THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult a stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, a bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd., you should at once hand this circular, together with the accompanying form of proxy to the purchaser or transferee, or to the bank, stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同城實業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 9699)

- (1) PROPOSAL FOR ELECTION OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; (2) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION;
 - (3) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING;
 - (4) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS;
 - (5) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE AND

NOTICE OF THE 2023 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

AND

NOTICE OF THE UNLISTED SHARE CLASS MEETING
AND
NOTICE OF THE H SHARE CLASS MEETING

A letter from the Board is set out on pages 3 to 9 of this circular.

A notice convening the EGM of the Company to be held at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, by way of telecommunication, is set out on pages EGM-1 to EGM-6 of this circular. A form of proxy for use at the EGM is enclosed with this circular. The EGM will be conducted virtually by way of telecommunication video-conference. As Shareholders will not be able to attend the EGM in person, Shareholders who wish to vote at the EGM shall appoint the chairman of the EGM as their proxy by completing the accompanying form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the same as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time designated for holding the EGM (i.e. on Wednesday, 20 September 2023 at 10 a.m. or any adjournment thereof). Completion and return of the form of proxy shall not preclude you from attending the EGM or any adjourned meeting should you so wish.

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DEFINITIONS

In this circular, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

"Articles of Association" the articles of association of the Company currently in

force

"Board" the Board of Directors of the Company

"Class Meeting(s)" the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class

Meeting of the Company

"Company" Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同

城實業股份有限公司 (Stock Code: 9699), a joint stock company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability, the issued H Shares of which are listed on the Main Board

of the Stock Exchange

"Company Law" or "PRC Company Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人

民共和國公司法), as amended, supplemented or

otherwise modified from time to time

"Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company

Company Law"

"EGM" the 2023 second extraordinary general meeting of the

Company to be held by way of telecommunication on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, at 10 a.m., or any

adjournment thereof

"H Share(s)" the overseas-listed foreign share(s) in the share capital of

the Company with nominal value of RMB1.00 each, which are traded in Hong Kong dollars and listed on the

main board of the Stock Exchange

"H Share Class Meeting" the class meeting of the H Share Shareholders to be held

by way of telecommunication on Wednesday,

20 September 2023, at 10:45 a.m.

"H Share Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of H Shares

"HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the

People's Republic of China

DEFINITIONS

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the

Stock Exchange as amended from time to time

"PRC" the People's Republic of China

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) in the issued capital of the Company

with a nominal value of RMB1.00 each, comprising

Unlisted Domestic Share(s) and H Share(s)

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of Share(s)

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"Unlisted Domestic Share(s)" the domestic share(s) of the Company, with a nominal

value of RMB1.00 each, which are subscribed for and

fully paid up in Renminbi

"Unlisted Domestic Share

Shareholder(s)"

holder(s) of Unlisted Domestic Share(s)

"Unlisted Share Class Meeting" the class meeting of the Unlisted Domestic Share

Shareholder(s) to be held by way of telecommunication

on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, at 10:30 a.m.

"%" per cent

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同城實業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 9699)

Executive Directors:

Mr. Sun Haijin (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chan Hey Man

Mr. Chen Lin

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Fei (Chairman)

Mr. Li Qiuyu

Mr. Han Liu

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Kok Chung, Johnny

Mr. Wong Hak Kun

Mr. Zhou Xiang

Ms. Huang Jing

Registered Office:

Room 1626, 16th Floor

Chenchuang Building

No. 198, Zhoushan East Road Gongshu District, Hangzhou City

Zhejiang Province

PRČ

Headquarters and Principal Place

of Business in the PRC:

Floor 21-22, Shunfeng Headquarters Building

No. 3076 Xinghai Road

Nanshan District

Shenzhen City

Guangdong Province

PRC

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong:

5/F, Manulife Place

348 Kwun Tong Road

Kowloon

Hong Kong

28 August 2023

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir/Madam.

- (1) PROPOSAL FOR ELECTION OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR;
- (2) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION;
- (3) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING:
- (4) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS;
- (5) PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

AND

NOTICE OF THE 2023 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING AND

NOTICE OF THE UNLISTED SHARE CLASS MEETING AND

NOTICE OF THE H SHARE CLASS MEETING

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide the Shareholders with information in respect of the resolutions to be proposed at the EGM to be held on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, so as to enable the Shareholders to make an informed decision as to whether to vote in favour of or against such resolutions. For details of the proposed resolutions at the EGM, please also refer to the notice convening the EGM.

2. PROPOSAL FOR ELECTION OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 28 August 2023 in relation to the proposed election of Mr. Geng Yankun as an non-executive Director of the Company.

According to the Articles of Association, directors shall be elected at shareholders' general meeting and serve for a term from the date of passing of the resolution at the EGM (i.e. 20 September 2023) to the date on which the term of the 2nd session of the Board expires (i.e. 20 June 2025). Accordingly, the Board has resolved to submit the proposal as an ordinary resolution at the EGM to approve the election of Mr. Geng Yankun as an non-executive Director.

The nomination committee of the Board has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, the overall contribution of the Directors with reference to the nomination principles and criteria set out in the Company's board diversity policy, director nomination policy and the Company's corporate strategy. The nomination committee has recommended to the Board that Mr. Geng Yankun be proposed for election at the EGM as a non-executive Director. The Board has endorsed the recommendation and will present an ordinary resolution at the EGM accordingly.

Details of the Director proposed for election at the EGM are set out in Appendix I to this circular.

3. PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Board proposes to amend the existing Articles of Association of the Company by adopting a new set of articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing Articles of Association of the Company (the "**Proposed Amendments**"), in view of the below and to make some other housekeeping amendments.

On 17 February 2023, the State Council (the "State Council") of the PRC issued the Decision of the State Council to Repeal Certain Administrative Regulations and Documents (《國務院關於廢止部分行政法規和文件的決定》) and the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") issued the Trial Measures of Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Companies (《境內企業境外發行證券和上市管理試行辦法》) (the "Trial Measures") and related guidelines, which came into effect on 31 March 2023. Meanwhile, the Mandatory Provisions for Companies Listing Overseas (《到境外上市公司章程必備條款》) (the "Mandatory Provisions") set forth in Zheng Wei Fa (1994) No. 21 file issued on 27 August 1994 by the State Council Securities Policy Committee and the State Commission for Restructuring the Economic System and the Special Regulations on the Overseas Offering and Listing of Shares by Joint Stock Limited Companies (《國務院關於股份有限公司境外募集股份及上市的特別規定》) issued on 4 August 1994 by the State Council had been repealed on the effective date of the Trial Measures. PRC issuers shall formulate their articles of association with reference to the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies (《上市公司章程指引》) (the "Guidelines") issued by the CSRC in place of the Mandatory Provisions.

Furthermore, holders of domestic shares and H shares are no longer deemed to be different classes of shareholders, thus the class meeting requirement applicable to holders of domestic shares and H shares are no longer necessary and removed. In light of the above, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited also proposed certain amendments to the Listing Rules, which came into effect on 1 August 2023.

The Board is of the view that the Proposed Amendments (including the removal of the class meeting requirement from the Articles of Association of the Company following the repeal of the Mandatory Provisions) will not compromise protection of the H Share Shareholders and will not have material impact on measures relating to shareholder protection, as domestic Shares and H Shares are regarded as one class of ordinary shares under PRC law, and the substantive rights attached to these two kinds of shares of shares (including voting rights, dividends and asset distribution upon liquidation) are the same.

After the Proposed Amendments take effect, the Company will continue to comply with the Listing Rules to meet the core shareholder protection standards through compliance with PRC laws in combination with its constitutional documents pursuant to Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules and will further monitor its ongoing compliance with these standards and notify the Stock Exchange if it becomes unable to comply with any of these standards.

Details of the Proposed Amendments are contained in Appendix II in this circular.

The Proposed Amendments shall be subject to the passing of a special resolution by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting.

4. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

The Company intends to put forward to the Shareholders a proposal to amend the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meeting.

Details of the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meeting are contained in Appendix III in this circular.

The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' General Meeting shall be subject to the passing of a special resolution by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting.

5. PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company intends to put forward to the Shareholders a proposal to amend the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors.

Details of the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors are contained in Appendix IV in this circular.

The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors shall be subject to the passing of a special resolution by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting.

6. PROPOSAL FOR AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

The Company intends to put forward to the Shareholders a proposal to amend the Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee.

Details of the proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee are contained in Appendix V in this circular.

The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee shall be subject to the passing of a special resolution by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, and will become effective upon the approval by the Shareholders at the EGM, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting.

7. EGM AND THE CLASS MEETINGS ARRANGEMENTS

Special resolutions will be proposed at the EGM and the Class Meetings in relation to the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meeting, the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors, and the Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee, details of which are set out in special resolutions numbered 3 to 6 of the notice of the EGM and special resolutions numbered 1 to 4 of each of the notices of the Class Meetings.

No Physical Attendance at the EGM and the Class Meetings

The EGM and the Class Meetings will be conducted by way of telecommunication video-conference. There will be no physical location to facilitate the EGM and the Class Meetings. The Shareholders and/or their proxies will NOT be able to attend the EGM and the Class Meetings in person, and can only participate in the EGM and the Class Meetings by way

of telecommunication video-conference. Shareholders will be able to participate in the EGM and the Class Meetings by way of telecommunication video-conference from 10:00 a.m. until the completion of the EGM and the Class Meetings on Wednesday, 20 September 2023 on a computer, tablet or any browser enabled device. Please follow the instructions below on how to participate in the EGM and the Class Meetings. Shareholders will need to complete the following steps to be able to participate in the EGM and the Class Meetings of the Company:

Accessing Proceedings of the EGM and the Class Meetings by Zoom conference link

For Shareholders who would like to participate in the EGM and the Class Meetings, you will need to register by sending an email to is-enquiries@hk.tricorglobal.com or via telephone hotline at (852) 2980 1333 during business hours (9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday to Friday, excluding Hong Kong Public holidays) by no later than 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 19 September 2023 (being not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for holding the EGM and the Class Meetings) to enable the Company to verify the Shareholders' status.

Authenticated Shareholders will receive an email confirmation by Wednesday, 20 September 2023 which contains a link to join the EGM and the Class Meetings. Shareholders MUST NOT forward the link to other persons who are not the Shareholders and who are not entitled to attend the EGM and the Class Meetings.

Vote by appointing the chairman of the EGM and the Class Meetings as your proxy

All resolutions at the EGM and the Class Meetings will be decided on a poll. Shareholders will still be able to vote by doing so in advance of the EGM and the Class Meetings by proxy. If you wish to vote on any resolution at the EGM and the Class Meetings, you must appoint the chairman of the EGM and the Class Meetings as your proxy to exercise your right to vote at the EGM and the Class Meetings in accordance with your instructions. If you appoint a person who is not the chairman of the EGM and the Class Meetings as your proxy, that person will not be able to exercise your vote.

A proxy form to be used at the EGM and the Class Meetings is also enclosed herein and published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk). If you are not a registered Shareholder (if your Shares are held via banks, brokers, custodians or the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited), you should consult directly with your banks or brokers or custodians (as the case may be) to assist you in the appointment of a proxy.

The proxy form should be returned to the Company's H Share Registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for holding the EGM and the Class Meetings (for the H Share Shareholders); or to the business address of the Company in the PRC, at Floor 21-22, Shunfeng Headquarters Building, No. 3076 Xinghai Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, PRC not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM and the Class Meetings (for the Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders).

Questions from Shareholders

Shareholders may submit any questions they may have in advance in relation to any resolution set out in the notice of EGM and the Class Meetings by 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 19 September 2023 (being not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for holding the EGM and the Class Meetings) via email to is-enquiries@hk.tricorglobal.com or via telephone hotline at (852) 2980 1333 during business hours (9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday to Friday, excluding Hong Kong Public holidays).

Shareholders can also submit questions during the EGM and the Class Meetings through the conference link provided. The Board will address the questions during the EGM and the Class Meetings proceedings.

8. CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to determine the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the EGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 15 September 2023 to Wednesday, 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be registered. To be entitled to attend and vote at the EGM, Shareholders whose transfer of Shares have not been registered must lodge all transfer instruments accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's H Share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for H Share Shareholders, or the business address of the Company in the PRC for Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders for registration at or before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 14 September 2023 (Hong Kong time).

9. VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. On a poll, every Shareholder present or by proxy or (being a corporation) by its duly authorized representative shall have one vote for each Share registered in his/her/its name in the register of members of the Company. A Shareholder entitled to more than one vote needs not use all his/her/its votes or cast all the votes in the same manner.

The poll results will be published on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange following the EGM and the Class Meetings pursuant to Rule 13.39(5).

10. RECOMMENDATION

The Directors consider that the proposed additional resolutions in respect of the proposals for (i) the election of non-executive director; (ii) the amendments to the Articles of Association; (iii) the amendments to the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' General Meeting; (iv) the amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Board of Directors; and (v) the amendments to the Rules of Procedures for the Supervisory Committee are in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders. Accordingly, the Directors recommend the Shareholders to vote in favour of all the above resolutions as set out in the notice of the EGM and in the notices of the Class Meetings.

Yours faithfully
For and on behalf of the Board
CHAN Fei
Chairman

DETAILS OF THE DIRECTOR PROPOSED TO BE ELECTED AT THE EGM

PROPOSED NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The following are details of the Director who will be proposed to the Shareholders for election at the EGM.

Mr. Geng, aged 37, has more than 14 years of experience in technology research and development ("R&D") and operation management. He is responsible for technology R&D related business of S.F. Holding Co., Ltd. (順豐控股股份有限公司) (whose shares are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002352.SZ), one of the controlling shareholders of the Company) ("S.F. Holding", together with its subsidiaries, the "S.F. Holding Group"). He joined the S.F. Holding Group in September 2017, and currently holds various positions within the S.F. Holding Group, including (i) the chief executive officer and chairman of Beijing SF Intra-city Technology Co., Ltd. (北京順豐同城科技有限公司) (one of the controlling shareholders of the Company), (ii) the chief technology officer of the S.F. Holding Group, (iii) the chief executive officer and chairman of SF Technology Co., Ltd. (順豐科技有限公司), and (iv) a deputy general manager of S.F. Holding. Mr. Geng Yankun is also currently a director of several subsidiaries of S.F. Holding. Prior to joining the S.F. Holding Group, Mr. Geng Yankun was the senior manager of Baidu Online Network Technology (Beijing) Company Limited (百度在線網絡技術(北京)有限公司) from July 2009 to September 2015, and the chief technology officer of Beijing Xiaodu Information and Technology Co., Ltd. (北京小度信息科 技有限公司) from October 2015 to September 2017.

Mr. Geng Yankun obtained a bachelor's degree in Engineering from the Harbin Institute of Technology (哈爾濱工業大學) in July 2007 and a master's degree in Engineering from Peking University (北京大學) in July 2009. Mr. Geng Yankun was a member of the Professional Science and Innovation Committee of the China Express Association (中國快遞協會科技創新專業委員會) from July 2021 to July 2023. He is the vice chairman of the 2022 China digital logistics development report (2022中國數字物流發展報告) drafting committee of the China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing (中國物流與採購聯合會) since November 2022, and was recognized by that industry body as the 2016-2021 Double Chain Five Year Anniversary Most Influential Person (中物聯2016-2021雙鏈五週年風雲人物) and 2022 China Double Chain Annual Conference Innovative Digital Supply Chain Most Influential Person (中物聯2022年中國雙鏈年會數字供應鏈創新風雲人物) in December 2021 and January 2023, respectively. He has been a Youth Science and Innovation Doctoral Supervisor of the Harbin Institute of Technology Business School (哈爾濱工業大學商學院青年科創導師) since May 2023.

Mr. Geng Yankun is proposed to be elected as a non-executive Director by the Company for a term from the date of approval by Shareholders at the EGM to the expiry of the second session of the Board (i.e. 20 June 2025). He shall be subject to the re-election requirements at the general meetings of the Company pursuant to its Articles of Association. Mr. Geng Yankun is not entitled to any fees for being a non-executive Director. Mr. Geng Yankun will enter into a service agreement with the Company on the above terms, which is conditional upon approval by the Shareholders in the EGM.

APPENDIX I DETAILS OF THE DIRECTOR PROPOSED TO BE ELECTED AT THE EGM

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Geng Yankun has confirmed: (i) he does not, and did not in the last three years, hold or held any directorship in public companies, the securities of which are listed of any securities market in Hong Kong or overseas, or other major appointments and professional qualifications; (ii) he does not have any other relationship with any Directors, supervisors, senior management, substantial Shareholders, or any controlling Shareholder; and (iii) as at the date of this announcement, he does not hold any interest in the shares or underlying shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Save as disclosed above, the Company is not aware of other matters concerning Mr. Geng Yankun that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders, or other information of him that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51(2)(h) to 13.51(2)(x) of the Listing Rules.

COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF HANGZHOU SF INTRA-CITY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Before amendment Chapter 1 General Provisions Chapter 1 General Provisions Chapter 1 General Provisions

Article 1 In order to standardize the organization and behaviors of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), and protect the legitimate interests of the Company, shareholders and creditors, these Articles are formulated in accordance with requirements of the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law"), the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Securities Law"), the Special Provisions of the State Council Concerning Issuing and Listing of Shares Overseas by Joint Stock Limited Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Special Regulations"), the Mandatory Clauses of the Articles of Association of Companies Seeking Overseas (hereinafter referred to as the "Mandatory Provisions"), the Letter of the Opinion on the Supplemental Amendments to Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed in Hong Kong (hereinafter referred to as the "Supplemental Opinion"), the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "SEHK Listing Rules") and other relevant laws and regulations.

Article 1 In order to standardize the organization and behaviors of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), and protect the legitimate interests of the Company, shareholders and creditors, these Articles are formulated in accordance with requirements of the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law"), the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Securities Law"), the Trial Administrative Measures of Overseas Securities Offeringand Listing bv **Domestic** Companies (hereinafter referred to as the "Trial Measures"), the Special Provisions of the State Council Concerning Issuing and Listing of Shares Overseas by Joint Stock Limited Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Special Regulations"), the Mandatory Clauses of the Articles of Association of Companies Seeking Overseas Listing (hereinafter referred to as the "Mandatory Provisions"), the Letter of the Opinion on the Supplemental Amendments to Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed in Hong Kong (hereinafter referred to as the "Supplemental Opinion"), the Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "SEHK Listing Rules") and other relevant laws and regulations, and with reference to the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies (hereinafter referred to as the "Guidelines on Articles").

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 2 The Company is incorporated by way of promotion as a joint stock limited company in accordance with the Company Law, the Special Regulations and other related laws and administrative regulation. It was registered at the Bureau of Market Supervision in Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou City on June 2 was1, 2019 and obtained its business license.	Article 2 The Company is incorporated by way of promotion as a joint stock limited company in accordance with the Company Law, the Special Regulations and other related laws and administrative regulation. It was registered at the Bureau of Market Supervision in Xiaoshan District, Hangzhou City on June 21, 2019 and obtained its business license.
The Company's unified social credit code is: 91330100MA2GN7QH45.	The Company's unified social credit code is: 91330100MA2GN7QH45.
Shenzhen S.F. Taisen Holding (Group) Co., Ltd. and Beijing SF Intra-city Technology Co., Ltd. are the promoters of the Company.	Shenzhen S.F. Taisen Holding (Group) Co., Ltd. and Beijing SF Intra-city Technology Co., Ltd. are the promoters of the Company.
	Article 3 [Addition] The Company has been approved by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "CSRC") on October 13, 2021 to issue 131,180,800 overseas-listed foreign shares (hereinafter referred to as the "H Shares") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") and was listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on December 14, 2021.
	Article 6 [Addition] The registered share capital of the Company is RMB933,457,707.
Article 8 These Articles, being the code of conduct for the Company, are passed at the shareholders' general meeting of the Company and shall become effective on the date when the overseas listed foreign shares, upon approval by the relevant departments of the PRC and the relevant regulatory authorities, are listed and traded on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"), to replace these Articles of the Company originally filed to the State Administration for Market Regulation. From the date when these Articles take effect, these Articles constitute a legally binding document regulating the Company's organization and activities, and the rights and obligations between the Company and	Article 10 These Articles, being the code of conduct for the Company, are passed at the shareholders' general meeting of the Company-and-shall become effective on the date when the overseas listed foreign shares, upon approval by the relevant departments of the PRC and the relevant regulatory authorities, are listed and traded on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"), to replace these Articles of the Company originally filed to the State Administration for Market Regulation. From the date when these Articles take effect, these Articles constitute a legally binding document regulating the Company's organization and activities, and the rights and obligations between the Company and

each

shareholder

shareholders inter se.

and

among

shareholder

shareholders inter se.

and

among

each

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 2 Business Objectives and Scope of the Company	Chapter 2 Business Objectives and Scope of the Company
Article 13 The business scope of the Company covers supply chain management, enterprise management, commercial information consultation and marketing planning. (Except for the items subject to the administrative approval, the Company carries out operating activities listed in its business license freely according to the law).	Article 15 The business scope of the Company covers supply chain management, enterprise management, commercial information consultation and marketing planning. (Except for the items subject to the administrative approval, the Company carries out operating activities listed in its business license freely according to the law).
The business scope referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be such items as approved by the relevant company registration authority.	The business scope referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be such items as approved by the relevant company registration authority.
The Company may, based on any changes in domestic and international markets, business development and its own capability, adjust its business scope, make amendments to these Articles according to the relevant procedures and complete relevant formalities of industry and commerce administration registration for such adjustment according to relevant provisions.	The Company may, based on any changes in domestic and international markets, business development and its own capability, adjust its business scope, make amendments to these Articles according to the relevant procedures and complete relevant formalities of industry and commerce administration registration for such adjustment according to relevant provisions.
Chapter 3 Shares and Registered Capital	Chapter 3 Shares and Registered Capital
Article 14 [Deletion] There shall, at all times, be ordinary shares in the Company. Ordinary shares issued by the Company include domestic shares and foreign shares. With the approval of the company approval authority authorized by the State Council, the Company may create different classes of shares when needed.	Section 1 [Addition] Issue of Shares
If the Company creates any other class of shares, it shall specify the priority of rights concerning each class of shares in distribution of dividends or any other forms of distributions. If the share capital of the Company includes shares without voting rights, then the said shares shall be marked with "without voting right". If the share capital includes shares with different voting rights, then each class of shares (except those with most preferential voting right) shall be marked with "restricted voting right" or "limited voting right".	

Before amendment

Article 16 The Company shall issue shares in a fair and just manner, and each share of the same class shall have the same right.

All shares of the same class issued at the same time shall be issued under the same conditions and at the same price; any entity or individual shall pay the same price for all shares of the same class issued at the same time.

Domestic shares and overseas listed foreign shares issued by the Company shall have the same right in any distribution of dividend or other forms of distributions. The Company shall not exercise any right to freeze or otherwise damage the rights attached to any shares directly or indirectly held by any person only on the ground that the said person has not disclosed his/her equity to the Company.

Article 17 The Company may offer its shares to both domestic and foreign investors with the approval of the relevant securities regulatory authority under the State Council.

Foreign investors as referred to in the preceding paragraph shall mean those investors in foreign countries and Hong Kong, Macau or Taiwan Region who subscribe for shares of the Company. Domestic investors shall mean those investors in the PRC, excluding the aforementioned regions, who subscribe for shares of the Company.

After amendment

Article 17 The Company shall issue shares in a fair and just manner, and each share of the same class shall have the same right.

All shares of the same class issued at the same time shall be issued under the same conditions and at the same price; any entity or individual shall pay the same price for all shares of the same class issued at the same time.

Domestic shares and **H Shares** issued by the Company shall have the same right in any distribution of dividend or other forms of distributions. The Company shall not exercise any right to freeze or otherwise damage the rights attached to any shares directly or indirectly held by any person only on the ground that the said person has not disclosed his/her equity to the Company.

Article 18 The Company may offer its shares to both domestic and foreign investors **upon** registration or filing with the relevant securities regulatory authority under the State Council.

Foreign investors as referred to in the preceding paragraph shall mean those investors in foreign countries and Hong Kong, Macau or Taiwan Region who subscribe for shares of the Company. Domestic investors shall mean those investors in the PRC, excluding the aforementioned regions, who subscribe for shares of the Company.

Before amendment

Article 18 Shares that the Company issues to domestic investors for subscription in Renminbi shall be known as domestic shares. Shares that the Company issues to foreign investors for subscription in foreign currencies shall be known as foreign shares. Foreign shares listed overseas shall be known as overseas listed foreign shares. The Board of the Company may arrangements for separate issuance of overseas listed foreign shares and domestic shares in accordance with the issuance approved by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. The Company issues separate schemes for overseas listed foreign shares and domestic shares, it may issue the shares within 15 months after approval by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council or within the validity period of the documents approved thereby.

Foreign currency aforementioned refers to the statutory currency, other than RMB, of another country or region, which is recognized by the foreign exchange authority of the state and can be used to pay the Company for the shares.

Both holders of domestic shares and holders of foreign shares are common shareholders and shall have the same rights and obligations.

Article 19 [Deletion] Overseas listed foreign shares issued by the Company to list in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange shall be called H Shares.

After amendment

Article 19 All the shares issued by the Company shall have a par value denominated in Renminbi. Shares that the Company issues to domestic investors for subscription in Renminbi shall be known as domestic shares. Shares that the Company issues to foreign investors for subscription in foreign currencies shall be known as foreign shares. Foreign shares listed overseas shall be known as overseas listed foreign shares. The Board of the Company may make arrangements for separate issuance of overseas listed foreign shares and domestic shares in accordance with the issuance scheme approved by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. The Company issues separate schemes for overseas listed foreign shares and domestic shares, it may issue the shares within 15 months after approval by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council or within the validity period of the documents approved thereby.

Foreign currency aforementioned refers to the statutory currency, other than RMB, of another country or region, which is recognized by the foreign exchange authority of the state and can be used to pay the Company for the shares.

Both holders of domestic shares and holders of foreign shares are common shareholders and shall have the same rights and obligations.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 20 [Addition] Where permitted by
	relevant laws, administrative regulations
	and departmental rules, upon filing with
	the securities regulatory authority under
	the State Council, all or part of the
	domestic shares may be converted into
	overseas listed shares that are listed and
	traded on an overseas stock exchange. The
	listing and trading of such shares on an
	overseas stock exchange shall also comply
	with the regulatory procedures,
	regulations and requirements of such
	overseas stock exchange. The conversion
	and/or transfer of the aforesaid shares
	and the listing and trading of such shares
	on an overseas stock exchange are not
	subject to voting at the shareholders'
	general meeting. The overseas listed
	shares converted from domestic shares
	shall be of the same class as the original
	overseas listed shares.
	Article 21 [Addition] Domestic shares
	issued by the Company shall be centrally
	deposited at the depository which meets
	the relevant requirements. The H Shares
	issued by the Company in Hong Kong are
	mainly under the custody of the securities
	depository and clearing company in Hong
	Kong and may also be held by
	shareholders in their own names.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 20 The Company was established on	Article 22 The Company was established on
June 21, 2019 as a joint stock company with	June 21, 2019 as a joint stock company with
limited liability and formed by the following	limited liability and formed by the following
2 promoters:	2 promoters, namely: Shenzhen S.F. Taisen
	Holding (Group) Co., Ltd. and Beijing SF
Promoter 1: Shenzhen S.F. Taisen Holding	Intra-city Technology Co., Ltd.
(Group) Co., Ltd.	
	Name of legal representative: Wang Wei
Name of legal representative: Wang Wei	
	Legal address: Room 201, Building A, No.1
Legal address: Room 201, Building A, No.1	Qianwan 1st Road, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong
Qianwan 1st Road, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong	Kong Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen
Kong Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen	(Shenzhen Qianhai Commerce Secretariat
(Shenzhen Qianhai Commerce Secretariat	Co., Ltd.)
Co., Ltd.)	
	Place of business: No.19A Wan Ji
Place of business: No.19A Wan Ji	Commercial Building, No.138 Xinzhou 11th
Commercial Building, No.138 Xinzhou 11th	Road, Futian District, Shenzhen
Road, Futian District, Shenzhen	
	It subscribed and paid in monetary value for
It subscribed and paid in monetary value for	100,000,000 shares, representing 62.50% of
100,000,000 shares, representing 62.50% of	registered capital
registered capital	
	Promoter 2: Beijing SF Intra-city
Promoter 2: Beijing SF Intra-city	Technology Co., Ltd.
Technology Co., Ltd.	
	Name of legal representative: Geng Yankun
Name of legal representative: Geng Yankun	
	Legal address: Room 1501, 15/F, Block A,
Legal address: Room 1501, 15/F, Block A,	Building 1, Court 10, Xueqing Road,
Building 1, Court 10, Xueqing Road,	Haidian District, Beijing
Haidian District, Beijing	
	It subscribed and paid in monetary value for
It subscribed and paid in monetary value for	60,000,000 shares, representing 37.50% of
60,000,000 shares, representing 37.50% of	registered capital
registered capital	

Before amendment

Article 21 With the approval of the securities regulatory body under the State Council, the Company shall issue overseas listed foreign shares not more than 230,654,609 shares. The par value of each share is RMB1. All shares are ordinary shares.

The number of the overseas listed foreign shares listed and initially issued by the Company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange was 131,180,800, accounting for 14.05% of the total share capital after issuance (before exercise of over-allotment option), thereby the share capital structure of the Company is 933,457,707 ordinary shares, including 562,615,431 domestic shares, 139,500,934 unlisted foreign shares and 231,341,342 overseas listed foreign shares. If 15% of the over-allotment option is fully exercised, the number of the overseas listed foreign shares listed and initially issued by the Company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange will be 150,857,800, accounting for approximately 15.83% of the total share capital after issuance, thereby the share capital structure of the Company will be 953,134,707 ordinary shares, including 562,615,431 domestic shares, 139,500,934 unlisted foreign shares and 251,018,342 overseas listed foreign shares.

Article 22 [Deletion] If the Company separately issues overseas listed foreign shares and domestic shares within the total number specified in the scheme for issuance, the said shares shall be issued respectively at one time; if it is impossible for the shares to be issued at one time for special reasons, the shares may be issued by several times upon approval by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council.

After amendment

Article 23 With the approval of the securities regulatory body under the State Council, the Company shall issue overseas listed foreign shares not more than 230,654,609 shares. The par value of each share is RMB1. All shares are ordinary shares.

The number of the overseas listed foreign shares listed and initially issued by the Company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange was 131,180,800, accounting for 14.05% of the total share capital after issuance (before exercise of over-allotment option), thereby The share capital structure of the Company is 933,457,707 ordinary shares, including 171,764,898 domestic 761,692,809 H shares Shares, 139,500,934 unlisted foreign shares and 231,341,342 overseas listed foreign shares. If 15% of the over-allotment option is fully exercised, the number of the overseas listed foreign shares listed and initially issued by the Company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange will be 150,857,800, accounting for approximately 15.83% of the total share capital after issuance, thereby the share capital structure of the Company will be 953,134,707 ordinary shares, including 562,615,431 domestic shares, 139,500,934 unlisted foreign shares and 251,018,342 overseas listed foreign shares.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 23 [Deletion] The existing registered	
capital of the Company is RMB802,276,907.	
If 14.05% of the total share capital after	
issuance is used for issuance of overseas	
listed foreign shares (the over-allotment	
option is not exercised), the Company's	
registered capital will be RMB933,457,707.	
If 15.83% of the total share capital after	
issuance is used for issuance of overseas	
listed foreign shares (the over-allotment	
option is exercised in full), the Company's	
registered capital will be RMB953,134,707.	
Article 24 [Deletion] Unless otherwise	
specified by the laws and administrative	
regulations and related regulatory	
authorities like the securities regulatory	
authorities, stock exchange of the place	
where the Company's shares are listed and	
these Articles, shares of the Company may	
be transferred freely according to law	
without any lien attached.	
without any nen attached.	
The Company shall not accept its own shares	
as pledge object.	
	Article 24 The Company or its
	subsidiaries (including affiliates of the
	Company) shall not provide any financial
	assistance in the form of gifts, advances,
	guarantees, compensation or loans to
	purchasers or prospective purchasers of
	the Company's shares.
Chapter 4 Increase, Decrease and	Section 2 Increase, Decrease and
Repurchase of Shares	Repurchase of Shares
Article 25 The Company may increase	Article 25 The Company may increase
registered capital by the following ways in	registered capital by the following ways in
light of its business and development needs	light of its business and development needs
and in accordance with the relevant laws and	and in accordance with the relevant laws and
regulations, the listing rules of the place	regulations, the listing rules of the place
where the shares of the Company are listed	where the shares of the Company are listed
and these Articles and by resolutions made	and these Articles and by resolutions made
at shareholders' general meetings:	at shareholders' general meetings:
(I) offering new charge to new class	(I) public offering of shares
(I) offering new shares to non-given investors;	(I) public offering of shares;
1111050015,	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) placing new shares to existing	(II) non-public offering of shares;
shareholders;	
(III) distributing new shares to evicting	(III) distributing new shares to existing
(III) distributing new shares to existing shareholders;	shareholders;
Siture it of the control of the cont	(IV) issuing new shares to specific investors;
(IV) issuing new shares to specific investors;	
	(IV) transferring reserve funds to increase
(V) transferring reserve funds to increase	share capital;
share capital;	(V) any other ways stimulated by laws
(VI) any other ways stipulated by laws and	(V) any other ways stipulated by laws, administrative regulations and regulations
administrative regulations and regulations	and requirements of the CSRC.
and approved by the competent department	_
of the State.	Issue of new shares by the Company for
James of now shares has the Co.	capital increase shall be subject to approval
Issue of new shares by the Company for capital increase shall be subject to approval	as specified in these Articles and follow the procedures specified in the relevant State
as specified in these Articles and follow the	laws and administrative regulations.
procedures specified in the relevant State	Ç
laws and administrative regulations.	
Article 27 [Deletion] The Company shall	
prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets when it decreases its registered	
capital.	
The Company shall notify its creditors	
within 10 days after adoption of the	
resolution to decrease the registered capital and shall make announcements in	
newspapers within 30 days. The creditors	
shall be entitled to require the Company to	
repay debts or provide corresponding	
guarantees for debt repayment within 30	
days after the receipt of the notice, or within 45 days after the announcement for creditors	
if the creditors haven't received the notice.	
The Company's registered capital shall not,	
upon the decrease of capital, be less than the	
statutory minimum limit.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 28 The Company may, upon approval	Article 27 The Company may not purchase
by the relevant competent authorities of the	its own shares except in any of the
State, repurchase its shares under the	following circumstances:
following circumstances in accordance with	
laws, administrative regulations,	(I) cancelling the shares forreducing the
departmental rules, the listing rules of the	registered capital of the Company;
stock exchange where the shares of the	
Company are listed, and these Articles:	(II) merging with other companies holding
	shares of the Company;
(I) cancelling the shares for decrease of the	
registered capital of the Company;	(III) using the shares for employee
	shareholding schemes or as share incentives;
(II) merging with other companies holding	
shares of the Company;	(IV) requesting the Company to repurchase
	its shares from shareholders who object to
(III) using the shares for employee	resolutions of the shareholders' general
shareholding schemes or as share incentives;	meeting concerning merger or division of
	the Company;
(IV) requesting the Company to repurchase	
its shares from shareholders who object to	(V) using the shares for conversion of
resolutions of the shareholders' general	convertible corporate bonds issued by the
meeting concerning merger or division of	listed company;
the Company;	
	(VI) it is necessary for the listed company to
(V) using the shares for conversion of	maintain its value and the shareholders'
convertible corporate bonds issued by the	equity;
listed company;	
	(VII) any other circumstances approved by
(VI) it is necessary for the listed company to	the laws and administrative regulations and
maintain its value and the shareholders'	the regulatory authorities.
equity;	
(VII) any other circumstances amma	Save for the abovementioned circumstances,
(VII) any other circumstances approved by	the Company may not engage in trading of its own shares.
the laws and administrative regulations and the regulatory authorities.	its own snares.
the regulatory authorities.	The Company may repurchase its shares
Save for the abovementioned circumstances,	through open and centralized trading or
the Company may not engage in trading of	other methods permitted by laws,
the company may not engage in trading of	other methods permitted by laws,

administrative regulations and the CSRC.

its own shares.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 29 [Deletion] The Company may, for	
reasons specified in (I), (II) or (IV) of	
Article 28 of these Articles and subject to	
laws, administrative regulations,	
departmental rules, the listing rules of the	
stock exchange where the shares of the	
Company are listed, and these Articles,	
repurchase its shares in any of the following	
ways with approval from the relevant	
competent authority of the State:	
(I) making a pro rata general offer of	
repurchase to all its shareholders;	
(II) repurchasing shares through public	
trading on a stock exchange;	
(III) repurchasing shares by an off-market	
agreement;	
(IV) any other circumstances approved by	
the laws and administrative regulations and	
the regulatory authorities.	
Repurchase of the Company's shares for	
reasons set out in (III), (V) or (VI) of Article	
28 of these Articles shall be conducted by	
way of open and centralized transaction.	
	Article 28 Repurchase of the Company's
shares for reasons set out in (I) to (II) of	shares for reasons set out in (I) to (II) of
Article 28 of these Articles shall be subject	Article 27 of these Articles shall be subject
to resolution at a shareholders' general	to resolution at a shareholders' general
meeting. Repurchase of the Company's	meeting. Repurchase of the Company's
shares for reasons specified in (III), (V) or	shares for reasons specified in (III), (V) or
(VI) of Article 28 of these Articles shall be	(VI) of Article 27 of these Articles shall be
subject to resolution at a Board meeting at	subject to resolution at a Board meeting at
which more than two thirds of the	which more than two thirds of the Directors
Directorsare present.	are present in accordance with these Articles
	and with the authorization of the
	shareholders' general meeting.

