Consolidated Financial Statements

Years ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023, and six months ended 30 June 2024

Bloks Group Limited CONTENTS

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Independent auditor's report
To the directors of Bloks Group Limited
(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bloks Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 4 to 101, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 and 30 June 2024, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the years ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023, and the six months ended 30 June 2024 (the "Relevant Periods"), and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 and 30 June 2024 and of the Group's consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the Relevant Periods in accordance with the basis of presentation and the basis of preparation set out in notes 2.1 and 2.2 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the fact that the financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 (the "Interim Comparative Information") is unaudited.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, which also include the Interim Comparative Information, that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"),, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements for the Relevant Periods as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the board of directors of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Restriction on distribution and use

These consolidated financial statements are prepared for the purpose of preparation of financial information for inclusion in the prospectus of the Company in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and accordingly may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the information and use by the directors of the Company and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Company.

Certified Public Accountants

Ernst + Du

21 December July

Hong Kong

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

| | | Year e | nded 31 Dece | mber | Six months Jun | |
|--|-------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Revenue | 5 | 329,772 | 325,574 | 876,686 | 309,939 | 1,046,203 |
| Cost of sales | | (206,371) | <u>(202,155</u>) | <u>(461,764</u>) | (173,731) | (492,467) |
| Gross profit | | 123,401 | 123,419 | 414,922 | 136,208 | 553,736 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | | (388,646) | (232,885) | (189,280) | (86,401) | (120,764) |
| Research and development expenses | | (83,016) | (98,444) | (94,657) | (41,953) | (76,016) |
| Administrative expenses Other income, other gains and losses, | | (58,287) | (51,002) | (49,230) | (22,069) | (403,946) |
| net | 6 | 9,507 | 12,416 | 5,987 | 2,499 | 3,905 |
| Other expenses | 7 | (20,938) | (17,896) | (695) | (221) | (1,241) |
| Reversal of/(Provision for) impairment | | , , | , , , | ` , | (| (, , |
| losses on financial assets, net | | 669 | 226 | (1,100) | (389) | (506) |
| Finance costs | 8 | (2,323) | (1,574) | (1,654) | (1,323) | (891) |
| Fair value changes on convertible | | (=,===) | (', - ' ') | (1,001) | (1,127) | () |
| redeemable preferred shares | 29 | (144,201) | (191,031) | (274,132) | (188,611) | (157,033) |
| LOSS BEFORE TAX | | (562.024) | (456.774) | (400.000) | (202, 200) | (202 756) |
| | | (563,834) | (456,771) | (189,839) | (202,260) | (202,756) |
| Income tax expense | 12 | 56,981 | 34,066 | (17,642) | (528) | (52,135) |
| LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD | | (506,853) | (422,705) | (207,481) | (202,788) | (254,891) |
| Attributable to: | | | | | | |
| Owners of the parent | | (502,594) | (419,886) | (206,100) | (201,866) | (257,894) |
| Non-controlling interests | | (4,259) | (2,819) | (1,381) | (922) | 3,003 |
| | | (506,853) | (422,705) | (207,481) | (202,788) | (254,891) |
| LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT | | | | | | |
| Basic and diluted (RMB) | 14 | (3.31) | (2.82) | (1.38) | (1.36) | (1.73) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | Year e | nded 31 Dece | mber | Six months Jun | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD | (506,853) | (422,705) | (207,481) | (202,788) | (254,891) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | (37) | 4 | (12) | (36) | 744 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries other than those are foreign operations* | 354 | (2,132) | 90 | (745) | (1,305) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD, NET OF TAX | 317 | (2,128) | 78 | (781) | (561) |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD | (506,536) | (424,833) | (207,403) | (203,569) | (255,452) |
| Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests | (502,277) (4,259) | (422,014) (2,819) | (206,022) (1,381) | (202,647) (922) | (258,455) |
| | (506,536) | (424,833) | (207,403) | (203,569) | (255,452) |

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 $^{^{}st}$ The Company and its subsidiaries whose activities are based or conducted in a country or currency same as the Company are not foreign operations.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| Notes 2021 2022 2023 2024 2020 | | | As | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|--|---------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------------|----------|------------------|
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Property, plant and equipment 15 | | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Right-of-use assets 16(a) 44,146 27,238 58,442 49,357 Intangible assets 17 4,832 4,319 5,773 15,050 Deferred tax assets 19 187,212 221,283 203,795 160,850 Prepayments, other receivables and other non-current assets 2 6,871 6,531 14,718 11,951 Total non-current assets 2 254,207 282,156 330,400 310,536 CURRENT ASSETS Inventories 20 69,769 61,208 76,294 151,334 Trade and notes receivables and other current assets 21 24,917 15,299 38,256 63,298 Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 <td< td=""><td>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Right-of-use assets 16(a) 44,146 27,238 58,442 49,357 Intangible assets 17 4,832 4,319 5,773 15,050 Deferred tax assets 19 187,212 221,283 203,795 160,850 Prepayments, other receivables and other non-current assets 2 6,871 6,531 14,718 11,951 Total non-current assets 2 254,207 282,156 330,400 310,536 CURRENT ASSETS Inventories 20 69,769 61,208 76,294 151,334 Trade and notes receivables and other current assets 21 24,917 15,299 38,256 63,298 Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 <td< td=""><td>Property, plant and equipment</td><td>15</td><td>11.146</td><td>22.785</td><td>47.672</td><td>73.328</td></td<> | Property, plant and equipment | 15 | 11.146 | 22.785 | 47.672 | 73.328 |
| Intangible assets | | | | • | , | |
| Deferred tax assets | | | | | , | , |
| Prepayments, other receivables and other non-current assets 22 6,871 6,531 14,718 11,951 | | | | | • | |
| other non-current assets 22 6,871 6,531 14,718 11,951 Total non-current assets 254,207 282,156 330,400 310,536 CURRENT ASSETS Inventories 20 69,769 61,208 76,294 151,334 Trade and notes receivables 21 24,917 15,299 38,256 63,298 Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES 1 1 5,000 - - Trade and notes payables | | | .0., | , | 200,.00 | .00,000 |
| CURRENT ASSETS Inventories 20 69,769 61,208 76,294 151,334 Trade and notes receivables 21 24,917 15,299 38,256 63,298 Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 . Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 . Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - 18,294 Bayables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS LESS CURRENT TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | 1 7 | 22 | 6,871 | 6,531 | 14,718 | 11,951 |
| Inventories | Total non-current assets | | 254,207 | 282,156 | 330,400 | 310,536 |
| Inventories | CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Trade and notes receivables 21 24,917 15,299 38,256 63,298 Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES 1 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT Liabilities 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals | | 20 | 69 769 | 61 208 | 76 294 | 151 334 |
| Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties | | | , | , | • | |
| other current assets 22 23,946 10,901 14,477 37,686 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 18 272,785 1,251 1,251 - Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>24,017</td><td>10,200</td><td>00,200</td><td>00,200</td></t<> | | | 24,017 | 10,200 | 00,200 | 00,200 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | 22 | 23 946 | 10 901 | 14 477 | 37 686 |
| through profit or loss | | | 20,040 | 10,001 | 17,777 | 07,000 |
| Pledged deposits 23 4,719 9,064 8,141 8,587 Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 </td <td></td> <td>18</td> <td>272 785</td> <td>1 251</td> <td>1 251</td> <td>_</td> | | 18 | 272 785 | 1 251 | 1 251 | _ |
| Cash and cash equivalents 23 76,153 188,972 360,837 554,092 Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities | | | , | , | | 8 587 |
| Receivables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS LESS CURRENT <td>5 ,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>- ,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> | 5 , | | , | - , | | , |
| Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,377,000 183,000 - Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS LESS CURRENT | • | | 70,100 | 100,012 | 000,001 | 001,002 |
| Total current assets 2,231,769 1,663,695 682,256 814,997 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | 28 | 1 759 480 | 1 377 000 | 183 000 | _ |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and notes payables | rtoorganization | 20 | 1,700,700 | 1,077,000 | 100,000 | |
| Trade and notes payables 24 92,879 118,533 259,671 514,705 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 - 5,000 - - Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Total current assets | | 2,231,769 | 1,663,695 | 682,256 | 814,997 |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 | CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings 26 | Trade and notes payables | 24 | 92,879 | 118,533 | 259,671 | 514,705 |
| Contract liabilities 27 29,569 30,629 66,325 84,144 Other payables and accruals 25 109,298 112,655 169,373 144,603 Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | 26 | - | | - | - |
| Tax payables - - - 118 6,228 Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | - | 27 | 29,569 | 30,629 | 66,325 | 84,144 |
| Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Other payables and accruals | 25 | 109,298 | 112,655 | 169,373 | 144,603 |
| Amounts due to related parties 36 18,735 44,694 25,913 - Lease liabilities 16(b) 27,289 19,168 21,969 21,442 Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Tax payables | | _ | _ | 118 | 6,228 |
| Payables in connection with the Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | 36 | 18,735 | 44,694 | 25,913 | _ |
| Reorganization 28 1,759,480 1,407,338 187,520 - Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Lease liabilities | 16(b) | 27,289 | 19,168 | 21,969 | 21,442 |
| Total current liabilities 2,037,250 1,738,017 730,889 771,122 NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Payables in connection with the | | | | | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Reorganization | 28 | 1,759,480 | 1,407,338 | 187,520 | |
| ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | Total current liabilities | | 2,037,250 | 1,738,017 | 730,889 | 771,122 |
| ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) 194,519 (74,322) (48,633) 43,875 TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | NET CURRENT | | | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | 194,519 | (74,322) | (48,633) | 43,875 |
| | , | | | / | | |
| | TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | | | |
| | LIABILITIES | | 448,726 | 207,834 | 281,767 | 354,411 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION(CONTINUED)

| | | A: | s at 31 Decemb | er | As at 30 June |
|--|-------|-----------|----------------|-------------|------------------|
| | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Convertible redeemable preferred | 29 | | | | |
| shares | | 1,382,853 | 1,573,884 | 1,848,016 | 1,822,049 |
| Lease liabilities | 16(b) | 18,116 | 4,100 | 34,962 | 24,824 |
| Other payables and accruals | 25 | 6,376 | 6,965 | 7,083 | - |
| Total near summer t E. L. 1990 | | | | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 1,407,345 | 1,584,949 | 1,890,061 | 1,846,873 |
| Net liabilities | | (958,619) | (1,377,115) | (1,608,294) | (1,492,462) |
| EQUITY | | | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | | | | | |
| Share capital | 30 | _ | 112 | 128 | 128 |
| Deficits | 31 | (950,528) | (1,366,317) | (1,606,385) | (1,492,590) |
| | | | | | |
| | | (950,528) | _(1,366,205) | (1,606,257) | (1,492,462) |
| Non-controlling interests | | (8,091) | (10,910) | (2,037) | |
| Total equity | | (958,619) | (1,377,115) | (1,608,294) | (1,492,462) |

Director

Director

Bloks Group Limited

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | : | Total equity | RMB'000 | (122,094) | (506,853) | 317 | | (506,536) | Ο α | 9 - - | 6,863 | | (338,652) | (958,619) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Non-controlling | interests | RMB'000 | (4,465) | (4,259) | | | (4,259) | 633 | 2 | | | ' | (8,091) |
| | | Total | RMB'000 | (117,629) | (502,594) | 317 | | (502,277) | 1 167 | , . | 6,863 | | (338,652) | (950,528) |
| | Accumulated | losses* | RMB'000 | (1,043,559) | (502,594) | ' | | (502,594) | | 1 | • | | ' | (1,546,153) |
| ers of the parent | | Other reserve* | RMB'000 | 79 | • | 317 | | 317 | 1 167 | . <u>.</u> | • | | (123,245) | (121,682) |
| Attributable to owners of the parent | Share option | reserve* | RMB'000 | 8,851 | • | • | | • | | 1 | 6,863 | | ' | 15,714 |
| 1 | Share | premium* | RMB'000 | 917,000 | • | 1 | | • | | 1 | • | | (215,407) | 701,593 |
| | | Share capital | RMB'000 | • | • | | | • | | • | 1 | | | |
| • | | Notes | | | | · | | | 35 | 3 | 35 | | 53 | " |
| | | | | At 1 January 2021 | Loss for the year | Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | Total comprehensive | income/(loss) for the year | Transactions with non- | Recognition of share-based | payment expenses | Redemption rights granted to | capital swap | At 31 December 2021 |

Bloks Group Limited

| | Notes | Share | Share premium* | Attributable to ow Share option reserve* | Attributable to owners of the parent Share option Other reserve* | Acc | Total | Non- controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|-------|---------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| At 1 January 2022 Loss for the year | | | 701,593 | 15,714 | (121,682) | (1,546,153) (419,886) | (950,528) (419,886) | (8,091) (2,819) | (958,619) (422,705) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax | l | | | | (2,128) | | (2,128) | | (2,128) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year Issue of shares | | - 11 | (112) | | (2,128) | (419,886) | (422,014) | (2,819) | (424,833) |
| Recognition of snare-based payment expenses | 32 | | | 6,337 | | | 6,337 | | 6,337 |
| At 31 December 2022 | | 112 | 701,481 | 22,051 | (123,810) | (1,966,039) | (1,366,205) | (10,910) | (1,377,115) |

Bloks Group Limited

| | | | | Attributable to ov | Attributable to owners of the parent | ţ | | | |
|---|-------|---------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| | I | | | Share | - | | | Non- | |
| | | Share | Share | option | Other | Accumulated | | controlling | Total |
| | Notes | capital | premium* | reserve* | reserve* | losses* | Total | interests | ednity |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| At 1 January 2023 | | 112 | 701,481 | 22,051 | (123,810) | (1,966,039) | (1,366,205) | (10,910) | (1,377,115) |
| Loss for the year | | 1 | • | • | | (206,100) | (206,100) | (1,381) | (207,481) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | I | ' | ' | | 78 | | 78 | | 78 |
| Total comprehensive | | | | | 7 | 900 | (000 | 700 | (004 400) |
| Income/(loss) for the year Issue of shares | | - 16 | <u>.</u> (16) | | Ω' | (206,100) | (Z00,0ZZ) - | (1,381) | (207,403) |
| Controlling interests | 35 | • | • | • | (40,261) | ı | (40,261) | 10,254 | (30,007) |
| payment expenses | 32 | | | 6,231 | | | 6,231 | • | 6,231 |
| At 31 December 2023 | | 128 | 701,465 | 28,282 | (163,993) | (2,172,139) | (1,606,257) | (2,037) | (1,608,294) |

Bloks Group Limited

| At 1 January 2023 Loss for the period (unaudited) Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax (unaudited) Total comprehensive loss for the period (unaudited) Issue of shares (unaudited) Recognition of share-based payment expenses | Notes | Share capital RMB'000 112 | Share premium* <i>RMB'000</i> 701,481 | Share option Share option RMB'000 22,051 | Share option Other reserve* RMB'000 RMB'000 22,051 (123,810) - (781) | Accumulated losses* | Total <i>RMB'000</i> (1,366,205) (201,866) (781) | Non- controlling interests | Total equity RMB'000 (1,377,115) (202,788) (781) |
|---|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| (unaudited) | 32 | | | 3,071 | | | 3,071 | | 3,071 |
| At 30 June 2023 (unaudited) | II | 128 | 701,465 | 25,122 | (124,591) | (2,167,905) | (1,565,781) | (11,832) | (1,577,613) |

