POTEL普天集团

普天通信集團有眼公司 PUTIAN COMMUNICATION GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock code: 1720





CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Wang Qiuping

(Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (alias Zhao Baohua)

Ms. Zhao Moge

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan

Mr. Liu Guodong

Mr. Xie Haidong

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan (Chairlady)

Mr. Liu Guodong

Mr. Xie Haidong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Guodong (Chairman)

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan

Mr. Xie Haidong

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Xie Haidong (Chairman)

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan

Mr. Liu Guodong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Sze Ting (with effect from 1 October 2023)

Ms. Lai Yeung Fun (up to 1 October 2023)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Wang Qiuping

Ms. Chan Sze Ting (with effect from 1 October 2023)

Ms. Lai Yeung Fun (up to 1 October 2023)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

5/F. Manulife Place.

348 Kwun Tong Road,

Kowloon, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

No. 8899 ChangDong Avenue

Hi-tech Development Zone

Nanchang, Jiangxi Province

The PRC

AUDITOR

Moore CPA Limited (Formerly, Moore Stephens CPA Limited)

Certified Public Accountants and Registered

Public Interest Entity Auditor

LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAWS

CFN Lawyers

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Nanchang Xihu Branch)

Bank of Communication (Jiangxi Branch)

China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Investor Services Limited

17/F., Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.potel-group.com

STOCK CODE

1720

COMPANY PROFILE

Putian Communication Group Limited (the "Company") (Stock code: 1720) (together with its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group") is a well-established and fast-growing communication cable manufacturer and structured cabling system product provider based in Jiangxi Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Group has commenced its communication cable manufacturing since 2001. It provides a wide range of optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products under the brand names of "普天汉飞" and "Hanphy". Its optical fiber cables and communication copper cables are mainly used by major telecommunications network operators in the PRC for network construction and maintenance. Its structured cabling system products primarily include optical and copper jumper wires and connection and distribution components such as distribution frames, wiring closets, as well as data and audio modules and faceplates. Structured cabling system products are components of the wiring system, including optical fiber-based cabling system and copper-based system, within buildings for the information transmission. The Group is one of the most diversified suppliers in the communication cable industry in the PRC. Its superior product quality, constant availability, responsive customer services and competitive prices are well recognised by its customers.

The Group continues to strengthen its research and development capabilities which have enabled it to continuously develop new products and upgrade its existing products. Since 2006, one of the Group's major wholly owned subsidiaries, Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd, has been consecutively recognised as a New High-tech Enterprise by Jiangxi Provincial Department of Science and Technology.

On 9 November 2017 (the "Listing Date"), the shares of the Company were successfully listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). As at 31 December 2023, the Company had 1,100,000,000 issued shares.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's operating results were summarised as follows:

- Total revenue decreased by approximately 4.8% to approximately RMB615.5 million (2022: approximately RMB646.3 million).
- Gross profit decreased by approximately 8.0% to approximately RMB135.3 million (2022: approximately RMB147.0 million).
- Gross profit margin decreased by approximately 0.8% to approximately 22.0% (2022: approximately 22.8%).
- Profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company decreased by approximately 69.2% to approximately RMB7.6 million (2022: approximately RMB24.7 million).
- Revenue from sale of optical fibers and optical fiber cables recorded a decrease of approximately 44.1% to approximately RMB112.7 million (2022: approximately RMB201.5 million); revenue from sale of communication copper cables increased by approximately 15.1% to approximately RMB341.6 million (2022: approximately RMB296.8 million); revenue from sale of structured cabling system products increased by approximately 9.0% to approximately RMB161.2 million (2022: approximately RMB147.9 million).
- The board of directors did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and as appropriate, is set out below.

RESULT

	For the year ended 31 December					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Revenue	615,504	646,253	624,540	544,059	768,322	
Profit before income tax	8,053	34,853	56,175	40,242	83,698	
Income tax expense	(405)	(10,173)	(12,172)	(7,950)	(16,946)	
Profit for the year	7,648	24,680	44,003	32,292	66,752	
Profit for the year						
attributable to:						
Owners of the Company	7,648	24,680	44,003	32,292	66,752	
Non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	
	7,648	24,680	44,003	32,292	66,752	

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 December				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total assets	1,165,242	1,181,581	1,007,084	843,848	802,522
Total liabilities	(588,243)	(611,169)	(464,292)	(343,607)	(333,739)
	576,999	570,412	542,792	500,241	468,783
Equity attributable to owners					
of the Company	576,999	570,412	542,792	500,241	468,783
Non-controlling interests	-	_		_	_
	576,999	570,412	542,792	500,241	468,783

5

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company, I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Year").

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The Group's performance improved during the Year. The Group recorded a total revenue of approximately RMB615.5million, which represented a decrease of approximately 4.8% as compared with the one for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Last Year"). The Group realized a gross profit of approximately RMB135.3 million for the Year, which represented a decrease of approximately 8.0% as compared with the one for the Last Year. Profit for the Year attributable to the owners of the Group was approximately RMB7.6 million, which represented a decrease of approximately 69.2% as compared with the one for the Last Year.

The decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the increased sale of optical fibers and optical fiber cables decreased by approximately 44.1% to approximately RMB112.7 million (the Last Year: approximately RMB201.5 million). Sale of communication copper cables increased by approximately 15.1% to approximately RMB341.6 million (the Last Year: approximately RMB296.8 million). The sale of structured cabling system products increased by approximately 9.0% to approximately RMB161.2 million (the Last Year: approximately RMB147.9 million).

In 2023, the Chinese economy rebounded despite continued pressure, forging ahead with high quality development. According to the 2023 Statistical Communique on the Telecommunications Industry released by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT) in January 2024, China's telecommunications industry adhered to the general principle of seeking progress while maintaining stability, actively contributing to the construction of China as a cyber superpower and the construction of Digital China, and promoting the in-depth integration of the digital economy and the real economy. Moreover, the major operating indicators grew steadily, with increasingly complete network infrastructure including 5G and gigabit optical networks and the speedy popularisation of various applications, which demonstrates the stable and high-quality development of the industry.

During the Year, Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd. ("**Putian Cable**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, continued its stable partnership with the three major telecommunication operators in China, duly performing its purchase contracts with China Mobile, China Telecom (for data cable products) and China Unicom (for communication optical cable products). It also became the designated finalist unit for China Telecom's 2024 centralised procurement of data cables and communication optical cables. Meanwhile, its initial strategic planning in the rail transit industry was completed, with in-depth partnership formed with China Railway and China Railway Construction. Its products, including communication optical cables, communication cables and structured cabling systems, successively won bids for multiple rail transit construction projects across the country. It will also continue to be the designated finalist unit for China Railway's 2024 centralised procurement of data cables and communication optical cables, thus contributing to the construction of China's rail transit network in the future. During the Year, the Company's development strategy of channel diversification paid off, as we deepened our business cooperation with state-owned groups, including CNOOC (中海油能源發展股份有限公司). We also made breakthroughs in the expansion of power and energy channels, successively winning bids for communication optical cables and structured cabling applications in multiple energy construction projects, which further enhanced our sales depth and market position. In July 2023, Putian Cable was rated as a national-level specialised and new "little giant" company by the MIIT.

Our domestic marketing network continued to expand steadily, with branches in seven cities including Wuxi, Suqian, Xuzhou, Changzhou and Jining opened for business, which strengthened our regional coverage and market penetration. Our sales mix was also further optimised, as the sales percentages of data center products and structured cabling system products increased significantly, and the percentages of applications in medical, cultural, the industrial Internet and other projects soared. Our international business also made great progress and achieved remarkable results in 2023. The sales of optical fiber products achieved a breakthrough, while the sales of data cables and that of structured cabling system products saw year-on-year growth. The Company participated in influential international telecommunications exhibitions held in India, Singapore, Dubai and other regions, expanding its visibility and influence in the international market. We also established strategic cooperation with customers in many countries in Southeast Asia and the Middle East and secured small-scale orders from Europe and Africa, thereby laying a solid foundation for our overseas expansion.

For business development, the Group targeted market segments and high-end customers, actively developing its specialised data center business. The Group achieved initial results in the promotion of its data center business in financial and internet industries, reaching agency sales cooperation with 25 cooperative units. With the completion of its construction project of dust-free workshop for network link connectors, the Group comprehensively strengthened its capabilities to supply basic IDC, industrial links, high-speed interconnection cabling and high-frequency, high-speed and high-density MPO products.

The Group continued to focus on its two core businesses of digital communications and optical communications networks. Adhering to its philosophy of creating value for customers, the Group continuously optimised the industrial chain structure and built a full value chain business development system to achieve steady business growth.

OUTLOOK

At the beginning of 2024, 11 departments, including the MIIT and the National Development and Reform Commission, jointly issued the Notice on Initiating the Special Operation of "Signal Upgrades", which states that, by the end of 2024, the signals of China's mobile networks, including 4G and 5G, will be significantly enhanced so that the average downlink access rate of the mobile networks shall not be less than 200Mbps, the average uplink access rate shall not be less than 40Mbps, and the percentage of mobile networks reaching the standard rates shall not be less than 90% in order to meet the social development needs of a digital economy. With the advancement of a new round of 5G network construction, the pace of communication infrastructure construction will be further accelerated, and applications in areas such as smart city construction, the industrial Internet, and smart homes will also be further expanded.

In 2024, the development of new technologies such as edge computing, the Internet of Things and artificial intelligence will bring new growth points to the telecommunications industry, while the digital transformation of social structure will sufficiently safeguard and greatly drive the expansion of data center construction. In 2024, China's telecommunications industry will fully recover and see more opportunities for collaboration. In particular, the development potential of the data center business will be fully unleashed.

7

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

BUSINESS PLAN

In the field of optical communications, the Group will focus on basic network communications products such as optical fibers, optical cables, and optical fiber connection products, to realise an industrial layout of data transmission and applications with cores and wires. In 2024, the Company will relaunch the second phase expansion project of the "new non-dispersive single-mode optical fiber and optical cable production line" to achieve an annual production capacity of 10 million core kilometers of optical fibers, to complete the upgrade and optimisation of the optical fiber and cable industrial structure, and to meet the foreseeable market expectation. Meanwhile, we will strive to facilitate the downstream application market, especially the business expansion of optical fiber-based cabling network market for the data centre, and to make great progress along with synergy effect in various aspects such as core products, technical support and customer channels to enhance its ability to capture opportunities in brand shortlisting and bidding.

In the field of data communications, the Group will continue to develop industries such as optical fiber cables, data cables, specialised cables, and optoelectronic hybrid cables, by optimising the prioritisation structure of production, so as to further enhance industrial digitalisation and smart production standards. It will strive to carry out application support and demand docking for strategic cooperation with large enterprise-level customers, in order to improve operational efficiency in all aspects as well as enhance smart manufacturing standards and comprehensive market competitiveness.

In terms of business expansion, apart from maintaining the in-depth development of the data centre business, the Group will increase its global business expansion efforts in 2024 based on its profound production, supply and marketing system, ensuring stable cooperation with telecommunication operators and infrastructure service providers. It has signed contracts to participate in international telecommunications exhibitions in five countries which are Russia, Turkey, Singapore, Brazil, and the United Arab Emirates, striving to deliver spontaneous response to international needs and capturing market development opportunities. At the same time, in order to meet the sales needs of the Southeast Asian business segment, the Group will set up its first overseas office in the Philippines and dispatch overseas office personnel during the Year.

In addition, the Group will continue to increase the integration of production capacity resources and improve production efficiency, and progress to improve product market competitiveness and technological levels of production. It also endeavours to improve corporate operational efficiency, maintain its industrial competitiveness, further expand its market advantages, and achieve sustainable development of the corporate and industrial chains and ecological chain through innovative R&D mechanisms and optimised internal management.

Wang Qiuping

Chairlady and CEO

28 March 2024

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Revenue of the Group is mainly derived from sales of optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products, which represent three reportable segments of the Group. Total revenue of the Group decreased by approximately 4.8% from approximately RMB646.3 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB615.5 million for the Year. Among which, revenue derived from sale of optical fibers and optical fiber cables decreased by approximately 44.1% from approximately RMB201.5 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB112.7 million for the Year, as a result of suspension of optical fiber production due to installation and testing of newly constructed machineries; revenue derived from sale of communication copper cables increased by approximately 15.1% from approximately RMB296.8 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB341.6 million for the Year; revenue derived from sale of structured cabling system products increased by approximately 9.0% from approximately RMB147.9 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB161.2 million for the Year. The sales growth of copper cable products and structured cabling system products benefited from the China Mobile and China Railway projects awarded to the Group, which began to deliver goods in batches in 2023, as well as in-depth customer acquisition and business cooperation with state-owned groups in multiple fields.

Gross profit and margin

Gross profit decreased by approximately 8.0% from approximately RMB147.0 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB135.3 million for the Year. The Group's gross profit margin decreased from approximately 22.8% for the Last Year to approximately 22.0% for the Year. The decreased in gross profit margin was primarily due to the first phase of the Group's optical fiber production line absorbed a large construction costs arising on common areas and facilities and that impaired its profitability. The management is in an opinion that the performance could be improved as a result of increased production capacity when the second phase of the optical production line complete and put into production to share the fixed construction costs.

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately 11.5% from approximately RMB46.0 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB40.7 million for the Year, primarily due to the decrease of approximately RMB0.6 million in salaries expenses for the selling and marketing staff and decrease of approximately RMB5.0 million in the entertainment expenses. Selling and distribution expenses as a percentage of the Group's revenue decreased, which was approximately 6.6% for the Year as compared to the one of approximately 7.1% for the Last Year.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses amounted to approximately RMB59.2 million for the Year, which increased by approximately 21.6% as compared to approximately RMB48.7 million for the Last Year. It was because the depreciation of equipment and related staff costs for optical fiber production were included in administrative expenses during the second half of 2023, which resulted in an increase of approximately RMB9.8 million, as a result of suspension of optical fiber production due to installation and testing of newly constructed machineries.

Finance costs

Finance costs increased by approximately 3.7% from approximately RMB19.0 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB19.7 million for the Year.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense decreased by approximately 96.1% from approximately RMB10.2 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB0.4 million for the Year, primarily due to the decreased in profit before income tax expense. The effective tax rate in respect of current tax charged for the year was approximately 34.4% for the Year and approximately 22.6% for the Last Year.

Profit for the Year

Profit for the Year decreased by approximately 69.2% from approximately RMB24.7 million for the Last Year to approximately RMB7.6 million for the Year.

Cash position

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had an aggregate of restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB51.1 million (2022: approximately RMB107.1 million) in aggregate, representing a decrease of approximately 52.3% as compared to that as at 31 December 2022. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had restricted cash of approximately RMB23.8 million (2022: approximately RMB37.7 million) that was pledged to banks for as security for letters of guarantee for product supply projects, bills payables and bank borrowings. The restricted cash will be released upon the expiry of letters of guarantee or the settlement of relevant bills payables and bank.

Borrowings and charges on the Group's assets

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB341.2 million (2022: approximately RMB338.7 million), of which approximately RMB247.6 million were secured by legal charge over the property, plant and equipment, trade receivables and restricted cash of the Group and the properties and pledged bank deposits of the controlling shareholders of the Company and their family members, and the balances of RMB93.6 million were unsecured. Bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB248.2 million will be repayable within one year.

Pledge of assets

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amounts of the Group's pledged assets were approximately RMB275.2 million (2022: approximately RMB308.6 million).

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have any charges of assets as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

Significant investments

The Group did not hold any significant investments during the Year (2022: Nil).

Material acquisitions or disposals

During the Year, the Group did not conduct any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (2022: Nil).

Gearing ratio

As at 31 December 2023, the gearing ratio of the Group, calculated by having the total liabilities divided by the total equity, was approximately 1.02 (2022: approximately 1.07).

Total debt to total asset ratio

As at 31 December 2023, the total debt to total asset ratio of the Group, calculated by having the total liabilities divided by the total assets, was approximately 0.50 (2022: approximately 0.52).

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank and other borrowings. The Group does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the Directors will monitor interest rate exposure from time to time and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the interest rates quoted by the People's Bank of China arising from the Group's bank and other borrowings.

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from bank and other borrowings. Bank and other borrowings arranged at variable rates and fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk, respectively. Certain bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 bore interest at floating rates. The interest rate and repayment terms of bank and other borrowings at the end of each reporting period are disclosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements for the Year ("Consolidated Financial Statement").

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2023, we had no material contingent liabilities.

Credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group was due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the Directors have delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action are taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Directors review the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the credit risk of the Group is significantly reduced.

The credit risks on bank and restricted cash balances are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties are financial institutions with good reputation and high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit risk of the Group is concentrated on trade and bills receivables from the Group's two largest customers at 31 December 2023 and 2022 amounted to approximately RMB149.9 million and approximately RMB147.3 million respectively, and accounted for approximately 32.2% and 38.1% of the Group's gross trade and bills receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the Directors continuously monitor the level of exposure by frequent review of the public financial information and credit quality of its customers to ensure that prompt actions will be taken to lower exposure. The two largest customers of the Group are listed companies in the PRC and Hong Kong, and both of them have good past credit repayment history and records with the Group.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

The Group measures expected credit losses ("ECLs") for trade and bills receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. In measuring the ECLs, the trade and bills receivables have been assessed on a collective basis and debtors ageing is applied to assess ECLs losses for its customers because these customers consist of a large number of customers which share common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' ability to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. They have been grouped based on the days past due. The estimated ECL loss rates are estimated based on the Group's estimates of the market borrowing rates for each of the groupings, less risk-free rate, which reflect the credit risk of the debtors, over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had capital commitments of capital expenditure contracted but not provided in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amounting to approximately RMB42.2 million (2022: approximately RMB39.9 million). The capital commitments incurred at the end of the Year were mainly contracted for the purchase of equipment for an optical fiber production line.