Before amendment

In repurchasing shares by an off-market agreement, the Company shall obtain prior approval at a shareholders' general meeting in accordance with these Articles. With prior approval at a shareholders' general meeting in the same way, the Company may cancel or change the contract already concluded in the aforesaid manner or waive any right under the contract.

The contract for repurchasing shares as referred to in the preceding paragraph includes, but is not limited to, an agreement to undertake share repurchase obligations and obtain share repurchase rights.

The Company shall not transfer the contract for repurchasing its shares or any of its rights thereunder.

Article 31 Shares repurchased by the Company under (I) of Article 28 herein shall be cancelled within 10 days from the date of repurchase; shares repurchased under (II) and (IV) of Article 28 herein shall be transferred or cancelled within 6 months thereafter; and shares of the Company acquired in accordance with (III), (V) and (VI) of Article 28 herein shall not exceed 10% of the total issued shares of the Company, and shall be transferred or cancelled within 3 years.

After cancelling the repurchased shares according to laws, the Company shall apply to the original company registration authority for registration of the change of its registered capital and issue an announcement accordingly.

The aggregate par value of the cancelled shares shall be deducted from the Company's registered capital.

After amendment

In repurchasing shares by an off-market agreement, the Company shall obtain prior approval at a shareholders' general meeting in accordance with these Articles. With prior approval at a shareholders' general meeting in the same way, the Company may cancel or change the contract already concluded in the aforesaid manner or waive any right under the contract.

The contract for repurchasing shares as referred to in the preceding paragraph includes, but is not limited to, an agreement to undertake share repurchase obligations and obtain share repurchase rights.

The Company shall not transfer the contract for repurchasing its shares or any of its rights thereunder.

Article 29 Shares repurchased by the Company under (I) of Article 27 herein shall be cancelled within 10 days from the date of repurchase; shares repurchased under (II) and (IV) of Article 27 herein shall be transferred or cancelled within 6 months thereafter; and shares of the Company acquired in accordance with (III), (V) and (VI) of Article 27 herein shall not exceed 10% of the total issued shares of the Company, and shall be transferred or cancelled within 3 years.

After cancelling the repurchased shares according to laws, the Company shall apply to the original company registration authority for registration of the change of its registered capital and issue an announcement accordingly.

The aggregate par value of the cancelled shares shall be deducted from the Company's registered capital.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Section 3 [Addition] Transfer of Shares
	Article 30 [Addition] Shares of the Company may be transferred, presented, inherited and pledged pursuant to relevant laws, administrative regulations and these Articles. Transfer instruments and other documents in relation to the ownership of shares shall be registered with the share registry entrusted by the Company.
	The Company shall not accept its own shares as the subject matter of pledge. Article 31 [Addition] Shares of the Company held by promoters shall not be transferred within 1 year from the date of establishment of the Company. Shares previously issued by the Company prior to the public offering shall not be transferred within 1 year from the date on which the shares of the Company are listed and traded on a stock exchange.
	Such restrictions shall comply with the relevant provisions of the SEHK Listing Rules if H shares are involved.
Article 32 [Deletion] Unless the Company is under liquidation, the Company shall observe the following provisions when repurchasing its outstanding shares:	
(I) If the Company repurchases its shares at par value, the payment shall be deducted from the book balance of distributable profit of the Company and the proceeds from issue of new shares for repurchasing old shares;	
(II) If the Company repurchases its shares above par value, the part equivalent to the par value shall be deducted from the book balance of distributable profit of the Company and the proceeds from issue of new shares for repurchasing old shares; the part above the par value shall be processed as follows:	
(1) deducted from the book balance of distributable profit of the Company if the shares repurchased were issued at par value;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(2) deducted from the book balance of distributable profit of the Company and the proceeds from issue of new shares for repurchasing old shares if the shares repurchased were issued above par value; but the amount deducted from the proceeds from issue of new shares shall not exceed the total premium obtained at the time of the issuance for repurchasing the old shares repurchased and shall not exceed the amount (including premium from issue of new shares) in the premium account (or capital reserve account) of the Company at the time of repurchase;	
(III) The monies paid by the Company for the following purposes shall be deducted from the distributable profit of the Company:	
(1) acquisition of the rights to repurchase its shares;	
(2) variation of any contracts for the repurchase of its shares;	
(3) release from its obligations under any repurchase contracts.	
(IV) After the aggregate par value of the cancelled shares is deducted from the registered capital of the Company pursuant to relevant provisions, the amount deducted from the distributable profit for paying the par value of the shares repurchased shall be stated in the premium account (or capital reserve account) of the Company.	
Article 33 [Deletion] In respect of redeemable shares that the issuer is entitled to repurchase:	
(1) the price shall not exceed a specific price limit if such shares are not repurchased through the market or by tender; and	
(2) if the repurchase is made by tender, tender shall be available to all shareholders on equal conditions.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 5 [Deletion] Financial Assistance	
for Purchasing the Company's Shares	
Article 34 [Deletion] The Company or its	
subsidiaries shall not at any time or in any	
form provide any financial assistance to	
purchasers or potential purchasers of the	
Company's shares. The aforesaid purchasers	
include persons directly or indirectly	
undertaking obligations because of the	
purchase of the Company's shares.	
The Company or its subsidiaries shall not at	
any time or in any form provide any	
financial assistance to the aforesaid obligors	
for the purpose of reducing or discharging	
their obligations.	
The provisions herein do not apply to the	
circumstances set out in Article 36 of these	
Articles.	
Article 35 [Deletion] Financial assistance	
referred to in this chapter includes (but is not	
limited to):	
(I) gift;	
(II) guarantee (including the case where the	
guarantor undertakes liability or provides	
property to ensure fulfillment of obligations	
by the obligor), compensation (excluding	
compensation arising from the Company's	
own error), termination or waiver of rights;	
(III) provision of loan or execution of	
contract under which the Company fulfils	
obligations prior to other parties, change of	
the said loan and the parties to the contract,	
and transfer of the said loan and rights	
underthe contract; and	
(IV) provision of any other form of financial	
assistance when the Company is insolvent or	
has no net assets or its net assets are likely to	
decrease significantly.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Obligations as referred to herein include the obligations undertaken by the obligor for concluding a contract or making an arrangement (regardless whether the said contract or arrangement is enforceable or whether it is undertaken by the obligor alone or jointly with others) or for changing his/her financial position in any other form. Article 36 [Deletion] The following acts are not deemed as prohibited under Article 34 of these Articles:	
(I) the Company provides the relevant financial assistance for the interest of the Company and the said financial assistance is not mainly intended for the repurchase of the Company's shares or the said financial assistance is part of a general plan of the Company;	
(II) the Company distributes its properties as dividends in accordance with the law;	
(III) the Company distributes shares as dividends;	
(IV) the Company decreases its registered capital, repurchases its shares and adjusts its equity structure in accordance with these Articles;	
(V) the Company provides a loan for its normal business operations within its business scope (but such financial assistance shall not give rise to a decrease in the net assets of the Company, or, despite a decrease, such financial assistance is deducted from the distributable profit of the Company); and	
(VI) the Company provides funds for employee stock ownership plan (but such financial assistance shall not give rise to a decrease in the net assets of the Company, or, despite a decrease, such financial assistance is deducted from the distributable profit of the Company).	

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 6 [Deletion] Shares and Register	
of Shareholders	
Article 37 [Deletion] The Company's shares	
are all registered shares.	
Matters specified in the shares of the	
Company shall also include other matters	
required by the stock exchange on which the	
Company's shares are listed, apart from	
those specified in the Company Law.	
During the period when H shares are listed	
on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the	
Company shall, at all times, ensure that all	
entitlement documents (including share	
certificates for H shares) for all its securities	
listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange	
include the statements stipulated below:	
(I) The purchaser of shares together with the	
Company and each of its shareholders, and	
the Company together with each shareholder	
shall observe and comply with the Company	
Law and other relevant laws, administrative regulations, Special Regulations and these	
Articles;	
Titleles,	
(II) The purchaser of shares agrees with the	
Company and each shareholder, Director,	
Supervisor and senior management member	
of the Company, and the Company acting on	
its behalf and for each Director, Supervisor	
and senior management member also agrees	
with each shareholder, to refer all disputes	
or claims arising from these Articles or from	
any right and obligation specified by the	
Company Law or other relevant laws or	
administrative regulations and with respect	
to the affairs of the Company, to arbitration, and that any reference to arbitration shall be	
deemed to authorize the arbitration tribunal	
to conduct a public hearing in open session	
and to publish its ruling, and the arbitration	
awards shall be final and conclusive;	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) The purchaser of shares agrees with the Company and each of its shareholders that the shares of the Company can be transferred freely by the holders;	
(IV) The purchaser of shares authorizes the Company to conclude a contract on his/her behalf with each Director and senior management member, who shall undertake to observe and fulfill their due duties for shareholders as specified in these Articles.	
The Company shall instruct and promote its share transfer registry to reject registration of share subscription, purchase or transfer under the name of any individual holder, unless and until the said individual holder has submitted to the said share transfer registry a signed form relating to the said shares, which form shall contain the above statements.	
Article 38 [Deletion] Shares of the Company may be transferred, presented, inherited and pledged pursuant to relevant laws, administrative regulations and these Articles. Transfer instruments and other documents in relation to the ownership of shares shall be registered with the share registry entrusted by the Company.	
Article 39 [Deletion] Shares shall be signed by the chairman of the Board. Other relevant senior management members of the Company shall also sign the shares if required by the stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed. The shares shall come into effect after affixing or printing of the Company's seal on the shares. After the Company's seal is affixed to or printed on the shares, authorization of the Board is required. The signature of the chairman or other relevant senior management members of the Company may also be printed on the shares.	
Issue or trading of the shares of the Company in a non-paper form shall comply with other provisions of the securities regulatory authorities and the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 40 [Deletion] The Company shall establish a register of shareholders recording the following matters:	
(I) names, addresses (domiciles), occupations or nature of each shareholder;	
(II) type and number of shares held by each shareholder;	
(III) monies paid or payable for the shares held by each shareholder;	
(IV) serial numbers of the shares held by each shareholder;	
(V) date on which each shareholder is registered as a shareholder;	
(VI) date on which each shareholder cease to be a shareholder.	
The register of shareholders is a sufficient evidence of the shareholding by shareholders in the Company unless there is evidence to the contrary.	
Article 41 [Deletion] Subject to these Articles and all the other applicable provisions, once the shares of the Company are transferred, the name of the transferee shall be listed in the register of shareholdersas the holder of the said shares.	
All transfer instruments and other documents relating to or affecting the ownership of any H shares shall be registered. If any fees are charged in respect of such registration, such fees shall not exceed the highest fees as prescribed by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange from time to time in the SEHK Listing Rules. Where 2 or more persons are registered as joint holders of any shares, they shall be deemed as joint holders of the said shares subject to the following restrictions:	
(I) the restricted number of holders jointly registered shall not exceed four if the Company is entitled to restrict the number of shareholders of joint holder account;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) all joint holders of any shares shall	
jointly and severally assume obligations for	
all amounts payable for relevant shares;	
(III) if one of the joint holders dies, only the	
surviving joint holders shall be deemed by	
the Company to be such persons as having	
the ownership of the relevant shares. The	
Board shall have the right, for the purpose of	
making amendments to the register of	
shareholders, to demand a death certificate	
of the relevant shareholder where it deems	
appropriate to do so; and	
(IV) among the joint holders of any shares,	
only the joint holder that is listed first in the	
register of shareholders shall be entitled to	
take relevant shares, receive notices of the	
Company, and attend the shareholders'	
general meetings of the Company or	
exercise the full voting right of the relevant	
shares. Any notice served to the aforesaid	
person shall be deemed as having been	
served to all the joint holders of the relevant	
shares. Any one of the joint holders may sign	
a proxy authorization form, but if more than 1 joint holder attends the shareholders'	
general meeting in person or by proxy, the	
resolution made by the joint holder with	
priority shall be accepted as the sole	
resolution made on behalf of other joint	
holders (regardless of whether it is made in	
person or by proxy). In this respect, the	
priority of shareholders shall be determined	
according to the order of ranking of the joint	
holders of relevant shares in the register of	
shareholders.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 42 [Deletion] The Company may	
keep overseas the original of the register of	
holders of overseas listed foreign shares and	
entrust it to the care of an overseas agency in	
accordance with the understanding and	
agreement reached between the securities	
regulatory authorities under the State	
Council and the overseas securities	
regulatory authorities. The original of the	
register of holders of overseas listed foreign	
shares listed on the Hong Kong Stock	
Exchange shall be kept in Hong Kong. The	
Company shall keep at its domicile a copy of	
the register of holders of overseas listed	
foreign shares; the entrusted overseas	
agency shall always ensure that the original	
and copies of the register of holders of	
overseas listed foreign shares are consistent.	
Where the original and copies of the register	
of holders of overseas listed foreign shares	
are inconsistent, the original shall prevail.	
Article 43 [Deletion] The Company shall	
keep a complete register of shareholders.	
The register of shareholders shall include the	
following parts:	
(I) register of shareholders kept at the	
domicile of the Company, save as specified	
in (II) and (III) herein;	
(II) register of holders of overseas listed	
foreign shares of the Company kept at the	
overseas stock exchange;	
(III) register of shareholders that the Board	
decides to keep at other places for the	
purpose of listing the shares of the	
Company.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 44 [Deletion] The respective parts of the register of shareholders shall not overlap each other. In the event of transfer of shares registered in a specific part of the register of shareholders, the said shares shall not be registered in any other part of the register of shareholders in the duration of registration of the said shares.	
Any change or correction of any part of the register of shareholders shall comply with the relevant laws of the location where the said part is kept.	
Article 45 [Deletion] All transfers of overseas listed foreign shares shall be executed with a written transfer instrument in a general or common format or any other format acceptable to the Board (including the standard transfer format or transfer form specified by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange from time to time); the written transfer instrument may be signed under hand, or (if the transferor or the transferee is a company) by the corporate seal. Where the transferor or transferee of the Company's shares is a recognized clearing house (hereinafter referred to as the "Recognized Clearing House") as defined under the laws of Hong Kong or its agents, the written transfer instrument may be signed in a machine-printed form.	
All overseas listed foreign shares listed in Hong Kong for which full payment has been made may be transferred freely in accordance with these Articles. However, the Board may refuse to recognize any transfer instrument without providing any reason, unless:	
(I) the transfer instrument and other documents relating to or likely affecting the ownership of any shares shall be registered, and the payment therefore shall not exceed the maximum payment specified in the SEHK Listing Rules from time to time;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) the transfer instrument only involves	
overseas listed foreign shares listed in Hong	
Kong;	
(III) the stamp tax payable on the transfer	
instrument has been paid;	
(IV) the relevant share certificates and	
evidence reasonably required by the Board	
showing that the transferor has the right to	
transfer such shares shall be provided;	
(V) if the shares are to be transferred to joint	
holders, the number of joint holders shall not	
exceed four;	
(VI) the Company does not have any lien	
over the relevant shares; and	
over the relevant shares, and	
(VII) no transfer shall be made to minors or	
persons of unsound mind or others under	
legal incapacity.	
Where the Board refuses to register any	
transfer of shares, the Company shall	
provide the transferor and the transferee	
with a notification of refusal in relation to	
registration of transfer of shares within 2	
months from the date on which the	
application for the transfer is officially filed.	
All transfer instruments shall be maintained	
at the statutory address of the Company or	
such places as the Board may designate from	
time to time.	
Article 46 [Deletion] Shares of the Company	
held by promoters shall not be transferred within 1 year from the date of establishment	
of the Company. Shares previously issued by	
the Company prior to the public offering	
shall not be transferred within 1 year from	
the date on which the shares of the	
Companyare listed and traded on a stock	
exchange.	
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Before amendment	After amendment
The Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company shall	
report to the Company their shareholdings in	
the Company and changes thereof and shall	
not transfer more than 25% of the total	
number of the shares of the Company held	
by them per annum during their terms of	
office; the aforesaid persons shall not	
transfer their shares in the Company within	
half a year after they terminate service with	
the Company.	
Such restrictions shall comply with the	
relevant provisions of the SEHK Listing	
Rules if H shares are involved.	
Article 47 [Deletion] Subject to approval of	
the securities regulatory authorities under	
the State Council, holders of domestic shares	
of the Company may transfer their shares to	
foreign investors and have their shares listed	
and traded on an overseas stock exchange	
and may convert all or part of the domestic	
shares into foreign shares, and these	
transferred foreign shares can be listed	
traded on an overseas stock exchange. The	
converted shares shall also comply with the	
regulatory procedures, provisions and	
requirements of the overseas securities	
market when listed and traded on an	
overseas stock exchange. The Company does	
not need to hold a class shareholders'	
meeting to vote for the listing and trading of	
the converted shares on an overseas stock	
exchange or the conversion of domestic	
shares into foreign shares for listing and	
trading on an overseas stock exchange. The	
foreign shares converted from domestic	
shares shall be of the same class with as	
original overseas listed shares foreign	
shares.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 48 [Deletion] No changes resulting	
from share transfers may be made to the	
register of shareholders within 4 business	
days prior to a shareholders' general meeting	
or 5 days prior to the record date set by the	
Company for the purpose of distribution of	
dividends.	
Article 49 [Deletion] If the Company	
convenes a shareholders' general meeting,	
distributes dividends, liquidates or carries	
out other activities which would require the	
determination of shareholdings, the Board	
shall fix a date for ascertainment of the	
shareholding. Upon the close of such date,	
the shareholders who remain on the register	
shall be deemed as the shareholders of the	
Company.	
Article 50 [Deletion] Any person who	
objects to the register of shareholders and	
asks to have his/her name entered in or	
removed from the register of shareholders	
may apply to the court of competent	
jurisdiction for rectification of the register	
of shareholders.	
Article 51 [Deletion] Any shareholder who	
is registered in, or any person who requests	
to have his/her name entered in, the register	
of shareholders may, if his/her share	
certificates (hereinafter referred to as the	
"Original Certificates") are lost, apply to the	
Company for replacement share certificates	
in respect of such shares (hereinafter	
referred to as the "Relevant Shares").	
If a holder of demostic shares less history	
If a holder of domestic shares loses his/her	
share certificates and applies for their	
replacement, it shall be dealt with in	
accordance with the relevant requirements	
of the Company Law.	

Before amendment	After amendment
If a holder of overseas listed foreign shares loses his/her share certificates and applies for their replacement, it may be dealt with in accordance with the laws, rules of the stock exchange or other relevant regulations of the place where the original register of holders of overseas listed foreign shares is maintained.	Arter amendment
If a holder of H shares loses his/her share certificates and applies for their replacement, the issue of replacement certificates to that holder shall comply with the following requirements:	
(I) the applicant shall submit an application in the standard format designated by the Company accompanied by a notarial document or statutory declaration, containing the grounds on which the application is made, the circumstances and evidence of the loss of the share certificates and the declaration that no other person may request to be registered as a shareholder in respect of the Relevant Shares.	
(II) no statement has been received by the Company from a person other than the applicant for having his/her name registered as a holder of the Relevant Shares before the Company came to a decision to issue the replacement certificates.	
(III) the Company shall, if it decides to issue a replacement certificate to the applicant, make an announcement of its intention to issue the replacement certificate in such newspapers designated by the Board. The announcement shall be made at least once every 30 days in a period of 90 days. The newspapers and periodicals designated by the Board shall be at least one Chinese and one English newspaper recognized by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.	

Before amendment	After amendment
(IV) the Company shall, prior to the	
publication of its announcement of intention	
to issue a replacement certificate, deliver to	
the Hong Kong Stock Exchange a copy of	
the announcement to be published. The	
Company may publish the announcement	
upon receiving a confirmation from the	
Hong Kong Stock Exchange that the	
announcement has been exhibited at its	
premises. The announcement shall be	
exhibited at the premises of the Hong Kong	
Stock Exchange for a period of 90 days. In	
case an application to issue a replacement	
certificate has been made without the	
consent of the registered holder of the	
Relevant Shares, the Company shall send by	
post to such registered shareholder a copy of	
the announcement to be published.	
and distribution to the processing.	
(V) if, upon expiration of the 90-day period	
referred to in (III) and (IV) of this Article,	
the Company has not received from any	
person any objection to the issue of	
replacement share certificate, the Company	
may issue a replacement share certificate to	
the applicant according to his/her	
application.	
(VI) where the Company issues a	
replacement certificate under this Article, it	
shall forthwith cancel the Original	
Certificate and enter the cancellation and	
issue in the register of shareholders	
accordingly.	
(VII) all expenses relating to the	
cancellation of an Original Certificate and	
the issue of a replacement share certificate	
by the Company shall be borne by the	
applicant. The Company may refuse to take	
any action until a reasonable guarantee is	
provided by the applicant for such expenses.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 52 [Deletion] Where the Company	
issues a replacement certificate pursuant to	
these Articles, the name of a bona fide	
purchaser who obtains the aforesaid new	
share certificate or a shareholder who is	
thereafter registered as the owner of such	
shares (in the case where he/she is a bona	
fide purchaser) shall not be removed from	
the register of shareholders.	
Article 53 [Deletion] The Company shall not	
be liable for any damages sustained by any	
person by reason of the cancellation of the	
Original Certificate or the issue of the	
replacement certificate, unless the claimant	
proves that the Company has acted	
fraudulently.	
Chapter 7 Rights and Obligations of	Chapter 4 Shareholders and
Shareholders	Shareholders' General Meeting
	Section 1 [Addition] Shareholders
Article 54 [Deletion] Shareholders of the	
Company are persons lawfully holding	
shares of the Company, with names recorded	
in the register of shareholders.	
Article 55 A shareholder shall enjoy rights	Article 32 The Company establishes a
and bear obligations according to the class	register of shareholders based on the
and quantity of the shares held by him/her.	certificates provided by the securities
Holders of the same class shall enjoy the	registrars and the register of shareholders
same rights and bear the same obligations.	is sufficient evidence of the shareholders'
	shares held in the Company.
All classes of shareholders of the Company	
shall rank pari passu over any distribution by	A shareholder shall enjoy rights and bear
way of dividend or any other forms of	obligations according to the class and
distribution.	quantity of the shares held by him/her.
	Holders of the same class shall enjoy the
If a shareholder of the Company is a legal	same rights and bear the same obligations.
person, its rights shall be exercised by its	
legal representative or proxy of its legal	All classes of shareholders of the Company
representative on his behalf.	shall rank pari passu over any distribution by
	way of dividend or any other forms of
	distribution.
	If a shareholder of the Company is a legal
	person, its rights shall be exercised by its
	legal representative or proxy of its legal
	representative on his behalf.
	representative on his benair.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 33 [Addition] If the Company
	convenes a shareholders' general meeting,
	distributes dividends, liquidates or carries
	out other activities which would require
	the determination of shareholders'
	identity, the Board or convener of the
	shareholders' general meeting shall fix a
	date for registration of the shareholding.
	Upon the close of such date, the
	shareholders who remain on the register
	shall be deemed as the shareholders
	entitled to relevant interests.
Article 56 Holders of ordinary shares of the	Article 34 Holders of ordinary
Company shall have the following rights:	sharesShareholders of the Company shall
	have the following rights:
(I) to receive distributable profits and other	
distributions in proportion to the number of	(I) to receive distributable profits and other
shares they hold;	distributions in proportion to the number of
	shares they hold;
(II) to lawfully require, convene, preside	analos eney nota,
over, attend or appoint a proxy to attend	(II) to lawfully require, convene, preside
shareholders' general meetings and to vote	over, attend or appoint a proxy to attend
thereat as per their shareholdings;	shareholders' general meetings and to vote
mereur us per unen saurenstumgs,	thereat as per their shareholdings;
(III) to supervise, present suggestions on or	thereat as per their sharehoratings,
make inquiries about the business activities	(III) to supervise, present suggestions on or
of the Company;	make inquiries about the business activities
of the company,	of the Company;
(IV) to transfer, gift, pledge or otherwise	or the Company,
dispose their shares in accordance with laws,	(IV) to transfer, gift, pledge or otherwise
administrative regulations and these	dispose their shares in accordance with laws,
	·
Articles;	administrative regulations and these
(V) to obtain valayant information in	Articles;
(V) to obtain relevant information in	(V) to inspect these Anticles resisters of
accordance with the provisions of these	(V) to inspect these Articles, register of
Articles, including:	shareholders, corporate bond
1	counterfoils, minutes of shareholders'
1. a copy of these Articles upon payment of	general meeting, resolutions of Board
a charge at cost;	meetings, resolutions of Board of
	Supervisors meetings and financial
	statements;

Before amendment After amendment 2. the right to inspect and copy, subject to (VI) in the event of the termination or liquidation of the Company, the right to payment of a reasonable charge: participate in the distribution of the (1) all parts of the register of shareholders; remaining assets of the Company according to the number of shares held: (2) personal particulars of each of our Directors. **Supervisors** and senior (VII) with respect to shareholders who vote management members, including: against any resolution adopted at the shareholders' general meeting on the merger (a) present and former names and aliases; or demerger of the Company, the right to demand the Company to acquire the shares (b) principal address (place of residence); held by them; (c) nationality; (VIII) except as otherwise provided in the Company Law and these Articles, shareholders individually or jointly holding (d) primary and all other part-time occupations and duties; 3% or more of the Company's shares can make a provisional motion in writing to the (e) identification documents and numbers; Board 10 days before the date of shareholders' general meeting; (3) a report on the state of the issued share capital of the Company; (VIII) any other rights stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, departmental (4) the latest audited financial statements of rules or these Articles. the Company, and the reports of Directors, auditors and Supervisors; The Hong Kong branch register of shareholders must be open to inspection (5) special resolutions of the Company; by shareholders, but it may permit the closure of the register of shareholders of (6) reports showing the quantity and par the Company on terms equivalent to value in respect of each class of shares Section 632 of the Hong Kong Companies repurchased by the Company since the end Ordinance. of the last financial year, the aggregate amount paid by the Company for this purpose, and the maximum and minimum prices paid in respect of each class of securities repurchased (with a breakdown between domestic shares and foreign shares); (7) minutes of shareholders' general

meetings (for shareholders' review only);

Before amendment	After amendment
(8) corporate bond counterfoils, minutes of shareholders' general meeting (for shareholders' review only), special resolutions of shareholders' general meeting, resolutions of the Board meetings and resolutions of the Board of Supervisors meeting;	
(9) the latest annual return submitted to the administration for market regulation or other competent authorities.	
The Company shall deposit the documents in clauses (1) to (9) above (other than clause (2)) and other applicable documents at its Hong Kong address as required by the SEHK Listing Rules available for free inspection of the public and the holders of overseas listed foreign shares.	
The Company may refuse any inspecting or copying request which involves commercial secrets and insider information on the Company and privacy of relevant personnel.	
(VI) in the event of the termination or liquidation of the Company, the right to participate in the distribution of the remaining assets of the Company according to the number of shares held;	
(VII) with respect to shareholders who vote against any resolution adopted at the shareholders' general meeting on the merger or demerger of the Company, the right to demand the Company to acquire the shares held by them;	
(VIII) except as otherwise provided in the Company Law and these Articles, shareholders individually or jointly holding 3% or more of the Company's shares can make a provisional motion in writing to the Board 10 days before the date of shareholders' general meeting;	
(IX) any other rights conferred by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or these Articles.	

Before amendment

Article 57 Shareholders shall provide written document that can prove the class and number of shares held by them if they request to inspect relevant information mentioned in Article 56 or collect information, the Company should provide the information according to the shareholder's request after verifying the identity of the shareholder.

In addition, shareholders may request to inspect the accounting books of the Company. In such case, such request shall be made to the Company in writing and state its purposes. If the Company, on reasonable grounds, considers that the Shareholders are inspecting the accounting books improper purposes and may result in damage to the Company's legitimate interests, the Company may refuse the inspection and make written response to the Shareholders stating its reasons within 15 days upon delivery of the written request by the Shareholders. If the Company refuses the inspection, the Shareholders may make proposal to the People's Court to request the Company to provide inspection of the accounting books of the Company.

Article 59 Shareholders individually or jointly holding 1% or more of the Company's shares for 180 consecutive days or more shall have the right to request the Board of Supervisors in writing to bring a legal action in the People's Court against any Director or senior management member for loss of Company resulting from their violation of any laws, administrative regulations or provisions of these Articles in the course of performing their duties; shareholders may request the Board in writing to bring a legal action against the Board of Supervisors for the loss of the Company resulting from their violation of any laws, administrative regulations or provisions of these Articles in the course of performing the duties.

After amendment

Article 35 Shareholders shall provide written document that can prove the class and number of shares held by them if they request to inspect relevant information mentioned in Article 34 or collect information, the Company should provide the information according to the shareholder's request after verifying the identity of the shareholder. Shareholders shall keep confidential of the information and materials reviewed.

In addition, shareholders may request to inspect the accounting books of the Company. In such case, such request shall be made to the Company in writing and state its purposes. If the Company, on reasonable grounds, considers that the Shareholders are inspecting the accounting books improper purposes and may result in damage to the Company's legitimate interests, the Company may refuse the inspection and make written response to the Shareholders stating its reasons within 15 days upon delivery of the written request by the Shareholders. If the Company refuses the inspection, the Shareholders may make proposal to the People's Court to request the Company to provide inspection of the accounting books of the Company.

Article 37 Shareholders individually or jointly holding 1% or more of the Company's shares for 180 consecutive days or more shall have the right to request the Board of Supervisors in writing to bring a legal action in the People's Court against any Director or senior management member for loss of Company resulting from their violation of any laws, administrative regulations or provisions of these Articles in the course of performing their duties; shareholders may request the Board in writing to bring a legal action against the Board of Supervisors for the loss of the Company resulting from their violation of any laws, administrative regulations or provisions of these Articles in the course of performing the duties.

Before amendment

The shareholders described in the preceding paragraph may bring legal action in the People's Court directly in their own names in the interest of the Company in the event that the Board of Supervisors or the Board refuses to initiate legal proceedings after receiving the aforesaid written request of shareholders, or fails to initiate such legal proceedings within 30 days on which such request is received, or in case of emergency where failure to initiate such legal proceedings immediately will result in irreparable damage to the Company's interest.

If any person infringes the lawful rights and interests of the Company, thus causing any losses to the Company, the shareholders as mentioned in the first paragraph of this Article may initiate legal proceedings in the People's Court in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraphs.

Where the Company runs deep into difficulties in operation and management, its continuous existence may cause material losses to shareholders' interests, and such difficulties cannot be dealt with in other ways, the shareholders holding 10% or more of votes of all shareholders of the Company may file an application to the People's Court to dissolve the Company.

Article 61 Holders of ordinary shares of the Company shall assume the following obligations:

- (I) to observe laws, administrative regulations and these Articles;
- (II) to pay fund contribution as per the number of shares subscribed and the methodof subscription;

After amendment

The shareholders described in the preceding paragraph may bring legal action in the People's Court directly in their own names in the interest of the Company in the event that the Board of Supervisors or the Board refuses to initiate legal proceedings after receiving the aforesaid written request of shareholders, or fails to initiate such legal proceedings within 30 days on which such request is received, or in case of emergency where failure to initiate such legal proceedings immediately will result in irreparable damage to the Company's interest.

If any person infringes the lawful rights and interests of the Company, thus causing any losses to the Company, the shareholders as mentioned in the first paragraph of this Article may initiate legal proceedings in the People's Court in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraphs.

