

ibotech 艾伯科技

IBO Technology Company Limited
艾伯科技股份有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號 : 2708

5G

2022/2023
ANNUAL REPORT
年報

CORPORATE PHILOSOPHY 公司理念

By upholding the corporate tenet of

Intelligent Security & Integrative Focus

The Company provides its customer base with intelligent, reliable and innovative products alongside premier and precise technical services. With the Pearl River Delta region as its core, the Company extends its business network across the country. The Company continues to explore infinity, advance forward, and strive for innovation. In the future, by persisting in its brand and philosophy that "your city is more secure with IBO", the Company is committed to introducing to its new and existing customers a growing number of innovative technologies and premier products and services.

公司秉承

智能安全 專注一體化

的企業宗旨，為廣大客戶提供智能、可靠、創新的產品及優質嚴謹的技術服務。公司業務以珠三角為核心，覆蓋至全國各地。開拓進取，銳意創新。未來，公司將繼續秉持「艾伯，讓城市更安全」的品牌理念，竭誠為新老客戶提供源源不斷的創新技術及優質的產品與服務。



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lai Tse Ming (*Chairman*)
Mr. Gao Weilong (*Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Liang Jun (*Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Li Yang (*Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Teng Feng
Mr. Yu Kin Keung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. He Tianxiang
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan
Mr. Hung Muk Ming
Mr. Liu Ping

BOARD OF COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Hung Muk Ming (*Chairman*)
Dr. He Tianxiang
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan

Remuneration Committee

Dr. Wong Kwok Yan (*Chairman*)
Mr. Gao Weilong
Dr. He Tianxiang

Nomination Committee

Mr. Lai Tse Ming (*Chairman*)
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan
Mr. Hung Muk Ming

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Pang Chun Yip (*Member of HKICPA*)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lai Tse Ming
Mr. Yu Kin Keung

PRINCIPAL BANKS

China Construction Bank Corporation
Hua Xia Bank Co., Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Hang Seng Bank Limited

AUDITORS

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Tsim Sha Tsui East
Kowloon
Hong Kong

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Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

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Shenzhen, PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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Hong Kong

CORPORATE INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited
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Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681
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Cayman Islands

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Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
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Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Wan Chai, Hong Kong

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.ibotech.hk

STOCK CODE

2708

CONTACT INFORMATION

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ABOUT IBO

Established in April 2000, the Group is a listed high and new technology enterprise as well as a leading provider of Industrial IoT solutions and services as well as industrial digitalisation solutions and services in the PRC. The Shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since December 2017 (Stock code: 2708.HK).

IOT + 5G + ITAI — CHINA'S LEADING DIGITAL SOLUTIONS AND SERVICES PROVIDER

As one of the first companies in China to engage in the research, development and application of IoT technology, the Company has been working in the IoT field for 20 years, providing IoT intelligent terminal products, solutions and services to customers from various industries. The Company has seized the timely opportunities offered by 5G communication, industrial Internet, digital transformation and Information Technology Application Innovation ("ITAI") to deepen the deployment of the "IoT + 5G + ITAI" industry chain vertically and integrate advanced technologies such as cloud computing, artificial intelligence, big data, block chain, edge computing and quantum computing horizontally with a view to enhancing the research, development and service capabilities of the Company's products, continuing to deliver innovative industrial digitisation solutions and services to our customers, and continuing to expand our business areas. After years of unremitting efforts, the Company's business has grown rapidly into a comprehensive high-tech enterprise group spanning various business fields such as urban public safety management, smart fire-fighting, smart agriculture, urban public utility management, smart education, smart transportation, smart construction and Industry 4.0, etc., owning a number of high-tech enterprises as well as specialised and innovative enterprise.

STRONG TECHNICAL TEAM AND R&D CAPABILITY

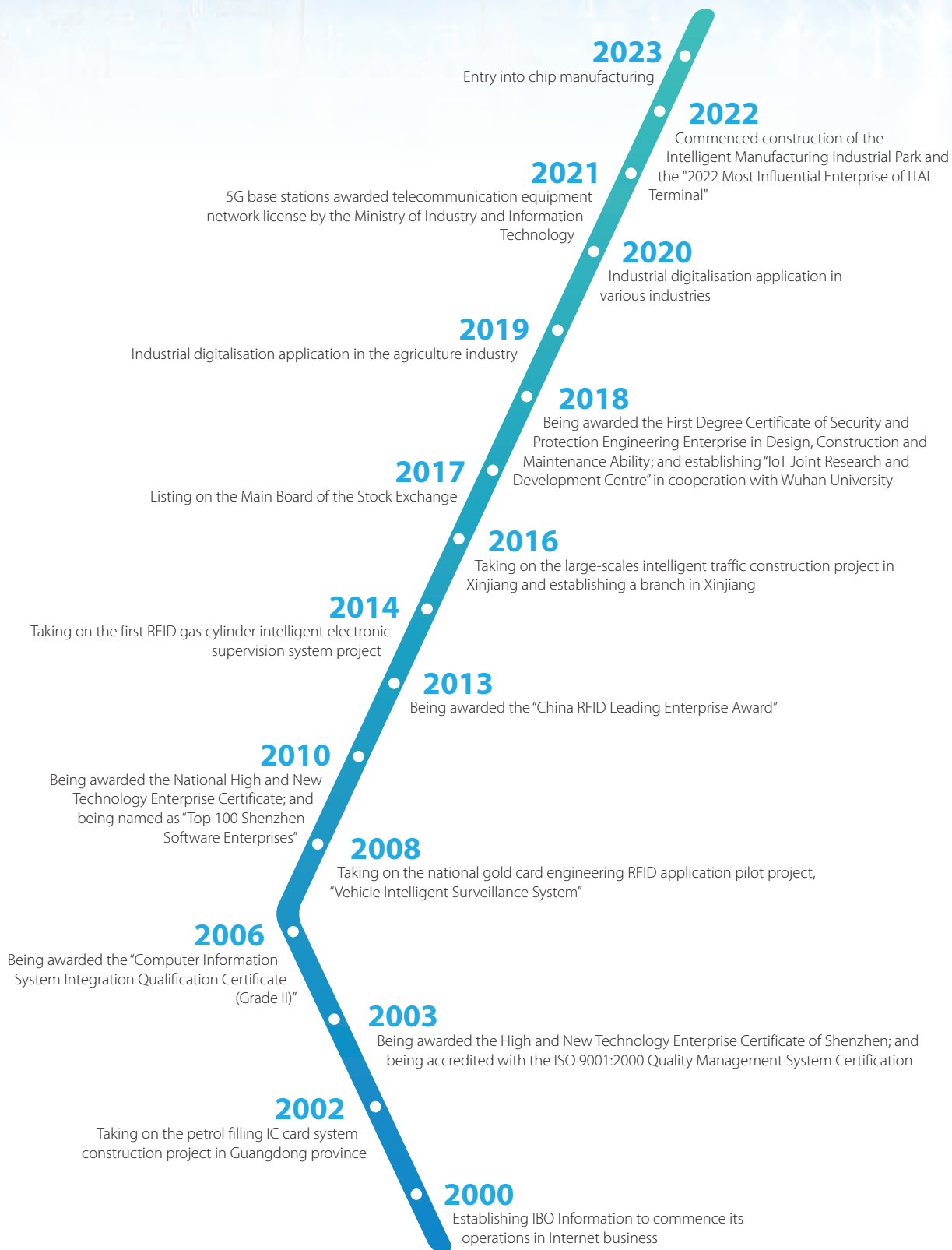
The Company has a strong technical team and robust research and development capabilities, with a group of highly qualified talents with doctorate and master's degrees, and possesses core technologies with independent intellectual property rights. We have obtained hundreds of intellectual property rights including invention patents, utility models patents and software copyrights. The Company has conducted extensive technical exchanges and industry-academia-research cooperation with renowned universities and research institutes in China, and has engaged in a number of joint development and transformation initiatives of technical achievements in areas such as artificial intelligence, big data, cloud computing, block chain, edge computing, 5G and quantum computing, effectively bolstering the growth of the Company's technology and innovative capabilities.

FUTURE VISION

In the future, the Group will uphold the spirit of Shenzhen in the new era, which embodies "the daring to forge ahead and try, openness and tolerance, pragmatism and lawfulness, and the pursuit of excellence", closely follow national policies and development plans, continue to increase investment in research and development, continue to expand the depth and breadth of various information technology applications, integrate upstream and downstream resources in the industry chain, deepen and expand in the field of Industrial IoT and industrial digitalisation, and jointly build a industrial digitalisation multi-ecosystem landscape through collaboration and working together to create a win-win situation for the development of the enterprise.

ABOUT IBO

HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to announce the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Year").

During the year, China's economy recovered at a pace slower than expected and recorded its second worst performance since 1976. It was due to the lingering impact of the 2019 Coronavirus pandemic, slow global economic growth and the intensifying Russia-Ukraine conflict. Although China's economic growth regained its momentum in the first quarter of 2023, the road to recovery is not easy due to the highly uncertain outlook of the global growth and the persisting structural problems. The Group's revenue for the Year decreased by 13.3% to approximately RMB907.27 million, compared to approximately RMB1,046.3 million in 2022, due to the decline in revenue from the Group's intelligent terminal products sales business, system integration business and software development business during the year as a result of the overall poor market environment in China. Together with the significant increase in impairment losses under expected credit loss model (net of reversal), the significant decrease in gross profit and other net losses recorded, the loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB243.56 million (profit attributable to owners of the Company for 2022 was approximately RMB14.66 million).

As a national high-tech enterprise that designs, develops and provides customers with ITAI terminals, 5G communication networks and AI IoT products as well as industry digitisation solutions, the Group has been able to forge ahead in the challenging economic environment in China during the year, implementing a number of key initiatives, including adopting a prudent and solid business strategy, proactively exploring new tracks and appointing new management. The Group has continued to develop its businesses with a prudent and pragmatic approach, actively seeking out potential opportunities to strengthen its corporate infrastructure.

During the Year, the central and local governments have continued to introduce favourable policies related to ITAI and 5G, and have repeatedly emphasised "technological self-reliance and self-improvement", reflecting the increased importance the country attaches to the two major industries of ITAI and 5G. With increasing government input, this will certainly bring a new wave of strong growth momentum to the related industries. The Group strives to maintain a balance between capturing the potential of the industry and maintaining its own development trajectory, in order to make progress in a stable manner and develop its core business foundation steadily rather than blindly pursuing growth in business scale, and remains steadfast in its commitment to achieving long-term and stable profitability.

In addition, in order to capture the golden opportunities arising from the booming high technology development, on 29 May 2023, the Company, IBO Intelligent, the Original Yixin Shareholders (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) and Hangzhou Yixin Micro Technology Co., Ltd.* (杭州一芯微科技有限公司) ("**Hangzhou Yixin**") entered into an investment and acquisition agreement, pursuant to which (i) IBO Intelligent conditionally agreed to invest an amount in RMB which is equal to HK\$40,000,000 (equivalent to RMB36,035,600) in Hangzhou Yixin in order to hold 5.00% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin upon the completion; and (ii) after the completion and the completion of the Restructuring (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023), the Company shall have the Right (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) to proceed with the Further Investment (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) such that the Group will hold an aggregate of 35% to 46% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin.

Hangzhou Yixin is a high-tech company mainly engaged in the design and development of constant voltage and constant power air flow sensor chips, as well as the production and sales of modules. With confidence in the future of the chip manufacturing market in the PRC, the Group intends to further invest in Hangzhou Yixin in the future, and intensify its efforts to develop the chip manufacturing business as one of the Group's future development focuses. The Group firmly believes that the chip manufacturing industry will experience explosive growth in scale as chips have emerged as a core part of the information technology development at the country-level, and it is expected that the shortage in the market will continue. Hangzhou Yixin with huge investment potential will help the Group diversify its hardware business, enter into the chip manufacturing industry, achieve breakthroughs in its business and stay at the forefront of the industry, thus enhancing the Group's core competitiveness in the long run.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

In addition, Hangzhou Yixin's business is expected to create strong synergies with the Group's three major businesses, providing a stable supply of raw materials for the Group's ITAI products on the one hand, and strengthening the Group's strength in the research and development and production of ITAI products on the other. Furthermore, entering the chip manufacturing industry will help the Group enhance its business diversification, expand its revenue streams and generate substantial returns in the long run, so as to ride on the policy to grow steadily in the new era of technology and innovation.

In order to accelerate the Group's business development, the Group appointed Mr. Li Yang as an executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company in March 2023. Mr. Li has held various senior management positions in a number of capital investment and entity enterprises, and has extensive industry experience in internet, information technology and other businesses. The Group believes that given Mr. Li's extensive industry experience, he will enable the Group to continuously improve its governance and lead the Group to a new era of rapid development in the future.

Looking ahead, the Group will closely monitor the latest market developments and continue to pursue a prudent business expansion strategy. We will endeavour to capitalise on the post-pandemic recovery of the China market, promote growth in business scale through multi-pronged approaches, continue to seek innovation and breakthroughs in research and development, provide quality products and services to our customers, and develop our diversified businesses in firm and pragmatic strides.

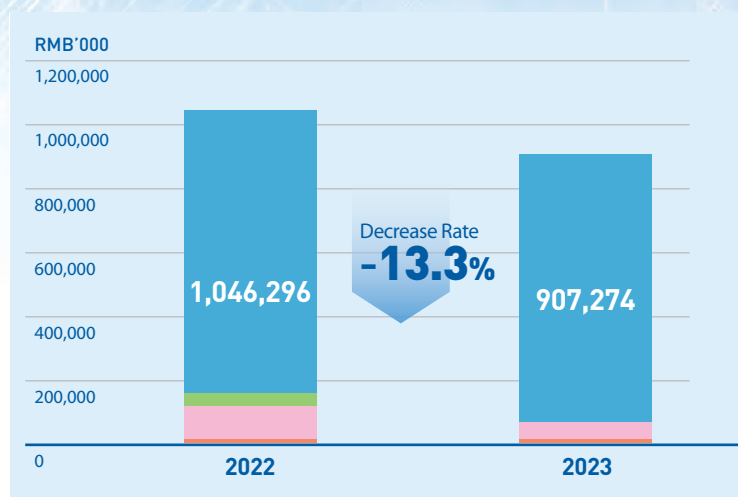
Finally, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, investors and business partners for their unfailing support and trust, and to all our staff for their persistent contributions over the past year. In the future, the Group will continue to forge ahead amid the challenging market environment and create maximum value for all shareholders.

Mr. Lai Tse Ming

Chairman & Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2023

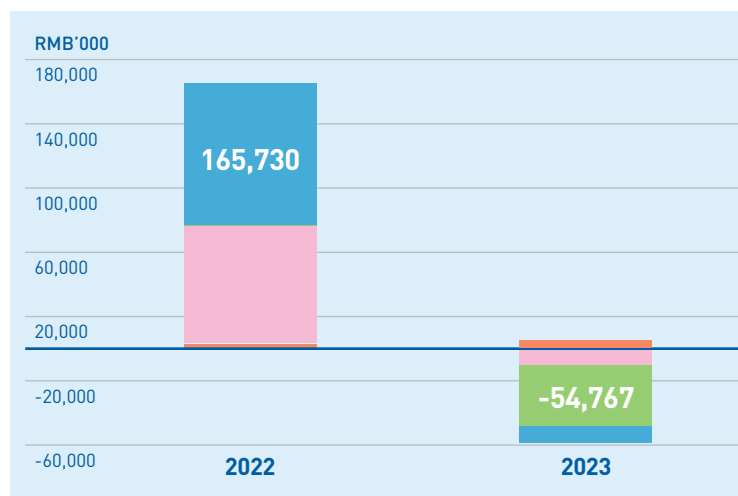
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



Revenue by Business Segments

- Intelligent terminal products sales
- System integration
- Software development
- System maintenance services

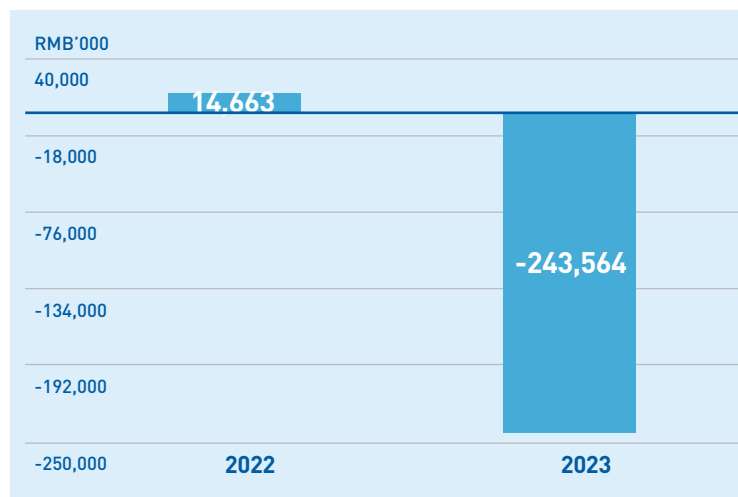
For the year ended 31 March



Gross Profit/Loss by Business Segments

- Intelligent terminal products sales
- System integration
- Software development
- System maintenance services

For the year ended 31 March



Profit/Loss attributable to owners of the Company

For the year ended 31 March

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

The Group is a national high-tech enterprise that designs, researches and develops and provides customers with ITAI electronic terminals, 5G communication network and artificial intelligence (“AI”) IoT products, as well as industrial digital solutions. The Group’s three main businesses are ITAI Information Technology (“IT”) (terminal products and industry solutions), 5G (communication equipment and private network solutions) and IoT (products and solutions), and is committed to providing services to customers in public and private sectors.

In terms of ITAI IT products, the Group is committed to providing high-quality purely domestically-produced IT products, mainly including notebooks, tablets, all-in-one PCs, desktop PCs and industrial gateway servers, etc. For 5G indoor coverage products, the Group has developed its own 5G pico base station finished products with full proprietary intellectual property rights. In addition, leveraging on our excellent IoT product technology, as the era of big data and AI technology arrives, the Group rapidly upgrades its proprietary IoT technology and combines it with ITAI electronic product technology and 5G communication network technology, creating synergies, aiming to provide one-stop industrial digital solutions for enterprise customers.

MARKET REVIEW

The Negative Impact of the Pandemic Continues to be a Serious Challenge to PRC’s Economic Growth

During the Year, the Group’s business was hard-hit by internal and external problems. Domestically, widespread lockdown and historic downturn in the property market were caused by the outbreak of 2019 Coronavirus (the “**Pandemic**”). Internationally, the Russian-Ukrainian war and the trade tension between China and the United States posed a huge impact on the international situation. All the above factors resulted in the record of the second lowest economic growth rate of the PRC in half a century in 2022, that its GDP growth was only 3%, well below the official estimate of 5.5%. During the Year, PRC’s strict anti-epidemic measures led to contraction of demand on the one hand, and restrictions on the human mobility and instability of logistics and transportation on the other, resulting in the suspension of operation and production in many factories and enterprises. Under such situation, it was more difficult for enterprises to absorb costs, particularly the difficulties in production and operation for micro, small and medium-sized enterprises have become more severe, which affected the stability of the supply chain and further slowed down the pace of economic recovery.

The PRC government has gradually relaxed its epidemic prevention policies since December 2022, when the State Council of the PRC issued the “Ten New Rules” on epidemic prevention and control measures. Consumer demand, which had been refrained for a long time, has improved, especially household consumption has recovered more rapidly, but the international situation is still unclear and the demand, labour force, production and supply chain in the PRC have yet to get back on track. At the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference and the National People’s Congress held in March 2023, the PRC government’s work report set an economic growth target of around 5% for 2023, which was the lowest target in nearly three decades.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MARKET REVIEW (Continued)

PRC's Breakthroughs in Innovation and the Rise of Importance of the ITAI Industry

As the core area of the digital economy and technological innovation, the ITAI industry is the gear that enhances the development of the industrial chain, and is the key to promoting the digital transformation of the national economy and enhancing the country's autonomous control strength. With the rapid development of IT, practical applications are expanding to include information security, cloud computing, big data, AI and industrial internet, etc., the ITAI industry has become the top priority in the development of national strategies. In order to continuously improve and expand the development of the ITAI industry, the central government has continued to introduce relevant supporting policies and development strategies. In October 2022, at the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the government repeatedly mentioned the need to safeguard its national security, thus, it is imperative to accelerate the development of the ITAI industry as it's an important part to in line with the broad theme of national security and enrich the national system. In February 2023, the central government launched the "Digital China Construction Overall Layout Plan" (《數字中國建設整體佈局規劃》) to actively cultivate and strengthen the core industries of the digital economy and build a digital industry cluster with international competitiveness.

"Digital China" Leads the Nation's Construction, 5G Development Enters a Critical Period

Since 2021, the central government has been issuing policies to strongly support the development of 5G industry, such as the "14th Five-Year Plan for Digital Economy Development" and the "14th Five-Year National Information Plan", 5G technology has been developing in the PRC, and the industry application scenarios have been broadening, becoming a new engine in the construction of "Digital China". In order to continue to stimulate new vitality in 5G application innovation and achieve continuous breakthroughs in the depth and breadth of 5G applications, the central and local governments have been strengthening their support. Guided by the "'Set Sail' Action Plan for 5G Applications (2021–2023)" (《5G應用「揚帆」行動計劃(2021–2023年)》), various ministries and local governments have introduced supportive policies, and the construction of 5G base stations is steadily advancing. By the end of February 2023, the total number of 5G base stations in the PRC has reached 2,384,000, accounting for over 60% of the world's total.

During the Year, with years of experience in technology innovation, the Group has steadily developed its three business segments — 5G, ITAI IT and IoT. Given that these three business segments are closely connected in terms of underlying technologies, application technologies, supply chain projects and business models, the Group has been actively promoting the synergy effect to create brand new business models and industrial ecosystems, thus providing one-stop industrial digital solutions to satisfy the demand of customers in different industries.

However, the overall economic environment in the PRC was stagnant in the second half of the year, and a number of industries, including those in which the Group and the Group's customers operate, were affected to varying degrees and the overall operating conditions were unsatisfactory. In view of this, in order to maintain a healthy financial position, the Group took a prudent and pragmatic approach to its businesses in the second half of the year, rather than blindly pursuing growth in business scale, in order to build a corporate moat and strengthen itself in the face of the uncertain market environment.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year, the Group's results were categorised into four main sectors, including (i) intelligent terminal products sales; (ii) system integration; (iii) software development; and (iv) system maintenance services. Customers of the Group are from both public and private sectors in the PRC, such as PRC government agencies, large state-owned enterprises and private enterprises.

Revenue breakdown by business segments is set out below:

	For the year ended 31 March			
	2023		2022	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
Intelligent terminal products sales	842,607	92.9	891,369	85.2
System integration	434	0.0	39,819	3.8
Software development	52,463	5.8	104,232	10.0
System maintenance services	11,770	1.3	10,876	1.0
Total	907,274	100.0	1,046,296	100.0

Intelligent terminal products sales

During the Year, the Group focused on the development, production and sales of customised IoT smart terminals to customers. Revenue from the IoT intelligent terminal products sales business only recorded a year-on-year decrease of approximately 5.5% to approximately RMB842.61 million (2022: approximately RMB891.37 million), despite the poor general market conditions in the PRC during the Year. This business continues to be the largest contributor to the Group's revenue, accounting for 92.9% of its total revenue.

During the Year, the Group's major customers included: (i) a technology company in Beijing principally engaged in IoT business, to which the Group sold comprehensive transportation detection system, smart IC card, RFID label, RF digital transmission module, storage module, flow acquisition module, communication module, master control module, DIP module, voltage detection module, sound and light display module, active electronic tag communication module, active electronic tag antenna feeder module, active electronic tag master control module, etc.; (ii) a company in Zhejiang principally engaged in electronic technology, to which the Group sold main board; (iii) a company in Zhejiang principally engaged in electronic technology for telecommunications equipment, to which the Group sold main board and PCBA; (iv) a business consulting company in Shenzhen, to which the Group sold electronic tags and passive tags; (v) a technology company in Sichuan providing drone-related services, to which the Group sold integrated circuits; (vi) a technology company in Jiangsu providing precision technology, to which the Group sold integrated circuits; and (vii) a technology company in Guangzhou providing anti-counterfeiting technology, to which the Group sold integrated circuits.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

System integration

Based on the analysis and assessment of customers' needs, the Group provides customers with integrated and customised system solutions based on IoT and related technologies, including overall system planning, development and design, system equipment procurement, system software and hardware equipment integration, system implementation, pilot runs, as well as system management and maintenance. The Group's revenue from the system integration business is derived from one-off projects with fluctuating revenue as compared to other segments. Affected by the suspension of operation and production in a number of industries last year, the Group's system integration business recorded a revenue of approximately RMB0.43 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB39.82 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 98.9% and accounting for 0.05% of the Group's total revenue.

During the Year, the Group's major customer included a telecommunication operator in Changzhou, to which the Group conducted overall planning and design and provided technical services and protection for its equipment procurement project system integration service project.

Software development

The Group plans and designs the software system frameworks and function lists for customers and provides customised software application development services based on their business and management needs. Leveraging on its strong software development capabilities, the Group has been providing quality software application development services to serve customers in different industries for many years. The Group's software development business recorded a revenue of approximately RMB52.46 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB104.23 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 49.7% and accounting for 5.8% of the Group's total revenue.

During the Year, the Group's major customers included: (i) a technology company in Beijing principally engaged in IoT business, to which the Group developed card issuance sub-system, smart fire-fighting cloud platform and digital industrial park innovation service platform; (ii) a technology company in Beijing which processed and sold smart cards, to which the Group developed IoT RFID product inspection and testing system and AID system software; (iii) a company in Shenzhen engaged in the research and development and sales of software products, to which the Group developed operation management and maintenance support system projects; (iv) a company in Guangzhou engaged in the international export logistics and cross-border e-commerce foreign trade, to which the Group provided specialised development and technical services for its digital logistics management system; and (v) a business consulting and electronic products sales company in Shenzhen, to which the Group provided specialised development and technical services for its digital logistics management system.

System maintenance services

The Group provides software and hardware system maintenance services for information systems, including system equipment maintenance and management, database maintenance, daily system monitoring and system upgrade, etc. The Group's system maintenance services business maintained a steady growth during the Year, with a revenue of approximately RMB11.77 million (2022: approximately RMB10.88 million), representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 8.2% and accounting for 1.3% of the Group's total revenue.

The Group's major customer during the Year included an oil company in the PRC, to which the Group provided information system and equipment maintenance services, including fuel card control system equipment, card issuance network equipment, Easy Joy convenience store network equipment, plain invoice system equipment, centralised control system equipment, back office computer equipment, IoT system, self-service equipment, data, and upgrade, training and technical consultation.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue for the Year decreased year-on-year by 13.3% to approximately RMB907.27 million (2022: approximately RMB1,046.30 million), which was mainly due to the year-on-year decrease of the Group's revenue from the intelligent terminal products sales business, system integration business and software development business of approximately 5.5%, 98.9% and 49.7% respectively during the Year resulting from the overall poor market conditions in the PRC.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

During the Year, the Group's gross profit decreased by 47.4% to approximately RMB93.90 million (2022: approximately RMB178.60 million), which was mainly due to the year-on-year decrease of the Group's revenue from the intelligent terminal products sales business, system integration business and software development business of approximately 5.5%, 98.9% and 49.7% respectively during the Year resulting from the overall poor market conditions in the PRC. Gross profit margin decreased year-on-year by 6.8 percentage points to 10.3% (2022: 17.1%), mainly due to the increase in the revenue from the intelligent terminal products sales business with relatively low gross profit margin accounted for 92.9% of the Group's total revenue for the Year, which increased year-on-year from 85.2% in 2022.

Other income

The Group's other income for the Year included (i) interest income from bank; (ii) rental income from investment properties; (iii) government grants; (iv) interest income from other receivables; (v) imputed interest from leases; and (vi) others. Other income increased by 11.5% to approximately RMB7.04 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB6.32 million), maintaining at a generally stable level.

Other losses, net

The Group's other losses, net amounted to approximately RMB54.59 million for the Year (2022: other gains, net of approximately RMB3.66 million). Such change was mainly due to (i) foreign exchange losses, net was recorded for the Year while foreign exchange gain, net was recorded in 2022; (ii) gain on change in fair value of derivative component of the convertible bonds of approximately RMB13.83 million was recorded in 2022 while there was no such gain for the Year and (iii) impairment loss on goodwill of approximately RMB3.6 million and written off of intangible assets of approximately RMB36.2 million were recorded for the Year while there was no such impairment loss and written off were recorded in 2022.

The impairment loss on goodwill for the Year of approximately RMB3.6 million is related to the acquisition of the Weitu Group. Further details of such acquisition are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 13 September 2018, 21 September 2018, 17 September 2019, 11 December 2020 and 25 May 2022. During the Year, the Weitu Group's system integration business was hit hard by the Pandemic restrictions, which resulted in its operations coming to a halt as client site works could not be performed. Therefore, for the sake of prudence, the Group has adjusted the expectation of system integration business downward accordingly, resulting in the impairment loss on goodwill.

The written off intangible assets for the Year of approximately RMB36.2 million is related to the Group's software. As above-mentioned, there was a decrease in the Group's revenue from the system integration business and software development business of approximately 98.9% and 49.7% respectively during the Year. And the revenue from the intelligent terminal products sales business accounted for 92.9% of the Group's total revenue for the Year, which increased year-on-year from 85.2% in 2022. During the Year, the revenue generated from the software was insufficient. The management performed an impairment assessment of the software accordingly, resulting in the written off intangible assets for the sake of prudence.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Share of results of associates

The Group's share of results of associates during the Year was primarily attributable to the investments mentioned in the section headed "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS — FINANCIAL REVIEW — Significant investment" in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal

The Group's impairment losses under expected credit loss ("ECL") model, net of reversal for the Year included changes in ECLs during the Year for financial assets, such as rental deposits, trade receivables, other receivables and contract assets. During the Year, the impairment losses under ECL model, net of reversal increased substantially by 879.2% to approximately RMB151.00 million (2022: approximately RMB15.42 million). This was mainly due to (i) an increase in the Group's total trade receivables of approximately RMB525.69 million to approximately RMB1,429.05 million as at 31 March 2023 from approximately RMB903.36 million as at 31 March 2022, resulting in a significant increase in the total trade receivables subject to impairment assessment based on the expected credit loss model during the Year; and (ii) an increase in the ageing of the Group's trade receivables as at 31 March 2023 as a result of the adverse overall market conditions in the PRC during the Year. The Group's total trade receivables aged between 181 and 365 days as at 31 March 2023 increased by approximately RMB202.29 million to approximately RMB299.94 million from approximately RMB97.65 million as at 31 March 2022, while the Group's total trade receivables aged over 365 days as at 31 March 2023 increased by approximately RMB98.81 million to approximately RMB264.63 million from approximately RMB165.82 million as at 31 March 2022. Therefore, the Group increased the overall estimated loss ratio universally when reviewing the credit ratings of the trade receivables for the sake of prudence.

Subsequent settlement in respect of trade receivables

Despite the above-mentioned large increase in the Group's ECLs for the Year, there were subsequent settlements of the trade receivables that amounted to approximately RMB384.5 million, which represented approximately 26.9% of the total balance of trade receivables as at 31 March 2023. All of the subsequent settlements were in cash.

In particular, in respect of customer A, approximately RMB140.51 million, representing all of its gross trade receivables balance as at 31 March 2023, were subsequently settled. In respect of customer B, RMB80 million, representing approximately 52.8% of its gross trade receivables balance as at 31 March 2023, were subsequently settled. They are new customers and well-capitalised. Also in respect of customer C, the gross trade receivable balance was approximately RMB236.46 million as at 31 March 2023 of which approximately RMB24.00 million was subsequently settled, representing 10.2% of the gross amount of customer C. The Group has a long business relationship with customer C. The Group believes that this outstanding trade receivable will be settled.

Distribution and selling expenses

The Group's distribution and selling expenses maintained at a generally stable level, and recorded approximately RMB6.89 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB8.05 million).

Administrative expenses

The Group's administrative expenses maintained at a generally stable level, and recorded approximately RMB59.31 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB62.62 million).

Equity-settled share-based payments

During the Year, the Group's equity-settled share-based payments increased by 92.7% to approximately RMB54.91 million (2022: approximately RMB28.49 million), mainly due to the fact that the Company's share options granted during the Year vested immediately on the date of grant and therefore the related share option expenses were not spread, whereas the Company's share options granted in 2022 have a vesting period and the related share option expenses were spread over the vesting period.

Finance costs

The Group's finance costs maintained at a generally stable level, and recorded approximately RMB19.75 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB18.29 million).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Research and development expenses

The Group's research and development expenses increased by 216.4% to approximately RMB39.65 million for the Year (2022: approximately RMB12.53 million), which was mainly due to the increase in resources investing in research and development expenses as the Group's performance is expected to improve in the future.

Income tax expense

During the Year, the Group's income tax expenses decreased by 59.3% to approximately RMB8.10 million (2022: approximately RMB19.89 million), which was mainly due to the decrease of PRC enterprise income tax provision for the Year.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company

Based on the above factors, the Group recorded loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB243.56 million for the Year (2022: profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB14.66 million), which was mainly due to (i) the impairment losses under ECL model, net of reversal for the Year increased substantially as compared with 2022; (ii) gross profit for the Year decreased significantly as compared with 2022; and (iii) other losses, net was recorded for the Year while other gains, net was recorded in 2022.

Capital structure, liquidity and financial resources

The Group has adopted a strict financial management policy, and its financial position remained sound. As at 31 March 2023, the Group's net current assets were approximately RMB323.79 million (31 March 2022: approximately RMB324.25 million).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's bank balances and cash were approximately RMB206.72 million (31 March 2022: approximately RMB243.61 million), and pledged bank deposits were approximately RMB14.00 million (31 March 2022: nil). The current ratio (a ratio of current assets to current liabilities) was approximately 1.2 times (31 March 2022: approximately 1.4 times).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's total bank and other borrowings were approximately RMB117.32 million (31 March 2022: approximately RMB33.44 million).

The Company issued and renewed bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$62,534,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB54,661,000) for the Year (2022: HK\$85,210,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB70,108,000)). As at 31 March 2023, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of bonds of the Company was HK\$120,754,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB100,555,000) (31 March 2022: HK\$116,510,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB90,866,000)). The bonds are transferable subject to the consent from the Company. The bonds will become due on the 1 to 2 anniversary of the issue date of the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 1% to 9% per annum, payable annually in arrears. Such proceeds will be used for general working capital of the Group.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Capital structure, liquidity and financial resources (Continued)

During the Year, the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$7,040,000 were exercised at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.6 per conversion share and converted into 4,400,000 conversion shares (with an aggregate nominal value of HK\$44,000), and the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds with the principal amount of HK\$12,456,000 were exercised at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.73 per conversion share and converted into 7,200,000 conversion shares (with an aggregate nominal value of HK\$72,000). Up until now, the convertible bonds issued by the Company on 3 April 2019 and 10 July 2019 have been fully converted into conversion shares. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2019, 3 April 2019, 10 June 2019 and 10 July 2019.

During the Year, 40,000,000 subscription shares were allotted and issued to Shine Well by the Company with total proceeds of HK\$60,000,000. For details, please refer to the section headed “Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate” below in this report.

On 28 March 2023, the Company (as the issuer) and Yuet Sheung International Securities Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the placing agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, places to subscribe for the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$92,400,000 at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.54 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). Maturity date will be the last day of the two-year period from the issue date, with 8% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds payable on the maturity date. On 28 March 2023, being the date on which the terms of issue to be determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.54 per Share. Further details are set out in the section headed “EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD — Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$53,592,000 under 2022 General Mandate” in this report and the announcement of the Company dated 28 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, the placing has not completed.

As at 31 March 2023, the authorised share capital of the Company was HK\$10 million divided into 1,000,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.01 each, and the issued share capital of the Company was approximately HK\$6.6732 million divided into 667,318,773 Shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Gearing ratio

As at 31 March 2023, the Group’s gearing ratio (calculated by dividing total borrowings (including bank and other borrowings and bonds payables) by total equity) was approximately 39.5% (31 March 2022: approximately 24.4%, calculated by dividing total borrowings (including bank and other borrowings, bonds payables and convertible bonds) by total equity).

Currency risk

The Group had exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates because some monetary assets and monetary liabilities are denominated in currencies other than functional currency. The Group currently does not have any foreign currency hedging policy. The Directors will monitor foreign exchange exposure closely and consider the use of hedging instruments when necessary.

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (31 March 2022: nil).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Pledge of the Group's assets

As at 31 March 2023, (i) investment properties with an aggregate fair value of approximately RMB20,520,000 (31 March 2022: approximately RMB21,000,000); (ii) the Group's equity interest in IBO Communication (31 March 2022: nil); and (iii) trade receivables with carrying amount of approximately RMB236,463,000 (31 March 2022: approximately RMB167,382,000) have been pledged to the banks as security for the bank borrowings granted to the Group. Bank deposits amounting to approximately RMB14,000,000 (31 March 2022: nil) have also been pledged to the banks as at 31 March 2023.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's listed securities of aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB36,181,000 (31 March 2022: nil) were pledged by the Group to secure a margin account payable.

Material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associates

Entering into Investment Agreement with Fucheng District People's Government and the Discloseable Transaction of Formation of Joint Venture

On 25 July 2022, in order to actively promote the "IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project"* (艾伯科技智能製造產業園項目) (the "**IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project**") to be launched in Fucheng District, Mianyang City, the People's Government of Fucheng District, Mianyang City* (綿陽市涪城區人民政府) ("**Fucheng District People's Government**") pays high attention to the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project, and has arranged several relevant departments to have various negotiations with the Company, Shenzhen IBO Holdings Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯控股有限公司) ("**IBO Holdings**"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shenzhen IBO IT Application Innovation Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯信創科技有限公司) ("**IBO IT Application Innovation**") in details on the location, construction and business terms, etc., and has entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding concerning the relevant matters on the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project.

On 30 September 2022, IBO Holdings, IBO IT Application Innovation and Fucheng District People's Government entered into the project investment agreements, pursuant to which the parties thereto conditionally agreed with the details of the cooperation and the corresponding rights and obligations in respect of the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project. On the same day, IBO Holdings, IBO IT Application Innovation and Sichuan Fuchuang Development Group Limited* (四川涪創發展集團有限公司) ("**Fuchuang Development**") entered into the JV Investment Agreement, pursuant to which the parties thereto conditionally agreed to establish the Project Company to implement the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project.

The Board believes that the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project will benefit from the advanced development of innovative technology in Mianyang City, showing the trust of Fucheng District People's Government in the Group by launching preferential policies to support the Group's ITAI business, co-building the ITAI base, and accelerating the Group's development in the ITAI industry. The PRC government has a keen demand for the ITAI products. The joint establishment of the Project Company with Fucheng District People's Government will bring great synergistic effects on promoting the sales of the ITAI products. The IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project also gathers upstream and downstream enterprises in the ITAI industry chain, resulting in a relatively complete industry chain, which can give full play to the strong synergistic effect of the industrial cluster as well as strengthen the Group's research and development capabilities, improve the production capabilities with better control of costs, and enhance the competitiveness.

* For identification purpose only

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associates (Continued)

Entering into Investment Agreement with Fucheng District People's Government and the Discloseable Transaction of Formation of Joint Venture (Continued)

In addition, Fuchuang Development is a state-owned company with established business presence in Fucheng District, Mianyang City in Sichuan Province. It is expected that the Group will be able to leverage the resources and expertise of such joint venture partner and gain access to new business opportunities and further depth in its business development along the technology industry.

In order to speed up the process of the implementation of the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project at the request of the joint venture partners, after further discussions, on 19 October 2022 (after trading hours), IBO Holdings entered into the supplemental agreement to the JV Investment Agreement with IBO IT Application Innovation, Fuchuang Development, Mianyang Zhigu Enterprise Incubation Management Co., Ltd.* (綿陽智谷企業孵化管理有限公司) and Mianyang IBO Intelligence Company Limited* (綿陽艾伯智能有限公司) as the Project Company, pursuant to which the parties thereto agreed to amend the terms of the JV Investment Agreement.

The Board considers that the investment agreements (as supplemented by the supplemental JV Investment Agreement) and the formation of the Project Company are on normal commercial terms, fair and reasonable, and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 25 July 2022, 30 September 2022, 19 October 2022 and 28 October 2022.

Material Disposal

During the Year, the Group did not have any material disposal of subsidiaries or associates.

* For identification purpose only

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associates (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate

On 13 September 2018, Upright Joy Limited (“**Upright Joy**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the following agreements relating to the acquisition of 51.7321% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap Limited (“**Bright Leap**”) (the “**Acquisition of Bright Leap**”):

- (1) the first sale and purchase agreement (the “**First Sale and Purchase Agreement**”) with, among others, Wisdom Galore Limited (“**Wisdom Galore**”), pursuant to which Wisdom Galore has conditionally agreed to sell and Upright Joy has conditionally agreed to acquire 47% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap, which shall be settled by (i) RMB27,520,000 in cash; and (ii) the allotment and issuance of up to 27,318,773 consideration shares based on the issue price of HK\$2.0 under the 2018 General Mandate by the Company to Wisdom Galore. The consideration shares may be adjusted under the guaranteed profit arrangement; and
- (2) the second sale and purchase agreement with, among others, Thriving Ascend Limited (“**Thriving Ascend**”), pursuant to which Thriving Ascend has conditionally agreed to sell and Upright Joy has conditionally agreed to acquire 4.7321% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap, at the consideration of RMB7,571,360 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,676,021), which shall be settled by cash in full.

On 20 September 2018, Upright Joy, Wisdom Galore, Bright Leap and other relevant parties entered into a supplemental sale and purchase agreement to revise and clarify certain formula of the adjustment mechanism regarding the consideration shares (together with the First Sale and Purchase Agreement, collectively the “**Sale and Purchase Agreement**”).

Weitu Group is indirectly and wholly owned by Bright Leap. The Acquisition of Bright Leap was completed in January 2019.

Pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, Wisdom Galore, Bright Leap and Mr. Ke Chengwei (the guarantor) have made, guaranteed and promised, among other things, that the guaranteed profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 shall not be less than RMB25,000,000 (the “**Third Year Guaranteed Profit**”).

The aggregated audited profit of Bright Leap, the wholly-owned subsidiary which was incorporated in Hong Kong and Weitu Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 exceeded the Third Year Guaranteed Profit. Under the relevant consideration shares adjustment mechanism, 8,195,632 consideration shares of the Third Year Guaranteed Profit have been allotted and issued to Wisdom Galore under the 2018 General Mandate on 25 May 2022. The Company has also issued 10,927,509 consideration shares and 8,195,632 consideration shares to Wisdom Galore on 17 September 2019 and 11 December 2020 respectively, under the 2018 General Mandate and pursuant to the relevant consideration shares adjustment mechanism. Thus, the Company has fully allotted and issued 27,318,773 consideration shares to Wisdom Galore as at 25 May 2022. Further details, including the details of the consideration shares adjustment mechanism, are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 13 September 2018, 21 September 2018, 17 September 2019, 11 December 2020 and 25 May 2022.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Significant investment

The Group did not have any significant investment as at 31 March 2023 (including any investment in an investee company, which accounted for 5% or more of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2023).

Future plans for significant investments and capital assets

The Group is currently exploring and identifying investment and acquisition opportunities in the IoT market, 5G and ITAI related industries, and expects to utilise its internal resources to fund the business expansion.

Employee and remuneration policy

As at 31 March 2023, the Group employed a total of 178 employees (31 March 2022: 231 employees). For the Year, staff costs (including Directors' emolument) were approximately RMB95.52 million (2022: approximately RMB77.45 million). By strictly following the Labour Law* (《勞動法》), the Labour Contract Law* (《勞動合同法》) and the Labour Dispute Mediation and Arbitration Law* (《勞動爭議調解仲裁法》) of the PRC, the Group recruits and promotes its employees based on individual development potential, talent and ability without discriminating against age, gender, race, nationality, religion and disability. The Group's remuneration policy for the Directors and senior management members is based on their experience, level of responsibility and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the profit performance of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and senior management members. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration policies and welfare of its employees. The Group also ensures that employees could have sufficient training and on-going professional and development opportunity based on their individual needs. The share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") was adopted by the Company on 6 December 2017 to attract, retain and motivate talented employees to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. On 16 July 2021, 36,970,524 share options were granted to the eligible Directors, employees and a consulting firm pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, and the share options were outstanding as at 31 March 2023. On 20 August 2021, 4,100,000 share options were granted to the special assistant to the chairman and the general manager of the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, and the share options were outstanding as at 31 March 2023. As at the date of this report, none of the share options granted on 16 July 2021 and 20 August 2021 have been exercised. As at 28 October 2022, 54,000,000 share options were granted to eligible employees under the Share Option Scheme and 27,000,000 share options had been exercised as at 31 March 2023. As at the date of this report, 27,000,000 share options granted on 28 October 2022 have been exercised.

* For identification purpose only

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES

The table below sets out the major awards and certificates received by the Group during the Year:

Accreditation & Certificates	Details	Time of the grant/ Valid duration of the certificate	Accredited/ Certified by
Credit Certificate	IBO Information was rated as Class AAAA (Year 2020) Guangdong Province Contract-abiding and Credit-worthy Enterprise	April 2022	Guangdong Provincial Market Association Credit Rating Committee
Telecommunications Equipment Network Access Trial Approval	According to the Regulations on Telecommunications of the PRC (《中華人民共和國電信條例》) and the relevant national regulations, upon the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology's review, IBO Communication's 5G mobile communication base station (Equipment Type: IBORU-I-26) was approved to be connected to the public telecommunications network for trial	6 April 2022 to 6 April 2023	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
Telecommunications Equipment Network Access Trial Approval	According to the Regulations on Telecommunications of the PRC (《中華人民共和國電信條例》) and the relevant national regulations, upon the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology's review, IBO Communication's 5G mobile communication base station (Equipment Type: IBORU-I-35) was approved to be connected to the public telecommunications network for trial	6 April 2022 to 6 April 2023	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
Trademark Registration Certificates	IBO Information was approved for use of goods/services items (International Classification: 38) Class 38: Telephone communications; computer-assisted information and image transmission; electronic bulletin board services (communication services); computer terminal communications; provision of database access services; data stream transmission; rental of information transmission equipment; optical fiber communications; mobile communications; information transmission (cut-off)	7 April 2022 to 6 April 2032	National Intellectual Property Administration

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES (Continued)

Accreditation & Certificates	Details	Time of the grant/ Valid duration of the certificate	Accredited/ Certified by
Certificate of Quality Management System	<p>It was thereby certified that the Quality Management System of IBO Information accords with the requirements of (GB/T19001-2016/ISO9001:2015)</p> <p>The scope of the certified Quality Management System is: Development of computer application software, communication equipment and monitoring software, computer information system integration services, network and computer system operation and maintenance services; design, installation and maintenance of security system within the scope of qualification of security technology protection system in Guangdong Province</p>	6 May 2022 to 26 March 2025	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.
System Integration Enterprise Capability Standard Compliance Certificate	IBO Information accords to the requirements of the system integration enterprise capability standard and achieved proficiency level 2	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2023	China System Integration Industry Association
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a computer hardware overheat protection device	17 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Invention Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a tablet with keyboard positioning structure	21 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Invention Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a vertical notebook computer cooling system	24 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a fixed distance dispensing device for notebook computer production and assembly	24 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a computer for network security education	28 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a computer noise reduction device	28 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES (Continued)

Accreditation & Certificates	Details	Time of the grant/ Valid duration of the certificate	Accredited/ Certified by
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding an easy-to-install solid state hard drive for computers	28 June 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Invention Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding an auxiliary equipment for computer manufacturing that auto-control the amount of glue according to the temperature of the environment	1 July 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Certificate of Utility Model Patent	IBO Electronics was granted a patent regarding a tablet monitor high temperature resistance testing device	1 July 2022	National Intellectual Property Administration
Corporate Social Responsibility Management System Certificate	IBO Communication's Corporate Social Responsibility Management System accords with SA8000:2014 standard coverage: research and development, production and sales of wireless base station products, communication base station RF modules, and base station remote system (excluding products in the 3C catalog); design and sales of mobile communication network equipment management system	12 July 2022 to 4 July 2023	Zhongqiu Lianhe International Certification (Beijing) Co., Ltd.
Radio Transmission Equipment Type Approval Certificate	In accordance with the provisions on the Radio Regulations of the PRC, IBO Communication's 5G repeater (Equipment Type: IBOSFLY), after examination, conforms to the provisions with its CMIIT ID: 2021CP10133	21 July 2022 to 30 July 2023	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
Radio Transmission Equipment Type Approval Certificate	In accordance with the provisions on the Radio Regulations of the PRC, IBO Communication's 5G repeater (Equipment Type: IBOSFYP26), after examination, conforms to the provisions with its CMIIT ID: 2021CP10088	21 July 2022 to 30 July 2023	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
Radio Transmission Equipment Type Approval Certificate	In accordance with the provisions on the Radio Regulations of the PRC, IBO Communication's 5G repeater (Equipment Type: IBOSFYP35), after examination, conforms to the provisions with its CMIIT ID: 2021CP10094	21 July 2022 to 30 July 2023	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
Enterprise Credit Rating Certificate	IBO Information was assigned to *AAA* grade in credit rating	29 July 2022 to 28 July 2023	Shenzhen Nanfang Credit Rating Co., Ltd.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES (Continued)

Accreditation & Certificates	Details	Time of the grant/ Valid duration of the certificate	Accredited/ Certified by
Certificate of Quality Management System	<p>It was thereby certified that the Quality Management System of IBO Communication accords with the requirements of (GB/T19001-2016/ISO9001:2015)</p> <p>The scope of the certified Quality Management System is: research and development, production and sales of wireless base station products, communication base station radio frequency modules, and remote base station systems (excluding products in the 3C catalog); design and sales of mobile communication network equipment management system</p>	3 August 2022 to 2 August 2025	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.
Certificate of Environmental Management System	<p>It was thereby certified that the Environment Management System of IBO Communication accords with the requirements of (GB/T24001-2016/ISO14001:2015)</p> <p>The scope of the certified Environment Management System is: research and development, production and sales of wireless base station products, communication base station radio frequency modules, and remote base station systems (excluding products in the 3C catalog); design and sales of mobile communication network equipment management system and related management activities</p>	3 August 2022 to 2 August 2025	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.
Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certificate	<p>It was thereby certified that the Occupational Health and Safety Management System of IBO Communication accords with the requirements of (GB/T45001-2020/ISO45001:2018)</p> <p>The scope of the certified Occupational Health and Safety Management System is: research and development, production and sales of wireless base station products, communication base station radio frequency modules, and remote base station systems (excluding products in the 3C catalog); design and sales of mobile communication network equipment management system and related management activities</p>	3 August 2022 to 2 August 2025	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR AWARDS AND CERTIFICATES (Continued)

Accreditation & Certificates	Details	Time of the grant/ Valid duration of the certificate	Accredited/ Certified by
Computer Software Copyright Registration Certificate	Original acquisition of full rights of 5G Cloud Core Network Management System Software V1.0 by IBO Communication	16 August 2022	National Copyright Administration of the PRC
High-Tech Enterprise Certificate	IBO Information was recognised as a high-tech enterprise	14 December 2022 Validity: 3 years	Science, Technology and Innovation Commission of Shenzhen Municipality Finance Bureau of Shenzhen Municipality Shenzhen Tax Service, State Taxation Administration
Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise	IBO Communication was recognised as an innovative small and medium-sized enterprise	18 December 2022 to 17 December 2025	Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality
Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise	IBO Information was recognised as an innovative small and medium-sized enterprise	18 December 2022 to 17 December 2025	Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality
Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise	Weitu Technology was recognised as an innovative small and medium-sized enterprise	18 December 2022 to 17 December 2025	Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality
High-Tech Enterprise Certificate	Weitu Technology was recognised as a high-tech enterprise	19 December 2022 Validity: 3 years	Science, Technology and Innovation Commission of Shenzhen Municipality Finance Bureau of Shenzhen Municipality Shenzhen Tax Service, State Taxation Administration

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR COOPERATION PROJECTS ENTERED INTO FOR THE YEAR

Winning the Bidding of the Centralised Procurement Project on 5G Mobile Broadband MIMO System of China Mobile Communications Group Shaanxi Co., Ltd.* for Year 2022–2023

On 19 April 2022, IBO Communication successfully won the bidding of the centralised procurement project on 5G mobile broadband MIMO system of China Mobile Communications Group Shaanxi Co., Ltd.* (中國移動通信集團陝西有限公司) for year 2022–2023 with a contract amount of RMB15,594,000. The product of the project is a 5G indoor signal allocation product self-developed by IBO Communication, which is able to facilitate the quick realisation of indoor coverage of 5G signal at a low cost by operators. Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 20 April 2022.

