TS Wonders Holding Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號: 1767)

2024 ANNUAL REPORT 年報



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In the event of any inconsistencies between the English and Chinese text in this annual report, the English text shall prevail. 本年報中英文如有歧異, 概以英文本為準。

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Corporate Information

公司資料

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Lim Seow Yen (Chairlady)

Mr. Lim Fung Yee

Mr. Lim Fung Chor

Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Ka Yu

Mr Lee Yan Fai

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Ka Yu (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Yan Fai

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Yan Fai (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Ka Yu

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)

Mr. Lim Fung Yee

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao) (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Ka Yu

Mr. Lee Yan Fai

Mr. Lim Fung Chor

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Hank, Daniel

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Lim Seow Yen

Mr. Chan Hank, Daniel

REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park

PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

執行董事

林小燕女士(主席)

林芳宇先生

林方宙先生

林生財先生

獨立非執行董事

陳家宇先生

李恩輝先生

周洁耀先生

審核委員會

陳家宇先生(主席)

李恩輝先生

周洁耀先生

薪酬委員會

李恩輝先生(主席)

陳家宇先生

周洁耀先生

林芳宇先生

提名委員會

周洁耀先生(主席)

陳家宇先生

李恩輝先生

林方宙先生

公司秘書

陳恒先生

授權代表

林小燕女士

陳恒先生

註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park

PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 1901A, 1902 & 1902A, 19/F New World Tower I 16-18 Queen's Road Central Central, Hong Kong

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

255 Pandan Loop Singapore 128433

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F. Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

CLKW Lawyers LLP

Solicitors, Hong Kong Rooms 1901A, 1902 & 1902A, 19th Floor New World Tower I 16-18 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants 6 Shenton Way, OUE Downtown 2 #33-00 Singapore 068809

香港主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中16至18號 新世界大廈一座 19樓1901A室、1902室及1902A室

總部及主要營業地點

255 Pandan Loop Singapore 128433

主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司

香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

法律顧問

CLKW Lawyers LLP

香港律師 香港 中環 皇后大道中16至18號 新世界大廈一座 19樓1901A室、1902室及1902A室

核數師

Deloitte & Touche LLP

執業會計師及特許會計師 6 Shenton Way, OUE Downtown 2 #33-00 Singapore 068809



Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank Ltd 12 Marina Boulevard Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 3 Singapore 018982

Public Bank Berhad Taman Desa Cemerlang Branch 2, 4 & 6, Jalan Johar 2 Taman Desa Cemerlang Ulu Tiram 81800 Johor Malaysia

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.tswonders.com.hk

STOCK CODE

1767

主要往來銀行

星展銀行有限公司 12 Marina Boulevard Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 3 Singapore 018982

大眾銀行 Taman Desa Cemerlang Branch 2, 4 & 6, Jalan Johar 2 Taman Desa Cemerlang Ulu Tiram 81800 Johor Malaysia

本公司網站

www.tswonders.com.hk

股份代號

1767

Chairlady's Statement

主席報告

Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board) of directors ("Directors") of TS Wonders Holding Limited ("Company" or "TS Wonders"), it is my pleasure to present to you the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 ("FY2024").

As I reflect on 2024, I am proud that the Group had adapted to the challenges of economic uncertainty and the Group had demonstrated its resilience and maintained our profitability. We remain committed to the safety of our workers, quality of our snack products and to delivering value to our stakeholders.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In 2024, the Singapore economy expanded by 4.4%, which was faster than the 1.8% expansion in 2023. The Group's overall gross profit margin has remained constant at 28.2% for the year ended 31 December 2024, despite a decrease in revenue.

