product business will be reflected in its 2022 financial results.

Talent Training

Facing economic hardship, the Group has endeavoured to find ways to work with staff in unity to overcome the hardship. Being aware of the changing market trend to a digital era, the Group started to reform by providing online broadcasting training for its staff in early 2020. Over 200 frontline staff have been successfully trained to be KOLs for broadcasting online. The Group has also cooperated with Taobao University to improve the e-commerce skills of the staff.

During the Year, there are approximately 270 (2020: 500) staff in the Group and the staff cost-to-turnover ratio was approximately 15.4% (2020: approximately 24.3%).

Strategic Cooperation

Bonjour Technology Services Limited entered into the 5G retail integrated development cooperation framework agreement with China Mobile Hong Kong Company Limited ("China Mobile Hong Kong") in June, pursuant to which, the cooperation between the two parties will be based on respective professional expertise to promote mutual benefit and achieve win-win results. China Mobile Hong Kong will take advantage of its expertise in 5G mobile communications technology to actively help Bonjour transform and upgrade its businesses in the new retail field.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

策略合作(續)

回顧期內,卓悅與多個策略夥伴達成 合作協議,包括與中國移動香港、華 為雲、遠東發展、有線寬頻、數碼港企 業網絡及ATOME等實力雄厚之公司 合作。其中,卓悦控股附屬公司成功 向遠東發展發行1.295億港元可換股 債券,反映市場對本集團的前景充滿 信心,增強了卓悅的資本基礎。同時, 透過遠東發展於香港及海外的房地產 發展及經驗,有助卓悅的線下零售及 電商業務加速發展。本集團將揉合「科 技+消費 | 的概念,更積極拓展業務至 海外市場,加快實現集團數碼化轉型 的步伐。本集團旗下之全資子公司卓 悦科技服務有限公司與香港華為國際 有限公司(「華為雲」)於本年五月簽署 合作發展協議。根據協議,華為雲將 探索與卓悅合作,通過大數據分析、 電子支付網絡、wifi 6等解決方案打 造智能零售店,並提供技術支援。

Business Overview (continued)

Strategic Cooperation (continued)

In September, Bonjour Technology established a close cooperative relationship with China Resources Capital Investment Management Limited ("China Resources Capital") to vigorously promote the upgrading and transformation of traditional industries in Hong Kong, and promote the full development of technology, capital and industries in the Greater Bay Area. As of December, Bonjour Health Limited conducted cooperation with aesthetic medical experts for business development in the aesthetic medical market, aiming to capture the huge market opportunities in the Greater Bay Area and even Asia with high-quality aesthetic medical services. In the same month, Bonjour Technology and the Hong Kong Science and Technology Youth Federation jointly promoted the integration of "industry + technology + capital", and provided a full range of smart retail solutions for enterprises to transform from traditional business to a new business model and realize digital transformation.

The Group's collaboration with powerful strategic partners has enhanced both sides' strengths in branding, e-commerce, business operations and smart technology; and at the same time leveraged on big data, mobile payment and other technology tools, to digitally transform traditional businesses into new businesses. Leveraging on the strategic partners' strong reputation in the Mainland and International markets, the Group joins hands with the partners to develop smart retail and innovated solutions to seize the huge business opportunities in the Greater Bay Area.

During the period under review, Bonjour entered into cooperation agreements with various strong strategic partners including China Mobile Hong Kong, Huawei Cloud, FEC, i-CABLE, CEN, ATOME and other companies. Among which, a subsidiary of Bonjour Holdings Limited successfully issued HK\$129.5 million of convertible bonds to Far East Consortium, which reflects the market's confidence in the Group and enhanced Bonjour's capital base. Meanwhile, FEC's real estate development and experience in Hong Kong and overseas will help Bonjour accelerate the development of the offline retail and e-commerce businesses. The Group will integrate the concept of "technology + consumption", and more actively expand its business to overseas markets to accelerate the digital transformation of the Group. Bonjour Technology Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into a cooperation development agreement with Huawei International Co. Limited ("Huawei Cloud") in May this Year. Under the agreement, Huawei Cloud will explore cooperation with Bonjour to build the smart retail store with big data analysis, electronic payment network, wifi 6 and other solutions, and make use of its prime architecture to provide technical solution support.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

業務概覽(續)

策略合作(續)

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前景

Business Overview (continued)

Strategic Cooperation (continued)

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Outlook

Digital transformation reshapes all industries. Since commencement of business transformation from early 2020, the Group has continuously renovated its business model with the aim to produce sustainable growth and high net worth to the shareholders. Main focus of the Group has been 'Technology+ Consumption' to leverage on technology to accelerate consumption. This will continue and will expand to create an innovated business ecosystem not just for the Group but also a platform for all enterprises who would like to digitally transform their businesses.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

前景(續)

卓悅「香港貓HKMALL」為本集團的零 售業務升級轉型。「香港貓HKMALL」 不僅是美妝電商平台,而是已發展成 為能為所有企業服務的綜合性全域 數字化公共電商平台。未來,「香港貓 HKMALL」將發揮更大的功能,為中 小 企 提 供 一 站 式 服 務 及 便 捷 的 途 徑, 讓商家在「香港貓HKMALL」上自家 營運其網店,將其傳統業務迅速數字 化,轉變為新的業務模式。「香港貓 HKMALL」將繼續為本集團、卓悅的 商戶及合作夥伴提供服務,現已觸達 34個國家,共銷售往44個市場平台。 疫情改變消費者的購物習慣至線上消 費模式,這成為「香港貓HKMALL」的 巨大商機,有利發展。

在產品方面,卓悅從以美妝為主的傳統零售商向全域電商升級,現主營「Beauty、Health & Beautiful Life」全系列產品。為滿足消費者不斷變更的需求,本集團積極推動多元發展,締造「美好生活」,而獨家代理及自家品牌將繼續培育及擴展。這有助分散本集團收入組合,以加強風險管理和提高盈利能力。

數字化轉型不僅適用於前線,也適用於內部交易處理。利用先進科技,可以簡化內部流程和結構以提高效率。這將有助精簡整體上之管理成本,並產生更高的人均價值。通過數字化和無紙方式進行交易,以節省資源成本,從而幫助推動「綠色」企業。

Outlook (continued)

The Group's retail business is renovated via HKMALL. HKMALL is more than a Bonjour online shop, it is an eCommerce platform which allows merchants to set up their own e-shops seamlessly on HKMALL and sell merchandise online. In the coming year, HKMALL will be expanding its functions to provide one-stop services to the SMEs for them to operate their own e-shops on HKMALL. This will provide a pathway for SMEs in Hong Kong to digitally transform their traditional business quickly into new business model. As HKMALL is a global eCommerce platform, hence it will continue to offer services to the Group as well as our merchant partners to sell merchandise to 34 countries across 44 market platforms. Since the epidemic has permanently transformed the consumer behaviour to shop digitally, this will offer enormous business potential in HKMALL's service offerings.

The digital transformation also occurred offline at shop front. It is a world trend that consumer experience is no longer restricted to just physical stores or online, but consumers will need to be satisfied by combining both online and offline experience (O2O). Going forward, the Group will reconstitute the retail model from traditional mode of 'location-product-consumer' to the innovated 'consumer-product-location' new retail mode. Hence the Group will transform all physical stores into new retail O2O shops, powered by big data and intelligent technology. This aims to provide a totally new experience to consumers when they visit Bonjour's stores. In this respect, the Group is working with many technology partners in collaboration to provide this digital experience on our platforms.

On product side, the Group will continue to transform the traditional retail of pure beauty products to a new business ecosystem of full range of products in "Beauty, Health & Beautiful Life". The diversification of products will continue to satisfy changing consumer needs and to create a "Better Life" for all, whilst sole agency brands and private labels will continue to be nurtured. This helps to diversify our revenue portfolio for risk management and profitability enhancement.

Digital transformation applies not just to frontline, but also in internal transaction processing. By using technology, internal processes and structure can be streamlined and become more efficient. This will help streamlining administration cost as a whole, and produce higher value per headcount. This will also help to promote "green" business to save resources costs by conducting transactions through digitisation and paperless methods.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

前景(續)

總括而言,本集團抱持積極態度,致 力打造一台多制的全域數字化電商平 台,為企業創建共享價值,與業務夥 伴攜手合作,並為本集團旗下附屬公 司和第三方中小企業提供專業的一站 式服務。

緊貼最新電子商務趨勢

今時今日,數碼轉型重塑了零售業, 科技幫助提升購物體驗。本集團將繼 續擁抱零售新常態,進一步整合線上 線下管道。

除了利用社交渠道外,本集團亦計劃改善店內設施,以優化購物體驗。有了智能手機技術,客戶在購物前可以先掃瞄產品二維碼,了解產品資訊再進行交易。實體店安裝自助服務專櫃,以便客戶購買及自行結賬,從而提高便利性和營運效率。

隨著擴增實境及虛擬實境崛起,本集 團保持開放態度,讓客戶使用模擬試 用產品,以協助彼等探索最適合產品 的新技術。

本集團亦將繼續尋求與知名電子商務 平台合作的機會,以擴充生態系統。 本集團已與阿里巴巴、騰訊、京東、 eBay及Google等頂尖電子商務企業 建立密切關係,可以更有效地運用資 金流、物流和數據。本集團將繼續與 阿里雲加深合作,充分利用其大數據 處理能力,加速數碼轉型進程及增強 線下商店與線上平台的互動和體驗, 從而帶動銷售。本集團未來更有意大 幅增聘金融科技專才,以深度發展集 團電商業務,同時增加本地就業市場 的機會。憑藉龐大的客戶數據庫,本 集團將能夠更輕易地接觸目標客戶, 更深入了解客戶需求,繼而與客戶發 展長期關係及提升客戶忠誠度。

Outlook (continued)

Overall, the outlook is positive as Bonjour is being digitally transformed to an integrated online/offline platform, creating shared values for enterprises, working in collaboration with value added technology and business partners, and providing one-stop services to own subsidiaries as well as third party SMEs.

Keep up with the Latest E-commerce Trends

Digital transformation reshapes the retail industry and technology helps to elevate the shopping experience nowadays. The Group will continue to embrace the new retail and further integrate its online and offline channels.

Apart from utilizing social channels, the Group also plans to improve in-store facilities to optimize the shopping experience. With the technology of smart phone, customers can scan QR codes of the products to understand the information on the products before shopping. Self-service counters will be installed in physical stores, so that the customers can check out by themselves, thus improving convenience and operational efficiency.

With the rise of augmented reality and virtual reality, the Group will keep an open mind to embrace new technology that helps customers to virtually try the products on which to help them to explore the most suitable products.

The Group will also continuously seek opportunities to collaborate with renowned e-commerce platforms to expand the ecosystem. Establishing close relationships with leading e-commerce enterprises including Alibaba, Tencent, JD, eBay and Google, the Group could better leverage the capital flow, logistics and data flow. Bonjour will continue to deepen its cooperation with Alibaba Cloud, make full use of its big data processing capabilities to accelerate the digital transformation process and enhance the interaction and experience between offline stores and online platforms, so as to drive sales. In the future, Bonjour intends to employ a lot of professional talents in financial technology to deeply develop the e-commerce business of the Group and increase the opportunities in the local job market at the same time. With the massive customer database, the Group will be able to reach target customers more easily and better understand the demand of customers and eventually to develop a long-term relationship with the customers and enhance customer loyalty.



Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

前景(續)

適時調整產品組合

憑藉本集團優厚的產品供應區塊網絡,卓悅將揉合美麗與健康的概念,積極引進更多「大健康」產品,務求司費者擁有外在美及內在美,開關新和成功的人生。本集團將繼續關注市場趨勢及密切分析市場需求,增加庫存單位及延伸產品類型至不同類別,以擴闊產品組合。

總結

於二零二一年,香港疫情反覆,經濟環境維持慘淡,由二零二一年二月起香港政府推行疫苗接種計劃,預計社區接種率達到一定比例後,有望放寬社區防控措施,零售服務業以至本港經濟可望走出谷底。

縱然未來經濟或能開始復甦,惟數碼 化毫無疑問是未來的大勢。為了提供 最佳購物體驗,本集團將投入發展電 商平台,積極捕捉最新電子商務趨 勢。本集團將做好未雨綢繆的全面準 備,持續努力發展電子商務,迎接未 來的挑戰。

Outlook (continued)

Timely Product Portfolio Adjustment

Leveraging on the excellent product supply block network of the Group, Bonjour will combine the concepts of beauty and health and actively introduce more products of "Comprehensive Health", so as to enable the consumers to have both outer and inner beauty and develop their brand-new and successful lives. The Group will continue to concern market trends and closely analyze market demands, increase numbers of SKU and extend our types of products into different categories, so as to expand product mix.

Conclusion

In 2021, the epidemic reoccurred in Hong Kong, causing the bleak economic environment. With the implementation of the vaccination plan by Hong Kong Government from February 2021, it is expected that the community prevention and control measures are hopeful to be relaxed after the vaccination ratios of the communities reach a certain proportion and the retail service industry and the economy of Hong Kong are expected to bottom out.

Even if the economy may start to recover in the future, there is no doubt that digitalization would be the future trend. In order to provide the best shopping experience, the Group will invest in the development of the e-commerce platforms and actively capture the latest e-commerce trends. The Group will always fully prepare itself to face the challenges ahead with the continuous effort in developing e-commerce.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧

概覽

儘管於年內疫情持續對經濟造成影 響,本集團透過數字化精簡運營, 令運營成本較二零二零年減少約 39.1%,從而大幅節約成本。就營 業額而言,本集團將純實體店零售 業務擴張至線上電子商務及B2B業 務。與去年同期相比,收益略增長約 16.4%, 虧損減少約16.4%。截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日的銀行及現 金結餘約為41.800.000港元(二零二 零年十二月三十一日:約20,300,000 港元)。由於於二零二一年六月十一 日,向第三方出售資產所得代價為 113,000,000港元,流動性水平將會 改善。截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日的流動負債淨額約98,300,000港 元達致截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日流動負債淨額約55,300,000港元。 本集團的流動比率亦由截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日的約0.87上升至 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日的 約0.92。本集團管理層已制定積極計 劃,利用數字化轉型,改善財務業績, 從而實現本集團最終盈利以及長期持 續增長。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團之現金及銀行存款約為 41,800,000港元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:約20,300,000港元)。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團之銀行及其他借款、貿易融 資貸款及租賃負債(不包括與分類 為持作出售的資產相關的負債)為 225,500,000港元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:約639,300,000港元), 當中約192,700,000港元(二零二零 年十二月三十一日:約558,200,000 港元)須於未來十二個月內償還。於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,流動 負債約為662,200,000港元(二零 二零年十二月三十一日:流動負債 淨額約772,300,000港元),當中約 21,200,000港元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:107,500,000港元)與 租賃負債有關,而約171,500,000港 元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約 450,700,000港元)乃主要與銀行及 其他借款以及貿易融資貸款有關。

Financial Review

Overview

Despite the continuation of the epidemic affecting the economy in the Year, the Group has managed to streamline its operations via digitalization, resulting in a significant reduction in the operating costs of approximately 39.1% from 2020. In terms of turnover, the Group expanded its pure physical store retail business to online eCommerce as well as B2B business. This has managed to achieve a slight increase in revenue of approximately 16.4% and narrow the loss by approximately 16.4% in comparison to the same period last year. Bank and cash balance as of 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$41.8 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$20.3 million). The liquidity level will improve due to the disposal of assets to a third party at the consideration of HK\$113 million, which took place on 11 June 2021. The net current liabilities of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$98.3 million and approximately HK\$55.3, as of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021, respectively. The current ratio of the Group was also improved from approximately 0.87 as of 31 December 2020 to approximately 0.92 as of 31 December 2021. The Management of the Group has active plans to improve the financial results leveraging on digital transformation to achieve ultimate profitability as well as long term sustainable growth for the Group.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's cash and bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$41.8 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$20.3 million). The Group's bank and other borrowings, trade finance loans, and lease liabilities (excluding liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sales) as at 31 December 2021 were HK\$225.5 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$639.3 million), out of which, approximately HK\$192.7 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$558.2 million) were repayable within next 12 months. As at 31 December 2021, among the current liabilities of approximately HK\$662.2 million (31 December 2020: current liabilities of approximately HK\$772.3 million), approximately HK\$21.2 million was related to lease liability (31 December 2020: HK\$107.5 million) and approximately HK\$171.5 million was mainly related to bank and other borrowings and trade finance loans (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$450.7 million).

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之淨負債比率約為80.9(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約3.8),該比率乃按本集團之銀行及其他借款、貿易融資貸款及租賃負債(不包括與分類為持作出售的資產相關的負債),除以權益總額約2,800,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約168,500,000港元)計算。負債總額佔股東資金約249.8(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約5.1)。本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的流動比率約為0.92(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約0.87)。

本集團主要以經營業務所賺取現金償還 債務。

债券之配售

或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團並無任何重大或然負債(二零二零 年十二月三十一日:無)。

現金流量

年內經營活動現金流出淨額為約108,400,000港元(二零二零年:流入約49,600,000港元)。除稅前虧損為約220,100,000港元(二零二零年:除稅前虧損約259,100,000港元)。非現金項目總額約63,700,000港元(二零年:約213,100,000港元)主要為折舊開支、減值撥備和新型冠狀病事相關租金減免,以及營運資金增加淨額約40,000,000港元(二零二零年:約98,000,000港元)。

Financial Review (continued)

Liquidity and Financial Resources (continued)

The Group's net deb ratio as at 31 December 2021 was approximately 80.9 (31 December 2020: approximately 3.8), and was calculated based on the Group's bank and other borrowings, trade finance loans and lease liabilities (excluding liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sales), divided by total equity of approximately HK\$2.8 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$168.5 million). Total liabilities to shareholders funds was approximately 249.8 (31 December 2020: approximately 5.1). The current ratio of the Group as at 31 December 2021 was approximately 0.92 (31 December 2020: approximately 0.87).

The Group services its debt primarily through the cash earned from its operation.

Placing of Bonds

On 2 August 2021 (after trading hours), the Company entered into a placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") with Venture Smart Asia Limited, the placing agent (the "Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Placing Agent conditionally agreed to act as placing agent, on a best effort basis, for the purposes of procuring placees to subscribe in cash for the two-year 9% bonds with an aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$50 million during the period commencing from the date of the Placing Agreement and terminating on the date falling on the expiration of six (6) months from the date of the Placing Agreement. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 2 August 2021 for details. On 31 January 2022, both parties agreed to extend the period to 31 July 2022, and a letter of extension was signed.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (31 December 2020: Nil).

Cash Flow

Net cash outflow from operating activities for the Year was approximately HK\$108.4 million (2020: inflow of approximately HK\$49.6 million). The loss before tax was approximately HK\$220.1 million (2020: loss before tax approximately HK\$259.1 million). The total amount of non-cash items amounting to approximately HK\$63.7 million (mainly depreciation expense, provision for impairment and COVID-19 related rent concessions received) (2020: approximately HK\$213.1 million) and there was a net increase in working capital of approximately HK\$40.0 million (2020: approximately HK\$98.0 million).

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

現金流量(續)

年內投資活動所產生現金流入淨額為約144,500,000港元(二零二零年:投資活動之現金流入約1,400,000港元),主要為出售物業、廠房及設備以及以公平值計入其他全面收益之金融資產所得款項淨額。

年內融資活動之現金流出淨額約為 10,100,000港元(二零二零年:流出 約133,300,000港元),主要為發行可 轉換貸款,被償還銀行借款及租賃負 債所抵銷。

訴訟

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團牽涉一系列正在進行的法律訴訟及索償。管理層已就應計租金作出足額撥備,且尋求與訟方達成有利的和解方案。

外匯及銀行借款利率風險

由於本集團大部分資產、收款及付款 主要以港元、澳門元和人民幣結算, 少量以日圓及歐元結算,故外匯波動 風險有限。本集團將持續監察其外匯 收支及資產負債狀況,並於有需要於 訂立遠期外匯合約對沖外匯風險。於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 銀行借款並非以外幣計值。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團有銀行及其他借款以及貿易融資貸款(不包括與分類為持作出售的資產相關的負債),金額約為197,500,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約450,700,000港元)。該等銀行借款乃按短期銀行同業拆息,以固定利率之浮動利率基準計息。

Financial Review (continued)

Cash Flow (continued)

Net cash inflow from investing activities for the Year was approximately HK\$144.5 million (2020: cash inflow from investing activities was approximately HK\$1.4 million), which mainly represented net proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and the financial assets at FVTOCI.

Net cash outflow from financing activities for the Year was approximately HK\$10.1 million (2020: outflow of approximately HK\$133.3 million), which mainly represented the issuance of convertible loans set off by the repayment of bank borrowing and the lease liabilities.

Litigation

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has been involved in numerous ongoing legal proceedings and claims. The management has made full provision for the accrued rentals and has been pursuing favorable settlement solutions with the plaintiffs.

Foreign Exchange and Bank Borrowing Interest Rate Exposures

The Group has limited exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations given that most of its assets, receipts and payments are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Macau Pataca and Renminbi with a few denominated in Japanese Yen and Euro. The Group will continue to monitor its foreign exchange receipts and payments and the gearing levels on an on-going basis and, if necessary, will hedge the foreign exchange exposure by forward foreign exchange contracts. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank borrowings were not dominated in foreign currency.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had bank and other borrowings and trade finance loans (excluding liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sales) amounting to approximately HK\$197.5 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$450.7 million). The bank borrowings were arranged at both fixed interest rate and floating interest rate basis at short-term inter-bank offer rates.



Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

資本結構

於本年度,本公司已根據行使本金額 19,000,000港元可換股債券附帶之 換股權按每股0.19港元的轉換價發行 100,000,000股新普通股(「**股份**」)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已發行及繳足股份總數為3,512,565,999股。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團若干賬面淨值約479,300,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:約583,300,000港元)之資產已就本集團所獲授之銀行融資作抵押。

重大收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司 及合營企業

根據本公司於二零二一年六月十一日的公告,本集團已訂立臨時買賣協議以代價115,000,000港元向一名獨立第三方出售香港新界荃灣大河道10-16號及20號、登發街8-12號、安榮街7-11號登發大廈地下2號及3A號商舖。出售事項已於二零二一年八月十七日完成。

除本文所披露者外,本年度並無重大 收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業。

重大證券投資

本集團以獲利及為本公司股東提升企業價值為投資目標。本集團以識別及投資各行業內具增長潛力的上市及非上市投資及其他相關金融資產為策略。本集團對潛在投資項目並無偏重特定行業。

Financial Review (continued)

Capital Structure

During the Year, 100,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company (the "Share(s)") were issued pursuant to the exercise of conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$19,000,000 at the conversion price of HK\$0.19 per share.

The total number of issued and fully paid Shares as at 31 December 2021 was 3,512,565,999 Shares.

Charges on Group Assets

As at 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's assets with net book value of approximately HK\$479.3 million (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$583.3 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

Material Acquisitions or Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

Pursuant to the Company's announcement on 11 June 2021, the Group has entered into the Provisional Sale and Purchase Agreement to dispose shops 2 & 3A on G/F of Dang Fat Mansion, 10-16 and 20 Tai Ho Road, 8-12 Dung Fat Street, 7-11 On Wing Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$115 million to an independent third party. The disposal was completed on 17 August 2021.

Save as disclosed herein, there was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Year.

Significant Securities Investments

The investment objective of the Group is to achieve earnings and enhance the corporate value to the Shareholders. The strategy of the Group is to identify and invest in both listed and unlisted investments and other related financial assets with potential of growth within their industries. The Group has no specific industry focus on potential investment.

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

重大證券投資(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團擁有的以公平值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:以公平值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產)為於康健國際 醫療集團有限公司(「康健」)的股本 投資,該公司於聯交所上市(股份代 號:3886),該投資的總市值約為 71,200,000港元,佔本集團總資產之 約10.2%(二零二零年十二月三十一 日:約74,700,000港元,佔本集團 總資產約7.3%)。本集團年內僅持有 兩項金融資產,年內該等金融資產的 公平值變動為收益約8,100,000港元 (二零二零年: 虧損約5,200,000港 元)。金融資產的市值將受康健的財 務表現影響。此外,董事參考外部獨 立估值師採用市場比較法進行的估值 釐定未上市證券的公平值,此乃基於 若干市場可比較公司的企業價值與銷 售比率(第三級公平值計量)。為減輕 相關風險,本集團將監測宏觀經濟趨 勢,優化投資策略以應對市況。本集 團考慮未來投資時,將評估被投資公 司的營運業績及合規表現,以免日後 無利益收穫。

重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

董事會將考慮可改善本公司盈利能力 和流動性的投資和資本資產計劃。

報告期後事項

有關出售目標公司全部已發行股本之非 常重大出售事項;有關投資於基金之重 大交易;根據特別授權發行認股權證;及 有關租賃協議之須予披露交易

Financial Review (continued)

Significant Securities Investments (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had financial assets at FVTOCI (31 December 2020: financial assets at FVTOCI) through equity investments in Town Health International Medical Group Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 3886) ("Town Health") with a total market value of approximately HK\$71.2 million, accounting for approximately 10.2% of the Group's total assets (31 December 2020: approximately HK\$74.7 million, accounting for approximately 7.3% of the Group's total assets). Throughout the Year, the Group only held two financial assets and the change on the fair value of such financial assets amounted to a gain of approximately HK\$8.1 million for the Year (2020: loss of approximately HK\$5.2 million). The market value of the financial assets will be affected by the financial performance of Town Health. In addition, the fair value for the unlisted securities was determined by the directors with reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using market comparable approach which is based on enterprise value-to-sales ratio on certain market comparables (level 3 fair value measurements). To mitigate relevant risks, the Group will monitor the trends of macro economy to optimise its investment strategies in response to market conditions. When considering future investment, the Group will assess the results of operations and compliance of the investees to prevent receiving no future economic benefits.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

The Board will consider plans for investments and capital assets which can improve the Company's profitability and liquidity.

Events After the Reporting Period

Very substantial disposal in relation to the disposal of the entire issued share capital of the Target Company; Major transaction in relation to investment in a fund; Issue of warrants under specific mandate; and Discloseable transaction in relation to the Tenancy Agreement

二零二一年年報 *21*

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

報告期後事項(續)

於二零二二年三月二十八日,本公司訂立買賣協議(「買賣協議」),據此本公司同意出售,且CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P(「基金」)同意認購Apex Centric Investment Limited(本公司的直接全資附屬公司,「目標公司」)一股普通股(「出售股份」),總代價為900,000,000港元,受買賣協議條款及條件所規限「出售事項」。

目標公司直接持有及擁有傲林有限公司(「**傲林**」)的全部已發行股份,傲林為位於及處於香港新界荃灣並分別於土地註冊處登記為丈量約份第443約地第458號地塊及丈量約份第443約地第488號地塊的全部土地或地塊,連同其上現稱為香港新界荃灣橫等36-42號及44-50號的宅院、豎設物及樓宇(「**該物業**」)的合法實益擁有人。

Financial Review (continued)

Events After the Reporting Period (continued)

On 28 March 2022, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell and CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P (the "Fund") agreed to purchase one ordinary share (the "Sale Share") of Apex Centric Investment Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, the "Target Company") at an aggregate consideration of HK\$900,000,000, subject to the terms and conditions of the Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Disposal").

The Target Company directly holds and owns 100% of the issued shares of Apex Frame Limited ("Apex Frame"), which is the legal and beneficial owner of all those pieces or parcels of ground situated lying and being at Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong and respectively registered in the Land Registry as LOT NO. 458 IN DEMARCATION DISTRICT NO. 443 AND LOT NO. 488 UB DEMARCATION DISTRICT NO.443 TOGETHER with the messuages erections and buildings thereon now known as NOS. 36-42 and NOS. 44-50 WANG WO TSAI STREET, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong (the "Property").

On 28 March 2022, Bonjour Investment Management Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, "Bonjour Investment"), CR Capital Investment (Cayman) Limited ("CRCI") (together with Bonjour Investment, the "Limited Partner(s)") and CR Business Innovation Investment GP Company Limited (the "General Partner"), entered into a limited partnership agreement (the "Limited Partnership Agreement") and a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties have agreed upon, among other things, that the Limited Partners shall contribute a maximum of HK\$550,000,000 to the Fund subject to the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement. The principal investment of the Fund is the acquisition of the Property, which involves the Fund acquiring the Sale Share from the Company (the "Investment").

Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

報告期後事項(續)

根據買賣協議,於完成後,本公司(或 其附屬公司/聯屬實體)與基金將訂立一份租賃協議(「租賃協議」),據 此,基金將向本集團出租該物業供本 集團使用,於完成日期起為期四年。 於租賃協議期內,本集團應付年超 金將為27,000,000港元,年增幅為 3%。該物業將由本集團繼續用作其營 運場所。

出售事項、該投資、發行認股權證及訂立租賃協議乃在合同中互為條件。

出售事項、該投資、發行認股權證及授予董事行使後發行認股權證及認股權證及的特別授權以及項下擬進行的交易須經本公司股東批准,其已於二零二二年六月二十七日召開的本事時別股東大會上取得。於出售可、該投資、發行認股權證及租賃於二零二二年六月二十九日完成。

有關出售事項、該投資、發行認股權證及租賃的進一步詳情,請參閱(i)本公司日期為二零二二年三月二十日及二零二二年六月二十九日的公佈;(ii)本公司日期為二零二二年六月七日的過;及(iii)本公司日期為二零二二年六月七日的投票結果公佈。

Financial Review (continued)

Events After the Reporting Period (continued)

Upon completion of the Disposal ("Completion"), (i) the Target Company would redeem all the outstanding convertible bonds previously issued to Karfond Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of FEC ("Karfond"), at its principal amount of HK\$110,500,000 together with accrued and unpaid interest up to and excluding the date of such redemption; and (ii) the Company would issue 581,578,947 unlisted warrants (the "Warrants") conferring rights to subscribe for 581,578,947 shares to be issued by the Company upon exercise (the "Warrant Shares") at the exercise price of HK\$0.19 per Warrant Share with an aggregate face value of HK\$110,500,000 to Karfond.

Pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, upon Completion, the Company (or its subsidiary/affiliate) and the Fund will enter into a tenancy agreement (the "Tenancy Agreement"), whereby the Fund will lease the Property to the Group for the Group's use for a term of four years commencing on the date of the Completion. The annual rent payable by the Group will be HK\$27,000,000 with 3% increment per annum during the term of the Tenancy Agreement. The Property will continue to be used by the Group as premises for its operation.

The Disposal, the Investment, issue of the Warrants and the entering into of the Tenancy Agreement are contractually inter-conditional upon each other.

The Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the specific mandate to authorise the Directors to issue the Warrants and the Warrant Shares upon exercise thereof and the transactions contemplated thereunder were subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company, which was obtained at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 27 June 2022. Completion of the Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the Lease took place on 29 June 2022.

For further details of the Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the Lease, please refer to (i) the announcements of the Company dated 28 March 2022, 30 May 2022 and 29 June 2022; (ii) the circular of the Company dated 7 June 2022; and (iii) the poll results announcement of the Company dated 27 June 2022.

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Management Discussion and Analysis (continued)

財務回顧(續)

合豐隆有限公司(前稱卓悅化粧品批發中心有限公司)(「合豐隆」)之清盤

於二零二三年一月九日,高等法院於呈請聆訊時根據《公司(清盤及雜項條文)條例》(香港法例第32章)對本公司之一間附屬公司合豐隆作出清盤令。香港破產管理署署長獲委任為會豐隆的臨時清盤人。有關清盤的之一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二三年一月九日及二零二三年一月十七日之公佈。

核數師變更

董事會謹此宣佈,羅申美會計師所(「羅申美」) 已於二零二二年六日 於二零二二年六日 於二零二二年六日 於二零二二年六日 於二零二二年六月。

董事會議 於二零二二年六月二十日的公佈。

董事會議 於二零二二年六月二十日的公佈。

除本報告所披露者外,於本年度之後 及直至本報告日期,並無發生任何重 大事項。

人力資源

本集團一直深信僱員為企業最寶貴的資產之一。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團在香港、澳門及中國內地聘有約270名(二零二零年:約500名)全職及兼職僱員。年內員工成本(包括董事酬金)大幅精簡,為約96,800,000港元(二零二零年:約130,800,000港元)。

本集團重視人力資源,並深明吸引及 挽留具條件之人才乃其持續成功之關 鍵。薪酬待遇一般參考市場條款及個 人資歷而定。此外,會按照僱員個別 表現向合資格僱員授出購股權及酌情 花紅。本集團亦向僱員提供強制性公 積金計劃、醫療保險計劃、員工購物 折扣及培訓課程。

Financial Review (continued)

Winding up of Hop Fung Lung Limited ("HFL") (formerly known as Bonjour Cosmetic Wholesale Center Limited)

On 9 January 2023, a winding-up order was made by the High Court against HFL, a subsidiary of the Company, at the hearing of the Petition pursuant to the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Official Receiver of Hong Kong has been appointed as the provisional liquidator of HFL. For further details of the winding-up, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 9 January 2023 and 17 January 2023.

Change of Auditor

RSM Hong Kong ("RSM") resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 June 2022. On the same day, the Board, with the recommendation of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), appointed Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as the new auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of RSM and to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 10 June 2022 and 20 June 2022.

Save as disclosed herein, no material events happened subsequent to the Year and up to the date of this report.

Human Resources

The Group adheres to a strong belief that one of the most valuable assets of a corporation is its employees. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had approximately 270 (2020: approximately 500) full-time and part-time employees in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland. Staff costs including Directors' emoluments for the Year were significantly streamlined at approximately HK\$96.8 million (2020: approximately HK\$130.8 million).

The Group values its human resources and recognizes the importance of attracting and retaining qualified staff for its continuing success. Remuneration packages are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual qualifications. In addition, share options and discretionary bonuses are also granted to eligible employees based on individual's performance. The Group also provides mandatory provident fund schemes, medical insurance schemes, staff purchases discounts and training programs for our employees.

Directors and Senior Management Profiles

執行董事

陳健文先生(「陳先生」),59歲,董事 會主席(「主席」)兼執行董事。陳先生 於二零一六年一月二十日獲委任為 執行董事。彼亦為本公司多間附屬公 司之董事。陳先生為一名在多個商業 領域擁有豐富經驗的商人,主要負責 本公司業務發展。彼現時擔任海富國 際金融控股集團有限公司(「海富」) 主席,於中國內地有多項不同投資, 包括商用房地產、自然資源及製造業 務。彼亦為香港特別行政區(「香港特 區」)太平紳士、香港特區選舉委員會 成員、內蒙古自治區中國人民政治協 商會議委員會港區召集人、香港善德 基金會名譽會長、Nan Tien Institute (Australia)之名譽校董及中國國家 行政學院(香港)工商專業同學會創會 副會長。

尹焰強先生(「尹先生」),63歲,乃董 事會副主席及執行董事。彼亦為本公 司薪酬委員會及提名委員會各委員會 之成員。彼亦為本公司多家附屬公司 之董事。尹先生主要負責本公司的業 務發展。尹先生於二零一六年三月七 日獲委任為執行董事。尹先生持有香 港中文大學工商管理學士學位及威爾 斯大學工商管理碩士學位。尹先生為 香港執業會計師及特許公認會計師 公會資深會員,亦為英格蘭及威爾斯 特許會計師公會會員。尹先生於金融 財務界擁有豐富經驗,並在高級管理 職位上任職逾27年。自二零一九年六 月,尹先生獲委任為新天綠色能源股 份有限公司,股份現時於聯交所主板 上市(股份代號:0956)之非執行董 事。彼現時擔任海富的行政總裁。加 入海富前,自二零零九年八月二十七 日至二零一五年七月三十一日,彼為 瑞安房地產有限公司,股份現時於聯 交所主板上市(股份代號:272)的執 行董事、董事總經理兼財務總監及東 亞銀行有限公司的總經理兼集團財務 總監。該兩間公司均於聯交所主板上 市。

Executive Directors

Mr. CHEN, Jianwen ("Mr. Chen"), aged 59, is the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and an executive Director. Mr. Chen was appointed as an executive Director on 20 January 2016. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chen is a seasoned merchant in various businesses and is mainly responsible for the business development of the Company. He is currently the chairman of Haifu International Finance Holding Group Ltd ("Haifu") and has diverse investments in Mainland China including commercial real estate, natural resources and manufacturing businesses. He is also a justice of the peace of the Special Administrative Region of Hong Kong (the "HKSAR"), a member of the Election Committee of the HKSAR, a convenor of Inner Mongolia Autonomous Regional Committee (Hong Kong Region) of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, the honorary president of Hong Kong Shine Tak Foundation, the honorary manager of Nan Tien Institute (Australia) and the founding vice-chairman of Chinese Academy of Governance (HK) Industrial and Commercial Professionals Alumni Association.