Entering into Cooperation Agreement in respect of Quantum Computing Cloud Platform Development Project with Shenzhen SpinQ Technology Co., Ltd.

On 10 November 2022, IBO Holdings and Shenzhen SpinQ Technology Co., Ltd. entered into a cooperation agreement in respect of quantum computing cloud platform development project under the main cooperative principle of “supplementing resources and pursuing professional division of labour based on equality, integrity, and mutual benefits”. The parties have agreed to establish close cooperation to fully utilise the strength of each party based on the advantages and resources of their respective platforms, which will advance the business development and product line extension. Subject to amicable practices and mutually beneficial negotiations, the parties will pair up to address possible issues arising from their cooperation.

Symbolising a landmark pioneering technology to advance a new information revolution, quantum computing has become a strategic vantage point for governments across the world to strive for all-round advantages in military, security, economy, scientific research, and other areas. The parties have agreed that they both demonstrate complementary technological and marketing prowess, as they are both active players in the computer design and manufacturing sector. To facilitate the business development of the parties, the parties will continue to integrate their respective advantageous resources, increase customer values, and achieve mutually beneficial cooperation. Following negotiations, the parties have determined to form strategic sustainability partnership by entering into the cooperation agreement accordingly.

Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 November 2022.

Entering into Strategic Cooperation Agreement with SDXC Shenzhen

On 30 November 2022, the Company and SDXC Shenzhen entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with the principle of “equality, honesty, mutual benefit, complementary resources and specification of work”. The parties agreed to establish a close cooperative relationship leveraged on their respective platform advantages and resources, and fully utilise their respective advantages to jointly promote the business development and line extension of the parties. The parties will work together and solve the problems that may arise in the course of cooperation based on the principles of friendliness, pragmatism and mutual benefits.

With the Group’s resources, it intends to make all-round and key investment in the research and development, production and sale of domestically-produced notebook computer, tablet, integrated computer, high-integration desktop computer, industry gateway server and other related ITAI products. In order to achieve complementary advantages, resource sharing and technological innovation, the parties unanimously agreed to establish a long-term and stable strategic partnership and carry out all-round strategic cooperation in the ITAI industry after friendly negotiation. The strategic cooperation agreement is entered into for the parties to comply with.

Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 November 2022.

* For identification purpose only

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MAJOR COOPERATION PROJECTS ENTERED INTO FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

Entering into Letter of Intent in relation to Investment with Shenzhen Squirrel Kuaipao Food Co., Ltd.*

On 2 December 2022, IBO Information and Shenzhen Squirrel Kuaipao Food Co., Ltd.* (深圳市松鼠快跑食品有限公司) (“**Squirrel Kuaipao Food**”) entered into a letter of intent in relation to investment. IBO Information intends to invest in Squirrel Kuaipao Food. The letter of intent in relation to investment has been reached after full negotiation.

Squirrel Kuaipao Food is a company that focuses on the application of IoT technology to smart kitchens of smart homes. Its intelligent terminal and system platform serve C-end customers. The products and systems of Squirrel Kuaipao Food are advanced in technology, with stable growth in market operation and excellent development potential.

IBO Information has been engaged in applying IoT technology to B-side customers. This intention of investment is conducive to the expansion of IBO Information’s intelligent terminal and system service business to C-side market, which is expected to expand the market segment of IBO Information’s IoT business.

Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 2 December 2022.

Entering into Investment Agreement with Hangzhou Yixin Micro Technology Co., Ltd.*

On 20 March 2023, IBO Information entered into the investment agreement with the Original Yixin Shareholders (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 20 March 2023) and Hangzhou Yixin, pursuant to which IBO Information conditionally agreed to invest an amount in RMB which is equal to HK\$40,000,000 (equivalent to RMB35,009,200) in Hangzhou Yixin in order to hold 5.00% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin upon the completion.

Hangzhou Yixin is a company established under the laws of and continued in the PRC with limited liability. Hangzhou Yixin is a high-tech company principally engaged in the design and development of constant pressure and constant power airflow sensing chips, as well as the production and sales of modules.

The Directors believe that the subscription, with the current economic environment recovery and the growth potential in the business sector of Hangzhou Yixin, representing an opportunity for the Company to diversify its hardware business through tapping into chips manufacturing business, particularly the “airflow sensing chips”. The Directors consider that the terms and conditions of the investment agreement are fair and reasonable and on normal commercial terms and the subscription is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Pursuant to the investment agreement, the subscription is subject to the fulfilment (or waiver) of the conditions precedent as set out in the investment agreement by no later than 15 April 2023.

As IBO Information, the Original Yixin Shareholders and Hangzhou Yixin are currently in negotiation regarding a revised investment structure for the possible investment in Hangzhou Yixin, the investment agreement will not proceed to completion. The revised investment agreement, if materialised, may constitute a notifiable transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. Further announcement(s) will be made by the Company as and when appropriate and in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

The Board is of the view that the lapse of the investment agreement will not have any material adverse impact on the business operation of the Group.

Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 7 March 2023, 20 March 2023 and 19 April 2023.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

Looking ahead to 2023, the economy of the PRC is expected to gradually return to a normal development path as the external uncertainties facing the PRC economy decline, coupled with the dissipation of the epidemic in the PRC, the resumption of work and production in various industries and the boosting of investment confidence. As the negative factors in the market recede, the Group will continue to operate under prudent commercial principles and expects its business to develop in a stable and positive direction.

Riding the wave of ITAI development to achieve application implementation at full speed

In recent years, global competition in technology has become increasingly fierce, and the demand for independent research and development of technology has gradually increased. In view of this development trend, the PRC has launched the “14th Five-Year Plan”, which focuses on the domestic production of the ITAI industry and the realisation of independent research and development and autonomous control. With the relevant policies leading the way, the process of domestic substitution is accelerating and the application scenarios is diversified. The “2+8+N” will be fully implemented by 2023. Competition in the ITAI industry is expected to be intensified. As the industry matures and becomes more concentrated, the Group will adopt a prudent business development strategy, pay close attention to the latest market developments and integrate with its long-term development strategy to steadily develop IT infrastructure hardware services such as domestically-produced notebooks and mobile terminals.

5G applications are accelerating to empower thousands of industries

2023 is the final year of the “Set Sail’ Action Plan for 5G Applications (2021–2023)” (《5G應用「揚帆」行動計劃(2021–2023年)》), in which the PRC will fully realise a breakthrough in both the depth and breadth of 5G applications. Looking ahead, the scale of 5G applications in the PRC will continue to expand. By following the rules of 5G application development and fully unleashing the potential of PRC’s enormous market, 5G will usher in an industry ecosystem with collaborative innovation, mutually beneficial and the empowerment of thousands of industries, providing comprehensive protection and strong support for “Digital China”. Following the issuance of the Network Access Licence for Telecommunications Equipment issued by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC, which covers the 5G frequency band of the three major operators, namely China Mobile, China Telecom and China Unicom, the Group will leverage its first-mover advantage to develop its 5G products and 5G private network solutions business, such as pico base stations and DAS system products, with cautious optimism.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES (Continued)

Investing in the development of the PRC chip manufacturing

The Group is committed to diversifying the development of its hardware business. With the gradual recovery of the economic environment, the Group announced on 29 May 2023 an investment of an amount in RMB which is equal to HK\$40 million (equivalent to RMB36,035,600) in 5.00% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin, a company that integrates the research and development, production and sales of constant pressure and constant power airflow sensing chips. Hangzhou Yixin holds a number of patents on constant pressure and constant power airflow sensing chips. The Group is entitled to further invest in Hangzhou Yixin to hold 35% to 46% of its share capital and become its controlling shareholder in the future.

The “airflow sensing chip” is one of the main components of electronic atomisation equipment and is in enormous demand in the electronic atomisation equipment market. The global electronic atomisation equipment market has been growing rapidly in recent years as electronic atomisation equipment reduces the exposure of users to various toxic and carcinogenic substances produced by cigarette combustion, coupled with the electronic atomization equipment is popular among teenagers. According to Frost & Sullivan, the global special-purpose electronic atomisation equipment market reached US\$1.08 billion in 2021 and is expected to reach US\$7.76 billion by 2026, making it the fastest-growing segment of the global electronic atomisation equipment market. PRC’s electronic atomisation equipment industry is one of the sectors that is bucking the trend of growth during the Pandemic, and the number of patent applications related to electronic atomisation equipment has continued to rise in recent years, reflecting the industry’s favourable development towards high technology.

Looking ahead, the Group is optimistic about the future of the chip manufacturing market in the PRC and plans to increase its investment in the chip manufacturing market through further investment in Hangzhou Yixin. With the recovery of the current economic environment, the Group is keen to capitalise on the growth potential of Hangzhou Yixin in the relevant business areas and accelerate its exploration of the chip manufacturing sector, thereby broadening the source of revenue.

Actively identifying targets for partnerships and mergers and acquisitions

To support the Group’s operations and development, and to explore new drivers for revenue growth, the Group will continue to identify suitable mergers and acquisitions targets that can provide strong synergies with its existing principal businesses. At the same time, the Group will strive to strengthen the synergy effect of its principal businesses, so as to promote the consolidation and improvement of the Group’s business industry chain.

Business synergy creates unique strength

The Group will fully integrate its market resources and continue to make efforts in the areas of 5G (communication equipment and private network solutions), ITAI (terminal products and industry solutions) and IoT (products and solutions).

There are close connection and synergy among the three major business segments in the aspects of underlying technology, application technology, supply chain, project and business model. In addition, the new chip manufacturing business also complements the three major businesses to form a complete business model and industrial ecosystem. The strong synergy between the businesses will help optimise the Group’s strengths and comprehensive technological capabilities, promoting the Group to grow its business scale on the one hand, and creating a unique core strength on the other, thereby providing one-stop industrial digital solutions to customers in different industries and seizing golden opportunities in the fast-growing market.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

1. ABOUT THIS ESG REPORT

This section headed “Environmental, social and governance report” is the sixth Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report (the “**ESG Report**”) issued by the Company. Based on the principles of objectivity, comprehensiveness, standardisation and transparency, this ESG Report elaborates the management concepts, highlight practises and annual performance of the Group’s ESG work in 2022/2023. This ESG Report is prepared in both Chinese and English. In case of any discrepancy, the Chinese version shall prevail.

1.1 Scope of this ESG Report

This Report will illustrate the Group’s environmental, social and governance (ESG) management strategy and performance the financial year from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (“FY2022/23”, “2022/23” or the “Reporting Period”), demonstrating the Group’s pursuit of sustainable development in economic, environmental and social aspects, as well as the Group’s emphasis on stakeholders, covering the businesses of system integration, intelligent terminal products sales, software development and system maintenance services of the Group’s subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Mainland China.

The reporting scope of this Report includes IBO and its subsidiaries, which mainly covers the offices and facilities established by the Group in Hong Kong, Shenzhen, Guangzhou and Xinjiang. The Group’s assembly plant in Shenzhen has ceased its operation in July 2022. Therefore, the scope of environmental and social information in this ESG Report is also changed from that of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report for FY2021/22.

Looking forward, the Group will continue to determine the scope of this ESG report based on the principle of “materiality” and optimize the internal data collection system to provide stakeholders with more comprehensive and accurate data.

1.2 Standard reference

This ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the “comply or explain” provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules (the “ESG Reporting Guide”), and with reference to the “recommended disclosures” and the reporting principles of “materiality”, “quantitative”, “balance” and “consistency”.

1.3 Reporting Principles

Materiality: The Group continues to communicate with stakeholders, regularly reviews the materiality of each sustainability aspect, conducts materiality assessment to determine material ESG issues, and the assessment results are approved by the Board.

Quantitative: This ESG Report describes the standards and methods of relevant data calculation and the relevant assumptions, and the KPIs are supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks where feasible.

Balance: The Group discloses all its positive and potential negative data in an unbiased manner, fairly describes the Group’s ESG performance, ensure that accurate data is received by the public, and that the information presented is not inappropriately used for selection, omission or other forms of manipulation that affects readers’ decision or judgement.

Consistency: Unless otherwise stated, the ESG data is prepared and presented using consistent methodologies for meaningful comparisons.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

1.4 Confirmation and Approval

This ESG Report was approved by the Board on 30 June 2023 after confirmation by the management of the Company.

1.5 Access to this ESG Report

The electronic version of this ESG Report is available under “Financial reporting” of the “Investor Relation” section on the Group’s website (<http://www.ibotech.hk/>) and the website of the Stock Exchange (<http://www.hkexnews.hk>).

1.6 Feedback

The Group values and welcomes all stakeholders to provide feedback and suggestions on this ESG Report and its sustainability performance through the following means:

Address: 23/F, Sunshine Plaza, No. 353 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong
Email: ir@ibotech.com.cn

For details of the Group’s financial performance and corporate governance, please visit the Group’s website at <http://www.ibotech.hk/> and the Group’s Annual Report.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

2. ABOUT IBO TECHNOLOGY

The Group is a leading provider of industrial IoT solutions and service in the PRC, seizing the development opportunities of the IoT industry and vertically deepening advanced technologies, such as IoT industry chain computing, artificial intelligence, big data, block chain, edge computing, 5G, biotechnology, etc. for the promotion of product research and development as well as services of the Group, so as to provide innovative solutions and services to its customers and continuously expand the Group's business areas. As China proposes the construction strategy of "Digital China", the Group has accelerated its development in the fields of ITAI IT and 5G communication network products and services by leveraging on the experience accumulated in assisting customers in different industries to provide various products and services in the past. At the same time, the Group also hopes to assist China to speed up the establishment of a talent training system for domestic software, strengthen the main role of enterprises in innovation, and accelerate the implementation of technologically independent innovation products when developing related businesses.

IBO shoulders the corporate and social mission of "taking on greater social responsibility, doing good deeds in many ways", "promoting the application of 5G technology and Internet of Things technology in life, making life better by IBO" and "becoming an international elite enterprise and a strong enterprise with international influence", and builds the core values of "unity, pragmatism and efficiency, integrity and mutual assistance, integrity and sunshine, innovation and innovation". Adhering to the business philosophy of "market-oriented and customer-oriented", and adhering to the business goal of "Hundred-year IBO and Hundred-billion IBO", IBO shoulders corporate social responsibility while focusing on business development, and is committed to taking the value of sustainable development as the cornerstone.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's IBO Communication, IBO Information and Weitu Technology were awarded the Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise by the Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality, while Weitu Technology was also awarded the High-Tech Enterprise Certificate by Science, Technology and Innovation Commission of Shenzhen Municipality, Finance Bureau of Shenzhen Municipality and Shenzhen Tax Service, State Taxation Administration. The recognition of the Group as an "Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise" and "High-Tech Enterprise" by the State not only confirms that the Group's efforts in innovation, research and development are in line with the State's policies and objectives in this regard, but also confirms that the technologies of the Group's products, projects and team are at the leading level in the PRC, with a strong capacity for continuous innovation, high market development capability and management standard, and are innovative enterprises with high growth potential.

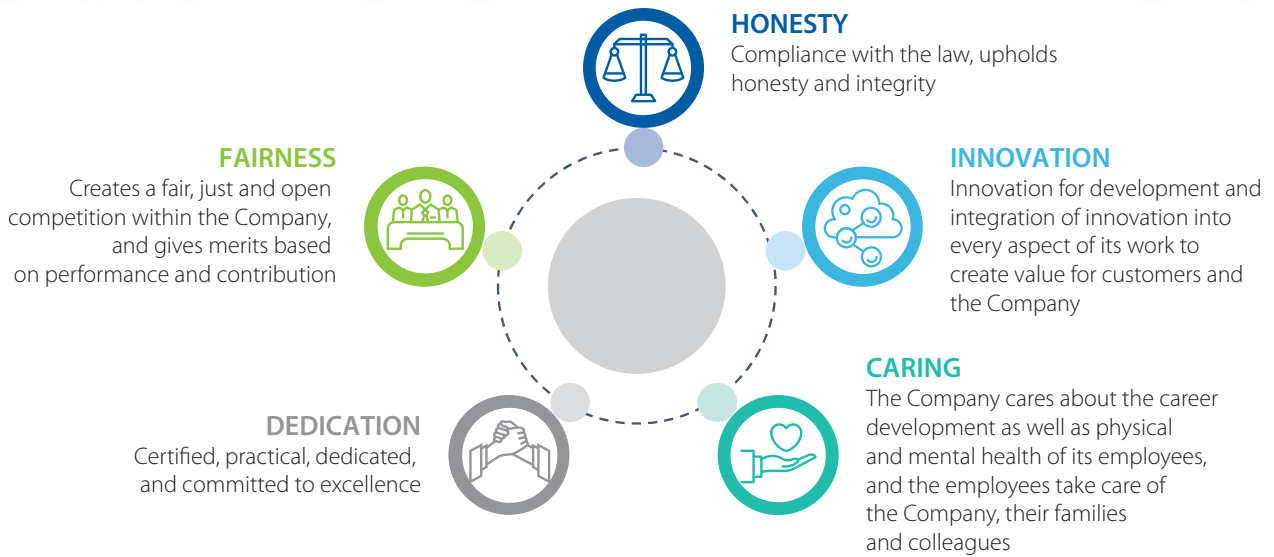
In addition, enterprises with such recognition can also receive government support in various aspects, such as tax incentives, capital support, policy support, credit enhancement, as well as policy support for the protection of corporate intellectual property rights and the recruitment of talents. The Group believes that all these initiatives will help us focus on innovation and research in the future, enhance our core competitiveness and promote sustainable corporate development. The Group will continue to strengthen its effort in innovation, research and development, enhance cooperation and communication with government departments at all levels, continue to explore new areas of technology, continuously improve the quality and innovation of our products and services to meet the ever-changing needs of our customers, and at the same time provide a better policy environment and service protection for the Group's development.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

2.1 Corporate Governance and Risk Management

For details of IBO Tech’s corporate governance and risk management, please refer to the section headed “Corporate Governance Report” in the Annual Report.

Cultural Objectives of IBO



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

3. SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT

Sustainable development is the key to long-term success of an enterprise. The Group believes that through the sustainable development management model, it can create long-term value and benefits for shareholders, customers, employees, communities, partners and other stakeholders. The Group integrates the concept of sustainable development into the Group's daily operations, continues to pay attention to and improve the Group's environmental, social and governance performance, and ensures the long-term and stable development of the Company.

3.1 Sustainable Development Philosophy

The Group always pays attention to its performance in environmental, social and governance aspects. While actively assuming economic responsibilities, the Group continues to identify the key concerns of various stakeholders, maintains sensitivity and insight with peers and market trends, constantly reviews and manages the sustainable development risks in the operation process, combines the Group's own development with environmental responsibilities and social responsibilities, and realises the harmonious unity of corporate interests and broader social responsibilities.

3.2 Sustainability Governance Structure

The Group adheres to the environmental, social and governance management policy of "Pursuing Excellence, Sustainable Development and Being Respected", and strives to achieve the best balance between business operations and the interests of stakeholders in terms of environmental, social and corporate governance. The Group strives to operate and develop in a sustainable, environmentally-friendly and community-friendly manner and is committed to social progress. At the same time, the Group is committed to supporting equal employment relations, making a healthy and safe working environment, and creating a working atmosphere of "care, tolerance, self-consciousness and hard work". In order to better promote the implementation of the ESG management strategy and strengthen the Group's management of ESG-related matters, the Group has formed a corporate social responsibility governance structure consisting of three major components, namely the Board, the ESG Working Group and employees.

Highest decision-making body: The Board is the highest decision-making body of the Group's ESG management system. The Board assumes the ultimate responsibility to ensure the effectiveness of the Group's ESG policies. The Board has delegated to the ESG working group the day-to-day execution of all corporate governance and corporate social responsibility related matters, and continuously monitors the implementation of relevant ESG policies within the Group, and monitors and monitors the progress of achieving corporate goals and ESG goals.

Management implementing level: The ESG Working Group consists of the Corporate Development Department, the Finance Department and the Human Resources Department. The responsibilities of the ESG Working Group include conducting internal and external materiality assessment, implementing the Board's strategies and policies, preparing the ESG report, communicating with stakeholders, collecting and monitoring information and data related to daily corporate social responsibility, guiding employees' daily work and regularly reporting to the Board on the operation of the system. In addition, in order to increase the Group's resilience to climate change-related risks, the working group will also incorporate climate change into the assessment consideration when evaluating and managing various risks in operations, and, together with the information obtained through regular communication with various stakeholders of the Company, report to the Board to identify and resolve potential risks and adverse factors that hinder the Group's sustainable development process.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Employees of various functional departments: While focusing on business operations, the Group always regards giving back to the society as the common value shared by the Company's managers and employees. The Group attaches great importance to cultivating environmental awareness within the Group and among employees, adheres to low-carbon and environmental protection in all aspects, strives to achieve energy conservation and emission reduction, and seeks a balance between development and environment to realise sustainable development. The Group has also established an open communication channel for employees to report various ESG issues and opinions encountered in daily work to their department heads and the Board, so that the Board and the management can serve as a reference for the formulation of ESG goals and action plans, which effectively accelerates the Group's progress in sustainable development.

ESG Governance Structure of IBO



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

3.3 The Group's Targets

In order to ensure the alignment of the Group's overall objectives, the Board has set the Group's ESG performance targets based on the identified material issues and the Group's operating conditions, and reviews the Group's ESG performance at least once a year, supervises the implementation of various functional departments in various aspects and adjusts the Group's ESG target action plans. The Group is committed to doing its best to achieve the following objectives and targets:



Environmental

- Strive to reduce the burden of the Group's operations on the environment, including reducing emissions and resource consumptions;
- Promote the concept of "paperless office" to the headquarters and subsidiaries;
- Proactively formulate initiatives and plans in respond to climate change-related risks, thereby increasing the resilience of enterprises to climate risks.



Social

- Increase employees' sense of belonging and engagement;
- Increase diversity at all levels of the Group;
- Maintain low injury rate;
- Provide adequate training to all employees to perform their duties;
- Actively respond to the national policy of enhancing key technology innovation capabilities, adhere to self-innovation, and cultivate more scientific and technological talents;
- Continue to increase the contribution to the community and deliver social care to the underprivileged.



Governance

- Uphold a high standard of integrity and adopt a zero-tolerance attitude towards any injustice;
- Actively engage stakeholders in the decision-making process;
- Avoid the occurrence of any non-compliance incidents.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

3.4 Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment

The Group actively listens to and responds to the expectations and needs of stakeholders, and maintains close contact with internal and external groups such as employees, customers, governments, investors and shareholders, suppliers, business partners, governments and regulatory authorities, and community groups through the following channels, based on which the Group improves its sustainable development strategies and plans and effectively meets the demands of stakeholders.

Stakeholders	Expectations and demands	Response to demands	Communication and engagement channels
Management and Staff	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protecting the legal rights of employees Safety risk management and training Diversified promotion and development pipeline Competitive remuneration and benefits Equal Opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide a reasonable remuneration package Improvement of promotion mechanism Commencing of staff training Enrichment of staff activities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular meetings Internal notices Internal emails and publications Performance appraisal Grievance channels as stipulated in the Staff Handbook Staff activities
Government/Regulation Authorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with laws and regulations Comprehensive internal control and risk management Promoting domestic economy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementing national policy requirements Taxation in accordance with the law Enhancing compliance operations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual/Interim Reports Regular visits/Inspections
Shareholders/Investors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with the law and business ethics Protecting the interests of investors Stable investment returns Accurate and transparent disclosure of information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transparent and open disclosure of information Continuing to improve disclosure of non-financial related information Enhancing investor communication Enhancing corporate risk management Improving profitability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual General Meeting Annual/Interim Reports Company website Investor Circular Telephone and written enquiries Send enquiries and suggestions to our principal place of business

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Stakeholders	Expectations and demands	Response to demands	Communication and engagement channels
Customers/ Consumers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integrity • Credibility, branding and market demand • High quality products and services • Consumer protection • Client privacy protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continued expansion of investment in research and development • Persistence in self-innovation • Establishing a regular communication mechanism • Continuous improvement in product design • Establishing an efficient information security management system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Company website • Customer service hotline • Customer survey • Customer interviews and meetings • After-sales feedback • Social media
Suppliers/ Business Partners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product and service quality assurance • Building sustainable partnerships • Honest performance of contracts • Supplier assessment mechanism • Intellectual property protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fair and just procurement • Cooperation and innovation • Strengthening supply chain management • Promoting sustainable partnership 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business meeting • Performance assessment • Product promotions/conventions • Public tender • Annual site-visit for supplier • Supplier training
Community Organisations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community investment • Career opportunities • Fostering community relations • Green business 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proactive attention to community demand • Continued increase in community investment • Low carbon operations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social services • Charity events • Public consultation e-mail
Media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accuracy and accountability in advertising • Caring in social media 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proactive response to media enquiries • Compliance in product promotion • Actively promote the concept of sustainable development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Press releases • Interviews • Press conference • Company/brand website • Roadshow • Results publication conference

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

In addition to the above regular communication channels, the Group also engaged a third-party professional consultant to assist the Group in conducting materiality assessment. In the form of online questionnaire survey, the Group invited different groups of stakeholders to provide feedback on the importance of relevant ESG issues to the Group, and conducted a comprehensive analysis based on the opinions of the management, so as to help the Group identify issues that are material to the Group and adjust the sustainable development policies and measures.

The Group has conducted the materiality assessment to identify relevant ESG issues and assessed its materiality to its businesses and to its stakeholders. The materiality assessment process is set out as follows:

Identification of potential issues

To construct the IBO Technology database by referring to ESG guidelines and applicable material ESG related issues of its peers. The corresponding item on combating the Covid-19 Pandemic has been deleted from this year's issue in the light of the improvement in the situation.

Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement channels were established, and internal and external stakeholders were invited to complete questionnaires to rate the materiality of each environmental, social and governance issue and provide comments, resulting in the average ratings of each group.

Prioritisation

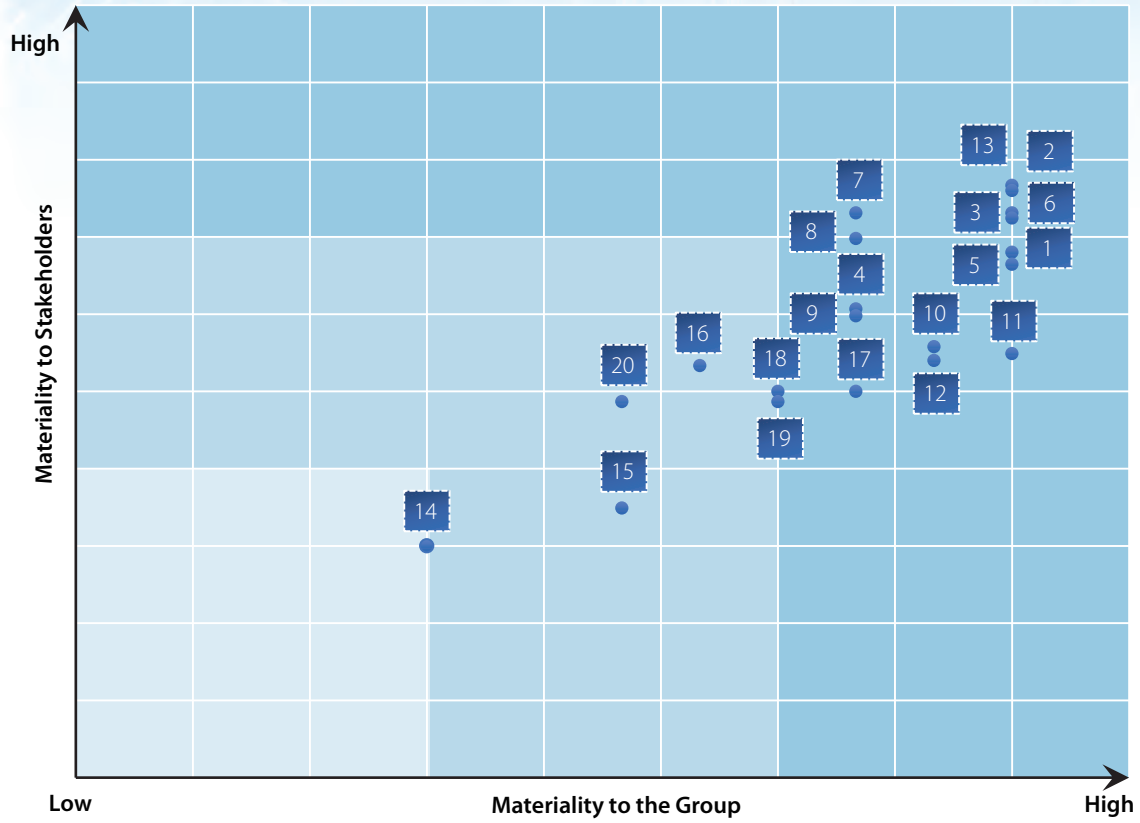
The results of the stakeholder engagement process were integrated, and the materiality of the issues was evaluated in two dimensions: "Materiality to Stakeholders" and "Materiality to Corporation". A matrix and list of important issues were analysed.

Certification

The Group's ESG Working Group has verified and validated major ESG issues and their correlation to the corresponding ESG KPIs.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Materiality Matrix of ESG Issues of IBO Technology



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

ESG Issues Pool of IBO Technology

Materiality of issues	Issue library number	Issues	Concerns of stakeholders and the impact to the stakeholders of the measures taken by the Group on the issues						
			Management/ employees	Government/ Regulatory authorities	Shareholders/ Investors	Customer/ Consumers	Suppliers/ Business Partners	Community organisations	Media
High	2	Customer Information and Privacy				✓			
	13	Prevention of Child and Forced Labour	✓					✓	✓
	3	Quality Control			✓	✓			
	6	Prevention of Bribery, Extortion, Fraud and Money Laundering	✓	✓	✓				
	1	Customer Service	✓			✓			
	5	Corporate Governance and Risk Management	✓	✓	✓				
	7	Intellectual Property Protection	✓						
	8	Equal Opportunity	✓						
	11	Safety Risk Management and Training	✓						
	10	Compensation, Benefits and Promotion	✓						
	4	Supplier Evaluation Mechanism					✓		
		12	Employee Training Management	✓					
	9	Recruitment and Dismissal	✓						
Medium	17	Electricity Consumption Efficiency	✓						
	18	Water Consumption Efficiency	✓						
	19	Environmental Management System	✓						
	16	Non-hazardous Waste Management	✓						
	20	Climate Change Risk	✓	✓					
	15	Greenhouse Gas Management	✓						
Low	14	Donation to Students and Poverty Alleviation		✓				✓	✓

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

3.5 Honours, Qualifications and Certificates

Subsidiaries	Honours, qualifications and certifications	Issuing authority	Date of acquisition/ validity period
IBO Information (Shenzhen) Limited* (艾伯資訊(深圳)有限公司) ("IBO Information")	ISO9001: 2015 Quality Management System Certification	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	6 May 2022/ 26 March 2025
	ISO45001: 2018 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certification	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	5 June 2020/4 June 2023
	ISO14001: 2015 Environmental Management System Certification	Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	5 June 2020/4 June 2023
	System Integration Enterprise Capability Standard Certificate — level 2	China System Integration Industry Association	7 June 2022/6 June 2023
	AAA Credit Rating Certificate	Shenzhen Nanfang Credit Rating Co., Ltd.	29 July 2022/28 July 2023
	High-tech Enterprise Certificate	Shenzhen Science and Technology Innovation Committee	14 December 2022/ Valid for three years
	Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise	Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality	18 December 2022/ 17 December 2025
	AAAA Grade (2020) Guangdong Province Contract-abiding and Credit-worthy Enterprise	Guangdong Provincial Market Association Credit Rating Committee	April 2022
	Class IV of Guangdong Province Safety Technology Prevention System Design, Construction and Maintenance Qualification Certificate	Security Technology Prevention and Management Office of Guangdong Public Security Department	9 December 2019/ 8 December 2022
	Shenzhen IBO Communication Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯通信有限公司) ("IBO Communication")	SA 8000: 2014 Corporate Social Responsibility Management System Certification	Zhongqiu Lianhe International Certification (Beijing) Co., Ltd.
ISO9001: 2015 Quality Management System Certification		Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	3 August 2022/ 2 August 2025
ISO45001: 2018 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certification		Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	3 August 2022/ 2 August 2025
ISO14001: 2015 Environmental Management System Certification		Guangdong Quality Testing CTC Certification Co., Ltd.	3 August 2022/ 2 August 2025
High-tech Enterprise Certificate		Shenzhen Science and Technology Innovation Committee	14 December 2022/ Valid for three years
Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise		Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality	18 December 2022/ 17 December 2025

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Subsidiaries	Honours, qualifications and certifications	Issuing authority	Date of acquisition/ validity period
IBO Information Technology Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司) ("IBO Information Technology")	Class IV of Guangdong Province Safety Technology Prevention System Design, Construction and Maintenance Qualification Certificate	Security Technology Prevention and Management Office of Guangdong Public Security Department	1 February 2021/ 31 January 2023
Shenzhen Weitu Technology Development Company Limited* (深圳市偉圖科技開發有限公司) ("Weitu Technology")	Certificate of Innovative Small and Medium-sized Enterprise High-tech Enterprise Certificate	Services Bureau for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises of Shenzhen Municipality Shenzhen Science and Technology Innovation Committee	18 December 2022/ 17 December 2025 19 December 2022/ Valid for three years

4. ABIDE BY BUSINESS ETHICS

4.1 Prevention of Bribery, Extortion, Fraud and Money Laundering

The Group strictly prohibits all forms of illegal acts such as bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, actively implements the construction of integrity culture education, and has zero tolerance for any violation of professional ethics and business ethics, and continues to improve the anti-corruption management system. The Group deeply believes that honesty, integrity and fairness are important assets of the Company. All employees must ensure that the Group's reputation is not compromised by fraud, infidelity or corruption. Therefore, the Group has formulated the Anti-Corruption Discipline Code as the basic standard of disciplinary conduct that employees of the Company must abide by.

The Group has extremely high requirements on employees' conduct and integrity. The Employee Handbook has set out the code of conduct for employees, various violations of integrity, as well as the decisions on accountability and punishment. New employees are organised to explain the Employee Handbook. Employees are asked to sign a statement at the time of entry agreeing to abide by related provisions. The Group conducts special anti-corruption training for every new senior management member, and requires the senior management to sign the "Commercial Self-discipline Clause" to show their consent to comply with relevant regulations. If any employee violates the code of conduct stated in the Employee Handbook or the Business Self-discipline Clause, the serious person may be dismissed from the labour contract, and the relevant loss will be investigated and the case will be transferred to the law enforcement authority for handling.

In order to ensure that the Group's procurement activities are conducted in a fair, open and just manner, promote the construction of integrity and honesty, prevent commercial bribery and unfair competition, and protect the legitimate rights and interests of all parties in the procurement activities, the Group has formulated the Integrity and Honesty Commitment as an appendix to the contract, requiring all suppliers to sign relevant Commitment during the initial assessment stage, and clearly establishing a transparent and sustainable cooperation relationship with suppliers.

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The Group has set up a risk control and audit centre, which is responsible for the Group's internal process control standards. The Department will assess and investigate whether there are any dishonest behaviours or risks during each internal audit of each process, identify defects in the design of each process, continuously improve the anti-corruption management system, and provide relevant training to employees to prevent any control loopholes.

The Group has opened up channels for complaints. Any person, including the Company's shareholders or persons intending to become shareholders, customers or consumers, suppliers or contractors, the Company's directors and employees can file a complaint with the Company. The Group will consider and handle each complaint in a fair and efficient manner, and promise that all complaint information will be kept strictly confidential to protect the personal safety of each complainant from infringement.

The Group strictly complies with the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China, the Interim Provisions on Banning Commercial Bribery and other laws and regulations. In FY2022/23, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

5. EDUCATION AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION

In order to promote the development of social welfare undertakings and the construction of a harmonious society, the Group fulfils its corporate social responsibilities by giving back to society, paying close attention to social issues and integrating social development needs into its corporate business decision-making. The Group has been proactive in answering the state's call for targeted poverty alleviation pursuant to the provisions of the Charity Law of the People's Republic of China, focuses on social services, educational support, charitable donations and other aspects and actively carries out public welfare activities.

IBO always regards social responsibility as part of corporate responsibility. The Group advocates instilling scientific and technological strength into charity causes and creating more value for the society. It has been paying attention to the needs of the society, supporting social activities organised by the government and non-governmental organisations, and striving to achieve the coordinated development of enterprises and society. In January 2018, the Group established the "IBO Charity Fund" to implement the purpose of poverty alleviation and education assistance. Since the establishment of the Foundation, it has successively carried out a series of charity projects to help more disadvantaged people in the society. During the Reporting Period, in order to carry forward the humanitarian spirit, put people first, help the poor, and light up the dreams of students, the Group the Fund supported the development of education in Shuangjiao Town, Yangchun City by conducting communication and research with the Education Promotion Association of Shuangjiao Town, and allocated a total of RMB291,000 to recognize outstanding students and provide financial assistance to students in need. The "IBO Charity Fund" will continue to pay attention to the development of education in China, care for poor families with practical actions, and continue to actively participate in the construction of education infrastructure, support of education project plans, and help poor students.

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6. INNOVATION DRIVEN BY TECHNOLOGY

6.1 Research and Development of Products and Technologies

The Group is a National High and New Technology Enterprise (國家高新技術企業) that focuses on providing 5G communication equipment and private network solutions, ITAI IT terminal products and industry solutions, IoT products and solutions, as well as industrial digital solutions for customers of various industries. Our products and services could satisfy specific demand from government agencies and customers of various fields such as telecommunication, finance, electricity, energy, education, industry and the Internet, in terms of data security for communication, wireless broadband communication and the Internet of Things, a kind of artificial intelligence, during the digital era. In view of the advent of the era for big data and artificial intelligence (AI) technology, the Group has rapidly upgraded our own technology for the Internet of Things with our AI technology, so as to create a multi-dimensional AIoT product series, and in combination with the technologies in relation to ITAI electronic products and 5G communication network, we aim at providing our enterprise customers with integrated solutions for industrial digitalisation.

Besides, the Group has a powerful technical team and R & D capability comprising a batch of high quality talents possessing doctoral degrees and master's degrees. The Group has obtained over 100 innovation patents, patents for utility models and patents of software copyright in aggregate for the Group's core technology with self-developed intelligent property. Also, the Group shares a wide range of technology and starts industrial and academic cooperation with renowned colleges and universities and scientific research institutions in PRC. Numerous joint research and development projects and transformation of technological achievement in artificial intelligence, big data, cloud computing, block chain, edge computing, 5G and biotechnology have effectively promoted the Group's technology advancement and innovation capacity.

The business of the Group is divided into three main segments, namely (i) ITAI IT; (ii) 5G communication equipment; and (iii) the Internet of Things, providing four major types of services, namely intelligent terminal product sales, system integration, software development and system maintenance services when most of our products, software and system solutions are self-developed. Especially, our independently developed products include (but not limited to) active RFID tags, RFID reading device kits, electronic sensor tags and RFID mobile reading terminals. Our R&D team is also capable of designing electronic circuit boards and developing both embedded software and structures, and we have key equipment and facilities for product analog tests. Therefore, we are able to independently develop and design intelligent terminal products and thus satisfy customers' demands.

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Since the development of the “Digital Economy” and the construction of “Digital China” are the important goals of China in the “13th Five-Year Plan” and “14th Five-Year Plan”, the Group has prepared and actively sought its own position in the ITAI industry. The Group believes that the design and development capabilities of ITAI products are very important for industry application promotion. The Group’s technical team has extensive experience in the design and development of motherboards for desktop computers, notebook computers and industrial mobile terminal products. Therefore, it has invested substantial resources in the research and development of various ITAI products and achieved satisfactory results during the Year. It has successfully developed a variety of ITAI products and launched the products into the market, which have been recognised by a wide range of customers.

Case: GK140

The Group hopes to help China accelerate its goal of becoming a technologically advanced country when developing ITAI’s business. The Group actively trains employees to become ITAI talents, continues to promote the concept of ITAI to the Group’s customers, and launches more high-quality and efficient products, so that China’s ITAI industry can truly break free from of the vicious circle of “no one wants to use it, no one uses it, no benefit, no one produces it, which leads to even more unwillingness to use it”.

GK140

GK140 is the Group’s first ITAI product that has been launched into the market. The product adopts the domestically produced devices, uses the domestic operating system and tens of thousands of domestically produced software, and can meet the needs of office, study and entertainment. In addition, the product will also pass China’s national compulsory product certification in 2022 and meet the national energy efficiency and energy conservation standards. The Group also has several product projects in the process of relevant certification and approval, which are expected to be launched in the market in the near future.

Case: Assisting Customers in Energy Saving and Carbon Reduction

We have developed a cloud computing platform for an intelligent sensor system to conserve energy. The platform enables centralised management on lighting systems within buildings and realizes remote, centralised and synchronised control of lighting systems from multiple locations. Sensors in the system will collect data such as leakage current and the operating status, the residual operating current and the operating interval of the lighting system as parameters. The data collected will then be transmitted to a server for the performance of various functions such as time management, remote control via mobile devices, alarms and electricity consumption reporting, thereby controlling the entire or individual lighting systems. With this platform, users can precisely control their energy consumption and achieve their goals of energy saving and carbon reduction.

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Case: Cooperation among Industry, University and Research Institute

In order to achieve mutual benefit and win-win situation in aspects such as resource sharing, technology innovation and joint project, IBO Information, a member of the Group, has worked with the School of Computer Science, Wuhan University for a long-term and stable strategic partnership by signing a three-year cooperation memorandum and establishing the "IoT Joint Research and Development Centre of IBO Information Technology and Wuhan University" (艾伯信息·武漢大學物聯網聯合研發中心).

The purpose of this cooperation is to make full use of the advantages of the two parties by jointly establishing a working team for scientific research, enhancing the level of information and resources sharing, improving mutual communication and maintaining a high degree of mutual trust among strategic partners, whereby greater competitive advantages may be resulted. In addition, talents are jointly cultivated for the improvement in and the growth of the two parties in terms of cost, management, service, users' satisfaction and performance and the R&D and innovation would be conducted for the cutting-edge technological fields such as artificial intelligence, big data applications and intelligent software.

The cooperation has come to an end at the end of 2021 after friendly mutual negotiation. In the future, the Group will actively explore applicable partnerships to assist China in achieving its goal of "Digital China".

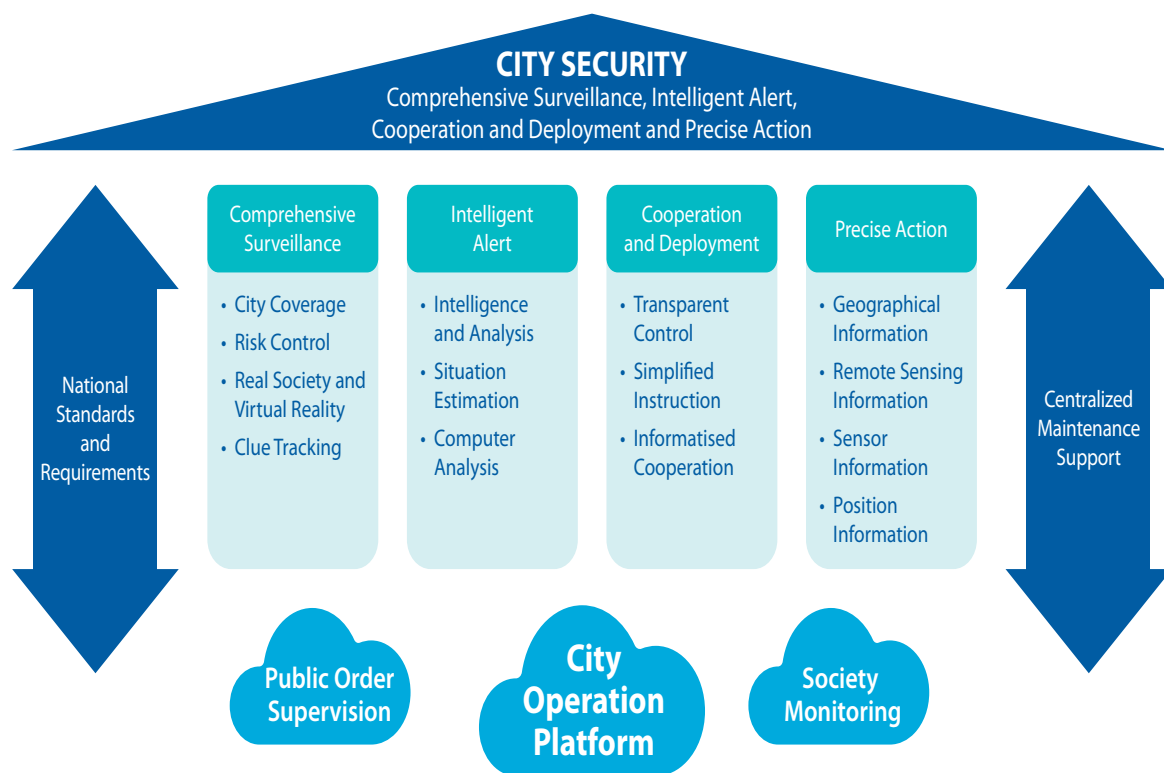
Cooperation between Government and Enterprises for a Safe Living Environment

The Group has kept seeking long-term business relationships with different government departments for continuous development in areas of providing tailor-made products, applications and solutions. Particularly, in the field of public security management for "smart cities" in Mainland China, we have also invested a considerable amount of resources in assisting government departments in providing the most suitable solution regarding supervision for safe production and hazard as well as regarding other specific projects such as asset management, vehicle management and personnel management.