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Article 39 Holders of ordinary shares Shareholders of the Company shall assume the following obligations:

- (I) to observe laws, administrative regulations and these Articles;
- (II) to pay fund contribution as per the number of shares subscribed and the methodof subscription;

Before amendment

(III) to bear liability for the Company to the limit of the shares they hold;

(IV) not to withdraw their fund contribution after approval and registration by the Company, unless required by laws and regulations;

(V) not to abuse their shareholders' rights to jeopardize the interests of the Company or other shareholders; and not to abuse the status of the Company as an independent legal person and the limited liability of shareholders to jeopardize the interests of any creditors of the Company; Where any shareholder of the Company abuses the shareholders' rights and incur losses to the Company or other shareholders, such shareholder shall be liable for the damages; Where shareholders of the Company abuse the Company's status as an independent legal person and the limited liability of shareholders for the purposes of evading repayment of debts, thereby materially impairing the interests of the creditors of the Company, such shareholders shall be jointly and severally liable for the debts owed by the Company;

(VI) other obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations and these Articles.

Unless otherwise specified, shareholders are not liable to make any further contribution to the share capital other than as agreed by the subscriber of the relevant shares on subscription.

After amendment

(III) to bear liability for the Company to the limit of the shares they hold;

(III) not to withdraw their shares after approval and registration by the Company, unless required by laws and regulations;

(IV) not to abuse their shareholders' rights to jeopardize the interests of the Company or other shareholders; and not to abuse the status of the Company as an independent legal person and the limited liability of shareholders to jeopardize the interests of any creditors of the Company; Where any shareholder of the Company abuses the shareholders' rights and incur losses to the Company or other shareholders, such shareholder shall be liable for the damages; Where shareholders of the Company abuse the Company's status as an independent legal person and the limited liability of shareholders for the purposes of evading repayment of debts, thereby materially impairing the interests of the creditors of the Company, such shareholders shall be jointly and severally liable for the debts owed by the Company;

(V) other obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations and these Articles.

Where any shareholder of the Company abuses the shareholders' rights and incur to the Company or other shareholders, such shareholder shall be liable for the damages; shareholders of the Company abuse the Company's status as an independent legal person and the limited liability of shareholders for the purposes of evading repayment of debts, thereby materially impairing the interests of the creditors of the Company, such shareholders shall be jointly and severally liable for the debts owed by the Company.

Unless otherwise specified, shareholders are not liable to make any further contribution to the share capital other than as agreed by the subscriber—of—the—relevant—shares—on subscription.

Before amendment

Article 62 The controlling shareholders, de facto controller, Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of Company shall not use their affiliation to jeopardize the interests of the Company; otherwise, they shall make compensation for the loss incurred by the Company.

After amendment

Article 40 The controlling shareholders, de facto controller, Directors, Supervisors and senior management members Company shall not use their affiliation to jeopardize the interests of the Company; otherwise, they shall make compensation for the loss incurred by the Company.

The controlling shareholders and de facto controller of the Company shall have fiduciary duties towards the Company and its public shareholders. Each of the controlling shareholders shall exercise its rights as a capital contributor in strict compliance with the laws. The controlling shareholders shall not damage jeopardize the legitimate rights and interests of the Company and public shareholders by means of profit distribution, asset restructuring, external investment, fund appropriation, loan guarantee, etc., and shall not use its status of control to ieopardize the interests of the Company and public shareholders.

Article 63 [Deletion] In addition obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations or required by the listing rules of the stock exchanges on which the shares of the Company are listed, a controlling shareholder shall not exercise his voting rights in a manner prejudicial to the interests of all or some of the shareholders of the Company in respect of the following matters:

- (I) relieving a Director or Supervisor of his duty to act honestly in the best interests of the Company;
- (II) approving a Director or Supervisor (for his/her own or other person's benefit) to deprive the Company of its property in any form, including (but not limited to) any opportunities that are favorable theCompany;

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) approving a Director or Supervisor (for	
his/her own or other person's benefit) to	
deprive another shareholder of his/her	
personal interests, including (but not limited	
to) any right to distribution and voting right,	
but excluding the restructuring of the	
Company submitted to and adopted by the	
shareholders' general meeting in accordance	
with these Articles.	
Article 64 [Deletion] "controlling	
shareholder" referred to in the previous	
article means a person who satisfies any one	
of the following conditions:	
(I) he alone or acting in concert with others	
has the power to elect more than half of the	
Directors;	
(II) he alone or acting in concert with others	
has the power to exercise or to control the	
exercise of 30% or more of the voting rights	
in the Company;	
(III) he alone or acting in concert with others	
holds 30% or more of the outstanding	
shares;	
(IV) he alone or acting in concert with others	
in any other manner is in de facto control of	
the Company.	
In this Article, "acting in concert with	
others" shall mean 2 or more persons	
reaching an agreement (either orally or in	
writing), pursuant to which any one of them	
shall obtain voting rights of the Company	
for control or consolidation of control over	
the Company.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 8 Shareholders' General Meeting	Section 2 General Provisions of the
	Shareholders' General Meeting
Article 65 The shareholders' general meetings of the Company consist of all	Article 41 The shareholders' general meetings of the Company consist of all
shareholders, the shareholders' general meeting is the organ of authority of the	shareholders, the shareholders' general meeting is the organ of authority of the
Company, which shall exercise the following functions and powers:	Company, which shall exercise the following functions and powers:
(I) to determine the business guidelines and investment plans of the Company;	(I) to determine the business guidelines and investment plans of the Company;
(II) to elect and replace Directors and Supervisors who are not representatives of the employees and to determine matters relating to remuneration of the Directors and Supervisors;	(II) to elect and replace Directors and Supervisors who are not representatives of the employees and to determine matters relating to remuneration of the Directors and Supervisors;
(III) to consider and approve the reports of the Board;	(III) to consider and approve the reports of the Board;
(IV) to consider and approve the reports of the Board of Supervisors;	(IV) to consider and approve the reports of the Board of Supervisors;
(V) to consider and approve the annual financial budgets and the final accounts of the Company;	(V) to consider and approve the annual financial budgets and the final accounts of the Company;
(VI) to consider and approve the profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Company;	(VI) to consider and approve the profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Company;
(VII) to resolve on increase or decrease of the registered capital of the Company;	(VII) to resolve on increase or decrease of the registered capital of the Company;
(VIII) to resolve on the Company's issue of bonds, any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;	(VIII) to resolve on the Company's issue of bonds, any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;
(IX) to resolve on the merger, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or changes in the form of the Company;	(IX) to resolve on the merger, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or changes in the form of the Company;

Before amendment	After amendment
(X) to amend these Articles;	(X) to amend these Articles;
(XI) to consider proposals submitted by shareholder(s) severally or jointly holding 3% or more of the voting shares of the Company;	(XI) to consider proposals submitted by shareholder(s) severally or jointly holding 3% or more of the voting shares of the Company;
(XII) to resolve on the appointment, reappointment or dismissal of accounting firms;	(XII) to resolve on the appointment, reappointment or dismissal of accounting firms;
(XIII) to consider and approve the external guarantees of the Company that require the approval by the shareholders' general meetings;	(XIII) to consider and approve the external guarantees of the Company that require the approval by the shareholders' general meetings;
(XIV) to consider the acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;	(XIV) to consider the acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
(XV) to consider equity incentive schemes; (XVI) to resolve on other matters to be resolved thereby as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles;	(XV) to consider equity incentive schemes and employee stock ownership schemes; (XVI) to resolve on other matters to be resolved thereby as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental
(XVII) to consider other matters as required by the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed.	rules, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed or these Articles. (XVII)to consider other matters as required
	by the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed.

Before amendment

Article 66 The provision of any external guarantee of the Company shall be considered and passed by the Board. The guarantee offered by the Company to a shareholder or de facto controller of the Company shall be approved by the shareholders' general meeting.

When the shareholders' general meeting is considering a proposal to provide guarantee for any shareholder or de facto controller, the said shareholder or the shareholders controlled by the said de facto controller shall abstain from voting on the said proposal, and the said proposal shall be subject to approval by more than half of the voting rights of the other attending shareholders.

If a Director or any senior management member violates a provision on the approval authority or approval procedure for the provision of external guarantees as specified in the laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, thereby causing the Company to suffer a loss, he/she shall be liable for damages and the Company may take legal action against him/her in accordance with laws.

Article 67 Without the prior approval of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any party (other than a Director, Supervisor and senior management member) regarding the transfer of the management of all or any major part of the Company's businesses to such party.

After amendment

Article 42 The provision of any external guarantee of the Company shall be considered and passed by the Board. The guarantee offered by the Company to a shareholder or de facto controller of the Company shall be approved by the shareholders' general meeting.

When the shareholders' general meeting is considering a proposal to provide guarantee for any shareholder, de facto controller or their associated parties. the shareholder or the shareholders controlled by the said de facto controller and their associated parties (and the relevant persons stipulated under the listing rules of the place where the shares are listed) shall abstain from voting on the said proposal, and the said proposal shall be subject to approval by more than half of the voting rights of the other attending shareholders.

If a Director or any senior management member violates a provision on the approval authority or approval procedure for the provision of external guarantees as specified in the laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, thereby causing the Company to suffer a loss, he/she shall be liable for damages and the Company may take legal action against him/her in accordance with laws.

Article 43 Unless the Company is in a crisis and other special circumstances, without the prior approval of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall not enter into any contract with any party (other than a Director, Supervisor and senior management member) regarding the transfer of the management of all or any major part of the Company's businesses to such party.

Before amendment

Article 68 Shareholders' general meetings are classified into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. The annual shareholders' general meetings shall be convened once a year and shall be held within 6 months from the end of the previous fiscal year.

The extraordinary shareholders' general meetings shall be convened as and when necessary. The Board shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:

- (I) when the number of Directors is less than the number stipulated in the Company Law or two-thirds of the number required in these Articles;
- (II) when the unrecovered losses of the Company amount to one-third of the total amount of its paid-in share capital;
- (III) where any shareholder(s) holding individually or collectively 10% (inclusive, excluding voting proxy) or more of the Company's shares carrying voting rights request(s) in writing for the convening of an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;
- (IV) when deemed necessary by the Board or when requested by the Board of Supervisors;
- (V) when proposed by 2 or more of independent Directors;
- (VI) other situations stipulated in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed or these Articles.

After amendment

Article 44 Shareholders' general meetings are classified into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. The annual shareholders' general meetings shall be convened once a year and shall be held within 6 months from the end of the previous fiscal year.

The extraordinary shareholders' general meetings shall be convened as and when necessary. The Board shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:

- (I) when the number of Directors is less than the number stipulated in the Company Law or two-thirds of the number required in these Articles;
- (II) when the unrecovered losses of the Company amount to one-third of the total amount of its paid-in share capital;
- (III) where any shareholder(s) holding individually or collectively 10% (inclusive, excluding voting proxy) or more of the Company's shares carrying voting rights request(s) in writing for the convening of an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;
- (IV) when deemed necessary by the Board or when requested by the Board of Supervisors;
- (V) when proposed by 2 or more of independent Directors;
- (V) other situations stipulated in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed or these Articles.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 45 [Addition] The shareholders'
	general meeting shall be held on-site or
	online. The Company shall provide
	network or other means for the
	convenience of shareholders to attend the
	shareholders' general meeting.
	Shareholders attending the shareholders'
	general meeting in the above manner shall
	be deemed as present.
	Section 3 [Addition] Convening of the
	Shareholders' General Meeting
	Article 46 [Addition] Independent
	directors shall have the right to propose to
	the Board of Directors to convene an
	extraordinary general meeting.
	Independent directors shall propose to the
	Board of Directors in writing to convene
	an extraordinary general meeting. The
	Board shall, in accordance with the laws,
	administrative regulations and these
	Articles, furnish a written reply on
	whether to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting within 10 days upon
	receipt of such proposal. If the Board
	agrees to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting, a notice of such meeting
	shall be issued within five days upon the
	passing of the Board resolution. If the
	Board does not agree to convene the
	extraordinary general meeting, it shall
	explain the reasons and make an
	announcement.
	Article 47 [Addition] The Board of
	Supervisors shall have the right to
	propose to the Board of Directors to
	convene an extraordinary general meeting
	in writing. The Board of Directors shall,
	in accordance with the laws,
	administrative regulations and these
	Articles, furnish a written reply on
	whether to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting within 10 days upon
	receipt of such proposal.

Before amendment	After amendment
	If the Board of Directors agrees to convene the extraordinary general meeting, a notice of such meeting shall be issued within five days upon the passing of the Board resolution. Any changes to the original proposal made in the notice shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors.
	If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene the extraordinary general meeting or fails to furnish a reply within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, the Board of Directors shall be deemed to be unable or fail to perform the duty of convening the shareholders' general meeting, and the Board of Supervisors may convene and preside over the meeting on its own.
	Article 48 [Addition] Shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the Company's shares shall have the right to request the Board of Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, and such request shall be made in writing to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles, furnish a written reply on whether to convene the extraordinary general meeting within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal.
	If the Board of Directors agrees to convene the extraordinary general meeting, a notice of such meeting shall be issued within five days upon the passing of the Board resolution. Any changes to the original proposal made in the notice shall approved by the relevant shareholders.
	If the Board of Directors does not agree to convene the extraordinary general meeting or fails to furnish a reply within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, the shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the shares of the Company shall have the right to request the Board of Supervisors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, and such request shall be made in writing.

Before amendment	After amendment
	If the Board of Supervisors agrees to convene the extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice of general meeting within five days upon receipt of the proposal. Any changes to the original proposal in the notice shall be approved by the relevant shareholders.
	If the Board of Supervisors fails to issue the notice of the general meeting within the prescribed period, it shall be deemed that the Board of Supervisors does not convene and preside over the shareholders' general meeting, and shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the shares of the Company with voting rights at the proposed meeting may convene and preside over the meeting on their own. Article 49 [Addition] If the Board of Supervisors or shareholders decide to convene a shareholders' general meeting on their own, they shall notify the Board of Directors in writing and at the same time make a filing with the stock exchange.
	The shareholding of the convening shareholders shall not be less than 10% before the announcement of the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.
	The Board of Supervisors or the convening shareholders shall submit relevant supporting documents to the stock exchange where the shares of the Company are listed when issuing the notice of the shareholders' general meeting and announcing the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.

Before amendment After amendment Article 50 [Addition] The Board of Directors and the secretary to the Board of Directors shall cooperate with the **Board of Supervisors or the shareholders** to convene the shareholders' general meeting upon receipt of the notice. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders on the date for registration of shareholding. Article 51 [Addition] All reasonable expenses incurred for the shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors or shareholders on their own shall be borne by the Company. [Deletion] Shareholders Article 69 requesting the convening of extraordinary shareholders' general meetings or class meetings shall follow the procedures listed below: (I) 2 or more shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the shares carrying voting rights at the meeting sought to be held may sign one or more written requests of identical form of content requesting the Board to convene extraordinary shareholders' general meeting or a class meeting and stating the subject of the meeting. The Board shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting or a class meeting as soon as possible after having received the aforesaid written request. The aforesaid shareholding shall be calculated as of the day on which the written request is made. (II) If the Board fails to issue a notice of convening such meeting within 30 days upon receipt of the above written request, the shareholders who made such request may request the Board of Supervisors to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general

meeting or class meeting.

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) If the Board of Supervisors fails to	
issue a notice of convening such meeting	
within 30 days upon receipt of the above	
written request, shareholders, for more than	
90 consecutive days, individually or jointly	
holding 10% or more of the shares carrying	
voting rights at the meeting sought to be	
held may convene the meeting of their own	
accord within 4 months upon the Board	
having received such request. The convening	
procedures shall, to the greatest extent	
possible, be identical to procedures	
according to which the shareholders' general	
meetings are to be convened by the Board.	
All reasonable expenses incurred for such	
meeting convened by the shareholders as a	
result of the failure of the Board and the	
Board of Supervisors to convene a meeting	
at the above requests shall be borne by the	
Company and deducted from the amount	
owed by the Company to the delinquent	
Directors and Supervisors.	
	Section 4 [Addition] Proposals and
	Notices of the Shareholders' General
	Meeting
	Article 52 [Addition] The contents of the
	proposals shall fall within the terms of
	reference of the general meeting, have
	clear topics and specific resolutions, and
	comply with the relevant provisions of
	laws, administrative regulations and these
	Articles.

Before amendment

Article 70 When the Company convenes a shareholders' general meeting, shareholders individually or jointly holding 3% or more of the total voting shares of the Company are entitled to propose new resolutions in writing to the Company and submit them to the convener 10 days before the meeting. The convener of the shareholders' general meeting shall issue a supplementary notice of the shareholders' general meeting and inform other shareholders within 2 days upon the receipt of such proposal and incorporate any matters falling within the scope of duties of the shareholders' general meeting into the agenda of such meeting. The new agenda shall be tabled to the shareholders' general meeting consideration.

After amendment

Article 53 When the Company convenes a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors and shareholders individually or jointly holding 3% or more of the total voting shares of the Company are entitled to propose resolutions in writing to the Company.

Shareholders individually or iointly holding 3% or more of the shares of the Company are entitled to propose new resolutions in writing to the Company and submit them to the convener 10 days before meeting. The convener of shareholders' general meeting shall issue a supplementary notice of the shareholders' general meeting within 2 days upon the receipt of such proposal and announce the contents of the interim proposalsand incorporate any matters falling within the scope of duties of the shareholders' general meeting into the agenda of such meeting. The new agenda shall be tabled to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration.

Except as provided in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not amend the proposals set out in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or add new proposals after issuing the notice of the shareholders' general meeting.

Proposals not set out in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or not in compliance with Article 52 shall not be voted on or resolved at the shareholders' general meeting.

Before amendment

Article 71 Where the Company convenes a shareholders' general meeting, a notice shall be given 20 days before the meeting to notify each of the shareholders of the time and venue of the meeting and matters to be deliberated; in the case of an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a written notice 15 days prior to the meeting to notify each of the shareholders. For notices given under this Article, the date posted shall be the date of delivering the relevant notice to post office by the Company or the share registrar engaged by the Company.

Unless otherwise provided by these Articles, the notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall be sent to shareholders (regardless of their voting rights at the shareholders' general meeting) by hand or pre-paid post to the address of the recipient as specified in the register of shareholders. For holders of domestic shares, notices of shareholders' general meetings may be issued in the form of public announcement.

Public announcement referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be published in one or more newspaper(s) designated by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council 20 days (annual general meeting) or 15 days (extraordinary general meeting) prior to the date of the meeting. Once the announcement has been published, all holders of domestic shares shall be deemed to have received notice of the relevant meeting.

Notices of shareholders' general meetings served on holders of overseas listed foreign shares may be published on the website designated by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the website of the Company. Upon the publication of the announcement, all holders of overseas listed foreign shares shall be deemed to have received the notice of the relevant shareholders' general meeting.

After amendment

Article 54 Where the Company convenes an annual general meeting, a notice shall be given 21 days before the meeting by the convener in writing to notify each of the shareholders of the time and venue of the meeting and matters to be deliberated; in the case of an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice in writing 15 days prior to the meeting to notify each of the shareholders. For notices given under this Article, the date posted shall be the date of delivering the relevant notice to post office by the Company or the share registrar engaged by the Company.

Unless otherwise provided by the laws, regulations, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed and these Articles, the notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall be sent to shareholders (regardless of their voting rights at the shareholders' general meeting) by hand or pre-paid post to the address of the recipient as specified in the register of shareholders. For holders of domestic shares, notices of shareholders' general meetings may be issued in the form of public announcement.

Public announcement referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be published in the designated media bodies 21 days (annual general meeting) or 15 days (extraordinary general meeting) prior to the date of the meeting. Once the announcement has been published, all holders of domestic shares shall be deemed to have received notice of the relevant meeting.

Notices of shareholders' general meetings served on the **H Shareholders** may be published on the website designated by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the website of the Company. Upon the publication of the announcement, all holders of overseas listed foreign shares shall be deemed to have received the notice of the relevant shareholders' general meeting.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 72 [Deletion] The shareholders'	
general meeting shall not decide on any	
matter not stated in the notice as referred in	
Article 70 and Article 71 of these Articles.	
Article 73 The notice of a shareholders'	Article 55 The notice of a shareholders'
general meeting shall meet the following	general meeting shall include the
criteria:	following:
(I) it shall be made in writing;	(I) it shall be made in writing;
(II) it shall specify the time, venue and date	(I) it shall specify the time, venue and date
of the meeting;	of the meeting;
(III) it shall set out the matters to be	(II) it shall set out the matters and
considered at the meeting;	proposals to be considered at the meeting;
(IV) it shall provide shareholders with such	(IV) it shall provide shareholders with such
information and explanation as necessary for	information and explanation as necessary for
them to make informed decisions on the	them to make informed decisions on the
matters to be considered. This principle	matters to be considered. This principle
includes (but is not limited to), where a	includes (but is not limited to), where a
proposal is made to merge the Company	proposal is made to merge the Company
with another, to repurchase shares, to	with another, to repurchase shares, to
restructure the share capital, or to reorganize	restructure the share capital, or to reorganize
the Company in any other way, the terms of	the Company in any other way, the terms of
the proposed transaction shall be provided in	the proposed transaction shall be provided in
detail together with copies of the proposed	detail together with copies of the proposed
contract (if any), and the cause and effect of	contract (if any), and the cause and effect of
the such proposal shall be properly	the such proposal shall be properly
explained;	explained;
	1
(V) it shall disclose the nature and degree of	(V) it shall disclose the nature and degree of
the material interest of any Director,	the material interest of any Director,
Supervisor and senior management member	Supervisor and senior management member
in the matters to be considered. In case that	in the matters to be considered. In case that
the impact of the matters to be considered on	the impact of the matters to be considered on
such Director, Supervisor and senior	such Director, Supervisor and senior
management member as a shareholder is	management member as a shareholder is
different from that on other holders of the	different from that on other holders of the
same class of shares, the difference shall be	same class of shares, the difference shall be

explained;

explained;

Before amendment	After amendment
(VI) it shall set out the full text of any special resolution to be proposed at the meeting;	(VI) it shall set out the full text of any special resolution to be proposed at the meeting;
(VII) it shall contain conspicuously a statement that a shareholder eligible for attending and voting is entitled to appoint 1 or more proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf and that a proxy need not be a shareholder;	(III) it shall contain conspicuously a statement that all shareholders eligible for attending the shareholders' general meeting may and voting is entitled to appoint 1 or more proxies a proxy in writing to attend and vote on his/her behalf and that a proxy need not be a shareholder;
(VIII) it shall specify the delivery time and place of the proxy form for voting at the meeting.	(VIII) it shall specify the delivery time and place of the proxy form for voting at the meeting.
	(IV) it shall specify the date for registration of the shareholding of the shareholders entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting;
	(V) it shall specify the time and procedures of voting.
	Article 56 [Addition] Where the shareholders' general meeting proposes to discuss the election of Directors and Supervisors, the notice relating to the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the detailed information of the candidates for Directors and Supervisors, which shall at least include the following:
	(I) personal particulars such as educational background, work experience and part-time jobs;
	(II) whether there is any connected relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders and de facto controller;
	(III) the number of shares held in the Company.
	Each candidate for Director or Supervisor shall be proposed in a separate proposal.
Article 75 [Deletion] The accidental omission to give notice of meeting to, or nonreceipt of notice of meeting by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate the meeting and any resolution adopted at the meeting.	

Before amendment	After amendment
	Section 5 [Addition] Holding of the Shareholders' General Meeting
	Article 58 [Addition] The Board and other conveners of the Company shall take necessary measures to ensure the normal order of the shareholders' general meeting. Measures shall be taken to stop acts that interfere with the shareholders' general meeting, provoke troubles and infringe the legitimate rights and interests of shareholders, and report to relevant authorities for investigation and punishment in a timely manner.
	Article 59 [Addition] All shareholders registered on the date of registration for the shareholding or their proxies are entitled to attend and speak at the shareholders' general meeting, and exercise voting rights in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and these Articles (unless an individual shareholder is required by the SEHK Listing Rules to abstain from voting on a particular matter).
	Shareholders may attend a shareholders' general meeting in person, or may entrust other persons as his proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf.
	Article 60 [Addition] The Company has the right to require individual shareholders attending the meeting in person to present their identity cards or other valid documents or proof of their identities as well as stock account cards; or to require the relevant persons entrusted by others to attend the meeting to present their valid identity cards and the power of attorney of the shareholders.
	A corporate shareholder shall attend the meeting by its legal representative or a proxy appointed by the legal representative. The Company shall have the right to require the legal representative attending the meeting to present his/her identity card and valid certificate that can prove his/her qualification as a legal representative; if a proxy is appointed to attend the meeting, the Company shall have the right to require the proxy to present his/her identity card and a written power of attorney duly issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder.

Before amendment	After amendment
	A clearing house shall have the right to appoint proxies or corporate representatives to attend shareholders' general meetings and creditors' meetings of the issuer and such proxies or corporate representatives shall have the same statutory rights as other shareholders, including the right to speak and vote.
Article 76 Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a shareholders' general meeting shall be entitled to appoint one or more persons (whether a shareholder or not) as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. According to the appointment of the shareholder, a proxy so appointed shall: (I) have the same right as the shareholder to speak at the meeting; (II) have the right to individually or jointly demand a poll; (III) have the right to vote by hand or on a poll, but when more than 1 proxy has been appointed, the proxies only have the right to vote on a poll.	Article 61 Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a shareholders' general meeting shall be entitled to appoint one or more persons (whether a shareholder or not) as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. If the member is a corporation, it may appoint a representative to attend and vote at any shareholders' general meeting of the issuer, and if such corporation is so represented, it shall be treated as being present at any meeting in person. A form of proxy may be signed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. According to the appointment of the shareholder, a proxy so appointed shall: (I) have the same right as the shareholder to speak at the meeting; (II) have the right to individually or jointly demand a poll; (III) have the right to vote by hand or on a poll, but when more than 1 proxy has been appointed, the proxies only have the right to
Article 77 [Deletion] Shareholders may attend a shareholders' general meeting in person, or may entrust other persons as his proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Shareholders shall appoint a proxy by written instrument which is signed by the appointer or his/her agent so authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the stamp of the legal person or signed by its Director or agent so officially authorized. The proxy form shall specify the number of shares represented by the proxy of the shareholders. Where a shareholder appoints more than one proxy, he/she shall specify the number of shares represented by each proxy in the proxy form.	vote on a poll.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 62 [Addition] The power of attorney issued by a shareholder to appoint a proxy to attend a shareholders' general meeting shall contain the following:
	(I) the name of the appointer and the name of the proxy;
	(II) the number of shares of the appointer represented by the proxy;
	(III) the right to vote;
	(IV) the instructions to vote for or against or abstain from voting on each matter to be considered at the shareholders' general meeting;
	(V) the date and validity period of the power of attorney;
	(VI) signature (or seal) of the appointer.
Article 78 The form appointing a voting proxy shall be placed at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the voting. Where the instrument is signed by another person as authorized by the appointer, the power of attorney or other authorization document shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorization document shall be placed together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as	Article 63 The form appointing a voting proxy shall be placed at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the voting. Where the instrument is signed by another person as authorized by the appointer, the power of attorney or other authorization document shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorization document shall be placed together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as
specified in the notice of the meeting.	specified in the notice of the meeting.

Before amendment

Where the appointer is a legal person, its legal representative or a person authorized by the Board or other decision-making body shall be entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

Where the said shareholder is a recognized clearing house (or its agent) as defined in the relevant ordinance enacted from time to time in Hong Kong, the shareholder authorize 1 or more persons as it thinks fit to as its representative(s) any shareholders' general meeting or any class meeting provided that, if more than 1 person is so authorized, the power of attorney shall clearly state the number and class of shares for which each person is so authorized and shall be signed by the authorized personnel appointed by the recognized clearing house. The persons so authorized may represent the recognized clearing house (or its agent) to exercise the rights at any meeting (without being required to present share certificate, notarized power of attorney and/or further evidence of due authorization), as if such person were an individual shareholder of the Company.

After amendment

Where the appointer is a legal person, its legal representative or a person authorized by the Board or other decision-making body shall be entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

Where the said shareholder is a recognized clearing house (or its agent) as defined in the relevant ordinance enacted from time to time in Hong Kong, the shareholder may authorize 1 or more persons as it thinks fit to its representative(s) shareholders' general meeting or any class meeting provided that, if more than 1 person is so authorized, the power of attorney shall clearly state the number and class of shares for which each person is so authorized and shall be signed by the authorized personnel appointed by the recognized clearing house. The persons so authorized may represent the recognized clearing house (or its agent) to exercise the rights at any meeting (without being required to present share certificate, notarized power of attorney and/or further evidence of due authorization), as if such person were an individual shareholder of the Company.

Article 66 [Addition] The attendance records of the meeting shall be prepared by the Company.

Article 67 [Addition] The convener shall verify the validity of shareholders' qualifications based on the register of shareholders provided by the securities registration and clearing institution, and shall register the names of the shareholders and the number of their voting shares held. The registration for the meeting shall be completed before the chairman of the meeting announces the total number of voting shares held by shareholders and proxies attending the meeting on-site.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 68 [Addition] When a
	shareholders' general meeting is held, all
	Directors, Supervisors and the secretary
	to the Board of the Company shall attend
	such meeting. The general manager and
	other senior management shall be present
	at the meeting, and shall not be absent
	unless there is a proper reason.
Article 21 A shareholders, general meeting	Article 60 A shoreholders' general meeting

Article 81 A shareholders' general meeting shall be chaired by the chairman of the Board. If the chairman of the Board is unable to or fails to perform his/her duties, the meeting shall be chaired by a Director elected by more than half of the Directors jointly. If no chairman of a meeting is appointed, shareholders present at the meeting may elect 1 person as a chairman of the meeting. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

If the Board is unable or fails to fulfill the obligation of convening a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over such meeting. If the Board of Supervisors does not convene or preside over such meeting, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days may convene and preside over such meeting on their own.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors itself shall be presided over by the chairman of the Board of Supervisors. Where the chairman of the Board of Supervisors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Supervisor elected by more than half of the Supervisors shall chair the meeting. Article 69 A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Directors itself shall be chaired and presided over by the chairman of the Board of Directors. Where the chairman of the Board of Directors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Director elected by more than half of the Directors shall chair and preside over the meeting. If no chairman of a meeting is appointed, shareholders present at the meeting may elect 1 person as a chairman of the meeting. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

If the Board is unable or fails to fulfill the obligation of convening a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over such meeting. If the Board of Supervisors does not convene or preside over such meeting, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days may convene and preside over such meeting on their own.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors itself shall be presided over by the chairman of the Board of Supervisors. Where the chairman of the Board of Supervisors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Supervisor elected by more than half of the Supervisors shall chair the meeting.

Before amendment

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days themselves shall be chaired by a representative elected by the convening shareholders.

Where a shareholders' general meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure which makes it difficult for the shareholders' general meeting to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the chairman so as to carry on with the shareholders' general meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the attending shareholders having the voting rights. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

After amendment

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days themselves shall be chaired by a representative elected by the convening shareholders. Where a shareholders' general meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure which makes it difficult for shareholders' general meeting to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the chairman and preside over the meeting so as to carry on with the shareholders' general meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the attending shareholders having the voting rights. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall chair and preside over such meeting.

Article 70 [Addition] The Company shall formulate rules of procedure for the shareholders' general meeting to specify in detail the convening and voting procedures of the shareholders' general meeting, including the notice. registration, consideration of proposals, voting, counting of votes, announcement of voting results, formation of resolutions, meeting minutes and signing thereof and announcement, as well as the principle of authorization bv the shareholders' general meeting to the Board. The contents of authorization shall be clear and specific. The rules of procedure of the shareholders' general meeting shall be formulated by the Board and approved by the shareholders' general meeting.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 71 [Addition] Directors, Supervisors and senior management members shall provide explanations on the inquiries and suggestions made by shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting.
	Article 72 [Addition] The presider of the meeting shall, prior to voting, announce the total number of voting shares held by the attending shareholders and their proxies. The total number of voting shares held by the attending shareholders and their proxies shall be subject to the registration of the meeting.
	Article 73 [Addition] Minutes of the shareholders' general meetings shall be recorded by the secretary to the Board. Article 74 [Addition] The minutes shall
	contain the following: (I) the time, place and agenda of the meeting and the name of the convener; (II) the names of the chairman of the meeting and the Directors, Supervisors, general manager and other senior management members present at the meeting;
	(III) the total number of voting shares held by the shareholders and proxies present at the meeting and the proportion of such shares to the total number of shares of the Company;
	(IV) the consideration process, key points of speech and voting results of each proposal;
	(V) the shareholders' inquiries or suggestions and corresponding replies or explanations;
	(VI) the name of vote counters and scrutineers;
	(VII) other contents that shall be recorded in the meeting minutes as required by these Articles.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 75 [Addition] The convener shall
	ensure that the minutes are true, accurate
	and complete. The attending Directors,
	Supervisors, secretary to the Board,
	convener or his/her representative and the
	chairman of the meeting shall sign on the
	minutes of the meeting. The minutes of the
	meeting shall be kept together with the
	signature book of the attending
	shareholders, the power of attorney of the proxies and the valid information of
	voting via internet or by other means for a
	period of not less than 10 years.
	Article 76 [Addition] The convener shall
	ensure that the shareholders' general
	meeting is held continuously until a final
	resolution is reached. If the shareholders'
	general meeting is suspended or no
	resolution can be made due to force
	majeure or other special reasons,
	necessary measures shall be taken to
	resume the shareholders' general meeting as soon as possible or terminate the
	shareholders' general meeting directly,
	and an announcement shall be made in a
	timely manner.
	Section 6 [Addition] Voting and
	Resolution of the Shareholders' General
	Meeting
Article 90 The following matters shall be	Article 79 The following matters shall be
approved by special resolutions at a	approved by special resolutions at a
shareholders' general meeting:	shareholders' general meeting:
(I) increase or reduction in share capital of	(I) increase or reduction in registered
the Company and the issue of any class of	capital of the Company and the issue of any
shares, warrants and other similar securities;	class of shares, warrants and other similar
33.5.	securities;
(II) issue of corporate bonds of the	
Company;	(II) issue of corporate bonds of the
	Company;
(III) division, merger, dissolution and	
liquidation of the Company;	(III) division, spin-off , merger, dissolution,
	liquidation or changes in form of the
	Company;

Before amendment	After amendment
(IV) changes in the form of the Company;	(IV) changes in the form of the Company;
(V) acquisition or disposal of material assets	(IV) amendment to these Articles;
or provision of guarantee by the Company	
within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of	(V) acquisition or disposal of material assets
the latest audited total assets of the	or provision of guarantee by the Company
Company;	within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of
	the latest audited total assets of the
(VI) amendment to these Articles;	Company;
(VII) consideration and implementation of	(VI) consideration and implementation of
equity incentive scheme;	equity incentive schemes and employee
	stock ownership schemes;
(VIII) repurchase of shares of the Company;	
	(VII) any other matter specified in the laws,
(IX) any other matter specified in the laws,	administrative regulations, securities
administrative regulations or these Articles	regulatory rules of the place where the
and confirmed by an ordinary resolution at a	shares of the Company are listed or these
shareholders' general meeting that it may	Articles, and confirmed by an ordinary
have material impact on the Company and	resolution at a shareholders' general meeting
accordingly shall be approved by special	that it may have material impact on the
resolutions;	Company and accordingly shall be approved by special resolutions;
(X) other matters requiring adoption by	by special resolutions;
special resolutions pursuant to the SEHK	(X) other matters requiring adoption by
Listing Rules.	special resolutions pursuant to the SEHK
Disting Raises.	Listing Rules.
Article 83 Shareholders (including proxies	Article 80 Shareholders (including proxies
thereof) who vote at a shareholders' general	
meeting shall exercise their voting rights in	meeting shall exercise their voting rights in
proportion to the amount of voting shares	proportion to the amount of voting shares
they represent. Each share carries the right	they represent. Each share carries the right
to one vote. However, the Company has no	to one vote. However, the Company has no
voting right for the shares it holds, and such	voting right for the shares it holds, and such
part of shares shall be excluded from the	part of shares shall be excluded from the
total number of voting shares represented by	total number of voting shares represented by
the shareholders attending the shareholders'	the shareholders attending the shareholders'
general meeting.	general meeting.

