



Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability Stock Code : 622.HK

2023 Annual Report

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Mr. SAM Hing Cheong (Chairman)⁽¹⁾ Ms. WONG Wan Men Mr. WONG Yat Fai

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Hon. CHAN Hak Kan, S.B.S., J.P. Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, B.B.S. Mr. LAM John Cheung-wah Dr. LO Wing Yan, William, J.P.⁽²⁾ Mr. YU Chung Leung

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. WONG Wan Men Mr. WONG Yat Fai

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Hon. CHAN Hak Kan, S.B.S., J.P. Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, B.B.S. Mr. LAM John Cheung-wah Dr. LO Wing Yan, William, J.P.⁽³⁾ Mr. YU Chung Leung (Chairman)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Hon. CHAN Hak Kan, S.B.S., J.P. Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, B.B.S. Mr. LAM John Cheung-wah Dr. LO Wing Yan, William, J.P.⁽³⁾ Mr. SAM Hing Cheong⁽⁴⁾ Ms. WONG Wan Men Mr. YU Chung Leung (Chairman)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Hon. CHAN Hak Kan, *S.B.S., J.P.* Mr. HUNG Cho Sing, *B.B.S.* Mr. LAM John Cheung-wah Dr. LO Wing Yan, William, *J.P.*⁽³⁾ Mr. SAM Hing Cheong⁽⁴⁾ Ms. WONG Wan Men Mr. YU Chung Leung *(Chairman)*

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. LIU Tsui Fong

LEGAL ADVISORS

(As to Bermuda law) Conyers Dill & Pearman

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

25th Floor, China United Centre 28 Marble Road, North Point Hong Kong Telephone : (852) 3198 0622 Facsimile : (852) 2704 2181 Website : www.oshidoriinternational.com

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor, North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716 Hopewell Centre, 17th Floor 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 622

Notes:

- (1) Re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director and Chairman on 1 July 2023
- (2) Resigned as Director on 1 July 2023
- (3) Resigned as member on 1 July 2023
- (4) Appointed as member on 1 July 2023

Oshidori International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") recorded a net loss of HK\$84.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "**Year**"), compared to a net loss of HK\$81.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "**Previous Year**").

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group principally engages in investment holdings, tactical and/or strategical investments (including property investments), provision of financial services including the Securities and Futures Commission (the "**SFC**") regulated activities namely Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities), Type 6 (advising on corporate finance), Type 8 (securities margin financing) and Type 9 (asset management); and provision of credit and lending services regulated under the Money Lenders Ordinance.

A. Financial Services

The Group is licensed by the SFC to conduct regulated activities including Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities), Type 6 (advising on corporate finance), Type 8 (securities margin financing) and Type 9 (asset management).

Brokerage commission income generated from the Group's securities brokerage services decreased by 47.8% to HK\$1.2 million for the Year (Previous Year: HK\$2.3 million). Interest income generated from provision of margin financing services increased by 18.0% to HK\$22.3 million for the Year (Previous Year: HK\$18.9 million).

B. Credit and Lending Services

(i) Business Model

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiaries, namely, Oshidori WW Resources Limited and Oshidori Citizens Money Lending Corporation Limited ("**Citizens**"), conducts credit and lending business under the Money Lenders Ordinance, Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong.

The Group maintains readily available funds and equips itself with sufficient lending capacities for capturing potential business opportunities. The Group finances its credit and lending business with its existing general working capital. The Group's credit and lending business has a unique business model with emphasis on the provision of sizeable loans to both corporate and individual clients with good financial standing and low credit risk (such as listed companies and individuals holding marketable assets).

The Group targets a niche market of high-profile borrowers (i.e. (a) listed companies; (b) companies with well-established businesses; (c) companies or individuals holding marketable assets; and (d) individuals whose occupations are executives, businessmen or professionals) in need of sizeable loans, who have a proven track record of making repayments. The Group grants loans only to recognised and creditworthy customers. The Group grants loans only to the customers (a) who are third parties and not connected with the Group; (b) who are introduced by the Group's directors, senior management, business partners or existing/previous borrowers; and (c) whose creditworthiness and loan collateral are evaluated and approved by the credit committee (the "**Credit Committee**") of the Group.

The management team of the Group's credit and lending business comprises the Credit Committee and 2 managers. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Credit Committee consisted of two directors of the Group, who had over 13 years of working experience in an international banking group and around 20 years of experience in finance, investment and credit and lending industries, respectively. The Credit Committee has the power and authority to review and approve the loan applications. The Credit Committee is responsible for (i) assessing credit risks; (ii) overseeing the approval of credit applications and loan approvals; and (iii) managing customer relationships. The managers are responsible for (i) reviewing loan documentations, (ii) identifying potential problems; and (iii) recommending mitigating factors.

(ii) Internal Control Procedures

The Group has taken the following internal control measures in carrying out the credit and lending services business:

Credit risk assessment of customers

Potential customers are required to disclose and provide the Group with a list of information required for a loan application. The Group will then assess the creditworthiness of the potential customers and their repayment abilities, including legal due diligence. In particular, the following information is requested and considered as part of the process of assessing creditworthiness:

- a) the potential customers' background and statutory information;
- b) the potential customers' proof of income, including bank statements;
- c) the amount and purpose of the loan;
- d) the results of legal searches, such as litigation (or the absence of), on the potential customers; and
- e) whether the Group and the potential customers have any prior dealings and, if so, the credit history of any such prior arrangements.

In making the approval decision, the Credit Committee considers the information set out above and assesses the potential customers' credit risk, the loan-to-value ratio and the proposed interest rate. The operations of the Credit Committee are subject to review by the Executive Directors of the Company.

Mechanism in determining loan terms

The request from each potential customer is unique. The loan terms are determined based on the potential customers' financial needs (e.g. type of loan, capital needs and loan tenure), credit risk assessment of potential customers and their financial repayment abilities. The loan interest rate is determined based on the result of credit risk assessment and reference to the market interest rate.

Approval process for granting loans

Application and approval process are as follows:

- a) collection of potential customer's information;
- b) preliminary loan assessment and approval (if disapproved, reject loan application and inform the potential customer);
- c) credit assessment 3C's Assessment (i.e. character, capacity, and collateral):
 - character is defined by credit and loan repayment history;
 - capacity measures income and ability to service a loan or line of credit;
 - collateral refers to asset(s) that could be leveraged for payment;
- d) determine the terms of the loan and obtain approval from the Credit Committee (if disapproved, reject loan application and inform the potential customer);
- e) prepare board minutes to approve the loan and notify the potential customer of the loan approval;
- f) prepare all relevant loan documents and explain the terms of the loan and the associated loan documents to the potential customer;
- g) execution of the relevant loan documents and prepare loan disbursement; and
- h) review and file the loan documents in the filing cabinets.

Monitoring loan repayment and recovery

The status of outstanding loan principals and interest collection is monitored by the Credit Committee, two managers and accounting department on a daily basis by reviewing daily reports. On the maturity date, the Credit Committee communicates with borrowers by phone regarding their financial conditions and source of repayment to ascertain whether borrowers have any difficulty in making their repayments on time; and the Credit Committee also reminds borrowers to make timely repayments of their loans. When borrowers request for loan extension, the Credit Committee would request the managers and accounting department to ascertain and review the borrowers' financial condition through publicly available information (such as the Stock Exchange's website and press media, etc) so as to assess the recoverability of loans. In the event that there is no such publicly available information, the Credit Committee would request the respective borrowers for their updated financial information.

Taking actions on delinquent loans

When a loan is overdue, the Group will contact the borrower and guarantor (if any) to remind them of the possible enforcement action(s) and timing of repayment and seeking reasons for the delay in repayment. The Group will also issue demand letter(s) to the borrowers. If the Group does not receive any favourable reply from the borrowers, the Group will instruct legal advisers to take legal actions for recovery of outstanding loan principal and accrued interest.

The action plans are determined based on the individual situation on a case by case basis. In general, the Group takes into account factors such as whether the pledged assets provided by the borrowers are sufficient in value; and whether there are any bona fide settlement offers made by the borrowers.

In case the market value of pledged assets falls below the outstanding loan amount, the Group may request the borrowers to increase the pledged assets. In case the borrowers can provide the Group with bona fide settlement proposal, the Group may consider withholding legal action against the borrowers and accept the settlement proposal in order to save legal costs and time.

(iii) Major Terms of Loans

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's credit and lending services business had 11 customers (all of them are independent third parties) and the total net loan receivables including both fixed and variable rate loan advances was HK\$272.5 million (2022: HK\$306.0 million).

Among these loan receivables, totalling HK\$14.8 million (2022: totalling HK\$70.8 million) were secured by the pledge of certain collateral and personal guarantees (2022: the pledge of securities and personal guarantees), and bearing interests ranging from HKD Prime Rate plus 2.75% to 9% (2022: 5% to 15%) per annum and had contractual loan period between 12 months and 18 months (2022: between 12 months and 7 years).

The remaining balance of HK\$257.7 million (2022: HK\$235.2 million) were unsecured, and bearing interests ranging from 5% to 8% (2022: 5% to 15%) per annum. Out of these unsecured loan receivables, HK\$228.7 million has contractual loan period between 3 months and 1 year, HK\$28.0 million has contractual loan period between 2 years and 5 years and HK\$1.0 million has contractual loan period over 5 years (2022: between 6 months and 5 years and over 5 years).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group offered attractive interest rate to borrowers (as low as 6.5% per annum) as special promotion and on ad hoc basis. Such interest rate would be offered when the Group obtained surplus financial resources upon receipt of unexpected early repayment from borrowers. Such interest rate was offered as a special promotion to maintain amicable business relationship with our borrowers whose credit assessment were of satisfactory results.

Interest income from loan receivables for the Year was HK\$14.6 million (Previous Year: HK\$33.7 million), which was decreased by 56.7% as compared with the Previous Year. The decrease was due to the Group's prudent approach in carrying out its credit and lending services business.

(iv) Top Five Borrowers

As at 31 December 2023, the loan and interest receivables from the largest borrower was HK\$70.6 million (representing approximately 25.9% of the total loan and interest receivables of the Group) while the loan and interest receivables from the five largest borrowers together was HK\$223.7 million (representing approximately 82.1% of the total loan and interest receivables of the Group).

(v) Impairment Loss on Loan Receivables

The Group has conducted an impairment assessment of the loan receivables according to the accounting standards. In accordance with "Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 9 – Financial Instruments", an entity shall at the end of each reporting period measure impairment of financial assets using the expected credit loss (the "**ECL**") approach, i.e. to assess how current and future economic conditions impact the amount of loss.

Bases of impairment assessment and valuations or other evidence to support the impairment assessment

For the purpose of impairment assessment, the Group has established a loan credit risk classification system. Each loan receivable was assessed individually and was classified into the following three categories of internal credit rating:

- Performing refers to loans that have not had a significant increase in credit risk and for which ECL in the next 12 months will be recognised;
- Under-Performing refers to loans that have had a significant increase in credit risk and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised; and
- Not Performing refers to loans that have objective evidence of impairment and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised.

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the loan receivable is credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the following factors:

- a) historical actual credit loss experience for the borrower; and
- b) financial position of the borrower by reference to its management or audited accounts and available press information adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the borrower and general economic conditions of the industry in which the borrower operates.

There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the Year.

Reasons for the movements in impairment provisions

According to the impairment assessment, loss allowance of HK\$11.1 million (2022: HK\$34.7 million) was recognised for the loan and interest receivables outstanding as at 31 December 2023. Details of the reasons for the decrease in impairment provisions by HK\$23.6 million are set out below:

 a) during the Year, a reversal of loss allowance of HK\$29.2 million was mainly made for loan and interest receivables of HK\$296.3 million (as at 31 December 2022) upon recovery;

- b) during the Year, loss allowance of HK\$4.1 million was made for new loan and interest receivables of HK\$205.2 million (as at 31 December 2023) which were classified as Performing; and
- c) during the Year, loss allowance of HK\$1.5 million was made for loan and interest receivables of HK\$53.0 million (as at 31 December 2023) (which were classified as Under-Performing) due to the failure of the borrower to repay the loan upon maturity and the deterioration of the borrower's financial capability.

C. Tactical and/or Strategical Investments

The Group engages in tactical and/or strategical investments of a diversified portfolio overseen by a professional investment team that holds Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) licences under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Negative income from this segment amounted to HK\$26.5 million for the Year (Previous Year: HK\$39.9 million)

The Group's vision is to implement its corporate strategy through building a successful portfolio of investments that is resilient, sound and of value to the shareholders of the Company.

The Group strives to achieve excellent results and performance through the Group's tactical and/ or strategical investments segment – creating value through investment selection and disposal, and demonstrates resilience in adverse market conditions. The Group has formulated a criteria to identify appropriate investments, established the basis for evaluation, and categorized such investments to reflect their significance and contribution to the Group. The holding size and holding periods are dependent upon the reasons for the acquisition, the strategic value of the investments, and the potential returns. The Group may consider realizing certain investments based on the internal resources' requirements, the increase/decrease in valuations that trigger the threshold for disposal, and the availability of alternative investment opportunities that may be superior in returns compared to existing holdings from time to time.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

An investment with a carrying value of 5% or more of the total assets of the Group is considered as a significant investment, or jointly as significant investments of the Group in this Annual Report. A breakdown of such significant investments as at 31 December 2023 is set out below:

Name of investments	Number of shares held as at 31 Dec 2023	Percentage of shareholding held as at 31 Dec 2023	Unrealised gain/ loss for the year ended 31 Dec 2023 HK\$'000	Unrealised gain/loss through other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 Dec 2023 <i>HK</i> \$'000	Dividends received for the year ended 31 Dec 2023 HK\$'000	Approximate % to the Group's total assets as at 31 Dec 2023	Investment cost HK\$'000	Fair value/ carrying amount as at 31 Dec 2023 HK\$'000
Listed shares in Hong Kong								
- Shengjing Bank Co., Ltd.								
(stock code: 2066)	293,034,000	12.52%	(15,959)	(1,525,400)	-	5.88%	1,972,015	228,567
- ZhongAn Online P & C Insurance								
Co., Ltd. (stock code: 6060)	14,479,000	1.02%	-	(52,993)	-	6.64%	408,777	258,305
- Hao Tian International								
Construction Investment Group								
Limited (stock code: 1341)	246,832,000	3.24%	-	181,422	-	6.60%	51,835	256,705
 Imagi International Holdings 								
Limited (stock code: 585)	141,882,200	17.10%	23,287	139,168	-	5.36%	116,644	208,567
Unlisted shares								
- Future Capital Group Limited	3,750	17.81%	-	(140,000)	-	13.09%	750,000	509,000
 Hope Capital Limited 	480	22.39%	-	-	2,243	6.37%	291,200	247,621

The performance and prospects of such significant investments during the Year were as follows:

1. Shengjing Bank Co., Ltd. ("Shengjing") (Stock Code: 2066)

Shengjing and its subsidiaries principally engage in the provision of corporate and personal deposits, loans and advances, settlement, treasury business and other banking services as approved by the National Financial Regulatory Administration (formerly China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission).

According to the annual results announcement of Shengjing for the year ended 31 December 2023, the total assets of Shengjing amounted to RMB1,080.053 billion, the total loans and advances to customers amounted to RMB477.877 billion, the operating income amounted to RMB10.040 billion and the net profit amounted to RMB765 million.

In the second half of 2023, Shengjing's shareholders approved a very substantial disposal transaction proposed by Shengjing. Upon completion of this transaction, Shengjing's assets quality was expected to be enhanced.

From a long-term perspective, Shengjing appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in Shengjing has strategic investment value.

2. ZhongAn Online P & C Insurance Co., Ltd. ("ZhongAn") (Stock Code: 6060) ZhongAn and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in FinTech business, which mainly provides internet insurance services and insurance information technology services to customers.

According to the annual results announcement of ZhongAn for the year ended 31 December 2023, ZhongAn group recorded total income of approximately RMB33,539 million, net profit of approximately RMB3,845 million, total assets of approximately RMB42,864 million and net assets of approximately RMB20,073 million.

From a long-term perspective, ZhongAn appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in ZhongAn has strategic investment value.

3. Hao Tian International Construction Investment Group Limited ("Hao Tian") (Stock Code: 1341)

Hao Tian and its subsidiaries principally engage in securities investment, provision of securities brokerage and other financial services, asset management, rental and trading of construction machinery, provision of repair and maintenance and transportation service, property development and money lending.

According to the annual report of Hao Tian for the year ended 31 March 2023, Hao Tian group recorded total revenue of approximately HK\$246 million, profit of approximately HK\$108 million, total assets of approximately HK\$3,489 million and net assets of approximately HK\$1,864 million.

From a long-term perspective, Hao Tian appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in Hao Tian has strategic investment value.

4. Imagi International Holdings Limited ("Imagi") (Stock Code: 585)

Imagi and its subsidiaries principally engage in integrated financial services, investment holdings, computer graphic imaging business and entertainment business. The integrated financial services comprises provision of securities brokerage and related financial advisory services, margin financing services, asset management services, corporate finance advisory services, money lending services, listed and unlisted securities investments and proprietary trading.

According to the annual results announcement of Imagi for the year ended 31 December 2023, Imagi recorded total revenue of approximately HK\$49 million, net loss of approximately HK\$15 million, total assets of approximately HK\$869 million and net assets of approximately HK\$833 million.

Pursuant to Imagi's annual results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2023, Imagi will strive to make more progress in its principal core business of integrated financial services and is confident that there will be improvement in performance for the coming year.

From a long-term perspective, Imagi appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in Imagi has strategic investment value.

5. Future Capital Group Limited ("Future Capital")

Future Capital was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and it principally engages in property investments.

In 2023, the property and investment markets in Hong Kong experienced a slower-than-expected improvement, primarily due to persistent high interest rates and a global economic slowdown. As a result, the road to recovery in 2024 is expected to be challenging and filled with obstacles.

From a long-term perspective, Future Capital appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in Future Capital has strategic investment value.

6. Hope Capital Limited ("Hope Capital")

Hope Capital was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability. Hope Capital and its subsidiary principally engage in financial services business.

Hong Kong's government is on a drive to attract more family offices to the city and the new capital investment entrant scheme is launched to attract more new capital to Hong Kong and strengthen the development of financial services sector in Hong Kong.

From a long-term perspective, Hope Capital appears to have good prospects and the Company considers its investment in Hope Capital has strategic investment value.

Going forward, the Group will continue to implement its corporate strategy through building a successful portfolio of investments that is resilient, sound and of value for our shareholders. Although the market sentiment is expected to gradually improve, the overall economic outlook still remains uncertain. The Group will continue to adopt prudent capital management and liquidity risk management policies and practices to preserve adequate capital to meet the challenges ahead. The Group did not have any plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2023.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Review of Results

The Group recorded a total revenue of HK\$60.2 million for the Year, representing a decrease of 44.9% as compared with the amount of HK\$109.2 million for the Previous Year. Income from financial services segment amounted to HK\$25.7 million (Previous Year: HK\$22.9 million). Income from tactical and/or strategical investments segment amounted to HK\$19.9 million (Previous Year: HK\$52.6 million). Income from credit and lending services segment amounted to HK\$14.6 million (Previous Year: HK\$33.7 million).

The Group recorded a net loss of HK\$84.5 million for the Year (Previous Year: net loss of HK\$81.1 million). Basic and diluted loss per share for the Year were HK cents 1.38 and HK cents 1.38 respectively (Previous Year: basic and diluted loss per share of HK cents 1.33 and HK cents 1.33 respectively). The net profit of financial services segment was HK\$7.5 million (Previous Year: HK\$8.8 million). The net loss of tactical and/or strategical investments segment was HK\$50.8 million (Previous Year: net loss of HK\$73.9 million). The net profit of credit and lending services segment was HK\$26.2 million (Previous Year: HK\$5.3 million).

Capital structure

The Company has not conducted any equity fund raising activities during the Year. As at 31 December 2023, the Company has 6,109,259,139 shares in issue.

The total asset value of the Group as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$3,888.4 million (2022: HK\$5,754.1 million). The net asset value of the Group as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$3,731.0 million (2022: HK\$5,278.3 million). The net asset value per share as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$0.61 (2022: HK\$0.86). Apart from financial assets being held by the Group for its tactical and/or strategical investments, the Group also holds substantive assets which mainly comprise tangible assets such as cash and bank balances and trade, loan and other receivables.

Charges on group assets

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's borrowings included margin loans of HK\$10.1 million (2022: HK\$101.0 million), no unsecured loan from an independent third party (2022: HK\$240.8 million) and a secured bank loan of HK\$51.2 million (2022: HK\$53.2 million). The bank loan is secured by a property, the fair value of which as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$86.5 million. The margin loans are secured by pledge of equity securities to securities brokers as collaterals, with total market value of HK\$129.3 million as at 31 December 2023 (2022: HK\$505.7 million). As at 31 December 2023, the Group's borrowings are interest bearing at HIBOR plus 1.3% per annum or at HIBOR 1 month rate plus 3.8% per annum (2022: HIBOR plus 1.3% per annum or at a range from 3.35% to 8.0% per annum) and repayable on demand (2022: repayable on demand or within 1 year).

Liquidity and financial resources

The Group's cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$348.1 million (2022: HK\$368.8 million). The cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in aggregate as at 31 December 2023 were HK\$572.9 million (2022: HK\$761.6 million).

The liquidity of the Group remained strong with a current ratio of 7.5 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: 3.9). The Group had borrowings of HK\$51.2 million as at 31 December 2023 (2022: HK\$294.0 million) and the gearing ratio of the Group (expressed as a percentage of total borrowings over total equity) as at 31 December 2023 was 1.4% (2022: 5.6%). The decrease in gearing ratio manifests better liquidity position and efficient financial management of the Group.

Exposure to fluctuation in exchange rates and related hedges

Save for certain bank balances that are denominated in Renminbi ("**RMB**") and United States dollar ("**USD**"), most of the Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollar. As at 31 December 2023, the bank balances denominated in RMB and USD amounted to HK\$176.9 million and HK\$42.7 million respectively. Therefore, the Group's exposure to the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations is not material. For the Year, the Group did not have any derivatives for hedging against the foreign exchange rate risk. The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") will continue to monitor the foreign exchange exposure and will consider appropriate action to mitigate such risk, when necessary.

Capital commitments

The Group did not have any capital commitments in respect of the acquisition of property and equipment as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

Contingent liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

OUTLOOK AND CORPORATE STRATEGY

The global business and investment environment is still full of challenges and uncertainties. The economic rebound in Hong Kong appears to need more time to return to the pre-COVID-19 level.

The Group will maintain a prudent approach in carrying out and monitoring its business, but adopt a wait and see approach in tackling the adverse environment.

Dealing with the future challenges, the Management will review and adjust business strategies on a regular basis with a prudent and balanced risk management approach. The Group will focus on ensuring a healthy balance sheet.

MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

On 4 May 2023, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a third party in respect of the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of, and all outstanding shareholder's loan owing by, CUCNP Holdings Limited which is the sole registered and beneficial owner of a property (the "**Acquisition**"). The consideration for the Acquisition was HK\$220 million. On 17 May 2023, the aforesaid parties entered into a termination agreement to terminate the Acquisition. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 4 and 17 May 2023.

On 8 August 2023, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a third party in respect of the disposal of the entire issued share capital of, and all outstanding shareholder's loan owing by, Siston Holdings Limited (the "**Disposal**"). The consideration for the Disposal was HK\$110 million which was received on the same day. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 8 August 2023.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR

There are no major subsequent events since the end of the Year and up to the date of this Annual Report.

CHANGES AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD IN ASSET PRICES

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the stock market remained volatile and Hang Seng index dropped by 3% while the fair value of the Group's certain listed equity investments decreased compared to their fair values as at 31 December 2023, which represents approximately 7.4% of the Group's net assets as at 31 December 2023.

LITIGATION

Citizens, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was a party to a receivership proceedings concerning Celebrate International Holdings Limited, a company previously listed in Hong Kong with stock code 8212. Southwest Securities (HK) Brokerage Limited ("**Southwest**") is a local corporation and Fong Siu Wai (also known as Louis Fong) (together with Southwest, the "**Defendants**") is a former employee of Southwest. On 19 June 2020, the Defendants maliciously published a letter to the High Court which contained false and defamatory statements against Citizens. On 30 September 2020, Citizens served a Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim to the Defendants, suing them for libel and malicious falsehood. Southwest and Fong Siu Wai (also known as Louis Fong) have reached separate settlements in June 2023 and July 2023 respectively, which include the payment of monetary damages as a full and final settlement of all claims made by Citizens against them. Additionally, Citizens received a letter from Fong Siu Wai (also known as Louis Fong) expressing his sincere apologies for his actions.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The board of Directors (the "**Board**") does not recommend payments of any final dividend for the Year (2022: Nil).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group employed 23 (2022: 29) full time employees for its principal activities. The Group recognises the importance of high calibre and competent staff and continues to provide remuneration packages to employees with reference to prevailing market practices and individual performance. Remuneration packages consisted of salary as well as discretionary bonus. Other benefits include medical and retirement benefits, contribution to the mandatory provident fund and share options.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed shares by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the Year.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sam Hing Cheong ("Mr. Sam"), aged 42, has been an executive director and chairman of the Company since 1 July 2023. Mr. Sam is also a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company, and a director of several subsidiaries of the Company. He was a non-executive director of the Company from 5 June 2020 to 30 June 2023; an executive director and chairman of the Company from 28 January 2019 to 4 June 2020; an executive director and acting chairman of the Company from 5 April 2017 to 27 January 2019; and an executive director and chief executive officer of the Company from 27 March 2012 to 5 April 2017. Mr. Sam holds a Bachelor of Laws with Honours and a Bachelor of Arts from the University of Waikato, New Zealand. Mr. Sam is admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong, England and Wales, the British Virgin Islands and New Zealand, and as an attorney in the Republic of the Marshall Islands.

Ms. Wong Wan Men ("Ms. Wong"), aged 39, was appointed as an executive director of the Company with effect from 28 January 2019. Ms. Wong is also a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Wong holds a Bachelor of Social Science in Economics with Honours from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Ms. Wong has over 10 years extensive experience in corporate finance advisory. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Wong held senior positions in the corporate finance advisory division of several financial services groups in Hong Kong. Currently, she holds directorship in several subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Wong is familiar with the operation and management of the Company and provides corporate finance advice to the Group. Ms. Wong's contributions to financial services business of the Group have been greatly valued by the Board.