Mr. WAN, Yim Keung, Daniel ("Mr. Wan"), aged 63, is the vicechairman of the Board and an executive Director. He is also a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Wan is mainly responsible for the business development of the Company. Mr. Wan was appointed as an executive Director on 7 March 2016. Mr. Wan obtained his bachelor degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and his master degree in business administration from the University of Wales. Mr. Wan is a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong, a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and also a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Wan has extensive experience in the financial industry with over 27 years in senior management position. Since June 2019, Mr. Wan has been appointed as a non-executive director of China Suntien Green Energy Corporation Limited (新天綠色能源股份有限公司) (currently its shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0956)). He is currently the chief executive officer of Haifu. Prior to joining Haifu, he was the executive director, managing director and chief financial officer of Shui On Land Ltd. (瑞安房地產 有限公司) whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) (stock code: 272), from 27 August 2009 to 31 July 2015 and the general manager and group chief financial officer of The Bank of East Asia, Ltd. Both companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

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Directors and Senior Management Profiles (continued)

執行董事(續)

趙麗娟女士(「趙女士」),61歲,乃執 行董事。趙女士於二零二零年十二月 三十一日獲委任為執行董事。趙女士 於會計、商業管理及營運方面擁有豐 富經驗。彼現任本公司營運總裁。趙 女士畢業於英國謝菲爾德大學,獲得 經濟學一級榮譽學士學位,並於香港 中文大學取得行政人員工商管理碩 士學位。彼為香港會計師公會資深會 員、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會 會員、國際信息系統審計師及中國註 冊會計師。彼自二零零一年至二零零 六年擔任國際資訊系統審計協會(中 國香港分會)主席,並於二零一三年擔 任香港會計師公會會長。趙女士目前 於多家香港主板上市公司(即匯景控 股有限公司)(股份代號:9968)、中 國職業教育控股有公司(前稱華立大 學集團有限公司)(股份代號:1756) 及中海油田服務股份有限公司(股份 代號:2883)) 擔任獨立非執行董事。 趙女士為南洋商業銀行有限公司的獨 立非執行董事及上海加冷松芝汽車空 調股份有限公司(該公司於深圳證券 交易所上市(股份代號:002454)的 獨立非執行董事。自二零一九年五月 二十日至二零二二年八月八日,彼擔 任嘉濤(香港)控股有限公司,股份 現時於聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 2189)的獨立非執行董事。自二零零 六年至二零一九年,彼擔任利豐集團 多家成員公司的高級副總裁、集團華 東區首席代表及顧問,該集團主要從 事貿易、分銷、物流及零售業務。

趙女士現任上海市政協委員、香港教育大學校董會司庫及婦女事務委員會成員。彼亦於二零零九年至二零一七年擔任平等機會委員會成員,及於二零一四年至二零一八年擔任能源諮詢委員會成員。

於二零一七年及二零一八年,趙女士 分別獲香港特別行政區政府(「「香港 政府」)。委任為太平紳士及新香香港 所頒授榮譽勳章。此外,趙女士於二零一 一七年獲香港商報授予「傑出香 女工商及專業人員聯會授四年 女工商及 大學與發「Professor Robert Boucher傑出校友」殊榮。

Executive Directors (continued)

Ms. CHIU, Lai Kuen, Susanna ("Ms. Chiu"), aged 61, is an executive Director. Ms. Chiu was appointed as an executive Director on 31 December 2020. Ms. Chiu has extensive experience in accounting, business management and operations. She is currently the Chief Operating Officer of the Company. Ms. Chiu graduated with a bachelor's degree with first class honours in economics from the University of Sheffield in the United Kingdom and obtained an executive master of business administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. She is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales, a certified information systems auditor and a member of the Chinese Institute of the Certified Public Accountants. She was the president of the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (China Hong Kong Chapter) from 2001 to 2006, and the president of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in 2013. Ms. Chiu is currently an independent non-executive Director for a number of Hong Kong listed companies on the Main Board, namely Hujjing Holdings Company Limited (匯景控股有限公司) (stock code: 9968), China Vocational Education Holdings Limited (formerly known as Huali University Group Limited) (中國職業教育 控股有限公司(前稱華立大學集團有限公司)(stock code: 1756) and China Oilfield Services Limited (中海油田服務股份有限公司) (stock code: 2883). Ms. Chiu is an independent non-executive director of Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited (南洋商業銀行有限公司) and an independent non-executive director of Songz Automobile Air Conditioning Co. Ltd. (上海加冷松芝汽車空調股份有限公司), which is listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002454). She was an independent non-executive director of Kato (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited (嘉濤(香港) 控股有限公司), whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2189), from 20 May 2019 to 8 August 2022. From 2006 to 2019, she served as a senior vice president, Group Chief Representative (Eastern China) and consultant in various member companies of the Li & Fung Group, which principally engages in trading, distribution, logistics and retailing businesses.

Ms. Chiu is currently a member of the Chinese People's political Consultative Conference of Shanghai, the treasurer of the Education University of Hong Kong, and a member of the Women's Commission. She was also a member of the Equal Opportunities Commission from 2009 to 2017, and a member of the Energy Advisory Committee from 2014 to 2018.

In 2017 and 2018 respectively, Ms. Chiu was appointed as a Justice of the Peace and a New Territories Justice of the Peace by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Hong Kong Government"). Ms. Chiu was also awarded the Medal of Honor by the Hong Kong Government in 2013. Further, Ms. Chiu was awarded the Outstanding Women Business Leader Award by the Hong Kong Commercial Daily in 2017, the Outstanding Women Professionals Award by the Hong Kong Women Professionals & Entrepreneurs Association in 2014 and the Professor Robert Boucher Distinguished Alumni Award by the University of Sheffield in 2014.

Directors and Senior Management Profiles (continued)

獨立非執行董事

郭先生現為香港多家於主板上市公司 之獨立非執行董事,該等公司即大唐 西市絲路投資控股有限公司(股份代 號:620)及花樣年控股集團有限公司 (股份代號:1777),並獲委任為香 港多家於主板及GEM上市公司之獨 立非執行董事,即自二零零六年一月 二十七日至二零零九年六月二十二日 獲委任為弘海有限公司(股份代號: 8112,於二零零九年六月二十日退 市)之獨立非執行董事、自二零零六 年一月二十七日至二零二零年九月 十八日獲委任為弘海高新資源有限公 司(股份代號:0065)之獨立非執行 董事、自二零一八年十一月二十六日 至二零二零年九月一日獲委任為華康 生物醫學控股有限公司(股份代號: 8622)之獨立非執行董事、自二零 一七年一月二十三日至二零二一年六 月三十日獲委任為EPS創健科技集團 有限公司(股份代號:3860)之獨立非 執行董事、自二零一七年一月二十三 日至二零一九年十二月十二日獲委 任為尚捷集團控股有限公司(股份代 號:8183,於二零一九年十二月十二 日退市)之獨立非執行董事以及自二 零一七年六月二十一日至二零二二年 八月十五日獲委任為恒智控股有限公 司(股份代號:8405)之獨立非執行董 事。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. KWOK, Chi Shing ("Mr. Kwok"), aged 59, is an independent non-executive Director. He is also the chairman of the audit committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Kwok was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 September 2020 of the Company. Mr. Kwok is currently a certified public accountant in Hong Kong. Mr. Kwok obtained a degree of Master of Arts in Economics with Accountancy from The University of Aberdeen in U.K. in July 1986. He has been a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 1991 and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland since November 1989.

Mr. Kwok is currently an independent non-executive director for a number of Hong Kong listed companies on the Main Board, namely DTXS Silk Road Investment Holdings Company Limited (大唐西市 絲路投資控股有限公司) (stock code: 620) and Fantasia Holdings Group Co., Limited (花樣年控股集團有限公司) (stock code: 1777) and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director for a number of Hong Kong listed companies on the Main Board and the GEM Board, namely of DeTeam Company Ltd (弘海有限公司) (stock code: 8112, delisted on 20 June 2009) from 27 January 2006 to 22 June 2009, Grand Ocean Advanced Resources Company Limited (弘海高新資源有限公司) (stock code: 0065) from 27 January 2006 to 18 September 2020, Huakang Biomedical Holdings Company Limited (華康生物醫學控股有限公司)(stock code: 8622) from 26 November 2018 to 1 September 2020, EPS Creative Health Technology Group Limited (EPS創健科技集團有限公司)(stock code: 3860) from 23 January 2017 to 30 June 2021, Speed Apparel Holding Limited (尚捷集團控股有限公司) (stock code: 8183, delisted on 12 December 2019) from 23 January 2017 to 12 December 2019 and Hang Chi Holdings (恒智控股有限公司) (stock code: 8405) from 21 June 2017 to 15 August 2022.

Directors and Senior Management Profiles (continued)

獨立非執行董事(續)

李冠群先生(「李先生」),59歲,乃獨 立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委 員會主席及審核委員會成員。李先生 於二零二零年八月三十一日獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。李先生於一九八六 年取得香港大學文學學士學位及於 二零零三年取得嶺南大學工商管理 碩士學位。李先生為香港保險行業資 深從業人員。李先生自二零零五年七 月至二零零六年十二月獲委任為香 港人壽保險經理協會有限公司會長; 自二零零七年四月至二零一一年三 月獲委任為職業訓練局保險業訓練 會委員;自二零一一年至二零一四 年獲委任為Insurance and Financial Practitioners Alliance之創辦人及第 一召集人;自二零一二年十月至二零 一六年九月獲委任為香港政府財經事 務及庫務局之保險業諮詢委員會委 員;自二零一四年至二零一九年獲委 任為香港人壽保險從業員協會有限公 司副會長。李先生亦自二零零七年起 獲委任為香港管理專業協會之保險管 理委員會委員;自二零一一年起獲委 任為國際資產規劃師協會會長;自二 零一四年九月起獲委任為CEPA商機 發展聯合會資產管理委員會副會長; 及自二零一九年八月起獲委任為壽險 行業規管與發展關注組之副召集人。 李先生目前為中國國家行政學院(香 港)工商專業同學會之創辦成員及董 事及香港人壽保險從業員協會有限公 司之終身會員。

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. LEE, Kwun Kwan ("Mr. Lee"), aged 59, is an independent non-executive Director. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Lee was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 31 August 2020. Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree in the University of Hong Kong in 1986 and Master of Business Administration degree in Lingnan University in 2003. Mr. Lee is a veteran in the insurance industry of Hong Kong. Mr. Lee had been appointed, from July 2005 to December 2006, as the President of the General Agents and Managers Association of Hong Kong Limited, from April 2007 to March 2011, as the member of Insurance Training Board of Vocational Training Council, from 2011 to 2014, as the Founder and First Convener for the Insurance and Financial Practitioners Alliance, from October 2012 to September 2016, as the member for the Insurance Advisory Committee in the Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau of the Hong Kong Government, and from 2014 to 2019, as the Vice President of The Life Underwriters Association of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Lee is also the Committee Member of Insurance Management Committee of The Hong Kong Management Association since 2007, the President of the International Asset Planner Association since 2011, the Vice President of Asset Management Committee, CEPA Business Opportunities Development Alliance since September 2014, and the Deputy Convener in the Insurance Industry Regulatory & Development Concern Group since August 2019. Mr. Lee is currently the founding member and director of the Chinese Academy of Governance (Hong Kong) Industrial and Commercial Professionals Alumni Association Limited and the Life Member of The Life Underwriters Association of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. YAN, Sherman Chuek-ning ("Mr. Yan"), aged 59, is an independent non-executive Director. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee and a member of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Yan was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 September 2020. Mr. Yan is currently a practicing solicitor and a Notary Public in Hong Kong. He is also the Managing Partner of ONC Lawyers. Mr. Yan was also admitted as a solicitor in England and Wales. Mr. Yan graduated from the University of London with a bachelor's degree in laws and the University of Southampton with a master's degree in laws.

Directors and Senior Management Profiles (continued)

高級管理層

黃耀明先生(「黃先生」),66歲,乃本 公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」)及公司 秘書。黃先生於二零二零年七月十日 獲委任為本公司行政總裁及於二零 二一年七月九日獲委任為本公司公司 秘書。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之 董事。黃先生為香港會計師公會資深 會員。彼曾擔任市區重建局內部審計 總經理。黃先生目前為本公司若干附 屬公司董事。彼目前亦擔任海富執行 董事兼副行政總裁, Global Leather Intelligence (HK) Limited、香港景 泓皮業有限公司、鷹諾全球有限公司 及海富中國石油化工集團有限公司董 事以及善寧會執行委員會成員。黃先 生亦於大型香港公共機構及國際企業 集團的風險控制、財務及行政、內部 審計方面擁有豐富經驗。

Senior Management

Mr. WONG, lu Ming ("Mr. Wong"), aged 66, is the chief executive officer (the "Chief Executive Officer") and the company secretary of the Company. Mr. Wong was appointed as chief executive officer of the Company on 10 July 2020 and was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 9 July 2021. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He had been a general manager of Internal Audit of Urban Renewal Authority. Mr. Wong is currently a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is also currently an executive director and deputy chief executive officer of Haifu, a director of Global Leather Intelligence (HK) Limited, China Leather Intelligence Limited, Innogy Global Limited, Haifu China Petrochemical Group Limited and a member of executive committee of The Society for the Promotion of Hospice Care. Mr. Wong also has extensive experience in risk controls, finance and administration, internal audit of sizable Hong Kong public bodies and multinational conglomerates.

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企業管治報告

企業管治常規

本公司致力建立良好企業管治常規及程序。於本年度,本公司一直遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所訂明之守則條文。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載列之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為其本身就有關董事在證券交易方面之操守守則。經向全體董事作特別垂詢後,本公司確認全體董事於本年度內一直遵守標準守則載列之規定標準。

董事會

董事會成員

於本報告日期,董事會由六名董事組成,其中三名為執行董事陳健文先生、尹熖強先生及趙麗娟女士;以及三名為獨立非執行董事郭志成先生、李冠群先生及甄灼寧先生。每名董事之履歷詳情載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一節。

Corporate Governance Report

Corporate Governance Practices

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures. Throughout the Year, the Company has complied with the code provisions prescribed in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in the Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year.

Board of Directors

Composition of the Board of Directors

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises six Directors, of whom three are executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Jianwen, Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel and Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna and three are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan and Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning. Each of the Directors' biographical details is set out in the "Directors and Senior Management Profiles" of this report.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

董事會成員(續)

董事會結構均衡,而每名董事均具備 與本集團業務相關之豐富知識、經驗 及/或專業知識。就本公司所深知, 董事會成員間概無任何財務、業務、 家族或其他重大/相關關係。全體執 行及獨立非執行董事之不同經驗及專 業知識均讓本公司受惠。

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則之守則條文 C.2.1,主席與行政總裁之角色應有 區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。於本 年度,陳健文先生(執行董事)與黃耀 明先生分別繼續擔任本公司主席及行 政總裁。於本年度,主席及行政總裁 的角色及職責分別由不同的主管人 承擔。

陳健文先生,主席,主要負責領導董事會,分配董事會成員間的職責正常於董事會會議和股東大會上維持正常 進行和程序及監管本集團整體方向及策略規劃。此外,本公司主席在促使全體董事積極參與董事會事務及在建立良好企業管治常規及程序方面也扮演重要角色。

黃耀明先生,行政總裁,主要負責管理本公司業務及事務;建議和實施策略、業務和經營規劃;統管及監管东縣團活動;根據董事會採納的策略方向,發展和實施經營政策;發展及建議組織架構;並確保董事會具所有所需資料以履行其職責。

Board of Directors (continued)

Composition of the Board of Directors (continued)

The composition of the Board is well balanced with each Director having sound knowledge, experience and/or expertise relevant to the business of the Group. To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board. All executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors bring a variety of experience and expertise to the Company.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

According to the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the Year, Mr. Chen Jianwen, an executive Director, and Mr. Wong lu Ming, respectively continue to be the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. During the Year, the roles and duties of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer have been separately undertaken by different officers.

Mr. Chen Jianwen, the Chairman, is responsible for the leadership of the Board, assignment of responsibilities among members of the Board, and maintaining the proper conduct and proceedings of meetings of the Board and the Shareholders, and overseeing the Group's overall direction and strategic planning. In addition, the chairman of the Company also plays a key role in encouraging all the Directors to actively contribute to the Board affairs and establishing good corporate governance practices and procedures.

Mr. Wong lu Ming, the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for managing the business and affairs of the Company, recommending and implementing strategic, business and operating plans, directing and overseeing the activities of the Group, developing and implementing operational policies under the strategic directions adopted by the Board, developing and recommending organizational structure, and ensuring that the Board has the required information to fulfill its duties.

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Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

董事會之職能

本公司由董事會監管,而董事會負責 指導及監督本公司事務。董事會須就 本集團之發展向股東負責,以提升股 東之長遠價值為目標,同時平衡廣泛 持股者之權益。

董事會亦負責領導及監控本公司,監督本集團之業務及評估本集團之表現。此外,董事會亦專注於本集團之整體策略發展,而其政策尤其著重於本集團之增長及財務表現。

獨立非執行董事

為遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10A條,本集團有三名獨立非執行董事,至少佔董事會的三分之一。該三名獨立非執行董事中,郭志成先生具備上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定有關會計或有關財務管理專業之適當專業資格。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據 上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立性之確 認書。根據該確認書,本公司認為郭 志成先生、李冠群先生及甄灼寧先生 為獨立人士。

Board of Directors (continued)

Functions of the Board of Directors

The Company is governed by the Board which is responsible for directing and supervising its affairs. The Board is accountable to Shareholders for the development of the Group with the goal of maximising long-term shareholders' value, while balancing broader stakeholders' interests.

The Board is also responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, overseeing the Group's businesses and evaluating the performance of the Group. Besides, the Board also focuses on overall strategic development of the Group and its policies with particular attention paid to the growth and financial performance of the Group.

The Board delegates day-to-day operations of the Group to executive Directors and management of the Company with department heads responsible for different aspects of the business/functions, while reserving certain key matters in making strategic decision for its approval. When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where management shall report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

Independent Non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, there are three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board. Among the three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Kwok Chi Shing has appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors the written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company, based on such confirmation, considers that Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan and Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning are independent.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

董事之委任及重選

郭志成先生、李冠群先生及甄灼寧先生為獨立非執行董事。彼等與本公司訂立服務協議,分別於二零二零年九月三十一日以及二零二零年九月二十一日開始,年期為一年,除非直至任何一方發出不少於30日的書面通知予以終止,否則將予以續期。

根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第108條,趙麗娟女士及李冠群先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪席退任。所有退任董事符合資格,並願意於股東週年大會上應選連任。

董事培訓

根據企業管治守則第C.1.4條守則條文,全體董事應參與持續專業發展計劃,以增加及更新彼等的知識及技巧,確保彼等對董事會的貢獻維持詳實且相關。本公司應負責安排及資助培訓,適度重視董事角色、職能及職責。

Board of Directors (continued)

Directors' Appointment and Re-election

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan and Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning, as the independent non-executive Directors, each has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing from 31 August 2020, 15 September 2020 and 21 September 2020, and will be renewed unless and until terminated by either party serving not less than 30 days' written notice.

In accordance with article 108 of the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association"), Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen Susanna and Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan will retire by rotation at the forthcoming AGM. All the retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Directors' Training

According to the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors.

During the Year, all Directors received regular briefings and updates on the Group's business, operations, risk management and corporate governance matters. Materials on new or changes to the legal and regulatory environments applicable to the Group were provided to the Directors. The Company had arranged an in-house training in February 2021 to Mr. Chen Jianwen, Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson, Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel, Ms. Chung Pui Wan, Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong, Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna, Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan, Mr. Kwok Chi Shing and Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning. All Directors are required to provide the Company with his or her training record.



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

董事培訓(續)

根據董事提供之記錄,董事於年內接 受之培訓概要如下:

Board of Directors (continued)

Directors' Training (continued)

A summary of training received by the Directors for the Year according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

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		Training organised by professional	Reading materials updating on new rules and
ᅓᅕᄴᄼ	N (8: 1	organizations 專業機構籌辦	regulations 閱覽有關 最新規例及規則
董事姓名	Name of Directors	的培訓	的材料
執行董事	Executive Directors		
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	\checkmark	\checkmark
葉俊亨先生 <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson		
六月二十九日被罷免)	(Removed on 29 June 2021)	\checkmark	\checkmark
尹熖強先生	Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	\checkmark	\checkmark
鍾佩雲女士(於二零二一年	Ms. Chung Pui Wan		
六月二十九日被罷免)	(Removed on 29 June 2021)	\checkmark	\checkmark
關達昌先生 <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong		
十二月六日辭任)	(Resigned on 6 December 2021)	\checkmark	\checkmark
趙麗娟女士	Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna	\checkmark	\checkmark
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive Directors		
李冠群先生	Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan	\checkmark	\checkmark
郭志成先生	Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	\checkmark	\checkmark
甄灼寧先生	Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning	\checkmark	\checkmark

董事會會議及董事會常規

董事會須每年舉行最少四次會議,董 事會亦將於其他須董事會就特定事宜 作出決策之情況下舉行會議。董事將 於各董事會會議舉行前接獲將討論之 議程事項詳情,且所有董事均有機會 將討論事項納入議程。本公司之公司 秘書(「公司秘書」)負責根據企業管 治守則及本公司的組織章程細則於董 事會會議前向董事派發董事會會議通 知、議程及詳盡文件,確保董事得以 適時獲悉清晰準確之資料,並得以於 董事會會議上就討論事項作出知情決 定。全體董事均可獲得公司秘書之意 見及服務,而公司秘書會定期向董事 會提供監管及規管事宜之最新資料。 公司秘書亦負責確保董事會會議程序 得到遵守,並向董事會提供有關遵守 董事會會議程序事宜之意見。

Board Meetings and Board Practices

The Board meets at least four times a year regularly, and the Board will also meet on other occasions when a board-level decision on a particular matter is required. The Directors receive details of agenda items for decision in advance of each Board meeting and all Directors are given the opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") is responsible for distributing the notice and agenda of Board meeting and detailed documents to the Directors prior to the Board meetings in accordance with the CG Code and the Articles of Association of the Company to ensure that the Directors are able to make informed decisions regarding the matters discussed in the Board meetings so that they may receive accurate, timely and clear information. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who regularly updates the Board on governance and regulatory matters. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the procedures of the Board meetings are observed and providing opinions to the Board on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of the Board meetings.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

董事培訓(續)

任何董事如擬尋求獨立專業意見以充分履行其職責,均可尋求有關意見, 費用概由本公司承擔。本公司鼓勵重 事透過入職簡介、持續參與董事會及 各委員會會議及與主要管理人員舉行 會議提升其技能與知識,並加深對本 集團之了解。

本年度,本公司已舉行十一次定期董 事會會議,而董事會會議之出席記錄 載列如下:

Board of Directors (continued)

Board Meetings and Board Practices (continued)

Any Director wishing to do so in the furtherance of his or her duties, he or she may take independent professional advice at the Company's expense. The Directors are encouraged to update their skills, knowledge and familiarity with the Group through their initial induction, ongoing participation in Board and committee meetings, and through meeting with key members of the management.

During the Year, eleven regular Board meetings were held. The attendance records for the Directors' meetings are set out below:

Directors' Attendance 董事與會次數

執行董事	Executive Directors	
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	11/11
葉俊亨先生* <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson* (removed on 29 June 2021)	
六月二十九日被罷免)		1/11
尹熖強先生	Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	11/11
鍾佩雲女士* <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Ms. Chung Pui Wan* (removed on 29 June 2021)	
六月二十九日被罷免)		1/11
關達昌先生** <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong** (resigned on 6 December 2021)	
十二月六日辭任)		11/11
趙麗娟女士	Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna	11/11
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
郭志成先生	Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	11/11
李冠群先生	Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan	11/11
甄灼寧先生	Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning	11/11

Notes:

附註:

- ** 關達昌先生於二零二一年十二月六日辭任執行董事,因其擬投入更多時間於其個人其他業務承擔。
- In light of the material conflict between Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson ("Mr. Ip") and Ms. Chung Pui Wan ("Ms Chung") and the Company, an extraordinary general meeting of the Company (the "EGM") was convened for the purpose of considering the removal of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung as Directors. As relevant resolutions were duly passed at the EGM convened on 29 June 2021, each of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung was

removed as an executive Director on 29 June 2021.

** Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong resigned as an executive Director on 6 December 2021 as he intended to devote more time to his other business commitments.

二零二一年年報



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會(續)

股東大會

於本年度,本公司召開兩次股東大會,分別為二零二一年五月二十一日召開的股東週年大會及二零二一年六月二十九日召開的股東特別大會。出席紀錄載列如下:

Board of Directors (continued)

General Meeting

During the Year, the Company convened two general meetings, which were the annual general meeting held on 21 May 2021 and the extraordinary general meeting held on 29 June 2021 respectively. The attendance record is set out below:

Directors' Attendance 董事與會次數

執行董事	Executive Directors	
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	2/2
葉俊亨先生* <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. lp Chun Heng, Wilson* (removed on 29 June 2021)	
六月二十九日被罷免)		1/2
尹熖強先生	Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	2/2
鍾佩雲女士* (於二零二一年	Ms. Chung Pui Wan* (removed on 29 June 2021)	
六月二十九日被罷免)		1/2
關達昌先生** <i>(於二零二一年</i>	Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong** (resigned on 6 December 2021)	
十二月六日辭任)		2/2
趙麗娟女士	Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna	2/2
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
郭志成先生	Mr. Kwok Chi Shing	2/2
李冠群先生	Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan	2/2
甄灼寧先生	Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning	2/2

附註:

- * 鑒於葉俊亨先生(「葉先生」)及鍾佩 雲女士(「鍾女士」)與本公司別之間 雲女士(「鍾女士」)與本公別別之間 在重大衝突,本公別大會」)以意 別大衛(「股東特別大的董事 免葉先生及鍾女士的董事一 於相關決召開的股東特別大各自 於相關決召開的股東特別大各自 二十九日 正式通過,葉先生及鍾女士為自 等二一年六月二十九日 董事職務。
- ** 關達昌先生於二零二一年十二月六日辭任執行董事,因其擬投入更多時間於其個人其他業務承擔。

- Notes:
- In light of the material conflict between Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson ("Mr. Ip") and Ms. Chung Pui Wan ("Ms. Chung") and the Company, an extraordinary general meeting of the Company (the "EGM") was convened for the purpose of considering the removal of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung as Directors. As relevant resolutions were duly passed at the EGM convened on 29 June 2021, each of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung was removed as an executive Director on 29 June 2021.
- Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong resigned as an executive Director on 6 December 2021 as he intended to devote more time to his other business commitments.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會委員會

審核委員會

審核委員會為董事會與本公司核數師 間就本集團審核範圍事宜之重要紐 帶。審核委員會之職責為審閱及商討 本集團外部核數、風險管理及內部監 控系統之效益、審閱本公司之年報與 賬目及中期報告,亦向董事會提供意 見及建議。審核委員會已審閱本集團 本年度之經審核綜合財務報表。審核 委員會定期與管理層及外部核數師舉 行會議,以討論風險管理及內部監控 系統、財務申報系統、本集團所採納 之會計原則與慣例。於本年度,審核 委員會已舉行四次會議,以審閱(其中 包括)本集團截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報 表及本集團截至二零二一年六月三十 日止六個月之未經審核簡明綜合財務 報表,並就有關財務報表向董事會提 供推薦意見待其批准,亦已審閱本集 團採納之會計原則及政策以及其風險 管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會會 議之出席記錄載列如下:

Board Committees

Audit Committee

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 17 June 2003 with written terms of reference no less exacting terms than the CG Code. At present, members of the Audit Committee comprise three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan and Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning. Mr. Kwok Chi Shing is the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed the effectiveness of both external audit and risk management and internal control systems. The audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and audited by the independent auditor of the Company, Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited.

The Audit Committee acts as an important link between the Board and the Company's auditor in matters within the scope of the Group's audit. The duties of the Audit Committee are to review and discuss on the effectiveness of external audit, risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the Company's annual report and accounts, interim report and to provide advice and comments to the Board. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year. The Audit Committee meets regularly with the management and the external auditor to discuss the risk management and internal control systems, financial reporting system, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group. During the Year, four meetings were held to review, among others, the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2021 with the recommendations to the Board for approval; and has reviewed the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and its systems of risk management and internal control. The attendance records for the Audit Committee meetings are set out below:

> Members' Attendance 成員之出席率

審核委員會成員

郭志成先生 李冠群先生 甄灼寧先生

Members of the Audit Committee

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing 4/4
Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan 4/4
Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning 4/4



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會委員會(續)

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,包括兩名獨立非執行董事李冠群先生及郭志成先生以及董事會副主席兼執行董事 尹蹈強先生。李冠群先生為薪酬委員會主席。於本年度,已舉行一次會議,以檢討所有董事及高級管理人員之薪酬方案。薪酬委員會會議之出席記錄

Board Committees (continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Company established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") on 16 September 2005 with written terms of reference no less exacting terms than the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee has the delegated responsibility to determine the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management and makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. No member of Remuneration Committee should be involved in deciding his own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee will consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration and review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The Remuneration Committee consists of three members, including two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan, Mr. Kwok Chi Shing, and the vice-chairman of the Board and the executive Director, Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel. Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. During the Year, one meeting was held to review the remuneration packages of all the Directors and the senior management. The attendance records for the Remuneration Committee meetings are set out below:

Members' Attendance 成員之出席率

薪酬委員會成員

李冠群先生 尹熖強先生 郭志成先生

Members of the Remuneration Committee

Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan	1/1
Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	1/1
Mr. Kwok Chi Shina	1/1

董事薪酬乃參考彼等於本公司的職責 及責任以及當前市況釐定。截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之董事 薪酬詳情載於財務報表附註14。 The remuneration of Directors is determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities in the Company as well as the prevailing market conditions. Details of emoluments of Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會委員會(續)

提名委員會

本公司已於二零零五年九月十六日成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),其書面職權範圍不遜於企業管治守則之條款。提名委員會負責根據候選人之資格、業務經驗及是否適合本公司基準提名潛在董事人選、審閱董是名、就有關委任及評核獨立非執行。事之獨立性向董事會提供推薦意見。

董事會多元化政策

Board Committees (continued)

Nomination Committee

The Company established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") on 16 September 2005 with written terms of reference no less exacting terms than the CG Code. The Nomination Committee is responsible for nominating potential candidates for directorship based on the candidates' qualifications, business experience and suitability to the Company, reviewing the nomination of the Directors, making recommendations to the Board on such appointments and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee adopted the board diversity policy on 22 August 2013. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

Board Diversity Policy

In respect of the gender diversity of the Board, as at the date of this report, 5 Directors are male and 1 Director is female. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance, and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. It is expected that the ratio of female Directors will reach more than 15% in the following years. The Company will achieve this goal through active nomination of suitable candidates with no gender limitation to be newly appointed Directors in the next few years.



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

董事會多元化政策(續)

此外,公司人力(包括高級管理層)的 目前性別比率為59名男性/211名女 性。因此,本公司已實現性別多元化, 並將繼續專注於該領域,原因是人力 性別多元性與可向公司帶來持續競爭 優勢(包括市場洞悉、創意及創新以及 問題解決改善)的資源有關聯。男性與 女性的不同經驗可為男性及女性客戶 的不同需求提供洞悉。此外,男性與 女性可能具備不同認知能力,如男性 精通數學,而女性精通語言及人際交 往能力。因此,研究證明,性別多元化 團隊中的認知能力搭配可提升團隊的 整體創意及創新。此外,性別多元化 團隊得出高質量決策。雖然可能出現 一些極其難以實現性別多元化的減輕 情況(例如,男性工人在體力勞動方面 比較常見,女性工人在心理諮詢方面 比較常見),本公司將始終注重人力 性別多元化,以保持其目前實力及今 後將進一步提升其競爭力。

提名政策

董事會於二零一八年十二月十四日採納提名政策(「提名政策」),政策內載有本公司甄選或會延攬至董事會的人選時的提名準則與程序。提名政策有助本公司達致本公司董事會多元,提升董事會運作效率和其企業管治準則。

評估一名候選人是否合適時,董事會 所考慮之整體因素包括資歷、技事 誠信與經驗。如屬獨立非執行第3.13 被等另須確保符合上市規則第3.13候 載列之獨立身份標準。由於甄選 長等 人時復確保董事會仍具多元化 是 特色,故多項觀點(包括但不限 對 別、年齡、文化及教育 對 驗)會予以考慮。

物色董事會準候選人的程序如下:

(1) 物色準候選人,包括董事會成員、專業獵頭公司及本公司股東的提議;

Board Committees (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

Board Diversity Policy (continued)

Moreover, the current gender ratio of the company workforce (including senior management) is 59 males per 211 females. Hence, the Company has already achieved gender diversity and will continue focusing on the area because workforce gender diversity is associated with resources that can provide a sustained competitive advantage to the company, which include market insight, creativity and innovation, and improved problem-solving. Men's and women's different experiences may provide insights into the different needs of male and female customers. Further, men and women may have different cognitive abilities, such as men's proficiency in mathematics and women's proficiency in verbal and interpersonal skills. Therefore, a mix of cognitive abilities in a gender diverse team may enhance the team's overall creativity and innovation as proved by research. Moreover, a gender diverse team produces high quality decisions. Although there may be some mitigating circumstances where gender diversity can be very hard to achieve (for instance, male workers are more commonly seen regarding physical labour and female workers are more often seen during psychological consultation), the Company will keep focusing on the workforce gender diversity to maintain its current strength as well as to further improve its competitiveness in the future.

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted the nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") on 14 December 2018 which sets out the nomination criteria and procedures for the Company to select candidate(s) for possible inclusion in the Board. The Nomination Policy could assist the Company to achieve board diversity in the Company and enhance the effectiveness of the Board and its corporate governance standard.

When assessing the suitability of a candidate, factors such as the qualifications, skills, integrity and experience will be taken into consideration as a whole. In the case of independent non-executive Directors, they must further satisfy the independence criteria set out within Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Since the selection of candidates should ensure that diversity remains a central feature of the Board, a range of diverse perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience would be considered.

The process to identify potential candidates for the Board would be as follows:

 identifying potential candidates, including recommendations from the Board members, professional search firms and the shareholders of the Company;



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

董事會委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

提名政策(續)

- (2) 透過如檢閱履歷及背景調查方 法,按已通過的甄選準則評估候 選人;
- (3) 檢閱已經入圍的候選人簡介及與 彼等面試;及
- (4) 就經甄選的候選人向董事會提出 建議。

提名政策亦包括董事會接班計劃,評 估因董事辭任、退休、離世及其他情 況而令董事會產生或預期出現空缺, 並在有需要時及早物色人選。提名委 員會將定期檢期作出檢討。

提名委員會由三名成員組成,包括兩 名獨立非執行董事甄灼寧先生、郭志 成先生以及董事會副主席兼執行董事 尹焰強先生。甄灼寧先生為提名委員 會主席。於本年度,已舉行一次會議 以檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成、 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性,以及 就續訂獨立非執行董事之服務合約向 董事會提供推薦意見。提名委員會會 議之出席記錄載列如下:

Board Committees (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

Nomination Policy (continued)

- evaluating the candidates based on the approved selection criteria through methods such as reviewing the resume and conducting the background checks;
- (3)reviewing the profiles of the shortlisted candidates and interview them; and
- making recommendations to the Board on the selected (4)candidates.

The Nomination Policy also includes the Board succession plan to assess whether vacancies on the Board would be created or expected due to the Directors' resignation, retirement, death and other circumstances and to identify candidates in advance if necessary. The Nomination Policy will be reviewed on a regular basis.

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, including two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning, Mr. Kwok Chi Shing and the vice-chairman of the Board and the executive Director, namely Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel. Mr. Yan Sherman Cheuk-ning is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. During the Year, one meeting was held to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and make recommendations to the Board relating to the renewal services of independent non-executive Directors. The attendance records for the Nomination Committee meetings are set out below:

> Members' Attendance 成員之出席率

提名委員會成員

Members of the Nomination Committee

甄灼寧先生 尹熖強先生 郭志成先生

Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel

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Mr. Kwok Chi Shing

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企業管治職能

董事會於二零一二年三月二十八日採 納企業管治職能之職權範圍。根據其 書面職權範圍,董事會負責以下企業 管治職能:

(a) 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政 策及常規,並提出建議;

Corporate Governance Functions

The terms of reference on corporate governance functions was adopted by the Board on 28 March 2012. The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties with its written terms of reference:

to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on (a) corporate governance and make recommendations;



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

企業管治職能(續)

(b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的 培訓及持續專業發展;

- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及 監管規定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及 董事的操守守則及合規手冊(如 有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄 14所載之「企業管治守則及企業 管治報告」的情況及於企業管治 報告中作出的披露。

年內,董事會相應地履行上述職責。

問責性及核數

董事於財務報表及財務申報之責任

本集團本年度之綜合財務報表已由審核委員會審閱。董事知悉彼等於編製賬目及就本公司之業績、狀況及前景提呈平衡、清晰及全面評估之責任。董事並不知悉與可能對本公司持續營運能力構成重大懷疑之事件或情況有關之任何重大不確定因素。

核數師酬金

羅申美會計師事務所於年內獲委聘為 本公司核數師。羅申美會計師事務所 (「羅申美」) 已於二零二二年六月十 日起辭任本公司之核數師。同日,經 本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)推 薦,董事會已決議委任致同(香港)會 計師事務所有限公司為本公司新核 數師以填補羅申美辭任後留下之臨 時空缺,任期至本公司下屆股東週年 大會結束止。有關進一步詳情,請參 閱本公司日期為二零二二年六月十 日及二零二二年六月二十日的公佈。 年內,就本公司前核數師羅申美會計 師事務所之核數服務應付彼等合共 1,840,000港元及就羅申美會計師事 務所所提供非核數服務(包括稅務合 規服務)已支付43,000港元。

Corporate Governance Functions (continued)

- b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the "Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report" as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

During the Year, the Board performed the above mentioned duties accordingly.

Accountability and Audit

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements and Financial Reporting

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts and presenting a balanced, clear and comprehensive assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Auditor's Remuneration

RSM Hong Kong was engaged as the auditor of the Company during the Year. RSM Hong Kong ("RSM") resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 June 2022. On the same day, the Board, with the recommendation of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), appointed Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as the new auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of RSM and to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 10 June 2022 and 20 June 2022. During the Year, an amount of totaling HK\$1,840,000 was payable to the Company's former auditor, RSM, for their audit services and an amount of HK\$43,000 was paid to RSM for providing non-audit services, including taxation compliance services.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

問責性及核數(續)

公司秘書

公司秘書負責促進董事會運作,以及董事會成員與股東及管理層之間的溝通。遵照上市規則第3.29條,公司秘書黃耀明先生於年內已接受不少於十五個小時的相關專業培訓。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會

向董事會提出質詢

為確保董事會與股東之間能有有效 溝通,本公司已於二零一二年(「年三人日採納股東通訊政策(「五十八日採納股東通訊之資料會) 一、根據政策,本公司之資料會) 透過股東大會(包括股東週年大會) 本公司之財務報告(中期報告及 報),其公司通訊以及於本公司刊物傳 一、其公司通訊以及於本公司刊物傳 一、其公司刊物傳 一、其公司刊物傳 一、其公司刊物傳 一、其公司刊物傳 一、其公司刊物傳

股東可於任何時間要求索取本公司之資料,惟該等資料須為公眾可閱。任何該等問題將首先送交予本公司香港總辦事處及主要營業地點之公司秘書,或本公司之香港股份登記及過戶分處聯合證券登記有限公司,地址為香港北角英皇道338號華懋交易廣場2期33樓3301-04室。

Accountability and Audit (continued)

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communications among Board members, with Shareholders and management. According to rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, the Company Secretary, Mr. Wong lu Ming has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the Year.