Before amendment	After amendment
Where any shareholder is required to waive	Where any shareholder is required to waive
his/her voting rights or is restricted to cast	his/her voting rights or is restricted to cast
only affirmative or dissenting vote on a	only affirmative or dissenting vote on a
certain issue in accordance with applicable	certain issue in accordance with applicable
laws and regulations and the listing rules of	laws and regulations and the SEHK Listing
the stock exchange where the Company's	Rules, any vote cast by the said shareholder
shares are listed, any vote cast by the said	or proxy thereof in violation of the relevant
shareholder or proxy thereof in violation of	provisions or restrictions shall not be
the relevant provisions or restrictions shall	counted into the voting results.
not be counted into the voting results.	
	Article 81 [Addition] When a connected
	transaction is considered at a
	shareholders' general meeting, the
	connected shareholders shall not vote, and
	the number of voting shares represented
	by them shall not be counted in the total
	number of valid votes. The resolutions of
	the shareholders' general meeting shall
	fully disclose the voting of non-connected
	shareholders.
	Article 82 [Addition] The shareholders'
	general meeting shall vote on all proposals
	one by one. If there are different
	proposals for the same matter, voting shall
	be proceeded in the chronological order of
	the proposals being put forward. Other
	than special reasons such as force majeure
	that results in the interruption of the
	meeting or makes it impossible to come to
	resolution, the shareholders' general
	meeting shall not set aside any proposal
	and shall vote on them.
Article 84 A voting right shall be exercised	Article 83 Voting at a shareholders'
only by one voting method including on-the-	general meeting shall be taken by open
spot voting. If a voting right is exercised	ballot or other means as required by the
repeatedly, only the first exercise of the	securities regulatory rules of the place
voting right is recognized.	where the shares of the Company are
	listed.

Before amendment

If a matter required be voted on by way of a poll is the election of the chairman of the meeting or suspension of the meeting, such matter shall be forthwith voted on by way of a poll; for other matters required to be voted on by way of a poll, the time for the voting shall be determined by the chairman of the meeting, and the meeting may be continued to discuss the matters, and the poll results are deemed to be a resolution passed at the meeting.

After amendment

A voting right shall be exercised only by one voting method including on-the-spot voting. If a voting right is exercised repeatedly, only the first exercise of the voting right is recognized.

If a matter required be voted on by way of a poll is the election of the chairman of the meeting or suspension of the meeting, such matter shall be forthwith voted on by way of a poll; for other matters required to be voted on by way of a poll, the time for the voting shall be determined by the chairman of the meeting, and the meeting may be continued to discuss the matters, and the poll results are deemed to be a resolution passed at the meeting.

Article 85 Voting at a shareholders' general meeting shall be taken by open ballot or other means as permitted by applicable SEHK Listing Rules.

If the chairman of the meeting decides to vote by a show of hands, voting at shareholders' general meetings shall be conducted by a show of hands unless the following persons require voting by poll before or after voting by a show of hands:

- (I) chairman of the meeting;
- (II) at least two shareholders with voting rights or proxies thereof;
- (III) shareholders (including proxies) severally or jointly holding 10% or more of shares with voting rights at the meeting.

Article 84 Voting at a shareholders' general meeting shall be taken by open ballot or other means as permitted by applicable SEHK Listing Rules.

If the chairman of the meeting decides to vote by a show of hands, voting at shareholders' general meetings shall be conducted by a show of hands unless the following persons require voting by poll before or after voting by a show of hands:

- (I) chairman of the meeting;
- (II) at least two shareholders with voting rights or proxies thereof;
- (III) shareholders (including proxies) severally or jointly holding 10% or more of shares with voting rights at the meeting.

Before amendment	After amendment
If the chairman of the meeting decides to	If the chairman of the meeting decides to
vote by a show of hands, unless a poll is	vote by a show of hands, unless a poll is
demanded, the announcement by the	demanded, the announcement by the
chairman that whether the proposals have	chairman that whether the proposals have
been passed based on the results of voting by	been passed based on the results of voting by
a show of hands and the recording of such in	a show of hands and the recording of such in
the minutes shall be conclusive evidence.	the minutes shall be conclusive evidence.
There is no need to provide evidence of the	There is no need to provide evidence of the
number or proportion of votes in favor of or	number or proportion of votes in favor of or
against such resolution at the meeting.	against such resolution at the meeting.
The demand for a poll may be withdrawn by	The demand for a poll may be withdrawn by
the person who demanded the same.	the person who demanded the same.
Article 87 [Deletion] In voting, shareholders	
(including proxies thereof) entitled to 2 or	
more votes need not cast all the votes in the	
same way of for, against or abstention.	
Article 88 [Deletion] If for and against are	
equal, the chairman of the meeting shall be	
entitled to an additional vote.	
Article 91 [Deletion] If the shareholders'	
general meeting requires all the Directors,	
Supervisors and senior management	
members of the Company to attend the	
meeting, they shall attend the meeting.	
The Directors Supervisors and conier	
The Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members attending or present	
at the shareholders' general meeting shall	
answer or explain inquiries made by	
shareholders except which involves business	
secrets of the Company that cannot be	
disclosed at the meeting.	
Article 92 [Deletion] The chairman of the	
meeting shall be responsible for determining	
whether a resolution at a shareholders'	
general meeting is passed pursuant to the	
voting result. His/her decision, which shall	
be final and conclusive, shall be announced	
at the meeting and recorded in the minutes.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 93 [Deletion] If the chairman of the	
meeting has any doubt as to the result of a	
resolution which has been put to vote, he/she	
may have the ballots counted. If the	
chairman of the meeting has not counted the	
ballots, any shareholder who is present in	
person or by proxy and who objects to the	
result announced by the chairman of the	
meeting may, immediately after the	
declaration of the voting result, demand that	
the ballots be counted, and the chairman of	
the meeting shall have the ballots counted	
immediately.	
Article 94 [Deletion] If ballots are counted	
at a shareholders' general meeting, the	
counting result shall be recorded in the	
meeting minutes.	
The minutes together with the attendance	
record of shareholders and the powers of	
attorney of the proxies shall be kept at the	
domicile of the Company.	
	Article 86 [Addition] The resolutions of
	the shareholders' general meeting shall be
	announced in a timely manner. The
	announcement shall specify the total
	number of voting shares held by the
	attending shareholders and their proxies
	and the percentage of the total number of
	voting shares of the Company, the voting
	method, the voting results of each
	proposal and the details of each resolution
	passed.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 9 [Deletion] Special Voting	
Procedures for Class Shareholders	
Article 96 [Deletion] Holders of different	
classes of shares are class shareholders.	
Class shareholders shall enjoy rights and	
assume obligations according to the laws,	
administrative regulations and these	
Articles.	
Aport from holders of other classes of	
Apart from holders of other classes of shares, holders of domestic shares and	
overseas listed foreign shares are deemed to	
be shareholders of different classes. If the	
share capital of the Company includes shares	
without voting rights, then the said shares	
shall be marked with "without voting right".	
Same of married with without voting right.	
If the share capital includes shares with	
different voting rights, then each class of	
shares (except those with most preferential	
voting right) shall be marked with	
"restricted voting right" or "limited voting	
right".	
Article 97 [Deletion] Any proposed change	
or annulment by the Company to the rights	
of class shareholders shall not come into	
effect unless approved by special resolutions	
at a shareholders' general meeting and a	
separate shareholders' general meeting convened by the class shareholders so	
affected in accordance with Articles 99 to	
103 of these Articles.	
The st these triveres.	
For any meeting of a certain class of	
shareholders to consider changes to the	
rights of any class of shares (but not	
including adjournment thereof), the required	
quorum must be at least one-third of the	
holders of the issued shares of the class.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Where any change in domestic and overseas	
laws, administrative regulations and listing	
rules of the place of listing or any decision	
made by the domestic or overseas regulatory	
authority gives rise to change or annulment	
of the rights of class shareholders, approval	
by a shareholders' general meeting or class	
meeting is unnecessary.	
Where the holders of domestic shares of the	
Company transfer their shares to overseas	
investors and list the said shares overseas for	
trading or convert all or part of their	
domestic shares into overseas listed foreign	
shares for listing and trading on overseas	
stock exchange(s), it shall not be deemed	
that the Company proposes to change or	
annul the rights of class shareholders.	
Article 98 [Deletion] The following	
circumstances shall be deemed as change or	
annulment of the rights of holders of a	
certain class of shares:	
(I) to increase or decrease the number of	
shares of such class, or to increase or	
decrease the number of shares of a class	
having voting rights, distribution rights or	
other privileges equal or superior to those of	
the shares of such class;	
(II) to change all or part of the shares of such	
class into shares of another class or to	
change all or part of the shares of another	
class into shares of that class or to grant	
relevant conversion rights;	
(III) to cancel or reduce rights to accrued	
dividends or cumulative dividends attached	
to shares of such class;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(IV) to reduce or cancel rights attached to	
the shares of such class to preferentially	
receive dividends or to preferentially receive	
distributions of assets in a liquidation of the	
Company;	
(V) to add, cancel or reduce share conversion rights, options, voting rights, transfer rights, pre-emptive placing rights, or rights to acquire securities of the Company attached to the shares of such class;	
(VI) to cancel or reduce rights to receive payments made by the Company in a particular currency attached to the shares of such class;	
(VII) to create a new class of shares with voting rights, distribution rights or other privileges equal or superior to those of the shares of such class;	
(VIII) to restrict the transfer or ownership of the shares of such class or to impose additional restrictions;	
(IX) to issue rights to subscribe for, or to convert into, shares of such class or another class;	
(X) to increase the rights and privileges of the shares of another class;	
(XI) to restructure the Company in such a way as to cause shareholders of different classes to bear liabilities disproportionately during the restructuring; and	
(XII) to amend or cancel provisions of this chapter.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 99 [Deletion] Where issues specified in (II) to (VIII) and (XI) to (XII) of Article 98 of these Articles are involved, the affected class shareholders, whether or not they are entitled to vote at shareholders' general meetings originally, shall have the right to vote at class meetings. However, interested shareholder(s) shall not be entitled to vote at such class meetings.	After amendment
Interested shareholder(s) as mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall refer to: (I) if the Company has made a repurchase offer to all shareholders on the same pro rata basis or made a repurchase of its shares by means of public transaction at the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in accordance with Article 29 of these Articles, "interested shareholder(s)" shall refer to the controlling shareholders as defined in Article 64 of these Articles;	
(II) if the Company has made a repurchase of its shares by means of agreement outside the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in accordance with Article 29 of these Articles, "interested shareholder(s)" shall refer to the shareholders who are parties to such agreements;	
(III) in the proposed restructuring of the Company, an "interested shareholder" is a shareholder who assumes a relatively less proportion of obligation than that of any other shareholder of that class or who has an interest different from that of any other shareholder of that class. Article 100 [Deletion] Resolutions of a class meeting shall be approved by votes representing more than two-thirds of voting	
rights of shareholders of that class present who, in accordance with Article 99 of these Articles, are entitled to vote at the meeting.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 101 [Deletion] Where the Company	Tittel umenument
convenes a class meeting, the time limit for	
issuing a written notice shall be the same as	
the written notice period for the non-class	
shareholders' meeting to be convened on the	
same date of such class meeting. The written	
notice shall notify all the registered	
shareholders of the said class of the matters	
to be considered at the meeting, and the date	
and venue of the meeting. The duration of	
the aforesaid period shall not include the day	
on which the meeting is convened.	
on which the meeting is convened.	
If the listing rules of the place where the	
Company's shares are listed has special	
provisions, such provisions shall prevail.	
Article 102 [Deletion] If a class meeting is	
convened by serving of notice, such notice	
needs to be delivered only to the	
shareholders who are entitled to vote thereat.	
The procedure to hold class meetings shall	
be as possibly the same as that for	
shareholders' general meetings, and the	
provisions in these Articles concerning the	
procedure for shareholders' general	
meetings shall apply to class meetings.	
Article 103 [Deletion] Apart from holders of	
other classes of shares, holders of domestic	
shares and overseas listed foreign shares are	
deemed to be shareholders of different	
classes. Special voting procedures for class	
shareholders shall not apply in the following	
circumstances:	
(I) where the Company issues, either	
separately or concurrently, domestic shares	
and overseas listed foreign shares in	
numbers not exceeding 20% of the number	
of domestic shares and overseas listed	
foreign shares then in issue respectively in	
any twelve month period as approved by a	
special resolution of a shareholders' general	
meeting;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) where the Company's plan for issuing	
domestic shares and overseas listed foreign	
shares upon its establishment is completed	
within 15 months from the date of approval	
by the securities regulatory authorities under	
the State Council;	
(III) where with approval of the securities	
regulatory authorities under the State	
Council, the holders of domestic shares of	
the Company transfer their shares to	
overseas investors, or the holders of	
domestic shares of the Company are allowed	
to transfer their shares to overseas listed	
shares and list the said shares on overseas	
stock exchanges.	
Chapter 10 Board of Directors	Chapter 5 Board of Directors
Section 1 Directors	Section 1 Directors
	Article 88 [Addition] Directors of the
	Company shall be natural persons. A
	person shall not serve as a Director,
	Supervisor or senior management
	member of the Company if:
	(I) he/she has no capacity or has limited
	capacity for civil conduct;
	(II) ha/sha has has santanasi ta ana
	(II) he/she has been sentenced to any criminal penalty due to an offence of
	corruption, bribery, encroachment of
	property, misappropriation of property or
	disrupting the economic order of the
	socialist market and 5 years have not
	elapsed since the completion date of the
	execution of the penalty; or he/she has
	ever been deprived of his/her political
	rights due to any crime and 5 years have
	not elapsed since the completion date of
	the execution of the penalty;
	the execution of the penalty,

Before amendment	After amendment
	(III) he/she was the Director, factory
	manager or manager of a company or
	enterprise which had been bankrupted
	and liquidated, and was personally liable
	for the bankruptcy of the company or
	enterprise, where less than three years
	have elapsed since the date of the
	completion of the bankruptcy and
	liquidation of the company or enterprise;
	(IV) he/she was the legal representative of a company or enterprise which had its
	business license revoked and was ordered to close down due to illegal activities and
	was personally liable for such illegal
	activities, where less than three years have
	elapsed since the date when the business
	license of the company or enterprise was revoked;
	(V) he/she has a relatively large amount of
	overdue debt;
	(VI) he/she are banned by the CSRC from
	entering into the securities market for a
	period which has not yet expired;
	(VII) other circumstances as stipulated by
	the laws, administrative regulations or
	departmental rules.
	For any election and appointment of a
	director in contravention of the provisions
	prescribed by this article, such election,
	appointment or employment shall be void
	and null. Where a Director falls into any
	of the circumstances stipulated in this
	article in his term of office, the Director
	shall be removed from office.

Before amendment

Article 104 Directors shall be elected or replaced at shareholders' general meetings and serve a term of 3 years. Directors are eligible for reelection upon the expiration of their terms. However, the successive terms of independent non-executive Directors may not be more than 9 years. A Director, before his term of office expires, shall not be dismissed by the shareholders' general meeting without any reason.

Written notice of an intention to nominate a candidate as Director and a written notice by that person of his willingness to be nominated shall be delivered to the Company 7 days prior to the convocation of the shareholders' general meeting. The period (which shall commence after the Company delivers the notice of shareholders' general meeting) offered by the Company to the nominators candidates for submitting the aforementioned notice shall not be less than 7 days.

The term of a Director shall start from the date on which the said Director assumes office until the expiry of the term of the prevailing session of the Board. If the term of office of a Director has expired but re-election is not timely made, or the said Director has resigned within his/her term of office, resulting in the numbers of members of the Board falls short of the quorum, the said Director shall continue to perform his/her duties as Director pursuant to relevant laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles until a new Director is elected.

After amendment

Article 89 Directors shall be elected or replaced at shareholders' general meetings, and serve a term of 3 years. Directors are eligible for reelection upon the expiration of their terms. However, the successive terms of independent non-executive Directors may not be more than 9 years. A Director, before his term of office expires, shall not be dismissed by the shareholders' general meeting without any reason and can be removed from their office prior to the expiry of their term by the general meeting. Directors' term shall be three years. At the expiry of such term of office, the term is renewable upon re-election.

Written notice of an intention to nominate a candidate as Director and a written notice by that person of his willingness to be nominated shall be delivered to the Company 7 days prior to the convocation of the shareholders' general meeting. The period (which shall commence after the Company delivers the notice of the shareholders' general meeting) offered by the Company to the nominators and candidates for submitting the aforementioned notice shall not be less than 7 days.

The term of a Director shall start from the date on which the said Director assumes office until the expiry of the term of the prevailing session of the Board. If the term of office of a Director has expired but re-election is not timely made, or the said Director has resigned within his/her term of office, resulting in the numbers of members of the Board falls short of the quorum, the said Director shall continue to perform his/her duties as Director pursuant to relevant laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles until a new Director is elected.

A Director may serve concurrently as general manager or other senior management member, but the Directors serving concurrently as such and the Directors being employees' representatives shall not be more than half of the Directors of the Company.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 90 [Addition] Directors shall abide by the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles, and shall faithfully fulfil the following obligations to the Company:
	(I) shall not abuse his/her position to accept bribes or other illegal income or misappropriate the properties of the Company;
	(II) shall not misappropriate the funds of the Company;
	(III) shall not set up accounts in his/her own name or in the name of any other person for the purpose of depositing any of the assets or funds of the Company;
	(IV) shall not lend funds of the Company to any other person or use the property of the Company to provide guarantee for any other person without the consent of the general meeting or the Board of Directors in contravention of the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association;
	(V) shall not enter into contracts or carry out transactions with the Company in contravention of the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association or without the consent of the general meeting;
	(VI) shall not abuse his/her position to seize business opportunities for himself/herself or for other persons which should otherwise belong to the Company, or operate a business similar to that of the Company for himself/herself or for other persons without the consent of the general meeting;

Before amendment	After amendment
	(VII) shall not misappropriate
	commissions derived from transactions
	entered into by the Company;
	(VIII) shall not disclose confidential information of the Company without permission;
	(IX) shall not abuse his connections with the Company to jeopardize the interests of the Company;
	(X) other faithful obligations as required by the laws, regulations, departmental rules and these Articles.
	Any income derived by a Director in violation of the provisions of this article shall belong to the Company. The Director shall be liable to indemnify the Company against any loss incurred.
	Article 91 [Addition] Directors shall comply with the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles, and shall bear the following obligations of diligence to the Company:
	(I) shall exercise the rights conferred by the Company with due discretion, care and diligence to ensure the business operations of the Company comply with the State's laws, administrative regulations and requirements of the State's economic policies, not exceeding the scope of business specified in the Company's business license;
	(II) that all shareholders shall be treated impartially;

Before amendment	After amendment
	(III) master the operation and management conditions of the Company in due time;
	(IV) sign the written confirmation opinions for the regular reports of the Company, to ensure that the information disclosed by the Company is true, correct and complete;
	(V) they shall honestly provide the supervisory committee with relevant information, and not to interfere with the supervisory committee or supervisors in performing their duties and powers;
	(VI) they fulfil other due diligence obligations as stipulated by the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles.
	Article 93 [Addition] A Director may resign before expiration of his term of office. The resigning Director shall submit a written resignation to the Board of Directors.
	In the event that the resignation of any Director results in the number of members of the Board of Directors to be less than the statutory minimum
	requirement, the said Director shall continue to perform duties as Director pursuant to the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles until a new Director is elected and assumes his/her office.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Save for the circumstances set out in the
	preceding paragraph, the resignation of a
	Director shall become effective upon
	submission of his resignation to the Board
	of Directors.
	Subject to the relevant laws and
	regulations, and the regulatory rules of
	the local authority where the Company's
	shares are listed, any person appointed by
	the Board of Directors to fill a casual
	vacancy on the Board of Directors or as an
	addition to the Board of Directors shall
	hold office only until the first annual
	general meeting after his/her appointment
	and shall then be eligible for reelection.
Article 107 The Company shall have	Article 95 The Company shall have
independent non-executive Directors.	independent non-executive Directors.
Except as otherwise provided in this section,	Except as otherwise provided in this section,
the provisions on the qualifications and	the provisions on the qualifications and
obligations of Directors in Chapter 14 of	obligations of Directors in Chapter 5 of
these Articles shall apply to independent	these Articles shall apply to independent
non-executive Directors.	non-executive Directors.
Independent non-executive Directors shall	Independent non-executive Directors shall
be equipped with adequate business or	be equipped with adequate business or
professional experience for competency,	professional experience for competency,
honestly fulfil their duties, and protect the	honestly fulfil their duties, and protect the
interests of the Company, in particular the	interests of the Company, in particular the
legitimate rights and interests of public	legitimate rights and interests of public
shareholders, to ensure the sufficient	shareholders, to ensure the sufficient
representation of the interests of all	representation of the interests of all
shareholders.	shareholders.

Before amendment Section 2 Board of Directors Section 2 Board of Directors Tiple 110 The Company shell have a Reard Article 98 The Company shell have a Reard

Article 110 The Company shall have a Board of Directors consisting of 11 Directors. The Board shall have one chairman. The chairman shall be appointed and could be removed by a majority of all members of the Board. The chairman shall serve a term of 3 years subject to reelection.

Any Director can be removed before the expiration of his/her term of office by an ordinary resolution passed at a shareholders' general meeting, subject to full compliance with the relevant laws and administrative regulations, while such removal does not affect the rights of such Director to make any claim under any contract.

The number of independent non-executive Directors, at any time, shall be at least 3 and represent more than one third of members of the Board, and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications accounting or related management expertise. Unless otherwise provided by relevant laws, regulations and the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed, an independent non-executive Director shall serve a term of 3 years and is eligible for re-election but shall not serve for more than 9 years. Independent Directors may directly report to the shareholders' general meeting, securities regulatory authorities under the State Council and other relevant authorities. Article 98 The Company shall have a Board of Directors, which shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting. The Board of Directors shall comprise 11 Directors. The Board shall have one chairman. The chairman shall be appointed and could be removed by a majority of all members of the Board. The chairman shall serve a term of 3 years subject to reelection.

Any Director can be removed before the expiration of his/her term of office by an ordinary resolution passed at a shareholders' general meeting, subject to full compliance with the relevant laws and administrative regulations, while such removal does not affect the rights of such Director to makeany elaim under any contract.

The number of independent non-executive Directors, at any time, shall be at least 3 and represent more than one third of members of the Board, and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications accounting or related management expertise. Unless otherwise provided by relevant laws, regulations and the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed, an independent non-executive Director shall serve a term of 3 years and is eligible for re-election but shall not serve for more than 9 years. Independent Directors may directly report to the shareholders' general meeting, securities regulatory authorities under the State Council and other relevant authorities. The maximum consecutive term of office of the independent non-executive Directors shall be determined accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and the listing rules of the stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed.

Before amendment	After amendment
A Director may serve concurrently as general manager or other senior management member, but the Directors serving concurrently as such and the Directors being employees' representatives shall not be more than half of the Directors of the Company. The number of senior management members of the controlling shareholders serving concurrently as chairman or executive Directors of the Company shall not exceed 2. Directors need not hold shares of the	A Director may serve concurrently as general manager or other senior management member, but the Directors serving concurrently as such and the Directors being employees' representatives shall not be more than half of the Directors of the Company. The number of senior management members of the controlling shareholders serving concurrently as chairman or executive Directors of the Company shall not exceed 2. Directors need not hold shares of the Company.
Company.	
Article 111 The Board shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following functions and powers:	Article 99 The Board shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following functions and powers:
(I) to convene the shareholders' general meeting, to propose a proposal or resolution at the shareholders' general meeting for proposing to the shareholders' general meeting to approve the relevant matters and report its work to the shareholders' general meeting;	(I) to convene the shareholders' general meeting, to propose a proposal or resolution at the shareholders' general meeting for proposing to the shareholders' general meeting to approve the relevant matters and report its work to the shareholders' general meeting;
(II) to implement the resolutions passed at the shareholders' general meeting;	(II) to implement the resolutions passed at the shareholders' general meeting;
(III) to determine the business plans and investment proposals of the Company;	(III) to determine the business plans and investment proposals of the Company;
(IV) to prepare the annual financial budget and final accounts of the Company;	(IV) to prepare the annual financial budget and final accounts of the Company;
(V) to prepare the plans for profit distribution and plans for making up losses of the Company;	(V) to prepare the plans for profit distribution and plans for making up losses of the Company;
(VI) to formulate proposals for increases or reductions of the Company's registered	(VI) to formulate proposals for increases or reductions of the Company's registered

and for listing;

capital and the proposals for issue of

corporate debentures or other securities,

capital and the proposals for issue of

corporate debentures;

Before amendment	After amendment
(VII) to formulate plans for merger, division and dissolution of the Company;	(VII) to formulate plans for merger, division and dissolution of the Company;
(VIII) to formulate plans for the issuance of securities other than bonds and listing of the Company;	(VIII) to formulate plans for the issuance of securities other than bonds and listing of the Company;
(IX) to formulate proposals for material acquisition, repurchase of the Company's shares, and change of corporate form of the Company;(X) to determine the establishment of the	(VII) to formulate proposals for material acquisition, repurchase of the Company's shares, or merger, division, dissolution, and change of corporate form of the Company;
internal management structure of the Company;	(VIII) to determine the Company's external investments, acquisition and disposal of assets, pledging of assets, external
(XI) to appoint or dismiss the general manager and the secretary to the Board of the Company and according to the nomination by the general manager, to appoint or dismiss other senior management	guarantee, entrusted wealth management, connected transactions and external donations within the scope of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting;
members such as the deputy general manager and the chief financial officer of the Company;	(IX) to determine the establishment of the internal management structure of the Company;
(XII) to determine matters relating to the remuneration of the above senior management members;	(X) to determine the establishment of special committees of the Board of Directors and to consider and approve the proposals proposed by each special
(XIII) to establish the basic management system of the Company;	committee of the Board of Directors;
(XIV) to draw up proposals for the amendment to these Articles;	(XI) to determine the appointment or dismissal of the general manager, the secretary to the Board of the Company and other senior management members, and
(XV) to manage the matters of information disclosure of the Company;	determine their remunerations, rewards and punishments; and according to the nomination by the general manager, to
(XVI) to propose at the shareholders' general meetings the appointment or changes of accounting firm;	determine the appointment or dismissal of other senior management members such as the deputy general manager and the chief financial officer of the Company, and

and punishments;

determine their remunerations, rewards

Before amendment

(XVII) to be informed of working reports of the senior management members of the Company and to examine the work of the senior management members of the Company;

(XVIII) to decide on the Company's external investments, acquisition and disposal of assets, pledging of assets, external guarantee, entrusted wealth management and connected transactions within the scope of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting;

(XIX) to decide on matters such as investments, acquisition and disposal of assets, financing and connected transactions which require decisions to be made by the Board in accordance with the requirements of the SEHK Listing Rules;

(XX) to decide on other major affairs of the Company, save for matters to be resolved at shareholders' general meetings as required by the Company Law and these Articles;

(XXI) to perform other duties and powers as stipulated in the laws and regulations, the SEHK Listing Rules, these Articles and as authorized by shareholders' general meetings.

The Board may resolve on the issues specified in the preceding paragraph by approval of more than half of the Directors save for the issues specified in (VI), (VII) and (XIV), in which approval of more than two thirds of the Directors is required.

After amendment

(XII) to determine matters relating to the remuneration of the above senior management members;

(XII) to establish the basic management system of the Company;

(XIII) to draw up proposals for the amendment to these Articles;

(XIV) to manage the matters of information disclosure of the Company;

(XV) to propose at the shareholders' general meetings the appointment or changes of accounting firm;

(XVI) to be informed of working reports of the senior management members of the Company and to examine the work of the senior management members of the Company;

(XIX) to decide on matters such as investments, acquisition and disposal of assets, financing and connected transactions which require decisions to be made by the Board in accordance with the requirements of the SEHK Listing Rules;

(XX) to decide on other major affairs of the Company, save for matters to be resolved at shareholders' general meetings as required by the Company Law and these Articles;

Before amendment	After amendment
The Board shall also be responsible for the following matters: (I) to formulate the Company's corporate governance system and reviewing and improving its corporate governance;	(XVII) to exercise other functions and powers conferred by the laws, administrative regulations, department rules, securities regulatory rules of the place where the Company's shares are listed or these Articles.
(II) to review and supervise the training for and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management members;	Matters beyond the authorization of the general meeting shall be submitted at the general meeting for approval.
(III) to review and supervise the systems formulated and observation thereof by the Company and making relevant disclosures as per the laws and relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed; (IV) to work out the Company's code of	The Board may resolve on the issues specified in the preceding paragraph by approval of more than half of the Directors save for the issues specified in (VI), (VII) and (XIV), in which approval of more than two thirds of the Directors is required. The Board shall also be responsible for the
conduct and relevant compliance manual for its employees and Directors, and to review and supervise their behaviors. The Board shall be responsible for the above corporate governance functions and may also assign its responsibilities to one or more	(I) to formulate the Company's corporate governance system and reviewing and improving its corporate governance; (II) to review and supervise the training for
special committees under it.	and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management members; (III) to review and supervise the systems
	formulated and observation thereof by the Company and making relevant disclosures as per the laws and relevant provisions of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed;
	(IV) to work out the Company's code of conduct and relevant compliance manual for its employees and Directors, and to review and supervise their behaviors.
	The Board shall be responsible for the above corporate—governance—functions—and—may also assign its responsibilities to one or more special committees under it.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 100 [Addition] The Board of
	Directors of the Company should provide
	an explanation to the general meeting in
	respect of any qualified audit opinions
	issued by certified public accountant on
	the financial statements of the Company.
	Article 101 [Addition] The Board of
	Directors shall formulate the rules of
	procedures for meetings of the Board of
	Directors to ensure implementation of the
	resolutions of the general meeting,
	improve the efficiency of work and ensure
	scientific decision-making.
Article 112 [Deletion] For the disposal of	
any fixed assets by the Board, if the	
aggregate of the expected value of the fixed	
assets proposed to be disposed of and the	
value of the fixed assets which had been	
disposed of within 4 months immediately preceding such proposal for disposal	
exceeds 33% of the fixed assets value shown	
in the most recent balance sheet reviewed at	
a shareholders' general meeting, the Board	
shall not dispose of or approve the disposal	
of such fixed assets without the approval by	
the shareholders' general meeting.	
the shareholders general meeting.	
The disposal of fixed assets referred to in	
this Article includes the transfer of interests	
of certain assets, but excludes the provision	
of fixed assets as pledges to any guarantees.	
1 8 , 8	
Any breach of paragraph 1 of this Article	
shall not affect the validity of any	
transaction entered into by the Company in	
disposing of fixed assets.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 113 The chairman of the board shall exercise the following functions and powers:	Article 102 The chairman of the board shall exercise the following functions and powers:
(I) to preside over shareholders' general meetings and to convene and preside over Board meetings;	(I) to preside over shareholders' general meetings and to convene and preside over Board meetings;
(II) to examine the implementation of the resolutions of the Board;	(II) to examine the implementation of the resolutions of the Board;
(III) to sign the share, corporate bonds and other negotiable securities issued by the Company;	(III) to sign the share, corporate bonds and other negotiable securities issued by the Company;
(IV) to exercise other functions and powers specified in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, these Articles or granted by the Board resolutions.	(IV)—to exercise other functions and powers specified in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, these Articles or granted by the Board resolutions.
Where the chairman cannot or fails to perform the duty thereof, more than half of the Directors shall jointly elect a Director to fulfil the said duty.	
Article 114 The Board shall hold at least 4 regular meetings a year and shall be convened by the chairman. Written notice shall be given to all Directors and Supervisors at least 14 days before the meeting is held.	Article 103 The Board shall hold at least 4 regular meetings a year and shall be convened by the chairman. Written notice shall be given to all Directors and Supervisors at least 14 days before the meeting is held.
In any of the following circumstances, the chairman shall convene an extraordinary Board meeting within 10 days after receipt of the proposal:	In any of the following circumstances, the chairman shall convene an extraordinary Board meeting within 10 days after receipt of the proposal:
(I) proposed by shareholders representing more than one tenth of the voting rights;	(I) proposed by shareholders representing more than one tenth of the voting rights;
(II) proposed by more than one third of the Directors jointly;	(II) proposed by more than one third of the Directors jointly;