Mr. Wong Yat Fai ("Mr. Wong") aged 64, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 19 April 2017. He also holds directorship in several subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Wong holds a professional diploma in banking from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Wong has over 13 years of working experience in an international banking group.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Hon. Chan Hak Kan, S.B.S., J.P. ("Hon. Chan"), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 6 April 2017. Hon. Chan is also a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Legislative Council since October 2008, a member of the Hong Kong Executive Council since July 2022 and the Chairman of the Panel on Security of the Hong Kong Legislative Council since January 2022. Hon. Chan graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Social Science (Hons) (Government and Public Administration) degree in 1997 and a Master of Social Science (Law and Public Affairs) degree in 2003. From 2000 to 2003, Hon. Chan served as an elected member of the Sha Tin District Council. In 2012, he was appointed as a Justice of the Peace by the Chief Executive of Hong Kong and in 2021, he was awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star. From 2012 to 2018, he was a member of the Beat Drugs Fund Association. From 2017 to 2022, Hon. Chan was a member of ICAC Advisory Committee on Corruption. Since March 2022, he is a member of the Advisory Board of Po Leung Kuk and since June 2022, he is a non-executive director of The Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited. Hon. Chan is currently an independent non-executive director of Xinyi Electric Storage Holdings Limited (stock code: 8328), the securities of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, and an independent non-executive director of Imagi International Holdings Limited (stock code: 585), the securities of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Hung Cho Sing, *B.B.S.*, ("Mr. Hung"), aged 83, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 6 April 2017. Mr. Hung is also a member of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company. He has over 30 years of experience in the film distribution industry. Mr. Hung was the founder and general manager of Delon International Film Corporation since June 2004. Mr. Hung is currently the Chairman of Hong Kong, Kowloon and New Territories Motion Picture Industry Association. In recognition of his contribution to the Hong Kong film industry, Mr. Hung was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the Government of Hong Kong in 2005. Mr. Hung was a non-executive director of Universe Entertainment and Culture Group Company Limited (stock code: 1046) from 1 February 2019 to 31 July 2019 and Miko International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1247) from 14 April 2016 to 16 June 2023, the respective securities of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Currently, Mr. Hung is an independent non-executive director of China Star Entertainment Limited (stock code: 326) and Harbour Digital Asset Capital Limited (stock code: 913), the respective securities of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. He is also an independent non-executive director of KOALA Financial Group Limited (stock code: 8226), the securities of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah ("Mr. Lam"), aged 69, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 1 August 2022. Mr. Lam is also a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Lam has over 30 years of experience in banking, finance and investment. He holds a bachelor of business management degree from Ryerson Polytechnical Institute (currently known as Toronto Metropolitan University) in Toronto, Canada, and is a fellow of The Institute of Canadian Bankers and a fellow of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Mr. Lam is the vice president of China Real Estate Chamber of Commerce Hong Kong and International Chapter Limited. He was a member of the 13th Guangdong Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Mr. Lam once acted as the Vice Chairman and an Executive Director of Nan Fung Property Holdings Limited in China Property Division between February 2013 and December 2021, and he has served as its advisor since January 2022. Mr. Lam is also an independent non-executive director of Wing Lee Property Investments Limited (stock code: 864), C&D Newin Paper & Pulp Corporation Limited (stock code: 731), Blue River Holdings Limited (stock code: 498) and Envision Greenwise Holdings Limited (stock code: 1783), the respective securities of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, since February 2013, May 2022, August 2022 and June 2023 respectively.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yu Chung Leung ("Mr. Yu"), aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 25 July 2022. Mr. Yu is also the chairman of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Yu has over 28 years of experience in auditing and accounting. He holds a Master of Arts in international accounting from City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Yu is a member and an authorized supervisor of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a chartered tax adviser of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and a practising certified public accountant in Hong Kong. He is also a member of the Process Review Panel for the Financial Reporting Council and an appointed member of Narnia (Hong Kong) Group Company Limited (stock code: 8607), Blue River Holdings Limited (stock code: 498) and Envision Greenwise Holdings Limited (stock code: 1783) since January 2019, August 2022 and December 2023 respectively.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Liu Tsui Fong ("Ms. Liu") was appointed as company secretary of the Company on 29 October 2019. The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring an unimpeded flow of information within the Board and that policies and procedures formulated by the Board are followed. Ms. Liu is responsible for advising the Board on governance matters and facilitates induction and professional development of the Directors. The appointment and dismissal of the Company Secretary are subject to the Board's approval in accordance with the Company's bye-laws. All members of the Board have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. Ms. Liu has duly complied with the relevant training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

The directors (the "**Directors**") of Oshidori International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023, which includes a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 December 2023 and the material factors underlying its results and financial position as well as the outlook of the Company's business are provided in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 3 to 14 of this Annual Report. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 December 2023 using financial key performance indicators is provided in the "Financial Summary" section on page 176 of this Annual Report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group can be found throughout this Annual Report particularly in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements and the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 3 to 14 of this Annual Report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Directors are aware, during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant influence on its business and operations.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

As the Group principally engages in financial services, the Group has always paid great attention to and maintained a good relationship with its customers, and has been providing quality professional and customer-oriented services for its customers. The Group's customers are good working partners creating value for the Group. Due to the nature of the business of the Group, no specific suppliers are involved in the operation of business. The Group also values the knowledge and skills of its employees, and continues to provide favourable career development opportunities for its employees.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 84 of this Annual Report.

The board of Directors (the "**Board**") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 88 of this Annual Report and note 41 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. During the year ended 31 December 2023, no reserves had been utilised for distribution. As at 31 December 2023, the Company's reserves that were available for distribution to the shareholders (the "**Shareholders**") of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$3,356,198,000 (2022: HK\$6,138,557,000).

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this Annual Report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Chairman) (Re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director and Chairman on 1 July 2023)

Ms. Wong Wan Men Mr. Wong Yat Fai

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Hon. Chan Hak Kan, S.B.S., J.P.Mr. Hung Cho Sing, B.B.S.Mr. Lam John Cheung-wahDr. Lo Wing Yan, William, J.P. (Resigned on 1 July 2023)Mr. Yu Chung Leung

Pursuant to Bye-law 84(1) of the Bye-laws of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Pursuant to Bye-law 84(2) of the Bye-laws of the Company, the Directors to retire shall be those who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election and those who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. Accordingly, Mr. Sam Hing Cheong, Ms. Wong Wan Men and Mr. Wong Yat Fai, being the Directors longest in office since their last re-election, shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at that meeting.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors in respect of his independence pursuant to the requirements of Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all Independent Non-Executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

(A) 2012 Share Option Scheme

On 17 May 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**2012 Share Option Scheme**") for the purpose of enabling the Group to (i) recognise and acknowledge the contributions that eligible persons have (or may have) made or may make to the Group (whether directly or indirectly); (ii) attract and retain and appropriately remunerate the best possible quality of employees and other eligible persons; (iii) motivate the eligible persons to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group; (iv) enhance its business, employee and other relations; and/or (v) retain maximum flexibility as to the range and nature of rewards and incentives which the Company can offer to eligible persons. The eligible persons include (a) any full time or part time employees of the Group and any directors of the Group; (b) any customer, supplier or provider of services, landlord or tenant, agent, partner, consultant, or adviser of or a contractor to or person doing business with any member of the Group; (c) the trustee of any trust the principal beneficiary of which is, or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include, any person referred to in (a) or (b) above; (d) a company wholly beneficially owned by any person referred to in (a) or (b) above; and (e) such other persons (or classes of persons) as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine.

Under the 2012 Share Option Scheme, the Directors may at their discretion grant options to any eligible person to subscribe for shares in the Company. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible person (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue. Consideration to be paid on each grant of option is HK\$1.00. The Directors may at their discretion determine the specific exercise period which should expire in any event no later than ten years from the date of grant of the relevant option. The minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it is vested, shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. The exercise price is determined by the Directors and will be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of a share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date on which an option is granted, (ii) the average closing price of a share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date on which an option is granted; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date on which an option is granted. No service provider sublimit was set. Further details of the 2012 Share Option Scheme were set out in the Company's 2021 annual report.

The 2012 Share Option Scheme had a life of 10 years and expired on 17 May 2022. No further options shall thereafter be granted under the 2012 Share Option Scheme but all the then outstanding share options granted under the 2012 Share Option Scheme continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Share Option Scheme.

Details of movements in the share options of the Company granted under the 2012 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

		Number of share options					
Name/category of grantee	Date of grant	Outstanding as at 1/1/2023	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31/12/2023	Exercise price per share HK\$	Exercise period
Directors							
Wong Wan Men	22/1/2020 (Note 1)	20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000	0.865	22/1/2020 – 21/1/2030
Sub-total		20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000		
Employees (In aggregate)	29/3/2019 (Note 2)	72,000,000	-	-	72,000,000	0.820	29/3/2019 – 28/3/2029
Other participants (In aggregate) (Note 3)	22/1/2020 (Note 1)	100,000,000	-	-	100,000,000	0.865	22/1/2020 – 21/1/2030
Total		192,000,000	-	-	192,000,000		

Notes:

- (1) The closing price of the Company's shares on 21 January 2020, being the date immediately before the date on which the share options were granted, was HK\$0.86.
- (2) The closing price of the Company's shares on 28 March 2019, being the date immediately before the date on which the share options were granted, was HK\$0.80.
- (3) Other participants comprise nine (9) consultants.
- (4) The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement date of the exercise period.

No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the 2012 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023.

(B) 2022 Share Option Scheme

On 13 June 2022, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "**2022 Share Option Scheme**"). A summary of the 2022 Share Option Scheme is set out below:

(A) Purpose

To enable the Group to (i) recognise and acknowledge the contributions that eligible persons have (or may have) made or may make to the Group (whether directly or indirectly); (ii) attract and retain and appropriately remunerate the best possible quality of employees and other eligible persons; (iii) motivate the eligible persons to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group; (iv) enhance its business, employee and other relations; and/or (v) retain maximum flexibility as to the range and nature of rewards and incentives which the Company can offer to eligible persons.

(B) Participants

The eligible persons under the 2022 Share Option Scheme include any full time or part time employees of the Group or any directors of the Group. The Board shall (subject to the provisions of the 2022 Share Option Scheme) have absolute discretion as to whether or not to grant share options to any particular eligible persons. In exercising such discretion, the Board will assess the eligibility of the eligible persons based on their individual performance, time commitment, responsibilities or employment conditions according to the prevailing market practice and industry standard, or where appropriate, contribution to the revenue, profits or business development of the Group during the financial year or in the future.

(C) Maximum number of shares available for issue

- (i) Subject to (iv) below, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all the options to be granted under 2022 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the 2022 Share Option Scheme, being 610,925,913 shares.
- (ii) Subject to (iv) below, the Company may seek approval of the Shareholders in general meeting for refreshing the 10% limit set out in (i) above such that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2022 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company under the limit as refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of the shares in issue as at the date of approval to refresh such limit.
- (iii) Subject to (iv) below, the Company may seek separate approval from the Shareholders in general meeting for granting options beyond the 10% limit provided that the options granted in excess of such limit are granted only to eligible persons specifically identified by the Company before such approval is sought. In such case, the Company shall send a circular to its Shareholders containing the information required under the Listing Rules.
- (iv) The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted but yet to be exercised under the 2022 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time. No option may be granted under the 2022 Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company if this will result in such limit being exceeded.

(v) As at the date of this Annual Report, the total number of shares available for issue under the 2022 Share Option Scheme was 610,925,913, representing 9.9% of the total issued shares of the Company on that date.

(D) Maximum entitlement to shares of each eligible person

- (i) The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible person (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue.
- (ii) Notwithstanding (i) above, any further grant of options to an eligible person in excess of the 1% limit shall be subject to approval by the Shareholders in general meeting at which that proposed grantee and his/her close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) (or his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) if such proposed grantee is a connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company) have abstained from voting. The number and the terms of the options to be granted to such eligible person shall be fixed before the Shareholders' approval and the date of the Board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date for grant for the purpose of calculating the exercise price.
- (iii) Where any grant of an option to a substantial Shareholder or an Independent Non-Executive Director, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the grant will result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon full exercise of the options granted and to be granted (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options but excluding lapsed options) to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant: (1) exceeding an aggregate of 0.1% of the shares in issued; and (2) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares at the date of grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, such proposed grant of options must be approved by the Shareholders in general meeting at which that proposed grantee, his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) and all core connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) have abstained from voting.

(E) Option period

The period during which an option may be exercised as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of grant, save that such period must not exceed 10 years from the date of grant of the relevant option.

(F) Vesting period

The minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it is vested, shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. The 2022 Share Option Scheme itself does not specify any minimum holding period.

(G) Payment on acceptance of the option and period for acceptance

HK\$1.00 (or such other nominal sum in any currency as the Board may determined) is payable by the grantee to the Company on acceptance of the option offer. An offer must be accepted within 25 days from the date of the offer.

(H) Basis of determining the subscription price

The exercise price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of grant of the relevant option but shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of a share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date on which an option is granted, (ii) the average closing price of a share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date on which an option is granted; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date on which an option is granted.

(I) Remaining life

The life span of the 2022 Share Option Scheme is 10 years commencing from 13 June 2022 and will expire on 13 June 2032.

At the beginning and the end of the year ended 31 December 2023, the maximum number of options available for grant under the 2022 Share Option Scheme were both 610,925,913, representing 10% of the total issued shares of the Company on that dates. No service provider sublimit was set under the 2022 Share Option Scheme. No share options were granted under the 2022 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the 2022 Share Option Scheme. Also, there were no outstanding share options granted under the 2022 Share Option Scheme at the beginning and at the end of the year.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The share award scheme (the "**Share Award Scheme**") was adopted by the Shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company held on 19 December 2019. The objectives of the Share Award Scheme are: (i) to recognise the contributions by certain eligible participants and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group's existing and other new potential business, including integrated resort development; and (ii) to attract suitable personnel with relevant experience in the Group's existing and other new potential business, including integrated resort development. The eligible participants under the Share Award Scheme are any employee (whether full time or part time), consultant, executive or officers, directors (including any executive director, non-executive director and independent non-executive director) and senior management and any member as well as any customer or supplier of the Group, who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the growth and development of the Group.

The maximum number of awarded shares that may be issued under the Share Award Scheme shall be 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the adoption date of the Share Award Scheme, being 581,176,628 shares. Subject always to the said scheme limit, a limit equal to 3% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date on which the specific mandate is approved by the Shareholders as the maximum number of awarded shares which can be issued. The Company may, on an annual basis, seek Shareholders' approval to refresh such share award mandate. The maximum aggregate number of shares which may be awarded to a selected grantee shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The Board is entitled to impose any condition(s) as it deems appropriate in its absolute discretion with respect to the vesting of the awarded shares (including the vesting period). Selected grantees are not required to make any payment to accept an award and the subscription price will be paid by the Company. The basis of determining the purchase price of shares awarded is not applicable. The Share Award Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years until 18 December 2029.

At the beginning of the year ended 31 December 2023, the maximum number of awarded shares that may be granted under the Share Award Scheme was 183,277,774, representing 3% of the total issued shares of the Company on that date. As the Company has not sought Shareholders' approval to refresh the share award mandate upon its expiry at the conclusion of the Company's annual general meeting held on 12 June 2023, there was no awarded shares that may be granted under the Share Award Scheme at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023 and as at the date of this Annual Report. No service provider sublimit was set under the Share Award Scheme. No awarded shares were granted under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Details of movements in the awarded shares of the Company granted under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

		I				
Name/category of grantee	Date of grant	Outstanding as at 1/1/2023	Granted during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31/12/2023	Vesting date
Director						
Wong Wan Men	22/1/2020	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000	22/1/2024
Other participants (In aggregate) (Note 1)	22/1/2020	85,000,000	-	-	85,000,000	22/1/2024
Total		95,000,000	_	-	95,000,000	

Notes:

(1) Other participants comprise nine (9) consultants.

(2) The vesting period is 4 years. The awarded shares shall be vested on 22 January 2024.

(3) The awarded shares shall be allotted to the grantees free of payment.

No awarded shares were granted, vested, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "**SFO**")), as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") were as follows:

		Number of underlying	Approximate percentage of issued shares of the
Name of director	Nature of interests	shares held (Note 1)	Company (Note 2)
Wong Wan Men	Personal interests	30,000,000 (Note 3)	0.49%

Notes:

- (1) The above interests in the underlying shares of the Company were long positions. None of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company as at 31 December 2023.
- (2) As at 31 December 2023, the Company's total number of issued shares was 6,109,259,139.
- (3) The 30,000,000 shares comprise (a) 10,000,000 shares represent Wong Wan Men's interests in awarded shares (which remained unvested as at 31 December 2023) granted by the Company; and (b) 20,000,000 shares represent Wong Wan Men's interests in share options granted by the Company. Wong Wan Men was the beneficial owner of such awarded shares and share options. Details of such awarded shares and share options are set out in the "Share Award Scheme" and "Share Option Schemes" sections above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors and chief executive of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company (including any of their spouses or children under the age of 18) were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors is interested in any businesses (apart from the Group's businesses) which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed, no transactions or arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme and share award scheme of the Company as disclosed under the sections headed "Share Option Scheme" and "Share Award Scheme" in this directors' report and note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement during the year ended 31 December 2023.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Bye-laws of the Company provides that the Directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their offices, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any Directors. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the directors and officers of the Group.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. Those related party transactions did not constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS

At 31 December 2023, so far as is known to the Directors and the chief executives of the Company, the interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders/other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Number of shareholder	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held (Note 1)	Total	Approximate percentage of issued shares of the Company (Note 2)
Seekers Creation Limited	Beneficial owner	1,215,296,600	1,215,296,600	19.89%
Mak Siu Hang, Viola (" Ms. Mak ") (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation	575,003,000	575,003,000	9.41%
VMS Investment Group Limited ("VMS") (Note 3)	Beneficial owner	575,003,000	575,003,000	9.41%
Blue River Holdings Limited ("Blue River Holdings") (Note 4)	Interest of controlled corporation	465,000,000	465,000,000	7.61%
Blue River Treasury Group Limited ("Blue River Treasury") (Note 4)	Interest of controlled corporation	465,000,000	465,000,000	7.61%
Nation Cheer Investment Limited ("Nation Cheer") (Note 4)	Beneficial owner	465,000,000	465,000,000	7.61%
Lo Ki Yan, Karen (" Ms. Lo ")	(i) Interest of controlled corporation	571,819,000) (Note 5))		
	(ii) Beneficial owner	318,000)	572,137,000	9.37%
Planetree International Development Limited ("PIDL")	Interest of controlled corporation	318,820,000 (Note 5)	318,820,000	5.22%
Planetree International Limited ("PIL")	Interest of controlled corporation	318,820,000 (Note 5)	318,820,000	5.22%

Notes:

1) All the above interests in the shares of the Company were long position.

- 2) As at 31 December 2023, the Company's total number of issued shares was 6,109,259,139.
- VMS was wholly owned by Ms. Mak. Accordingly, Ms. Mak was deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by VMS.
- 4) Nation Cheer was wholly owned by Blue River Treasury which was in turn wholly owned by Blue River Holdings. Accordingly, Blue River Holdings and Blue River Treasury were deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Nation Cheer.
- 5) The 318,820,000 shares of the Company comprised (a) 145,825,000 shares held by a company which was 47.84% owned by PIL; and (b) 172,995,000 shares held by certain wholly owned subsidiaries of PIL. PIL was wholly owned by PIDL which was in turn 67% owned by Ms. Lo.

The 571,819,000 shares of the Company comprised (a) 318,820,000 shares as described above; and (b) 252,999,000 shares held by certain companies of which Ms. Lo is entitled to exercise or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at the general meetings.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Company has not been notified of any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the five largest customers of the Group and the single largest customer of the Group accounted for about 46% and 15% of the Group's revenue from continuing operations (excluding revenue from securities trading and investments) respectively. As the Group had no significant purchases from continuing operations during the year, the Group did not have any major suppliers for the year ended 31 December 2023.

As far as the Directors are aware, none of the directors, their close associates, within the meaning of the Listing Rules, or those shareholders which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company have an interest in any of the five largest customers of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable donations (2022: Nil).

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy regarding the employees of the Group is set up by the remuneration committee of the Company (the "**Remuneration Committee**") and is based on their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the Directors of the Company are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. The Remuneration Committee will make recommendation to the Board on the emoluments of the Directors.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme and a share award scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the schemes are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws in Bermuda.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this Annual Report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed shares by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no major subsequent events since the end of the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules except code provision C.2.1.

Code provision C.2.1 requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Following the resignation of Mr. Alejandro Yemenidjian as Non-Executive Chairman and Non-Executive Director of the Company on 6 October 2022, the duties of the chairman were undertaken by the Independent Non-Executive Directors who led the Board and had to ensure that the Board works effectively whereas the Executive Directors continued performing the role of the Chief Executive Officer collectively. The Board was of the view that under such board structure, there was a clear division of the responsibilities of chairman and chief executive, thus the balance of power and authority could be ensured. Such deviation had been rectified upon the re-designation of Mr. Sam Hing Cheong from a Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director and Chairman of the Company with effect from 1 July 2023.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Company's performance in various environmental and social aspects during the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 46 to 77 of this Annual Report

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee (the "Audit Committee") of the Company was established in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. The Audit Committee comprises four Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company's senior management and the Company's auditor to consider the Company's financial reporting process, the effectiveness of internal controls, the audit process and risk management.

The annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 had been audited by the Company's auditor, Mazars CPA Limited, and had been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

Details of the Company's Audit Committee are set out in Corporate Governance Report on pages 30 and 45 of this Annual Report.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been audited by Mazars CPA Limited. A resolution will be submitted to the 2024 AGM to re-appoint Mazars CPA Limited.

On behalf of the Board Oshidori International Holdings Limited

Sam Hing Cheong Executive Director and Chairman Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Oshidori International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") is dedicated to maintaining good and credible corporate governance practices with a view to being transparent, open and accountable to our shareholders, as well as to the stakeholders of the Company.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

During the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "**Year**"), the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**Code**") set out in Appendix C1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**") except code provision C.2.1.

Code provision C.2.1 requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Following the resignation of Mr. Alejandro Yemenidjian as Non-Executive Chairman and Non-Executive Director of the Company on 6 October 2022, the duties of the chairman were undertaken by the Independent Non-Executive Directors who led the board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**") (each member of the Board, a "**Director**") and had to ensure that the Board works effectively whereas the Executive Directors continued performing the role of the Chief Executive Officer collectively. The Board was of the view that under such board structure, there was a clear division of the responsibilities of chairman and chief executive, thus the balance of power and authority could be ensured. Such deviation had been rectified upon the re-designation of Mr. Sam Hing Cheong from a Non-Executive Director to an Executive Director and Chairman of the Company with effect from 1 July 2023.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Board comprises 7 members, including three Executive Directors, namely Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Chairman), Ms. Wong Wan Men and Mr. Wong Yat Fai and four Independent Non-Executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board, namely Hon. Chan Hak Kan, Mr. Hung Cho Sing, Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah and Mr. Yu Chung Leung. Of the four Independent Non-Executive Directors appointed, at least one or more has appropriate professional accounting experience and related financial management expertise. There is no financial, business, family or other material relationship between any members of the Board.

All Directors have distinguished themselves in their field of expertise, and have exhibited high standards of personal and professional ethics and integrity. The biographical details of each Director are disclosed in pages 15 to 17 of this Annual Report.

Each Independent Non-Executive Director has confirmed their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company also considers that they are independent.

Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company (the "**Bye-laws**"), the Directors (including the Independent Non-Executive Directors) is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the annual general meeting of the Company and are eligible for re-election. In addition, any Director appointed by the Board during a year shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and that meeting.

The term of office of Hon. Chan Hak Kan and Mr. Hung Cho Sing (Independent Non-Executive Directors) is for a period of one year and subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-laws. Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah and Mr. Yu Chung Leung (Independent Non-Executive Directors) were appointed for a term of not more than three years, and are subject to retirement by rotation under the Bye-laws.

In accordance with Bye-laws 84(1) and 84(2) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Sam Hing Cheong, Ms. Wong Wan Men and Mr. Wong Yat Fai will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All the retiring directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election thereat.

Changes in information in respect of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of Directors subsequent to the date of the Company's Interim Report 2023 and up to the date to this Annual Report are set out below:

- a) Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Envision Greenwise Holdings Limited (stock code: 1783) with effect from 2 June 2023;
- b) Mr. Sam Hing Cheong has resigned as an executive director and vice chairman of Blue River Holdings Limited (stock code: 498) with effect from 1 July 2023; and
- c) Mr. Yu Chung Leung has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Envision Greenwise Holdings Limited (stock code: 1783) with effect from 12 December 2023. Also, he has been appointed as an appointed member of the 7th term Yuen Long District Council with effect from 1 January 2024.

Responsibilities of the Board and Management

The Board is responsible for providing high-level guidance and effective oversight of the management of the Company, and formulation and approval of the Group's development, business strategies, policies, annual budgets and business plans, recommendation of any dividend, and supervision of management in accordance with the regulations governing the meetings of the Board and the Bye-laws.

Executive Directors are responsible for day-to-day management of the Company's operations. They conduct meetings with the management of the Group, at which operational issues and financial performance are evaluated.

The Company considers the essential of internal control system and risk management function and the Board plays an important role in the implementation and monitoring of internal control and risk management.

Matters specifically decided by the Board and those reserved for the management, such as daily management administration and operation of the Company, etc., are reviewed by the Board. The management shall report back to the Board. The procedure to enable Directors to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses, was established.

The Bye-laws contain provisions regarding responsibilities and operational procedures of the Board. The Board meets regularly to consider operational reports and policies and financial results of the Company. Significant operational policies have to be discussed and passed by the Board.

During the Year, the Board held 16 Board meetings and 1 general meeting. Due notice and the Board papers were given to all Directors prior to each meeting in accordance with the Code and the Bye-laws. Details of individual attendance of Directors are set out below:

	Number of meetings attended for the Year Board Genera meeting meeting	
Executive Directors		
Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Chairman) (Note 1)	16/16	1/1
Ms. Wong Wan Men	16/16	1/1
Mr. Wong Yat Fai	15/16	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Hon. Chan Hak Kan	13/16	1/1
Mr. Hung Cho Sing	15/16	1/1
Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah	15/16	1/1
Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William (Note 2)	6/9	0/1
Mr. Yu Chung Leung	14/16	1/1

Notes:

1) Re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director and Chairman on 1 July 2023; and

2) Resigned as Director on 1 July 2023.

Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development

On appointment to the Board, each newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive induction package covering business operations, policy and procedures of the Company as well as the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/ her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements.

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations. In addition, the Company has been encouraging the Directors and management to enrol in a wide range of professional development courses and seminars relating to the Listing Rules, companies ordinance/act and corporate governance practices organised by professional bodies, independent auditors and/or chambers in Hong Kong so that they can continuously update and further improve their relevant knowledge and skills.

From time to time, Directors are provided with written materials to develop and refresh their professional skills. The Company also gives briefings to the Directors on the latest development of applicable laws, rules and regulations to assist them in discharging their duties.

According to the records maintained by the Company, the Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company in compliance with the Code on continuous professional development during the Year:

	Read materials	Attended presentation/ briefings/ in-house workshop
Executive Directors		
Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Note 1)	\checkmark	✓
Ms. Wong Wan Men	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Wong Yat Fai	\checkmark	\checkmark
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Hon. Chan Hak Kan	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Hung Cho Sing	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah	\checkmark	\checkmark
Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William (Note 2)	\checkmark	1
Mr. Yu Chung Leung	\checkmark	1

Notes:

1) Re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director and Chairman on 1 July 2023; and

2) Resigned as Director on 1 July 2023.