Future plans for material investments

The Group will continue to invest in its development projects and acquire suitable plant and machinery, if it thinks fit.

Employees and remuneration policies

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 453 employees (2022: 585 employees). For the Year, the Group incurred staff costs of approximately RMB58.6 million (2022: approximately RMB60.6 million). As required by applicable PRC laws and regulations, the Group participates in various employee benefit plans, including pension insurance and medical insurance. The Group adopts a competitive remuneration package for its employees. Remuneration packages are reviewed periodically with reference to the then prevailing market employment practices and legislation.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is dedicated to reducing its impacts to the environment from its factories and offices through mitigating the environmental pollutions and utilising resource efficiently. The Group strives to complying with related environmental laws and legislations, and continual improvement on its performance. The Environmental, Social and Governance Report was set out on page 38 of this annual report in compliance with Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH ITS EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group strives to maintaining a good relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers. For more details on how it creates a motivated workplace for its employees, produce quality products to satisfy its customers' expectations and, establish long-term relationships with its suppliers, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report was set out on pages 38 to 55 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, during the Year, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that has a significant impact on it.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Wang Qiuping (王秋萍), aged 60, is an executive Director, the chairlady of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company responsible for the overall business management and strategic planning of the Group. Ms. Wang is also the founder of the Group and one of the controlling shareholders. Before the establishment of the Group, Ms. Wang worked in the Jiangxi Province Communication and Electric Cable Factory* (江西省通信電纜廠) from 1984 to 1991, with her last position responsible for advertising. In November 1999, Ms. Wang set up Jiangxi Putian Building Intelligence Co., Ltd. ("Jiangxi Building"), which has been principally engaged in the sales of structured cabling system products since its incorporation. Save for Jiangxi Changtian Optical Communication Co., Ltd ("Jiangxi Optical"), Ms. Wang is a director of each of the subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Wang is also a supervisor of Jiangxi Optical. Ms. Wang has been the deputy to the People's Congress of Nanchang City (南昌市人大代表) since October 2016. Ms. Wang obtained a diploma in basic theory of Marxism* (馬列主義基礎理論) from Jiangxi Normal University (江西師範大學) in the PRC in December 1986.

Ms. Wang was awarded "May 1" Jinguo Biaobing (五一巾幗標兵) of Jiangxi Province by Jiangxi Federation of Trade Unions in March 2018 and was recognised as 2022 Outstanding Entrepreneur of Nanchang High-tech Industrial Development Zone by Nanchang High-tech Industrial Development Zone Government in March 2023.

Ms. Wang is the spouse of Mr. Zhao, the mother of Ms. Zhao Moge.

Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (趙小寶) (alias Zhao Baohua (趙保華)), aged 59, is an executive Director responsible for the overall sales of the Group. He joined the Group in June 2001. Mr. Zhao is a director of each of Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd and Jiangxi Optical and a supervisor of Jiangxi Building. Mr. Zhao has more than 22 years of experience in the production and sales in the telecommunications industry. Before joining the Group, he had worked as an officer at the regulatory division of the Administration for Industry and Commerce of Nanchang City from 1984 to 1999, responsible for the execution of relevant laws, rules and regulations relating to commodity trading markets in Nanchang.

Mr. Zhao obtained a diploma in business administration management (工商行政管理) from Wuhan University (武漢大學) in the PRC in July 1992.

Mr. Zhao is the spouse of Ms. Wang, the father of Ms. Zhao Moge.

Ms. Zhao Moge (趙默格), aged 35, is an executive Director responsible for the overall operation and finance of the Group.

Ms. Zhao joined the Group in July 2011 and had held various positions. She first started working for the Group as an administrative executive responsible for administrative matters. She became an accounting assistant in May 2012 and was promoted to accounting manager with responsibility for managing and overseeing the daily operation of accounting department in July 2014. In April 2015, she became the general manager of Putian Cable (Shanghai) Building Intelligence Co., Ltd ("Putian Cable (Shanghai)") and was responsible for the marketing and sales in the PRC market. Ms. Zhao is a director of Putian Cable and a supervisor of Putian Cable (Shanghai). Ms. Zhao obtained a bachelor of engineering from Nanchang University (南昌大學) in the PRC in June 2011.

Ms. Zhao is the daughter of Ms. Wang and Mr. Zhao.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan (鄭承欣) ("Ms. Cheng"), aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 October 2017. She is the chairlady of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") and a member of each of the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee").

Ms. Cheng has about 26 years of experience in the fields of accounting and auditing. Ms. Cheng joined the group of Sanroc International Holdings Limited ("Sanroc") (now known as Zhaobangji Lifestyle Holdings Limited), which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1660), as the chief financial officer of Sanroc from April 2016 to April 2018 and as the chief financial officer of certain subsidiaries of Sanroc since April 2018. Ms. Cheng had also been the company secretary and an executive director of Sanroc International Holdings Limited from April 2016 to April 2018 and from April 2017 to April 2018, respectively. Ms. Cheng has been an independent non-executive director of Easy Smart Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 2442) since April 2023, Kwong Luen Engineering Holdings Limited (stoke code: 1413) since March 2021 and China Shenghai Food Holdings Company Limited (now known as Gaodi Holdings Limited) (stock code: 1676) from July 2017 to 19 October 2019. Ms. Cheng has been a joint company secretary of China New Consumption Group Limited (stock code: 8275) since December 2023.

Ms. Cheng obtained a degree of Master of Arts in International Accounting at the City University of Hong Kong in November 2003, and was admitted as a member, and a fellow member, of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (the "ACCA") in December 2000 and December 2005, respectively. She was also admitted as an associate of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (now known as Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA")) since July 2003. Ms. Cheng has also been admitted as an associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries (now known as The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute) (the "HKICS") and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (now known as the Chartered Governance Institute) (the "ICSA") in June 2017.

Mr. Liu Guodong (劉國棟), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 October 2017. He is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee.

Mr. Liu has more than 19 years of experience in the optical research field. He has been a professor of Jiangxi Science & Technology Normal University (江西科技師範大學) (formerly known as Jiangxi Science & Technology Normal College* (江西科技師範學院) since December 2004. He has served as the executive director (常務理事) and secretary-general of Optical Society of Jiangxi Province* (江西省光學學會) from 2004 until now. He served as a member of Biomedical Photonics Committee of China Optical Society* (中國光學學會生物醫學光子學專業委員會) from August 2009 to August 2013. He served as a member of Optoelectronic Technology Committee of China Optical Society* (中國光學學會光電技術專業委員會) from September 2007 to September 2011. From October 2006 to October 2010, Mr. Liu served as a member of editorial board for "Applied Optics". Mr. Liu served as the vice chairman of the National Optical Youth Academic Forum* (全國光學青年學術論壇) from December 2009 to December 2013.

Mr. Liu obtained a doctorate degree in optical science and engineering (光學工程) from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC in January 2004.

Mr. Xie Haidong (謝海東), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 October 2017. He is the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. Mr. Xie is currently an associate professor and a tutor for master students (碩士生導師) of Finance Department of School of Economics and Management of Nanchang University* (南昌大學經濟管理學院). He also serves as a director of the eighth board of Council of Finance of Jiangxi Province* (江西省金融學會). From January 2016 to October 2018, Mr. Xie served as the Head of Finance Department of School of Economics and Management of Nanchang University. From November 2009 to November 2012, Mr. Xie served as a special researcher of Development Research Center of the People's Government of Jiangxi Province* (江西省政府發展研究中心). From September 2010 to December 2016, Mr. Xie served as deputy director of Industrial Economics Research Institute of Central China Economic and Social Development Research Center of Nanchang University* (南昌大學中國中部經濟社會發展研究中心產業經濟研究所). From 2013 to 2015, Mr. Xie served as a consulting expert in relation to issuance of corporate bond for Reform and Development Commission of Jiangxi Province* (江西省發展 與改革委員會). Prior to the aforesaid, he worked for enterprise investigation team of Statistics Bureau of Jiangxi Province* (江西省統計局) from January 1997 to December 2004. He was a business director of Jiangxi Branch of business department of Kunwu Jiuding Investment Management Co., Ltd.* (昆吾九鼎投資管理有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Jiangxi Zhong Jiang Real Estate Co., Ltd. (江西中江地產股份有限公司) (currently known as Kunwu Jiuding Investment Holdings Co., Ltd., 昆吾九鼎投資控股股份有限公司), whose shares are listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600053) and principal business includes investment management and investment consulting, from February 2011 to October 2011. He was a guest faculty (訪問學者) in the department of finance at University of Notre Dame in the United States from August 2014 to August 2015. Since from August 2020, Mr. Xie has been appointed as the independent director of Jiangxi Salt Industry Group Co Ltd whose shares are listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601065).

Mr. Xie graduated from Nanchang University (南昌大學) in the PRC with a bachelor of economics degree in July 1994. He further earned a master of economics degree from Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics (江西財經大學) in the PRC in June 2002 and a doctorate degree in political economics from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics (上海財經大學) in the PRC in January 2007.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Zeng Haowen (曾浩文), aged 53, is the production director of the Group responsible for overseeing the overall production of the Group. Mr. Zeng has over 32 years of working experience in the field of cable and wire. Mr. Zeng joined the Group in February 2006 and first served as a manager of production department before he was promoted to the current position in March 2011. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Zeng worked for Jiangxi Fan Ya Electric Wire and Cable Co., Ltd* (江西泛亞電線電纜有限公司) from August 1991 to January 2006, and he last served as the person in charge of the maintenance section of equipment department. Mr. Zeng obtained a diploma in mold design and manufacturing (模具設計與製造) from Jiangxi Science & Technology Normal University (江西科技師範大學) in the PRC in January 2013. He obtained the qualification as safety management associate* (安全管理人員) from Administration of Work Safety of Nanchang City (南昌市安全生產監督管理局) in August 2015. He also obtained the qualifications as electric welder (電焊工) and bench worker (鉗工) from Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國勞動和社會保障部) in April 2001 and May 2004 respectively.

Ms. Zhou Zhi (周治), aged 47, is a chief business officer of business center of the Group responsible for overall sales strategies and planning of the Group. Ms. Zhou joined the Group in September 2004 and first served as a manager of sales department and was promoted to the current position in July 2012. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhou worked as a sales officer at the grid information group of Taihao Technology Company Limited* (泰豪科技股份有限公司) from 1999 to August 2004, responsible for sales. Ms. Zhou obtained a diploma in engineering and civil communication* (工程與民用通訊) from Jiangxi Radio & TV University (江西廣播電視大學) in the PRC in June 1999.

^{*} For identification purposes only

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chan Sze Ting (陳詩婷) was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 1 October 2023. Ms. Chan is a director of the corporate services division of Tricor Services Limited, which is a global professional services supplier specialising in integrated business, corporate and investor services. Ms. Chan has over 18 years of experience in the corporate secretarial field and has been providing professional corporate services to Hong Kong listed companies as well as multinational, private and offshore companies. Ms. Chan is a Chartered Secretary (CS), a Chartered Governance Professional (CGP) and a Fellow of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (HKCGI) and The Chartered Governance Institute (CGI) in the United Kingdom. Ms. Chan holds a bachelor of arts degree from Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a bachelor's degree in law from the University of London, Britain.

The Board presents to the shareholders of the Company this annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Group are production and sale of optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products in the PRC. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 33 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. There was no significant change in the Group's principal activities during the Year.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 61 of this annual report.

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had reserves amounted to approximately RMB75.2 million available for distribution as calculated based on the Company's share premium, other reserves and accumulated losses under applicable provisions of the Companies Law in the Cayman Islands. Details of the distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 32 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year is set out in note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements during the Year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 29 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries had sold, purchased or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 5 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The review of the business of the Group during the Year and the discussion on the Group's future business development are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis", and the description of principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and key financial performance indicators are set out in the section headed, "Management Discussion and Analysis". The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in note 38 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. In addition, discussions on the Group's relationships with key stakeholders, environmental policies and performance and compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are as follows:

Relationship With Key Stakeholders

The Group's success depends on the support from key stakeholders which comprise employees, customers and suppliers.

Employees

The Group is committed to establishing a close and caring relationship with its employees. The Group provides a fair and safe workplace, promotes diversity to the staff, provides competitive remuneration and benefits and career development opportunities based on their merits and performance. The Group also puts ongoing efforts to provide adequate trainings and development resources to the employees so that they can keep abreast of the latest development of the market and the industry and, at the same time, improve their performance and self-fulfillment in their positions.

Customers and suppliers

During the Year, the Group's five largest suppliers contributed approximately 56.3% of the Group's total purchase. The largest supplier has attributed to approximately 20.4% of the Group's total purchase. The Group sold products directly to customers which included the major telecommunication network operators in the PRC. The largest customer has accounted for approximately 15.7% of the total sales. The Group's sales generated from top five customers has attributed to approximately 42.0% of the Group's total sales. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their respective close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) have any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

The Group is able to build up close working relationship with its business partners and bring together the customers and suppliers to develop foundation technology. The Directors have frequent interactions with the customers regarding their feedbacks on the quality of our products which would then be reflected to the suppliers. Through this solid communication channel together with our experienced management team, the Directors believe that we are able to better understand our customers' needs as well as the market trend in order to make appropriate modifications or improvements to our products.

Environmental Policies And Performance

We believe that our business also depends on our ability to meet our customers' requirements in respect of safety, quality and environmental aspects. To fulfil our customers' requirements on safety, quality and environmental aspects, we have established and implemented various quality control measures in our operation process. Through the systematic and effective control of our operations, compliance with safety, quality and environmental requirements can be further assured.

Compliance With Relevant Laws And Regulations

The Directors confirmed that during the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Group had obtained all the registrations and certifications required for its business and operations and had complied with the applicable laws and regulations in the PRC.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. Wang Qiuping (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (alias Zhao Baohua)

Ms. Zhao Moge

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan

Mr. Liu Guodong

Mr. Xie Haidong

Information regarding directors' emoluments are set out in note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Directors' biographical details are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management's Profile" in this annual report.

In accordance with article 83(3) of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"), any Director appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

Pursuant to article 84(1) of the Articles, at every annual general meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires and shall be eligible for re-election thereat. The Company at any annual general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated office by electing a like number of persons to be Directors.

Accordingly, Mr. Zhao Xiaobao and Ms. Cheng Shing Yan will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. All of them being eligible will offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company which is initially for a fixed term of 3 years, commencing from the Listing Date and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each commencing from the day next after the expiry of the then current term, and shall continue thereafter until terminated by not less than one month's written notice to the other party.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company which is initially for a fixed term of 2 years, commencing from the Listing Date and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each commencing from the day next after the expiry of the then current term. The appointment is subject to termination under certain circumstances as stipulated in the said letter of appointment, and the provisions of the Articles with regard to vacation of office of Directors, removal and retirement by rotation of Directors.

Each of the executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors is subject to termination provisions therein and provisions on retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Articles.

Apart from the foregoing, none of the Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, the holding companies of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision as defined in the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) was in force for an indemnity against a liability incurred by Directors to a third party during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The proposal of payment and the amount of dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board and will depend on the Group's general business condition and strategies, cash flows, financial results and capital requirements, the interests of the shareholders, taxation conditions, statutory and regulatory restrictions and other factors that the Board deems relevant.

In addition, as the Company is a holding company registered in the Cayman Islands and our operations are conducted through our subsidiaries, some of which are incorporated in the PRC, the availability of funds to pay distributions to shareholders and to service the Group's debts depends on dividends received from these subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors or chief executive of the Company in the shares of the Company (the "Shares"), or any of the associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which shall have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interest or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or shall be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or shall be required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

Long Positions in the Shares

Name of director	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of shares held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Ms. Wang Qiuping	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	408,375,000	37.13%
Mr. Zhao Xiaobao	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3)	358,875,000	32.63%

Notes:

- 1. All interests stated are long positions.
- 2. These Shares are held by Arcenciel Capital Co., Ltd ("Arcenciel Capital"), which is wholly owned by Ms. Wang. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Wang is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Arcenciel Capital.
- 3. These Shares are held by Point Stone Capital Co., Ltd ("Point Stone Capital"), which is wholly owned by Mr. Zhao. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Zhao is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Point Stone Capital.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under provision of the SFO) or were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2023, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company), who had interests or short positions in the Shares, the underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which were required to be disclosed pursuant to the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein, were as follows:

Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of shares held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Arcenciel Capital	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	408,375,000	37.13%
Point Stone Capital	Beneficial owner (Note 3)	358,875,000	32.63%

Notes:

- 1. All interests stated are long positions.
- 2. These Shares are held by Arcenciel Capital, which is wholly owned by Ms. Wang Qiuping. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Wang is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Arcenciel Capital.
- 3. These Shares are held by Point Stone Capital, which is wholly owned by Mr. Zhao Xiaobao. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Zhao is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Point Stone Capital.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the Year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the shareholder written resolutions passed on 21 October 2017, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on 21 October 2017. As at 31 December 2023, the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme is approximately 4 years. No share options have been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its effective date and up to 31 December 2023 and hence there was no outstanding options as at 31 December 2023. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to subscribe for shares in the Company to eligible participants (the "Eligible Participants") who contribute to the long-term growth and profitability of the Company. Eligible Participants include (i) any employee (whether full-time or part-time including any executive Director but excluding any non-executive Director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any entity (the "Invested Entity") in which any member of the Group holds an equity interest; (ii) any non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity; (iii) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (iv) any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (vi) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (vii) any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and (viii) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group and, for the purposes of the Share Option Scheme, the options may be granted to any company wholly owned by one or more Eligible Participants. For the avoidance of doubt, the grant of any options by the Company for the subscription of Shares or other securities of the Group to any person who falls within any of the above classes of Eligible Participants shall not, by itself, unless the Directors otherwise determined, be construed as a grant of option under the Share Option Scheme.