Bloks Group Limited

| | | Total equity | RMB'000 | (1,608,294) (254,891) | (561) | (255,452) | (2,400) | 374,670 | (1,492,462) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|---|---|--|--|------------------|-----------------|
| | Non-controlling | interests | RMB'000 | (2,037) 3,003 | | 3,003 | 20 | - (986) | |
| | | Total | RMB'000 | (1,606,257) (257,894) | (561) | (258,455) | (2,420) | 374,670 | (1,492,462) |
| | Accumulated | losses* | RMB'000 | (2,172,139) (257,894) | ' | (257,894) | • | | (2,430,033) |
| ers of the parent | | Other reserve* | RMB'000 | (163,993) | (561) | (561) | (2,420) | | (166,974) |
| Attributable to owners of the parent | Share option | reserve* | RMB'000 | 28,282 | ' | 1 | ٠ | 374,670 | 402,952 |
| | Share Share op | premium* | RMB'000 | 701,465 | | • | • | | 701,465 |
| | | Share capital | RMB'000 | 128 | | • | • | | 128 |
| | | Notes | | | · | | 35 | 32 | |
| | | | | At 1 January 2024 Profit/(Loss) for the period | Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax | Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period | Transaction with non- controlling interests | payment expenses | At 30 June 2024 |

* These reserve accounts comprised of deficits RMB950,528,000, RMB1,366,317,000, RMB1,606,385,000 and RMB1,492,590,000 in the consolidated statements of financial position as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | | | | | Six months | |
|---|-------|-------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | | | nded 31 Dece | | Jun | |
| | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | | | (unaudited) | |
| CACH ELONIO EDOM ODEDATINO | | | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Loss before tax | | (563,834) | (456 771) | (189,839) | (202,260) | (202,756) |
| Adjustments for: | | (303,634) | (456,771) | (109,039) | (202,200) | (202,750) |
| Depreciation of property, plant and | | | | | | |
| equipment | 15 | 14,106 | 10,488 | 13,837 | 6,151 | 12,333 |
| Impairment of property, plant and | . • | , | .0,.00 | . 0,00. | 5, . 5 . | ,000 |
| equipment | 15 | 20,634 | 6,159 | _ | - | - |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 16(a) | 21,304 | 22,060 | 21,237 | 10,715 | 10,074 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 17 | 3,252 | 6,329 | 9,618 | 5,399 | 14,854 |
| Impairment of inventories | | 2,474 | 5,752 | 152 | - | 430 |
| Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of | | | | | | |
| trade and notes receivables, net | 9 | (149) | (197) | 871 | 59 | 58 |
| (Gain)/loss on disposal of items of | • | 407 | (0) | 00 | (0) | (070) |
| property, plant and equipment | 9 | 107 | (2) | 22 | (3) | (270) |
| Gain on early termination of leases | | - | - | (77) | (77) | - |
| Fair value losses on convertible | 9 | 144 201 | 101 021 | 274 122 | 100 611 | 157,033 |
| redeemable preferred shares Fair value changes of cash management | 9 | 144,201 | 191,031 | 274,132 | 188,611 | 157,033 |
| products | 9 | (6,680) | (1,695) | (27) | (14) | (2) |
| Share-based payment expenses | 9 | 6,863 | 6,337 | 6,231 | 3,071 | 374,670 |
| Finance costs | 8 | 2,323 | 1,574 | 1,654 | 1,323 | 891 |
| Others | - | (520) | (29) | 229 | 330 | 278 |
| | | (355,919) | (208,964) | 138,040 | 13,305 | 367,593 |
| | | , , | , , | , | , | • |
| Decrease/(increase) in inventories | | 6,964 | 2,809 | (15,238) | 7,540 | (76,024) |
| Decrease/(increase) in trade and notes | | | | , , | | , , |
| receivables | | 3,723 | 9,815 | (23,828) | (8,151) | (27,705) |
| Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, | | | | | | |
| other receivables and other assets | | 2,048 | 13,074 | (3,610) | (9,668) | (25,938) |
| (Increase)/decrease in pledged deposits | | (4,719) | (4,345) | 923 | (917) | (446) |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade and notes | | (40.00=) | 05.054 | 444 400 | | 0== 004 |
| payables | | (12,995) | 25,654 | 141,138 | 62,838 | 255,034 |
| Increase/(decrease) in other payables | | 64.047 | (7.005) | 44.007 | (0.000) | 760 |
| and accruals Increase in contract liabilities | | 64,047 | (7,835) 1,060 | 11,807 | (8,909) | 768 |
| increase in contract liabilities | | 3,523 | 1,000 | 35,696 | 4,881 | 17,832 |
| Cash (used in)/from operations | | (293,328) | (168,732) | 284,928 | 60,919 | 511,114 |
| Income tax paid | | (5) | (5) | (36) | (8) | (3,082) |
| Net cash flows (used in)/from operating | | (0) | (0) | (00) | (0) | (0,002) |
| activities | | (293,333) | (168,737) | 284,892 | 60,911 | 508,032 |
| | | | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING | | | | | | |
| ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of items of | | | | | | |
| property, plant and equipment | | 85 | 22 | 45 | 32 | 360 |
| Purchases of items of property, plant and | | /·\ | | | | |
| equipment | | (23,852) | (16,889) | (24,311) | (12,642) | (22,068) |
| Purchases of items of intangible assets | | (7,815) | (5,700) | (19,030) | (3,701) | (20,762) |
| Purchase of financial assets at fair value | | (4.400.000) | | (40.000) | (40.000) | |
| through profit or loss | | (1,199,080) | - | (10,000) | (10,000) | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial | | | | | | |
| assets at fair value through profit or | | 000 070 | 273,229 | 10 027 | 10.014 | 1 252 |
| loss Net cash flows (used in)/from investing | | 999,979 | 213,229 | 10,027 | 10,014 | 1,253 |
| Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities | | (230,683) | 250,662 | (43,269) | (16,297) | (41,217) |
| | | (200,000) | | (.3,233) | | (, =) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS(CONTINUED)

| | | Year er | nded 31 Dec | ember | Six months Jun | |
|--|-------|----------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Issue of ordinary shares Proceeds from issuance of Preferred | | - | 31,553 | - | - | - |
| Shares Payment in connection with the | | - | 350,597 | 1,194,000 | 1,117,000 | - |
| Reorganization in Chinese Mainland Payment for Warrant settlement | 29 | - | (351,812) | (1,219,818) | (1,142,818) | (4,520) (183,000) |
| Lease payments Proceeds from bank borrowings Repayment of bank borrowings | 20 | (22,368) | (28,853) 5,000 | (19,300) 884,247 (889,247) | (6,695) 884,247 (889,247) | (12,545) |
| Repayment of loan payable to a third party | | _ | _ | (000,2) | - | (7,095) |
| Borrowings from a related party Capital contribution from series A | | - | 25,000 | - | - | - |
| preferred shareholders Capital contribution from a non- | | 600,000 | - | - | - | - |
| controlling interest Repayment of amounts due to related | | 1,800 | - | - | - | - |
| parties Acquisition of non-controlling interest | | - | - | (18,974) | - | (25,914) |
| equity Issuance costs paid | 35 | - | - | - | - | (32,400) (7,540) |
| Interest paid | | | (10) | (1,054) | (937) | |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities | | 579,432 | 31,475 | (70,146) | (38,450) | (273,014) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning | | 55,416 | 113,400 | 171,477 | 6,164 | 193,801 |
| of year/period | | 20,813 | 76,153 | 188,972 | 188,972 | 360,837 |
| Effects of foreign exchange rate changes, net | | (76) | (581) | 388 | (91) | (546) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT | | (10) | (001) | 000 | (01) | (010) |
| END OF YEAR/PERIOD | 23 | 76,153 | 188,972 | 360,837 | 195,045 | 554,092 |
| ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statements of | | | | | | |
| financial position and statements of cash flows | | 76,153 | 188,972 | 360,837 | 195,045 | 554,092 |

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

| | | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|---|----------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Notes | 2021 2022 2023 | | 2024 | |
| | , 10.00 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Investment in a subsidiary | * | 1,774,864 | 1,781,201 | 1,787,432 | 1,802,794 |
| Total non-current assets | | 1,774,864 | 1,781,201 | 1,787,432 | 1,802,794 |
| CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments, other receivables and other current assets | 22 | _ | _ | 10,626 | 40,508 |
| Receivables in connection with the Reorganization Cash and cash equivalents | 28 23 | 1,759,150 | 1,377,000 11,015 | 183,000 62,290 | 22,055 |
| Total current assets | | 1,759,150 | 1,388,015 | 255,916 | 62,563 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals | 25 | 1,759,150 | 1,388,264 | 256,328 | 262,106 |
| Total current liabilities | | 1,759,150 | 1,388,264 | 256,328 | 262,106 |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | (249) | (412) | (199,543) |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 1,774,864 | 1,780,952 | 1,787,020 | 1,603,251 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Convertible redeemable preferred | | | | | |
| shares | 29 | 1,382,853 | 1,573,884 | 1,848,016 | 1,822,049 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 1,382,853 | 1,573,884 | 1,848,016 | 1,822,049 |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | | 392,011 | 207,068 | (60,996) | (218,798) |
| EQUITY Share capital | | - | 112 | 128 | 128 |
| Reserves/(Deficits) | 31 | 392,011 | 206,956 | (61,124) | (218,926) |
| Total equity | | 392,011 | 207,068 | (60,996) | (218,798) |

^{*} As at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the Company has direct interest in Bloks Holding Limited, the balances of the Company's investment in a subsidiary are as follows:

| | As | As at 31 December | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB '000 | RMB'000 | |
| Investment, at cost Investment arising from share- based payment relating to intra- | 1,759,150 | 1,759,150 | 1,759,150 | 1,759,150 | |
| group transactions | 15,714 | 22,051 | 28,282 | 43,644 | |
| | 1,774,864 | 1,781,201 | 1,787,432 | 1,802,794 | |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bloks Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 July 2021 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act (Cap. 22, Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Floor 4, Willow House, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KYI-9010, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries now comprising the Group underwent the reorganization as set out in the paragraph headed "Reorganization" in the section headed "History, Development and Reorganization" in the Prospectus (the "Reorganization"). During the Relevant Periods, the Company's subsidiaries were principally engaged in the design, development and sales of toys.

As at the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements,, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

| Name | Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations | Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital | | e of equity able to the Company Indirect | Principal activities |
|---|--|---|-----------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Bloks Holding Limited (a) | BVI 10 August 2021 | USD 50,000 | 100.00% | - | Investment holding |
| China Bloks Holding Limited (a) | Hong Kong 31 August 2021 | HK\$ 10,000 | - | 100.00% | Investment holding |
| Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd.*(上海布魯可科技集團有 | Shanghai, PRC 24 December 2014 | RMB 300,000,000 | - | 100.00% | Design, development and sales of toys |
| 限公司) (b) Shanghai Bloks Bricks Technology Co., Ltd. *(上海布魯可積木科技有 | Shanghai, PRC | RMB | _ | 100.00% | Design, development |
| 限公司) (b) | 1 March 2019 | 100,000,000 | _ | 100.00 /6 | and sales of toys |
| Shanghai Puti Culture Communication Limited*(上海葡缇 文化傳播有限公司) (a) | Shanghai, PRC | RMB | - 100.00% | | Sales of toys |
| | 27 July 2016 | 5,000,000 | | | 23.00 0. 10,0 |
| Shanghai Bloks Trading Limited*(上 | Shanghai, PRC | RMB | - | 100.00% | Sales of toys |
| Shanghai Bloks Trading Limited*(上海布魯可貿易有限公司) (a) | Shanghai, PRC 1 September 2022 | RMB 10,000,000 | - | 100.00% | Sales of toys |

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Notes:

- (a) No audited financial statements have been prepared for these entities for the years ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 and the six months ended 30 June 2024.
- (b) The statutory financial statements of these entities for the years ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises were audited by Dahua Certified Public Accountants LLP, certified public accountants registered in the PRC.
- * The English names of the companies registered in the PRC represent the best efforts made by the management of the Company to translate the Chinese names of these companies as no English names have been registered.

2.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis notwithstanding the Group has recorded net liabilities of RMB1,492,462,000 as at 30 June 2024. There was RMB1,822,049,000 convertible redeemable preferred shares recorded as non-current liabilities as at 30 June 2024. The original redemption right of these convertible redeemable preferred shares was provided in the failure to consummate a Qualified IPO by 30 June 2026 as repurchase event (as defined and detailed in the financial statements, note 29). In addition, special rights granted to convertible redeemable preferred shares have been terminated immediately before the submission of the listing application for the Global Offering (the "Listing Application") provided that the rights so terminated shall resume in the event that the Listing Application is withdrawn or rejected by the Stock Exchange or the Listing has not completed within 12 months after the Listing Application, and all other special rights will be terminated automatically upon the Listing. Therefore, such holders will not require the Company to redeem such preferred shares within the next 12 months from 30 June 2024.

The directors are of the opinion that the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial liabilities and obligations as and when they fall due and to sustain its operations for the next 12 months.

Pursuant to the Reorganization, as more fully explained in the sub-section headed "Our History" in the section headed "History, Development and Reorganization" in the Prospectus, the Company was incorporated on 28 July 2021 and became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 7 November 2022 after the completion of reorganization.

The companies now comprising the Group were under the common control of the Controlling Shareholder before and after the Reorganization. Accordingly, for the purpose of this report, the financial statements have been prepared on a consolidated basis by applying the principles of merger accounting as if the Reorganization had been completed on the date of the incorporation of the Company.

The consolidated statements of profit or loss, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 include the consolidated results and cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries now comprising the Group as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the Relevant Periods. The consolidated statements of financial position of the Group at the end of each of the Relevant Periods have been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries and/or businesses using the existing book values from the controlling shareholders' perspective. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values or recognise any new assets or liabilities as a result of the Reorganization.

2.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

As foreign investors were prohibited from holding legal ownership over certain licenses and permits held by Shanghai Information Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries under the Special Management Measures (Negative List) for the Access of Foreign Investment (2021 Version). A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. has entered into a series of contractual arrangements (the "Contractual Arrangements") with Shanghai Information Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Consolidated Affiliated Entity") and its respective shareholders. The Contractual Arrangements enable Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. to exercise effective control over the Consolidated Affiliated Entity and obtain substantially all economic benefits of the Consolidated Affiliated Entity. Accordingly, Consolidated Affiliated Entity was owned through Contractual Arrangements, while, through the period of Contractual Arrangements, the Company regards the Consolidated Affiliated Entity as indirect subsidiary and consolidated the assets, liabilities and results of operations of the Consolidated Affiliated Entity in the financial statements of the Group. These entities were owned through effective period of the Contractual Arrangements, which has been terminated on 31 March 2024.

All intra-group transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

2.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), which comprise all standards and interpretations approved by the IASB.