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) deemed necessary by the chairman;	(III) deemed necessary by the chairman;
(IV) proposed by more than 2 independent Directors;	(IV) proposed by more than 2 independent Directors;
(V) proposed by the Board of Supervisors;	(V) proposed by the Board of Supervisors.
(VI) proposed by the general manager.	(VI) proposed by the general manager.
Article 115 A notice of Board meeting shall	Article 104 A notice of Board meeting shall
be served to all the Directors, Supervisors	be served to all the Directors and
and the general manager 14 days in advance	Supervisors and the general manager 14
in the event of a regular meeting or 3 days in	days in advance in the event of a regular
advance in the event of an extraordinary	meeting or 5 days in advance in the event of
meeting. The aforesaid time limit may not	an extraordinary meeting. The aforesaid
apply if written consent is given by all	time limit may not apply if written consent is given by all Directors present at the meeting.
Directors present at the meeting. The responsible department of the Company	The responsible department of the Company
shall serve a written meeting notice to all the	shall serve a written meeting notice to all the
Directors, Supervisors and the general	Directors and Supervisorsand the general
manager by direct delivery, fax, express mail	manager by direct delivery, fax, mail,
or other electronic communication means. If	express mail or other electronic
service is made indirectly, confirmation	communication means. If service is made
shall be made by telephone and the	indirectly, confirmation shall be made by
appropriate record thereof shall be made.	telephone and the appropriate record thereof
	shall be made.
Where an extraordinary Board meeting	Will be to discount of the control o
needs to be convened in emergency, the notice of meeting may be sent by telephone	Where an extraordinary Board meeting needs to be convened in emergency, the
or by other verbal means at any time, but the	notice of meeting may be sent by telephone
convener shall make explanations at the	or by other verbal means at any time, but the
meeting.	convener shall make explanations at the
	meeting.
Article 116 The notice of the meeting of the	Article 105 The notice of the meeting of the
Board shall consist of the following:	Board shall consist of the following:
(I) date and venue of the meeting;	(I) date and venue of the meeting;
(II) period of the meeting;	(II) period of the meeting;

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) causes and issues of discussion;	(III) causes and issues of discussion;
(111) causes and issues of discussion,	(111) causes and issues of discussion,
(IV) date of issuance of notice;	(IV) date of issuance of notice;
(V) other essential contents.	(V) other essential contents as stipulated by the laws, regulations and securities regulatory rules of the place(s) where the Company's shares are listed.
Article 118 A Board meeting shall be attended by more than half of the Directors. Unless under exceptional circumstances specified in the regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company listed or otherwise permitted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Board which approves any contract or arrangement or any other relevant proposals where he or his close associates (as defined in the SEHK Listing Rules as applicable from time to time) own a material interest; and shall not be included for determining whether there is a quorum for the meeting.	Article 107 A Board meeting shall be attended by more than half of the Directors. Unless under exceptional circumstances specified in the regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company listed or otherwise permitted by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Board which approves any contract or arrangement or any other relevant proposals where he or his close associates (as defined in the SEHK Listing Rules as applicable from time to time) own a material interest; and shall not be included for determining whether there is a quorum for the meeting.
Every Director shall have the right to 1 vote. Save as otherwise specified in laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, resolutions made by the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors. A Board meeting may not be held unless attended by more than half of all the non-associated Directors, and resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.	Every Director shall have the right to 1 vote. Save as otherwise specified in laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, resolutions made by the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors. If any Director is associated with the enterprises that are involved in the matters to be resolved by the Board meetings, he/she shall not exercise his/her voting rights for such matters, nor exercise voting rights on behalf of other Directors. Such Board meetings may not be held unless attended by more than half of all the non-associated Directors, and resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation.
	In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 108 [Addition] Resolutions of the
	Board meetings shall be voted by way of
	open ballot or other voting method as
	permitted by the laws and regulations and
	the regulatory rules in the place(s) where
	the shares of the Company are listed.
	Article 109 [Addition] Upon approval by
	the convener or chairman, an
	extraordinary Board meeting may be
	convened and resolutions may be adopted
	at the meeting via video, telephone or
	written communication, provided that
	Directors are able to fully express their
	opinions, and the resolution adopted at
	the meeting shall be signed by the
	attending Directors. Board meetings may
	also be convened on site and by other
	means simultaneously. So long as the
	Directors attending the meeting in person
	can clearly hear what he or she says and
	communicate with him or her, all the
	Directors in attendance shall be deemed to
	have attended the meeting in person.
Article 122 The Board shall file resolutions	Article 113 The Board shall file resolutions
of the meeting as minutes, which shall be	of the meeting as minutes, which shall be
signed by the attending Directors and the	signed by the attending Directors and the
minutes recorder. The Directors shall be	minutes recorder. The Directors shall be
responsible for the resolutions passed at	responsible for the resolutions passed at
Board meetings. Any Director who votes for	
a resolution of the Board which runs counter	a resolution of the Board which runs counter
to the laws, administrative regulations or	to the laws, administrative regulations or
these Articles, thereby causing serious losses	these Articles, thereby causing serious losses
to the Company, shall be liable for	to the Company, shall be liable for
compensation to the Company; however, a	compensation to the Company; however, a
Director who has been proved as having	
Director who has been proved as having	Director who has been proved as having
expressed dissenting opinions on the	expressed dissenting opinions on the
expressed dissenting opinions on the resolution and such opinions are recorded in	expressed dissenting opinions on the resolution and such opinions are recorded in
expressed dissenting opinions on the	expressed dissenting opinions on the

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 114 [Addition] The minutes of
	Board meetings shall consist of the
	following:
	(I) the session of the Board to hold the meeting, the date, venue and method for the convening of meeting;
	(II) the issue of the notice of the meeting;
	(III) the convener and the chairman of the meeting;
	(IV) the name of the Director present and name of Director (proxy) being appointed to attend on the other's behalf;
	(V) the agenda of the meeting;
	(VI) the main points of the statements of Directors;
	(VII) the voting method and result for each resolution (the voting results shall clearly state the number of votes for or against the resolution or abstention);
	(VIII) other matters required to be included in the meeting minutes by the Directors present.
	The Directors shall be responsible for the resolutions passed at Board meetings. Any Director who votes for a resolution of the Board which runs counter to the laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, thereby causing serious losses to the Company, shall be liable for compensation to the Company; however, a
	Director who has been proved as having expressed dissenting opinions on the resolution and such opinions are recorded
	in the minutes of the meeting can be exempt from liability.

Before amendment	After amendment
Section 3 Special Committees under the	Section 3 Special Committees under the
Board	Board
	Article 116 The special committees may
	engage intermediary organizations to
	provide independent professional advice,
	and the relevant expenses therefor shall
	be borne by the Company.
Chapter 11 [Deletion] Secretary to the	
Board of the Company	
Chapter 12 Senior Management Members	Chapter 6 Senior Management Members
Article 131 In the exercise of his/her	Article 124 In the exercise of their functions
functions and powers, the general manager	and powers, the general manager and senior
shall fulfil the obligation of honesty and	management members shall fulfil the
diligence in accordance with laws,	obligation of honesty and diligence in
administrative regulations and these	accordance with laws, administrative
Articles.	regulations and these Articles. They shall be
	liable for any losses incurred as a result of
	violating such provisions in the course of
	performing their duties with the
	Company.
	Article 125 [Addition] The circumstances
	set out in Article 88 of the Articles
	disqualifying a person as Director shall
	also apply to senior management
	members.
	The provisions on Directors' obligations
	of honesty under Article 90 of the Articles
	and provisions on Directors' obligations of
	diligence under item (IV), item (V) and
	item (VI) of Article 91 shall also apply to
	senior management members.
	Article 126 [Addition] Staff of the
	controlling shareholder of the Company
	who serve administrative positions other
	than directors and supervisors shall not
	serve as senior management members of
	the Company. The senior management
	members of the Company shall only be
	entitled to the salaries paid by the
	Company. The controlling shareholders
	shall not pay the salaries on behalf of the
	Company.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 127 [Addition] Senior
	management members of the Company
	shall faithfully perform their duties and
	safeguard the best interests of the
	Company and all shareholders. If any
	senior management member of the
	Company causes damage to the interests
	of the Company and its public
	shareholders due to failure in faithfully
	performing his/her duties or violation of
	his/her fiduciary duties, the said senior
	management member shall be liable to
	compensate the Company.
Article 132 [Deletion] The Company shall	r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r
have 1 financial manager, who shall be	
appointed or dismissed by the Board. The	
financial manager shall be accountable to	
the Board and the general manager.	
Chapter 13 Senior Management Members	Chapter 7 Board of Supervisors
	Section 1 [Addition] Supervisors
	Article 128 [Addition] The circumstances
	set out in Article 88 of the Articles
	disqualifying a person as Director shall
	also apply to supervisors.
	Directors and senior management
	members shall not hold the position of
	supervisors concurrently.
	Article 129 [Addition] A supervisor shall
	observe the laws, administrative
	regulations and these Article, bear the
	obligations of honesty and diligence to the
	Company, and not to abuse their official
	powers to accept bribes or other unlawful
	income, and not to misappropriate the
	Company's property.
	Company 5 property.

years. A Supervisor may serve consecutive terms if re-elected upon the expiration of his/her term. If re-election is not made forthwith or the three years. If re-election is not made forthwith or the three years.	130 Supervisors' term shall be ears. At the expiry of such term of the term is renewable upon re-
terms if re-elected upon the expiration of his/her term. office, to election. If re-election is not made forthwith or the if re-election.	= -
his/her term. If re-election is not made forthwith or the if re-election.	the term is renewable upon re-
If re-election is not made forthwith or the if re-ele	
	ection is not made forthwith or the
member of the Board of Supervisors falls member	of the Board of Supervisors falls
below the minimum statutory requirement below the	he minimum statutory requirement
due to a Supervisor's resignation, the former due to a	Supervisor's resignation, the former
Supervisors shall still perform their duties as Supervisors	sors shall still perform their duties as
Supervisors in accordance with the Supervisors	sors in accordance with the
	nents of laws, administrative
	ons, and these Articles before the
1 11	ment of the re-elected Supervisors.
	131 [Addition] If a supervisor is
	-elected or resigns before the
	ion of his/her term resulting in the
	sory committee members to be less
	ne requisite quorum, the leaving
	sor shall perform his/her duties as
_	visor in accordance with the laws,
	strative regulations and these
Articles	
	132 [Addition] The supervisors
	present at Board meetings, and enquiry or suggestion regarding
	ons of and matters decided by the
Board.	ons of and matters decided by the
	133 [Addition] The supervisors
	ot use their connected relationship
	idice the interests of the Company
	all be liable or indemnity to any
	used to the Company.
	134 [Addition] Supervisor who
violates	=
regulati	ions, departmental rules or these
	during the course of performing
his du	ties and causes losses to the
Compar	ny shall be liable for
compen	sation.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Section 2 [Addition] Board of
Article 134 The Board of Supervisors shall	Supervisors Article 136 The Board of Supervisors shall
comprise 3 Supervisors, including 1	comprise 3 Supervisors, including 1
chairman.	chairman.
The chairman shall be appointed or removed	The chairman shall be appointed or removed
by the votes of more than two thirds of the	by the votes of more than half of the
members of the Board of Supervisors.	members of the Board of Supervisors.
Article 138 The Board of Supervisors shall	Article 140 The Board of Supervisors shall
be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following	be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following
functions and powers:	functions and powers:
Tanatana and powers.	Tanada and powers
(I) to examine the Company's financial	(I) to examine the Company's financial
position;	position;
(II) to supervise the performance by the	(II) to supervise the performance by the
Directors and senior management members when discharging their duties to the	Directors and senior management members when discharging their duties to the
Company, and to propose to remove the	Company, and to propose to remove the
aforesaid members who violate the laws,	aforesaid members who violate the laws,
administrative regulations, these Articles or	administrative regulations, these Articles or
the resolution of the shareholders' general	the resolution of the shareholders' general
meeting;	meeting;
(III) to demand motification from the	(III) to demand martification from the
(III) to demand rectification from the Directors and senior management members	(III) to demand rectification from the Directors and senior management members
	where their conducts are detrimental to the
interests of the Company;	interests of the Company;
	- '
(IV) to verify the financial information such	(IV) to verify the financial information such
as financial reports, business reports and	as financial reports, business reports and
profit distribution plans to be submitted by	profit distribution plans to be submitted by
the Board at the shareholders' general meetings and, should any queries arise, to	the Board at the shareholders' general meetings and, should any queries arise, to
engage, in the name of the Company,	engage, in the name of the Company,
certified public accountants and practicing	certified public accountants and practicing
auditors for a re-examination of the	auditors for a re-examination of the
aforesaid information;	aforesaid information;

Before amendment	After amendment
(V) to propose the convening of extraordinary shareholders' general meetings and, in case that the Board does not perform the obligations to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings in accordance with the Company Law, to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings;	(V) to propose the convening of extraordinary shareholders' general meetings and, in case that the Board does not perform the obligations to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings in accordance with the Company Law, to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings;
(VI) to submit proposals to the shareholders' general meeting;	(VI) to submit proposals to the shareholders' general meeting;
(VII) to negotiate with Directors and lodge legal actions against the same on behalf of the Company;	(VII) to initiate law suits against Directors or the senior management members according to the relevant provisions under the Company Law;
(VIII) to propose to convene an extraordinary Board meeting;	(VIII) to propose to convene an extraordinary Board meeting;
(IX) to bring legal actions against the Directors and senior management according to the relevant provisions under the Company Law;	(IX) to conduct investigation on any irregularities found in the operation of the Company; Professional organizations including accounting firms and law firms
(X) to elect and replace the chairman of the Board of Supervisors;	may be engaged when necessary, with expenses borne by the Company;
(XI) such other functions and powers as prescribed by the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles.	(X) to elect and replace the chairman of the Board of Supervisors;
Supervisors shall attend meetings of the Board, and shall raise enquiries or make suggestions on the matters to be resolved by	(XI) such other functions and powers as prescribed by the laws, administrative regulations and these Articles.
the Board.	Supervisors shall attend meetings of the Board, and shall raise enquiries or make suggestions on the matters to be resolved by

the Board.

Before amendment

Article 140 Matters shall be considered by the Board of Supervisors in the following manners: any voting at the meetings of the Board of Supervisors shall be made on a one-person-one-vote basis by open ballot or in writing.

The voting procedure is that the voting intent of a Supervisor may be pro, con or abstention. Every attending Supervisor shall choose one out of the aforesaid intents. Where any Supervisor does not make any option or makes 2 or more options, the chairman of the meeting shall require the said Supervisor to make an option again, otherwise the said Supervisor shall be deemed as having abstained from voting; any Supervisor who has left the meeting midway without coming back and has not made any option shall be deemed as having abstained from voting.

The Board of Supervisors shall file resolutions on matters discussed at the meeting as minutes, which shall be signed by the attending Supervisors. Any Supervisor shall have the right to have an explanatory note made in the minutes regarding his/her speech at the meeting. The minutes of the meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be kept in the domicile of the Company.

In the case of voting by means of communications, Supervisors shall sign and return by mail the voting instruments containing the written opinions and voting intentions in respect of the matters discussed to the Board of Supervisors. The Supervisors shall not merely provide voting opinions without expressing their written opinions or reasons for voting. Supervisors who cast votes by means of communications shall submit the signed original copy of the voting paper to the Board of Supervisors within the period stipulated in the notice of the meeting.

The resolutions of the Board of Supervisors shall be passed by over two-thirds of the members of the Board of Supervisors by voting.

After amendment

Article 142 Matters shall be considered by the Board of Supervisors in the following manners: any voting at the meetings of the Board of Supervisors shall be made on a one-person-one-vote basis by open ballot or in writing.

The voting procedure is that the voting intent of a Supervisor may be pro, con or abstention. Every attending Supervisor shall choose one out of the aforesaid intents. Where any Supervisor does not make any option or makes 2 or more options, the chairman of the meeting shall require the said Supervisor to make an option again, otherwise the said Supervisor shall be deemed as having abstained from voting; any Supervisor who has left the meeting midway without coming back and has not made any option shall be deemed as having abstained from voting.

The Board of Supervisors shall file resolutions on matters discussed at the meeting as minutes, which shall be signed by the attending Supervisors. Any Supervisor shall have the right to have an explanatory note made in the minutes regarding his/her speech at the meeting. The minutes of the meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be kept in the domicile of the Company.

In the case of voting by means of communications, Supervisors shall sign and return by mail the voting instruments containing the written opinions and voting intentions in respect of the matters discussed to the Board of Supervisors. The Supervisors shall not merely provide voting opinions without expressing their written opinions or reasons for voting. Supervisors who cast votes by means of communications shall submit the signed original copy of the voting paper to the Board of Supervisors within the period stipulated in the notice of the meeting.

The resolutions of the Board of Supervisors shall be passed by over **half** of the members of the Board of Supervisors by voting.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 14 [Deletion] Qualifications and Obligations of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management Members of the Company	
Article 143 [Deletion] A person shall not serve as Director, Supervisor or senior management member of the Company if:	
(I) he/she has no capacity or has limited capacity for civil conduct;	
(II) he/she has been sentenced to any criminal penalty due to an offence of corruption, bribery, encroachment of property, misappropriation of property or disrupting the economic order of the socialist market and 5 years have not elapsed since the completion date of the execution of the penalty; or he/she has ever been deprived of his/her political rights due to any crime and 5 years have not elapsed since the completion date of the execution of the penalty;	
(III) he/she was the Director, factory manager or manager of a company or enterprise which had been bankrupted and liquidated due to mismanagement, and was personally liable for the bankruptcy of the company or enterprise, where less than three years have elapsed since the date of the completion of the bankruptcy and liquidation of the company or enterprise;	
(IV) he/she was the legal representative of a company or enterprise which had its business license revoked and was ordered to close down due to illegal activities and was personally liable for such illegal activities, where less than three years have elapsed since the date when the business license of the company or enterprise was revoked;	
(V) he/she has a relatively large amount of overdue debt;	
(VI) he/she is under criminal investigation by the judicial authorities, and such cases have not been closed;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(VII) he/she is disqualified as corporate	
leader in laws and administrative	
regulations;	
(VIII) he/she is not a natural person;	
(IX) he/she was ruled by the relevant	
regulatory authority that he/she has violated	
the relevant securities regulations and	
committed any fraudulent or dishonest act,	
where less than 5 years have lapsed since the	
date of ruling;	
(X) in the circumstances stipulated by	
relevant laws and regulations of the place	
where the Company's shares are listed.	
Article 144 [Deletion] The validity of an act	
of a Director or senior management on	
behalf of the Company for a bona fide third	
person is not affected by any incompliance	
in the appointment, election or qualification	
thereof.	
Article 145 [Deletion] In exercising the	
functions and powers conferred by the	
Company, Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company shall	
fulfil the following obligations to each	
shareholder in addition to the obligations	
under the relevant laws, administrative	
regulations or the listing rules of the stock	
exchange on which the shares of the	
Company are listed:	
(I) not to allow the Company to operate	
beyond the business scope specified in its	
business license;	
ousiness ficelise,	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) to act bona fide in the best interest of the	
Company;	
(III) not to deprive the Company of its	
property in any form, including (but not	
limited to) any opportunities that are	
favorable to the Company;	
(IV) not to deprive any shareholder of	
his/her personal interests, including (but not	
limited to) any right to distribution and	
voting, but excluding a restructuring plan of	
the Company submitted to and approved by	
the shareholders' general meeting in	
accordance with these Articles.	
Article 146 [Deletion] In exercising rights or	
fulfilling obligations, the Directors,	
Supervisors and senior management	
members of the Company have the duty to	
act cautiously and with diligence and skill as	
a reasonable discreet person should do in	
similar circumstances.	
Article 147 [Deletion] In performing duties,	
the Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company shall	
observe the principle of good faith and shall	
not set themselves in a position where their	
self-interests may conflict with their	
obligations. The said principle includes (but	
is not limited to) performance of the	
following obligations:	
(I) to act bona fide in the best interest of the	
Company;	
(II) to amount their C. (1)	
(II) to exercise their functions and powers	
within their terms of reference;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) to exercise personally the discretion	
vested in them and not to allow themselves	
to be controlled by others and, save as	
permitted by laws or administrative	
regulations or with the informed consent of	
shareholders given at a shareholders' general	
meeting, not to transfer their right of	
discretion to others;	
·	
(IV) to be equitable towards holders of the	
same class of shares and fair towards holders	
of different classes of shares;	
,	
(V) not to enter into any contract,	
transaction or arrangement with the	
Company, save as specified in these Articles	
or with the informed consent of shareholders	
given at a shareholders' general meeting;	
(VI) not to use the property of the Company	
in any form for personal gains without the	
informed consent of shareholders given at a	
shareholders' general meeting;	
(VII) not to abuse official powers to accept	
bribes or other unlawful income, and not to	
appropriate the Company's property in any	
form, including (but not limited to) any	
opportunities that are favorable to the	
Company;	
(VIII) not to accept commissions in	
connection with the Company's transactions	
without the informed consent of	
shareholders given at a shareholders' general	
meeting;	
(IX) to observe these Articles, perform	
duties faithfully and protect the interests of	
the Company, and not to use their positions	
and powers in the Company for personal	
gains;	
the Company, and not to use their positions and powers in the Company for personal	

Before amendment	After amendment
(X) not to compete with the Company in any	
form without the informed consent of	
shareholders given at a shareholders' general	
meeting;	
(XI) not to embezzle the funds of the	
Company or deposit assets or funds of the	
Company into accounts opened in his/her	
own or in another person's name, and not to make loans to others out of the funds of the	
Company or provide guarantee for	
shareholders of the Company or other	
persons with the property of the Company in	
violation of these Articles or without the	
consent of the shareholders' general meeting	
or the Board;	
(XII) without the informed consent of the	
shareholders given at a shareholders' general	
meeting, not to disclose any confidential	
information related to the Company acquired	
by them during their terms of office; not to	
use the said information save for the	
interests of the Company; however, they	
may disclose such information to a court or other governmental regulatory authorities in	
the following circumstances:	
the following encumstances.	
1. as required by law;	
2. as required for public interests;	
3. as required for the interests of the said	
Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members.	
The personnel mentioned in this Article shall	
return the income obtained from violation of	
the provisions herein to the Company and	
shall bear the liability of compensation if the	
Company suffers damage.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 148 [Deletion] Directors, Supervisors and senior management of the Company shall not instruct the following persons or institutions (hereinafter referred to as the "Related Persons") to do anything that the Directors, Supervisors and senior management members shall not do:	
(I) spouses or minor offspring of Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company;	
(II) trustees of Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company or persons mentioned in item (I) herein;	
(III) partners of Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company or persons mentioned in items (I) and (II) herein;	
(IV) companies under effective and independent control of Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company or companies under effective and joint control of the persons mentioned in items (I), (II) and (III) herein or other directions, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company; and	
(V) Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the companies being controlled as set out in item (IV) herein.	
Article 149 [Deletion] The duty of fidelity of the Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company shall not necessarily end with the expiry of their terms of office, and their confidentiality obligation to trade secrets of the Company shall continue after expiry of their terms of office. The term for continuance of other obligations shall be decided upon in accordance with the principle of fairness, depending on the time lapse between the occurrence of the matter and the termination as well as the circumstances and conditions under which their relationship with the Company end.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 150 [Deletion] The liability of	
Directors, Supervisors, and senior management members of the Company for	
breaching responsibility conferred by a	
given obligation may be exempted by	
shareholders at a shareholders' general	
meeting in an informed manner, save for the	
circumstances specified in Article 63 of	
these Articles.	
Article 151 [Deletion] If Directors,	
Supervisors and senior management	
members of the Company have any direct or	
indirect material interest in any contract,	
transaction or arrangement already entered	
into or proposed to enter into with the	
Company, they shall responsively disclose to	
the Board the nature and extent of the said	
interests regardless of whether the relevant	
matters are subject to approval by the Board	
under normal circumstances.	
Unless under the exceptional circumstances	
specifically provided in the Articles of	
Association approved by the Hong Kong	
Stock Exchange, a Director shall not vote on	
any resolution of the Board for approving	
the contract, transaction or arrangement or	
any other relevant proposal where he/she or	
and of his/her close associates (as defined in	
the applicable SEHK Listing Rules which	
come into effect from time to time) owns a	
material interest; and shall not be included	
into the quorum of the meeting. Unless the	
Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company	
having material interests have disclosed the	
said interests to the Board as per paragraph 1 herein, and the matter has been approved	
by the Board at a meeting in which they	
were not counted in the quorum and were	
abstained from voting, our Company shall	
have the right to cancel such contract,	
transaction or arrangement, save for the	
circumstance in which the other parties are	
bona fide parties uninformed of the default	
of the said Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members.	

Before amendment	After amendment
If the Related Persons of the Directors,	
Supervisors and senior management	
members of the Company have any interests	
in a given contract, transaction or	
arrangement, the said Directors, Supervisors	
and senior management members shall be	
deemed as having interests.	
Article 152 [Deletion] If, before the question	
of entering into an contract, transaction or	
arrangement is first taken in consideration	
by the Company, the Directors, Supervisors	
and senior management members of the	
Company have notified the Board in writing	
that they will have interests in such contract,	
transaction or arrangement to be entered into	
in the future because of the reasons set out in	
the notice, they, within the scope specified	
in the notice, will be deemed as having made	
disclosure as specified in the preceding	
article of this chapter.	
Article 153 [Deletion] The Company shall	
not pay taxes in any form for its Directors,	
Supervisors and senior management	
members.	
Article 154 [Deletion] The Company shall	
not directly or indirectly provide loan or	
loan guarantee to the Directors, Supervisors	
and senior management members of the	
Company or its controlling shareholders, or	
to the Related Persons of the aforesaid	
persons.	
However, the preceding paragraph shall not	
apply if:	
(I) the Company provides loan or loan	
guarantee for its subsidiaries;	
(II) the Company, in accordance with the	
engagement contracts approved at the	
shareholders' general meeting, provides	
loan, loan guarantee or other monies to the	
Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company so	
that they may pay the expenses incurred for	
the Company or for fulfilling duties of the	
Company; and	

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) if the normal business scope of the	
Company is expanded to cover provision of	
loan and loan guarantee, the Company may	
provide loan and loan guarantee to the	
relevant Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members and their Related	
Persons, but the conditions for providing	
loan or loan guarantee shall be normal	
business conditions.	
Article 155 [Deletion] If the Company	
provides loan in violation of the preceding	
Article, the recipient of the loan shall return	
the same immediately regardless of the loan	
conditions.	
Article 156 [Deletion] The Company shall	
not enforce the loan guarantee if the same is	
provided in violation of paragraph 1 of	
Article 154, except for the following	
circumstances:	
(I) the lender did not know that it was in	
violation of the said Article when extending	
the loan to the Related Persons of the	
Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members of the Company or its	
controlling shareholders;	
(II) the guarantee provided by the Company	
has been sold by the loan lender lawfully to	
a bona fide purchaser.	
Article 157 [Deletion] The guarantee as	
referred to in the preceding provisions of	
this chapter includes the act of the guarantor	
to undertake the responsibility or provide	
property to ensure that the obligor fulfils the	
obligations.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 158 [Deletion] If the Directors,	
Supervisors or senior management members	
fail to fulfil the obligations to the Company,	
the Company has the right to take the	
following actions in addition to the rights	
and remedial measures under the relevant	
laws and administrative regulations:	
(I) require compensation from the relevant Directors, Supervisors and senior management members to the Company for the losses arising from their neglect of duty;	
(II) cancel the contracts or transactions	
entered into between the Company and the	
relevant Directors, Supervisors or senior	
management members, or between the	
Company and a third person (if the third	
person knows or is supposed to know that	
the Directors, Supervisors or senior management members representing the	
Company have breached their obligations to	
the Company);	
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(III) require the relevant Directors,	
Supervisors or senior management members	
to surrender gains arising from breach of	
obligations;	
(IV) recover monies, including (but not	
limited to) commissions, received by the	
relevant Directors, Supervisors or senior	
management members but receivable by the	
Company;	
(V) require the relevant Directors,	
Supervisors or senior management members	
to surrender interests earned or likely to be	
earned from monies payable to the	
Company; and	
(VI) institute legal proceedings to rule that	
the properties obtained by the relevant	
Directors, Supervisors or senior	
management members for breach of	
obligations shall belong to the Company.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 159 [Deletion] The Company shall	
conclude written contracts with its	
Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management in relation to their	
remunerations, subject to prior approval at a	
shareholders' general meeting. The written	
contracts shall at least cover the following matters:	
matters.	
(I) the Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management members shall undertake to the	
Company to observe Company Law, Special	
Regulations, these Articles, Hong Kong	
Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share	
Buy-backs and other codes, rules or	
regulations stipulated the by Hong Kong	
Securities and Futures Commission, Hong	
Kong Stock Exchange and other clearing	
house, and agree that the Company is	
entitled to remedial measures under these Articles and that the said contracts and the	
positions as Directors, Supervisors and	
senior management members shall not be	
transferred;	
(II) the Directors, Supervisors and senior	
management shall undertake to the Company	
representing respective shareholders to fulfil	
their due duties for the shareholders as	
specified in these Articles;	
(III) arbitration clauses specified in Article	
204 of these Articles. This arbitration	
agreement is reached between the Directors	
or senior management members and the	
Company (for itself and on behalf of each of	
its shareholders). Any arbitration so	
submitted shall be deemed to authorize the	
arbitration tribunal to conduct public	
hearing and announce its ruling.	

Before amendment	After amendment
The aforesaid remunerations shall include:	
(I) remunerations as Directors, Supervisors or senior management of the Company;	
(II) remunerations as Directors, Supervisors or senior management of subsidiaries of the Company;	
(III) remunerations for providing other services for the management of the Company and subsidiaries thereof; and	
(IV) compensations for the said Directors or Supervisors for losing their positions or for retirement.	
Save as specified in the aforesaid contracts, the Directors or Supervisors shall not pursue legal action against the Company for any interests due to them in respect of the matters mentioned above.	
The Company shall regularly disclose the remuneration received by a Director, Supervisor or senior management member from the Company to the shareholders.	
Article 160 [Deletion] The Company shall specify in the contracts concluded with the Directors or Supervisors in relation to remunerations that if the Company is acquired, the Directors or Supervisors have	
the right to seek compensations or other monies for losing their positions or for retirement under the conditions approved at the shareholders' general meeting in advance. The acquisition in the preceding paragraph refers to any of the following circumstances:	
(I) takeover offer made by any person to all the shareholders;	

Before amendment	After amendment
(II) takeover offer made by any person to	
become a controlling shareholder (whose	
definition is the same as that in these	
Articles) of the Company.	
To d. Direction of the control of th	
If the Directors and Supervisors concerned	
do not comply with the provisions of this	
Article, any funds received by them shall go	
to the persons who have accepted the offer mentioned above to sell their shares. The	
Directors and Supervisors shall bear the expenses arising from the distribution of	
such amounts proportionally, and such	
expenses shall not be deducted from the	
amounts.	
Chapter 15 Financial and Accounting	Chapter 8 Financial and Accounting
System	System, Profit Distribution and Audit
S y seem	Section 1 [Addition] Financial and
	Accounting System
Article 162 The Company shall adopt the	Article 146 The Company shall adopt the
Gregorian calendar year for its accounting	Gregorian calendar year for its accounting
year, i.e. the accounting year shall be from 1	year, i.e. the accounting year shall be from 1
January to 31 December.	January to 31 December.
At the end of each accounting year, the Company shall prepare a financial report which shall be audited and verified according to law.	At the end of each accounting year, the Company shall prepare a financial report which shall be audited by accounting firm according to law.
The financial statements of the Company shall, in addition to being prepared in accordance with the PRC accounting standards and regulations, be prepared in accordance with the accounting standards of the place where the Company's shares are listed overseas. If there are any material differences between the financial statements prepared in accordance with the two accounting standards, such differences shall be stated in the notes to the financial statements. When distributing its after-tax profits of the relevant accounting year, the lower of the after-tax profits in the aforesaid financial statements prepared under two standards shall applies.	The financial statements of the Company shall, in addition to being prepared in accordance with the PRC accounting standards and regulations, be prepared in accordance with the accounting standards of the place where the Company's shares are listed overseas. If there are any material differences between the financial statements prepared in accordance with the two accounting standards, such differences shall be stated in the notes to the financial statements. When distributing its after-tax profits of the relevant accounting year, the lower of the after-tax profits in the aforesaid financial statements prepared under two standards shall applies.

Before amendment

Article 163 The Board of the Company shall place before the shareholders at annual shareholders' general meeting the financial reports prepared by the Company as required by the relevant laws, administrative regulations and regulatory documents promulgated by local government or regulatory authorities.

Article 165 The Company's financial reports shall be made available for shareholders' inspection at the Company 20 days before the date of the annual shareholders' general meeting. Every shareholder of the Company shall have the right to receive a copy of such financial reports mentioned in this chapter.

The financial report mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall include report of the Directors and the balance sheet (including all other documents to be attached in accordance with the requirements of the PRC laws, other laws, and administrative regulations), the profit and loss statement (the income statement) or the statement of income and expense (the statement of cash flow) or (under the condition of no violation of the PRC laws) summary financial reports approved by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Company shall deliver such financial report (including every document required by laws and regulations to be annexed to the balance sheet) to every holder of its overseas listed shares in person or by pre-paid mail at the addresses of such shareholders as recorded in the share register no less than 21 days before the date of the annual shareholders' general meeting.

The Company can proceed by way of announcements, including announcement via the Company's website, on condition that such announcements are in compliance with the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the relevant requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed.

After amendment

Article 147 The Board of the Company shall place before the shareholders at **annual general meeting** the financial reports prepared by the Company as required by the relevant laws, administrative regulations and regulatory documents promulgated by local government or regulatory authorities.

Article 149 The Company's financial reports shall be made available for shareholders' inspection at the Company 21 days before the date of the annual general meeting. Every shareholder of the Company shall have the right to receive a copy of such financial reports mentioned in this chapter.

The financial report mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall include report of the Directors and the balance sheet (including all other documents to be attached accordance with the in requirements of the PRC laws, other laws, and administrative regulations), the profit and loss statement (the income statement) or the statement of income and expense (the statement of cash flow) or (under the condition of no violation of the PRC laws) summary financial reports approved by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Company shall deliver such financial report (including every document required by laws and regulations to be annexed to the balance sheet) to every holder of its **H** shares in person or by pre-paid mail at the addresses of such shareholders as recorded in the share register no less than 21 days before the date of the **annual general meeting**.

The Company can proceed by way of announcements, including announcement via the Company's website, on condition that such announcements are in compliance with the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the relevant requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed.

Before amendment Chapter 16 Profit Distribution After amendment Section 2 Profit Distribution

Article 167 When distributing the after-tax profits of the current year, the Company shall allocate 10% of its profits into its statutory reserve fund. When the cumulated amount of the statutory reserve fund of the Company has reached 50% or more of its registered capital, no further allocation is required.

Where the statutory reserve fund of the Company is insufficient to make up for the losses of the Company incurred during the previous years, before making allocation to the statutory reserve fund in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the profits generated during the current year shall be used to make up for such losses.

After making allocation to the statutory reserve fund of the Company from its after-tax profits, the Company may, subject to resolutions adopted at a shareholders' general meeting, also allocate funds from the after-tax profits to the discretionary reserve fund.