The maximum number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes adopted by the Group shall not exceed 30% of the share capital of the Company in issue from time to time. The total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the Listing date (i.e. not exceeding 110,000,000 shares).

The maximum entitlement of each Eligible Participants under the Share Option Scheme shall be:

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b) below, the total number of Shares allotted and issued and which may fall to be allotted and issued upon exercise of the options and the options granted under any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant shall be subject to the issue of a circular to the Shareholders and the Shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his close associates (or his associates if the participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of options to be granted to such participant must be fixed before Shareholders' approval and the date of board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the exercise price under note (1) to Rule 17.03(9) of the Listing Rules; and
- (b) Share options granted to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the proposed grantee of the option). In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any twelve month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the Directors, save that such period shall not be more than ten years from the date of the offer of the share options, subject to the provisions for early termination as set out in the Share Option Scheme. Unless otherwise determined by the Directors at their absolute discretion, there is no requirement of a minimum period for which an option must be held before an option can be exercised. In addition, there is no performance target which must be achieved before any of the options can be exercised.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer.

No option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since from the date adopted this Share Option Scheme till the end of the Last Year and there was no outstanding share option as at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023.

No share-based payment expense was recognised for the Year in relation to share options granted by the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the Company may grant up to 110,000,000 share option under the Share Option Scheme, which represented 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of passing of the relevant resolution adopting the Share Option Scheme and 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group had not entered into any transactions constituted connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) which is subject to the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the Year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Year are set out in note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The related party transactions of the Group do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

COMPETING BUSINESS

The Company received confirmations from the controlling shareholders of the Company in March 2024 on their compliance of the non-competition undertaking under the deed of non-completion as disclosed in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" in the prospectus of the Company dated 27 October 2017 (the "Deed of non-competition") for the Year. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the confirmations and evaluated the effectiveness of the implementation of the Deed of non-competition and concluded that none of the controlling shareholders and their respective associates had any interests in a business, apart from the business of the Group, which competes or may compete with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interest with the Group which would be required to be disclosed under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules and pursuant to the Deed of non-competition during the Year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group was set up by the Board on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emolument of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a Share Option Scheme as an incentive to eligible persons, details are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this annual report and the section headed "Statutory and General Information – 15. Share option scheme" in the prospectus of the Company dated 27 October 2017.

REMUNERATION PAID TO MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules ("CG Code"), the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) whose particulars are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management's Profile" in this annual report and their remuneration for the Year by band is set out in the corporate governance report in this annual report.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the Group's retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float throughout the Year as required under the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of the Group's turnover and purchases attributable to major customers and suppliers during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023 are as follows:

	For the year ended		
	31 December	31 December	
	2023	2022	
Percentage of turnover			
From the largest customer	15.7%	14.6%	
From the five largest customers in aggregate	42.0%	45.3%	
Percentage of purchase			
From the largest supplier	20.4%	23.2%	
From the five largest suppliers in aggregate	56.3%	61.1%	

At no time during the Year did a Director, an associate of a Director or a shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) have an interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed above, there was no other significant event relevant to the business or financial performance of the Group that came to the attention of the Directors after the Year.

AUDITORS

BDO Limited resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 28 October 2022, Moore CPA Limited (formerly, Moore Stephens CPA Limited) has been appointed as the auditor of the Company with effect from 28 October 2022 to fill the casual vacancy.

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023 have been audited by Moore CPA Limited. Moore CPA Limited shall retire in the forthcoming AGM and being eligible, will offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution will be proposed in the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint Moore CPA Limited as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Wang Qiuping

Chairlady

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CULTURE AND VALUE

The Company is committed to ensuring that its affairs are conducted in accordance with high ethical standards. This reflects its belief that, in the achievement of its long-term objectives, it is imperative to act with probity, transparency and accountability. By so acting, the Company believes that Shareholder wealth will be maximised in the long term and that its employees, those with whom it does business and the communities in which it operates will all benefit.

Corporate governance is the process by which the Board instructs management of the Group to conduct its affairs with a view to ensuring that its objectives are met. The Board is committed to maintaining and developing robust corporate governance practices that are intended to ensure:

- satisfactory and sustainable returns to Shareholders;
- that the interests of those who deal with the Company are safeguarded;
- that overall business risk is understood and managed appropriately;
- the delivery of high-quality products and services to the satisfaction of customers; and
- that high standards of ethics are maintained.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and believes that a good corporate governance can (i) enhance management effectiveness and efficiency; (ii) increase the transparency of the Company; (iii) enhance risk management and internal control of the Company; and (iv) safeguard the interests of the shareholders of the Company and the Company as a whole.

The Company has adopted the CG Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance practices. Save for the deviation as disclosed herein below, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions as set out in the CG Code during the Year. The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are outlined in this report.

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

Ms. Wang is the chairlady of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company. This deviates from the practice under provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, where it provides that the two positions should be held by two different individuals. However, as Ms. Wang has considerable and extensive knowledge and experience in the industry and in enterprise operation and management in general, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole to continue to have Ms. Wang as the chairlady of the Board so that the Board can benefit from her knowledge of the business and her capability in leading the Board in the long term development of the Group. From a corporate governance point of view, the decisions of the Board are made collectively by way of voting and therefore the chairman should not be able to monopolise the voting of the Board. The Board considers that the balance of power between the Board and the senior management of the Company can still be maintained under the current structure. The Board shall review the structure from time to time to ensure appropriate action is taken should the need arise.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board has at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his/her independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, overseeing the Group's strategic decisions and monitoring its business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. The Board has delegated to the Board committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors have carried out duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

BOARD COMPOSITION

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Wang Qiuping (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (alias Zhao Baohua)

Ms. Zhao Moge

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Ms. Cheng Shing Yan

Mr. Liu Guodong

Mr. Xie Haidong

To the best knowledge of the Directors, save and except Ms. Wang Qiuping and Mr. Zhao Xiaobao are spouse and Ms. Zhao Moge is the daughter of Ms. Wang Qiuping and Mr. Zhao Xiaobao, there was no other relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) among members of the Board.

The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management's Profile" of this annual report.

During the Year, the Company has been in compliance with the requirements under Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent nonexecutive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has also complied with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

The Company believes that the diversity of the Board members will be immensely beneficial for the enhancement of the Company's performance. Therefore, the Company has adopted a Board diversity policy to ensure that the Company will, when determining the composition of the Board, consider the Board diversity in terms of, among other things, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Board diversity policy sets out the approach towards achieving diversity on the Board. Pursuant to the Board diversity policy, all Board appointments will be based on merits, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board. As each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Company considers all of them to be independent parties. All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

As regards the CG Code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the identity and the time involved to the issuer, the Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments and any subsequent change to the Company in a timely manner.

Directors' Continuing Professional Development

Each Director was provided with the necessary training and information to ensure that he/she has proper understanding of the responsibilities under the Listing Rules and the applicable law, rules and regulations. The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development courses and seminars to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company will continue to arrange suitable training and regular seminars to provide the Directors with updates on the latest developments and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time.

The training records of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Type of Training
Name of Directors	(Note)
Executive Directors	
Ms. Wang Qiuping (Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer)	В
Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (alias Zhao Baohua)	В
Ms. Zhao Moge	В
Independent Non-Executive Directors	
Ms. Cheng Shing Yan	В
Mr. Liu Guodong	В
Mr. Xie Haidong	В

Note:

Types of Training

- A: Attending training sessions, including but not limited to, briefings, seminars, conferences and workshops
- B: Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, magazines and relevant publications

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has signed a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from their respective date of appointment and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each commencing from the day next after the expiry of the then current term, subject to termination as provided in the service contract.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of two years commencing from the Listing Date and renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each commencing from the day next after the expiry of the then current term.

The appointments of executive Directors, non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors are subject to the provisions of retirement and rotation of Directors under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles") and the applicable Listing Rules. The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles.

In accordance with the article 84(1) of the Articles, at every annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Any Director appointed pursuant to article 83(3) of the Articles shall not be taken into account in determining which Directors are to retire by rotation. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires and shall be eligible for re-election thereat. The Company at any annual general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated office by electing a like number of persons to be Directors.

Board Meetings, General Meetings and Attendance of Directors

The Board is committed to holding regular board meetings at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. The Group establishes an effective communication among all the Directors.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company held 4 Board meetings, 2 Audit Committee meetings, 1 Remuneration Committee meetings and 1 Nomination Committee meetings. The attendance record of each Director at the abovementioned Board meetings and committee meetings has been set out below.

		At	tendance/Number	· of				
		Audit	Remuneration	Nomination				
	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General			
Name of Directors	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting			
Executive Directors								
Ms. Wang Qiuping (Chairlady and								
Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1			
Mr. Zhao Xiaobao (alias Zhao Baohua)	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1			
Ms. Zhao Moge	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1			
Independent Non-executive Directors								
Ms. Cheng Shing Yan	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1			
Mr. Liu Guodong	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1			
Mr. Xie Haidong	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1			

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. The Company has made enquiries to all Directors regarding any non-compliance with the Model Code.

All the Directors confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for all major matters of the Company, including approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourse to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense. The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management.

BOARD COMMITTEE

The Board has established the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee and delegated various responsibilities to these committees, which assist the Board in discharging its duties and overseeing particular aspects of the Group's activities.

Audit committee

The Company established an Audit Committee on 21 October 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D.3 of the CG Code. The duties of the Audit Committee include, without limitation, (a) making recommendations to our Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal; (b) monitoring integrity of our financial statements, our annual report and accounts and our half-year report, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained therein; and (c) reviewing our financial controls, internal control and risk management systems. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Cheng Shing Yan, Mr. Liu Guodong and Mr. Xie Haidong. Ms. Cheng Shing Yan who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rule 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules is the chairlady of the Audit Committee. The quorum of meetings of the Audit Committee shall be any two members.

The Audit Committee will hold at least two meetings a year and will also meet the external auditor at least twice a year without the presence of the executive Directors. Terms of reference adopted by the Audit Committee are aligned with the Code Provisions set out in the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee had held 2 meetings, together with the management of the Company and external independent auditor, reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and this annual report, and considered that they were prepared in compliance with the relevant accounting standards and that the Company has made appropriate disclosure thereof.

Remuneration committee

The Company established a Remuneration Committee on 21 October 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and paragraph E.1 of the CG Code. The duties of the Remuneration Committee, under the principle that no Director should be involved in deciding his own remuneration, include, without limitation, (a) making recommendations to our Board on our policy and structure for the remuneration of all of our Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policies; (b) making recommendations to our Board on the remuneration packages of our executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their offices or appointments, and making recommendations to our Board of the remuneration of our independent non-executive Directors; and (c) reviewing and approving our management's remuneration proposals with reference to our Board's corporate goals and objectives. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee consists of Mr. Liu Guodong, Ms. Cheng Shing Yan and Mr. Xie Haidong. Mr. Liu Guodong is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The quorum of meetings of Remuneration Committee shall be any two members.

The Remuneration Committee will meet at least once a year to review and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, and the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management of the Group and other related matters. Terms of reference adopted by the Remuneration Committee are aligned with the Code Provisions set out in the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting which had been supplied with the necessary information of the Group for members to consider, review and access significant issues arising from the work conducted.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of senior management (other than the Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

Remuneration (RMB)	Number of Individuals
Less than 100,000	0
100,000-500,000	2

Nomination committee

The Company established a Nomination Committee on 21 October 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.27A of the Listing Rules and paragraph B.3 of the CG Code. The duties of the Nomination Committee include, without limitation, (a) reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of our Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to our Board to complement our corporate strategy; (b) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of our Board and selecting or making recommendations to our Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (c) assessing the independence of our independent non-executive Directors; and (d) making recommendations to our Board on the appointment or re-appointment of our Directors and succession planning for our Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are currently made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee consists of Mr. Xie Haidong, Ms. Cheng Shing Yan and Mr. Liu Guodong. Mr. Xie Haidong is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. The quorum of meetings of the Nomination Committee shall be any two members.

The Nomination Committee will meet at least once a year to review the structure, size and diversity of the Board and the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and to consider the qualifications of the retiring Directors standing for election at annual general meetings. Terms of reference adopted by the Nomination Committee are aligned with the Code Provisions set out in the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting which had been supplied with the necessary information of the Group for members to consider, review and access significant issues arising from the work conducted.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board adopts a board diversity policy. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Diversity of Board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional qualifications, industry and regional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All the Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

GENDER DIVERSITY

The Company values gender diversity across all levels of the Group. The following table sets out the gender ratio in the workforce of the Group, including the Board and senior management as at the date of this Annual Report:

	Female	Male	
Board	50% (3)	50% (3)	
Senior Management	50% (1)	50% (1)	
Other employees	41% (183)	59% (262)	
Overall workforce	41% (187)	59% (266)	

The Board is committed to improving greater gender diversity in the Board, senior management and other employees of the Group and wishes to achieve at least 50% of female Directors, 50% of female senior management and 41% of female employees by the end of 31 December 2024.

Details on the gender ratio of the Group together with relevant data can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 48 to 50 of this annual report.

DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted a Director Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

The Director Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Character and honesty: The candidate should be persons of integrity, honesty and good reputation;
- Diversity in aspects: including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge, length of service and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the business and corporate strategies of the Company;
- Availability: The candidate should have sufficient time for the proper discharge of the duties of a Director, including
 devoting adequate time for the preparation and participation in meetings, training and other Board or Company associated
 activities;
- Independence: Requirement for the Board to have independent directors in accordance with the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time) and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules; and
- Other relevant factors considered by Nomination Committee on a case-by-case basis.

The Director Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings. During the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no change in the composition of the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the Director Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view, it is fundamental that the appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently. The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor on the consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 56 to 60 of this annual report. The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration for the audit services provided by the auditor to the Group during the Year amounted to HKD1,000,000.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

During the year, the Board had reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and the Employees Written Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Responsibilities of the Board

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing the effectiveness of such systems through the Audit Committee on annual basis. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight and corporate roles in the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management, internal controls, while senior management designs, implements and monitors the risk management and internal control systems, and provides reports to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of these systems. However, systems and internal controls can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business.

Risk Management and Assessment

The Company has established formal risk assessment criteria for the Group. Senior management identifies risks that potentially impact the key processes of the operations on an annual basis. Risks are scored and ranked by their impact on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence. Senior management assesses the effectiveness of the existing controls and formulates risk mitigating activities. Results of the annual risk assessment are reported to the Audit Committee, including amongst other things, significant risks of the Group and the appropriate control activities to mitigate and/or transfer the identified risks objectives.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Internal Control

The Company has established defined levels of responsibilities and reporting procedures. Controls have been designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact on the Group's performance are identified and assessed.

The Company has internal audit function which is primarily responsible for developing various internal control manuals and procedures, conducting reviews on the key operational processes and the related internal controls to ensure compliance with the Group's risk management and internal control policies and procedures.

The Group has engaged a consulting firm to conduct an annual review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group including making recommendations to enhance the overall internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2023. The internal control review report has been approved by the Audit Committee and the Board. Based on the internal control review report and its own assessment, the Board considered that the Company's internal control system is adequate and effective.

Review of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Audit Committee assists the Board in the review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. The Directors through the Audit Committee are kept informed of significant risks that may impact on the Group's performance. For the Year, the Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group to be effective and adequate. The Audit Committee has reviewed and is satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, and financial reporting function.

Procedures and Controls over Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

The Company is aware of its obligation under relevant sections of the SFO and the Listing Rules. An Inside Information Policy has been established to lay down practical guidelines on definition of inside information, compliance and reporting, disclosure and announcement of inside information. All members of the Board, senior management, head of departments, and staff who are likely to possess inside information are strictly bound by this policy. Staff who have access to inside information is required to keep the unpublished inside information confidential until relevant announcement is made. Failure to comply with such requirements may result in disciplinary actions.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lai Yeung Fun resigned and Ms. Chan Sze Ting was appointed as the Company's company secretary on 1 October 2023. Ms. Chan is a director of the Corporate Services of Tricor Services Limited, a global professional services provider specializing in integrated business, corporate and investor services.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary on corporate governance and board practices and matters. Ms. Zhao Moge, an executive Director, has been designated as the primary contact person at the Company which would work and communicate with Ms. Chan Sze Ting on the Company's corporate governance and company secretarial matters.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, Ms. Chan has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training respectively in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding of the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information, which will enable the Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions. To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a shareholders communication policy which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and the Shareholders and maintains a website of the Company at www.potel-group.com, where up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company seriously takes care the Shareholders' interest to ensure that they are treated fairly and are able to exercise their Shareholders' rights effectively. Shareholders are entitled by the Articles and are also encouraged to participate in the Company's general meetings.

Convening of extraordinary general meeting

In accordance with the Articles, any one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings shall have the right, by written notice, to require an extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company which is situated at 5/F, Manulife Place, 348 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The EGM shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting within 21 days of such deposit, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals by Shareholders at Shareholders' meeting

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written notice of the proposal (the "**Proposal**") with his/her/its detailed contact information at the Company's headquarters and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, with a copy of the Proposal served to the Company's Hong Kong share registrar at their respective address. The request will be verified with the Company's Hong Kong share registrar and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will be asked to include the Proposal in the agenda for the general meeting.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the Hong Kong office of the Company at 5/F, Manulife Place, 348 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

There is no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

ABOUT THE REPORT

Putian Communication Group Limited (hereafter, "Putian" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the "Group" or "we") are pleased to present the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report mainly focuses on the Group's principle activities during 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (the "Year" or the "Reporting Period"). The aim of the ESG Report is to provide our stakeholders with a comprehensive understanding of our environmental, social and governance ("ESG") performance, initiatives and achievements, and to illustrate our long-term commitment to fulfilling our corporate social responsibility.