All IFRSs effective for the accounting period commencing from 1 January 2024, including relevant transitional provisions, have been early adopted by the Group in the preparation of the financial statements throughout the Relevant Periods.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and convertible redeemable preferred shares, which have been measured at fair value.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs

The Group has not applied the following revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in the financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised IFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Amendments to IAS 21

IFRS 18 IFRS 19

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture¹

Lack of Exchangeability²

Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements³
Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures³
Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments⁴

Amendments to:

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Guidance on Implementing

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows4

- ¹ No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026

The application of IFRS 18 has no impact on the consolidated statements of financial position of the Group, but has impact on presentation of the consolidated statements of profit or loss. Except for the IFRS 18, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these amendments to IFRSs will have no material impact on the Group's financial performance and financial position in foreseeable future.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial products at fair value through profit or loss and convertible redeemable preferred shares at fair value at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each of the Relevant Periods as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group; and the sponsoring employers of the postemployment benefit plan;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Category Estimated useful lives

Electronic equipment 3 years
Mold equipment 3 years
Furniture 2 to 5 years
Transportation equipment 4 years
Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of lease terms and
estimated useful lives

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets mainly include licensed intellectual property ("IP"), sponsorship and software. They are initially recognised and measured at cost. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised when ready for use and on the straight-line basis over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Licensed intellectual property ("Licensed IP")

License rights are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. The historical costs of license rights are measured at the present values of the fixed minimum payments at the date of purchase of the respective license rights. Variable consideration in relation to license rights that depend on sales or production is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

The useful lives of items of the licensed IP are determined based on shorter of the expected lifecycle of the items of IP, and the contractual term of the respective license agreements, during which such assets can bring economic benefits to the Group.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Amortisation methods and periods

The Group amortises intangible assets with a limited useful life using the straight-line method over the following periods:

Category Estimated useful lives

Licensed IP 1 to 3 years
Sponsorship 2 years
Software 3 to 10 years

Research and development expenses

All research costs are charged to the statements of profit or loss as incurred. Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Properties 1 to 3 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases that are considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, a sublease is classified as a finance lease or operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the on-balance sheet recognition exemption, the Group classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statements of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statements of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statements of financial position) when:

- · the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group may consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as convertible redeemable preferred shares, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and notes payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties, convertible redeemable preferred shares and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statements of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statements of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. The convertible redeemable preferred shares issued by the Company were designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. They are initially recognised at fair value. Any directly attributable transaction costs are recognised as finance costs in profit or loss. Gains or losses on the convertible redeemable preferred shares are recognised in the statements of profit or loss, except for the gains or losses arising from the Company's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to the statements of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the statements of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average cost basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including short-term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statements of profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a
 transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the
 accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible
 temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing
 of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary
 differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial
 recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of
 the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to
 equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax
 assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in
 the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can
 be utilised.

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in IFRS 15.

(a) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the assets is transferred to the customer, generally on receipt of the goods by customer or upon the confirmation from customer. For consignment sales, the consignment sales partners obtain goods from the Group at the same time when they complete the sales transaction with end-customers. Revenue is recognised upon sales to end-consumers from consignment sales partners.

(b) Rights of return

For contracts which provide a customer with a right to return the goods within a specified period, the expected value method is used to estimate the goods that will not be returned because this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled. The requirements in IFRS 15 on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied in order to determine the amount of variable consideration that can be included in the transaction price. For goods that are expected to be returned, instead of revenue, a liability is recognised. A right-of-return asset (and the corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) is also recognised for the right to recover products from a customer.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

(c) Variable consideration: volume-based rebates

Retrospective volume rebates may be provided to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified in the contract. Rebates are offset against the amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future rebates, the most likely amount method is used for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied and a liability for the expected future rebates is recognised.

(d) Customer loyalty programme

The Group operates a loyalty programme where retail and online customers accumulate points for purchases made which entitle them to discounts on future purchases. A contract liability for the award points is recognised at the time of the sale. Revenue from the award points is recognised when the points are redeemed or expired.

Revenue from other sources

Other non-toy revenue associated with our self-developed IPs is recognized when the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Chinese Mainland are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries operating in Chinese Mainland are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Housing fund and other social insurances

The Group has participated in defined social security contribution schemes for its employees pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC. These include housing fund, basic medical insurance, unemployment insurance, injury insurance and maternity insurance. The Group makes monthly contributions to the housing fund and other social insurances. The contributions are charged to profit or loss on an accrual basis. The Group has no further obligations beyond the contributions made.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share award scheme. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees (including directors) and consultants render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions"). The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair values of the Group's shares at the grant date, further details of which are given in note 32 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense or the expenses for the services provided by the consultants, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is different from the Company's functional currency, the USD. As the major assets of the Group are derived from operations in Chinese Mainland, RMB is chosen as the presentation currency to present the financial statements. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Fair values of convertible redeemable preferred shares

The fair values of the convertible redeemable preferred shares measured at fair value through profit or loss are determined using the valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow method and the option-pricing method. Such valuation is based on key parameters about risk-free rate, discounts for lack of marketability ("DLOM") and volatility, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. The fair values of convertible redeemable preferred shares at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were RMB1,382,853,000, RMB1,573,884,000, RMB1,848,016,000 and RMB 1,822,049,000, respectively. Further details are included in note 29 to the financial statements.

Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and deductible temporary difference can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details are included in note 19 to the financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Variable consideration for volume rebates

The Group estimates variable consideration to be included in the transaction price for the sale of products with volume rebates.

The Group's expected volume rebates are analysed on a per customer basis for contracts that are subject to the volume threshold. Determining whether a customer will likely be entitled to a rebate depends on the customer's historical rebate entitlement and accumulated purchases to date.

The Group updates its assessment of expected volume rebates accordingly. Estimates of expected volume rebates are sensitive to changes in circumstances and the Group's past experience regarding rebate entitlements may not be representative of actual rebate entitlements in the future.

Provision for expected credit losses of trade and notes receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade and notes receivables is disclosed in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segment, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company. During the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group was principally engaged in the design, development and sales of toys products. Management reviews the operating results of the Group's business as one operating segment for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Therefore, the chief operating decision maker of the Company regards that there is only one segment which is used to make strategic decisions.

Geographical information

No geographical information is presented as the Group's revenue from the external customers is mainly derived from its operations in Chinese Mainland and no non-current assets of the Group are located outside Chinese Mainland.

Information about major customers

Revenue of approximately RMB40,195,000 was derived from sales to a single customer, accounting for approximately 12.2% of the total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021. Other than this customer, no revenue from sales to a single customer or a group of customers under common control accounted for 10.0% or more of the Group's revenue for each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023.

5. REVENUE

Revenue primarily represents income from sales of toys during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023.

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

| | | | | Six months | ended 30 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|------------------------|-----------|
| | Year ei | nded 31 Dece | ember | June | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | | | | | |
| Offline sales | 150,706 | 189,912 | 769,071 | 257,558 | 971,431 |
| Distribution sales* | 112,837 | 157,004 | 732,700 | 238,111 | 957,859 |
| Consignment sales | 37,869 | 32,908 | 36,371 | 19,447 | 13,572 |
| Online sales | 170,957 | 134,412 | 106,249 | 51,946 | 74,616 |
| Others | 8,109 | 1,250 | 1,366 | 435 | 156 |
| | 329,772 | 325,574 | 876,686 | 309,939 | 1,046,203 |

^{*} Distribution sales primarily include sales transactions to distributors.

The Group derives revenues at a point in time:

| | | | | Six months | s ended 30 | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|-------------|------------|--|
| | Year e | nded 31 Dece | ember | Ju | June | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | | | (unaudited) | | |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | | |
| Revenue recognised at a point in | | | | | | |
| time | 329,772 | 325,574 | 876,686 | 309,939 | 1,046,203 | |

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023:

| | | | | Six months | s ended 30 |
|--|---------|--------------|---------|------------------------|------------|
| | Year e | nded 31 Dece | ember | June | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period: | | | | (anadanoa) | |
| Sale of goods | 26,046 | 29,569 | 30,629 | 19,797 | 54,655 |

Performance obligations:

The performance obligation of the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the assets is transferred to the customer, generally on receipt of the goods by customer or upon the confirmation from customer and payment in advance is normally required, except for customers with credit terms where payment is generally due within 1 to 3 months.

6. OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

| | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|---|------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Other income | | | | | |
| Bank interest income | 2,233 | 4,911 | 3,864 | 900 | 3,020 |
| Government grants (i) | 365 | 5,644 | 1,379 | 752 | 210 |
| Others | 336 | 164 | 662 | 414 | 233 |
| | 2,934 | 10,719 | 5,905 | 2,066 | 3,463 |
| Other gains and losses, net Fair value changes of cash | | | | | |
| management products Gain/(loss) on disposal of items of | 6,680 | 1,695 | 27 | 14 | 2 |
| property, plant and equipment | (107) | 2 | (22) | 3 | 270 |
| Others | | | 77 | 416 | 170 |
| | 6,573 | 1,697 | 82 | 433 | 442 |
| | 9,507 | 12,416 | 5,987 | 2,499 | 3,905 |

⁽i) The government grants have been received from the PRC local government authorities to support certain subsidiaries' operating activities. There are no unfulfilled eligibility requirements and conditions relating to these government grants.

7. OTHER EXPENSES

| | Year e | nded 31 Dece | ember | Six months Jur | |
|---|---------|-----------------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Impairment of mold equipment Donation (i) | 20,634 | 6,159 11,553 | - | - | - |
| Others | 304 | 184 | 695 | 221 | 1,241 |
| | 20,938 | 17,896 | 695 | 221 | 1,241 |

⁽i) For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group donated certain toy products of RMB11,553,000, including value-added tax and freight charges, to support the China Employee Development Foundation (中國職工發展基金會).

8. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

| | Year e | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | 2021 RMB'000 | 2022 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 (unaudited) | 2024 RMB'000 | |
| Interest on lease liabilities Borrowings costs | 2,323 | 1,564 10 | 600 1,054 | 386 937 | 891 | |
| | 2,323 | 1,574 | 1,654 | 1,323 | 891 | |

9. LOSS BEFORE TAX

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

| | | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|---|-------------|------------------------|---------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | Notes | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Cost of inventories sold (i) | | 206,371 | 202,155 | 461,764 | 173,731 | 492,467 |
| Marketing and promotion expenses | | 272,518 | 120,180 | 73,706 | 32,427 | 48,037 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 15 | 14,106 | 10,488 | 13,837 | 6,151 | 12,333 |
| Impairment of property, plant and | 15 | 20.634 | 6.450 | | | |
| equipment | | - , | 6,159 | - 04 007 | 10.715 | 40.074 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 16(a) 17 | 21,304 | 22,060 | 21,237 | -, | 10,074 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 17 | 3,252 | 6,329 | 9,618 | 5,399 | 14,854 |
| Impairment of inventories | | 2,474 | 5,752 | 152 | - | 430 |
| Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities | | 2,278 | 483 | 1,173 | 546 | 402 |
| Impairment losses recognised/(reversal of impairment losses) on trade and | | , - | | , - | | |
| notes receivables, net | 21 | (149) | (197) | 871 | 59 | 58 |
| Government grants | 6 | (365) | (5,644) | (1,379) | (752) | (210) |
| Donation | 7 | - | 11,553 | - | | ` - |
| Employee benefit expense (including directors' and chief executive's remuneration as set out in note 10): | | | , | | | |
| Wages and salaries | | 108,558 | 113,761 | 113,717 | 57,543 | 86,008 |
| Social welfare | | 941 | 767 | 2,026 | 664 | 1,269 |
| Pension scheme contributions | | 25,344 | 30,278 | 30,017 | 14,680 | 19,421 |
| Share-based payment expenses | | 6,863 | 6,337 | 6,231 | 3,071 | 374,670 |
| . , . | | 141,706 | 151,143 | 151,991 | 75,958 | 481,368 |
| Foreign exchange differences, net | | 63 | (108) | 143 | (339) | 762 |
| Fair value changes on convertible | 29 | 111 001 | 101 001 | 074 400 | 100 611 | 457.000 |
| redeemable preferred shares | 29 | 144,201 | 191,031 | 274,132 | 188,611 | 157,033 |
| Fair value changes of cash | 6 | (6.600) | (4.605) | (07) | (4.4) | (2) |
| management products | 6 | (6,680) | (1,695) | (27) | (14) | (2) |
| (Gain)/loss on disposal of items of | 6 | 107 | (0) | 20 | (0) | (070) |
| property, plant and equipment Listing expenses | 6 | 107 - | (2) | 22 - | (3) | (270) 15,355 |

9. LOSS BEFORE TAX (continued)

(i) Cost of inventories sold include expenses relating to depreciation of mold equipment and amortisation of licensed IP, which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately in depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible assets above.

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

| | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|--|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Fees: Directors | | | | | |
| Other emoluments: Salaries, bonuses, allowances | | | | | |
| and benefits in kind Pension scheme contributions | 1,100 175 | 1,464 238 | 2,239 305 | 1,103 148 | 1,107 134 |
| Share-based payment expenses | - | | | | 361,615 |
| Subtotal | 1,275 | 1,702 | 2,544 | 1,251 | 362,856 |
| Total | 1,275 | 1,702 | 2,544 | 1,251 | 362,856 |

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 were as follows:

| | Year e | nded 31 Decem | Six months ended 30 June | | |
|------------------|----------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Mr. Gao Pingyang | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ms. Huang Rong | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Shang Jian | | <u> </u> | _ | | |
| Total | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | | <u> </u> |

Mr. Gao Pingyang, Ms. Huang Rong and Mr. Shang Jian were appointed as independent non-executive directors on 9 May 2024.

There were no fees and other emoluments payables to the independent non-executive directors during the Relevant Periods.

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

Year ended 31 December 2021

| | Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000 | Pension scheme contributions RMB'000 | Share-based payment expenses RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Chief executive and executive director: Mr. Zhu Weisong | 267 | 68 | | 335 |
| Executive director: Mr. Sheng Xiaofeng | 833 | 107 | | 940 |
| Non-executive director: Mr. Chang Kaisi | | | | |
| Total | 1,100 | 175 | | 1,275 |
| Year ended 31 December 2022 | 2 | | | |
| | Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000 | Pension scheme contributions RMB'000 | Share-based payment expenses RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| Chief executive and executive director: Mr. Zhu Weisong | 267 | 68 | | 335 |
| Executive directors: Mr. Sheng Xiaofeng Mr. Huang Zheng (i) | 783 414 | 112 58 | - | 895 472 |
| Non-executive directors: Mr. Chang Kaisi Mr. Shao Zhenxing (ii) Mr. Huang Xin (iii) | | <u> </u> | - | <u>-</u> |
| Total | 1,464 | 238 | | 1,702 |

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2023

| | Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000 | Pension scheme contributions RMB'000 | Share-based payment expenses RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Chief executive and executive | | | | |
| director: Mr. Zhu Weisong | 267 | 67 | | 334 |
| Executive directors: Mr. Sheng Xiaofeng Mr. Huang Zheng (i) | 1,010 962 | 119 119 | | 1,129 1,081 |
| Non-executive directors: | | | | |
| Mr. Chang Kaisi Mr. Shao Zhenxing (ii) | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Huang Xin (iii) | - | - | - | - |
| Mr. Chen Rui (iv) | _ | | | |
| Total | 2,239 | 305 | | 2,544 |
| Six months ended 30 June 2023 | 3 | | | |
| | Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000 (unaudited) | Pension scheme contributions RMB'000 (unaudited) | Share-based payment expenses RMB'000 (unaudited) | Total RMB'000 (unaudited) |
| Chief executive and executive | (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | (1 111111) | (* ************************************ | (* ************************************ |
| director: | | | | |
| Mr. Zhu Weisong | 133 | 34 | | 167 |
| Executive directors: | | | | |
| Mr. Sheng Xiaofeng | 504 | 57 | - | 561 |
| Mr. Huang Zheng (i) | 466 | 57 | <u>-</u> | 523 |
| Non-executive directors: Mr. Chang Kaisi Mr. Shao Zhenxing (ii) Mr. Huang Xin (iii) | - | - - - | <u>.</u> | - - - |
| J , , | | | | |
| Total | 1,103 | 148 | | 1,251 |

10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

o . .