After making up for the losses and making contributions to the reserve fund, any remaining after-tax profits distributed by the Company the proportion shareholders in to their respective shareholdings, unless these Articles provide that distributions are to be made otherwise than proportionally.

If the shareholders' general meeting or the Board has, in violation of the provisions of the preceding paragraph, distributed profits to the shareholders before the Company has made up for its losses and made allocations to the statutory reserve fund, the shareholders must return the profits distributed in violation of the provision to the Company.

No profits shall be distributed in respect of the Company's shares held by the Company. Article 151 When distributing the after-tax profits of the current year, the Company shall allocate 10% of its profits into its statutory reserve fund. When the cumulated amount of the statutory reserve fund of the Company has reached 50% or more of its registered capital, no further allocation is required.

Where the statutory reserve fund of the Company is insufficient to make up for the losses of the Company incurred during the previous years, before making allocation to the statutory reserve fund in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the profits generated during the current year shall be used to make up for such losses.

After making allocation to the statutory reserve fund of the Company from its after-tax profits, the Company may, subject to resolutions adopted at a shareholders' general meeting, also allocate funds from the after-tax profits to the discretionary reserve fund.

After making up for the losses and making contributions to the reserve fund, any remaining after-tax profits distributed by the Company the to proportion shareholders their in to respective shareholdings, unless these Articles provide that distributions are to be made otherwise than proportionally.

If the shareholders' general meeting or the Board has, in violation of the provisions of the preceding paragraph, distributed profits to the shareholders before the Company has made up for its losses and made allocations the statutory reserve fund, shareholders must return the profits distributed in violation of the provision to the Company.

No profits shall be distributed in respect of the Company's shares held by the Company.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 168 The capital reserve fund shall include the following items:	Article 152 The capital reserve fund shall include the following items:
(I) premium arising from issue above the par value of the share;	(I) premium arising from issue above the par value of the share;
(II) other revenues required by the financial authority under the State Council to be included in the capital reserve fund.	(II) other revenues required by the financial authority under the State Council to be included in the capital reserve fund.
	The reserve fund of the Company can be applied to the areas where permitted by applicable State laws and regulations, including making up for losses of the Company, expansion of the Company's production and operation or capitalization for capital increase of the Company, but the capital reserve fund cannot be applied for making up for losses of the Company.
	Where the statutory reserve fund is converted into capital, the balance of such reserve fund shall not fall below 25% of the Company's registered capital prior to such conversion.
Article 169 [Deletion] The reserve fund of the Company can be applied to the areas where permitted by applicable State laws and regulations, including making up for losses of the Company, expansion of the Company's production and operation or capitalization for capital increase of the Company, but the capital reserve fund cannot be applied for making up for losses of the Company.	
Where the statutory reserve fund is converted into capital, the balance of such reserve fund shall not fall below 25% of the Company's registered capital prior to such conversion.	
Article 170 The Company may distribute dividends in the form of (or a combination of both):	Article 153 The Company may distribute dividends in the form of (or a combination of both):
(I) cash;	(I) cash;
(II) Shares	(II) Shares
	(III) Other means permitted by laws and regulations and the regulatory rules of the place(s) where the Company's shares are listed.

Before amendment

Article 172 The Company shall appoint a payment receiving agent for holders of overseas listed foreign shares in Hong Kong. The payment receiving agent shall receive on behalf of such shareholders any dividends or other amounts payable by the Company to them in respect of the overseas listed foreign shares, and such payment shall be kept by the payment receiving agent on such shareholders' behalf for any payment to them.

The payment receiving agent appointed by the Company shall satisfy the requirements under the laws of the place where the Company's shares are listed or the rules of the relevant stock exchange.

The payment receiving agent appointed by the Company for holders of overseas listed foreign shares listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange shall be a trust company registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.

Subject to the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC, and requirements of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company may exercise its right to confiscate the dividends which are not claimed by anyone, but such right can only be exercised after the expiration of relevant period.

The Company has the power to cease sending dividend warrants by post to a holder of overseas listed foreign shares, provided that such power shall not be exercised until such dividend warrants have been so left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise such right when the dividend warrants have failed to be delivered initially and after the dividend warrants have been returned.

After amendment

Article 155 The Company shall appoint a payment receiving agent for holders of **H** shares in Hong Kong. The payment receiving agent shall receive on behalf of such shareholders any dividends or other amounts payable by the Company to them in respect of the **H** shares, and such payment shall be kept by the payment receiving agent on such shareholders' behalf for any payment to them.

The payment receiving agent appointed by the Company shall satisfy the requirements under the laws of the place where the Company's shares are listed or the rules of the relevant stock exchange.

The payment receiving agent appointed by the Company for holders of overseas listed foreign shares listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange shall be a trust company registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.

Subject to the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC, and requirements of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company may exercise its right to confiscate the dividends which are not claimed by anyone, but such right can only be exercised after the expiration of relevant period.

The Company has the power to cease sending dividend warrants by post to a holder of **H** shares, provided that such power shall not be exercised until such dividend warrants have been so left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise such right when the dividend warrants have failed to be delivered initially and after the dividend warrants have been returned.

Before amendment	After amendment
In relation to the exercise of right to issue	In relation to the exercise of right to issue
warrants to unregistered bearer, no warrant	warrants to unregistered bearer, no warrant
thereof shall be issued to replace the one that	thereof shall be issued to replace the one that
has been lost unless the Company is satisfied	has been lost unless the Company is satisfied
beyond reasonable doubt that the original	beyond reasonable doubt that the original
warrant thereof has been destroyed. The	warrant thereof has been destroyed. The
Company has the right to sell the shares of	Company has the right to sell the shares of
holders of overseas listed foreign shares	holders of H shares with whom it loses
with whom it loses contact, in a manner as	contact, in a manner as its Board deems
its Board deems appropriate, subject to the	appropriate, subject to the following
following conditions:	conditions:
(I) Dividends of such shares have been	(I) Dividends of such shares have been
declared for at least three times within a	declared for at least three times within a
12-year period and the dividends have not	12-year period and the dividends have not
been claimed by anyone during such period;	been claimed by anyone during such period;
and	and
(II) Upon expiry of the 12-year period, the	(II) Upon expiry of the 12-year period, the
Company publishes an announcement on	Company publishes an announcement on
one or more newspapers in the place where	one or more newspapers in the place where
the Company is listed, stating its intention to	the Company is listed, stating its intention to
sell the shares, and notifies the Hong Kong	sell the shares, and notifies the Hong Kong Stock Exchange of such intention.
Stock Exchange of such intention.	Article 156 [Addition] The Company shall
	pay dividends in foreign currencies or
	RMB in accordance with administrative
	regulations on foreign exchange and
	cross-border RMB.
Article 173 [Deletion] Cash dividends and	
other monies paid by the Company to	
holders of domestic shares shall be paid in	
Renminbi. Cash dividends and other monies	
paid by the Company to holders of overseas	
listed foreign shares shall be stated and	
announced in Renminbi and paid in Hong	
Kong dollars. The foreign currency required	
for the payment of cash dividends and other	
monies by the Company to the holders of	
overseas listed foreign shares shall be	
arranged in accordance with the provisions	
of the PRC in relation to foreign exchange	
administration.	

Before amendment

Article 174 Unless otherwise provided in the relevant laws or administrative regulations, if the cash dividends and other monies are to be paid in Hong Kong dollars, the Company shall adopt the average offer price of the relevant foreign exchange quoted by the People's Bank of China prevailing a calendar week before the date on which the dividends and other monies are declared.

After amendment

Article 157 Unless otherwise provided in the relevant laws or administrative regulations, if the cash dividends and other monies are to be paid in Hong Kong dollars, the Company shall adopt the average offer price of the relevant foreign exchange quoted by the People's Bank of China prevailing a calendar week before the date on which the dividends and other monies are declared.

When the Company distributes dividends to shareholders, it shall withhold and pay the tax payables on the dividend income of shareholders based on the amount distributed in accordance with the provisions of Chinese tax laws.

Chapter 17 Appointment of Accounting Firms

Article 176 The Company shall appoint an independent accounting firm which is qualified under the relevant regulations of the State to audit the Company's annual financial reports and review the Company's other financial reports.

The first accounting firm of the Company may be appointed at the inaugural meeting prior to the first annual shareholders' general meeting and the accounting firm so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual shareholders' general meeting.

Where the power as provided above is not exercised by the inaugural meeting, it shall be exercised by the Board.

Section 3 Appointment of Accounting Firms

Article 159 The Company appoints an independent accounting firm which is qualified under the Securities Law and the SEHK Listing Rules to audit the Company's annual financial reports, and provide services such as auditing of accounting statements, verification of net assets and other relevant consultation, for a term of one year and subject to renewal after expiration.

The first accounting firm of the Company may be appointed at the inaugural meeting prior to the first annual shareholders' general meeting and the accounting firm so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual shareholders' general meeting.

Where the power as provided above is not exercised by the inaugural meeting, it shall be exercised by the Board.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 160 [Addition] The appointment of an accounting firm by the Company must be decided by the shareholders' general meeting, and the Board of Directors shall not appoint any accounting firm prior to the decision of the shareholders' general meeting.
Article 177 [Deletion] The accounting firm appointed by the Company shall hold office from the conclusion of the annual shareholders' general meeting at which the appointment is made until the conclusion of the next annual shareholders' general meeting.	
Article 178 The accounting firm appointed by the Company shall have the following rights:	Article 161 The accounting firm appointed by the Company shall have the following rights:
(I) the right to access at any time the account books, records or vouchers of the Company, and to ask the Directors or senior management members of the Company to provide relevant information and explanations;	(IV) the right to access at any time the account books, records or vouchers of the Company, and to ask the Directors or senior management members of the Company to provide relevant information and explanations;
(II) the right to require the Company to take all reasonable steps to obtain from its subsidiaries such information and explanation as necessary for the fulfillment of its duties;	(V) the right to require the Company to take all reasonable steps to obtain from its subsidiaries such information and explanation as necessary for the fulfillment of its duties;
(III) the right to attend shareholders' general meetings and to receive all notices of, or other information relating to, the meetings which any shareholder is entitled to receive, and to speak at any shareholders' general meeting in relation to matters concerning its role as the accounting firm of the Company.	(VI) the right to attend shareholders' general meetings and to receive all notices of, or other information relating to, the meetings which any shareholder is entitled to receive, and to speak at any shareholders' general meeting in relation to matters concerning its role as the accounting firm of the Company.
The Company assures to provide the accounting firm with true and complete accounting vouchers, account books, financial reports and other accounting information, and shall not reject, conceal or make false report of any information.	The Company shall assure to provide the accounting firm with true and complete accounting vouchers, account books, financial reports and other accounting information, and shall not reject, conceal or make false report of any information.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 179 [Deletion] If there is a vacancy in the position of accounting firm of the Company, the Board may appoint an accounting firm to fill such vacancy before the convening of the shareholders' general meeting. Any other accounting firm which has been appointed by the Company may continue to act during the period in which a vacancy arises.	
Article 180 [Deletion] The shareholders' general meeting may by ordinary resolution remove the accounting firm of the Company before the expiration of its term of office, irrespective of the provisions in the contract between the Company and the accounting firm. In the event of any rights claimed by the accounting firm against the Company for the removal, the said rights shall not be affected.	
Article 181 The remuneration of an accounting firm or the manner in which such remuneration is determined shall be decided by the shareholders' general meeting. The remuneration of an accounting firm appointed by the Board shall be determined by the Board. Article 182 [Deletion] Appointment, dismissal or non-appointment of the	Article 162 The audit fee/remuneration of an accounting firm shall be decided by the shareholders' general meeting. The remuneration of an accounting firm appointed by the Board shall be determined by the Board.
accounting firm shall be subject to decision at the shareholders' general meeting and shall be filed with the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. Where a resolution at a shareholders' general meeting is passed to appoint an accounting firm other than the incumbent	
accounting firm to fill a casual vacancy in the office of accounting firm, or to reappoint an accounting firm that was appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy, or to remove an accounting firm before the expiration of its term of office, the following provisions shall apply:	
(I) The appointment or removal proposal shall be sent (before notice of the shareholders' general meeting is given) to the accounting firm proposed to be appointed or proposed to leave its post or the accounting firm which has left its post in the relevant fiscal year.	

Before amendment	After amendment
Leaving includes leaving by removal, resignation and retirement.	
(II) If the accounting firm which is leaving its post makes statements in writing and requests the Company to give the shareholders notice of such statements, the Company shall (unless the statements have been received after the prescribed time) take the following measures:	
1. in any notice of meeting held for making the resolution, state the fact of the statements having been made by the leaving accounting firm; and	
2. attach a copy of the statements to the notice and send it to each shareholder who is entitled to receive the notice of the shareholders' general meeting in the manner stipulated in these Articles.	
(III) If the Company fails to send out the accounting firm's statements in the manner set out in (II) of this paragraph, such accounting firm may request that the statements be read out at the shareholders' general meeting and may make further complaints.	
(IV) The accounting firm which is leaving its post shall be entitled to attend the following meetings:	
1. the shareholders' general meeting at which its term of office expires;	
2. the shareholders' general meeting at which it is proposed to fill the vacancy caused by its removal; and	
3. the shareholders' general meeting which is convened as a result of its resignation.	
The accounting firm which is leaving its post shall be entitled to receive all notices of, or other information relating to, such meetings, and to speak at such meetings in relation to matters concerning its role as the former accounting firm of the Company.	

Before amendment

Article 183 If the Company proposes to remove the accounting firm or not to renew the appointment thereof, it should notify the accounting firm in advance, and the latter has the right to state its opinions to the shareholders' general meeting. Where the accounting firm resigns from its office, it shall make clear to the shareholders' general meeting whether there is any impropriety on the part of the Company.

The accounting firm may resign from its office by depositing at the Company's legal address a written notice of resignation, which shall become effective on the date of such deposit or on such later date as may be specified in such notice. Such notice shall include the following statements:

- 1. a statement clarifying that there is no matter in relation to its resignation that need to be brought to the attention of the shareholders or creditors of the Company; or
- 2. a statement of any matter that shall be disclosed.

The Company shall, within 14 days after receipt of the written notice referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, send a copy of the notice to the relevant governing authority. If the notice contains a statement under (II) of paragraph 2 of this Article, a copy of such statement shall be placed at the Company for shareholders' inspection. The Company shall also send a copy of such statement by prepaid mail to every holder of overseas listed foreign shares (i.e. the shareholder who is entitled to receive the financial report of the Company) at the address registered in the share register.

After amendment

Article 163 If the Company proposes to remove the accounting firm or not to renew the appointment thereof, it should notify the accounting firm 15 days in advance, and when the dismissal of the accounting firm shall be voted at the shareholders' general meeting of the Company, the accounting firm has the right to state its opinions to the shareholders' general meeting. Where the accounting firm resigns from its office, it shall make clear to the shareholders' general meeting whether there is any impropriety on the part of the Company.

The accounting firm may resign from its office by depositing at the Company's legal address a written notice of resignation, which shall become effective on the date of such deposit or on such later date as may be specified in such notice. Such notice shall include the following statements:

- 1. a statement clarifying that there is no matter in relation to its resignation that need to be brought to the attention of the shareholders or creditors of the Company; or
- 2. a statement of any matter that shall be disclosed.

The Company shall, within 14 days after receipt of the written notice referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, send a copy of the notice to the relevant governing authority. If the notice contains a statement under (II) of paragraph 2 of this Article, a copy of such statement shall be placed at the Company for shareholders' inspection. The Company shall also send a copy of such statement by prepaid mail to every holder of overseas listed foreign shares (i.e. the shareholder who is entitled to receive the financial report of the Company) at the address registered in the share register.

Before amendment	After amendment
Where the accounting firm's notice of	Where the accounting firm's notice of
resignation contains a statement under (II) of	resignation contains a statement under (II) of
paragraph 2 of this Article, the accounting	paragraph 2 of this Article, the accounting
firm may require the Board to convene an	firm may require the Board to convene an
extraordinary general meeting for the	extraordinary general meeting for the
purpose of giving an explanation of the	purpose of giving an explanation of the
circumstances connected with its	eircumstances connected with its
resignation.	resignation.
Chapter 18 Notices	Chapter 9 Notices and Announcements
Article 184 Notices of the Company shall be	Article 164 Notices of the Company shall be
delivered by the following means:	delivered by the following means:
(I) by delivery in person;	(I) by delivery in person;
(II) by post;	(II) by post;
(III) by fax or email;	(III) by fax or email;
(IV) by way of publishing information on websites designated by the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, subject to the laws, administrative regulations and the listing rules of stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed;	(IV) by way of publishing information on websites designated by the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, subject to the laws, administrative regulations and the listing rules of stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed;
(V) by way of announcement;	(V) by way of announcement;
(VI) by any other means as agreed by the Company and the addressee or as accepted by the addressee after the notice is received;	(VI) by any other means as agreed by the Company and the addressee or as accepted by the addressee after the notice is received;
(VII) by any other means as approved by relevant regulatory authorities at the places where the Company's shares are listed or as specified in these Articles.	(VII) by any other means as approved by relevant regulatory authorities at the places where the Company's shares are listed or as specified in these Articles.

Before amendment

Unless the context otherwise specifies, the "announcement" referred to in these Articles shall mean, in respect of announcements made to the holders of domestic shares or the announcements to be published in the PRC as required by the relevant requirements and these Articles. the publication of an announcement newspapers or periodicals in the PRC, and such newspapers or periodicals shall have been prescribed under the laws administrative regulations of the PRC or by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. For notices issued by the Company to the holders of overseas listed foreign shares by way of announcement, the Company shall on the same day submit an electronic version to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange through the Hong Kong Stock Exchange electronic publishing system for immediate release on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in accordance with the local listing rules, or publish an announcement in newspapers (including the publication an advertisement newspapers) in accordance with the local listing rules. The announcement shall also be published on the Company's website at the same time. In addition, unless otherwise required in these Articles and subject to relevant requirements of the securities regulatory authorities at the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Company opt to publish its corporate communication in the form as required in (IV) of first paragraph of this Article in lieu of delivery of notice, in person or by mail, to every holder of overseas listed foreign shares in written form.

After amendment

Unless the context otherwise specifies, the "announcement" referred to in these Articles shall mean, in respect of announcements made to the holders of domestic shares or the announcements to be published in the **PRC** as required by the relevant requirements Articles. the and these publication of an announcement newspapers or periodicals in the PRC, and such newspapers or periodicals shall have been prescribed under the laws and administrative regulations of the PRC or by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council. For notices issued by the Company to the holders of **H Shares** by way of announcement, the Company shall on the same day submit an electronic version to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange through the Hong Kong Stock Exchange electronic publishing system for immediate release on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in accordance with the local listing rules, or publish an announcement in newspapers (including the publication of an advertisement in newspapers) in accordance with the local listing rules. announcement shall also be published on the Company's website at the same time. In addition, unless otherwise required in these Articles and subject to relevant requirements of the securities regulatory authorities at the places where the Company's shares are listed, the Company may opt to publish its corporate communication in the form as required in (IV) of first paragraph of this Article in lieu of delivery of notice, in person or by mail, to every holder of H Shares in written form.

Before amendment

Holders of the Company's overseas listed foreign shares may select electronic version or mail in writing to receive corporate communication that the Company shall send to shareholders, and they can also select to receive Chinese or English version only, or both. Shareholders can give written notice in advance to the Company within reasonable time to revise the method and language version of receiving foregoing information under appropriate procedures.

Shareholders or Directors who want to prove that notices, documents, information or written statements have been served on the Company shall provide evidential materials showing the same has been served on the correct address by ordinary means or by prepaid mail within the designated periods.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid provision which specifies providing and/or delivering corporate communication shareholders, for the purpose of the means by which the Company provides and/or delivers its corporate communication to shareholders according to the SEHK Listing Rules, if the Company has obtained shareholders' prior written consent or deemed consent according to the relevant laws and regulations and the SEHK Listing Rules as amended from time to time, the Company may deliver or provide corporate communication to its shareholders by electronic means or via publication on its website. Corporate communication includes but is not limited to circulars, annual reports, quarterly reports, notices of shareholders' general meetings, and other types of corporate communication as specified in the SEHK Listing Rules.

If the Company is authorized to give notice by advertisement, such advertisements may be published in the newspapers and there is no prohibition on giving notice to shareholders with registered addresses outside Hong Kong.

After amendment

Holders of the Company's **H Shares** may select electronic version or mail in writing to receive corporate communication that the Company shall send to shareholders, and they can also select to receive Chinese or English version only, or both. Shareholders can give written notice in advance to the Company within reasonable time to revise the method and language version of receiving foregoing information under appropriate procedures.

Shareholders or Directors who want to prove that notices, documents, information or written statements have been served on the Company shall provide evidential materials showing the same has been served on the correct address by ordinary means or by prepaid mail within the designated periods.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid provision which specifies providing and/or delivering corporate communication shareholders, for the purpose of the means by which the Company provides and/or delivers its corporate communication to shareholders according to the SEHK Listing Rules, if the Company has obtained shareholders' prior written consent or deemed consent according to the relevant laws and regulations and the SEHK Listing Rules as amended from time to time, the Company may deliver or provide corporate communication to its shareholders by electronic means or via publication on its website. Corporate communication includes but is not limited to circulars, annual reports, quarterly reports, notices of shareholders' general meetings, and other types of corporate communication as specified in the SEHK Listing Rules.

If the Company is authorized to give notice by advertisement, such advertisements may be published in the newspapers and there is no prohibition on giving notice to shareholders with registered addresses outside Hong Kong.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 185 [Deletion] Save as otherwise specified in these Articles, the means of service of notice specified in the preceding article shall apply to notice of the shareholders' general meetings, Board meetings and meetings of the Board of Supervisors held by the Company. Article 186 In respect of the date of	Article 165 In respect of the date of
receiving a notice of the Company delivered by hand, the notice shall be deemed to be received upon signing (or affixing the seal) by the addressee on the note of receipt. If the notice is delivered by post, it shall be deemed to be received after 7 working days from the date upon which the post office receives the notice. If the notice is delivered by way of fax or email or by way of publishing information on websites, it shall be deemed to be received on the date it is sent or published. If the notice is delivered by way of announcement, it shall be deemed to be received on the date on which the announcement is first published. Such announcement shall be published on the newspapers or periodicals that satisfy the relevant requirements.	receiving a notice of the Company delivered by hand, the notice shall be deemed to be received upon signing (or affixing the seal) by the addressee on the note of receipt. If the notice is delivered by post, it shall be deemed to be received after 7 working days from the date upon which the post office receives the notice. If the notice is delivered by way of fax or email or by way of publishing information on websites, it shall be deemed to be received on the date it is sent or published. If the notice is delivered by way of announcement, it shall be deemed to be received on the date on which the announcement is first published. Such announcement shall be published on the newspapers or periodicals that satisfy the relevant requirements. Article 167 [Addition] The accidental omission to give notice of meeting to, or non receipt of notice of meeting by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall
	not invalidate the meeting and any resolution adopted at the meeting.
Chapter 19 Merger and Division of the Company	Chapter 10 Merger, Division, Capital Increase and Decrease, Dissolution and Liquidation
	Section 1 Merger, Division, Capital Increase and Decrease
Article 188 [Deletion] In the event of merger or division of the Company, a plan shall be proposed by the Board of the Company and shall be approved in accordance with the procedures stipulated in these Articles. The Company shall then go through the relevant approval formality pursuant to the law. Shareholders who oppose the plan of merger or division of the Company shall have the right to request the Company or the shareholders who consent to such plan to purchase their shares at a fair price. The content of the resolution of merger or division of the Company shall constitute special documents which shall be available for inspection by the shareholders. The aforesaid documents shall also be sent by mail to holders of overseas listed foreign	

Before amendment

Article 189 The merger of the Company may take the form of either merger by absorption or merger by establishment of a new entity.

In the event of a merger, the parties to the merger shall enter into a merger agreement and prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the Company's resolution on merger and shall publish an announcement in the newspapers within 30 days from the date of such resolution.

Upon the merger, creditors' right or debts of each of the parties to the merger shall be assumed by the company which survives the merger or the newly established company resulting from the merger.

After amendment

Article 168 The merger of the Company may take the form of either merger by absorption or merger by establishment of a new entity.

Merger by absorption means that a company absorbing another company and the company being absorbed shall be dissolved. Merger by incorporation means that a merger of two or more companies through the establishment of a new company and the companies being consolidated shall be dissolved.

In the event of a merger, the parties to the merger shall enter into a merger agreement and prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the Company's resolution on merger and shall publish an announcement in the newspapers within 30 days from the date of such resolution. The creditors may require the Company to repay debts or provide corresponding guarantees for debt repayment within 30 days after the receipt of the notice, or within 45 days after the announcement for creditors if the creditors have not received the notice.

In the event of a merger, creditors' right or debts of each of the parties to the merger shall be assumed by the company which survives the merger or the newly established company resulting from the merger.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 190 Where the Company is divided,	Article 169 Where the Company is divided,
its properties shall be divided accordingly.	its properties shall be divided accordingly.
In the event of a division, the Company shall	In the event of a division, the parties to the
prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of	division shall enter into a division
assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the Company's resolution on division and shall publish an announcement about the resolution in the newspapers within 30 days from the date of such resolution.	agreement and prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the Company's resolution on division and shall publish an announcement about the resolution in the newspapers within 30 days from the date of such resolution.
The debts of the Company prior to the	
division shall be undertaken by the companies after division, save as otherwise specified in the written agreement on debt repayment reached between the Company and its creditors before division.	The debts of the Company prior to the division shall be undertaken by the companies after division, save as otherwise specified in the written agreement on debt repayment reached between the Company and its creditors before division.
	Article 170 [Addition] The Company shall
	prepare a balance sheet and an inventory
	of assets when it reduces its registered
	capital.
	The Company shall notify its creditors
	within 10 days after adoption of the
	resolution to reduce the registered capital and shall make announcements in newspapers within 30 days. The creditors shall be entitled to require the Company to repay debts or provide corresponding guarantees for debt repayment within 30 days after the receipt of the notice, or within 45 days after the announcement for creditors if the creditors have not received the notice.
	The Company's registered capital shall not, upon capital reduction, be less than the statutory minimum limit.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 191 The Company shall, in	Article 171 The Company shall, in
accordance with the laws, apply for change	accordance with the laws, apply for change
in its registration with the company	in its registration with the company
registration authority where a change in any	registration authority where a change in any
item in its registration arises out of merger	item in its registration arises out of merger
or division. Where the Company is	or division. Where the Company is
dissolved, the Company shall apply for its	dissolved, the Company shall apply for its
deregistration in accordance with the laws.	deregistration in accordance with the laws.
Where a new company is established, the	Where a new company is established, the
Company shall apply for registration thereof	Company shall apply for registration thereof
in accordance with laws.	in accordance with laws.
in accordance with laws.	in accordance with laws.
	The Company shall, in accordance with
	the laws, apply for change in its
	registration with the company
	registration authority where it increases
	or reduces its registered capital.
Chapter 20 Dissolution and Liquidation of	Section 2 Dissolution and Liquidation of
the Company	the Company
Article 192 In any of the following	Article 172 In any of the following
circumstances, the Company shall be	circumstances, the Company shall be
dissolved:	dissolved:
(I) a resolution on dissolution is passed at a	(I) the term of operation specified in these
shareholders' general meeting;	Articles expires or any other circumstance
shareholders general meeting,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(II) dissolution is massessery due to a manage	for dissolution specified in these Articles arise
(II) dissolution is necessary due to a merger	arise
or division of the Company;	(III)
	(II) a resolution on dissolution is passed at a
(III) its business license is revoked, or it is	shareholders' general meeting;
ordered to close up or to be revoked	
according to laws;	(III) dissolution is necessary due to a merger
	or division of the Company;
(IV) the Company is ordered to close down	
according to laws due to its violation of laws	(IV) its business license is revoked, or it is
or administrative regulations;	ordered to close up or to be revoked
	according to laws;
	(IV)the Company is ordered to close down
	according to laws due to its violation of laws
	or administrative regulations;

Before amendment

(V) where the Company's operations and management encounter serious difficulty, and its continuation will cause substantial loss to the interests of the shareholders and no solution can be found through any other channel, shareholders holding 10% or more of the total voting rights of the Company may make requisition to the People's Court to dissolve the Company;

(VI) the Company is declared insolvent according to laws because it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due;

(VII) the term of operation specified in these Articles expires or any other circumstance for dissolution specified in these Articles arises.

In the event of dissolution due to circumstance set out in (VII) above, the Company may continue to subsist by amending these Articles.

Article 193 Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to (I), (III), (V) and (VII) of Article 192 hereof, a liquidation committee shall be set up, within 15 days from the date upon which the cause of dissolution arises, to start the liquidation process. The membership of the liquidation committee shall be determined by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general meeting. In case no such committee is established to proceed with liquidation in time, the creditors may make application to the People's Court for appointing relevant persons to form the liquidation committee for liquidation.

After amendment

(V) where the Company's operations and management encounter serious difficulty, and its continuation will cause substantial loss to the interests of the shareholders and no solution can be found through any other channel, shareholders holding 10% or more of the total voting rights of the Company may make requisition to the People's Court to dissolve the Company;

(VI)the Company is declared insolvent according to laws because it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due;

(VII)the term of operation specified in these Articles expires or any other circumstance for dissolution specified in these Articles arises.

In the event of dissolution due to circumstance set out in (I) above, the Company may continue to subsist by amending these Articles.

If these Articles are amended according to the provisions of the preceding paragraph, such amendment must be approved by a resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of the voting rights held by shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting.

Article 173 Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to (I), (II), (IV) and (V) of Article 172 hereof, a liquidation committee shall be set up, within 15 days from the date upon which the cause of dissolution arises, to start the liquidation process. The membership of the liquidation committee shall be determined by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general meeting. In case no such committee is established to proceed with liquidation in time, the creditors may make application to the People's Court for appointing relevant persons to form the liquidation committee for liquidation.

Before amendment

Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to (IV) of Article 192 of these Articles, a liquidation committee comprised of shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals shall be formed by relevant competent authorities, for carrying out the liquidation.

If the Company is dissolved pursuant to (VI) of Article 192 of these Articles, a liquidation committee comprising shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals shall be established by the People's Court in accordance with relevant laws to carry out the liquidation.

Article 194 [Deletion] Where the Board decides to liquidate the Company, except where the Company has declared that it is insolvent, the Board shall include a representation in the notice convening the shareholders' general meeting for this purpose that, after making full inquiry into the affairs of the Company, the Board is of the opinion that the Company will be able to settle its debts in full within 12 months from the commencement of the liquidation.

Upon the passing of the resolution by the shareholders' general meeting for the liquidation of the Company, all functions and powers of the Board shall cease.

The liquidation committee shall act in accordance with the instructions of the shareholders' general meeting to make a report at least once every year to the shareholders' general meeting on the committee's receipts and payments, the business of the Company and the progress of the liquidation, and to present a final report to the shareholders' general meeting on completion of the liquidation.

After amendment

Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to (IV) of Article 192 of these Articles, a liquidation committee comprised of shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals shall be formed by relevant competent authorities, for carrying out the liquidation.

If the Company is dissolved pursuant to (VI) of Article 192 of these Articles, a liquidation committee comprising shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals shall be established by the People's Court in accordance with relevant laws to carry out the liquidation.

Before amendment

Article 197 The liquidation committee shall, after examining the Company's property and preparing the balance sheets and an inventory of assets, formulate a liquidation plan and present it to the shareholders' general meeting or the People's Court for confirmation.

The property of the Company shall be liquidated in the following order: payment of liquidation expenses, staff wages, social insurance expenses and statutory compensation, payment of outstanding taxes, and repayment of the Company's debts.

The remaining property of the Company after repayment of its debts in accordance with the preceding provision shall be distributed to the shareholders of the Company according to the class of shares held by them and in proportion to their respective shareholdings.

During the liquidation period, the Company shall not commence any new business activities.

After amendment

Article 176 The liquidation committee shall, after examining the Company's property and preparing the balance sheets and an inventory of assets, formulate a liquidation plan and present it to the shareholders' general meeting or the People's Court for confirmation.

The property of the Company shall be liquidated in the following order: payment of liquidation expenses, staff wages, social insurance expenses and statutory compensation, payment of outstanding taxes, and repayment of the Company's debts.

The remaining property of the Company after repayment of its debts in accordance with the preceding provision shall be distributed to the shareholders of the Company according to the **proportions** elass of shares held by them and in proportion to their respective shareholdings.