Scope of the Report

The ESG report mainly covers the environmental and social policies of the Group's business in manufacturing communication cable. Our 2023 ESG report will cover environmental and social data of two major subsidiaries, Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd. ("Putian Cable") and Jiangxi Changtian Optical Communication Co., Ltd. ("Optical Communication"). The key performance indicators ("KPIs") disclosed for the Year focus on tow factories located in Jiangxi Province, People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The abovementioned reporting boundaries were carefully determined by the Group based on the material entities and operations that have or will exert a great impact on the Group's business in long run. For the details of corporate governance, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 27 to 37 of this annual report.

Reporting Framework

The ESG report is prepared in accordance with Appendix C2 the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" under Main Board Listing Rules on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and in compliance with the "comply or explain" provision.

Reporting Principles

The content of the ESG report is determined through stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment process, which includes the identification of ESG-related issues, review of the management and stakeholders' opinions, assessing process for the relevance and materiality of the issues, preparation of the report, and validation of the disclosed information. The opinions of our stakeholders are adopted for identifying the key issues which are covered and discussed in this ESG report. Please refer to the section "Stakeholders Engagement" for details.

Quantitative environmental and social KPIs are disclosed in the ESG report so that stakeholders are able to have a comprehensive understanding of the Group's ESG performance. Information of the standards, methodologies, references and source of key emission of KPIs are stated wherever appropriate. The Report is prepared on an unbiased picture of our performance without any sections, omission, or presentation that may inappropriately influence decision by reader. To enhance the comparability of the ESG report, the Group adopts consistent reporting format and methodologies for calculating KPIs as far as practicable. In case of any changes, explanation will be provided in the corresponding sections to facilitate information interpretation.

Information and Feedback

For more information on the Group's environmental and corporate governance, please refer to the official website (www.potel-group.com) and the annual report of the Group. If you have any comments or suggestions on this ESG report, please feel free to contact us via email at info@potel-group.com.

ESG BOARD STATEMENT

The Group believes that a sound ESG and sustainability framework builds the foundation for an optimum ESG performance and well-rounded sustainable development. In order to better monitor and manage the Group's policies, measures and work regarding ESG, the Board of Directors (the "Board") is directly responsible for the oversight of the Group's ESG-related issues, including formulating strategies and reporting material ESG matters, as well as assessing and determining ESG-related risks. The ESG performance of the Group is evaluated regularly to ensure its consistency with the Group's visions and initiatives, and the annual ESG report is reviewed and discussed to ensure its content is aligned with the Board's requirements and the Group's strategies.

Furthermore, the Board is responsible for executing and evaluating the stakeholder engagement process. The Board understands that ESG management involves various topics and therefore has conducted materiality assessment to identify issues that are likely to influence the business and our stakeholders, especially the environmental and social aspects. The issues would be reviewed and prioritised, and those with high significance to the Group and stakeholders are considered as material. The Board has concluded our material issues in "Stakeholders Engagement" section.

In order to further motivate the Group in pursuing higher ESG-related standards, the Board will continue to keep track with the latest announcement of the ESG reporting requirements in Hong Kong and set various goals and targets on ESG performance with reference to the Group's most material issues to its business and stakeholders whenever necessary. The Group also shares its progress in ESG with different stakeholders, most notably through the Group's annual ESG report.

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

The Group highly values the communication with its key stakeholders and takes the opinions from stakeholders as the basis for its formulation and implementation of short-term and long-term sustainability strategies. During the Year, stakeholders engagement and materiality assessment have been conducted, which enable us to understand the needs of stakeholders and identify our material topics regarding ESG.

Communication with Stakeholders

The Group promotes its approach and practices in ESG to stakeholders through effective communication channels, such as meetings, announcements, company websites and emails, as well as understanding and taking corresponding measures to meet stakeholders' requirements and expectations. The table below indicates our stakeholders' requirements and expectations of the Group, and the corresponding communication channels and responses for the stakeholders.

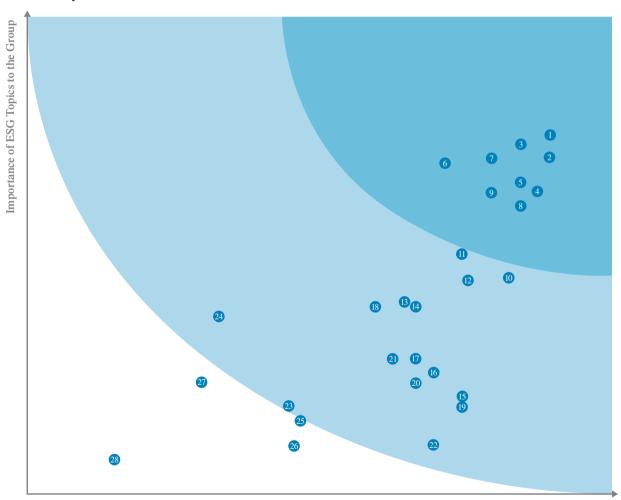
Stakeholders	Requirements and Expectations	Means of Communication and Response
Government and Regulators	 Compliance with national policies, laws and regulations Support local economic growth Drive local employment Pay taxes in full and on time Ensure production safety 	 Compliance with national policies, laws and regulations Support local economic growth Drive local employment Pay taxes in full and on time Ensure production safety
Shareholders	 Returns Compliant operation Raise company value Transparency in information and effective communication 	 General Meetings Announcements Email, telephone communication and company website Dedicated reports Site visits
Business Partners	 Operate with integrity Equal Rivalry Performance of contracts Mutual benefit and win-win result 	 Review and appraisal meetings Business communications Exchanges and discussions Engagement and cooperation
Customers	 Outstanding products and services Health and safety Performance of contracts Operate with integrity 	 Outstanding products and services Health and safety Performance of contracts Operate with integrity
Environment	 Compliant emission Energy saving and emission reduction Ecosystem protection 	 Communicate with local environmental department Communicate with the locals ESG Reporting
Industry	 Establishment of industry standards Drive industry development 	Participate in industry forumsVisits and inspections
Employees	 Protection of rights Occupational health and safety Remunerations and benefits Career development Humanity cares 	 Employee communication meetings House journal and intranet Employee mailbox Training and workshop Employee activity
Community and the Public	Improve community environmentParticipation in charityTransparent information	Improve community environmentParticipation in charityTransparent information

Materiality Assessment

In identifying potential material topics in respect of the Group's ESG performance that might affect its business or stakeholders, the Group conducting annual questionnaire survey to understand the opinions and expectations of the stakeholders for the Group's responses and the disclosure of ESG issues. Based on actual business activities and the industry characteristics, the Group identified and determined 28 environmental, social and governance related issues and invited both internal and external stakeholders to express their opinion on such 28 issues in terms of materiality.

The following matrix states all related issues which are material to the stakeholders, whilst the results shown on the top-right area represent the issues that are more significant for the Group in formulating future environmental, social and governance plans and objectives, aiming to create sustainable value for stakeholders.

Materiality Assessment Matrix



Importance of ESG Topics to External Stakeholder

Item	ESG Topic	Item	ESG Topic
	001012		
1	Energy use (e.g. electricity, gas, fuel)	15	Environmentally preferable products and services
2	Water use	16	Environmental risks (e.g. pollution) and social risks (e.g. monopoly) of the suppliers
3	Greenhouse gas emissions	17	Selection and monitoring of suppliers
4	Climate change	18	Product and service labelling
5	Air emissions	19	Product health and safety
6	Mitigation measures to protect environment and natural resources	20	Customer satisfaction
7	Use of materials (e.g. paper, packaging, raw materials)	21	Customer information and privacy
8	Hazardous waste production	22	Observing and protecting intellectual property rights
9	Non-hazardous waste production	23	Marketing communications (e.g. advertisement)
10	Employee development and training	24	Anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff
11	Preventing child and forced labour	25	Anti-corruption policies and whistle-blowing procedure
12	Employee remuneration, benefits and rights (e.g. working hours, rest periods, working conditions)	26	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices, e.g. bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering
13	Diversity and equal opportunity of employees	27	Cultivation of local employment
14	Occupational health and safety	28	Community support (e.g. donation, volunteering)

By analysing the results of the questionnaire survey and the materiality maps related to the business with consideration to the actual business operation, the Group has identified 7 material topics which are disclosed in detail in the ESG report.

Material topics	Corresponding sections
Energy Management	Environmental Protection • Resources Conservation
Waste Management	Environment Protection • Emission Treatment
Employment Compliance and Labor Management	Value of Our People
Operational Compliance	Operating Practices
Material Sourcing & Efficiency	Operating Practices • Supplier Management
Quality Management	Operating Practices • Quality Assurance
Business Ethics	Operating Practices Respect of Intellectual Property Rights and Privacy Anti-Corruption

After reviewing the identified materials topics related to the ESG aspects, the importance of the ESG performance is recognised and that would be our ongoing process in reaching our future improvements.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

As a communication cable manufacturer and a structured cabling system product provider, the Group protects the environment at the area where it operates while striving to develop business. The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations concerning wastes, air emissions and wastewater, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC, the Energy Conservation Law of the PRC and the National Environmental Emergency Response Plan. The Group strives to reduce its carbon footprint during the course of business, and attach great importance on emission control, recognized by GB/T24001-2016/ISO14001:2015 Environmental Management System Certification Certificate.

To ensure the safety of the surroundings as well as to raise the awareness of employees in each division to deal with emergency issues, the Group has implemented a complete emergency planning system and conducts regular drills for its employees. In case of an environmental pollution incident, will take prompt action and response to minimise hazards and prevent deterioration of the incident. Looking forward, we will deliberate on the prevention of hazards and environmental pollution, and energy and resources conservation at the research and development stage, as well as consider environmentally friendly development and advocate the use of harmless and safe technology during product design, on the premise that the product quality is assured.

Emissions Treatment

During the reporting period, air emissions were generated from vehicles and oil fume from canteen. The oil fumes from canteens will be emitted at high altitude after being treated by oil fume purifiers. To reduce air emissions and maintain efficiencies of oil fume purifiers, the Group keeps the oil fume purifiers clean in the canteens.

Frequent travel between factories is necessary. The use of vehicles is unavoidable due to the consideration of employees' health during the pandemic and inclusion of business activities of Optical Communication in the Year. In order to reduce the air emission, the Group performs regular maintenance and repairs on its vehicles to keep them in good condition.

The air emissions of the Group during the Year are as follows:

Air Emission	Unit	2023	2022
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	kg	122	86.98
Sulphur oxides (SO _x)	kg	0.17	1.13
Particulate matter (PM)	kg	11.69	8.33

Notes:

• The above air emission data have been compiled with reference to "How to prepare an ESG Report — Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.

The greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions were composed of direct emissions from stationary combustion and use of vehicles; energy indirect emissions from purchased electricity, and other indirect emissions from electricity used for fresh water and sewage processing by local government and overseas business travel. As to the target of greenhouse gas emissions, we aim to reduce the overall emissions on a short-term basis through vehicle emissions, energy consumption and water consumption which account for the majority of total emissions. The objectives for the specific aspects are discussed in the relevant sections. The greenhouse gas emissions of the Group as follows:

GHG	Unit	2023	2022
Total GHG emissions	tonnes CO ₂ e	2,671.88	2,726.39
GHG emissions per square metre	tonnes CO ₂ e/M ²	0.04	0.04
GHG emissions per revenue	tonnes CO ₂ e/RMB'000	0.004	0.004
Scope 1 – Direct emissions	tonnes CO ₂ e	255.44	216.20
Scope 2 – Energy indirect emissions	tonnes CO ₂ e	2,382.51	2,489.22
Scope 3 – Other indirect emissions	tonnes CO ₂ e	33.92	20.97

Notes:

- The above air emission data have been compiled with reference to "How to prepare an ESG Report Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.
- The total GHG emissions remained in a similar level in 2023 when compared to 2022.

Waste scrap and incoming packaging materials from the production activities were the major non-hazardous wastes of the Group and were recycled as far as possible. Another type of non-hazardous wastes was domestic garbage, which is collected and processed collectively by the local environmental hygiene department in the Year. When there is hazardous waste produced, the Group will engage qualified companies for further handling. By means of enhancing production activities, the Group utilises the raw materials to the greatest extent to reduce waste scrap produced. During the Year, the Group has set a target for controlling the amount of paper waste. In order to achieve the target, the Group has spearheaded the initiatives of reusing paper and urged employees to reduce paper consumption in the workplace. The Group also encouraged its employees to reduce the usage of disposable and non-recyclable products in respect of waste reduction.

During the Year, there was no hazardous waste produced by the Group (2022: 0 tonne). The data of non-hazardous waste generated from the Group is as follows:

Waste	Unit	2023	2022
Total non-hazardous waste generated	tonnes	48.60	69.70
Total non-hazardous waste generated per square metre	tonnes/M ²	0.0007	0.001
Total non-hazardous waste generated per revenue	kg/RMB'000	0.00008	0.0001

Note:

• The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group includes waste scrap and domestic waste only. The amount of waste scrap generated was based on the actual record of the Group. The amount of domestic waste was based on the daily estimated volume of domestic waste in office.

The Group did not produce or discharge any industrial wastewater in the production activities, while domestic sewage generated will be pretreated in the septic tank before discharging into the municipal sewage pipe network.

Resources Conservation

We have formulated an Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction policy to promote the concept of low-carbon life and green office, and adopted various measures to reduce resource consumption and encouraging our staff to participate in environmental protection. We acknowledge the opportunities of reducing energy and water consumption through daily operation. Therefore, we have set directional targets for both energy and water reduction through raising the environmental awareness of employees. We provided various training for our employees to introduce the meaning of resources conservation and measures that they can practice to protect the environment. During the Year, the Group has organised additional environmental training to further enhance knowledge and promote the importance of energy and water conservation, as well as fostering a low-carbon lifestyle for employees.

The Group endeavours to improve energy management by reducing electricity consumption and using energy efficiently in different aspects. For electricity, employees are encouraged to switch off idle lighting system and other electronics, such as printers and computers, and take full advantage of sunlight whenever possible. We also recommend our employees to adjust the brightness of computers to protect not only the environment but also their eyesight. Energy-efficient lighting and air conditioners are adopted, and lighting appliances and filters for air conditioners are cleansed regularly to improve energy efficiency. We also advocate to turn off air-conditioning system one hour earlier each day and set the minimum temperature to around 26 degrees Celsius. We discourage employees to turn an air conditioner on and off repeatedly which could cause a waste of energy. By means of regular checking and maintenance, the possibility of leakage of refrigerant has been reduced. The energy consumption of the Group is as follows:

Energy Consumption	Unit	2023	2022
Total energy consumption	MWh	4,327.31	4,992.01
Energy consumption per square metre	MWh/M ²	0.06	0.07
Energy consumption per revenue	MWh/RMB'000	0.01	0.008
Purchased electricity	MWh	4,179.84	4,080.01
Gasoline	MWh	113.5	824.19
Liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG")	MWh	33.9	87.81

Notes:

- The methodology adopted for reporting on consumptions set out above was based on "How to Prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.
- Based on the actual energy consumption record of the Group.
- The increases in electricity and LPG consumption are mainly due to the lesser production volume of the Optical Communication factory during 2023; the decrease in gasoline consumption was due to the decreased in intra-plants traffic.

To raise the water saving awareness of employees, the Group has posted water saving notices in every lavatory and employees are reminded to turn off the faucet tight after use. The Group also conducts tests to hidden leaking pipes and monitors water meters regularly to prevent leaking and wasting water. Meanwhile, water is reused as far as possible. For instance, employees are encouraged to reuse the water for watering plants after scrubbing fruits and vegetables. In addition, we generally do not provide bottled water for meetings and employees are not allowed to wash containers with mineral drinking water. During the Year, the Group did not identify any issues in sourcing water for business operations.

The water consumption of the Group is as follows:

Water consumption	Unit	2023	2022
Total water consumption	\mathbf{M}^3	22,958.13	27,062.00
Water consumption per square metre	M^3/M^2	0.34	0.40
Water consumption per revenue	M ³ /RMB'000	0.04	0.04

Notes:

- The methodology adopted for reporting on consumptions set out above was based on "How to Prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.
- Based on the actual water consumption record of the Group.

Concerning the use of material, the Group conducts an evaluation on the usage of material to avoid overstock. During the Year, the Group used packaging materials including metal, wood, plastic, fibre fabric and paper, in which plastic and paper were used to pack products in both kilometres and pieces. Detailed usage of packaging materials is as follows:

Optical Fibre Cables and Communication Copper Cables:

Types of Package Material	20)23	20	22
	Total	Amount per	Total	Amount per
	Amount	Unit Produced	Amount	Unit Produced
	(kg)	(kg/km)	(kg)	(kg/km)
Metal	353,573.00	1.7	294,690.00	1.7
Wood	30,969.00	0.1	24,972.00	0.1
Plastic	661,109.00	3.2	531,957.00	3.1
Fibre Fabric	64,429.00	0.3	57,013.00	0.3
Paper	401,623.00	2.0	343,784.00	2.0

Notes:

• Based on the actual package material record of the Group.

Structured Cabling System Products:

Types of Package Material	20	23	202	22
	Total	Amount per	Total	Amount per
	Amount	Unit Produced	Amount	Unit Produced
	(kg)	(kg/km)	(kg)	(kg/km)
Plastic	2,616,199.00	1.009	2,910,894.00	0.993
Paper	5,005.00	0.0019	6,030.00	0.002

Notes:

• Based on the actual package material record of the Group.

Green Operation

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group attaches great importance to sustainability development and strives to promote green operation among its employees, in a bid to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from its business operation. For instance, in a bid to fortify the management of the use of office expenses and stationary, we purchase low-carbon and energy-efficient equipment. By posting reminders to advocate saving paper in office, the Group encourages employees to recycle and reuse paper, for example, using paper on both sides and using used paper to make notes, as well as to utilise digital means for internal and external communication to replace paper circulation. The amount of paper used is also counted on a regular basis to monitor the usage. In addition, employees are encouraged to use refillable pens instead of disposable markers and ball pens. Conducting video conferences is suggested to substitute for non-essential overseas business trips, while direct flights are recommended for inevitable overseas business trips to reduce greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions.