Six months ended 30 June 2024

| | Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000 | Pension scheme contributions RMB'000 | Share-based payment expenses RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Chief executive and executive director: | | | | |
| Mr. Zhu Weisong | 133 | 33 | 359,308* | 359,474 |
| Executive directors: Mr. Sheng Xiaofeng Mr. Huang Zheng (i) | 638 336 | 61 40 | 2,038 269 | 2,737 645 |
| Non-executive directors: Mr. Chang Kaisi | - | - | | - 040 |
| Mr. Huang Xin (iii) Mr. Chen Rui (iv) | | | | |
| | 1,107 | 134 | 361,615 | 362,856 |

- (i) Mr. Huang Zheng was appointed as executive director of the Company on 25 July 2022 and resigned on 9 May 2024.
- (ii) Mr. Shao Zhenxing was appointed as non-executive director on 25 July 2022 and resigned on 27 December 2023.
- (iii) Mr. Huang Xin was appointed as non-executive director on 25 July 2022 and resigned on 11 April 2024.
- (iv) Mr. Chen Rui was appointed as non-executive director on 27 December 2023.
- * Certain share options were granted to the chief executive and executive directors of the Group under a share incentive scheme, in respect of their services to the Group. Further details of which are included in the disclosures in Note 32.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023.

11. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 and the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2024 included nil, nil, nil and two of the then directors including the chief executive, respectively, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 10 above.

Details of the remuneration of the remaining five, five, five, five and three highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 and the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2024 are as follows:

| | Year e | nded 31 Dece | Six months ended 30 June | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Salaries, bonuses, allowances and | | | | | |
| benefits in kind | 3,215 | 3,439 | 10,633 | 2,581 | 1,669 |
| Pension scheme contributions | 513 | 550 | 540 | 273 | 182 |
| Share-based payment expenses | 4,341 | 4,341 | 3,693 | 2,132 | 3,418 |
| Total | 8,069 | 8,330 | 14,866 | 4,986 | 5,269 |

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

| | Year end | ed 31 Decem | Six months e June | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 (unaudited) | 2024 |
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000 | - | _ | _ | 2 | - |
| HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 1 |
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | 2 |
| HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$4,000,000 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - |
| HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$5,000,000 | | | 1 | | |
| Total | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 |

Certain non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees were granted shares under a share incentive scheme, in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in Note 32. The fair value of such shares, which has been recognized in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amounts included in the financial statements for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 are included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

Chinese Mainland

PRC corporate income tax has been provided at the rate of 25% on the taxable profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023.

One of the Group's PRC subsidiaries, Shanghai Bloks Bricks Technology Co., Ltd. was accredited as a "High and New Technology Enterprise" under the relevant tax rules and regulations in November 2021, and accordingly, was entitled to a reduced preferential CIT rate of 15% during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023. This qualification is subject to review by the relevant tax authority in the PRC for every three years.

USA

The subsidiary incorporated in the USA is subject to statutory United States federal corporate income tax at a rate of 21%.

Hong Kong

The subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong is subject to Hong Kong profits tax at the statutory rate of 16.5% on any estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023, except for two subsidiaries of the Group which are a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

Cayman Islands

Under the current laws of the Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to tax on income or capital gains. In addition, upon payments of dividends by the Company to its shareholders, no withholding tax is imposed on the Company in the Cayman Islands.

The income tax expense of the Group for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 is analysed as follows:

| | Year er | Year ended 31 December | | | ended 30 ne |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2021 RMB'000 | 2022 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 (unaudited) | 2024 RMB'000 |
| Current tax Deferred tax | 5 (56,986) | 5 (34,071) | 154 17,488 | 105 423 | 9,190 42,945 |
| | (56,981) | (34,066) | 17,642 | 528 | 52,135 |

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

A reconciliation of tax expense applicable to loss before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the income tax expense at the effective income tax rate for each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 is as follows:

| | | | | Six months | ended 30 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Year er | nded 31 Dece | mber | June | |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | | | (unaudited) | |
| Loss before tax | (563,834) | (456,771) | (189,839) | (202,260) | (202,756) |
| Tax at statutory tax rate of 25% | (140,959) | (114,193) | (47,459) | (50,565) | (50,689) |
| Impact of different tax rate | 107 | 585 | 215 | 178 | 4,261 |
| Effect of tax concessions | 28,204 | 16,959 | (16,197) | (2,593) | (35,486) |
| Expenses not deductible for tax | 2,205 | 2,350 | `1,969 [°] | 973 | 93,385 |
| Tax losses utilised from previous | | | | | |
| years | (2) | (49) | (90) | (15) | (78) |
| Tax losses not recognised | 53,464 | 60,282 | <u>79,204</u> | <u>52,550</u> | 40,742 |
| Tax (credit)/charge for the | | | | | |
| year/period | (56,981) | (34,066) | 17,642 | 528 | 52,135 |

13. DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company since its date of incorporation.

14. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic loss per share amount is based on the loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 151,985,664, 148,844,005, 148,844,005 and 148,844,005 in issue during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023, after taking into account the retrospective adjustment of Reorganization as disclosed in Note 28, redemption rights granted to capital swap as disclosed in Note 29 and share capital in Note 30.

| Loss per share | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 (unaudited) | 2024 |
| Loss Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (RMB'000) | (502,594) | (419,886) | (206,100) | (201,866) | (257,894) |
| Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year/period used in the basic loss per share calculation ('000) | 151,986 | 148,844 | 148,844 | 148,844 | 148,844 |
| Basic loss per share (RMB) | (3.31) | (2.82) | (1.38) | (1.36) | (1.73) |

No adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 in respect of a dilution as the impact of convertible redeemable preferred shares and equity-settled share-based payment had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amounts presented.

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Electronic equipment RMB'000 | Mold equipment RMB'000 | Furniture RMB'000 | Transportation equipment RMB'000 | Leasehold improvements RMB'000 | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 31 December 2021 At 1 January 2021: Cost Accumulated | 9,223 | 23,320 | 5,162 | 2,015 | 19,570 | 59,290 |
| depreciation and impairment | (7,934) | (4,782) | (4,012) | (1,728) | (18,612) | _(37,068) |
| Net carrying amount | 1,289 | 18,538 | 1,150 | 287 | 958 | 22,222 |
| At 1 January 2021, net of accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation | 1,289 | 18,538 | 1,150 | 287 | 958 | 22,222 |
| Additions | 2,170 | 21,680 | 2 | - | - | 23,852 |
| Disposals | (180) | (8) | - | - | - | (188) |
| Depreciation provided during the year | (724) | (11,883) | (729) | (140) | (630) | (14,106) |
| Impairment | | (20,634) | | | | _(20,634) |
| At 31 December 2021, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment | 2,555 | 7,693 | 423 | 147 | 328 | 11,146 |
| impairment | 2,333 | 7,093 | 423 | | | |
| At 31 December 2021: Cost Accumulated | 7,946 | 44,903 | 5,164 | 2,015 | 19,570 | 79,598 |
| depreciation | (5,391) | (16,576) | (4,741) | (1,868) | (19,242) | (47,818) |
| Impairment | | (20,634) | | | _ | (20,634) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,555 | 7,693 | 423 | 147 | 328 | 11,146 |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

| | Electronic equipment RMB'000 | Mold equipment RMB'000 | Furniture RMB'000 | Transportation equipment RMB'000 | Leasehold improvements RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 31 December 2022 At 1 January 2022: | | | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 7,946 | 44,903 | 5,164 | 2,015 | 19,570 | 79,598 |
| depreciation Impairment | (5,391) | (16,576) (20,634) | (4,741) | (1,868) | (19,242) | (47,818) (20,634) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,555 | 7,693 | 423 | 147 | 328 | 11,146 |
| At 1 January 2022, net of accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation | 2.555 | 7.693 | 423 | 147 | 328 | 11.146 |
| Additions | 1,048 | 27,305 | 24 | - | 40 | 28,417 |
| Disposals | (20) | (111) | - | - | - | (131) |
| Depreciation provided | | | | | | |
| during the year | (1,163) | (8,955) | (135) | (47) | (188) | (10,488) |
| Impairment | | (6,159) | | | | (6,159) |
| At 31 December 2022, net of accumulated depreciation and | | | | | | |
| impairment | 2,420 | 19,773 | 312 | 100 | 180 | 22,785 |
| At 31 December 2022: | | | | | | |
| Cost | 8,907 | 72,098 | 5,188 | 2,015 | 19,610 | 107,818 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (6,487) | (25,532) | (4,876) | (1,915) | (19,430) | (58,240) |
| Impairment | | (26,793) | | | | (26,793) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,420 | 19,773 | 312 | 100 | 180 | 22,785 |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

| | Electronic equipment RMB'000 | Mold equipment RMB'000 | Furniture RMB'000 | Transportation equipment RMB'000 | Leasehold improvements RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 31 December 2023 At 1 January 2023: | | | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 8,907 | 72,098 | 5,188 | 2,015 | 19,610 | 107,818 |
| depreciation Impairment | (6,487) | (25,532) (26,793) | (4,876) | (1,915) | (19,430) | (58,240) _(26,793) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,420 | 19,773 | 312 | 100 | 180 | 22,785 |
| At 1 January 2023, net of accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation | 2,420 | 19,773 | 312 | 100 | 180 | 22,785 |
| Additions Disposals | 937 (66) | 37,850 | 3 | - | - | 38,790 (66) |
| Depreciation provided | , | | | | | () |
| during the year | (1,163) | (12,499) | (37) | | (138) | (13,837) |
| At 31 December 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and | | | | | | |
| impairment | 2,128 | 45,124 | 278 | 100 | 42 | 47,672 |
| At 31 December 2023: | 0.050 | 400.040 | 5.404 | 0.045 | 40.040 | 445.044 |
| Cost Accumulated | 9,050 | 109,948 | 5,191 | 2,015 | 19,610 | 145,814 |
| depreciation Impairment | (6,922) | (38,031) (26,793) | (4,913) | (1,915) | (19,568) | (71,349) (26,793) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,128 | 45,124 | 278 | 100 | 42 | 47,672 |

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

| | Electronic equipment | Mold equipment | Furniture | Transportation equipment | Leasehold improvements | Total |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| 30 June 2024 At 1 January 2024: | | | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 9,050 | 109,948 | 5,191 | 2,015 | 19,610 | 145,814 |
| depreciation Impairment | (6,922) | (38,031) (26,793) | (4,913) | (1,915) | (19,568) | (71,349) (26,793) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,128 | 45,124 | 278 | 100 | 42 | 47,672 |
| At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation | 2,128 | 45,124 | 278 | 100 | 42 | 47,672 |
| Additions Disposals | 993 (236) | 36,174 | - | 1,147 (70) | (19) | 38,314 (325) |
| Disposals Depreciation provided during | (230) | - | - | (70) | (19) | (323) |
| the period | (578) | (11,671) | (16) | (45) | (23) | (12,333) |
| At 30 June 2024, net of accumulated depreciation and | | | | | | |
| impairment | 2,307 | 69,627 | 262 | 1,132 | | 73,328 |
| At 30 June 2024: | | | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 8,797 | 146,122 | 5,191 | 1,772 | 19,555 | 181,437 |
| depreciation Impairment | (6,490) | (49,702) (26,793) | (4,929) | (640) | (19,555) | (81,316) (26,793) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,307 | 69,627 | 262 | 1,132 | | 73,328 |

In the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, management identified certain molds no longer in use and assessed the recoverable value of those molds was zero, as such molds were for obsolete brick-based toys. Impairment of RMB20,634,000 and RMB6,159,000 has been provided in 2021 and 2022, respectively. Except above, the Group did not identify impairment indicator may exist during the Relevant Periods.

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

16. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for items of office and warehouse properties used in its operations. Leases of the Group generally have lease terms between 1 and 3 years.

| | As a | As at 31 December | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | | | |
| - Properties | 44,146 | 27,238 | 58,442 | 49,357 | | |
| Lease liabilities | | | | | | |
| - Current | 27,289 | 19,168 | 21,969 | 21,442 | | |
| - Non-current | 18,116 | 4,100 | 34,962 | 24,824 | | |
| | 45,405 | 23,268 | 56,931 | 46,266 | | |

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

| | As a | As at 31 December | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| At beginning of year/period | 65,450 | 44,146 | 27,238 | 58,442 | | |
| Addition | - | 5,152 | 52,831 | 989 | | |
| Disposal | - | - | (390) | - | | |
| Depreciation charge | (21,304) | (22,060) | (21,237) | (10,074) | | |
| At end of year/period | 44,146 | 27,238 | 58,442 | 49,357 | | |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

16. LEASES (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities and the movements during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

| | Asa | As at 31 December | | | | |
|---|----------|-------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| Carrying amount at beginning of year/period | 65,450 | 45,405 | 23,268 | 56,931 | | |
| New leases | - | 5,152 | 52,831 | 989 | | |
| Disposals | - | - | (468) | - | | |
| Accretion of interest recognised during the | | | , , | | | |
| year/period | 2,323 | 1,564 | 600 | 891 | | |
| Payments | (22,368) | (28,853) | (19,300) | (12,545) | | |
| Carrying amount at end of year/period | 45,405 | 23,268 | 56,931 | 46,266 | | |
| Analysed into: | | | | | | |
| Current portion | 27,289 | 19.168 | 21.969 | 21,442 | | |
| Non-current portion | 18,116 | 4,100 | 34,962 | 24,824 | | |
| | 45,405 | 23,268 | 56,931 | 46,266 | | |

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

| | Year ei | nded 31 Dece | ember | Six months Jur | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2021 RMB'000 | 2022 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 (unaudited) | 2024 RMB'000 |
| Depreciation charge of right-of- use assets Interest on lease liabilities Expense relating to short-term leases not included in lease | 21,304 2,323 | 22,060 1,564 | 21,237 600 | 10,715 386 | 10,074 891 |
| leases not included in lease liabilities Gain arising from early termination of leases | 2,278 | 483 | 1,173 (77) | 546 (77) | 402 |
| | 25,905 | 24,107 | 22,933 | 11,570 | 11,367 |

⁽d) The total cash outflows for leases are disclosed in note 33(c) to the financial statements.