During the Year, the Company gave briefing to the Directors on Listing Rules updates, notifiable transaction rules and connected transaction rules, and provided the Directors with materials relating to various topics (including regulatory update, auditing, financial reporting and related internal control matters, share schemes and disclosure of business valuations in transactions), which enhance greater awareness and understanding of the compliance with the regulatory development.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

As mentioned above, following the resignation of Mr. Alejandro Yemenidjian as Non-Executive Chairman and Non-Executive Director of the Company on 6 October 2022 (until 30 June 2023), the duties of the chairman were undertaken by the Independent Non-Executive Directors who led the Board and to ensure that the Board works effectively whereas the Executive Directors continued performing the role of the Chief Executive Officer collectively. With effect from 1 July 2023, Mr. Sam Hing Cheong has been re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director and Chairman. From 1 July 2023 onwards, the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are performed by different individuals. Mr. Sam Hing Cheong is the Chairman. The role of the Chief Executive Officer has been performed collectively by all the other Executive Directors.

The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and oversee the Board so that it acts in the best interest of the Group and its Shareholders. The Chairman is responsible for deciding the agenda of each Board meeting, taking into account matters proposed by other Directors. The Chairman has overall responsibility for providing leadership, vision and direction regarding business development. During the Year, the Chairman has held a meeting with the Independent Non-Executive Directors without the presence of other Directors.

Executive Directors are responsible for the day-to-day business management and operations of the Group for formulating and successfully implementing policies and for maintaining an effective executive support team. They are accountable to the Board for keeping the Chairman and all Directors fully informed of all major business developments and issues.

Responsibilities of Directors

In the course of discharging their duties, the Directors act in good faith, with due diligence and care, and in the best interests of the Group. Their responsibilities include:

- attending regular board meetings and focusing on business strategy, operational issues and financial performance;
- active participation on the respective boards of directors of the subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company;
- approval of annual budgets for each operating company covering strategy, financial and business performance, key risks and opportunities;
- monitoring the quality, timeliness, relevance and reliability of internal and external reporting;
- monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest of senior management, Board and shareholders of the Company;
- consideration of misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transaction; and
- ensuring processes are in place to maintain the overall integrity of the Company, including financial statements, relationships with suppliers, customers and other stakeholders, and compliance with all laws and ethics.

To enable the Directors to fulfill their obligations, an appropriate organizational structure is in place with clearly defined responsibilities and limits of authority.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties as required under the Code:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

During the Year, the Board considered the following corporate governance matters:

- review of the trainings for directors and senior management, and code of conduct, etc;
- review of the compliance with the Code and the disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2022;
- review of the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems of the Company through the Audit Committee; and
- review of the implementation and effectiveness of (a) the Company's board diversity policy;
 (b) the Company's shareholders' communication policy and (c) the Company's mechanisms to ensure independence views and input are available to the Board.

Independent Views and Input

During the Year, the Board reviewed and considered that the following mechanisms of the Company are effective in ensuring that independent views and input are provided to the Board:

Board and Board Committee' Structure

- the Board comprises a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board comprises three Executive Directors and four Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- all the members of the Audit Committee are Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- majority of the members of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee comprises Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- there is no financial, business, family or other material relationship between any members of the Board;

Appointment of Independent Non-Executive Directors

 appointment of new Directors (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) are first considered by the Nomination Committee. In considering the appointment of a Director (including Independent Non-Executive Director), the Nomination Committee applies criteria such as professional and educational background, relevant experience, and qualifications. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee are then put to the Board for consideration and approval;

Annual Review of Independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

 independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors is assessed annually by the Nomination Committee;

Time Commitments of Independent Non-Executive Directors

directors' attendance records are disclosed in this Annual Report;

Conflict of Interest

 director who has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board determined to be material, that Director will abstain from voting in accordance with the Bye-laws; and

Professional Advice

 to facilitate proper discharge of their duties, all Directors are entitled to seek advice from independent professional advisers at the Company's expense.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board currently has three board committees, namely Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, with specific terms of reference relating to authority and duties, to strengthen the Board's functions and enhance its expertise.

Remuneration Committee

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Remuneration Committee comprises two Executive Directors, Mr. Sam Hing Cheong and Ms. Wong Wan Men, and four Independent Non-Executive Directors, Hon. Chan Hak Kan, Mr. Hung Cho Sing, Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah and Mr. Yu Chung Leung and is chaired by Mr. Yu Chung Leung.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the website of the Company at www.oshidoriinternational.com.

The Remuneration Committee's responsibilities mainly include the reviewing, considering and making recommendation to the Board on (i) the Company's remuneration policy for Directors and senior management, (ii) remuneration packages for individual Executive Directors and senior management including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and (iii) remuneration of Non-Executive Directors, as well as reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, etc.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee:

- reviewed the remuneration of Directors; and
- made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of a new Executive Director.

The Remuneration Committee held two (2) meetings during the Year with individual attendance as follows:

Members of Remuneration Committee	Number of meeting(s) attended
Hon. Chan Hak Kan	2/2
Mr. Hung Cho Sing	2/2
Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah	2/2
Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William (Note 1)	1/2
Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Note 2)	N/A
Ms. Wong Wan Men	2/2
Mr. Yu Chung Leung (Chairman)	2/2

Notes:

- 1) Resigned as member on 1 July 2023; and
- 2) Appointed as member on 1 July 2023.

Details of Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

Audit Committee

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Audit Committee comprises four Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Hon. Chan Hak Kan, Mr. Hung Cho Sing, Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah and Mr. Yu Chung Leung and is chaired by Mr. Yu Chung Leung.

The Audit Committee reports directly to the Board. The main responsibilities of the Audit Committee include oversight of the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems, and review of the Group's financial information.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company's external auditor twice a year to discuss audit process and accounting issues, and reviews effectiveness of internal control and risk evaluation. Written terms of reference, which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee are regularly reviewed and updated by the Board.

During the Year, the Audit Committee:

- reviewed the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and for the six months ended 30 June 2023;
- reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems;
- reviewed the external auditor's audit findings; and
- reviewed and approved remuneration of auditor for 2023 and recommended the re-appointment of auditor.

As at 31 December 2023, the arrangement for employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters was in place. No reporting has been received by the Audit Committee during the Year.

Also, as at 31 December 2023, policies and systems that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations were in place.

The Audit Committee held two (2) meetings during the Year. Details of individual attendance of its members are as follows:

Number of meeting(s) attended

Hon. Chan Hak Kan	2/2
Mr. Hung Cho Sing	2/2
Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah	2/2
Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William (Note)	2/2
Mr. Yu Chung Leung (Chairman)	2/2

Note: Resigned as member on 1 July 2023.

Members of Audit Committee

Nomination Committee

As at the date of this Annual Report, the Nomination Committee comprises two Executive Directors, Mr. Sam Hing Cheong and Ms. Wong Wan Men, and four Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Hon. Chan Hak Kan, Mr. Hung Cho Sing, Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah and Mr. Yu Chung Leung and is chaired by Mr. Yu Chung Leung.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the website of the Company at www.oshidoriinternational.com.

The Nomination Committee's responsibilities mainly include the reviewing and recommending the structure, size and composition of the Board and recommending any change thereon; assessing the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors and recommending the re-election of Directors, etc.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- assessed the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors;
- reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on re-election of retiring Directors at the 2023 Annual General Meeting; and
- made recommendations to the Board on re-designation of Director.

The Nomination Committee held two (2) meetings during the Year with individual attendance as follows:

Members of Nomination Committee	Number of meeting(s) attended
Hon. Chan Hak Kan	2/2
Mr. Hung Cho Sing	2/2
Mr. Lam John Cheung-wah	2/2
Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William (Note 1)	1/2
Mr. Sam Hing Cheong (Note 2)	N/A
Ms. Wong Wan Men	2/2
Mr. Yu Chung Leung <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2

Notes:

- 1) Resigned as member on 1 July 2023; and
- 2) Appointed as member on 1 July 2023.

Appointments of new Directors are first considered by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee assessed the candidates on criteria such as integrity, independent mindedness, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out their duties and responsibilities effectively as well as the independent factors set out in the Listing Rules, etc., and made recommendation to the Board for approval. Thereafter, all Directors appointed to fill casual vacancy are subject to election by shareholders at the next annual general meeting after their appointment.

DIVERSITY OF THE BOARD AND WORKFORCE

The Company formulated the board diversity policy in August 2013 aiming at setting out the approach on diversity of the Board of the Company.

The Board recognizes the importance of having a diverse Board in enhancing the board effectiveness and corporate governance. A diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities, etc of Directors and does not discriminate on the ground of race, age, gender or religious belief. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately.

The Nomination Committee has responsibility for identifying and nominating for approval by the Board, candidates for appointment to the Board. It takes responsibility in assessing the appropriate mix of experience, expertise, skills and diversity required on the Board and assessing the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board and reviewing effectiveness of the Board.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing the board diversity policy and setting any measureable objectives from time to time, and reporting to the Board in relation to recommendations to improve Board diversity.

Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates to join the Board will be, in part, dependent on the pool of candidates with the necessary knowledge, experience, skills, educational background and other qualities. The final decision will be based on merit and contribution the chosen candidate will bring to the Board.

The Board considers that Board diversity, including gender diversity, to be achieved. The Board currently consists of individuals from a diverse background and have distinguished themselves in their field of expertise, and have exhibited high standards of personal and professional ethics and integrity.

The Board places emphasis on diversity (including gender diversity) across all levels of the Group. As at 31 December 2023, 57% of the total workforce were male employees and 43% were female employees. The Group when hiring employees considers a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, qualification, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and the Group will make sure achieving gender diversity across the workforce.

During the Year, the Board reviewed the works of the Nomination Committee and was satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's board diversity policy.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "**Model Code**") as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that in respect of the Year, all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

The Company has also established written guidelines regarding securities transaction on no less exacting than the terms of the Model Code for senior management and specific individual who may have access to inside information in relation to the securities of the Company.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited ("**Mazars**") provided professional services in respect of the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards for the Year.

Fee charged by Mazars in respect of audit service for the Year amounted to HK\$2,320,000. Non-audit services fees charged by Mazars and its associate firms were as follows:

HK\$'000
Professional services in connection with the environmental, social and
governance review 103
Professional services in connection with the interim review 338
Professional services in connection with the enterprise risk assessment 98
Professional services in connection with the interim control review 146
Professional services in connection with handling tax enquiry 164

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is committed to establish good corporate governance that ensures legal and regulatory compliance of the Company. The Board acknowledges that it has the overall responsibility for establishing and maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems, as well as reviewing their effectiveness, and evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks that the Company shall take in achieving its strategic objectives.

The risk management and internal control functions of the Company include the following elements:

- identify significant risks that may potentially impact the Company's performance;
- introduce appropriate controls to manage identified risks; and
- monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

The risk management and internal control systems of the Company is largely top-down, involving the Board, the Audit Committee, and key business units. These parties all play important roles in the system. Such systems are designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and aim to provide a reasonable, as opposed to an absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Risk assessment is performed annually to identify and evaluate significant risks of the Group and the results of which are reported to the Board for considering any risk mitigation actions and controls through the Audit Committee. Appropriate risk mitigation actions are being taken to manage and control individual risks identified.

The internal control system also includes control procedures implemented to ensure authorised access and the confidentiality of inside information. The Company has developed a disclosure policy which provides a guidance to the Directors, management and relevant employees of the Company in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries.

For the Year, the Company has engaged an external independent professional consultant to carry out the internal audit function. The consultant has conducted an annual review of and made recommendations to improve the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

Key issues in relation to financial, information technology, operational and compliance controls have been examined during the Year and discussed with the management, on which findings and recommendations for improvement have been provided to the Audit Committee. The Company will be carrying out these recommendations as appropriate, and ongoing review of the same will be conducted in subsequent years.

During the Year, the Board has reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting, and was satisfied with the results of the review.

Also, during the Year, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and was of the view that the risk management and internal control systems of the Group were effective and adequate. Such review covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue its operational existence for a foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

(a) Procedures for requisitioning a special general meeting

Shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company may, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company signed and deposited in accordance with the Bye-laws and Bermuda Companies Act 1981, require the Directors to call a special general meeting for the transaction of business specified in the requisition.

(b) Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders may, at their expense, provide a written request to the attention of the company secretary of the Company signed and deposited in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

(c) Communication with shareholders and investors

To ensure effective communication with shareholders and investors, the Company have formulated a shareholders' communication policy which is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

Shareholders are provided with detailed information about the Company in the announcement, annual/interim report and/or circular so that they can exercise their rights in an informed manner.

The Company uses a range of communication tools, such as the annual general meeting, the annual report, various notices, announcements and circulars, to ensure the Shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. Procedures for conducting a poll are explained by the chairman of the meeting at the general meetings of the Company held during the Year.

General meetings of the Company provide a direct forum of communication between Shareholders and the Board. Shareholders are welcome to put forward enquiries to the Board or the management thereat and the Chairman of the Board, or in his absence, an Executive Director of the Company, as well as chairmen of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, and where applicable, the Independent Board Committee, will commonly be present and available to answer questions and Shareholders may also contact the company secretary of the Company to direct their written enquiries.

The Company is committed to enhancing communications and relationships with its investors. Designated management maintains an open dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments.

At the 2023 Annual General Meeting, a resolution was proposed by the chairman of the meeting in respect of each separate issue itemised in the notice, including re-election of retiring Directors. The Chairman of the Board and certain members of all committees or their duly appointed delegates and representatives of Mazars attended the 2023 Annual General Meeting and answered questions from the Shareholders.

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the company secretary of the Company whose contact details are as follows:

Address: 25th Floor, China United Centre, 28 Marble Road, North Point, Hong Kong Fax: (852) 2704 2181 Email: info@oshidoriinternational.com

In addition, procedure for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company is available on the Company's website at www.oshidoriinternational.com. The above procedures are subject to the Bye-laws and applicable laws and regulations.

During the Year, the Board reviewed the corporate communication issued by the Company and was satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's shareholders' communication policy.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were no changes to the Company's Memorandum and Bye-laws during the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company intends to strike a balance between maintaining sufficient capital to develop and operate the business of the Group and rewarding the Shareholders. A dividend policy of the Company (the "**Dividend Policy**") had been adopted in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, among other things, the following factors:

- the Company's operating results;
- the liquidity position, the level of liquid ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants;
- the expected financial performance;
- the cash flow forecast based on expected working capital requirements, expected capital expenditure requirements and any future expansion plans;
- any restrictions on payment of dividend with reference to any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the Bye-laws; and
- any other factors that the Board may deem appropriate and relevant.

Any declaration and payment of dividend under the Dividend Policy are subject to Board's determination that the same would be in best interest of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particulars amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time. The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may exercise at its sole discretion to amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as appropriate.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN PREPARING AND REPORTING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to prepare the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the loss and cash flows of the Group for the Year. The statement of the auditor regarding reporting responsibility for the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 78 to 83.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Overview

This Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") Report (the "**Report**") of Oshidori International Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("**the Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "**Reporting Year**") covers environmental and social subject areas in accordance with the requirements of Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide stated in Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "**Listing Rules**") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). Corporate governance is addressed separately in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 30 to 45 of this Annual Report.

Scope of the Report

This Report endeavours to present a balanced representation of the Group's environmental and social performance and covers the main operations of the Group. The content of this Report is defined through a process to determine ESG management approach, strategy, priorities and objectives relating to the Group's operations, to describe our management, measurement and monitoring system employed to implement ESG strategy, and to disclose our key policies, compliance with relevant laws and regulations, our performance, and key performance indicators ("**KPIs**").

Reporting Standard

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing Rules, including materiality, quantification, and consistency. The two ESG subject areas, namely environmental and social, are disclosed separately, highlighting the impacts of the operations of the Group in Hong Kong from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

Materiality

The materiality and relevance of the ESG related issues are carefully evaluated by the Group and the opinions of its stakeholders, such that the identified material ESG issues are validated and reported according to the stakeholder's concern.

Quantitative

The KPIs disclosed in this Report are supported by quantitative data and measurable standards. All applicable statistics, calculation tools, methodologies, reference materials and sources of conversion factor used are disclosed when presenting the emission data.

Consistency

To facilitate the comparison of ESG performance between years, consistent reporting and calculation methods are adopted as far as reasonable, any significant changes in methodologies are also detailed in relevant sections. The intensities in the Report were calculated based on the number of employees of the Group.

Approved by the Board of Directors

The board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**") has overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting. The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the Group's ESG-related risks, and ensuring that appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place. This Report was approved by the Board on 28 March 2024.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SUBJECT AREAS OF THE GROUP

About the Group

The Group principally engages in investment holdings, tactical and/or strategical investments (including property investments), provisions of financial services including the Securities and Futures Commission regulated activities namely Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities), Type 6 (advising on corporate finance), Type 8 (securities margin financing), Type 9 (asset management); and provision of credit and lending services regulated under the Money Lenders Ordinance. Particulars of the Group's principal entities are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Strategies

Environmental and social responsibilities are viewed as the Group's core commitment to environment, internal workplace, and external community, and an integral part of the Group's practice to create value for stakeholders. Our strategy is to fulfil the Group's environmental and social responsibilities through achieving environmental and social objectives during daily operations.

Objectives

The Group integrates environmental and social considerations into the Group's business objectives to achieve:

Environmental objectives:

- Add environmentally friendly elements to our daily service and operation activities;
- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
- Use energy and resources efficiently; and
- Continuously improve waste management.

Social objectives:

- Respect employees' rights and promote an equal opportunity workplace;
- Commit to occupational safety and health, and provide a safe and healthy workplace;
- Commit to ethical business practices, and build integrity within the workplace; and
- Promote community participation.

Approach

Monitored by the Board, the Group is executing its environmental and social strategy and achieving its related objectives through a series of actions and commitments:

- Embed environmental and social objectives into business processes including decision making process;
- Establish and document environmental and social policies for management and staff members to follow;
- Comply with environmental and social laws and regulations;
- Report our performance on a balanced picture;
- Disclose KPIs as measurement of actual results;
- Ensure appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place; and
- Practise corporate citizenship in things we do.

Environmental and social management system comprises:

- The direction from the Board to fulfil the ESG responsibilities;
- Daily execution of environmental and social strategy and achieving its objectives by senior management;
- Performance and achievements done by employees in accordance with the Group's environmental and social policies;
- Compliance with environmental and social laws and regulations;
- Review and monitoring of ESG risks management and internal control systems by the Board; and
- Reporting and disclosure of our performance and KPIs.

Measures for the achievement of environmental and social objectives are:

- Environmental policies;
- Social policies;
- Checklists for the compliance with applicable environmental and social laws and regulations;
- Requiring documentation for the performance and accomplishment of environmental and social related activities or matters; and
- Data collection, calculation, and disclosure of KPIs.

The implementation of environmental and social strategies, management of environmental activities, and measurement of achieving environmental and social objectives are monitored by dedicated managerial staff members and finally by the board for its overall ESG responsibility.

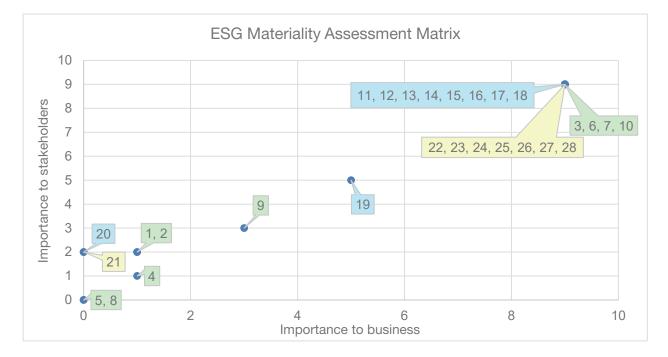
Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement is a key success factor in formulating our environmental and social strategy, defining our objectives, assessing materiality, and establishing policies. Our key stakeholders include customers, suppliers or service providers, employees, management, and shareholders. The Group has communicated with stakeholders to understand their views and respond to their needs and expectations, evaluated and prioritised their inputs to improve our performance, and finally strived to provide value to our stakeholders, community and the public as a whole.

Stakeholders	Probable issues of concern	Communication and responses
HKEx	Compliance with Listing Rules, timely and accurate announcements.	Meetings, training, roadshows, workshops, programs, website updates and announcements.
Government	Compliance with laws and regulations, prevention of tax evasion, and social welfare.	Interaction and visits, government inspections, tax returns and other information.
Suppliers/Service providers	Payment schedule, stable demand.	Meetings.
Shareholders/ Investors	Corporate governance system, business strategies and performance, and investment returns.	Organizing and participating in seminars, interviews, shareholders' meetings, issue of financial reports and/or operation reports for investors, media and analysts.
Media & Public	Corporate governance, environmental protection, and human right.	Issue of newsletters on the Company's website.
Customers	Service quality, reasonable prices, service value, labour protection and work safety.	Site visits, and customer services.
Employees	Rights and benefits, employee compensation, training and development, work hours, and working environment.	Union activities, trainings, interviews for employees, employee handbooks, internal memos, employee suggestion boxes.
Community	Community environment, employment and community development, and social welfare	Community activities, employee voluntary activities, community welfare subsidies and charitable donations

Materiality

During the Reporting Year, the Group has undertaken its materiality assessment exercise. This involved conducting surveys with internal and external stakeholders including the management and employees to identify the most significant operating, environmental and social impacts towards the Group's business. With reference to the reporting scope and the consideration towards the corporate business characteristics, the Group has identified related material topics and is detailed in the following diagram:



No. ESG Topics

Environmental Issues

- 1 Greenhouse gas emission/ global warming
- 2 Exhaust air emission
- 3 Energy consumption
- 4 Water consumption
- 5 Hazardous waste/sewage
- 6 Non-hazardous waste/ sewage
- 7 Paper consumption
- 8 Forest damage caused by improper logging
- 9 Use of raw materials and packaging
- 10 Compliance with environmental laws and regulations

No. ESG Topics

Social Issues

- 11 Anti-COVID 19 epidemic/ public health crisis
- 12 Employee rights and welfare
- 13 Inclusion, equal opportunities and anti-discrimination
- 14 Talent attraction and retention
- 15 Occupational health and safety
- 16 Training and development
- 17 Preventive measures for child and forced labour
- 18 Environmental protection
- 19 Community investment and engagement
- 20 Labour standards in supply chain

No. ESG Topics

Operational Issues

- 21 Supply chain management
- 22 Customers' satisfaction
- 23 Customers' privacy
- 24 Product/services quality
- 25 Economic performance
- 26 Operational compliance
- 27 Corporate governance
- 28 Anti-corruption

Based on the stakeholder engagement, the Group has identified, the material ESG topics covering issues from the environmental, social and operational aspects. In particular, more importance has been put towards operational issues and social issues that are most related to the Group's business which concerns its employment particulars and its services provided to customers. The results of materiality assessment prioritised stakeholders input and made us focused on the material aspects for actions, achievements, and reporting. The Group presents below the relevant and required disclosure.

Going on, the Group will maintain communication with various stakeholders and collect respective opinions through different channels more extensively for making substantive analysis. At the same time, the Group will also revise the reporting principles of materiality, quantification, and consistency in order to better align with the expectations of stakeholders and reporting requirements regarding the content of the ESG Report and presentation of the information when necessary.

Board Statement

The Group understands the importance of efficient ESG governance to corporate sustainability. Therefore, the Group has developed an ESG management framework to ensure the effective implementation of relevant ESG policies in its operations. The Board is primarily responsible for supervising ESG governance matters of the Group. For instance, determining the Group's ESG approach, managing ESG related risks, as well as supervising the management and relevant departments in stipulating relevant policies with appropriate measures. The Board also requires the management of the Group to report ESG-related matters and provide follow-up developments in a timely manner, such as when ESG performance indicators deviate significantly from pre-set targets, serious ESG incidents, and changes in regulatory requirements.

The Board is responsible for:

- appointing key personnel in charge of the Group's ESG matters;
- approving ESG strategies, action plans and targets;
- approving the resources required to implement ESG-related measures;
- reviewing and monitoring of ESG risks management and internal control systems;
- monitoring the progress and performance of ESG strategies; and
- reviewing and approving the annual ESG reports.

The Management is responsible for:

- identifying and assessing ESG-related risks and opportunities and report to the Board;
- developing ESG strategies, action plans, targets and arranging works accordingly;
- ensuring appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place;
- reporting to the Board on the progress and performance of ESG work; and
- reviewing and submitting annual ESG report to the Board for approval.

Functional departments are responsible for:

- coordinate and implement specific ESG policies and measures;
- report to the management on ESG work regularly;
- collecting information and data in relation to ESG performance of the Group; and
- preparing annual ESG reports and reporting to the management.

The Board will continue to observe the ESG-related work and keep up on the latest ESG disclosure requirements of the Stock Exchange. The Board will also ensure close collaboration between all departments to achieve the goal of operational compliance, shoulder on social responsibility and develop clearer ESG objectives and targets for the Group in the future in order to strive for better performances and better align with stakeholders' expectations.

GENERAL DISCLOSURE AND KPIs

A. Environmental

The Group recognises the importance of setting up a practice to protect the natural environment for the benefit of humans and pursue sustainable development. The Group is committed to put effort in reducing the environmental impacts from our operation and setting back the degradation of the biophysical environment.

Aspect A1: Emissions

Emissions refer to the amount of substances that is produced and sent out to the air that is harmful to the environment. It includes air and greenhouse gas emissions produced from gaseous fuel consumption, fuel consumption by vehicles, energy consumption and all other upstream and downstream activities. Emissions disclosed as KPIs are calculated based on the consumption data collected and applicable emission factors.

Air and Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Air emissions include nitrogen oxide ("**NOx**'), sulfur oxide ("**SOx**"), particulate matter ("**PM**") and other pollutants regulated under national laws and regulations. On the other hand, greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide ("**CO**₂"), methane ("**CH**₄"), nitrous oxide ("**N**₂**O**"), hydrofluorocarbons ("**HFCs**"), perfluorocarbons ("**PFCs**") and sulphur hexafluoride ("**SF**₆").

- Air and Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Production

In view of the Group's business nature, there were no air and greenhouse gas emissions from production.

- Air Emissions from Vehicles and Yachts

The Group believes that green transportation brings different benefits, which include the reduction of transportation costs, as well as the reduction of energy consumption and pollution. As such, the Group encourages optimising transportation routes, high filling rate or carpooling and proper tire pressure to achieve higher efficiency of vehicles.

The Group also reminds employees to consider the environmental impact accustomed to their commuting decisions to reduce air and greenhouse emissions. Employees are encouraged to take public transportation as often as possible and avoid excessive idling of automobile.

KPI A1.1 Emissions from vehicles

During the Reporting Year, the total air emissions of the Group from vehicles usage was approximately 2,155g¹ (2022: 2,247g), with a decrease of approximately 4% due to the decreased usage of vehicles owned by the Group during the year. The corresponding air emission intensity was approximately 74g per employee.