Based on cloud storage and cloud computing, our "Safe City" (平安城市) solution has highly integrated subsystems for purposes such as public order monitoring, intelligent transportation, digital urban management and command during emergency, with the technology on GIS digital map. Thereafter, structuration, correlation analysis and statistics mining would be conducted for the massive data at municipal level and with the big data analysis technology, turning the traditional static management and single-point management (單點管理) into the new mode of real-time, dynamic and linked management and thus materializing the interaction among departments of functions such as public order, transportation, urban management and emergency response throughout the city. As a result, an efficient response mechanism among urban departments is established, enhancing the overall rapid response capabilities of public security authorities and the government's capacities on rescue services and on emergency situations.

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Depending on the features and application of and the demand for surveillance systems with high-definition video as well as the current and future development needs for the image surveillance system and the image application system in a certain period of time, a set of advanced platforms with comprehensive applications for safe cities will be constructed to timely supply reliable videos and image information for general applications such as command and dispatch, investigation and evidence obtaining, emergency response and traffic management, aiming at providing services at frontline so as to achieve the effect of “tracking footsteps, vehicle tracks and files of events” (人過留痕·車過留影·事過留檔) and thus to fully realize the target of “full coverage of urban streets, no blind spots under video surveillance, integrated network for social management, sufficient evidence for investigation and effective prevention and control for stability” (城區街道全覆蓋、視頻監控無盲區、社會管理聯成網、偵查辦案有證據、維穩防控有實效) after application.

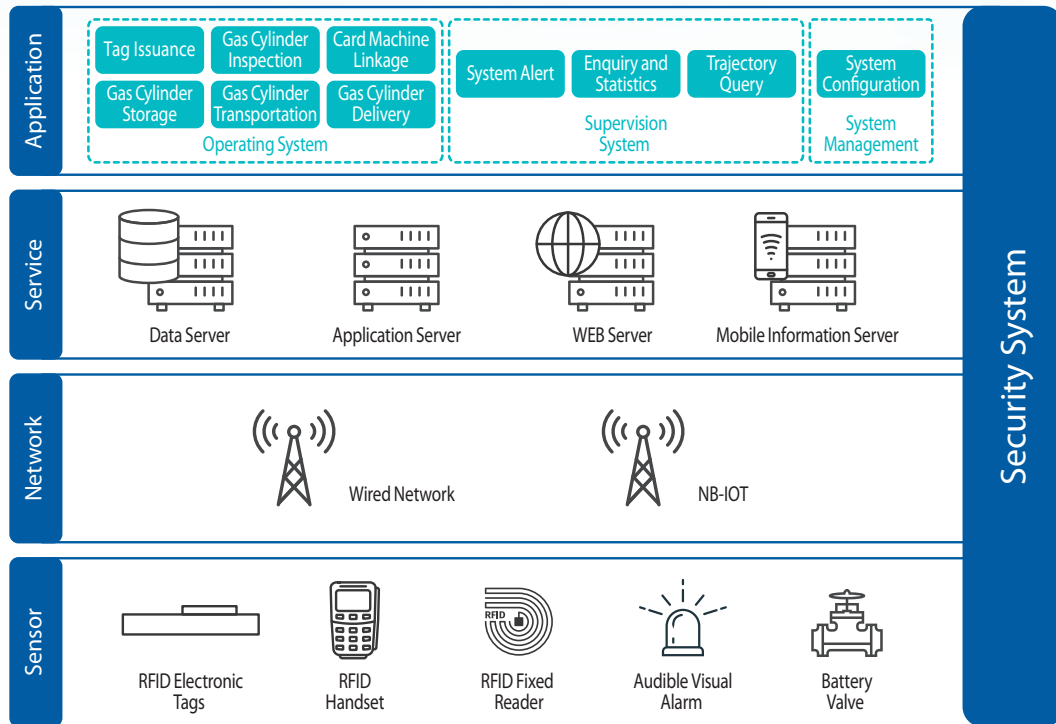


We have strong research and development capabilities in the field of explosion-proof technology, and the products that we developed have obtained explosion-proof certificates issued by certification bodies designated by the government. According to the laws and regulations in China, only products with explosion-proof certificates are allowed to be used in establishments which are subject to explosion-proof protection requirements.

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Case: Monitoring System for Electronic Gas Cylinder

The main function of our monitoring system for electronic gas cylinder is to manage and track the regular inspection, filling, transportation, storage and sale of gas cylinders. Through the application of such monitoring system, potential safety hazards caused by defective gas cylinders can be effectively controlled.



The system provides each cylinder with an RFID tag embedded with a globally unique serial number, and information such as the production date, the validity period and the date of next annual inspection of gas cylinder would be compiled into the RFID tag and can be read by RFID readers. Whenever the gas cylinders are filled, transported, stored, sold or accept annual inspection, the data stored on the RFID tag will be read automatically or manually to ensure that the use of gas cylinder is legal and safe. For gas cylinders that fail to meet the regulatory requirements, the system will conduct automatic detection and reject the filling for such gas cylinders, when the entire application process of gas cylinders is strictly regulated by relevant government departments. The supervision platform conducts real-time supervision on the six main steps of “filling, storage, transportation, ventilation, delivery and users”, so that each process is well documented.

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Case: Intelligent Traffic Control System

The function of intelligent traffic control systems is to assist in enhancing the efficiency, control and safety of regional road traffic systems. We are responsible for the construction and maintenance of the integrated traffic monitoring systems to the effect that the digital function of video surveillance over traffic could operate properly to facilitate efficient traffic control and directions, system management on digitalised traffic lights and traffic signals as well as digitalisation on police dispatch when traffic accidents or emergencies occur.

By building a real-time dynamic information service system, it is possible to deeply explore traffic-related data, create a problem analysis model and realize capability improvement on resource allocation optimization for industries, decision making for public, industry management and public service provision, so that it would be safer, more efficient, more convenient, more economical, more eco-friendly and more comfortable in terms of traffic operation and development.



Case: Petrochemical IoT Informatization

The automated oil depot system can monitor, measure and calculate various parameters such as liquid level, oil reserves, oil feeding (進油量), oil off (出油量), flow rate, pressure, bearing temperature of pump unit (泵機組軸承溫度), interface height of oil and water, oil density, temperature, volume of oil product, water volume and quality, and will prompt an alarm when the warning level is reached. Moreover, it could reveal in real time the performance of patrols, and issue warnings in time for abnormal patrols, finally becoming a set of intelligent security solutions integrating management systems used in areas such as anti-theft practice, fire prevention, gas leakage prevention, emergency, boundary protection, real-time electronic patrol, access control, automatic linkage control and attendance.

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6.2 Product Quality Control

The Group implements strict quality control from the source of the supply chain to the sales terminal, and advocates the “craftsmanship spirit” of excellence to do a good job in products. The Group actively promotes the certification of the quality and safety system. During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to pass the ISO9001: 2015 quality management system certification. In accordance with the standard management system, the Group has established quality management regulations and operation manuals applicable to its own products, and has established clear system guidelines for supplier management, entrusted processing, raw material acceptance, semi-finished and finished product acceptance. The Group earnestly performs management and supervision functions to ensure high quality assurance of raw materials and finished products. For the supply from suppliers and third-party manufacturers, the Group will carefully test the raw materials and finished products to ensure compliance of the contract requirements. Only qualified raw materials or finished products can be delivered to third-party manufacturers or customers. Any raw materials or finished products that do not meet the Group’s quality standards, specifications and requirements are returned to suppliers or third-party manufacturers for exchange, return or re-production.

The Group also implements quality standards and quality control procedures for the Group’s software products to ensure that product designs meet the quality requirements of the Group’s customers and place emphasis on continuously improving the quality of the Group’s software products. The Group reviews and inspects the quality requirements and targets status at different stages of project design, development and completion. By conducting a series of system tests and programme tests, the actual results are compared with the expected results, in order to find any differences and areas for improvement, and strive for excellence. Therefore, the Group ensures that each customer’s needs are met and that the standard and outcome of every product is consistent. The Group has also formulated internal control procedures for product traceability to understand the quality status and traceability of products in the production process, and label and trace the products in each production process, so that when any quality problems are found, the Group can immediately identify the source of defects in the production process, quickly identify the batch of defective products and recall the products as needed, rectify the problems and prevent future recurrence.

With a variety of explosion-proof technologies, the Group has designed and developed various types of electrical equipment products that have obtained explosion-proof certificates, and complied with relevant regulations in China for being able to be applied in dangerous areas such as storage areas for gas cylinder which are prone to explosion. A number of our products have denoted their intrinsic nature of safety by reaching the highest level of explosion-proof standards.

In 2022/23, the Group did not recall any products due to safety and health issues.

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Product Quality Control Procedures



6.3 Intellectual Property Protection¹

As one of the earliest enterprises engaged in the technology R&D and application for the Internet of Things in China, the Group has been deeply involved in the field of the Internet of Things for nearly 20 years and has equipped itself with numerous patented technologies. Therefore, the Group attaches great importance to the maintenance and management of intellectual property rights by strictly abiding by laws and regulations such as the "Patent Law of the People's Republic of China" (中華人民共和國專利法), the "Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China" (中華人民共和國商標法) and the "Copyright of the People's Republic of China" (中華人民共和國著作權) to ensure that all patent applications and management are in compliance with legal standards and procedures and to prevent infringement of other intellectual property rights. The requirements for the protection of intellectual property rights are set out in the Intellectual Property Rights and Confidentiality Agreement. All senior management personnel of the Technical Department must sign the agreement with the Group and agree to protect the intellectual property rights of the Group.

¹ The statistics mainly include the intellectual property held by IBO Information, IBO Communication, IBO Information Technology, IBO Electronics, Weitu Technology and Yunwei Network as of 31 March 2023.

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Intellectual property rights are the cornerstone of the Company's innovation and development. In order to encourage employees to actively participate in the research and development and innovation of the Company's core technology and improve the Company's competitiveness in the market, the Group has formulated the Patent Reward Management System to provide incentives to relevant employees according to each newly successfully applied patent. For each patent that has been identified by the Group's chief technology officer as an invention patent that makes a major breakthrough in the Company's technology and brings large-scale sales benefits, the Group will also provide satisfactory incentives to relevant employees. In order to protect the Group's reputation and interests, the Group engages third-party professional agencies to assist in the application process when applying for various intellectual property rights, and to identify whether there will be any infringement of the intellectual property rights of others.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group had 50 patent registrations and 87 copyright registrations, with 1 new patent registration and 6 copyright registrations. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not identify and was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to the protection of intellectual property rights.

6.4 Customer Service

The Group arranges dedicated personnel to communicate with customers before, during and after projects for products and services, to understand customer needs, protect customer rights and interests, and continuously improve its service quality. The Group will understand the expectations of customers in detail from the communication process before the commencement of the project, design a project plan that is satisfactory to customers in the interests of customers, and closely communicate with customers on the progress of the project, as well as its opinions on quality and services during the project implementation process. Training plans and teaching materials will be provided to customers when necessary to ensure that customers clearly understand the use of its products. After the completion of the project, the Group will also provide customers with timely maintenance services and technical consulting, and collect feedback from customers on the quality of the Company's products and services, which will be passed to other relevant departments to continuously improve the quality of products and services. If the Group customers are not satisfied with the quality of its products and services or have concerns about the safety of its products and services, the Group has also established sufficient channels and personnel to enable the Group customers to communicate with its technical or after-sales service personnel and to resolve their concerns as soon as possible. The Group did not receive any complaints caused by product and service quality issues in 2022/23.

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6.5 Customer Information and Privacy

The Group strictly abides by the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, the Cyber Security Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations, and has formulated the IT Information Security Management System to ensure that internal employees of the Group handle various information in accordance with the relevant system and avoid any leakage of customer information that may lead to network security incidents. The Group fully protects the rights and interests of customers, properly handles customer privacy information obtained through purchase channels, and has formulated relevant internal control procedures to protect customer data, put forward clear guidelines for the collection, storage, use and destruction of customer data, and take multiple measures to prevent leakage. Meanwhile, the Group has established a series of control procedures relating to data security such as firewall, password policies, user management, server room regular inspections, etc., to minimise the risk of customer data leakage. In addition, the Group also emphasises the importance of customer data confidentiality through email reminders, training and daily communication, and regularly inspects various security and confidentiality measures. The confidentiality requirements of customer information are set out in the Employee Handbook and the Anti-corruption Code of Conduct. New employees are required to sign a confidentiality agreement with the Group, agreeing to keep the Group's data including customer data confidential.

6.6 Operational Compliance

The Group has strictly complied with the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests. In FY2022/23, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to product and service quality.

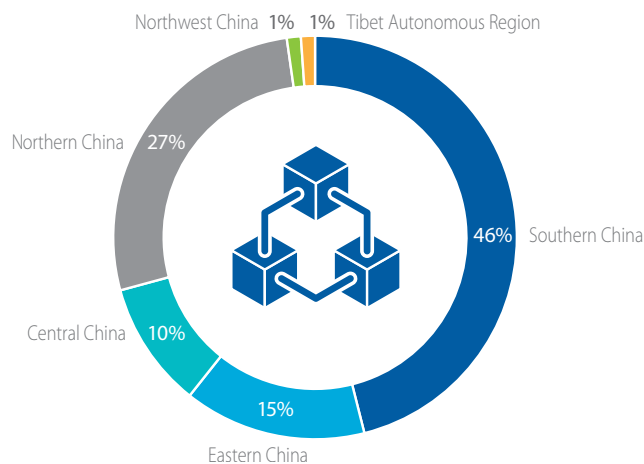
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7. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group has always adhered to the honest operation and interactive win-win business philosophy, and continued to optimise the management of the supply chain. Through a scientific and strict supplier selection and evaluation system, a sound supplier performance evaluation method, and a fair and impartial evaluation system, the Group creates a good competitive environment for suppliers and guarantees quality from the source of products.

In 2022/23, the Group maintained partnerships with 89 suppliers (2021/2022: 82 suppliers), all of which were included in the Qualified Supplier Catalogue after passing the supplier evaluation mechanism review. Among them, 73 suppliers (2021/2022: 61 suppliers) have signed the Integrity and Honesty Commitment to protect the legitimate rights and interests of both parties in the procurement activities. The chart below shows the number of suppliers by region:

Number of Suppliers by Region



7.1 Supplier Evaluation Mechanism

In order to strengthen the bilateral cooperative relationships with suppliers, the Group has established long-term friendly cooperative relationships with them based on the principles of mutual benefit and common development to prevent the risk of procurement business. The Group attaches great importance to the communication with suppliers to strengthen the Group's requirements on the product quality and service of suppliers. In accordance with the Supplier Evaluation Process formulated by the Group, the Group incorporates technical indicators, quality control standards, and environmental and occupational health and safety management systems into the scope of supplier evaluation, as well as collects and reviews the Group's business licences and qualification certificates. In order to better evaluate the actual situation of suppliers in fulfilling social responsibilities, when necessary and feasible, the Group visits and inspects its suppliers' production environment, packaging materials, employee management and other social benefit factors on site, laying a foundation for promoting their better performance of social responsibilities in future cooperation, and ensuring that they meet the assessment conditions. Only those who pass the review can be included in the Qualified Supplier Catalogue. At the same time, suppliers must commit to complying with relevant laws and regulations. In order to achieve the Group's environmental and social risk management policies, the Group will also communicate with suppliers in a timely manner and request their cooperation to commence relevant management measures.

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In addition, the Group formulates an annual supplier assessment plan every year. The project team, quality department and procurement department jointly evaluate whether the supplier's performance meets the standards, analyse the reasons for the failure to meet the requirements of suppliers, and formulate corrective and preventive measures to ensure that all suppliers selected in the procurement process are high-quality suppliers. The Group maintains a list of approved suppliers that could satisfy the standards and reviews the list semi-annually or half-yearly. During the review process, an evaluation is conducted based on the performance of suppliers, where unqualified suppliers may be removed from the list and new suppliers may be included. During the Reporting Period, the Group added 17 new suppliers and conducted an annual assessment on 89 suppliers in accordance with the admission and annual review process of relevant suppliers, with a passing rate of 100% (2021/2022:100%).

7.2 Supply Chain ESG Management



The procurement supply chain management is based on the procurement of products through the standard fixedpoint, pricing and ordering process. Supply chain risks focus on quality risks, market risks, safety, etc. Strengthening the supply chain environment and risk management and control is the business relationship between enterprise product demands and suppliers, and is gradually optimised to form an excellent supplier group. The Group communicates with suppliers on a regular basis to discuss issues such as procurement strategy and product quality. By maintaining long-term and stable cooperation, suppliers can develop and improve together with the Group, and suppliers with long-term cooperation can also ensure relatively stable business cooperation, thereby maintaining their healthy development.

The enterprise procurement supply chain is an important component of the enterprise supply chain system. It is the key to improving the quality of an enterprise and saving costs. To establish an enterprise procurement supply chain system, incorporating all aspects of enterprise procurement into the entire system is our top priority, so as to ensure the smooth flow of information among all aspects of the procurement process and increase work efficiency. Meanwhile, the sharing of information and the rational use and allocation of resources will bring the greatest benefits to the enterprise.

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In order to adapt to the development trend of environmental protection and ensure that the materials supplied by each supplier comply with the requirements of environmental protection and the laws and regulations on environmental protection (RoHS), the materials and products sold by suppliers to the Group shall not contain substances prohibited by the RoHS Directive. In order to meet the Group's environmental protection needs, all raw materials must have testing certificates, and electronic components must meet the RoHS limit requirement in environmental management.

The "Supplier Assessment Record" (供應商考核記錄表) formulated by the Group includes ESG review to ensure that suppliers fulfill our social and environmental sustainability principles and do not violate any relevant laws and regulations.

Aspect	Evaluation Scope	Evaluated Matter
 Environment	Procurement Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether all the suppliers are required to introduce environment protection and have the ability to meet our requirements
	Feed Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether the materials provided by the suppliers are eco-friendly and whether materials that are not eco-friendly are tagged and segregated
	Hazardous Substance Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether data in relation to environment management substances is checked at the time of shipment and whether the shipment data is retained Whether an inspection report is available for environmental hazardous substances
 Society	Education and Training	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether operators for important processes and QC have passed any assessment before reporting duty Whether special training is often provided by the Company for safe production
	Customer Service	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether a procedure is present for requiring regular surveys on customers' satisfaction and relevant execution records exist Whether a procedure/method/process is set for handling customers' complaint Whether a time limit is provided for handling customers' complaint and for responding with a countermeasure Whether follow-up on the efficiency of the countermeasure report for improving customers' complaint is conducted

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8. EMPLOYEE-ORIENTED

The Group strictly abides by the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China and other relevant laws and regulations, formulates various internal rules and regulations on human resources management, and cooperates with the risk control and audit centre to continuously improve the Group's human resources management system every year to ensure employment compliance and employees' legitimate rights and interests are reasonably protected.

The Group firmly believes that talent is one of the Group's important assets. A working environment which provides equal opportunities for employees is the cornerstone for retaining talents and long-term business development. In order to show the Group's respect for the diversity of talents, the Group regards fairness and equality as the basic principles of human resources management. All applicants and employees enjoy equal treatment in recruitment, promotion, remuneration and benefits, training and development, and will not be discriminated against due to their age, race, gender, family status, marital status, religion, disability, etc.

IBO Communication, a subsidiary of the Group, passed the certification of the SA 8000: 2014 Corporate Social Responsibility Management System, which further confirmed that the Group's employee management system complies with the requirements of the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights, the International Labour Organisation Convention, international human rights standards and the national labour laws. However, the Group will not take this as the end point. The Group will continue to optimise its systems and policies, regard employees as the Group's foundation, and put forward various employee care measures and policies to achieve the coordinated development of the enterprise and employees.

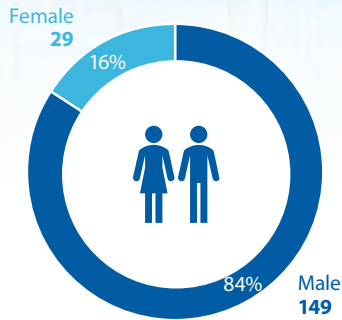
8.1 Recruitment and Dismissal

The Group adopts the recruitment principles of integrity and ability, merit-based recruitment and fair competition. The Group's recruitment adopts the an objective assessment model. The job requirements are expressly listed before recruitment, and selection process is conducted through various channels such as external recruitment, online recruitment and campus recruitment. Candidates need to go through the written test, interviews and background check, so that the Group can consider its abilities, experience, work attitude and other qualities. Recruitment principles, recruitment selection and recruitment processes have been included in the Employee Handbook and Recruitment Management System. The Group is committed to ensuring equal employment opportunities for our employees, and will not differentiate between employees based on their varieties such as ethnicity, age and gender. The Group has also set up the "New Employee Orientation Training Management System" (新員工入職培訓管理制度) to assist new employees in identifying the responsibilities of their positions and in understanding our corporate culture, rules and systems for their adaption to the new working environment as soon as possible. In order to establish and improve on talent introduction channels and promote rapid replenishment of talents needed for the development of the Company, the Group formulated the Recruitment Award Management System (Trial) to mobilise and motivate internal employees to recommend external talents that meet the job recruitment needs to join the Group.

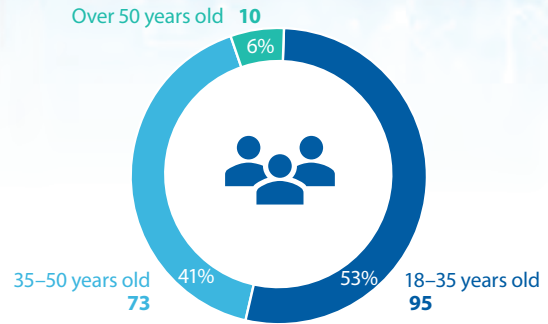
In addition, the Group has formulated and further improved the Employee Departure Management System to ensure that the departure is carried out in an orderly manner, including specifying the departure auditing process and the arrangement of departure handover, so as to protect the rights and interests of both employees and the Group. The system also sets out the conditions for terminating labour contracts, such as violation of national laws and regulations and serious disciplinary violations, and shall not dismiss employees without reason. In case of dismissal or termination of employees, the Group has provided sufficient and reasonable compensation to employees in accordance with laws and regulations.

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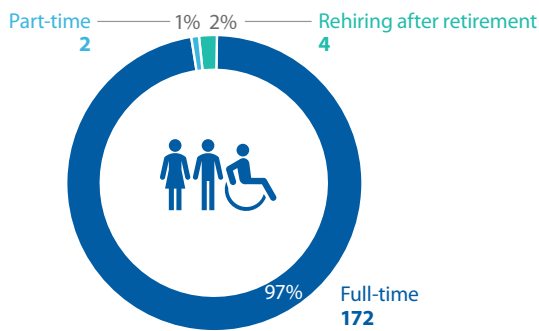
Total number and percentage of employees by gender



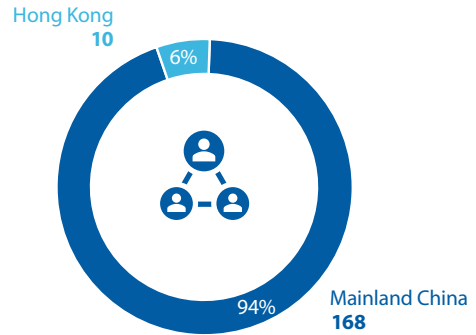
Total number and percentage of employees by age



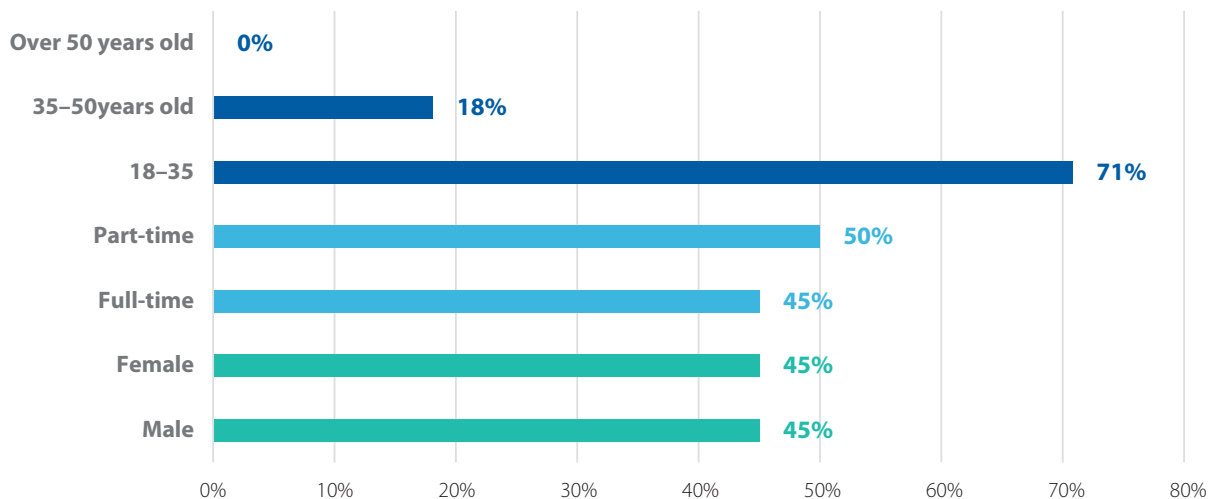
Total number and percentage of employees by employment type



Total number and percentage of employees by geographic location



Employees turnover by gender, employment type and age group



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8.2 Remuneration, Benefits and Promotion

The policies and regulations related to remuneration, benefits and promotion are set out in the Employee Handbook, the Performance Appraisal Management System, the Salary Management System, the Employee Leave Management System, the Attendance Regulations and the Labour Contract. Meanwhile, the Group's remuneration and benefits, including subsidies, bonuses, social insurance and housing provident fund, are determined in accordance with the requirements of local laws and regulations, the market salary level, business performance and the results of employee performance appraisal, with an aim to provide attractive salary to retain talents and recognise their contributions. The Group has ensured its employees have reasonable working hours and adequate rest time, as well as leaves (including annual leave, marriage leave, maternity leave, bereavement leave, statutory holidays, etc.). In addition, the Group also provides non-statutory employee benefits, such as purchasing group accident commercial insurance, providing free health check-ups and holiday gifts, etc.

The Group has established a systematic assessment management system to conduct employee performance appraisal orderly, to prompt the working efficiency of our staff and to raise their enthusiasm and initiative, which may continuously enhance our overall core competitiveness. As to the employee performance appraisal, employees' performance is evaluated by business indicators, work task indicators, attitude and ability indicators, and the work results of employees are measured by quantitative principles, and the same appraisal standards are adopted for employees in the same position. Not only will the result of the performance appraisal be applied to pertinence the compensation and bonus of the employees, but it will also become their foundation for promotion.

Five Principles for Performance Management

- 1 Fair and Public** | The standards, procedures, methods, time and other aspects of our performance management are publicly explained to our staff, so as to make them transparent.
- 2 Objective and Just** | Any assessment on our staff is based on facts, avoiding subjective assumptions and personal emotions.
- 3 Open Communication** | Communication and opinion exchange with our staff are conducted heartily, when the assessment results should be returned to the staff under assessment timely to affirm their achievements and to point out their deficiencies. In addition, directions for future efforts and improvements would be proposed.
- 4 Difference** | During our assessment on the performance of different departments and different positions, it is necessary to formulate corresponding standards for measurement according to the different job natures, when the assessment results should vary appropriately avoiding egalitarianism.
- 5 Balance between Process and Result** | Performance management should focus not only on effects and results, but also on the process that may lead to achievement.

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The Group deeply believes that talents are the cornerstone of our successful development, when a fair and competitive remuneration system can not only retain the talents, but also encourage our staff and boost their morale, and finally spur the improvement of our performance. Therefore, outstanding staff will be praised and the staff who have made significant contributions to our development will have their values recognised. The Group has employee incentive plans with different orientations in place, whereby, additional rewards are given to the staff with considerable contributions as a kind of encouragement, in addition to individual year-end bonuses.

System	Purpose and Description
Patent Reward Management System of IBO Communication	Employees are encouraged to actively participate in the research and development and innovation on the core technology of the Company, in order to increase their efforts in protecting our intellectual property. The staff who have provided their inventions such as invention patents as a result of their duties during their tenure would be rewarded.
Recruitment Award Management System	Internal employees would be rewarded if they have recommended to the Company external talents needed for our development, with a view to increasing our talent recruitment channels for rapid replenishment of our talent pool for our development.
Team Project Reward (團隊項目獎金)	Project teams of distinction will be rewarded. During the year, the Group organised a regular test for our 5G pico base stations with the tested team passing all the item tests at the first stage. As a result, a bonus was distributed to the team as an encouragement.

The Group holds various kinds of team-building activities every year, including sports activities, outdoor activities, birthday parties and so on. Holding diversified activities is beneficial to enrich the Group's staff's life and enhance the corporate cohesion.

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8.3 Safety Risk Management and training

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, the Measures for the Administration of Occupational Health Surveillance and the Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurances. The Group regards the protection of employees' health and safety as a high priority. The Group is committed to maintaining a safe, healthy and productive workplace for employees, take prevention as the governance policy, and adopts measures focusing on hazard management and risk assessment. In order to ensure that the Group can effectively control occupational health and safety risks, it has continuously improved the occupational health and safety management system, implemented the Environmental Safety Operation Control Procedures, and passed the ISO45001: 2018 Occupational health and safety management system certification, striving to provide a safe and healthy working environment for employees.

In response to the safety risks in the workplace, the Group has identified and evaluated major occupational health and safety hazards in the business scope, and adopted effective control measures for major hazards. The Group's operation centre conducts weekly inspections and regular audits of the workplace, and arranges security personnel to conduct 24-hour inspections. Abnormalities are immediately handled and corrective measures are implemented, and the results reported to the management. The Group has established an accident handling mechanism and formulated an emergency plan. In the event of a safety incident, the Group will control the situation as soon as possible according to the internal mechanism and conduct an after-action review. The Group understands the importance of preventative measures and encourages employees to report to the management on various possible occupational health and safety accidents, incidents and natural disasters. In regard to third-party manufacturers, the Group carries out environmental safety information exchange, issues the Environmental Safety Control Requirements and requires the manufacturers to commit to complying with health and safety related requirements in the contract.

Training and education can enhance safety awareness of employees, which is the primary way to reduce the number of safety incidents. In order to improve work efficiency and reduce the probability of small safety accidents, the Group requires personnel involved in work safety risks to receive special pre-job safety technical training. If equipment operations are involved, the Group requires relevant personnel to present qualified operation certificates obtained from national institutions. Moreover, the Group evaluates the ability of its employees who perform maintenance on a monthly basis, encourages staff to follow its guidance and safety measures proactively. The Group also organises employees to participate in fire prevention, electric shock prevention and fire drills every year to improve their fire safety awareness and response skills.

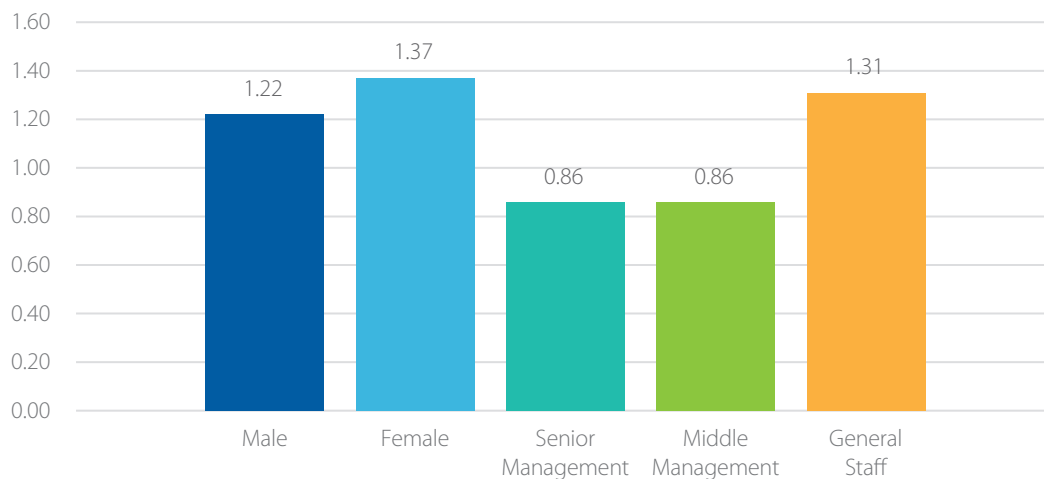
The Group has conducted regular safety inspections, supervision and audits to ensure compliance with laws and regulations. In FY2022/23, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to employee health and safety. The rate of work-related fatalities and lost days due to work injury were 0% and 0, respectively. In the past 3 years, no fatality of employee occurred as a result of work.

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8.4 Employee Training Management

The training structure of the Group is “recruitment, in-service and further improvement”, aiming to continuously improve the profession level and job skills of employees, in order to meet the needs of sustainable development of the Company. The Group’s training policies and systems are described in the Internal Training Management System and the External Training Management System, and internal or external training is arranged based on factors such as training content, training targets and training fees. The Group evaluates the development needs of staff on a regular basis, provides supports and encourages them to fulfil their potentials in full and achieve self-development. Through induction training, the Group helps new employees to understand the basic business process, rules and regulations, corporate culture and organisational structure as soon as possible to help them integrate into the enterprise. As for the employees in service, the training contents will focus on the knowledge of professional skills and job requirements. It combines with a variety of teaching methods such as theory-discussing meeting, courses, multimedia, on-site demonstration and detailed textbooks to convey knowledge and skills. The Group organizes meetings between the chairman and the Group’s staff, achieving communications across levels. The human resources department of the Group pays close attention to the status of each employee in real time, and keeps abreast of the demands, work status, position planning of each employee and the suggestions and expectations of the Company or superior management. The Group also regularly holds team building training to enhance team spirit among employees. For potential employees, the Group will provide further training, including cross-departmental comprehensive training or arrange employees to participate in external professional training. The Group will also receive subsidies for training fees after approval by the management, so as to further improve the professional knowledge and skills of employees. For the management staff, the Group also provides training to enhance their integrated management skills, such as strategy management, resource management and personnel management.

**Average Training Hours per Trained Employee
by Gender and Employee Category (Hours)**



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In order to provide training that is more suitable for the actual needs of employees, the Group conducts an annual training demand survey, and formulates an annual employee training schedule based on the needs of various departments and the Group's business objectives. The Group will also monitor and review the implementation of the training forms, make timely adjustments, and evaluate the training effectiveness based on employee satisfaction, learning effectiveness, work performance, attendance rate, etc.

In addition to paying attention to the professional knowledge training of employees and the transmission of corporate culture, the Group carried out the "Building IBO Product Trainer" project to train the Group's internal lecturers, strengthen the understanding of employees on products, and improve employees' communication ability, leadership ability and strategic thinking, so as to promote employees to improve their competitiveness and realise the development of employees and the enterprise.

8.5 Anti-child and Anti-forced Labour

The Group strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors and the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour. The Group strictly prohibits the employment of employees under the legal working age in the places where it operates. The Group adopts a comprehensive screening and recruitment process, conducts regular inspections and reviews, registers the valid identity documents of each new employee, and checks the age of employees to ensure that they meet the local statutory requirements. In addition, the Group explains the labour contract to each new employee, and the employee signs and agrees to the terms of the labour contract, and decides not to allow forced labour within the Group. Once child labour or forced labour is found, the Group will thoroughly investigate the case and dismiss the relevant employees in real time.

8.6 Employment Compliance

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, other benefits and welfare and the use of child and forced labour, and there were no cases of labour disputes.

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9. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND LOW-CARBON OPERATION

The Group attaches great importance to environmental responsibility and has identified laws and regulations related to the environment that have a significant impact on the Group, including the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China, the Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste, and has ensured that the Group strictly complies with the relevant environmental laws and regulations. The Group has also formulated environmental assessment procedures to continuously strengthen the Group's control and management of greenhouse gas, exhaust gas, wastewater and waste, and help the development of national green ecological construction.

9.1 Emissions Management

In accordance with the ISO14001: 2015 Environmental Management System, the Group has formulated and further improved the Procedures for Identification and Evaluation of Environmental Factors, and regularly identifies environmental factors in activities, products or services according to the procedures, screens and evaluates important environmental factors, so as to implement effective management measures for important environmental factors. The Group conducts quantitative assessment on environmental factors based on criteria such as frequency of occurrence, scope and degree of impact, sustainability of environmental impact and public concern, and formulates and implements environmental management plans, operation instructions and sets up environmental control points when appropriate based on the assessment results, so as to effectively ensure the compliant disposal of waste and continuously reduces the impact of production and operation on the environment.

The design and sales of intelligent terminal products, one of the Group's four business lines, involve production and the Company employed third-party manufacturers to process and assemble products based on the prototypes designed by it. Other businesses, including system integration, software development and system maintenance services, do not involve production and do not have a direct impact on the environment.

For third-party manufacturers, the Group will inform them of the environmental policy, require the third-party manufacturers to cooperate in carrying out environmental management business, and where feasible, conduct onsite inspection of environmental related matters with the relevant parties. The Group also actively discusses with third-party manufacturers on major environmental issues such as exhaust gas, sewage, soil pollution and waste, with an aim to promote third-party manufacturers' awareness of environmental management and urge them to strictly comply with environmental laws and regulations.

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9.1.1 Greenhouse Gas and Air Emissions Management

The greenhouse gases and exhaust gases emitted by the Group mainly come from the use of electricity in offices and the use of gasoline vehicles. The Group has formulated the Guidelines for the Use of Private Vehicles to regulate the use of private vehicles and encourage the use of vehicles with better fuel efficiency. The Group has a number of conservation measures in place to reduce vehicle exhaust and greenhouse gas emissions. For example, drivers are encouraged to plan routes in advance before using vehicles. For example, passengers are arranged to use the same vehicle at the same or close destination to shorten the travel distance and reduce fuel consumption; drivers are required to switch off idling engines to reduce energy consumption and waste gas; vehicles are regularly repaired and maintained to improve energy efficiency and reduce fuel consumption and waste gas emissions due to parts failure; the concept of green travel is promoted and employees are encouraged to use public transportation or walk and commute as much as possible. The Group also pays attention to the carbon emissions caused by business travel and actively implements a number of measures, such as making good use of various communication tools to communicate with business partners to reduce the use of vehicles and the number of business trips, thereby reducing the generation of greenhouse gases and exhaust gases.

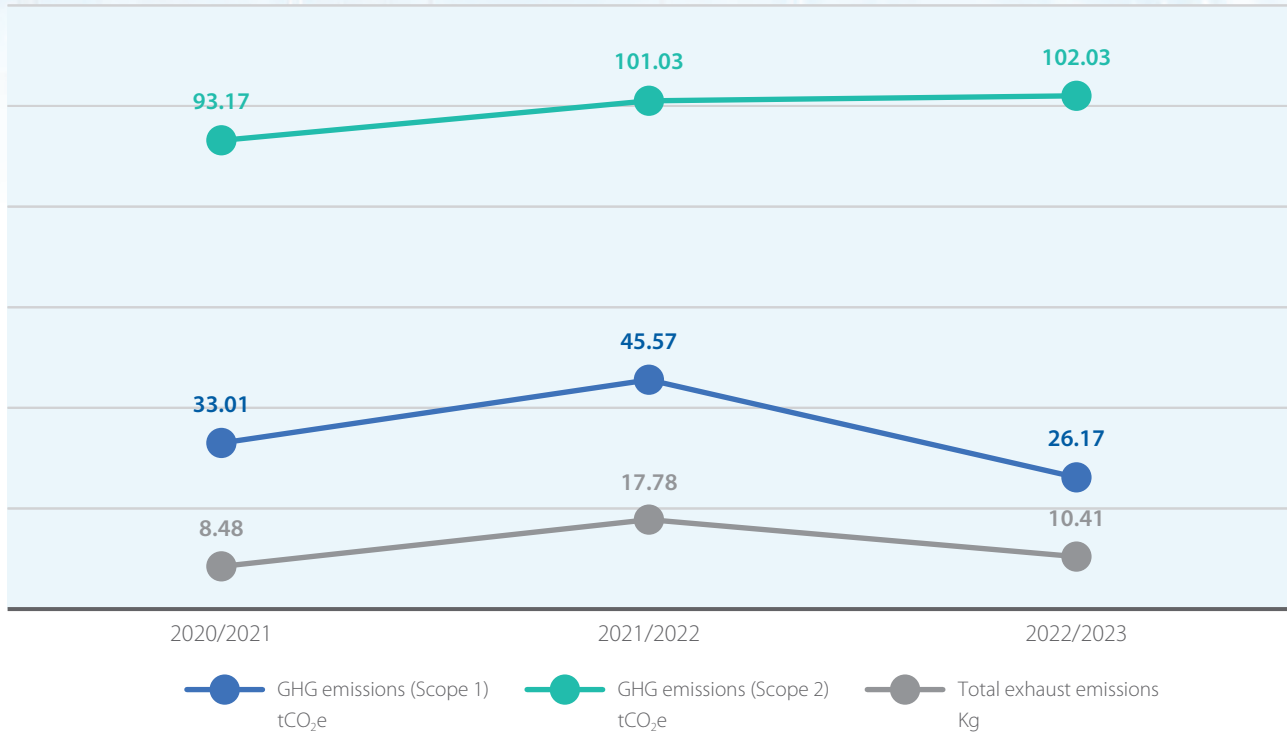
For the management of electricity consumption in the office and assembly workshop, the Group has also formulated relevant management systems to minimise the greenhouse gases generated in the Group's operations and implement the Group's low-carbon operation policy. For the management measures of electricity conservation, please refer to the section headed "10.2.1 Electricity Efficiency" in this Report.

In 2022/2023, the Group generated approximately 9.56 kg, 0.15 kg and 0.70 kg of nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides and particulate matter from the use of gasoline and diesel vehicles, respectively. The total exhaust emissions decreased by 7.37 kg or 41.11% compared with the previous year ((2021/2022: 16.32 kg of nitrogen oxides, 0.26 kg of sulphur oxides and 1.20 kg of particulate matter, and the total exhaust emissions were 17.78 kg). Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease in the Company's vehicles and mileage driven during the Year.

In 2022/2023, the Group's Scope 1 greenhouse gas emissions from the use of gasoline and diesel vehicles amounted to approximately 26.17 tonne CO₂ equivalent ("tCO₂e") (2021/2022: 45.57 tCO₂e); Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions due to the consumption of purchased electricity were approximately 102.03 tCO₂e (2021/2022: 101.03 tCO₂e) in total, and the total greenhouse gas emissions were approximately 128.20 tCO₂e in total, with an intensity of approximately 0.04 tCO₂e/m² of operating sites (2021/2022: 146.60 tCO₂e in total, with an intensity of 0.02 tCO₂e/m² of operating sites); total greenhouse gas emissions decreased by 18.40 tCO₂e or 12.55% as compared to the previous year. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease in the Company's number of vehicle and gasoline consumption compared with the previous year.

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Year-on-year change in greenhouse gas and exhaust gas emissions



9.1.2 Hazardous Waste Management

The Group does not generate a large amount of hazardous waste due to its business nature, and a small amount of hazardous waste is generated only in daily office operations. The Group implements a waste classification policy to cultivate employees' awareness of waste classification and recycling. Daily domestic waste is properly disposed of according to the classification requirements, and the property management company is responsible for unified cleaning to ensure the reuse of recyclable waste. In addition to daily domestic waste, the Group carefully collects and recycles hazardous waste, such as contacting local professional recycling companies to dispose of waste computers and printer toner cartridges. A small amount of other solid wastes, such as used batteries and used light tubes, are classified and stored by type, and then handed over to a third party for unified collection and disposal.

In 2022/2023, the Group generated a total of approximately 9.80 kg of printer toner cartridges (2021/2022: 9 kg). During the Year, there was no scrapping of old computers (2021/2022: nil).

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9.1.3 Non-hazardous Waste Management

The Group's non-hazardous waste is mainly paper used in offices. The Group is committed to managing waste in an effective and sustainable manner. In order to reduce paper consumption in substance, the Group vigorously promotes paperless office and use electronic systems to manage business processes, including publishing management manuals, procedures and other electronic documents through the Company's intranet, so as to reduce paper consumption for copying and updating documents. The Group encourages employees to print on both sides and to reuse paper. Electronic methods, such as instant messenger software, email and phone call, are mostly used for daily communication and information transfer, so as to reduce the dependence on written communication. The Group implemented a series of measures to reduce employees' reliance on paper and improve paper waste in offices.

In 2022/2023, the Group produced a total of approximately 0.70 tonnes (2021/2022: 0.64 tonnes) of waste paper, representing an increase of 0.06 tonnes or 9.15% as compared to the previous year.

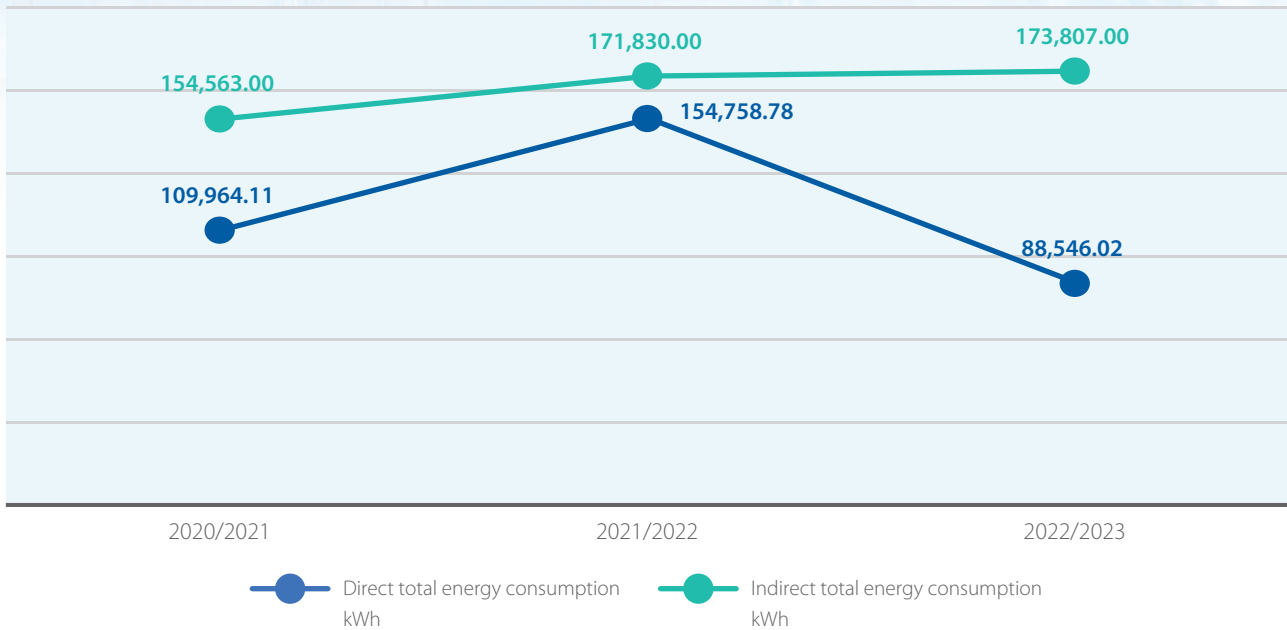
9.2 Use of Resources

The Group has always been strictly in compliance with the Law of the People's Republic of China on Energy Conservation. By proactively optimising its energy structure, the Group has always integrated its goals in respect of the environment, society and the government into its core operation practises, contributing to the achievement of social sustainability. The Group vigorously implements measures for energy conservation and emission reduction, continuously improves its regulations and policies related to resources management, foster its staff's awareness towards energy conservation and improve resources efficiency. In the future, the Group plans to gradually obtain more accurate supporting parameters for key resources such as electricity and water. In the face of climate change issues, the Group will actively respond to relevant policies, effectively reduce its own carbon footprint and assist in the development of a low-carbon economy. In addition, as the scope and nature of business of the Group are application of high and new technology and provision of related services, the Group's operation does not involve any significant consumption of packaging materials, and the relevant disclosure is not applicable to the Group.