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | Licensed IP RMB'000 | Sponsorship RMB'000 | Software RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 31 December 2021 | | | | |
| At 1 January 2021: Cost Accumulated | - | - | 1,316 | 1,316 |
| amortisation | | | (1,065) | (1,065) |
| Net carrying amount | | <u>-</u> | 251 | 251 |
| Cost at 1 January 2021, net of accumulated amortisation Additions Amortisation provided during the year | 5,475 (2,501) | 2,358 (688) | 251 - (63) | 251 7,833 (3,252) |
| At 31 December 2021 | 2,974 | 1,670 | 188 | 4,832 |
| At 31 December 2021: Cost Accumulated amortisation | 5,475 (2,501) | 2,358 (688) | 502 (314) | 8,335 (3,503) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,974 | 1,670 | 188 | 4,832 |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

| | Licensed IP | Sponsorship | Software | Total |
|---|-------------|-------------|----------|---------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| 31 December 2022 | | | | |
| At 1 January 2022: | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 5,475 | 2,358 | 502 | 8,335 |
| amortisation | (2,501) | (688) | (314) | (3,503) |
| Net carrying amount | 2,974 | 1,670 | 188 | 4,832 |
| Cost at 1 January 2022, net of accumulated | | | | |
| amortisation | 2,974 | 1,670 | 188 | 4,832 |
| Additions | 5,513 | - | 303 | 5,816 |
| Amortisation provided | (5.070) | (4.470) | (77) | (0.000) |
| during the year | (5,073) | (1,179) | (77) | (6,329) |
| At 31 December 2022 | 3,414 | 491 | 414 | 4,319 |
| At 31 December 2022: | | | | |
| Cost | 7,276 | 2,358 | 805 | 10,439 |
| Accumulated | , - | , | | , |
| amortisation | (3,862) | (1,867) | (391) | (6,120) |
| Net carrying amount | 3,414 | 491 | 414 | 4,319 |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

| | Licensed IP | Sponsorship | Software | Total |
|--|-----------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| 31 December 2023 | | | | |
| At 1 January 2023: Cost | 7,276 | 2,358 | 805 | 10,439 |
| Accumulated amortisation | (3,862) | (1,867) | (391) | (6,120) |
| Net carrying amount | 3,414 | 491 | 414 | 4,319 |
| Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated | | | | |
| amortisation Additions Amortisation provided | 3,414 11,072 | 491 - | 414 | 4,319 11,072 |
| during the year | (8,989) | (491) | (138) | (9,618) |
| At 31 December 2023 | 5,497 | | 276 | 5,773 |
| At 31 December 2023: | | | | 40.000 |
| Cost Accumulated | 11,828 | - | 805 | 12,633 |
| amortisation | (6,331) | <u>-</u> | (529) | (6,860) |
| Net carrying amount | 5,497 | | 276 | 5,773 |

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

| | Licensed IP RMB'000 | Software RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 30 June 2024 | | | |
| At 1 January 2024: Cost Accumulated amortisation | 11,828 (6,331) | 805 (529) | 12,633 (6,860) |
| Net carrying amount | 5,497 | 276 | 5,773 |
| Cost at 1 January 2024, net of accumulated amortisation Additions Amortisation provided during the period | 5,497 23,007 (14,656) | 276 1,124 (198) | 5,773 24,131 (14,854) |
| At 30 June 2024 | 13,848 | 1,202 | 15,050 |
| At 30 June 2024: Cost Accumulated amortisation | 28,503 (14,655) | 1,828 (626) | 30,331 (15,281) |
| Net carrying amount | 13,848 | 1,202 | 15,050 |

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

| | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|--|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Current | | | | |
| Cash management products | 272,785 | 1,251 | 1,251 | |

The cash management products were issued by banks in Chinese Mainland. They were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and fixed interest.

19. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

| | | | Losses available for offsetting | | |
|--|------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| | Impairment | | against future | Lease | |
| | of assets | Accruals | taxable profits | liabilities | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| At 1 January 2021 Deferred tax (charged)/credited to | 717 | 21,980 | 107,555 | 9,817 | 140,069 |
| profit or loss during the year | 3,066 | (4,543) | 58,932 | (3,006) | 54,449 |
| Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2021 | 3,783 | 17,437 | 166,487 | 6,811 | 194,518 |
| At 1 January 2022 Deferred tax | 3,783 | 17,437 | 166,487 | 6,811 | 194,518 |
| (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year | 1,752 | (2,500) | 34,920 | (3,321) | 30,851 |
| Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022 | 5,535 | 14,937 | 201,407 | 3,490 | 225,369 |
| At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax | 5,535 | 14,937 | 201,407 | 3,490 | 225,369 |
| (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year | 83 | 3,594 | (21,533) | 5,049 | (12,807) |
| Gross deferred tax assets | | | | | |
| at 31 December 2023 | 5,618 | 18,531 | 179,874 | 8,539 | 212,562 |
| At 1 January 2024 Deferred tax (charged)/credited to | 5,618 | 18,531 | 179,874 | 8,539 | 212,562 |
| profit or loss during the period | 157 | 3,217 | (46,081) | (1,601) | (44,308) |
| Gross deferred tax assets at 30 June 2024 | 5,775 | 21,748 | 133,793 | 6,938 | 168,254 |

19. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The movements in deferred tax liabilities during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

| | Fair value adjustments of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Right-of-use assets | Total |
|--|--|---------------------|---------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| At 1 January 2021 Deferred tax charged/(credited) to | 26 | 9,817 | 9,843 |
| profit or loss during the year | 658 | (3,195) | (2,537) |
| Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2021 | 684 | 6,622 | 7,306 |
| At 1 January 2022 Deferred tax credited to | 684 | 6,622 | 7,306 |
| profit or loss during the year | (684) | (2,536) | (3,220) |
| Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022 | | 4,086 | 4,086 |
| At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax charged to | - | 4,086 | 4,086 |
| profit or loss during the year | | 4,681 | 4,681 |
| Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2023 | | 8,767 | 8,767 |
| At 1 January 2024 Deferred tax credited to | - | 8,767 | 8,767 |
| profit or loss during the period | | (1,363) | (1,363) |
| Gross deferred tax liabilities at 30 June 2024 | | 7,404 | 7,404 |

19. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statements of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

| | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | 2021 RMB'000 | 2022 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 | 2024 RMB'000 |
| Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statements of financial position | 187,212 | 221,283 | 203,795 | 160,850 |

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following item:

| | As | at 31 Decembe | r | As at 30 June |
|------------|---------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Tax losses | 293,705 | 340,634 | 426,484 | 132,930 |

20. INVENTORIES

| | As | at 31 Decemb | er | As at 30 June |
|------------------|---------|--------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Finished goods | 61,288 | 46,344 | 55,524 | 124,941 |
| Raw materials | 6,081 | 10,955 | 20,207 | 22,318 |
| Goods in transit | 2,400 | 3,909 | 563 | 4,075 |
| | 69,769 | 61,208 | 76,294 | 151,334 |

21. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES

| | Δο | As at 31 December | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | June 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade receivables | 25,562 | 15,647 | 38,964 | 63,920 |
| Notes receivable | - | 100 | - | - |
| | 25,562 | 15,747 | 38,964 | 63,920 |
| Less: allowance for impairment | (645) | (448) | (708) | (622) |
| Net carrying amount | 24,917 | 15,299 | 38,256 | 63,298 |

Advance payment is normally required except for certain customers where credits are granted. The credit period is generally 1 to 3 months. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. The balances of trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An aging analysis of the trade and notes receivables as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on the billing date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

| | As | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Within 3 months | 22,812 | 14,114 | 36,428 | 62,635 |
| 3 to 6 months | 1,563 | 692 | 1,600 | 477 |
| 6 to 9 months | 322 | 195 | 110 | 43 |
| 9 months to 1 year | 88 | 232 | 34 | 84 |
| Over 1 year | 132 | 66 | 84 | 59 |
| | 24,917 | 15,299 | 38,256 | 63,298 |

21. TRADE AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

| | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|--|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| At beginning of year/period Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment | 1,074 | 645 | 448 | 708 |
| losses), net | (149) | (197) | 871 | 58 |
| Write-off | (280) | | (611) | (144) |
| At end of year/period | 645 | 448 | 708 | 622 |

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Group writes off trade receivables when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulties and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner, also taking into account legal advice where appropriate.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

| | Within 3 months | 3 to 6 months | 6 to 9 months | 9 months to 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| | monaio | 111011110 | monaro | to 1 your | Over 1 year | rotar |
| At 31 December 2021 | | | | | | |
| Expected credit loss rate | 0.48% | 8.97% | 26.82% | 35.29% | 61.85% | 2.52% |
| Gross carrying amount(RMB'000) | 22,923 | 1,717 | 440 | 136 | 346 | 25,562 |
| F t - d dit (PMP 000) | 444 | 454 | 440 | 40 | 04.4 | 045 |
| Expected credit losses(RMB'000) | 111 | 154 | 118 | 48 | 214 | 645 |
| At 31 December 2022 | | | | | | |
| Expected credit loss rate | 0.61% | 8.59% | 22.31% | 33.52% | 65.26% | 2.86% |
| Gross carrying amount(RMB'000) | 14,100 | 757 | 251 | 349 | 190 | 15,647 |
| Gross carrying amount(NND 000) | 14,100 | | | | | 13,047 |
| Expected credit losses(RMB'000) | 86 | 65 | 56 | 117 | 124 | 448 |
| p() | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2023 | | | | | | |
| Expected credit loss rate | 0.85% | 8.94% | 19.12% | 44.26% | 69.00% | 1.82% |
| Gross carrying amount(RMB'000) | 36,739 | 1,757 | 136 | 61 | 271 | 38,964 |
| , | | | | | | |
| Expected credit losses(RMB'000) | 311 | 157 | 26 | 27 | 187 | 708 |
| | | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2024 | | | | | | |
| Expected credit loss rate | 0.55% | 11.50% | 23.21% | 42.47% | 70.05% | 0.97% |
| Gross carrying amount(RMB'000) | 62,982 | 539 | 56 | 146 | 197 | 63,920 |
| | | | | | | |
| Expected credit losses(RMB'000) | 347 | 62 | 13 | 62 | 138 | 622 |
| | | | | | | |

In the opinion of the Company's directors, the business and customer risk portfolio of the Group remained stable and there were no significant fluctuations in the historical credit loss incurred. In addition, there is no significant change with regard to economic indicators based on an assessment of forward-looking information.

22. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

Group

| | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Non-current: | | | | |
| Prepaid licensed IP fee (i) | 340 | - | 8,382 | 5,614 |
| Deposits | 6,531 | 6,531 | 6,336 | 6,337 |
| Less: allowance for impairment | | | | |
| | 6,871 | 6,531 | 14,718 | 11,951 |
| Current: | | | | |
| Deferred issuance costs | - | - | - | 8,267 |
| Value-added tax recoverable | 14,486 | 3,558 | 5,082 | 15,341 |
| Prepayments | 7,271 | 4,917 | 7,592 | 11,522 |
| Deposits | 1,556 | 1,534 | 1,573 | 1,992 |
| Others | 1,217 | 1,447 | 1,014 | 1,736 |
| Less: allowance for impairment | (584) | (555) | (784) | (1,172) |
| | 23,946 | 10,901 | 14,477 | 37,686 |
| | 30,817 | 17,432 | 29,195 | 49,637 |

⁽i) Prepaid licensed IP fee is related to the prepayments of the licensed IP intangible assets.

As at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, other receivables of the Group are considered to be of low credit risk and thus the Group has assessed that the ECL for other receivables under the 12-month expected credit loss method.

Company

| | | As at 30 June | | |
|---|---------|---------------|---------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Current: Deferred issuance costs Amounts due from | - | - | - | 8,267 |
| subsidiaries | | | 10,626 | 32,241 |
| | | | 10,626 | 40,508 |

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

Group

| | As at 31 December | | | As at 30 June |
|---|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 2022 20 | | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Cash at bank | 77,462 | 192,284 | 363,786 | 555,130 |
| Cash equivalents (i) | 3,410 | 5,752 | 5,192 | 7,549 |
| Subtotal | 80,872 | 198,036 | 368,978 | 562,679 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Pledged deposits for letters of guarantee | (1,100) | (2,300) | - | - |
| Pledged deposits for notes payable | (3,619) | (6,764) | (8,141) | (8,587) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 76,153 | 188,972 | 360,837 | 554,092 |

Cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

| | As | at 31 Decemb | er | As at 30 June |
|--------|---------|--------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| RMB | 79,063 | 196,573 | 360,451 | 545,658 |
| USD | 1,790 | 1,288 | 8,493 | 16,881 |
| Others | 19 | 175 | 34 | 140 |
| | 80,872 | 198,036 | 368,978 | 562,679 |

⁽i) Cash equivalents represent cash balances kept in third party payment platforms, such as Ali-pay and WeChat accounts which can be withdrawn by the Group at any time.

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Chinese Mainland's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances and deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents approximated to their fair values.

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (continued)

Company

| | As | at 31 Decemb | er | As at 30 June |
|---------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 11,015 | 62,290 | 22,055 |

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

| | As | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|--------|--------------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| RMB | - | 10,675 | 62,132 | 22,043 |
| USD | - | 340 | 149 | - |
| Others | - | | 9 | 12 |
| | <u>-</u> | 11,015 | 62,290 | 22,055 |

24. TRADE AND NOTES PAYABLES

| | As | s at 31 Decemb | er | As at 30 June |
|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade payables | 73,873 | 101,623 | 198,871 | 371,963 |
| Notes payable | 19,006 | 16,910 | 60,800 | 142,742 |
| | 92,879 | 118,533 | 259,671 | 514,705 |

Trade and notes payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on terms of 3 months to 7 months.

An aging analysis of the trade and notes payables as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

| | As | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|-----------------|---------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Within 3 months | 62,653 | 62,484 | 169,638 | 332,736 |
| 3 to 6 months | 29,827 | 54,770 | 85,613 | 156,156 |
| 6 to 12 months | - | 880 | 4,001 | 25,272 |
| Over 1 year | 399 | 399 | 419 | 541 |
| | 92,879 | 118,533 | 259,671 | 514,705 |

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

Group

| | A - | -4 04 Dansamb | | As at 30 |
|---|---------|---------------|---------|----------|
| | | at 31 Decemb | | June |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Non-current: | | | | |
| Loan payable to a third party (i) | 6,376 | 6,965 | 7,083 | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Accrued expenses | 79,352 | 70,825 | 55,703 | 38,886 |
| Salaries and benefits payables | 23,020 | 21,852 | 33,782 | 33,659 |
| Payables for purchase of non-current | .,. | , | | , |
| assets | - | 11,693 | 26,596 | 43,444 |
| Tax payables other than corporate income | | • | • | , |
| tax | 3,562 | 4,615 | 17,704 | 18,213 |
| Accrued listing expenses | - | - | - | 5,366 |
| Customer deposits | 1,719 | 2,084 | 4,140 | 4,924 |
| Payables for acquisition of non-controlling | | | | |
| interest equity | - | - | 30,000 | - |
| Others | 1,645 | 1,586 | 1,448 | 111 |
| | 109,298 | 112,655 | 169,373 | 144,603 |
| | 109,290 | 112,000 | 109,070 | 144,000 |
| | 115,674 | 119,620 | 176,456 | 144,603 |

⁽i) In February 2019, the Group entered into unsecured three-year loan agreements for USD1,000,000 with an independent third-party individual. In February 2022, the Group and the individual reached an supplemental agreement to extend the due date to February 2025. The loan was repaid in April 2024.

Company

| | As | As at 30 June | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2021 2022 2023 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Current: Payables of Investment to the Subsidiaries Accrued listing expenses | 1,759,150 - | 1,388,008 | 254,490 - | 250,490 5,366 |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries | | 256 | 1,838 | 6,243 |
| Others | | | | 7 |
| | 1,759,150 | 1,388,264 | 256,328 | 262,106 |

26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

| | As | As at 31 December | | |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Bank loans – unsecured | | 5,000 | | |

In November 2022, the Group entered into an unsecured loan facility agreement with Bank of Communications, which agreed to provide a credit facility of RMB5,000,000 for a term of six months. On 30 November 2022, the Group fully drew down the borrowing of RMB5,000,000, bearing a fixed interest rate of 3.35% per annum, and repaid when it was due.

In July 2023, the Group entered into a loan facility agreement with China Minsheng Bank, which agreed to provide a credit facility of RMB5,000,000 for a term of one year. As of 30 June 2024, the Group has not yet drawn down the borrowing. The bank loan is secured by the pledge of the intellectual property which owned by the Group.