Shareholders' right

Convening an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles of Association, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting enquiries to the Board

To ensure effective communication between the Board and the Shareholders, the Company has adopted a shareholders' communication policy (the "Policy") on 28 March 2012. Under the Policy, the Company's information shall be communicated to the Shareholders mainly through general meetings, including annual general meetings, the Company's financial reports (interim reports and annual reports), and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Any such questions shall be first directed to the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong or the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Union Registrars Limited, at Suites 3301-04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong.



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

問責性及核數(續)

股東權利(續)

股東通訊政策

宗旨

本公司認識到向其股東(「股東」)提供最新及相關資料的重要性。本股東所數策(「股東」)旨在載開對,以確保股東及有關目標的條文,以確保股東及有可以以會者獲提供有關本公司均衡及可持數的同等及即時獲取途徑,以以前,與東以知情的方式行使其權利極至讓股東及有意投資者與本公司積極互動。

一般政策

董事會須與股東保持持續對話,並將 定期審閱股東通訊政策,以確保其有 效性。

本公司須透過本公司的財務報告(中期及年度報告)、股東週年大會及可能召開其他股東大會,以及透過在聯交所網站及公司通訊、聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)及本公司網站(http://corp.bonjourhk.com)上提供所有提交予聯交所的披露及其他公司刊物的方式向股東及持份者傳達有關資料。

時刻確保有效率地向股東傳達及時資訊。任何問題、要求及意見可通過郵寄至香港荃灣橫窩仔街36-50號卓悅集團中心十二樓或通過本公司股份過戶登記處送達本公司。

本公司認為,通過電子方式(特別通過 其網站)為與股東溝通的有效途徑,以 及時便捷方式發佈訊息。鼓勵股東查 閱於本公司網站發佈的公司通訊以助 於減少印刷本數量,從而減少對環境 的影響。

Accountability and Audit (continued)

Shareholders' right (continued)

Shareholders' Communication Policy

Purpose

The Company recognises the importance of providing current and relevant information to its shareholders (the "Shareholders"). This shareholders' communication policy (the "Shareholders' Communication Policy") aims to set out the provisions with the objective to ensure that the Shareholders and potential investors are provided with equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company, in order to enable Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow Shareholders and potential investors to engage actively with the Company.

General Policy

The Board shall maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and will regularly review the Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure its effectiveness.

Information is communicated to the Shareholders as well as the stakeholders through periodic disclosure through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and other corporate publications on the website of the Stock Exchange and corporate communications, on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkex.com.hk and the Company's website at http://corp.bonjourhk.com.

Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders shall be ensured at all times. Any questions, requests and comments can be addressed to the Company by mail to 12/F., Bonjour Tower, No. 36-50 Wang Wo Tsai Street, Tsuen Wan, Hong Kong or through the Company's share registrar.

The Company believes that communication with Shareholders by electronic means, particularly through its website, is an efficient way to distribute information in a timely and convenient manner. Shareholders are encouraged to access to the corporate communications posted on the Company's website to help reduce the quantity of printed copies and hence reduce the impact on the environment.

問責性及核數(續)

股東權利(續)

股東通訊政策(續)

一般政策 (續)

緊隨於聯交所網站刊發材料後將即時更 新本公司網站。該等材料包括但不限於 財務報表、業績公告、通函及股東大會通 告以及相關解釋性文件。

股東可隨時索取本公司的公開信息。

股東應獲提供本公司的指定聯絡方式、 電郵地址及查詢熱線以使得彼等可向本 公司作出任何查詢。

本公司已審閱截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度制定的股東通訊政策並 認為股東通訊政策獲得很好執行及屬有 效。

於股東大會上提呈建議

遞呈要求於股東大會提呈建議之所須 股東人數為於遞呈要求日期持有不少 於本公司繳足股本(賦有於股東大會 上投票權)十分之一的任何股東人數。

倘為以下情況,要求者須呈交一份或 多份由全體要求者簽署之要求副本, 隨附一筆為數合理足夠本公司就刊發 建議決議案通知或傳閱任何必須報表 所支付開支之金額,並送交本公司香 港總辦事處及主要營業地點:

- (i) 須於會議前不少於六星期刊發決 議案通告之要求;及
- (ii) 會議前不少於一星期之任何其他 要求。

股東可透過寄發書面要求予本公司之 總辦事處及香港主要營業地點於股東 大會提出建議。本公司將審核要求, 一旦確認要求屬妥當及有條理,董事 會將採取必要程序。

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

Accountability and Audit (continued)

Shareholders' right (continued)

Shareholders' Communication Policy (continued)

General Policy (continued)

The Company's website will be updated with material posted to the website of the Stock Exchange immediately thereafter. Such material includes but not limited to financial statements, results announcements, circulars and notices of general meetings and associated explanatory documents.

Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available.

Shareholders shall be provided with designated contacts, email addresses and enquiry lines of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

The Company has reviewed the Shareholders' Communication Policy conducted for the year ended 31 December 2021 and considered that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been well implemented and effective.

Putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meeting

The number of Shareholders necessary for a requisition for putting forward a proposal at a Shareholders' meeting shall be any number of Shareholders representing not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings at the date of the requisition.

A copy or copies of requisition signed by all requisitionists shall be deposited, with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving notice of the proposed resolution(s) or circulating any necessary statement, at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong in the case of:

- (i) a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting; and
- (ii) any other requisition, not less than one week before the meeting.

Shareholders may put forward proposals at general meetings by sending the written requisition to the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong. The Company will verify the requisition and upon confirming that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will proceed with necessary procedures.

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Corporate Governance Report (continued)

投資者及股東關係

董事會深明與股東及投資者維持清晰、適時及有效通訊之重要性。透過訊之重要性。透過訊之重要性。透過訊之重要性。透過訊之重要性。透過不應與投資者、分析員、基金經可同學的。本集團特別委派通訊。本集團特別委派通訊。本集團特別委派通訊。本集團特別委派通訊。本集團特別委派通過以與查問,其一個人,與查問,與查問,與查問,與

董事會亦歡迎股東就對本集團構成影響之事宜表達意見,並鼓勵彼等出席 股東大會,直接與本公司董事會或管 理層溝通。

年內,章程細則並無任何變動。

股息政策

風險管理及內部監控

董事會有整體責任評估及釐定本集團為達成戰略目標所願承擔的風險性質及程度,並維持本集團穩健及有效的內部監控系統。該系統的設計旨在管理未能實現業務目標的風險,並僅能就針對重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而並非絕對的保證。

Investor and Shareholder Relations

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communication with Shareholders and investors. Accordingly, the Board and the Group's senior management maintains close communications with investors, analysts, fund managers and the media by various channels including roadshows, individual interviews and meetings. The Group specifically assigns Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna, an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Company, being the contact person of investor relations to respond the requests for information and queries from the investors.

The Board also welcomes the views of Shareholders on matters affecting the Group and encourages them to attend Shareholders' meetings to communicate with the Board or management of the Company directly.

During the Year, there were no changes in the Articles of Association.

Dividend Policy

The Board has adopted the dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") on 14 December 2018 which sets out the appropriate procedure on declaring and recommending the dividend payment of the Company. The Company takes priority to distributing dividends in cash and shares its profits with the Shareholders. The dividend distribution decision of the Company will depend on, among others, the financial results, the current and future operations, liquidity and capital requirements, financial condition and other factors as the Board may deem relevant. The Board may also declare special dividends from time to time. The Dividend Policy will be reviewed on a regular basis.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board has overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems for the Group. The systems are designed to manage the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

風險管理及內部監控(續)

於本年度,董事會遵守企業管治守則 所載有關風險管理及內部監控的守則 條文。

年內,董事會透過審核委員會檢討了本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的設計及實施效力,涵蓋所有重大監控(包括財務、營運及合規監控)以期確保本集團會計、內部審核及財務報告職能的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及預算屬充足。就此而言,審核委員會向董事會傳達任何重大事宜。

年內,本集團委任企業管治專才有限公司(「CGPL」)以:

- 透過一連串工作坊及訪談協助識別及評估本集團的風險;及
- 獨立履行內部監控審閱及評估本 集團的風險管理及內部監控系統。

獨立審閱及評估的結果已呈報予審核 委員會及董事會。此外,董事會已採 納CGPL建議的內部監控及風險管理 改善措施,以提升本集團的風險管理 及內部監控系統及緩減本集團的 險。基於CGPL所得資料及建議內 核委員會的評價,董事會認為內 整及風險管理系統屬有效充足。

Risk Management and Internal Control (continued)

The Board has overseen the Company's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. A review of the effectiveness of the Company's and its subsidiaries risk management and internal control systems has been conducted annually and the systems are considered to be effective and adequate. The Company has engaged external professional firm to carry out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems, and has procedures in place to keep information confidential and manage actual or potential conflicts of interest. Stringent internal structures have been designed to prevent the misuse of inside information and avoid conflicts of interest.

During the Year, the Board complied with the code provisions on risk management and internal control as set out in the CG Code.

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted a review on both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

During the Year, the Group appointed Corporate Governance Professionals Limited ("CGPL") to:

- assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of workshops and interviews; and
- independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by CGPL to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of CGPL as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.



Corporate Governance Report (continued)

企業風險管理框架

本集團於二零一六年已制定企業風險 管理框架。董事會的整體責任是確保 維持良好及有效之內部監控,而管理 層則負責設計及推行內部監控制度, 以管理本集團所面對的種種風險。

透過風險辨識及評估程序,風險獲識別、評估、優先排序及分配處理。我們之風險管理框架遵循COSO企業風險管理一綜合框架,讓董事會及管理理有效管理本集團之風險。董事會透過審核委員會接獲定期報告,而審核職員會負責監督風險管理及內部審核職能。

主要風險

於本年度已識別以下本集團面對的主 要風險,並分類為策略性風險、經營 風險、財務風險及合規風險。

策略性風險

政治及社會格局變動、競爭格局、企業策略不協調、聲譽風險及未能達到 消費者預期的風險

經營風險

產品責任風險、客戶服務欠佳風險、 技術故障風險、購買/出售假冒產品 的風險及盜竊風險、僱員補償保險不 足

財務風險

流動資金風險、利率風險、外匯風險 及通脹風險

合規風險

違 反 標 籤 規 定、特 許 規 定 風 險 和 香港、澳門及中國內地規例及法規變動的風險

Our Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group has established its enterprise risk management framework in 2016. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritized and allocated treatments. Our risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversights risk management and internal audit functions.

Principal Risks

During the Year, the following principal risks faced by the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

Strategic Risks

Change in political and economic landscape, competitor landscape; corporate strategy misalignment, reputation risk and risk of failure to meet consumer's expectation

Operational Risks

Risk of product liabilities, risk of poor customer services, risk of technological breakdown, risk of purchasing/selling counterfeit products and shoplifting risk and insufficient insurance for employee compensation

Financial Risks

Liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and inflation risk

Compliance Risks

Risk of breach of labelling requirement, licensing requirement and risk of change of rules and regulations in Hong Kong, Macau & the Mainland China

Corporate Governance Report (continued)

我們的風險監控機制

本公司管理層已就營運、財務、風險 監控方面制定一套全面的政策、標準 及程序,以保障資產免於非法使用或 處置,保存妥善的會計記錄,以及確 保財務資料的可靠性,以充份地確保 不會發生欺詐及失誤。

風險管理活動由管理層持續履行。風險管理框架的效力每年評估最少一次,並舉行定期管理層會議,更新風險監察措施的進展。管理層致力確保風險管理組成日常業務營運程序的一部分,以有效連繫風險管理及企業目標。

本集團將繼續每年委聘外部獨立專業 人士檢討本集團的內部監控及風險管 理系統,並繼續改良本集團的內部監 控及風險管理系統(如合適)。

本集團目前並無內部審核職能。董事已檢討對內部審核職能的需要,認為鑑於本集團業務的規模、性質及複雜程度,委聘外部獨家專業人士履行本 集團的內部審核職能以滿足其需要較為符合成本效益。然而,董事將繼續每年最少檢討一次對內部審核職能的需要。

Our Risk Control Mechanism

The management of the Company has established a set of comprehensive policies, standards and procedures in areas of operational, financial risk controls for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition, for maintaining proper accounting records, and for ensuring the reliability of financial information to achieve a satisfactory level of assurance against the likelihood of the occurrence of fraud and errors.

The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records of management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

Our risk management activities are performed by management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of our risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the Directors will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.



董事會報告

董事會呈報本年度報告連同經審核綜 合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。各附屬公司主要在香港、澳門及中國內地從事美容、保健、生活時尚及技術產品之零售及批發業務。

業務回顧

本集團本年度業務回顧載於五年財務 及營業概要、主席報告、管理層討論 及分析、可持續發展報告各節以及下 文各段。

本集團遵守香港公司條例、上市規則 及證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)有關披露資料及企業管治之規 定。本集團亦遵守有關本集團僱員權 益之僱傭條例及職業安全相關條例之 規定。自本年度結束起,概無發生對 本集團有影響之重要事件。

主要風險因素

下文列載本集團面臨的主要風險及不確定因素。

全球經濟狀況

全球經濟狀況較預期更為疲弱。隨著新興市場增長放緩,下行風險已增加。持續不利的經濟狀況可能對本集團經營業績及財務表現產生負面影響。

為應對經濟不確定因素,本集團藉加強產品組合、促進店內宣傳、對銷售點採納審慎的網絡多元化計劃、加大成本控制措施的力度及探索多元業務的機遇,以達致盈利平穩增長。

Directors' Report

The Board presents this annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the Year.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The subsidiaries are principally engaged in the retail and wholesale of beauty and health-care, lifestyle and technology products in Hong Kong, Macau and the Mainland China.

Business Review

The business review of the Group for the Year is set out in the sections of Five-Year Financial and Operational Summary, Chairman's Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Sustainability Report and the paragraphs below.

The Group complies with the requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") for the disclosure of information and corporate governance. The Group also complies with the requirements of Employment Ordinance and ordinances relating to occupational safety for the interest of employees of the Group. No important event affecting the Group has occurred since the end of the Financial Year.

Key Risk Factors

The following lists out the key risks and uncertainties facing the Group.

Global Economic Conditions

The global economic condition has been weaker than expected. Downside risks have been increased since there is slowing growth in emerging markets. The continuing adverse economic conditions may affect the results of operations and financial performance of the Group adversely.

To address economic uncertainties, the Group pursues steady earnings growth by strengthening product portfolio, enhancing instore promotion, adopting careful cautious network diversification plan on points of sales, intensifying cost controlling measures and exploring business diversification opportunities.

Directors' Report (continued)

主要風險因素(續)

本地及國際法規之影響

本集團的業務營運亦受限於監管機構設立的政府政策、相關法規及指引。 未能遵守規則及法規可能導致有關當局施以罰金、修改或暫停業務營運。 本集團密切監控政府政策、法規及市場變動,同時進行研究以評估有關變動的影響。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之主要關係

僱員

本集團通過提供全面福利組合、職業發展機會及切合個人需要的內部培訓,對僱員成就加以認可。本集團為全體僱員提供健康及安全的工作環境。於本年度,概無出現罷工及工作場所事故導致傷亡的情況。

Key Risk Factors (continued)

Impact of Local and International Regulations

The business operation of the Group is also subject to government policy, relevant regulations and guidelines established by the regulatory authorities. Failure to comply with the rules and requirements may lead to penalties, amendments or suspension of business operation by the authorities. The Group closely monitors changes in government policies, regulations and markets as well as conducting studies to assess the impact of such changes.

Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

Employees

The Group recognizes the accomplishment of our employees by providing comprehensive benefit package, career development opportunities and internal training appropriate to individual needs. The Group provides a healthy and safe workplace for all employees. No strikes and cases of fatality due to workplace accidents are found in the Year.

More than a half of our employees have been serving our Group for more than three years. As an employee-oriented corporate, various benefits are given to our employees to boost their morale. Employees are entitled to annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave, paternity leave and statutory holidays. Salaries of employees are maintained at competitive levels while bonuses are granted on a discretionary basis. Other employee benefits include mandatory provident fund, statutory and medical insurance and sales commission. The total employee benefit expenses of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$96.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group commits to managing its business without undue influence and has regarded honesty, integrity and fairness as its core values. All directors and employees are strictly prohibited from exercising authority, making influenced decisions and actions or gaining access to the Group's assets and information through their employment in the Group to achieve private and personal gain. Disciplinary action would be taken if an employee has committed an act of serious misconduct. Directors and officers liability insurance is in place to protect the Group's interest in case of any wrongful acts of employees.



主要風險因素(續)

與僱員、客戶及供應商之主要關係 (續)

僱員(續)

僱員的表現評核及評估會每年進行。 薪酬及升遷按僱員評核結果而定,藉 此獎勵及鼓勵僱員正當行為。我們設 下培訓經周密安排,且方法為發展導 向模式,確保員工持續獲得培訓,切 合業務所需,並且有助提升他們的知 識與技能,在本集團發展事業。

客戶

本集團重視所有客戶的觀點及意見, 該等觀點及意見通過多種方式及途 徑收集,包括利用商業情報了解客戶 趨向及需求,並定期分析客戶回饋 意見。本集團亦進行全面的測試及 檢測,以確保提供予客戶的產品屬優 質。

Directors' Report (continued)

Key Risk Factors (continued)

Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers *(continued)*

Employees (continued)

Employees' performance review and appraisal is conducted annually. Remuneration and promotion decisions are made according to employees' performance appraisal results, so as to reward and encourage positive behaviour of employees. A structured training and development approach has been established to ensure that employees receive consistent training to suit business needs and help improve their knowledge and skill, as well as building their career in our Group.

Customers

The Group values the views and opinions of all customers through various means and channels, including usage of business intelligence to understand customer trends and needs and regular analyze on customer feedback. The Group also conducts comprehensive tests and checks to ensure that only quality products are offered to the customers.

Most of our customers are retail customers which represented approximately 25% of our total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021. As wholesale customers usually make purchase in bulk, they are given a discount to the retail price offered at the outlets. We do not enter into any long-term sales agreements with our wholesale customers. As at the end of the Year, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 57%. We have maintained long-term well-established business relationship with our customers, amongst which three of them have more than ten years of business relationship with us as at the date of this report. Out of our five largest customers for the Year, four of them are Independent Third Parties while one is our related companies, namely Bonjour Beauty Limited of which former executive Directors Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson and Ms. Chung Pui Wan are the beneficiary owners of the company (For details, please see "Related Party Transactions" on page 199).

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主要風險因素(續)

與僱員、客戶及供應商之主要關係 (續)

客戶(續)

我們零售分店的所有零售均以現金、 智能卡、信用卡或移動電子支付結 賬。我們的批發客戶通常於交付後以 現金支付其採購。然而,由於管理層 按個別基準釐定,具有良好支付記錄 及信譽的客戶最高可授予1,000,000 港元的開放式授信額度,還款期為30 天至90天。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,信貸銷售佔總銷售 約31%。董事認為我們採納的信貸政 策 實 屬 謹 慎。於 本 年 度,以 現 金 支 付 及非現金支付的銷售概約百分比分 別為約31%及約69%。本集團於二零 二一年十二月三十一日的應收貿易賬 款載於財務報表附註24。直至本報告 日期,主要客戶的應收貿易賬款有約 0%已經結付。

於本年度,我們並無遭遇客戶的任何 重大銷售退貨。我們的政策是,在我 們的零售店購買及網上購買後退回的 貨品,可予以退款或交換其他產品, 惟須滿足若干條件,期限分別為30天 及7天。

供應商

本集團維持與供應商的合作關係, 以快速及有效滿足客戶需求。各部門 緊密合作,確保競標及採購過程以公開、公平及公正的方式進行。

Directors' Report (continued)

Key Risk Factors (continued)

Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers *(continued)*

Customers (continued)

All of our retail sales at our retail outlets are settled in cash, by smart card, credit card or mobile digital payment. Our wholesale customers usually settle their purchases in cash upon delivery. However, as determined by the management on a case by case basis, open credit terms with a maximum limit of HK\$1.0 million of 30 days to 90 days may be granted to established customers with satisfactory payment records and creditworthiness. For the year ended 31 December 2021, credit sales accounted for approximately approximately 31% of our total sales. Our Directors consider that the credit policy adopted by us is prudent. During the Year, the approximate percentage of sales settled by cash payments and non-cash payments are approximately 31% and approximately 69% respectively. Details of the trade receivables of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 24 to the financial statements. Up to the date of this report, approximately Nil% of the trade receivables from the major customers has been settled.

During the Year, we did not encounter any material sales returns from our customers. It is our policy that returned goods can be refunded or exchanged for other products after purchase at our retail outlets and upon receipt from online purchase subject to certain conditions within 30 days and 7 days respectively.

Suppliers

The Group encompasses working relationships with suppliers to meet our customers' needs in an effective and efficient manner. The departments work closely to make sure the tendering and procurement process is conducted in an open, fair and just manner.

We source our products from our selected local and overseas distributors, manufacturers and traders of which more than half of our products are sourced from local suppliers and the rest are from overseas including Japan, Korea, Switzerland, France, Thailand and the Mainland China etc. We purchase our products mainly from authorised distributors, directly from manufacturers and some supplied by independent traders. We have never placed excessive reliance on any one of our suppliers and our Directors anticipate that there will not be any supply problem in the foreseeable future. Our five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 96% of our total purchase during the Year. Three of them have more than 5 years of business relationship with us as at the date of this report.



主要風險因素(續)

與僱員、客戶及供應商之主要關係 (續)

供應商(續)

由於我們出售的產品琳琅滿目,我們不會倚靠任何單一品牌任何特定供應商提供本集團產品。董事認為,本集團未能向一名特定供應商採購,不會對業務造成任何重大影響。

海外供應商在交付產品前,通常會要求我們支付訂單總額的30%至50%為按金,並視乎銷售條款在產商而通等的或後結付餘款。本地供應商而通算別分分數。 信貸期介乎30日至120日。我們或是信貸期限內以電匯、信用通支付。有關本集團於二零二一年十一月三十分財務報表的於二零二一年十二月三十的財務結付於二零二一年十二月三十的時主要供應商的貿易賬款的約17%。

於本年度,本集團與主要供應商並無 任何重大糾紛。

業績及分配

本集團本年度之業績載於第84頁及第 85頁之綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他 全面收益表內。

董事會並不建議就本年度派付任何股 息。

Directors' Report (continued)

Key Risk Factors (continued)

Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers *(continued)*

Suppliers (continued)

Our yearly product research and development plan will be reviewed and modified seasonally to catch up with the fast-moving trend and market situation if necessary. In order for us to cooperate with good reputation partners, we have adopted supplier selection policy. We only procure our products from our list of selected suppliers. In selecting our suppliers, we assess on, and take into account, factors in various aspects, including quality of their products, price rate, popularity of their cosmetic and related products, lead time, trading terms, advertising and promotion support and credibility of the supplier.

Given the great variety of our products sold, we have not relied on any single brand or any particular supplier for the provision of the Group's products. Our Directors consider any failure of our Group to purchase from a particular supplier would not have any material impact on our business.

Our overseas suppliers generally request us to pay 30% to 50% deposit of the order sum before delivery of our products and settle the remaining balance before or after the product arrival depending on the sales terms. For our local suppliers, the credit period may vary from 30 to 120 days. We generally make our payments within the credit terms by means of telegraphic transfer, letter of credit or cheque. Details of the trade payables of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 29 to the financial statements. Up to the date of this report, approximately 17% of the trade payables to the major suppliers as at 31 December 2021 has been settled.

During the Year, the Group did not have any significant disputes with our major suppliers.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 84 and 85 respectively.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the Year.

Directors' Report (continued)

暫停股東登記

本公司將由二零二三年五月二十四日 (星期三)至二零二三年五月三十一 日(星期三)(包括首尾兩日)暫停股 東登記,此期間將不會辦理任何股份 過戶登記手續。於二零二三年五月 三十一日(星期三)名列本公司股東名 冊之股份持有人有權出席股東週年大 會並於會上投票。為確定有權出席應 屆股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有 股份過戶文件連同有關股票及過戶表 格須於二零二三年五月二十三日(星 期二)下午四時正前送達本公司之香 港股份過戶登記分處聯合證券登記有 限公司,地址為香港北角英皇道338 號 華 懋 交 易 廣 場 2 期 3 3 樓 3 3 0 1 - 0 4 室,以辦理過戶登記手續。

五年財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績以及 資產及負債概要載於第2頁。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動詳 情載於第163頁之綜合財務報表附註 17。

儲備

本公司及本集團儲備於本年度內之變動分別載於第191至194頁之綜合財務報表附註37及38以及第88頁之綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司之股份溢價、股份支付儲備及保留溢利可分派予股東。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予股東之儲備為零港元(二零二零年:零港元)。

分類資料

本集團本年度按呈報分類之業績分析 載於第第150至152頁之綜合財務報 表附註10。

Closure of Register of Members

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 24 May 2023 to Wednesday, 31 May 2023, both days inclusive, during the period no transfer of shares will be registered. The holders of shares whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 31 May 2023 will be entitled to attend and vote at the AGM. In order to determine the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, all transfer of shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Union Registrars Limited, at Suites 3301-04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, 23 May 2023.

Five-Year Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 2.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements on page 163.

Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the Year are set out in Notes 37 and 38 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 191 to 194 and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 88 respectively.

Distributable Reserves

Pursuant to the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, share premium, share-based payment reserve and retained profits of the Company are distributable to the Shareholders. As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders amounted is HK\$Nil (2020: HK\$Nil).

Segment Information

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Year by reportable segments is set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 150 to 152.

Directors' Report (continued)

酬金政策

董事酬金由薪酬委員會建議,並考慮彼等投入本集團之時間、職責、可比較公司所支付之薪金、本集團其他部門僱用條件及以表現為基準之薪酬釐定,由股東於股東週年大會上授權董事會批准。概無董事參與決定彼等個人酬金。

本集團向合資格僱員提供具競爭力的 薪酬福利,包括醫療及退休福利。除 基本薪金外,執行董事及僱員均合資 格根據市場條件及企業與個人表現等 因素於本年度收取酌情花紅。

本公司亦採納購股權計劃,作為對董事、合資格僱員及顧問之獎勵。計劃 詳情載於本「董事會報告」內「購股權」 一節。

本集團向界定供款計劃的供款即時全數歸屬予僱員。因此,(i)截至二零二十一日及二零二十二月三十一日及二零二十二月三十一日止兩個年度各年並無根據界定供款計劃沒收供款;及(ii)於二零二零年十二月三十一日本集團並無可沒收供款以減低其對界定供款計劃的現有供款水平。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日及二 零二一年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度各年,本集團並無任何界定福利計 劃。

Emolument Policy

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee, and approved by the Board, as authorised by the Shareholders in the AGM, having regard to their time commitment and responsibilities, the salaries paid by comparable companies, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. No Directors are involved in deciding their own remuneration.

The Group offers comparative remuneration package, including medical and retirement benefits, to eligible employees. Apart from basic salary, executive Directors and employees are eligible to receive a discretionary bonus taking into account of the factors such as market conditions as well as corporate and individual's performance during the Year.

The Company has also adopted share option schemes as an incentive to the Directors, eligible employees and consultants, details of the schemes are set out in this "Directors' Report" under the heading "Share Option".

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those Hong Kong employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme, which contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and the employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Central Pension Scheme", together with the MPF Scheme, the "Defined Contribution Schemes") operated by the local municipal government, which these subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage, which was pre-determined by the local municipal government, of the sum of basic salary and allowance of employees to the Central Pension Scheme. The contributions by the Group for the Defined Contribution Schemes are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the relevant rules of the respective schemes.

The Group's contributions to the Defined Contribution Schemes vest fully and immediately with the employees. Accordingly, (i) for each of the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021, there was no forfeiture of contributions under the Defined Contribution Schemes; and (ii) there were no forfeited contributions available for the Group to reduce its existing level of contributions to the Defined Contribution Schemes as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021.

For each of the two years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any defined benefit plan.

Directors' Report (continued)

董事、五名 最 高 薪 人 士 及 高 級 管 理 人 員 之 酬 金

董事、本集團五名最高薪人士及高級管理人員之酬金詳情載列於第156至 161頁之綜合財務報表附註14。

股票掛鈎協議

本年度訂立或於本年度末存續之股票 掛鈎協議詳情載列如下:

可換股債券

於二零二一年四月一日(交易時段後),本公司(作為擔保人)、Apex Centric Investment Limited(本公司之直接全資附屬公司)(作為發行人)與家峰有限公司(一間於香港註冊成立的有限公司)訂立認購協議,據此此同意發行及家峰有限公司同意認購值的意發行及家峰有限公司同意認購值等人。被額129,500,000港元之中轉換份0.19港元,可換股價等可轉換份0.19港元,可換股價等可轉換為681,578,947股本公司股份等數項淨額用作一般公司用途。

於二零二一年七月六日,本金額為 19,000,000港元的可換股債券的換 股權已獲行使。

假設本公司股本自二零二一年十二月三十一日起並無變動,且可換股債券所附帶轉換權獲悉數行使,本公司已發行股份數目將增加581,578,947股(「轉換股份」),相當於本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日發行股本(即3,512,565,999股股份)的約16.56%及本公司經配發及發行轉換股份擴大的已發行股本(即4,094,144,946股股份)的約14.21%。

Emoluments of Directors, Five Highest Paid Individuals and Senior Management

Details of the emoluments of the Directors, the five highest paid individuals and the senior management of the Group are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 156 to 161.

Equity-linked agreement

Details of the equity-linked agreement entered into during the Year or subsisting at the end of the Year are set out below:

Convertible Bonds

On 1 April 2021 (after trading hours), the Company as guarantor, Apex Centric Investment Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as issuer and Karfond Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, entered into a subscription agreement, pursuant to which Apex Centric Investment Limited agreed to issue, and Karfond Limited agreed to subscribe for, the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$129.5 million (the "Convertible Bonds"). With an initial conversion price of HK\$0.19 per conversion share, the Convertible Bonds can be converted into 681,578,947 Shares of the Company. The Company intended to use the net proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds for general corporate purposes.

On 6 July 2021, the conversion rights of the Convertible Bonds in the principal amount of HK\$19 million were exercised.

Assuming that there is no change in share capital of the Company since 31 December 2021 and the conversion rights attached to the outstanding Convertible Bonds are exercised in full, the number of issued shares of the Company will be increased by 581,578,947 (the "Conversion Shares"), representing approximately 16.56% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 3,512,565,999 Shares) and approximately 14.21% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares (i.e. 4,094,144,946 Shares).



Directors' Report (continued)

轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響

下表載列悉數轉換未轉換的可換股債 券對本公司股權架構中的股權的攤薄 影響。

Dilution impact of the Conversion of Convertible Bonds

Set out below is the dilution effect on equity interest of the shareholding structure of the Company upon the fully conversion of the outstanding Convertible Bonds.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		於二零二一年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2021		悉數轉換可換股債券後 Upon full conversion of Convertible Bonds as at 31 December 2021	
	Substantial		佔已發行股份		佔已發行股份
主要股東	Shareholders	股份數目	概約%	股份數目	概約%
			Approximately		Approximately
		Number of	% of issued	Number of	% of issued
		Shares	Shares	Shares	Shares
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	2,244,195,868	63.89	2,244,195,868	54.81

對每股盈利的攤薄影響

按截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損約 216,700,000港元計算,本公司每股 基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)分別為6.3 港仙及6.3港仙。

依照發行人選擇權贖回

除非先前已根據可換股債券協議之條 款及條件贖回、轉換或購入及註銷, 在向可換股債券持有人發出不少於 30日及不超過60日的通知後,Apex Centric Investment Limited可於二 零二四年四月九日或二零二五年四月 九日(任何一天均為「可選贖回日」)按 本金贖回當時未償還的全部而非部分 債券,連同任何直至(但不包括相關 的可選贖回日期)應計但未支付的利 息。不管可換股債券協議之條款及條 件是否有任何相反規定,可換股債券 持有人可在可選贖回日之前(但不包 括該日)的任何時間,以相關換股日生 效的換股價格每股換股股份0.19港元 行使換股權。

Dilution Impact on Earnings Per Share

As calculated based on loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$216.7 million for the Year ended 31 December 2021, basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share of the Company amounted to HK6.3 cents and HK6.3 cents, respectively.

Redemption at the Option of the Issuer

Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds agreement and on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days notice to the bondholders of the Convertible Bonds. Apex Centric Investment Limited may on the date falling on 9 April 2024, or on the date falling on 9 April 2025 (either date, the "Optional Redemption Date") redeem in whole, but not in part, the Bonds for the time being outstanding at their principal amount, together with any interest accrued but unpaid up to but excluding the relevant optional redemption date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary provided in the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds agreement, the bondholders of the Convertible Bonds may exercise the conversion Rights at anytime before (but excluding) the optional redemption date at the conversion price of HK\$0.19 per conversion share in effect on the relevant conversion date.

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Directors' Report (continued)

所得款項用途:

Use of proceeds:

年內,發行可換股債券所得款項淨額 已用於以下用途: During the Year, the net proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds had been applied as follows:

		實際所得款項 淨額 Actual net	載至 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 的實際已動用 金額 Actual amount utilized up to 31 December	於二零二一年 十二月 三十一日的 餘下未動用 結餘 Remaining unutilized balance as at
目的	Objectives	proceeds (百萬港元) (HK\$ million)	2021 (百萬港元) (HK\$ million)	31 December 2021 (百萬港元) (HK\$ million)
增強其營運資金及財務狀況 並支持本集團之業務發展	Enhance its working capital and financial position and support the business development of the Group	128.0	128.0	
		128.0	128.0	

購股權

Share Option

I. 二零零三年計劃

購股權乃根據當時唯一股東於二 零零三年六月十七日以通過書面 決議案方式批准之購股權計劃 授予董事、本公司行政人員及僱 員,並由股東於二零零九年五月 二十七日予以終止(「二零零三年 計劃」)。

I. 2003 Scheme

Share options are granted to the Directors, executives and employees of the Company under the share option scheme approved by a resolution in writing passed by the sole Shareholder on 17 June 2003 and was terminated by the Shareholders on 27 May 2009 (the "2003 Scheme").



購股權(續)

Ⅱ. 二零零九年計劃

於二零零九年五月二十七日,本公司於股東大會上通過一項決議案,以採納新購股權計劃(於二零一九年五月二十四日經股東終止)(「二零零九年計劃」)。

Ⅲ. 二零一九年計劃

於二零一九年五月二十四日,本公司於股東大會上通過一項決議案,以採納新購股權計劃(「二京大会計劃」)。在有關終止前,根據二零一九年計劃授出之於其劃人。 一九年計劃」)。在有關終止前,根據二零一九年計劃授出於其劃人,可根據二零一九年計劃繼續有效,並於其劃續行使。購股權的歸屬期須不短於12個月。

(1) 目的

(2) 合資格人士

董事可全權酌情決定邀請 任何屬於下列任何參與者 類別的人士接納可認購股 份的購股權:

- (a) 任何合資格僱員或任 何附屬公司或任何所 投資實體;
- (b) 本公司、我們任何附屬 公司或任何聯屬公司 的任何董事(包括獨立 非執行董事);

Directors' Report (continued)

Share Option (continued)

II. 2009 Scheme

On 27 May 2009, the Company has passed a resolution in a Shareholders' meeting for the adoption of a new share option scheme which was terminated by the Shareholders on 24 May 2019 (the "2009 Scheme").

III. 2019 Scheme

On 24 May 2019, the Company has passed a resolution in a Shareholders' meeting for the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2019 Scheme"). Outstanding share options granted under the 2019 Scheme prior to such termination shall continue to be valid and, subject to the vesting schedule, exercisable in accordance with the 2019 Scheme. The vesting period for options shall not be less than 12 months.

(1) Purpose

The purpose of the 2019 Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. The Directors consider the 2019 Scheme, with its broadened basis of participation, will enable the Group to reward the employees, the Directors and other selected participants for their contributions to the Group.

(2) Who May Join

The Directors may, at its absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants, to take up options to subscribe for shares:

- (a) any eligible employee or any of our subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (b) any directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any of our subsidiaries or any associated companies;

Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

Ⅲ. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(2) 合資格人士(續)

- (c) 本集團任何成員公司 或任何所投資實體的 任何貨品或服務供應 商;
- (d) 為本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資實體提供研究、開發或其他技術支援的任何人士或實體;
- (e) 本集團任何成員公司 或任何所投資實體的 任何股東或本集團任 何成員公司或任何所 投資實體所發行任何 證券的持有人;及
- (f) 本集團或任何所投資實體在任何業務範疇或業務發展的專業或其他方面的諮詢人或顧問;及

為免生疑問,本公司向屬於任何上述 參與者類別的人士授出可認購股份或 本集團其他證券的購股權時,除非董 事另有指明,否則有關購股權不應被 視作根據二零一九年計劃授出。

上述任何類別的合資格參與者是否合 資格獲授任何購股權,將由董事根據 其認為該等人士對本集團的發展及增 長所作或可能作出的貢獻不時決定。

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(2) Who May Join (continued)

- (c) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (d) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (e) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (f) any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of the Group or any Invested Entity; and

For the avoidance of doubt, the grant of any options by the Company for the subscription of shares or other securities of the Group to any person who fall within any of the above classes of participants shall not, by itself, unless the Directors otherwise determined, be construed as a grant of option under the 2019 Scheme.

The eligibility of any of the above class of eligible participants to the grant of any option shall be determined by the Directors from time to time on the basis of the Directors' opinion as to his/her contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.



Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

Ⅲ. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(3) 二零一九年計劃涉及之股 份數目上限

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(3) Maximum Number of Shares Subject to the 2019 Scheme

(a) The initial total number of Shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the 2019 Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the 2019 Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue at the day on which the 2019 Scheme is approved (the "General Scheme Limit").