Types of pollutant	2022 (g)	2023 (g)	Variance
NOx	2,026	1,941	↓4%
SOx	75	74	↓1%
Particulate Matter ("PM")	145	141	↓3%
Total Air Emissions	2,247	2,155	↓4%

- Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Scope category

KPI A1.2 Greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions in total

During the Reporting Year, the total GHG emissions of the Group accounted to approximately 63 tonnes (2022: 70 tonnes), with a GHG emissions intensity of 2.7 tonnes (2022: 2.4 tonnes) per employee. There is a slightly decrease of greenhouse gas emissions was mainly due to decrease of Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) usage for stationary combustion in the entity owned by the Group during the Reporting Year. The respective emission data of Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 are disclosed as follows.

The travelling distance is estimated based on the units of fuel consumed by vehicles using the "Transport – Energy Utilization Index" issued by Electrical and Mechanical Services Department at https://ecib.emsd.gov. hk/index.php/hk/energy-utilisation-index-hk/transport-sector-hk.

Scope 1 Direct Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Stationary and Mobile Combustion

The total Scope 1 GHG emissions of the Group was approximately 13.84 tonnes (2022: 14.45 tonnes), with a decrease of approximately 4% due to the decreased usage of LPG for stationary combustion during the Reporting Year.

KPI A1.2 Scope 1 – Direct emissions from operations that are owned or controlled by the Group

Main categories of Scope 1 emissions: GHG emissions from stationary and mobile combustion sources:

Types of greenhouse gas	2022 (tonnes)	2023 (tonnes)	Variance
Carbon Dioxide ("CO ₂ ")	12.92	12.34	↓ 4%
Methane ("CH ₄ ")	0.04	0.04	-
Nitrous Oxide ("N ₂ O")	1.5	1.47	↓2%
Total Scope 1 GHG emissions	14.45	13.84	↓ 4%

- Scope 2 Indirect Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Electricity Consumption

Electricity consumption of the Group is a major part of its greenhouse gas emissions, of which it accounted for 70% of its total. During the Reporting Year, the total Scope 2 GHG emissions of the Group was approximately 46.16 tonnes (2022: 48.89 tonnes), which slightly decreased compared with last year.

KPI A1.2 Scope 2 – Energy indirect emissions resulting from the generation of purchase or acquired electricity, heating, cooling and steam consumed within the Group

Main sources of Scope 2 emissions: Electricity purchased from power companies:

Types of emissions	2022 (tonnes)	2023 (tonnes)	Variance
CO ₂ equivalent emission	48.89	46.16	↓6%
Total Scope 2 GHG emissions	48.89	46.16	↓6%

Scope 3 Indirect Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Paper Waste Disposed at Landfills and Business Travel by Employees

During the Reporting Year, the total Scope 3 GHG emissions of the Group was approximately 2.64 tonnes (2022: 6.84 tonnes), with a decrease of approximately 61% due to the decreased paper usage by the Group.

KPI A1.2 Scope 3 – All other indirect emissions that occur outside the Group, including both upstream and downstream emissions

Activities from which indirect GHG emissions arise:

Types of emissions	2022 (tonnes)	2023 (tonnes)	Variance
CO ₂ equivalent emission of Paper Waste disposed at Landfills	6.84	2.64	↓61%
CO ₂ equivalent emission of Business Air Travel by Employees	-	-	_
Total Scope 3 GHG emissions	6.84	2.64	↓ 61%

In order to address the indirect emissions relating to paper waste disposed at landfills, the Group encourages employees to maximize the adoption of digital technology such as emails and digital data storage devices to reduce paper consumption. Aside from printing on both sides of a sheet of paper and avoiding unnecessary printing or photocopying, the use of paper is also optimized with the adjustment of space efficient formats of documents. Recycling boxes are also placed near the photocopiers to collect single-sided paper for reuse and used double-sided paper for recycling.

To reduce paper usage, the Group has incorporated the "3Rs" principles (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) into our business activities. The Group aimed to establish a paperless office by using electronic administrative platforms and communication channels to both our staff and customers whenever possible.

On the other hand, the Group constantly reminds employees to consider the environmental impact of their commuting decisions to reduce air and greenhouse gas emissions. Employees are encouraged to take public transportation as often as possible. The Group recognises the severity of indirect greenhouse gas emissions from business travel by employees, and requires employees to utilise teleconference and zoom meetings instead of overseas meetings to reduce the carbon footprint of business travel.

Discharges into Water and Land

The Group requires that discharges, if any, into waterways and land must comply with relevant laws and regulations.

Generation of Hazardous Waste and Non-Hazardous Waste

The internal guidance of the Group encourages employees to handle office waste generated in a proper and environmentally friendly manner.

- Hazardous Waste

Hazardous wastes are those defined by national regulations. There was no significant hazardous waste generated in view of the Group's business nature.

KPI A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced and intensity

There was no significant hazardous waste generated in view of the Group's business nature.

- Non-Hazardous Waste

The Group promotes waste reduction practices including waste reduction at source, reuse, clean recycling, recover and reduction of disposal at landfills. Employees are encouraged to purchase supplies or equipment with a longer life-span while recycling bins are installed to collect the recyclables, such as waste paper, glass or aluminum bottles, metal, and plastics etc., and consequently arranging for recyclers to collect recyclables.

During the Reporting Year, the total non-hazardous waste produced of the Group was approximately 0.55 tonnes (2022: 1.43 tonnes), with a decrease of approximately 62% due to the decreased paper usage by the Group. The corresponding non-hazardous waste intensity was 0.02 tonnes (2022: 0.05 tonnes) per employee.

KPI A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced and the intensity

Types of emissions	2022 (tonnes)	2023 (tonnes)	Variance
Non-hazardous waste produced – Landfill	1.43	0.55	↓ 62%
Non-hazardous waste intensity	0.05	0.02	↓ 60%
(Tonnes/per employee)			

KPI A1.5 Description of emission target(s) set and results achieved

In accordance with the policies stated above for the reduction of air and greenhouse gas emissions from vehicles, the Group has also adopted the following measures to further mitigate corresponding emissions. The Group limits the number of its owned vehicles, the frequency of employees not to take public transportation for local business commuting, as well as the volume of employee business travel for having a better control over the Group's emission performance.

Considered that the emission is highly subjected to the operation of the Group's, fluctuations in emission may be resulted in response to the changes in the Group's business growth and performance. Nonetheless, the Group aims to persistently ensure the implementations of the above-mentioned environmental policies and measures while also trying to maintain its emission with the emission of the Reporting Year or a growth rate to a level below its business growth as far as possible to strive for better performance in the future.

KPI A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction target(s) set and results achieved

Non-hazardous wastes are preferred to be recycled, otherwise, they are sent to the landfill. In accordance with the policies stated above for the reduction of non-hazardous wastes, the Group has also adopted the following measures to reduce the wastes produced. The Group strived to limit the generation of commercial wastes by employees by controlling paper wastes and the volume of non-hazardous waste going directly to the landfill without recycling.

The production of non-hazardous waste has decreased in the Reporting Year. This positive outcome can be attributed to the effective measures the Group has implemented to minimize excessive paper waste. As a result, the Group is confident that these measures have been adequate in responsibly managing the non-hazardous waste generated throughout the year, which concluded during the year.

Given that the waste produced is highly subjected to the operation of the Group, fluctuations may be resulted in response to the Group's business development needs. Nevertheless, the Group targets to continue ensuring its implementations of various policies and measures regarding efficient use of resources as needed to strive for better environmental performances, for instance, to limit its waste production and maintain the level of waste generation in the Reporting Year as far as possible in the future.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations that have a Significant Impact on the Group

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances in relation to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Aspect A2: Use of Resources

The Group recognises that efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials in production, storage, transportation, buildings, and electronic equipment, etc., is one of the significant aspects to protecting the environment by saving finite resources.

Efficient Use of Energy

The Group has established policies and procedures to ensure the efficient use of energy. For instance, reducing energy consumption in the facility, assessing the energy efficiency, increasing the use of clean energy as far as possible, setting applicable targets to monitor energy consumption, and ensuring the power is turned off when electrical appliances are not in use.

Electricity is the primary resource consumed by the Group in its daily operations. In order to reduce such consumption, the Group has established a policy to monitor the use of energy, promote the procurement of energy efficient equipment (such as appliances with Grade 1 Energy Label), and require our colleagues to adopt green office practices. Various electricity-saving policies have been established to reduce the electricity consumption by the Group. Air conditioning is required to be set no lower than 25° C. Windows and doors are ensured to be closed when the air-conditioning is turned on, and it is required to turn off the air-conditioning after office hours or after the usage of meeting rooms. The Group has also installed energy-efficient lighting to further reduce its electricity consumption.

During the Reporting Year, the total energy consumed by the Group was attributed from the non-renewable fuel consumption and the electricity purchased for consumption. The total energy consumed by the Group accounted to approximately 115 kWh (2022: 120 kWh) in '000s with an intensity of 5 kWh (2022: 4 kWh) in '000s per employee. The non-renewable fuel consumed decreased by 4% from 52 kWh in '000s to 50 kWh in '000s as per the decreased usage of vehicles owned by the Group and the stationary combustion from the entity owned by the Group during the Year. On the other hand, the electricity purchased for consumption is similar to last year. A detail breakdown is illustrated as follows:

Energy consumption by type	2022 (kWh in '000s)	2023 (kWh in '000s)	Variance
Non-renewable fuel consumed	52	50	↓ 4%
Electricity purchased for consumption	69	65	↓6%
Total energy consumed	120	115	↓5%
Total energy consumption intensity	4	5	-
(kWh in '000s/per employee)			

KPI A2.1 Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity

Water Consumption

Similar to energy consumption, the Group also facilitates the reduction of unnecessary water consumption for preserving the finite freshwater resource. The Group requires its employees to reduce water consumption in the offices and encourages water-saving practices, such as fully empty any containers before washing, turn off water taps promptly, have regular checks of faucets and pipes in case of leakages, and to adopt water-saving appliances.

Given that the Group operates in the leased office premises, both the water supply and discharge are solely controlled by the building management. Therefore, the provision of water withdrawal and discharge data or sub-meter for individual occupants are not feasible.

KPI A2.2 Water Consumption in total and intensity

As aforementioned, the data for water usage of the Group is not available as it is under the building management of the leased offices where the Group operates, therefore the Group is unable to provide the total water consumption and intensity of the Reporting Year.

KPI A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency targets set and results achieved

Energy consumption has a direct effect on the environmental footprint of the Group, its operational costs, and exposure to certain risks (e.g. fluctuations in energy supply and prices), and the Group endeavours to reduce unnecessary electricity consumption for lowering its accompanying carbon footprints. With the above-stated policies and measures specific to managing energy use, the total energy consumption of the Group has decreased by approximately 4%, and its non-renewable fuel consumption decreased by 4% comparing to the previous year. The decrease is mainly due to decrease of electricity usage. The Group still considers the adopted policies and practices were efficient for achieving energy efficiency for the year ended 31 December 2023.

While the energy consumption is highly subjected to the business development needs of the Group, the Group abides by the principle to avoid unnecessary wastages. Moving forward, the Group aims to continue its implementations of policies and measures related to maximizing energy-efficiency for avoiding unnecessary electricity and fuel usages. The Group will also keep managing and monitoring the growth of its energy consumption and to strive for better performances as far as possible to minimize the environmental footprints in the future. More environmental objectives and measures may be stipulated as needed to fit for the Group's vision in managing its energy use efficiency performances when necessary.

KPI A2.4 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency targets set and results achieved

Since the water supply is managed by the Government, there was no water supply issue identified for the Reporting Year.

Nonetheless, the Group stressed on the necessity in conserving water as much as possible, and related practices and measures are enforced in its daily operations. The Group's ability to use water efficiently can be revealed by its commitment and the above-stated measures for reducing its water consumption. The Group's policies and measures specific to water use have been stated above. The Group considers the adopted policies and measures were adequate to achieve water efficiency for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Efficient Use of Raw Material and Packaging Material

There is no significant raw material or packaging material waste was generated in view of the Group's business nature.

KPI A2.5 Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced

As abovementioned, the Group's business nature does not involve using packaging materials, therefore no material record of use of raw material and disposal of packaging materials are noted during the Reporting Year.

Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group is committed to reducing the consumption of natural resources and its operation impacts on the environment. Related policies are established to consider the actual impacts on the environment and the consumption of natural resources, thus aiming to reduce such impacts. The Group encourages environmental education and advocacy among employees to foster environmentally responsible behaviours which helps to fulfil the Group's commitment to minimising its adverse impacts on the environment, for instance avoid wastages and unmindful consumption of resources.

KPI A3.1 Description of significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them

We understand that our performance in respect of emissions, waste production and disposal, and the use of resources impacts the environment. In response, the Group endeavours to minimise such impacts, and ensure to communicate our environmental policies, measures, performance, and achievements to our stakeholders.

No significant impacts on the environment and natural resources were resulted in view of the Group's business nature. Policies and/or measures adopted in the year ended 31 December 2023 specific to managing potential impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources are mentioned above.

Aspect A4: Climate Change

The Group recognizes climate change as one of the greatest issues confronting humanity at the present time. It is vital for us to understand our corporate role in addressing climate change threats, which could impact the Group in terms of its business profitability and its business resilience in a long run. As such, the Group adopts a proactive and forward-thinking approach in the assessment of our vulnerability to climate risks, and integrate such considerations into its strategic business planning. The Group shares the responsibilities to reduce emissions and relieve the impact from climate change.

KPI A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the Group, and the actions taken to manage them

To cope with the intensified threat of climate change, the Group has assessed the potential climate-related risks that may arise to its business operations. These risks mainly stem from the following dimensions:

Physical Risks

Although the Group has minimal direct impact from the environment given its primary business focuses on financial services, the Group is still influenced by both acute and chronic risk from climate change. Hence, it is essential for the Group to assess our vulnerability to potential extreme weather conditions faced by our city, no matter whether it is rainstorm, thunder, typhoon, fire or flood. In this regard, the Group has provided trainings and drills to enhance employees' awareness and ability to cope with potential disasters when faced with extreme weather conditions for ensuring the safety for our employees and preventing potential loss of assets.

Transition Risks

As policy changes are expected upon the urge of climate change towards the shift into a lower-carbon economy, new regulations are soon expected in many countries and jurisdictions. Climate-related issues such as risks in regulatory changes may lead to the devaluation of assets held by the Group. These potential stranded assets may be energy related, which could lead to unpredicted fluctuation in the Group's value. As such, the Group is more vigilant in considering investment choices to the Group's portfolio, and will take into more careful considerations for climate risks. Our climate change policy also contains guidance to climate risks identification, mitigation and adaptation to help build resilience to potential climate events.

Reputational Risks

While extreme weather events may disrupt our operations or affect the value of our investments, the involvement in certain industries associated with climate change may also pose reputational risk to the Group. Given the extensive impacts of climate change, the strategy of the Group leverages on the depth of its expertise and insights to climate-related opportunities and to manage climate risk. In addition to managing risk across our client activities, the Group continues to adopt best practices to reduce its own carbon footprint and integrate resiliency into its business operations.

B. Social

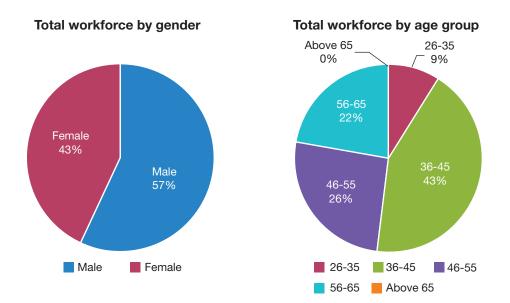
The Group strives to fulfil its social responsibilities as a corporate citizen of communities. The Group endeavours to establish harmonious relationship with our employees, customers, suppliers, and the communities. The Group cares about the well-being and the development of employees for ensuring high standard of service responsibility, enhancing transparent relationship with external parties, including customers, as well as contributing to our community development.

Employment and Labour Practices Aspect B1: Employment

Employees are important assets to the Group and its success, in which efforts has been put to provide a harmonious and safe working environment in order to stimulate mutual growth of both the Group and its employees.

KPI B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographic region

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has a total number of 23 employees, all of which were full-time employees from Hong Kong in different age groups, with 57% were male employees and 43% were female employees.



The Group has established employment policies, including compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. Given the effort of the Group in providing a well-rounded welfare and a harmonious working environment, more than half of our employees have worked for the Group for over 3 years.

Compensation and Dismissal

The Group offers competitive remuneration to attract and retain talented staff members. Remuneration packages are reviewed periodically to ensure consistency with employment market. Laws and regulations on minimum wage and statutory social benefits are required to be followed. Dismissal is required to comply with employment laws and regulations, and to follow the internal policies and procedures, including policy on prevention of dismissal purely on employees' gender, marital status, disability, age or family status.

A share option scheme and a share award scheme were adopted for a purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees to attract, retain and motivate eligible employees whose present and potential contributions are important to the success of the Group by offering them an opportunity to participate in the Group's future performance through the grant of share options.

Talent Retention

KPI B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographic region

As the Group only operates in Hong Kong, the Group maintained a monthly turnover rate of 1.94% during the Reporting Year, a detail breakdown is provided in the following table:

Employment Turnover	Percentage in 2023
By Gender	
Male	2.31%
Female	1.39%
By Age Group	
18 – 25	-
26 – 35	4.17%
36 – 45	0.76%
46 – 55	2.08%
56 – 65	1.39%
Above 65	-

The Group cherishes every single employee and strives to enforce the strong bond and trust with them. Going on, the Group will continue to create a harmonious working environment for further promoting employee engagement and retention.

Recruitment and Promotion

The Group attracts talent through fair, flexible and transparent recruitment strategy. Recruitment process includes application for recruitment, description of position, collection of job applications, interview, selection, approval, and job offering. Year-end bonuses and promotion opportunities are also provided to staff according to their individual and the Group's performance.

Working Hours, Rest Periods, Benefits and Welfare

Employees' working hours, rest periods, benefits and welfare, including mandatory provident fund, are required to be in compliance with employment or labour laws and regulations. Medical insurance is offered to our employees with reference to prevailing market practices.

Equal Opportunities, Diversity and Anti-discrimination

The Group is an equal opportunity employer. The Group endeavours to provide a fair workplace for employees and follow the principles of equality and non-discrimination. Recruitment, remuneration, promotion, and benefits are handled based on objective assessment, equal opportunity and non-discrimination regardless of gender, race, or other measures of diversity.

We respect every employee and embrace diversity of our workforce. The Group ensures equality during our recruitment, performance evaluation and promotion processes. Any kinds of discrimination, regardless of age, disability, sex, religion, race, pregnancy, and family status, are strictly prohibited in the Group.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations that Have a Significant Impact on the Group

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances in relation to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

Aspect B2: Health and Safety

The Group is committed to maintaining a healthy and safe workplace for employees, and to preventing workplace injuries and illnesses. The Group upholds the principle that ensuring occupational health and safety is a solemn commitment to its employees in addition to embarking the responsibility in corporate culture.

KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year

In the Reporting Year, there were no cases of work injury and fatalities (2022: nil; 2021: nil) reported in the Group.

KPI B2.2 Lost days due to work injury

With reference to the above-mentioned, there was no equivalent number of lost days due to work injury during the Reporting Year.

KPI B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored

Providing a Safe Working Environment

The Group requires entities to establish and document policies and procedures on safety for employees to follow, set targets for the safety of employees, monitor the safety performance against the targets periodically, and report any safety incidents to the management.

The Group is committed to maintaining a safe and hygienic workplace by regularly monitoring the physical conditions of its office and branches including the cleanliness, indoor air quality, pest controls, security, fire precautions etc.

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has strengthened safety inspections, disinfection and cleaning of its office. Mandatory body temperature check before entering the office is required. The Group also requests staff to wear surgical masks at the workplace and maintain personal hygiene at all times. Those who have developed respiratory symptoms shall be refrained from working and will be asked to seek medical advice promptly.

Protecting Employees from Occupational Hazards

The management is responsible for keeping up with the latest health and safety legislation and standardize the assessment to risks for meeting the legal requirements for the Group's operation. Annual on-site social compliance risk assessments are conducted and guidance and instructions on health and safety and fire safety are provided to employees to minimize the potential of occupational hazards from occurring.

One of the key factors for success in protecting employees from occupational hazards is to train employees to protect themselves from psychological and physical hazards. The Group encourages such training to be delivered to employees. In addition, the Group has a comprehensive insurance plan in place providing medical benefits for all staff and covering accidents occurring in our premises. Health and safety incidents are reported to the management and are promptly dealt with.

Work-life Balance

The Group supports employees to enjoy leisure and sports activities outside of workplace, in which sports and wellness programmes are organized from time to time to encourage employees in adopting a healthy lifestyle. The Group is committed to providing a family-friendly working environment and work-life balance to our employees.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations that have a Significant Impact on the Group

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances in relation to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to promote occupational health and safety to employees and will avoid any work-related injuries or accidents by all means.

Aspect B3: Development and Training

The Group is committed to providing adequate training to our employees to improve their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Training includes vocational training courses provided internally or externally.

Employee Development

The Group requires employees to attend internal and external training course including employee continuing education to improve employees' knowledge and skills for their job positions.

Training Activities

Training and development courses are offered throughout the Group to all employees to upgrade their skills and knowledge. Training programs of the Group are specifically tailored to the needs of different job functions to strengthen the skills and abilities of our employees, varying from technical training to on-job trainings depending on the employee's function. For professional employees, external trainings are encouraged covering topics including but not limited to updates on rules and regulations, technical knowledge, management skills to customer services standards. Other employees such as administrative employees will be provided with on-job trainings including coaching by supervisors, job rotation and shadowing, to maintain and enhance our work quality. The Group also encourage its staff to discuss their learning plans with their supervisors during their performance evaluation process and the Group also provides financial subsidies for employees to attend external training courses, where appropriate.

In daily operation, the Group provides induction training for new employees, experienced employees act as mentors to guide newcomers. The Group believes such arrangement can be the best practice to facilitate communication and team spirit, as well as to improve technical skills and managerial capability and encourage learning and further development of employees at all levels.

The Group will continue to intensify its efforts to promote staff training programs which the Group believes that by means of offering comprehensive training opportunities, it could help provide the necessary protection for talent reserves for corporate development. The Group will continue to evaluate the training needs of its employees to ensure that employees are offered suitable and appropriate training according to their job nature and position.

KPI B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee function

During the Reporting Year, there were 38 external training sessions attended by 4 participants with a total of 106.25 hours of training. The percentage of trained employees by employment functions of Managerial, Professional, and General and Technical² are 75%, 25% and 0%, while the percentage of trained employees by gender is 50% for male and 50% for female respectively.

²

General and technical refers administrative assistant, assistant accountant, driver, personal assistant.

KPI B3.2 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee function

The average training hours of trained employee was approximately 26.56 hours per employee. The average training hours completed per employee by gender is around 0.82 hours and 7.69 hours for male and female respectively, while the average training hours completed by employee function is around 28.92 hours, 19.50 hours and 0 hour for Managerial, Professional, and General and Technical respectively. Going on, the Group will continue to encourage all levels of employees to attend sufficient trainings in ensuring job duties' expectations are well delivered while reinforcing employees' capabilities and knowledge concurrently.

Aspect B4: Labour Standards

The Group is committed to avoiding child and forced labour in the workplace.

Preventing Child and Forced Labour

The Group strictly prohibits child labour. It requires the human resource department and user departments to work together to prevent or identify child labour, and to ensure child labour is not in the workforce.

KPI B4.1 Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour

The human resources department is responsible to establish complete procedures for employment and recruitment in order to prevent the employment of child labour. In addition, the Group organizes employee representatives to sign collective contracts with the company that stipulate the working hours, working intensity, vacation and welfare for the employees to protect their rights and interests, and ensuring the headquarters and all its subsidiaries recruit employees in accordance with the management rules, and comply with international laws and the labour law of Hong Kong.

KPI B4.2 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered

The Group is committed to protecting human rights, to prohibiting forced labours, and to creating a workplace with respect, fairness, and free will for our employees. In case of any suspicious cases, the matters will be discussed with utmost seriousness and will be solved properly in case of any confirmed illegal cases.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations that Have a Significant Impact on the Group

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances in relation to child and forced labour.

Operating Practices

Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management

Supply chain management is crucial to business operations for allowing businesses to better compete with better performances. The Group requires impartial selection of suppliers and service providers, maximisation of competition in tendering process, approval of contract terms, compliance with laws and regulations, prevention and detection of bribery or fraud in the tendering and procurement process, and accomplishment of efficiency and cost saving in procurement. The contracting for procurement of products and services is required to be based solely upon specification, quality, service, price, tendering, and applicable environmental and social considerations.

KPI B5.1 Number of suppliers by geographical region

Due to the engaged local suppliers primarily support the basic operation of the Group's office operation, such as providing office supplies and other daily necessities, it is considered immaterial to the Group's business nature and operation. Therefore, there is no material record of suppliers noted during the Reporting Year.

KPI B5.2 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored

The Group encourages the suppliers to pursue continuous improvement and adopt best practice so that they too can be sustainable. When engaging suppliers, the procurement department ensures that the Group's expectations in terms of legal compliance, respect for people, ethics and business conduct, and environmental stewardship with suppliers are well communicated throughout the process.

KPI B5.3 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored

The Group understands that supply chain management is essential in managing and overlooking environmental and social risks along the supply chain. The Group requires suppliers to provide products and services with up-to-standard quality, health and safety to ensure compliance with environmental laws and regulations, and labour standards. Our suppliers are also required to strictly comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

KPI B5.4 Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored

The Group established supply chain management policies and procedures, including assessment, selection, approval, procurement, and monitoring. The Group also considers suppliers' ESG performance as well as related qualifications including ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001. In addition, the Group regularly evaluates suppliers' performance and requires suppliers to make remedial measures upon unsatisfactory performance. The Group even terminates the business relationship if suppliers fail to meet our quality standards.

Aspect B6: Product Responsibility

Product responsibility refers to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to the services provided.

Health and Safety

The Group is fully responsible for its corresponding services, in which the Group ensures health and safety relating to our services provided. The Group strictly follows the internal policies and regulatory requirements when delivering our services and regularly review our services quality and seek customer feedback to identify areas of improvement. Apart from complying with regulations relating to custody of customer assets, the Group strives to protect its clients' assets by adopting adequate controls such as maintaining designated trust accounts to manage customers' funds, which are audited regularly by independent accountants.

KPI B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons

Given the Group's business nature, no products sold or shipped were recalled due to safety and health reasons.

KPI B6.2 Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no complaints received. The Group has an established mechanism for handling complaints in case of such events occurrence, in which they will be reported directly to the management and will be handled by the management for resolving related matters.

Advertising

The Group respects our customers' rights and is committed to providing accurate service information for customers in connection with their purchase decision. The Group requires careful review of advertising material to protect customers' interest.

Labelling

The Group requires that labelling is accurate, legitimate, clear, and not misleading, and intellectual property rights are protected. In our daily operations, the Group explains to its customers the underlying risks derived from our financial products and facilitates their financial decision-making process. the Group ensures that the information and marketing materials it provided do not contain any misleading content, and perform preventive measures, including implementation of "Know-Your-Customers" procedures, to protect customers' interests more effectively.