27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

| | | As at 30 June | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Advances received | | | | |
| from customers | 4,215 | 6,945 | 22,281 | 19,521 |
| Sales rebates Customer loyalty | 976 | 2,019 | 20,704 | 39,309 |
| programme | 24,378 | 21,665 | 23,340 | 25,314 |
| | 29,569 | 30,629 | 66,325 | 84,144 |

28. AMOUNTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE REORGANIZATION

Group

| | Balance At 31 December 2021 RMB'000 | Settlement during 2022 RMB'000 | Balance At 31 December 2022 RMB'000 | Settlement during 2023 RMB'000 | Balance At 31 December 2023 RMB'000 | Settlement during period of six months RMB'000 | Balance At 30 June 2024 RMB'000 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Receivables in connection with the Reorganization | 1,759,480 | (382,480) | 1,377,000 | (1,194,000) | 183,000 | (183,000) | |
| Payables in connection with the Reorganization | 1,759,480 | (352,142) | 1,407,338 | (1,219,818) | 187,520 | (187,520) | |
| Company | | | | | | | |
| | Balance At 31 December 2021 RMB'000 | Settlement during 2022 RMB'000 | Balance At 31 December 2022 RMB'000 | Settlement during 2023 RMB'000 | Balance At 31 December 2023 RMB'000 | Settlement during period of six months RMB'000 | Balance At 30 June 2024 RMB'000 |
| Payables in connection with the Reorganization | 1,759,150 | (382,150) | 1,377,000 | (1,194,000) | 183,000 | (183,000) | |

Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. was founded in 2014 in Shanghai, Chinese Mainland. The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 28 July 2021. The details of Reorganization were set out in the sub-section headed "Reorganization" in the section headed "History, Development and Reorganization" in the Prospectus.

Pursuant to a series of agreements of Reorganization, the then shareholders of Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. shall mirror their equity interests as the shareholders of the Company, including Onshore Withdrawn Investors of RMB1,543,480,000, Yunfeng Warrant of RMB183,000,000 and the Selling Shareholders (as defined below) of RMB33,000,000, representing RMB1,759,480,000 in total.

In August 2021, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd., the holding company of the Group's subsidiaries in Chinese Mainland, entered into a reorganization agreement with Onshore Withdrawn Investors, to buy back registered capital of RMB13,800,835, and reduce its then registered capital, at a total cash consideration of approximately RMB1,726,480,000. Above consideration included RMB183,000,000, payable to a certain then shareholder, which was replaced by warrant in July 2022 (the "Warrant") as disclosed in Note 30.

On 7 November 2022, China Bloks Holding Limited, one of the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong, acquired all the equity interests in Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. from the then shareholders of Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. ("Selling Shareholders") at a total consideration of RMB33,000,000.

During the mirroring process, payables in connection with the Reorganization represents the amount needs to be paid by Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. to the relevant shareholders. Receivables in connection with the Reorganization represents the amount needs to be received by the Company from the relevant shareholders.

Upon the completion of Reorganization activities, the Company issued 223,119,765 shares to the Onshore Withdrawn Investors and Selling Shareholders for approximately RMB1,759,150,000, including RMB1,543,480,000 to the Onshore Withdrawn Investors, RMB32,670,000 to the Selling Shareholders and RMB183,000,000 Warrant.

On 3 April 2024, the Company entered into a warrant termination agreement with then warrant holder to terminate the Warrant by cash settlement, details disclosed in Note 30.

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES

Series Angel

In February 2018, October 2018, May 2019, November 2019 and March 2020, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. raised up to RMB857,000,000 from shareholders and certain onshore investors. On 24 April 2021, after 2021 April capital swap transaction as mentioned below, there was 7,038,460 shares (deemed as 35,192,300 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) of Series Angel Preferred Shares, included 1,253,447 shares (deemed as 6,267,235 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) with redemption rights was recorded as Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares. 7,038,460 shares (deemed as 35,192,300 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) was fully reclassified and redesignated to Series Angel Preferred Shares of the Company in July 2022.

Series Pre-A

In July 2020 and November 2020, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. raised up to RMB330,000,000 from certain onshore investors and a shareholder. On 24 April 2021, there was 2,632,258 shares (deemed as 13,161,290 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) of Series Pre-A Preferred Shares with redemption rights was fully recorded as Series Pre-A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares. 2,632,258 shares (deemed as 13,161,290 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) was fully reclassified and redesignated to Series Pre-A Preferred Shares of the Company in July 2022.

Series A

In April 2021, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. raised up to RMB599,999,631 from certain onshore investors. On 24 April 2021, there was 3,718,661 shares (deemed as 18,593,305 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) of Series A Preferred Shares with redemption rights.

On 24 April 2021, certain investors purchased 1,465,773 shares (deemed as 7,328,865 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) from certain shareholders and these shares was entitled with Series A Preferred Shares ("2021 April capital swap") with redemption rights, together with 3,718,661 shares (deemed as 18,593,305 shares with a par value of USD0.0001 each after Reorganization) of Series A Preferred Shares with redemption rights, was fully recorded as Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares.

25,922,170 Series A Preferred Shares was reclassified and redesignated to Series A Preferred Shares of the Company in July 2022. The 25,922,170 Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares includes 5,767,820 warrant shares issued to Yunfeng Tuoyuan. Further details of Yunfeng Warrant are included in Note 30.

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

Presentation and classification

According to the original and amended Memorandum and Articles of Association ("MOA"), the Company does not have an obligation to i) deliver cash or other financial assets to the holders of Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares); ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with the holders of Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares) that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and iii) to deliver a variable number of the Company's own ordinary shares. Hence, Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares) are recognised as equity in accordance with relevant IFRS standard, and designated Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

According to the MOA of the Company in July 2022, the key terms of Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares, Series Pre-A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares (collectively, the "convertible redeemable preferred shares") are as follows:

Liquidation preference

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up, either voluntarily or involuntarily of the Company, and any Deemed Liquidation Event ("Liquidation Event"), distributions to the members of the Company shall be made in the following manner (after satisfaction of all creditors' claims and claims that may be preferred by law):

- (a) the Series A Preferred Shareholders shall be entitled to receive the Distributable Liquidation Assets in preference to the other Shareholders in the amount equal to 100% of the Series A Actual Investment Amount multiplied by the USD/RMB exchange rate of a bank on the date which is five (5) days prior to the date on which the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount is paid by the Company, plus any accumulated dividends or declared but undistributed dividends thereof (the "Series A Liquidation Preference Amount"). If the Distributable Liquidation Assets are insufficient to pay off all the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount, each such Series A Preferred Shareholder shall be entitled to distribution in proportion to the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount to which they are respectively entitled;
- (b) after the full payment of the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount, the Series Pre-A Preferred Shareholders shall be entitled to receive the Distributable Liquidation Assets in preference to the other Shareholders other than the Series A Preferred Shareholders in the amount equal to 100% of the Series Pre-A Actual Investment Amount multiplied by the USD/RMB exchange rate on a bank on the date which is five (5) days prior to the date on which the Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount is paid by the Company, plus any accumulated dividends or declared but undistributed dividends thereof (the "Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount"). If the Distributable Liquidation Assets are insufficient to pay off all the Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount, each such Series Pre-A Preferred Shareholder shall be entitled to distribution in proportion to the Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount to which they are respectively entitled;

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

Liquidation preference (continued)

- (c) after the full payment of the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount and the Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount, (i) the Series Angel Preferred Shareholders shall be entitled to receive Distributable Liquidation Assets in preference to the Shareholders other than the Series A Preferred Shareholders and the Series Pre-A Preferred Shareholders in the amount equal to 100% of the Series Angel Actual Investment Amount multiplied by the USD/RMB exchange rate on a bank on the date which is five (5) days prior to the date on which the Series Angel Liquidation Preference Amount is paid by the Company, plus any accumulated dividends or declared but undistributed dividends thereof (the "Series Angel Liquidation Preference Amount", together with the Series A Liquidation Preference Amount and the Series Pre-A Liquidation Preference Amount, the "Liquidation Preference Amount"). If the Distributable Liquidation Assets are insufficient to pay off all the Series Angel Liquidation Preference Amount, each such Series Angel Preferred Shareholder shall be entitled to distribution in proportion to the Series Angel Liquidation Preference Amount to which they are respectively entitled;
- (d) after the full payment of the Liquidation Preference Amount, with respect to any remaining assets, all the Shareholders (including the Preferred Shareholders) shall be entitled to receive distribution out of the remaining assets in proportion to their then shareholdings in the Company.

Deemed Liquidation Event means any transaction (treating any series of related transactions as a "transaction") involving (a) the merger or acquisition of any Group Company or other similar transaction of change of Control of such Group Company, which results in the shareholding or voting right of such Group Company in the surviving entity after such event being less than 50%; (b) all or substantially all of the assets of such Group Company are sold or authorised, or all or substantially all or substantially all of the intellectual property of such Group Company are exclusively licensed or sold to a third party; (c) the change of ultimate beneficial owner of such Group Company; and (d) any other events which can be defined as the change of Control of such Group Company.

Conversion rights

- (a) <u>Conversion Rights</u>. Unless converted earlier pursuant to section (b) below, each Preferred Shareholder shall have the right, at such holder's sole discretion, to convert all or any portion of the Preferred Shares (on a fully-diluted basis) into Ordinary Shares at any time. All Preferred Shareholders claimed that they won't exercise the conversion rights before 30 June 2025. The conversion rate for Preferred Shares (on a fully-diluted basis) shall be determined by dividing the applicable Original Issue Price by the conversion price then in effect at the date of the conversion. The initial conversion price will be the applicable Original Issue Price (i.e., a 1-to-1 initial conversion ratio), which will be subject to adjustments to reflect stock dividends, stock splits and other events, (the "Preferred Share Conversion Price"). Nothing in this section shall limit the automatic conversion rights of Preferred Shares (on a fully-diluted basis) described in section (b) below.
- (b) <u>Automatic Conversion.</u> Each Preferred Share (on a fully-diluted basis) shall automatically be converted into Ordinary Shares, at the then applicable Preferred Share Conversion Price upon (i) the closing of an Initial Public Offering, or (ii) the consents in writing by the respective holders of each series or class of Preferred Shares (including the holders of any Warrant convertible into such series or class of Preferred Shares as if such Warrant it holds had been exercised). In the event of the automatic conversion of the Preferred Shares (on a fully-diluted basis) upon an Initial Public Offering as aforesaid, the Person(s) entitled to receive the Ordinary Shares issuable upon such conversion of Preferred Shares shall not be deemed to have converted such Preferred Shares until immediately prior to the closing of such Initial Public Offering.

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

Redemption rights

The Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares, Series Pre-A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares shall be redeemable at the option of the holders of the Preferred Shares as provided herein:

In the event of any of the following circumstances (the "Repurchase Event"), whichever is earlier: (i) the failure to consummate a Qualified IPO by 30 June 2026, (ii) the Group Companies and/or the Founder materially default or breach the representations, warranties, covenants, obligations, undertaking of the Transaction Documents which default or breach has a Material Adverse Effect; (iii) the cessation of the Founder being employed by any of the Group Companies; (iv) the occurrence of a criminal investigation by the competent governmental authorities against the Founder due to the Founder's violation of Laws, and results into a final, non-appealable decision that the Founder shall bear criminal liability, except for any criminal liability of the Founder which has no Material Adverse Effect, including but not limited to criminal liability resulting from violation of traffic rules; (v) any dispute arising from the historical and/or then current shareholders of the Group Companies which results in all Equity Securities of such Group Company or Equity Securities of any other Group Company directly or indirectly held by the Investors being frozen or subject to any disposal restrictions, and which has a material adverse effect to the consummation of a Qualified IPO by the Company or the exit of the Investor, and which fails to be properly resolved within six (6) months from the date of occurrence thereof; and (vi) any Preferred Shareholder exercises his repurchase right pursuant to this section.

The redemption price for each Redemption Share redeemed pursuant to Series A, Series Pre-A and Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares shall be R = I*E*(1+8%)N+D. (i) I represents the actual investment amount in RMB paid by such shareholders; (ii) E represents the USD/RMB exchange rate of a bank on the date which is five (5) days prior to the date on which the Redemption Price is paid by the Company; (iii) N represents a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar days from the date on which such Preferred Shareholder pays the Actual Investment Amount pursuant to the Domestic Share Purchase Agreement, as applicable (the "Acquisition Time"), through the date on which the Redemption Price is actually received by such Series Pre-A Preferred Shareholder, and the denominator of which is 365; (iv) D represents the sum of all dividends and bonus that have been declared but unpaid to such Preferred Shareholder and/or any other accumulated but unpaid amount (if any) corresponding to the Preferred Shares requested to be repurchased by such Preferred Shareholder.

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The movements of the convertible redeemable preferred shares as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are set out below:

| | | l Convertible ble Preferred Shares | Redeema | A Convertible ble Preferred Shares | Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares | | d | |
|---|-----------|--|------------|--|--|-----------|-----------|--|
| | Number of | | Number of | | Number of | | | |
| | shares | RMB'000 | shares | RMB'000 | shares | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| As at 1 January 2021 Issuance of preferred | - | - | 13,161,290 | 300,000 | - | - | 300,000 | |
| shares Redemption rights granted to Series Angel Preferred | - | - | - | - | 18,593,305 | 600,000 | 600,000 | |
| Shareholders Redemption rights granted | 6,267,235 | 100,000 | - | - | - | - | 100,000 | |
| to 2021 April capital swap Accumulated fair value change of equity instrument on redemption | - | - | - | - | 7,328,865 | 115,407 | 115,407 | |
| rights grant date | _ | 18.362 | _ | _ | _ | 104.883 | 123.245 | |
| Changes in fair value | - | 17,628 | - | 50,423 | - | 76,150 | 144,201 | |
| As at 31 December 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| and 1 January 2022 | 6,267,235 | 135,990 | 13,161,290 | 350,423 | 25,922,170 | 896,440 | 1,382,853 | |
| Changes in fair value | | 39,430 | | 70,710 | | 80,891 | 191,031 | |
| As at 31 December 2022 | | | | | | | | |
| and 1 January 2023 | 6,267,235 | 175,420 | 13,161,290 | 421,133 | 25,922,170 | 977,331 | 1,573,884 | |
| Changes in fair value | <u>-</u> | 40,985 | <u>-</u> _ | 84,442 | | 148,705 | 274,132 | |
| As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 | 6,267,235 | 216,405 | 13,161,290 | 505,575 | 25,922,170 | 1,126,036 | 1,848,016 | |
| and 1 January 2024 | 0,207,235 | 210,405 | 13,101,290 | 505,575 | 25,922,170 | 1,120,030 | 1,040,010 | |
| Termination of Warrant agreement | _ | - | - | - | (5,767,820) | (183,000) | (183,000) | |
| Changes in fair value | | 39,825 | <u>-</u> | 76,990 | <u> </u> | 40,218 | 157,033 | |
| As at 30 June 2024 | 6,267,235 | 256,230 | 13,161,290 | 582,565 | 20,154,350 | 983,254 | 1,822,049 | |

29. CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SHARES (continued)

The Group applied the discounted cash flow method to determine the equity value of the Company and adopted the equity allocation model to determine the fair values of the convertible redeemable preferred shares as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. Key valuation assumptions used to determine the fair values of the convertible redeemable preferred shares and commitment derivatives are set below:

| | As | As at 30 June | | |
|--|---------|------------------|---------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Discount rate | 16.50% | 15.50% | 15.00% | 15.00% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.19% | 4.17% | 4.13% | 4.75% |
| Discounts for lack of marketability ("DLOM") | 19.05% | 17.92% | 14.37% | 12.59% |
| Volatility | 43.48% | 45.50% | 41.11% | 39.96% |

The Group estimated the risk-free interest rate based on the yield of the United States Government Bond with maturity close to the expected exit timing as at the valuation date. The DLOM was estimated based on the option-pricing method. Under the option-pricing method, the cost of redemption option, which can hedge the price change before the privately held share can be sold, was considered as a basis to determine the lack of marketability discount.