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Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

Ⅲ. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(3) 二零一九年計劃涉及之股 份數目上限(續)

本公司可向股東發出 通函及於股東大會上 尋求股東的批准,以 更新一般計劃上限, 惟因根據二零一九年 計劃及本集團任何其 他購股權計劃將予授 出的所有購股權獲行 使而可能發行的股份 總數不得超過批准更 新上限當日已發行股 份的10%,並就計算 更新上限而言,之前根 據二零一九年計劃及 本集團任何其他購股 權計劃所授出的購股權 (包括該等根據二零 一九年計劃及本集團 任何其他購股權計劃 尚未行使、已註銷、失 效或已行使者) 將不計 算在內。本公司向股東 發出的誦函須載有(其 中包括)上市規則第 17.02(2)(d)條規定的 資料。

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(3) Maximum Number of Shares Subject to the 2019 Scheme (continued)

The Company may issue a circular to the Shareholders and seek approval of the Shareholders in general meeting to refresh the General Scheme Limit provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2019 Scheme and any other share options scheme of the Group must not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit and for the purpose of calculating the refreshed limit, options (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed or exercised in accordance with the 2019 Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) previously granted under the 2019 Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group will not be counted. The circular sent by the Company to the Shareholders shall contain, among other information, the information required under Rule 17.02(2)(d) of the Listing Rules.



Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

III. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(3) 二零一九年計劃涉及之股 份數目上限(續)

本公司可於股東大會 上另外尋求股東批准, 以授出超出一般計劃 上限的購股權或(倘適 用)在取得有關批准 前,按上文(c)所述的 更新上限向本公司特 別確認的參與者授出 購股權。於該情況下, 本公司須向股東寄發 通函,而該通函須載有 指定參與者的一般描 述、將予授出的購股權 數目及條款、向指定參 與者授出購股權的目 的並解釋購股權的條 款如何達到該目的、上 市規則第17.02(2)(d) 條規定的資料。

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(3) Maximum Number of Shares Subject to the 2019 Scheme (continued)

(c) The Company may seek separate Shareholders' approval in general meeting to grant options beyond the General Scheme Limit or, if applicable, the refreshed limit referred to in (c) above to participants specifically identified by the Company before such approval is sought. In such event, the Company must send a circular to the Shareholders containing a general description of the specified participants, the number and terms of options to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified participants with an explanation as to how the terms of the options serve such purpose, the information required under Rule 17.02(2)(d) of the Listing Rules.

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Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

Ⅲ. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(4) 各參與者可獲購股權的上限

於任何12個月期間因根據 二零一九年計劃及本集團 任何其他購股權計劃所授 出的購股權(包括已行使或 尚未行使購股權兩者)獲行 使而已向各合資格參與者 配發及發行及可能將向各 承授人發行的股份總數不 得超過當時已發行股份的 1%(「個別上限」)。於直至 進一步授出購股權之日(包 括該日)止的任何12個月期 間進一步授予超出個別上 限的購股權須待向股東發 出通函及股東於本公司股 東大會批准(有關參與者及 其聯繫人須放棄投票)後, 方可作實。將向有關參與 者授出的購股權數目及條 款(包括行使價)必須於股 東批准前釐定,而就計算行 使價而言,根據上市規則第 17.03(9)條附註(1),為建議 有關進一步授出購股權而 舉行董事會會議當日應被 視為授出購股權當日。

(5) 股份認購價及購股權代價

接納獲授購股權時須支付象徵式代價1港元。

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(4) Maximum Entitlement of Each Participant

The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be allotted and issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2019 Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued Shares for the time being (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant shall be subject to the issue of a circular to the Shareholders and the Shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his/her associates abstaining from voting. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of options to be granted to such participant must be fixed before the Shareholders' approval and the date of Board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the exercise price under note (1) to Rule 17.03(9) of the Listing Rules.

(5) Subscription Price for Shares and Consideration for the Option

The subscription price for Shares under the 2019 Scheme will be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a Business Day; (ii) the average closing price of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

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Directors' Report (continued)

購股權(續)

III. 二零一九年計劃(續)

(6) 購股權接納及行使時間

參與人可在購股權授出要約日期起計21天內接受要約售出購股權。

購股權可根據二零一九年計劃條款在董事將予確定並通知各承授人的期限內隨時行使,該期限可自購股權授出之日起開始,但無論如何應在購股權授出日期起如何應在購股權授出日期起不遲於10年結束,惟須遵守購股權提前終止的規定。

(7) 最短期限

除非董事另有決定並在向承 授人發出的授出購股權要約 中說明,在二零一九年計劃下 可行使任何二零一九年計劃 下授出的購股權之前,對持有 購股權並無最短期限要求。

(8) 二零一九年計劃之期限

二零一九年計劃將於採納 二零一九年計劃之日起計 10年期內維持有效,二零 一九年計劃的餘下年期為7 年。

購股權計劃項下可供發行的股份總數為341,256,599股,佔於本報告日期本公司已發行股份約9.72%。

直至本報告日期,並未根據二零一九 年購股權計劃授出、行使、失效或註 銷任何購股權。

截至二零二一年一月一日及二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據購股權計劃之計劃授權可授出的購股權數目為341,256,599份。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司根據購股權計劃授出的購股權可發行的股份數量為零,佔本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已發行相關類別股份加權平均數量的0%。

Share Option (continued)

III. 2019 Scheme (continued)

(6) Time of Acceptance and Exercise of Option

An offer of the grant of an option may be accepted by a participant within 21 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2019 Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, which period may commence on the date upon which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

(7) Minimum Period

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and stated in the offer of the grant of options to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the 2019 Scheme for the holding of an option before any options granted under the 2019 Scheme can be exercised.

(8) Period of the 2019 Scheme

The 2019 Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the 2019 Scheme is adopted and the remaining life of the 2019 Scheme is 7 years.

The total number of shares available for issue under share option scheme is 341,256,599 shares, representing approximately 9.72% of the issued share of the Company as at the date of this report.

No Share option has been granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the 2019 Scheme up to the date of this report.

The number of share option available for grant under the scheme mandate of the share option scheme as at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021 is 341,256,599.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of options granted under the share option scheme of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 is nil, representing 0% of the weighted average number of shares of the relevant class in issue of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

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董事會報告(續)

Directors' Report (continued)

董事

本年度內及截至本報告日期止任職之 本公司董事為:

執行董事

陳健文先生(主席) 葉俊亨先生(副主席)(於二零二一年 六月二十九日被罷免) 尹熖強先生(副主席) 鍾佩雲女士*(於二零二一年 六月二十九日被罷免) 關達昌先生**(於二零二一年 十二月六日辭任) 趙麗娟女十

獨立非執行董事

郭志成先生 李冠群先生 甄灼寧先生

附註:

- ** 關達昌先生於二零二一年十二月六 日辭任執行董事,因其擬投入更多時 間於其個人其他業務承擔。

根據章程細則第108條之規定,趙麗娟女士及李冠群先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪席告退。所有退任董事均合資格並有意在股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

於本報告日期,本集團董事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情載於本報告第25至 29頁。

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Jianwen (Chairman)
Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson (Vice-Chairman)
(Removed on 29 June 2021)
Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel (Vice-Chairman)
Ms. Chung Pui Wan* (Removed on 29 June 2021)

Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong** (Resigned on 6 December 2021)

Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Kwok Chi Shing Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning

Notes:

- * In light of the material conflict between Mr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson ("Mr. Ip") and Ms. Chung Pui Wan ("Ms Chung") and the Company, an extraordinary general meeting of the Company (the "EGM") was convened for the purpose of considering the removal of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung as Directors. As relevant resolutions were duly passed at the EGM convened on 29 June 2021, each of Mr. Ip and Ms. Chung was removed as an executive Director on 29 June 2021.
- ** Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong resigned as an executive Director on 6 December 2021 as he intended to devote more time to his other business commitments.

In accordance with article 108 of the Articles of Association, Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen Susanna and Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan will retire by rotation at the forthcoming AGM. All the retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group as at the date of this report are set out on pages 25 to 29.

Directors' Report (continued)

董事之服務合約

全體董事均已與本公司訂立服務協 議。陳健文先生及尹蹈強先生各自已 與本公司訂立服務協議,自二零二零 年四月起計,初步為期兩年,其後將 繼續有效,直至任一方發出不少於30 天的書面通知終止為止。趙麗娟女士 已與本公司訂立服務協議,自二零二 零年十二月三十一日至二零二三年 十二月三十日為期三年,其後將繼續 有效,直至任一方發出不少於30天的 書面通知終止為止。郭志成先生已與 本公司訂立服務協議,自二零二零年 九月二十一日至二零二一年九月二十 日為期一年,其後將繼續有效,直至 任一方發出不少於30天的書面通知終 止為止。李冠群先生已與本公司訂立 服務協議,自二零二零年八月三十一 日至二零二一年八月三十日為期一 年,其後將繼續有效,直至任一方發 出不少於30天的書面通知終止為止。 甄灼寧先生已與本公司訂立服務協 議,自二零二零年九月十五日至二零 二一年九月十四日為期一年,其後將 繼續有效,直至任一方發出不少於30 天的書面通知終止為止。

於股東週年大會上重選連任之董事概 無與本公司訂立在一年內毋須支付賠 償而不可終止之服務合約。

董事於對本集團業務屬重要之交易、 安排或合約之重大權益

除本年報披露者外,於本年度結束或 於本年度任何時間,本公司、其母公 司、其附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無 與本公司董事或其關連實體直接或間 接擁有之重大權益訂立涉及本集團業 務之任何重大交易、安排或合約。

Directors' Service Contracts

All Directors have entered into a service agreement with the Company. Each of Mr. Chen Jianwen and Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of two years commencing from April 2020 will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing. Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 3 years commencing from 31 December 2020 to 30 December 2023 and will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing. Mr. Kwok Chi Shing has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 1 year commencing from 21 September 2020 to 20 September 2021 and will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing. Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 1 year commencing from 31 August 2020 to 30 August 2021 and will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing. Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of 1 year commencing from 15 September 2020 to 14 September 2021 and will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation.

Directors' Material interests in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts that are significant in relation to the Group's business

Save as disclosed in the annual report, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its parent company, its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries were a party and in which a director of the company or his/her connected entities had a material interest, where directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

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Directors' Report (continued)

董事之彌償條文

本公司已安排合適的董事及主要職員責任保險,基於董事利益的獲准許彌償條文現已生效且於本年度一直有效。

董事及行政總裁於本公司或相聯法團 股份、相關股份及債權證中之權益及 淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除「購股權」一節披露者外,根據上市規則所披露,董事及行政總裁於本公司或相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有之權益如下:

於本公司股份之權益

Indemnity of Directors

The Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance and such permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the Year.

Directors' and Chief Executive Officer Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or Associated Corporation

As at 31 December 2021, save as disclosed under the heading "Share Option", the interests of the Directors and Chief Executive Officer in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules were as follows:

Interest in the shares of the Company

董事姓名	身份及性質	普通股股份數目 <i>(附註4)</i>	總計	佔已發行股本概約 百分比 Approximate
Name of Directors	Capacity and nature	Number of ordinary shares (Note 4)	Total	percentage of issued share capital
陳健文先生 Mr. Chen Jianwen	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	2,244,195,868	2,244,195,868	63.89%
尹熖強先生 Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	7,300,000	7,300,000	0.21%
趙麗娟女士 Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen Susanna	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.03%



董事及行政總裁於本公司或相聯法團股份、相關股份及債權證中之權益及 淡倉(續)

於本公司股份之權益(續)

董事認購股份或債務證券之權利

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度,本公司董事或管理層股東 (定義見上市規則)概無於與本集團 業務競爭或可能與本集團業務合作之 業務中擁有權益。

Directors' Report (continued)

Directors' and Chief Executive Officer Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or Associated Corporation (continued)

Interest in the shares of the Company (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or the Chief Executive Officer had, pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, nor were they taken to or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or any interests which are required to be entered into the register of interests kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or any interests which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in the Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, was interested in or had any short position.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debt Securities

Save as disclosed herein, at no time during the Year was the Company, its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate; and none of the Directors, chief executive officer of the Company or their spouse or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or had exercised any such rights during the Year.

Directors' Interest in Competing Business

During the Year, none of the Directors or management shareholders of the Company (as defined in the Listing Rules) had an interest in a business which compete or may co-operate with the business of the Group.

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佔已發行股份

董事會報告(續)

Directors' Report (continued)

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,以下人士(並非董事或本公司主要行政人員)於股份或相關股份中,擁有本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須 予儲存的登記冊所記錄而根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須 向本公司披露的權益或淡倉:

Substantial Shareholders' Interest and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2021, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

於股份的好倉

Long Positions in the Shares

股東姓名/名稱 Name of shareholders	身份/權益性質 Capacity/Nature of interests	所持股份數目 Number of Shares held	概約百分比 (附註1) Approximate percentage of issued Shares (Note 1)
家峰有限公司 Karfond Limited	實益擁有人 Beneficial Owner	681,578,947 <i>(附註2)</i> <i>(Note 2)</i>	19.40%
遠東發展有限公司 Far East Consortium Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947 <i>(附註3)</i> <i>(Note 3)</i>	19.40%
Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947 <i>(附註4)</i> <i>(Note 4)</i>	19.40%
尚晉有限公司 Ample Bonus Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947 <i>(附註5)</i> <i>(Note 5)</i>	19.40%
Far East Consortium International Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947 <i>(附註6)</i> <i>(Note 6)</i>	19.40%
Sumptuous Assets Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947	19.40%
Far East Organization (International) Limited	受控法團權益 Interest of controlled corporations	681,578,947 <i>(附註6)</i> <i>(Note 6)</i>	19.40%
邱達昌先生 Mr. Chiu David	受控法團權益 Interests in a controlled corporation	681,578,947	19.40%
邱吳惠平女士 Ms. Chiu Ng Nancy	配偶權益 Interest of spouse	681,578,947 <i>(附註7)</i> <i>(Note 7)</i>	19.40%



Directors' Report (continued)

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中 之權益及淡倉(續)

Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company (continued)

於股份的好倉(續)

Long Positions in the Shares (continued)

附註:

- 該等百分比乃根據二零二一年十二 月三十一日的已發行股份總數(即 3.512.565.999股股份)計算得出。
- 家峰有限公司的股本由遠東發展有 (2)限公司全資擁有。因此,遠東發展有 限公司被視為於家峰有限公司持有 的全部相關股份中擁有權益。
- 遠東發展有限公司的股本由 Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited全資擁有。因此, Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited被視為 於遠東發展有限公司持有的全部相 關股份中擁有權益。
- Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited的股本由尚晉有限公司全 資擁有。因此,尚晉有限公司被視 為於Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited持有的全部相關股份中擁有
- 尚晉有限公司的股本由Far East Consortium International Limited全資擁有。因此, Far East Consortium International Limited 被視為於尚晉有限公司持有的全部 相關股份中擁有權益。
- Far East Consortium International Limited的股本主要由Sumptuous Assets Limited擁有,佔其股本 的 4 8 . 6 % , 而 邱 達 昌 先 生 擁 有 其 股本的0.96%。而Sumptuous Assets Limited的股本由Far East Organization (International) Limited全資擁有。此外, Far East Organization (International) Limited的股本由邱達昌先生全資 擁有。因此,Sumptuous Assets Limited Far East Organization (International) Limited及邱達昌先 生被視為於Far East Consortium International Limited持有的全部相 關股份中擁有權益。
- 該等相關股份邱達昌先生持有,由於 邱吳惠平女士為邱達昌先生的配偶, 根據證券及期貨條例,邱吳惠平女士 被視為於邱達昌先生持有的全部股 份中擁有權益。

Notes:

(1)These percentages have been compiled based on the total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 3,512,565,999 Shares).

Substantial Shareholders' Interest and Short Positions in the

- The share capital of Karfond Limited was wholly owned by Far East Consortium Limited. Accordingly, Far East Consortium Limited is deemed to be interested in all the underlying Shares held by Karfond Limited.
- The share capital of Far East Consortium Limited was wholly owned by Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited. Accordingly, Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited is deemed to be interested in all the underlying Shares held by Far East Consortium Limited.
- The share capital of Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited was wholly owned by Ample Bonus Limited. Accordingly, Ample Bonus Limited is deemed to be interested in all the underlying Shares held by Far East Consortium (B.V.I.) Limited.
- The share capital of Ample Bonus Limited was wholly owned by Far East Consortium International Limited. Accordingly, Far East Consortium International Limited is deemed to be interested in all the underlying Shares held by Ample Bonus Limited.
- The share capital of Far East Consortium International Limited was substantially owned by Sumptuous Assets Limited with 48.6% of its share capital and Mr. Chiu David with 0.96% of its share capital. And the share capital of Sumptuous Assets Limited was wholly owned by Far East Organization (International) Limited. Furthermore, the share capital of Far East Organization (International) Limited was wholly owned by Mr. Chiu David. Accordingly, Sumptuous Assets Limited, Far East Organization (International) Limited and Mr. Chiu David are deemed to be interested in all the underlying Shares held by Far East Consortium International Limited.
- These underlying Shares are held by Mr. Chiu David, as Mrs. Chiu Ng Nancy is the spouse of Mr. Chiu David, Mrs. Chiu Ng Nancy is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Mr. Chiu David by virtue of the SFO.

Directors' Report (continued)

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於二零二一年七月六日,本公司已根據行使本金額為19,000,000港元的可換股債券的換股權,以每股0.19港元的價格發行100,000,000股普通股。

除本文所披露者外,於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售 或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團之最大及五大供應商分別佔本集團之採購額約52%及約96%,而本集團之最大及五大客戶分別佔本集團營業額約28%及約57%。

概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本多於5%)於本集團任何五大供應商及客戶中擁有任何權益。

於附屬公司之投資

本公司各主要附屬公司之主要業務載於第200至201頁之綜合財務報表附註43。

管理合約

於本年度並無訂立或存在有關本公司 或其附屬公司全部或任何重大部分業 務之管理及行政合約。

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

On 6 July 2021, the Company has issued 100,000,000 ordinary shares at HK\$0.19 per share pursuant to the exercise of the conversion rights of the Convertible Bonds in the principal amount of HK\$19 million.

Save as disclosed herein, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of any listed securities of the Company during the Year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

During the Year, the Group's largest and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 52% and approximately 96% of the Group's purchases respectively, and the Group's largest and five largest customers accounted for approximately 28% and approximately 57% of the Group's turnover respectively.

None of the Directors, their close associates, or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

Investment in Subsidiaries

The principal activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 200 to 201.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the Year.

關聯人士交易

本集團根據適用會計準則被視為「關聯人士」的人士訂立若干交易。有關該等交易的詳情披露於本年報綜合財務表附註42。董事認為,綜合財務報表附註42披露的交易(作為關聯人交易)構成關連交易或持續關連效,定義見訂立相關交易或獲豁免,即最低交易或獲豁免項方規則),即最低交易或獲豁免項方點免遵守上市規則第14A章項的公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。

優先認購權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關優先 認購權之條文,而開曼群島法律並無 有關該等權利之限制。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲得之公開資料,並據董事所得悉,本公司確認於本年度一直維持至少25%之充足公眾持股量。

慈善捐款

於本年度,本集團合共捐贈563,084 港元之慈善捐款(二零二零年: 628,000港元)。

Related Party Transactions

Directors' Report (continued)

The Group entered into certain transactions with parties regarded as "related parties" under the applicable accounting standards. Details of these transactions are disclosed in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. In the opinion of the Directors, the transactions disclosed as related party transactions in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules in force at the time of the entering into of the relevant transactions, which is either a de minimis transaction or under exemption, both are exempt from the announcement, the circular and the independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of at least 25% throughout the Year.

Charitable Donations

During the Year, the Group made charitable donations totaling HK\$563,084 (2020: HK\$628,000).

Annual Report 2021

董事會報告(續)

Directors' Report (continued)

核數師

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司已於二零二二年六月十日獲委任為本公司的核數師,以填補因羅申美會計師事務所於二零二二年六月十日辭任所產生之空缺。更換核數師的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二二年六月十日的公佈。

除上文所披露者外,本公司的核數師 於過去三年並無任何其他變動。

本年度之綜合財務報表已經致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司審核。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會提呈決議案續聘致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師。

Auditor

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company on 10 June 2022 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of RSM Hong Kong on 10 June 2022. Details of the change of auditor were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 June 2022.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other changes in auditor of the Company in any of the preceding three years.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Year have been audited by Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as auditor of the Company.

代表董事會 *主席* **陳健文**

香港,二零二三年三月二十四日

On behalf of the Board **Chen Jianwen** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 24 March 2023

獨立核數師報告

Independent Auditor's Report



致卓悅控股有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據 香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會(「香港則) 頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) 真實而公平地反映日 實於二零二一年十二月三十一度 財務狀況及截至該日止年度 動於高財務表現及綜合現金 動已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定 妥為編製。

意見基準

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BONJOUR HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bonjour Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 84 to 204, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

有關持續經營的重大不確定因素

吾等注意到綜合財務報表附註2 顯示, 貴集團於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度錄得淨虧損 216,078,000港元及經營活動的現金 流出淨額108,417,000港元,而截至 該日為止, 貴集團的流動負債淨額 為55,339,000港元。此外,截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團拖 欠銀行借款357,599,000港元(包括 分類為與分類為持作出售的資產直接 相關的負債的銀行借款195,086,000 港元)。誠如附註2所述,該等事件或 情況顯示存在重大不確定因素,可能 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大 疑問。吾等就此事宜並無修訂意見。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項為按照吾等的專業判斷,審計本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等於審計綜合財務報表之整體過程中處理此等事項及就此形成意見,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意見。

存貨估值及撥備

關鍵審計事項 Key audit matter

參閱綜合財務報表附註5.2(iv)及23。 Refer to notes 5.2(iv) and 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團持有存貨總額約61,001,000港元及存貨撥備約34,628,000港元。誠如綜合財務報表附註4.8中的會計政策所描述者,存貨按成本與可變現淨值孰低者入賬。

At 31 December 2021, the Group held gross inventories of approximately HK\$61,001,000 and allowance for inventory of approximately HK\$34,628,000. As described in the accounting policies in note 4.8 to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

吾等關注於該範疇,原因是新型冠狀病毒疫情的經濟影響要求管理層在釐定就陳舊或過時存貨計提的撥備金額時,於極其不確定的時期運用重大判斷,因此本年度的判斷水平有所提高。

We focused on this area because the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic required management to exercise significant judgement in a period of extreme uncertainty in determining the amount of provision made for aged or obsolete inventory, as such there is an increased level of judgement in the current year.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of HK\$216,078,000 and net cash outflow from operating activities of HK\$108,417,000 during the year ended 31 December 2021 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$55,339,000. Moreover, the Group was in default of bank borrowings of HK\$357,599,000 (included bank borrowings of HK\$195,086,000 classified as liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale) as of 31 December 2021. As stated in note 2, these events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Inventory valuation and allowance

and allowance included:

吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

吾等有關存貨估值及撥備的審計程序包括: Our audit procedures in relation to inventory valuation

- 在進行存貨盤點時識別及評估陳舊及陳舊存貨; identifying and assessing aged and obsolete inventory when attending inventory counts;
- 將隨後的可變現淨值與存貨成本價進行比較;
 - comparing the subsequent net realisable value to the cost price of inventories;
- 審閱過往的存貨撥備準確度及年內存貨撇銷 水平;及
 - reviewing the historical accuracy of allowance for inventory and the level of inventory write-offs during the year; and
- - performing a recalculation, on a sample basis, of the inventory provision made.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

使用權資產減值

Impairment of right-of-use assets

關鍵審計事項 Key audit matter

ey audit matter How our audit addressed the key audit matter

參閱綜合財務報表附註5.2(i)及18。

Refer to notes 5.2(i) and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團擁有分類 為使用權資產的零售店資產約13,673,000港元。 As at 31 December 2021, the Group had retail store assets classified as right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$13,673,000.

當賬面值超過其估值可收回金額時,零售店資產的賬面值乃撇減至其可收回金額。

The carrying amount of the retail stores assets is written down to their recoverable amounts when the assets carrying amounts exceeded their estimated recoverable amount.

管理層認為,各零售店均為現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並監控其財務表現是否存在減值跡象。鑑於新型冠狀病毒疫情對 貴集團的零售店的表現可能造成的不利影響,管理層參考獨立專業估值師基於使用價值計算採用未來現金流預預進行的估值對香港及澳門特別行政區市場的所有零售店進行了減值評估。

Management determined that each retail store is a cash-generating unit ("CGU") and monitors their financial performance for the existence of impairment indicators. Given the potential adverse impact on the performance of the Group's retail stores as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, management performed impairment assessments for all the retail stores in Hong Kong and Macau SARs market with reference to valuation performed by the independent professional valuer based on value in use calculations using future cash flow projections.

管理層對有減值跡象的所有零售店資產進行了減值評估,因此於年內綜合損益表內確認了減值虧損13,873,000港元。該等資產的可收回金額乃基於管理層所批准的涵蓋餘下租期的預測,採用貼現現金流預測按使用價值計算予以釐定。

Management carried out an impairment assessment for the retail stores assets which have an impairment indicator and as a result an impairment loss of HK\$13,873,000 has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year. The recoverable amount of such assets is determined by value-in-use calculations using discounted cash flow projections based on the forecasts approved by management covering the remaining tenure of the lease.

我們針對此事項,因為釐定相關零售店的可收回 金額時涉及重大估計及判斷。

We focused on this area because significant estimation and judgement were involved in determining the recoverable amounts of the relevant retail store assets. 吾等就管理層的使用權資產的減值評估程序所進 行的審計程序包括:

吾 等 的 審 計 如 何 處 理 關 鍵 審 計 事 項

Our audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment process for right-of-use assets include:

- 了解管理層識別減值跡象的程序; understanding management's process for identifying impairment indicators;
- 質疑管理層在識別減值跡象時所作出的判斷;

challenging the judgements made by management in identifying impairment indicators;

- 評估獨立專業估值師的勝任能力、能力及目標;
 evaluating the competency capabilities and
 - evaluating the competency, capabilities and objectivities of the independent professional valuer;
- 評估評估方法及用於估計所使用價值的主要 假設的適當性;
 assessing the valuation methodology and the
 - assessing the valuation methodology and the appropriateness of the key assumptions used to estimate the value in use;
- 基於我們對有關業務及行業的了解質疑關鍵 假設的合理性;
 - 假設的合理性; challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- 取得管理層編製的現金流預測,了解各 現金產生單位的現金流預測中所採納的主要假設 及檢查預測計算的算術準確性;
 - obtaining the cash flow forecasts prepared by management, understanding the major assumptions adopted in the cash flow forecasts for each CGU and checking arithmetic accuracy of the forecast calculation;
- 將主要假設(如增長率、預測銷售及毛利率) 於歷史業績比較,以及根據目前及預期日後 的市場狀況評估其合理性;及
 - comparing the major assumptions such as growth rates, forecasted sales and gross margins to historical results and evaluating their reasonableness in light of current and expected future market conditions; and
- 評估管理層於綜合財務報表披露的減值評估 是否充足。
 - evaluating the sufficiency of the disclosure of the impairment assessment by management in the consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

products:

收益確認

Revenue recognition

關鍵審計事項 Kev audit matter

吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

參閱綜合財務報表附註5.1(iii) 及8。 Refer to notes 5.1(iii) and 8 to the consolidated

Refer to notes 5.1(iii) and 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

貴集團主要從事美容、健康、生活時尚及技術產品產品銷售。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集團產生收益約626,991,000港元(就美容、保健及生活時尚產品銷售以及技術產品銷售分別產生收益158,493,000港元及468,498,000港元)。

The Group is principally engaged in the sales of beauty, healthcare, lifestyle and technology products. The Group generated revenue of approximately HK\$626,991,000 (HK\$158,493,000 and HK\$468,498,000 for sales beauty, healthcare and lifestyle products and sales of technology products, respectively) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

吾等專注於此方面,乃因計及交易的數量及金額以及 貴集團在評估 貴集團是否作為委託人或代理人時所作出的重大判斷及收入確認的時間。
We focused on this area because of the volume and amount of the transactions and significant judgement

amount of the transactions and significant judgement is made by the management of the Group in assessing whether the Group acts as a principal or agent and the timing of revenue recognition.

吾等有關 貴集團收益確認之審計程序包括: Our audit procedures in relation to the Group's recognition of revenue include:

- 了解及評估 貴集團的收益確認政策及流程, 包括管理層對主要委託人及代理人(尤其是關於技術產品銷售)的評估; understanding and assessing the Group's revenue recognition policy and process, including the management's assessment of principal versus agent, particularly for sales of technology
- 取得管理層有關收益確認的關鍵內部控制的 設計及實施;
 obtaining an understanding of the design and implementation of management's key internal controls in relation to revenue recognition;
- 抽樣檢查關鍵客戶合約,以參考現行會計準則的規定識別及評估有關貨品控制權轉移的條款及條件;
 inspecting key customer contracts, on a sample basis, to identify and assess the commercial terms and conditions relating to transfer of control of the goods with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- 通過合約、物流文件及客戶對貨品的接納情況,抽樣比較年內所確認的銷售交易,並評估是否根據 貴集團的收益確認政策確認收益; comparing sales transactions recognised during the year, on a sample basis, with contracts, logistic documents and customers' acceptance of the goods and assessing whether revenue was recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policies;
- 安排審計確認並與主要客戶及供應商進行面談,確認 商業條款及 貴集團的主要責任;及 arranging audit confirmation and conducting interviews with key customers and suppliers to confirm the commercial terms and primary responsibilities of the Group; and
- 執行分析程序以識別任何不常見的收益模式。

performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual patterns of revenue.



Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

其他資料

董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司二零二一年年報的所有資料, 但不包括綜合財務報表及相關核數師 報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋 其他資料,吾等亦不對其他資料發表 任何形式的核證結論。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而公平地呈列的綜合財務報表,並為其認為必與為使編製綜合財務報表不存在由於欺為或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的內部監控負責。

編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集 團財務報告過程的責任。

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the 2021 annual report of the Company, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors assisted by the Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責任

吾等的目標為合理確定綜合財務報表整體上是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述,並發誤有吾等意見的核數師報告。吾等僅向閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保 根據香港審計準則進行的審核工作總 能發現所有存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯 誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或 整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者 根據此等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決 定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,吾等 運用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中抱 持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以 設計恰當的審核程序,但並非旨 在對 貴集團內部控制的有效程 度發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以 及董事所作會計估算及相關披露 是否合理。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責任

- 總結董事採用以持續經濟
 資域內方法
 人工
 人工
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整體列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否已公允列報相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動 的財務資料獲得充足的審核憑 證,以就綜合財務報表發表意 見。吾等須負責指導、監督及執 行集團的審核工作。吾等須為吾 等的審核意見承擔全部責任。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責任

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核 工作的計劃範圍及時間安排及重大審 核發現,包括吾等於審核期間識別出 內部監控的任何重大缺陷溝通。

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明 吾等已遵守有關獨立性的道德要求, 並就所有被合理認為可能影響吾等的 獨立性的關係及其他事宜及為消除威 脅而採取的措施或所採用的防範措施 (如適用)與負責管治的人員溝通。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師 香港特別行政區 銅鑼灣 恩平道28號 利園二期11樓

二零二三年三月二十四日

林金峰

執業證書編號:P07822

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited

Certified Public Accountants
11th Floor
Lee Garden Two
28 Yun Ping Road
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong SAR

24 March 2023

Lam Kam Fung

Practising Certificate No.: P07822



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表Consolidated Statement of Profit or截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度For the year ended 31 December 2021

			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
營業額	Turnover	8	626,991	538,788
		· ·		
已售貨品成本	Cost of goods sold		(577,031)	(365,693)
毛利	Gross profit		49,960	173,095
其他收入	Other income	9	74,699	100,207
分銷成本	Distribution costs		(16,681)	(27,563)
行政開支	Administrative expenses		(253,486)	(398,625)
其他經營開支	Other operating expenses		(965)	(18,865)
貿易及其他應收賬款的	Impairment loss on trade and			
減值虧損	other receivables		(12,574)	-
物業、廠房及設備的減值虧損	Impairment loss on property,			
	plant and equipment	17	(3,866)	(26,556)
使用權資產的減值虧損	Impairment loss on right-of-use			
	assets	18	(13,873)	(13,475)
商譽的減值虧損	Impairment loss on goodwill	19		(5,520)
經營業務虧損	Loss from operations		(176,786)	(217,302)
融資成本	Finance costs	11	(43,292)	(41,810)
除稅前虧損	Loss before tax		(220,078)	(259,112)
所得稅抵免	Income tax credit	12	4,000	689
年度虧損	Loss for the year	13	(216,078)	(258,423)
以下各方應佔年度(虧損)/	(Loss)/Profit for the year			
溢利:	attributed to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		(216,738)	(255,734)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		660	(2,689)
			(216,078)	(258,423)
每股虧損	Loss per share		(6.3)港仙	(7.5)港仙
基本及攤薄	Basic and diluted	16	HK(6.3)cents	
基本	Basic and diluted	16	HK(6.3)cents	HK(7.5)cents



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度For the year ended 31 December 2021

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
年度虧損	Loss for the year		(216,078)	(258,423)
其他全面收益/(開支):	Other comprehensive income/ (expense):			
隨後不會重新分類至損益之 項目:	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
長期服務金負債重新計量 收益/(虧損) 以公平值計入其他全面 收益之權益工具之	Remeasurement gains/(losses) on long service payment liabilities Fair value changes of equity instruments at fair value through	35	36	(584)
公平值變動 	other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")	21	8,077	(5,193)
			8,113	(5,777)
隨後可能重新分類至損益 之項目:	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
解散附屬公司之匯兌差額 重新分類至損益	Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss on dissolution of subsidiaries		470	(2,751)
換算海外業務之匯兌差額 	Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(694)	73
			(224)	(2,678)
年度除稅後其他全面 收益/開支	Other comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year, net of tax		7,889	(8,455)
年度全面開支總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year		(208,189)	(266,878)
以下各方應佔年度全面 開支/收益總額:	Total comprehensive (expense)/ income for the year attributed to:			
本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(208,905) 716	(264,132) (2,746)
			(208,189)	(266,878)



<mark>綜合財務狀況表</mark> 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2021

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i> (經重列) (Restated)
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	17	2,254	115,488
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	18	13,673	151,746
商譽	Goodwill	19	-	-
其他無形資產	Other Intangible assets	20	_	2,313
租金及水電按金 按公平值計入其他全面	Rental and utility deposits Financial assets at FVTOCI		5,129	9,273
收益之金融資產		21	71,172	74,736
於聯營公司之投資	Investment in an associate	22		_
			92,228	353,556
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	23	26,373	97,318
應收貿易賬款 租会及水源協会	Trade receivables	24	4,082	7,465
租金及水電按金 預付款項、訂金及	Rental and utility deposits Prepayments, deposits and other		15,723	34,448
其他應收賬款	receivables	25	20,349	14,105
應收關聯方款項	Amounts due from related parties	26	-	2,885
銀行及現金結餘	Bank and cash balances	27	41,834	20,288
分類為持作出售之資產	Assets classified as held for sale	28	108,361 498,454	176,509 497,481
			606,815	673,990

流動負債 應付貿易賬款	Current liabilities	20	16.044	00.704
其他應付賬款、已收訂金及	Trade payables Other payables, deposits received	29	16,044	23,734
應計費用	and accrued charges	30	127,311	150,654
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	32	21,150	107,503
應付關聯方款項	Amounts due to related parties	26	· -	35,604
應付前關聯方款項	Amounts due to former related parties	26	35,490	-
銀行及其他借款	Bank and other borrowings	31	171,513	411,920
貿易融資貸款 即期稅項負債	Trade finance loans Current tax liabilities	31	2,732	38,772 4,133
型	Current tax habilities		2,132	4,100
			374,240	772,320
與分類為持作出售的 資產直接相關的負債	Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	28	287,914	_
			·	770 000
			662,154	772,320
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities		(55,339)	(98,330)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		36,889	255,226



綜合財務狀況表(續) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued)

At 31 December 2021

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i> (經重列) (Restated)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
已收按金	Deposits received	30	_	210
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	32	6,831	81,129
其他借款	Other borrowings	31	25,975	_
遞延稅項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	34	-	3,802
長期服務金負債	Long service payment liabilities	35	1,296	1,537
			34,102	86,678
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		2,787	168,548
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	36	35,126	34,126
儲備	Reserves	38	(32,339)	138,040
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of			
	the Company		2,787	172,166
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests			(3,618)
總權益	TOTAL EQUITY		2,787	168,548

Chen Jianwen 陳健文 Director 董事

Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna 趙麗娟 Director 董事



綜合權益變動表

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2021

本公司擁有人應佔

		Attributable to owners of the Company												
	-	股本	股份溢價賬*	資本贖回儲備* Capital	合併儲備*	法定储備*	股份支付儲備*	外幣匯兌儲備* Foreign currency	以公平值計入 其他全面收益之 金融資產儲備* Financial assets at	可轉換貸款 儲備*	保留溢利/ (累計虧損)* Retained profits/	總計	非控股權益 Non-	總權益
		Share	premium	redemption	Merger	Statutory	payment	translation	FVTOCI	Convertible	(Accumulated		controlling	Total
		capital	account*	reserve*	reserve*	reserves*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	loans reserve*	losses)*	Total	interests	equity
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	34,126	209,902	1,181	415	243	52,595	2,014	(9,822)	-	145,644	436,298	(872)	435,426
註銷先前年度授出的	Lapse of share options granted in													
購股權	previous years	-	-	-	-	-	(52,595)	-	-	-	52,595	-	-	-
轉撥 	Transfer	-	-	-	-	(243)		-	-	-	243	-	-	
與擁有人之交易	Transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	(243)	(52,595)	-	-	-	52,838	-	-	-
年度虧損	Loss for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(255,734)	(255,734)	(2,689)	(258,423)
其他全面開支	Other comprehensive expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,621)	(5,193)	-	(584)	(8,398)	(57)	(8,455)
年度全面開支總額	Total comprehensive expense for the year				_			(2,621)	(5,193)	_	(256,318)	(264,132)	(2,746)	(266,878)
	expense for the year							(2,021)	(0,150)		[200,010]	(204,102)	(2,140)	(200,010)
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	34,126	209,902	1,181	415	=	-	(607)	(15,015)	-	(57,836)	172,166	(3,618)	168,548
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021	34,126	209,902	1,181	415	-	-	(607)	(15,015)		(57,836)	172,166	(3,618)	168,548
可轉換貸款之權益部分 (附註33) 轉換可轉換貸款 收職非控脫權益(附註39.1)	Equity components of convertible loans (note 33) Conversion of convertible loans Acquisition of non-controlling	- 1,000	- 18,000	-	-	-		-	-	27,532 (4,104)	-	27,532 14,896	-	27,532 14,896
出售按公平值計入其他	interests (note 39.1) Transfer of gain on disposal of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,902)	(2,902)	2,902	-
全面收益之金融資產之 收益轉讓	financial assets at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(371)	-	371	-	-	-
與擁有人之交易	Transactions with owners	1,000	18,000	-	-	-	-	-	(371)	23,428	(2,531)	39,526	2,902	42,428
年度虧損 其他全面(開支)/收入	Loss for the year Other comprehensive (expense)/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(216,738)	(216,738)	660	(216,078)
八心工画 (四天/ / 弘八	income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(280)	8,077	-	36	7,833	56	7,889
年度全面 (開支) / 收入總額	Total comprehensive (expense)/	-	-	-	-	-	-	(280)	8,077	-	(216,702)	(208,905)	716	(208,189)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	35,126	227,902	1,181	415	-	-	(887)	(7,309)	23,428	(277,069)	2,787		2,787

^{*} 於報告日期該等金額的總額是指綜合財務狀況表中的「儲備」。

The total of these amounts as at the reporting date represents "Reserves" in the consolidated statement of financial position.