KPI B6.3 Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights

The Group respects the intellectual property rights of others and endeavours to comply with all applicable laws regarding intellectual property. The Group ensures that all our employees do not infringe upon any third-party copyrights, and disciplinary actions will be taken if violations from employees are found.

Methods of Redress

KPI B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures

Although the Group ensures the quality of our services, at the same time, the Group requires that services with quality, safety, or health issues should be compensated in accordance with terms of service agreements. Compensation is required to be offered to all customers who are affected with consistent treatment and procedures.

Privacy Matters

The Group is committed to protecting customer data and privacy information, and keeping business information confidential. Training to employees in this regard and proper information system security are required.

KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored

We acknowledge the importance of protecting the privacy and confidentiality of our customers' information. An internal policy which governs the collection, handling, and disclosure of clients' data has been developed and communicated to our staff. Pursuant to Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, the Group has prohibited the use of any personal information of clients by other parties for direct marketing purposes if unlawful or without explicit and implicit consent of clients. Employees are required to sign a non-disclosure agreement upon the acceptance of their employment. Additionally, on-the-job trainings are provided to employees to promote privacy awareness and enhance their prudency and integrity when handling personal data. To prevent privacy leakages, the adequacy of the IT security measures would be reviewed while logs and trails of access would be kept.

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations that have a Significant Impact on the Group

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances in relation to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

Aspect B7: Anti-corruption

The Group has established anti-corruption policies to prohibit employees from receiving any advantages offered by customers, suppliers, colleagues, or other parties, while they are performing employee duties, and prohibit any activities involving conflicts of interest, bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering. The Group encourages employees, customers, suppliers, or other parties to report incidents relating to any conflicts of interest, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

KPI B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases

During the Reporting year, there were no legal cases nor confirmed non-compliance incidents regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

KPI B7.2 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored

Our expectations on employees' ethical requirements and conduct are stipulated in our Employee Handbook, which is distributed and communicated to all employees. The Group has established a whistle-blowing channel to enable staff to report on suspicious misconduct, with details stipulated in our Policy on employees to raising concerns about improprieties in related matters. Reports made are followed up and investigated by independent personnel on a timely basis. In addition, trainings are regularly provided to management and employees in order to equip them with an understanding of the latest regulations and best practices relating to anti-bribery, extortion, fraud, and money-laundering matters.

KPI B7.3 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff

Currently, the Policy serves as the fundamental to the Group's anti-corruption foundation, in which all employees are required to be familiarized with the details and strictly comply with the above-mentioned policies stated within the Internal Policy established by the Group. Moving on, the Group will consider to offer anti-corruption trainings to employees if necessary, for further extending its anti-corruption advocacy to reinforce the importance of integrity within the Group.

Community

Aspect B8: Community Investment

As a socially responsible company, the Group endeavours to support the communities in which it operates including community engagement to understand the needs of communities, and to ensure the Group's activities take into consideration of the communities' interest.

KPI B8.1 Focus areas of contribution

During the Reporting Year, the Group has no activities regarding to the focus area of social concerns.

KPI B8.2 Resources contributed to the focus area

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has no activities regarding to the Resources contributed to the focus area.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

Emissions Indicators	2022	2023
Air Emissions		
Total air emissions	2,247 g	2,155 g
Air emissions intensity	77 g per employee	94 g per employee
Greenhouse Gas Emissions		
Total greenhouse gas emissions	70 tonnes	63 tonnes
Greenhouse gas emission intensity	2.4 tonnes	2.7 tonnes
	per employee	per employee
Scope 1 Emissions from Mobile Vehicles	14.45 tonnes	13.84 tonnes
Scope 2 Emissions from Electricity Consumption	48.89 tonnes	46.16 tonnes
Scope 3 Emissions from Disposal of Paper Waste	6.84 tonnes	2.64 tonnes
Scope 3 Emissions from Business Travel by Employees	_	-
Non-hazardous waste produced		
Total non-hazardous waste produced	1.43 tonnes	0.55 tonnes
Non-hazardous waste produced intensity	0.05 tonnes per	0.02 tonnes per
	employee	employee
Use of Resources Indicators		
Energy consumption		
Total energy consumption	120 kWh	115 kWh
Energy consumption intensity	4 kWh in '000s	5 kWh in '000s
	per employee	per employee

SOCIAL DATA Employment Indicators	2022	2023
Employment Number of employees	29	23
By Employment Type Full-time Part-time Temporary	100% _ _	100% _ _
By Gender Male Female	62% 38%	57% 43%
By Age Group 18-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65 Above 65	14% 41% 24% 17% 4%	9% 43% 26% 22%
By Years of Service Under 1 year 1 – 3 years 3 – 5 years 5 – 10 years Over 10 years	10% 21% 11% 55% 3%	4% 31% 13% 35% 17%
By Geographical Region Hong Kong	100%	100%
Employment turnover % of employee turnover (monthly average) By Gender Male Female	1.19% 2.22%	2.31% 1.39%
By Age Group 18-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65	8.33% 4.17% 1.19% –	4.17% 0.76% 2.08% 1.39%
By Geographical Region Hong Kong	1.62%	1.94%

Health and Safety Indicators	2022	2023
Number of reported injuries	_	-
Number of lost hours	-	-
Number of fatalities	-	-
Development and Training Indicator		
Number of training attended	38	25
Number of attendants	11	4
% of employees trained By Gender		
Male	39%	50%
Female	36%	50%
By Employment Function		
Managerial	18%	75%
Professional	55%	25%
General and Technical	27%	-
Average training hours completed per employee By Gender		
Male	1.78	1.08
Female	5.77	9.23
By Employee Function		
Managerial	22.75	28.92
Professional	7.83	19.50
General and Technical	1.00	-
Supply Chain Indicator		
Total number of suppliers traded in the Reporting Year	N/A	N/A
Product Responsibility Indicators		
Total number of complaints received	_	-
Anti corruption Indicators Number of concluded legal cases regarding corruption	_	_
Community Investment Indicator		
Donation (HKD)	N/A	N/A

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mazars

MAZARS CPA LIMITED 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

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To the members of Oshidori International Holdings Limited

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Oshidori International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (together the "**Group**") set out on pages 84 to 175, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "**HKCO**").

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements*" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key Audit Matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

Valuation of unlisted financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Designated FVOCI")

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has unlisted Designated FVOCI of approximately HK\$645,727,000 which is stated at fair value based on valuations carried out by independent qualified professional valuer (the "**Valuer**").

We identified the valuation of unlisted Designated FVOCI as a key audit matter due to the significant judgement associated with determining the fair value.

Details of the related disclosures of unlisted Designated FVOCI are set out in notes 4, 18 and 37 to the consolidated financial statements. Our key procedures in relation to management's assessment on the valuation of unlisted Designated FVOCI included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;
- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation process and techniques adopted by the Valuer;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the model used by the Valuer to calculate the fair value;
- Checking the accuracy of the key input data, on a sample basis, used by the Valuer;
- Assessing the reasonableness of key assumptions and variables by comparing with historical results and published market and industry data; and
- Obtaining the valuation reports to assess the reasonableness of any significant unobservable input and the accuracy of the source data adopted by the management and the Valuer.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key Audit Matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

Loss allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL") on loan and interest receivables from money lending business

We identified the loss allowance for ECL on loan and interest receivables from money lending business as a key audit matter due to the significance of carrying amounts of loan and interest receivables to the consolidated financial statements and the application of significant judgement by the management in evaluating the recoverability and creditworthiness of the borrowers.

Management assessed the provision for ECL of loan and interest receivables based on probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of these receivables and where there are any events or changes in circumstances indicate a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of these balances.

In particular, as detailed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has concentration of credit risk as the exposure of the largest client and the five largest clients represents 26% and 82% of the total loans to money lending clients as at 31 December 2023 respectively. As any impairment of such receivables will have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance, we consider impairment assessment of such receivables as a key audit matter.

The carrying value of the loan and interest receivables from money lending business was approximately HK\$272,512,000 as at 31 December 2023, in respect of which loss allowance of approximately HK\$11,122,000 on ECL has been made as of 31 December 2023. Further details are set out in notes 4, 24 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our key audit procedures in relation to management's recoverability assessment of loan and interest receivables from money lending business included:

- Understanding, through enquiry with the management, the established policies and procedures on credit risk management of receivables from money lending business;
- Evaluating the design of risk assessment with respect to the identification of receivables with overdue or default payments or insufficient collateral; and
- Assessing management's judgement over the ECL and creditworthiness of the borrowers by assessing the available information, such as background information of the borrowers, recoverable amount of pledged collateral, past collection history of borrowers, concentration risk of borrowers, the Group's actual loss experience and subsequent settlement of the loan and interest receivables.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2023 annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the HKCO, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Mazars CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is: Lam Ka Ki Practising Certificate Number: P08258

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue Advisory, commission income and other fee income Net gain on sales of financial assets at fair value		3,377	3,992
through profit or loss (" FVPL ") Interest income		419 42,817	25,085 57,754
Dividend income		13,611	22,362
Total revenue	5	60,224	109,193
Other income	6	22,870	21,168
Other net losses	8	(13,230)	(12,782)
Net unrealised fair value loss on financial assets at FVPL Loss on disposal of loan receivables	10	(46,427)	(92,557) (20,086)
Reversal of impairment loss in respect of loan receivables, net	24(c)	23,528	13,688
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	10	(29,375)	(31,067)
Employee benefits expenses	10	(16,900)	(24,534)
Other expenses	10	(46,617)	(59,935)
Share of results of associates	20	(37,899)	5,664
Share of results of a joint venture	21	14,651	34,853
Finance costs	9	(13,724)	(22,893)
Loss hefere toyotion	10	(00.000)	(70,099)
Loss before taxation Income tax expense	10	(82,899) (1,587)	(79,288) (1,800)
		(1,007)	(1,000)
Loss for the year		(84,486)	(81,088)
Other comprehensive (expense) income: <i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i> Fair value change on equity investments measured at fair value			
through other comprehensive income (" Designated FVOCI ") Share of other comprehensive expense of an associate	18(a) 20	(1,465,461) (15,756)	(402,241)
		(1,481,217)	(402,241)
Items that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation			
currency		(1,754)	611
Total other comprehensive expense for the year		(1,482,971)	(401,630)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(1,567,457)	(482,718)
		HK cents	HK cents
Loss per share	14	(4.00)	(1.00)
Basic		(1.38)	(1.33)
Diluted		(1.38)	(1.33)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	15	130,005	146,235
Investment property	16	86,530	102,750
Right-of-use assets	17	11,856	7,303
Designated FVOCI	18	1,971,977	3,186,010
Debt investment at amortised cost	19	30,000	100,000
Financial assets at FVPL	25	30,000	2,485
Interests in associates	20	- 327,009	173,682
Interests in a joint venture	21	164,504	149,853
Intangible assets	22	15,114	15,614
Other deposits	23	425	5,472
Loan receivables	24	6,521	31,917
		2,743,941	3,921,321
Current assets			
Trade, loan and other receivables	24	464,628	1,017,671
Income tax recoverable		2,041	6,264
Financial assets at FVPL	25	224,804	390,314
Bank balances – trust and segregated accounts	26	54,926	49,745
Short-term bank deposits	26	50,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents	26	348,050	368,819
		1,144,449	1,832,813
	1		
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	27	93,101	173,450
Lease liabilities	28	6,670	6,173
Income tax payable		1,016	862
Interest-bearing borrowings	29	51,235	294,023
		152,022	474,508
Net current assets		992,427	1,358,305
Total assets less current liabilities		3,736,368	5,279,626
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities	28	E 202	1 011
	20	5,323	1,311
NET ASSETS	_	3,731,045	5,278,315

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	31	305,463	305,463
Reserves		3,425,582	4,972,852
TOTAL EQUITY		3,731,045	5,278,315

The consolidated financial statements on pages 84 to 175 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

Director
Sam Hing Cheong

Director Wong Yat Fai

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company								
	Notes	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000 (Note i)	Translation reserve HK\$'000 (Note ii)	Contribution surplus HK\$'000 (Note iii)	Investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) HK\$'000 (Note iv)	Share option reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Share award reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2022		305,463	194,215	(74,389)	5,682,380	(485,250)	107,225	40,374	(29,172)	5,740,846
Loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(81,088)	(81,088)
Other comprehensive (expense) income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Fair value change on Designated FVOCI Fair value change on Designated FVOCI	18(a)	-	-	-	-	(402,241)	-	-	-	(402,241)
reclassified to retained earnings upon disposal	18(a)	_	-	-	_	24,554		-	(24,554)	
		-	-	-	-	(377,687)	-	-	(24,554)	(402,241)
Items that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency		-	_	611	_	_	-	_	_	611
Total other comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	611	-	(377,687)	-	-	(24,554)	(401,630)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	611	-	(377,687)	-	-	(105,642)	(482,718)
Transactions with owners: Contribution and distribution Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	32	_	_	_	_	-	_	20,187	-	20,187
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	-	-	-	20,187	-	20,187
At 31 December 2022		305,463	194,215	(73,778)	5,682,380	(862,937)	107,225	60,561	(134,814)	5,278,315

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

					Attributable t	o equity holders o	f the Company			
	Notes	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000 (Note i)	Translation reserve HK\$'000 (Note ii)	Contribution surplus HK\$'000 (Note iii)	Investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) <i>HK\$</i> '000 (Note iv)	Share option reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Share award reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2023		305,463	194,215	(73,778)	5,682,380	(862,937)	107,225	60,561	(134,814)	5,278,315
Loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(84,486)	(84,486)
Other comprehensive expense (income) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Fair value change on Designated FVOCI Fair value change on Designated FVOCI	18(a)	-	-	-	-	(1,465,461)	-	-	-	(1,465,461)
reclassified to retained earnings upon disposal	18(a)	-	-	-	-	84,935	-	-	(84,935)	-
Share of other comprehensive expense of an associate	20	-	-	-	-	(15,756)	-	-	-	(15,756)
		-	-	-	-	(1,396,282)	-	-	(84,935)	(1,481,217)
Items that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences arising on										
translation to presentation currency		-	-	(1,754)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,754)
Total other comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	(1,754)	-	(1,396,282)	-	-	(84,935)	(1,482,971)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	(1,754)	-	(1,396,282)		-	(169,421)	(1,567,457)
Transactions with owners: Contribution and distribution Recognition of equity-settled										
share-based payments	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,187	-	20,187
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	-	-	-	20,187	-	20,187
At 31 December 2023		305,463	194,215	(75,532)	5,682,380	(2,259,219)	107,225	80,748	(304,235)	3,731,045

Notes:

- (i) Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds or consideration from issuance of the Company's shares over their par value. The application of the share premium account is governed by Section 46(2) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended).
- (ii) Translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.
- (iii) Contribution surplus represents residual arising from the reduction of share premium of the Company pursuant to special resolutions passed by the Company on 2 June 2005 and 23 May 2007.
- (iv) Investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) comprises the accumulated net change in the fair value of Designated FVOCI that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of the amounts reclassified to retained earnings when those investments are disposed of and share of other comprehensive income of associate.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation		(82,899)	(79,288)
Depreciation of property and equipment and			
right-of-use assets	15, 17	28,875	30,567
Amortisation of intangible assets	22	500	500
Interest expenses	9	13,724	22,893
Interest income	5,6	(16,179)	(19,069)
Reversal of impairment loss in respect			
of loan receivables, net	24(c)	(23,528)	(13,688)
Loss on disposal of loan receivables		-	20,086
Bad debts written off	8	330	-
Gain on bargain purchase from acquisition of an associate		-	(1,748)
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate		(125)	(734)
Loss on redemption of financial assets at FVPL	8	52	-
Gain on disposal of an associate		(638)	-
Share of results of associates	20	37,899	(5,664)
Share of results of a joint venture	21	(14,651)	(34,853)
Dividend income	5	(13,611)	(22,362)
Share-based payment expenses	32	20,187	20,187
Fair value loss on investment property	16	16,220	-
Net unrealised fair value loss on financial assets at FVPL Gain on disposal of financial assets arising from	10	46,427	92,557
a financing arrangement	25(b)	(4,562)	-
Changes in working capital			
Other deposits		5,047	(4,118)
Financial assets at FVPL		13,645	242,386
Trade, loan and other receivables		414,812	383,445
Bank balances – trust and segregated accounts		(5,181)	(22,542)
Trade and other payables		(80,337)	(136,072)
Cash generated from operations		356,007	472,483
Interest paid		(8,366)	(11,817)
Income tax refunded (paid)		2,790	(5,913)
		_,	(-,)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		350,431	454,753

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Dividend received Interest received		13,611 16,050	22,362 18,653
Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of Designated FVOCI	15 22	(5,845) - (261,211)	(7,456) (6,248) (993,503)
Proceeds from disposal of Designated FVOCI Purchase of debt investment at amortised cost Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	18	69,783 - -	187,251 (100,000) 261
Redemption of promissory note receivable Redemption of debt investment at amortised cost Proceeds from disposal of financial assets arising	19	- 70,000	144,000 _
from a financing arrangement Acquisition of an associate	25(b)	110,000	_ (6,000)
Injection of funds to associates Dividend distribution received from an associate Proceeds from disposal of an associate	20(a), 20(b) 20	(209,100) 2,243 638	(108,800)
Injection of fund to a newly setup joint venture Capital and dividend distribution received	21(a)	-	(535,000)
from a joint venture Placement of short-term bank deposits Withdrawal of short-term bank deposits	21	- (140,000) 90,000	420,000 _ _
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(243,831)	(964,480)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Drawdown of interest-bearing borrowings	33	_	513,000
Repayment of interest-bearing borrowings Lease payment	33 33	(118,464) (7,247)	(476,101) (8,003)
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(125,711)	28,896
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(19,111)	(480,831)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period		368,819	848,645
Effect on exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,658)	1,005
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the reporting period		348,050	368,819
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents Bank balances and cash Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of	26	293,050	368,819
3 months or less when acquired	26	55,000	
		348,050	368,819

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. GENERAL

Oshidori International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") is a public limited company incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the 2023 annual report of the Company.

The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "**Group**") principally engage in investment holdings, tactical and/or strategical investments, the provision of financial services including (i) securities brokerage services, (ii) margin financing services, (iii) placing and underwriting services, (iv) corporate finance advisory services, (v) investment advisory and asset management services, and the provision of credit and lending services.

Certain group entities are licenced under the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance with the following regulated activities:

Type 1: Dealing in securities Type 2: Dealing in futures contracts Type 4: Advising on securities Type 6: Advising on corporate finance Type 8: Securities margin financing Type 9: Asset management

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**"), which collective term includes all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "**HKCO**"). The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**").

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2022 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the following new/revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current year.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied, for the first time, the following new/revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a
	Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules

Amendments to HKAS 1: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies.

Amendments to HKAS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify how companies should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates.

Amendments to HKAS 12: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Amendments to HKAS 12: International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments provide entities with temporary relief from accounting for deferred taxes arising from the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's Pillar Two model rules. The Amendments also introduce targeted disclosure requirements to help investors understand an entity's exposure to income taxes arising from the rules.

The adoption of the above amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. Management has reviewed the disclosure of accounting policy information and considered it is consistent with the amendments.

Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements is historical cost, except for investment property, equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**Designated FVOCI**"), and financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVPL**"), which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as that of the Company using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balance, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Non-controlling interests are presented, separately from owners of the Company, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. The non-controlling interests in the acquiree, that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in event of liquidation, are measured initially either at fair value or at the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. This choice of measurement basis is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are initially measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

Allocation of total comprehensive income

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the Company and the non-controlling interest even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Changes in ownership interest

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest determined at the date when control is lost and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests at the date when control is lost. The amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the disposed subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the parent had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary and any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary are accounted for as a financial asset, associate, joint venture or others as appropriate from the date when control is lost.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group reassesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position which is presented in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The carrying amount of the investments is reduced to its recoverable amount on an individual basis, if it is higher than the recoverable amount. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is a contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The Group reassesses whether it has joint control of an arrangement and whether the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved has changed, if facts and circumstances change.

The Group's investment in associate or joint venture is accounted for under the equity method of accounting, except when the investment or a portion thereof is classified as held for sale. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment. Except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses when the Group's share of losses of the investee equals or exceeds the carrying amount of its interest in the investee, which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the investee.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of an associate or a joint venture is measured as the excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquired associate or joint venture. Such goodwill is included in interests in associates or joint ventures. On the other hand, any excess of the Group's share of its net fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of investment is recognised immediately in profit or loss as an income.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Associates and joint ventures (Continued)

On the loss of significant influence, the Group remeasures any retained interest in the former investee at fair value. The difference between the fair value of any retained investment and proceeds from disposing of the partial interest in the investee and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of the former investee are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the former investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. The fair value of the retained interest on the date of ceasing to be an associate or joint venture is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less accumulated impairment losses of property and equipment over their estimated useful lives from the date on which they are available for use and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	15% to 20%
Yacht	10%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	18% to 25%
Motor vehicles	20%

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Investment properties

Investment properties are buildings that are held by owner or lessee, to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include properties held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are stated at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible assets

Trading rights

Trading rights that confer eligibility on the Group to trade on the Stock Exchange and Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (the "**Futures Exchange**"). The initial cost of acquiring trading rights is capitalised. Trading rights with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Trading rights are tested for impairment annually.

Membership debenture

Membership debenture that confer eligibility on the Group to acquire club membership. The initial cost of acquiring membership debenture is capitalised. Membership debenture with indefinite useful lives is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Membership debenture is tested for impairment annually.

Club membership

The initial cost of acquiring club membership is capitalised. Club membership with finite useful life is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

When the fair value of financial assets differs from the transaction price on initial recognition, the Group recognises the difference as follows:

- (i) When the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the difference is recognised as a gain or loss.
- (ii) In all other cases, the difference is deferred and the timing of recognition of deferred day one profit or loss is determined individually. It is either amortised over the life of the instrument, deferred until the instrument's fair value can be determined using market observable inputs, or realised through settlement.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Classification and measurement

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such trade receivables are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) Designated FVOCI; or (iii) measured at FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model.

Derivatives embedded in a hybrid contract in which a host is an asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated from the host. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost
 An equity investment is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following
 conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:
 - (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
 - (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost include debt investment at amortised cost, trade, loan and other receivables, bank balances – trust and segregated accounts, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) *Classification and measurement (Continued)*

2) Designated FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss is transferred directly to accumulated profits or losses.

The Group's Designated FVOCI include listed and unlisted equity securities not held for trading.

3) Financial assets at FVPL

These investments include financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, including financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL, financial assets resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies and financial assets that are otherwise required to be measured at FVPL. They are carried at fair value, with any resultant gain and loss recognised in profit or loss, which does not include any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets. Dividend or interest income is presented separately from fair value gain or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- (i) acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- (ii) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking on initial recognition; or
- (iii) a derivative that is not a financial guarantee contract or not a designated and effective hedging instrument.

Financial assets are designated at initial recognition as at FVPL only if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains or losses on them on different bases.

The Group's financial assets mandatorily measured at FVPL include listed equity securities, unlisted investment funds and financial assets arising from a financing arrangement.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities Recognition and derecognition

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial liabilities not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and interest-bearing borrowings. All financial liabilities, except for financial liabilities at FVPL, are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

Impairment of financial assets and other items under HKFRS 9

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("**ECL**") on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with HKFRS 9. Except for the specific treatments as detailed below, at each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Impairment of financial assets and other items under HKFRS 9 (Continued) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instrument
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors

Loss allowance is remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk and loss since initial recognition. The resulting changes in the loss allowance are recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial instrument.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instrument that meets any of the following criteria.

- (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items under HKFRS 9 (Continued) Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account in the assessment:

- the debtor's failure to make payments of principal or interest on the due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have or may have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) it has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

As detailed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, debt investment at amortised cost, other receivables and bank balances are determined to have low credit risk.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items under HKFRS 9 (Continued) Simplified approach of ECL

For trade receivables other than margin clients, without a significant financing components, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Credit-impaired financial asset

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds, net of direct issue costs.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For classification in the statement of financial position, cash equivalents represent assets similar in nature to cash and which are not restricted as to use.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 *Nature of goods or services*

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is securities brokerage, placing and underwriting, and other corporate finance advisory services.

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued) Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 (Continued) *Timing of revenue recognition (Continued)*

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

Revenue or income arising from financial services is recognised on the following basis:

- Commission income for broking business is recorded as income at point in time on a trade date basis;
- Underwriting commission income, sub-underwriting income, placing commission income and referral fee income are recognised as income at point in time in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreement or deal mandate when relevant significant act has been completed; and
- Advisory and other fee income is recognised over time when the relevant transactions have been arranged or the relevant services have been rendered.

For revenue recognised over time under HKFRS 15, provided the outcome of the performance obligation can be reasonably measured, the Group applies the output method (i.e. based on the direct measurements of the value to the customer of the goods or services transferred to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract) to measure the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation because the method provides a faithful depiction of the Group's performance and reliable information is available to the Group to apply the method. Otherwise, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the costs incurred until such time that it can reasonably measure the outcome of the performance obligation.

Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets is recognised when the Group's rights to receive dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Interest income

- Interest income from margin clients is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.
- Other interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired.

The effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets while it is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) in case of credit-impaired financial assets.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "**functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the currency of Hong Kong dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are recognised in profit or loss except for those arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the gains or losses are also recognised directly in equity.

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency ("**foreign operations**") are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rate.
- All resulting exchange differences arising from the above translation and exchange differences arising from a monetary item that forms part of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews internal and external sources of information to assess whether there is any indication that its property and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, interests in associates, interests in a joint venture and the Company's investments in subsidiaries may be impaired or impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may be reduced. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated, based on the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the smallest group of assets that generates cash flows independently (i.e. cash-generating unit).

If the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense immediately.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised as income in profit or loss immediately.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred, net of any investment income on the temporary investment of the specific borrowings, that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As lessee

The Group applies the recognition exemption to short-term leases and low-value asset leases. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Amounts payable by the Group that do not give rise to a separate component are considered to be part of the total consideration that is allocated to the separately identified components of the contract.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As lessee (Continued)

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use asset (unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option – in which case depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of the underlying asset) as follows:

Office premises

2 years

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the contract.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset, if any, during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- (d) exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or where it is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate of the lessee.

Subsequently, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The lease liability is remeasured using a revised discount rate when there are changes to the lease payments arising from a change in the lease term or the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option.

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the residual value guarantee, the in-substance fixed lease payments or the future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate (other than floating interest rate). In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As lessee (Continued)

The Group recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in profit or loss.

As lessor

The Group classifies each of its leases as either a finance lease or an operating lease at the inception date of the lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on a relative stand-alone price basis.

As lessor – operating lease

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in HKFRS 9 to the operating lease receivables.

Sale and leaseback transactions

The Group applies the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in HKFRS 15 to determine whether the transfer of an asset is accounted for as a sale of that asset.