Climate Change

Climate change is rapidly emerging as one of the most significant issues across countries and is closely related to all businesses regardless of their nature. Being aware of the consequences brought by the changing climate, the Group has taken various measures to identify and mitigate climate-related risks. The Group regularly reviews global and local government policies and regulations regarding climate change to identify potential climate-related risks and opportunities that may have financial impacts on the Group's business.

During the Year, the Group has recognised physical risk brought by the increased severity of extreme weather events. It may lead to transportation difficulties and supply chain interruptions, thus decreasing production capacity. Extreme weather also has negative effects on the physical structure of the Group's facilities, thereby increasing maintenance cost, and employees' health and safety may be threatened. The Group may also face transition risks such as policy risks due to increasingly stringent policies and enhanced emissions-reporting obligations. Reputation risk may also occur with growing concerns of stakeholders such as the Group's responses to climate change, whether the goods and services provided are environmental-friendly, etc.

To mitigate climate-related risks, the Group has put effort into different aspects. We have formulated Emergency Plan for Extreme Weather Conditions and Natural Disasters Policy to ensure the safety of our employees and properties. Regular inspection of the factory structure and electric appliances will be carried out to eliminate any hidden dangers. Employees will receive training on the response and action when facing extreme weather such as floods, typhoons and heavy rainstorms. We will also issue early warnings based on information from local government and make sure employees stay in a safe indoor environment. On top of the above, to better address stakeholders' concerns, the Group would communicate with and update our stakeholders regarding climate-related impacts and our climate change strategies in a timely manner.

VALUE OUR PEOPLE

The dedication and contributions of employees are essential to the long-term and sustainable development of the Group. We understand that well-established employment policies enable us to attract and retain talents. Apart from complying with the laws and regulations concerning employment, occupational safety and labour standards, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the PRC, the Labour Contract Law of the PRC, the Law on the Protection of Minors of the PRC, the Law of the PRC on the Prevention, the Control of Occupational Diseases and the Work Safety Law of the PRC, we established Staff Manual and comprehensive Company Welfare Policies to provide a positive working environment to our employees. During the Year, We have presented Year-end awards as an acknowledgement for employees' contributions towards the Group.

Employees' Rights and Interests

The Group has established a defined human resources procedure to regulate and manage recruitment procedures, aiming to recruit appropriate talents in a fair manner with integrity. During the recruitment process, each job applicant is entitled to equal opportunity of the job offer, regardless of his/her age, gender, ethnicity, religious belief, marital status and disability, as long as his/her working experience, technical expertise and qualification are fulfilling the job requirements. The Group always requires employees to preserve good discipline and create cordial and harmonious atmosphere in the workplace. We have no tolerance for any forms of discrimination, threat and humiliation. We shall investigate any misbehaviour cases reported and discipline the related parties. Upon receipt of resignation from an employee, we will conduct an exit interview to understand his/her reason for resignation.

To prevent misemploying child labour, job applicant's identification documents are also required for age verification. Once such labour practices are discovered, the Group would investigate the cases thoroughly and dismiss related employees immediately. With a view to safeguarding employees' rights and interests, we enter into employment contracts with employees before they report duties, which clearly define the job duties and working location to avoid forced labour.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group hired total 453 employees (2022: 585) and the turnover rate is 67% (2022: 52%). A higher number of employees and turnover rate were recorded due to the inclusion of employees from Optical Communication during the Year. Detailed numbers of employees and the corresponding turnover rate by different categories are as follows:

Number of Employees	2023	2022
By Gender		
Male	266	364
Female	187	221
By Age Group		
Below 30 years old	70	134
Between 30 to 50 years old	331	383
Over 50 years old	52	68
By Employment Type		
Full-time	453	585
Part-time	-	-
By Geographical Region		
The PRC	453	584
Hong Kong	-	1

Turnover Rate (%)	2023	2022
By Gender		
Male	74%	56%
Female	56%	44%
By Age Group		
Below 30 years old	104%	97%
Between 30 to 50 years old	61%	42%
Over 50 years old	52%	21%
By Geographical Region		
The PRC	67%	52%
Hong Kong	_	-

Employees are valuable assets of the Group, therefore we provide our employees with attractive benefits. We strive to ensure the working hours and remuneration of employees are compliant with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations, in which our employees are entitled to compensation upon required overtime working, as well as the rights of taking vacation leaves. Meanwhile, according to the requirements of the local government, we also make contributions to the Social Insurances and Housing Provident Fund for our employees. Based on internal and external reference standards, our remuneration structure is annually reviewed so as to maintain the competitive remuneration offered to employees. We have also implemented annual appraisal system to evaluate the working performance of employees. Employees with outstanding performance may be rewarded with a pay rise or discretionary bonus in recognition of their contributions.

Training and Development

We have put great emphasis on providing training for employees in order to cater for the requirements of various positions. We have designed appropriate annual training programs for employees. We have provided induction training for new employees to familiarize with the corporate's culture, regulations and policy and the sense of safety production. We require every new hire to complete and pass a test after attending the training program. We provide monthly training to instill energy conservation and safety production, as well as senses of professionalism in our employees. We also provide them training courses related to production techniques and testing procedures, so as to enhance their technical and product knowledge as well as their understandings of quality standards in the industry and safety standards at the workplace. Besides, we offer tailor-made training to manager-level employees quarterly to enrich their managerial and operational skills, and enhance their abilities of resilience. The average training hours per employee and percentage of trained employees of the Group as follows:

	202	2023		2022		
	Average	Percentage	Average	Percentage		
	Training Hours	of Trained	Training Hours	of Trained		
	per Employee	Employees	per Employee	Employees		
Indicators	(hours)	(%)	(hours)	(%)		
By Employee Category						
Senior	48	3%	47	3%		
Intermediate	56	20%	59	15%		
Junior	44	77%	40	82%		
By Gender						
Male	46	58%	43	62%		
Female	46	42%	43	38%		

A clear career path is offered to our employees. Apart from the demands for positions, employees with an outstanding performance during annual appraisal may be given promotion opportunities, so that suitable talents will be recognised.

Health and Safety

Work safety and personal safety of employees always come first during the business operation of the Group, thereby we have formulated Occupational Health and Safety Management Policy and Production Workshop Safety Manual to safeguard the safety of our staff. We have continued to implement safety guidelines and organised educational activities for promoting the prevention of occupational diseases on a regular basis, such as reminding employees to keep the workplace clean at all time and explaining the laws and regulations in respect of occupational diseases and preventive measures to strengthen employees' safety awareness. Employees shall strictly comply with the working and operational procedures, and the laws and regulations in respect of occupational health and safety, so as to prevent accidents and occupational diseases consciously.

The Group has obtained the certificate of GB/T45001-2020/ISO 45001:2018 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certification for its sound occupational health and safety management system. The Group provides various types of safety training which include safety techniques and education on safety knowledge and awareness for employees, especially those who may exposed to occupational hazards.

During the Year, the Group has assigned related personnel to attend online safety training program organised by the governmental institution for enriching their knowledge pertaining to safety precaution.

Prior to work, employees at such positions are required to undergo occupational diseases examination to ensure their health condition, while those at particular positions have to attend the operation safety assessment and acquire qualified licenses. The Group carries out regular, surprise and special safety checks within the factories to discover any safety issue and take corrective actions accordingly for the prevention of incidents. Meanwhile, traffic signs have been placed within the industrial park to alert employees to road traffic safety.

The Group places high importance on fire safety and implements fire precaution measures. The Group conducts inspection regularly on fire safety equipment and extinguishers in particular. The plants, which have a relatively high risk of safety, are segregated from construction area and the office to minimise the impact of incidents. Furthermore, employees are not allowed to smoke outside the designated smoking area. During the Year, the Group has organised a training program pertaining to fire safety. The training has raised our employees' awareness towards safety production by introducing cases of fire accidents in PRC and the instruction of a fire extinguisher.

Moreover, hazardous chemicals are stored separately with clear labels, while personal protective equipment is provided to employees according to the needs of various positions. Designated personnel are assigned to monitor and ensure that employees wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Also, the Group conducts regular checks on the performance and effectiveness of occupational diseases protective equipment and personal protective equipment to make sure proper function, as well as identifies the occupational hazards in workplace annually, so as to create a healthy and safe working environment for its employees.

During the Year, the Group did not record work injuries and lost days due to work-related injury. The number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the Year are as follows:

	For the year	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended	ended
Indicators	31st Dec 2023	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
Number of work-related fatalities	0	0	0
Rate of work-related fatalities (%)	0	0	0

OPERATING PRACTICES

The Group aims to provide products and services of high quality in meeting customers' expectations. On top of complying with relevant laws and regulations concerning product quality and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy, including but not limited to the Product Quality Law of the PRC, Copyright Law of the PRC, Patent Law of the PRC and Advertising Law of the PRC, we strictly manage supply chain and monitor the quality of raw materials and products. Besides, we have taken measures to protect intellectual property rights and customer's privacy to safeguard their rights and interests.

Supplier Management

To secure a stable supply of goods, the Group has maintained a positive business relationship with suppliers. To this end, the Group continues to execute our supplier management system for the selection and evaluation of suppliers as set out in our Procurement Process Policy. The procurement department is responsible for the selection of suppliers of raw materials, production equipment and fixed assets, while the administration department is responsible for the selection of other suppliers such as office supplies and daily necessities. In order to minimise the environmental and social risk of our suppliers, several factors are taken into account when selecting suppliers that include product quality, production capacity, delivery time and reputation in the market. Only qualified suppliers who meet our requirements will be included in the list of qualified suppliers. We will then sign contracts with suppliers, indicating the requirements regarding quality, logistics packaging and storage, and the punctuality of delivery. Qualified suppliers are required to pass the annual assessments, which include reviewing their performances during the past year, and any suppliers with sub-standard performance will be removed from the list, thereby reducing the potential impacts of the supply chain on our products and services.

The following table summarises the geographical distribution of suppliers during the Year.

Geographical Region	2023	2022
Northern China	7	8
Northeastern China	_	_
Eastern China	95	91
South-central China	23	37
Southwestern China	2	1
Total	127	137

Moreover, the Group is conscious of practicing green procurement. The procurement department determines the demand of raw materials according to the monthly production and sales plan, and adjusts according to the inventory and in-transit quantities so as to avoid overstock which may lead to wastage. We also consider suppliers with minimum order quantity and minimum use of packaging. The Group also upholds an ethical procurement policy and is committed to sourcing raw materials from suppliers that value social responsibility. In addition, the environmental, health and safety performance of suppliers are factors that the Group will consider when selecting suppliers. We also give priority to suppliers with ISO quality or environmental management system certification.

Quality Assurance

A rigorous quality control system of products is vital for offering products and services of high quality. We have formulated the Quality Management Policy to ensure the quality of the entire process from procurement, production, product inspection to after-sale customer services, we adhere to our quality control system which analyses the factors that affecting our product quality, production efficiency and raw material utilisation rates, thereby reducing any issues that may affect the product quality. The Group has obtained the certificate for GB/T19001- 2016/ISO9001:2015 Quality Management System.

Our quality control personnel conduct quality inspection on each batch of raw materials upon receipt. Only raw materials passed our tests are admitted into inventory, while defective items will be returned to the suppliers or be replaced. During the production process, we strictly follow the requirements of ISO9001:2015 standards for product quality control. Work-in-progress is tested after each production process, among which only those passing quality control tests are allowed to proceed to the next production stage. To ensure the quality and reliability of our products, finished products are tested in terms of structure as well as electrical and mechanical performance to ensure that the quality of products meets the requirements of customers. All work-in-progress and finished products are labeled for future traceability. In addition, we have specific packing and delivery instructions in place for each category of product to ensure the safety and quality of products during transportation. Upon the delivery of products, we will conduct on-site product inspection together with customers. In case of any unqualified products, reasons would be tracked and identified via labeling and production record keeping system. If the unqualified products are identified with quality issues, they will be reworked where possible and those unable to be processed will be treated as waste.

Customer Oriented

We have formulated After-sales Service and Technical Support Policy according to the needs of customers, extensive after-sales services are provided to customers, including technical training and exchange session, question and answer session respecting products, and regular communication. We typically offer a maintenance period of one to three years. Our employees are responsible for responding to our customers and conducting on-site examination upon receipt of any customer service request relating to the quality of products. Meanwhile, employees coordinate with technical team to diagnose and resolve the relevant technical issues. Our customer service team would respond to customer inquiries and service requests in a timely manner through various channels. Customer complaints are referred to relevant departments for handling, and customer service team would handle relevant complaints closely until they are resolved. We appreciate that customers' comments are beneficial to our improvements, for which we also conduct annual customer surveys to collect feedback on products and services and better understand the changing needs of customers. Furthermore, all public production sales and market information shall be reviewed to make sure that there is no false or misleading information that may cause any misunderstanding of our customers.

During the Year, the Group did not receive any complaints related to our products and service quality and no products sold are subjected to recalls for safety and health reasons.

Respect for Intellectual Property Rights and Privacy

The Group highly values the research and development and enhances the product design with reference to the developing trend of domestic and foreign technology and the market. During the Year, the Group was awarded as a Specialised "Little Giant" Company (專精特新「小巨人」企業) by Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of China.

We also understand the importance of protecting and enforcing our intellectual property rights, thereby we formulated Provisions on Intellectual Property Management Policy to safeguard our intellectual property rights. During the Year, 4 new patents in the PRC in terms of technologies related to optical fibre and cable manufacturing and processing, and optical fibre cable testing have been authorised. Being respectful for others' intellectual property rights, we strictly abide by the laws and regulations relating to intellectual property rights including but not limited to the Trademark Law of the PRC, the Patent Law of the PRC and the Copyright Law of the PRC, and conduct promotion and training for our employees on intellectual property rights. We require our employees to keep confidential for all information relating to our transactions, operation, management, technology and skills, etc., during their employment and within two years after resignation, as set out in Confidential Information Guidance. To avoid any infringement of the exclusive right of our trademarks, prior approval shall be obtained from us before other party intends to use our trademark and licensees shall follow Trademark Licensing Provisions developed by the Group.

Meanwhile, we attach great importance to the privacy of our customer and thereby established a confidentiality system. Our employees shall sign confidentiality agreements before their employment to undertake that they will not disclose any customers' information to any third party. To safeguard the information security and protect the customers' privacy and data, our employees are required to use the designated anti-virus software and shall not use any unauthorised software or hardware or bring any company's information away from their workplace. Employees shall encrypt the files that contain sensitive information of the Group as well for better data protection.

Anti-Corruption

To uphold our business integrity and provide quality service, the Group is dedicated to training our employees with a working attitude of acting by law including but not limited to the Criminal Law of the PRC and being honest and trustworthy. Besides, we continue to follow the internal mechanism in our Anti-Corruption Policy of preventing commercial bribery for which, our core personnel and those individuals and units that have business relationships with us shall sign up an agreement to avert commercial bribery and corruption in any kinds and to regulate the behaviours of the parties, aiming to uphold the integrity and be self-disciplined. The Group has designated a department to be in charge of the supervision and management of the commitment mechanism in accordance with relevant laws and regulations concerning bribery, thereby strictly prohibiting bribery and corruption from its source. Through conducting investigations and researches, we identify the characteristics of the misconduct of trading and commercial bribery, enabling us to adopt corresponding strategies and measures to deal with the potential risks arising from operation on a timely basis. Whistleblowing mailbox and hotline are set up for employees in reporting relevant commercial bribery and the identity of the whistle blower will be kept confidential.

At the same time, our employees should obey our requirements regarding conflict of interests and declare their possible conflict of interests, while being prohibited to solicit money or personal benefits by abusing their powers or convenience from their work, such as receiving gifts, money, loans, services or any compensation from units or individuals seeking to establish business relationship with us. In case of identifying any conducts or occurrences that may violate the requirements, employees are encouraged to report the event to his/her supervisor or via our established hotline or mailbox.

During the Year, the Group has no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices. Additionally, the Group has provided a total of 2,342 hours of anti-corruption related training to employees, including 3 directors and 450 staffs. The training instils positive moral concepts and values to employees, especially to those from the financial and procurement departments. The training provides the essential anti-corruption information, such as the Group's commitment to honesty and integrity, precautionary actions, and control measures, to employees which enhance their awareness on the prohibition of commercial bribery and remind them the business ethnics and responsibility.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

The Group acknowledges the obligation to make contributions to the community. The Group keeps on encouraging its employees to actively participate in social and charitable activities in the community, and provides disabilities with job opportunities so as to offer assistance to the vulnerable group.

CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE

ESG Indicators	Summary	Sections	Page
F			
Environmental Aspect A1:	General Disclosure	Environmental Protection	43-47
Emissions	Information on:	Emissions Treatment	43-44
	(a) the policies; and		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations		
	that have a significant impact on the issuer		
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions,		
	discharges into water and land, and generation		
	of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.		
Aspect A2:	General Disclosure	Environmental Protection	43-47
Use of Resources	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including	Resources Conservation	45-46
	energy, water and other raw materials.		
Aspect A3:	General Disclosure	Environmental Protection	43-47
The Environment	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact	Green Operation	47
and Natural	on the environment and natural resources.		
Resources			
Aspect A4:	General Disclosure	Environmental Protection	43-47
Climate Change	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant	Climate Change	47
	climate-related issues which have impacted, and		
	those which may impact, the issuer.		
Social			
Employment and Lab	oour Practices		
Aspect B1:	General Disclosure	Value Our People	47-50
Employment	Information on:	Employees' Rights and	48-49
	(a) the policies; and	Interests	40.50
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	Training and Development	49-50
	relating to compensation and dismissal,		
	recruitment and promotion, working hours,		
	rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-		
	discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.		