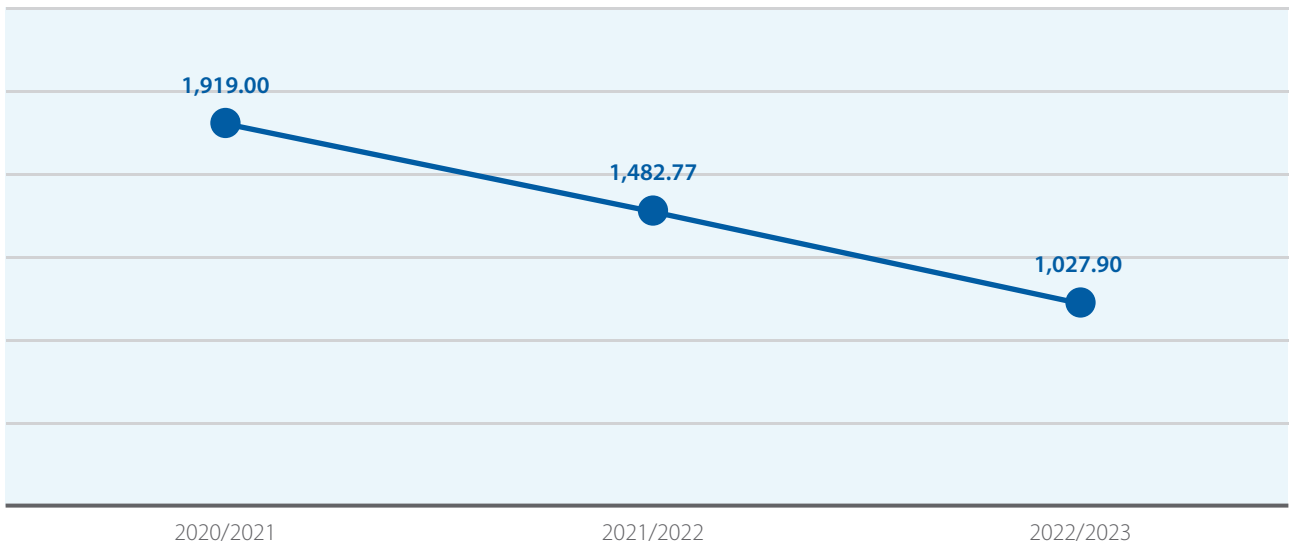
The use of resources in offices is the main source of the Group's indirect greenhouse gas emissions. Therefore, the Group is committed to reducing energy consumption from the aspects of lighting, air-conditioning and water conservation, and actively participating in actions to reduce global warming. The Group closely monitors the use of resources, continues to provide training courses for employees and carries out effective communication with employees, strengthen employees' awareness of environmental protection, and enhances the importance of coordinating the Group's environmental protection policies. According to the Procedures for Identification and Evaluation of Environmental Factors, the Group evaluates the use of resources in the process of office activities and services, and classifies them into four levels: good use, reasonable use, waste and serious waste, and keeps monitoring records. For business activities and processes that are identified as inappropriate use of resources, the responsible department shall formulate countermeasures and control them, which shall be reviewed and confirmed by the management and then issued to the responsible department for implementation.

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Year-on-year change in total energy consumption



Year-on-year change in water consumption (m³)



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9.2.1 Electricity Efficiency

The Group has been actively advocating the green office concept and promoting a variety of energy conservation measures, including:

- installs high-efficiency lamps and electrical appliances, and gives priority to personal office equipment with energy labels;
- ensures that non-essential power sources such as computers, computer monitors and lighting are turned off when leaving the office and after work to reduce power consumption;
- switches the computer to sleep or sleep mode when the computer is idle;
- air conditioning in office is maintained at 24-26°C and the air-conditioning philtres are cleaned to maintain good working conditions and reduce electricity consumption;
- regularly maintains and inspects daily electrical equipment, maintains operational efficiency, and ensures that there is no abnormal power consumption efficiency;
- 17: 30 p.m. every day, the air-conditioning gates in the office are uniformly turned off;
- immediately reports and repairs damaged equipment to prevent any water leakage and waste of electricity;
- places "Save Energy" stickers near major power switches to remind employees;
- advocates the awareness of energy conservation through regular group emails and public publicity.

In 2022/2023, the Group consumed a total of approximately 173,807.00 kWh of purchased electricity, representing an increase of approximately 1,977.00 kWh or 1.15% over the previous year; the electricity intensity was approximately 57.68 kWh/m² of the operating sites, representing an increase of 28.87 kWh/m² or 100% compared with the previous year (2021/2022: 171,830.00kWh, representing an electricity intensity of approximately 28.81 kWh/m² of the operating sites).

9.2.2 Water Use Efficiency

Since the Group's businesses do not involve significant use of water, its water consumption mainly comes from washrooms and pantries in offices. The water is sourced from the government water supply system and the water supply is managed by the office's property management company. During the Reporting Period, we did not encounter any issues in sourcing applicable water sources. The Group pays attention to the use of water resources and aims at using water in the most efficient way. The Group advocates the implementation of water saving plans in the office, including strengthening the daily maintenance of water supply equipment to avoid water leakage due to damage, using inductive faucets, using promotional slogans to remind employees to save water, adjusting water valves to the position of minimum water consumption, and encouraging employees to report water leakage and dripping problems to reduce unnecessary waste.

In 2022/2023, the Group consumed a total of approximately 1,027.90 m³ of water resources, representing a decrease of approximately 454.87 m³ or 30.68% as compared to the previous year. The water intensity was approximately 0.34 m³/m² of operating sites, representing an increase of 0.09 m³/m² or 36.44% as compared to the previous year (2021/2022: 1,482.77 m³, with a water intensity of approximately 0.25 m³/m² of operating sites).

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9.3 Environmental Management System

The Group's business nature does not involve highly polluting production and operation procedures, so there is no significant impact on the environment and natural resources. Despite this, the Group is committed to taking measures to address energy efficiency and environmental protection needs. The Group has established and improved the ISO14001: 2015 certified environmental management system, and continues to evaluate and observe the potential impact of the Group's business activities on the environment. In carrying out the Group's business activities, the Group takes into account past, present and future situations, as well as the possible environmental impacts of normal, abnormal or emergency operations, and formulates handling procedures and contingency plans. Factors considered for environmental impact include noise, radioactivity of materials, soil pollution, resource consumption, greenhouse effect, etc. When there are changes in departments' activities, products, services or external conditions that cause changes in the environmental factors, responsible departments will re-evaluate the environmental factors and carry out corresponding measures to minimise such possible impacts on the environment. The Group carries out regular monitoring and evaluation, and sets up a response mechanism, clarifies reporting channels, formulates response measures and sets up investigation arrangements for subsequent review in case of abnormal situations and accidents that have a significant impact on the environment and natural resources. The Group has also clearly defined the responsibilities of each post and provided trainings on professional skills and environmental control procedures for personnel in special operation processes and relating to important environmental factors. Environmental policies and relevant management system are set up to raise the awareness of employees and suppliers towards environment management and relevant laws and regulations through trainings and guidance.

The Group has a team of dedicated and diligent employees. In formulating the Group's operational strategy for sustainable development, the Group relies on the active cooperation of all employees and puts forward feasible suggestions to accelerate the Group's pace towards green operation. The Group will timely identify the sources of waste generated in operations and the impact on the environment when using resources, continues to optimise internal management systems, work guidelines and environmental protection measures, and continuously improves employees' awareness of environmental protection and resource conservation through publicity, education and other effective methods. In the process of business development, the Group will jointly fulfil social responsibilities and obligations with employees, and implement the Group's policy of "low-carbon operation".

9.4 Response to Climate Change

The Group deeply understands that climate change will have a huge impact on the natural environment and corporate development. Although the Group has not yet formulated management regulations directly related to climate change, the Group strictly implements the layout and arrangements of government agencies on extreme weather to ensure the health of employees and the safety and stability of corporate assets. The Group has incorporated climate change into its corporate risk assessment. At present, the Group has initially identified physical risks that may affect the Group's operations due to climate change and the transformation risks that may arise from climate change to the Group's business operations to ensure that the Group can formulate effective and enforceable management standards and mechanisms in line with the Group's business operation background in the appropriate period, and further enhance the Group's ability to respond to climate change.

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Physical risks	Risk description	Prevention strategy
 <p>Physical risks</p> <p>Acute risks: extreme weather such as typhoon and heavy rain</p>	<p>The increase in the frequency and severity of extreme weather such as heavy rain may damage the power grid and communication infrastructure, increase the risk of interruption of communication equipment, and may also affect the operation of the Group's supply chain.</p> <p>Damage to the power grid may also affect and disrupt the power supply to the Group's server room equipment, which may result in the loss or damage of information on the Group's past and ongoing development projects, resulting in the failure to provide timely services and products to our customers, affecting our reputation and causing financial losses.</p>	<p>The Group is proactive in developing emergency response plans and measures in the event of severe or extreme weather conditions. In addition, we are actively working on ESG in the Group's supply chain through our own influence to strengthen the Group's supply chain.</p> <p>The Group's server room has been installed with uninterruptible power supply equipment to provide sufficient temporary power to enable the Group's information security staff to return to the office in sufficient time to conduct disaster recovery drills and back up the relevant server data in accordance with the established procedures in the event of power failure due to power grid damage; at the same time, the Group also conducts regular off-site backups to ensure the security of the Company's information.</p>
<p>Chronic risk: increased energy consumption due to rising temperatures</p>	<p>Longer-term shifts in weather patterns can have potential impacts on our equipment and systems, such as sensors not functioning properly in high temperatures.</p>	<p>Our technical team will closely monitor the operation of the equipment and perform regular maintenance to ensure that our equipment and systems are still in good condition when the temperature rises.</p>
 <p>Transformation risks</p> <p>More stringent climate change regulatory disclosure requirements</p>	<p>More stringent disclosure requirements will increase the risk that the Group will fail to comply with relevant laws and regulations (such as the HKEx ESG Guidelines), exposing the Group to legal or regulatory action, business disruption, reputational and/or financial loss, or increased compliance costs.</p>	<p>The Group will closely track the latest legal and regulatory requirements and ensure the quality and accuracy of the content of the Group's ESG reports by engaging third party ESG professionals to provide ESG reporting services and comply with relevant regulations to avoid increased costs, fines for non-compliance or reputational risk due to delayed response.</p>

9.5 Environmental Compliance

In FY2022/23, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations.

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10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE

ESG Indicators		Unit	2022/2023 ^{c)}	2021/2022 ^{c)}
A. Environmental Indicators				
A1	Emission			
A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data			
	Air emissions			
	Nitrogen oxides	Kg	9.56	16.32
	Sulphur oxides	Kg	0.15	0.26
	Particulate matter	Kg	0.70	1.20
A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions and intensity^{a)}			
	Total greenhouse gas emissions	tCO ₂ e	128.20	146.60
	GHG Emissions Intensity	tCO ₂ e/m ² of operating sites	0.04	0.02
	GHG emissions (Scope 1) ¹⁾	tCO ₂ e	26.17	45.57
	GHG emissions (Scope 2) ²⁾	tCO ₂ e	102.03	101.03
A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced			
	Printer toner cartridge	Kg	9.8	9.00
	Old computers scrapped	Units	Nil	Nil
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and intensity			
	Waste paper	Tonnes	0.70	0.64
	Waste paper intensity	Tonnes/thousand m ² of operating sites	0.23	0.11
A2	Use of Resources			
A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity^{b)}			
	Total energy consumption ³⁾	kWh	262,353.02	326,588.78
	Total energy consumption intensity	kWh/m ² of operating sites	87.06	54.75
	Direct energy consumption	kWh	88,546.02	154,758.78
	Indirect energy consumption	kWh	173,807.00	171,830.00
	Gasoline consumption	Litre	8,562.31	14,407.00
	Diesel consumption	Litre	1,281.65	2,739.42
	Total electricity consumption	kWh	173,807.00	171,830.00
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity			
	Total water consumption	m ³	1,027.90	1,482.77
	Total water consumption intensity	m ³ /m ² of operating sites	0.34	0.25

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ESG Indicators		Unit	2022/2023 ^{c)}	2021/2022 ^{d)}
B. Social Indicators				
B1	Employment			
B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region			
	Total number of employees	Person	178	231
Gender	Male	Person	149	182
	Female	Person	29	49
Employee type	Full-time	Person	172	221
	Part-time	Person	2	5
	Rehired after retirement	Person	4	5
Age Group	18-35 years old	Person	95	110
	35-50 years old	Person	73	103
	Over 50 years old	Person	10	18
Region	Mainland China	Person	168	222
	Hong Kong	Person	10	9
B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender and age group ⁴⁾			
	Total employee turnover rate	Percentage	44.94%	38.96%
Gender	Male employee turnover rate	Percentage	44.97%	35.16%
	Female employee turnover rate	Percentage	44.83%	53.06%
Employee type	Full-time	Percentage	45.35%	40.27%
	Part-time	Percentage	50.00%	20.00%
Age Group	18-35 years old	Percentage	70.53%	61.47%
	35-50 years old	Percentage	17.81%	22.33%
	Over 50 years old	Percentage	Nil	Nil
B2	Health and Safety			
B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities			
	Rate of work-related fatalities	Percentage	Nil	Nil
B2.2	Lost days due to work injury			
	Lost days due to work injury	Days	Nil	Nil

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ESG Indicators		Unit	2022/2023 ^{c)}	2021/2022 ^{c)}
B3	Development and Training			
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category⁵⁾			
	Percentage of employees trained	Percentage	100	100
Gender	Percentage of male employees trained	Percentage	100	100
	Percentage of female employees trained	Percentage	100	100
Employee	Percentage of senior management trained	Percentage	100	100
Category	Percentage of middle management trained	Percentage	100	100
	Percentage of general employees trained	Percentage	100	100
B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category⁶⁾			
	Average training hours of employees	Hours	1.27	45.08
Gender	Average training hours of male employees	Hours	1.22	45.08
	Average training hours of female employees	Hours	1.37	45.08
Employee	Average training hours of senior management	Hours	0.86	24.00
Category	Average training hours of middle management	Hours	0.86	32.14
	Average training hours of general employees	Hours	1.31	46.66
Operating Indicators				
B5 Supply Chain Management				
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region			
	Southern China	Entity	41	42
	Eastern China	Entity	13	11
	Central China	Entity	9	5
	Northern China	Entity	24	22
	Northwest China	Entity	1	1
	Tibet Autonomous Region	Entity	1	1
B6	Product Responsibility			
B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health	Percentage	Nil	Nil
B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received	Case	Nil	Nil
B7	Anti-corruption			
B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practises brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period			
	Number of corruption lawsuits	Case	Nil	Nil
B8	Community Investment			
B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area			
	Education Donations	Renminbi	Nil ^d	1,000,000

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Notes:

- a) Indicator A1.2 Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1) include direct greenhouse gas emissions from gasoline and diesel; greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 2) include indirect greenhouse gas emissions from purchased electricity;
- b) Indicator A2.1 Total energy consumption includes the total energy consumption generated by gasoline, diesel and purchased electricity;
- c) The per square metre of operating sites used to calculate the intensity of environmental performance during the year refers to the Group's operating sites such as offices in Hong Kong, Shenzhen, Guangzhou and Xinjiang.
- d) During the previous fiscal year, the Group donated 1 million RMB to IBO Charity Fund. In December 2022, the foundation communicated and conducted research with the Shuangjiao Town Education Promotion Association in Yangchun City to support the development of education in Shuangjiao Town. The Fund allocated a total of RMB 291,000 to support outstanding students and provide assistance to impoverished students.

Data calculation criteria:

- 1) Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1) from gasoline and diesel were calculated with reference to "How to prepare an ESG Report: Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange;
- 2) Greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 2) generated from purchased electricity are calculated with reference to "How to prepare an ESG Report: Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, of which the electricity emission factor for Hong Kong is based on the 2022 Sustainability Report of HK Electric Investments, while the electricity emission factor for Mainland China is based on the "Notice on Key Work in relation to the Management of Corporate Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting in 2022" issued by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment;
- 3) The total energy consumption is converted into electricity equivalent value with reference to the PRC standard GB/T 2589-2020 General Principles for Calculation of Comprehensive Energy Consumption;
- 4) Employee turnover rate = the number of turnover in the category/the total number of employees in the category;
- 5) Percentage of employees trained = number of employees trained in the category/total number of employees trained;
- 6) Average training hours of employees = training hours of the category/total number of employees of the category.

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11. CONTENT INDEX FOR THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE OF LISTING RULES TO THE HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE

Disclosure Indicators	Corresponding Section
Scope: Environmental	
A1: Emissions	
General Disclosure	9. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND LOW-CARBON OPERATION
Information on:	
a) the policies; and	
b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste	
A1.1 Types of emissions and respective emissions data.	9.1 Emissions Management 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
A1.2 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions and intensity.	9.1.1 Greenhouse Gas and Air Emissions Management 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced and intensity.	9.1.2 Hazardous Waste Management 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced and intensity.	9.1.3 Non-hazardous Waste Management 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
A1.5 Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	3.3 The Group's Targets 9.1.1 Greenhouse Gas and Air Emissions Management
A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	3.3 The Group's Targets 9.1.2 Hazardous Waste Management 9.1.3 Non-hazardous Waste Management

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Disclosure Indicators	Corresponding Section
<p>A2: Use of Resources</p>	
<p>General Disclosure Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc.</p>	9.2 Use of Resources
<p>A2.1 Direct/indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas, oil) in total and intensity.</p>	<p>9.2 Use of Resources 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE</p>
<p>A2.2 Water consumption in total and intensity.</p>	<p>9.2.2 Water Use Efficiency 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE</p>
<p>A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved.</p>	<p>3.3 The Group's Targets 9.2.1 Electricity Efficiency</p>
<p>A2.4 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved.</p>	9.2.2 Water Use Efficiency
<p>A2.5 Total packaging material used for finished products and with reference to per unit produced.</p>	<p>The scope and nature of the Group's businesses are the applications and services of high and new technology. Therefore, the Group's operations do not involve a significant use of packaging materials, and the relevant disclosures do not apply to the Group.</p>
<p>A3: Environment and Natural Resources</p>	
<p>General Disclosure Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources.</p>	<p>9.1 Emissions Management 9.2 Use of Resources</p>
<p>A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.</p>	9.3 Environmental Management System
<p>A4: Climate Change</p>	
<p>General Disclosure Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.</p>	9.4 Response to Climate Change
<p>A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.</p>	

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Disclosure Indicators	Corresponding Section
Scope: Social	
B1: Employment	
General Disclosure Information on:	8. EMPLOYEE-ORIENTED
a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	8.1 Recruitment and Dismissal 8.2 Remuneration, Benefits and Promotion
B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region.	8.1 Recruitment and Dismissal
B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
B2: Health and Safety	
Health and Safety Information on:	8.3 Safety Risk Management and training
a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	
B2.2 Lost days due to work injury.	
B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	
B3: Development and Training	
General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	8.4 Employee Training Management 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category.	
B3.2 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	

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Disclosure Indicators	Corresponding Section
<p>B4: Labour Standards General Disclosure Information on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. <p>B4.1 Description of measures to review employment practises to avoid child and forced labour.</p> <p>B4.2 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.</p>	<p>8.5 Anti-child and Anti-forced Labour</p>
<p>B5: Supply Chain Management General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.</p> <p>B5.1 Number of suppliers by geographical region.</p> <p>B5.2 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.</p> <p>B5.3 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.</p> <p>B5.4 Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.</p>	<p>7. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE 7.1 Supplier Evaluation Mechanism 7.2 Supply Chain ESG Management 7.2 Supply Chain ESG Management</p>
<p>B6: Product Responsibility General Disclosure Information on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. <p>B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.</p> <p>B6.2 Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.</p> <p>B6.3 Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.</p> <p>B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.</p> <p>B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.</p>	<p>6. INNOVATION DRIVEN BY TECHNOLOGY</p> <p>6.2 Product Quality Control 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE 6.4 Customer Service 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE 6.3 Intellectual Property Protection 6.2 Product Quality Control 6.5 Customer Information and Privacy</p>

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Disclosure Indicators	Corresponding Section
B7: Anti-corruption General Disclosure Information on: a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	4. ABIDE BY BUSINESS ETHICS
B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
B7.2 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	4.1 Prevention of Bribery, Extortion, Fraud and Money Laundering
B7.3 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and employees.	
B8: Community Investment General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	5. EDUCATION AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION 10. ESG KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS TABLE
B8.1 Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	
B8.2 Resources contributed to the focus area.	

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lai Tse Ming (黎子明先生), aged 60, is the founder of the Group, the chairman of the Board and the nomination committee of the Company (the “**Nomination Committee**”), an executive Director and the director of the Investment Decision-making Committee. Mr. Lai is the single largest substantial Shareholder. Mr. Lai is the father of Mr. Lai Kam Man, who is a member of the senior management of the Company, the assistant to the chairman of the Board, and the deputy general manager of the Corporate Development Department. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning and corporate policies, as well as overseeing the operations of the Group. Mr. Lai is the chairman of Abacus International Group Company Limited. He is also a director of each of the Company’s subsidiaries (excluding IBO Shenzhen Digital Limited* (深圳市艾伯數字有限公司), each member of Weitu Group, IBO Intelligent, IBO Shenzhen Industrial Limited* (深圳市艾伯實業有限公司), IBO Shenzhen Information Technology Limited* (深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司), IBO Communication, Inner Mongolia Haoniu E-commerce Digital Technology Co., Ltd.* (內蒙古好牛易購數字科技有限公司), IBO Electronics and Shenzhen IBO Holdings Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯控股有限公司)). Mr. Lai has approximately 23 years of experience in the industry of information technology. Before founding the Group, Mr. Lai has also been the founder and chairman of Gee Fung Group Company Limited (principally engaged in general trade) since 1995. Mr. Lai received a diploma in special zone economics (特區經濟學) from Jinan University (暨南大學) in 1988.

Mr. Gao Weilong (高偉龍先生), aged 52, is the chief executive officer, deputy chairman and an executive Director, the deputy director of the Investment Decision-making Committee and the director of the Performance Review Committee. He is responsible for the overall management of the Group. He joined the Group in March 2006. Mr. Gao has approximately 31 years of experience in engineering and management. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: an engineer and subsequently promoted to chief design engineer of China Southern Airlines Power Machinery Company* (中國南方航空動力機械公司) (principally engaged in the manufacturing of aircraft engines, as well as the research and development and manufacturing of motorcycles) from August 1992 to December 2001; a senior engineer of Minghua Environmental Automobile Company Limited* (明華環保汽車有限公司) (principally engaged in the research and design of the gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles and the components thereof) from January 2002 to May 2002; a managing engineer of TCL King Electronics (Shenzhen) Company Limited* (TCL王牌電子(深圳)有限公司) (principally engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of electronic products) from August 2002 to April 2003; a performance management supervisor of Shenzhen Southern CIMC Containers Manufacture Company Limited (深圳南方中集集裝箱製造有限公司) (a subsidiary of China International Marine Containers (Group) Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 2039) and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock code: 000039), and principally engaged in the manufacturing of containers) from January 2004 to February 2006. Mr. Gao received a bachelor’s degree in automotive engineering in tractor (汽車工程系汽車拖拉機) from Chongqing University (重慶大學) in July 1992, a master’s degree in engineering in power mechanical engineering from Wuhan Automotive Polytechnic University (武漢汽車工業大學) (now known as Wuhan University of Technology (武漢理工大學)) in March 2000 and a Master of Business Administration (工商管理) from Peking University (北京大學) in June 2004.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Teng Feng (滕峰先生), aged 48, is the chief technical officer and an executive Director, the director of the Technology Development Committee and the director of IBO Research Institute of Science and Technology. He is responsible for the formation and management of the technical team of the Group. He joined the Group in November 2009. Mr. Teng has approximately 19 years of experience in research and development of wireless communication products and electronic label products. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: a manager of the hardware department of Shenzhen Aerospace Intelligence Telecommunications Limited* (深圳市航通智能有限公司) (principally engaged in the development, sales and the relevant technical information of computer software and hardware, communication network devices and Global Positioning System integration) from November 2002 to September 2003; a general manager of the products department of Guangzhou Longsun Network Technology Company Limited* (廣州朗昇網絡科技有限公司) (principally engaged in computer network system engineering services) from January 2005 to April 2008; a technical director of Shenzhen An Zhi Mao Network Communications Company Limited* (深圳市安智貿網絡通信有限責任公司) (principally engaged in the technology development of network communication devices) from May 2008 to July 2009. Mr. Teng received a bachelor's degree in engineering in automation in electrical equipments and measurement techniques (自動化系電子儀器及測量技術) from University of Electronic Science and Technology of China (中國電子科技大學) in July 1998 and a master's degree in electronics and communication engineering (電子與通信工程領域) from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in January 2007.

Mr. Yu Kin Keung (余健強先生), aged 41, is the chief financial officer and an executive Director and the general manager of the Financial Management Department. He is responsible for the overall management of the financial matters of the Group. He is also a director of each of Bright Leap Limited and Rise Mark Corporation Limited, both of which are subsidiaries of the Company, and a director of Good Cheer Ventures Limited and Sunny Ford Technology Limited, both of which are the investment companies of the Company. Mr. Yu joined the Group in January 2016. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: an auditor of Hong Kong Great Wall CPA Limited (principally engaged in the provision of auditing, taxation and company secretarial services) from March 2008 to October 2009; an assistant accountant of Evermate Trading Limited (principally engaged in the mining and trading of iron ore) from June 2010 to September 2010; an account manager of Chung Yuen High Polymer New Materials Holdings Limited (principally engaged in the production and trading of biodegradable plastics) from September 2010 to May 2014; a finance manager of CA Cultural Technology Group Limited (formerly known as China Animation Characters Company Limited (Stock code: 1566), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, and principally engaged in trading of animation derivative products) from May 2014 to October 2015; a finance director of Bakerhouse Global Limited (principally engaged in the provision of financial advice) from October 2015 to January 2016. Mr. Yu graduated from Monash University, Australia with a bachelor's degree in commerce in accountancy and finance in December 2007. Mr. Yu has been an associate member of CPA Australia since July 2011.

Mr. Liang Jun (梁軍先生), aged 56, is the deputy chairman and an executive Director. He is primarily responsible for the matters relating to corporate strategy and overall development of the Group. He joined the Group in June 2020. He has over 30 years of experience in business development in the PRC. Prior to joining the Group, his major work experience included acting as an executive director and the chairman of Asia Energy Logistics Group Limited (formerly known as China Sciences Conservational Power Limited (Stock code: 351), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange), from June 2006 to February 2020 and from April 2007 to January 2010 respectively. He obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Telecommunication Engineering from Tongji University.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Li Yang (李陽先生), aged 51, is the deputy chairman and an executive Director. He is mainly responsible for corporate strategies and general management. Mr. Li joined the Group in March 2023. He obtained a diploma from Shenzhen University in 1992 and a Master of Business Administration from Shenzhen Economic and Management Institute in 2000. Mr. Li also completed a Master's degree programme in 2001 at the Graduate School of Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, majoring in World Economics. Mr. Li has over 20 years of experience in investment activities and business management. He has held directorships in several companies listed on the Stock Exchange and a public company listed on the stock market of the PRC. Mr. Li is currently an executive director, the chairman of the board of the directors, the chairman of the nomination committee, the chairman of the corporate governance committee, a member of the remuneration committee and an authorised representative of Virtual Mind Holding Company Limited (Stock code: 1520.HK) since January 2022. Mr. Li is also currently an independent non-executive director, a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of HG Semiconductor Limited (Stock code: 6908.HK) since April 2022. From September 2014 to June 2018, Mr. Li acted as the deputy chairman and an executive director of China Best Group Holding Limited (Stock code: 370.HK). From June 2015 to September 2016, he acted as the chairman and a director of Guanghe Landscape Culture Communication Co., Ltd., Shanxi* (山西廣和山水文化傳播股份有限公司), shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Stock code: 600234.SS). From February 2017 to December 2018, he also served as an independent non-executive director of Sino Haijing Holdings Limited (Stock code: 1106.HK), the listing of which was cancelled on 2 November 2021 under Rule 6.01A of the Listing Rules. From November 2018 to December 2020, he acted as the deputy chairman and an executive director of Leyou Technologies Holdings Limited (Stock code: 1089.HK). Such company was privatized by way of a scheme of arrangement under the Companies Law of its place of incorporation and its listing was withdrawn on 24 December 2020. From August 2020 to February 2021, he also acted as an executive director of CT Environmental Group Limited (Stock code: 1363.HK), the listing of which was cancelled on 10 September 2021 under Rule 6.01A of the Listing Rules. For further information of the above companies, please refer to their respective public disclosures. Mr. Li has held various senior management positions in a number of capital investment and entity enterprises, and has extensive industry experience in internet, information technology and other businesses.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. He Tianxiang (何天翔博士), aged 39, is the independent non-executive Director. He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 6 December 2017. He was an assistant professor in the School of Law at the City University of Hong Kong from August 2016 to June 2023. Dr. He has been an associate professor in the School of Law in the City University of Hong Kong since July 2023. Dr. He received a Bachelor of Laws Degree from Huaqiao University (華僑大學) in July 2007, and a Master of Laws Degree in International Law from Jinan University (暨南大學) in June 2009. He also received a Doctor's degree in the Faculty of Law from Maastricht University in July 2016 and a Doctor's degree in Criminal Law from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in January 2017.

Dr. Wong Kwok Yan (黃國恩博士), aged 58, is the independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Board (the "**Remuneration Committee**"). He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 6 December 2017. He is a solicitor in Hong Kong and has extensive experience in the legal profession. Dr. Wong has been the principal of Christopher K. Y. Wong, Solicitors since June 2005. Dr. Wong has obtained the following professional qualifications: Chartered Member & Associateship of the Textile Institute (U.K.) in 1990; Civil Celebrant of Marriage in 2006; China-Appointed Attesting Officer in 2009; Arbitrator of Shenzhen International Court of Arbitration/South China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission in 2015. Dr. Wong has been an appointed member of the Wong Tai Sin District Council from 2008 to 2011 and 2012 to 2015. Dr. Wong has been a member of District Fire Safety Committee of Wong Tai Sin District since April 2020. Dr. Wong has been a member of the Advisory Council on the Environment since January 2021. Dr. Wong graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with the academic qualification of Associateship in Textile Technology in 1988. He accomplished the Common Professional Examination of England and Wales jointly organised by the Manchester Metropolitan University (UK) and the University of Hong Kong in 1993. In 1995, he completed the Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from the University of Hong Kong. Dr. Wong was awarded a Bachelor of Laws Degree by the Peking University (北京大學) in 2002, a Master of Laws Degree in Chinese and Comparative Law by the City University of Hong Kong in 2005, and a Doctor of Laws Degree in Environmental and Resource Protection Law by the Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in 2012.

Mr. Hung Muk Ming (洪木明先生), aged 58, is the independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Board (the "**Audit Committee**"). He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 6 December 2017. Mr. Hung has extensive experience in auditing, finance and accounting. Since February 2017, Mr. Hung has been a director of Hua Guan New Materials Company Limited* (華冠新型材料股份有限公司), a subsidiary of Guangdong Ming Crown Group Limited* (廣東名冠集團有限公司), and is a company engaging in steel production. From February 2005 to February 2017, Mr. Hung was the group financial controller of Guangdong Ming Crown Group Limited* (廣東名冠集團有限公司), a company engaging in construction, property development, hotels, steel production and ports businesses in Dongguan and Xinhui, the PRC. From October 2002 to January 2005, Mr. Hung was the group financial controller of Hoi Meng Group* (開明集團). From July 2001 to September 2002, Mr. Hung worked as a finance manager of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (Stock code: 388), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. From November 1994 to July 2001, Mr. Hung was the accounting manager of financial control department of Embry (H.K.) Limited. From August 1990 to November 1994, Mr. Hung was promoted from accountant to senior accountant I of Price Waterhouse (now known as PricewaterhouseCoopers). Mr. Hung is currently an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (formerly known as Silver Grant International Industries Limited (Stock code: 171)), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, and an independent non-executive director and chairman of the remuneration committee of CA Cultural Technology Group Limited (formerly known as China Animation Characters Company Limited (Stock code: 1566)), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. From September 2004 to February 2006, Mr. Hung was the independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of E&P Global Holdings Limited (formerly known as Rontex International Holdings Ltd.) (Stock code: 1142), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. From June 2014 to September 2021, Mr. Hung was an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Century Sage Scientific Holdings Limited (Stock code: 1450), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. From December 2008 to December 2022, Mr. Hung was an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Cinda International Holdings Ltd. (Stock code: 111), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Hung received a bachelor's degree in social sciences with a major in economics, finance and accounting from the University of Hong Kong in December 1990. Mr. Hung obtained a master's degree in corporate governance from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 2008. Mr. Hung has been a Certified Tax Adviser from July 2010 to March 2020, a member of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong from June 2010 to March 2020, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors from November 2009 to July 2020, an associate of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and the Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as Institute of Chartered Secretaries & Administrators) since February 2009, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since July 2001, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since January 1999 and a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since November 1994.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Liu Ping (劉平先生), aged 60, is the independent non-executive Director. He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 14 July 2021. Mr. Liu has over 30 years of work experience in the communication industry. He previously worked in the Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications, China Mobile Limited and China Telecommunications Corporation, and served as the general manager of provincial companies and the group general manager of marketing department. From August 2016 to January 2021, Mr. Liu served as the chairman of Sunsea AIoT Technology Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen Stock Exchange stock code: 002313). From August 2019 to November 2020, he also served as the general manager of Sunsea AIoT Technology Co., Ltd. Since August 2016, Mr. Liu has served as the partner of Fusion Group. Mr. Liu holds a master's degree in information engineering and a bachelor's degree from the Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Peng Jinzhi (彭金志先生), aged 60, is the deputy financial controller and the deputy general manager of the Financial Management Department of the Group and is responsible for the overall management of the financial matters of IBO Information. Mr. Peng joined the Group in April 2002. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: an accountant of Jiangxi Department Store Textile Company* (江西省百貨紡織品公司) (principally engaged in the sales of general merchandise, textiles, cultural products, metal hardware, chemicals and furniture) from March 1983 to September 1994; a general manager of the finance department of Xiamen Yincheng Company Limited* (廈門銀城股份有限公司) (principally engaged in brewing of beer, production of natural mineral water, drinks, canned foods and glassware, and wholesale and retail of beer, foods, drinks and cigarettes (retail only)) from September 1995 to October 1998; a deputy general manager and finance manager of Shandong Zouping Chaoyi Packaging Color Printing Limited* (山東鄒平超藝包裝彩色印刷有限公司) (principally engaged in processing and sales of packaging, prints, plastic films, cartons and household paper) from November 1998 to November 2001. Mr. Peng graduated from Jiangxi Institute of Finance* (江西財經學院) (now known as Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics (江西財經大學)) with a diploma in accounting (會計) in June 1991. Mr. Peng has been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a certified tax agent since November 2003 and January 2005 respectively.

Mr. Pang Chun Yip (彭俊業先生), aged 43, is the finance manager and company secretary and is responsible for the overall management of the accounting, financial compliance and secretarial matters of the Group. Mr. Pang joined the Group in May 2017. Mr. Pang has approximately 18 years of experience in accounting. Before joining the Group, from January 2005 to October 2006, he worked at Wong Kwok Tai & Co. as an audit trainee and was subsequently promoted to an audit semi-senior. During the period of March 2007 to August 2008, Mr. Pang was a semi-senior auditor at Y. L. Ngan & Company Certified Public Accountants. During the period of October 2008 to January 2015, he worked as an assistant accountant in Hanison Construction Company Limited. In January 2015, Mr. Pang joined Wang Kei Yip Development Limited and acted as a senior accountant until August 2015. From September 2015 to November 2016, Mr. Pang worked at China Overseas (Hong Kong) Limited as an accountant. Mr. Pang was a senior accountant in Big Success Accounting Services Limited from November 2016 to February 2018. Mr. Pang graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor's degree in business administration in December 2002. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2011.

Mr. Lai Kam Man (黎錦文先生), aged 35, is the assistant to the chairman of the Board, the deputy general manager of the Corporate Development Department and is responsible for the overall management of project development of the Group. Mr. KM Lai is the son of Mr. Lai. He joined the Group in August 2013. Mr. KM Lai graduated from Jinan University (暨南大學) with a bachelor's degree in international economics and trading (國際經濟與貿易) in July 2013.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Gan Xianqing (甘顯清先生), aged 39, is the assistant to the chairman of the Board, the office director and the general manager of the Corporate Development Department of the Group and is responsible for the overall management of the procedural, quality and performance matters of the Group. He is also a director of IBO Information, Weitu Technology and Yunwei Network, the supervisor of IBO Shenzhen Digital Limited* (深圳市艾伯數字有限公司) and Shenzhen IBO Holdings Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯控股有限公司), and the general manager of IBO Shenzhen Information Technology Limited* (深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司). Mr. Gan joined the Group in July 2008 as a secretary of the chairman. He graduated from South China Agricultural University (華南農業大學) with a bachelor's degree in management in marketing (市場營銷) in July 2008.

Mr. Wang Changhan (王昌漢先生), aged 61, is the vice president of IBO Information and is responsible for the overall management of the operational maintenance in system information service technology of the Group. Mr. Wang joined the Group in June 2004. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wang was an accountant of Yangchun Supply and Marketing Cooperatives* (陽春市供銷社) (principally engaged in the wholesale, retail and processing of agricultural products) from August 1981 to March 1984. Since April 1984, Mr. Wang worked for different branches of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China. Mr. Wang joined the Yangchun Branch of Industrial and Commercial Bank as an accountant in the business department in May 1984, and his last position in the Yangchun Branch was a manager in the credit business department. Mr. Wang was promoted to a vice president of the Jiangcheng Branch in Yangjiang City in 1988 and was further promoted to a branch president of the Yangxi Branch in 1998. Mr. Wang graduated from Party School of the Guangdong Provincial Committee* (中共廣東省委黨校) with a bachelor's degree in economics management (經濟管理) in December 2002.

Mr. Zhu Fujian (朱福建先生), aged 47, is the sales director of the Group and the president of IBO Information and is responsible for the overall management of the sales matters of the Group. He is also the general manager of IBO Information. Mr. Zhu joined the Group in July 2003. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: a technician of Guizhou Shuangyang Aircraft Factory* (貴州雙陽飛機廠) (principally engaged in the development, manufacturing, sales and services of electronic products, and the development, provision of technological advice and technical services of computer software) since August 1999; a software engineer of Shenzhen Weixin Intelligence Technology Company Limited* (深圳市威信智能技術有限公司) (principally engaged in the technology development of intelligent monitoring products and computer application system) from December 2001 to October 2002; a software engineer of Shenzhen Xifeng Group Institute* (深圳市西風集團研究院) (principally engaged in the research and development of network technology, network software, digital TV broadcasting technology and optical communication technology) from November 2002 to June 2003. Mr. Zhu graduated from Shenyang Aviation Industry School* (瀋陽航空工業學院) (now known as Shenyang Aerospace University (瀋陽航空航天大學)) with a bachelor's degree in aircraft manufacturing engineering (飛行器製造工程) in July 1999 and Lanzhou Jiaotong University (蘭州交通大學) with a master's degree in transportation engineering (交通運輸工程領域) in June 2011.

Mr. Zhao Yunhui (趙雲輝先生), aged 54, is the project implementation director of the Group and the vice president of IBO Information and is responsible for the overall management of the project implementation matters of the Group. Mr. Zhao joined the Group in March 2005. Prior to joining the Group, his primary working experience included: the general manager of Daqing Tianda Hongfang Group Automation Branch* (大慶天大宏方集團自動化分公司) (principally engaged in the automation engineering construction as well as the research, development and production of devices for instruments and meters) from March 1997 to February 2003; and the manager of major project department of Shenzhen Fu An Security Systems Limited* (深圳市賦安安全系統有限公司) (principally engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of fire-fighting products and software) from March 2003 to February 2005. Mr. Zhao graduated from Harbin University of Science and Technology (哈爾濱科學技術大學) with a bachelor's degree in engineering in precision instrument (精密儀器) in July 1992.

* For identification purpose only

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ke Chengwei (柯程煒先生), aged 50, is the vice president of the Group and is responsible for the overall management of the Group. He is also the chairman and general manager of Weitu Technology and Yunwei Network, a supervisor of Hunan Yingding and a director of each of Bright Leap Limited and Rise Mark Corporation Limited, all of which are the subsidiaries of the Company. He joined the Group after the Group completed the acquisition of 51.7321% ownership interests in Bright Leap Limited in January 2019. He was a computer room supervisor of Shenzhen Construction Group* (深圳市建設集團) (principally engaged in real estate development, construction general contracting, property operation and management) from 1994 to 1996 and served as the head of the research and development department in Shenzhen Yadu Graphic Software Co., Ltd.* (深圳市雅都圖形軟體有限公司) (principally engaged in the development, production and sales of computer software products and electronic automation products) from 1996 to 2004. Mr. Ke founded Weitu Technology (principally engaged in the technological development of computer software and hardware) in March 2004 and had been its executive director until January 2019. Since January 2019, he has served as the chairman of Weitu Technology. He founded Yunwei Network (principally engaged in the technological development of computer software and network) in March 2016 and had been its executive director until January 2019. Since January 2019, he has served as the chairman of Yunwei Network. He has served as a supervisor of Hunan Yingding (principally engaged in the research and development of network technology and software development) since September 2016, and the chairman of Jiangxi Fangyu Yunwei Network Technology Co., Ltd.* (江西方宇運維網絡科技有限公司) (principally engaged in the technology development, services, consulting and transfer in the field of IoT) from January 2019 to March 2021. Mr. Ke graduated from the Computer Department of Southeast University in 1994.

* For identification purpose only

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

PRINCIPAL BUSINESSES

The analysis of the Group's annual performance by operations is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company is an investment holding company, and its major subsidiaries are mainly engaged in the business activities as set forth in notes 1 and 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on page 151.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Further discussion and review on the business activities of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) including an analysis of the Group's performance, material events that have occurred since the Year end date and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business are contained in the above sections headed "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion and Analysis" and "Report of the Directors" of this Annual Report. Details of the Group's capital risk management and financial risk management are disclosed in notes 38 and 39 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

In addition, relevant details of the Group's environmental policies and performance are set out in the above section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

SHARE CAPITAL

As at 31 March 2023, the total amount of the issued share capital of the Company was approximately RMB5.62 million, divided into 667,318,773 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 per Share. Details of changes in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

ISSUED DEBENTURES

For the debentures issued by the Company, please refer to the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis — Financial Review — Capital structure, liquidity and financial resources" as well as notes 33 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements in this Annual Report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Share Option Scheme

Details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in the paragraph headed “Share Option Scheme” in this section.

Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$22,400,000 under 2018 General Mandate

On 17 February 2019, the Company and VC Brokerage Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the placing agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, places to subscribe for the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$64,000,000 at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.6 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). The last day of the three-year period from the issue date is the maturity date. The outstanding principal amount of the convertible bond bears interests at 7.5% per annum and shall be payable on the maturity date. On 15 February 2019, being the last trading day before the date on which the terms of the issue were determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.6 per Share. The conditions precedent of the placing have been fulfilled or satisfied.

On 3 April 2019, convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$22,400,000 have been successfully placed to the places, all of whom and whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent third parties. During the Year, the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$7,040,000 have been exercised at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.6 per conversion share, and 4,400,000 conversion shares have been allotted and issued to the convertible bond holders, according to the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds with an aggregate nominal value of HK\$44,000. The conversion shares rank pari passu in all respects with all Shares in issue on the date of allotment and among themselves. Up until now, the convertible bonds issued by the Company on 3 April 2019 have been fully converted into conversion shares.

The gross proceeds from the placing were HK\$22,400,000. The net proceeds from the placing (after deducting the placing commission and other expenses) were approximately HK\$21,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB18,319,000). The net conversion price, after deduction of relevant expenses, was approximately HK\$1.55 per conversion share. The Directors are of the view that the placing represents a good opportunity for the Company to raise funds to strengthen its financial position without resulting in immediate dilution effect on the shareholding of the existing Shareholders. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2019 and 3 April 2019.

As of 31 March 2023, the Group has utilised all the proceeds, which have been used in the manner set out in the announcement of the Company dated 3 April 2019, for the project in relation to the strategic cooperation framework agreement with Inventec Appliances (Pudong) Corporation* (英華達(上海)科技有限公司) as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 4 February 2019.

* For identification purpose only

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$31,140,000 under 2018 General Mandate

On 10 June 2019, the Company and VC Brokerage Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the placing agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, placees to subscribe for the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$31,140,000 at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.73 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). The last day of the three-year period from the issue date is the maturity date. The outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds bears interests at 7.5% per annum and shall be payable on the maturity date. On 10 June 2019, being the date on which the terms of the issue were determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.72 per Share. The conditions precedent of the placing have been fulfilled or satisfied on or before 17 July 2019.

On 10 July 2019, convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$31,140,000 have been successfully placed to the placees, all of whom and whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent third parties. During the Year, the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$12,456,000 have been exercised and converted into 7,200,000 conversion shares (with an aggregate nominal value of HK\$72,000) at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.73 per conversion share, with the conversion shares ranking pari passu with all the shares in issue as at the date of allotment and among themselves in all respects. Up until now, the convertible bonds issued by the Company on 10 July 2019 have been fully converted into conversion shares.

The gross proceeds from the placing were HK\$31,140,000. The net proceeds from the placing (after deducting the placing commission and other expenses) were approximately HK\$30,200,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB26,624,000). The net conversion price, after deduction of relevant expenses, was approximately HK\$1.68 per conversion share. The Directors are of the view that the placing represents a good opportunity for the Company to raise funds to strengthen its financial position without resulting in immediate dilution effect on the shareholding of the existing Shareholders. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 10 June 2019 and 10 July 2019.

As of 31 March 2023, the Group has utilised all net proceeds, and net proceeds have been used in the manner set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 July 2019, which were used for the “Digitalisation Project of Smart Agriculture and Livestock Industry in Tongliao* (通遼智慧畜牧產業數字化項目)”. As disclosed in such voluntary announcement, during the first stage of such project which takes around two to three years, the Company planned to contribute approximately RMB90,000,000 for the establishment and implementation of its nine sub-projects, and the net proceeds provided the first round of funding for kicking off and setting up of such project.

* For identification purpose only

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of up to HK\$92,400,000 under 2022 General Mandate

On 28 March 2023, the Company (as the issuer) and Yuet Sheung International Securities Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the placing agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, placees to subscribe for the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$92,400,000 at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.54 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). Maturity date will be the last day of the two-year period from the issue date, with 8% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds payable on the maturity date. On 28 March 2023, being the date on which the terms of issue to be determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.54 per Share. Further details are set out in the section headed “Report of the Directors — Events after the Reporting Period — Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$53,592,000 under 2022 General Mandate” in this Annual Report and the announcement of the Company dated 28 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, the placing has not completed.

Completion of the placing is conditional upon:

- (i) the Company having obtained all necessary consents and approvals in respect of the placing;
- (ii) the Company having obtained from the Stock Exchange the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the conversion shares;
- (iii) the placing agent having successfully procured placee(s), and the Stock Exchange having no objection to such placee(s);
- (iv) the placee(s) having successfully subscribed the convertible bonds in principal amount of not less than HK\$924,000;
- (v) save for any temporary suspension of trading in the shares due to the placing and subscription by the placee(s) and/or clearance of publishing announcement(s) in relation to the placing, any suspension of trading in the shares exceeding 10 consecutive business days, or any Share ceasing to be listed on the Stock Exchange; and
- (vi) the representations and warranties by the Company having remained true, accurate and not misleading in all material respects.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Completion of the placing is conditional upon: (Continued)

Conditions precedent (i) to (v) above cannot be waived by any party to the placing agreement, but condition precedent (vi) above can be waived unilaterally by the placing agent. The parties to the placing agreement shall use their best endeavours to procure the fulfillment or satisfaction of the abovementioned conditions precedent (except such conditions precedent having been waived) on or before 4 May 2023 (or such later date as may be agreed between the parties to the placing agreement in writing). In the event that any condition precedent mentioned above (except such conditions precedent having been waived) cannot be fulfilled or satisfied by 4 May 2023, the placing agreement shall be terminated on the same day. Upon termination, all obligations of the parties to the placing agreement under the placing agreement shall cease. As at 31 March 2023, the above conditions precedent have not been fulfilled or satisfied, the placing has not completed neither. Upon the completion of the transaction, the placees shall fully pay the placing price or relevant part thereof to the Company or the placing agent and the Company shall deliver the bond certificates and the certificated copies of the bond instruments to the placees pursuant to the terms of placing agreement.

The Directors are of the view that the placing represents a good opportunity for the Company to raise funds to strengthen its financial position without resulting in immediate dilution effect on the shareholding of the existing Shareholders.

Completion of the convertible bonds subscription agreement shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (i) the Company having obtained all necessary consents and approvals in respect of subscription of the convertible bonds;
- (ii) the Company having obtained from the Stock Exchange the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the conversion shares;
- (iii) the placee having obtained all necessary consents and approvals in respect of subscription of the convertible bonds;
- (iv) the representations and warranties by the Company having remained true, accurate and not misleading in all material respects; and
- (v) the representations and warranties by the placee having remained true, accurate and not misleading in all material respects.