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表Consolidated Statement of Cash Flot截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度For the year ended 31 December 2021

		二零二一年	二零二零年	
		2021	2020	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
經營活動所產生之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
是自13////E工之·202///	ACTIVITIES			
除稅前虧損	Loss before tax	(220,078)	(259,112)	
就以下各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:			
融資成本	Finance costs	43,292	41,810	
銀行存款的利息收入	Interest income on bank deposits	(10)	(181)	
租金按金的推算利息收入	Imputed interest income on rental			
	deposits	(1,961)	(3,613)	
長期服務金撥備/	Provision for/(Reversal of provision for)			
(撥回撥備)	long service payments	513	(1,334)	
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and			
	equipment	4,841	33,285	
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	69,011	160,848	
撇銷物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of property, plant and			
	equipment	527	16,393	
撇銷其他無形資產	Write-off of other			
	intangible assets	1,102	_	
出售物業、廠房及設備之	Gain on disposal of property, plant			
收益	and equipment	(9,107)	(1,700)	
終止租約之收益	Gain on termination of leases	(26,373)	(14,095)	
貿易及其他應收賬款的	Impairment loss on trade and other			
減值虧損	receivables	12,574	_	
物業、廠房及設備的	Impairment loss on property, plant			
減值虧損	and equipment	3,866	26,556	
其他無形資產的減值虧損	Impairment loss on other intangible			
	assets	1,123	_	
使用權資產的減值虧損	Impairment loss on right-of-use			
	assets	13,873	13,475	
商譽的減值虧損	Impairment loss on goodwill	_	5,520	
解散附屬公司之	Loss/(Gain) on dissolution of			
虧損/(收益)淨額	subsidiaries, net	470	(3,289)	
解決法律索賠收益	Gain on settlement of legal claim	(27,424)	_	
滯銷存貨撥備	Allowance for slow-moving inventories	21,000	13,530	
其他無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of other intangible assets	124	260	
已收新型冠狀病毒疫情	COVID-19 related rent concessions			
相關租金減免	received	(465)	(32,761)	



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

綜合現金流量表(續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2021

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
營運資金變動前之	Operating loss before working capital		
經營虧損	changes	(113,102)	(4,408)
存貨減少	Decrease in inventories	49,945	77,120
應收貿易賬款減少	Decrease in trade receivables	854	8,853
預付款項、訂金及其他	Increase in prepayments, deposits		
應收賬款增加	and other receivables	(16,380)	(154)
應收關聯方款項增加	Increase in amounts due from related		
	parties	_	(2,827)
應付貿易賬款減少	Decrease in trade payables	(7,690)	(59,397)
其他應付賬款、已收訂金及	Increase in other payables, deposits		
應計費用增加	received and accrued charges	10,740	65,196
應付關聯方款項增加	Increase in amounts due to related		
	parties	2,771	9,428
向已退休/受裁減的	Long service payments to retired/		
職員發放長期服務金	redundant staff	(718)	(252)
經營業務(所用)/所產生之	Cash (used in)/generated from		
現金	operations	(73,580)	93,559
已退回/(已付)香港利得稅	Hong Kong profits tax refunded/(paid)	210	(2,103)
已付利息	Interest paid	(25,416)	(12,797)
租賃負債利息	Interest on lease liabilities	(9,631)	(29,013)
經營活動(所用)/所產生之	Net cash (used in)/generated from		
現金淨額	operating activities	(108,417)	49,646



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

綜合現金流量表 (續)Consolidated Statement of Cash Flot截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度For the year ended 31 December 2021

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
投資活動所產生之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
已收利息	Interest received	10	181
購入物業、廠房及設備	Purchases of property, plant and		
	equipment	-	(18,184)
購入其他無形資產	Purchase of other intangible assets	-	(1,338)
購入以公平值計入其他	Purchase of financial assets at		
全面收益的金融資產	FVTOCI	-	(2,091)
租金及水電按金付款	Payments for rental and utility		
	deposits	(10,784)	(1,034)
償還租金及水電按金	Repayment of rental and utility		
	deposits	30,507	22,087
出售物業、廠房及設備之	Proceeds from disposal of property,		
所得款項	plant and equipment	113,107	1,700
出售以公平值計入	Proceeds from disposal of financial		
其他全面收益之	assets at FVTOCI		
金融資產之所得款項		11,641	_
解散附屬公司時的	Net cash inflow upon dissolution of	•	
現金流入淨額	subsidiaries	-	38
投資活動所產生之	Not each gonorated from investing		
投具	Net cash generated from investing activities	1// /04	1 250
光並/予假 	activities	144,481	1,359



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

綜合現金流量表(續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2021

			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
融資活動所產生之現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING			
	ACTIVITIES			
償還長期銀行借款	Repayment of long-term bank			
	borrowings		(45,294)	(7,627)
發行可轉換貸款所得款項	Proceeds from issue of convertible loans		127,457	_
新增其他借款	Other borrowings raised		34,400	8,000
償還其他借款	Repayment of other borrowings		(8,000)	_
償還來自一間關聯公司之 貸款	Repayment of loan from a related company		_	(5,000)
貿易融資貸款減少淨額	Decrease in trade finance loans, net		(38,772)	(1,164)
租賃付款的本金部分	Principal elements of lease payments		(79,923)	(127,491)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(10,132)	(133,282)
10377113711113702213107	The case account managed accounts		(10,102)	(100,202)
現金及現金等價物增加/	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN			
(減少)淨額	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		25,932	(82,277)
匯率變動之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate			
	changes		(733)	170
於一月一日之現金及	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
現金等價物	AT 1 JANUARY		16,748	98,855
於十二月三十一日之現金及	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
現金等價物	AT 31 DECEMBER		41,947	16,748
現金及現金等價物之分析	ANALYSIS OF CASH AND			
坑並汉坑並守貞彻之刀 伽	CASH EQUIVALENTS			
銀行及現金結餘	Bank and cash balances	27	41,834	20,288
銀行透支	Bank overdraft	31	-	(3,540)
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			41,834	16,748
計入分類為持作出售之出售	Cash and bank balances included			
集團之現金及銀行結餘	in a disposal group classified as			
	held for sale		113	_
			44 047	16 740
			41,947	16,748



財務報表附註

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

1. 一般資料

卓悅控股有限公司(「本公司」) 乃於開曼群島註冊成立之有 限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為 Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地點之地 址為香港荃灣橫窩仔街36-50號 卓悅集團中心十二樓。本公司之 股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其 附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財 務報表附註43。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本公司董事認為,陳健文先生為 本公司最終控制方。

2. 編製基準

此等綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的所有適用香港財務報告準則」,包括所有適用的個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)及香港會計準則編製。

綜合財務報表亦符合香港公司條例的適用披露要求,並包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)的適用披露要求。本集團採用的主要會計政策披露於附註4。除另有說明外,此等政策已一致適用於所有呈報年份。

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Bonjour Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is 12/F., Bonjour Tower, No. 36-50 Wang Wo Tsai Street, Tsuen Wan, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2021, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, Mr. Chen Jianwen is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and include the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed in note 4. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

2. 編製基準(續)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

2. 編製基準(續)

於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團產生 淨虧損216,078,000港元,經 營活動產生的現金流出淨額為 108,417,000港元,截至該日, 本集團的流動負債超過其流動資 產55,339,000港元。此外,截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團拖欠銀行借款357,599,000 港元。此等狀況表明存在重大的 不確定性,可能會對本集團持續 經營的能力產生重大疑問,因 此,本集團可能無法在正常業務 過程中變現其資產及清償其負 債。儘管有上述情況,但由於董 事於考慮以下情況後已仔細考慮 本集團目前及預期的未來流動 性,因此綜合財務報表乃按持續 經營的基準編製:

誠如附註28及44所述, (a) 於二零二二年三月二十八 日,本公司訂立買賣協議, 據此,本公司同意出售且 CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P (「基金」) 同意購買Apex Centric Investment Limited及其附屬公司(統 稱「出售集團」)的全部 已發行股本,總代價為 900,000,000港元,惟須受 到買賣協議的條款及條件 所規限。根據買賣協議,部 分代價將用於(i)結清本集團 本金額為356,000,000港元 的尚未償還的銀行借款連 同應計利息;(ii)贖回本集團 本金額為110,500,000港元 的可轉換貸款連同應計利 息;(iii)使用351,412,000 港元作為對基金的出資; 及(iv)向基金支付租金按金 4,500,000港元。因此,於 完成後,可用於本集團營 運資金的現金流入淨額約 為60,554,000港元。上述 交易已於二零二二年六月 二十九日完成。

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The Group incurred a net loss of HK\$216,078,000 and net cash outflow from operating activities of HK\$108,417,000 during the year ended 31 December 2021 and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by HK\$55,339,000. Moreover, the Group was in default of bank borrowings of HK\$357,599,000 as of 31 December 2021. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, therefore, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Notwithstanding the above, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the directors have given careful consideration to the current and anticipated future liquidity of the Group after consideration of the following:

As mentioned in notes 28 and 44, on 28 March 2022, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell and CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P ("Fund") agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of Apex Centric Investment Limited and its subsidiary (collectively the "Disposal Group") at an aggregate consideration of HK\$900,000,000, subject to the terms and conditions of the sale and purchase agreement. Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement, part of the consideration will be used (i) to settle the Group's outstanding bank borrowings with principal amount of HK\$356,000,000 together with accrued interest; (ii) to redeem the Group's convertible loans with principal amount of HK\$110,500,000 together with accrued interest; (iii) to use HK\$351,412,000 as capital contribution to the Fund; and (iv) to pay to the Fund a rental deposit of HK\$4,500,000. Accordingly, the net cash inflow available for the Group's working capital upon completion was approximately HK\$60,554,000. The above-mentioned transactions have been completed on 29 June 2022.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

2. 編製基準(續)

- (b) 最終控股股東陳健文先生 已同意繼續提供財務支持, 使本集團能夠履行二零 二一年十二月三十一日之 後至少十二個月的所有第 三方義務。
- (c) 本集團已採取各種成本控制措施以收緊經營成本,包括關閉表現欠佳的零售店。
- (d) 本集團正與外部各方及銀 行積極協商以獲得新的融 資來源,撥付本集團的營運 資金並改善本集團的流動 性狀況。
- (e) 於報告日期結束後,本集團 將積極處置以公平值計入 其他全面收益的金融資產, 以改善本集團的流動性狀 況。

董事已編製涵蓋自二零二一年十二月三十一日起不少於十二個月期間的現金流量預測。計及及上種種,董事認為本集團財務足,於可見未來可充於財務上種資金需求,且可於財務以資資金需求,且可於財務以其營運資金需求,且可於財務與人對,其營運營基本的財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製。

倘本集團無法持續經營,則必須 作出調整以將資產價值重列至可 收回金額,就可能產生之額外負 債作出撥備,且將非流動資產及負 負債分別重分類為流動資產及負 債。本綜合財務報表未有反映此 等潛在調整的影響。

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

- (b) The ultimate controlling shareholder, Mr. Chen Jianwen has agreed to continue to provide financial support to enable the Group to meet all third-party obligations for at least the next twelve-month period after 31 December 2021.
- (c) The Group has taken various cost control measures to tighten the costs of operation including closing down under-performing retail stores.
- (d) The Group is actively negotiating with external parties and banks to obtain new sources of financing to finance the Group's working capital and improve the Group's liquidity position.
- (e) Subsequent to the end of reporting date, the Group will actively dispose the financial assets at FVTOCI to improve the Group's liquidity position.

The directors have prepared the cashflow projection which covers a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2021. Having taken into account the above, the directors consider that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet in full its working capital requirements and financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of the assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to classify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

3. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報告 準則

3.1 於二零二一年一月一日開始的年度期間生效的經修 訂香港財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團已首次應用香港會計師公會頒佈的下列經修訂香港財務報告 準則,自二零二一年一月一日開始的年度期間強制生效,以編製綜合財務報表:

香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、香港 財務報告準則第7號、香港 財務報告準則第4號及香港 財務報告準則第16號之修 訂「利率基準改革一第2階 段」(「第2階段修訂」)

修訂並無對該等財務報表 造成影響,原因為本集團並 無與基準利率掛鈎且受銀 行同業拆息改革影響的合 約。

3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs

3.1 Amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2021

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Interest Rate Benchmark
HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, Reform – Phase 2
HKFRS 4
and HKFRS 16

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2" (the "Phase 2 Amendments")

The Phase 2 Amendments provide practical relief from certain requirements in HKFRSs. These reliefs relate to modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities (measured at amortised costs) and lease contracts or hedging relationships triggered by a replacement of a benchmark interest rate in a contract with a new alternative benchmark risk-free rate.

The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group does not have contracts that are indexed to benchmark interest rates which are subject to the IBOR reform.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

3. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

3.2 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則

3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs (continued)

3.2 Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, the Group has not applied any new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2021. These new and revised HKFRSs include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效 Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

- 香港財務報告準則第16號之修 訂一售後租回交易中的 租賃負債
- 香港財務報告準則第17號之修 訂一保險合約及相關修訂
- 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂一 對概念框架之提述
- 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂一投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或投入
- 香港會計準則第1號之修訂一香港 詮釋第5號(2020)有關流動或非 流動負債分類及相關修訂
- 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報 告準則作業準則第2號之修訂一 會計政策的披露
- 香港會計準則第8號之修訂—會計 估計的定義
- 香港會計準則第12號之修訂—與單 一交易產生之資產及負債有關 的遞延稅項
- 香港會計準則第16號之修訂—物 業、廠房及設備—作擬定用途前 之所得款項
- 香港會計準則第37號之修訂—虧 損合同—履行合同之成本
- 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至 二零二零年之年度改進
- 會計指引第5號(經修訂)—共同控制下合併之合併會計法

- Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and related amendments
- Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework
- Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)
- Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS
 Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of
 Accounting Policies
- Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates
- Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
- Amendments to HKAS 16 Property,
 Plant and Equipment Proceeds before
 Intended Use
- Amendments to HKAS 37 Onerous contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards
- 2018-2020 Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised) – Merger 二零 Accounting for Common Control Combination

- 二零二四年一月一日 1 January 2024
 - 二零二三年一月一日
- 1 January 2023 二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022 未定
 - Not yet determined
- 二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023
- 二零二二年一月一日 e 1 January 2022
- 二零二二年一月一日 t 1 January 2022
 - 二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
 - 二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

3. 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

3.2 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則(續)

本集團正在評估該等修訂 及新訂準則預期於首次應 用期間的影響。截至目前, 本集團認為採納此等準則 不太可能對本綜合財務報 表產生重大影響。

4. 主要會計政策

該等綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編製,除非下文會計政策 另行說明,例如若干金融工具按 公平值計量。

編製該等綜合財務報表所採用之 主要會計政策載列如下。

4.1 綜合賬目

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在投票權以及無權以及由其他各方持有的潛在投票權。僅於持有人有實際能力行使潛在投票權時方會考慮該等權利。

3. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HKFRSs (continued)

3.2 Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far the Group considers that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. certain financial instruments that are measured fair value).

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

4.1 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.1 綜合賬目(續)

附屬公司由控制權轉移至 本集團之日起綜合計算,並 由控制權終止之日起停止 綜合計算。

集團內交易、結餘及未實現 溢利均會予以對銷。除讓 交易有證據顯示所轉讓現 產出現減值,否則未實現 損亦予以對銷。附屬公司 會計政策已於需要時所 變動,以確保與本集團所採 納之政策貫徹一致。

即使導致非控股權益出現虧損結餘,其損益及其他全面收益之各個組成部份仍歸屬予本公司股東及非控股股東。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.1 Consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2021

主要會計政策(續)

4.1 綜合賬目(續)

並無導致本公司失去控制 權的附屬公司所有權權益 變動作為權益交易列賬(即 與擁有人以股東的身份進 行的交易)。控股及非控股 權益之賬面值會作出調整 以反映其於附屬公司之相 對權益之變動。對非控股權 益作出調整之金額與已付 或已收代價之公平值間之 任何差額直接於權益中確 認並歸屬於本公司股東。

於本公司之財務狀況表內, 於附屬公司之投資按成本 減減值虧損列賬,除非投資 分類為持作銷售(或計入分 類為持作銷售的出售集團) 則作別論。

4.2 商譽

商譽按成本減累計減值虧 損計量。為進行減值測試, 於業務合併中收購之商譽 乃分配至預期自合併協同 效應受惠之各現金產生單 位(「現金產生單位」)或現 金產生單位組別。各獲分配 商譽之單位或單位組別指 就內部管理而言本集團監 察商譽之最低層面。商譽每 年進行減值檢討,或當有事 件出現或情況改變顯示可 能出現減值時,作出更頻密 檢討。載有商譽之現金產生 單位之賬面值與可收回金 額作比較,可收回金額為使 用價值與公平值減出售成 本之較高者。任何減值即時 確認為開支,且其後不會撥 □ ∘

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.1 Consolidation (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

4.2 Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") or groups of CGUs that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.3 聯營公司

本集團評估是否有客觀證 據表明於聯營公司的權益 可能出現減值。如存在任何 客觀證據,則將投資的全部 賬面值(包括商譽)作為單 一資產根據香港會計準則 第36號,透過比較其可收回 金額(使用價值與公平值減 出售成本之較高者) 與賬面 值而測試有否減值。任何確 認的減值虧損並不分配於 屬投資賬面值之一部份的 任何資產,包括商譽。倘其 後投資的可收回金額增加, 則根據香港會計準則第36 號確認該減值虧損的撥回。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.3 Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill which is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.3 聯營公司(續)

本集團應佔聯營公司收購 後溢利或虧損及其他全面 收益於綜合損益及其他全 面收益表內確認。倘本集 團應佔聯營公司虧損等於 或多於其於聯營公司的權益 (包括長期權益,即實質上 構成本集團於聯營公司的 淨投資),則本集團不會進 一步確認虧損,除非其已產 生負債或代聯營公司付款。 倘聯營公司其後報收溢利, 則本集團僅於其應佔溢利 等於其應佔未確認的虧損 後恢復確認其應佔的該等 溢利。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.3 Associates (continued)

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.4 外幣兌換

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

(ii) 於各實體財務報表之 交易及結餘

當非貨幣性項目的損益確認為其他全任何也的損益時,該損益的為為其益的的人。當非貨為人。當非貨為人。當非認為損益的,該損益的任何也項。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.4 Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchanges rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.4 外幣兌換(續)

(iii) 綜合賬目換算

- 各份財務狀況表 所呈列之資產及 負債均按該財務 狀況表日期之收 市匯價換算;
- 所有因此而產生 之匯兌差額乃於 其他全面收益確 認,並於外幣匯 兌儲備累計。

於構額產其匯售兌合的非兌其損綜成部生他兌海差損一控差不為合海分之全儲外額益部股額會,閱項額及。該類售歸任認別,因投項額及。該類售歸任認別,投項額及。該類售歸任認別數資目乃外當等至盈屬何,類算淨所於幣出匯綜虧於匯但為

收購海外實體所產生 之商譽及公平值調整 乃列作海外實體之資 產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. Any exchange differences that have previously been attributed to non-controlling interests are derecognised, but they are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.5 物業、廠房及設備

當本集團就物業(包括租賃 土地及樓宇元素)的擁有權 作出支付,整筆代價根據初 步確認時的相關公平值按 比例分配至租賃土地及樓 宇元素之間。

僅於項目相關未來經濟利 益將流入本集團及項目成成 事計入資產之與 或確認為一項獨立資產(按 適用情況)。所有其他間 及保養 與 發生之期間 於 產生之期間 損益確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including buildings and leasehold land, held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at acquisition cost and/or manufacturing cost (including any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Group's management), less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as right-of-use assets in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interests in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備以直線法 於其估計可使用年期按足 以撇銷成本之比率折舊。主 要年率如下:

土地及樓宇 2%或按租期

(以較短者

為準)

租賃物業 租期或預期可

裝修 供本集團使

用之年期(以 較短者為準)

傢俬、裝置及 10%−20%

設備

汽車 30%

可使用年期及折舊方法於 每個報告期末獲審閱及調整 (如適用)。

出售物業、廠房及設備之盈虧指出售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值間之差額,並於損益確認。

4.6 租賃

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Land and buildings 2% or over the

lease term,

whichever is shorter

> lease or their expected useful lives to the Group, whichever is shorter

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 10% - 20%

Motor vehicles 30%

The useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

4.6 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.6 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人

於團租12個賃主傢值集租資本賃統租賃個賃個人外為。產決基化的款基的用惟以價本記集和宣之準與賃租於,筆本立是將該賃租於價本記集租否有等相期為實賃的資團電就,按關並關內開本產期短產而腦低則個租無的按支集及為期租言及價本別賃資租系。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.6 Leases (continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable payments based on an index or rate, and amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. The lease liability will be reduced for lease payments made and increased for interest cost on the lease liability. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.6 和賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃資本化時確認的 使用權資產初步按成 本計量,其中包括租賃 負債的初步金額加於 開始日期或之前作出 的任何租賃付款及任 何已產牛初步直接成 本。倘適用,使用權資 產成本亦包括就拆卸 並移除相關資產或還 原相關資產或其所在 地的估計成本,並將其 貼現至現值(扣除任何 已收租賃優惠)。使用 權資產其後按成本減 累計折舊及減值虧損 列賬。

已付的可退還租賃按金根據香港財務9號列賬,初步強計量。初步確認的公平值調整被視為額外租賃付款及計入使用權資產成本。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.6 Leases (continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. The Group also assess the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicator assets.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.6 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

當和賃節圍或和賃代 價出現租賃合約原未 有規定,且不作為一項 單獨的租賃核算的變更 (「租賃修訂」),租賃 負債亦會重新計量。在 這種情況下,和賃負債 乃基於經修正的租賃 付款及租期採用於修 訂日期生效的經修正 貼現率進行重新計量。 僅有的例外為由於新 型冠狀病毒疫情的直 接後果所導致且滿足 香港財務報告準則第 16號第46B段所載列 的條件的任何租金減 免。在有關情況下,本 集團利用香港財務報 告準則第16號第46A 段所載列的實際權宜 之計並確認代價的變 動,猶如其並非租約修 計。

在重新計量租賃時,相應調整反映於使用權資產或損益(倘使用權資產已調減至零)。

(ii) 本集團作為出租人

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.6 Leases (continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (continued)

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

When the lease is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

(ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.7 其他無形資產

個別收購的無形資產-品牌 名稱及其他

品牌名稱及其他無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損列賬。攤銷按直線法於估計使用年期10年內計算。當無形資產可供使用時,開始作出攤銷。

4.8 存貨

4.9 金融工具之確認及終止確認

金融資產及金融負債於本集團實體成為該工具合約 條文之訂約方時,在綜合財 務狀況表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量。收購價或資產及金融負債或資產及金融負債犯事債的。 接應佔之交易成本於初來。 確認時加入金融資產公平值或從金融負債公平值扣除 (倘適用)。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.7 Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately – brand names and other

Brand names and other intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years. Amortisation commences when the intangible assets are available for use.

4.8 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. Cost represents the invoiced cost of inventories which include all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.9 Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.9 金融工具之確認及終止確認(續)

僅當自資產收取現金流量 之合約權利屆滿時,或本集 團將金融資產及資產擁有 權絕大部分風險及回報轉 讓予另一實體時,本集團方 會終止確認金融資產。倘本 集團並未轉讓亦未保留所 有權的絕大部分風險及回 報,並繼續控制已轉讓資 產,本集團確認其於資產的 保留權益及可能需支付的 相關負債。倘本集團保留已 轉讓金融資產所有權的絕 大部分風險及回報,則本集 團繼續確認該金融資產並 確認已收所取款項為有抵 押借款。

本集團僅於其責任已獲解除、註銷或屆滿時方會終止確認金融負債。終止確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價的差額(包括任何非現金資產轉讓或所。 擔的債項)於損益內確認。

4.10 金融資產

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

4.10 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. The classification is determined by both the entity's business model for managing the financial asset, and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.10 金融資產(續)

股本投資

權益證券投資分類為以公 平值計入損益,除非該股本 投資不是持作買賣用途,並 日本集團於初次確認投資 時選擇指定將投資以公平 值計入其他全面收益(不可 轉回)計量,此後公平值之 變動則於其他全面收益中 確認。該等選擇以個別工具 的基礎上作出,但該投資需 符合發行人對權益之定義, 方可作出該選擇。倘已作出 選擇,於其他全面收益中所 累計之金額便保留於「以公 平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產」中,直至出售該 投資為止。於出售時,該公 平值儲備(不可轉回)中之 累計金額將轉撥至保留溢 利/累計虧損,而不會轉回 計入損益。權益證券投資之 股息,不論分類為以公平值 計入損益,或以公平值計入 其他全面收益(不可轉回), 均於損益中確認為其他收 入。

4.11 貿易及其他應收賬款

應收賬款於本集團有無條件權利收取代價時方會確認。在該代價到期應付前,收取代價的權利僅隨時間推移即會成為無條件。倘收入於本集團有無條件權利收取代價前已經確認,則有關金額呈列為合約資產。

應 收 賬 款 按 攤 銷 成 本 採 用 實 際 利 率 法 減 信 貸 虧 損 撥 備列 賬。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.10 Financial assets (continued)

Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the "financial assets at FVTOCI reserve" until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings/accumulated losses. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

4.11 Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.12 現金及現金等價物

4.13 持作出售非流動資產

倘非流動資產或出售組別 之賬面值將會主要通過銷 售交易,而非通過持續使用 而收回,則會分類為持作出 售。此條件僅於出售可能性 極高及資產或出售組別可 按其現時狀況即時出售,方 告達成。本集團須進行有關 出售,而出售預期應可於分 類日期計起一年內合資格 確認為已完成出售。初始分 類至持作出售的減值虧損, 以及其後重新計量的收益 或虧損均確認至損益賬。超 過任何累計減值虧損的收 益均不予確認。

分類為持作出售的非流動 資產或出售組別按資產或 出售組別原賬面值及公平 值減出售成本較低者計量。

分類為持作出售的物業、廠 房及設備乃不予折舊。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flow.

4.13 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets or disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. The Group must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the asset's or disposal group's previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Property, plant and equipment once classified as held for sale are not depreciated.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.14 金融負債及權益工具

4.15 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生之交易成本確認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

除非本集團有無條件權利延遲償還負債直至報告期後最少12個月,否則借款應分類為流動負債。

4.16 財務擔保合同

在擔保簽訂的同時,財務擔保合同確認為金融負債。該 負債按公平值初步計量,其 後按以下兩者最高者計量:

- 一 按香港財務報告準則 第9號預期信貸虧損模 式確定的金額;及
- 一 初步確認的金額減去 (如適用)按香港財務 報告準則第15號準則 確認的累計收入。

財務擔保的公平值由基於債務工具下的合約支付金額與無需保證的支付金額之差額,或與作為承擔責任付給第三方的預計金額任付的現金流量差異的現值決定。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.14 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

4.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

4.16 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the ECL model under HKFRS 9 and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.17 可轉換貸款

賦予持有人權利按固定兌 換價將貸款轉換為固定數 目之股本工具之可轉換貸 款,被視為由負債及權益部 分組成之複合工具。於發 行日期,負債部分之公允價 值乃按當時適用於類似非 可換股債項之市場利率估 計。發行可轉換貸款之所得 款項與分配予負債部分之 公允價值兩者間之差額為 持有人轉換貸款為本集團 權益之嵌入式期權,其作為 「可轉換貸款儲備」計入權 益。負債部分使用實際利率 法按攤銷成本入賬列作負 債。權益部分將保留在權益 內直至兌換或贖回債券為 11- 0

當貸款轉換時,可轉換債券的權益部分及轉換時負債部分的賬面價值轉移至股本中,作為已發行股份的對價。

交易成本根據可轉換貸款 之負債及權益部分各自於 發行日期之賬面值於負債 及權益部分之間按比例分 配。與權益部分有關之份額 直接在權益中扣除。

4.18 貿易及其他應付賬款

貿易及其他應付賬款初步 按公平值確認,其後則採用 實際利率法按攤銷成本列 賬,如貼現影響並不重大, 則以成本列賬。

4.19 權益工具

本公司發行之權益工具乃 按收取之所得款項扣除直 接發行成本入賬。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.17 Convertible loans

Convertible loans which entitle the holder to convert the loans into a fixed number of equity instruments at a fixed conversion price are regarded as compound instruments consisting of a liability and an equity component. At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible debt. The difference between the proceeds of issue of the convertible loans and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded option for the holder to convert the loans into equity of the Group, is included in equity as "convertible loans reserve". The liability component is carried at a liability at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component will remain in equity until conversion or redemption of the bond.

When the loan is converted, the equity component of convertible bond and the carrying value of the liability component at the time of conversion are transferred to share capital as consideration for the shares issued.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible loans based on their relative carrying amounts at the date of issue. The portion related to the equity component is charged directly to equity.

4.18 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

4.19 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.20 收益及其他收入

收益於產品或服務的控制權轉移至客戶時確認,金額為本集團預期將有權收改為 不包括代價,且不包括代代。第三方收取的有關金額。收益不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅,且乃經扣減任何貿易折扣。

銷售商品收益乃於商品控 制權轉讓時確認,即客戶於 零售店採購商品的時間點。 交易價格於客戶購買商品 時即時到期支付。根據本集 團的標準合約條款,客戶有 權在30日內退回所售之產 品。銷售時,退款負債及收 益的相應調整就預期退回 之產品予以確認。同時,本 集團有權於客戶行使退回 權時收回產品,因而確認為 擁有被退回產品資產的權 利,並相應調整銷售成本。 本集團利用其累積的過往 經驗,使用預期價值法估計 組合層面的退回次數。有鑑 於往年穩定的退回水平,本 集團認為不大可能發生已 確認累計收入的重大撥回。

婚禮籌辦服務所得收益於 提供服務時確認。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.20 Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of merchandise is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being at the point the customer purchases the merchandise at the retail shops. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the merchandise. Under the Group's standard contract terms, customers have a right of return within 30 days. At the point of sale, a refund liability and a corresponding adjustment to revenue is recognised for those products expected to be returned. At the same time, the Group has a right to recover the product when customers exercise their right of return so consequently recognises a right to returned goods asset and a corresponding adjustment to cost of sales. The Group uses its accumulated historical experience to estimate the number of returns on a portfolio level using the expected value method. It is considered highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognised will not occur given the consistent level of returns over previous years.

Revenue from the wedding planning services is recognised when the service is provided.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.20 收益及其他收入(續)

當貨物的控制權已經轉移,即當產品交付給批發商時,商品批發的收入即被確認。

股息收入於確立股東收取付款之權利時確認。

經營租賃的應收租金收入 在租賃期所涵蓋的期間內, 以等額分期方式在損益確 認,但如有其他基準能更清 楚地反映使用租賃資產所 產生的收益模式則除外。

4.21 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員可享有之病假及 產假於正式休假前不 予確認。

(ii) 退休金責任

於中華人民共和國之門中國」)註冊成當即政府為本集團之之退休計劃作出之時國於產生時在損益內扣除。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.20 Revenue and other income (continued)

Revenue from the wholesale of merchandise is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset.

4.21 Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

Subsidiaries incorporated in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") participate in the retirement schemes operated by the local authorities for the Group's employees in the PRC. Contributions to these schemes are charged to profit or loss when incurred.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.21 僱員福利 (續)

(iii) 長期服務金負債

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.21 Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Long service payment liabilities

The Group's net liability in respect of long service amounts payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods. The long service payment liabilities are the present value of long service payment obligation less the entitlements accrued under the Group's defined contribution retirement scheme that is attributable to contributions made by the Group.

The long service payment obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the long service payment obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension obligation. If there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on government bonds are used.

Remeasurements of the net long service payment liability which include actuarial gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Service costs and interest on the net long service payment liability are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Interest on the net long service payment liability is determined by multiplying the net long service payment liability by the discount rate used to measure long service payment obligation at the start of the annual reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net long service payment liability during the period as a result of benefit payments.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.22 股份支付

支付予顧問的股本結算股份乃按已提供服務之公中值或按所授出權益工具之公平值(倘所提供服務)計量。公平值於本集團接受服務之日期計量並確認為開表。

當已歸屬購股權失效時,先 前確認的於「股份支付儲備」 確認的金額將轉撥至「保留 溢利/累計虧損」。

4.23 借款成本

所 有 借 款 成 本 均 在 產 生 之 期 間 於 損 益 內 確 認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.22 Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants. Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or, if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

When the vested share options are lapsed, the amount previously recognised in "share-based payment reserve" will be transferred to "retained profits/accumulated losses".

4.23 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.24 政府補助

當能合理確定本集團將遵守補助的附帶條件並將收 到政府的補助金時,則補助 會予以確認。

與收入相關的政府補助將 遞延並於損益內根據與獲 補償之成本作相對性的期 間確認。

作為已承擔開支或虧損的補償或向本集團提供即時財務援助而可收取(並無日後相關成本)的政府補助,乃於其成為可收取的期間於損益內確認。

4.25 稅項

所得稅指即期稅項及遞延 稅項之總和。

遞 延 稅 項 乃 指 在 綜 合 財 務 報表內資產及負債之賬面 值與計算應課稅溢利採用 之相應稅基之差額。遞延稅 項負債一般按所有應課稅 暫時差額確認入賬,而遞延 稅項資產則會在預期應課 稅溢利可供作抵銷可予扣 減暫時差額、未動用稅項虧 損或未動用稅項抵免時確 認入賬。倘暫時差額乃因商 譽或首次確認一項既不影 響應課稅溢利亦不影響會 計溢利之交易(業務合併除 外)中之其他資產及負債而 產生,則不會確認有關資產 及負債。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.24 Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

4.25 Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.25 稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資而產生之應課 稅暫時差額確認入賬,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額的 來集團可控制暫時差額將 撥回,並預期該暫時差額將 不會在可見將來撥回者除 外。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃 於各報告期末進行檢討,並 於預期將不可能有充裕之 應課稅溢利以抵銷所有或 部分資產時調減。

遞延稅項資產及負債之計量反映於報告期末本集團預期收回及結付其資產及負債賬面值之方式所產生之稅務影響。

就本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債的租賃交易計量遞延稅項而言,本產團首先釐定使用權資產或租賃負債是否應佔稅項扣減。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.25 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.25 稅項(續)

當可合法執行權利許可將即期稅項資產與即期稅項資產與即期稅稅關徵收之所得稅稅關徵收之所得稅有關且本集團擬按淨額基準負算其即期稅項資產及負債時,則遞延稅項資產及負債可互相對銷。

4.26 非金融資產減值

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位估計未來現金流量之現值。現值按反映貨幣時間值及資產/現金產生單位(已計量減值)之特有風險之稅前貼現率計算。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.25 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

4.26 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense in profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the CGU.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/CGU. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/CGU whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for CGUs are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the CGU. An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. In respect of other assets, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值

本集團就應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於每個報告日期更新,以反映初始確認以來各相關金融工具的信貸風險的變化。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on trade receivables. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

評估金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認以來是否顯著 增加時,本集團將金融工具 在報告日期的違約風險同 其初始確認時的違約風險 進行比較。在進行評估時, 本集團考慮了所有合理可 取的定量和定性資訊,包括 無須付出過多成本或努力 而可獲取的過往經驗及前 瞻性資料。所考慮的前瞻性 資料包括獲取自經濟專家 報告、金融分析師、政府機 構、相關智庫及其他類似機 構的本集團債務人經營所 在行業的未來前景,以及與 本集團核心業務相關的實 際及預測經濟資訊的各種 外部來源。

在評估信貸風險自初始確 認以來是否已顯著增加時, 會特別考慮以下資料:

- 一 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部信用評級發生實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 就某一特定金融工具 而言,外部市場信貸風 險指標顯著惡化;
- 現存或預測的商業、財務或經濟狀況的不利變化預計將會導致債務人履行債務的能力大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績發生 實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的信貸風險顯著增加;

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;

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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

債務人所處的監管、經濟或技術環境中實際或預期發生的重大不利變化導致債務人履行債務能力大幅下降。

不論上述評估的結果如何,除非本集團有合理且具有理據的資料,本集團認定若自合約付款逾期超過30天,則金融資產的信貸風險自初始確認以來已大幅增加。

- (i) 金融工具具有低違約 風險;
- (ii) 債務人具有良好能力 履行其近期的合約現 金流責任;及
- (iii) 經濟及商業環境的長期不利變化有可能但未必會降低借款人履行其合約現金流責任的能力。

本集團認為,倘按照國際通用定義,金融資產的外部信貸評級為「投資級別」,則金融資產的信貸風險為低。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

 an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default,
- (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and
- iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition.