ESG Indicators	Summary	Sections	Page
Aspect B2: Health and Safety	General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Value Our People Health and Safety	47-50 50
Aspect B3: Development and Training	General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Value Our People Training and Development	47-50 49-50
Aspect B4: Labour Standards	General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.	Value Our People Employees' Rights and Interests	47-50 48-49
Operating Practices Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management	General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Operating Practices Supplier Management	51-53 51
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility	General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Operating Practices Quality Assurance Customer Oriented Respect for Intellectual Property Rights and Privacy	51-53 51-52 52 52
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption	General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	Operating Practices Anti-Corruption	51-53 53
Community Aspect B8: Community Investment	General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Community Involvement	53



Moore CPA Limited

801-806 Silvercord, Tower 1, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

T +852 2375 3180 F +852 2375 3828

www.moore.hk

會計師事務所有限公司 大華 馬施 雲

TO THE MEMBERS OF PUTIAN COMMUNICATION GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Putian Communication Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 61 to 106, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Impairment Assessment of Non-Financial Assets

Refer to material accounting policy information in Note 4.7, critical accounting estimates and judgements in Note 5(iii) and disclosure of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepayments for property, plant and equipment in Notes 16, 17 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

The management of the Company had performed an impairment review, with assistance of an independent valuer engaged by the Company ("Valuer"), in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" in relation to the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and prepayments for property, plant and equipment belonging to optical fibers and optical fiber cables cash-generating unit (the "CGU"). No impairment loss on the CGU was identified as a result of the impairment review.

We identified impairment assessment of non-financial assets as a key audit matter because the estimation of recoverable amount of the CGU required exercise of significant judgements by management concerning the estimated future cash flows and other key inputs and involved high level of estimation uncertainty.

Our key procedures

Our key procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of non-financial assets included the followings:

- Discussed with the management of the Company and the Valuer regarding the reasonableness of the valuation methodology being adopted;
- Discussed with the management of the Company and the Valuer about the assumptions and inputs used in determining the recoverable amount of the CGU, and challenged the reasonableness and relevance of key assumptions and inputs based on our knowledge of the business and industry and obtained from them the supporting bases and documentation;
- Appointed an auditor's expert to assist us in the review of the valuation for estimating the recoverable amount of the CGU; and
- Assessed the objectivity, competency and experience of the Valuer and auditor's expert.

Impairment Assessment of Trade Receivables

Refer to material accounting policy information in Note 4.4(ii), critical accounting estimates and judgements in Note 5(ii) and disclosure of trade receivables in Notes 19 and 38(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had net trade receivables amounting to approximately RMB437,374,000, after making expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance of approximately RMB19,688,000.

The Group's ECL allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL based on management's estimated loss rates for each category of trade receivables. The estimated loss rates take into account the ageing of the trade receivables, overdue balances, information regarding the ability and intent of the debtor to pay as well as historical data on default rates.

We have identified impairment assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter due to considerable amount of judgement and estimates being required in conducting impairment assessment as mentioned in the forgoing paragraph.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Impairment Assessment of Trade Receivables (Continued)

Our key procedures

Our key procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of trade receivables included the followings:

- Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection and the calculation of the ECL;
- Assessing the trade receivables ageing report by group based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past
 due by comparing the details of individual items with underlying invoices on a sample basis;
- Comparing cash receipts from debtors subsequent to the financial year end relating to trade receivable balances as at 31 December 2023 with relevant underlying documents on a sample basis; and
- Obtaining an understanding of the basis of management's approach to measuring ECL of trade receivable balances
 and assessing the reasonableness of management's ECL allowance estimates by examining the information used by
 management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data, evaluating whether
 the historical loss rate is appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis (but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), Financial Highlights and Chairman's Statement, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and Corporate Information, Company Profile, Five-Year Financial Summary, Directors and Senior Management's Profile, Report of the Directors, Corporate Governance Report and Environmental, Social and Governance Report, which are expected to be made available to us shortly after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Corporate Information, Company Profile, Five-Year Financial Summary, Directors and Senior Management's Profile, Report of the Directors, Corporate Governance Report and Environmental, Social and Governance Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to audit committee of the Company and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The audit committee of the Company assists the directors of the Company in discharging their responsibilities in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee of the Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee of the Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Moore CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Tse Cheuk Man

Practising Certificate Number: P08087

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Revenue	7	615,504	646,253
Cost of sales		(480,193)	(499,219)
Gross profit		135,311	147,034
Other income and gains	8	4,463	2,278
Selling and distribution expenses		(40,708)	(45,963)
Administrative expenses		(59,183)	(48,709)
Provision for expected credit losses on financial assets		(12,126)	(750)
Finance costs	9	(19,704)	(19,037)
Profit before income tax	10	8,053	34,853
Income tax expense	11	(405)	(10,173)
Profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		7,648	24,680
Other comprehensive (loss)/income			
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		(4.054)	2.040
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency		(1,061)	2,940
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax		(1,061)	2,940
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the			
owners of the Company		6,587	27,620
Earnings per share	13		
Basic and diluted		RMB0.007	RMB0.022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

Non-current assets			2023	2022
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 16	1010	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 16				
Property, plant and equipment 16	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Property, plant and equipment 16	N			
Intangible assets		16	410 775	421 705
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment 20 15,051 63,765 7,268 28 7,946 7,268				
Deferred tax assets 28 7,946 7,268				
A50,913 513,105				
Current assets Inventories 18 60,818 78,278 Trade and bills receivables 19 445,710 382,985 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables 20 153,747 100,105 Current tax recoverable 2,991 - Restricted cash 21 23,782 37,715 Cash and cash equivalents 22 27,281 69,385 Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,469 Current tax liabilities - - 4,642 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 <td>Deferred tax assets</td> <td>28</td> <td>7,940</td> <td>7,208</td>	Deferred tax assets	28	7,940	7,208
Current assets Inventories 18 60,818 78,278 Trade and bills receivables 19 445,710 382,985 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables 20 153,747 100,105 Current tax recoverable 2,991 - Restricted cash 21 23,782 37,715 Cash and cash equivalents 22 27,281 69,385 Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,469 Current tax liabilities - - 4,642 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 <td></td> <td></td> <td>450.913</td> <td>513.105</td>			450.913	513.105
Inventories			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	010,100
Trade and bills receivables 19 445,710 382,985 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables 20 153,747 100,105 Current tax recoverable 2,991				
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables 20 153,747 100,105				78,278
Current tax recoverable 2,991 — Restricted cash 21 23,782 37,715 Cash and cash equivalents 22 27,281 69,389 714,329 668,476 Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,466 Current tax liabilities — 4,462 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Non-current liabilities 245,291 187,806 Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities 26 48 658 Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205				
Restricted cash 21 23,782 37,715 Cash and cash equivalents 22 27,281 69,385 714,329 668,476 Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,469 Current tax liabilities - - 4,462 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 469,038 480,676 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493		20		100,105
Cash and cash equivalents 22 27,281 69,385 Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,469 Current tax liabilities - 4,462 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 469,038 480,676 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				-
Total assets less current liabilities 24 34,262 19,421				37,719
Current liabilities Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,466 Current tax liabilities 26 708 1,482 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Met current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493	Cash and cash equivalents	22	27,281	69,389
Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,468 Current tax liabilities - 4,463 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493			714,329	668,476
Trade and bills payables 23 136,367 170,518 Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,468 Current tax liabilities - 4,463 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
Contract liabilities 24 34,262 19,421 Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,468 Current tax liabilities - 4,463 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
Accruals and other payables 25 49,505 50,469 Current tax liabilities - 4,463 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 Net current assets Total assets less current liabilities Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
Current tax liabilities - 4,463 Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 469,038 480,676 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Total assets less current liabilities Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
Lease liabilities 26 708 1,482 Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 469,038 480,676 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Total assets less current liabilities Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493		25	49,505	
Bank and other borrowings 27 248,196 234,323 469,038 480,676 Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Total assets less current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493			-	
Met current assets 245,291 187,800				
Net current assets 245,291 187,800 Total assets less current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493	Bank and other borrowings	27	248,196	234,323
Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493			469,038	480,676
Non-current liabilities 696,204 700,905 Non-current liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493	Net current assets		245,291	187,800
Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493	Total assets less current liabilities		696,204	700,905
Lease liabilities 26 48 658 Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493	Non angust lightliffes			
Bank and other borrowings 27 93,000 104,358 Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493		26	10	650
Deferred tax liabilities 28 26,157 25,477 119,205 130,493				
119,205 130,493				
	Deterror tax natimites	20	20,137	23,411
NET ACCETC 570.413			119,205	130,493
	NET ASSETS		576,999	570,412

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
EQUITY			
Share capital Reserves	29 30	9,361 567,638	9,361 561,051
TOTAL EQUITY		576,999	570,412

The consolidated financial statements on pages 61 to 106 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Wang Qiuping
Director

Zhao Xiaobao Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2023

0 0010101110	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium* RMB'000 (Note 30)	Capital reserve* RMB'000 (Note 30)	Other reserve* RMB'000 (Note 30)	PRC statutory reserve* RMB'000 (Note 30)	Exchange reserve* RMB'000 (Note 30)	Retained profits* RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	9,361	130,289	190	3,028	57,072	(9,301)	352,153	542,792
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Exchange differences arising on translation to	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,680	24,680
presentation currency	-	_	_	_	_	2,940	-	2,940
Total comprehensive income for the year Appropriation to statutory reserve	- -	- -	-	- -	5,969	2,940	24,680 (5,969)	27,620
Balance at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	9,361	130,289	190	3,028	63,041	(6,361)	370,864	570,412
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,648	7,648
Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency	_	_	_	-	_	(1,061)	_	(1,061)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year Appropriation to statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	2,199	(1,061)	7,648 (2,199)	6,587
Balance at 31 December 2023	9,361	130,289	190	3,028	65,240	(7,422)	376,313	576,999

^{*} The total of these accounts as at the reporting dates represents "reserves" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		8,053	34,853
Adjustments for:		3,022	31,033
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and			
right-of-use assets	10	42,145	33,856
Amortisation of intangible assets	10	1,132	1,038
Interest income	8	(646)	(451)
Finance costs	9	19,704	19,037
Provision for expected credit losses on financial assets	10	12,126	750
Reversal of inventories to net realisable value	10	(1,962)	(1,090)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		80,552	87,993
Decrease in inventories		19,422	3,669
Increase in trade and bills receivables		(74,851)	(109,343)
Increase in deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(53,642)	(10,077)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables		(842)	69,262
Increase in contract liabilities		14,841	13,795
Increase/(decrease) in accruals and other payables		5,524	(24,181)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(8,996)	31,118
Income taxes paid		(7,857)	(7,095)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(16,853)	24,023
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(16,830)	(9,905)
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment		(3,261)	(60,077)
Interest received		646	451
Net cash used in investing activities		(19,445)	(69,531)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from new bank and other borrowings		242,700	308,900
Repayments of bank and other borrowings		(240,185)	(229,719)
Restricted cash pledged		(23,782)	(37,719)
Restricted cash released		37,719	25,846
Interests paid		(19,631)	(18,927)
Payment of interest element of lease liabilities		(73)	(110)
Payment of capital element of lease liabilities		(1,500)	(1,718)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(4,752)	46,553
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(41,050)	1,045
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		69,389	65,404
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,058)	2,940
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		27,281	69,389

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Putian Communication Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company under the Companies Laws. The Company was listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 9 November 2017. The address of its registered office is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company's headquarters and principal place of business is located at the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") are production and sales of optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products in the PRC.

The principal accounting policies and methods of computation used by the Group in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 are consistent with those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, except for the adoption of the amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") as explained in Note 2.1 below.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDED HKFRSS

2.1 Adoption of new and amendments to HKFRSs

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs, for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 Insurance Contracts

and February 2022 Amendments to

HKFRS 17)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Practice Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction

Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the year has had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial position and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 - Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The Group has adopted the amendments to HKAS 1 for the first time in the current year. The amendments change the requirements in HKAS 1 with regard to disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDED HKFRSS (CONTINUED)

2.1 Adoption of new and amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 - Disclosure of Accounting Policies (continued)

The supporting paragraphs in HKAS 1 are also amended to clarify that accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed. Accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' described in HKFRS Practice Statement 2.

In accordance with the guidance set out in the amendments, accounting policy information that is standardised information, or information that only duplicates or summarises the requirements of the HKFRSs, is considered immaterial accounting policy information and is no longer disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements so as not to obscure the material accounting policy information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

2.2 Amendments to HKFRSs not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate

or Joint Venture1

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback²

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current²

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants²

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 Supplier Finance Arrangements²
Amendments to HKAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability³

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") anticipate that the application of the amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

3.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries is Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"). As the major operations of the Group are within the PRC, the Group presents its consolidated financial statements in Renminbi ("RMB") and are rounded to the nearest thousand except where otherwise indicated.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

4.1 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or for administrative purposes, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4.2 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their costs net of estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives on straight-line method. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Land and buildings5-20 yearsMachinery5-10 yearsMotor vehicles5 yearsFurniture, fixtures and office equipment3-5 years

No depreciation is provided for in respect of property, plant and equipment until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of the lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset

4.3 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets acquired separately are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment loss.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent impairment losses. Intangible assets are tested for impairment as described in Note 4.7. Amortisation commences when intangible assets are available for use.

Amortisation of patent is amortised on the straight-line basis over 10 years.

4.4 Financial Instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4.4 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade and bills receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group measure loss allowances for trade and bills receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade, bills and other payables, accruals and bank and other borrowings, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4.4 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

4.5 Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer, net of expected goods of returns, discounts and sales related taxes. Revenue is recognised when performance obligation is satisfied.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4.6 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Sales of optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products

Customers obtain control of the optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling systems products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted by the customers. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling systems products. There is generally only one performance obligation.

Goods sold by the Group include warranties which require the Group to either replace or mend a defective product during the warranty period if the goods fail to comply with agreed-upon specifications. In accordance with HKFRS 15, such warranties are not accounted for as separate performance obligations and hence no revenue is allocated to them. Instead, a provision is made for the costs of satisfying the warranties in accordance with HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*. Based on historical data, the provision for such costs of satisfying the outstanding warranty is not significant.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

4.7 Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment and intangible assets under cost model;
- prepayments for property, plant and equipment; and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

4.8 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants are deferred and recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within "Other income and gains" over the period necessary to match them with the costs that the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to assets are included in liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Our key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(i) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

The Group depreciates the property, plant and equipment in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 4.2. The estimated useful lives reflect the Directors' estimates of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. The management reassesses the estimated useful lives at the end of each reporting period.

(ii) Impairment of trade, bills and other receivables

The impairment of trade, bills and other receivables are based on assumptions about risk of default and ECL rates. The Group adopts judgement in making these assumptions and selecting inputs for computing such impairment loss, broadly based on the available customers' historical data, existing market conditions including forward looking estimates at end of reporting period.

Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade, bills and other receivables and impairment losses in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on such available data as binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset of cash generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

(iv) Net realisable value of inventories

The Group recognises write-down on inventories based on an assessment of the net realisable value of the inventories. Write down is applied to the inventories where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net realisable value is less than cost. The determination of net realisable value requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimates, such difference will impact carrying value of the inventories and write-down on inventories charged to profit or loss in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

6. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the executive Directors, who are the chief operating decision makers ("CODM"), for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components. The business components in the internal financial information reported to the CODM are determined following the Group's major operations. The measurement policies of the Group uses for reporting segment results under HKFRS 8 *Operating Segments* are the same as those used in its financial statements prepared under HKFRSs.

Operating segments are managed separately as each business offers different returns and requires different business strategies.

The Group divides its cable products into three main categories: (a) Communication copper cables; (b) Optical fibers and optical fiber cables; and (c) Structured cabling system products. As a result, the Group has three major operations, each of which constitute an operating segment.

(a) Communication copper cables

Communication copper cable is a general term for electric cables which are mainly made of copper as the main conductive body. These cables are used widely; it can be used in transmission and distribution of electric energy, which is normally used in cities' underground electric network, power station as an extraction line. Communication copper cable can also be found in the industrial and mining enterprises for internal power supply and over the river or sea of underwater transmission lines or used as the network cabling for residential and commercial buildings.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Optical fibers and optical fiber cables

Optical fiber refers to the technology that transmits information as light pulses along a glass or plastic fiber. A fiber optic cable can contain a varying number of these glass fibers from a few up to a couple hundred.

Optical fiber cable is a similar product as communication copper cable, but in an enhanced version. The optical fiber cables are used in telecommunications, network operators, ratio network and etc., with the better useful life, safety conditions, speed and stability of transmission compared to communication copper cables. The weight and size of optical fiber cables are comparably smaller than communication copper cables, therefore they are considered as the new trend as a replacement of communication copper cable. However, communication copper cables are still widely use in connecting the personal computer and other electronic devices as optical fiber cables have not yet 100% replaced communication copper cables.

(c) Structured cabling system products

Structured cabling system products primarily include optical and copper jumper wires and connection and distribution components such as distribution frames, wiring closets, as well as data and audio modules and faceplates. Commercial buildings and residential units are built in modern style nowadays, especially in developed cities, such as Beijing, Shanghai and etc. Structured cabling system products are widely used to meet the requirement of interior electronic applicable products and towards a more 'intelligent' way.

The CODM reviews the Group's assets and liabilities as a whole without allocation to each segment. In the opinion of the CODM, all strategic business units consume similar materials and their products are produced by same machinery and equipment and then they are sold to same customers. As a result, it is not necessary to monitor the assets and liabilities under different segments. No segment information on assets and liabilities is presented accordingly.