If the transfer of an asset by the seller-lessee satisfies the requirements of HKFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale of the asset:

- the seller-lessee measures the right-of-use asset arising from the leaseback at the proportion of the previous carrying amount of the asset that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. Accordingly, the seller-lessee recognises only the amount of any gain or loss that relates to the rights transferred to the buyer-lessor.
- the buyer-lessor accounts for the purchase of the asset applying applicable HKFRSs, and for the lease applying the lessor accounting requirements in HKFRS 16.

If the fair value of the consideration for the sale of the asset does not equal to the fair value of the asset, or if the payments for the lease are not at market rates, the following adjustments are made to measure the sale proceeds at fair value:

- any below-market terms are accounted for as a prepayment of lease payments; and
- any above-market terms are accounted for as additional financing components provided by the buyer-lessor to the seller-lessee.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Sale and leaseback transactions (Continued)

If the transfer of an asset by the seller-lessee does not satisfy the requirements of HKFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale of the asset:

- the seller-lessee continues to recognise the transferred asset and recognises a financial liability equal to the transfer proceeds. The financial liability is accounted for applying HKFRS 9.
- the buyer-lessor does not recognise the transferred asset and recognises a financial asset equal to the transfer proceeds. The financial asset is accounted for applying HKFRS 9.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was a transfer of assets with buyer-lessor arrangement which does not satisfy the requirement of HKFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale of the asset and the relevant financial asset is accounted for under HKFRS 9. For details, please refer to note 25(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Retirement benefit costs

Payment to defined contribution retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amounts of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method and discounted to its present value and after deducting the fair value of any related assets, including those retirement scheme benefits.

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based transactions

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based transactions (Continued)

When the share awards are vested, the amount previously recognised in share award reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share capital. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

Taxation

The charge for current income tax is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, any deferred tax arising from initial recognition of goodwill; or other asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.

The deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each holding company, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's chief operating decision makers, namely the executive directors of the Company, for the purpose of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individual material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN HKFRSs

At the date of authorisation of the consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following new/revised HKFRSs that are relevant to the Group and are not yet effective for the current year, which the Group has not early adopted.

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants ¹
Amendments to HKAS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements ¹
and HKFRS 7	
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback ¹
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and
and HKAS 28	its Associate or Joint Venture ³

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- ³ The effective date to be determined

The directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these new/revised HKFRSs in future periods will have any material impact on the result of the Group.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made by the management in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Where appropriate, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period of revision and future periods, in case the revision also affects future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Fair value estimation

The Group's unlisted Designated FVOCI have been valued based on the valuation from an independent professional valuer. The valuation requires the Group to make some estimation on a number of significant unobservable inputs associated with the investment. As at 31 December 2023, the Group has unlisted Designated FVOCI of approximately HK\$645,727,000 (2022: HK\$673,543,000). Details of the key assumption and inputs used in the valuation are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's investment property located in Hong Kong has been valued based on the valuation from an independent professional valuer. The valuation performed was arrived at with reference to recent market transaction prices of comparable properties and adjusted to reflect the condition and locations of the subject properties at the end of reporting period with total fair value of approximately HK\$86,530,000 (2022: HK\$102,750,000) at 31 December 2023. Favourable or unfavourable changes to recent market prices would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment property and corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in profit or loss.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Loss allowance for ECL

The Group's management estimates the loss allowance for financial assets at amortised cost including trade, loan and other receivables, debt investment at amortised cost and cash and cash equivalents by using various inputs and assumptions including risk of a default and expected loss rate. The estimation involves high degree of uncertainty which is based on the Group's historical information, recoverable amount of pledged collateral, past collection history of borrowers, concentration risk of borrowers, the Group's actual loss experience, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of the financial assets at amortised cost. Details of the key assumption and inputs used in estimating ECL are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

5. **REVENUE**

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Advisory, commission income and other fee income	(b)	3,377	3,992
Net gain on sales of financial assets at FVPL	(a)	419	25,085
Interest income from: – margin clients – loan receivables – debt investment at amortised cost		22,315 14,614 5,888 42,817	18,907 33,680 5,167 57,754
Dividend income from: – financial assets at FVPL – Designated FVOCI		7,210 6,401 13,611 60,224	18,298 4,064 22,362 109,193

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. **REVENUE (Continued)**

Notes:

- (a) The amount represented the proceeds from the sale of financial assets at FVPL of approximately HK\$5,152,000 (2022: approximately HK\$266,894,000) less relevant costs and carrying value of the investments sold of approximately HK\$4,733,000 (2022: approximately HK\$241,809,000).
- (b) In addition to the information shown in segment disclosures, the revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 is disaggregated as follows:

	Financial services (as defined in note 7)		
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	
Timing of revenue recognition: Fee and commission income – at a point in time Advisory and other fee income	1,416	2,288	
– over time	1,961	1,704	
Total revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15	3,377	3,992	

6. OTHER INCOME

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Interest income on: – bank deposits – financial assets arising from a financing		4,775	2,898
arrangement	25(b)	5,500	11,000
- others		16	4
		10,291	13,902
Property licence fee income		1,600	2,400
Government subsidies		-	727
Handling fee income		1,013	332
Scrip fee income		444	816
Others		9,522	2,991
		22,870	21,168

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group determines its operating segment and measurement of segment profit based on the internal reports to executive directors, the Group's chief operating decision makers, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Group's reportable and operating segments are as follows:

Financial services	Provision of securities brokerage, margin financing, placing and underwriting, investment advisory, asset management and corporate finance advisory services
Tactical and/or strategical investments	Investment in financial instruments
Credit and lending services	Provision of credit and lending services

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Financial services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK\$'000</i>	Credit and lending services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
Revenue Advisory, commission income and				
other fee income	3,377	-	-	3,377
Net gain on sales of financial assets at FVPL	-	419	-	419
Interest income	22,315	5,888	14,614	42,817
Dividend income	-	13,611	-	13,611
Total revenue	25,692	19,918	14,614	60,224
Net unrealised fair value loss on financial assets at FVPL	-	(46,427)	-	(46,427)
Segment revenue	25,692	(26,509)	14,614	13,797
Segment profit (loss)	7,520	(50,827)	26,204	(17,103)
Unallocated other income				- 00 009
Unallocated other net losses				20,008 (11,099)
Share of results of associates				(37,899)
Share of results of a joint venture				14,651
Unallocated finance costs				(3,366)
Central corporate expenses				(48,091)
Loss before taxation				(82,899)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Financial services HK\$'000	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK</i> \$'000	Credit and lending services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
Revenue Advisory, commission income and				
other fee income	3,992	-	-	3,992
Net gain on sales of financial assets at FVPL	_	25,085	-	25,085
Interest income	18,907	5,167	33,680	57,754
Dividend income		22,362	-	22,362
Total revenue Net unrealised fair value loss on financial	22,899	52,614	33,680	109,193
assets at FVPL		(92,557)	_	(92,557)
Segment revenue	22,899	(39,943)	33,680	16,636
Segment profit (loss)	8,815	(73,866)	5,311	(59,740)
Unallocated other income Unallocated other net losses				17,257 (12,455)
Share of results of associates				5,664
Share of results of a joint venture				34,853
Unallocated finance costs				(1,770)
Central corporate expenses				(63,097)
Loss before taxation				(79,288)

Segment revenue includes revenue from financial services, tactical and/or strategical investments and credit and lending services. In addition, the chief operating decision makers also consider net unrealised fair value loss on financial assets at FVPL as segment revenue.

The accounting policies of the segment reporting are set out as the Group's accounting policies in note 2. Segment result represents the loss incurred or profit earned by each segment without allocation of certain other income, certain other net losses, share of results of associates and a joint venture, certain finance costs and the central corporate expenses. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments.

At 31 December 2023

	Financial services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK\$'000</i>	Credit and lending services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated <i>HK\$'000</i>
Segment assets	342,175	2,231,598	273,908	2,847,681
Unallocated property and equipment Investment property Unallocated intangible assets Right-of-use assets Interests in associates Interests in a joint venture Unallocated other receivables Income tax recoverable Unallocated cash and cash equivalents				129,677 86,530 9,706 11,856 327,009 164,504 28,772 2,041 280,614
Consolidated assets				3,888,390
Segment liabilities	64,091	6,301	15,101	85,493
Unallocated other payables Unallocated lease liabilities Unallocated interest-bearing borrowings Income tax payable				7,608 11,993 51,235 1,016
Consolidated liabilities				157,345

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

At 31 December 2022

	Financial services <i>HK</i> \$'000	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK\$'000</i>	Credit and lending services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated HK\$'000
Segment assets	794,213	3,629,545	334,529	4,758,287
Unallocated property and equipment Investment property Unallocated intangible assets Right-of-use assets Interests in associates Interests in a joint venture Unallocated other receivables Unallocated financial assets at FVPL Income tax recoverable Unallocated cash and cash equivalents				144,924 102,750 10,206 7,303 173,682 149,853 17,178 105,438 6,264 278,249
Consolidated assets				5,754,134
Segment liabilities	59,083	251,631	86,974	397,688
Unallocated other payables Unallocated lease liabilities Unallocated interest-bearing borrowings Income tax payable				16,586 7,484 53,199 862
Consolidated liabilities				475,819

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than certain property and equipment, investment property, certain intangible assets, right-of-use assets, interests in associates, interests in a joint venture, certain other receivables, certain financial assets at FVPL, income tax recoverable and certain cash and cash equivalents.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than certain other payables, certain lease liabilities, certain interest-bearing borrowings and income tax payable.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Financial services <i>HK\$'</i> 000	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK\$'000</i>	Credit and lending services <i>HK</i> \$'000	Unallocated <i>HK\$'000</i>	Consolidated <i>HK</i> \$'000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:					
Interest income included in revenue					
and other income	(22,735)	(5,887)	(14,615)	(9,871)	(53,108)
Interest expenses	3	9,105	1,250	3,366	13,724
Fair value loss on investment property	-	-	-	16,220	16,220
Bad debts written off	330	-	-	-	330
Gain on disposal of financial assets					
arising from a financing arrangement	-	-	-	(4,562)	(4,562)
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	-	-	-	(1,520)	(1,520)
Gain on disposal of an associate	-	-	-	(638)	(638)
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate	-	-	-	(125)	(125)
Reversal of impairment loss in respect					
of loan receivables, net	-	-	(23,528)	-	(23,528)
Business development expenses	1	739	-	427	1,167
Marketing expenses	-	10,570	-	-	10,570
Depreciation of property and equipment	-	-	1,311	20,764	22,075
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	-	-	6,800	6,800
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	500	500
Share-based payment expenses	-	-	-	20,187	20,187

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Financial services HK\$'000	Tactical and/ or strategical investments <i>HK</i> \$'000	Credit and lending services <i>HK</i> \$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Amounts included in the measure of					
segment profit or segment assets:					
Interest income included in revenue					
and other income	(18,912)	(5,166)	(33,680)	(13,898)	(71,656)
Interest expenses	2	18,500	2,621	1,770	22,893
Gain on bargain purchase from					
acquisition of an associate	-	-	-	(1,748)	(1,748)
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate	-	-	-	(734)	(734)
Loss on disposal of loan receivables	-	-	20,086	-	20,086
Reversal of impairment loss in respect					
of loan receivables, net	-	-	(13,688)	-	(13,688)
Business development expenses	-	8,158	-	-	8,158
Marketing expenses	-	8,502	-	-	8,502
Depreciation of property and equipment	-	-	2,247	20,748	22,995
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	-	-	7,572	7,572
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	500	500
Share-based payment expenses	-	_	-	20,187	20,187

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong. Accordingly, the Group's revenue from external customers and all non-current assets (excluding financial assets) are located in Hong Kong.

Information about major customers

Revenue from the customers individually accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue, excluding net loss/gain on sales of financial assets at FVPL, for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Customer A*	6,094	_
Customer B ^	-	6,511
Customer C ^	-	11,921

* Attributable to financial services segment.

^ Attributable to credit and lending services segment.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

8. OTHER NET LOSSES

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Bad debts written off		(330)	_
Fair value loss on investment property	16	(16,220)	_
Gain on bargain purchase from acquisition of			
an associate		-	1,748
Gain on disposal of an associate		638	-
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate		125	734
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries		1,520	-
Gain on disposal of financial assets arising from			
a financing arrangement	25(b)	4,562	-
Loss on redemption of financial assets at FVPL		(52)	_
Net exchange loss		(3,473)	(15,264)
		(13,230)	(12,782)

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Bank interest expense	3	_
Interest on bank loan	2,963	1,251
Interest on other loans	7,362	12,804
Interest on margin financing	2,993	8,318
Imputed interest on lease liabilities	403	520
	13,724	22,893

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

10. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

This is stated after charging:

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Employee benefits expenses (including directors' emoluments)			
Salaries and other benefits		14,356	22,100
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	39	419	309
Share-based payment expenses	32	2,125	2,125
		16,900	24,534
Net unrealised fair value loss on financial assets at FVPL		46,427	92,557
Depreciation and amortisation expenses			
Depreciation on property and equipment	15	22,075	22,995
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	17	6,800	7,572
Amortisation on intangible assets	22	500	500
		29,375	31,067
Other expenses			
Auditor's remuneration			
– Audit fee		2,320	2,310
– Non-audit fee		338	330
Business development expenses		1,167	8,158
Business registration fee, statutory fees and listing fees		1,315	1,192
Financial information charge		1,744	1,780
Handling and settlement expenses		965	809
Investment transaction cost		498	2,381
Legal and professional fees		4,192	8,306
Marketing expenses		10,570	8,502
Other operating expenses		5,446	8,105
Share-based payment expenses to service providers	32	18,062	18,062
		46,617	59,935

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The profits tax rate for the first HK\$2,000,000 assessable profits arising from Hong Kong of qualifying entities will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits arising from Hong Kong above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at the rate of 16.5%. As only one of the subsidiaries in the Group is eligible to elect the two-tiered profits tax rates, profits of the remaining subsidiaries of the Group will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime.

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Current tax		
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
- Current year	1,902	1,456
 – (Over) Under provision in prior year 	(315)	344
Income tax expense	1,587	1,800

Reconciliation of income tax expense

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Loss before taxation	(82,899)	(79,288)
Income tax at applicable tax rate 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) Effect of two-tiered profits tax rates regime Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised Unrecognised temporary differences (Over) Under provision in prior year	(13,678) (165) 17,662 (12,963) 6,898 (252) 3,859 (315)	(13,082) (165) 20,856 (14,815) 12,040 (1,617) (1,755) 344
Others	541	(6)
Income tax expense for the year	1,587	1,800

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12. EXECUTIVE AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

(i) Executive and non-executive directors' remuneration:

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 8 (2022: 11) directors were as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2023								
	Ex	ecutive Director	'S		Independe	nt Non-Executive	e Directors		
	Mr. Wong Yat Fai HK\$'000	Ms. Wong Wan Men HK\$'000	Mr. Sam Hing Cheong HK\$'000 (note c)	Mr. Hung Cho Sing <i>HK\$'000</i>	Hon. Chan Hak Kan <i>HK\$</i> '000	Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William HK\$'000 (note c)	Mr. Lam John Cheung- Wah <i>HK\$</i> '000 (note d)	Mr. Yu Chung Leung HK\$'000 (note d)	Total HK\$'000
Fees (Note a) Other emoluments	-	-	-	250	250	240	250	250	1,240
- salaries and other benefits (Note b)	600	1,200	390	-	-	-	-	-	2,190
- contributions to retirement benefit schemes	18	18	18	-	-	-	-	-	54
- share-based compensation benefits		2,125	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,125
Total emoluments	618	3,343	408	250	250	240	250	250	5,609

	Year ended 31 December 2022											
	Executive	Directors	Non-Ex	Non-Executive Directors			Indep	endent Non-E	xecutive Direc	ctors		
			Mr.	Hon. Joseph	Mr.	Mr.	Mr.	Hon.	Dr. Lo Wing	Mr. Lam John	Mr. Yu	
	Mr. Wong Yat Fai <i>HK</i> \$'000	Ms. Wong Wan Men <i>HK</i> \$'000	Alejandro Yemenidjian <i>HK\$'000</i> (note d)	Edward Schmitz <i>HK\$'000</i> (note d)	Sam Hing Cheong HK\$'000 (note c)	Cheung Wing Ping HK\$'000 (note d)	Hung Cho Sing HK\$'000	Chan Hak Kan <i>HK</i> \$'000	Yan, William HK\$'000	Cheung- Wah HK\$'000 (note d)	Chung Leung HK\$'000 (note d)	Total HK\$'000
F ())			. ,	()	()	, ,	050	050	400	()	. ,	0.404
Fees (Note a) Other emoluments – salaries and other benefits	-	-	3,890	875	-	146	250	250	480	104	109	6,104
(Note b) – contributions to retirement	600	1,200	-	-	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,980
benefit schemes – share-based compensation	18	18	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
benefits	-	2,125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,125
Total emoluments	618	3,343	3,890	875	189	146	250	250	480	104	109	10,254

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. EXECUTIVE AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (Continued)

- (i) Executive and non-executive directors' remuneration: (Continued) Notes:
 - a. The directors' fee of non-executive directors/independent non-executive directors are determined by the Board of Directors pursuant to the authority given by the shareholders at the Company's general meeting and with recommendation from the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to their duties and responsibilities with the Company, the Company's performance and the prevailing market situation.
 - b. The emoluments of the directors are covered by their respective service contracts and/or supplemental agreements or letters of appointment entered into with the Group.
 - c. Mr. Sam Hing Cheong was re-designated from non-executive director to executive director and Chairman of the Company on 1 July 2023. Dr. Lo Wing Yan, William resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 July 2023.
 - d. Hon. Joseph Edward Schmitz and Mr. Alejandro Yemenidjian resigned as non-executive directors on 6 October 2022. Mr. Yu Chung Leung and Mr. Lam John Cheung-Wah were appointed as independent non-executive directors on 25 July 2022 and 1 August 2022 respectively. Mr. Cheung Wing Ping resigned as an independent non-executive director on 1 August 2022.

There was no arrangement under which an executive or non-executive director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during both years. In addition, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

(ii) Employees' remuneration:

The five highest paid individuals of the Group included 1 (2022:2) director of the Company. Details of their emoluments are included in note 12 (i) above.

The emoluments of the remaining 4 (2022: 3) highest paid individuals for the year are set out as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Salaries and other emoluments Contribution to retirement benefits schemes	3,438 72	4,503 54
	3,510	4,557

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. EXECUTIVE AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION (Continued)

(ii) Employees' remuneration: (Continued) The emoluments of the individuals are within the following bands:

	2023 Number of employees	2022 Number of employees
Below HK\$1,000,000	2	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2	2
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	-	-
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	-	1

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

13. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividends for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

14. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number ordinary shares in issue during the year as follows:

Loss

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	(84,486)	(81,088)
Number of shares	2023	2022
Weighted average number of ordinary shares, for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	6,109,259,139	6,109,259,139
	HK cents	HK cents
Basic loss per share	(1.38)	(1.33)
Diluted loss per share	(1.38)	(1.33)

Note:

The computation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 did not assume the exercise of certain share option and the issue of certain shares under the share award scheme since their assumed exercise and issue for both years would have an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amount presented.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

15. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment <i>HK</i> \$'000	Motor vehicles and yacht HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
COST				070 / 00
At 1 January 2022	909	41,875	233,322	276,106
Additions Disposals	7,384 (179)	72 (82)	-	7,456 (261)
At 31 December 2022	8,114	41,865	233,322	283,301
Additions	5,556	289	-	5,845
At 31 December 2023	13,670	42,154	233,322	289,146
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2022	730	41,311	72,030	114,071
Provided for the year		184	22,811	22,995
At 31 December 2022	730	41,495	94,841	137,066
Provided for the year	_	206	21,869	22,075
At 21 December 2002	720	41 701	116 710	150 141
At 31 December 2023	730	41,701	116,710	159,141
CARRYING VALUES				
At 31 December 2023	12,940	453	116,612	130,005
At 31 December 2022	7,384	370	138,481	146,235

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
At fair value At the beginning of the reporting period Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	102,750 (16,220)	102,750
At the end of the reporting period	86,530	102,750

At the end of the reporting period, the investment property of HK\$86,530,000 located in Hong Kong is held with the remaining lease term of 103 (2022: 104) years.

The property interests in investment properties thereon (including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land) in Hong Kong is held by the Group as the registered owner. Those property interests were acquired from the previous registered owners by making lump sum payments at the upfront. Except for the variable amounts to be charged by the government subsequently that are reviewed regularly with reference to the rateable values, for example, there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease.

The fair value of the investment property is determined by the valuation performed by an independent professional valuer by adopting the direct comparison method based on price information of comparable properties and adjusted to reflect the locations of the subject property. Details of the fair value measurements are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

The investment property was pledged to the bank to secure the bank loan as at 31 December 2023. Details are set out in note 29(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

Leasing arrangement – as licensor

The Group's investment property interests held under leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment property.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group granted a licence to the licensee to use the investment property for residential use for a licence period of 3 months with renewal in every 3 months. The licence does not include purchase or termination options. The licence income from investment property are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements. Upon the expiry of the licence agreement in August 2023, no further licence agreement was signed.

The investment property is subjected to residual value risk. The licence agreement, as a result, includes a provision on residual value guarantee based on which the Group has the right to charge the licensee for any damage to the investment property at the end of the licence period.

At 31 December 2023, there was no undiscounted licence fees (2022: HK\$400,000) to be received from the investment property within one year as at the end of the reporting period.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Buildings <i>HK\$'000</i>
Reconciliation of carrying amount – year ended 31 December 2022	
At beginning of the reporting period	10,554
Additions	4,321
Depreciation	(7,572)
At the end of the reporting period	7,303
Reconciliation of carrying amount – year ended 31 December 2023	
At beginning of the reporting period	7,303
Additions	9,264
Reassessment of lease liabilities	2,089
Depreciation	(6,800)
At the end of the reporting period	11,856
At 31 December 2022	
Cost	27,865
Accumulated depreciation	(20,562)
Net carrying amount	7,303
At 31 December 2023	
Cost	15,673
Accumulated depreciation	(3,817)
Net carrying amount	11,856

The Group leases various premises for its daily operations. Lease terms are 2 years with renewal option.

Commitments under leases

The Group had no commitment for any short-term leases for both years.

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18. DESIGNATED FVOCI

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Equity securities – listed			
Listed in Hong Kong		1,220,886	2,417,797
Listed in the United States		30,144	24,670
	(a)	1,251,030	2,442,467
Equity securities – unlisted	(a)	645,727	673,543
Deferred day-one losses	(e)	75,220	70,000
		720,947	743,543
		1,971,977	3,186,010

Notes:

(a) At the date of initial recognition, the Group irrevocably designated certain investments in equity securities as Designated FVOCI because these equity securities represent investments that the Group intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes.

The fair value of each investment classified as Designated FVOCI is as follows.

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Equity securities – Listed			
Shengjing Bank Co., Ltd.		226,200	1,751,600
ZhongAn Online P&C Insurance Co., Ltd. Hao Tian International Construction Investment		258,305	311,298
Group Ltd		256,705	91,500
Imagi International Holdings Ltd.		178,670	50,877
Others		331,150	237,192
		1,251,030	2,442,467
Equity securities – unlisted			
Co-Lead Holdings Limited ("Co-Lead")	(C)	72,691	24,543
Future Capital Group Limited ("Future Capital")	(b)	509,000	649,000
Green River Associates Limited ("Green River")	(d)	64,036	-
		645,727	673,543
		1,896,757	3,116,010

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18. DESIGNATED FVOCI (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the net unrealised fair value loss on Designated FVOCI of approximately HK\$1,465,461,000 (2022: approximately HK\$402,241,000) was recognised in other comprehensive income.

Details of the fair value measurements of listed and unlisted investments are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, Designated FVOCI with fair value of approximately HK\$69,783,000 (2022: HK\$187,251,000) was disposed which is in line with the Group's inherent investment strategy. The cumulative loss of approximately HK\$84,935,000 (2022: cumulative loss of approximately HK\$24,554,000) that was previously included in the investment revaluation reserve (non-recycling) was transferred directly to retained earnings during the year ended 31 December 2023.

- (b) At the end of the reporting period, the Group holds 17.81% (2022: 17.81%) equity interest of Future Capital. Future Capital and its subsidiaries principally engage in property investments. During the year, the fair value loss on investment in Future Capital of approximately HK\$140,000,000 (2022: approximately HK\$31,000,000) was recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group holds 7.88% (2022: 2.18%) equity interest of Co-Lead. Co-Lead and its subsidiaries principally engage in securities trading and investments holding business in Hong Kong. During the year, the fair value loss on investment in Co-Lead of approximately HK\$9,877,000 (2022: approximately HK\$21,510,000) was recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) On 11 August 2023, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to acquire 14.90% equity interest of Green River at a consideration of HK\$65,000,000 which was settled by cash. Green River was incorporated in the Marshall Islands and principally engages in securities trading and investments holding business. The transaction was completed on the same day. The Group irrevocably designated the investment in Green River as Designated FVOCI because the Group intends to hold for long term strategic purposes. During the year, the fair value gain on investment in Green River of approximately HK\$2,281,000 was recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (e) The day-one losses arising from acquisition of unlisted equity investments represents the difference between the consideration and the fair value at the initial recognition, which was determined based on valuation carried out by independent professional valuer. As the fair value determination of unlisted equity securities is not evidenced by a quoted price in an active market or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the day-one losses should be deferred and will be recognised to profit or loss until (i) the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in active market, (ii) the valuation can be determined using market observable inputs or (iii) realised through settlement. During the year, the increase in day-one loss of HK\$5,220,000 was arise from the addition of unlisted equity securities as mentioned in note 18(d) and 33(b), on the initial recognition date.

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19. DEBT INVESTMENT AT AMORTISED COST

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Senior notes	30,000	100,000

On 16 June 2023, the senior notes with principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 was repurchased by its issuer. As at 31 December 2023, the Group held senior notes issued by a company listed in Hong Kong which bear interest at 9.5% (2022: 9.5%) per annum payable semi-annually and will be due on 30 June 2025 (2022: 30 June 2025).

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	р	F
Unlisted shares		
Shares of net assets	327,009	173,682

Details of the associates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of entities	Place of incorporation/ operation	Class of shares held	issued sh	of value of are capital by the Group 2022 %	Principal activities
Eternal Billion Holding Group Limited (" Eternal ")	BVI	Ordinary	-	25	Investment holding
Hope Capital Limited (" Hope Capital ") (Note a)	BVI	Ordinary	22.39	23.19	Engaged in securities investment and financial services business through its subsidiaries
HEC Securities Company Limited (" HEC Securities ") (Note b)	BVI	Ordinary	25	25	Engaged in securities investment and financial services business through its subsidiaries

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Notes:

(a) In March 2023, Hope Capital issued certain new shares to two independent third party investors and the Group's equity interests in Hope Capital has been diluted from 23.19% to 22.39% accordingly.

On 28 September 2023, Hope Capital issued rights shares to its shareholders and the Group subscribed 240 shares at a consideration of HK\$134,400,000. Since all shareholders including the Group participated in the rights issue, the Group's shareholding in Hope Capital remains unchanged.