The Group's total revenue decreased by approximately S\$160,000 or 0.2% from approximately S\$70.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$70.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, mainly due to a decrease in sale of chips of S\$2.0 million which was partially offset by an increase in sale of nuts and other products of S\$1.4 million and S\$0.4 million, respectively. The Group's total gross profit decreased by approximately \$\$25,000 or 0.1% from approximately \$\$19.77 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately S\$19.74 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 in line with the decrease in revenue. The overall gross profit margin has remained constant at approximately 28.2% for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023. The Group's profit for the year increased by approximately \$\$0.9 million or 15.9% from approximately \$\$5.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$6.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Further explanation of the Group's financial performance for FY2024 is provided in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section of this annual report.

尊敬的股東,

本人謹代表TS Wonders Holding Limited (「本公 司」或「TS Wonders」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事 會」),欣然向 閣下呈列本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱「本集團」)截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 財政年度(「二零二四財年」)之年報。

回首二零二四年,本集團成功應對經濟不確定性 所帶來的諸多挑戰,保持盈利能力,彰顯十足韌 性,對此本人深感自豪。我們一如既往致力於保 障工人的安全、保持休閒食品的質量及為持份者 創造價值。

財務表現

新加坡經濟於二零二四年增長4.4%,高於二零 二三年1.8%的增長率。截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,雖然收益有所下降,但本集團 整體毛利率保持不變,為28.2%。

本集團的總收益由截至二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度的約70.1百萬新加坡元減少約160,000 新加坡元或0.2%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度的約70.0百萬新加坡元,主要由於薯片 的銷售額減少2.0百萬新加坡元,惟部分減幅被 堅果及其他產品銷售額分別增加1.4百萬新加坡 元及0.4百萬新加坡元所抵銷。本集團的毛利總 額由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的 約19.77百萬新加坡元減少約25,000新加坡元或 0.1%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 的約19.74百萬新加坡元,與收益減少一致。整 體毛利率於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度保持不變,為 約28.2%。本集團的年內溢利由截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度的約5.5百萬新加坡元增 加約0.9百萬新加坡元或15.9%至截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度的約6.3百萬新加坡元。

有關本集團二零二四財年之財務表現的進一步説 明載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節。

Chairlady's Statement

主席報告

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

Overall, the Group expects that demand for snack products to remain strong, in particular those with less sugar, artificial sweeteners and flavourings as health awareness is increasing among consumers. For Singapore where the majority of the Group's snack products are sold, it is forecasted a gross domestic product growth ("GDP") for 2025 of between 1.0% and 3.0%.

Since the Economic Survey of Singapore in November 2024, major economies have remained resilient, performing largely in line with expectations in the fourth quarter of 2024 amidst rising global economic uncertainty. Singapore's external demand outlook for 2025 has also remained broadly unchanged, with overall GDP growth in Singapore's key trading partners expected to ease from 2024's level.

In view of the foregoing, the Group will continue to adopt a cautious and prudent approach in managing its business without compromising the quality of its products in line with its objectives to maintain sustainable growth in its business and create long-term shareholders' value. We are also actively monitoring potential investment opportunities in China to drive long-term growth and value creation.

DIVIDENDS

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Final Dividend"), representing a total payment of approximately HK\$2.3 million (equivalent to approximately S\$0.4 million) (Dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share declared for the year ended 31 December 2023). The payment of the 2024 Final Dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be held.

前景及策略

整體而言,由於消費者的健康意識日漸提升,本 集團預期對休閒食品(尤其是含糖量、人造增甜 劑及調味料更少的休閒食品)的需求仍將保持強 勁。本集團大部分休閒食品均於新加坡銷售,新 加坡二零二五年的國內生產總值(「國內生產總 值」)增長預測介乎1.0%至3.0%。

自二零二四年十一月新加坡經濟調查發佈以來, 在全球經濟不確定性不斷上升的情況下,主要經 濟體仍保持韌性,於二零二四年第四季的表現基 本符合預期。二零二五年新加坡的外部需求前景 也大致維持不變,與二零二四年相比,預計新加 坡主要貿易夥伴的整體國內生產總值增長將會趨