(i) Business results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the CODM monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

Segment (loss)/profit represents the (loss incurred)/profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administrative expenses (including emoluments of Directors and senior management), other income and gains, provision for ECLs on financial assets and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(i) Business results (Continued)

The following table set outs the breakdown of the revenue and segment (loss)/profit by reportable segments:

	Optical fibers and optical fiber cables RMB'000	Communication copper cables RMB'000	Structured cabling system products RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023				
Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue				
- Point in time	112,671	341,608	161,225	615,504
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	(748)	35,419	45,849	80,520
Year ended 31 December 2022				
Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue				
– Point in time	201,531	296,803	147,919	646,253
Reportable segment profit	9,728	26,788	48,798	85,314

Reportable segment revenue is revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15.

(ii) Reconciliation of reportable segment revenue and segment results

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated and the expenses incurred by those segments. The measurement of segment results is the same as those used in preparing these consolidated financial statements under HKFRSs except that other income and gains, provision for ECLs on financial assets, finance costs, income tax expense and unallocated corporate administrative expenses not directly attributable to business activities of the operating segments are not included in arriving at the operating results of the operating segments.

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Segment results	80,520	85,314
Other income and gains	4,463	2,278
Unallocated corporate administrative expenses	(45,100)	(32,952)
Provision for ECLs on financial assets	(12,126)	(750)
Finance costs	(19,704)	(19,037)
Profit before income tax	8,053	34,853
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i>'</i>
Income tax expense	(405)	(10,173)
Profit after income tax	7,648	24,680

No operating segments have been aggregated in arriving at the three reportable segments of the Group. There were no inter-segment sales during the year (2022: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(iii) Geographic information

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal place of the Group's operations is in the PRC, which is considered as the Group's country of domicile for the disclosure purpose of HKFRS 8. Substantially all of the Group's non-current assets are located in the PRC as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue generated from external customers by geographical location. The geographical location of customers is based on the principal place of business of the customers.

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
The PRC Overseas	605,242 10,262	645,323 930
	615,504	646,253

(iv) Information about major customers

Revenue from major customers, each of them accounting for 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the year, is set out below:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Customer A (Notes (i) and (vi))	34,186	65,293
Customer B (Note (ii))	70,873	94,386
Customer C (Notes (iii) and (vi))	21,356	91,107
Customer D (Notes (iv) and (v))	96,868	4,794

Notes:

- (i) Revenue from optical fibers and optical fiber cables, and structure cabling system products segments.
- (ii) Revenue from optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structure cabling system products segments.
- (iii) Revenue from optical fibers and optical fiber cables segment.
- (iv) Revenue from communication copper cables segment.
- (v) Revenue from relevant customer was less than 10% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022.
- (vi) Revenue from relevant customers was less than 10% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

7. REVENUE

The principal activities of the Group are the production and sales of optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities and revenue recognised under HKFRS 15 are disclosed in Note 6.

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	615,504	646,253
OTHER INCOME AND GAINS		
	2023	202
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Bank interest income	646	45
Government grants (Note)	1,352	1,17
Others	2,465	64
	4,463	2,27

Note: There were no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attaching to government grants that had been recognised.

9. FINANCE COSTS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Interests and finance charges on bank and other borrowings Interests on lease liabilities	19,631 73	18,927 110
	19,704	19,037

10. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

The Group's profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Auditor's remuneration	907	865
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses (Note (i))	480,193	499,219
Transportation expenses (included in selling and distribution expenses)	9,050	8,992
Research expenditures (included in administrative expenses)		
- Employee benefit expenses	2,928	3,574
- Materials consumed	8,730	11,347
- Others	2,425	836
	14,083	15,757
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Notes (ii) and Note 16)	42,145	33,856
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in cost of sales) (Note 17)	1,132	1,038
Reversal of inventories to net realisable value (included in cost of		
sales)	(1,962)	(1,090)
Provision for ECLs on financial assets (Note 38(b))	12,126	750
Short-term lease expenses (Note (iii))	2,596	122
Employee benefit expenses (including Directors' emoluments (Note 14)) (Note (iv)):		
- Salaries and wages, allowances and discretionary bonus	52,568	54,857
- Contribution to defined contribution schemes (Note (v))	6,054	5,788
	58,622	60,645

Notes:

- (i) Amounts included materials consumption of approximately RMB432,534,000 (2022: RMB441,829,000). An amount of approximately RMB9,750,000 (2022: Nil) which related to the costs of the optical fibers production department during the period when production was suspended for installation and testing of newly constructed machineries, was included in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023.
- (ii) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of approximately RMB24,721,000 (2022: RMB24,684,000), RMB217,000 (2022: RMB256,000) and RMB17,207,000 (2022: RMB8,916,000) are included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses, respectively.
- (iii) These expenses relate to short-term leases. They are directly charged as expenses and are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities under HKFRS 16.
- (iv) Employee benefit expenses (including Directors' emoluments) of approximately RMB12,959,000 (2022: RMB16,095,000), RMB26,242,000 (2022: RMB26,878,000) and RMB19,421,000 (2022: RMB17,672,000) were included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses, respectively.
- (v) The Group participates in a central pension scheme (the "Scheme") whereby subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are required to contribute a certain percentage of the basic salaries of their employees to the Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Scheme. There are no provisions under the Scheme whereby forfeited contributions may be used to reduce future contributions.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Current tax – the PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")		
Charge for the year Over-provision in respect of prior year	2,768 (2,365)	7,864 –
Deferred tax (Note 28)		
Charge for the year	2	2,309
Income tax expense	405	10,173

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2022: Nil).

No provision for income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") has been made as the Group had no assessable income in these jurisdictions during the year (2022: Nil).

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the Company's PRC subsidiaries is 25% (2022: 25%) except as described below. Provision for the EIT for the year was made based on the estimated assessable profits calculated in accordance with the relevant income tax laws, and regulations applicable to the subsidiaries operated in the PRC.

Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd., one of the subsidiaries of the Company, was approved to be a high and new technology enterprise ("HNTE") and is entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 15% (2022: 15%) for the year according to the PRC tax law, as it was awarded high-technology status by tax authority with a validity period of three years expiring in 2025. The HNTE certificate needs to be renewed every three years so as to enable Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd. to enjoy the reduced tax rate and additional 100% (2022: 100%) tax deduction ("Tax Deduction") based on the eligible research and development expenses.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

Income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before income tax	8,053	34,853
Tax calculated at the applicable tax rate of 25% (2022: 25%)	2,013	8,713
Effect of different tax rates	(5,367)	(8,120)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	859	360
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	(115)	_
Effect attributable to the Tax Deduction relating to research		
expenditures	(2,112)	(2,361)
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of the PRC subsidiaries	680	1,844
Effect of tax losses not recognised	6,812	9,737
Over-provision in respect of prior year	(2,365)	_
Income tax expense	405	10,173

12. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of reporting period (2022: Nil).

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately RMB7,648,000 (2022: RMB24,680,000) and the weighted average of 1,100,000,000 shares (2022: 1,100,000,000 shares) in issue during the year.

There were no potential ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 and, therefore, diluted earnings per share are the same as the basic earnings per share.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

14. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments are disclosed as follows:

	_		Other emolu	ments	
	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowance and other benefits RMB'000	Discretionary bonus RMB'000	Contribution to defined contribution scheme RMB'000	Total RMB'000
For the year ended 31 December 2023					
Executive Directors					
Ms. Wang Qiuping (Note)	702	435	36	_	1,173
Mr. Zhao Xiaobao	702	435	36	66	1,239
Ms. Zhao Moge	326	279	45	101	751
Independent non-executive Directors					
Ms. Cheng Shing Yan	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. Liu Guodong	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. Xie Haidong	120	-	_	-	120
	2,090	1,149	117	167	3,523
For the year ended 31 December 2022					
Executive Directors					
Ms. Wang Qiuping (Note)	702	436	145	_	1,283
Mr. Zhao Xiaobao	702	436	145	29	1,312
Ms. Zhao Moge	326	411	93	36	86
Independent non-executive Directors					
Ms. Cheng Shing Yan	120	-	_	-	120
Mr. Liu Guodong	120	-	_	-	120
Mr. Xie Haidong	120	_	_	_	120
	2,090	1,283	383	65	3,82

Note: Ms. Wang Qiuping is also the Chairlady and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

14. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Salaries, allowances and other benefits, discretionary bonus and contribution to defined contribution scheme paid to or for the executive Directors are generally emoluments paid or payable in respect of those persons' other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company's subsidiaries. The discretionary bonus was a performance related incentive payment which was determined on a discretionary basis with reference to the individual's performance.

The fees paid to or for the executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors' emoluments show above were for their services as Directors.

No Directors received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2022: Nil). No Directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2022: Nil).

15. THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group include three (2022: three) Directors whose emoluments are included in Note 14 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2022: two) individuals were as follows:

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salaries and other emoluments	1,527	1,532
Discretionary bonus	56	141
Contribution to defined contribution scheme	14	21
	1,597	1,694
The number of the highest paid non-Directors fell within the following en	nolument band:	
	2023	2022
	Number of	Number of
	individuals	individuals
Nil to HKD1,000,000	2	1
HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000	_	1

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the above highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2022: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2023

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

00101011110	Construction in progress RMB'000	Land and buildings RMB'000	Machinery RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2022	103,683	239,658	215,813	2,586	21,127	582,867
Additions	_	5,850	2,839	380	836	9,905
Transferred from/(to)	(102,023)	12,255	89,768	-	_	-
Disposals	_	(1,942)	_		_	(1,942)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	1,660	255,821	308,420	2,966	21,963	590,830
Additions	26,410	1,348	198	396	773	29,125
Transferred from/(to)	(21,129)	_	21,129	_	_	_
Disposals	-	(1,194)	(245)	_	(38)	(1,477)
At 31 December 2023	6,941	255,975	329,502	3,362	22,698	618,478
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2022	_	33,126	77,637	2,191	14,177	127,131
Depreciation	_	9,423	21,465	208	2,760	33,856
Disposals	-	(1,942)	-	_	_	(1,942)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	_	40,607	99,102	2,399	16,937	159,045
Depreciation	_	15,017	24,929	268	1,931	42,145
Disposals	-	(1,194)	(245)	_	(38)	(1,477)
At 31 December 2023	_	54,430	123,786	2,667	18,830	199,713
Net carrying amount						
At 31 December 2023	6,941	201,545	205,716	695	3,868	418,765
At 31 December 2022	1,660	215,214	209,318	567	5,026	431,785

The above items of property, plant and equipment, except for construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual values.

Buildings and structures which are held for own use are situated on land held under medium term leases in the PRC.

At 31 December 2023, property, plant and equipment with net carrying amount of approximately RMB244,038,000 (2022: RMB270,893,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank and other borrowings (Note 27).

For the year ended 31 December 2023

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Certain items of buildings with an aggregate net carrying amount of approximately RMB152,737,000 (2022: RMB157,834,000) as at 31 December 2023 are under title certificate application. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully and validly occupy and use the above-mentioned properties for the purposes for which the properties are being used by the Group for the remaining useful lives of the properties and therefore the aforesaid matter does not affect the ownership rights of the Group over these assets and hence did not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial position as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

The Group leases a number of properties for the purpose of office use in the PRC and Hong Kong and has the ownership interest in the prepaid land lease in the PRC. The Group's interests in these right-of-use assets, which are included in "Land and buildings" class of property, plant and equipment, is set out below:

Right-of-use assets

		Land and buildings RMB'000
At 1 January 2022		12,554
Addition		2,409
Depreciation		(2,020)
Exchange realignment		34
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023		12,977
Addition		113
Depreciation		(1,765)
Exchange realignment		3
At 31 December 2023		11,328
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Ownership interests in prepaid land lease, carried at cost less depreciation with remaining lease term of:		
Between 10 and 50 years	10,544	10,833
Other properties leased for own use, carried at cost less depreciation	784	2,144
Net carrying amount	11,328	12,977

For the year ended 31 December 2023

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Patents RMB'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2022 Additions	- 11,321
At 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	11,321
Accumulated amortisation	
At 1 January 2022 Amortisation	1,038
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Amortisation	1,038 1,132
At 31 December 2023	2,170
Net carrying amount	
At 31 December 2023	9,151
At 31 December 2022	10,283

Patents for optical fibers production have finite useful lives over which the assets are amortised. Amortisation of patents is amortised on the straight-line basis over 10 years.

18. INVENTORIES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Raw materials	24,510	38,198
Finished goods	36,308	40,080
	60,818	78,278

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables, gross	457,062	386,500
Less: Loss allowance (Note 38(b))	(19,688)	(7,541)
Trade receivables, net	437,374	378,959
Bills receivables, gross	8,336	4,047
Less: Loss allowance (Note 38(b))	_	(21)
Bills receivables, net (Note)	8,336	4,026
Trade and bills receivables, net	445,710	382,985

Note: Bills receivables represented outstanding bank and commercial acceptance bills.

Based on the invoice dates, the ageing analysis of the Group's net carrying amount of trade and bills receivables is as follows:

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 month	119,744	94,514
More than 1 month but within 2 months	38,465	80,889
More than 2 months but within 3 months	45,353	39,488
More than 3 months but within 6 months	74,293	99,904
More than 6 months but within 1 year	63,421	55,079
More than 1 year	104,434	13,111
	445,710	382,985

The Group recognised ECLs based on the accounting policy stated in Note 4.4(ii).

The credit term granted by the Group to its trade customers is normally ranged from 90 days to 365 days (2022: 60 days to 365 days). Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in Note 38(b).

For the year ended 31 December 2023

20. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current		
Deposits (Note (i))	35,511	33,697
Prepayments to suppliers	90,885	41,550
Prepayments	2,317	4,335
Valued added tax receivables	15,898	15,811
Other receivables	9,136	4,712
	153,747	100,105
Non-current		
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment (Note (ii))	15,051	63,769

Notes:

- (i) The balance mainly comprises rental deposits, utility deposits and guarantee deposits for product supply projects. In the opinion of the Directors, these deposits would be refunded to the Group within 12 months.
- (ii) As at 31 December 2022, the Group has made certain prepayments of approximately RMB63,769,000 to certain independent third parties for purchases of equipment and machineries for an optical fiber production line. During the year ended 31 December 2023, these prepayments of approximately RMB18,670,000 (2022: Nil) were utilised upon the delivery of the items of property, plant and equipment. Also, these prepayments amounting to approximately RMB33,309,000 (2022: Nil) which were paid to suppliers, which also supplied inventories to the Group were set off against the trade payables due to the same supplier during the year ended 31 December 2023, after both parties agreed to the setting off arrangement.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has further made certain prepayments of approximately RMB3,261,000 to certain independent third parties mainly for purchases of equipment and machineries for an optical fiber production line.

As at 31 December 2023, the relevant capital commitment for the new phase of production line is disclosed in Note 35.

21. RESTRICTED CASH

Bank deposits have been pledged as security for letters of guarantee for product supply projects, bills payables (Note 23) and bank borrowings (Note 27). The restricted cash will be released upon the expiry of letters of guarantee or the settlement of relevant bills payables and bank borrowings.

Restricted cash carry interests at prevailing market rates ranging from 0.20% to 0.35% (2022: 0.25% to 2.00%) per annum.

22. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balance with banks. As at 31 December 2023, bank balance of approximately RMB26,528,000 (2022: RMB36,765,000) denominated in RMB were deposited with banks in the PRC. RMB is not freely convertible to other currencies as such amounts were held by the subsidiaries located in the PRC. Under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sales and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies only through banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Bank balances carry interests at prevailing market rate ranging from 0.00% to 0.35% (2022: 0.00% to 0.25%) per annum.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

23. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Trade payables Bills payables	92,381 43,986	83,579 86,939
	136,367	170,518

The credit terms of trade payables vary according to the terms agreed with different suppliers, are normally ranging from 30 days to 90 days (2022: 30 days to 90 days), and bills payables maturity periods are normally ranging from 180 days to 360 days (2022: 180 days to 360 days). Based on the receipt of services and goods, which normally coincided with the invoice dates, the ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills payables as at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 month	48,936	60,218
More than 1 month but within 2 months	25,693	14,543
More than 2 months but within 3 months	32,002	42,026
More than 3 months but within 6 months	15,758	30,031
More than 6 months but within 1 year	8,896	21,817
More than 1 year	5,082	1,883
	136,367	170,518

Trade and bills payables are short-term in nature and hence the carrying values of the Group's trade and bills payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame.

At 31 December 2023, bills payables of approximately RMB11,940,000 (2022: RMB61,837,000) were secured by pledged bank deposits (Note 21). At 31 December 2023, bills payables of approximately RMB12,000,000 (2022: Nil) were guaranteed by a subsidiary of the Company and the controlling shareholders.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

24. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Contract liabilities represent billings in advance of performance in relation to the sales of optical fibers and optical fiber cables, communication copper cables and structured cabling system products.

When the Group receives a deposit before the products are delivered to the customers, this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until revenue recognised exceeds the amount of the deposit. The Group generally receives deposits on acceptance of orders for certain customers. The amount of the deposit was negotiated on a case by case basis with the customers.

The following table shows the opening and closing balances of contract liabilities for each reporting period and how much of the revenue recognised during each reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Balance as at 1 January	19,421	5,626
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue		
during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the		
beginning of the year	(19,421)	(5,626)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receiving deposits in		
advance of sales of goods	34,262	19,421
Balance at 31 December	34,262	19,421

25. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Accruals	6,805	4,566
Accrued salaries and allowances	3,314	4,532
Payables for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment	16,809	23,297
Other payables (Note)	22,577	18,074
	49,505	50,469

Note:

Balances of approximately RMB11,969,000 (2022: RMB10,022,000) represented other tax payables and surcharges and approximately RMB5,595,000 (2022: RMB5,595,000) represented accrued interests payable, were included in the other payables as at 31 December 2023.