During the liquidation period, the Company continues to exist, but may not carry out any business operation that is not for purpose of carrying out liquidation. Before the settlement of repayments as prescribed in the preceding provision, the Company's property will not be distributed to shareholders.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 179 [Addition] Members of the
	liquidation team shall faithfully perform
	their duties in carrying out the liquidation
	in accordance with the law.
	Members of the liquidation team shall not
	abuse their powers by taking bribes or
	receiving other illegal income and
	misappropriate the assets of the
	Company.
	A member of the liquidation team who
	causes loss to the Company or its creditors
	due to his intentional misconduct or gross
	negligence shall be liable for damages.
	Article 180 [Addition] If the Company is
	declared bankrupt in accordance with the
	laws, liquidation shall be implemented
	pursuant to the laws on corporate winding
	up.
Chapter 21 Amendments to the Articles of	Chapter 11 Amendments to the Articles of
Association	Association
Article 200 The Company may amend the	Article 181—The Company may amend the
articles of association pursuant to laws,	articles of association pursuant to laws,
administrative regulations and the articles of	administrative regulations and the articles of
association. The Company shall amend the	association. The Company shall amend the
articles of association under any of the	articles of association under any of the
following circumstances:	following circumstances:
(I) Subsequent to the amendments to the	(I) Subsequent to the amendments to the
Company Law or the relevant laws and	Company Law or the relevant laws and
administrative regulations, the matters	administrative regulations, the matters
provided for in the articles of association are	provided for in the articles of association are
in conflict with the provisions of the	in conflict with the provisions of the
amended laws and administrative	amended laws and administrative
regulations;	regulations;
(II) Changes in the state of the Company are	(II) Changes in the state of the Company or
	(II) Changes in the state of the Company are
inconsistent with the matters provided for in	inconsistent with the matters provided for in
the articles of association;	the articles of association;
(III) The shareholders' general meeting has	(III) The shareholders' general meeting has
decided to amend the articles of association.	decided to amend the articles of association.
decided to amend the articles of association.	decided to afficing the articles of association.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 201 [Deletion] The following	
procedures shall be followed when	
amending the articles of association:	
(I) The Board shall firstly adopt a resolution	
for amendment to the articles of association	
and prepare a proposal for amendment to the	
articles of association;	
(II) The Board shall convene a shareholders'	
general meeting for voting on the proposal	
thereat or the amended Articles of	
Association;	
(III) The shareholders' general meeting shall	
approve such proposal or the amended	
Articles of Association by special	
resolution;	
(IV) The Company shall submit the proposal	
for amendment to the articles of association	
or the amended Articles of Association to the	
company registration authority for filing	
Article 202 Amendment to the articles of	Article 182 Amendments to the articles of
association which involves the contents of	association passed by resolutions at the
the Mandatory Provisions shall become	shareholders' general meeting, which
effective upon approval by the company	require examination and approval by the
approval authority authorized by the State	competent authorities, shall be submitted
Council. Where amendment involves the	to the competent authorities for approval.
registered particulars of the Company,	Where amendment involves the registered
application shall be made for alteration of registration in accordance with the laws.	Where amendment involves the registered particulars of the Company, application shall
Together in accordance with the laws.	be made for alteration of registration in
	accordance with the laws.
	Article 184 [Addition] Any amendment to
	the Articles of Association which involves
	information to be disclosed as required by
	the law or regulations, shall be publicly
	announced as required.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 22 [Deletion] Settlement of	
Disputes Article 204 [Deletion] The Company shall act according to the following principles to settle disputes:	
(I) In the event of any dispute or claim between the Company and any of its Directors, Supervisors or senior management members, or between any holder of overseas listed foreign shares and the Company, or between any holder of overseas listed foreign shares and any of its Directors, Supervisor or senior management members, or between any holder of overseas listed foreign shares and any holder of domestic shares arising from rights and obligations specified in these Articles, Company Law and other relevant laws and administrative regulations and relating to the affairs of the Company, the parties concerned shall submit the said dispute or claim for arbitration.	
The aforesaid dispute or claim submitted for arbitration shall be the entire dispute or claim; all the persons who complain for the same reason or who are required to participate in the settlement of the dispute or claim shall accept the arbitration award if they are the Company or its shareholders, Directors, Supervisors, the general manager, or other senior management members.	
Disputes in respect of who is the shareholder and those in relation to the share register need not be resolved by arbitration.	
(II) The claimant may select China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission for arbitration following the arbitration rules thereof or select Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre for arbitration following the securities arbitration rules thereof. Once a claimant refers a dispute or claim to arbitration, the other party must carry out arbitration in the arbitration tunnel selected by the claimant.	

Before amendment	After amendment
If the claimant selects for arbitration to be	
carried out at the Hong Kong International	
Arbitration Centre, any party may apply for	
a hearing to take place in Shenzhen in	
accordance with the securities arbitration	
rules of the Hong Kong International	
Arbitration Centre.	
Anotherion Centre.	
(III) If any disputes or claims of rights	
arising out of (I) above are settled by way of	
arbitration, the laws of the People's	
Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong	
Special Administrative Region, Macau	
Special Administrative Region, Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan	
region) shall apply, save as otherwise	
provided in laws and administrative	
regulations.	
(IV) The arbitration award made by the	
arbitral authority shall be final and binding	
on both parties.	CI + 12 C 1 - D 11
Chapter 23 Supplementary Provisions	Chapter 12 Supplementary Provisions
Article 205 Definition	Article 185 Definition
(I) De facto controller refers to the person	(I) Controlling shareholder refers to a
who is not a shareholder of the Company but	person that satisfies any one of the
is able to actually control the actions of the	following conditions: (1) He, acting alone
Company through an investment relation,	or in concert with others, has the power to
agreement or other arrangement.	elect not less than half of the directors; (2)
agreement of other arrangement.	He, acting alone or in concert with others,
(II) Affiliated relationship refers to the	has the power to exercise or control the
relationship between the controlling	exercise of not less than 30% of the
shareholders, De facto controllers,	Company's voting rights; (3) He, acting
Directors, Supervisors or senior	alone or in concert with others, holds not
management members of the Company and	less than 30% of the issued and
the companies controlled directly or	outstanding shares of the Company; (4)
indirectly by them, as well as other	He, acting alone or in concert with others,
	_
relationships that may result in transfer of interests of the Company. However, State-	actually controls the Company in any other manner.
	other manner.
controlled companies do not incur an	
affiliated relationship simply because their	
shares are controlled by the State.	

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) In these Articles, "accounting firm" has	(II) De facto controller refers to the person
the same meaning as that of "auditors".	who is not a shareholder of the Company but
	is able to actually control the actions of the
(IV) In these Articles, "connected	Company through an investment relation,
transaction" refers to the definition as set out in the SEHK Listing Rules.	agreement or other arrangement.
	(III) Affiliated relationship refers to the
(V) In these Articles, "State" refers to the	relationship between the controlling
People's Republic of China.	shareholders, De facto controllers,
	Directors, Supervisors or senior
	management members of the Company and
	the companies controlled directly or
	indirectly by them, as well as other
	relationships that may result in transfer of
	interests of the Company. However, State-
	controlled companies do not incur an
	affiliated relationship simply because their
	shares are controlled by the State.
	(IV) In these Articles, "accounting firm" has
	the same meaning as that of "auditors", in
	the SEHK Listing Rules and "independent
	director" has the same meaning as that of
	"independent non-executive director" in
	the SEHK Listing Rules.
	(V) In these Articles, "connected
	transaction" refers to the definition as set out
	in the SEHK Listing Rules.
	(VI) In these Articles, "State" refers to the
	People's Republic of China.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 209 The right to interpretation of	Article 189 The Board shall be responsible
these Articles belongs to the Board of the	for the interpretation of these Articles.
Company. Any matters not contained in	Matters not covered in these Articles shall
these Articles shall be proposed by the	be dealt with pursuant to the laws,
Board at the shareholders' general meeting	administrative regulations and securities
for approval.	regulatory rules of the place where the
	shares of the Company are listed and in
	line with the actual circumstances of the
	Company. In the event of any discrepancy
	between these Articles and the newly
	promulgated laws, administrative
	regulations or securities regulatory rules
	of the place where the shares of the
	Company are listed, the latter shall prevail.
	Article 190 [Addition] These Articles and
	subsequent amendments shall become
	effective on the date on which they are
	approved by resolution at the
	shareholders' general meeting.

COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING OF HANGZHOU SF INTRA-CITY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 1 General Provisions	Chapter 1 General Provisions
Article 1 In order to standardize the operation procedures of the shareholders' general meeting of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and ensure that the shareholders' general meeting exercises its functions and powers in a lawful, orderly and efficient manner, these Rules of Procedure are formulated in accordance with the requirements of the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law"), the Mandatory Provisions for Companies Listing Overseas and other laws and regulations, as well as the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "SEHK Listing Rules") and the Articles of Association of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Articles of Association"), and after taking into account the actual conditions of the Company.	Article 1 In order to standardize the operation procedures of the shareholders' general meeting of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and ensure that the shareholders' general meeting exercises its functions and powers in a lawful, orderly and efficient manner, these Rules of Procedure are formulated in accordance with the requirements of the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law"), the Mandatory Provisions for Companies Listing Overseas and other laws and regulations, as well as the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "SEHK Listing Rules") and the Articles of Association of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Articles of Association"), and after taking into account the actual conditions of the Company.
Chapter 2 Functions and Powers of the Shareholders' General Meeting	Chapter 2 Functions and Powers of the Shareholders' General Meeting
Article 7 The shareholders' general meetings shall exercise the following functions and powers:	Article 7 The shareholders' general meetings shall exercise the following functions and powers:
(I) to determine the business guidelines and investment plans of the Company;	(I) to determine the business guidelines and investment plans of the Company;
(II) to elect and replace Directors and Supervisors who are not representatives of the employees and to determine matters relating to remuneration of the Directors and Supervisors;	(II) to elect and replace Directors and Supervisors who are not representatives of the employees and to determine matters relating to remuneration of the Directors and Supervisors;
(III) to consider and approve the reports of the Board;	(III) to consider and approve the reports of the Board;
(IV) to consider and approve the reports of the Board of Supervisors;	(IV) to consider and approve the reports of the Board of Supervisors;

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

Before amendment	After amendment
(V) to consider and approve the annual financial budgets and the final accounts of the Company;	(V) to consider and approve the annual financial budgets and the final accounts of the Company;
(VI) to consider and approve the profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Company;	(VI) to consider and approve the profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Company;
(VII) to resolve on increase or decrease of the registered capital of the Company;	(VII) to resolve on increase or decrease of the registered capital of the Company;
(VIII) to resolve on the Company's issue of bonds, any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;	(VIII) to resolve on the Company's issue of bonds, any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;
(IX) to resolve on the merger, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or changes in the form of the Company;	(IX) to resolve on the merger, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or changes in the form of the Company;
(X) to amend the Articles of Association;	(X) to amend the Articles of Association;
(XI) to consider proposals submitted by shareholder(s) severally or jointly holding 3% or more of the voting shares of the Company;	(XI) to consider proposals submitted by shareholder(s) severally or jointly holding 3% or more of the voting shares of the Company;
(XII) to resolve on the appointment, reappointment or dismissal of accounting firms;	(XII) to resolve on the appointment, reappointment or dismissal of accounting firms;
(XIII) to consider and approve the external guarantees of the Company that require the approval by the shareholders' general meetings;	(XIII) to consider and approve the external guarantees of the Company that require the approval by the shareholders' general meetings;
(XIV) to consider the acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;	(XIV) to consider the acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

Before amendment	After amendment
(XV) to consider equity incentive schemes;	(XV) to consider equity incentive schemes
	and employee stock ownership schemes;
(XVI) to resolve on other matters to be resolved thereby as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles of Association; (XVII) to consider other matters as required by the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the Company's shares are listed.	and employee stock ownership schemes; (XVI) to resolve on other matters to be resolved thereby as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed or the Articles of Association; (XVII) to consider other matters as required by the listing rules of the stock exchange of
Article 8 The provision of any external guarantee of the Company shall be considered and passed by the Board. The guarantee offered by the Company to a shareholder or de facto controller of the Company shall be approved by the shareholders' general meeting.	the place where the Company's shares are listed. Article 8 The provision of any external guarantee of the Company shall be considered and passed by the Board. The guarantee offered by the Company to a shareholder or de facto controller of the Company shall be approved by the shareholders' general meeting.
When the shareholders' general meeting is considering a proposal to provide guarantee for any shareholder or de facto controller, the said shareholder or the shareholders controlled by the said de facto controller shall abstain from voting on the said proposal, and the said proposal shall be subject to approval by more than half of the voting rights of the other attending shareholders.	When the shareholders' general meeting is considering a proposal to provide guarantee for any shareholder, de facto controller or their associated parties, the said shareholder or the shareholders controlled by the said de facto controller and their associated parties (and the relevant persons stipulated under the listing rules of the place where the shares are listed) shall abstain from voting on the said proposal, and the said proposal shall be subject to approval by more than half of the voting rights of the other attending shareholders.
Chapter 3 Rules for Shareholders' General Meeting	Chapter 3 Rules for Shareholders' General Meeting

Article 9 Shareholders' general meetings are classified into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. The annual shareholders' general meetings shall be convened once a year and shall be held within 6 months from the end of the previous fiscal year.

The extraordinary shareholders' general meetings shall be convened as and when necessary. The Board shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:

- (I) when the number of Directors is less than the number stipulated in the Company Law or two-thirds of the number required in the Articles of Association;
- (II) when the unrecovered losses of the Company amount to one-third of the total amount of its paid-in share capital;
- (III) where any shareholder(s) holding individually or collectively 10% (inclusive, excluding voting proxy) or more of the Company's shares carrying voting rights request(s) in writing for the convening of an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;
- (IV) when deemed necessary by the Board or when requested by the Board of Supervisors;
- (V) when proposed by 2 or more of independent Directors;
- (VI) other situations stipulated in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, SEHK Listing Rules or the Articles of Association.

In the event that items (III), (IV) and (V) are involved, the agenda of the meeting proposed by the requisitionist shall be included in the agenda of the meeting.

After amendment

Article 9 Shareholders' general meetings are classified into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. The annual shareholders' general meetings shall be convened once a year and shall be held within 6 months from the end of the previous fiscal year.

The extraordinary shareholders' general meetings shall be convened as and when necessary. The Board shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:

- (I) when the number of Directors is less than the number stipulated in the Company Law or two-thirds of the number required in the Articles of Association;
- (II) when the unrecovered losses of the Company amount to one-third of the total amount of its paid-in share capital;
- (III) where any shareholder(s) holding individually or collectively 10% (inclusive, excluding voting proxy) or more of the Company's shares carrying voting rights request(s) in writing for the convening of an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;
- (IV) when deemed necessary by the Board or when requested by the Board of Supervisors;
- (V) when proposed by 2 or more of independent Directors;

(VI)—other situations stipulated in laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules, SEHK Listing Rules or the Articles of Association.

In the event that items (III) and (IV)—and (V) are involved, the agenda of the meeting proposed by the requisitionist shall be included in the agenda of the meeting.

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 4 Convening of Shareholders'	Chapter 4 Convening of Shareholders'
General Meeting	General Meeting
Article 11 The Board shall convene the	Article 11 The Board shall convene the
shareholders' general meeting on time	shareholders' general meeting on time
within the period specified in Article 10 of	within the period specified in Article 9 of
these Rules.	these Rules.
Article 12 [Deletion] Shareholders	
requesting the convening of extraordinary	
shareholders' general meetings or class	
meetings shall follow the procedures listed	
below:	
(I) 2 or more shareholders individually or	
jointly holding 10% or more of the shares	
carrying voting rights at the meeting sought	
to be held may sign one or more written	
requests of identical form of content	
requesting the Board to convene an	
extraordinary shareholders' general meeting	
or a class meeting and stating the subject of	
the meeting. The Board shall convene an	
extraordinary shareholders' general meeting	
or a class meeting as soon as possible after	
having received the aforesaid written	
request. The aforesaid shareholding shall be	
calculated as of the day on which the written	
request is made.	
(II) If the Board fails to issue a notice of	
convening such meeting within 30 days upon	
receipt of the above written request, the	
shareholders who made such request may	
request the Board of Supervisors to convene	
the extraordinary shareholders' general	
meeting or class meeting.	

Before amendment	After amendment
(III) If the Board of Supervisors fails to	
issue a notice of convening such meeting	
within 30 days upon receipt of the above	
written request, shareholders, for more than	
90 consecutive days, individually or jointly	
holding 10% or more of the shares carrying	
voting rights at the meeting sought to be	
held may convene the meeting of their own	
accord within 4 months upon the Board	
having received such request. The convening	
procedures shall, to the greatest extent	
possible, be identical to procedures	
according to which the shareholders' general	
meetings are to be convened by the Board.	
All reasonable expenses incurred for such	
meeting convened by the shareholders as a	
result of the failure of the Board and the	
Board of Supervisors to convene a meeting	
at the above requests shall be borne by the	
Company and deducted from the amount	
owed by the Company to the delinquent	
Directors and Supervisors.	
	Article 12 [Addition] Independent
	directors shall have the right to propose to
	the Board of Directors to convene an
	extraordinary general meeting.
	Independent directors shall propose to the
	Board of Directors in writing to convene
	an extraordinary general meeting. The Board shall, in accordance with the laws,
	administrative regulations and these
	Articles, furnish a written reply on
	whether to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting within 10 days upon
	receipt of such proposal. If the Board
	agrees to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting, a notice of such meeting
	shall be issued within five days upon the
	passing of the Board resolution. If the
	Board does not agree to convene the
	extraordinary general meeting, it shall
	explain the reasons and make an
	announcement.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 13 [Addition] The Board of
	Supervisors shall have the right to
	propose to the Board to convene an
	extraordinary general meeting in writing.
	The Board shall, in accordance with the
	laws, administrative regulations and these
	Articles of Association, furnish a written
	reply on whether to convene the
	extraordinary general meeting within 10
	days upon receipt of such proposal.
	If the Board agrees to convene the
	extraordinary general meeting, a notice of
	such meeting shall be issued within five
	days upon the passing of the Board
	resolution. Any changes to the original
	proposal made in the notice shall be
	approved by the Board of Supervisors.
	If the Board does not agree to convene the
	extraordinary general meeting or fails to
	furnish a reply within 10 days upon
	receipt of such proposal, the Board shall
	be deemed to be unable or fail to perform
	the duty of convening the shareholders'
	general meeting, and the Board of
	Supervisors may convene and preside
	over the meeting on its own.
	Article 14 [Addition] Shareholders
	individually or jointly holding 10% or
	more of the Company's shares shall have
	the right to request the Board to convene
	an extraordinary general meeting, and
	such request shall be made in writing to
	the Board. The Board shall, in accordance
	with the laws, administrative regulations
	and these Articles, furnish a written reply
	on whether to convene the extraordinary
	general meeting within 10 days upon
	receipt of such proposal.

Before amendment	After amendment
	If the Board agrees to convene the extraordinary general meeting, a notice of such meeting shall be issued within five days upon the passing of the Board
	resolution. Any changes to the original proposal made in the notice shall approved by the relevant shareholders.
	If the Board does not agree to convene the extraordinary general meeting or fails to furnish a reply within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, the shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the shares of the Company shall have the right to request the Board of Supervisors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, and such request shall be made in writing.
	If the Board of Supervisors agrees to convene the extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice of general meeting within five days upon receipt of the proposal. Any changes to the original proposal in the notice shall be approved by the relevant shareholders.
	If the Board of Supervisors fails to issue the notice of the general meeting within the prescribed period, it shall be deemed that the Board of Supervisors does not convene and preside over the shareholders' general meeting, and shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the shares of the Company with voting rights at the
	proposed meeting may convene and preside over the meeting on their own.

Before amendment	After amendment
	Article 15 [Addition] If the Board of
	Supervisors or shareholders decide to
	convene a shareholders' general meeting
	on their own, they shall notify the Board
	in writing and at the same time make a
	filing with the stock exchange.
	The shareholding of the convening
	shareholders shall not be less than 10%
	before the announcement of the
	resolutions of the shareholders' general
	meeting.
	The Board of Supervisors or the
	convening shareholders shall submit
	relevant supporting documents to the
	stock exchange where the shares of the
	Company are listed when issuing the
	notice of the shareholders' general
	meeting and announcing the resolutions of
	the shareholders' general meeting.
	Article 16 [Addition] The Board and the
	secretary to the Board shall cooperate
	with the Board of Supervisors or the
	shareholders to convene the shareholders'
	general meeting upon receipt of the
	notice. The Board shall provide the
	register of shareholders on the date for
	registration of shareholding.
	Article 17 [Addition] All reasonable
	expenses incurred for the shareholders'
	general meeting convened by the Board of
	Supervisors or shareholders on their own
	shall be borne by the Company.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 5 Proposals and Notices of	Chapter 5 Proposals and Notices of
Shareholders' General Meeting	Shareholders' General Meeting
Article 14 When the Company convenes a	Article 19 When the Company convenes a
shareholders' general meeting, shareholders	shareholders' general meeting, the Board of
individually or jointly holding 3% or more	Directors, the Board of Supervisors and
of the total voting shares of the Company are	shareholders individually or jointly
entitled to propose new resolutions in	holding 3% or more of the total voting
writing to the Company and submit them to	shares of the Company are entitled to
the convener 10 days before the meeting.	propose resolutions in writing to the
The convener of the shareholders' general	Company.
meeting shall issue a supplementary notice	
of the shareholders' general meeting and	Shareholders individually or jointly holding
inform other shareholders within 2 days	3% or more of the shares of the Company
upon the receipt of such proposal and	are entitled to propose new resolutions in
incorporate any matters falling within the	writing to the Company and submit them to
scope of duties of the shareholders' general	the convener 10 days before the meeting.
meeting into the agenda of such meeting.	The convener of the shareholders' general
The new agenda shall be tabled to the	meeting shall issue a supplementary notice
shareholders' general meeting for	of the shareholders' general meeting within
consideration.	2 days upon the receipt of such proposal and
	announce the contents of the interim
	proposals.
	Except as provided in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not amend the proposals set out in the notice of the
	shareholders' general meeting or add new proposals after issuing the notice of the shareholders' general meeting.
	Proposals not set out in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or not in compliance with Article 18 of these Rules of Procedure shall not be voted on or resolved at the shareholders' general meeting.

Article 15 Where the Company convenes a shareholders' general meeting, a notice shall be given 20 days before the meeting to notify each of the shareholders of the time and venue of the meeting and matters to be deliberated; in the case of an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a written notice 15 days prior to the meeting to notify each of the shareholders. For notices given under this Article, the date posted shall be the date of delivering the relevant notice to post office by the Company or the share registrar engaged by the Company.

Unless otherwise provided by these Rules of Procedure, the notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall be sent to shareholders (regardless of their voting rights at the shareholders' general meeting) by hand or pre-paid post to the address of the recipient as specified in the register of shareholders. For holders of domestic shares, notices of shareholders' general meetings may be issued in the form of public announcement.

Public announcement referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be published in one or more newspaper(s) designated by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council 20 to 25 days prior to the date of the meeting. Once the announcement has been published, all holders of domestic shares shall be deemed to have received notice of the relevant meeting.

Notices of shareholders' general meetings served on holders of overseas listed foreign shares may be published on the website designated by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the website of the Company. Upon the publication of the announcement, all holders of overseas listed foreign shares shall be deemed to have received the notice of the relevant shareholders' general meeting. The shareholders' general meeting shall not decide on any matter not stated in the notice as referred in Article 16 and Article 18 of these Rules of Procedure.

After amendment

Article 20 Where the Company convenes an annual general meeting, a notice shall be given 21 days before the meeting by the convener in writing to notify each of the shareholders of the time and venue of the meeting and matters to be deliberated; in the case of an extraordinary general meeting, it shall issue a notice in writing 15 days prior to the meeting to notify each of the shareholders. For notices given under this Article, the date posted shall be the date of delivering the relevant notice to post office by the Company or the share registrar engaged by the Company.

Unless otherwise provided by the laws, regulations, securities regulatory rules of the place where the shares of the Company are listed and these Rules of Procedure, the notice of the shareholders' general meeting shall be sent to shareholders (regardless of their voting rights at the shareholders' general meeting) by hand or pre-paid post to the address of the recipient as specified in the register of shareholders. For holders of domestic shares, notices of shareholders' general meetings may be issued in the form of public announcement.

Public announcement referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be published in the designated media bodies 21 days (annual general meeting) or 15 days (extraordinary general meeting) prior to the date of the meeting. Once the announcement has been published, all holders of domestic shares shall be deemed to have received notice of the relevant meeting.

Notices of shareholders' general meetings served on the H Shareholders may be published on the website designated by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the website of the Company. Upon the publication of the announcement, all holders of overseas listed foreign shares shall be deemed to have received the notice of the relevant shareholders' general meeting. shareholders' general meeting shall not decide on any matter not stated in the notice as referred in Article 22 of these Rules of Procedure.

criteria:

Article 17 The notice of a shareholders' general meeting shall meet the following

(I) it shall be made in writing;

- (II) it shall specify the time, venue and date of the meeting;
- (III) it shall set out the matters to be considered at the meeting; (IV) it shall provide shareholders with such information and explanation as necessary for them to make informed decisions on the matters to be considered. This principle includes (but is not limited to), where a proposal is made to merge the Company with another, to repurchase shares, to restructure the share capital, or to reorganize the Company in any other way, the terms of the proposed transaction shall be provided in detail together with copies of the proposed contract (if any), and the cause and effect of the such proposal shall be properly explained;
- (V) it shall disclose the nature and degree of the material interest of any Director, Supervisor, general manager and other senior management member in the matters to be considered. In case that the impact of the matters to be considered on such Director, Supervisor, general manager and other senior management member as a shareholder is different from that on other holders of the same class of shares, the difference shall be explained;
- (VI) it shall set out the full text of any special resolution to be proposed at the meeting;

After amendment

Article 22 The notice of a shareholders' general meeting **shall include the following:**

- (I) it shall be made in writing;
- (II) it shall specify the time, venue and date of the meeting;
- (II) it shall set out the matters and proposals to be considered at the meeting;
- (III) it shall contain conspicuously a statement that all shareholders eligible for attending the shareholders' general meeting may appoint a proxy in writing to attend and vote on his/her behalf and that a proxy need not be a shareholder;
- (IV) it shall specify the date for registration of the shareholding of the shareholders entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting;
- (V) it shall specify the time and procedures of voting.

(IV) it shall provide shareholders with such information and explanation as necessary for them to make informed decisions on the matters to be considered. This principle includes (but is not limited to), where a proposal is made to merge the Company with another, to repurchase shares, to restructure the share capital, or to reorganize the Company in any other way, the terms of the proposed transaction shall be provided in detail together with copies of the proposed contract (if any), and the cause and effect of the such proposal shall be properly explained;

Before amendment	After amendment
(VII) it shall contain conspicuously a statement that a shareholder eligible for attending and voting is entitled to appoint 1 or more proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf and that a proxy need not be a shareholder; (VIII) it shall specify the delivery time and place of the proxy form for voting at the meeting.	(V) it shall disclose the nature and degree of the material interest of any Director, Supervisor, general manager and other senior management member in the matters to be considered. In case that the impact of the matters to be considered on such Director, Supervisor, general manager and other senior management member as a shareholder is different from that on other holders of the same class of shares, the difference shall be explained;
	(VI) it shall set out the full text of any special resolution to be proposed at the meeting;
	(VII) it shall contain conspicuously a statement that a shareholder eligible for attending and voting is entitled to appoint 1 or more proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf and that a proxy need not be a shareholder;
	(VIII) it shall specify the delivery time and place of the proxy form for voting at the meeting.
	Article 24 [Addition] Where the shareholders' general meeting proposes to discuss the election of Directors and Supervisors, the notice relating to the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the detailed information of the candidates for Directors and Supervisors, which shall at least include the following: (I) personal particulars such as educational background, work experience and part-time jobs; (II) whether there is any connected relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders and de facto controller; (III) the number of shares held in the Company. Each candidate for Director or Supervisor shall be proposed in a separate proposal.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 6 Convening of Shareholders'	Chapter 6 Convening of Shareholders'
General Meeting	General Meeting
Article 20 The shareholders' general	Article 26 The shareholders' general
meeting shall be held on-site or by other	meeting shall be held on-site or online. The
means. Shareholders attending the	Company shall provide network or other
shareholders' general meeting other than	means for the convenience of shareholders
on-site meeting shall be deemed as present.	to attend the shareholders' general
	meeting. Shareholders attending the
	shareholders' general meeting in the above
	manner shall be deemed as present.
Article 22 All shareholders or their proxies	Article 28 All shareholders registered on
are entitled to attend the shareholders'	the date of registration for the
general meeting, and the Company and the	shareholding or their proxies are entitled to
convener shall not refuse to attending the	attend and speak at the shareholders'
meeting for any reason.	general meeting, and exercise voting
	rights in accordance with the relevant
Shareholders may attend the shareholders'	laws, regulations and these Articles
general meeting in person and exercise their	(unless an individual shareholder is
voting rights, or entrust others to attend and	required by the SEHK Listing Rules to
exercise their voting rights within the scope	abstain from voting on a particular
of authorization.	matter).
	Shareholders may attend the shareholders'
	general meeting in person and exercise their
	voting rights, or entrust others to attend and
	exercise their voting rights within the scope
	of authorization.
	Article 29 [Addition] Shareholders may
	attend a shareholders' general meeting in
	person, or may entrust other persons as
	his proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf.
Article 23 A natural person shareholder shall	Article 30 The Company has the right to
present his/her identity card and valid	require individual shareholders attending
passport or certificate that can prove his/her	the meeting in person to present their
identity; if a proxy is appointed to attend the	identity cards or other valid documents or
meeting, the proxy shall present his/her	proof of their identities as well as stock
valid identity card and the power of attorney	account cards; or to require the relevant
of the shareholders.	persons entrusted by others to attend the
of the marcholders.	meeting to present their valid identity cards
	and the power of attorney of the
	shareholders.
	Shareholders.

Article 24 A corporate shareholder shall attend the meeting by its legal representative or a proxy appointed by the legal representative. The legal representative attending the meeting shall present his/her identity card and valid certificate that can prove his/her qualification as a legal representative; if a proxy is appointed to attend the meeting, the proxy shall present his/her identity card and a written power of attorney duly issued by the representative of the corporate shareholder.

After amendment

Article 31 A corporate shareholder shall attend the meeting by its legal representative or a proxy appointed by the legal representative. The Company shall have right to require the legal representative attending the meeting to present his/her identity card and valid certificate that can prove his/her qualification as a legal representative; if a proxy is appointed to attend the meeting, the Company shall have the right to require the proxy to present his/her identity card and a written power of attorney duly issued by the legal representative of the corporate shareholder.

A clearing house shall have the right to appoint proxies or corporate representatives to attend shareholders' general meetings and creditors' meetings of the issuer and such proxies or corporate representatives shall have the same statutory rights as other shareholders, including the right to speak and vote.

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 25 The power of attorney issued by a	Article 32 The power of attorney issued by a
shareholder to appoint a proxy to attend a	shareholder to appoint a proxy to attend a
shareholders' general meeting shall contain	shareholders' general meeting shall contain
the following:	the following:
(I) the name of the proxy;	(I) the name of the appointer and the name
	of the proxy;
(II) the right to vote;	
	(II) the number of shares of the appointer
(III) the instructions to vote for or against or	represented by the proxy;
abstain from voting on each matter to be	
considered at the shareholders' general	(III) the right to vote;
meeting;	
	(IV) the instructions to vote for or against or
(IV) the date and validity period of the	abstain from voting on each matter to be
power of attorney;	considered at the shareholders' general
	meeting;
(V) signature (or seal) of the appointer. If	
the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the	(V) the date and validity period of the power
stamp of the legal person.	of attorney;
Such a proxy form shall contain a statement	(VI) signature (or seal) of the appointer.—If
that in the absence of instructions by the	the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the
shareholder, his/her proxy may vote as he/she thinks fit.	stamp of the legal person.
ne/sne timiks iit.	Such a proxy form shall contain a statement
	that in the absence of instructions by the
	shareholder, his/her proxy may vote as
	he/she thinks fit.
Article 26 When the Company convene a	Article 33 When a shareholders' general
shareholders' general meeting, the	meeting is held, the shareholders' general
shareholders' general meeting requires that	meeting requires that all Directors,
all Directors, Supervisors and senior	Supervisors and senior management
management members of the Company shall	members of the Company shall be present at
be present at the meeting.	the meetingall Directors, Supervisors and
-	the secretary to the Board of the Company
	shall attend such meeting. The general
	manager and other senior management
	shall be present at the meeting, and shall
	not be absent unless there is a proper

reason.

A shareholders' general meeting shall be chaired by the chairman of the Board. If the chairman of the Board is unable to or fails to perform his/her duties, the meeting shall be chaired by a Director elected by more than half of the Directors jointly. If no chairman of a meeting is appointed, shareholders present at the meeting may elect 1 person as a chairman of the meeting. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

If the Board is unable or fails to fulfill the obligation of convening a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over such meeting. If the Board of Supervisors does not convene or preside over such meeting, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days may convene and preside over such meeting on their own.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors itself shall be presided over by the chairman of the Board of Supervisors. Where the chairman of the Board of Supervisors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Supervisor elected by more than half of the Supervisors shall chair the meeting.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days themselves shall be chaired by a representative elected by the convening shareholders.

After amendment

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Directors itself shall be chaired and presided over by the chairman of the Board of Directors. Where the chairman of the Board of Directors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Director elected by more than half of the Directors shall chair and preside over the meeting. If no chairman of a meeting is appointed, shareholders present at the meeting may elect 1 person as a chairman of the meeting. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

If the Board is unable or fails to fulfill the obligation of convening a shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over such meeting. If the Board of Supervisors does not convene or preside over such meeting, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days may convene and preside over such meeting on their own.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors itself shall be presided over by the chairman of the Board of Supervisors. Where the chairman of the Board of Supervisors is unable or fails to fulfill the duties thereof, a Supervisor elected by more than half of the Supervisors shall chair the meeting.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the shareholders—individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of shares of the Company for no less than 90 consecutive days themselves shall be chaired by a representative elected by the convening shareholders.

Where a shareholders' general meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure which makes it difficult for the shareholders' general meeting to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the chairman so as to carry on with the shareholders' general meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the attending shareholders having the voting rights. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall be the chairman of such meeting.

Article 27 [Deletion]At the annual shareholders' general meeting, the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors shall report to the shareholders' general meeting on their work in the past year.

Article 32 The convener shall ensure that the shareholders' general meeting is held continuously until a final resolution is reached. If the shareholders' general meeting is suspended or no resolution can be made due to force majeure or other special reasons, necessary measures shall be taken to resume the shareholders' general meeting as soon as possible or terminate the shareholders' general meeting directly.

After amendment

Where a shareholders' general meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure which makes it difficult for the shareholders' general meeting to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the chairman and preside over the meeting so as to carry on with the shareholders' general meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the attending shareholders having the voting rights. If no chairman of the meeting is elected by shareholders for any reason, the shareholder present at the meeting holding the largest number of voting shares (including his/her proxy) shall chair and preside over such meeting.

Article 38 The convener shall ensure that the shareholders' general meeting is held continuously until a final resolution is reached. If the shareholders' general meeting is suspended or no resolution can be made due to force majeure or other special reasons, necessary measures shall be taken to resume the shareholders' general meeting as soon as possible or terminate the shareholders' general meeting directly, and an announcement shall be made in a timely manner.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 7 Voting and Resolution of Shareholders' General Meeting	Chapter 7 Voting and Resolution of Shareholders' General Meeting
Article 35 The following matters shall be approved by special resolutions at a shareholders' general meeting:	Article 41 The following matters shall be approved by special resolutions at a shareholders' general meeting:
(I) increase or reduction in share capital of the Company and the issue of any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;	(I) increase or reduction in registered capital of the Company and the issue of any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities;
(II) issue of corporate bonds of the Company;	(II) issue of corporate bonds of the Company;
(III) division, merger, dissolution and liquidation of the Company;	(III) division, spin-off, merger, dissolution, liquidation or changes in form of the
(IV) changes in the form of the Company;	Company;
(V) acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of	(IV) changes in the form of the Company; (IV) amendment to the Articles of
the latest audited total assets of the Company;	Association;
(VI) amendment to the Articles of Association;	(V) acquisition or disposal of material assets or provision of guarantee by the Company within 1 year with a value exceeding 30% of the latest audited total assets of the
(VII) consideration and implementation of equity incentive scheme;	Company;
(VIII) repurchase of shares of the Company;	(VI) consideration and implementation of equity incentive schemes and employee stock ownership schemes;
(IX) any other matter specified in the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association and confirmed by an ordinary	(VIII) repurchase of shares of the Company;
resolution at a shareholders' general meeting that it may have material impact on the Company and accordingly shall be approved	(VII) any other matter specified in the laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory rules of the place where the
by special resolutions; (X) other matters requiring adoption by	shares of the Company are listed or the Articles of Association, and confirmed by an ordinary resolution at a shareholders'
special resolutions pursuant to the SEHK Listing Rules.	general meeting that it may have material impact on the Company and accordingly shall be approved by special resolutions;
	(X) other matters requiring adoption by special resolutions pursuant to the SEHK Listing Rules.