Volatility was estimated based on the annualised standard deviation of daily stock price return of comparable companies for a period from the valuation date and with a similar time span to expiration.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 July 2021 with initial authorised share capital of USD50,000 divided into 500,000,000 Ordinary Shares of US\$0.0001 each.

On 28 July, 2021, upon incorporation, the Company issued 100 Ordinary Shares to Next Bloks Limited, 100 Ordinary Shares to Smart Bloks Limited, 1 Ordinary Share to ShawnXF Limited, 1 Ordinary Share to Bloks Is Coming Limited and 1 Ordinary Share to Way Elegance Limited, respectively.

On 25 July 2022, the Company reclassified and re-designated:

- 1) A total of 74,275,759 unissued Original Shares of US\$0.0001 each as 35,192,299 Series Angel Preferred Shares, 13,161,290 Series Pre-A Preferred Shares and 25,922,170 Series A Preferred Shares, respectively.
- 2) The Company issued (i) 127,522,548 Ordinary Shares; (ii) 35,192,299 Series Angel Preferred Shares; (iii) issued 13,161,290 Series Pre-A Preferred Shares; (iv) issued 20,154,350 Series A Preferred Shares; (v) 1 issued Ordinary Share of US\$0.0001 as 1 Series Angel Preferred Share.

On 25 July 2022, the Company also entered into the warrant agreement with Yunfeng Tuoyuan, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to issue a warrant to Yunfeng Tuoyuan for it or its designated affiliates to subscribe for an aggregate of 5,767,820 Series A Preferred Shares (the "Warrant"). On 3 April 2024, the Company entered into a warrant termination agreement and then settled the Warrant in cash.

On 12 January 2023, the Company issued 21,321,255 Ordinary Shares to First Prosperity for the purpose of the Share Incentive Scheme.

Authorised

| | Authorised number of shares | Nominal value of shares USD |
|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Ordinary shares of USD1 each as at 28 July 2021 (date of incorporation) Ordinary shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2021 | 500,000,000 500,000,000 | 50,000 50,000 |
| Re-classification and re-designation to Series Angel Preferred Shares Re-classification and re-designation to Series Pre-A Preferred Shares Re-classification and re-designation to Series A Preferred Shares | (35,192,300) (13,161,290) (25,922,170) | (3,519) (1,316) (2,592) |
| Ordinary shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024 | 425,724,240 | 42,573 |
| Series Angel Preferred Shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024 (Note 1) | 35,192,300 | 3,519 |
| Series Pre-A Preferred Shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024 (Note 2) | 13,161,290 | 1,316 |
| Series A Preferred Shares of USD0.0001 each as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024 (Note 3) | 25,922,170 | 2,592 |

- Note 1: 35,192,300 Series Angel Preferred Shares includes (1) 28,925,065 shares was recorded as equity, (2) 6,267,235 shares was recognised as Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and recorded as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024.
- Note 2: 13,161,290 Series Pre-A Preferred Shares was fully recognised as Series Pre-A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and recorded as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024.

30. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Note 3: 25,922,170 Series A Preferred Shares was fully recognised as Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares and recorded as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2022 and 2023. Warrant with 5,767,820 shares was terminated on 3 April 2024 but still within authorised Series A Preferred Shares and there was 20,154,350 shares recognised as Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares as at 30 June 2024.

Issued and fully paid

| | Number of shares | Nominal value of shares USD | Nominal value of shares |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ordinary shares Issuance of Ordinary shares at the date of incorporation (28 July 2021) As at 31 December 2021 | 203 203 | - | - |
| Issuance of Ordinary shares Re-designate to Series Angel | 127,522,548 | 12,752 | 91,521 |
| Preferred Shares As at 31 December 2022 | (1) 127,522,750 | 12,752 | 91,521 |
| Ordinary shares issued for the share incentive plan | 21,321,255 | 2,132 | 15,301 |
| As at 31 December 2023 and 30 June 2024 | 148,844,005 | 14,884 | 106,822 |
| | Number of shares | Nominal value of shares USD | Nominal value of shares |
| Series Angel Preferred Shares (Note) As at 28 July 2021 (date of incorporation) As at 31 December 2021 | <u>. </u> | <u>-</u> | <u>:</u> |
| Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares) issued | 28,925,065 | 2,893 | 20,759 |
| As at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024 | 28,925,065 | 2,893 | 20,759 |

Note: The Company does not hold an unavoidable obligation to (i) deliver cash or other financial assets to Series Angel preferred shareholders; (ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with Series Angel preferred shareholders that are unfavorable to the Company; and (iii) to deliver a variable number of the Company's own ordinary shares. Hence, Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares) were recognized as equity in accordance with relevant IFRS standard.

30. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Share Capital

| | A | As at 30 June | | |
|--|--------|---------------|-------------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Issued and fully paid: Nominal value of Ordinary shares (RMB) Nominal value of Series Angel Preferred Shares (except for Series Angel Convertible Redeemable Preferred Shares) (RMB) | - - | 91,521 | 106,822 | 20,759 |
| Total | | 112,280 | 127,581 | 127,581 |

31. RESERVES

Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023 are presented in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

(a) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received.

(b) Share option reserve

The share option reserve of the Group represents the share-based payment granted by the Group.

(c) Other reserve

The other reserve represents (i) the exchange fluctuation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of group companies whose functional currencies are different from the Company's presentation currency; and (ii) the acquisition of minority interests of the Group's subsidiaries.

Bloks Group Limited

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31. RESERVES (continued)

Company

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

| | Share premium RMB'000 | Share option reserve RMB'000 | Other reserve RMB'000 | Accumulated losses RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| At 1 January 2021 Incorporation of the Company Total comprehensive loss for the | - 859,150 | - 8,851 | - - | - - | - 868,001 |
| year Recognition of share-based | - | - | - | (144,201) | (144,201) |
| payment expenses Redemption rights granted to | - | 6,863 | - | - | 6,863 |
| capital swap | (215,407) | - | (123,245) | | (338,652) |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 643,743 | 15,714 | (123,245) | (144,201) | 392,011 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year lssue of shares Recognition of share-based | - (112) | - - | (8) | (191,272) - | (191,280) (112) |
| payment expenses | | 6,337 | | | 6,337 |
| At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 | 643,631 | 22,051 | (123,253) | (335,473) | 206,956 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year lssue of shares Recognition of share-based | - (16) | - | (5) - | (274,290) | (274,295) (16) |
| payment expenses | | 6,231 | | | 6,231 |
| At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 | 643,615 | 28,282 | (123,258) | (609,763) | (61,124) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period | - | - | (122) | (532,350) | (532,472) |
| Recognition of share-based payment expenses | - | 374,670 | - | - | 374,670 |
| At 30 June 2024 | 643,615 | 402,952 | (123,380) | (1,142,113) | (218,926) |

32. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

In order to promote the Group's development in the long run and attract and retain the senior management team and core talents, Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd., the onshore holding company of the Group adopted a share incentive scheme (the "Original Plan") in December 2020.

In December 2020, the Board approved the Original Plan and granted 4,089,574 shares to certain employees at an exercise price of RMB0.2 per share. According to the Original Plan agreements, the shares are vested in one tranche within the vesting period from the grant date to the estimated date of completion of the qualified initial public offering of the Company, subject to employees' continuous service to the Company.

In March 2024, the Board passed a resolution to replace the Original Plan with an unmodified equity incentive plan (the "Mirroring Plan"). The Mirroring Plan is the continuation of the Original Plan adopted by Shanghai Bloks Technology Group Co., Ltd. in December 2020. At the meanwhile, the Company intends to amend the Scheme (including the name of the Scheme, which will be updated to the Share Incentive Scheme), applicable both to the participants regulated under the domestic scheme and to any eligible future participants.

In April 2024, the Board granted 17,776,888 share options to certain employees including the chief executive and executive directors under the Share Incentive Scheme at an exercise price of RMB0.2 per share. The share options granted to the chief executive have been vested immediately. The remaining share options shall be vested in four, six or eight years and the share options shall be vested in yearly instalments of agreed percentage at each anniversary date commencing from the vesting commencement date.

During the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group recognised share-based payment expenses of RMB6,863,000, RMB6,337,000, RMB6,231,000, RMB374,670,000 and RMB3,071,000 (unaudited), respectively.

The following shares were outstanding during the Relevant Periods:

| | Share Incentive Scheme adop Numbers of shares | |
|--|--|--------------|
| At 1 January 2021 Forfeited | 4,089,574 (380,158) | 7.05 |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 3,709,416 | 7.05 |
| Forfeited | (85,712) | _ |
| At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 | 3,623,704 | 7.05 |
| Forfeited | (66,387) | |
| At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 | 3,557,317 | 7.05 |
| Forfeited | (12,950) | |
| At 30 June 2024 | 3,544,367 | 7.05 |

32. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT (continued)

| | Share Incentive Scheme a Numbers of shares | dopted in April 2024 Fair value per share |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | Transoro or onaros | RMB |
| At 1 January 2024 | | . |
| Grant | 17,776,888 | 28.57-28.60 |
| At 30 June 2024 | 17,776,888 | 28.57-28.60 |

The fair value of the shares granted in December 2020 was RMB7.05 per share and the exercise price was RMB0.2 per share. The fair value of the share options granted in April 2024 was between RMB28.57 and RMB28.60 per share and the exercise price was RMB0.2 per share.

The fair value of the Original Plan at the grant date was determined using back-solve method from most recent transaction price, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the shares were granted.

The fair value of the share options granted in April 2024 was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

| | 15 April 2024 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Dividend yield (%) | _ |
| Expected Volatility (%) | 41.48 |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 4.61 |
| Expected life of options (years) | 10.00 |

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

Bloks Group Limited

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

33. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group had no major non-cash transactions. During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023 and the six months ended 30 June 2024, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets of RMB5,152,000, RMB52,831,000 and RMB989,000 and lease liabilities of RMB5,152,000, RMB52,831,000 and RMB989,000, respectively, in respect of lease agreements.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| | Lease liabilities RMB'000 | Convertible redeemable preferred shares RMB'000 | Interest-bearing bank borrowings RMB'000 | Accrued listing expense included in other payables RMB'000 | Amounts due to related parties RMB'000 | Payables for acquisition of non-controlling interest equity RMB'000 | Amounts in connection with the Reorganization RMB'000 | Loan payable to a third party RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| At 1 January 2021 Changes from financing | 65,450 | 638,652 | - | - | 19,196 | - | - | 6,525 | 729,823 |
| cash flows Interest expenses Effect of foreign exchange | (22,368) 2,323 | 600,000 | - | - | - - | - | - | - | 577,632 2,323 |
| rate changes, net Fair value changes | - | 144,201 | | | (461) | | | (149) | (610) 144,201 |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 45,405 | 1,382,853 | | | 18,735 | | | 6,376 | 1,453,369 |
| Changes from financing cash flows New leases Interest expenses Effect of foreign exchange | (28,853) 5,152 1,564 | : | 4,990 - 10 | : | 25,000 | : | 30,338 | : | 31,475 5,152 1,574 |
| rate changes, net Fair value changes | | 191,031 | | | 959 | | | 589 | 1,548 191,031 |
| At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 | 23,268 | 1,573,884 | 5,000 | | 44,694 | | 30,338 | 6,965 | 1,684,149 |

Bloks Group Limited

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

33. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

| | Lease liabilities RMB'000 | Convertible redeemable preferred shares RMB'000 | Interest- bearing bank borrowings RMB'000 | Accrued listing expense included in other payables RMB'000 | Amounts due to related parties RMB'000 | Payables for acquisition of non-controlling interest equity RMB'000 | Amounts in connection with the Reorganization RMB'000 | Loan payable to a third party RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing cash flows | 23,268 (19,300) | 1,573,884 | 5,000 (6,054) | - - | 44,694 (18,974) | - | 30,338 (25,818) | 6,965 - | 1,684,149 (70,146) |
| New leases Lease termination Interest expenses | 52,831 (468) 600 | - | - - 1,054 | - | - | - | - | - - - | 52,831 (468) 1,654 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net Acquisition of non-controlling interest equity | - | - | | - | 193 | 30,000 | - | 118 | 311 30,000 |
| Fair value changes | - | 274,132 | | | | | | <u> </u> | 274,132 |
| At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 | <u>56,931</u> | 1,848,016 | | | 25,913 | 30,000 | 4,520 | 7,083 | 1,972,463 |
| Changes from financing cash flows Changes from operating cash flows | (12,545) | (183,000) | - | (7,540) (10,716) | (25,914) | (32,400) | (4,520) - | (7,095) | (273,014) (10,716) |
| New leases Listing expenses | 989 - | - | - | 15,355 | - | - | - | - | 989 15,355 |
| Deferred issue costs Acquisition of non-controlling interest equity Interest expenses | - - 891 | - | - | 8,267 - | - | 2,400 | - | - | 8,267 2,400 891 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net Fair value changes | - | 157,033 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 12 | 13 157,033 |
| At 30 June 2024 | 46,266 | 1,822,049 | | 5,366 | | | | | 1,873,681 |
| At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing cash flows (unaudited) Lease termination (unaudited) Interest expenses (unaudited) | 23,268 (6,695) (468) 386 | 1,573,884 - - - | 5,000 (5,937) - 937 | - - - | 44,694 | - | 30,338 (25,818) | 6,965 - - | 1,684,149 (38,450) (468) 1,323 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net (unaudited) Fair value changes (unaudited) | - - | - 188,611 | - | - - | 426 | | - - | 261 | 687 188,611 |
| At 30 June 2023 (unaudited) | 16,491 | 1,762,495 | | <u>-</u> | 45,120 | | 4,520 | 7,226 | 1,835,852 |

33. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(c) Total cash outflows for leases

| | Year e | nded 31 Dec | Six months | ended 30 June | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Within operating activities Within financing activities | 2,278 22,368 | 483 28,853 | 1,173 19,300 | 546 6,695 | 402 12,545 |
| | 24,646 | 29,336 | 20,473 | 7,241 | 12,947 |

34. COMMITMENTS

Contractual commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of each of the Relevant Periods but not yet incurred is as follows:

| | | | | As at 30 |
|----------------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|
| | As | at 31 Decemb | er | June |
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Mold equipment | - | 2,497 | 453 | 16,941 |
| Licensed IP | 6,738 | 5,618 | 4,585 | 39,294 |
| | 6,738 | 8,115 | 5,038 | 56,235 |

35. TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

(a) Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries

During the Relevant Periods, the Group acquired the following additional equity interests in the subsidiaries from the non-controlling interests:

| Subsidiaries | Date | Equity interests acquired % | Cash consideration RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. | 11 March 2021 | 3.42 | - |
| Shanghai Bloks Culture Communication Co., Ltd. | 13 October 2023 | 8.70 | 30,007 |
| Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. | 31 March 2024 | 35.00 | 2,400 |

The effect of changes in the equity interests of these subsidiaries on the total equity attributable to owners of the parent during the Relevant Periods is summarised as follows:

| or becomber 2021 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired | 1 |

35. TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

(a) Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries (continued)

| 31 December 2023 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired Consideration payable to non-controlling interests | (10,254) |
| Excess of consideration paid over the carrying amount acquired | 40,261 |
| 30 June 2024 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired Consideration payable to non-controlling interests | (20) |
| Excess of consideration paid over the carrying amount acquired | 2,420 |

In March 2024, the Group acquired additional equity interests in Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, from two non-controlling shareholders at cash consideration of RMB2,400,000. After the transaction, the Group's shareholding of Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. increased to 100% accordingly.