Conditions precedent (i) to (iii) above cannot be waived by any party to the convertible bonds subscription agreement. Condition precedent (iv) above can be waived unilaterally by the placee, and condition precedent (v) above can be waived unilaterally by the Company. The parties to the convertible bonds subscription agreement shall use their best endeavours to procure the fulfillment or satisfaction of the abovementioned conditions precedent (except such conditions precedent having been waived) within three weeks upon signing the convertible bonds subscription agreement (or such later date as may be agreed between such parties in writing). In the event that any condition precedent mentioned above (except such conditions precedent having been waived) cannot be fulfilled or satisfied by the abovementioned time limit, the placee may forthwith terminate the convertible bonds subscription agreement and cancel the subscription of the convertible bonds. As at 31 March 2023, the above conditions precedent have not been fulfilled or satisfied.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate

On 17 February 2019, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with Shine Well, pursuant to which Shine Well has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue a total of 100,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$1.5 per subscription share at a cash consideration of up to HK\$150,000,000. The aggregate nominal value of the subscription shares is HK\$1,000,000. The subscription shares will be allotted and issued pursuant to the specific mandate. The subscription shares, when issued and fully paid, will rank pari passu among themselves and with all existing Shares presently in issue and at the time of allotment and issue of the subscription shares. The subscription will be completed in two stages with 50,000,000 subscription shares in each of the First Stage Subscription and the Second Stage Subscription (as defined in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019). Shine Well may not subscribe less than 50,000,000 subscription shares in each stage. On 15 February 2019, being the last trading day before the date on which the terms of issue are to be determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.6 per Share. The estimated net proceeds from the subscription will be up to approximately HK\$149,000,000 (after deducting all relevant expenses), therefore the net subscription price per subscription share is approximately HK\$1.49.

On 17 February 2019, 223,220,000 Shares were held by Shine Well, representing approximately 55.81% of the total issued Shares, which was a controlling Shareholder at the material time, and therefore Shine Well was a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The subscription agreement and the transaction contemplated thereunder constituted a non-exempt connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and were subject to announcement, reporting and independent Shareholders' approval requirements. The issued share capital of Shine Well is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai, the chairman and an executive Director, Mr. Lai is therefore materially interested in the subscription agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. The resolution in relation to Shine Well's subscription was approved by the independent Shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 17 May 2019.

The Company believes that it is financially prudent to secure substantial funding to prove that sufficient financial resources are in place in the imminent and foreseeable future, and the subscription would provide certainty of funding in this regard, and accelerate the Company's growth by strengthening the capital base and financial position of the Company, allowing the Company to plan for future expansion and development of the projects, and to secure long-term strategic cooperation with the Company's partners in the projects. The subscription also reflected the confidence and commitment to support the development of the Company by Mr. Lai, who was a controlling Shareholder.

Pursuant to one of the conditions precedent to the First Stage Subscription of the subscription agreement, the respective total revenue of the Group as shown in the relevant audit report prepared by the auditor of the Company for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020 being not lower than RMB265,875,000 and RMB358,931,250 (the "**First Revenue Targets**"). The audited reports of the Group for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020 indicated that the First Revenue Targets had exceeded RMB265,875,000 and RMB358,931,250 respectively.

On 3 February 2021, as all of the conditions precedents to the First Stage Subscription have been fulfilled and Shine Well has completed the financial arrangement in relation to the First Stage Subscription, 50,000,000 subscription shares with aggregate nominal value of HK\$500,000 were allotted and issued to Shine Well at a subscription price of HK\$1.5 per subscription share under the specific mandate, and the First Stage Subscription was completed with total proceeds amounting to HK\$75,000,000. The net proceeds from the First Stage Subscription (after deducting all related expenses) were approximately HK\$74,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB62,200,000), and the net issue price per subscription share after deduction of related expenses was approximately HK\$1.49.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate (Continued)

Conditions Precedent to the Second Stage Subscription

The second stage completion is conditional upon the following conditions precedent:

- (i) (if the Second Stage Subscription is not covered by the consents and approvals set out in the aforementioned condition precedent (i) to the First Stage Subscription) the Company having obtained all necessary consents and approvals in respect of the specific mandate and the subscription;
- (ii) (if the Second Stage Subscription is not covered by the approval set out in the aforementioned condition precedent (ii) to the First Stage Subscription) the Company having obtained from the Stock Exchange the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the subscription shares, and such permission remaining valid until the second stage completion;
- (iii) Shine Well having obtained all necessary consents and approvals in respect of the subscription;
- (iv) the respective total revenue of the Group as shown in the relevant audit report to be prepared by the auditor of the Company for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 being not lower than RMB265,875,000, RMB358,931,250 and RMB484,557,190;
- (v) the representations and warranties by the Company having remained true, accurate and not misleading in all material respects, and remaining so until the second stage completion; and
- (vi) the representations and warranties by Shine Well having remained true, accurate and not misleading in all material respects, and remaining so until the second stage completion.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate (Continued)

Conditions Precedent to the Second Stage Subscription (Continued)

Conditions precedent (i) to (iv) above cannot be waived by any parties to the subscription agreement. Condition precedent (v) above can be waived unilaterally by Shine Well, and condition precedent (vi) above can be waived unilaterally by the Company. The parties to the subscription agreement shall use their best endeavours to procure the fulfillment or satisfaction of the abovementioned conditions precedent (except such conditions precedent having been waived) on or before 31 July 2021 (or such later date as may be agreed between the parties to the subscription agreement in writing). In the event that any condition precedent mentioned above (except such conditions precedent having been waived) cannot be fulfilled or satisfied by 31 July 2021, Shine Well may terminate the Second Stage Subscription, but such termination will not lead to the cancellation of the Subscription Agreement and/or the First Stage Subscription.

To avoid any ambiguity, if the total revenue of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2019 is lower than RMB265,875,000 and/or if the total revenue of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 is lower than RMB358,931,250 and/ or if the total revenue of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 is lower than RMB484,557,190, condition precedent (iv) above shall be regarded as not having been fulfilled or satisfied.

Subject to the fulfillment or satisfaction of the conditions precedent to the Second Stage Subscription (or having been waived, if applicable), the second stage completion shall take place on 30 September 2021 (or such later date as may be agreed between the parties to the subscription agreement in writing).

Pursuant to one of the conditions precedent to the Second Stage Subscription of the subscription agreement, the respective total revenue of the Group as shown in the relevant audit reports prepared by the auditor of the Company for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 shall not be lower than RMB265,875,000, RMB358,931,250 and RMB484,557,190 (the “**Second Revenue Targets**”). The Second Revenue Targets of the Group as shown in the audited reports for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 exceeded RMB265,875,000, RMB358,931,250 and RMB484,557,190 respectively. As all the conditions precedent to the Second Stage Subscription have been fulfilled and Shine Well has completed the financial arrangements in relation to the Second Stage Subscription, on 18 February 2022 and 29 April 2022, the Company allotted and issued 10,000,000 and 40,000,000 subscription shares with an aggregate nominal value of HK\$100,000 and HK\$400,000 to Shine Well respectively at the subscription price of HK\$1.5 per subscription share under the specific mandate, and completed the Second Stage Subscription with total proceeds of HK\$15,000,000 and HK\$60,000,000 respectively. The net proceeds from the Second Stage Subscription (after deducting all relevant expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$74,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB62,400,000), and the net issue price per subscription share (after deducting all relevant expenses) was approximately HK\$1.49.

Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2019, 17 May 2019, 29 September 2020, 30 October 2020, 31 December 2020, 3 February 2021, 29 September 2021, 30 December 2021, 31 January 2022, 21 February 2022, 31 March 2022 and 29 April 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate (Continued)

Conditions Precedent to the Second Stage Subscription (Continued)

As of 31 March 2023, the Group has used the entire amount of the net proceed of approximately RMB124.60 million, and the net proceeds have been used in the manner as set out in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019 (i.e. for the I4 Project, the FSM Project, the MS Project and other projects as stated in the circular), as well as for additional working capital and other general corporate purposes such as staff costs, auditor's remuneration and rental expenses, etc. Set out below is the summary of use of the net proceeds:

	Original allocation of net proceeds from subscription of 100,000,000 subscription shares (Note 1)		Actually utilised amount as of 31 March 2023	Unutilised amount as of 31 March 2023
	%	RMB million	RMB million	RMB million
I4 Project and ITAI products	77.8	97.0	97.0 (Note 2)	–
Additional working capital and other general corporate purposes	14.8	18.4	18.4	–
FSM Project	3.4	4.2	4.2	–
Other projects, including but not limited to the MS Project	4.0	5.0	5.0	–
	100.0	124.6	124.6	–

Notes:

1. The actual amount is less than that in the section headed "(I) THE SUBSCRIPTION — Use of Proceeds" in the letter from the Board in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019. This is due to the fluctuation of the exchange rate. The original allocation of the net proceeds was adjusted in the proportion set out in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019.
2. As stated in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019, the net proceeds from the First Stage Subscription and Second Stage Subscription should have been used up as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022 respectively. However, as (i) the completion of the First Stage Subscription was extended from a date falling on or before 30 September 2020 (as originally scheduled) to 3 February 2021; and (ii) the completion date of the Second Stage Subscription has been postponed from the original date of 30 September 2021 to 29 April 2022, thus the progress of the use of proceeds was affected. I4 Project are primarily engaged in foreign trading business, and as the relationship between the United States and the PRC was unstable, the Group would like to shift its focus to the PRC market, and therefore invested part of the net proceeds in ITAI products similar to the I4 Project to develop the PRC market. Details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 29 September 2020, 30 October 2020, 31 December 2020, 3 February 2021, 29 September 2021, 30 December 2021, 31 January 2022, 21 February 2022, 31 March 2022 and 29 April 2022.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate

On 13 September 2018, Upright Joy, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the following agreements relating to the acquisition of 51.7321% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap (the **"Acquisition of Bright Leap"**):

- (1) the First Sale and Purchase Agreement with, among others, Wisdom Galore, pursuant to which Wisdom Galore has conditionally agreed to sell and Upright Joy has conditionally agreed to acquire 47% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap, which shall be settled by (i) RMB27,520,000 in cash; and (ii) the allotment and issuance of up to 27,318,773 consideration shares based on the issue price of HK\$2.0 under the 2018 General Mandate by the Company to Wisdom Galore. The consideration shares may be adjusted under the guaranteed profit arrangement; and
- (2) the second sale and purchase agreement with, among others, Thriving Ascend, pursuant to which Thriving Ascend has conditionally agreed to sell and Upright Joy has conditionally agreed to acquire 4.7321% of the issued share capital of Bright Leap, at the consideration of RMB7,571,360 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,676,021), which shall be settled by cash in full.

On 20 September 2018, Upright Joy, Wisdom Galore, Bright Leap and other relevant parties entered into a supplemental sale and purchase agreement to revise and clarify certain formula of the adjustment mechanism regarding the consideration shares (together with the First Sale and Purchase Agreement, collectively the **"Sale and Purchase Agreement"**).

Weitu Group is indirectly and wholly owned by Bright Leap. The Acquisition of Bright Leap was completed in January 2019.

Pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, Wisdom Galore, Bright Leap and Mr. Ke Chengwei (the guarantor) have made, guaranteed and promised, among other things, that the guaranteed profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 shall not be less than RMB25,000,000 (the **"Third Year Guaranteed Profit"**).

The aggregated audited profit of Bright Leap, the wholly-owned subsidiary which was incorporated in Hong Kong and Weitu Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 exceeded the Third Year Guaranteed Profit. Under the relevant consideration shares adjustment mechanism, 8,195,632 consideration shares of the Third Year Guaranteed Profit have been allotted and issued to Wisdom Galore under the 2018 General Mandate on 25 May 2022. The Company has also issued 10,927,509 consideration shares and 8,195,632 consideration shares to Wisdom Galore on 17 September 2019 and 11 December 2020 respectively, under the 2018 General Mandate and pursuant to the relevant consideration shares adjustment mechanism. Thus, the Company has fully allotted and issued 27,318,773 consideration shares to Wisdom Galore as at 25 May 2022. Further details, including the details of the consideration shares adjustment mechanism, are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 13 September 2018, 21 September 2018, 17 September 2019, 11 December 2020 and 25 May 2022.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate (Continued)

Consideration Shares Adjustment Mechanism:

For the year ended 31 March 2019:

- (a) If the net profit set out in the audited accounts of Bright Leap and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2019 (the **"First Year Actual Profit"**) is not less than RMB10,000,000 (the **"First Year Guaranteed Profit"**), Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S1 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.4 \times E}{SP}$$

where

S1 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the First Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the valuation of Bright Leap and its subsidiaries of RMB160,000,000 (the **"Valuation"**)

CC means the cash consideration of RMB27,520,000 (the **"Cash Consideration"**)

E means the exchange rate for the conversion of RMB1 into HK\$1.1459 issued by the People's Bank of China on the date of the signing of the First Sale and Purchase Agreement (the **"Exchange Rate"**)

SP means the Issue Price

- (b) If the First Year Actual Profit is less than the First Year Guaranteed Profit, Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S1 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.4 \times E}{SP} \times \frac{AP1}{GP1}$$

where

S1 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the First Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

E means the Exchange Rate

SP means the Issue Price

AP1 means the First Year Actual Profit, which shall be regarded as zero if there is a loss

GP1 means the First Year Guaranteed Profit

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate (Continued)

Consideration Shares Adjustment Mechanism: (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2020:

- (a) If the net profit set out in the audited accounts of Bright Leap and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2020 (the **"Second Year Actual Profit"**) is not less than RMB20,000,000 (the **"Second Year Guaranteed Profit"**), Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S2 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.3 \times E}{SP}$$

where

S2 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the Second Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

E means the Exchange Rate

SP means the Issue Price

- (b) If the Second Year Actual Profit is less than the Second Year Guaranteed Profit, Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S2 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.3 \times E}{SP} \times \frac{AP2}{GP2}$$

where

S2 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the Second Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

E means the Exchange Rate

SP means the Issue Price

AP2 means the Second Year Actual Profit, which shall be regarded as zero if there is a loss

GP2 means the Second Year Guaranteed Profit

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate (Continued)

Consideration Shares Adjustment Mechanism: (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021:

- (a) If the net profit set out in the audited accounts of Bright Leap and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the **"Third Year Actual Profit"**) is not less than the Third Year Guaranteed Profit, Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S3 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.3 \times E}{SP}$$

where

S3 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the Third Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

E means the Exchange Rate

SP means the Issue Price

- (b) If the Third Year Actual Profit is less than the Third Year Guaranteed Profit, Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$S3 = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times 0.3 \times E}{SP} \times \frac{AP3}{GP3}$$

where

S3 means the number of consideration shares to be issued by the Company in respect of the Third Year Guaranteed Profit

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

E means the Exchange Rate

SP means the Issue Price

AP3 means the Third Year Actual Profit, which shall be regarded as zero if there is a loss

GP3 means the Third Year Guaranteed Profit

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Acquisition of 51.7321% of the Issued Share Capital of Bright Leap Involving Issue of Consideration Shares under 2018 General Mandate (Continued)

Consideration Shares Adjustment Mechanism: (Continued)

For the three years ended 31 March 2021:

If the net profit/loss set out in the audited accounts of Bright Leap and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2019 (the “**First Year Actual Profit/Loss**”), the net profit/loss set out in the audited accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020 (the “**Second Year Actual Profit/Loss**”) and the net profit/loss set out in the audited accounts for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the “**Third Year Actual Profit/Loss**”) in aggregate is not less than the sum of the First Year Guaranteed Profit, the Second Year Guaranteed Profit and the Third Year Guaranteed Profit (i.e. RMB55,000,000), Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$SD = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times E}{SP} - SA$$

where

SD means the remainder of consideration shares to be issued by the Company

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

SP means the Issue Price

E means the Exchange Rate

SA means the consideration shares already issued

If the aggregate amount of the First Year Actual Profit/Loss, the Second Year Actual Profit/Loss and the Third Year Actual Profit/Loss is less than the sum of the First Year Guaranteed Profit, the Second Year Guaranteed Profit and the Third Year Guaranteed Profit (i.e. RMB55,000,000), Upright Joy shall procure the Company to allot and issue consideration shares to Wisdom Galore, the number of which shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$SD = \frac{(V \times 47\% - CC) \times E}{SP} \times \frac{AP}{GP} - SA$$

where

SD means the remainder of consideration shares to be issued by the Company, which shall be regarded as zero if it is a negative number

V means the Valuation

CC means the Cash Consideration

SP means the Issue Price

E means the Exchange Rate

AP means the aggregate amount of the First Year Actual Profit/Loss, the Second Year Actual Profit/Loss and the Third Year Actual Profit/Loss, which shall be regarded as zero if the sum is a negative number

GP means the sum of the First Year Guaranteed Profit, the Second Year Guaranteed Profit and the Third Year Guaranteed Profit

SA means the consideration shares already issued

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Placing of up to 53,332,000 New Shares under the 2022 General Mandate

On 7 March 2023, the Company and VC Brokerage Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, and on 16 March 2023 and 31 March 2023, the Company and the placing agent entered into an addendum to the placing agreement and a further addendum to the placing agreement respectively, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to appoint VC Brokerage Limited as the placing agent of the Company for the purpose of procuring, on a best effort basis, subscribers for the placing shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the placing agreement. Up to 53,332,000 ordinary shares with placing price of HK\$1.5 per placing share shall be offered by the placing agent to not less than six placees during the placing period. As at 7 March 2023 (the date of entering the placing agreement), the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.5 per Share.

Assuming all the placing shares are successfully placed by the placing agent, the maximum gross proceeds from the placing will be HK\$79,998,000. The maximum net proceeds of approximately HK\$77,890,000 from the placing (after deducting the commission payable to the placing agent, professional fees and other related costs and expenses incurred in the placing) will be used as to (i) approximately 51.4% for the subscription of new shares in Hangzhou Yixin if the Possible Subscription (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 7 March 2023) (i.e. the Subscription (as defined in the Company's announcement dated 20 March 2023) referred to the Company's announcement dated 20 March 2023) materialises; (ii) approximately 24.3% for repayment of outstanding liabilities; and (iii) approximately 24.3% for general working capital of the Group. In the event that the Possible Subscription does not materialise, the maximum net proceeds of approximately HK\$77.89 million from the placing will be used as to (i) approximately 50% for repayment of outstanding liabilities; and (ii) approximately 50% for general working capital of the Group.

Conditions precedent of the Placing

The completion shall be conditional upon the satisfaction or fulfilment of the conditions precedent as set out hereunder:

- (a) the Company having complied with, and procured for the compliance with, all law as well as all conditions (if any) imposed by the Stock Exchange or by any other competent authority for issuance and allotment of the placing shares as well as the listing of and permission to deal in the placing shares and ensure the continued compliance thereof;
- (b) the listing committee having granted approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the placing shares, and such approval not having been revoked, suspended, withdrawn or cancelled, or threatened with any revocation, suspension, withdrawal or cancellation at any time prior to 26 April 2023; and
- (c) the Company's representations and warranties made pursuant to the Placing Agreement being true and accurate in all material respects and not misleading up to the completion.

The conditions precedent (a) and (b) above cannot be waived by any party. The placing agent (but not the Company) may at any time prior to 26 April 2023 unilaterally waive the condition precedent (c) above. As soon as practicable after the execution of the placing agreement and in any event by 26 April 2023, the Company shall use its best endeavours to procure the satisfaction of such conditions precedent as set out in (a) and (b) above as well as condition precedent (c) above (in case the condition precedent (c) above has not been waived by the placing agent).

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Placing of up to 53,332,000 New Shares under the 2022 General Mandate (Continued)

Conditions precedent of the Placing (Continued)

If any one or more of the conditions precedent above (save and except such condition precedent as set out in the condition precedent (c) above if it has been waived by the placing agent) shall not have been satisfied or fulfilled by 26 April 2023 or any of the force majeure event set out below shall have occurred, subject to the terms in relation to failure to complete or lapse or termination of the placing as set out in the placing agreement, all obligations and responsibilities of the placing agent and those of the Company under the placing agreement shall cease and determine forthwith and no party shall have any claim whatsoever against the other party in relation thereto save for any antecedent breach of the placing agreement and without prejudice to the accrued rights and liabilities of each party.

As of 31 March 2023, the above conditions precedent have not been fulfilled or satisfied and the placing has not been completed.

The Directors are of the view that as (i) the terms of the placing agreement were determined following arm's length negotiations between the Company and the placing agent and are on normal commercial terms; (ii) the placing represents a good opportunity to raise additional funds through the equity market as well as to broaden the capital and shareholder base of the Company; and (iii) the net proceeds of the placing will strengthen the liquidity position of the Group. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the placing is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Further details are set out in the section headed "Report of the Directors — Events after the Reporting Period — Placing of New Shares under the 2022 General Mandate and its Termination" in this Annual Report and the announcements of the Company dated 7 March 2023, 16 March 2023 and 31 March 2023.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES

The Group regards employees as the Group's most important assets. The Group rewards its staff with competitive remuneration packages and benefits. The Group is committed to fostering a conducive, harmonious and discrimination-free working environment.

CHARITY AND DONATIONS

No charitable donation was made by the Group during the Year (2022: RMB1 million).

RELATIONSHIP WITH CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group values mutually beneficial long-standing relationships with business partners. The Group maintains a good relationship with suppliers and customers via establishing cooperation strategy with suppliers and providing quality services and consumption experiences to its customers respectively. The Group also maintains constant communication with its suppliers to actively and effectively strengthen the business cooperation relationship, which helps ensure their timely delivery according to specification, and in turn, ensures the stability of the Group's business.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the risks of violating relevant regulations. To address the increasingly complicated business and regulatory environments, the Group strengthened its efforts to comply with new or revised regulatory requirements and meet the rising expectations from its stakeholders. In addition to its ongoing review over newly enacted or revised laws and regulations that may affect the business of the Group, the Group provided relevant training and guidelines to its employees to ensure their compliance.

DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the Year (2022: nil).

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Company during the Year are set out on page 253 in note 47 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders consist of share premium. Under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and the articles of association of the Company (the "**Articles of Association**"), the share premium account may be applied by the Company for paying distributions or dividends to the Shareholders if immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company will be able to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. As of 31 March 2023, the Company's reserve available for distribution to owners of the Company amounted to approximately RMB661.76 million (31 March 2022: approximately RMB489.90 million).

DIRECTORS

During the Year and up to the date of this Annual Report, the Directors comprised:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lai Tse Ming (*Chairman*)
Mr. Gao Weilong (*Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Liang Jun (*Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Li Yang (*Deputy Chairman*)(*Note 1*)
Mr. Teng Feng
Mr. Yu Kin Keung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. He Tianxiang
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan
Mr. Hung Muk Ming
Mr. Liu Ping

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Notes:

1. Mr. Li Yang was appointed as the executive director and deputy chairman of the Company on 21 March 2023.

Particulars of the Directors are set out in the section headed “Directors and Senior Management” of this Annual Report.

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the “**Corporate Governance Code**”), Mr. Lai Tse Ming, Mr. Liang Jun and Dr. He Tianxiang shall retire by rotation in accordance with Articles 84 of the Articles of Association. All retiring Directors are eligible and willing to offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

In addition, Mr. Li Yang was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 21 March 2023. In accordance with Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Li Yang will retire as an executive Director at the forthcoming annual general meeting, being the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment, and being eligible, offer himself for re-election. Mr. Li Yang will be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company at least once every three years.

CHANGES TO DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

The changes of information of the Directors since the date of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 to the date of this Annual Report pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are set out below:

Mr. Lai Tse Ming

- Mr. Lai is a director of each of the Company's subsidiaries (excluding IBO Shenzhen Digital Limited* (深圳市艾伯數字有限公司), each member of Weitu Group, IBO Intelligent, IBO Shenzhen Industrial Limited* (深圳市艾伯實業有限公司), IBO Shenzhen Information Technology Limited* (深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司), IBO Communication, Inner Mongolia Haoniu E-commerce Digital Technology Co., Ltd.* (內蒙古好牛易購數字科技有限公司), IBO Electronics and Shenzhen IBO Holdings Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯控股有限公司)) at the date of this Annual Report; and

Dr. He Tianxiang

- Dr. He was an assistant professor in the School of Law at the City University of Hong Kong from August 2016 to June 2023. Dr. He has been an associate professor in the School of Law in the City University of Hong Kong since July 2023.

Mr. Hung Muk Ming

- On 1 December 2022, Mr. Hung has resigned as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee of Cinda International Holdings Limited (Stock code: 111), a company listed on the Stock Exchange.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

In accordance with the Articles of Association, as well as subject to laws and regulations, all lawsuits, costs, fees, losses, damages and expenses which each Director may sustain or incur with respect to or in connection with the performance of his/her office shall be indemnified against the assets and profits of the Company save that such indemnity will not extend to any matter involving any fraud or dishonesty committed by any such Director. The Company maintained liability insurance for the Directors and the senior management during the Year.

* For identification purpose only

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors entered into a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, which shall continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

None of the Directors had any existing or proposed service contracts with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBT SECURITIES

Other than as disclosed under the paragraphs headed "Equity-linked Agreements", "Share Option Scheme", "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or any Associated Corporation" and "Connected Transaction and Related Party Transaction" in this section, the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries had not entered into any arrangements at any time during the Year to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) or their respective associates to acquire benefits by means of acquisitions of Shares, and/or debt securities (including the debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO"))).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed under the paragraphs headed "Equity-linked Agreements", "Share Option Scheme", "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or any Associated Corporation" and "Connected Transaction and Related Party Transaction" in this section and note 45 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his connected entity had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, no controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had any material contract (including material contracts for the provision of services) with the Company or its subsidiaries during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the Year, no management and administration contracts involving the entire or any material part of the Group's business were entered into or existed.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's investment properties were revalued as at 31 March 2023 by an independent professional property valuer and the gain/loss arising from changes in fair value of investment properties was charged directly to profit or loss. Details of the Group's properties as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

Such investment properties represent a total of 8 office units with unit numbers of 8A to 8H for office purpose which are located at 8th Floor, Yonghui Building of Guoqi Mansion, No. 1002 of Shangbu South Road, Futian District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, the PRC. They have a gross floor area of approximately 732.76 sq.m. and is freehold.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company does not adopt any share award scheme.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted the Share Option Scheme on 6 December 2017 which is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 6 December 2017. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant share options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contributions to the Group. Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include any full-time or part-time employee and director of the Group, including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive director, trustees, advisers, consultants, suppliers of the Group or any other person who, in the sole determination of the Board, will contribute or has contributed to the Group.

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme approved by the resolution of the Shareholders passed on 6 December 2017. The terms of the Share Option Scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

(a) Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is for the Group to attract, retain and motivate talented participants, and to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. The Share Option Scheme shall be an incentive to encourage the participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group and allow the participants to enjoy the results of the Company attained through their efforts and contributions.

(b) Scope of participants and eligibility of participants

The Board may, at its discretion, invite the following persons to take up the share options:

- (i) director (including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive director) or any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of any member of the Group;
- (ii) any trustee of a trust (whether family, discretionary or otherwise) whose beneficiaries or objects include any employee or business associate of the Group;
- (iii) any adviser or consultant (in the areas of legal, technical, financial or corporate management) to the Group;
- (iv) any provider of goods and/or services to the Group; or
- (v) any other person who the Board considers, in its sole determination, has contributed to the Group.

In determining the basis of eligibility of each participant, the Board would take into account such factors as the Board may at its discretion consider appropriate.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(c) Acceptance of Offer

Offer of a share options (the "Offer") shall be deemed to have been accepted by the grantee when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the Offer duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company within 28 days from the date of the Offer.

(d) Subscription price

The subscription price for the Shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board at its absolute discretion and notified to the participant and shall be no less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the Offer date which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the Offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

(e) Maximum number of Shares available for subscription

- (i) Subject to (iv) below, the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of completion of the global offering and the capitalisation issue, unless the Company obtains an approval from the Shareholders pursuant to (ii) below.
- (ii) Subject to (iv) below, the Company may seek approval of the Shareholders in general meeting to refresh the 10% limit set out in (i) above such that the total number of Shares in respect of which share options may be granted by the Board under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit.
- (iii) Subject to (iv) below, the Company may seek separate approval from the Shareholders in general meeting for granting share options to specified participant(s) beyond the 10% limit provided the share options granted in excess of such limit are granted only to participants specifically identified by the Company before such approval is sought. In such case, the Company shall send a circular to the Shareholders containing the information required under the Listing Rules.
- (iv) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of Shares in respect of which share options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme together with any share options outstanding and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% (or such higher percentage as may be allowed under the Listing Rules) of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time. No share options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company if this will result in the limit being exceeded.

(f) Conditions, restrictions or limitations on offers of share options

Unless otherwise determined by the Board and specified in the letter containing the Offer, there is no minimum period for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised and no performance target need to be achieved by the grantee before the share options can be exercised. Subject to the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and the Listing Rules, the Board may during the life of the Share Option Scheme when making the Offer impose any conditions, restrictions or limitations in relation to the share options as it may at its absolute discretion think fit.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(g) Maximum entitlement of Shares of each participant

- (i) Subject to paragraph (ii) below, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.
- (ii) Notwithstanding (i) above, any further grant of share options to a participant in aggregate over 1% of the total number of Shares in issue must be separately approved by the Shareholders in general meeting with such participant and his/her close associates (or his/her close associates if the participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. The number and the terms of the share options to be granted to such participant must be fixed before the Shareholders' approval and the date of the Board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price.

(h) Grant of share options to connected persons

- (i) Any grant of share options to a participant who is a Director, chief executive or substantial Shareholder of the Company or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding independent non-executive Director who is the participant).
- (ii) Where the Board proposes to grant any share option to a participant who is a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates and such grant, would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such participant in the 12-month period up to and including the proposed Offer date of such grant:
 - (1) representing in aggregate more than 0.1% of the total number of Shares in issue at the date of such grant; and
 - (2) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of such grant and if the date of such grant is not a trading day, the trading day immediately preceding the date of such grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, such proposed grant of share options must be approved by the Shareholders in general meeting and the Company must send a circular to the Shareholders containing all those terms as required under the Listing Rules. The participant concerned, his/her associates and all core connected persons of the Company must abstain from voting in favour at such general meeting (except where any connected person intends to vote against the relevant resolution provided that such intention to do so has been stated in the circular). Any vote taken at the meeting to approve the grant of such share options must be taken on a poll.

(i) Exercise of share options

A share option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and such other terms and conditions upon which such share option was granted, at any time during the share option period, which a period to be notified by the Board provided that the period within which a share option must be exercised shall not be more than 10 years from the date of grant. A share option shall lapse automatically (to the extent not already exercised) on the expiry of the share option period.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(j) Duration of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the Share Option Scheme is adopted, after which no further share options will be granted but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and share options which are granted during the life of the Share Option Scheme and not then exercised shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue.

55,052,314 and 1,052,314 share options were available for grant under the scheme mandate at the beginning and the end of the Year.

No share option was available for grant under the service provider sub-limit at the beginning and the end of the Year.

The weighted average number of shares (i.e. the number of shares that may be issued in respect of share options granted under all schemes of the Company during the Year divided by the relevant class in issue for the Year) is 12.0%.

As of the date of this Annual Report, the outstanding number of share options available for issue under the existing scheme mandate limit is 1,052,314, representing 0.2% of the issued Shares.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options granted and/or to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 69,122,838 Shares, representing 9.9% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of this Annual Report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Details of the share options granted and outstanding during the Year were:

Name and/or category of grantees	Date of grant of share options	Number of share options						Outstanding as at 31 March 2023	Vesting period of share options	Exercisable period of share options	Exercise price per Share HK\$	Closing price per Share immediately before the date of grant HK\$	
		Outstanding as at 1 April 2022	During the Year				Outstanding as at 31 March 2023						
			Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed							
Directors													
Mr. Yu Kin Keung (“Mr. Yu”)	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021–15 July 2022	16 July 2022–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	2,197,053	16 July 2021–15 July 2023	16 July 2023–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Mr. Liang Jun (“Mr. Liang”)	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021–15 July 2022	16 July 2022–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	2,197,053	16 July 2021–15 July 2023	16 July 2023–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Consulting firm													
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021–15 July 2022	16 July 2022–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	2,197,053	16 July 2021–15 July 2023	16 July 2023–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Employees													
Employees	16 July 2021	6,147,789	-	-	-	-	6,147,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Employees	16 July 2021	6,147,789	-	-	-	-	6,147,789	16 July 2021–15 July 2022	16 July 2022–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Employees	16 July 2021	8,197,053	-	-	-	-	8,197,053	16 July 2021–15 July 2023	16 July 2023–15 July 2024	3.652	3.60	(Note 1)	
Employees	20 August 2021	1,230,000	-	-	-	-	1,230,000	20 August 2021–19 August 2022	20 August 2022–19 August 2025	3.354	3.33	(Note 2)	
Employees	20 August 2021	1,230,000	-	-	-	-	1,230,000	20 August 2021–19 August 2023	20 August 2023–19 August 2025	3.354	3.33	(Note 2)	
Employees	20 August 2021	1,640,000	-	-	-	-	1,640,000	20 August 2021–19 August 2024	20 August 2024–19 August 2025	3.354	3.33	(Note 2)	
Employees	28 October 2022	-	54,000,000	(27,000,000)	-	-	27,000,000	Vested immediately on the date of grant	28 October 2022–27 October 2024	2.2	1.55	(Note 3, 4)	
Total		41,070,524	54,000,000	(27,000,000)	-	-	68,070,524						

Notes:

- All outstanding or unexercised share options granted to the grantees shall lapse after 15 July 2024.
- All outstanding or unexercised share options granted to the grantees shall lapse after 19 August 2025.
- All outstanding or unexercised share options granted to the grantees shall lapse after 27 October 2024.
- Of the 27,000,000 share options granted to the grantees, 13,500,000 and 13,500,000 share options were exercised on 11 November 2022 and 25 November 2022 respectively at a weighted average closing price of HK\$1.97 per Share immediately before the dates of exercise.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of Shares held/interested in	Underlying Shares (under equity derivatives of the Company) (Note 3)	Percentage of shareholding/interests (Note 1)
Mr. Lai	Interest of controlled corporation and beneficial owner	141,580,000 (Note 2)	–	21.22%
Mr. Yu	Beneficial owner	–	5,492,631	0.82%
Mr. Liang	Beneficial owner	–	5,492,631	0.82%

Long positions in the ordinary shares of an associated corporation

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of Shares held/interested in	Percentage of shareholding
Mr. Lai	Shine Well	Beneficial owner (Note 4)	13,000,000	100%

Notes:

- The percentage of shareholding is calculated based on 667,318,773 Shares in issue as at 31 March 2023.
- Out of the 141,580,000 Shares, 20,000,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai, and the remaining 121,580,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by Shine Well. The issued share capital of Shine Well is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai.
- Details of share options held by Directors are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in this section.
- Shine Well is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 March 2023, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company, or any of their spouses, or children under 18 years of age, had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2023, as far as known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had the interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Substantial Shareholders' long positions in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of Shares held/interested in	Percentage of shareholding (Note 1)
Shine Well (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	121,580,000	18.22%
Ms. Ho Fung Lin ("Ms. Ho") (Note 2)	Interests of spouse	141,580,000	21.22%

Other persons' long positions in the Shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of Shares held/interested in	Percentage of shareholding (Note 1)
Mr. Xiong Shaoming (熊少明) ("Mr. Xiong")	Beneficial owner and interests of controlled corporation	62,712,000 (Note 3)	9.40%
Ms. Han Xiao (韓笑) ("Ms. Han") (Note 4)	Interests of spouse	62,712,000	9.40%
Value Convergence Holdings Limited (Note 5)	Beneficial owner and interests of controlled corporation	52,652,000 (Note 6)	7.89%

Notes:

1. The percentage of shareholding is calculated based on 667,318,773 Shares in issue as at 31 March 2023.
2. The issued share capital of Shine Well is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai. Mr. Lai is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Shine Well pursuant to the SFO. Ms. Ho is the spouse of Mr. Lai, and thus she is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Lai is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
3. Out of the 62,712,000 Shares, 52,712,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Xiong, and the remaining 10,000,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by Andy Xiong Holding Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability. As the issued share capital of Andy Xiong Holding Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Xiong, Mr. Xiong is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Andy Xiong Holding Limited for the purpose of the SFO.
4. Ms. Han is the spouse of Mr. Xiong and is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Xiong is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
5. Value Convergence Holdings Limited is a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability and listed on the Main Board (Stock code: 0821).
6. Out of the 52,652,000 Shares, 52,230,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by Value Convergence Holdings Limited, and the remaining 422,000 Shares are wholly and beneficially owned by VC Brokerage Limited. VC Brokerage Limited is a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability and is wholly and beneficially owned by VC Financial Group Limited (a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability), while VC Financial Group Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by Value Convergence Holdings Limited. Value Convergence Holdings Limited is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares held by VC Brokerage Limited for the purpose of the SFO.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Other persons' long positions in the Shares (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, the Directors were not aware of any persons (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees and seniors management of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the Directors are determined by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to market competitiveness, individual performance and achievement.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management remuneration, having regard to relevant Director's experience, duties and responsibilities, performance and achievement, and market rate. None of the Directors will determine their own remuneration. Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements in this Annual Report.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group participated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in favor of all employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the management of an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified thereof. The employees of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement scheme operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these schemes is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

On 17 February 2019, the Company and Shine Well entered into a subscription agreement, pursuant to which Shine Well has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue a total of 100,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$1.5 per subscription share at a cash consideration of up to HK\$150,000,000. Further details are set out in the paragraph headed “Equity-linked Agreements — Use of Net Proceeds from the Subscription of 100,000,000 Subscription Shares by a Connected Person under Specific Mandate” in this section.

Save as disclosed above, details of related party transactions of the Group are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements and none of them fall under the definition of “connected transaction” or “continuing connected transaction” in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

The Company has received the written confirmation from each of Mr. Lai and Shine Well (the “**Covenantors**”) in respect of the compliance with provisions of the deed of non-competition (the “**Deed of Non-competition**”) entered into between the Covenantors and the Company as set out in the paragraph headed “NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING” in the section headed “RELATIONSHIP WITH THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS” of the prospectus of the Company dated 14 December 2017 during the Year. Each of the Covenantors has given confirmation and representation that, during the Year, he/it has strictly complied with the Deed of Non-competition without any breach thereof. All of the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the matters in relation to the enforcement of the Deed of Non-competition, and each of them was of the view that the Covenantors have complied with the provisions of the Deed of Non-competition during the Year.

COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Year, none of the Directors or the controlling Shareholder and their respective close associates had any interests in any business, apart from the business of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete (either directly or indirectly) with the business of the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

For the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company’s listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

TAX RELIEF

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the securities of the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Details of the Group's transactions with its major customers and suppliers during the Year are set out below:

The 5 largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 65% of the Group's revenue and the largest customer accounted for approximately 26% of the Group's revenue. The 5 largest suppliers of the Group accounted for 66% of the Group's purchases and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 22% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or any other Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the Annual Report, there was a sufficient prescribed public float of the issued Shares under the Listing Rules.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

To determine the eligibility of the Shareholders to attend the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 20 September 2023, the register of members will be closed from 15 September 2023 to 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company, all transfer forms accompanied with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 14 September 2023.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Placing of New Shares under the 2022 General Mandate and its Termination

On 7 March 2023, the Company and VC Brokerage Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, and on 16 March 2023 and 31 March 2023, the Company and the placing agent entered into an addendum to the placing agreement and a further addendum to the placing agreement respectively, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to appoint VC Brokerage Limited as the placing agent of the Company for the purpose of procuring, on a best effort basis, subscribers for the placing shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the placing agreement. Up to 53,332,000 placing shares with placing price of HK\$1.5 per placing share shall be offered by the placing agent to not less than six placees during the placing period. As at 7 March 2023 (the date of entering the placing agreement), the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.5 per Share.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Placing of New Shares under the 2022 General Mandate and its Termination (Continued)

Assuming all the placing shares are successfully placed by the placing agent, the maximum gross proceeds from the placing will be HK\$79,998,000. The maximum net proceeds of approximately HK\$77,890,000 from the placing (after deducting the commission payable to the placing agent, professional fees and other related costs and expenses incurred in the placing) will be used as to (i) approximately 51.4% for the subscription of new shares in Hangzhou Yixin if the Possible Subscription (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 7 March 2023) (i.e. the Subscription (as defined in the Company's announcement dated 20 March 2023) referred to the Company's announcement dated 20 March 2023) materialises; (ii) approximately 24.3% for repayment of outstanding liabilities; and (iii) approximately 24.3% for general working capital of the Group. In the event that the Possible Subscription does not materialise, the maximum net proceeds of approximately HK\$77.89 million from the placing will be used as to (i) approximately 50% for repayment of outstanding liabilities; and (ii) approximately 50% for general working capital of the Group.

The Directors are of the view that as (i) the terms of the placing agreement were determined following arm's length negotiations between the Company and the placing agent and are on normal commercial terms; (ii) the placing represents a good opportunity to raise additional funds through the equity market as well as to broaden the capital and shareholder base of the Company; and (iii) the net proceeds of the placing will strengthen the liquidity position of the Group. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the placing is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

In view of the market conditions, on 19 April 2023, the Company entered into the termination agreement with the placing agent in respect of terminating the placing. The termination of the placing will not have any material adverse impact on the business operation of the Group.

Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 7 March 2023, 16 March 2023, 31 March 2023 and 19 April 2023.

Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$53,592,000 under 2022 General Mandate

On 28 March 2023, the Company and Yuet Sheung International Securities Limited (as the placing agent) entered into the placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and the placing agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, places to subscribe for the convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$92,400,000 at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.54 per conversion share (subject to adjustments). The last day of the two-year period from the issue date is the maturity date. The outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds bears interests at 8% per annum and shall be payable on the maturity date. On 28 March 2023, being the date on which the terms of the issue were determined, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.54 per Share. The conditions precedent of the placing have been fulfilled or satisfied on 25 April 2023.

On 2 May 2023, convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$53,592,000 have been successfully placed to the places, all of whom and whose ultimate beneficial owners are independent third parties. Assuming the full conversion into conversion shares, based on the initial conversion price of HK\$1.54 per conversion share, 34,800,000 conversion shares will be allotted and issued by the Company upon exercise in full of the conversion rights with the aggregate nominal value of HK\$348,000. The conversion shares will be allotted and issued under the 2022 General Mandate.

The gross proceeds of the placing were HK\$53,592,000. The net proceeds of the placing (after deducting the placing commission and other expenses) were approximately HK\$51,900,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB45,800,000). The net conversion price, after deduction of relevant expenses, was approximately HK\$1.49 per conversion share. The Directors are of the view that the placing represents a good opportunity for the Company to raise funds to strengthen its financial position without resulting in immediate dilution effect on the shareholding of the existing Shareholders. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 28 March 2023, 3 April 2023 and 2 May 2023.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Placing of Convertible Bonds in a Total Principal Amount of HK\$53,592,000 under 2022 General Mandate (Continued)

The breakdown of the intended use of the net proceeds from the placing is as follows:

- (i) approximately 60% or approximately HK\$31.1 million (equivalent to approximately RMB27,500,000) of the net proceeds from the placing will be used to supplement cash flow of the Group in the following manner:

	Approximate allocation	
	(HK\$ million)	(equivalent to RMB million)
Purchase of inventories for the intelligent terminal products sales	24.9	22.0
Sales and services rendering related business expenses	6.2	5.5
Total	31.1	27.5

- (ii) approximately 40% or approximately HK\$20.8 million (equivalent to approximately RMB18,300,000) of the net proceeds from the placing shall be applied for general working capital of the Group including staff cost, rental expenses, legal and professional fees, other office overhead and general corporate purposes of the Group.

Entering into Investment and Acquisition Agreement with Hangzhou Yixin

On 29 May 2023, the Company, IBO Intelligent, the Original Yixin Shareholders (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) and Hangzhou Yixin entered into the investment and acquisition agreement, pursuant to which (i) IBO Intelligent conditionally agreed to invest an amount in RMB which is equal to HK\$40,000,000 (equivalent to RMB36,035,600) in Hangzhou Yixin in order to hold 5.00% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin upon the completion; and (ii) after the completion and the completion of the Restructuring (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023), the Company shall have the Right (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) to proceed with the Further Investment (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023) such that the Group will hold an aggregate of 35% to 46% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin.

Hangzhou Yixin is a company established under the laws of and continued in the PRC with limited liability. Hangzhou Yixin is a high-tech company principally engaged in the design and development of constant pressure and constant power airflow sensing chips, as well as the production and sales of modules.

The Directors believe that the subscription and the Right of the Further Investment, with the current economic environment recovery and the growth potential in the business sector of Hangzhou Yixin, is an opportunity for the Company to diversify its hardware business through tapping into chips manufacturing business, particularly the “airflow sensing chips”. The Directors consider that the terms and conditions of the investment and acquisition agreement are fair and reasonable and on normal commercial terms, accordingly, the entering into of the investment and acquisition agreement is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 29 May 2023 and 2 June 2023.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Placing of up to 30,000,000 New Shares under 2022 General Mandate

On 19 June 2023, the Company and Yuet Sheung International Securities Limited (as the placing agent) entered into a placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to place, through the placing agent on a best efforts basis, up to 30,000,000 ordinary shares to the placees at the placing price of HK\$1.14 per Share. On 19 June 2023 (being the date of entering into of the placing agreement), the closing price per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$1.14.

Assuming that all placing shares are fully placed, the gross proceeds and estimated net proceeds (after deducting the commission payable to the placing agent, professional fee and other related costs and expenses in relation to the placing) from the placing are approximately HK\$34.2 million and approximately HK\$33.45 million, respectively. The net placing price per Share, after deduction of the commission payable to the placing agent, professional fee and other related costs and expenses in relation to the placing, is approximately HK\$1.115 per Share. The Company intends to use the net proceeds for the following purposes: (i) approximately 40% or approximately HK\$13.38 million will be used for the Subscription (as defined in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023); (ii) approximately 40% or approximately HK\$13.38 million will be used to supplement cash flow of the Group in (a) purchase of inventories for the intelligent terminal products sales (approximately HK\$10.7 million); and (b) sales and services rendering related business expenses (approximately HK\$2.68 million); and (iii) approximately 20% or approximately HK\$6.69 million shall be applied for general working capital of the Group including but not limited to staff cost, rental expenses, legal and professional fees, other office overhead and general corporate purposes of the Group.

Referring to the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023 for the Subscription, the placing will provide an opportunity to the Company to raise sufficient funds for the Subscription.

The Directors are of the view that as (i) the terms of the placing agreement were determined following arm's length negotiations between the Company and the placing agent and are on normal commercial terms; (ii) the placing represents a good opportunity to raise additional funds through the equity market as well as to broaden the capital and shareholder base of the Company; and (iii) the net proceeds of the placing will strengthen the liquidity position of the Group. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the placing is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 19 June 2023.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the past five financial years are set out on page 255 of this Annual Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. He Tianxiang, Dr. Wong Kwok Yan and Mr. Hung Muk Ming. The Company's audited consolidated financial statements and annual results for the Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, the members of which have met the auditors of the Company, KTC Partners CPA Limited ("KTC"), for the review of the Group's results for the Year.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the Year and the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and has discussed auditing, risk management, internal controls and financial reporting matters for the Year with the management of the Group.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 were audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. On 8 June 2021, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu resigned as the auditor of the Company, and KTC was appointed as the auditor of the Company on the same day, to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 June 2021. KTC was re-appointed as the auditor of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 September 2021 and 20 September 2022. The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 March 2021, 2022 and 2023 were audited by KTC. KTC will retire and be willing to be re-appointed as the auditor of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Lai Tse Ming

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2023

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

TARGET CULTURE

Innovation, Integrity, Fairness, Dedication and Caring.

Innovation

Create value for customers and the Company by innovating for development and integrating innovation into all aspects of work.

Integrity

Law-abiding, honest and trustworthy.

Fairness

Create a fair, just and open competition environment within the enterprise, and gaining merit by performance and contribution.

Dedication

Practical, dedicated, and committed to excellence.

Caring

The Company cares about the career development as well as the physical and mental well-being of employees, and employees care about the Company, their families and colleagues.

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code as stated in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the Year. The Board and the management of the Group consider that maintaining a well-established corporate governance practices and procedures is the key to success.

MODEL CODE OF CONDUCT OF DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Company's Code on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code. After specific enquiry made by the Company, all of the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Company's Code for the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience desirable for effective leadership of the Company and independence in decision making, which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performances. The Board currently comprises the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lai Tse Ming (*Chairman*)

Mr. Gao Weilong (*Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chairman*)

Mr. Liang Jun (*Deputy Chairman*)

Mr. Li Yang (*Deputy Chairman*)

Mr. Teng Feng

Mr. Yu Kin Keung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. He Tianxiang

Dr. Wong Kwok Yan

Mr. Hung Muk Ming

Mr. Liu Ping

None of the members of the Board is related to one another. Details of background and qualifications of all Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Annual Report.

The Board possesses a balance of skills and experience which are appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group. The roles of the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company are separate and exercised by Mr. Lai Tse Ming and Mr. Gao Weilong respectively. A balanced composition of executive and independent non-executive Directors also generates a strong independent element on the Board, which allows independent and objective decision making process for the best interest of the Group. The composition of the Board is reviewed by the Company from time to time to ensure the Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

If a Director considers independent views and input are necessary, he/she may propose to appoint external experts or consultants to provide the necessary information at the expense of the Company. The Directors may also obtain information and documents from the management of the Company and seek assistance from the company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**"). The Board has reviewed this mechanism and considered its operation effective.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision C.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code requires that the responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer should be segregated.