鑒於上文所述,本集團將繼續以小心審慎的態度 管理業務,同時保持產品質量,力爭實現維持業 務持續增長及創造長期股東價值的目標。我們亦 積極留意中國境內的潛在投資機會,以推動長遠 增長及創造價值。

股息

董事會建議派付截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度的末期股息每股普通股0.23港仙(「二零 二四年末期股息」),派付總額約為2.3百萬港元 (相當於約0.4百萬新加坡元)(截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度宣派股息每股普通股0.23 港仙)。派付二零二四年末期股息須待本公司股 東於將予舉行的股東週年大會上批准後,方可作

Chairlady's Statement

主席報告

IN APPRECIATION

We would like to pay tribute to the following stakeholders whose support has helped us, in one way or other, in navigating through 2024.

Firstly, we would like to thank our customers and suppliers. We thank our customers for continuing to support our products, and the Group continues to be committed to delivering high quality and safe food products while meeting consumers' expectations and complying with legal requirements. We thank our suppliers for ensuring minimal disruption to our supply chain and continual support.

Secondly, a word of thanks to our staff for their professionalism and diligence as they continued to work together as a team to deliver value to our stakeholders.

Thirdly, to our shareholders, we thank you for your confidence in TS Wonders. We shall commit ourselves to creating sustainable shareholders' value and strong financial performance.

Last but not least, my heartfelt appreciation also goes to my fellow Directors for their guidance, advice and insight in steering the Group forward.

Ms. Lim Seow Yen
Chairlady and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

致謝

我們謹此向以下持份者致敬,彼等以各種方式幫助我們渡過二零二四年。

首先,我們要感謝我們的客戶和供應商。感謝客戶持續支持我們的產品。在滿足消費者的期望及遵守法律法規的同時,本集團將繼續致力提供優質安全的食品。我們感謝供應商盡力將我們供應鏈受影響的程度減至最低並給予持續支持。

其次,我們要感謝全體員工,彼等展現可貴的專業精神,勤勉工作,持續齊心協力為持份者創造價值。

第三,我們要感謝各位股東對TS Wonders堅定的信心。我們將努力締造可持續的股東價值及穩健的財務表現。

最後,本人亦衷心感謝全體董事,感謝彼等在本 集團的前進道路上提供的指導、意見及遠見。

主席兼執行董事 林小燕女士

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日



Financial Highlights

財務摘要

KEY ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 綜合損益表的主要項目 PROFIT OR LOSS

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

截至1一万二十 日五十及					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二四年
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
收益	69,562,227	65,269,727	74,799,701	70,117,966	69,958,249
毛利	18,683,266	17,684,380	17,964,773	19,766,148	19,740,690
除税前溢利	8,870,506	5,131,694	7,234,805	6,901,898	7,914,040
所得税開支	(2,039,687)	(1,708,579)	(1,419,539)	(1,446,746)	(1,589,459)
年內溢利	6,830,819	3,423,115	5,815,266	5,455,152	6,324,581
	毛利 除税前溢利 所得税開支	工零二零年 \$\$ 新加坡元 收益 69,562,227 毛利 18,683,266 除税前溢利 8,870,506 所得税開支 (2,039,687)	2020 2021 二零二零年 二零二一年 \$\$ 新加坡元 收益 69,562,227 65,269,727 毛利 18,683,266 17,684,380 除税前溢利 8,870,506 5,131,694 所得税開支 (2,039,687) (1,708,579)	2020 2021 2022 二零二零年 二零二一年 二零二二年 S\$ S\$ 新加坡元 新加坡元 新加坡元 收益 69,562,227 65,269,727 74,799,701 毛利 18,683,266 17,684,380 17,964,773 除税前溢利 8,870,506 5,131,694 7,234,805 所得税開支 (2,039,687) (1,708,579) (1,419,539)	2020 2021 2022 2023 二零二零年 二零二一年 二零二三年 二零二三年 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$