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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

本集團定期監控用於識別信貸風險是否明顯增加的資訊的有效性,並進行必要修訂以確保該等條件能夠在相關金額逾期前識別出信貸風險的明顯增加。

違約的定義

本集團認為以下事項構成 內部信貸風險管理違約事件,此乃由於過往經驗顯示 符合以下任何一項標準的 應收賬款通常無法收回。

- 交易對方違反財務契 諾時;或
- 內部建立或自外部來 源取得的資料顯示,債 務人不大可能悉數支 付款項予債權人(包括 本集團)(並未考慮本 集團所持有的任何抵 押品)。

不論上文的分析為何,本集團認為,倘金融資產逾期超過90天,則已發生違約約 時,除非本集團具有證的更寬鬆的違約標準更為合 適的合理可靠資料,則作別論。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值(續)

已發生信貸減值的金融資 產

當對金融資產預期未來現金流量具有不利影響的一項或多項事件發生時,該會產成為已發生信貸減值的金融資產。金融資產已發生信貸減值的證據包括下列可觀察資料:

- 一 發行人或交易對方出 現嚴重財務困難;
- 違反合約,如發生違約 或逾期事件等;
- 交易對方的貸款人出 於經濟或合約等方面 原因的考慮,對發生財 務困難的交易對方作 出讓步(而在其他情況 下貸款人不會作此讓 步);
- 一 交易對方很可能破產 或進行其他財務重組; 或
- 因財務困難導致該金融資產的活躍市場消失。

撇銷政策

. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

主要會計政策(續)

4.27 金融資產減值(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量與確

本集團按相當於整個存續 期預期信貸虧損之金額(用 撥備矩陣計算)計量應收貿 易賬款虧損撥備。評估違約 概率及違約損失率乃依據 過往數據,並按上述的前瞻 性資料調整。而金融資產的 違約風險則由資產於報告 日期的賬面總值代表;就財 務擔保合約而言,風險包括 於報告日期提取的金額連 同任何基於歷史趨勢、本集 團對債務人特定未來融資 需求的理解以及其他相關 前瞻性資料釐定的預計將 於未來違約日期前提取的 額外金額。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸 虧損根據合約應付本集團 的所有合約現金流量與本 集團預期將收取的所有現 金流量之間的差額估計,並 按原定實際利率貼現。

倘本集團於上個報告期間 以相等於整個存續期預期 信貸虧損的金額計量金融 工具的虧損撥備,但於當前 報告日期釐定整個存續期 預期信貸虧損的條件不再 符合,則本集團會於當前報 告日期按相等於十二個月 預期信貸虧損的金額計量 虧損撥備,惟使用簡化方法 的資產除外。

本集團於損益中確認就所 有金融工具的減值收益或 損失,並涌過虧損撥備賬相 應調整該等工具之賬面值。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial quarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.28 撥備及或然負債

所 有 撥 備 均 於 各 報 告 期 末 經 審 閱 並 予 調 整 以 反 映 現 時 最 佳 估 計。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.28 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.



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4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.29 分部報告

本集團已劃分以下可報告分部:

- 批發及零售美容、健康 及生活時尚產品
- 批發技術產品

每一營運分部是分開管理 的,因每一產品及服務需用 不同的資源及市場策略。

本集團就報告分部業績採用香港財務報告準則第8號之量度政策與根據香港財務報告準則編製的財務報表相同。

並 無 不 對 稱 的 分 配 應 用 在 可 報 告 分 部 中。

4.30 關連方

就本綜合財務報表而言,一 方被視為與本集團有關,倘 若:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該 人近親的關係密切的 成員,如果該人:
 - (i) 具有控制或共同 控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大 影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集 團母公司的主要 管理人員的成員。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.29 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the executive directors are determined following the Group's major product and service lines.

The Group has identified the following reportable segments:

- Wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products
- Wholesaling of technology products

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches.

The measurement policies the Group used for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs.

No asymmetrical allocations have been applied to reportable segments.

4.30 Related parties

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.30 關連方(續)

- (b) 若符合下列任何一項 條件,當時方是一個實 體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團 為同一集團成員。
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一 實體的聯營或另 營企業(或另團 體所屬的集團成 員的聯營或 企業)。
 - (iii) 實體雙方為同一 第三者的合營企 業。
 - (iv) 一個實體是第三 實體的合營企業,而另一實體 是第三實體的 營企業。
 - (v) 該實體為以本集 團或與本集團 關連之任何實體 之僱員為受益則 之離職福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體為上述(a) 所界定之人士所 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)中確定的人 士對實體有重定的重體 影響或為實體之可 公司)主要 員的 其中 或
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬 集團之何年集團之 公司傳國母公 本集要管理人 服務。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.30 Related parties (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group.
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. 主要會計政策(續)

4.30 關連方(續)

個人的關係密切的家庭成員是指在與實體進行交易時可能影響該人,或受到該 人影響的家庭成員。

4.31 報告期後事項

為本集團於報告期末狀況 提供額外資料之報告期後 事項均屬於調整事項,並 綜合財務報表內反映。並非 調整事項之報告期後事項 如屬重大,則於綜合財務報 表附註中披露。

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

5.1 應用會計政策之關鍵判斷

於應用會計政策過程中,董事已作出以下對綜合財務報表中所確認金額具有重大影響的判斷(在下文處理涉及估計的判斷除外)。

(i) 持續經營基準

此等綜合財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製, 其有效性於綜合財務 報表附註2說明。

(ii) 釐定租賃年期

於集權集選計使的況進關的開始團和評別,行貨估能本經事條大選所,行資實理的生權相優裝本經事條及內理,行資產權相優裝本經事條及團營,續中行因情已相運

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.30 Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

4.31 Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

5.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(i) Going concern basis

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Determining the lease term

In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

5.1 應用會計政策之關鍵判斷

(ii) 釐定租賃年期(續)

當出現本集團可控制範圍內的重大事件或重大變動,則重新評估租賃年期。於本財務年度,並無重新評估租賃年期。

(iii) 對本集團的技術產品 貿易(作為委託人)的 判斷

本集團管理層在確定 本集團是否作為本集 團技術產品貿易的委 託人或代理人時,作出 了重要的判斷。

考術前里(i) 轉角行為 (ii) 等層 (ii) 專案所有 (ii) 專案所有 (ii) 等類 (iii) 等數 (iii) 等數

本集團確認收入的毛額,其預期有權作為交換該等貨物的代價。

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

5.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Determining the lease term (continued)

Generally, periods covered by an extension option in other properties leases have not been included in the lease liability because the Group could replace the assets without significant cost or business disruption. See note 18 for further information.

The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. During the current financial year, no lease term has been reassessed.

(iii) Judgement of the Group's trading of technology products as a principal

Significant judgement is made by the management of the Group in determining whether the Group is acting as principal or agent in the Group's trading of technology products.

Considering that (i) the Group controls the technology products before it is transferred to the customer, the Group has primary responsibility for fulfilling the promise to provide the technology products including responsibility for the acceptability of the technology products; (ii) the Group bears the inventory risk; and (iii) the Group has the discretion to establish the price of the technology products, the management of the Group has assessed that the Group acts as principal.

The Group recognises revenue in the gross amount of the consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods transferred.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

5.2 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源

很大可能導致下一個財政 年度資產及負債賬面值值 作出重大調整之未在主要 假設及於報告期末估計來 明朗因素之其他主要來 於下文討論。

(i) 物業、廠房及設備以及 使用權資產減值

物業、廠房及設備以 及使用權資產按成本 減累計折舊及減值虧 損(如有)列賬。於釐 定資產是否減值時, 本集團必須行使判斷 及作出估計,特別是評 估:(i)有否發生可影響 資產價值的事件或跡 象; (ii)資產的賬面值 能否以可收回金額(若 為使用價值,根據持 續使用資產估計的日 後現金流量淨現值)支 持;及(iii)估計可收回 金額(包括現金流量預 測)、滴當貼現率及市 場可比較資料以及加 權因素所採用的適當 主要假設。當不太可能 估計個別資產(包括使 用權資產)的可收回金 額時,本集團估計資產 歸屬的現金產生單位 的可收回金額。假設及 估計(包括現金流量預 測的貼現率或增長率) 變動可對減值測試所 用淨現值構成重大影 響。

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

5.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(i) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections, an appropriate discount rate, market comparable and weighting factor. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

Further, the cash flows projections, growth rate and discount rate are subject to greater uncertainties in the current year due to uncertainty on how the COVID-19 pandemic may progress and evolve and volatility in financial markets, including potential disruptions in the Group's retail operation.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

5.2 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

(i) 物業、廠房及設備以及 使用權資產減值(續)

(ii) 貿易及其他應收賬款 的減值

本集團管理層根據貿 易及其他應收賬款的 信貸風險,估計貿易及 其他應收賬款的預期 信貸虧損的減值虧損 金額。根據預期信貸虧 損模式計算的減值虧 損金額,乃按根據合約 應付本集團的所有合 約現金流量與本集團 預期收取的所有現金 流量之間的差額(按初 始確認時釐定的實際 利 率 貼 現)計量。如未 來現金流量低於預期, 或因事實及情況變化 而下調,則可能出現重 大減值虧損。

有關預期信貸虧損及本集團的貿易及其他應收賬款的資料乃披露於附註6.3。

於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,貿易及其 他應收賬款的賬面 值分別為4,082,000 港 元(扣 除 預 計 信 貸 虧損撥備2,500,000 港元)(二零二零年: 7,465,000港元(扣除 預期信貸虧損撥備零 港元))及20,349,000 港元(扣除預期信貸 虧損撥備10,074,000 港元)(二零二零年: 14,105,000港元(扣 除預期信貸虧損撥備 零港元))。

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

5.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(i) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (continued)

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2021 were HK\$2,254,000 (2020: HK\$115,488,000) and HK\$13,673,000 (2020: HK\$151,746,000) respectively.

(ii) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on trade and other receivables based on the credit risk of trade and other receivables. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

The information about the ECL and the Group's trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 6.3.

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of trade receivables and other receivables are HK\$4,082,000 (net of allowance for expected credit losses of HK\$2,500,000) (2020: HK\$7,465,000 (net of allowance for expected credit losses of HK\$Nil)) and HK\$20,349,000 (net of allowance for expected credit losses of HK\$10,074,000) (2020: HK\$14,105,000 (net of allowance for expected credit losses of HK\$Nil)) respectively.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

5.2 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)

(iii) 所得稅

本集團須繳納若干司 法權區之所得稅。釐定 所得稅撥備時須作出 重大估計。於日常業 務過程中,本集團不 少交易及計算之最終 稅項釐定並不明確。 倘有關事宜之最終稅 務結果與初步記錄之 金額有所不同,則該等 差額將對作出釐定期 間之即期稅項及遞延 稅項撥備構成影響。年 內,所得稅4,000,000 港元(二零二零年: 689,000港元)計入損 益。

(iv) 滯銷存貨撥備

滯銷存貨機備及。響情人類,不可能與關係。實力,不可能與一個,不可能可能。

於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,滯銷存貨 撥備為34,628,000 港元(二零二零年: 13,628,000港元)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

5.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(iii) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. During the year, income tax of HK\$4,000,000 (2020: HK\$689,000) was credited to profit or loss.

(iv) Allowance for slow-moving inventories

Allowance for slow-moving inventories is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates after taking into consideration of the recent market condition under the impact of COVID-19. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

As at 31 December 2021, allowance for slow-moving inventories amounted to HK\$34,628,000 (2020: HK\$13,628,000).



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6. 財務風險管理

本集團之業務承受各種財務風險:外幣風險、價格風險、信質風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃針對金融市場之不可預測性,務求將對本集團之財務表現產生之潛在不利影響減至最低。

6.1 外幣風險

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

6.1 Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities except for bank balances denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") that result in certain foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At 31 December 2021, if the HKD had weakened or strengthened 5 per cent against the RMB with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year and the equity would have been HK\$36,000 lower or higher (2020: HK\$43,000), arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on bank deposits denominated in RMB.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.2 價格風險

本集團主要因其於股本證券之投資而承受股權價格 風險。本集團之股權價格風險主要集中於聯交所掛牌 之上市股本證券價格。

下文敏感度分析乃根據報告期末之股權價格風險而 釐定。

倘股權價格增加或減少10% (二零年:10%), 則截至二零年一年之其,000 港一日止年度之其分,106,000 港元(二零二等年,減少7,106,000 港元(二零二等年或此为1,495,000港元),此他至 1,495,000港元),此他至 收益之金融資產之公平值 數動。

6.3 信貸風險

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.2 Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in equity securities. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted on the Stock Exchange.

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 10% (2020: 10%) higher or lower, other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2021 would decrease by HK\$7,106,000 or increase by HK\$7,106,000 (2020: decrease by HK\$1,495,000 or increase by HK\$1,495,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

6.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.3 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款

各業務單元在本集團既有 關於客戶信貸風險管理的 既定政策、程序及控制規限 下,管理客戶信貸風險。對 要求超過一定信貸金額的 所有客戶進行個別信貸評 估。該等評估乃針對客戶到 期還款之過往記錄及目前 之還款能力,並計及客戶之 特有資料及考慮客戶經營 所在地之經濟環境。應收貿 易賬款由開票日期起計120 日(二零二零年:150日)內 到期。帶有逾期12個月未償 還款項之債務人於獲授任 何額外借貸前,須清償所有 未償還款項。本集團一般不 會向客戶收取抵押品。

本集團按相當於整個存續 期預期信貸虧損之金額(用 撥備矩陣計算)計量應收貿 易賬款虧損撥備。

下表提供了有關本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的信貸風險敞口及貿易應收賬款的預期信貸虧損:

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.3 Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 120 days (2020: 150 days) from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 12 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at 31 December 2021:

		二零二一年		
			2021	
		預期虧損率	賬面總額	虧損撥備
		Expected	Gross carrying	Loss
		loss rate	amount	allowance
		%	千港元	千港元
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
即期(未逾期)	Current (not past due)	0%	_	_
逾期1至30日	1-30 days past due	0%	381	_
逾期31至60日	31-60 days past due	0%	595	_
逾期61至90日	61-90 days past due	0%	61	_
逾期超過90日	More than 90 days past due	45.1%	5,545	2,500
			6,582	2,500

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.3 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款(續)

於 二 零 二 零 年 十 二 月 三十一日概無就貿易應收 賬款計提任何預期信貸虧 捐。

預期虧損率乃基於過往2年的實際虧損經驗。該等比率已予調整以反映已換點以反映已數據期間內的經濟狀況以當前狀況及本集團對應與實數的預期年期內的經濟狀況的意見之間的差異。

由於新型冠狀病毒疫情觸發更大的財務不確定性,本集團於本年度提高了預期虧損率,原因是疫情漫長可能導致信貸違約率提高的較高風險。

有關年內貿易應收賬款的 虧損撥備賬變動如下:

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.3 Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

No ECL was provided for trade receivables as at 31 December 2020.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 2 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Due to greater financial uncertainty triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has increased the expected loss rates in the current year as there is higher risk that a prolonged pandemic could lead to an increase in credit default rates.

Movements in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables during the year are as follows:

	二零二一年	二零二零年
	2021	2020
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日 At 1 January	_	_
年內確認的減值虧損 Impairment losses recognised for the		
year	2,500	_
於十二月三十一日 At 31 December	2,500	_

其他應收賬款

Other receivables

All of the Group's other receivables are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the year was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses, except for the credit-impaired other receivables of HK\$10,074,000 that were not expected to be recovered were provided. These other receivables are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.3 信貸風險(續)

其他應收賬款(續)

年內其他應收賬款的虧損 撥備變動如下:

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.3 Credit risk (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

Movement in the loss allowance for other receivables during the year is as follows:

	二零二一年	二零二零年
	2021	2020
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日 At 1 January	_	_
年內確認的減值虧損 Impairment losses recognised for the		
year	10,074	
於十二月三十一日 At 31 December	10,074	_

按攤銷成本計量的金融資 產

6.4 流動資金風險

Financial assets at amortised cost

All of the Group's investments at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses. Management considers 'low credit risk' for listed debt securities to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency. Other instruments are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

6.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade and other payables and its financing obligations, and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.4 流動資金風險(續)

本集團根據合約未貼現現金流量之金融負債之到期 分析如下:

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

		少於一年或 按要求 L ess than	一年至兩年 期間	兩年至五年 期間	五年以上
		1 year or	Between	Between	
		on demand	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021				
貿易及其他應付賬款 銀行借款(附註a)	Trade and other payables	141,118	_	_	-
銀行借款(附註a)	Bank borrowings (note a)	162,513	_	-	-
其他借款	Other borrowings	11,785	19,475	11,200	-
應付前關聯方款項	Amount due to former related	25 400			
租賃負債	parties Lease liabilities	35,490 22,629	7,017	_	_
	Loado Habilitio		.,		
		373,535	26,492	11,200	
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020				
貿易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	172,420	210	_	_
銀行借款(附註a)	Bank borrowings (note a)	400,380	_	_	_
貿易融資貸款	Trade finance loans	39,047	-	-	-
其他借款	Other borrowings	8,281	-	-	-
應付關聯方款項 (經重列)	Amount due to related parties	35,604			
租賃負債	(restated) Lease liabilities	119,726	45,811	44.027	_
四只只只	Lease napinties	119,720	40,011	44,021	
		775,458	46,021	44,027	

附註(a):

有即期還款條款的銀行貸款於上述到期分析中計入「少於一年或按要求」時段。於二等。於二時段。於二時段。於二時段。於二時段。於三時段。於三時段。於三等銀行貸款的未貼現本金總額為162,513,000港元(二零二等年:400,380,000港元),詳情載列於下表。

到期分析—基於還款計劃有即期還款條款的銀行貸款

Note (a):

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "Less than 1 year or on demand" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these bank loans amounted to HK\$162,513,000 (2020: HK\$400,380,000), details of which are set out in the table below:

Maturity analysis – Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments

		Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 1 year but within 5 years 1至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total undiscounted amount 未貼現總額 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	166,088	-	-	166,088	162,513
31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	55,482	370,147	-	425,629	400,380

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截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 財務風險管理(續)

6.5 利率風險

本集團所面對之利率風險主要來自其銀行存款、銀行借款及貿易融資貸款。該等存款及借款所附帶之利息按浮動利率計算,浮動利率會隨著當時市況而變動。

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

6.5 Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk mainly arises from its bank deposits, bank borrowings and trade finance loans. These deposits and borrowings bear interests at variable rates that vary with the then prevailing market condition.

At 31 December 2021, if interest rates at that date had been 100 basis points lower or higher with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year and the equity would have been HK\$1,326,000 lower or higher (2020: HK\$424,000), arising mainly as a result of lower or higher net interest expense on interest-bearing cash at banks, bank borrowings and trade finance loans.

6.6 金融工具類別

6.6 Categories of financial instruments

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
金融資產: 以攤銷成本計量的 金融資產	Financial assets: Financial assets measured at amortised cost	71,118	80,545
以公平值計入其他 全面收益之	Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:		
金融資產: 股本工具	Equity instruments	71,172	74,736
金融負債: 以攤銷成本計量的 金融負債	Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost	374,096	657,055

6.7 公平值

6.7 Fair values

本集團於綜合財務狀況表 內反映之金融資產及金融 負債之賬面值與其各自之 公平值相若。 The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

7. 公平值計量

第1級輸入 本集團可在計量日取 數據: 得之相同資產或負債

在活躍市場之報價(未經課款)。

經調整)。

第2級輸入 除第1級報價以外,基 數據: 於可直接或間接觀察

取得之資產或負債輸入數據,且並無使用重大不可觀察的輸入數

據。

第3級輸入 資產或負債之無法觀

數據: 察輸入數據。

本集團之政策為於轉撥事件或導 致轉撥情況發生變化當日,確認 轉入及轉出三個級別。

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels are defined based on the observability and significance of inputs to the measurements, as follows:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets

for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included

within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and not using significant unobservable

inputs.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

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財務報表附註 (續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

7. 公平值計量(續)

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

7.1 於十二月三十一日按公平 值等級作出之披露: 7.1 Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December:

	,	使用以下等級計量公平值: Fair value measurements using		總計 Total	
NV In		第1級 Level 1 <i>千港元</i>	第3級 Level 3 <i>千港元</i>	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i>	
詳情	Description	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
經常性公平值計量:	Recurring fair value measurements:				
金融資產 以公平值計入其他 全面收益之 金融資產	Financial assets Financial assets at FVTOCI				
上市股本證券	Listed equity securities Unlisted equity securities	71,061 –	- 111	71,061 111	
總計	Total	71,061	111	71,172	
			以下等級 公平 <i>传</i> :	<i>μ</i> (α)	
		可里	公平值: 第3級	總計 二零二零年	
		F	air value		
			urements : Level 3	Total 2020	
		using	. Level 3 千港元	-	
詳情	Description		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
經常性公平值計量:	Recurring fair value measurem	nents:			
金融資產	Financial assets				
以公平值計入其他 全面收益之 金融資產	Financial assets at FVTOCI				
非上市股本證券	Listed equity securities		74,502	74,502	
	Unlisted equity securities		234	234	
總計	Total		74,736	74,736	

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

7. 公平值計量(續)

7.2 按第3級公平值計量之資產 對賬:

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

7.2 Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3:

詳情	Description	以公平值計入 其他全面收融 非上市 Financial assets at FVTOCI unlisted equity securities 千港元 HK\$'000	以公平值計入 其他全面收益資券 上市股本質證券 Financial assets at FVTOCI listed equity securities 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 總計 2021 Total 千港元 <i>HK\$'000</i>
於一月一日 轉出第3級 於其他全面收益確認的 虧損總額(#)	At 1 January Transfer out of level 3 Total losses recognised	234	74,502 (74,502)	74,736 (74,502)
哲 損 總 観 ^(#) 	in other comprehensive income ^(#)	(123)	_	(123)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	111	-	111
(#)包括於報告期末持有 之資產之虧損	(#) Include losses for assets held at end of reporting period	(123)	-	(123)
		以公平值計入 其他全面收益資 非上市收益資證券 Financial assets at FVTOCI unlisted equity securities	以公平值計入 其他全面收益資產 上市股本證券 Financial assets at FVTOCI listed equity	二零二零年 總計 2020
詳情	Description	Securilles 千港元 HK\$'000	securities 千港元 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total 千港元 <i>HK\$'000</i>
於一月一日 購入 於其他全面收益確認的 虧損總額(#)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,091	77,838	77,838 2,091
相)担怨 码(") 	in other comprehensive income ^(#)	(1,857)	(3,336)	(5,193)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	234	74,502	74,736
(#)包括於報告期末持有 之資產之虧損	(#) Include losses for assets held at end of reporting period	(1,857)	(3,336)	(5,193)

^(#) 於其他全面收益確認的 收益或虧損總額呈列於 綜合損益及其他全面收益 表中的其他全面收益 內。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, financial assets at FVTOCI listed equity securities amounting to HK\$74,502,000 were transferred from measurement based on Level 3 to Level 1 as a result of the listed equity securities resumed trading on Stock Exchange on 1 March 2021.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,以公平值計入其他全面收益之金融資產上市股本證券74,502,000港元乃由基於第3級之計量轉撥至第1級,原因是,上市股本證券於二零二一年三月一日於聯交所恢復買賣。

^(#) The total gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income are presented in other comprehensive income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

7. 公平值計量(續)

7.3 本集團於二零二一年十二 月三十一日所用之估值程 序及公平值計量所用之估 值方法及輸入數據披露:

本集團財務總監負責財務 申報所需之資產及負負係公平值計量,包括第3級接直 值計量。財務總監直接計量。 財務總監與董事會匯報該等公平值計量。 財務總監與董事會每序及 場份不 以舉行兩次估值程序及結果 以舉計論。

就第3級公平值計量而言, 本集團通常會委聘具備認可專業資格及近期經驗之 外部估值專家進行估值。

第3級公平值計量所用之關鍵不可觀察輸入數據主要 為缺乏市場流通性之折現。

第3級公平值計量

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

7.3 Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December 2021:

The Group's financial controller is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. The financial controller reports directly to the Board of Directors for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the financial controller and the Board of Directors at least twice a year.

For level 3 fair value measurements, the Group will normally engage external valuation experts with the recognised professional qualifications and recent experience to perform the valuations.

Key unobservable input used in level 3 fair value measurements is mainly discount for lack of marketability.

Level 3 fair value measurements

at th	14. to	ᅮᅲᇷᅌᄿᆡᇓᆄ	AT TO	±4.7 #1.1#1.1#1.1m	Ass 公 ³	i產 sets 平值 value
描述	估值方法	不可觀察輸入數據	範圍	輸入數據增加 對公平值之影響 Effect on fair value for increase of	二零二一年	_零_零年
Description	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range	inputs	2021 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	2020 千港元 HK\$'000
Listed equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI	Index return method	Discount for lack of marketability	2020: 25%– 35%	Decrease	-	74,502
分類為以公平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產上市股本投資	指數回報法	缺乏市場流通性之折現	二零二零年:25%-35%	減少		
Unlisted equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI	Market comparable approach	Enterprise value-to-sales ratio	1.96 – 5.13 (2020: 0.10 – 11.00)	Increase	111	234
分類為以公平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產非上市股本投資	市場法	企業價值與銷售比率	1.96 - 5.13 (二零二零年: 0.10 - 11.00)	增加		
		Discount for lack of marketability	20% – 30% (2020: 15% – 25%)	Decrease		
		缺乏市場流通性之折現	20% - 30% (二零二零年: 15% - 25%)	減少		



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2021

8. 營業額

9.

8. TURNOVER

年內本集團之營業額分析如下:

An analysis of the Group's turnover for the year is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍內的 客戶合約收益 銷售美容、健康及	Revenue from contract with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15		
朝告美谷、健康及 生活時尚產品 銷售技術產品	Sales of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products Sales of technology products	158,493 468,498	538,788
		626,991	538,788
收益確認的時間 於一個時間點轉撥	Timing of revenue recognition Products transferred		
∭ □ □ 吋 间 荊 特 按	at a point in time	626,991	538,788
 其他收入	9. OTHER INCOME		
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
新型冠狀病毒疫情相關租	COVID-19 related rent concessions		
金寬減		465	32,761
已收折扣	Discounts received	32	1,258
展示收入	Display income	469	1,549
出售物業、廠房及	Gain on disposal of property,		
設備之收益	plant and equipment	9,107	1,700
解散附屬公司之	Gain on dissolution of subsidiaries,		0.000
收益淨額 上	net	-	3,289
工一年及乙法年甲系和胖 收益	Gain on settlement of legal claim in prior year	27,424	
·····································	Gain on termination of leases	26,373	14,095
政府補貼(附註)	Government subsidies (note)		32,237
銀行存款利息收入	Interest income on bank deposits	10	181
租金按金之推算	Imputed interest income		
利息收入	on rental deposit	1,961	3,613
租金收入	Rental income	3,473	5,564
雜項收入	Sundry income	5,385	3,960
		74,699	100,207

附註:

Note:

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團就新型冠狀病毒疫情相關補貼確認政府補貼32,237,000港元,其中29,357,000港元及2,880,000港元分別與香港特別行政區政府提供的保就業計劃及零售業資助計劃相關。

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recognised government grants of HK\$32,237,000 in respect of COVID-19 related subsidies, of which HK\$29,357,000 and HK\$2,880,000 related to Employment Support Scheme and Retail Sector Subsidy Scheme provided by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region respectively.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

10. 分類資料

主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」)已確定為本公司的執行董事。截至二零二一年十一五年董 三十一日止年度,執行董過往 下批發技術產品」確認為過往 度確認的「批發及零售美容」 度及生活時尚產品」之外的另一個報告分部。

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM") has been identified as the Company's executive directors. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the executive directors have identified "wholesaling of technology products" as a reporting segment in addition to "wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products" which has been identified in the prior year.

(a) 業務分部

(a) Business segments

	批發及零售 美容、健康及 生活時尚產品 Wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products 千港元 HK\$*000	批發技術產品 Wholesaling of technology products 千港元 <i>HK\$</i> '000	總計 Total 千港元 <i>HK\$*000</i>
For the year ended 31 December 2021 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold	158,493 (113,128)	468,498 (463,903)	626,991 (577,031)
Segment gross profit	45,365	4,595	49,960
As at 31 December 2021			
Other segment information Segment assets Segment liabilities	686,261 (696,256)	12,782 -	699,043 (696,256)
For the year ended 31 December 2020 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold	538,788 (365,693)	- -	538,788 (365,693)
Segment gross profit	173,095	-	173,095
As at 31 December 2020			
Other segment information Segment assets Segment liabilities	1,027,546 (858,998)	-	1,027,546 (858,998)
	31 December 2021 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold Segment gross profit As at 31 December 2021 Other segment information Segment assets Segment liabilities For the year ended 31 December 2020 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold Segment gross profit As at 31 December 2020 Other segment information Segment assets	接容、健康及生活時尚產品 Wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products 干港元 HK\$'000 For the year ended 31 December 2021 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold Segment gross profit As at 31 December 2021 Other segment information Segment assets Segment liabilities For the year ended 31 December 2020 Segment turnover Segment turnover Segment liabilities For the year ended 31 December 2020 Segment turnover Segment cost of goods sold Segment gross profit As at 31 December 2020 Segment gross profit 173,095 As at 31 December 2020 Other segment information Segment assets 1,027,546	接容、健康及生活時尚產品 Wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 For the year ended 31 December 2021 Segment turnover 158,493 468,498 (463,903) Segment gross profit 45,365 4,595 As at 31 December 2021 Other segment information Segment liabilities (696,256) - For the year ended 31 December 2020 Segment turnover 538,788 - Segment turnover 538,788 - Segment cost of goods sold (365,693) - Segment gross profit 173,095 - As at 31 December 2020 Other segment information Segment assets 1,027,546 -

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

10. 分類資料(續)

(b) 分拆來自客戶合約收入

於下表中,收益按收益確認時間(根據香港財務報告準則第15號)分拆。該表亦包括分拆收益與本集團可報告分部的對賬。

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by timing over revenue recognition (under HKFRS 15). The table also includes a reconciliation of the disaggregated revenue with the Group's reportable segments.

		批發及零售 美容、健康及 生活時尚產品 Wholesaling and retailing of beauty,	批發技術產品	總計
		health-care and lifestyle products 千港元 <i>HK\$</i> '000	Wholesaling of technology products 千港元 <i>HK\$</i> '000	Total 千港元 <i>HK\$'000</i>
截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度 -於一個時間點	For the year ended 31 December 2021 - At a point in time	158,493	468,498	626,991
截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度 -於一個時間點	For the year ended 31 December 2020 - At a point in time	538,788	_	538,788

(c) 地區資料:

本集團來自外部客戶之收益 (按經營位置)及其除金融 工具外非流動資產(按資產 位置,金融工具除外)的資 料詳述如下:

(c) Geographical information:

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets (other than financial instruments) by location of assets are detailed below:

		收	益	非流重	 力資產
		Reve	enue	Non-curre	ent assets
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					(經重列)
					(Restated)
香港	Hong Kong	607,427	501,009	15,913	266,865
澳門	Macau	19,395	35,809	10	451
中國內地(香港及澳門	PRC (except Hong Kong and	•			
除外)	Macau)	169	1,970	4	2,231
綜合總計	Consolidated total	626,991	538,788	15,927	269,547



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

10. 分類資料(續)

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(d) 來自主要客戶的收益

(d) Revenue from major customers

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
來自批發技術產品的批發:	Arise from wholesaling of technology products:		
客戶A 客戶B	Customer A Customer B	174,213 94,394	不適用* N/A* 不適用* N/A*

相應收益並未佔本集團 總收益的10%以上。

11. 融資成本

11. FINANCE COSTS

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
租賃負債之利息開支	Interest expense on lease liabilities	9,631	29,013
銀行及其他借款之	Interest expense on bank		
利息開支	and other borrowings	24,073	12,610
可轉換貸款之利息開支	Interest expense on convertible loans		
(附註33)	(note 33)	9,588	_
來自一間關聯公司之	Interest expense on loan from		
貸款之利息開支	a related company	-	187
		43,292	41,810
			41,010

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of total revenue of the Group.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

12. 所得稅抵免

所得稅於損益確認/(抵免)如下:

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

Income tax has been recognised/(credited) in profit or loss as following:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
即期稅項一香港利得稅	Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax		
本年度撥備	Provision for the year	21	844
過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision in prior years	(626)	(913)
		(605)	(69)
即期稅項-海外	Current tax - Overseas		
本年度撥備	Provision for the year	-	_
過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision in prior years	(1,006)	(1,580)
		(1,006)	(1,580)
遞延稅項(附註34)	Deferred tax (note 34)	(2,389)	960
		(4,000)	(689)

香港利得稅按截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之估計應 課稅溢利以稅率16.5%(二零二 零年:16.5%)作出撥備。

根據利得稅兩級制,於香港成立的合資格企業的首2,000,000港元應課稅溢利的利得稅稅率將減至8.25%,而此金額以上的溢利將按16.5%稅率徵稅。

中國企業所得稅以稅率25%(二零二零年:25%)作出撥備。

澳門特別行政區補充稅已按12% (二零二零年:12%)的稅率計 提撥備。

其他地區之應課稅溢利之稅項開 支乃根據本集團現有經營所在地 區之現行稅率並按當地之現行法 例、詮釋及慣例計算。 Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Under the two-tiered profits tax regime, profits tax rate for the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of qualifying corporations established in Hong Kong will be lowered to 8.25%, and profits above that amount will be subject to the tax rate of 16.5%.

PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been provided at a rate of 25% (2020: 25%).

Macau SAR Complementary Tax has been provided at a rate of 12% (2020: 12%).