(b) On 31 January 2023, HEC Securities issued shares to all shareholders by way of open offer in proportion to their shareholdings and the Group subscribed 37,350,000 offer shares at a consideration of HK\$74,700,000. Since all its shareholders including the Group participated in the open offer, the Group's shareholding in HEC Securities remains unchanged.

Relationship with associates

Both associates and their group companies are engaged in securities investment and financial services business which allows the Group to penetrate financial services market through the extensive network of the associates.

Contingent liabilities

At the end of the reporting period, there are no contingent liabilities in relation to its interests in associates.

Fair value of investments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's associates are private companies and there was no quoted market price available for the investments.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Financial information of associates

Summarised financial information of each of the associates of the Group is set out below, which represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and adjusted by the Group for equity accounting purposes including any differences in accounting policies and fair value adjustments.

At 31 December 2023		Hope Capital <i>HK\$'000</i>	HEC Securities <i>HK\$'000</i>
Gross amount Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities		239,238 887,189 (404) (20,000)	417 399,039 (81,903) –
Equity		1,106,023	317,553
Reconciliation Gross amount of equity		1,106,023	317,553
Group's ownership interests		22.39%	25%
Group's share of equity		247,621	79,388
Period/Year ended 31 December 2023	Eternal HK\$'000 (From 1 January 2023 to 14 March 2023 (date of disposal))	Hope Capital <i>HK\$'000</i>	HEC Securities <i>HK\$'000</i>
Gross amount Revenue	_	1,292	2,053
Loss from continuing operations Other comprehensive expense	(1,500) –	(173,827) (70,367)	(4,885) –
Total comprehensive expense	(1,500)	(244,194)	(4,885)
		(Note 20(a)) 22.39% –	
Group's ownership interests	25%	23.19%	25%
Group's share of: Loss from operations for the period/year Other comprehensive expense for the period/year	-	(36,678) (15,756)	(1,221) –
Total comprehensive expense for the period/year	_	(52,434)	(1,221)
Dividend received from the associates	_	2,243	-

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Financial information of associates (Continued)

At 31 December 2022Here HK\$'000Here SecuritiesAt 31 December 2022HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000Gross amount Non-current liabilities1,0002,585421Current assets1,0002,585421Current assets1,163723,34240,612Current liabilities-(248)-Equity(251)723,49723,638Reconciliation Gross amount of equity(251)723,49723,638Group's ownership interests25%23,19%25%Group's share of equity-167,7735,909Year/Period ended 31 December 2022HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Croup's share of : Progrup's ownership interests25%30,80%25%Group's ownership interests25%30,80%25%Group's ownership interests25%30,80%25%Group's ownership interests25%30,80%25%Group's ownership interests25%30,80%25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income for the year/periodOther coeved from the asso	Financial information of associates (Continued)				
Non-current assets 1,000 2,585 421 Current issets 1,163 723,342 40,612 Current liabilities - (2,414) (2,182) (17,395) Non-current liabilities - (2,414) (2,182) (-7,395) Equity (251) 723,497 23,638 Reconciliation (251) 723,497 23,638 Group's ownership interests 25% 23,19% 25% Group's share of equity - 167,773 5,909 Year/Period ended 31 December 2022 Eternal Hope Capital Securities Year/Period ended 31 December 2022 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Group's smaunt - 30,778 63 2022 (date of acquisition) to acquisition) to 31 December 2022) Gross amount - - - - - Total comprehensive income (90) 24,175 (364) 23,08% - Group's ownership interests 25% 30,80% 25% 30,80% - 25%	At 31 December 2022				
Reconciliation Gross amount of equity(251)723,49723,638Group's ownership interests25%23,19%25%Group's share of equity-167,7735,909Year/Period ended 31 December 2022HEE HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000Group's share of equity-167,7735,909Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Eternal HK\$'000Hope Capital HK\$'000Securities Period HK\$'000Gross amount Revenue-30,77863(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's ownership interestsTotal comprehensive income for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)	Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities	1,163	723,342 (2,182)	40,612	
Gross amount of equity(251)723,49723,638Group's ownership interests25%23,19%25%Group's share of equity-167,7735,909Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Eternal HK\$'000Hope Capital HK\$'000Securities HK\$'000Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Eternal HK\$'000Hope Capital Securities HK\$'000Securities HK\$'000Gross amount Revenue-30,77863(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's share of: 	Equity	(251)	723,497	23,638	
Group's share of equity - 167,773 5,909 Year/Period ended 31 December 2022 HE Hope Capital Securities Securities HK\$'000 (From 29 December 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2022) Gross amount Revenue - 30,778 63 (Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income (90) 24,175 (364) Total comprehensive (expense) income (90) 24,175 (364) Group's share of: 23,08% - 25% 23,08% - 25% Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period - 5,755 (91) Other comprehensive income for the year/period - - - Total comprehensive income for the year/period - 5,755 (91) Other comprehensive income (expense) - - - Total comprehensive income for the year/period - - - Other comprehensive income (expense) - - - Total comprehensive income (expense) - - - Total comprehensive income (expense) - - - Total comprehensive income (expense) - 5,755 (91)		(251)	723,497	23,638	
Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Eternal HK\$'000Hope Capital HK\$'000HEC Securities HK\$'000Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Becember 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2022)Becember 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2022)Gross amount Revenue-30,77863(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Total comprehensive (expense) income(90)24,175(364)Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period	Group's ownership interests	25%	23.19%	25%	
Year/Period ended 31 December 2022Eternal HK\$'000Hope Capital HK\$'000Securities HK\$'000 (From 29 December 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2022)Gross amount Revenue30,77863(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/periodOther comprehensive income for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)	Group's share of equity		167,773	5,909	
Revenue-30,77863(Loss) Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive income(90)24,175(364)Total comprehensive (expense) income(90)24,175(364)Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)	Year/Period ended 31 December 2022			Securities HK\$'000 (From 29 December 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December	
Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive (expense) income(90)24,175(364)Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)			30,778	63	
Group's ownership interests23.08% - 25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period5,755(91)		(90) _	24,175 -	(364)	
Group's ownership interests25%30.80%25%Group's share of: Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)	Total comprehensive (expense) income	(90)	24,175	(364)	
Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period-5,755(91)Other comprehensive income for the year/periodTotal comprehensive income (expense) for the year/period-5,755(91)	Group's ownership interests	25%		25%	
for the year/period 5,755 (91)	Profit (Loss) from operations for the year/period Other comprehensive income for the	-	5,755 –	(91)	
Dividend received from the associates			5,755	(91)	
	Dividend received from the associates		_		

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

21. INTERESTS IN A JOINT VENTURE

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted shares		
Shares of net assets	164,504	149,853

Details of the joint venture at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of entities	Place of incorporation/ operation	Class of shares held	issued sha	of value of are capital by the Group 2022 %	Principal activities
Golden Thread Investments Limited (" Golden Thread ")	Republic of the Marshall Islands	Ordinary S	35 (Note a)	35 (Note a)	Engaged in a single purpose project for property assets-based financing business

Note:

(a) A supplemental agreement was signed by all joint venture partners in 2022, pursuant to which the share of profit would be based on the latest capital contribution ratio instead of issued share proportion. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the latest capital contribution ratio of the Group is 30%, thus, the relevant proportion of ownership interest held by the Group is 30%. No movement for the Group's shareholding during the year.

Relationship with a joint venture

Golden Thread engaged in a single purpose project for property assets-based financing business, allows the Group to penetrate this market through the extensive network of the joint venture.

Contingent liabilities

There are no capital commitment and contingent liabilities in relation to its interests in a joint venture.

Fair value of investments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's joint venture is private company and there was no quoted market price available for the investment.

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21. INTERESTS IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Financial information of a joint venture

Summarised financial information of a joint venture of the Group is set out below, which represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and adjusted by the Group for equity accounting purposes including any differences in accounting policies and fair value adjustments.

At 31 December 2023	Golden Thread <i>HK\$'000</i>
Gross amount Non-current assets	12,027
Current assets Current liabilities	540,181 (1,275)
Equity	550,933
Reconciliation	
Gross amount of equity	550,933
	(Note 21(a))
Group's ownership interests	30%
Group's share of equity	164,504
Year ended 31 December 2023	Golden Thread <i>HK\$'000</i>
Gross amount	
Revenue	48,872
Profit from continuing operations	48,837
Other comprehensive income	-
Total comprehensive income	48,837
	(Note 21(a))
Group's ownership interests	30%
Group's share of:	
Profit from operations for the year	
	14,651
Other comprehensive income for the year	14,651 _
	14,651 _

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

21. INTERESTS IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Financial information of a joint venture (Continued)

At 31 December 2022	Golden Thread <i>HK</i> \$'000
Gross amount Non-current assets Current assets	2,120 495,263
Equity	497,383
Reconciliation Gross amount of equity	497,383
Group's ownership interests	(Note 21(a)) 30%
Group's share of equity	149,853
Period ended 31 December 2022	Golden Thread HK\$'000 (From 6 January 2022 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2022)
Gross amount Revenue	97,996
Profit from continuing operations Other comprehensive expense	97,918 (535)
Total comprehensive income	97,383
Group's ownership interests	(Note 21(a)) 30% – 40%
Group's share of: Profit from operations for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	34,853
Total comprehensive income for the period	34,853
Capital and dividend distribution received from the joint venture	420,000

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22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trading rights <i>HK\$'000</i> (Note a and c)	Membership debenture <i>HK\$'000</i> (Note b and c)	Club membership <i>HK\$'000</i> (Note d)	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Reconciliation of carrying amount – year ended 31 December 2022				
At the beginning of the reporting period	5,408	_	4,458	9,866
Additions Amortisation	-	6,248	(500)	6,248
Amortisation			(500)	(500)
At the end of the reporting period	5,408	6,248	3,958	15,614
Reconciliation of carrying amount – year ended 31 December 2023 At the beginning of the reporting				
period Amortisation	5,408	6,248	3,958 (500)	15,614 (500)
At the end of the reporting period	5,408	6,248	3,458	15,114
At 31 December 2022				
Cost Accumulated amortisation and	5,408	6,248	5,000	16,656
impairment losses		-	(1,042)	(1,042)
	5,408	6,248	3,958	15,614
At 31 December 2023				
Cost	5,408	6,248	5,000	16,656
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	_	-	(1,542)	(1,542)
	5,408	6,248	3,458	15,114

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Trading rights that confer eligibility on the Group to trade on the Stock Exchange and the Futures Exchange. The trading rights have no foreseeable limit to the period over which the Group can use to generate cash flows. As a result, the trading rights are considered by the management of the Group as having indefinite useful lives because they are expected to contribute to net cash inflows indefinitely. The trading rights will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite.
- (b) The membership debenture has no foreseeable limit to the period over which the Group can use to generate cash flows. As a result, membership debenture is considered by the management of the Group as having indefinite useful life. The membership debenture will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite.
- (c) No impairment losses on trading rights and membership debenture have been recognised for both years.
- (d) Club membership has a validity of 10 years and the Group has determined that this asset has a useful life of 10 years. It is tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment appears.

23. OTHER DEPOSITS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Statutory and other deposits with exchanges and clearing houses	425	5,472

The deposits are non-interest bearing.

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24. TRADE, LOAN AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Trade receivables Trade receivables arising from the business of securities brokerage			
- cash clients		114	98
– margin clients	(b)	164,937	668,167
– Others		-	2,121
	(a)	165,051	670,386
Loan receivables			
Loan and interest receivables from independent			
third parties		283,634	340,648
Less: Loss allowance	36	(11,122)	(34,650)
	(c)	272,512	305,998
Less: Non-current portion		(6,521)	(31,917)
Current portion		265,991	274,081
Other receivables			
Deposits with securities brokers	(d)	1,878	9,663
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		31,708	63,541
		33,586	73,204
	(e)	464,628	1,017,671

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks and loss allowance for trade, loan and other receivables is included in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

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24. TRADE, LOAN AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) No aging analysis by invoice date is disclosed as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the aging analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of brokerage business. The Group offsets certain trade receivables and trade payables when the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the balances; and intends to settle on a net basis or to realise the balances simultaneously. Details are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (b) Trade receivables from margin clients are repayable on demand and bear interest ranging from 8% to 30% (2022: 8% to 30%) per annum for the year ended 31 December 2023. The loans are secured by pledged marketable securities with a total fair value of approximately HK\$461,096,000 (2022: approximately HK\$1,927,536,000). The Group is permitted to sell or repledge the marketable securities if the customers default on the payment when requested by the Group. During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no margin loans were granted to the directors of the Company or directors of subsidiaries.
- (c) As at 31 December 2023, the Group's net loan receivables included both fixed and variable rate loan advances to independent third parties of which approximately HK\$14,751,000 (2022: approximately HK\$70,790,000) were secured by the pledge of certain collaterals and personal guarantees, bearing interest ranging from HKD Prime Rate plus 2.75% to 9% (2022: 5% to 15%) per annum and had contractual loan period between 12 months and 18 months (2022: between 12 months and 7 years) under the Group's credit and lending services. The remaining balance included fixed rate loan advances to independent third parties of which approximately HK\$257,761,000 (2022: HK\$235,208,000) were unsecured, bearing interest ranging from 5% to 8% (2022: 5% to 15%) per annum. The contractual loan period for majority of the unsecured loan receivables from third parties is between 3 months and 5 years (2022: between 6 months and 5 years).

The amount granted to individuals and corporates depends on management's assessment of credit risk of the customers by evaluation on background check (such as their background, and financial position for individual borrowers and their industry and financial position for corporate borrowers) and repayment abilities. During the year ended 31 December 2023, net reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$23,528,000 (2022: net reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$13,688,000) was recognised for the loan receivables. Details are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

- (d) Deposits with securities brokers represented the funds deposited with the brokers' houses for securities trading purpose.
- (e) The trade, loan and other receivables are expected to be recovered within one year, except for the deposits of approximately HK\$10,168,000 (2022: approximately HK\$10,168,000).

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVPL

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Mandatorily measured at FVPL			
 Listed shares in Hong Kong 		152,849	183,353
 Listed shares in the United States 		7,098	865
 Unlisted investment funds 	(a)	64,857	103,143
 Financial assets arising from a financing 			
arrangement	(b)	-	105,438
	1		
		224,804	392,799
	Ī		
Analysed as:			
Non-current		-	2,485
Current		224,804	390,314
	Ī		
		224,804	392,799

Notes:

- (a) The unlisted investment funds are mainly subscribed from independent financial institutions in overseas. The portfolios of these funds mainly comprise securities listed in overseas and unlisted debt and equity securities in Asia-Pacific region. The funds are redeemable at the discretion of the Group from time to time and the intention of holding them was for short-term investment, except for certain unlisted investment funds which was held for long-term investment.
- (b) The amount represented the transfer of assets related to the acquisition of the entire interest of Siston Holdings Limited and its wholly owned subsidiary (together the "Siston Group") which does not satisfy the requirement of HKFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sales and purchase of assets and the relevant financial assets including the transfer proceeds together with the call option are accounted for under financial assets at FVPL. Details are set out in note 26(b) to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

On 8 August 2023, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of the entire interest of the Siston Group (the "**Disposal**") at a consideration of HK\$110,000,000. The transaction was completed on the same day. The relevant agreements under the option arrangement, which have been extended during the year, were also terminated. The Disposal resulted in a gain of HK\$4,562,000 recognised in profit or loss during the year. Details of the Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 August 2023.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, licence fee of HK\$5,500,000 (2022: HK\$11,000,000) was classified as interest income from financial asset at FVPL.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

26. BANK BALANCES – TRUST AND SEGREGATED ACCOUNTS/SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS/CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank balances – trust and segregated accounts

The Group receives and holds money deposited by clients and other institutions in the course of the conduct of the regulated activities of its ordinary business. These clients' monies are maintained in one or more segregated bank accounts. The Group has recognised the corresponding accounts payable to respective clients and other institutions (Note 27). However, the Group does not have a currently enforceable right to offset those payables with the deposits placed.

Short-term bank deposits

Short-term bank deposits are bank deposits with original maturities over three months, under twelve months and redeemable on maturity. The effective interest rate of the short-term bank deposits of the Group was 4.91% per annum for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Cash and cash equivalents

The amounts comprise cash at bank and short-term bank deposits at market interest rates with an original maturity of three months or less.

Bank balances carry interest at prevailing market rate ranging from 0.001% to 0.875% (2022: 0.001% to 0.35%) per annum.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Trade payables			
Trade payables arising from the business of securities brokerage			
– cash clients	(a)	818	808
– margin clients	(a)	54,118	46,147
– HKSCC	(b)	4,613	7,684
	24(a)	59,549	54,639
Secured margin loans from securities brokers	(c)	10,065	101,028
		69,614	155,667
Other payables			
Other payables and accrued charges		23,487	17,783
		93,101	173,450

Notes:

- (a) Trade payables to cash and margin clients are repayable on demand. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, no aging analysis is disclosed as the aging analysis does not give additional value.
- (b) The settlement terms of trade receivables and payables arising from the provision of securities brokerage business with HKSCC are usually two days after trade date. No aged analysis is disclosed as in the opinion of directors of the Company, the aged analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of brokerage business.
- (c) For secured margin loans from securities brokers, the loans are repayable on demand (except certain balances arising from trades pending settlement or margin deposits) and are interest-bearing at HIBOR 1 month rate plus 3.8% per annum (2022: a range from 3.35% to 8% per annum). The total market value of equity securities classified as financial assets at FVPL and Designated FVOCI pledged as collateral in respect of the loans was approximately HK\$129,266,000 (2022: approximately HK\$505,697,000) as at 31 December 2023.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

28. LEASE LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the weighted average discount rate applied was 6.55% (2022: 5.99%) per annum. The interest expenses on lease liabilities are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Commitments and present value of lease liabilities:

	Minimum lease payments 2023 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Present value of minimum lease payments 2023 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Amounts payable: Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	7,247 5,469	6,670 5,323
Less: future finance charges	12,716 (723)	11,993 –
Total lease liabilities	11,993	11,993
	Minimum lease payments 2022 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Present value of minimum lease payments 2022 <i>HK</i> \$'000
Amounts payable: Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	6,419 1,330	6,173 1,311
Less: future finance charges	7,749 (265)	7,484
Total lease liabilities	7,484	7,484

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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29. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Secured bank loan Unsecured other loans	(a) (b)	51,235 -	53,199 240,824
		51,235	294,023

Notes:

(a) At the end of the reporting period, the bank loan is interest bearing at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus 1.3% (2022: Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus 1.3%) per annum and secured by the Group's investment property with carrying value of HK\$86,530,000 (2022: HK\$102,750,000) and corporate guarantees provided by the Group's subsidiaries. The bank loan with a clause in their terms that gives the bank an overriding right to demand for repayment without notice or with notice period of less than 12 months at their sole discretion are classified as current liabilities even though the Directors do not expect that the banks would exercise their right to demand repayment.

The maturity terms of the bank loan based on repayment schedule pursuant to the loan facility letters (ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause) are as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth year Over five years	2,619 10,219 47,111	2,644 10,321 49,628
	59,949	62,593

(b) The loans from independent third parties and an associate as at 31 December 2022 were unsecured, interest bearing ranging from 4% to 7.5% per annum and repayable within 1 year. The loans were fully settled or netted off (see note 33(b)) during the year.

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30. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement for the year in the Group's deferred tax assets (liabilities) was as follows:

	Unrealised (gain) loss on financial assets at FVPL <i>HK\$'000</i>	Depreciation allowance <i>HK\$'000</i>	Tax losses HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 January 2022	(2,225)	(410)	2,635	_
Credit to profit or loss for the year (Note 11)	2,225	318	(2,543)	-
At 31 December 2022 Credit to profit or loss for the year (Note 11)	-	(92) 92	92 (92)	-
At 31 December 2023		_	_	_

Recognised deferred tax assets (liabilities) at the end of the reporting period represent the following:

	Ass	ets	Liabi	lities
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Depreciation allowance	-	-	-	(92)
Tax losses	-	92	-	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	-	92	-	(92)
Offsetting	-	(92)		92
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	_	_	-	_

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unrecognised temporary differences arising from unused tax losses and unrealised losses on financial assets at FVPL of approximately HK\$2,031,632,000 (2022: HK\$1,991,355,000) and HK\$302,218,000 (2022: HK\$279,220,000) respectively. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therefrom. The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

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31. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 (2022: HK\$0.05) each		
Authorised: At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	20,000,000,000	1,000,000
	Number of shares	Share capital HK\$'000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	6,109,259,139	305,463

All shares issued during the year rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

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32. SHARE OPTION AND SHARE AWARD SCHEMES

2012 Share Option Scheme

On 17 May 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**2012 Share Option Scheme**") which has a life of ten years from 17 May 2012 and expired on 17 May 2022. Under the 2012 Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, offer the eligible persons (including any executive director) of the Company or its subsidiaries options to subscribe for shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no share options were granted, exercised or lapsed (2022: no share options were granted or exercised and 60,000,000 share options were lapsed) under the 2012 Share Option Scheme.

The following tables disclose details of the Company's share options held by eligible persons (including directors) and movement in such holdings during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

			Number of the sh	nare options		
	Outstanding				Outstanding	Exercisable
	at	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	at	at
	1 January	during	during	during	31 December	31 December
2012 Share Option scheme	2023	the year	the year	the year	2023	2023
Directors of the Company	20,000,000	-	-	-	20,000,000	20,000,000
Employees	72,000,000	-	-	-	72,000,000	72,000,000
Other participants	100,000,000	-	-	-	100,000,000	100,000,000
	192,000,000	_	-	_	192,000,000	192,000,000
Weighted average exercise price	HK\$0.85	-	-	-	HK\$0.85	HK\$0.85
			Number of the sh	nare options		
	Outstanding				Outstanding	Exercisable
	at	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	at	at
	1 January	during	during	during	31 December	31 December
2012 Share Option scheme	2022	the vear	the year	the year	2022	2022

2012 Share Option scheme	2022	the year	the year	the year	2022	2022	
Directors of the Company	80,000,000	-	_	(60,000,000)	20,000,000	20,000,000	
Employees	72,000,000	-	-	-	72,000,000	72,000,000	
Other participants	100,000,000	-	-	-	100,000,000	100,000,000	
	252,000,000	-	-	(60,000,000)	192,000,000	192,000,000	
Weighted average exercise price	HK\$0.85	-	-	HK\$0.84	HK\$0.85	HK\$0.85	

The weight average remaining contractual life is 5.76 years (2022: 6.76 years) for the share options outstanding as at 31 December 2023.

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32. SHARE OPTION AND SHARE AWARD SCHEMES (Continued)

2019 Share Award Scheme

On 19 December 2019, the Company adopted a share award scheme (the "**2019 Share Award Scheme**") which has a life of ten years from 19 December 2019. Under the 2019 Share Award Scheme, the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, issue awarded shares to the eligible persons (including any executive director) of the Company or its subsidiaries subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. At the beginning of the year ended 31 December 2023, the maximum number of awarded shares that may be granted under the Share Award Scheme was 183,277,774, representing 3% of the total issued shares of the Company on that date. As the Company has not sought shareholders' approval to refresh the share award mandate upon its expiry at the conclusion of the Company's annual general meeting held on 12 June 2023, there was no awarded shares that may be granted under the Share At the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

On 22 January 2020, the Company granted 95,000,000 awarded shares to 10 eligible persons under the 2019 Share Award Scheme which shall be vested on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant (i.e. 22 January 2024). The share-based payment expenses shall be recognised with reference to the fair value of the shares granted determined based on the share price of the Company at the date of grant over 4 years from the date of grant on a straight line basis. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recognised HK\$20,187,000 (2022: HK\$20,187,000) (included in employee benefits expense and other expenses) as the equity-settled share-based payment expenses with the corresponding amounts being credited to share award reserve.

Movements of the awarded shares granted under the 2019 Share Award Scheme during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Number	of awarded sha	res	
2019 Share Award Scheme	Unvested at 1 January	Granted during	Vested during	Lapsed during	Unvested at 31 December
2019 Share Award Scheme	2023	the year	the year	the year	2023
Director of the Company	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Other participants	85,000,000	-	-	-	85,000,000
	95,000,000	_	-	-	95,000,000
	Number of awarded shares				
	Unvested at	Granted	Vested	Lapsed	Unvested at
	1 January	during	during	during	31 December
2019 Share Award Scheme	2022	the year	the year	the year	2022
Director of the Company	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Other participants	85,000,000	-	-	-	85,000,000
	95,000,000	_	-	_	95,000,000

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no awarded shares were granted, vested or lapsed under the 2019 Share Award Scheme.

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32. SHARE OPTION AND SHARE AWARD SCHEMES (Continued)

2022 Share Option Scheme

On 13 June 2022, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**2022 Share Option Scheme**") which has a life of ten years from 13 June 2022. Under the 2022 Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, offer the eligible persons (including any executive director) of the Company or its subsidiaries options to subscribe for shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. At the beginning and the end of the year ended 31 December 2023, the total number of shares available for issue under the 2022 Share Option Scheme was 610,925,913, representing 10% of the total issued shares of the Company as at the date of adoption of the scheme.

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no share options were granted under the 2022 Share Option Scheme.

33. OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

33(a). Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities Details of the changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities are as follows:

2023

	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Interest- bearing borrowings <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At 1 January 2023	7,484	294,023	301,507
New lease	9,264	-	9,264
Reassessment of lease liabilities	2,089	-	2,089
Interest expenses	403	10,325	10,728
Interest paid	-	(5,370)	(5,370)
Settled by netting off of margin receivable			
(Note 33(b))	-	(129,279)	(129,279)
Cash inflow (outflow) in financing activities:			
Repayment of interest-bearing			(((0 (0 ()
borrowings	-	(118,464)	(118,464)
Lease payments (including interest			
payment)	(7,247)	-	(7,247)
At 31 December 2023	11,993	51,235	63,228

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33. OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

33(a). Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (Continued) 2022

	Lease liabilities <i>HK</i> \$'000	Interest- bearing borrowings <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
At 1 January 2022	10,646	246,568	257,214
New lease	4,321	_	4,321
Interest expenses	520	14,055	14,575
Interest paid	_	(3,499)	(3,499)
Cash inflow (outflow) in financing activities:			
Drawdown of interest-bearing borrowings	-	513,000	513,000
Repayment of interest-bearing			
borrowings	-	(476,101)	(476,101)
Lease payments (including interest			
payment)	(8,003)	-	(8,003)
At 31 December 2022	7,484	294,023	301,507

33(b). Major non-cash transaction

On 18 December 2023, the Group entered into a settlement agreement with a third party margin client and its group companies to settle the outstanding margin receivable of HK\$189,279,000 due to the Group. At the date of settlement agreement, the Group has an unsecured loan payable to the fellow subsidiary of the margin client amounting to HK\$129,279,000, pursuant to the agreement, the fellow subsidiary of the margin client has agreed to offset the balance with the outstanding margin receivable. The remaining outstanding margin receivable of HK\$60,000,000 was settled by 810 issued shares of an unlisted investment, Co-Lead, with fair value of approximately HK\$58,025,000. The Group irrevocably designated the investment in Co-Lead as Designated FVOCI because the Group intends to hold for long term strategic purposes.