綜合財務狀況表的主要項目 KEY ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年 S\$ 新加坡元	2021 二零二一年 S\$ 新加坡元	2022 二零二二年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元
Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total equity	非流動資產	22,806,990	25,958,207	27,371,556	28,690,346	31,807,256
	流動資產	49,070,803	52,762,583	53,334,298	55,276,981	61,307,081
	流動負債	9,711,289	11,693,257	7,562,700	8,340,775	8,160,483
	非流動額	3,826,144	5,235,996	4,742,869	2,420,645	2,811,953
	權益總額	58,340,360	61,791,537	68,400,285	73,205,907	82,141,901

Financial Highlights

財務摘要

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

主要財務比率

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年	2024 二零二四年
		(times) (倍)	(times) (倍)	(times) (倍)	(times) (倍)	(times) (倍)
Current ratio Gearing ratio	流動比率 資產負債比率	5.1	4.5	7.1	6.6	7.5
(Note)	(附註)	0.04	0.06	0.04	-	_

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年 (%)	2021 二零二一年 (%)	2022 二零二二年 (%)	2023 二零二三年 (%)	2024 二零二四年 (%)
Gross profit margin Profit before taxation	毛利率 除税前溢利率	26.9	27.1	24.0	28.2	28.2
margin Profit margin for	年內溢利率	12.8	7.9	9.7	9.8	11.3
the year		9.8	5.2	7.8	7.8	9.0
Return on total assets		9.5	4.3	7.2	6.5	6.8
Return on equity	權益回報率	11.7	5.5	8.5	7.5	7.7

Note:

附註:

Gearing ratio is calculated as sum of bank and other borrowings divided by total equity as at the respective reporting dates.

資產負債比率按相關報告日期的銀行及其他借款總額 除以權益總額計算。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group which is headquartered in Singapore is primarily focused on the production, packaging and sale of nuts and chips with track record of more than 50 years. The Group's core products include roasted nuts, baked nuts, potato chips and cassava chips. The Group's products have been sold and distributed to over 10 countries, including Singapore, Malaysia and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Group principally sells its products on a wholesale basis to (i) key account customers which include supermarkets, hotels, airlines and original equipment manufacturer (OEM) customers; and (ii) distributors.

The Group is committed to delivering high quality and safe food products and continuously meeting consumers' expectations and complying with legal requirements. It implements comprehensive and strict quality assurance procedures throughout all stages of the production, from the procurement of raw materials to the packaging and delivery of the finished products. In this regard, the Group has been accredited with various certifications in relation to quality management and food safety.

The Group's revenue decreased by approximately \$\$160,000 or 0.2% from approximately \$\$70.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$70.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to a decrease in sale of chips of S\$2.0 million which was partially offset by an increase in sale of nuts and other products of \$\$1.4 million and \$\$0.4 million, respectively.

業務回顧

本集團總部設在新加坡,主要專注於生產、包裝 及銷售堅果及薯片,具有逾50年經營歷史。本集 團的核心產品包括堅果炒貨類、堅果烘烤類、馬 鈴薯片及木薯片。本集團的產品在超過10個國家 均有銷售及分銷,包括新加坡、馬來西亞及中華 人民共和國(「中國」)。本集團主要以批發方式 銷售產品予(i)主要客戶(包括超市、酒店、航空公 司及原設備製造商(OEM)客戶);及(ii)分銷商。

本集團致力於提供高品質、安全的食品,持續滿 足客戶的期望,並遵守法律規定。本集團對原材 料採購至成品包裝及交付的所有生產環節實施嚴 格全面的品質保證程序。就此而言,本集團已通 過品質管理及食品安全的各類認證。

本集團的收益由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度約70.1百萬新加坡元減少約160,000新加 坡元或0.2%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度約70.0百萬新加坡元,主要由於薯片的銷售 額減少2.0百萬新加坡元,惟因堅果及其他產品 銷售額分別增加1.4百萬新加坡元及0.4百萬新加 坡元而被部分抵銷。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Products