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

12. 所得稅抵免(續)

所得稅抵免與按香港利得稅稅率 計算之除稅前會計虧損之對賬如 下:

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT (continued)

The reconciliation between the income tax credit and the accounting loss before tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
除稅前虧損	Loss before tax	(220,078)	(259,112)
按香港利得稅稅率16.5%	Tax at the Hong Kong Profits		
計算之稅項	Tax rate of 16.5%	(36,313)	(42,753)
毋須課稅之收入之稅務影	Tax effect of non-taxable income		
響		(1,503)	(5,529)
不可扣稅之開支之稅務影	Tax effect of non-deductible expenses		
響		12,266	8,191
未確認稅項虧損及暫時差	Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses		
異之稅務影響	and temporary differences	23,309	42,232
過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision in prior years	(1,632)	(2,493)
稅務優惠之稅務影響	Tax effect of tax concession	_	(175)
附屬公司不同稅率之影響	Effect of different tax rates		
	of subsidiaries	(127)	(162)
所得稅抵免	Income tax credit	(4,000)	(689)



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

13. 年度虧損

本集團年度虧損已扣除/(計入) 以下各項:

13. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group's loss for the year is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration	4,340	1,206
已售存貨成本(附註)	Cost of inventories sold (note)	577,031	365,693
滯銷存貨撥備(附註)	Allowance for slow-moving		
	inventories (note)	21,000	13,530
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property,		
	plant and equipment	4,841	33,285
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	69,011	160,848
其他無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of other intangible assets	124	260
撇銷物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of property,		
	plant and equipment	527	16,393
其他無形資產的減值虧損	Impairment loss on other		
	intangible assets	1,123	_
物業、廠房及設備的減值	Impairment loss on property,		
虧損	plant and equipment	3,866	26,556
使用權資產減值虧損	Impairment loss on		
	right-of-use assets	13,873	13,475
商譽的減值虧損	Impairment loss on goodwill	-	5,520
出售物業、廠房及設備之	Gain on disposal of property,		
收益	plant and equipment	(9,107)	(1,700)
解散附屬公司之虧損/	Loss/(Gain) on dissolution		
(收益)淨額	of subsidiaries, net	470	(3,289)
撇銷其他無形資產	Write-off of other intangible assets	1,102	_
員工成本,包括董事酬金	Staff costs, including		
	directors' emoluments		
- 工資及薪金	 Wages, salaries and bonus 	94,593	130,317
- 退休福利計劃供款	 Retirement benefits 		
	scheme contributions	3,340	5,271
- 未使用年度休假	 Reversal of provision for 		
撥回撥備	unutilised annual leave	(1,655)	(3,987)
- 長期服務金撥備/	- Provision/(Reversal of provision		
(撥回撥備)	for) long service payments	513	(846)

附註: 已售存貨成本包括滯銷存 貨撥備21,000,000港元(二 零二零年:13,530,000港 元),於上文獨立披露。 Note: Cost of inventories sold includes allowance for slow-moving inventories of HK\$21,000,000 (2020: HK\$13,530,000) which is disclosed separately above.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金

14.1 董事酬金

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)條及香港公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部分披露的董事及主要高行政人員酬金如下:

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

14.1 Directors' emoluments

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

		董事袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	其他福利估計 金額 (附註(a)) Estimated	房屋津貼	退休福利計劃供款	總計
		Directors'		Discretionary	money value of other benefits	Housing	Retirement benefits scheme	
		fees	Salaries	bonuses	(note (a))	allowance	contributions	Total
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	+港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	<i>千港元</i>
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
執行董事	Executive directors							
葉俊亨博士 <i>(附註(b))</i>	Dr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson (note (b))							
(「葉博士」) 鍾佩雲女士 <i>(附註(b))</i>	("Dr. Ip") Ms. Chung Pui Wan (note (b))	-	2,158	-	801	-	94	3,053
(「鍾女士」)	("Ms. Chung")	_	2,158	_	801	_	94	3,053
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	-	2,600	-	_	-	18	2,618
尹熖強先生	Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	-	2,600	-	-	-	18	2,618
關達昌先生 (附註(c))	Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong (note (c))	-	1,119	_	-	_	18	1,137
趙麗娟女士 (附註(d))	Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna							
	(note (d))	-	1,200	-	-	-	18	1,218
		-	11,835	-	1,602		260	13,697
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors							
李冠群先生 <i>(附註(e))</i>	Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan (note (e))	198	-	-	-	-	-	198
甄灼寧先生 (附註例)	Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning							
+n + h + 11 /n//+1 / 11	(note (f))	198	-	-	-	-	-	198
郭志成先生 <i>(附註(g))</i>	Mr. Kwok Chi Shing (note (g))	208	-	-				208
		604	-	-			-	604
二零二一年合計	Total for 2021	604	11,835	-	1,602	-	260	14,301

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金 (續)

14.1董事酬金(續)

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.1 Directors' emoluments (continued)

		董事袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	其他福利估計 金額 (附註(a)) Estimated	房屋津貼	退休福利計劃供款	總計
		Directors'	0.1.1	Discretionary	money value of other benefits	Housing	Retirement benefits scheme	T
		Fees 千港元 HK\$'000	Salaries 千港元 HK\$'000	bonuses 千港元 HK\$'000	(note (a)) <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	allowance 千港元 HK\$'000	contributions <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
執行董事	Executive Directors							
葉俊亨博士 <i>(附註(b))</i>	Dr. Ip Chun Heng, Wilson (note (b))	-	2,713	_	1,520	_	186	4,419
鍾佩雲女士 <i>(附註(b))</i>	Ms. Chung Pui Wan (note (b))	-	2,713	-	1,520	-	186	4,419
葉國利先生 <i>(附註(h))</i>	Mr. Yip Kwok Li (note (h))	-	422	-	-	283	11	716
陳健文先生	Mr. Chen Jianwen	-	2,700	_	-	-	13	2,713
尹熖強先生	Mr. Wan Yim Keung, Daniel	-	2,700	_	_	-	13	2,713
林至頴先生(附註(i))	Mr. Lam Chi Wing (note (i))	-	608	_	_	-	9	617
關達昌先生 <i>(附註(c))</i>	Mr. Kwan Tat Cheong (note (c))	-	478	_	_	-	_	478
趙麗娟女士 <i>(附註(d))</i>	Ms. Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna							
	(note (d))	-	3	-	-	-		3
		-	12,337	-	3,040	283	418	16,078
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors							
黃驰維先生 <i>(附註(j))</i>	Mr. Wong Chi Wai (note (j))	167	-	-	-	-	-	167
周浩明醫生 <i>(附註(k))</i>	Dr. Chow Ho Ming (note (k))	149	-	-	-	-	-	149
勞恒晃先生 <i>(附註例)</i>	Mr. Lo Hang Fong (note (1))	156	-	-	-	-	-	156
李冠群先生 <i>(附註(e))</i>	Mr. Lee Kwun Kwan (note (e))	66	-	-	-	-	-	66
甄灼寧先生 <i>(附註(f))</i>	Mr. Yan Sherman Chuek-ning							
	(note (f))	58	-	-	-	-	-	58
郭志成先生 <i>(附註(g))</i>	Mr. Kwok Chi Shing (note (g))	57	-	-	-	-	-	57
		653	-	-	-	-	-	653
二零二零年合計	Total for 2020	653	12,337	-	3,040	283	418	16,731

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金 (續)

14.1 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (a) 其他福利估計金額包括 已付租金及董事住所開 支。
- (b) 於二零二一年六月 二十九日罷免執行董事。
- (c) 於二零二零年八月七日 獲委任為執行董事及於 二零二一年十二月六日 辭任執行董事。
- (d) 於二零二零年十二月 三十一日獲委任為執行 董事。
- (e) 於二零二零年八月 三十一日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。
- (f) 於二零二零年九月十五 日獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。
- (g) 於二零二零年九月 二十一日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。
- (h) 於二零二零年七月七日 辭任執行董事。
- (i) 於二零二零年七月七日 獲委任為執行董事及 於二零二零年十二月 三十一日辭任。
- (j) 於二零二零年九月 二十一日辭任獨立非執 行董事。
- (k) 於二零二零年八月 三十一日辭任獨立非執 行董事。
- (I) 於二零二零年九月十五 日辭任獨立非執行董事。

年內,並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零二零年:無)。

14.2董事於交易、安排或合約中 之重大權益

截至本年度末或於年內任何時間,本公司並無訂立任何與本集團業務有關且且本 公司董事及關連方之直接 強有重大權益(無論直接或 間接)的重大交易、安排及 合約。

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.1 Directors' emoluments (continued)

Notes:

- Estimated money value of other benefits includes rent paid and directors' quarter expenses.
- (b) Removed as executive directors on 29 June 2021.
- (c) Appointed as an executive director on 7 August 2020 and resigned as an executive director on 6 December 2021.
- (d) Appointed as an executive director on 31 December 2020.
- (e) Appointed as an independent non-executive director on 31 August 2020.
- (f) Appointed as an independent non-executive director on 15 September 2020.
- (g) Appointed as an independent non-executive director on 21 September 2020.
- (h) Resigned as an executive director on 7 July 2020.
- (i) Appointed as an executive director on 7 July 2020 and resigned on 31 December 2020.
- Resigned as an independent non-executive director on 21 September 2020.
- (k) Resigned as an independent non-executive director on 31 August 2020.
- Resigned as an independent non-executive director on 15 September 2020.

None of directors have waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2020: Nil).

14.2 Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

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14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金

14.3 退休金-定額供款計劃

本集團為中國及香港的合資格顧員提供定額供款退 休計劃並為其供款。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.3 Pensions - defined contribution plans

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement plans which are available for eligible employees in the PRC and Hong Kong.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the Group has joined defined contribution retirement schemes for the employees arranged by local government labour and security authorities (the "PRC Retirement Schemes"). The Group makes contributions to the PRC Retirement Schemes at the applicable rates based on the amounts stipulated by the local government organisations. Upon retirement, the local government labour and security authorities are responsible for the payment of the retirement benefits to the retired employees.

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the laws of Hong Kong). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and the employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000.

Employees employed by the Group in Macau SAR are members of government-managed social benefit schemes operated by the Macau SAR government (the "Macau SAR Social Benefit Scheme"). The Macau SAR operation is required to pay a monthly fixed contribution to the social benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the social benefits scheme operated by the Macau SAR government is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the PRC Retirement Scheme, MPF Scheme and Macau SAR Social Benefit Scheme and which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions. There were also no forfeited contributions available at 31 December 2020 and 2021 under the PRC Retirement Scheme and MPF Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in future years.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

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14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金 (續)

14.4五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪 人士中包括四名(二零二零 年:四名)董事,彼等之酬金 詳情載於上文之分析。其餘 一名(二零二零年:一名)人 士之酬金如下:

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.4 Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included four (2020: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining one (2020: one) individual are set out below.

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
基本薪金、津貼及	Basic salaries, allowances and		
實物利益	benefits in kind	2,600	1,164

該等人士之酬金屬於下列範圍:

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

人數 Number of individuals

		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
1,000,001港元- 1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	_	1
2,500,001港元一 3,000,000港元	HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	1	
		1	1

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

14. 董事福利及權益以及僱員酬金

14.5高級管理人員

年內,本集團高級管理人員中包括董事會(其酬金載於上文呈列的分析(附註14.1))及一名(二零二零年:四名)個別人士。該等個別人士之酬金載列如下。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

14.5 Senior management

The senior management of the Group during the year included the board of directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above (note 14.1), and one individual (2020: four individuals). The emoluments of the individuals are set out below.

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
基本薪金、津貼及 實物利益 酌情花紅 退休福利計劃供款	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonuses Retirement benefits scheme contributions	2,600 - -	3,082 59 21
		2,600	3,162

該等人士之酬金屬於下列範圍:

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

人數 Number of individuals

		itaiiiboi oi iiiaitiaaaio	
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
零至1,000,000港元	Nil to HK\$1,000,000	_	3
1,000,001港元一 2,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	_	1
2,500,001港元-	HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000		1
3,000,000港元		1	
		1	4
		•	

年內,本集團並無向任何董事或最高薪人士支付酬金作為吸引彼等加盟或在加盟本集團時之獎勵或離職補償(二零二零年:無)。

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2020: Nil).



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

15. 股息

董 事 不 建 議 派 付 中 期 及 末 期 股 息。

16. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤 薄虧損之計算如下:

15. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of interim and final dividends.

16. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following:

二零二一年	二零二零年
2021	2020
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

虧損 Loss

用以計算每股基本及 攤薄虧損之虧損 Loss for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share

(216,738)

(255,734)

二零二一年 二零二零年 **2021** 2020

股份數目

Number of shares

用以計算每股 基本虧損之 普通股加權平均數 Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per

share

3,461,607,095

3,412,566,000

由於本集團於截至二零二一年及 二零二零年十二月三十薄 年度產生虧損,計入攤薄,內 類每股攤薄虧損時未計為 算每股攤薄虧損時未計 在普通股。於截至二零二一日 度,計算每股股份基本 上 上 時用作分母的 對乃屬相同。

As the Group incurred losses for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the dilutive potential ordinary shares were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominator for calculating the basic and diluted loss per share are the same for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

17. 物業、廠房及設備

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	土地及樓宇	租賃物業裝修	傢俬、裝置 及設備 Furniture.	汽車	總計
	Land and buildings 壬洪元	Leasehold improvements 壬 洪元	fixtures and equipment	Motor vehicles 壬洪元	Total <i>千港元</i>
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost					
At 1 January 2020	703,230	151,810	73,618	9,865	938,523
Additions	-	17,930	254	-	18,184
Disposals	-	-	-	(2,410)	(2,410)
	-	(27,694)	(11,173)	-	(38,867)
9	-	(3)	(3)	-	(6)
(notes 28 and 45)	(536,071)	(24,789)	_	_	(560,860)
At 31 December 2020 (Restated)					
	167,159	117,254	62,696	7,455	354,564
Disposals	(164,860)	-	-	-	(164,860)
Written off	_	(26,956)	(1,254)	(487)	(28,697)
At 31 December 2021	2,299	90,298	61,442	6,968	161,007
Accumulated depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2020	79,620	116,850	61,169	9,865	267,504
Charge for the year	12,262	16,199	4,824	-	33,285
Disposals	-	-	-	(2,410)	(2,410)
Written off	-	(12,225)	(10,249)	-	(22,474)
Exchange differences	-	(3)	(3)	-	(6)
Transfer to assets held for sale					
(notes 28 and 45)	(56,809)	(6,570)	-	-	(63,379)
Impairment loss	26,556	-		-	26,556
At 31 December 2020 (Restated)					
	61,629	114,251	55,741	7,455	239,076
Charge for the year	37	2,013	2,791	-	4,841
Disposals	(60,860)	-	-	-	(60,860)
Written off	-	(26,548)	(1,135)	(487)	(28,170)
Impairment loss (note 18)	-	-	3,866	-	3,866
At 31 December 2021	806	89,716	61,263	6,968	158,753
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2021	1,493	582	179	-	2,254
At 31 December 2020 (restated)	105,530	3,003	6,955	_	115,488
	At 1 January 2020 Additions Disposals Written off Exchange differences Transfer to assets held for sale (notes 28 and 45) At 31 December 2020 (Restated) Disposals Written off At 31 December 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2020 Charge for the year Disposals Written off Exchange differences Transfer to assets held for sale (notes 28 and 45) Impairment loss At 31 December 2020 (Restated) Charge for the year Disposals Written off Impairment loss At 31 December 2020 (Restated) Charge for the year Disposals Written off Impairment loss (note 18) At 31 December 2021 Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	Land and buildings	Land and buildings	上地及標字 日本	土地及標字 相質物業秩修 Land and buildings

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 作為本集團銀行借款抵押品的土 地及樓宇的賬面值為零港元(二 零二零年:104,000,000港元)。 上述土地及樓宇包括位於香港的 物業。

At 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of land and buildings pledged as security for the Group's bank borrowings amounted to HK\$Nil (2020: HK\$104,000,000). The above land and buildings comprise properties situated in Hong Kong.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

18. 使用權資產

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

		已租賃物業 Leased properties 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	406,260
添置	Additions	7,592
折舊	Depreciation	(160,848)
提早終止租賃物業	Early termination of leased properties	(87,785)
減值虧損	Impairment loss	(13,475)
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	2
於二零二零年十二月三十一日及	At 31 December 2020 and	
二零二一年一月一日	1 January 2021	151,746
添置	Additions	36,270
折舊	Depreciation	(69,011)
提早終止租賃物業	Early termination of leased properties	(91,459)
減值虧損	Impairment loss	(13,873)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	13,673

附註:

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,27,981,000港元(二零二 零年:188,632,000港元)的租 賃負債已連同13,673,000港元 (二零二零年:151,746,000 港元)的相關使用權資產予以 確認。該等租賃協議並無施加 任何契諾,惟出租人於租賃資 產中持有的抵押權益除外。租 賃資產不得就借貸目的用作抵 押品。

Notes:

- Lease liabilities of HK\$27,981,000 (2020: HK\$188,632,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$13,673,000 (2020: HK\$151,746,000) as at 31 December 2021. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- 於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,於進行減值測試前,使用 權資產為27,546,000港元(二 零二零年:165,221,000港 元),乃分配至批發及零售美 容、健康及生活時尚產品分 部。由於新型冠狀病毒疫情對 零售經營的不利影響,本集團 採用貼現現金流量法評估基於 批發及零售美容、健康及生活 時尚產品分部的使用價值釐 定的現金產生單位的可收回 金額。現金產生單位的可收回 金額已調減至19,607,000港元 (二零二零年:170,244,000 港元),並於本年度分別就使用 權資產以及物業、廠房及設備 確認減值虧損13,873,000港元 (二零二零年:13,475,000港 元) 及3,866,000港元 (二零二 零年:26,556,000港元)。
- At 31 December 2021, before impairment testing, the rightof-use assets of HK\$27,546,000 (2020: HK\$165,221,000) was allocated to wholesaling and retailing of beauty, healthcare and lifestyle products segment. Due to the adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on retail operations, the Group assessed the recoverable amount of the CGUs comprising the wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products segment determined on the basis of their value in use using discounted cash flow method. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been reduced to HK19,607,000 (2020: HK\$170,244,000) and impairment losses of HK\$13,873,000 (2020: HK\$13,475,000) and HK\$3,866,000 (2020: HK\$26,556,000) was recognised for right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment respectively for the current vear.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

18. 使用權資產(續)

附註:(續)

(ii) (續)

本集團編製現金流量預測,該預測來自董事批准的最近期財務預算。該比率不超過相關市場的平均長期增長率。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

Notes:(continued)

(ii) (continued)

The key assumptions for the discounted cash flow method are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates, budgeted gross margin and turnover during the year. The Group estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on long-term average economic growth rate of the geographical area in which the businesses of the CGUs operate. Budgeted gross margin and turnover are based on past practices and expectations on market development.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the directors.

The cash flow projections and discount rate have been reassessed as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 taking into consideration higher degree of estimation uncertainties in the current year due to how the COVID-19 pandemic may progress and evolve and volatility in financial markets, including potential disruptions of the Group's retail operations. The rates used to discount the forecast cash flows from the Group's sales of the wholesaling and retailing of beauty and health-care products operation are 17.60% and 21.26% for Hong Kong and Macau respectively (2020: 19.14% and 19.14% for Hong Kong and Macau respectively).

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
使用權資產之折舊開支	Depreciation expenses on		
	right-of-use assets	69,011	160,848
租賃負債之利息開支	Interest expense on lease liabilities		
(計入融資成本)	(included in finance costs)	9,631	29,013
與低價值資產租賃	Expenses relating to leases of		
有關之開支	low value assets (included in		
(計入行政開支)	administrative expenses)	_	202
與短期租賃有關之	Expenses relating to short-term lease		
開支(計入行政開支)	(included in administrative expense)	16,551	22,700
已收取的新型冠狀病毒	COVID-19 related rent concessions		
相關租金寬減	received	(465)	(32,761)

租賃的現金流出總額詳情載於附註39.4。

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in note 39.4.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

18. 使用權資產(續)

附註:(續)

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

Notes:(continued)

(iii) For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group leases various retail stores for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 year to 4 years (2020: 1 year to 10 years), but may have extension and termination options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns an industrial building where its office building and warehouse are located. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably.

Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities. The potential exposure to these future lease payments is summarised below:

確認的租賃負債(已貼現)

不計入租賃負債的 延長選擇權下潛在未來 租賃付款 (未貼現) Potential future lease payments under extension options not included in lease liabilities (undiscounted)

iabilities (undiscounted) 工零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

零售店 一香港

Retails stores
- Hong Kong

2,392 **-** 7,564

此外,當承租人的控制範圍內發生重大事件或情況有重大內理 變,本集團重新評估是否合理確定能行使延長選擇權。於可 至二零二一年十二月三十一 止年度,概無有關觸發事件。 In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the year ended 31 December 2021, there has been no such triggering event.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

18. 使用權資產(續)

附註:(續)

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

Notes:(continued)

(iii) The Group leased a number of retail stores which contain variable lease payment terms that are based on sales generated from the retail stores and minimum annual lease payment terms that are fixed. These payment terms are common in retail stores in Hong Kong where the Group operates. Since 2020, the Group received rent concessions in the form of a discount on fixed payments during the period of severe social distancing and travel restriction measures introduced to contain the spread of COVID-19. The amount of fixed and variable lease payments recognised in profit or loss for the year is summarised below:

				二一年 021 新型冠狀	
		固定付款	可變付款	病毒疫情 租金寬減 COVID-19	付款總額
		Fixed payments <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	Variable payments <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	rent concessions <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total payments <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
零售店 一香港	Retails stores – Hong Kong	8,377	-	-	8,377
				二零年 020	
		固定付款	可變付款	新型冠狀 病毒疫情 租金寬減 COVID-19	付款總額
		Fixed	Variable	rent	Total
		payments <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	payments 千港元 HK\$'000	concessions 千港元 HK\$'000	payments 千港元 HK\$'000

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,估計該等零售店產生的銷售增加10%將會使租賃付款增加零港元(二零二零年:零港元)。

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that an increase in sales generated from these retail stores by 10% would have increased the lease payments by HK\$Nil (2020: HK\$Nil).



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2021

19. 商譽

19. GOODWILL

		千港元 HK\$'000
成本	Cost	
於二零二零年一月一日、 二零二零年十二月三十一日及	At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	
二零二一年一月一日 撇銷	Written off	7,561 (5,520)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	2,041
累計減值虧損	Accumulated impairment losses	
於二零二零年一月一日 確認之減值虧損	At 1 January 2020 Impairment loss recognised	2,041 5,520
於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	7,561
令	Written off	(5,520)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	2,041
賬面值	Carrying amount	
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	-



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

19. 商譽(續)

透過業務合併收購的商譽分配至本集團批發及零售美容、健康及 生活時尚產品業務的現金產生單 位。

除商譽外,產生現金流的物業、廠房及設備及其他無形資產連同相關商譽亦就減值評估之目的計入批發及零售美容、健康及生活時尚產品業務。

增長率則按現金產生單位經營業 務所在地區的長期平均經濟增長 率為基準。預算毛利率及營業額 乃以過往慣例及預期市場發展為 基準。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團編製的現金流量預測,乃源自獲董事批准有關未來五年的最近期財政預算,剩餘期間採用增長率3%。該比率不超過相關市場的平均長期增長率。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,用作貼現本集團銷售批 發及零售美容、健康及生活時尚 產品產品業務所得預測現金流量 的比率為17%。

19. GOODWILL (continued)

Goodwill acquired through business combination is allocated to the Group's CGUs identified under the wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products operation.

In addition to goodwill, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets that generate cash flows together with the related goodwill are also included in the wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products operation for the purpose of impairment assessment.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been determined on the basis of their value in use using discounted cash flow method. The key assumptions for the discounted cash flow method are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and budgeted gross margin and turnover during the period. The Group estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs.

The growth rates are based on long-term average economic growth rate of the geographical area in which the businesses of the CGUs operate. Budgeted gross margin and turnover are based on past practices and expectations on market development.

In year ended 31 December 2020, the Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the directors for the next five years with the residual period using the growth rate of 3%. This rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets.

In year ended 31 December 2020, the rate used to discount the forecast cash flows from the Group's sales of the wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products operation is 17%.

At 31 December 2020, before impairment testing, goodwill of HK\$5,520,000 was allocated to wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products segment. Due to the adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on retail operations, the Group has revised its cash flow forecasts for this CGU which leads to an impairment loss of HK\$5,520,000 recognised on goodwill in 2020.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2021

20. 其他無形資產

20. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		品牌名稱 (購入) Brand name (purchased) <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	其他商標 (購入) Other – trademark (purchased) <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	軟件 (購入) Software (purchased) <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
成本	Cost				
於二零二零年一月一日 添置 匯兌差額	At 1 January 2020 Additions Exchange differences	1,113 - -	130 - 5	- 1,338 -	1,243 1,338 5
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日 撤銷 匯兌差額	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Written off Exchange differences	1,113 (1,113) -	135 (139) 4	1,338 - 37	2,586 (1,252) 41
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-	_	1,375	1,375
累計攤銷及減值虧損	Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses				
於二零二零年一月一日 本年度攤銷 匯兌差額	At 1 January 2020 Amortisation for the year Exchange differences	- 111 -	7 19 1	- 130 5	7 260 6
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日 本年度攤銷 撤銷 減值虧損 匯兌差額	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Amortisation for the year Written off Impairment loss Exchange differences	111 - (111) - -	27 12 (39) - -	135 112 - 1,123 5	273 124 (150) 1,123 5
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-	_	1,375	1,375
賬面值 於二零二一年十二月三十一日	Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	-	-	-	
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	1,002	108	1,203	2,313

品牌名稱及商標和軟件的平均餘 下攤銷期8年(二零二零年:9年) 及9年(二零二零年:10年)。

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The average remaining amortisation period of brand name and trademark, and software are 8 years (2020: 9 years) and 9 years (2020: 10 years) respectively.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

21. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
上市投資,按公平值 計量 股本證券	Listed investments, at fair value Equity securities	71,061	74,502
非上市股本證券, 按公平值	Unlisted equity securities at fair value	111	234
分析為非流動資產	Analysed as non-current assets	71,172	74,736

As at 31 December 2021, the fair values of listed securities are based on current bid prices. As at 31 December 2020, as there was no quoted market price in an active market for the listed securities, the fair value of listed securities was determined by the directors with reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using index return method which is based on index return on certain market comparables (Level 3 fair value measurements). The liquidity discount rate used is 30%.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, as there was no quoted market price in an active market for the unlisted securities, the fair value of unlisted securities was determined by the directors with reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using market comparable approach which is based on enterprise value-to-sales ratio on certain market comparables (Level 3 fair value measurements). The liquidity discount rate used is 25% (2020: 20%).

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團就於報告期末所 持分類為以公平值計入其他全及 收益之金融資產的上市證券於其他全面收益確認 平值收益8,200,000港元(二零 二零年:公平值虧損3,336,000 港元)及公平值虧損123,000港 元(二零二零年:公平值虧損 1,857,000港元)。 For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recognised fair value gain of HK\$8,200,000 (2020: fair value loss of HK\$3,336,000) and fair value loss of HK\$123,000 (2020: fair value loss of HK\$1,857,000) related to listed securities and unlisted securities respectively which are classified as financial assets at FVTOCI held at the end of the reporting period in other comprehensive income.

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截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

21. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產 (續)

以公平值計入其他全面收益之金 融資產以下列貨幣計值。

21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI (continued)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
港元	HKD	71,061	74,502
港元 美元	USD	111	234
		71,172	74,736

22. 於一間聯營公司之投資

22. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

二零二一年	二零二零年
2021	2020
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

非上市投資:	Unlisted investments:		
分佔淨資產	Share of net assets	-	_

本集團於二零二一年及二零二零 年十二月三十一日之聯營公司詳 情如下:

Details of the Group's associate at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		註冊成立/ 註冊地點	已發行及 實繳資本	所有權權益 百分比/ 投票權/ 利潤分成 Percentage of ownership	主要業務活動
		Place of		interest/voting	
		incorporation/	Issued and	power/profit	Principal
名稱	Name	registration	paid-up capital	sharing	activities
粤港澳青年創業	Guangdong, Hong Kong & Macau	香港	100港元	40%	暫無營業
孵化器有限公司	Youth Entrepreneur Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	(二零二零年:40%) 40% (2020:40%)	Inactive

23. 存貨 23. INVENTORIES

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021 <i>千港元</i>	2020 <i>千港元</i>
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
以供轉售之採購貨品	Merchandise stock for resale	26,373	97,318



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

24. 應收貿易賬款

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款 預計信貸虧損撥備	Trade receivables Allowance for expected credit	6,582	7,465
	losses	(2,500)	
		4,082	7,465

- (a) 本集團之批發客戶銷售按 介乎30至120日(二零二零 年:60至90日)之賒賬期 進行,零售銷售之應收貿易 賬款則自賬單日期起計30日 (二零二零年:150日)內 到期。扣除預計信貸虧損撥 備前應收貿易賬款之賬齡 分析如下:
- a) The Group's sales to wholesale customers are entered into on credit terms ranging from 30 to 120 days (2020: 60 to 90 days), and trade receivables under retail sales are due within 30 days (2020: 150 days) from the date of billings. The ageing analysis of trade receivables before allowance for expected credit losses is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i>
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
批發客戶	Wholesales customers		
0-30日	0 - 30 days	-	753
31-60∃	31 - 60 days	-	617
61-90∃	61 - 90 days	-	425
91-120∃	91 - 120 days	_	208
120日以上	Over 120 days	3,557	1,328
		3,557	3,331
零售銷售之	Trade receivables		
應收貿易賬款	under retail sales		
0-30日	0 – 30 days	384	2,788
31-60日	31 – 60 days	595	1,260
61-90日	61 – 90 days	61	40
91-120日	91 – 120 days	134	19
120日以上	Over 120 days	1,851	27
	210. 120 dayo	.,	
		3,025	4,134
總計	Total	6,582	7,465

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

24. 應收貿易賬款(續)

(b) 本集團應收貿易賬款的賬 面值以下列貨幣計值:

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

(b) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

		港元	澳門元 Macau Pataca	總計
		HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	("MOP") <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零二一年	2021	6,489	93	6,582
二零二零年	2020	7,291	174	7,465

25. 預付款項、訂金及其他應收賬款 25. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
貿易訂金	Trada danasita	44.000	E 440
	Trade deposits	14,098	5,448
其他訂金	Other deposits	2,027	4,929
其他預付開支及應收賬款	Other prepaid expenses and		
	receivables	4,224	3,728
			44.405
		20,349	14,105

26. 應收/應付前關聯人士/關聯方 款項及來自前關聯人士/關聯方 之貸款

應收/應付前關聯人士/關聯方 款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償 還。

該款項包括零港元(二零二零年:6,723,000港元)為貿易性質之應付關聯公司款項,餘額為非貿易性質。

關聯公司由葉博士及鍾女士(均為本公司前董事)控制,葉博士及鍾女士於二零二一年六月二十九日被免去執行董事職務。

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO FORMER RELATED PARTIES/ RELATED PARTIES

The amounts due from/to former related parties/related parties are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Included in the amounts is HK\$Nil (2020: HK\$6,723,000) which is of trade nature due to related companies, and the remaining balances are of non-trade nature.

The related companies were controlled by Dr. Ip and Ms. Chung (former directors of the Company) who were removed as executive directors on 29 June 2021.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

27. 銀行及現金結餘

27. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

			二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行及手頭現金 定期存款	Cash at b Time dep	eank and on hand osits	41,634 200	20,288
銀行及現金結餘總額	Total banl	and cash balances	41,834	20,288
本集團之銀行及現金結餘 賬面值以下列貨幣計值:	總額的	The carrying amount balances are denominat	·	
			二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000

		—₹— +	— <u> </u>
		2021	2020
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一港元	– HKD	34,448	6,590
一澳門元	- MOP	5,384	2,314
一人民幣	– RMB	1,660	10,985
一美元	- USD	127	229
一其他	- Others	215	170
		41,834	20,288

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 銀行定期存款(到期日為12個月) 之固定年利率為0.1厘。銀行現 金以每日銀行存款利率之浮動利 率計息,故需承受現金流量利率 風險。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國之附屬公司以人民幣計值之銀行及現金結餘為801,000港元(二零二零年:10,023,000港元)。將人民幣兌換為外幣須受中國外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定限制。

The fixed interest rates on bank time deposits, with maturity of 12 months, were 0.1% per annum as at 31 December 2021. Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates, and is therefore subject to cash flow interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2021, the bank and cash balances of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$801,000 (2020: HK\$10,023,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

28. 分類為持作出售的資產

28. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i> (經重列) (Restated)
分類為持作出售的資產 與分類為持作出售資產 直接相關的負債	Assets classified as held for sale Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sales	498,454 287,914	497,481

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團正在尋求出售其土地及樓 宇(「物業」),並預計出售物業將 於二零二一年前完成。於二零二 零年十二月三十一日的主要資產 類別如下:

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had been seeking to dispose of its land and buildings (the "Property") and anticipated that the disposal of the Property will be completed by 2021. The major classes of assets at 31 December 2020 were as follows:

二零二零年 2020 *千港元 HK\$'000* (經重列) (Restated)

物業、廠房及設備(附註17)	Property, plant and equipment (note 17)	497,481
分類為持作出售之資產淨額	Net assets classified as held for sale	497,481

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 持作出售資產479,262,000港元 已抵押作為本集團銀行借款的擔 保(附註31)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 由於該物業的公平值減出售成 本的金額高於賬面值,故該物業 的賬面值並無減少。該物業乃根 據採用市場法按第三級公平值計

量,且關鍵假設為單位價格。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團收到各方購買該 物業的要約,且本公司董事正與 該等潛在買家積極磋商,以獲得 該物業的最有利售價。 As at 31 December 2020, assets held for sale of HK\$479,262,000 were pledged as security for the Group's bank borrowings (note 31).

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of the Property was not reduced since the amount of fair value less cost of disposal of the Property was higher than the carrying amount. The Property was measured at fair value based on Level 3 hierarchy using the market approach and the key assumption was the unit rate.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group received offers from various parties for purchasing the Property and the Company's directors have been in active negotiations with these potential buyers to get the most favourable selling price of the Property.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

28. 分類為持作出售的資產(續)

該物業的合法及實益擁有人為傲林有限公司,其為本公司的直接全資附屬公司Apex Centric Investment Limited的一間全資附屬公司。Apex Centric Investment Limited及傲林有限公司統稱為「出售集團」。

於二零二一年,本集團物色一個 戰略夥伴,並與戰略夥伴協定一 項計劃,將本集團於出售集團的 全部股權出售予戰略夥伴成立的 一間有限合夥基金。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,本公司預計 出售集團將於二零二二年上半年 完成出售。本公司董事與戰略夥 伴持續磋商出售集團買賣協議的 條款。本公司董事預計公平值減 出售集團出售成本將高於出售集 團相關資產及負債的總賬面值。 故此,於重新分類為持作出售資 產直接相關之資產及負債時或於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,概 無確認減值虧損。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,出售集團之資 產及負債主要類別如下:

28. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (continued)

The legal and beneficial owner of the Property is Apex Frame Limited which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Apex Centric Investment Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company). Apex Centric Investment Limited and Apex Frame Limited are collectively referred to as the "Disposal Group".

In 2021, the Group identified a strategic partner and agreed with the strategic partner a plan to sell the Group's entire equity interest in the Disposal Group to a limited partnership fund to be established by the strategic partner. As at 31 December 2021, the Company anticipated that the disposal of the Disposal Group will be completed in the first half year of 2022. The Company's directors have been continually in negotiations with the strategic partner on the terms of the sale and purchase agreement of the Disposal Group. The Company's directors expect that the fair value less costs to sell of the Disposal Group will be higher than the aggregate carrying amount of the related assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group. Therefore, no impairment loss was recognised neither on reclassification of the assets and liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale, nor as at 31 December 2021. The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

		千港元 HK\$'000
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	497,481
租金及水電按金	Rental and utility deposits	769
	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	91
銀行及現金結餘	Bank and cash balances	113
分類為持作出售的資產	Assets classified as held for sale	498,454
其他應付款項、已收按金及	Other payables, deposits received and accrued	
應計費用	charges	1,229
銀行借款	Bank borrowings	195,086
可轉換貸款(附註33)	Convertible loans (note 33)	90,186
遞延稅項負債(附註34)	Deferred tax liabilities (note 34)	1,413
與分類為持作出售資產直接相	Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as	
關之負債	held for sale	287,914
分類為持作出售的資產淨額	Net assets classified as held for sale	210,540



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

28. 分類為持作出售的資產(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 賬面值為479,262,000港元的物 業、廠房及設備已抵押作為出售 集團銀行借款195,086,000港元 及本集團銀行借款162,513,000 港元的擔保(附註31)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,出售集團拖欠銀行借款195,086,000港元。

未能滿足融資契約及股東要求, 銀行可立即收回借款。

如附註44所述,於二零二二年 三月二十八日,本公司訂立買 賣協議,據此本公司同意出售, 且CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P.同意按總 代價900,000,000港元收購出售 集團,受買賣協議條款及條件所 規限。出售已於二零二二年六月 二十九日完成。

28. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (continued)

Property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of HK\$479,262,000 as at 31 December 2021 was pledged as security for the Disposal Group's bank borrowings of HK\$195,086,000 and the Group's bank borrowings of HK\$162,513,000 (note 31).

The Disposal Group was in default of bank borrowings of HK\$195,086,000 as of 31 December 2021.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Disposal Group breached certain covenant clauses in banking facility letters in relation to the maintenance of the EBITDA interest coverage ratio of the Disposal Group. As a result, bank borrowings of HK\$195,086,000 (2020: HK\$Nil) is subject to an early repayment option by the banks. Such bank borrowings are reclassified as current liabilities as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. However, the banks have not requested for early repayment of the bank borrowings.

Breaches in meeting the financial covenants and shareholding requirement would permit the bank to immediately call borrowings.

As mentioned in note 44, on 28 March 2022, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell and CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P. agreed to purchase the Disposal Group at an aggregate consideration of HK\$900,000,000, subject to the terms and conditions of the sale and purchase agreement. The disposal has been completed on 29 June 2022.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

29. 應付貿易賬款

如下:

(a) 本集團應付貿易賬款之賬 齡分析(按收取貨物日期)

29. TRADE PAYABLES

(a) The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
0-30∃	0 – 30 days	1,236	4,053
31-60 ⊟	31 - 60 days	560	5,249
61-90∃	61 - 90 days	247	3,836
91-120日	91 - 120 days	704	283
120日以上	Over 120 days	13,297	10,313
		16,044	23,734

- (b) 本集團之應付貿易賬款的 賬面值以下列貨幣計值:
- (b) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	港元 HKD 千港元 HK\$'000	日圓 JPY <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	澳門元 MOP <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	人民幣 RMB <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	美元 USD 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零二一年 2021	15,928	-	110	6	-	16,044
二零二零年 2020	23,669	22	-	-	43	23,734

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31.

財務報表附註 (續) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

30. 其他應付賬款、已收訂金及應計 費用

30. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUED CHARGES

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i> (經重列) (Restated)
流動	Current		
應計員工成本	Accrued staff costs	10,346	17,440
應計租賃物業裝修	Accrued leasehold improvements	27,304	30,048
其他應計開支	Other accrued expenses	84,969	92,003
已收租賃按金	Rental deposits received	_	818
其他雜項應付賬款	Other sundry creditors	4,692	10,345
		127,311	150,654
非流動	Non-current		
已收租賃按金	Rental deposits received	_	210
銀行及其他借款	31. BANK AND OTHER BO	RROWINGS	
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
短期銀行借款	Short-term bank borrowings	162,513	160,000
長期銀行借款	Long-term bank borrowings	_	240,380
貿易融資貸款	Trade finance loans	-	38,772
其他借款	Other borrowings	34,975	8,000
銀行透支	Bank overdrafts		3,540
		197,488	450,692

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

31. 銀行及其他借款(續)

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

借款之須予償還情況如下:

The borrowings are repayable as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	171,513	232,532
一年以上但不超過兩年	More than one year, but not		
	exceeding two years	15,975	_
兩年以上但不超過五年	More than two years, but not		
	more than five years	10,000	_
於一年後到期償還但	Portion of bank loans that are due		
包括應要求償還條款	for repayment after one year but		
的銀行貸款部分	contain a repayment on demand		
(於流動負債下呈列)	clause (shown under current		
	liabilities)	-	218,160
		107.100	450,000
洋・		197,488	450,692
減:於十二個月內到期 結算之款項(於流動負	Less: Amount due for settlement		
新昇之款項(水 / 新 朝 貝 債下呈列)	within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)		
一銀行借款	Bank borrowings	(162,513)	(400,380)
一貿易融資貸款	- Trade finance loans	(102,515)	(38,772)
一其他借款	Other borrowings	(9,000)	(8,000)
一銀行透支	Bank overdrafts	(5,000)	(3,540)
	Dain Ovordiano		(0,0+0)
於十二個月後到期	Amount due for settlement after		
結算之款項	12 months	25,975	_

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 銀行借款162,513,000港元以抵 押本集團分類為持作出售資產作 擔保。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,銀行借款400,380,000港元以抵押本集團的土地及樓宇(附註17)及分類為持作出售資產(附

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 其他借款9,000,000港元由本集 團一名前董事作擔保。

註28) 作擔保。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 其他借款8,000,000港元由本集 團一名董事作擔保。 As at 31 December 2021, bank borrowings of HK\$162,513,000 are secured by charges over the Group's assets classified as held for sale.

As at 31 December 2020, bank borrowings of HK\$400,380,000 are secured by charges over the Group's land and buildings (note 17) and assets classified as held for sale (note 28).

As at 31 December 2021, other borrowings of HK\$9,000,000 are guaranteed by a former director of the Group.

As at 31 December 2020, other borrowings of HK\$8,000,000 are guaranteed by a director of the Group.