Article 36 Shareholders (including proxies thereof) who vote at a shareholders' general meeting shall exercise their voting rights in proportion to the amount of voting shares they represent. Each share carries the right to one vote.

The Company has no voting right for the shares it holds, and such part of shares shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares represented by the shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting.

Where any shareholder is required to waive his/her voting rights or is restricted to cast only affirmative or dissenting vote on a certain issue in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the listing rules of the stock exchange of the place where the shares of the Company are listed, any vote cast by the said shareholder or proxy thereof in violation of the relevant provisions or restrictions shall not be counted into the voting results.

Article 39 A voting right shall be exercised only by one voting method including on-the-spot voting. If a voting right is exercised repeatedly, only the first exercise of the voting right is recognized.

In voting, shareholders (including proxies thereof) entitled to 2 or more votes need not cast all the votes in the same way of for, against or abstention.

If for and against are equal, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to an additional vote.

After amendment

Article 42 Shareholders (including proxies thereof) who vote at a shareholders' general meeting shall exercise their voting rights in proportion to the amount of voting shares they represent. Each share carries the right to one vote.

The Company has no voting right for the shares it holds, and such part of shares shall be excluded from the total number of voting shares represented by the shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting.

Where any shareholder is required to waive his/her voting rights or is restricted to cast only affirmative or dissenting vote on a certain issue in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the **SEHK Listing Rules**, any vote cast by the said shareholder or proxy thereof in violation of the relevant provisions or restrictions shall not be counted into the voting results.

When a connected transaction is considered at a shareholders' general meeting, the connected shareholders shall not vote, and the number of voting shares represented by them shall not be counted in the total number of valid votes. The resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the voting of non-connected shareholders.

Article 45 A voting right shall be exercised only by one voting method including on-the-spot voting. If a voting right is exercised repeatedly, only the first exercise of the voting right is recognized.

In voting, shareholders (including proxies thereof) entitled to 2 or more votes need not east all the votes in the same way of for, against or abstention.

If for and against are equal, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to an additional vote.

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETING

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 41 [Deletion] When the shareholders' general meeting votes on proposals, the voting results shall be announced on the spot, and the voting results of the resolutions shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.	
Article 42 [Deletion] The chairman of the meeting shall be responsible for determining whether a resolution at a shareholders' general meeting is passed pursuant to the voting result. His/her decision, which shall be final and conclusive, shall be announced at the meeting and recorded in the minutes.	
Article 44 [Deletion] If the chairman of the meeting has any doubt as to the result of a resolution which has been put to vote, he/she may have the ballots counted. If the chairman of the meeting has not counted the ballots, any shareholder who is present in person or by proxy and who objects to the result announced by the chairman of the meeting may, immediately after the declaration of the voting result, demand that the ballots be counted, and the chairman of the meeting shall have the ballots counted immediately.	
Article 45 [Deletion] Where the shareholders' general meeting approves the proposal for election of Directors and Supervisors, the new Directors and Supervisors shall take office immediately after the shareholders' general meeting approves the proposal for election and signs a declaration letter, unless the election proposal approved by the shareholders' general meeting provides otherwise for the term of office.	
Article 46 [Deletion] Where the shareholders' general meeting approves proposals for cash dividends, bonus shares or conversion of capital reserve into share capital, the shareholders' general meeting shall complete the specific proposals within two months upon conclusion of the shareholders' general meeting.	
Chapter 8 Supplementary Provisions Article 50 The Rules of Procedure serve as an appendix to the Articles of Association, and shall come into effect upon the date of listing of the overseas listed foreign shares (H Shares) issued by the Company on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange after being approved by the shareholders' general meeting.	Chapter 8 Supplementary Provisions Article 51 The Rules of Procedure serve as an appendix to the Articles of Association, and shall come into effect upon the date of listing of the overseas listed foreign shares (H Shares) issued by the Company on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange—after being approved by the shareholders' general meeting.

COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF HANGZHOU SF INTRA-CITY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 2 Composition and Committees	Chapter 2 Composition and Committees
of the Board	of the Board
Article 3 The Board the Company consists of	Article 3 The Board of the Company consists
6 to 9 Directors, including 3 independent	of 11 Directors. The number of
non-executive Directors. The number of	independent non-executive Directors, at
independent non-executive Directors shall	any time, shall be at least 3 and represent
be subject to the requirements of the Hong	more than one third of members of the
Kong Listing Rules as amended from time to	Board, and at least one of the independent
time. The Board shall have one chairman,	non-executive Directors must have
who shall be elected by more than half of all	appropriate professional qualifications or
Directors. The term of office of the chairman	accounting or related financial
shall be three years, renewable upon re-	management expertise., including 3
election.	independent non-executive Directors. The
	number of independent non-executive
	Directors shall be subject to the
	requirements of the Hong Kong Listing
	Rules as amended from time to time. The
	Board shall have one chairman, who shall be
	elected by more than half of all Directors.
	The term of office of the chairman shall be
	three years, renewable upon re-election.
Chapter 3 Functions and Powers of	Chapter 3 Functions and Powers of
the Board	the Board
Article 10 The Board may exercise the	Article 10 The Board may exercise the
following functions and powers in	following functions and powers in
accordance with the law:	accordance with the law:
(I) to convene the shareholders' general	(I) to convene the shareholders' general
meeting, make proposal or resolution to the	meeting, make proposal or resolution to the
shareholders' general meeting, propose the	shareholders' general meeting, propose the
relevant matters to the shareholders' general	relevant matters to the shareholders' general
meeting for approval, and report its work to	meeting for approval, and report its work to
the shareholders' general meeting;	the shareholders' general meeting;
(II) to implement the resolutions passed at	(II) to implement the resolutions passed at
the shareholders' general meeting;	the shareholders' general meeting;
(III) to determine the business plans and	(III) to determine the business plans and
investment proposals of the Company;	investment proposals of the Company;

Before amendment	After amendment
(IV) to prepare the annual financial budget	(IV) to prepare the annual financial budget
and final accounts of the Company;	and final accounts of the Company;
(V) to prepare the plans for profit distribution and plans for making up losses of the Company;	(V) to prepare the plans for profit distribution and plans for making up losses of the Company;
(VI) to formulate proposals for increases or reductions of the Company's registered capital, proposals for issue of shares and proposals for issue of corporate debentures or other securities, and for listing;	(VI) to formulate proposals for increases or reductions of the Company's registered capital, proposals for issue of shares—and proposals for issue of corporate debentures or other securities, and for listing;
(VII) to formulate proposals for material acquisition, repurchase of the Company's shares, and change of corporate form of the Company;	(VII) to formulate proposals for material acquisition, repurchase of the Company's shares, or merger , division , dissolution , and change of corporate form of the Company;
(VIII) to formulate proposals for merger,	
division and dissolution of the Company;	(VIII) to formulate proposals for merger, division and dissolution of the Company;
(IX) to determine the establishment of the	
internal management structure of the	(VIII) to determine the Company's
Company;	external investments, acquisition and
	disposal of assets, pledging of assets,
(X) to appoint or dismiss the general	external guarantee, entrusted wealth
manager, the secretary to the Board of the	management, connected transactions and
Company, and according to the nomination	external donations within the scope of
by the general manager, appoint or dismiss	authorization by the shareholders'
other senior management members such as	general meeting;
the deputy general manager and the chief financial officer of the Company;	(IX) to determine the establishment of the
imalicial officer of the Company,	internal management structure of the
(XI) to determine the remunerations of the aforesaid senior management members;	Company;
	(X) to determine the establishment of
(XII) to establish the basic management	special committees of the Board and to
system of the Company;	consider and approve the proposals
	proposed by each special committee of the
(XIII) to draw up proposals for the	Board;

amendment to the Articles of Association;

Before amendment

(XIV) to propose at the shareholders' general meetings the appointment or changes of accounting firm;

(XV) to be informed of working reports of the general manager and other senior management members of the Company and to examine the work of the general manager and other senior management members of the Company;

(XVI) to determine the Company's external investments, external guarantee, etc. within the scope of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting;

(XVII) investment, acquisition or disposal of assets, financing, connected transactions, etc. that require the decision-making of the Board under the requirements of the SEHK Listing Rules;

(XVIII) to determine other material matters of the Company save as those resolved at the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with the Company Law and the Articles of Association;

(XIX) other functions and powers conferred by the laws and regulations, SEHK Listing Rules, Articles of Association or shareholders' general meeting.

Prior to the Board's resolution of the matters in the preceding paragraph, save as items (VI), (VII) and (XII) which shall be passed by more than two-thirds of the Directors, the remaining shall be passed by more than half of the Directors.

After amendment

(XI) to determine the appointment or dismissal of the general manager, the secretary to the Board of the Company and other senior management members, and determine their remunerations, rewards and punishments; and according to the nomination by the general manager, to determine the appointment or dismissal of other senior management members such as the deputy general manager and the chief financial officer of the Company, and determine their remunerations, rewards and punishments;

(XI) to determine the remunerations of the aforesaid senior management members;

(XII) to establish the basic management system of the Company;

(XIII) to draw up proposals for the amendment to the Articles of Association;

(XIV) to manage the matters of information disclosure of the Company;

(XV) to propose at the shareholders' general meetings the appointment or changes of accounting firm;

(XVI) to be informed of working reports of the general manager and other senior management members of the Company and to examine the work of the general manager and other senior management members of the Company;

(XVII) to determine the Company's external investments, external guarantee, etc. within the scope of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting;

Before amendment

The Board shall also be responsible for the following matters:

- (I) to formulate, review and improve the corporate governance system and conditions of the Company;
- (II) to review and supervise the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management managers;
- (III) to review and supervise the Company's systems and compliance with laws and relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities of the place where the shares are listed, and to make relevant disclosures;
- (IV) to formulate, review and supervise the code of conduct and relevant compliance manual of the Company's employees and Directors.

The Board shall be responsible for the above corporate governance functions, and the Board may also delegate such responsibilities to one or more special committees under the Board.

After amendment

(XVII) investment, acquisition or disposal of assets, financing, connected transactions, etc. that require the decision-making of the Board under the requirements of the SEHK Listing Rules;

(XVIII) to determine other material matters of the Company save as those resolved at the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with the Company Law and the Articles of Association:

(XIX)-other functions and powers conferred by the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or these Articles—or shareholders' general meeting.

Matters beyond the authorization of the general meeting shall be submitted at the general meeting for approval.

Prior to the Board's resolution of the matters in the preceding paragraph, save as items (VI), (VII) and (XII) which shall be passed by more than two-thirds of the Directors, the remaining shall be passed by more than half of the Directors.

The Board shall also be responsible for the following matters:

- (I) to formulate, review and improve the corporate governance system and conditions of the Company;
- (II) to review and supervise the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management managers;
- (III) to review and supervise the Company's systems and compliance with laws and relevant regulations of the securities regulatory authorities of the place where the shares are listed, and to make relevant disclosures:
- (IV) to formulate, review and supervise the code of conduct and relevant compliance manual of the Company's employees and Directors.

The Board shall be responsible for the above corporate governance functions, and the Board may also delegate such responsibilities to one or more special committees under the Board.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 4 Rules for Board Meeting	Chapter 4 Rules for Board Meeting
Article 15 Extraordinary meeting In any of	Article 15 Extraordinary meeting In any of
the following circumstances, the Board shall	the following circumstances, the Board shall
convene an extraordinary meeting:	convene an extraordinary meeting:
convene an extraordinary meeting.	convene an extraordinary meeting.
(I) proposed by shareholders representing	(I) proposed by shareholders representing
more than one tenth of the voting rights;	more than one tenth of the voting rights;
more than one tenth of the voting rights,	more than one tenth of the voting rights,
(II) proposed by more than one third of the	(II) proposed by more than one third of the
Directors jointly;	Directors jointly;
(III) managed by the Deepl of Cymenyicens.	(III) managed by the Deepl of Cymanyigans
(III) proposed by the Board of Supervisors;	(III) proposed by the Board of Supervisors;
(IV) managed by the chairman.	(IV) managed by the chairman.
(IV) proposed by the chairman;	(IV) proposed by the chairman;
(V) = ======1 h== 4h=======1 ==============	(V) and a set the second manner
(V) proposed by the general manager;	(V) proposed by the general manager;
(VI) managed by more than two independent	(VII) managed by more than two independent
(VI) proposed by more than two independent	(VI) proposed by more than two independent
non-executive Directors.	non-executive Directors.
Article 18 Notice of meeting A notice of	Article 18 Notice of meeting A notice of
Board meeting shall be served to all the	Board meeting shall be served to all the
Directors, Supervisors and the general	Directors and Supervisors and the general
manager 10 days in advance in the event of	manager-14 days in advance in the event of
a regular meeting or 3 days in advance in the	a regular meeting or 5 days in advance in the
event of an extraordinary meeting. The	event of an extraordinary meeting. The
responsible department of the Company	responsible department of the Company
shall serve a written meeting notice to all the	shall serve a written meeting notice to all the
Directors, Supervisors and the general	Directors and Supervisors and the general
manager by direct delivery, fax, express mail	manager by direct delivery, fax, mail,
or other electronic communication means. If	express mail or other electronic
service is made indirectly, confirmation	communication means. If service is made
shall be made by telephone and the	indirectly, confirmation shall be made by
appropriate record thereof shall be made.	telephone and the appropriate record thereof
	shall be made.
Where an extraordinary Board meeting	
needs to be convened in emergency, the	Where an extraordinary Board meeting
notice of meeting may be sent by telephone	needs to be convened in emergency, the
or by other verbal means at any time, but the	notice of meeting may be sent by telephone
convener shall make explanations at the	or by other verbal means at any time, but the
meeting.	convener shall make explanations at the
	meeting.
	mooning.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 19 The notice of meeting shall	Article 19 The notice of meeting shall
consist of the following:	consist of the following:
(I) date and venue of the meeting;	(I) date and venue of the meeting;
(II) period of the meeting;	(II) period of the meeting;
(III) causes and issues of discussion;	(III) causes and issues of discussion;
(IV) date of issuance of notice;	(IV) date of issuance of notice;
(V) other essential contents.	(V) other essential contents as stipulated by the laws, regulations and securities
	regulatory rules of the place(s) where the
	Company's shares are listed.
Article 21 Convening of meeting A Board	Article 21 Convening of meeting A Board
meeting shall be attended by more than half	meeting shall be attended by more than half
of the Directors. Unless under exceptional	of the Directors. Unless under exceptional
circumstances specified in the regulatory	circumstances specified in the regulatory
rules of the place where the shares of the	rules of the place where the shares of the
Company listed or otherwise permitted by	Company listed or otherwise permitted by
the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a Director	the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, a Director
shall not vote on any resolution of the Board	shall not vote on any resolution of the Board
which approves any contract or arrangement	which approves any contract or arrangement
or any other relevant proposals where he or	or any other relevant proposals where he or
his close associates (as defined in the SEHK	his close associates (as defined in the SEHK
Listing Rules as applicable from time to	Listing Rules as applicable from time to
time) own a material interest; and shall not	time) own a material interest; and shall not
be included for determining whether there is	be included for determining whether there is
a quorum for the meeting.	a quorum for the meeting.

Before amendment

Every Director shall have the right to 1 vote. Save as otherwise specified in laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, resolutions made by the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors.

Such Board meetings may not be held unless attended by more than half of all the non-associated Directors, and resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation.

In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.

Article 27 Voting of meeting After each proposal has been fully discussed, the chairman shall request the attending Directors to vote in a timely manner.

Any voting at the meetings shall be made on a one-person-one-vote basis by open ballot or in writing.

The voting procedure is that the voting intent of a Director may be pro, con or abstention. Every attending Director shall choose one out of the aforesaid intents. Where any Director does not make any option or makes 2 or more options, the chairman of the meeting shall require the said Director to make an option again, otherwise the said Director shall be deemed as having abstained from voting; any Director who has left the meeting midway without coming back and has not made any option shall be deemed as having abstained from voting.

After amendment

Every Director shall have the right to 1 vote. Save as otherwise specified in laws, administrative regulations or these Articles, resolutions made by the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors.

If any Director is associated with the enterprises that are involved in the matters to be resolved by the Board meetings, he/she shall not exercise his/her voting rights for such matters, nor exercise voting rights on behalf of other Directors. Such Board meetings may not be held unless attended by more than half of all non-associated Directors. resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation.

In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.

Article 27 Voting of meeting After each proposal has been fully discussed, the chairman shall request the attending Directors to vote in a timely manner.

Any voting at the meetings shall be made on a one-person-one-vote basis. Resolutions of the Board meetings shall be voted by way of open ballot or other voting method as permitted by the laws and regulations and the regulatory rules in the place(s) where the shares of the Company are listed.

The voting procedure is that the voting intent of a Director may be pro, con or abstention. Every attending Director shall choose one out of the aforesaid intents. Where any Director does not make any option or makes 2 or more options, the chairman of the meeting shall require the said Director to make an option again, otherwise the said Director shall be deemed as having abstained from voting; any Director who has left the meeting midway without coming back and has not made any option shall be deemed as having abstained from voting.

Before amendment

Article 29 Formation of resolutions Resolutions of the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors. Where the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association require the consent of more Directors to form a resolution, such provisions shall prevail.

Such Board meetings may not be held unless attended by more than half of all the non-associated Directors, and resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation.

In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.

In case of any discrepancy between the contents and meanings of different resolutions, the resolution formed later shall prevail.

After amendment

Article 29 Formation of resolutions Resolutions of the Board shall be passed by more than half of all Directors. Where the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association require the consent of more Directors to form a resolution, such provisions shall prevail.

If any Director is associated with the enterprises that are involved in the matters to be resolved by the Board meetings, he/she shall not exercise his/her voting rights for such matters, nor exercise voting rights on behalf of other Directors. Such Board meetings may not be held unless attended by more than half of all the non-associated Directors, resolutions adopted at such meetings shall be passed by more than half of all the non-associated Directors. Where the number of the non-associated Directors attending the Board meetings is less than 3, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for deliberation.

In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a casting vote.

In case of any discrepancy between the contents and meanings of different resolutions, the resolution formed later shall prevail.

DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 34 Minutes of meeting The secretary	Article 34 Minutes of meeting The secretary
to the Board shall arrange the staff of the	to the Board shall arrange the staff of the
office of the Board to keep minutes of the	office of the Board to keep minutes of the
Board meetings. The minutes of Board	Board meetings. The minutes of Board
meetings shall consist of the following:	meetings shall consist of the following:
(I) the date, venue and method for convening	(I) the session of the Board, date, venue and
of meeting and the name of convener;	method for convening of meeting and the name of convener;
(II) the issue of the notice of the meeting;	
	(II) the issue of the notice of the meeting;
(III) the convener and chairman of the	
meeting;	(III) the convener and chairman of the
	meeting;
(IV) the name of the Director present and	
name of Director (proxy) being appointed to	(IV) the name of the Director present and
attend on the other's behalf;	name of Director (proxy) being appointed to
(V) 41 1f 414:	attend on the other's behalf;
(V) the agenda of the meeting;	(V) the example of the mostings
(VI) the proposals considered at the meeting	(V) the agenda of the meeting;
(VI) the proposals considered at the meeting, main points of the statements of Directors,	(VI) the proposals considered at the meeting,
and main points of statements and main	main points of the statements of Directors (if
opinions of each Director on relevant	any), and main points of statements and
matters;	main opinions of each Director on relevant
	matters;
(VII) the voting method and result for each	,
resolution (the voting results shall clearly	(VII) the voting method and result for each
state the number of votes for or against the	resolution (the voting results shall clearly
resolution or abstention);	state the number of votes for or against the
	resolution or abstention);
(VIII) other matters required to be included	
in the meeting minutes by the Directors	(VIII) other matters required to be included
present.	in the meeting minutes by the Directors

present.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 5 Secretary to the Board	Chapter 5 Secretary to the Board
Chapter 6 Supplementary Provisions	Chapter 6 Supplementary Provisions
Article 44 The Rules of Procedure serve as	Article 44 The Rules of Procedure serve as
an appendix to the Articles of Association,	an appendix to the Articles of Association,
and shall come into effect upon the date of	and shall come into effect upon the date of
listing of the overseas listed foreign shares	listing of the overseas listed foreign shares
(H Shares) issued by the Company on the	(H Shares) issued by the Company on the
Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock	Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock
Exchange after being approved by the	Exchange—after being approved by the
shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.

COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF HANGZHOU SF INTRA-CITY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Before amendment	After amendment
Chapter 2 Composition of the Board	Chapter 2 Composition of the Board
of Supervisors	of Supervisors
Article 7 The appointment and removal of the chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall be approved by more than two-thirds of	Article 7 The appointment and removal of the chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall be approved by more than half of the
the members of the Board of Supervisors.	members of the Board of Supervisors.
Chapter 3 Functions and Powers of the Board of Supervisors	Chapter 3 Functions and Powers of the Board of Supervisors
The Board of Supervisors shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following functions and powers:	The Board of Supervisors shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting and exercise the following functions and powers:
(I) to examine the Company's financial position;	(I) to examine the Company's financial position;
(II) to supervise the performance by the Directors and senior management members when discharging their duties to the Company, and to propose to remove the aforesaid members who violate the laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association or the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting;	(II) to supervise the performance by the Directors and senior management members when discharging their duties to the Company, and to propose to remove the aforesaid members who violate the laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association or the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting;
(III) to demand rectification from the Directors and senior management members where their conducts are detrimental to the interests of the Company;	(III) to demand rectification from the Directors and senior management members where their conducts are detrimental to the interests of the Company;
	(IV) to verify the financial information such as financial reports, business reports and profit distribution plans to be submitted by the Board at the shareholders' general meetings and, should any queries arise, to engage, in the name of the Company, certified public accountants and practicing auditors for a re-examination of the aforesaid information;

Before amendment

- (V) to propose the convening of extraordinary shareholders' general meetings and, in case that the Board does not perform the obligations to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings in accordance with the Company Law, to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings;
- (VI) to submit proposals to the shareholders' general meeting;
- (VII) to negotiate with Directors and lodge legal actions against the same on behalf of the Company;
- (VIII) to propose to convene an extraordinary Board meeting;
- (IX) to bring legal actions against the Directors and senior management according to the relevant provisions under the Company Law;
- (X) to elect and replace the chairman of the Board of Supervisors;
- (XI) such other functions and powers as prescribed by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association. Supervisors shall attend meetings of the Board, and shall raise enquiries or make suggestions on the matters to be resolved by the Board.

After amendment

- (V) to propose the convening of extraordinary shareholders' general meetings and, in case that the Board does not perform the obligations to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings in accordance with the Company Law, to convene and preside over the shareholders' general meetings;
- (VI) to submit proposals to the shareholders' general meeting;
- (VII) to negotiate with Directors and lodge legal actions against the same on behalf of the Company;
- (VII) to bring legal actions against the Directors and senior management according to the relevant provisions under the Company Law;
- (VIII) to propose to convene an extraordinary Board meeting;
- (IX) to conduct investigation on any irregularities found in the operation of the Company; Professional organizations including accounting firms and law firms may be engaged when necessary, with expenses borne by the Company;
- (X) to elect and replace the chairman of the Board of Supervisors;
- (XI) such other functions and powers as prescribed by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association. Supervisors shall attend meetings of the Board, and shall raise enquiries or make suggestions on the matters to be resolved by the Board.

Before amendment	After amendment
Article 14 [Deletion] When performing its	
duties, the Board of Supervisors may engage	
professional organizations such as law firms	
and accounting firms for assistance if	
necessary, and the reasonable expenses	
incurred therefrom shall be borne by the	
Company.	
Chapter 5 Proceedings of meetings of	Chapter 5 Proceedings of meetings of
the Board of Supervisors	the Board of Supervisors
Article 32 The resolutions of the Board of	Article 31 The resolutions of the Board of
Supervisors shall be passed by more than	Supervisors shall be passed by more than
two-thirds of the members of the Board of	half of the members of the Board of
Supervisors.	Supervisors.
The Board of Supervisors shall file	The Board of Supervisors shall file
resolutions on matters discussed at the	resolutions on matters discussed at the
meeting as minutes and the minutes of	meeting as minutes and the minutes of
meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall	meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall
consist of the following:	consist of the following:
(I) 4h - 1-4 1	(I) 41- 1-41 f
(I) the date and venue for convening of	(I) the date and venue for convening of
meeting and the name of convener;	meeting and the name of convener;
(II) the name of the Supervisor present and	(II) the name of the Supervisor present and
name of Supervisor (proxy) being appointed	name of Supervisor (proxy) being appointed
to attend on the other's behalf;	to attend on the other's behalf;
to attend on the other's behan,	to attend on the other's benam,
(III) the agenda of the meeting;	(III) the agenda of the meeting;
()	()
(IV) the main points of the statements of	(IV) the main points of the statements of
Supervisors;	Supervisors (if any);
(V) the voting method and result for each	(V) the voting method and result for each
resolution (the voting results shall clearly	resolution (the voting results shall clearly
state the number of votes for or against the	state the number of votes for or against the
resolution or abstention).	resolution or abstention).
Chapter 7 Supplementary Provisions	Chapter 7 Supplementary Provisions
Article 40 The Rules of Procedure serve as	Article 39 The Rules of Procedure serve as
an appendix to the Articles of Association,	an appendix to the Articles of Association,
and shall come into effect upon the date of	and shall come into effect upon the date of
listing of the overseas listed foreign shares	listing of the overseas listed foreign shares
(H Shares) issued by the Company on the	(H Shares) issued by the Company on the
Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock	Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock
Exchange after being approved by the	Exchange after being approved by the
shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.

NOTICE OF EGM

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同城實業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 9699)

NOTICE OF THE 2023 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 2023 second extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Company") will be held by way of telecommunication on Wednesday, 20 September 2023 at 10 a.m., for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the following resolutions:

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

- 1. To elect Mr. Geng Yankun as a non-executive director of the Company;
- 2. To authorise the board of directors of the Company to determine Mr. Geng Yankun's remuneration as a director.

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 3. To approve the amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company set out in Appendix II to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 4. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' General Meeting set out in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 5. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Board of Directors set out in Appendix IV to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 6. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Supervisory Committee set out in Appendix V to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.

By Order of the Board

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd.

CHAN Fei

Chairman

PRC, 28 August 2023

NOTICE OF EGM

Notes:

- For details of the resolutions to be approved in this EGM, please refer to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023 (the "Circular"). Unless the context requires otherwise, the terms used in this notice of EGM shall have the meaning same as those used in the Circular.
- 2. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the EGM, the register of members of H Shares of the Company will be closed from Friday, 15 September 2023 to Wednesday, 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of H Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the EGM, all transfer documents of H shares accompanied by the relevant shares certificates must be lodged with the Company's H Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 14 September 2023.
- 3. H Share Shareholders and Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders who have the right to attend and vote at the EGM are entitled to appoint one or more proxies (whether or not a Shareholder) to attend and vote on his/her/its behalf. For those Shareholders who appoint more than one proxy, such proxies can only exercise their voting rights by way of poll. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and Proxy Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the EGM shall appoint the chairman of the EGM as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the EGM in accordance with their instructions.
- 4. As set out in the section headed "EGM and Proxy Arrangement" of the Circular, the EGM will be conducted virtually by way of telecommunication video-conference. As Shareholders will not be able to attend the EGM in person, Shareholders who wish to vote at the EGM shall appoint the chairman of the EGM as their proxy by completing the accompanying form of proxy. In order to be valid, the proxy form must be completed and signed in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return it to the Company's H Share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM (for the H Share Shareholders); or to the business address of the Company in the PRC, at Floor 21-22, Shunfeng Headquarters Building, No. 3076 Xinghai Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, PRC not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM (for the Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders).
- 5. If a proxy is appointed to attend the EGM on behalf of a Shareholder, the proxy must produce a proxy form which is signed by the appointer or his/her agent so authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the stamp of the legal person or signed by its director or agent so officially authorized. The proxy form shall specify the number of shares represented by the proxy of the Shareholder. Where a Shareholder appoints more than one proxy, he/she shall specify the number of shares represented by each proxy. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and Proxy Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the EGM shall appoint the chairman of the EGM as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the EGM in accordance with their instructions.
- 6. As set out in the section headed "EGM and Proxy Arrangement" of the Circular, the EGM will be conducted virtually by way of telecommunication video-conference. As Shareholders will not be able to attend the EGM in person, Shareholders who wish to vote at the EGM shall appoint the chairman of the EGM as their proxy by completing the accompanying form of proxy. If the proxy form is signed by another person as authorized by the appointer, the power of attorney or other authorization document must be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorization document must be deposited together with the proxy form at the H Share registrar of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM (for the H Share Shareholders) or the business address of the Company in the PRC, at Floor 21-22, Shunfeng Headquarters Building, No. 3076 Xinghai Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, PRC (for Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders) not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the EGM.
- 7. References to time and dates in this notice are to Hong Kong time and dates.

NOTICE OF UNLISTED SHARE CLASS MEETING

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同城實業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 9699)

NOTICE OF UNLISTED SHARE CLASS MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Unlisted Share Class Meeting of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Company") will be held by way of telecommunication on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, at 10:30 a.m., for the following purposes:

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 1. To approve the amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company set out in Appendix II to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 2. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' General Meeting set out in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 3. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Board of Directors set out in Appendix IV to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 4. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Supervisory Committee set out in Appendix V to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.

By Order of the Board

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd.

CHAN Fei

Chairman

PRC, 28 August 2023

NOTICE OF UNLISTED SHARE CLASS MEETING

Notes:

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those defined in the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 2. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 15 September 2023 to Wednesday, 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be registered. To be entitled to attend and vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting, Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders whose transfer of Unlisted Domestic Shares have not been registered must lodge all transfer instruments accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the business address of the Company in the PRC at Floor 21-22, Shunfeng Headquarters Building, No. 3076 Xinghai Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, PRC for registration at or before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 14 September 2023 (Hong Kong time).
- 3. If a Shareholder appoints more than one proxy to attend the meeting, its proxy can only vote by poll.
- 4. Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders who have the right to attend and vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting are entitled to appoint one or more proxies (whether or not a Shareholder) to attend and vote on his/her/its behalf. For those Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders who appoint more than one proxy, such proxies can only exercise their voting rights by way of poll. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the Unlisted Share Class Meeting as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting in accordance with their instructions.
- 5. If a proxy is appointed to attend the Unlisted Share Class Meeting on behalf of an Unlisted Domestic Share Shareholders, the proxy must produce a proxy form which is signed by the appointer or his/her agent so authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the stamp of the legal person or signed by its director or agent so officially authorized. The proxy form shall specify the number of shares represented by the proxy of the Shareholder. Where a Shareholder appoints more than one proxy, he/she shall specify the number of shares represented by each proxy. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the Unlisted Share Class Meeting as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting in accordance with their instructions.
- 6. As set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, the Unlisted Share Class Meeting will be conducted virtually by way of telecommunication video-conference. As Shareholders will not be able to attend the Unlisted Share Class Meeting in person, Shareholders who wish to vote at the Unlisted Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the Unlisted Share Class Meeting as their proxy by completing the accompanying form of proxy. If the proxy form is signed by another person as authorized by the appointer, the power of attorney or other authorization document must be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorization document must be deposited together with the proxy form at the business address of the Company in the PRC not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the Unlisted Share Class Meeting.
- 7. References to time and dates in this notice are to Hong Kong time and dates.

NOTICE OF H SHARE CLASS MEETING

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. 杭州順豐同城實業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 9699)

NOTICE OF H SHARE CLASS MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the H Share Class Meeting of Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Company") will be held by way of telecommunication on Wednesday, 20 September 2023, at 10:45 a.m., for the following purposes:

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

- 1. To approve the amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company set out in Appendix II to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 2. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' General Meeting set out in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 3. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Board of Directors set out in Appendix IV to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 4. To approve the amendments to the Rules of Procedure of the Supervisory Committee set out in Appendix V to the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.

By Order of the Board

Hangzhou SF Intra-city Industrial Co., Ltd.

CHAN Fei

Chairman

PRC, 28 August 2023

NOTICE OF H SHARE CLASS MEETING

Notes:

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those defined in the circular of the Company dated 28 August 2023.
- 2. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the H Share Class Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 15 September 2023 to Wednesday, 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be registered. To be entitled to attend and vote at the H Share Class Meeting, H Share Shareholders whose transfer of H Shares have not been registered must lodge all transfer instruments accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's H Share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for H Share Shareholders for registration at or before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 14 September 2023 (Hong Kong time).
- 3. If a Shareholder appoints more than one proxy to attend the meeting, its proxy can only vote by poll.
- 4. H Share Shareholders who have the right to attend and vote at the H Share Class Meeting are entitled to appoint one or more proxies (whether or not a Shareholder) to attend and vote on his/her/its behalf. For those H Share Shareholders who appoint more than one proxy, such proxies can only exercise their voting rights by way of poll. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the H Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the H Share Class Meeting as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the H Share Class Meeting in accordance with their instructions.
- 5. If a proxy is appointed to attend the H Share Class Meeting on behalf of a Shareholder, the proxy must produce a proxy form which is signed by the appointer or his/her agent so authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a legal person, sealed by the stamp of the legal person or signed by its director or agent so officially authorized. The proxy form shall specify the number of shares represented by the proxy of the Shareholder. Where a Shareholder appoints more than one proxy, he/she shall specify the number of shares represented by each proxy. However, given the arrangements adopted by the Company as set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, Shareholders who wish to vote at the H Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the H Share Class Meeting as their proxy to exercise their rights to vote at the H Share Class Meeting in accordance with their instructions.
- 6. As set out in the section headed "EGM and the Class Meetings Arrangement" of the Circular, the H Share Class Meeting will be conducted virtually by way of telecommunication video-conference. As Shareholders will not be able to attend the H Share Class Meeting in person, Shareholders who wish to vote at the H Share Class Meeting shall appoint the chairman of the H Share Class Meeting as their proxy by completing the accompanying form of proxy. If the proxy form is signed by another person as authorized by the appointer, the power of attorney or other authorization document must be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorization document must be deposited together with the proxy form at the H Share registrar of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the H Share Class Meeting.
- 7. References to time and dates in this notice are to Hong Kong time and dates.