The two positions are held separately by two individuals to ensure their respective independence, accountability and responsibility. Mr. Lai Tse Ming is the chairman of the Board and Mr. Gao Weilong is the chief executive officer and deputy chairman of the Company. Mr. Lai Tse Ming is responsible for the overall strategic planning and corporate policies as well as overseeing the operations of the Group. Mr. Gao Weilong is responsible for the overall management of the Group. The Company considered that the division of responsibilities between the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company is clearly established.

Code provision C.2.7 of the Corporate Governance Code requires that the chairman should at least annually holds meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors. During the Year, the chairman of the Board held one meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors.

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the Year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The role of independent non-executive Directors is to provide independent and unbiased opinions to the Board, giving adequate control and balances for the Group to protect the overall interests of the Shareholders and the Group. Independent non-executive Directors serve actively on the Board and the committees of the Board to provide their independent, constructive and informed comments.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of the Directors entered into a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, which shall continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

The Articles of Association provides that the Directors shall be entitled to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy of the Board or as an addition to the existing Board from time to time and at any time. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Under the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Responsibilities of the Directors

The Board is primarily responsible for overseeing and managing the Company's affairs, including the responsibilities for adopting long-term strategies and appointing and supervising the senior management to ensure that the operation of the Group is conducted in accordance with the objective of the Group.

The Board is also responsible for determining the Company's corporate governance policies which include:

- (a) To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) To review the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and its disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the Year, the Board had performed the above-mentioned corporate governance functions by reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management, who fulfill their duties within their scope of authority and responsibility. Division heads are responsible for different aspects of the businesses. Major functions delegated to management include preparation of annual and interim results; execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board; implementation of adequate risk management and internal control systems; and compliance with the relevant statutory requirements. The functions and power that are so delegated are reviewed periodically by the Company to ensure that they remain appropriate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Every newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The Company Secretary from time to time provides the Directors with updates on the latest development and changes to the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements. The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional developments (the "Continuous Professional Development") to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the Year, all Directors have participated in Continuous Professional Development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. A summary of training received by the Directors is as follows:

Name of Directors	Training Areas	
	Corporate governance/ updates on laws, rules & regulations	Accounting/ financial/ management or other professional skills
Executive Directors		
Mr. Lai Tse Ming (<i>Chairman</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Gao Weilong (<i>Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chairman</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Liang Jun (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Li Yang (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>)	✓	✓
Mr. Teng Feng	✓	✓
Mr. Yu Kin Keung	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Dr. He Tianxiang	✓	✓
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan	✓	✓
Mr. Hung Muk Ming	✓	✓
Mr. Liu Ping	✓	✓

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Meetings

Pursuant to the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, meetings of the Board should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals and notice of at least 14 days should be given of a regular Board meeting. Agendas and accompanying papers shall be sent not less than 3 days before the date of Board meeting to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient time to review the documents.

The Board is responsible for the approval and monitoring of the Company's overall strategies and policies, approval of business plans, evaluating the performance of the Group and oversight of the management. It is also responsible for promoting the success of the Company and its businesses by directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

During the Year, the Board held 19 meetings and the principal businesses transacted include:

- Approving the financial results and reports for the year ended 31 March 2022;
- Reviewing the financial control, risk management and internal control policies of the Company;
- Assessing business performance and planning future business directions;
- Approving the interim report for the six months ended 30 September 2022;
- Reviewing and determining the annual remuneration packages for the Directors;
- Approving the entering into of the sale and purchase agreement, the first supplemental agreement, the second supplemental agreement, the third supplemental agreement to acquire 16.67% of the issued share capital of Time Lead Enterprises Limited (時領企業有限公司) and to discuss the expiry of the above agreements;
- Approving the allotment and issue of the consideration shares to Wisdom Galore;
- Approving the update of the Company's board diversity policy and Shareholders' communication policy and the adoption of the Company's whistleblowing policy;
- Approving the entering into of the Investment Agreement for the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project with the Fucheng District People's Government and Fuchuang Development and the Supplemental Investment Agreement for the IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project with Fuchuang Development;
- Approving the grant of share options according to the Share Option Scheme on 28 October 2022;
- Approving the renewal of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee.
- Approving the entering into of a memorandum of understanding and an investment agreement to subscribe for 5.00% of the share capital of Hangzhou Yixin;
- Approving the entering into of the placing agreement with VC Brokerage Limited as placing agent to place new shares under the 2022 General Mandate and to enter into the supplemental document to extend the placing period and the closing date of the placing of new shares.
- Appointing Mr. Li Yang as an executive Director and the deputy chairman of the Company and determining his remuneration package for the year; and
- Approving the entering into the placing agreement with Yuet Sheung International Securities Limited as the placing agent for the placing of the convertible bonds under the 2022 General Mandate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Meetings (Continued)

Notice of the Board meeting, agenda and Board papers were sent to the Directors in a timely manner before each Board meeting. All members of the Board were present at the Board meeting.

Appropriate insurance cover has been arranged by the Company in respect of relevant actions against the Directors.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which clearly set out their respective authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to the Shareholders upon request.

The list of the chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on page 2 of this Annual Report.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Hung Muk Ming, Dr. He Tianxiang and Dr. Wong Kwok Yan. The chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Hung Muk Ming, possesses appropriate professional qualifications in finance and accounting and meets the requirements of Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The duties of the Audit Committee shall be:

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor;
- (b) to monitor integrity of financial statements of the Company and the Company's annual report and accounts, half-year report and quarterly reports, and to review the important advice on financial reporting contained therein;
- (c) to review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- (d) to discuss the risk management and internal control system with the management to ensure that the management has performed its duty to have effective systems.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Audit Committee (Continued)

During the Year, three Audit Committee meetings were held and all the members of the Audit Committee were present at the meetings. The Audit Committee also met the external auditors twice during the Year without the presence of the executive Directors. There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the appointment of the external auditor.

The major works performed are as follows:

- Reviewing and recommending the Board to approve the financial results and report for the year ended 31 March 2022;
- Reviewing and recommending the Board to approve the interim report for the six months ended 30 September 2022;
- Making recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of the external auditor for the Year;
- Reviewing certain aspects of the internal control systems of the Group;
- Recommending the Board to approve the adoption of the risk management policy;
- Assisting the Board in meeting its responsibilities for evaluating, establishing and maintaining effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group;
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Group; and
- Recommending the Board to approve the adoption of the Company's whistleblowing policy.

The Group's annual results for the Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of one executive Director, being Mr. Gao Weilong, and two independent non-executive Directors, being Dr. Wong Kwok Yan (the chairman) and Dr. He Tianxiang.

The duties of the Remuneration Committee shall be:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing such policy;
- (b) to review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time;
- (c) to assess the performance of the executive Directors;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, which should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- (e) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors; and
- (f) to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The remuneration packages are determined with reference to the time commitment and responsibilities of each individual, the Company's performance and the prevailing market conditions.

During the Year, four Remuneration Committee meetings were held and all the members of the Remuneration Committee were present at the meetings, the major works performed are as follows:

- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of independent non-executive Directors with reference to the time and efforts involved in discharging their duties and the prevailing market conditions;
- Assessing the performance of the executive Directors;
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the annual remuneration packages for executive Directors;
- Recommending the Board to approve the granting of share options according to the Share Option Scheme on 28 October 2022;
- Recommending the Board to approve the renewal of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee; and
- Recommending the Board on the annual remuneration package for the appointment of Mr. Li Yang as the executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company.

The remuneration of the Directors and the members of senior management for the Year by band is set out below:

	Number of Individuals
Nil–HK\$1,000,000	11
HK\$1,000,001–HK\$1,500,000	2
HK\$1,500,001–HK\$5,000,000	5
HK\$5,000,001–HK\$10,000,000	–
HK\$10,000,001–HK\$15,000,000	–

Further particulars in relation to Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of one executive Director, being Mr. Lai Tse Ming (the chairman), and two independent non-executive Directors, being Dr. Wong Kwok Yan and Mr. Hung Muk Ming.

The duties of the Nomination Committee shall be:

- (a) to determine and review the policy for the nomination of Directors in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, the nomination procedure, process and criteria to select and recommend candidates of the directorship of the Board;
- (b) to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board on a regular basis (at least annually) and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (c) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (d) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (e) to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company.

The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives as stated above. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

During the Year, three Nomination Committee meetings were held and all the members of the Nomination Committee were present at the meetings, the major works performed are as follows:

- Reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- Assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors;
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of Directors who are subject to retirement from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company;
- Recommending the Board to approve the update of the Company's board diversity policy; and
- Recommending the Board on the appointment of Mr. Li Yang as an executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

POLICY FOR THE NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

1. Nomination Criteria

When assessing and selecting a candidate for Director, the Nomination Committee shall consider the following criteria:

- the candidate's character and integrity;
- the candidate's qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience in relation to the Company's business and strategies;
- whether the candidate is willing to devote sufficient time to fulfill the duties of being a member of the Board and to serve the other roles of directorship and responsibilities of major commitments;
- compliance with the provision of the Listing Rules in respect of the requirement that the Board shall comprise independent non-executive Directors, and whether such candidates are considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules;
- the policy for diversity of Board members and any measurable objectives adopted by the Board to achieve diversity of Board members; and
- various other factors applicable to the Company's business.

2. Procedure for Nomination

2.1 Appointment of New Directors

2.1.1 Upon receipt of the proposal for the new Director's appointment and the candidate's personal information (or related details), the Nomination Committee shall evaluate the candidate according to the selection criteria as set out in the first part when determining if the candidate is qualified for the role of Director.

2.1.2 If the process involves one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and the reference check of each candidate (where applicable).

2.1.3 The Nomination Committee shall then recommend the appointment of an appropriate candidate for directorship.

2.1.4 For any person nominated by a Shareholder for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company in this section (please refer to the paragraph headed "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director" below for the relevant procedures), the Nomination Committee shall evaluate the candidate according to the selection criteria set out in the first part in determining if the candidate is qualified for the role of Director. Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall make recommendations to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed appointment of the Director at the general meeting of the Company.

2.2 Re-election of Directors at General Meetings

2.2.1 The Nomination Committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of a retiring Director, including his/her attendance rate at the Board meetings and general meetings (if applicable), as well as the level of participation and performance on the Board.

2.2.2 The Nomination Committee shall also review and determine whether a retiring Director continues to meet the selection criteria as set out in the first part above.

2.2.3 The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall make recommendations to the Shareholders in respect of the re-election of Directors at the general meetings of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PROPOSE A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

Pursuant to Article 85 of the Articles of Association, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a written notice (the “**Notice(s)**”) signed by a member of the Company (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such Notice is given of his/her intention to propose such person for election and also a Notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are given, shall be at least 7 days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

Accordingly, if a member of the Company wishes to propose a person (other than the member himself/herself) for election as a Director at a general meeting, such member should deposit the following documents at the principal place of business in Hong Kong* or at the Registration Office* for the attention of the Company Secretary:

- (i) a Notice of his/her intention to propose a resolution at the general meeting, duly signed by the member of the Company with his/her name and address stated clearly in an eligible manner, validity of which is subject to verification and confirmation by the Company’s branch share registrar in Hong Kong according to its records; and
- (ii) a Notice executed by the nominated candidate of the candidate’s willingness to be appointed together with (A) such information of that candidate as would be required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, (B) the candidate’s written consent to the publication of his/her personal data, and (C) contact address, contact telephone number, etc. of the candidate.

If the Notice is received less than 15 business days prior to that general meeting, the Company will need to consider adjournment of the general meeting in order to (i) assess the suitability of the proposed candidate; and (ii) publish an announcement or despatch a supplementary circular in relation to the proposal to the members at least 14 clear days prior to the general meeting.

* Principal place of business in Hong Kong: 23/F, Sunshine Plaza, 353 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

* Branch share registrar in Hong Kong: Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queens Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

1. Purpose

- 1.1. The Company’s board diversity policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

2. Vision

- 2.1. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board that possesses a balance of skill, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives to promote its effectiveness on decision-making and further, enhance the Company’s corporate governance and the quality of its performance.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (Continued)

3. Policy Statement

- 3.1. With a view to achieving sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company believes that board diversity enhances decision-making capability due to the lessened risk of groupthink and thus improves the Board's overall effectiveness in achieving sustainable business operation and enhancing shareholder value.
- 3.2. The Company embraces the practice of seeking to ensure diversity among Board members, which can be achieved through consideration of various aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional experience, qualification, skills, knowledge and other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time taking into account the Company's business model and specific needs. These factors will be considered by the Company in determining the optimum composition of the Board and, when possible, should be balanced appropriately.
- 3.3. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Within that overriding emphasis on merit, the Nomination Committee shall seek to fill Board vacancies by actively considering candidates that will complement and expand the competencies, experience and perspectives of the Board as a whole, taking into account the corporate strategy of the Company.

4. Measurable Objectives

- 4.1. The Company commits to selecting the best and most appropriate person for the role. Selection of candidates will be based on the Company's nomination policy and a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to the Company's needs, gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional experience, qualification, skills, knowledge, length of service, and the amount of time and effort that the candidate will devote to discharge his/her duties and responsibilities and, in the case of independent non-executive director(s), the independence requirements set out in the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time). The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution the selected candidates will bring to the Board.
- 4.2. The Board will take opportunities to increase the ratio of female members over time when selecting and making recommendations on eligible candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that an appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to the stakeholders' expectations and international and local recommended best practices, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender equality.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (Continued)

5. Monitoring and Reporting

- 5.1. The Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring the achievement of the measurable objectives set out in this policy.
- 5.2. The Nomination Committee will conduct regular assessment of the gender diversity profile, including the gender balance at the board level and progress towards achieving gender diversity targets.
- 5.3. The Nomination Committee will report annually in the corporate governance report section of the Company's annual report and such report shall include but not limited to:
 - (i) the Board composition under diversified perspectives;
 - (ii) any process made in achieving these measurable objectives; and
 - (iii) a summary of this policy.

6. Review of this Policy

- 6.1. The Nomination Committee will review this policy at least on annual basis, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of this policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions to the policy that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

7. Disclosure of this Policy

- 7.1. This policy is available on the Company's website (www.ibotech.hk) and a summary of this will be provided in the corporate governance report which forms part of the Company's annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (Continued)

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the policy during the Year and considers that it has been smoothly implemented.

Although Board currently comprises of male only, the Company appointed two female directors in 2019 and 2020. The Company aims to appoint at least one female director by 31 December 2024.

As at 31 March 2023, out of 178 employees of Group (including senior management), the percentage of male employees and female employees are 84% and 16% respectively. The Board considers that the Group has established gender diversity among its employees (including senior management). Further details of the gender ratio of the Group together with the relevant data are set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" above in this Annual Report.

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The attendance record of each of the Directors at the Board meetings, meetings of the committees and other meetings during the Year is set out as follows:

Name of Directors	Board Meeting	Attended/Eligible to attend			Annual General Meeting
		Audit Committee Meeting	Remuneration Committee Meeting	Nomination Committee Meeting	
Number of meetings held	19	3	4	3	1
Executive Directors					
Mr. Lai Tse Ming (<i>Chairman</i>)	19/19	–	–	3/3	1/1
Mr. Gao Weilong (<i>Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chairman</i>)	19/19	–	4/4	–	1/1
Mr. Liang Jun (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>)	19/19	–	–	–	1/1
Mr. Li Yang (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>) (<i>Note 1</i>)	2/2	–	–	–	0/0
Mr. Teng Feng	19/19	–	–	–	1/1
Mr. Yu Kin Keung	19/19	–	–	–	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors					
Dr. He Tianxiang	19/19	3/3	4/4	–	1/1
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan	19/19	3/3	4/4	3/3	1/1
Mr. Hung Muk Ming	19/19	3/3	–	3/3	1/1
Mr. Liu Ping	19/19	–	–	–	1/1

Note:

- Mr. Li was appointed as an executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company on 21 March 2023

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The main features of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are to provide a clear governance structure, policies and procedures, as well as reporting mechanism to facilitate the Group to manage its risks across business operations.

The Group has established a risk management framework, which consists of the Board, the Audit Committee, the senior management, functional departments and business units management, as well as risk management personnel. The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of risks that shall be taken in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, to ensure that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board also has the overall responsibility for monitoring the senior management towards the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Group has also formulated and adopted a risk management policy in providing effective policies and procedures on identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks. At least on an annual basis, the senior management identifies risks that would affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritises the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria. Response plans and risk owners are then established and designated for those risks considered to be significant.

In addition, the Group has engaged an independent professional advisor to provide internal audit services to assist the Board and the Audit Committee in ongoing monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. Deficiencies in the design and implementation of internal controls are identified and recommendations are proposed for improvement. Significant internal control deficiencies are reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on a timely basis to ensure prompt remedial actions are taken and responsible personnel is identified. The independent professional advisor will follow up in due course to ensure the situation can be improved.

Risk management report and internal audit report are submitted to the Audit Committee for review and ultimately to the Board for approval at least once a year. The Board had performed an annual review on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the Year, including the changes in the nature and extent of significant risk after the review of the previous year, the Group's ability to cope with its business transformation and changing external environment; the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring on risk and internal control systems; result of internal audit work; the extent and frequency of communication with the Board in relation to result of risk and internal control review; significant failures or weaknesses identified and their related implications for the period; and the effectiveness of the Group's procedures for financial reporting and compliance with the Listing Rules. The Board confirms the existing risk management and internal control systems and the internal audit function performed by independent professional advisor are effective and adequate.

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS FOR THE HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group complies with the requirements of SFO and the Listing Rules. The Group discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the safe harbours as provided in the SFO. The Group will ensure such information to be kept confidential before it is announced to the public. If the Group considers that such information can no longer be kept confidential or may have leaked already, the Group will disclose such information to the public immediately. The Group is also committed to ensuring that the information contained in any announcement shall not be deceptive or misleading in certain material aspects, or there are no material matters the omission of which would make the information contained therein to be deceptive or misleading, such that the inside information disclosed can be made available to the public in an equal, timely and effective manner.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management provides such explanation and information to the Board and reports regularly to the Board on the financial position and prospects of the business of the Company so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

The Board is responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements. In preparation for the consolidated financial statements, the Board adopted the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, applied appropriate accounting policies, and made reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Board is committed to presenting a clear, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance and financial positions in all its financial reporting and ensuring relevant publications in a timely manner.

The responsibility of an external auditor to report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out under the section headed "INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT" of this Annual Report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid to the external auditor of the Company, KTC Partners CPA Limited and its associated companies, in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided to the Company during the Year was analysed below:

Services Category	Fees paid/payable RMB
Audit services	
— audit services on financial statements and preliminary review of annual results announcement for the Year	1,925,880
Non-audit services	
— risk management consulting and internal control review services for the Year	122,556
	<hr/>
	2,048,436

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Pang Chun Yip has been acting as the Company Secretary since May 2017. He is also the finance manager of the Company. Mr. Pang is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He fulfills the requirements under Rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

The Company Secretary is responsible for providing secretarial services to the Board and ensuring the operation of the Company complies with Hong Kong listed companies' regulatory requirements as well as enhancing its corporate governance standards.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. The Company Secretary is also the secretary of each of the Board committees. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of all Board committees are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection by the Directors at all times.

During the Year, Mr. Pang has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening an Annual General Meeting, Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Extraordinary general meetings may be convened by Directors on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary by mail to 23/F, Sunshine Plaza, 353 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requestor(s) himself/herself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requestor(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requestor(s) by the Company.

Shareholders who propose new resolutions at the general meetings can also follow the above procedures.

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules, and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

Dividend Policy

The Company's dividend policy is intended to set out the guidelines announced/proposed by the Board to declare and pay dividends to the Shareholders. The Company understands and believes that the disclosure of this policy will enhance the transparency of the Company so that the Shareholders and the investors can make informed investment decisions.

The Company can declare and pay dividends to the Shareholders, provided that the Group records a profit after tax and the declaration of dividends will not affect the normal operation of the Group. In deciding whether to propose dividends and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, among other things, the following factors:

- (i) the Group's financial performance;
- (ii) the Group's financial position;
- (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs;
- (iv) the availability of funds to meet the financial covenants of the Group's bank loans; and
- (v) any other factors that the Board may consider appropriate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

Dividend Policy (Continued)

The payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association. Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may from time to time pay to the Shareholders such interim and/or special dividends as it considers to be justified by the profits of the Group. Any declaration and/or payment of future dividends under the policy are/is subject to the Board's determination that the same would be in the best interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole. The Board endeavors to strike a balance between the Shareholders' interests and prudent capital management, and the Board will review the policy from time to time and may exercise at its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 20 September 2022, Shareholders approved the amendment to the amended and restated Articles of Association, among others, to (i) conform with the core shareholder protection standards as set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules and other latest legal and regulatory requirements under the Listing Rules and applicable laws of the Cayman Islands; and (ii) incorporate certain housekeeping amendments. The Shareholders also approved to adopt the new Articles of Association in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing Articles of Association. Further details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 13 July 2022 and 20 September 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 29 July 2022. An up-to-date version of the memorandum of the Company and the Articles of Association is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and of the Company (www.ibotech.hk).

SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY

1. Purpose

- 1.1. The shareholders' communication policy of the Company aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring the Shareholders, and, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments, governance and risk profile), in order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow the Shareholders and the investment community to enhance communication with the Company.
- 1.2. For the purpose of this policy, references to the investment community are intended to include the Company's potential investors as well as analysts reporting and analysing the Company's performance.

2. General Policy

- 2.1. The Board shall maintain an ongoing dialogue with the Shareholders and the investment community, and will regularly review this policy to ensure its effectiveness.
- 2.2. Information shall be communicated to the Shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the regulatory disclosures through the Stock Exchange website at <https://www.hkexnews.hk/> and its corporate communications[#] and other corporate publications on the Company's website at www.ibotech.hk.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY (Continued)

2. General Policy (Continued)

- 2.3. Effective and timely dissemination of information to the Shareholders and the investment community shall be ensured at all times. Any question regarding this policy shall be directed to the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, or the Company Secretary of the Company.
- 2.4. This policy will be updated in response to any subsequent changes in internal structure, regulatory and market developments.

3. Communication Strategies

Shareholders' Enquires

- 3.1. Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong. The contact details are as follows:

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716, 17/F
Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Wan Chai, Hong Kong
Telephone: (852) 2862 8628
Facsimile: (852) 2865 0990

- 3.2. Shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available.
- 3.3. Shareholders and the investment community who have any queries in respect of the Company or have any comments and suggestions are most welcome to contact the Company Secretary by email at comsec@ibotech.com.cn or by mail to the Company's Hong Kong office at:

Company Secretary

IBO Technology Company Limited

23/F., Sunshine Plaza
353 Lockhart Road
Wanchai, Hong Kong

- 3.4. Institutional investors and analysts are encouraged to contact the Investor Relations by email to IR@ibotech.com.cn or write to the Company at:

Investor Relations

IBO Technology Company Limited

23/F., Sunshine Plaza
353 Lockhart Road
Wanchai, Hong Kong
Telephone: (852) 2308 1266
Facsimile: (852) 2789 4532

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY (Continued)

3. Communication Strategies (Continued)

Corporate Communications[#]

- 3.5. Corporate communications[#] will be provided to the Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding. Shareholders are encouraged to access the Company's corporate communications[#] electronically via the Company's website at www.ibotech.hk or through the Stock Exchange's website at <https://www.hkexnews.hk/> to help protect the environment. Shareholders have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the corporate communications[#].
- 3.6. As long as the Shareholders whose names are registered in the register of members of the Company, they are entitled to receive hard copies of the corporate communications[#]. For the Shareholders whose securities are held through the Central Clearing and Settlement System established and operated by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, they are encouraged to access the Company's corporate communications[#] electronically via the Company's website or through the Stock Exchange's website, or they may contact the Company Secretary for hard copies.

Corporate Website

- 3.7. Information on the Company's website (www.ibotech.hk) is updated on a regular basis. A dedicated "Investor Relations" section is available on the Company's website.
- 3.8. Any information or documents released by the Company to the Stock Exchange is also posted on the Company's website immediately thereafter. Such information includes but is not limited to the Company's financial statements, results announcements, circulars, notices of general meetings and associated explanatory documents, as well as any regulatory disclosures through the Stock Exchange's website and corporate communications[#] and other corporate publications on the Company's website. The aforesaid shall be maintained on the Company's website for at least 5 years from the date of first publication.

Shareholders' Meetings

- 3.9. The Board strives to maintain an ongoing dialogue with the Shareholders and, in particular, to use annual general meetings, extraordinary general meetings or any other Shareholders' meetings of the Company to communicate with the Shareholders directly. The chairman of the Board, the chairmen (or their delegates) of the Audit, Remuneration, Nomination Committees, and appropriate management executives shall attend annual general meetings and other general meetings if applicable to answer the Shareholders' questions. The external auditors shall also attend annual general meetings to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, the accounting policies and audit independence.
- 3.10. General meetings provide an opportunity for constructive communication between the Company and the Shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings.
- 3.11. Appropriate arrangements shall be in place to encourage the Shareholders' participation at the meetings.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY (Continued)

3. Communication Strategies (Continued)

Shareholders' Meetings (Continued)

- 3.12. The process of the Company's general meetings will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served.
- 3.13. The notice for the annual general meetings together with detailed information (as contained in a circular) will be sent to the Shareholders at least 21 days before the annual general meeting. For a general meeting other than an annual general meeting, it shall be called by not less than 14 days' notice.
- 3.14. Poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable, normally on the same day of the general meeting.

Investment Market Communications

- 3.15. Investor/analysts briefings and one-on-one meetings, roadshows (both domestic and international), media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums, etc., will be available (where necessary) in order to facilitate communication between the Company, the Shareholders and the investment community.
- 3.16. The Company's Directors and employees who have contacts or dialogues with the investors, analysts, media or other interested outside parties are required to comply with the disclosure obligations and requirements under the Listing Rules.

4. Shareholders' Privacy

- 4.1. The Company recognises the protection of personal data is important to preserving the trust of the Shareholders. The Company is committed to safeguarding and protecting the Shareholders' privacy in compliance with applicable data protection laws and will not disclose Shareholders' information without their consent, unless required by law to do so.

5. Review of this Policy

- 5.1. To ensure that this policy continues to carry out smoothly and effectively in practice, the Company will review this policy at least annually to ensure its effectiveness in upholding the high standards of communication with the Shareholders and reflecting current best practices.

Corporate Communications refers to any documents issued or to be issued by the Company for the information or action of holders of any of its securities, including but not limited to, the directors' report and annual accounts together with a copy of the auditor's report, the interim report, a notice of meeting, a listing document, a circular and a proxy form, etc.

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the policy during the Year and considers that it has been smoothly implemented.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF IBO TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED

艾伯科技股份有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of IBO Technology Company Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 151 to 254, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the “**Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Impairment assessment of trade receivables</p> <p>We identified impairment assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter due to the significance of trade receivables to the Group's consolidated financial position and the involvement of subjective judgement and management estimates in evaluating the expected credit losses ("ECL") of the Group's trade receivables at the end of the reporting period.</p> <p>As at 31 March 2023, the Group's net trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB1,245,216,000, which represented approximately 58% of the total assets of the Group.</p> <p>As disclosed in notes 4 and 39(b) to the consolidated financial statements, trade receivables are assessed individually for impairment allowance based on the historical observed default rates of the debtors taking into consideration of current and forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue costs or effort.</p> <p>Credit loss allowance amounting to approximately RMB148,669,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2023. Details of the ECL is set out in note 39(b) to the consolidated financial statements.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to impairment assessment of trade receivables included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understanding how the management estimates the ECL allowance for trade receivables by applying the ECL model;• Testing the integrity of information used by management to develop the individual assessment, including trade receivables aging analysis as at 31 March 2023, on a sample basis, by comparing individual items in the analysis with the relevant sales contracts, sales invoices and other supporting documents;• Challenging management's basis and judgement in determining credit loss allowance on trade receivables as at 31 March 2023, including the reasonableness of management's assessment on the internal credit rating of the trade debtors and the basis of estimated loss rate applied to each debtor; and• Engaging an independent external expert to assist us in assessing the ECL model and evaluating the reasonableness of the credit loss allowance for trade receivables.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Impairment assessments of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life</p> <p>We identified the impairment assessments of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life related to brand name as a key audit matter due to significant judgements and estimates involved in the assessment process by the management of the Group.</p> <p>As disclosed in notes 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life of approximately RMB20,032,000 (net of accumulated impairment loss of approximately RMB24,125,000) and RMB21,300,000 (no accumulated impairment loss recognised) respectively as at 31 March 2023 relating to the acquisition of system integration business and software development business in 2019.</p> <p>The Group is required to, at least annually, perform impairment assessments of goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life.</p> <p>For the purpose of assessing impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life as at 31 March 2023, recoverable amounts of cash-generating units to which the goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated have been determined by the management of the Group based on calculation of value in use, using financial budgets with reference to the management's expectations for the market development, where the key assumptions and estimates included the growth rates and discount rate used in the value in use calculation, as detailed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group engaged an independent qualified valuer ("the Valuer") to assist the estimation. The finance team of the Group works closely with the Valuer to establish the appropriate estimation model and inputs to the model.</p> <p>Based on management's assessment, an impairment loss of approximately RMB3,600,000 has been recognised for goodwill and no impairment for intangible assets with indefinite useful life for the year ended 31 March 2023.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessments of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Discussing with the Group's management to understand the key estimations made by the Group's management in the impairment assessment of goodwill and indefinite intangible assets;• Evaluating the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;• Involving our engaged independent external valuation expert to review the valuation report provided by the Valuer on the discount rate and unobservable input adopted and evaluating its reasonableness;• Assessing the appropriateness of the key assumptions adopted in the discounted cash flows for impairment assessments, by challenging management's expectation for the market development;• Testing source data on a sample basis to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and available market data; and• Reviewing the sensitivity analyses performed by the management to evaluate the potential impacts on the recoverable amount and impairment.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Impairment assessment of intangible assets — software</p> <p>Refer to Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements</p> <p>Included in the consolidated financial statements is intangible assets balance of approximately RMB5,480,000 as at 31 March 2023, which relates to software with useful lives.</p> <p>For intangible assets with useful lives, the Group is required to review these for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable, and at least annually, review whether there is any change in their expected useful lives.</p> <p>For the purpose of performing impairment assessment on intangible assets — software, management has used the discounted cash flow. Under this method, the recoverable amount is estimated at the present value of the cash flows contributed by each software. The Group engaged the Valuer to assist in the estimation. During the year, intangible assets — software with a net carrying amount of approximately RMB36,203,000 was written off and recognised in profit or loss. Management concluded that the remaining net carrying amount of intangible assets — software of approximately RMB5,480,000 were not impaired as of 31 March 2023.</p> <p>We focused on this area as the assessments made by management involved significant estimates and judgments, including revenue contribution of each software, sales growth rates, gross profit margin, net profit margin and perpetual growth rates used to estimate future cash flows and discount rates applied to these forecasted future cash flows of the underlying CGUs. These estimates and judgments may be affected by unexpected changes in future market or economic conditions or discount rates applied.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of intangible assets — software included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Discussed with management to understand, evaluate and validate management's key controls over the impairment assessment process for software;• Evaluating the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;• Involving our engaged independent external valuation expert to review the valuation report provided by the Valuer on the discount rate and the other market data adopted and evaluating its reasonableness;• Assessing the appropriateness of the key assumptions adopted in the discounted cash flows for impairment assessments, by challenging management's expectation for the market development;• Testing source data on a sample basis to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and available market data; and• Reviewing the sensitivity analyses performed by the management to evaluate the potential impacts on the recoverable amount and impairment.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Impairment assessment on interests in associates</p> <p>Refer to Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.</p> <p>We identified investments in associates as a key audit matter due to the balances of interests in these associates as at 31 March 2023 are material to the consolidated financial statements and the Group's impairment test involves the application of significant judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates made by management and the Valuer.</p> <p>As at 31 March 2023, included in the consolidated statement of financial position are Interests in Guangzhou Andi Technology Investment Company Ltd ("GZ Andi"), Dongguan Juxin Technology Company Ltd ("DG Juxin") and Foshan Xindian Electronic Software Technology Company Limited ("Foshan Xindian") with carrying amounts of approximately RMB80,000,000, RMB69,999,000 and RMB62,999,000 respectively. As disclosed in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, GZ Andi, DG Juxin and Foshan Xindian were loss making for the year ended 31 March 2023 and the Group tested the carrying amounts of these interests for impairment. The Group engaged the Valuer to assist in arriving at the recoverable amount of the interests in these associates.</p> <p>Based on the valuation, no impairment loss was recognised in respect of these interests in associates for the year ended 31 March 2023.</p>	<p>With the assistance of our engaged independence valuation expert, our audit procedures included, among others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assessing the competence, independence and objectivity of the external valuers engaged by the Group;• Challenging the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgments and assumptions applied in the valuation model;• Assessing the arithmetical accuracy of fair value less costs of disposal calculations;• Assessing the reasonableness of the key assumptions (including adjustment factors and discount rates); and• Checking input data to supporting evidence.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

KTC Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

Chow Yiu Wah, Joseph

Audit Engagement Director

Practising Certificate Number P04686

Hong Kong, 30 June 2023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Revenue	5	907,274	1,046,296
Cost of sales and services rendered		(813,371)	(867,695)
Gross profit		93,903	178,601
Other income	6	7,043	6,317
Other (losses)/gains, net	7	(54,592)	3,664
Share of results of associates		(34)	727
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	8	(150,998)	(15,423)
Distribution and selling expenses		(6,890)	(8,048)
Administrative expenses		(59,311)	(62,624)
Equity-settled share-based payments		(54,912)	(28,488)
Finance costs	9	(19,748)	(18,290)
Research and development expenses		(39,646)	(12,531)
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(285,185)	43,905
Income tax expense	10	(8,095)	(19,889)
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	11	(293,280)	24,016
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to:			
— Owners of the Company		(243,564)	14,663
— Non-controlling interests		(49,716)	9,353
		(293,280)	24,016
(Loss)/earnings per share			
— Basic (RMB cents)	15	(37.78)	2.67
— Diluted (RMB cents)		(37.78)	0.11

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	6,754	8,821
Right-of-use assets	17	3,369	9,427
Investment properties	18	20,520	21,000
Goodwill	19	20,032	23,632
Intangible assets	20	31,524	71,474
Interests in associates	22	212,998	213,032
Rental deposits		272	891
Deferred tax assets	36	–	9,111
		295,469	357,388
Current assets			
Inventories	23	44,731	2,210
Trade and other receivables	24	1,497,208	939,539
Contract assets	25	–	1,947
Amount due from an associate	26	–	67
Amounts due from non-controlling interests	26	35	515
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	27	71,181	16,415
Pledged bank deposits	28	14,000	–
Bank balances and cash	28	206,719	243,611
		1,833,874	1,204,304
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	29	1,253,954	657,854
Lease liabilities	30	723	5,475
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	26	9,203	8,977
Bank and other borrowings	31	97,213	31,013
Consideration payable	32	–	33,456
Bonds payables	33	95,134	63,177
Convertible bonds	34	–	28,198
Tax payables		53,859	51,903
		1,510,086	880,053
Net current assets		323,788	324,251
Total assets less current liabilities		619,257	681,639

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2023

	<i>Note</i>	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	30	2,614	4,197
Bank and other borrowings	31	20,108	2,430
Bonds payables	33	11,505	26,562
Deferred tax liabilities	36	17,794	27,236
		52,021	60,425
		567,236	621,214
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	35	5,616	4,865
Reserves		508,241	529,754
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		513,857	534,619
Non-controlling interests		53,379	86,595
Total Equity		567,236	621,214

The consolidated financial statements on pages 151 to 254 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Lai Tse Ming
DIRECTOR

Mr. Gao Weilong
DIRECTOR

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Attributable to owners of the Company								
	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Merger reserve RMB'000 (Note a)	Share options reserve RMB'000	Statutory surplus reserve RMB'000 (Note b)	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) RMB'000	Sub-total RMB'000	Non-controlling interests RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	4,103	296,019	(43,325)	33,609	35,896	4,128	330,430	47,592	378,022
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	14,663	14,663	9,353	24,016
Issuance of shares under Specific Mandate (note 35)	81	12,160	-	-	-	-	12,241	-	12,241
Issuance of shares under General Mandate (note 35)	175	63,934	-	-	-	-	64,109	-	64,109
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds (notes 34 and 35)	10	5,150	-	-	-	-	5,160	-	5,160
Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	496	112,641	-	(33,609)	-	-	79,528	-	79,528
Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	-	-	-	28,488	-	-	28,488	-	28,488
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,650	29,650
Transfer	-	-	-	-	10,706	(10,706)	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	4,865	489,904	(43,325)	28,488	46,602	8,085	534,619	86,595	621,214
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(243,564)	(243,564)	(49,716)	(293,280)
Issuance of shares under Specific Mandate (note 35)	337	50,072	-	-	-	-	50,409	-	50,409
Issuance of consideration shares (notes 32 and 35)	70	17,511	-	-	-	15,875	33,456	-	33,456
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds (notes 34 and 35)	97	28,983	-	-	-	-	29,080	-	29,080
Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	247	75,294	-	(20,596)	-	-	54,945	-	54,945
Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	-	-	-	54,912	-	-	54,912	-	54,912
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,500	16,500
At 31 March 2023	5,616	661,764	(43,325)	62,804	46,602	(219,604)	513,857	53,379	567,236

Notes:

- Merger reserve represents the difference between the share capital of Abacus International Group Company Limited ("**Abacus**"), which was transferred from Shine Well Holdings Limited ("**Shine Well**"), an immediate and ultimate holding company of IBO Technology Company Limited (the "**Company**") to IBO Holdings Limited ("**IBO Holdings**") pursuant to the reorganisation as set out on the prospectus dated 14 December 2017 and share capital and share premium of IBO Holdings.
- As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for enterprises in the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**"), the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain a statutory surplus reserve fund. Appropriation to such reserve is made out of at least 10% of profit after taxation as reflected in the statutory financial statements of the relevant PRC subsidiaries while the amounts and allocation basis are decided by their board of directors annually. The appropriation to statutory surplus reserve may cease if the balance of the statutory surplus reserve has reached 50% of the relevant PRC subsidiaries' registered capital. The statutory surplus reserves can be used to make up prior year losses, if any, and can be applied in conversion into capital by means of capitalisation issue.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(285,185)	43,905
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	7,716	8,118
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,766	2,936
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	4,192	6,026
Equity-settled share-based payments	54,912	28,488
Finance costs	19,748	18,290
Gain on change in fair value of derivative component of convertible bonds	–	(13,831)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	–	(9)
Gain on early termination of leases, net	(358)	–
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(64)	–
Impairment loss on goodwill	3,600	–
Impairment loss recognised on interest in an associate	–	6,202
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	150,998	15,423
Imputed interest from leases	(264)	(75)
Interest income	(4,010)	(2,367)
Loss on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	8,602	6,422
Loss/(gain) on change in fair value of investment properties	480	(800)
Recognition of deferred loss from initial recognition of convertible bonds	287	2,423
Share of results of associates	34	(727)
Unrealised exchange losses/(gain)	694	(3,787)
Written off of amount due from an associate	75	–
Written off of intangible assets	36,203	4,465
Written off of other receivables	–	200
Written off of property, plant and equipment	4	38
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	430	121,340
Increase in inventories	(42,521)	(431)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(707,851)	(381,746)
Decrease in contract assets	1,955	15,799
Increase in trade and other payables	563,758	339,180
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(184,229)	94,142
Income tax paid	(6,470)	(1,885)
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(190,699)	92,257

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(800)	(6,390)
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL	(28,588)	(15,139)
Additions of intangible assets	(3,969)	(38,980)
Advances to non-controlling interests	–	(7,706)
Repayment from non-controlling interest	332	8,005
Repayment from a related company	–	(19)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	161	–
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	–	563
Interest received	4,010	2,367
Investments in associates	–	(213,000)
Placement of pledged bank deposit	(14,000)	–
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposit	–	6,000
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(42,854)	(264,299)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	(36,183)	(44,974)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(4,380)	(6,521)
Interest paid	(9,842)	(9,914)
Repayment of bonds	(31,830)	(46,292)
Payments of commissions for issuance of bonds	–	(6,398)
Proceeds from bank and other borrowings	120,000	43,280
Capital contribution of non-controlling interests	16,500	29,650
Advances from non-controlling interests	12,645	396
Repayments to non-controlling interests	(12,252)	(1,718)
Proceeds from issue of shares	50,409	155,878
Proceeds from exercise of share options	54,945	–
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	36,649	70,108
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	196,661	183,495
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(36,892)	11,453
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	243,611	232,158
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR represented by bank balances and cash	206,719	243,611

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

IBO Technology Company Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. The shares of the Company are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). The addresses of the Company’s registered office and the principal place of business are Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and 23/F, Sunshine Plaza, 353 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong respectively.

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) are engaged in sale of Radio Frequency Identification (“**RFID**”) equipment and electronic products (collectively the “**intelligent terminal products**”), provision of system maintenance services, development of customised softwares and provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“**RMB**”), which is also the same as the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“**HKFRSs**”)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group’s annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

Except as described below the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The Group has applied the amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date was on or after 1 April 2022. The amendments update a reference in HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* so that it refers to the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* issued in June 2018 (the “**Conceptual Framework**”) instead of *Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements* (replaced by the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2010* issued in October 2010), add a requirement that, for transactions and events within the scope of HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 *Levies*, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination and add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The application of the amendments in the current year has had no impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments specify that the costs of any item that were produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management (such as samples produced when testing whether the relevant property, plant and equipment is functioning properly) and the proceeds from selling such items should be recognised and measured in the profit or loss in accordance with applicable standards. The cost of the items are measured in accordance with HKAS 2 *Inventories*.

In accordance with the transitional provisions, the Group has applied the new accounting policy retrospectively to property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of 1 April 2022. The application of the amendments in the current year has had no impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance.

Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 37 Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments specify that, when an entity assesses whether a contract is onerous in accordance with HKAS 37, the unavoidable costs under a contract should reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it. Costs of fulfilling the contract include incremental costs and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

The application of the amendments in the current year has had no impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance.

Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The annual improvements make amendments to the following standards:

HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*

The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of assessing whether modification of terms of original financial liability constitutes substantial modification under the “10 per cent” test, a borrower includes only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on the other’s behalf.

In accordance with the transitional provisions, the Group applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged as at the date of initial application, 1 April 2022.

HKFRS 16 *Leases*

The amendment to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16 removes from the example the illustration of reimbursement relating to leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to remove any potential confusion.

The application of the amendments in the current year has had no impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ²
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation ³
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ¹
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*

The amendments to HKFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and HKAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent’s profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent’s profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 1 *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)*

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
 - (i) the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
 - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity’s own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

Based on the Group’s outstanding liabilities as at 31 March 2023, the application of the amendments will not result in reclassification of the Group’s liabilities as at 31 March 2023.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 *Disclosure of Accounting Policies*

HKAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term “significant accounting policies” with “material accounting policy information”. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity’s financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements* (the “**Practice Statement**”) is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the “four-step materiality process” to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group but may affect the disclosures of the Group’s significant accounting policies.

Amendments to HKAS 8 *Definition of Accounting Estimates*

The amendments define accounting estimates as “monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty”. An accounting policy may require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty — that is, the accounting policy may require such items to be measured at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, an entity develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by the accounting policy. Developing accounting estimates involves the use of judgements or assumptions based on the latest available, reliable information.

In addition, the concept of changes in accounting estimates in HKAS 8 is retained with additional clarifications.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12 *Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction*

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets in paragraphs 15 and 24 of HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

As disclosed in note 3.2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to the relevant assets and liabilities as a whole. Temporary differences relating to relevant assets and liabilities are assessed on a net basis.

Upon the application of the amendments, the Group will recognise a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with the right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities.

The amendments are effective for the Group’s annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023, with early application permitted. As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities which are subject to the amendments amounted to RMB3,369,000 and RMB3,337,000 respectively. The Group is still in the process of assessing the full impact of the application of the amendments.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial instruments and investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3.2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGU" or "CGUs") (or group of CGUs) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A CGU (or group of CGUs) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the CGUs may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the CGU (or group of CGUs) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU (or group of CGUs).

On disposal of the relevant CGU or any of the CGU within the group of CGUs, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the CGU (or a CGU within a group of CGUs), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the CGU) disposed of and the portion of the CGU (or the group of CGUs) retained.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described below.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Appropriate adjustments have been made to conform the associate's accounting policies to the Group. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs;
- the Group’s performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group’s performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group’s right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group’s unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group’s obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligations, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

The stand-alone selling price of the distinct good or service underlying each performance obligation is determined at contract inception. It represents the price at which the Group would sell a promised good or service separately to a customer. If a stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the Group estimates it using appropriate techniques such that the transaction price ultimately allocated to any performance obligation reflects the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, revenue is recognised on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date (system maintenance service contracts in which the Group bills a fixed amount for each month of service provided), the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

Input method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on input method, which is to recognised revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources:

Revenue from sales of intelligent terminal products is recognised at a point in time upon delivery of products to the customers.

Revenue from provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities is satisfied over time as the Group provides services on customers' sites which creates an asset that the customer control as the Group perform. The directors of the Company currently measure the stage of completion using output method by reference to the completion status certificates issued by customers.

System maintenance service income is recognised using the output method on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant contract, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs and the performance obligation is satisfied with time elapsed.

Contracts for software development provide customised software with no alternative use to the Group. Taking into account the contract terms and the legal and regulatory environment in the PRC. All the contracts provide the Group's enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date and hence the revenue is recognised over time. The directors of the Company currently measure the stage of completion in accordance with the cost incurred up to date to the total budgeted cost.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Principal versus agent

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party. In this case, the Group does not control the specified good or service provided by another party before that good or service is transferred to the customer. When the Group acts as an agent, it recognises revenue in the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the specified goods or services to be provided by the other party.

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of staff dormitories that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Except for those that are classified as investment properties and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments).

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset.

When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform

For changes in the basis for determining the future lease payments as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, the Group applies the practical expedient to remeasure the lease liabilities by discounting the revised lease payments using the unchanged discount rate and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets. A lease modification is required by interest rate benchmark reform if, and only if, both of these conditions are met:

- the modification is necessary as a direct consequence of interest rate benchmark reform; and
- the new basis for determining the lease payments is economically equivalent to the previous basis (i.e. the basis immediately preceding the modification).

COVID-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

Lease modification

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented in “other income”.

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the “**MPF Scheme**”) are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries and annual leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Share options granted to service providers

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses (unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets).

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from (loss)/profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries and associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of each reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

In assessing any uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Group considers whether it is probable that the relevant tax authority will accept the uncertain tax treatment used or proposed to be used by individual group entities in their income tax filings. If it is probable, the current and deferred taxes are determined consistently with the tax treatment in the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the relevant taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the effect of each uncertainty is reflected by using either the most likely amount or the expected value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets, including buildings that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes and are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Internally-generated intangible assets — research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are reported at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an asset individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

In testing a CGU for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant CGU when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the CGU or group of CGUs to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant CGU or group of CGUs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a CGU) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a CGU, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of CGUs, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of CGUs, with the recoverable amount of the group of CGUs. In allocating the impairments loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGUs. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro-rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Such overdrafts are presented as short-term borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchase or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the assets is no longer credit-impaired.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

Impairment of financial assets and contract assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, contract assets, amounts due from an associate and non-controlling interests, rental deposits, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and contract assets.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and contract assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and contract assets subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are 2 years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables and contract assets where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL represent the consideration payable and the derivative portion of convertible bonds that may be paid by the Group as part of a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, lease liabilities, bonds payables, liability component of convertible bonds, amounts due to non-controlling interests and bank and other borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Convertible bonds

A conversion option that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments is a conversion option derivative.

At the date of issue, both the debt component and derivative components are recognised at fair value. When the fair value of the convertible bonds at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the resulting gain or loss on initial recognition (i.e. Day-1 gain or loss) is recognised immediately in profit or loss if the fair value of the convertible bonds is evidenced by Level 1 inputs or is determined based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other circumstances, in particular, with regard to the Day-1 loss recognised on the convertible bonds issued by the Group, the Day-1 loss is deferred and the amount is recognised in profit or loss to reflect the reduction in the time value of the conversion option based on how market participants would consider it when pricing the convertible bonds.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible bonds (Continued)

The deferred Day-1 gain or loss is recognised as an adjustment to the initial carrying amount of the convertible bonds.

In subsequent periods, the debt component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The derivative component is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the debt and derivative components in proportion to their relative fair values. Transaction costs relating to the derivative component are charged to profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs relating to the debt component are included in the carrying amount of the debt portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of interest rate benchmark reform

For changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of a financial asset or financial liability to which the amortised cost measurement applies as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, the Group applies the practical expedient to account for these changes by updating the effective interest rate, such change in effective interest rate normally has no significant effect on the carrying amount of the relevant financial asset or financial liability.