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the remuneration to the key management personnel and those disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had following transactions with related parties:

Related party relationship	Nature of transaction	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Associate	Interest on other loans	417	366

The key management personnel are the directors of the Company. The details of the remuneration paid to them are set out in note 12.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

35. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes interest-bearing borrowings and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues as well as the issue of new debts.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements except for certain subsidiaries engaged in securities dealings and broking, corporate finance and investment advisory services which are regulated entities under the Securities and Futures Commission and require to comply with Hong Kong Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (the "**SF(FR)R**") subject to the respective minimum capital requirements and liquid capital requirements. The management closely monitors the liquid capital requirements under SF(FR)R. The Group's regulated entities have complied with the capital requirements imposed by SF(FR)R throughout the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of financial instruments

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Financial assets Mandatorily measured at FVPL Amortised cost Designated FVOCI	(a)	224,804 943,957 1,971,977	392,799 1,557,984 3,186,010
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	(b)	144,336	467,473

Notes:

- (a) Financial assets at amortised cost include debt investment at amortised cost, trade, loan and other receivables (excluding certain deposits and prepayments), bank balances – trust and segregated accounts, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents.
- (b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost include trade and other payables and interest-bearing borrowings.

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36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

At 31 December 2023, the Group's major financial instruments include Designated FVOCI, debt investment at amortised cost, trade, loan and other receivables, financial assets at FVPL, bank balances – trust and segregated accounts, short-term bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and interest-bearing borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. The risks associated and the management policies remain unchanged from prior year.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

Certain bank balances are denominated in foreign currencies which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant entities to which they relate.

	Asse	ts
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
RMB	176,854	177,907
US\$	42,746	38,703

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy but the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The management considers the Group's exposure on foreign exchange rate risk from the remaining foreign currencies is minimal due to insignificant balances denominated in other foreign currencies.

Sensitivity analysis

At the end of the reporting period, if exchange rate of RMB had appreciated/depreciated against the functional currencies of the respective group entities by 5% (2022: 4%) and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss before tax would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$8,843,000 (2022: approximately HK\$7,116,000) as a result of changes in the carrying amount of these assets.

Since the exchange rate of HK\$ is pegged with US\$, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rate had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to each of the Group's exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the year until the end of the next reporting period.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Market risk (Continued) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate cash and cash equivalents, variable-rate interest-bearing borrowings and variable-rate secured margin loans and securities brokers. The management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The management considers that the Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk on variable-rate bank balances as a result of the change of market interest rate is insignificant due to low interest rates on bank balances at the end of the reporting period, thus no sensitivity analysis is prepared for cash flow interest rate risk.

Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from investments in listed equity securities which classified as financial assets at FVPL and Designated FVOCI. The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk.

Sensitivity analysis

At the end of the reporting period, if the quoted market prices of the listed equity securities classified as financial assets at FVPL had been 6% (2022: 25%) higher or lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss before tax would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$9,597,000 (2022: approximately HK\$46,055,000) as a result of changes in fair value of these financial assets.

At the end of the reporting period, if the quoted market prices of the listed equity securities classified as Designated FVOCI had been 6% (2022: 25%) higher or lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's other comprehensive loss for the year would decrease/ increase by approximately HK\$75,062,000 (2022: approximately HK\$610,617,000) as a result of changes in fair value of these financial assets.

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the reasonably possible changes in the equity prices had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to equity price risk in existence at that date. It is also assumed that the fair values of the investments of the Group would change in accordance with the market price and that all other variables remain constant. The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in the relevant market price over the period until the end of the next annual reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2022.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets on the consolidated statement of financial position, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Group's exposure to credit risk without taking into account the value of any collateral held or other credit enhancements.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties fail to perform their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual financial assets at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Trade receivables from margin clients

The Group provides financing services only to recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all these margin clients are subject to credit verification procedures. The margin loans are secured by pledged marketable securities and margin is set to ensure that certain proportion of the fair value of pledged marketable securities of the individual margin clients is sufficiently higher than the corresponding outstanding loans.

The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of clients and the trade receivables from margin clients are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms.

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the financial asset is credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience, loan to value ratio which determined using current trade receivable balances and pledged marketable securities and adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year.

After considering the above factors, the management assess that all of the trade receivables from margin clients have not had a significant increase in credit risk and 12-month ECL will be recognised. The management of the Group considers the 12-month ECL of trade receivables from margin clients to be insignificant, so no loss allowance was recognised during the year (2022: Nil).

Loan receivables

Management has money lending policies in place and the exposure to the credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group grants loans only to recognised and creditworthy third party and related party borrowers. It is the Group's policy that all these borrowers are subject to credit verification procedures. Also, the Group has other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is promptly taken to recover overdue debts.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk (Continued) Loan receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 26% and 82% (2022: 48% and 89%) of total loan receivables was due from the Group's largest borrower and the five largest borrowers respectively, within the money lending segment.

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the loan receivable is credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience for the borrowers and the financial position of the counterparties by reference to, among others, their management or audited accounts and available press information, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year.

The Group has established a loan credit risk classification system and performs credit risk management based on loan classification in one of three categories of internal credit rating. The information about the ECL for the loan receivables as at 31 December 2023 is summarised below. After considering the above factors, a loss allowance of approximately HK\$11,122,000 (2022: approximately HK\$34,650,000) was recognised as at 31 December 2023.

Internal credit rating	Gross carrying amount HK\$'000	ECL	Loss allowance <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net carrying amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
Performing (Note i)	226,193	12-month	4,524	221,669
Underperforming (Note ii)	52,961	Lifetime	2,118	50,843
Not performing (Note iii)	4,480	Lifetime _	4,480	
	283,634	_	11,122	272,512
At 31 December 2022				
	Gross			
	carrying		Loss	Net carrying
Internal credit rating	amount	ECL	allowance	amount
	HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Performing (Note i)	207,764	12-month	4,155	203,609
Underperforming (Note ii)	128,404	Lifetime	26,015	102,389
Not performing (Note iii)	4,480	Lifetime	4,480	_
		-		
	340,648		34,650	305,998
		=		

At 31 December 2023

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk (Continued) Loan receivables (Continued) Notes:

(i) Performing (Normal Credit Quality) refers to the loans that have not had a significant increase in credit risk and ECL in the next 12 months will be recognised;

- (ii) Underperforming (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) refers to the loans that have had a significant increase in credit risk and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised;
- (iii) Not performing (Credit-impaired) refers to the loans that have objective evidence of impairment and for which the lifetime ECL will be recognised.

Aging analysis

Aging analysis of loan receivables (net of loss allowance) prepared based on loan commencement date set out in the relevant contracts is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Less than 1 month	-	12,290
1 to 3 months	14,810	9,902
4 to 6 months	54,085	19,746
7 to 12 months	132,206	160,615
Over 12 months	71,411	103,445
At the end of the reporting period	272,512	305,998

Aging analysis of loan receivables (net of loss allowance) prepared based on contractual due date is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Not yet past due 7 to 12 months past due	272,512 -	245,598 60,400
At the end of the reporting period	272,512	305,998

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36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk (Continued) Loan receivables (Continued)

Aging analysis (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period

As at 31 December 2023, the Group recognised a loss allowance of approximately HK\$11,122,000 (2022: approximately HK\$34,650,000) on its loan receivables. The movement in the loss allowance for loan receivables during the year is summarised below.

	2023				
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL			
	Performing <i>HK\$'000</i>	Under- performing <i>HK\$'000</i>	Not performing <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	
At the beginning of the reporting period	4,155	26,015	4,480	34,650	
Increase in allowance	4,104	1,564	-	5,668	
Reversal of allowance upon recovery of loan	(3,533)	(25,663)	-	(29,196)	
Transferred from Performing to Under-performing	(202)	202	-	-	
At the end of the reporting period	4,524	2,118	4,480	11,122	
		20	22		
	12-month ECL	Lifetim	ne ECL		
	Performing <i>HK</i> \$'000	Under- performing <i>HK</i> \$'000	Not performing <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000	
At the beginning of the reporting period	14,382	30,172	4,480	49,034	
Increase in allowance Reversal of allowance upon recovery of	4,134	5,856	-	9,990	
loan Written off upon disposal	(13,665) (696)	(10,013) _	-	(23,678) (696)	

During the year ended 31 December 2023, except for the loan classify as Under-Performing at 31 December 2022, only 1 additional loan had significant increase in credit risk and was reclassified as Under-Performing.

4,155

26,015

4,480

34,650

The management closely monitors the credit quality of the loans and there are no indications that the loan receivables neither past due nor impaired will be uncollectible.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk (Continued)

Debt investment at amortised cost and other receivables

In estimating the ECL and in determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and whether the financial assets are credit-impaired, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience, financial information and adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the counterparties and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default in each case. There was no change in the estimation techniques or methodology made during the year.

The Group considers that debt investment at amortised cost and other receivables have low credit risk based on the debtors' strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and low risk of default, therefore, the credit risk associated with debt investment at amortised cost and other receivables is minimal. No loss allowance was recognised for the year (2022: Nil).

Deposits with financial institution

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because majority of the counterparties are financial institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies and state-owned banks with good reputation. No loss allowance was recognised during the year (2022: Nil).

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both principal and interest cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

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36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Liquidity risk (Continued) Liquidity and interest risk tables

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or less than 1 year <i>HK\$'000</i>	1 to 2 years <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total undiscounted cash flows <i>HK\$'000</i>	Carrying amount at 31.12.2023 <i>HK\$'000</i>
2023					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Amounts due to cash and margin clients	-	54,936	-	54,936	54,936
Amounts due to HKSCC	-	4,613	-	4,613	4,613
Secured margin loans from securities					
brokers	-	10,065	-	10,065	10,065
Other payables and accrued charges	-	23,487	-	23,487	23,487
Interest-bearing borrowings	6.52%	51,235	-	51,235	51,235
Lease liabilities	6.55%	7,247	5,469	12,716	11,993
				-	
		151,583	5,469	157,052	156,329
	Weighted				
	average	On demand		Total	Carrying
	effective	or less than		undiscounted	amount at
	interest rate	1 year	1 to 2 years	cash flows	31.12.2022
	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2022					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Amounts due to cash and margin clients	-	46,955	-	46,955	46,955
Amounts due to HKSCC	-	7,684	-	7,684	7,684
Secured margin loans from securities				,	
brokers	-	101,028	-	101,028	101,028
Other payables and accrued charges	-	17,783	-	17,783	17,783
Interest-bearing borrowings	4.66%	301,895	-	301,895	294,023
Lease liabilities	5.99%	6,419	1,330	7,749	7,484
		404 704	4 000	400.001	174.055
		481,764	1,330	483,094	474,957

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

professional qualified valuer

37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value or required to disclose their fair value in these financial statements on a recurring basis across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in HKFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, with the fair value measurement categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The levels of inputs are defined as follows:

- Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 (lowest level): unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

(a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value

Assets		sets	Fair va 2023	lue as at 2022	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	1)	Investments in listed equity securities classified as financial assets at FVPL	Listed equity securities in: - Hong Kong HK\$152,849,000 - United States HK\$7,098,000	Listed equity securities in: - Hong Kong HK\$183,353,000 - United States HK\$865,000	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market
1	2)	Investments in unlisted investment funds classified as financial assets at FVPL	HK\$64,857,000	HK\$103,143,000	Level 2	Determined by the external fund manager based on net asset value of the funds
	3)	Financial assets arising from a financing arrangement classified as financial assets at FVPL	Nil	HK\$105,438,000	Level 3	Derived from direct comparison approach and Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model by an independent professional qualified valuer
,	4)	Investments in listed equity securities classified as Designated FVOCI	Listed equity securities in: - Hong Kong HK\$1,220,886,000 - United States HK\$30,144,000	Listed equity securities in: - Hong Kong HK\$2,417,797,000 - United States HK\$24,670,000	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market
	5)	Investments in unlisted equity securities classified as Designated FVOCI	HK\$645,727,000	HK\$673,543,000	Level 3	Derived from unobservable inputs for the asset or liability by an independent professional qualified valuer or the management
	6)	Investment property	HK\$86,530,000	HK\$102,750,000	Level 3	Derived from direct comparison approach with adjustment on unobservable inputs by an independent

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37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value (Continued) There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurement, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements for both years. The details of the movements of the recurring fair value measurements categorised as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Movements in Level 3 fair value measurements 2023

Description	Investment property Residential property located in Hong Kong <i>HK\$'000</i>	Financial assets at FVPL Financial assets arising from a financing arrangement <i>HK\$'000</i>	Designated FVOCI Unlisted equity securities HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
At the beginning of the reporting period	102,750	105,438	673,543	881,731
Addition Disposal Total gains or losses reported as "fair value loss on	:	- (110,000)	119,780 –	119,780 (110,000)
investment property" in profit or loss reported as "gain on disposal of financial assets arising from a	(16,220)	-	-	(16,220)
financing arrangement" in profit or loss reported as "fair value change on Designated FVOCI" in other	-	4,562	-	4,562
comprehensive income	-	-	(147,596)	(147,596)
At the end of the reporting period	86,530	_	645,727	732,257

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37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value (Continued) Movements in Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

2022

	Investment property	Financial assets at FVPL	Designated FVOCI	
-		Financial		
	Residential	assets		
	property	arising from	Unlisted	
	located	a financing	equity	
Description	in Hong Kong	arrangement	securities	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the reporting period	102,750	105,438	46,053	254,241
Addition	-	-	680,000	680,000
Total gains or losses				
reported as "fair value change on				
Designated FVOCI" in other				
comprehensive income	-	-	(52,510)	(52,510)
-				
At the end of the reporting period	102,750	105,438	673,543	881,731

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37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value (Continued) Quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs and description of valuation techniques used in Level 3 fair value measurement The quantitative information of the significant unobservable input and description of valuation techniques used in Level 3 fair value measurement, including the description of the sensitivity to changes in unobservable inputs for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements, are as follows:

Description	Fair value at 31 December 2023 <i>HK\$'</i> 000	Fair value at 31 December 2022 <i>HK</i> \$'000	Valuation techniques	Un	observable input	to (nsitivity of fair value changes in observable inputs
Assets Designated FVOCI (a) unlisted equity securities in BVI	72,691	24,543	Adjusted net asset value method	a) b) c) d)	The mean of MVIC/ Total assets ratios of the comparable companies of 0.46 (2022:0.46) The mean of P/B ratios of the comparable companies of 0.28 (2022: 0.35) Weighting factor of 50:50 (2022: 50:50) for fair value arrived by MVIC/Total assets ratio and P/B ratio The discount for lack of marketability of 5% (2022: 5%)	a) b) c	If the MVIC/Total assets ratio increased/decreased by 5%, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would increase/decrease by HK\$910,000 (2022: <i>HK\$120,000</i>). If the P/B ratio increased/ decreased by 5%, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would increase/ decrease by HK\$278,000 (2022: <i>HK\$138,000</i>).)If the weighting factor was changed to 55:45/45:55 for fair value arriving by MVIC/ Total assets ratio and P/ B ratio, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would decrease/increase by HK\$414,000 (2022: <i>HK\$116,000</i>). If the discount for lack of marketability increased/ decreased by 1%, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would decrease/ increase by HK\$765,000 (2022: HK\$258,000).

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37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

 (a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value (Continued) Quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs and description of valuation techniques used in Level 3 fair value measurement (Continued)

Description		Fair value at 31 December 2023 <i>HK\$</i> '000	Fair value at 31 December 2022 HK\$'000	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input		Sensitivity of fair value to changes in unobservable inputs	
(b)	unlisted equity securities in Cayman Islands	509,000	649,000	Adjusted net asset value method	a)	The discount for lack of marketability of 19.74% (2022: 16.81%)	a)	If the discount for lack of marketability increased/ decreased by 1%, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would decrease/ increase by HK\$6,000,000 (2022: HK\$8,000,000).
(c) Ass	unlisted equity securities in Marshall Islands ets	64,036	-	Adjusted net asset value method	a)	The discount for lack of marketability of 20.82%	b)	If the discount for lack of marketability increased/ decreased by 1%, the fair value of the unlisted equity securities would increase/ decrease by HK\$60,000.
Inve (d)	estment property Residential property located in Hong Kong	86,530	102,750	Direct comparison approach	a)	Unit sale rate is at about HK\$32,000/sq.ft. (2022: HK\$38,000/sq.ft.) saleable area, after downward adjustment of 5% (2022: 20%) for the difference in time, age, location, ancillary facilities and view for the comparable.	a)	If the unit sale rate is higher/ lower, while all the other variables were held constant, the fair value of the property will increase/decrease.

The fair value of the unlisted equity securities without an active market classified in Level 3 fair value measurement was determined by the management based on the valuation from Grant Sherman Appraisal Limited and Ravia Global Appraisal Advisory Limited, independent professional qualified valuers.

The fair value of the investment property classified in Level 3 fair value measurement was determined by the management based on the valuation from Ravia Global Appraisal Advisory Limited, an independent professional qualified valuer.

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37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's assets that are measured at fair value (Continued) Quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs and description of valuation techniques used in Level 3 fair value measurement (Continued)

Valuation process

The management of the Group is responsible to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group will establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. Management reports to executive directors semi-annually to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets are disclosed above.

(b) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities carried at other than fair value

The management of the Group estimates the fair value of its financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the discounted cash flows analysis. The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values.

38. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING, ENFORCEABLE MASTER NETTING ARRANGEMENTS AND SIMILAR AGREEMENTS

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that:

- are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position; or
- are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

Under the continuous net settlement arrangement, money obligations receivable and payable with HKSCC due to or from the Group entities on the same settlement date are settled on a net basis. The Group has legally enforceable right to set off the amounts of receivables and payables with cash clients and margin clients that are due to be settled on the same date.

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38. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING, ENFORCEABLE MASTER NETTING ARRANGEMENTS AND SIMILAR AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Groce

The gross amounts of the recognised financial assets and financial liabilities and their net amounts as presented in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets <i>HK\$'000</i>	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set off in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Related amoun in the cons stateme financial p Financial instruments <i>HK\$</i> '000	olidated ent of	Net amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31 December 2023						
Trade receivables from cash clients Trade receivables from	114	-	114	-	-	114
margin clients Trade receivables from	165,163	(226)	164,937	-	(164,937)	-
HKSCC	302	(302)	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at FVPL	159,947	-	159,947	(10,065)	-	149,882
	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets <i>HK</i> \$'000	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set off in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK</i> \$'000	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK</i> \$'000	Related amount not set off in the consolidated statement of financial position Financial Collateral instruments pledged <i>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</i>		Net amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31 December 2022						
Trade receivables from cash clients Trade receivables from margin clients Trade receivables from	98 672,997	- (4,830)	98 668,167	-	- (668,167)	98 –
HKSCC	2,216	(2,216)	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at FVPL	184,218	_	184,218	(101,028)	-	83,190

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38. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING, ENFORCEABLE MASTER NETTING ARRANGEMENTS AND SIMILAR AGREEMENTS (Continued)

	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities <i>HK</i> \$'000	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set off in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK</i> \$'000	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Related amoun in the conse stateme financial p Financial instruments <i>HK\$</i> '000	olidated nt of	Net amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31 December 2023						
Trade payables to						
cash clients Trade payables to margin	(818)	-	(818)	-	-	(818)
clients	(54,344)	226	(54,118)	-	-	(54,118)
Trade payables to HKSCC Secured margin loans from	(4,915)	302	(4,613)	-	-	(4,613)
securities brokers	(10,065)	-	(10,065)		10,065	-
	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities <i>HK</i> \$'000	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set off in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>HK\$'000</i>	Related amoun in the conso stateme financial p Financial instruments <i>HK\$'000</i>	olidated nt of	Net amount <i>HK\$'000</i>
As at 31 December 2022						
Trade payables to cash clients	(808)	-	(808)	_	-	(808)
Trade payables to margin clients	(50,977)	4,830	(46,147)	_	_	(46,147)
Trade payables to HKSCC Secured margin loans from	(9,900)	2,216	(7,684)	-	-	(7,684)
securities brokers	(101,028)	_	(101,028)	_	101,028	_

The amounts which have been offset against the related recognised financial assets and financial liabilities in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position are measured on the same basis as the recognised financial assets and financial liabilities, which is at amortised cost.

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39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

In December 2000, the Group enrolled all Hong Kong employees in a Mandatory Provident Fund ("**MPF**") Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group under the control of trustees. The retirement benefit cost for the MPF charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents contributions paid and payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the MPF Scheme.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the total expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is approximately HK\$419,000 (2022: approximately HK\$309,000).

40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	sha	rtion of nomin re capital/re held by the)23 Indirectly	Principal activities		
Global Mind Investment Limited	BVI - limited liability company	US\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Kenson Investment Limited	Bermuda – limited liability company	US\$10 of 10 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Securities trading and investments
Noble Order Limited	BVI – limited liability company	HK\$91,476,207 of 1,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Holding of Yacht
Nu Kenson Limited	BVI – limited liability company	US\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Securities trading and investments
Oshidori Citizens Money Lending Corporation Limited	Hong Kong – limited liability company	HK\$15,000,000 of 15,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Money lending
Oshidori Corporate Finance Limited	Hong Kong – limited liability company	HK\$10,000,000 of 10,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Corporate finance advisory services
Oshidori Securities Limited	Hong Kong – limited liability company	HK\$1,000,000,000 of 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Securities brokerage and financial services
Oshidori WW Resources Limited	Hong Kong – limited liability company	HK\$150,000,001 of 150,000,001 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100	Money lending

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40. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	sha	rtion of nomi are capital/re held by the 023	Principal activities		
			Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	
Roxy Link Limited	BVI – limited liability company	US\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Smart Jump Corporation	BVI – limited liability company	US\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Securities trading and investments
Uptown WW Group Limited	BVI – limited liability company	100 ordinary shares with no par value	-	100	-	100	Holding of Yacht and motor vehicles
Uptown WW Value Investments Limited	BVI – limited liability company	1 ordinary share with no par value	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
Win Wind Capital Limited	BVI – limited liability company	HK\$2,350,663,816.42 of 115,425,007 ordinary shares	100	-	100	-	Investment holding
Win Wind Corporate Services Limited	Hong Kong – limited liability company	HK\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Provision of management services
Win Wind Recreational Fishing Limited	Marshall – limited liability company	US\$1 of 1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100	Investment holding
威華達信息管理(深圳)有限公司 (Note i)	PRC – limited liability company	Paid-up capital of RMB10,000,000	100	-	100	-	Investment holding
深圳市威華軒信息諮詢有限公司 (Note i)	PRC – limited liability company	Paid-up capital of RMB18,000,000	-	100	-	100	Investment holding

Note:

(i) 威華達信息管理(深圳)有限公司 and 深圳市威華軒信息諮詢有限公司 are wholly foreign owned enterprises.

The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the year or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of all other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
	Notes	<i>m</i> (¢ 000	1110000
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries		2,860,296	3,687,958
Amounts due from subsidiaries		1,889,398	4,123,572
Designated FVOCI		408,115	136,350
		5,157,809	7,947,880
		0,107,000	1,041,000
Current assets			
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		441	441
Cash and cash equivalents		713	821
		1,154	1,262
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accrued charges		1,213	9,018
Amounts due to subsidiaries		1,496,089	1,496,104
		1,497,302	1,505,122
Net current liabilities		(1,496,148)	(1,503,860)
NET ASSETS		3,661,661	6,444,020
Capital and reserves Share capital	31	305,463	305,463
Reserves	(a)	3,356,198	6,138,557
	(4)	0,000,100	3,100,001
TOTAL EQUITY		3,661,661	6,444,020

This statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and is signed on its behalf by:

Director
Sam Hing Cheong

Director Wong Yat Fai

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41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued) Note:

(a) Movement of the reserves

	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve (non- recycling) <i>HK\$'000</i>	Share option reserve <i>HK\$'000</i> (Note 32)	Share award reserve <i>HK\$'000</i> (Note 32)	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
At 1 January 2022		194,215	5,726,232	75,900	107,225	40,374	327,604	6,471,550
Loss for the year			-	_	_	_	(270,590)	(270,590)
Other comprehensive expense Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Fair value change on Designated FVOCI			_	(82,590)	_	_	_	(82,590)
Total other comprehensive expense for the year			-	(82,590)	-	-	_	(82,590)
Total comprehensive expense for the year			-	(82,590)	-	_	(270,590)	(353,180)
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	32	_	_	_	_	20,187	_	20.187
			_	_	_	20,187	-	20,187
At 31 December 2022		194,215	5,726,232	(6,690)	107,225	60,561	57,014	6,138,557

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41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

(a) Movement of the reserves (Continued)

	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve (non- recycling) HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Share award reserve HK\$'000 (Note 32)	Retained earnings (Accumulated losses) <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
At 1 January 2023		194,215	5,726,232	(6,690)	107,225	60,561	57,014	6,138,557
Loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(1,947,951)	(1,947,951)
Other comprehensive expense Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Fair value change on Designated FVOCI Fair value change on Designated FVOCI reclassified to retained earnings upon		-	-	(854,595)	-	-	-	(854,595)
disposal		-	-	(7,682)	-	-	7,682	-
Total other comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	(862,277)	-	-	7,682	(854,595)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	(862,277)	-	-	(1,940,269)	(2,802,546)
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions Recognition of equity-settled								
share-based payments	32	-	-	-	-	20,187	-	20,187
		-	-	-	-	20,187	-	20,187
At 31 December 2023		194,215	5,726,232	(868,967)	107,225	80,748	(1,883,255)	3,356,198

Nature of the respective reserves is set out in the notes to Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
RESULTS					
Revenue	282,333	280,459	(3,101,855)	109,193	60,224
Net unrealised fair value (loss) gain on financial assets at FVPL	(419,809)	2,649,597	(97,400)	(92,557)	(46,427)
	(419,009)	2,049,097	(37,400)	(92,007)	(+0,+27)
(Loss) Profit before taxation	(396,101)	3,209,089	(3,551,087)	(79,288)	(82,899)
Taxation	36,087	(389,631)	405,359	(1,800)	(1,587)
		(,	() /	
(Loss) Profit for the year	(360,014)	2,819,458	(3,145,728)	(81,088)	(84,486)
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(360,031)	2,819,555	(3,145,728)	(81,088)	(84,486)
Non-controlling interests	17	(97)	-	-	-
(Loss) Profit for the year	(360,014)	2,819,458	(3,145,728)	(81,088)	(84,486)
		Δs	at 31 December		
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Total assets	6,840,212	10,902,547	6,309,022	5,754,134	3,888,390
Total liabilities	(665,723)	(965,378)	(568,176)	(475,819)	(157,345)
-					
	6,174,489	9,937,169	5,740,846	5,278,315	3,731,045
Equity attributable to owners					
of the Company	6,170,118	9,935,364	5,740,846	5,278,315	3,731,045
Non-controlling interests	4,371	1,805	-	-	-
	6,174,489	9,937,169	5,740,846	5,278,315	3,731,045