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31. 銀行及其他借款(續)

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

- (a) 本集團之銀行及其他借款 的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:
- (a) The carrying amounts of the Group's bank and other borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		Bank bo	銀行借款 Bank borrowings		Bank borrowings Trade finance loans		其他借款 Other borrowings		銀行透支 Bank overdrafts	
		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	
港圓元	HKD JPY USD EUR	162,513 - - -	400,380 - - -	- - - -	26,918 9,732 1,418 704	34,975 - - -	8,000 - - -	- - - -	3,540 - - -	
		162,513	400,380	-	38,772	34,975	8,000	-	3,540	

- (b) 本集團於十二月三十一日 之銀行借款之利率如下:
- (b) The interest rates of the Group's bank borrowings at 31 December were as follows:

		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
銀行透支	Bank overdraft	不適用 N/A	最佳貸款利率-0.25厘 Best Lending Rate - 0.25%
銀行借款	Bank borrowings	香港銀行同業拆息+6.25厘至 香港銀行同業拆息+6.5厘 HIBOR + 6.25% to HIBOR + 6.5%	1.25厘至香港銀行 同業拆息+ 4.5厘 1.25% to HIBOR + 4.5%
貿易融資貸款	Trade finance loans	不適用 N/A	香港銀行同業拆息+1.25厘至 倫敦銀行同業拆息+6厘 HIBOR + 1.25% To LIBOR + 6%
其他借款	Other borrowings	4厘至18厘 4% to 18%	10%

- (c) 其他借款34,975,000港元 (二零二零年:零港元)按 固定利率安排,令本集團 受公平值利率風險。銀行借 款按淨動利率安排,因而本 集團須承受現金流量利率
- (c) Other borrowings of HK\$34,975,000 (2020: HK\$NiI) are arranged at fixed interests rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Bank borrowings are arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

董事通過按市場利率貼現未來現金流量估計本集團 借款的公平值如下:

The directors estimate the fair value of the Group's borrowings, by discounting their future cash flows at the market as the follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
其他借款	Other borrowings	34,975	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

31. 銀行及其他借款(續)

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

During the year, the Group breached certain covenant clauses in banking facility letters in relation to the maintenance of the debt-to-inventory ratio (2020: net assets level, debt-to-equity ratio and debt-to-inventory ratio) of the Group. As a result, bank borrowings of HK\$162,513,000 (2020: HK\$439,152,000) is subject to an early repayment option by the banks. Such bank borrowings are reclassified as current liabilities as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. However, the banks have not requested for any early repayment of the bank borrowings.

32. 租賃負債

32. LEASE LIABILITIES

		最低租賃		最低租賃款 Present	
		Minim	num	miniı	num
		lease pay	yments	lease payments	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	22,629	119,726	21,150	107,503
第二至第五年	In the second to fifth years,				
(包括首尾兩年)	inclusive	7,017	89,838	6,831	81,129
		29,646	209,564	27,981	188,632
減:未來融資費用	Less: Future finance charges	(1,665)	(20,932)	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
	_				
租賃承擔之現值	Present value of lease obligations	27,981	188,632	27,981	188,632
減:於十二個月內到期結 款項(於流動負債 列)	\$算之Less: Amount due for settlement 下呈 within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)			(21,150)	(107,503)
	,			. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(- ,)
於十二個月後到期 結算之款項	Amount due for settlement after 12 months			6,831	81,129

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,所有租賃負債以港 元計值。

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借款率為8.99%(二零二零年:8.45%)。

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all lease liabilities were denominated in HKD.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities was 8.99% (2020: 8.45%).



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

33. 可轉換貸款

於二零二一年四月九日,可轉換貸款票據已發行予家峰有限公司(「認購人」)。於票據發行日期至結算日期,票據可轉換為本公司的普通股。本金額為129,500,000港元的貸款票據按每股0.19港元轉換。

倘全部或任何部分票據並未於二零二六年四月九日前轉換為本公司的普通股,相關不可轉換部分將按面值贖回。未償還本金額每年8.0%的利息將每半年支付,直至結算日期。

於二零二一年七月六日,可轉換貸款票據19,000,000港元可由認購人轉換為本公司100,000,000股每股0.19港元的普通股。

自發行可轉換貸款票據所收到的 所得款項淨額已於負債部分與股 權部分之間分拆如下:

33. CONVERTIBLE LOANS

The convertible loan notes were issued to Karfond Limited (the "Subscriber") on 9 April 2021. The notes are convertible into ordinary shares of the Company at any time between the date of issue of the notes and their settlement date. The loan notes in principal amount of HK\$129,500,000 are convertible at HK\$0.19 per share.

If the whole or any part of notes are not converted into ordinary shares of the Company by 9 April 2026, the relevant non-converted portion will be redeemed at par. Interest of 8.0% per annum on outstanding principal amount will be paid semi-annually up until that settlement date.

On 6 July 2021, the convertible loan notes of HK\$19,000,000 are converted to 100,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$0.19 per share by the Subscriber.

The net proceeds received from the issue of the convertible loan notes have been split between the liability element and an equity component, as follows:

二零二一年 2021 *千港元* HK\$'000

	HK\$'000
已發行可轉換貸款票據面值 Nominal value of convertible loan notes issued	129,500
於發行日期股權部分 Equity component at date of issue 有關股權部分的交易成本 Transaction cost related to equity component ephelongers of shares	27,973 (441) (4,104)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 Equity component at 31 December 2021 的股權部分	23,428
於發行日期的負債部分 Liability component at date of issue 與負債部分有關的交易成本	101,527 (1,602) (14,527) 9,588 (4,800)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 Liability component at 31 December 2021 的負債部分	90,186

本年度已發行貸款票據負債部分 九個月期間之利息應用實際利率 15.1%計算。 The interest charged for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate of 15.1% to the liability component for the 9 months period since the loan notes were issued.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

33. 可轉換貸款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 可轉換貸款110,500,000港元以 本公司股份的抵押作擔保。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日後,可轉換貸款由本集團根據出售事項(定義及詳情見附註44)悉數贖回。

33. CONVERTIBLE LOANS (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the convertible loan of HK\$110,500,000 are secured by charges over the Company's shares.

Subsequent to 31 December 2021, the convertible loans were fully redeemed by the Group in pursuant to the Disposal (as defined and detailed in note 44).

34. 遞延稅項

以下為本集團確認之遞延稅項資 產及負債:

34. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised by the Group:

		加速稅項折舊 Accelerated tax	減速稅項折舊 Decelerated tax	其他無形資產 Other intangible	總計
		depreciation	depreciation	assets	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日 在本年度損益計入/	At 1 January 2020 Credit/(charge) to profit or loss	(3,853)	1,289	(278)	(2,842)
(扣除)	for the year	301	(1,289)	28	(960)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	(3,552)	_	(250)	(3,802)
在本年度損益(扣除) 轉撥至分類為持作出售資產 直接相關的負債(附註28)	Credit to profit or loss for the year Transfer to liabilities directly associated with assets classified	2,139	-	250	2,389
	as held for sale (note 28)	1,413	_		1,413
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-	-	-	-

以下為就綜合財務狀況表而言的 遞延稅項結餘之分析:

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for consolidated statement of financial position purpose:

	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
 Deferred tax liabilities	-	(3,802)

於報告期末,並無就未動用之稅項虧損之稅務影響約99,508,000港元(二零二零年:76,413,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產,原因是未來溢利來源之不確定性。未動用稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

At the end of the reporting period, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses with tax effect of approximately HK\$99,508,000 (2020: HK\$76,413,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

35. 長期服務金負債

長期服務金負債之精算估值已於 二零二一年十二月三十一日由中 和邦盟評估有限公司按預計單位 信貸法進行。

於綜合財務狀況表確認之長期服 務金負債金額如下:

35. LONG SERVICE PAYMENT LIABILITIES

Under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the Group is obliged to make lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to certain employees who have completed at least five years of service with the Group. The amount payable is dependent on the employee's final salary and years of service, and is reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's defined contribution retirement scheme that is attributable to contributions made by the Group. The Group does not set aside any assets to fund any remaining obligations.

An actuarial valuation of long service payment liabilities was carried out at 31 December 2021, by BMI Appraisals Limited, using the projected unit credit method.

The amount of long service payment liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
長期服務金責任之現值	Present value of long service payment obligations	1,296	1,537

年內,本集團之長期服務金負債 變動如下: Movements in the Group's long service payment liability during the year are as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	1,537	2,539
即期服務成本	Current service cost	462	726
利息開支	Interest expense	23	45
僱員離職虧損/(收益)	Losses/(gains) from staff		
	resignations	28	(2,105)
向已退休/受裁減的	Long service payments to retired/		, , ,
職員發放長期服務金	redundant staff	(718)	(252)
自財務假設變動產生之	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising		
精算(收益)/虧損	from changes in financial		
	assumptions	(36)	584
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	1,296	1,537

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

35. 長期服務金負債(續)

本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日採納之主要精算假設(以加權平均值列示)如下:

35. LONG SERVICE PAYMENT LIABILITIES (continued)

The principal actuarial assumptions adopted by the Group as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 (expressed as weighted average) are as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
折讓率 薪酬增長率 強制性公積金相關收入 之長期增加比率及 長期付款上限金額/ 工資	Discount rate Salary growth rate Long term rate of increases to mandatory provident fund relevant income and long service payments maximum amount/wages	1.509% 2.0%	1.453% 2.0%

本集團面臨多項風險,當中最重 大之風險詳述如下: The Group is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

風險	詳情
Risk	Description
債券收益變動 Changes in bond yields	公司債券回報率減少將增加負債。 A decrease in corporate bond yields will increase liabilities.
通脹風險 Inflation risk	大部分債務與通脹掛鈎,高通脹將導致較高的負債。 The majority of the obligations are linked to inflation, and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities.

於報告期末,本集團各重大精算假設基於相關精算假設的合理潛在變動而進行的敏感度分析如下:

The Group's sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption as of the end of the reporting period based on reasonably possible changes of the relevant actuarial assumption is as follows:

		比率增加/減少 Increase/ decrease in	對責任之	影響
		rate	Impact on ob	et on obligation
			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
			<i>千港元</i>	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
折讓率	Discount rate	0.5%	(276)/372	(453)/677
薪酬增長率	Salary growth rate	1.0%	281/(409)	601/(642)



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

35. 長期服務金負債(續)

編製敏感度分析所採用的方法及 假設類別與上個期間無異。

本集團長期服務金負債之加權平 均期限約為23年(二零二零年: 24年)。本集團之未貼現福利付 款的到期分析如下:

35. LONG SERVICE PAYMENT LIABILITIES (continued)

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the long service payment obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the long service payment obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the liability recognised within the consolidated statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

The weighted average duration of the Group's long service payment obligations is approximately 23 years (2020: 24 years). The maturity analysis of the Group's undiscounted benefit payments is as follows:

		少於一年 Less than	一年至兩年 Between 1	兩年至五年 Between 2	超過五年 Over	總計
_		1 year <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	and 2 years 千港元 HK\$'000	and 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	5 years <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021					
退休金	Pension payments	27	7	220	2,930	3,184
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020					
退休金	Pension payments	40	-	138	5,681	5,859



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

36. 股本

36. SHARE CAPITAL

		股份數目	千港元
		Number of	
		shares	HK\$'000
S1 -			
法定:	Authorised:		
每股面值0.01港元之	Ordinary shares of		
普通股	HK\$0.01 each		
於二零二零年	At 1 January 2020,		
一月一日、二零二零年	31 December 2020,		
十二月三十一日、	1 January 2021 and		
二零二一年一月一日	31 December 2021		
及二零二一年十二月			
三十一日		10,000,000,000	100,000
已發行及繳足:	Issued and fully paid:		
每股面值0.01港元之	Ordinary shares of		
普诵股	HK\$0.01 each		
於二零二零年	At 1 January 2020,		
一月一日、二零二零年	31 December 2020,		
十二月三十一日及	1 January 2021		
二零二一年一月一日	r daridary 2021	3,412,566,000	34,126
根據轉換可轉換貸款	Shares issued under	0,112,000,000	01,120
發行股份 <i>(附註33)</i>	conversion of convertible		
58 J 108 JJ (P17 #E 00 /	loans (note 33)	100.000.000	1.000
	104113 (11010 00)	100,000,000	1,000
	At 04 December 0004		
於二零二一年	At 31 December 2021	0 540 500 000	05 100
十二月三十一日		3,512,566,000	35,126

本集團之資本管理目標為確保本 集團能夠持續經營,以及透過優 化債務及權益比例為股東帶來最 佳回報。

本集團按風險比例設定資本金額。本集團管理資本結構並就定變動及相關資產, 風險特質作出調整。為維持質產 風險特質作出調整。為維持可 整資本結構,本集團或會調整 息支付金額、發行新股、 體質 份、籌集新貸款、償還現有 。 或出售資產以減低債務。

本集團以負債對經調整資本比率 為基準監控資本。該比率以債務 淨額除以經調整資本計算。債務 總額包括銀行及其他借款及租賃 負債。經調整資本包括所有權益 部分(即股本、累計虧損及其他 儲備),惟非控股權益除外。 The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Total debt comprises bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, accumulated losses and other reserves) except for non-controlling interests.

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截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

36. 股本(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日之債 務對經調整資本比率如下:

36. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at 31 December 2021 and at 31 December 2020 were as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
債務總額 減:現金及現金等價物	Total debt Less: cash and cash equivalents	225,469 (41,834)	639,324 (20,288)
債務淨額	Net debt	183,635	619,036
權益總額	Total equity	2,787	172,166
		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
債務對經調整資本比率	Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	6,589%	360%

於二零二一年,債務對經調整資本比率由360%上升至6,589%, 主要是由於年內產生虧損。

本集團的外部資本要求為(i)為維持於聯交所上市,其須至少公開發行25%股份;及(ii)履行融資契約及維持最終控股方於計息借款所附的若干股權。

本集團每週接獲股份過戶登記處發出列示非公眾持股量的重大股份權益的報告,該報告顯示本集團於整個年度內一直符合25%的限額。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,公眾持股量為股份的36%(二零二零年:33%)。

The debt-to-adjusted capital ratio increase from 360% to 6,589% during 2021 primarily from loss incurred for the year.

The externally imposed capital requirements for the Group are: (i) in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares; and (ii) to meet financial covenants and to maintain certain shareholding by the ultimate controlling parties attached to the interest-bearing borrowings.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars weekly on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year. As at 31 December 2021, 36% (2020: 33%) of the shares were in public hands.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

37. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

37.1本公司財務狀況表

37.1 Statement of financial position of the Company

			二零二一年	二零二零年
		附註	2021 <i>千港元</i>	2020 <i>千港元</i>
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
於附屬公司之投資	Investments in subsidiaries		57,224	77,598
流動資產	Current assets			
按金及預付款項	Deposits and prepayments		37	411
應收附屬公司款項 銀行及現金結餘	Due from subsidiaries Bank and cash balances		5,412 5,466	4,729 58
			10,915	5,198
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應付附屬公司款項			325,528	214,478
其他應付賬款及 應計費用	Other payables and accrued charges		3,807	2,993
財務擔保	Financial guarantee		140,043	43,168
			469,378	260,639
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities		(458,463)	(255,441)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		(401,239)	(177,843)
			(101,200)	(177,010)
非流動負債 其他借款	Non-current liabilities Other borrowings		23,149	_
負債淨額	Net liabilities		(424,388)	(177,843)
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本儲備	Share capital Reserves	36 37.2	35,126 (459,514)	34,126 (211,969)
資本虧拙	CAPITAL DEFICIENCY		(424,388)	(177,843)

於二零二三年三月二十四 日獲董事會批准及由以下 人士代其簽署: Approved by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

陳健文 Chen Jianwen 董事 Director 趙麗娟 Chiu Lai Kuen, Susanna 董事 Director



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

37. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

37.2本公司儲備變動

37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

37.2 Reserve movement of the Company

		股份溢價賬 Share premium	資本贖回 儲備 Capital redemption	股份支付 儲備 Share-based payment	累計虧損	總計
		account	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		Π Λ Φ 000	<i>π</i> νφ <i>υυυ</i>	ΠΛΦ <i>000</i>	ΠΛΦ 000	
於二零二零年一月一日 年內虧損及	At 1 January 2020 Loss and total comprehensive	242,729	1,181	52,595	(18,305)	278,200
全面開支總額	expense for the year	_	_	_	(490,169)	(490,169)
過往年度授出之	Lapse of share options				(100,100)	(100,100)
購股權失效	granted in previous years	_	_	(52,595)	52,595	_
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	242,729	1,181	_	(455,879)	(211,969)
於二零二一年一月一日 轉換可轉換貸款	At 1 January 2021 Conversion of convertible	242,729	1,181	-	(455,879)	(211,969)
	loans	18,000	-	-	-	18,000
年內虧損及 全面開支總額	Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year		-	_	(265,545)	(265,545)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	260,729	1,181	_	(721,424)	(459,514)



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

38. 儲備

38.1 本集團

本集團儲備之數額及其變動於綜合損益及其他全面收益表及綜合權益變動表內呈列。

38.2儲備之性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價賬

(ii) 資本贖回儲備

資本贖回儲備指本公司通過聯交所購回。已 設定 設行股本按已記 設行股本按已記 設 股本面值削減,並於 設 新購回股份後轉撥 至資本贖回儲備。

(iii) 合併儲備

(iv) 法定儲備

法定儲備為不可分派, 乃根據地區之適用法 律及規例自本集團海 外附屬公司之除稅後 溢利撥付。

38. RESERVES

38.1 Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

38.2 Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium account

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve represents the nominal amount of share capital repurchased through the Stock Exchange and cancelled by the Company. The issued share capital was reduced by the nominal value thereof and transfer to the capital redemption reserve is made upon cancellation of the repurchased shares.

(iii) Merger reserve

The merger reserve of the Group arose as a result of the Group reorganisation in 2003 and represented the difference between the nominal value of the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired under the reorganisation scheme, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange thereof.

(iv) Statutory reserves

The Statutory reserves, which are non-distributable, are appropriated from the profit after taxation of the Group's foreign subsidiaries under the local applicable laws and regulations.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

38. 儲備(續)

38.2 儲備之性質及用涂(續)

(v) 股份支付儲備

股份支付儲備指已授 予本集團董事、僱員及 顧問但未行使之實際 或估計購股權數目之 公平值,根據綜合財務 報表附註4.22中就以 股權結算股份支付所 採納之會計政策確認。

(vi) 外幣匯兌儲備

外幣匯兌儲備包括所 有因換算海外業務財 務報表產生之匯兌差 額。儲備乃根據綜合財 務報表附註4.4所載會 計政策處理。

(vii) 以公平值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產儲 借

以公平值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產包 括於報告期末持有的 以公平值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產的 公平值累計變動淨額, 並根據綜合財務報表 附註4.10內之會計政 策處理。

(viii) 可轉換貸款儲備

可轉換貸款儲備指根 據綜合財務報表附註 4.17中可轉換貸款所 採納的會計政策所確 認本公司已發行可轉 換貸款未行使權益部 分價值。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

38. RESERVES (continued)

38.2 Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to directors. employees and consultants of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 4.22 to the consolidated financial statements.

(vi) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4.4 to the consolidated financial statements.

(vii) Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve

The financial assets at FVTOCI reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in note 4.10 to the consolidated financial statements.

(viii) Convertible loans reserve

The convertible loans reserve represents the value of the unexercised equity component of convertible loans issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible loans in note 4.17 to the consolidated financial statements.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

39. 綜合現金流量表附註

39.1 收購非控股權益-我要潮婚 集團有限公司

二零二一年十一月 於二零二一年十一万二十三日,本集團按現金代 價49港元自獨立第三方我 要潮婚集團有限公司收購 一間附屬公司餘下49%股權。年內收購本公司擁有人 應佔股權的影響概述如下:

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

39. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH **FLOWS**

39.1 Acquisition of non-controlling interests - 51 Chaohun Group Limited

On 23 November 2021, the Group acquired the remaining 49% interest in a subsidiary from the independent third party, Chao Groups Limited, at a cash consideration of HK\$49. The effect of the acquisition on the equity attributable to the owners of the Company during the year is summarised as follows:

> 零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000

已收購非控股權益賬面值

Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired

(2,902)

已付非控股權益代價 Consideration paid to non-controlling interests

(2,902)

39.2解散一間附屬公司一上海潮 羽電子商務有限公司

本集團全資附屬公司上海潮羽電子商務有限公司於 年內解散,過往470,000 港元之匯兌收益重新分類 至本年度之綜合損益。該 附屬公司解散所產生之虧 損(包括匯兌虧損)金額為 470,000港元,已計入其他 經營開支。

於解散日期資產及負債的 賬面值如下:

39.2 Dissolution of a subsidiary – 上海潮羽電子商務有限公司

A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, 上海潮羽電 子商務有限公司, was dissolved during the year, and a past translation gain of HK\$470,000 was reclassified to this year's consolidated profit or loss. Loss arising on the dissolution of this subsidiary, including the translation loss, amounting to HK\$470,000 is included in other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities at its date of dissolution, were as follows:

> 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000

已結算資產淨值 匯兌儲備解除 解散一間附屬公司之虧損

Net assets dissolved of Release of translation reserve Loss on dissolution of a subsidiary

470 (470)

解散一間附屬公司時的現金流出 Net cash outflow arising on dissolution of 淨額 a subsidiary

所解散的銀行及現金結餘

Bank and cash balances dissolved of

低於1,000港元

^{*} Less than HK\$1,000



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

39. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

39.3融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生之負債變動,包括現金變動。融資活動產生之負債為其現金流量已經或未來現金流量將於與無票合現金流量表分類作融資活動之現金流量。

39. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

39.3 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

		於二零二一年 一月一日 At 1 January 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	現金流量 Cash flows <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> *000	s Inception 于 <i>千港元</i>	Early termination : 千港元	新型冠制 病毒相關 租金減免 COVID-15 related reni concessions <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> *000	・ 非現金項目 ・ Non-cash ・ items ・ <i>千港元</i>	轉撥至直接 歸屬於持作 出售資產 之負債 Transfer to liabilities directly attributable to assets held for sale <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> *000	於 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 At 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行及其他借款 (附註31) 貿易融資貸款(附註31) 可轉換貸款(附註33) 租賃負債(附註32)	Bank and other borrowings (note 31) Trade finance loans (note 31) Convertible loans (note 33) Lease liabilities (note 32)	408,380 38,772 - 188,632	(18,894 (38,772 127,457 (79,923	<u>2)</u> -	 (115,368)	- - - (465	(0.,=	(195,086) - (90,186)	-
總計	Total	635,784	(10,132	2) 35,105	(115,368)	(465	5) (34,183)	(285,272)	225,469
		At 1 c	二零年 月一日 anuary 2020 千港元 K\$'000	現金流量 Cash flows <i>千港元 HK\$</i> '000	訂立 Inception <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000	提早終止 Early termination <i>千港元</i>	新型冠狀 病毒相關 租金減免 COVID-19 related rent concessions 千港元	匯兌差額 Exchange difference チ港元	於二零二零年 十二月 三十一日 At 31 December 2020 千港元
銀行及其他借款 (附註31) 貿易融資貸款(附註31) 來自一間關聯公司之貸款 (附註26) 租賃負債(附註32)	Bank and other borrowings (note 31) Trade finance loans (note 31) Loan from a related company (note 26) Lease liabilities (note 32)	4	08,007 39,838 5,000 41,185	373 (1,164) (5,000) (127,491)	- - - 7,422	- - (99,720)	HK\$*000 - - - (32,761)	- 98 - (3)	408,380 38,772 - 188,632
總計	Total	8	94,030	(133,282)	7,422	(99,720)	(32,761)	95	635,784

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

39. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

39. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH **FLOWS** (continued)

39.4租賃之現金流出總額

計入綜合現金流量表的有 關租賃金額包括以下:

39.4 Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
經營現金流範圍內 融資現金流範圍內	Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	26,182 79,923 106,105	51,915 127,491 179,406
該等金額與下文有關	割: These amour	its relate to the following:	
		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
已付租賃租金	Lease rental paid	106,105	179,406

40. 訴訟

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團牽涉與其零售店舖應計租 金及業務糾紛有關的多項正在進 行的訴訟及索償。管理層已就計 入應計租賃物業裝修(附註30)、 其他應計開支(附註30)以及應 付前關連方款項(附註26)的應 計租金及業務糾紛計提充分撥 備,且認為可能與原告達成有利 的和解。

40. LITIGATIONS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has been involved in numerous ongoing litigations and claims concerning accrued rent of its retail shops and business disputes. The management has made sufficient provision for the accrued rent and business disputes as included in accrued leasehold improvements (note 30), other accrued expenses (note 30) and amounts due to former related parties (note 26), and believes that a favorable settlement could be reached with the plaintiffs.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

41. 經營租賃安排

本集團作為承租人

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就位於香港和澳門的店舗訂立短期租賃。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,有關該等店舗的未支付租賃承擔約為2,039,000港元(二零二零年:230,000港元)。

本集團作為出租人

經營租賃與本集團所擁有土地及 樓宇有關租期介乎1至5年。所有 經營租賃合約載有按承租人行使 其選擇權延續租金的市場審閱條 文。承租人並無選擇權於租期屆 滿後購買有關物業。

租賃之應收最低租賃款項如下:

41. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group entered into short-term leases for shops in Hong Kong and Macau. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding lease commitments relating to these shops are approximately HK\$2,039,000 (2020: HK\$230,000).

The Group as lessor

Operating leases relate to land and building owned by the Group with lease terms of 1 to 5 years. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the rent that the lessee exercises its options to renew. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	-	630

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

42. 關聯人士交易

(a) 除綜合財務報表其他部分

披露之關聯人士交易及結 餘外,本集團年內曾與關聯 人士進行以下交易:

42. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the year:

	二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
向關聯公司銷售 Sales to related companies 來自一間關聯公司之 Rental income from a related	110	2,692
租金收入 company	1,080	2,160
向一間關聯公司支付 Loan interest expense to a related 之貸款利息開支 company	-	188
向一名執行董事支付 Rental expense to an executive 之租金開支 director	-	2,268
代關聯公司收取之 Sales received on behalf of related 銷售額 companies	-	908

本公司的前執行董事為關 聯公司之控股股東。

The Company's former executive directors are the controlling shareholders of the related companies.

(b) 年內,董事及其他主要管理 層成員之薪酬如下:

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二零年 2020 <i>千港元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i>
主要管理層人員酬金:	Key management personnel compensation:		
袍金	Fees	604	653
基本薪金、津貼及 實物利益	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	16,036	18,742
酌情花紅	Discretionary bonuses	-	59
退休福利計劃供款	Retirement benefits scheme		
	contributions	261	439
		16,901	19,893

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

43. 主要附屬公司

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

於二零二一年十二月三十一日之 主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

名稱	註冊成立地點	主要業務及營業地點	法定股本/ 已發行股本詳情 Particulars of authorised share	法律實體類別	應佔股權
Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities and place of operation	capital/issued share capital	Type of legal entity	Attributable equity interests
直接持有權益: Interest held directly:					
萬通貿有限公司 (前稱為「卓悅集團有限公司」	英屬處女群島)	投資控股	50,000股每股面值1美元 之法定普通股/3,000股 每股面值1美元之已發行 普通股		100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Man Tong Trade Limited (formerly known as "Bonjour Group Limited")	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	50,000 authorised ordinary shares of US\$ each/3,000 issued ordinary shares of US\$ each		100% (2020: 100%)
間接持有權益:					
Interests held indirectly: 合豐隆有限公司(前稱為 「卓悅化粧品批發中心 有限公司」)(「合豐隆」)	香港	在香港批發及零售美容 、健康及生活時尚產品	300,000港元之無投票 權遞延股及1,000港元 之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Hop Fung Lung Limited ("HFL") (formerly known as "Bonjour Cosmetic Wholesale Center Limited")	Hong Kong	Wholesaling and retailing of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products in Hong Kong	Non-voting deferred shares of HK\$300,000 and ordinary shares of HK\$1,000	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
信亨國際有限公司	香港	在香港批發美容、健康及 生活時尚健產品	100,000港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Sheen Honour International Limited	Hong Kong	Wholesaling of beauty, health-care and lifestyle products in Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$100,000	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
全得發展有限公司	英屬處女群島	在澳門零售美容、健康及 生活時尚產品	50,000股每股面值1美元 之法定普通股/1股 每股面值1美元之 已發行普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Full Gain Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	Retailing of beauty health- care and lifestyle products in Macau	50,000 authorised ordinary shares of US\$1 each/1 issued ordinary share of US\$1	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
傲林有限公司	香港	在香港持有物業	1港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Apex Frame Limited	Hong Kong	Property holding in Hong Kong	Ordinary share of HK\$1	Limited liability company	100%)



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 December 2021

43. 主要附屬公司(續)

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

名稱	註冊成立地點	主要業務及營業地點	法定股本/ 已發行股本詳情 Particulars of authorised share	法律實體類別	應佔股權
Name	Place of incorporation	Principal activities and place of operation	capital/issued share capital	Type of legal entity	Attributable equity interests
晉勝有限公司	英屬處女群島	投資控股	50,000股每股面值1美元 之法定普通股/1股 面值1美元之已發行 普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年:100%)
Active Earn Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	50,000 authorised ordinary shares of US\$1 each/1 issued ordinary share of US\$1	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
卓悅環球發展有限公司	香港	電子商務業務	100港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Bonjour Global Development Limited	Hong Kong	E-commerce business	Ordinary shares of HK\$100	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
卓悅生活元素有限公司	香港	投資控股	100港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Bonjour Lifestyle Company Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	Ordinary shares of HK\$100	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
卓悅環球產品研發有限公司	香港	在香港批發美容、健康及 生活時尚產品	100港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Bonjour Global Supply Limited	Hong Kong	Wholesaling of beauty, health- care and lifestyle products in Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$100	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
香港創新創業有限公司	香港	在香港批發美容、健康及 生活時尚產品	100港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Hong Kong Innovation and Entrepreneurship Limited	Hong Kong	Wholesaling of beauty, health- care and lifestyle products in Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of HK\$100	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)
至易有限公司	香港	於香港持有物業	1港元之普通股	有限公司	100% (二零二零年: 100%)
Wealthy Train Limited	Hong Kong	Property holding in Hong Kong	Ordinary share of HK\$1	Limited liability company	100% (2020: 100%)

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

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44. 報告期後事件

有關出售目標公司(定義見下文) 全部已發行股本之非常重大出 售事項;有關投資於基金之重大 交易;根據特別授權發行認股權 證;及有關租賃協議之須予披露 交易

於二零二二年三月二十八日,本公司訂立買賣協議(「買賣協議),據此,本公司同意出售的,且CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P(「基金」)同意認購Apex Centric Investment Limited(本公司的直接全資附屬公司,「目標公司」)一股普通股(「出售股份」),總代價為900,000,000港元,受買賣協議條款及條件所規限(「出售項」)。

目標公司直接持有及擁有傲林有限公司(「傲林」) 100%的已發行股份,傲林為位於及處於香港之分別於土地註冊處多於主地說地第458號地塊及丈量約份第443約地第458號地塊的全部土地或地塊的全部土地或地塊調為香港新界荃灣的人。 管院、豎設物及樓宇(「該物業」)的合法實益擁有人。

於二零二二年三月二十八日, 卓悅投資管理有限公司(本公 司的全資附屬公司,「卓悅投 資」)、CR Capital Investment (Cayman) Limited (「CRCI」) (連同卓悅投資統稱為「有 限合夥人」)與CR Business Innovation Investment GP Company Limited (「普通合夥 人」) 訂立有限合夥協議(「有限合 夥協議」)及認購協議(「認購協 議」),據此,各訂約方同意(其中 包括),有限合夥人須向基金供 款最多550,000,000港元,並受 有限合夥協議條款規限。基金的 主要投資為收購該物業,其涉及 基金向本公司收購出售股份(「該 投資」)。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Very substantial disposal in relation to the disposal of the entire issued share capital of the Target Company (as defined below); Major transaction in relation to investment in a fund; Issue of warrants under specific mandate; and Discloseable transaction in relation to the Tenancy Agreement

On 28 March 2022, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell and CR Business Innovation Investment Fund L.P (the "Fund") agreed to purchase one ordinary share (the "Sale Share") of Apex Centric Investment Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, the "Target Company") at an aggregate consideration of HK\$900,000,000, subject to the terms and conditions of the Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Disposal").

The Target Company directly holds and owns 100% of the issued shares of Apex Frame Limited ("Apex Frame"), which is the legal and beneficial owner of all those pieces or parcels of ground situated lying and being at Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong and respectively registered in the Land Registry as LOT NO. 458 IN DEMARCATION DISTRICT NO. 443 AND LOT NO. 488 UB DEMARCATION DISTRICT NO.443 TOGETHER with the messuages erections and buildings thereon now known as NOS. 36-42 and NOS. 44-50 WANG WO TSAI STREET, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong (the "Property").

On 28 March 2022, Bonjour Investment Management Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, "Bonjour Investment"), CR Capital Investment (Cayman) Limited ("CRCI") (together with Bonjour Investment, the "Limited Partner(s)") and CR Business Innovation Investment GP Company Limited (the "General Partner"), entered into a limited partnership agreement (the "Limited Partnership Agreement") and a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties have agreed upon, among other things, that the Limited Partners shall contribute a maximum of HK\$550,000,000 to the Fund subject to the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement. The principal investment of the Fund is the acquisition of the Property, which involves the Fund acquiring the Sale Share from the Company (the "Investment").

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

44. 報告期後事件(續)

有關出售目標公司(定義見下文) 全部已發行股本之非常重大出 售事項;有關投資於基金之重大 交易;根據特別授權發行認股權 證;及有關租賃協議之須予披露 交易(續)

根據買賣協議,於完成後,本公司 (或其附屬公司/聯屬協議(「 基金將訂立一份租賃協議」),據此,基金將訂立一份租賃協議」),據此,基金團使 團出租該物業供本集團於完成 第二年、第二年年 時租 第二年、第二年年 時租 第二年 第二年 第二年 第二年 第二年 第10,000 港元 29,503,629港元。該物業將 集團繼續用作其營運場所。

上述交易詳情載列於本公司日期為二零二二年六月七日的通函。

出售事項、該投資、發行認股權 證及租約乃在合同中互為條件。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

Very substantial disposal in relation to the disposal of the entire issued share capital of the Target Company (as defined below); Major transaction in relation to investment in a fund; Issue of warrants under specific mandate; and Discloseable transaction in relation to the Tenancy Agreement (continued)

Upon completion of the Disposal ("Completion"), (i) the Target Company would redeem all the outstanding convertible bonds previously issued to Karfond Limited ("Karfond"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Far East Consortium International Limited, at its principal amount of HK\$110,500,000 together with accrued and unpaid interest up to and excluding the date of such redemption; and (ii) the Company would issue 581,578,947 unlisted warrants (the "Warrants") conferring rights to subscribe for 581,578,947 shares to be issued by the Company upon exercise (the "Warrant Shares") at the exercise price of HK\$0.19 per Warrant Share with an aggregate face value of HK\$110,500,000 to Karfond.

Pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, upon Completion, the Company (or its subsidiary/affiliate) and the Fund will enter into a tenancy agreement (the "Tenancy Agreement"), whereby the Fund will lease the Property to the Group for the Group's use for a term of four years commencing on the date of the Completion. The annual rent payable by the Group will be HK\$27,000,000, HK\$27,810,000, HK\$28,644,300 and HK\$29,503,629 for the first, second, third and forth year of lease. The Property will continue to be used by the Group as premises for its operation.

Details of the above-mentioned transactions are set out in the Company's circular dated 7 June 2022.

The Disposal, the Investment, issue of the Warrants and the Lease are contractually inter-conditional upon each other.

The Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the specific mandate to authorise the Directors to issue the Warrants and the Warrant Shares upon exercise thereof and the transactions contemplated thereunder were subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company, which was obtained at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 27 June 2022. Completion of the Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the Lease took place on 29 June 2022.



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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

44. 報告期後事件(續)

有關出售目標公司(定義見下文) 全部已發行股本之非常重大出 售事項;有關投資於基金之重大 交易;根據特別授權發行認股權 證;及有關租賃協議之須予披露 交易(續)

合豐隆之清盤

45. 重新分類及比較數字

誠如綜合財務報表附註28所 提及者,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本集團正在尋求出 售物業並預計物業出售將於二 零二一年之前完成。於二零二 零年十二月三十一日,分類物業 (不包括所附帶的租賃裝修)之 賬面值479,262,000港元分類 為持作出售之資產。賬面值為 18,219,000港元之租賃裝修附 於物業及被認為與物業不可分 割。因此,本集團已作出重新分 類 及 重 列 調 整 ,以 將 租 賃 裝 修 18,219,000港元重新分配至於 二零二零年十二月三十一日分類 為持作出售之資產。

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

Very substantial disposal in relation to the disposal of the entire issued share capital of the Target Company (as defined below); Major transaction in relation to investment in a fund; Issue of warrants under specific mandate; and Discloseable transaction in relation to the Tenancy Agreement (continued)

For further details of the Disposal, the Investment, the issue of the Warrants and the Lease, please refer to (i) the announcements of the Company dated 28 March 2022, 30 May 2022 and 29 June 2022; (ii) the circular of the Company dated 7 June 2022; and (iii) the poll results announcement of the Company dated 27 June 2022.

Winding up of HFL

On 9 January 2023, a winding-up order was made by the High Court against HFL, a subsidiary of the Company, at the hearing of the Petition pursuant to the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Official Receiver of Hong Kong has been appointed as the provisional liquidator of HFL. For further details of the winding-up, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 9 January 2023 and 17 January 2023.

45. RECLASSIFICATIONS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES

As mentioned in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2020, the Group had been seeking to dispose of the Property and anticipated that the disposal of the Property will be completed by 2021. As at 31 December 2020, carrying amount of the Property (excluding leasehold improvements attached) of HK\$479,262,000 was classified as assets classified as held for sale. Leasehold improvements with carrying amounts of HK\$18,219,000 were attached to the Property and considered as inseparable to the Property. As a result, the Group has made a reclassification and restatement adjustment to reallocate the leasehold improvement of HK\$18,219,000 to assets classified as held for sale as at 31 December 2020.

Dr. Bauer

24 K GOLD PEPTIDES COLLECTION



24K金箔胜肽塑肌修復再生精華素 24K Gold Peptides Collection Regenerating Concentrate 24K金箔胜肽塑肌黃金水 24K Gold Peptides Collection Rejuvenating Miracle Water



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