26. LEASES

Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee)

The carrying amount of the corresponding lease liabilities whose underlying assets are land and buildings and the movements during the year are as follows:

	RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	1,413
Commencement of new lease	2,409
Interest expense	110
Lease payments	(1,828)
Exchange realignment	36
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	2,140
Commencement of new lease	113
Interest expense	73
Lease payments	(1,573)
Exchange realignment	3
At 31 December 2023	756

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities ranged from 4.89% to 5.65% (2022: 5.05% to 5.65%) per annum.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities:

	2023		2022	
	Present value		Present value	
	of the minimum	Total minimum	of the minimum	Total minimum
	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	708	724	1,482	1,555
After 1 year but within 2 years	48	49	658	670
	756	773	2,140	2,225
Less: total future interest expenses		(17)		(85)
Present value of lease liabilities		756		2,140
Less: amount classified as non-current				
liabilities		(48)		(658)
Current liabilities		708		1,482

For the year ended 31 December 2023

27. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
10	KIVID 000	KWIB 000
Bank borrowings – Secured	224,750	204,900
Bank borrowings – Unsecured	93,600	70,000
	318,350	274,900
Other borrowings – Secured	22,846	63,781
	341,196	338,681
Less: amount classified as non-current liabilities	(93,000)	(104,358)
	440.404	
Current liabilities	248,196	234,323
Borrowings fall due:		
- Within one year	248,196	234,323
- Between one and two years	12,000	63,066
- Between two to five years	36,000	15,984
- Over five years	45,000	25,308
Total bank and other borrowings	341,196	338,681

Bank borrowings of approximately RMB165,750,000 (2022: RMB101,400,000) bear variable interests at the bank's loan prime rate plus a premium. The effective interest rates of these borrowings are ranging from 4.35% to 5.40% (2022: 5.00% to 5.65%) per annum as at 31 December 2023.

Bank borrowings of approximately RMB152,600,000 (2022: RMB173,500,000) bear interest at fixed rates, ranging from 2.60% to 5.66% (2022: 4.22% to 5.66%) per annum as at 31 December 2023.

Other borrowings bear interests at fixed rates, ranging from 0.00% to 6.88% (2022: 0.00% to 8.41%) per annum as at 31 December 2023.

The weighted average effective interest rate on these borrowings is 4.45% (2022: 5.56%) per annum as at 31 December 2023.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

27. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The bank and other borrowings are secured by the assets of the Group, the net carrying amounts of these assets are set out as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)		
- Land and buildings	192,774	203,421
- Machinery	51,264	67,472
Trade receivables	7,375	_
Bank deposits (Note 21)	12,375	37,719

The bank borrowings are secured by the properties and pledged bank deposits of the controlling shareholders and the family members of the controlling shareholders.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, guarantees were provided by the Company, the subsidiaries of the Company, the controlling shareholders and the family members of the controlling shareholders for the bank and other borrowings.

A summary of facilities granted by banks and other creditors and the amounts utilised by the Group at 31 December 2023 and 2022 is set out as follows:

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts granted	193,600	402,281
Amounts utilised	173,600	338,681

For the year ended 31 December 2023

28. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

Details of the deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised and movements during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets:

	Allowance for doubtful debts RMB'000	Write down of inventories RMB'000	Tax losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	642	242	6,849	7,733
Charged for the year (Note 11)	(350)	(115)		(465)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	292	127	6,849	7,268
Credited/(charged) for the year (Note 11)	805	(127)	_	678
At 31 December 2023	1,097	_	6,849	7,946

Deferred tax liabilities:

	Withholding tax on undistributed earnings RMB'000	Capitalised costs RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	(16,784)	(6,849)	(23,633)
Charged for the year (Note 11)	(1,844)		(1,844)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	(18,628)	(6,849)	(25,477)
Charged for the year (Note 11)	(680)		(680)
At 31 December 2023	(19,308)	(6,849)	(26,157)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HKD384,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB350,000) (2022: HKD384,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB332,000)) available to offset against future profit sourced in Hong Kong. Such unused tax losses are subject to the approval of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department and can be carried forward indefinitely.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately RMB73,237,000 (2022: RMB70,688,000), available to offset against future profits sourced in the PRC for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of those tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unused tax losses will be expired in five years from the year in which the losses were incurred.

Pursuant to the EIT Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement was effective from 1 January 2008 and applied to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10% (2022: 10%). The Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the PRC in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

29. SHARE CAPITAL

	2023		2022	
	Number '000	Amount RMB'000	Number '000	Amount RMB'000
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HKD0.01 each At 1 January and 31 December	3,000,000	25,534	3,000,000	25,534
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HKD0.01 each At 1 January and 31 December	1,100,000	9,361	1,100,000	9,361

30. RESERVES

Share premium

Share premium is the excess of the proceeds received over the par value of the shares of the Company issued at a premium, less the amount of expenses incurred in connection with the issue of the shares.

Capital reserve

Capital reserve represented the excess net assets of approximately RMB30,000 from Putian Cable (as defined in Note 33), which was the capital surplus raised from the capital injection of United States dollars ("USD") 185,000, on 2 November 2001. Also, the excess net assets of approximately RMB160,000 from Jiangxi Optical (as defined in Note 33), which transferred from the PRC statutory reserve when Jiangxi Optical transformed from Limited Company to Stock Corporation as at 30 September 2013, the date of transformation.

Other reserve

The amount arose from the acquisition of equity interest in the Putian Cable by Jiangxi Tianyuan (as defined in Note 33) during the group reorganisation.

PRC statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC, the PRC subsidiary is required to appropriate 10% of its profit after tax, prepared in accordance with the accounting regulation in the PRC, to the statutory reserve fund until the statutory reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. Such reserve may be used to reduce any losses incurred or to increase capital.

Exchange reserve

Exchange reserve comprises the exchange differences arising on the translation of the financial statements of the Company and certain subsidiaries to presentation currency.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The key management personnel remuneration of the Group, including emoluments paid to the Directors as disclosed in Note 14, is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
F	2 000	2,000
Fees Salaries, allowance and other benefits	2,090 1,433	2,090 2,815
Discretionary bonus	141	524
Contribution to defined contribution scheme	192	86
	3,856	5,515

Except as disclosed above, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year (2022: Nil).

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
	110103	KWID 000	KWD 000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current assets			
Investment in a subsidiary		71	70
Amounts due from subsidiaries	(i)	15,895	15,544
		4.000	
		15,966	15,614
Current assets			
Amount due from a subsidiary	(i)	69,901	74,734
Other receivables		_	160
Cash and cash equivalents		63	63
		69,964	74,957
		09,904	74,937
Current liabilities			
Amount due to a subsidiary	(i)	71	70
Accruals and other payables		1,303	1,302
		1,374	1,372
Net current assets		68,590	73,585
Net assets		84,556	89,199
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital		9,361	9,361
Reserves	(ii)	75,195	79,838
Total equity		84,556	89,199

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024 and was signed on its behalf by:

Wang Qiuping
Director

Zhao Xiaobao Director

For the year ended 31 December 2023

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(i) The amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(ii) Movements in reserves

	Share premium RMB'000	Exchange reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	130,289	(2,761)	(49,103)	78,425
Loss for the year	-	_	(6,649)	(6,649)
Other comprehensive income:				
Exchange differences arising on				
translation to presentation currency		8,062		8,062
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for				
the year		8,062	(6,649)	1,413
Balance at 31 December 2022 and				
1 January 2023	130,289	5,301	(55,752)	79,838
Loss for the year			(6,238)	(6,238)
Other comprehensive income:				
Exchange differences arising on				
translation to presentation currency		1,595	_	1,595
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for				
the year	_	1,595	(6,238)	(4,643)
Balance at 31 December 2023	130,289	6,896	(61,990)	75,195

33. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiary#	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/ registration/ establishment	Place of operation and principal activity	Issued and fully paid share capital/ paid-up capital	Percentage of ownership interests/ voting rights/ profit share
Interests held directly Putian Group Investment Co., Ltd. (普天集團投資有限公司)	Corporation	The BVI	Investment holding in Hong Kong	Ordinary shares USD10,000	100 (2022: 100)
Interests held indirectly Putian Communication Group (HK) Limited 普天通信集團(香港)有限公司	Corporation	Hong Kong	Investment holding in Hong Kong	Ordinary shares USD10,000	100 (2022: 100)

33. INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary#	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/ registration/ establishment	Place of operation and principal activity	Issued and fully paid share capital/ paid-up capital	Percentage of ownership interests/ voting rights/ profit share
Interests held indirectly (Continued) Jiangxi Tianyuan Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd ("Jiangxi Tianyuan") (江西天源智能科技有限公司)*	Corporation	The PRC	Investment holding in the PRC	RMB25,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Putian Cable Group Co., Ltd (" Putian Cable ") (普天線纜集團有限公司) ^	Corporation	The PRC	Production and sales of communication copper cables and optical fiber cables in the PRC	RMB201,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Jiangxi Changtian Optical Communication Co., Ltd (" Jiangxi Optical ") (江西長天光電通信有限公司) ^	Corporation	The PRC	Sales of optical fiber and optical fiber cables in the PRC	RMB86,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Putian Cable Group Communication Technology Co., Ltd. (普天線纜集團通信科技有限公司)^	Corporation	The PRC	Sales of structured cabling system products in the PRC	RMB50,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Putian Cable Group (Shanghai) Building Intelligence Co., Ltd (普天線纜集團(上海)樓宇智能 有限公司) ^	Corporation	The PRC	Sales of structured cabling system products in the PRC	RMB30,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Jiangxi Putian Scrap Metal Recycle Co., Ltd (江西普天廢舊金屬回收 有限公司) ^	Corporation	The PRC	Dormant company in the PRC	RMB6,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Jiangxi Changxun Plastic Technology Co., Ltd (江西長訊塑膠科技 有限公司) ^	Corporation	The PRC	Dormant company in the PRC	RMB20,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Jiangxi Putian Intelligent Technology Collaborative Innovation Co., Ltd (江西普天智能科技協同創新 有限公司) [^]	Corporation	The PRC	Dormant company in the PRC	RMB80,000,000	100 (2022: 100)
Jiangxi Yibao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. (江西翼寶電子科技 有限公司) [^]	Corporation	The PRC	Dormant company in the PRC	RMB10,000,000	100 (2022: 100)

The English names of all subsidiaries established in the PRC are translated for identification purpose only.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year (2022: Nil).

^{*} These entities are established in the PRC in the form of wholly foreign-owned enterprise.

[^] The entity is established in the PRC in the form of domestic limited liability company.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

34. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in Group's liabilities arising from financing activities.

	Bank and other borrowings RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000
	270.700	
At 1 January 2022	259,500	1,413
Changes from financing activities:	200,000	
- Proceeds from new bank and other borrowings	308,900	_
- Repayments of bank and other borrowings	(229,719)	_
- Interest paid	(18,927)	(110)
- Payment of interest element of lease liabilities	_	(110)
 Payment of capital element of lease liabilities 	-	(1,718)
Other changes:		
 Commencement of new lease 	_	2,409
 Interest expenses 	18,927	110
 Exchange realignment 	-	36
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Changes from financing activities:	338,681	2,140
- Proceeds from new bank and other borrowings	242,700	_
- Repayments of bank and other borrowings	(240,185)	_
- Interest paid	(19,631)	(72)
- Payment of interest element of lease liabilities	-	(73)
- Payment of capital element of lease liabilities	_	(1,500)
Other changes:		
 Commencement of new lease 	_	113
 Interest expenses 	19,631	73
- Exchange realignment	-	3
At 31 December 2023	341,196	756

(b) Major non-cash transactions

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2022, out of the total additions of intangible assets of approximately RMB11,321,000 (Note 17), approximately RMB3,396,000 were prepaid in prior year and the amounts were transferred from prepayments for acquisition of intangible assets. The remaining portion of approximately RMB7,925,000 has been recognised as accruals and other payables in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2023, additions of property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB18,670,000 (2022: Nil) were prepaid in prior years and the amounts were transferred from prepayments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment.
- (iii) During the year ended 31 December 2023, prepayments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately RMB33,309,000 which were paid to suppliers, which also supplied inventories to the Group were set off against the trade payables due to the same supplier, after both parties agreed to the setting off arrangement.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

35. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Capital expenditure of the Group contracted for but not yet paid for or provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:		
- Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	42,222	39,916

36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the capital structure on a continuous basis taking into account the loss of capital and the risk associated with the capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new shares issue and share buy-back as well as the issue of new debts or redemption of existing debt, if necessary. No changes in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital were made during the year.

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade and bills payables	136,367	170,518
Accruals and other payables	49,505	50,469
Lease liabilities	756	2,140
Bank and other borrowings	341,196	338,681
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(27,281)	(69,389)
Net debt	500,543	492,419
Equity	576,999	570,412
Capital and net debt	1,077,542	1,062,831
Gearing ratio	46.5%	46.3%

For the year ended 31 December 2023

37. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following table shows the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets		
Amortised cost:		
Trade and bills receivables	445,710	382,985
Deposits and other receivables	44,647	38,409
Restricted cash	23,782	37,719
Cash and cash equivalents	27,281	69,389
	541,420	528,502
Financial liabilities		
Amortised costs:		
Trade and bills payables	136,367	170,518
Accruals and other payables	37,432	40,447
Lease liabilities	756	2,140
Bank and other borrowings	341,196	338,681
	515,751	551,786

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes to the consolidated financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (i.e. interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The Directors manage and monitor these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank and other borrowings. The Group does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the Directors monitors interest rate exposure from time to time and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the interest rates quoted by the People's Bank of China arising from the Group's bank borrowings.

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from bank and other borrowings. Bank and other borrowings arranged at variable rates and fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk, respectively. Certain bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2023 bore interest at floating rates (2022: same). The interest rates and repayment terms of bank and other borrowings at the end of each reporting period are disclosed in Note 27.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following sensitivity demonstrates the Group's exposure to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on its floating rate bank borrowings with all other variables held constant at the end of the reporting period (in practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis below and the difference could be material):

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Change in profit after tax and retained profits:		
+/-100 basis points	-/+1,628	-/+761

The changes in interest rates do not affect the Group's other components of equity. The above sensitivity analysis is prepared based on the assumption that the bank borrowing period of the loans outstanding at the end of the reporting period resembles that of the corresponding financial year.

(b) Credit risk

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents. In order to minimise the credit risk of other receivables, the management would make periodic collective and individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience as well as current external information. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In these regards, the credit risk of other receivables is considered to be low. It is not the Group's policy to request collateral from its other debtors.

The management is of opinion that there is no significant increase in credit risk on these other receivables since initial recognition as the risk of default is low and, thus, ECL recognised is based on 12-month ECL and the impact of ECL is insignificant for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

The credit risks on bank and restricted cash balances are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties are financial institutions with good reputation and high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Trade and bills receivables

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the Directors have delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action are taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Directors review the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the credit risk of the Group is significantly reduced.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade and bills receivables (continued)

The credit risk of the Group is concentrated on trade and bills receivables from the Group's two largest customers at 31 December 2023, which amounted to approximately RMB149,869,000 (2022: RMB147,334,000), and accounted for approximately 32.2% (2022: 38.1%) of the Group's gross trade and bills receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the Directors continuously monitor the level of exposure by frequent review of the public financial information and credit quality of its customers to ensure that prompt actions will be taken to lower the exposure. The two largest customers of the Group are listed companies in the PRC and Hong Kong, and both of them have good past credit repayment history and records with the Group.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

The Group applies the simplified and general approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for trade and bills receivables and 12-month ECLs for other receivables, unless there is significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Group measures ECLs, for trade and bills receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, which is calculated using a provision matrix. In measuring the ECLs, the trade and bills receivables have been assessed on a collective basis and debtors ageing is applied to assess ECLs for its customers because these customers consist of a large number of customers which share common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' ability to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. They have been grouped based on the days past due. The estimated ECL loss rates are estimated based on the Group's estimates of the market borrowing rates for each of the groupings, less risk- free rate, which reflect the credit risk of the debtors, over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

As at the reporting date, the loss allowance provision for trade and bills receivables and ageing by due date were determined as follows. The ECLs below also incorporated forward looking information.

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade and bills receivables (continued)

	Current	1-30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-365 days	More than one year	
Trade and bills receivables	(not past due)	past due	past due	past due	past due	past due	Total
At 31 December 2023							
ECL rate	0.11%	2.91%	3.22%	2.70%	19.33%	25.47%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	313,321	34,167	30,201	8,441	49,579	29,689	465,398
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	348	993	971	228	9,585	7,563	19,688
At 31 December 2022							
ECL rate	0.73%	0.52%	2.79%	3.49%	17.06%	100%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	349,997	5,959	15,532	6,385	10,086	2,588	390,547
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	2,565	31	434	223	1,721	2,588	7,562

Movement of the loss allowance provision for trade and bills receivables is as follows:

	RMB 000
At 1 January 2022	6,812
Loss allowance recognised in profit or loss	750
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	7,562
Loss allowance recognised in profit or loss	12,126
At 31 December 2023	19,688

(c) Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from current interest rate at the end of each reporting period.

DMD:000

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

10	Carrying amount RMB'000	Total contractual undiscounted cash flows RMB'000	Within one year or on demand RMB'000	More than 1 year but less than 2 years RMB'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years RMB'000	More than 5 years RMB'000
At 31 December 2023						
Trade and bills payables	136,367	136,367	136,367	_	_	_
Accruals and other payables	37,432	37,432	37,432	_	_	_
Lease liabilities	756	773	724	49	_	_
Bank and other borrowings	341,196	368,694	256,670	16,452	45,757	49,815
	515,751	543,266	431,193	16,501	45,757	49,815
At 31 December 2022						
Trade and bills payables	170,518	170,518	170,518	_	_	_
Accruals and other payables	40,447	40,447	40,447	_	_	_
Lease liabilities	2,140	2,225	1,555	670	_	_
Bank and other borrowings	338,681	361,387	242,846	68,802	21,115	28,624
	551,786	574,577	455,366	69,472	21,115	28,624