A change in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows is required by interest rate benchmark reform if and only if, both these conditions are met:

- the change is necessary as a direct consequence of interest rate benchmark reform; and
- the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis (ie the basis immediately preceding the change).

Offsetting a financial asset and a financial liability

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3.2, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Income taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions and interpretation of tax rules in various jurisdictions. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of such transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in respective tax legislation.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are recognised for undistributed earnings of PRC entities and other taxable temporary differences. As deferred tax asset can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future profit will be available against which the unused tax loss or other deductible temporary differences can be utilised, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management's assessment is constantly reviewed, and deferred tax assets are recognised only if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Principal versus agent consideration

The Group engages in the sales of intelligent terminal products. Management assess the items of the contracts with its suppliers and customers and concluded that the Group acts as the principal for such transactions as it controls the specified good before it is transferred to the customer after taking into consideration that the Group has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all the remaining benefit from the intelligent terminal products. The Group also assesses indicators such as the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the goods and the Group has inventory risk. Therefore, when the Group satisfies the performance obligation, the Group recognises revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled as specified in the contracts.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group recognised revenue relating to sales of intelligent terminal products amounted to RMB842,607,000 (2022: RMB891,369,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Provision of ECL for trade receivables

The management of the Group calculates ECL on trade receivables individually. The loss rates applied are estimated using the historical observed default rates of the debtors taking into consideration of forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue costs or effort. At the end of the reporting period, these historical loss rates are reassessed and updated after considering current and forward-looking information that is available to the directors of the Company. The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade receivables are disclosed in notes 39(b) and 24. The carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB1,245,216,000 (2022: RMB868,201,000). During the year ended 31 March 2023, an impairment loss under ECL of approximately RMB148,669,000 was recognised (2022: RMB12,871,000).

Impairment assessments of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life

Determining whether goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life related to brand name are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs to which goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated, which is the higher of the value in use or fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGU (or CGUs) and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or changes in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows, a further impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amounts of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life were approximately RMB20,032,000 (2022: RMB23,632,000) and approximately RMB21,300,000 (2022: RMB21,300,000) respectively. During the year ended 31 March 2023, an impairment loss on goodwill of approximately RMB3,600,000 (2022: nil) and no impairment loss on intangible assets with indefinite useful life was recognised (2022: Nil). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are set out in note 21.

Impairment assessment of intangible assets — software

The Group's intangible assets related to software are mainly for software development segments. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the revenue generated from the software was insufficient and management performed an impairment assessment of the software.

The recoverable amount of intangible assets — software was determined based on the higher of the present value of the expected future cash flows and an asset's fair value less costs to sell. The assessment involves the use of appropriate impairment methods and models and the use of key assumptions (mainly revenue contribution of each software, revenue growth rates, gross and net profit margins and pre-tax discount rates) in the forecast of the present value of future cash flows. At 31 March 2023, the net carrying amount of intangible assets — software amounted to approximately RMB5,480,000 (2022: RMB31,360,000). An amount of approximately RMB36,203,000 was written off for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Impairment assessment on interests in associates

As at 31 March 2023, in view of no revenues generated or operations commencing by the associates, the Group performed impairment assessment on interests in associates. Determining whether impairment loss should be recognised requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the relevant associates which is the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposal. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation requires the management of the Group to estimate the present value of the expected future economic benefits to be derived from the major assets of the associates based on market data. In cases where the actual future economic benefits are less or more than expected, a material reversal or further recognition of impairment may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further recognition takes place.

As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amount of the interests in associates amounted to approximately RMB212,998,000 (2022: RMB213,032,000), net of accumulated impairment loss of approximately RMB23,059,000 (2022: RMB23,059,000). No impairment loss was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: RMB6,202,000).

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

Types of goods or services

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Intelligent terminal products sales	842,607	891,369
Provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities	434	39,819
Software development	52,463	104,232
System maintenance services	11,770	10,876
Total revenue from contracts with customers	907,274	1,046,296

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Timing of revenue recognition

	2023				
	Intelligent terminal products sales RMB'000	Provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities RMB'000	Software development RMB'000	System maintenance services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
A point in time	842,607	–	–	–	842,607
Over time	–	434	52,463	11,770	64,667
	842,607	434	52,463	11,770	907,274

	2022				
	Intelligent terminal products sales RMB'000	Provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities RMB'000	Software development RMB'000	System maintenance services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
A point in time	891,369	–	–	–	891,369
Over time	–	39,819	104,232	10,876	154,927
	891,369	39,819	104,232	10,876	1,046,296

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Set out below is the reconciliation of the revenue from types of goods or services with the amounts disclosed in the segment information.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Types of goods or services				
	Intelligent terminal products sales	Provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities	Software development	System maintenance services	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Operating segments					
Intelligent terminal products sales	842,607	–	–	–	842,607
System integration	–	434	–	–	434
Software development	–	–	52,463	–	52,463
System maintenance services	–	–	–	11,770	11,770
	842,607	434	52,463	11,770	907,274

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Types of goods or services				
	Intelligent terminal products sales	Provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart cities	Software development	System maintenance services	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Operating segments					
Intelligent terminal products sales	891,369	–	–	–	891,369
System integration	–	39,819	–	–	39,819
Software development	–	–	104,232	–	104,232
System maintenance services	–	–	–	10,876	10,876
	891,369	39,819	104,232	10,876	1,046,296

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Intelligent terminal products sales (revenue recognised at a point in time)

The Group sells the intelligent terminal products, such as RFID equipment and electronic products, directly to its customers. The revenue from intelligent terminal products sales is recognised at a point of time when the products are accepted by the customer, at which point in time control is transferred to the customer. The normal credit term is 180 days upon acceptance by customers, subject to assurance type warranty. In general, the Group provides a standard 1 year warranty to its customers and no significant sale return was noted based on historical records for the current and previous financial years. Therefore the Group estimated there are no significant provision regarding warranty and sale return.

For sales of products in system integration segment, the Group considers the control of products transferred when customers have checked and accepted the products and the performance obligation is satisfied at which the control is transferred. The revenue from product sales in system integration segment is recognised at a point in time. The normal credit term is 0–270 days upon acceptance by customers. No significant sale return was noted based on historical records for the current and previous financial years and therefore the Group estimated there are no significant provision regarding warranty and sale return.

Provision of coordination, management and installation services (revenue recognised over time)

The Group provides total solutions services including procurement of materials, design, system development and integration process to its customers. Such services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time as the Group creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. Revenue is recognised for these services based on the stage of completion of the contract with reference to the proportion that the value of work carried out during the year. The normal credit term is 0–270 days upon rendering of bills. In general, the Group provides not more than 1 year assurance type warranty to its customers.

Software development (revenue recognised over time)

The Group develops customised software to its customers according to customer's specific needs and requirements. Therefore, it does not have an alternative use to the Group. As stipulated in the contracts, the Group has the rights to require its customer to pay the performance completed to date if the projects are suspended or cancelled. The revenue from software development is recognised over time as the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on input method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services. The normal credit term is within 270 days upon the completion of software development and the services and products are accepted by customers. In general, the Group provides not more than 1 year assurance type warranty to its customers.

System maintenance services (revenue recognised over time)

The Group provides on site system maintenance services. The scope for maintenance contract solely includes maintenance work for a fixed period. The revenue from provision of system maintenance services is recognised over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the maintenance services as time elapsed within the service period as the Group performs. Accordingly, revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis during the service period. The customers should settle the trade receivable within 180 days upon the issue of value added tax invoice.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results

The Group's operating segments are determined based on information reported to Mr. Lai, being the chief operating decision maker ("**CODM**") of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, which focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided. No operating segments identified by the CODM have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

The Group's reportable and operating segments currently are as follows:

- (i) Intelligent terminal products sales segment — sales of intelligent terminal products;
- (ii) System integration segment — provision of tailor-made system solutions applying internet of things ("**IoT**") technologies of smart cities by provision of coordination, management and installation services, sale of intelligent terminal products as well as development of customised softwares;
- (iii) Software development segment — development of customised softwares; and
- (iv) System maintenance services segment — provision of system maintenance services.

The CODM considers the Group has four operating and reportable segments which are based on the internal organisation and reporting structure. This is the basis upon which the Group is organised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment:

	Intelligent terminal products sales RMB'000	System integration RMB'000	Software development RMB'000	System maintenance services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
For the year ended 31 March 2023					
REVENUE					
External sales	842,607	434	52,463	11,770	907,274
SEGMENT (LOSS)/PROFIT	(10,465)	(38,121)	(11,065)	4,884	(54,767)
Other income					7,043
Unallocated expenses					(48,864)
Administrative expenses					(59,311)
Finance costs					(19,748)
Other losses, net					(54,592)
Equity-settled share-based payments					(54,912)
Share of results of associates					(34)
Loss before taxation					(285,185)

	Intelligent terminal products sales RMB'000	System integration RMB'000	Software development RMB'000	System maintenance services RMB'000	Total RMB'000
For the year ended 31 March 2022					
REVENUE					
External sales	891,369	39,819	104,232	10,876	1,046,296
SEGMENT PROFIT	88,935	1,038	72,811	2,946	165,730
Other income					6,317
Unallocated expenses					(23,131)
Administrative expenses					(62,624)
Finance costs					(18,290)
Other gains, net					3,664
Equity-settled share-based payments					(28,488)
Share of results of associates					727
Profit before taxation					43,905

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

Segment profit represents the operating profit before taxation earned by each segment without allocation of other income, other gains and losses, distribution and selling expenses, administrative expenses, finance costs and research and development expenses. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The CODM makes decisions according to operating results of each segment. Therefore, only segment revenue and segment results are presented.

Segment assets and liabilities

No segment assets and liabilities information is provided as no such information is regularly provided to the CODM of the Group on making decision for resources allocation and performance assessment.

Geographical information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers; and (ii) the Group's non-financial non-current assets (the "specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset.

	Revenue		Specified non-current assets	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
The PRC	907,274	1,016,900	294,303	343,743
Hong Kong	–	29,396	894	3,643
	907,274	1,046,296	295,197	347,386

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers during the year individually contributing over 10% of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Customer A ¹	233,263	127,102
Customer B ¹	134,004	N/A ²
Customer C ¹	124,345	N/A ²
Customer D ¹	N/A ²	331,002
Customer E ¹	N/A ²	152,914
Customer F ¹	N/A ²	139,425

¹ Revenue from intelligent terminal products sales segment

² The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

6. OTHER INCOME

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Interest income from bank	48	2,367
Rental income from investment properties	610	529
Government grants (<i>note</i>)	2,064	2,736
Interest income from other receivables	3,962	–
Imputed interest from leases	264	75
Others	95	610
	7,043	6,317

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2023, government grants mainly represented COVID-19-related subsidies amounting to RMB216,000 (2022: RMB300,000), unconditional grants in relation to sale of qualifying technological products granted by the local government to 艾伯資訊(深圳)有限公司 (IBO Information (Shenzhen) Limited) (“**IBO Information**”), 深圳市偉圖科技開發有限公司 (Shenzhen Weitu Technology Development Company Limited) (“**Weitu Technology**”), 深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司 and 深圳市艾伯通信有限公司 amounting to RMB1,302,000 (2022: RMB2,158,000) and other unconditional grants amounted to RMB546,000 (2022: RMB278,000).

7. OTHER (LOSSES)/GAINS, NET

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	64	–
Written off of property, plant and equipment	(4)	(38)
(Loss)/gain on change in fair value of investment properties	(480)	800
Loss on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	(8,602)	(6,422)
Net exchange (loss)/gain	(5,668)	4,312
Recognition of deferred loss from initial recognition of convertible bonds	(287)	(2,423)
Gain on change in fair value of derivative component of the convertible bonds	–	13,831
Gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	–	9
Gain on early termination of leases, net	358	–
Written off of amount due from an associate	(75)	–
Impairment loss on goodwill	(3,600)	–
Impairment loss recognised on interest in an associate	–	(6,202)
Written off of other receivables	–	(200)
Written off of intangible assets — software	(36,203)	–
Others	(95)	(3)
	(54,592)	3,664

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

8. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES UNDER EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET OF REVERSAL

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Net impairment losses (recognised)/reversed on:		
— Rental deposits	47	(7)
— Trade receivables	(148,669)	(12,871)
— Other receivables	(2,384)	(2,625)
— Contract assets	8	80
	(150,998)	(15,423)

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 39(b).

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Interest on bank borrowings	4,539	2,661
Interest on other borrowings	538	96
Interest on bonds payables	13,916	13,302
Interest on convertible bonds	118	1,354
Interest on lease liabilities	328	877
Interest on accrued expenses	309	—
	19,748	18,290

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")		
— Current tax:	8,391	20,297
— Underprovision in prior year	35	—
	8,426	20,297
Deferred tax	(331)	(408)
	8,095	19,889

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Hong Kong

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity is taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million are taxed at 16.5%.

During the current year, no provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group has no assessable profit for the year (2022: Nil).

PRC

Pursuant to the Enterprise Income Tax Law and Implementation Regulations of the Law of the PRC (the "PRC EIT Law"), the statutory tax rate of PRC subsidiaries is 25% during the year.

In December 2022, IBO Information renewed the qualification of High and New Technology Enterprise ("HNTe") granted by Shenzhen Finance Bureau, Administrator of Local Taxation of Shenzhen Municipality (the "Shenzhen Local Taxation Administrator") and Shenzhen Municipal office of the State Administration of Taxation and therefore is entitled to preferential tax rate of 15% up to December 2025 in accordance with the PRC EIT Law.

In December 2022, Weitu Technology was qualified as a HNTe granted by the Shenzhen Local Taxation Administrator and Shenzhen Municipal office of the State Administration of Taxation and is therefore entitled to preferential tax rate of 15% up to December 2025 in accordance with the PRC EIT Law.

Certain subsidiaries other than IBO Information and Weitu Technology located in PRC are qualified with the standard of small and low profit enterprises and are therefore entitled to preferential tax rate of 20%.

No provision for EIT for other subsidiaries have been made as other subsidiaries have no assessable profit for both years.

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(285,185)	43,905
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 15%	(42,778)	6,586
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	–	(1,007)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	17,303	11,197
Tax effect of share of results of associates	5	109
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	44,743	1,373
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	11,402	–
Additional tax benefit on research and development expenses (note)	(9,724)	(2,217)
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of PRC subsidiaries	(10,994)	5,630
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	(1,897)	(1,782)
Underprovision of EIT in prior year	35	–
Income tax expense	8,095	19,889

Note: Pursuant to the relevant tax rules and regulations, the Group could obtain additional tax benefit, which is a further 75% of certain qualified research and development expenses incurred endorsed by the Shenzhen Local Taxation Administrator.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

11. (LOSS)/PROFIT AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSE)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR

(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year has been arrived at after charging:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Directors' remuneration (included in administrative expenses):		
— Fees	3,892	3,492
— Salaries and other allowances	4,702	4,163
— Retirement benefit scheme contributions	139	87
— Equity-settled share-based payments	3,490	7,938
Other staff costs (included in cost of sales and services rendered, administrative expenses and research and development expenses):		
— Salaries and other allowances	30,196	41,772
— Retirement benefit scheme contributions	1,681	3,141
— Equity-settled share-based payments	51,422	16,854
Total staff costs	95,522	77,447
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in cost of sales and services rendered and administrative expenses)	7,716	8,118
Auditor's remuneration		
— Current year	2,499	1,768
— Underprovision in prior year	108	–
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense (included in cost of sales and services rendered)	766,011	861,045
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (included in administrative expenses)	2,766	2,936
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (included in administrative expenses)	4,192	6,026
Written off of intangible assets — development costs (included in cost of sales)	–	4,465

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments paid or payable by the entities comprising the Group to the directors and chief executive of the Company during the year are as follows:

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries and other allowances RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Equity- settled share-based payments RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Year ended 31 March 2023					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Lai Tse Ming ("Mr. Lai") (note i)	1,054	1,941	16	–	3,011
Mr. Gao Weilong ("Mr. Gao") (note ii)	527	534	45	–	1,106
Mr. Liang Jun ("Mr. Liang")	527	738	16	1,745	3,026
Mr. Teng Feng ("Mr. Teng")	527	429	45	–	1,001
Mr. Yu Kin Keung ("Mr. Yu")	527	1,054	16	1,745	3,342
Mr. Li Yang (appointed on 21 March 2023)	26	6	1	–	33
Independent non-executive directors:					
Dr. He Tianxiang	176	–	–	–	176
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan	176	–	–	–	176
Mr. Hung Muk Ming	176	–	–	–	176
Mr. Liu Ping	176	–	–	–	176
Total	3,892	4,702	139	3,490	12,223

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries and other allowances RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Equity- settled share-based payments RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Year ended 31 March 2022					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Lai (note i)	988	1,681	15	–	2,684
Mr. Gao (note ii)	477	481	21	–	979
Mr. Liang	477	676	15	3,969	5,137
Mr. Teng	477	385	21	–	883
Mr. Yu	461	940	15	3,969	5,385
Independent non-executive directors:					
Dr. He Tianxiang	165	–	–	–	165
Dr. Wong Kwok Yan	165	–	–	–	165
Mr. Hung Muk Ming	165	–	–	–	165
Mr. Liu Ping	117	–	–	–	117
Total	3,492	4,163	87	7,938	15,680

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Lai is also the chairman of the Company.
- (ii) Mr. Gao is also the Chief executive officer and Deputy chairman of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as the Chief executive officer.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were paid for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments and the non-executive director's emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

For both years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group under the share option scheme of the Company. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 43 to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No bonus was paid or payable by the Group to the directors and five highest paid individuals based on the performance of the Group for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

None of the directors or the chief executive of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emolument for both years.

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year include none of the directors (2022: 4 directors) of the Company, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 12 above.

The emoluments of the remaining 5 (2022: 1) highest paid employee for the years are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Employees		
— basic salaries and allowances	1,374	914
— retirement benefits scheme contributions	95	—
— equity-settled share based payments	20,977	—
	22,446	914

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB874,000 (2022: RMB824,000))	–	–
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB874,001 to RMB1,311,000 (2022: RMB824,001 to RMB1,236,000))	–	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,311,001 to RMB1,748,000 (2022: RMB1,236,001 to RMB1,648,000))	–	–
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,748,001 to RMB2,185,000 (2022: RMB1,648,001 to RMB2,060,000))	–	–
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,185,001 to RMB2,622,000 (2022: RMB2,060,001 to RMB2,472,000))	–	–
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,622,001 to RMB3,059,000 (2022: RMB2,472,001 to RMB2,884,000))	–	–
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,059,001 to RMB3,496,000 (2022: RMB2,884,001 to RMB3,296,000))	–	–
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,496,001 to RMB3,933,000 (2022: RMB3,296,001 to RMB3,708,000))	–	–
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,933,001 to RMB4,370,000 (2022: RMB3,708,001 to RMB4,120,000))	–	–
HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB4,370,001 to RMB4,807,000 (2022: RMB4,120,001 to RMB4,532,000))	4	–
HK\$5,500,001 to HK\$6,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB4,807,001 to RMB5,244,000 (2022: RMB4,532,001 to RMB4,944,000))	1	–

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals of the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

14. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2022: nil).

15. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
(Loss)/earnings:		
(Loss)/earnings for the purpose of calculating basic (loss)/earnings per share	(243,564)	14,663
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
Convertible bonds	—	(14,057)
(Loss)/earnings for the purpose of calculating diluted (loss)/earnings per share	(243,564)	606

	2023 '000	2022 '000
Number of shares:		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic (loss)/earnings per share (<i>note</i>)	644,706	550,156
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:		
— Share options	—	13,866
— Convertible bonds	—	5,920
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating diluted (loss)/earnings per share	644,706	569,942

The computation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options since their assumed exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share.

Note: The computation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year ended 31 March 2022 has taken up the effect of the issuance of consideration shares.

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Building RMB'000	Furniture and fixtures RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Office equipment RMB'000	Mould RMB'000	Total RMB'000
COST							
At 1 April 2021	4,720	513	659	4,214	10,212	–	20,318
Additions	1,131	–	264	1,473	3,522	–	6,390
Written off	–	–	–	(437)	(814)	–	(1,251)
At 31 March 2022	5,851	513	923	5,250	12,920	–	25,457
Additions	21	–	123	–	443	213	800
Disposals	–	–	–	(304)	(34)	–	(338)
Written off	(5)	–	–	–	–	–	(5)
At 31 March 2023	5,867	513	1,046	4,946	13,329	213	25,914
DEPRECIATION							
At 1 April 2021	3,091	106	437	2,416	8,863	–	14,913
Provided for the year	1,157	49	90	692	948	–	2,936
Written off	–	–	–	(423)	(790)	–	(1,213)
At 31 March 2022	4,248	155	527	2,685	9,021	–	16,636
Provided for the year	899	49	116	635	1,057	10	2,766
Disposals	–	–	–	(231)	(10)	–	(241)
Written off	(1)	–	–	–	–	–	(1)
At 31 March 2023	5,146	204	643	3,089	10,068	10	19,160
CARRYING VALUES							
At 31 March 2023	721	309	403	1,857	3,261	203	6,754
At 31 March 2022	1,603	358	396	2,565	3,899	–	8,821

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, taking into account their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the relevant lease, or 5 years whichever is shorter
Building (with no land use rights attached)	Over 20 years
Furniture and fixtures	Over 5 years
Motor vehicles	Over 5–10 years
Office equipment	Over 5 years
Mould	over 5 years

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leased properties RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	1,337
Additions to right-of-use assets	14,116
Depreciation charge	(6,026)
At 31 March 2022	9,427
Additions to right-of-use assets	3,558
Depreciation charge	(4,192)
Early termination of leases	(5,424)
At 31 March 2023	3,369

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Expense relating to short-term leases	3,305	795
Total cash outflow for leases	4,380	6,521

For both years, the Group leases offices and staff dormitories for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 to 5 years (2022: 1 to 5 years) without extension and termination options. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for staff dormitories. As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed as above.

Details of the lease maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in note 30.

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out commercial property units under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 2 years without extension and termination options.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the functional currency of the relevant group entity.

	RMB'000
FAIR VALUE	
At 1 April 2021	20,200
Gain on fair value change recognised in profit or loss	800
At 31 March 2022	21,000
Loss on fair value change recognised in profit or loss	(480)
At 31 March 2023	20,520

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The fair values of the Group's investment properties are property units situated in the PRC as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 have been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out by Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited ("JLL"), independent qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use. The fair value was determined based on direct comparison approach for the property units. The approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving comparable properties.

One of the key inputs used in valuing the property units was the price per square meter, which ranged from approximately RMB27,500 to RMB33,000 (2022: RMB23,000 to RMB35,000) as at 31 March 2023. Higher price per square meter used would result in a higher fair value of the respective buildings and vice versa. The unit rates assumed by JLL are consistent with the sales prices of relevant comparables after taking into account of the unobservable inputs. Due adjustments to the unit rates of those sales prices have been made to reflect differences in location, size and condition and other characteristics of the properties.

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Fair value hierarchy		2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Commercial property units located in Shenzhen, the PRC	Level 3	20,520	21,000

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

All of the Group's investment properties have been pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group for both years and the remaining land use right of the properties are 19 years.

19. GOODWILL

	RMB'000
COST	
At 1 April 2021, 31 March 2022 and 2023	44,157
IMPAIRMENT	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	20,525
Impairment loss recognised in the year	3,600
As at 31 March 2023	24,125
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31 March 2023	20,032
At 31 March 2022	23,632

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in note 21.

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Development costs RMB'000	Patents RMB'000	Brand name RMB'000	Club membership RMB'000	Customer relationship RMB'000	Softwares RMB'000	Total RMB'000
COST							
At 1 April 2021	39,183	-	21,300	818	23,867	-	85,168
Additions	6,647	-	-	-	-	32,333	38,980
Written off	(4,465)	-	-	-	(23,867)	-	(28,332)
At 31 March 2022	41,365	-	21,300	818	-	32,333	95,816
Additions	3,881	88	-	-	-	-	3,969
Transfer	(41,365)	202	-	-	-	41,163	-
Written off	-	-	-	-	-	(42,586)	(42,586)
At 31 March 2023	3,881	290	21,300	818	-	30,910	57,199
AMORTISATION							
At 1 April 2021	16,104	-	-	120	23,867	-	40,091
Charge for the year	7,104	-	-	41	-	973	8,118
Written off	-	-	-	-	(23,867)	-	(23,867)
At 31 March 2022	23,208	-	-	161	-	973	24,342
Charge for the year	-	31	-	41	-	7,644	7,716
Transfer	(23,208)	12	-	-	-	23,196	-
Written off	-	-	-	-	-	(6,383)	(6,383)
At 31 March 2023	-	43	-	202	-	25,430	25,675
CARRYING VALUES							
At 31 March 2023	3,881	247	21,300	616	-	5,480	31,524
At 31 March 2022	18,157	-	21,300	657	-	31,360	71,474

Development costs, brand name and customer relationship were recognised upon the acquisition of Bright Leap Limited ("Bright Leap"), a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), together with its subsidiaries ("Bright Leap Group"). Club membership is acquired from third parties.

The management of the Group considers development costs, patents, club membership, customer relationship and softwares have finite useful lives and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Development costs	6.2 to 10 years
Patents	10 years
Club membership	20 years
Customer relationship	2.2 years
Softwares	10 years

The estimated useful life of the customer relationship is determined based on expected economic benefit generated from the customer relationship.

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment assessment of brand name

Brand name is considered by the management of the Group as having an indefinite useful life because it is expected to contribute to net cash inflows indefinitely. The brand name will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite. Instead, it will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired. Particulars of the impairment testing are disclosed in note 21.

Impairment assessment of software

During the year, intangible assets — software of approximately RMB36,203,000 was written off due to management assessed that no expected future revenues will be generated from those software. The management of the Group used discounted cash flow to perform the impairment assessment on the net amount of the intangible assets — software. Management concluded that the net carrying amount of intangible assets — software of approximately RMB5,480,000 was not impaired as of 31 March 2023.

21. IMPAIRMENT TEST ON GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS WITH INDEFINITE USEFUL LIVES

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill and brand name with indefinite useful lives set out in notes 19 and 20 have been allocated to two individual cash-generating units (“CGUs”), comprising the system integration segment and the software development segment. The carrying amounts of goodwill and brand name allocated to these units are as follows:

	Goodwill		Brand name with indefinite useful life	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
System integration business (Unit A)	14,052	17,652	18,614	18,614
Software development business (Unit B)	5,980	5,980	2,686	2,686
	20,032	23,632	21,300	21,300

The basis of the recoverable amounts of the above CGUs and their major underlying assumptions are summarised below:

Unit A

Unit A mainly provides cloud services and integrated solutions for urban public service administration Software-as-a-Service. The recoverable amount of this unit has been determined based on value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period and pre-tax discount rate of 30.00% (2022: 30.13%). The CGU's cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2% (2022: 2%) growth rate. This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group's system integration business was hit hard by COVID-19 restrictions which resulted in Unit A's operations coming to a halt as client on-site works could not be performed. Such restrictions have since been lifted and business has commenced again. Management's forecast of estimation cash inflows for Unit A is based on memorandum of understanding with clients and backlog of works yet to be performed. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include growth rate of revenue, which is based on the unit's past performance, management's expectations on customers' needs and the market development. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in prior year.

Based on the results of the impairment assessment, impairment loss on goodwill of approximately RMB3,600,000 (2022: Nil) was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2023.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, if the pre-tax discount rate was changed to 32.13% or the budgeted revenue covering five years period were reduced by 2.00% while other parameters remain constant, the recoverable amount of Unit A would be equal to its carrying amount.

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the management of the Group believes that any reasonably possible change in any of the aforementioned key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of this CGU to exceed its recoverable amount.

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

21. IMPAIRMENT TEST ON GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS WITH INDEFINITE USEFUL LIVES (Continued)

Unit B

Unit B mainly develops customised software to its customers related to urban public service administration. The recoverable amount of this unit has been determined based on value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period, and pre-tax discount rate of 27.41% (2022: 28.08%). The CGU's cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2% (2022: 2%) growth rate. This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include growth rate of revenue, which is based on the unit's past performance, management's expectations on customers' needs and the market development. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in prior year. As the result of the impairment assessment, no impairment was necessary for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the management of the Group believes that any reasonably possible change in any of the aforementioned key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of this CGU to exceed its recoverable amount.

22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Cost of investment, unlisted	235,470	235,470
Share of post-acquisition profit and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	587	621
Impairment loss recognised	(23,059)	(23,059)
	212,998	213,032

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group has interests in the following associates:

Name of entity	Proportion of ownership interest directly held by the Group	Place and country of establishment/ business	Registered capital	Principal activity
Good Cheer Ventures Limited ("Good Cheer") 美樂創投有限公司 (note a)	15% (note)	BVI	USD50,000	Investment holding company
Guangzhou Andi Technology Investment Company Ltd. ("Guangzhou Andi") 廣州安迪科技投資有限公司 (note b)	40%	The PRC	RMB200,000,000	Investment holding company
Dongguan Juxin Technology Company Ltd. ("Dongguan Juxin") 東莞市聚昕科技有限公司 (note c)	35%	The PRC	RMB200,000,000	Investment holding company
Foshan Xindian Electronic Software Technology Company Limited ("Foshan Xindian") 佛山芯點電子軟件技術有限公司 (note d)	35%	The PRC	RMB180,000,000	Investment holding company

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Note: The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Good Cheer because it has the power to appoint one out of two directors of that company under the Articles of Association of that company and participate in the financial and operating policy decision.

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group entered into sale and purchase agreements, a first supplemental agreement and a second supplemental agreement (collectively the “**S&P agreement**”) with Assemble Bliss Limited, an independent third party, for the acquisition of 15% of the issued share capital of Good Cheer at a consideration of RMB22,470,000 in cash, which was mainly based on the preliminary valuation of Good Cheer conducted by an independent valuer. Good Cheer is an investment holding company which owns 96.7742% equity interest in its operating subsidiary, Shenzhen Tongtianhui Technology Company Limited (“**Tongtianhui**”), in the PRC. Tongtianhui operates a one-stop education technology service platform in the PRC to provide comprehensive solutions for its customers such as education institutions and/or individual education service providers to achieve precise matching between its customers and its online platform user. The directors of the Company considered the acquisition of Good Cheer and its subsidiaries (“**Good Cheer Group**”) enabled the Group to leverage on its advantages in the technology development arena and to enter into the education industry in a more efficient way, and the anticipated future operating synergies from the acquisition would help achieve expansion of the Group’s current business.

At the time of the acquisition, Tongtianhui planned to expand to major cities across the PRC. Due to the outbreak of COVID-19, the expansion plan was suspended resulting in a significant drop in the budgeted revenue. As at 31 March 2021, the directors of the Company assessed the recoverable amount of the associate, being its value in use. The value in use was determined by estimating the present value of the estimated cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the associate and the proceeds from the ultimate disposal of the associate, which were in turn derived from the estimated cash flows of the underlying education business of the associate, discounted at a pre-tax rate of 27.48%. As a result of the assessment, an impairment loss of approximately RMB2,393,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2021 to reduce the carrying amount of the interest in an associate to its recoverable amount as at 31 March 2021.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, in order to regulate out-of-school training and effectively reduce the excessive burden of homework and out-of-school training on students at the compulsory education stage, the central government of the PRC has issued government policy to tighten the regulations of educational institutions. Small educational institutions are facing tough challenges. After careful consideration, the Group and the management of Tongtianhui considered that the business of Tongtianhui, which was mainly engaged in serving small educational institutions, involved certain risks and uncertainties and had poor development potential, and therefore decided to discontinue its business operations and to de-register the company. On 21 October 2021, Tongtianhui was deregistered. Since Good Cheer Group did not generate any income anymore upon deregistration of Tongtianhui, the impairment loss of approximately RMB6,202,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2022.

- (b) Guangzhou Andi was incorporated on 2 March 2022 and holds a 30% equity interest in Qilian (Guangzhou) Network Technology Company Ltd.* (奇鏈(廣州)網絡科技有限公司) (“**Qilian (Guangzhou)**”). Qilian (Guangzhou) is a high-tech company specialising in the design, development, manufacturing and sales of RF microwave IC chips, components and system solutions. Its main products include RF microwave IC chips, RF microwave components and systems, which are widely applied in various fields such as 5G communication base station equipment, military and civil radar, satellite, aircraft and vehicle communication. Qilian (Guangzhou)’s RF microwave chips are widely used in 5G communication base stations and the IoT, which are highly compatible with the Group’s business.
- (c) Dongguan Juxin was incorporated on 25 February 2022 and holds a 30% equity interest in Dongguan Longtu Software Integration Development Co. Ltd.* (東莞市隆圖軟件集成開發有限公司) (“**Dongguan Longtu**”), which engages in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of intelligent hardware — face recognition all-in-one machines and network cameras, and independently realises the complete closed-loop system of “AI algorithm + embedded software + optoelectronic hardware manufacturing”. The core product lines are: face recognition all-in-one machine, face access attendance machine, AI camera and thermal imaging equipment, which are widely used in smart sites, smart parks, smart communities, smart campuses, etc. Dongguan Longtu mainly applies the technology of “AI algorithm + embedded software + optoelectronic hardware manufacturing” to provide customers with intelligent IoT products and solutions, which is highly compatible with the Group’s business.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

- (d) Foshan Xindian was incorporated on 16 March 2022 and holds a 30% equity interest in Foshan Shishuo Electronics Co., Ltd. (佛山世碩電子有限公司) ("**Foshan Shishuo**"). Foshan Shishuo focuses on the research and development and application of high-precision integrated navigation technology, and is a technology-based enterprise providing aerial attitude, integrated navigation and control solutions. Foshan Shishuo is positioned as a "leading high-tech company for overall solutions of automatic navigation system". Foshan Shishuo's key products include inertial measurement unit (IMU) and inertial navigation system, which are mainly used in the field of automatic vehicle, military and intelligent robots. Foshan Shishuo's main product is high-precision navigation sensors, which are highly relevant to the Group's IoT business.

For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the consolidated financial information of the Group's associates are prepared using uniform accounting policies in conformity with the accounting policies adopted by the Group. The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements. The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's associates are set out below. The summarised consolidated financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

(i) Good Cheer Group

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current assets	–	316
Non-current assets	–	–
Current liabilities	(6)	(103)
Non-current liabilities	–	–
Revenue	–	–
(Loss)/profit for the year	(219)	5,432
Dividends received from the associate during the year	–	–

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22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(i) Good Cheer Group (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Net assets of the associate	–	213
Non-controlling interests of Good Cheer's subsidiary	–	–
Net assets attributable to owners of the associate	–	213
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in the associate	15%	15%
The Group's share of net assets of the associate	–	32
Goodwill	23,059	23,059
Accumulated impairment loss recognised	(23,059)	(23,059)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate	–	32

(ii) Guangzhou Andi

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current assets	80,003	80,005
Non-current assets	119,999	120,000
Current liabilities	(4)	(5)
Revenue	–	–
Loss for the year	(2)	–
Dividends received from the associate during the year	–	–

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22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(ii) Guangzhou Andi (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Net assets of the associate attributable to its owners	199,998	200,000
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in the associate	40%	40%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate	80,000	80,000

(iii) Dongguan Juxin

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current assets	10,001	10,000
Non-current assets	189,999	190,000
Revenue	(2)	–
Loss for the year	(2)	–
Dividends received from the associate during the year	–	–

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Net assets of the associate attributable to its owners	199,998	200,000
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in the associate	35%	35%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate	69,999	70,000

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22. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(iv) Foshan Xindian

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current assets	117,001	117,002
Non-current assets	62,998	63,000
Current liabilities	(1)	(2)
Revenue	–	–
Loss for the year	(2)	–
Dividends received from the associate during the year	–	–

Reconciliation of the above summarised consolidated financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Net assets of the associate attributable to its owners	179,998	180,000
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in the associate	35%	35%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate	62,999	63,000

23. INVENTORIES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Raw materials	1,032	470
Finished goods	43,699	1,740
	44,731	2,210

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Trade receivables	1,429,048	903,364
Less: allowance for ECL	(183,832)	(35,163)
	1,245,216	868,201
Other receivables, net of ECL	16,842	14,300
Value-added tax recoverable	240	8
Prepayments for purchase of inventories	233,633	56,234
Rental deposit, net of ECL	1,277	796
Total trade and other receivables	1,497,208	939,539

The Group allows credit period ranging from 0 day to 270 days which are agreed with each of its trade customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on date of delivery of goods/payment certificates/invoice dates at the end of the reporting period:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
0–30 days	299,785	377,097
31–90 days	283,111	226,891
91–180 days	97,744	743
181–365 days	299,943	97,648
Over 365 days	264,633	165,822
	1,245,216	868,201

As at 31 March 2023, included in the Group's trade receivables balance were debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB491,580,000 (2022: RMB272,967,000) which are past due. Out of the past due balances, RMB445,588,000 (2022: RMB238,335,000) has been past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default, because the management expects that the debtor is able and likely to pay for the debts based on the debtors' repayment history and subsequent settlements. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables are set out in note 39(b).

Certain trade receivables with carrying amount of approximately RMB236,463,000 (2022: RMB167,382,000) as at 31 March 2023 were pledged against bank borrowings granted to the Group.

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25. CONTRACT ASSETS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Contract assets:		
Software development	–	1,955
Less: allowance for credit losses	–	(8)
	–	1,947

As at 1 April 2021, contract assets amounted to RMB17,666,000.

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's right to consideration for work completed and not billed because the rights are conditional upon the Group's future performance in achieving specified milestone at the end of the reporting period and retention receivables which are to be settled upon the expiring of the defects liability period, which is generally within one year. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional. The Group typically transfers the contract assets to trade receivables when the specified milestones are achieved and acknowledged by the customers or upon expiring of defects liability period. The Group classifies these contract assets as current because the Group expects to realise them in its normal operating cycle.

Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 39(b).

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE/FROM (TO) NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Amount due from an associate

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Name of associate		
Good Cheer (note a)	–	67

Note:

- (a) The amount due from an associate, which is unsecured, non-trade nature, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

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26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM A RELATED COMPANY/FROM (TO) NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

Amounts due from non-controlling interests

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Name of non-controlling interests		
Big Victory Global Limited	20	19
Yi Family Holding Co. Ltd.	15	14
Wisdom Galore Limited (" Wisdom Galore ")	–	156
Mr. Ke Chengwei (" Mr. Ke ")	–	326
	35	515

The amounts due from non-controlling interests are non-trade nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Amounts due to non-controlling interests

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Name of non-controlling interests		
Wisdom Galore (<i>note 32</i>)	7,193	7,360
Mr. Ke	2,010	1,617
	9,203	8,977

The amounts due to non-controlling interests are non-trade nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

27. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL:		
Current:		
Listed securities held for trading (Note i)	36,181	16,415
Unlisted securities held for trading (Note ii)	35,000	–
	71,181	16,415

Notes:

- (i) The listed securities mainly represent the Group's equity interests in several companies which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.
- (ii) On 10 October 2022, Mianyang IBO Intelligence Company Limited ("Mianyang IBO") was established in the PRC with a registered capital of RMB500,000,000. Shenzhen IBO Holdings Company Limited ("Shenzhen IBO"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an agreement to subscribe for 7% of the registered capital of the Mianyang IBO. Mianyang IBO was established for the development of IBO Technology Intelligent Manufacturing Industrial Park Project (艾伯科技智能製造產業園項目). Details refer to the announcement of the Company dated 25 July 2022, 30 September 2022 and 19 October 2022. At 31 March 2023, an amount of RMB220,000 has been paid in respect of the investment with the remaining RMB34,780,000 yet to be contributed and included in current liabilities.

On 18 May 2023, Shenzhen IBO entered into a share transfer agreement where 6.5% of the equity interests in Mianyang would be transferred to the major shareholder at a consideration of RMB1 together with the related liabilities (note 29).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's listed securities with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB36,181,000 (2022: Nil) were pledged by the Group to secure margin account payables (note 31).

28. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash on hand and bank balances. Bank balances carried interest at prevailing market interest rates which were ranging from 0.01% to 0.42% per annum (2022: 0.00% to 0.35% per annum) as at 31 March 2023. Pledged bank deposits represents deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities of bills payables granted to the Group. The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of relevant bills payables.

The Group's bank balances and cash and pledged bank deposits that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
HK\$	1,238	771
United States Dollar ("USD")	14	9
	1,252	780

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

29. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Trade payables (<i>note a</i>)	862,434	506,710
Bills payables	14,000	4,000
Contract liabilities (<i>note b</i>)	37,423	663
Other payables	46,413	10,643
Other tax payables	174,123	118,239
Accrued expenses	14,875	3,858
Accrued payroll expenses	25,359	10,994
Investment cost payable (<i>note 27</i>)	34,780	–
Deposits received for issue of convertible bonds (<i>note c</i>)	44,547	–
Interest payables	–	2,747
Total trade and other payables	1,253,954	657,854

The credit period on trade payables ranged from 30 days to 60 days.

- (a) The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the receipts of goods or services/payment certificates/invoice dates at the end of the reporting period:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
0–90 days	373,431	439,032
91–180 days	110,013	1,199
181–365 days	33,524	23,611
1–2 years	307,158	12,984
Over 2 years	38,308	29,884
	862,434	506,710

- (b) The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advance consideration received from customers for sales of intelligent terminal products, for which revenue is recognised at point in time. This will be recognised as revenue when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to the customers' specific location.

Movements in contract liabilities

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
At 1 April	663	2,559
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the period	(283)	(2,559)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of advances received from customers of sales of intelligent terminal products	37,043	663
At 31 March	37,423	663

- (c) At 31 March 2023, the Group received amounts of approximately RMB44,547,000 in relation to convertible bonds to be issued on 2 May 2023 (2022: nil). Details are disclosed in note 48(i) to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

30. LEASE LIABILITIES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Lease liabilities payable:		
Within one year	723	5,475
Within a period of more than one year but not more than two years	701	1,747
Within a period of more than two years but not more than three years	1,913	2,450
	3,337	9,672
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	(723)	(5,475)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	2,614	4,197

Lease obligations that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
HK\$	–	2,094

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Secured bank borrowings	39,360	33,443
Unsecured bank borrowings	38,186	–
Unsecured other borrowings	21,077	–
Secured margin account payable	18,698	–
	117,321	33,443
Carrying amount of the above borrowings are repayable:		
Within one year	97,213	31,013
More than one year, but not more than two years	20,108	2,430
	117,321	33,443
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	(97,213)	(31,013)
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	20,108	2,430
Breakdown of the bank and other borrowings:		
Fixed-rate borrowings	102,821	31,013
Floating-rate borrowings	14,500	2,430
	117,321	33,443

The Group's variable rate borrowings carry interest at prevailing rate of People's Bank of China plus a spread.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

	2023	2022
Effective interest rate:		
Fixed-rate borrowings	3.65%–16.2%	5.40% to 12.00%
Variable-rate borrowings	3.75%–4.15%	10.50% to 11.00%

As security for the bank borrowings granted to the Group, investment properties with an aggregate fair value of approximately RMB20,520,000 (2022: RMB21,000,000), trade receivables with carrying amount of approximately RMB236,463,000 (2022: RMB167,382,000) and the Group's equity interest in 深圳市艾伯通信有限公司 (2022: nil) as at 31 March 2023 have been pledged to the banks.

At 31 March 2023, margin account payable is secured by certain listed securities held by the Group (note 27) and carries interest at 12% per annum (2022: nil).

32. CONSIDERATION PAYABLE

In September 2018, Upright Joy Limited ("**Upright Joy**"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into a series of acquisition agreements with Wisdom Galore ("**Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement**") and Thriving Ascend Limited ("**Thriving Ascend**"), independent third parties, for the acquisition of 51.73% equity interest in Bright Leap Group, which wholly owns Weitu Technology, a company established in the PRC with limited liability, together with its subsidiaries ("**Weitu Group**"). On 24 January 2019, the Group completed the acquisition of the 51.73% equity interests in Bright Leap Group at a consideration of RMB75,466,000, which shall be settled by (i) RMB35,091,000 in cash; and (ii) the allotment and issuance of up to 27,318,773 shares (the "**Consideration Shares**") of the Company.

Pursuant to the Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement, the Consideration Shares are subject to adjustments based on future results of the Bright Leap Group and shall be paid in three instalments, which shall be satisfied by the allotment and issue of the respective maximum number of new ordinary shares of the Company within thirty days after the date of issuance of the audited financial statements for all subsidiaries in the PRC of the Bright Leap Group for the years ended 31 March 2019, 2020 and 2021 following the completion of the acquisition of Bright Leap Group ("**Relevant Periods**").

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

32. CONSIDERATION PAYABLE (Continued)

Pursuant to the Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement, Wisdom Galore irrevocably and unconditionally guarantee to the Group that the audited consolidated net profit after taxation ("**Actual Net Profit**") of all subsidiaries in the PRC of the Bright Leap Group based on the audited financial statements for the respective Relevant Periods, shall not be less than the guaranteed profits ("**Guaranteed Profits**"). If the Actual Net Profit is less than the Guarantee Profits, the number of new ordinary shares of the Company to be issued as consideration should be adjusted in accordance with the terms of Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement. The details of Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement are set out in the announcements issued by the Company dated 14 and 21 September 2018.

Prior to the end of the Relevant Periods, at the end of the each reporting period, the estimated Consideration Shares payable is recognised at fair value (the "**Consideration Payable**") and subsequent to the initial recognition, the Consideration Payable is measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Guaranteed Profits related to the second Relevant Period have been determined to be achieved. On 11 December 2020, the second installment of the 8,195,632 Consideration Shares of par value of HK\$0.01 each were allotted to Wisdom Galore at HK\$2.31 (equivalent to RMB1.95) per share. The directors of the Company expected that the third installment of 8,195,632 Consideration Shares will be issued within one year from 31 March 2021 in accordance with the terms of Wisdom Galore Acquisition Agreement. As at 31 March 2021, the fair value of the consideration payable was approximately RMB33,456,000 which was determined by reference to the quoted market price of HK\$4.83 (equivalent to RMB4.08) per share of the Company at 31 March 2021 multiplied by the estimated 8,195,632 Consideration Shares payable. Accordingly, the carrying amount of Consideration Payable of approximately RMB33,456,000 was classified as current liabilities at 31 March 2021.

The Group recognised a loss on change in fair value of Consideration Payable of approximately RMB16,633,000 in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Guaranteed Profited related to the third Relevant Period had been determined to be achieved. As at 31 March 2022, the Consideration Payable remained recognised at its carrying amount of approximately RMB33,456,000 and represented the Group's obligation to issue the 8,195,632 Consideration Shares to Wisdom Galore as the profit target for year 3 was met as at 31 March 2021. On 25 May 2022, the Company issued the Consideration Shares (notes 35 and 42(i)), as disclosed by the Company's announcement on 25 May 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

33. BONDS PAYABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current portion	95,134	63,177
Non-current portion	11,505	26,562
	106,639	89,739

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group issued and renewed bonds at par value in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$62,534,100 (equivalent to approximately RMB46,896,914) (2022: HK\$85,210,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB70,108,000)) to independent third parties. The bonds are denominated in HK\$ and are unlisted. The bonds carry interest at a nominal rate ranging from 1% to 9% per annum (2022: 1% to 9% per annum), payable annually in arrears with a maturity period of 1 to 2 years (2022: 1 to 3 years). The proceeds were utilised for general working capital of the Group. The commission fee amounted to HK\$6,834,200 (equivalent to approximately RMB 6,006,203) (2022: HK\$7,777,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB6,398,000)) and was deducted from the placing proceeds and recognised against the bonds payable.

As at 31 March 2023, bonds with the principal amount of approximately RMB15,600,000 (2022: Nil) were overdue and yet to be renewed by the Company.

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 3 April 2019, the Company completed the issue of convertible bonds (the "CB I") with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$22,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB19,215,000) to independent third parties. The convertible bonds are denominated in HK\$. The bonds entitle the holders to convert them into ordinary shares of the Company at any time between the date of issue of the bonds and the close of business on the fifth business day prior to the maturity date at a conversion price of HK\$1.60 per share. If the bonds had not been converted, they will be redeemed on maturity date on 3 April 2022 at par. Interest of 7.5% per annum will be paid on the maturity date.

On 10 July 2019, the Company completed the issue of convertible bonds (the "CB II") with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$31,140,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB27,397,000) to independent third parties. The convertible bonds are denominated in HK\$. The bonds entitle the holders to convert them into ordinary shares of the Company at any time between the date of issue of the bonds and their settlement date on 10 July 2022 at a conversion price of HK\$1.73 per share. If the bonds had not been converted, they will be redeemed on maturity date on 10 July 2022 at par. Interest of 7.5% per annum will be paid on the maturity date.

On 31 August 2020, the Company received conversion notices from Lam Shu Chung and Wong Yun Sang for the conversion of their CB I into ordinary shares. As a result, 8,400,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each in share capital of the Company were issued upon conversion of the CB I during the year ended 31 March 2021.