(b) Disposal of interests in subsidiaries without loss of control

In April 2021, Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, obtained a capital injection from a non-controlling shareholder amounting to RMB1,800,000. After the capital injection, the Group's equity interest diluted from 68.42% to 65% and the non-controlling interests in Bloks Technology (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. increased to RMB633,000 accordingly.

35. TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

(c) Effects of transactions with non-controlling interests on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023:

| 31 | December | 2021 |
|----|----------|------|
| | | |

| 31 December 2021 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Changes in equity attributable to owners of the parent arising from: - Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries - Disposal of interests in subsidiaries without loss of control | 1 1,166 |
| Net effect for transactions with non-controlling interests on equity attributable to owners of the parent | 1,167 |
| 31 December 2023 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
| Changes in equity attributable to owners of the parent arising from: - Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries | 40,261 |
| Net effect for transactions with non-controlling interests on equity attributable to owners of the parent | 40,261 |
| 30 June 2024 | Effect on the total equity RMB'000 |
| Changes in equity attributable to owners of the parent arising from: - Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries | 2,420 |
| Net effect for transactions with non-controlling interests on equity attributable to owners of the parent | 2,420 |

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Name and relationship of related parties

NameRelationshipMr. Zhu WeisongControlling shareholder

Mr. Zhu Weisong
Ningbo Shengteng Investment Management Partnership
(Limited Partnership)
Wise Creation Investment Limited
Shanghai Information Technology Co., Ltd.
Shanghai Bloks Culture Communication Co., Ltd.

Controlled by the controlling shareholder Controlled by the controlling shareholder Controlled by the controlling shareholder Controlled by the controlling shareholder

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Transactions with related parties

The Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2023:

| | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2021 RMB'000 | 2022 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 | 2023 RMB'000 (unaudited) | 2024 RMB'000 | |
| Borrowings from a related party Repayment of amounts due to | - | 25,000 | - | - | - | |
| related parties Sublease income from a related | - | - | 18,974 | - | 25,914 | |
| party Animation production service | - | - | - | - | 137 | |
| fees from a related party | | | | | 834 | |

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties

| | Δs | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|---|---------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Loan payables Ningbo Shengteng Investment Management Partnership (Limited | | | | |
| Partnership) | - | 25,000 | 25,000 | - |
| Mr. Zhu Weisong | 17,913 | 18,797 | - | - |
| Wise Creation Investment Limited | 822 | 897 | 913 | |
| | 18,735 | 44,694 | 25,913 | |
| Other receivables from sublease income Shanghai Information Technology Co., Ltd. | | | - | 137 |
| Prepayments for animation production Shanghai Bloks Culture Communication Co., Ltd. | | | _ | 1,366 |

As at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the Group's outstanding balances with Controlling shareholder and companies controlled by Controlling shareholder were all unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The loan payables with related parties are non-trade in nature and the balances have been settled as at 30 June 2024. As at 30 June 2024, the outstanding balances with related parties, which is other receivables and prepayment, are of trade nature.

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II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

| | Year ended 31 December | | | Six months ended 30 June | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 (unaudited) | RMB'000 |
| Salaries, bonuses, allowances | | | | | |
| and benefits in kind | 3,198 | 3,129 | 3,740 | 1,821 | 2,906 |
| Pension scheme contributions | 525 | 540 | 542 | 263 | 336 |
| Share-based payment expenses | <u>498</u> | 498 | <u>498</u> | 245 | 364,573 |
| | 4,221 | 4,167 | 4,780 | 2,329 | 367,815 |

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 10 to the financial statements.

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

Financial assets

| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|---|---|--|---|
| Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Trade and notes receivables Financial assets at fair value | - - - - | 7,503 76,153 4,719 24,917 | 7,503 76,153 4,719 24,917 |
| through profit or loss | <u>272,785</u> 272,785 | 113,292 | 272,785 386,077 |
| 31 December 2022 | Financial assets at | | 300,077 |
| | fair value through profit or loss | Financial assets at amortised cost | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Trade and notes receivables Financial assets at fair value | | 7,510 188,972 9,064 15,299 | 7,510 188,972 9,064 15,299 |
| through profit or loss | 1,251 | | 1,251 |
| 31 December 2023 | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000 | |
| Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Trade and notes receivables Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | - - - 1,251 1,251 | 7,125 360,837 8,141 38,256 | 7,125 360,837 8,141 38,256 1,251 415,610 |

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

30 June 2024

| | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|--|---|--|
| Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Trade and notes receivables | - - - | 7,157 554,092 8,587 63,298 | 7,157 554,092 8,587 63,298 |
| | | 633,134 | 633,134 |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| 31 December 2021 | | | |
| | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Trade and notes payables Amounts due to related parties Convertible redeemable preferred shares | 1,382,853 1,382,853 | 87,447 92,879 18,735 | 87,447 92,879 18,735 1,382,853 1,581,914 |
| 31 December 2022 | 1,502,000 | 100,001 | 1,001,014 |
| 3 · 2 · 3 · 3 · 3 · 3 · 3 · 3 · 3 · 3 · | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Trade and notes payables Amounts due to related parties Interest-bearing bank borrowings Convertible redeemable preferred shares | - - - - 1,573,884 | 91,567 118,533 44,694 5,000 | 91,567 118,533 44,694 5,000 |
| | 1,573,884 | 259,794 | 1,833,678 |

Bloks Group Limited

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

| | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Trade and notes payables Amounts due to related parties Convertible redeemable | - - - | 93,522 259,671 25,913 | 93,522 259,671 25,913 |
| preferred shares | 1,848,016 | | 1,848,016 |
| | 1,848,016 | 379,106 | 2,227,122 |
| 30 June 2024 | | | |
| | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000 | Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000 | Total RMB'000 |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Trade and notes payables Convertible redeemable preferred shares | - - 1,822,049 | 92,620 514,705 | 92,620 514,705 1,822,049 |
| · | 1,822,049 | 607,325 | 2,429,374 |

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, trade and notes receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets (in the current portion), financial liabilities included in trade and other payables and lease liabilities (in the current portion) approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The directors review the results of the fair value measurement of financial instruments periodically for financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

The Group invests in cash management products issued by the bank. The fair values of these products are derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities. The valuation techniques based on open market transaction prices.

The fair value of the convertible redeemable preferred shares measured at FVTPL is determined using the valuation techniques, including option-pricing method, and is within Level 3 fair value measurement. Further details are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

Set out below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of convertible redeemable preferred shares categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

| | | (Decrease)/increase in the fair value | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| | | | As at 31 December | | As at 30 June | |
| Significant | Increase/ (decrease) unobservable | | | | | |
| unobservable inputs | inputs | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Discount rate | 5%/(5%) | (62,619)/69,712 | (66,964)/72,762 | (69,156)/81,802 | (71,186)/83,175 | |
| Risk-free interest rate | 5%/(̇5%) | (1,376)/1,379 | (4,240)/3,341 | (2,597)/2,617 | (1,929)/3,025 | |
| DLOM | 5%/(̇5%) | (10,234)/10,234 | (8,028)/8,028 | (7,356)/7,356 | (10,035)/10,035 | |
| Volatility | 5%/(5%) | (18,455)/14,736 | (12,522)/8,275 | (4,726)/8,262 | (4,702)/5,177 | |

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value

As at 31 December 2021

| | Fair value measurement using | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------|--|
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Cash management | | | | | |
| products | 272,785 | | | 272,785 | |
| As at 31 December 2022 | | | | | |
| | | ralue measurement ι | | | |
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Cash management | | | | | |
| product | 1,251 | - | - | 1,251 | |
| | | | | | |
| As at 31 December 2023 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Fair v | ralue measurement υ | ısing | | |
| | Fair v | <u>ralue measurement u</u> Significant | ısing Significant | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | Total | |
| | Quoted prices in active markets | Significant observable | Significant unobservable | Total RMB'000 | |
| | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | | |
| Cash management | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | RMB'000 | |
| Cash management product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | | |
| | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | RMB'000 | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 1,251 Fair v Quoted prices in | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 | RMB'000 1,251 Total | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 1,251 Fair v Quoted prices in active markets | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| product As at 30 June 2024 | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 1,251 Fair v Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 ralue measurement using Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 sising Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | RMB'000 1,251 Total | |
| product | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB'000 1,251 Fair v Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB'000 ralue measurement using Significant observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB'000 sising Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | RMB'000 1,251 Total | |

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Liabilities measured at fair value

As at 31 December 2021

| | Fair value measurement using | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Convertible redeemable | | | | | |
| preferred shares | | | 1,382,853 | 1,382,853 | |
| As at 31 December 2022 | | | | | |
| | | alue measurement u | | | |
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Convertible redeemable | | | | | |
| preferred shares | | | 1,573,884 | 1,573,884 | |
| As at 31 December 2023 | | | | | |
| | Fair v | alue measurement ເ | ısing | | |
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Convertible redeemable | | | | | |
| preferred shares | | | 1,848,016 | 1,848,016 | |
| As at 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
| | Fair v | alue measurement u | ısina | | |
| | Quoted prices in | Significant | Significant | | |
| | active markets | observable | unobservable | | |
| | (Level 1) | inputs (Level 2) | inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| Convertible redeemable | | | | | |
| preferred shares | | | 1,822,049 | 1,822,049 | |

During the Relevant Periods, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise convertible redeemable preferred shares, cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits and amounts due to and from related parties. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and notes receivables and trade and notes payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised as below.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies. In addition, the Group has currency exposures from its cash and cash equivalents. The management of the Company considers the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk not significant.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods to a reasonably possible change in the USD exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss before tax (due to changes in the retranslated value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

| | Increase/(decrease) in USD/RMB rate % | Increase/(decrease) in loss before tax RMB'000 | Increase/(decrease) in equity RMB'000 |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 31 December 2021 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD | 5 (5) | 14 (14) | 2 (2) |
| 31 December 2022 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD | 5 (5) | 37 (37) | 6 (6) |
| 31 December 2023 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD | 5 (5) | 381 (381) | 63 (63) |
| 30 June 2024 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD | 5 (5) | 792 (792) | 131 (131) |

(b) Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and staging as at 31 December 2021, 2022, 2023 and 30 June 2024

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

| | 12-month ECLs | | Lifetime ECLs | | |
|--|---------------|---------|---------------|------------|---------|
| | | | | Simplified | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | approach | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables | - | - | - | 25,562 | 25,562 |
| and other assets** Cash and cash | 8,087 | - | - | - | 8,087 |
| equivalents | 76,153 | - | = | - | 76,153 |
| Pledged deposits | 4,719 | | | | 4,719 |
| | 88,959 | | | 25,562 | 114,521 |
| 31 December 2022 | | | | | |
| | 12-month | | | | |
| | ECLs | | Lifetime ECLs | | |
| | | | | Simplified | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | approach | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables | - | - | - | 15,647 | 15,647 |
| and other assets** Cash and cash | 8,065 | - | - | - | 8,065 |
| eguivalents | 188,972 | _ | _ | _ | 188,972 |
| Pledged deposits | 9,064 | | | | 9,064 |
| | 206,101 | | | 15,647 | 221,748 |

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

| | 12-month ECLs | | Lifetime ECLs | 0: 1:6 1 | |
|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stoge 2 | Simplified | Total |
| | Stage 1 RMB'000 | Stage 2 RMB'000 | Stage 3 RMB'000 | approach RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | KIVID 000 | KIVID 000 | KIVID 000 | KIVID 000 | KIVID 000 |
| Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables | - | - | - | 38,964 | 38,964 |
| and other assets** Cash and cash | 7,909 | - | - | - | 7,909 |
| equivalents | 360,837 | - | - | | 360,837 |
| Pledged deposits | 8,141 | | | | 8,141 |
| | | | | | |
| | 376,887 | | | 38,964 | 415,851 |
| 30 June 2024 | | | | | |
| | 12-month | | | | |
| | ECLs | | Lifetime ECLs | | |
| | | | | Simplified | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | approach | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, | - | - | - | 63,920 | 63,920 |
| other receivables and other assets** Cash and cash | 8,329 | - | - | - | 8,329 |
| equivalents | 554,092 | _ | _ | - | 554,092 |
| Pledged deposits | 8,587 | _ | _ | _ | 8,587 |
| .3 | | | | | |
| | 571,008 | | | 63,920 | 634,928 |
| | | | | | |

^{*} For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

^{**}The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is normal as they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance for continuity of funding to finance its working capital needs as well as capital expenditure.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

| | Within 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
|---|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade and notes payables Financial liabilities included in | 92,879 | - | 92,879 |
| other payables and accruals | 81,071 | 6,376 | 87,447 |
| Lease liabilities Convertible redeemable | 28,703 | 23,096 | 51,799 |
| preferred shares | - | 1,382,853 | 1,382,853 |
| Amounts due to related parties | <u>-</u> | 18,735 | 18,735 |
| | 202,653 | 1,431,060 | 1,633,713 |
| 31 December 2022 | | | |
| | Within 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade and notes payables Financial liabilities included in | 118,533 | - | 118,533 |
| other payables and accruals | 84,602 | 6,965 | 91,567 |
| Lease liabilities | 24,221 | 3,425 | 27,646 |
| Convertible redeemable | | 1 572 001 | 1 572 001 |
| preferred shares Amounts due to related parties | - 18,797 | 1,573,884 25,897 | 1,573,884 44,694 |
| Interest-bearing bank | 10,707 | 20,007 | 44,004 |
| borrowings | 5,072 | | 5,072 |
| | 251,225 | 1,610,171 | 1,861,396 |
| 31 December 2023 | | | |
| | Within 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade and notes payables Financial liabilities included in | 259,671 | - | 259,671 |
| other payables and accruals | 93,522 | - | 93,522 |
| Lease liabilities | 23,752 | 36,471 | 60,223 |
| Convertible redeemable | | | |
| preferred shares | - 05.040 | 1,848,016 | 1,848,016 |
| Amounts due to related parties | 25,913 | | 25,913 |
| | 402,858 | 1,884,487 | 2,287,345 |

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

30 June 2024

| | Within 1 year | Over 1 year | Total |
|---|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Trade and notes payables Financial liabilities included in | 514,705 | - | 514,705 |
| other payables and accruals | 92,620 | - | 92,620 |
| Lease liabilities Convertible redeemable | 23,050 | 25,655 | 48,705 |
| preferred shares | - | 1,822,049 | 1,822,049 |
| | 630,375 | 1,847,704 | 2,478,079 |

(d) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirement. No change was made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the Relevant Periods.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity and convertible redeemable preferred shares. The adjusted net debt-to-capital ratios as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were as follows:

| | As | at 31 Decembe | er | As at 30 June |
|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Total liabilities Less: Convertible redeemable preferred | 3,444,595 | 3,322,966 | 2,620,950 | 2,617,995 |
| shares Payables in connection with the | (1,382,853) | (1,573,884) | (1,848,016) | (1,822,049) |
| Reorganization | (1,759,480) | (1,407,338) | (187,520) | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (76,153) | (188,972) | (360,837) | (554,092) |
| Adjusted net debt | 226,109 | 152,772 | 224,577 | 241,854 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent Add: Convertible redeemable preferred | (950,528) | (1,366,205) | (1,606,257) | (1,492,462) |
| shares | 1,382,853 | 1,573,884 | 1,848,016 | 1,822,049 |
| Adjusted capital | 432,325 | 207,679 | 241,759 | 329,587 |
| Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio | 34.3% | 42.4% | 48.2% | 42.3% |

Bloks Group Limited

II NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIODS

There were no significant events after the end of the Relevant Periods that require additional disclosure or adjustments.

41. SUBSEQUENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No audited financial statements have been prepared by the Group or any of the companies now comprising the Group in respect of any period subsequent to 30 June 2024.