On 24 February 2021, the Company received conversion notice from Cheung Mui for the conversion for her CB II into ordinary shares. As a result, 8,640,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each in share capital of the Company were issued upon conversion of the CB II during the year ended 31 March 2021.

On 3 August 2021, the Company received conversion notice from Lin Hong for the conversion of CB II into ordinary shares. As a result, 1,260,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each in share capital of the Company were issued upon conversion of the CB II during the year ended 31 March 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

34. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

On 6 April 2022, the Company received conversion notice from Value Convergence Holdings Limited and Chan Ming Liang for the conversion of CB I into ordinary shares. As a result, 4,400,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company were issued upon conversion of the CB I during the year ended 31 March 2023.

On 10 May 2022 and 5 July 2022, the Company received conversion notice from Law Ying and Super Million Plus Ltd respectively for the conversion of CB II into ordinary shares. As a result, 7,200,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company were issued upon conversion of the CB II during the year ended 31 March 2023.

As at 31 March 2023, all convertible bonds have been converted into ordinary shares of the Company and there are no outstanding convertible bonds.

The movements of the liability and the derivative components of the convertible bonds as well as the deferred Day-1 loss for the current period are set out as below:

	Liability component RMB'000	Derivative component RMB'000	Deferred Day-1 loss RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	19,968	27,446	(2,627)	44,787
Recognition of deferred Day-1 loss in profit or loss	–	–	2,423	2,423
Change in fair value	–	(13,831)	–	(13,831)
Interest charge	1,354	–	–	1,354
Conversion to shares	(2,073)	(3,087)	–	(5,160)
Exchange realignment	(610)	(704)	(61)	(1,375)
At 31 March 2022	18,639	9,824	(265)	28,198
Recognition of deferred Day-1 loss in profit or loss	–	–	287	287
Interest charge	118	–	–	118
Conversion to shares	(19,141)	(9,917)	(22)	(29,080)
Exchange realignment	384	93	–	477
At 31 March 2023	–	–	–	–

The fair values of the convertible bonds were determined by independent qualified valuer based on the Binomial Option Pricing model for the year ended 31 March 2022. The key inputs used in the model are disclosed in note 39(c)(i).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

35. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$'000
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Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each

Authorised:

At 1 April 2021, 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2023	1,000,000,000	10,000
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	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$'000	Shown in the consolidated statement of financial position RMB'000
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Issued:

At 1 April 2021	488,263,141	4,883	4,103
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (note 43)	60,000,000	600	496
Issue of shares arising from conversion of convertible bonds (note 34)	1,260,000	12	10
Issue of shares under Specific Mandate (note i)	10,000,000	100	81
Issue of shares under General Mandate (note ii)	21,000,000	210	175
At 31 March 2022	580,523,141	5,805	4,865
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (note 43)	27,000,000	270	247
Issue of shares arising from conversion of convertible bonds (note 34)	11,600,000	116	97
Issue of shares under Specific Mandate (note i)	40,000,000	400	337
Issue of consideration shares (note iii)	8,195,632	82	70
At 31 March 2023	667,318,773	6,673	5,616

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

35. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) As disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2019, one of the conditions precedents to the First Stage Subscription of the Subscription Agreement is that, the respective total revenue of the Group as shown in the relevant audited accounts for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020 are not lower than RMB265,875,000 and RMB358,931,250 (the **"First Revenue Targets"**). The audited reports of the Group for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020 indicated that the First Revenue Targets had exceeded RMB265,875,000 and RMB358,931,250 respectively.

Since all the conditions precedents of the First Stage Subscription have been fulfilled and the Subscriber, Shine Well, the ultimate holding company, has completed the financial arrangement in relation to the First Stage Subscription. Accordingly, 50,000,000 Subscription Shares at HK\$1.5 per subscription price were allotted and issued to the Subscriber under the Specific Mandate and the First Stage Subscription was completed on 3 February 2021. For details please refer to the Company's announcement dated 3 February 2021.

As disclosed in the Circular, pursuant to one of the conditions precedents to the Second Stage Subscription, the respective total revenue of the Group as shown in the relevant audit report to be prepared by the auditor of the Company for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 being not lower than RMB265,875,000, RMB358,931,250 and RMB484,557,190 (the **"Second Revenue Targets"**).

The audited report of the Group for each of the financial years ended 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 indicated that the Second Revenue Targets had exceeded RMB265,875,000, RMB358,931,250 and RMB484,557,190 respectively. In addition, all conditions precedents of the Second Stage Subscription have been fulfilled. The Company has allotted and issued 10,000,000 subscription shares to Shine Well on 18 February 2022. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 31 March 2022, pursuant to the seventh supplemental subscription agreement, as additional time was required by Shine Well to complete the financial arrangement in relation to the Second Stage Subscription, the Company and Shine Well mutually agreed to extend the completion of the Second Stage Subscription to 30 April 2022. The remaining 40,000,000 subscription shares have been allotted and issued to Shine Well on 29 April 2022. Details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2019, 17 May 2019, 29 September 2020, 30 October 2020, 31 December 2020, 3 February 2021, 29 September 2021, 30 December 2021, 31 January 2022, 21 February 2022, 31 March 2022 and 29 April 2022, and the Circular.

- (ii) On 13 May 2021, pursuant to a placing agreement dated 5 May 2021 between the Company and a placing agent, the Company issued an aggregate of 21,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at a price of HK\$3.69 per share to independent parties. The Proceeds would be used for investment in its 5G products and systems, as well as its working capital and other general corporate purposes. Details of the share placement were contained in the Company's announcements dated 5 May 2021 and 13 May 2021.
- (iii) On 25 May 2022, 8,195,632 Consideration Shares in respect of the Third Year Guaranteed Profit were allotted and issued by the Company to Vendor I under the General Mandate. Details are set out in announcement of the Company date 25 May 2022.

The shares rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Deferred tax assets	–	9,111
Deferred tax liabilities	(17,794)	(27,236)
	(17,794)	(18,125)

The following are the major deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the year:

	ECL provision RMB'000	Revaluation of property RMB'000	Undistributed earnings of PRC entities RMB'000	Share options RMB'000	Fair value adjustments of intangible assets on business combination RMB'000	Interest payable RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	(3,347)	2,172	15,613	(2,607)	7,490	(788)	18,533
(Credit)/charge to profit or loss (note 10)	(2,312)	120	5,630	(1,626)	(1,498)	(722)	(408)
At 31 March 2022	(5,659)	2,292	21,243	(4,233)	5,992	(1,510)	18,125
(Credit)/charge to profit or loss (note 10)	5,659	(72)	(10,994)	4,233	(667)	1,510	(331)
At 31 March 2023	–	2,220	10,249	–	5,325	–	17,794

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB299,047,000 (2022: RMB64,755,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The entire tax losses can be carried forward for five years from the respective years in which the loss arose.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of approximately RMB76,014,000 (2022: RMB1,885,000) related to the share options, expected credit losses and interest payable. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Under the EIT Law of the PRC, withholding tax at 5% to 10% are imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. As at 31 March 2023, deferred taxation has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of all temporary differences attributable to undistributed profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately RMB204,933,000 (2022: RMB359,551,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

37. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessor

All of the properties leased out have committed tenants with fixed rent and lease term ranged from 1 to 2 years without extension or termination options granted to tenants.

Lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Within one year	651	371
In the second year to fifth year	827	–
	1,478	371

38. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that group companies in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes bank and other borrowings disclosed in note 31, bonds payables disclosed in note 33, convertible bonds disclosed in note 34, lease liabilities disclosed in note 30 and amounts due to non-controlling interests disclosed in note 26, net of cash and cash equivalent, and equity attributable to owners of the Company.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the management of the Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management of the Group, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new shares issues as well as the issue of new debt or redemption of existing debt.

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets		
Financial assets at FVTPL	71,181	16,415
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,484,361	1,128,381
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL		
Consideration payable (<i>note</i>)	–	–
Convertible bonds — derivative component net of the deferred Day-1 loss	–	9,559
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	1,275,571	723,206
Lease liabilities	3,337	9,672

Note: The Consideration Payable was included in financial liabilities at amortised cost as at 31 March 2022 (see Note 32).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, amounts due from an associate and non-controlling interests, financial assets at FVTPL, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, consideration payable, bank and other borrowings, amounts due to non-controlling interests, bonds payables, convertible bonds, consideration payable and lease liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Certain of the Group's bank balances, financial assets at FVTPL, trade and other receivables, amounts due from (to) non-controlling interests and a related company, trade and other payables, bank and other borrowings, bonds payables, lease liabilities, convertible bonds and consideration payable are denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities, which expose the respective group entities to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group will monitor foreign exchange exposure closely and consider the usage of hedging instruments when the need arises.

The carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency at the respective reporting date are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
HK\$	38,148	18,550	(200,434)	(171,289)
USD	14	9	–	–

Sensitivity analysis

The following table below details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2022: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against HK\$ and USD as at 31 March 2023. 5% (2022: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used in the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in the relevant foreign exchange currencies. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% (2022: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates an increase (a decrease) in post-tax profit or a decrease (an increase) in post-tax loss where RMB strengthen 5% (2022: 5%) against HK\$ and USD. For a 5% (2022: 5%) weakening of RMB against HK\$ and USD, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit or loss.

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
HK\$	6,775	6,377
USD	(1)	–

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to lease liabilities, fixed-rate bank and other borrowings, bonds payables and convertible bonds related to liability component (see notes 30, 31, 33 and 34 for details). The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. The management of the Group monitors the Group's exposure on on-going basis and will consider hedging interest rate risk should the need arises.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to floating-rate bank balances and bank borrowings.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuations of RMB benchmark loan rate of the People's Bank of China on the Group's bank borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates on variable-rate bank borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming the variable-rate bank borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. As the management considers the exposure to interest rate risk in relation to bank balances is insignificant due to the low level of bank interest rate, bank balances are excluded from sensitivity analysis. A 50 basis points (2022: 50 basis points) increase or decrease is used and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss (2022: post-tax profit) for the year ended 31 March 2023 would have increased/decreased by approximately RMB62,000 (2022: decreased/increased by approximately RMB10,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

(iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investment in listed equity securities measured at FVTPL. The Group has appointed designated personnel to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 5% higher/lower, the post-tax loss (2022: post-tax profit) for the year ended 31 March 2023 would decrease/increase by approximately RMB2,972,000 (2022: increase/decrease by approximately RMB685,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of investments at FVTPL.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to trade receivables and contract assets. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

The Group performed impairment assessment for financial assets and contract assets under ECL model. Information about the Group's credit risk management, maximum credit risk exposures and the related impairment assessment, if applicable, are summarised as below:

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's credit risk are primarily attributable to its trade receivables and contract assets. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures over the customers to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade balances and contract assets individually. In this regard, the management of the Group considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

For other receivables, the directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience, and forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportive. The directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are stated-owned banks or banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international or PRC credit-rating agencies.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 18.9% (2022: 19.9%) and 63.0% (2022: 69.8%) of the total trade receivables are due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively. The management of the Group considered that the credit risk of amounts due from these customers is insignificant after considering their historical settlement record, the current business cooperation relationship, credit quality, the financial position of these customers as well as forward-looking information.

Other than the concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings and trade receivables, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade receivables/ contract assets	Other financial assets
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Fair risk	The aging of exposure slightly exceeds the credit term granted	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Substandard	The aging of exposure exceeds the credit term granted and the risk of non-payment increases as the time period is longer than normal expected process	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
Doubtful	There have been significant increases of credit risk since initial recognition	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
Remote	Probability of recovery of complete repayments is low	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
Loss	Probability of recovery of any repayments is low	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets and other items which are subject to ECL assessment:

	Notes	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12m or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount	
					2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets at amortised costs						
Trade receivables	24	N/A	(note b)	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired — credit-impaired	1,365,133 63,915	877,924 25,440
					1,429,048	903,364
Other receivables	24	N/A	(note a)	12m ECL	21,940	16,800
Rental deposits	24	N/A	(note a)	12m ECL	1,549	1,734
Amount due from a related company	26	N/A	(note a)	12m ECL	–	67
Amounts due from non-controlling interests	26	N/A	(note a)	12m ECL	35	515
Bank balances	28	AAA	N/A	12m ECL	206,719	243,611
Pledged bank deposits	28	AAA	N/A	12m ECL	14,000	–
Other item						
Contract assets	25	N/A	(note b)	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	–	1,955

Notes:

- For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. At 31 March 2023 and 2022, these amounts are not past due.
- For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL on individual basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Gross carrying amount

Internal credit rating	Average loss rate	2023	
		Trade receivables RMB'000	Contract assets RMB'000
Low risk	0.30%	591,299	–
Fair risk	2.07%	227,853	–
Substandard	7.18%	160	–
Doubtful	20.78%	545,821	–
Remote	64.95%	–	–
Loss	100%	63,915	–
		1,429,048	–

Internal credit rating	Average loss rate	2022	
		Trade receivables RMB'000	Contract assets RMB'000
Low risk	0.37%	552,785	1,955
Fair risk	2.24%	322,031	–
Substandard	9.12%	2,234	–
Doubtful	28.39%	874	–
Remote	84.98%	–	–
Loss	100%	25,440	–
		903,364	1,955

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The credit rating is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has recognised approximately RMB148,669,000 (2022: RMB12,871,000) impairment allowance for trade receivables, based on individual assessments. Within that amount is an impairment allowance of approximately RMB63,915,000 (2022: RMB5,943,000) for credit-impaired debtors.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The following table shows the movement in allowance for lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables under the simplified approach.

	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) RMB'000	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	10,524	11,768	22,292
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April			
— Transfer to credit-impaired	(2,458)	2,458	–
— Impairment losses recognised	(3,897)	11,214	7,317
New financial assets originated	5,554	–	5,554
At 31 March 2022	9,723	25,440	35,163
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April			
— Transfer to credit-impaired	(1,555)	1,555	–
— Impairment losses recognised	105,967	36,880	142,847
New financial assets originated	5,782	40	5,822
At 31 March 2023	119,917	63,915	183,832

Changes in the loss allowance for trade receivables are mainly due to:

	2023 Increase/(decrease) in lifetime ECL		2022 Increase/(decrease) in lifetime ECL	
	Not credit- impaired RMB'000	Credit- impaired RMB'000	Not credit- impaired RMB'000	Credit- impaired RMB'000
Several trade debtors with gross carrying amounts of approximately RMB48,166,000 (2022: RMB19,080,000) defaulted and transferred to credit-impaired	(1,555)	38,365	(2,458)	13,672
Several trade debtors with gross carrying amounts of approximately RMB550,332,000 (2022: RMB874,000) graded as doubtful	113,155	–	217	–
New trade receivables with gross carrying amount of approximately RMB623,607,000 (2022: RMB707,991,000) originated	5,782	40	5,554	–

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of impairment allowances that has been recognised for contract assets, rental deposits and other receivables.

	Contract assets RMB'000	ECL recognised Rental deposits RMB'000	Other receivables RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 1 April 2021	88	40	89	217
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 April 2021:				
— Impairment losses recognised	—	7	2,625	2,632
— Impairment losses reversed	(80)	—	—	(80)
As at 31 March 2022	8	47	2,714	2,769
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 April 2022:				
— Impairment losses recognised	—	—	2,384	2,384
— Impairment losses reversed	(8)	(47)	—	(55)
As at 31 March 2023	—	—	5,098	5,098

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management of the Group to finance the operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management of the Group monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for their financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity and interest risk table

	Weighted average effective interest %	On demand or less than 1 months RMB'000	Within 1 to 3 months RMB'000	Within 3 months to 1 year RMB'000	Over 1 year RMB'000	Total undiscounted cash flows RMB'000	Carrying amount RMB'000
At 31 March 2023							
Trade and other payables	-	1,042,408	-	-	-	1,042,408	1,042,408
Bank and other borrowings							
— floating rate	4.65	-	14,574	-	-	14,574	14,500
— fixed rate	5.39	-	19,430	51,203	36,609	107,242	102,821
Bonds payables	6.22	35,106	16,081	45,097	18,170	114,454	106,639
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	-	9,203	-	-	-	9,203	9,203
		1,086,717	50,085	96,300	54,779	1,287,881	1,275,571
Lease liabilities	9.45	83	226	750	3,074	4,133	3,337
At 31 March 2022							
Trade and other payables	-	538,952	-	-	-	538,952	538,952
Bank and other borrowings							
— floating rate	10.50	-	-	-	2,685	2,685	2,430
— fixed rate	5.93	-	26,439	4,855	-	31,294	31,013
Bonds payables	6.14	-	10,349	58,226	31,229	99,804	89,739
Consideration payables	-	33,456	-	-	-	33,456	33,456
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	-	8,977	-	-	-	8,977	8,977
Convertible bonds							
— liability component	7.14	-	6,992	12,372	-	19,364	18,639
		581,385	43,780	75,453	33,914	734,532	723,206
Lease liabilities	8.55	557	1,083	4,398	4,680	10,718	9,672

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial statements

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets.

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The management of the Company engaged an independent qualified professional valuer to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2023

	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Listed equity securities	36,181	–	36,181
Unlisted equity instruments	–	35,000	35,000

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2022

	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Listed equity securities	16,415	–	16,415
Financial liabilities at FVTPL			
Convertible bonds — derivative components net of the deferred Day-1 loss	–	9,559	9,559

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial statements (Continued)

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair value as at 31 March 2023	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable inputs
Financial assets				
Listed equity securities	RMB36,181,000 (2022: RMB16,415,000)	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A
Unlisted equity securities	RMB35,000,000 (2022: N/A)	Level 3	Net assets value (note 1)	The lack of marketability discount (note 2)
Financial liabilities				
Convertible bonds — derivative component net of the deferred Day-1 loss	N/A (2022: RMB9,559,000)	Level 3	Binomial Option Pricing model, the key input are Time-to-maturity, underlying share price, conversion price, coupon rate, expected volatility, risk-free rate, discount rate, expected dividend yield (note 3)	Expected volatility of share price (note 3)

Notes:

- As at 31 March 2023, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities were stated regarding the net asset value based on the management account provided by the investee company and may make adjustments as they consider appropriate. The Group regularly reviews the valuations of the underlying assets held by respective equity securities to assess the appropriateness of the net asset values as provided by the investee company and may make adjustments as they consider appropriate.
- As at 31 March 2023, if the lack of marketability was 5% higher/lower, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would decrease/increase by approximately RMB1,750,000 (2022: Nil).
- As at 31 March 2022, if the expected volatility of share price of comparable companies was 5% higher/lower and the other variables were held constant, the derivative component of convertible bonds would increase/decrease by approximately RMB56,000/RMB48,000 (2023: Nil), respectively. The key inputs used in calculation of the fair values of convertible bonds are as follows:

	CB I 2022	CB II 2022
Time-to-maturity	0.0 year	0.3 year
Underlying share price	HK\$2.99	HK\$2.99
Conversion price	HK\$1.60	HK\$1.73
Coupon rate	7.5%	7.5%
Expected volatility	43.19%	46.74%
Risk-free rate	0.07%	0.07%
Discount rate	5.34%	5.34%
Expected dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial statements (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

	Assets	Liabilities	
	Financial assets at FVTPL RMB'000	Convertible bonds Derivative component RMB'000	Day-1 Loss RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	–	27,446	(2,627)
Recognition of deferred Day-1 loss in profit or loss	–	–	2,423
Conversion to shares	–	(3,087)	–
Change in fair value (<i>note</i>)	–	(13,831)	–
Exchange realignment	–	(704)	(61)
At 31 March 2022	–	9,824	(265)
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL	35,000	–	–
Recognition of deferred Day-1 loss in profit or loss	–	–	287
Conversion to shares	–	(9,917)	(22)
Exchange realignment	–	93	–
At 31 March 2023	35,000	–	–

Note: Of the total change in fair value for the period included in profit or loss, nil (2022: RMB13,831,000) relates to unrealised fair value gain or losses on the derivative component of the convertible bonds at the end of the reporting period. Fair value changes on the derivative component of the convertible bonds are included in "other gains and losses".

There were no transfers into or out of Level 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The management of the Group estimates the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the discounted cash flows analysis. The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate to their fair values.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

40. PLEDGE OF OR RESTRICTIONS ON ASSETS

Pledge of assets

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the assets pledged by the Group to secure the bank borrowing are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Bank deposits	14,000	–
Listed securities	36,181	–
Investment properties	20,520	21,000
Trade receivables	236,463	167,382
	307,164	188,382

At 31 March 2023, the Group's equity interest in 深圳市艾伯通信有限公司 was pledged to secure the bank borrowing (2022: Nil).

Restrictions on assets

In addition, lease liabilities of approximately RMB3,337,000 (2022: RMB9,672,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately RMB3,369,000 (2022: RMB9,427,000) as at 31 March 2023. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor and the relevant leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

41. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Bank and other borrowings RMB'000	Bond payables RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Convertible bonds RMB'000	Amounts due to non- controlling interests RMB'000	Interest payables RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	35,137	69,313	1,424	44,787	10,299	2,031	162,991
Financing cash flows (note)	(1,694)	17,418	(6,521)	–	(1,322)	(9,914)	(2,033)
Non-cash transactions:							
Finance costs recognised	–	5,429	877	1,354	–	10,630	18,290
New lease contracts	–	–	13,883	–	–	–	13,883
Changes in fair value	–	–	–	(13,831)	–	–	(13,831)
Exchange realignment	–	(2,421)	9	(1,375)	–	–	(3,787)
Recognition of deferred loss from initial recognition of convertible bonds	–	–	–	2,423	–	–	2,423
Conversion to shares	–	–	–	(5,160)	–	–	(5,160)
At 31 March 2022	33,443	89,739	9,672	28,198	8,977	2,747	172,776
Financing cash flows (note)	78,740	54	(4,380)	–	226	–	74,640
Non-cash transactions:							
Reclassification	61	2,686	–	–	–	(2,747)	(2,747)
Finance costs recognised	5,077	13,916	328	118	–	–	19,439
New lease contracts	–	–	3,499	–	–	–	3,499
Early termination of lease contracts	–	–	(5,782)	–	–	–	(5,782)
Exchange realignment	–	244	–	477	–	–	721
Recognition of deferred loss from initial recognition of convertible bonds	–	–	–	287	–	–	287
Conversion to shares	–	–	–	(29,080)	–	–	(29,080)
At 31 March 2023	117,321	106,639	3,337	–	9,203	–	236,500

Note: The cash flows represent (i) the proceeds from and repayment of bank and other borrowings and related interest paid, (ii) the proceeds from and repayment of bond payables, net of payment of issue costs, (iii) the proceeds from and repayment of convertible bonds, net of payment of issue costs, (iv) the proceeds from and repayment to non-controlling interests, and (v) repayments of leases liabilities.

42. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company issued 8,195,632 consideration shares as settlement of the consideration payable of approximately RMB33,456,000 (2022: Nil).
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group acquired equity interests in a company that are recognised as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss at a consideration of RMB35,000,000 of which RMB220,000 was paid and the remaining amount of RMB34,780,000 has yet to be settled and is included in other payables (2022: Nil).
- (iii) During the year ended 31 March 2023, convertible notes of approximately RMB29,080,000 was converted into 11,600,000 shares in the Company (2022: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

42. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group entered into lease arrangements in respect of lease properties (2022: nil). On commencement of the lease, the Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately RMB3,558,000 (2022: RMB14,116,000) and RMB3,499,000 (2022: RMB13,883,000) respectively.
- (v) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group early terminated a tenancy agreement with the lease liabilities carrying amount of approximately RMB5,782,000 (2022: Nil).

43. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the “**Scheme**”) pursuant to a resolution passed by its shareholders on 6 December 2017, for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible employees (including the executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors of the Company) and other selected participants. The adoption of the Scheme became unconditional upon the listing of the Company on 6 December 2017 and refreshed on 26 September 2018, 15 October 2019 and 30 September 2021.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all share options (excluding, for this purpose, share options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on the date of listing on the Stock Exchange, without prior approval from the Company’s shareholders. The Company may, subject to the issue of a circular, the shareholders’ approval in general meeting and/or such other requirements prescribed under the Rules Governing the Listing of the Securities on the Stock Exchange, refresh this limit at any time to 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of the shareholders’ approval. The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company’s shareholders. Share options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors or any of their respective associates as defined under the Scheme which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options under the Scheme already granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant represent in aggregate in excess of 0.1% of the relevant class of securities of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company’s shareholders.

Share options granted must be taken up within 28 days of the date of the offer grant. A nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the grant of a share option.

Share options may be exercised at any time from the vesting date to the maturity date of share options but in any event not exceeding 10 years. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotation sheets on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange’s daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

43. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Details of the share options granted and outstanding during the year ended 31 March 2023 were:

Name and/ or category of grantees	Date of grant of share options	Number of share options					Outstanding as at 31 March 2023	Vesting period of share options	Exercisable period of share options	Exercise price per share HK\$	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1 April 2022	During the period								
			Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed					
Directors											
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	2,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Consulting firm											
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	1,647,789	-	-	-	-	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	2,197,053	-	-	-	-	2,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Employees	16 July 2021	6,147,789	-	-	-	-	6,147,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Employees	16 July 2021	6,147,789	-	-	-	-	6,147,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Employees	16 July 2021	8,197,053	-	-	-	-	8,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59
Employees	20 August 2021	1,230,000	-	-	-	-	1,230,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2022	20 August 2022 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28
Employees	20 August 2021	1,230,000	-	-	-	-	1,230,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2023	20 August 2023 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28
Employees	20 August 2021	1,640,000	-	-	-	-	1,640,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2024	20 August 2024 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28
Employees	28 October 2022	-	54,000,000	(27,000,000)	-	-	27,000,000	Vested immediately on the date of grant	28 October 2022 to 27 October 2024	2.200	1.55
		41,070,524	54,000,000	(27,000,000)	-	-	68,070,524				
Exercisable at the end of the year		11,091,156					50,412,314				
Weighted average exercise price		3.62					3.51				

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For the year ended 31 March 2023

43. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Details of the share options granted and outstanding during the year ended 31 March 2022 were:

Name and/ or category of grantees	Date of grant of share options	Number of share options					Outstanding as at 31 March 2022	Vesting period of share options	Exercisable period of share options	Exercise price per share HK\$	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1 April 2021	During the period								
			Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed					
Directors											
Mr. Gao	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Gao	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2019	29 June 2019 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Gao	29 June 2018	1,600,000	–	(1,600,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2020	29 June 2020 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Teng	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Teng	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2019	29 June 2019 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Teng	29 June 2018	1,600,000	–	(1,600,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2020	29 June 2020 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Yu	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Yu	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2019	29 June 2019 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Yu	29 June 2018	1,600,000	–	(1,600,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2020	29 June 2020 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Mr. Yu	16 July 2021	–	2,197,053	–	–	2,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Mr. Lai	17 May 2019	6,000,000	–	(6,000,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	17 May 2019 to 16 February 2022	1.600	1.78	
Mr. Lai	17 May 2019	6,000,000	–	(6,000,000)	–	–	17 May 2019 to 16 February 2020	17 February 2020 to 16 February 2022	1.600	1.78	
Mr. Lai	17 May 2019	8,000,000	–	(8,000,000)	–	–	17 May 2019 to 16 February 2021	17 February 2021 to 16 February 2022	1.600	1.78	
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Mr. Liang	16 July 2021	–	2,197,053	–	–	2,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

43. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Name and/ or category of grantees	Date of grant of share options	Number of share options					Outstanding as at 31 March 2022	Vesting period of share options	Exercisable period of share options	Exercise price per share HK\$	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant HK\$
		Outstanding as at 1 April 2021	During the period								
			Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed					
Consulting firm											
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	29 June 2018	1,200,000	–	(1,200,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2019	29 June 2019 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	29 June 2018	1,600,000	–	(1,600,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2020	29 June 2020 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	–	1,647,789	–	–	1,647,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Chatwin Capital Services Limited	16 July 2021	–	2,197,053	–	–	2,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Employees	29 June 2018	7,200,000	–	(7,200,000)	–	–	Vested immediately on the date of grant	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Employees	29 June 2018	7,200,000	–	(7,200,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2019	29 June 2019 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Employees	29 June 2018	9,600,000	–	(9,600,000)	–	–	29 June 2018 to 28 June 2020	29 June 2020 to 28 June 2021	1.612	1.55	
Employees	16 July 2021	–	6,147,789	–	–	6,147,789	Vested immediately on the date of grant	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Employees	16 July 2021	–	6,147,789	–	–	6,147,789	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2022	16 July 2022 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Employees	16 July 2021	–	8,197,053	–	–	8,197,053	16 July 2021 to 15 July 2023	16 July 2023 to 15 July 2024	3.652	3.59	
Employees	20 August 2021	–	1,230,000	–	–	1,230,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2022	20 August 2022 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28	
Employees	20 August 2021	–	1,230,000	–	–	1,230,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2023	20 August 2023 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28	
Employees	20 August 2021	–	1,640,000	–	–	1,640,000	20 August 2021 to 19 August 2024	20 August 2024 to 19 August 2025	3.354	3.28	
		60,000,000	41,070,524	(60,000,000)	–	–	41,070,524				
Exercisable at the end of the year		60,000,000					11,091,156				
Weighted average exercise price		1.61					3.62				

The fair value of the share options were prepared by JLL (2022: JLL), independent qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification. During the year ended 31 March 2023, 54,000,000 share options were granted to the employees of the Group on 28 October 2022. The estimated fair value of the share options was approximately HK\$45,095,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB41,375,000). The Company granted share options under the Scheme on 28 October 2022 as disclosed above. The share options granted vested immediately on the date of grant.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

43. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The Group recognised the expense of approximately RMB54,912,000 for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: RMB28,488,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company. During the year ended 31 March 2023, 27,000,000 share options granted under the Scheme were exercised (2022: 60,000,000 share options).

During the year ended 31 March 2022, share options were granted on 16 July 2021 and 20 August 2021. The estimated fair values of the share options granted on those dates are approximately HK\$49,032,000 and approximately HK\$5,937,000 respectively, equivalent to approximately RMB40,843,000 and approximately RMB4,953,000 respectively. Chatwin Capital Services Limited (the “**Consulting Firm**”) has been engaged by the Company as its investor relations consultant for two terms of 36 months each (i.e. from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2021 and from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2024). In consideration of the consultancy services to be rendered by Consulting Firm, the Company granted share options under the Scheme on 29 June 2018 and 16 July 2021 as disclosed above. Vesting period of share options is from the date of grant of share options until the commencement of the exercisable period.

Other than as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) or their associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares and/or debt securities, including debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the “**SFO**”)).

The relevant model has been used to estimate the fair value of the share options granted to directors and employees. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the best estimate of the directors of the Company. The fair value of the services provided by service providers cannot be estimated reliably and as a result, the fair value is measured by reference to the fair value of share option granted.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair values of share options granted to directors and employees:

	28 October 2022	20 August 2021	16 July 2021	15 October 2019	17 May 2019	29 June 2018
Methodology	Trinomial model	Trinomial model	Trinomial model	Binomial option pricing model	Binomial option pricing model	Binomial option pricing model
Grant date share price	HK\$1.55	HK\$3.280	HK\$3.590	HK\$2.00	HK\$1.78	HK\$1.60
Exercise price	HK\$2.2	HK\$3.354	HK\$3.652	HK\$1.60	HK\$1.60	HK\$1.61
Expected life	3.0 years	4.0 years	3.0 years	3.8 years	2.8 years	3.0 years
Expected volatility	66.55%	60.07%	56.50%	50.85%	51.98%	61.57%
Dividend yield	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	4.36%	0.45%	0.23%	1.49%	1.65%	1.95%

Expected volatility was determined by using quoted prices of comparable companies in active markets. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the management’s best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of number of share options that are expected to vest ultimately. The impact of the revision of the estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

44. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The employees of the Group in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. The Company's subsidiaries situated in the PRC are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these retirement benefits schemes is to make the specified contributions. The Group also operates a MPF scheme for all qualified employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each qualified to make contributions to the Scheme at rate at the lower of HK\$1,500 per month or 5% of relevant payroll costs each month.

During the year, the total amounts contributed by the Group to the schemes and costs charged to the profit or loss represents contributions paid or payable to the schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes. The retirement benefits scheme contributions made by the Group amounted to approximately RMB1,820,000 (2022: RMB3,228,000) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

45. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Related party balances

Details of the outstanding balances with related parties are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and in note 26.

(b) Guarantee

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's bank and other borrowings amounting to approximately RMB2,430,000 (2022: RMB2,430,000) were personally guaranteed by Mr. Lai and an amount of approximately RMB23,800,000 (2022: RMB23,800,000) were guaranteed by Mr. Lai and his close family member.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's bank borrowings amounting to approximately RMB1,600,000 (2022: RMB1,600,000) were personally guaranteed by Mr. Ke, the director of subsidiaries and his close family member, and with his personal property.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's bank borrowings amounting to approximately RMB5,613,000 (2022: RMB5,613,000) were personally guaranteed by a director of the subsidiaries.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel which represents the directors of the Company and key executives of the Group during the year was as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Fee	3,892	3,492
Salaries and other allowances	8,592	7,746
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	329	296
Equity-settled share-based payments	11,880	7,938
	24,693	19,472

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

46. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Name of subsidiaries	Date and place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Effective interest attributable to the Group				Principal activities
			Directly		Indirectly		
			2023	2022	2023	2022	
Abacus	17 April 2000 Hong Kong	HK\$6,000,000	–	–	100%	100%	Investment holding
Action First Investment Limited ¹	28 July 2015 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$10,000	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
Bright Leap	7 April 2018 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$50,000	–	–	51.73%	51.73%	Investment holding
天昕有限公司 (Celestial Aurora Limited)	28 January 2019 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$10,000	–	–	70%	70%	Investment holding
中裕集團有限公司 (Central Wealth Holdings Limited)	20 April 2018 Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	–	–	100%	100%	Investment holding
創京有限公司 (Creation Chain Limited)	9 November 2018 BVI/Hong Kong	HK\$1	–	–	54.25%	54.25%	Inactive
科銳有限公司 (Cyber Sharp Limited)	30 June 2016 Hong Kong	HK\$1	–	–	100%	100%	Inactive
深圳市艾伯數字有限公司	4 August 2015 The PRC ³	RMB10,000,000 ⁴	–	–	70%	70%	Inactive
湖南盈鼎網路有限公司 (Hunan Yingding Network Company Limited) ^{6,10}	28 September 2016 The PRC ³	RMB2,000,000	–	–	33.62%	33.62%	Inactive
IBO Information	13 December 2000 The PRC ²	HK\$150,000,000	–	–	100%	100%	Sales of intelligent terminal products, provision of coordination, management and installation services of smart city, provision of system maintenance services and development of customised softwares
深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司	1 November 2016 The PRC ³	RMB20,000,000 ⁵	–	–	70%	70%	Collection, process and storage of data, text and graphics
IBO Holdings ¹	13 May 2016 BVI/Hong Kong	United States dollar 1 ("US\$1")	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
艾伯智能有限公司 (IBO Intelligent Company Limited)	4 May 2018 Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	–	–	100%	100%	Investment holding
駿新有限公司 (Jun Sin Limited)	8 October 2018 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$50,000	–	–	100%	100%	Inactive

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

46. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiaries	Date and place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Effective interest attributable to the Group				Principal activities
			Directly		Indirectly		
			2023	2022	2023	2022	
源泉有限公司 (Rise Mark Corporation Limited) ¹⁰	22 June 2018 Hong Kong	HK\$1	–	–	51.73%	51.73%	Investment holding
艾伯智能(深圳)有限公司 (Shenzhen IBO Intelligent Company Limited)	13 March 2019 The PRC ³	RMB20,000,000 ⁷	–	–	100%	100%	Inactive
Weitu Technology ¹⁰	18 March 2004 The PRC ³	RMB6,000,000	–	–	51.73%	51.73%	Provision of system maintenance services and development of customised softwares
深圳市運維網路有限公司 (Shenzhen Yunwei Network Company Limited ("Yunwei Network") ¹⁰)	1 March 2016 The PRC ³	RMB1,261,905	–	–	51.73%	51.73%	Provision of system maintenance services and development of customised softwares
漢成控股有限公司 (Sino Achiever Holdings Limited)	28 November 2018 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1	–	–	54.25%	54.25%	Investment holding
成悅控股有限公司 (Successful Joy Holdings Limited) ¹	15 November 2018 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
Upright Joy ¹	8 July 2015 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$10,000	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
正輝有限公司 (Wonderful Splendor Limited) ¹ ("Wonderful Splendor")	25 January 2019 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$10,000	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
喜欣國際有限公司 (Jovial Ideal International Limited) ¹	29 May 2019 BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1	100%	100%	–	–	Investment holding
深圳市艾伯通信有限公司	9 August 2019 The PRC ³	RMB60,000,000 ⁸	–	–	51%	51%	Provision of coordination management and installation services of smart city
艾伯通信有限公司 (IBO Telecom Company Limited)	15 August 2019 Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	–	–	51%	51%	Inactive
深圳市艾伯實業有限公司 (前稱: 深圳市艾伯供應鏈科技有限公司)	16 January 2020 The PRC ³	RMB20,000,000 ⁹	–	–	100%	100%	Inactive
深圳市艾伯電子有限公司	7 December 2021 The PRC ³	RMB55,000,000 ¹¹	–	–	70%	70%	Inactive
深圳市艾伯控股有限公司	18 May 2021 The PRC ³	RMB20,000,000 ¹²	–	–	100%	100%	Inactive
內蒙古好牛易購數字科技有限公司 ¹³	8 May 2021 The PRC ³	RMB10,000,000 ¹³	–	–	52.5%	42%	Inactive

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

46. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- ¹ Directly held by the Company.
- ² IBO Information is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC.
- ³ These companies are limited liability companies established in the PRC.
- ⁴ The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯數字有限公司 are RMB10 million but only RMB1.8 million was paid by the Group up to the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ⁵ The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯信息科技有限公司 are RMB20 million but nil were paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ⁶ The Group indirectly controlled this company through Yunwei Network, which has 65% ownership interest and voting rights in this company.
- ⁷ The registered capital of 艾伯智能(深圳)有限公司 are RMB20 million but nil were paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ⁸ The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯通信有限公司 are RMB100 million and RMB60 million were fully paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ⁹ The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯實業有限公司 are RMB20 million but nil were paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ¹⁰ Subsidiaries of Bright Leap Group.
- ¹¹ The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯電子有限公司 are RMB55 million and were fully paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ¹² The registered capital of 深圳市艾伯控股有限公司 are RMB20 million but nil were paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.
- ¹³ The registered capital of 內蒙古好牛易購數字科技有限公司 are RMB10 million but only RMB1 million were paid at the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements. The Group indirectly controlled this company through 深圳市艾伯數字有限公司, which has 60% ownership interest and voting rights in this company.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

Name of subsidiary	Place of Incorporation and principal place of business	Proportion of ownership interests and voting held by non-controlling interest		Profit/(loss) allocated to non-controlling interests		Accumulated non-controlling interests	
		2023	2022	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Bright Leap Group	BVI/The PRC	48.27%	48.27%	(30,903)	5,730	19,636	50,539
Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests		–	–	(18,813)	3,623	33,743	36,056
				(49,716)	9,353	53,379	86,595

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

46. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of Bright Leap Group is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

Bright Leap Group

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current assets	143,790	189,080
Non-current assets	22,367	31,735
Current liabilities	(113,589)	(103,584)
Non-current liabilities	(11,886)	(12,525)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	21,046	54,167
Non-controlling interests	19,636	50,539
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Revenue	28,191	66,863
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	(64,024)	11,872
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(33,121)	6,142
attributable to non-controlling interests	(30,903)	5,730
	(64,024)	11,872
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(33,412)	22,150
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	(3,681)	916
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	9,442	(1,013)
Net cash inflow	(27,651)	22,053

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Non-current assets		
Investments in subsidiaries	160,941	160,941
Amounts due from subsidiaries	26,000	26,000
	186,941	186,941
Current assets		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	501,551	279,657
Other receivables	–	62
Bank balances and cash	1,156	197
	502,707	279,916
Current liabilities		
Other payables	63,615	4,706
Other borrowings	14,715	–
Bonds payables	95,135	65,862
Amounts due to subsidiaries	269	63
Convertible bonds	–	28,198
	173,734	98,829
Net current assets	328,973	181,087
Total assets less current liabilities	515,914	368,028
Non-current liability		
Bonds payables	11,504	26,562
Net assets	504,410	341,466
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	5,616	4,865
Reserves	498,794	336,601
Total equity	504,410	341,466

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Lai Tse Ming
DIRECTOR

Mr. Gao Weilong
DIRECTOR

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

47. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Movement in the Company's reserves:

	Share premium RMB'000	Merger reserve RMB'000 <i>(note)</i>	Share options reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 April 2021	296,019	(43,325)	33,609	(96,642)	189,661
Loss and other comprehensive expense for the year	–	–	–	(41,824)	(41,824)
Issuance of shares under Special Mandate	12,160	–	–	–	12,160
Issuance of shares under General Mandate	63,934	–	–	–	63,934
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds	5,150	–	–	–	5,150
Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	112,641	–	(33,609)	–	79,032
Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	–	–	28,488	–	28,488
At 31 March 2022	489,904	(43,325)	28,488	(138,466)	336,601
Loss and other comprehensive expense for the year	–	–	–	(43,983)	(43,983)
Issuance of shares under Special Mandate	50,072	–	–	–	50,072
Issuance of consideration shares	17,511	–	–	–	17,511
Issuance of shares upon conversion of convertible bonds	28,983	–	–	–	28,983
Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	75,294	–	(20,596)	–	54,698
Recognition of equity-settled share based payments	–	–	54,912	–	54,912
At 31 March 2023	661,764	(43,325)	62,804	(182,449)	498,794

Note: Merger reserve represented the difference between the share capital of Abacus, which was transferred from Shine Well to IBO Holdings pursuant to the reorganisation as set out on the prospectus dated 14 December 2017, and share capital and share premium of IBO Holdings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

48. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(i) Issue of convertible bonds

On 2 May 2023, the Company issued convertible bonds of HK\$53,592,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB48,233,000) to not less than six places. Proceeds from the placement will be used for purchase of inventories for intelligent terminal product sales and sales and services rendering related business expenses. Details of the convertible bonds is set out in the announcement of the Company dated 28 March 2023, 3 April 2023 and 2 May 2023.

(ii) Investment in Hangzhou Yixin Micro Technology Co., Ltd.

On 29 May 2023, the Company, IBO Intelligent (Shenzhen) Limited (the “**Subscriber**”), an indirect subsidiary of the Company, the Original Yixin Shareholders and Hangzhou Yixin Micro Technology Co., Ltd. (the “**Target Company**”) entered into an Investment and Acquisition Agreement, pursuant to which (i) the Subscriber conditionally agreed to invest an amount in RMB which is equal to HK\$40,000,000 (equivalent to RMB36,035,600) in the Target Company in order to hold 5.00% of the share capital of the Target Company upon the Completion; and (ii) after the Completion and the completion of the restructuring, the Company shall have the right to proceed with the further investment such that the Group will hold an aggregate of 35% to 46% of the share capital of the Target Company. At the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements, the additional investment was not yet completed. Details of the additional investment is disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023.

(iii) Placing of shares

On 19 June 2023, the Company and the placing agent entered into a placing agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to place, through the placing agent on a best effort basis, up to 30,000,000 placing shares to the placees at the placing price of HK\$1.14 per share. Details of the placing is disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 19 June 2023. At the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements, the placement was not yet completed.

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Revenue	907,274	1,046,296	560,325	487,756	298,916
Cost of sales and services rendered	(813,371)	(867,695)	(444,308)	(374,453)	(197,613)
Gross profit	93,903	178,601	116,017	113,303	101,303
Other income	7,043	6,317	4,832	4,514	5,675
Other (losses)/gains, net	(54,592)	3,664	(33,987)	(56,214)	3,677
Share of results of associates	(34)	727	120	(226)	–
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	(150,998)	(15,423)	(13,174)	(7,814)	172
Distribution and selling expenses	(6,890)	(8,048)	(7,295)	(5,543)	(3,123)
Administrative expenses	(59,311)	(62,624)	(46,569)	(51,593)	(39,374)
Equity-settled share-based payments	(54,912)	(28,488)	(4,387)	(20,286)	(13,203)
Finance costs	(19,748)	(18,290)	(16,189)	(10,353)	(2,802)
Research and development expenses	(39,646)	(12,531)	(13,935)	(3,856)	(5,321)
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(285,185)	43,905	(14,567)	(38,068)	47,004
Income tax expense	(8,095)	(19,889)	(12,955)	(12,072)	(12,064)
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	(293,280)	24,016	(27,522)	(50,140)	34,940
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to					
— Owners of the Company	(243,564)	14,663	(42,097)	(52,955)	33,951
— Non-controlling interests	(49,716)	9,353	14,575	2,815	989
	(293,280)	24,016	(27,522)	(50,140)	34,940
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Total assets	2,129,343	1,561,692	946,758	629,856	515,977
Total liabilities	(1,562,107)	(940,478)	(568,736)	(347,136)	(224,276)
Net assets	567,236	621,214	378,022	282,720	291,701
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	513,857	534,619	330,430	249,703	261,499
Non-controlling interests	53,379	86,595	47,592	33,017	30,202
Total equity	567,236	621,214	378,022	282,720	291,701

DEFINITIONS

In this Annual Report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report”	this annual report of the Company for the Year
“Board”	The board of Directors
“BVI”	the British Virgin Islands
“Companies Act of the Cayman Islands”	the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Act 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, as amended from time to time
“Company”, “IBO” or “IBO Technology”	IBO Technology Company Limited, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board (Stock Code: 2708)
“Company’s Code”	a code of conduct regarding Directors’ transactions in securities of the Company
“Director(s)”	the director(s) of the Company
“2018 General Mandate”	the general mandate which was granted to the Directors pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Company’s annual general meeting on 27 August 2018 to allot and issue up to 80,000,000 Shares, representing 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing such resolution
“2021 General Mandate”	the general mandate which was granted to the Directors pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Company’s annual general meeting on 30 September 2021 to allot and issue up to 110,104,628 Shares, representing 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing such resolution
“2022 General Mandate”	the general mandate which was granted to the Directors pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Company’s annual general meeting on 20 September 2022 to allot and issue up to 128,063,754 Shares, representing 20% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of passing such resolution
“Group”	the Company and its subsidiaries
“HK\$”	Hong Kong dollar(s), the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
“Hunan Yingding”	Hunan Yingding Network Co., Ltd.* (湖南盈鼎網絡有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability
“IBO Communication”	Shenzhen IBO Communication Company Limited* (深圳市艾伯通信有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability, which is an indirect subsidiary of the Company
“IBO Electronics”	IBO Shenzhen Electronics Limited* (深圳市艾伯電子有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability, which is an indirect subsidiary of the Company

* For identification purpose only

DEFINITIONS

“IBO Information”	IBO Information (Shenzhen) Limited* (艾伯資訊(深圳)有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability, which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
“IBO Intelligent”	IBO Intelligent (Shenzhen) Limited* (艾伯智能(深圳)有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability, which is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
“IoT”	Internet of Things
“JV Investment Agreement”	the joint venture investment agreement dated 30 September 2022 entered into among Fuchuang Development, IBO Holdings and IBO IT Application Innovation, in relation to the arrangements for the establishment of the Project Company
“Listing Committee”	the listing committee appointed by the Stock Exchange for considering applications for listing and approving the listing of and dealing with securities on the Stock Exchange
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board
“Main Board”	the stock exchange (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock Exchange which is independent from and operated in parallel with GEM of the Stock Exchange
“Model Code”	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules
“Mr. Lai”	Mr. Lai Tse Ming, chairman of the Board, an executive Director and the single largest substantial Shareholder
“PRC”	the People’s Republic of China which, for the purposes of this Annual Report, excludes Hong Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan Region
“Project Company”	Mianyang IBO Intelligence Company Limited* (綿陽艾伯智能有限公司), the project company incorporated in Fucheng District with independent legal entity pursuant to the terms of the investment agreements, which is jointly owned by IBO Holdings, IBO IT Application Innovation and Mianyang Zhigu Enterprise Incubation Management Co., Ltd.* (綿陽智谷企業孵化管理有限公司) as to 7%, 63% and 30%, respectively
“RMB”	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC
“SDXC Shenzhen”	SDXC Top Technology (Shenzhen) Corporation Limited* (深圳市時代信創新技術有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability
“Shareholder(s)”	holder(s) of the Share(s)
“Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the issued share capital of the Company

* For identification purpose only

DEFINITIONS

“Shine Well”	Shine Well Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai
“Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“Takeovers Code”	The Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers
“Weitu Group”	collectively, Weitu Technology, Yunwei Network and Hunan Yingding
“Weitu Technology”	Shenzhen Weitu Technology Development Co., Ltd.* (深圳市偉圖科技開發有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability
“Yunwei Network”	Shenzhen Yunwei Network Co., Ltd.* (深圳市運維網絡有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability
“%”	per cent

* For identification purpose only

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