The Group's revenue was primarily derived from the sale of nuts and chips. The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023:

產品

本集團的收益主要來自堅果及薯片產品的銷售。 下表載列截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度本集團的收益明細:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2024	2024		3
		二零二四年		二零二	三年
		S\$	%	S\$	%
		新加坡元	%	新加坡元	%
Nuts	堅果	47,382,053	67.7	45,972,369	65.6
Chips	薯片	20,058,560	28.7	22,027,219	31.4
Others (Note)	其他 (附註)	2,517,636	3.6	2,118,378	3.0
Total	總計	69,958,249	100.0	70,117,966	100.0

Note: Others mainly refer to items such as disposable towels which were normally sold together with nuts and chips products to food and beverage companies.

The sale of nuts and chips products accounted for approximately 67.7% and 28.7% of revenue, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2024. The proportion of revenue contributed by nuts increased from approximately 65.6% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately 67.7% for the year ended 31 December 2024, while the proportion of revenue contributed by chips decreased from approximately 31.4% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately 28.7% for the year ended 31 December 2024.

附註: 其他主要指本集團通常向食品及飲料公司銷售 堅果及薯片產品時一併出售的物品,如一次性 毛巾。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,堅果及薯片產品的銷售額分別佔收益約67.7%及28.7%。堅果貢獻的收益佔比由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約65.6%增加至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約67.7%,而薯片貢獻的收益佔比則由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約31.4%下降至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約28.7%。

管理層討論及分析

Geographical location

The Group's products are sold and distributed to customers in over 10 countries. The table below sets forth the breakdown of revenue by geographical location of end customers for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023:

地理位置

本集團的產品銷售及分銷予超過10個國家的客 戶。下表載列截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度按終端客戶地 理位置劃分的收益明細:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2024		2023		
		二零二四	年	二零二	三年	
		S\$	%	S\$	%	
		新加坡元	%	新加坡元	%	
Singapore	新加坡	42,677,732	61.0	42,721,738	60.9	
Malaysia	馬來西亞	21,237,718	30.3	20,491,958	29.2	
The PRC (including	中國(包括香港及					
Hong Kong and Macau)	澳門)	3,274,757	4.7	3,670,934	5.2	
Others	其他	2,768,042	4.0	3,233,336	4.7	
Total	總計	69,958,249	100.0	70,117,966	100.0	

The Group's products were largely sold in Singapore and Malaysia which accounted for approximately 61.0% and 30.3% of total revenue, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2024. The composition of sales to end customers remain fairly stable for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 for Singapore, Malaysia, the PRC and other countries.

本集團的產品主要在新加坡及馬來西亞銷售,銷 售額分別佔截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度總收益約61.0%及30.3%。於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,對新加坡、馬來西亞、中國及其他國家終端 客戶的銷售額佔比仍相當穩定。

管理層討論及分析

Gross profit

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's gross profit for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023:

毛利 下表記

下表載列截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度本集團的毛利明細:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			赵土 一 / 1 -	- 1 日正十反		
		2024			2023	
		二零二四年			二零二三年	
			Gross profit			Gross profit
	Revenue	Gross profit	margin	Revenue	Gross profit	margin
	收益	毛利	毛利率	收益	毛利	毛利率
	S\$	S\$	%	S\$	S\$	%
	新加坡元	新加坡元	%	新加坡元	新加坡元	%
堅果	47,382,053	12,806,951	27.0	45,972,369	12,039,839	26.2
薯片	20,058,560	6,302,422	31.4	22,027,219	7,183,114	32.6
其他	2,517,636	631,317	25.1	2,118,378	543,195	25.6
總計/總體	69,958,249	19,740,690	28.2	70,117,966	19,766,148	28.2
	薯片 其他	收益 S\$ 新加坡元 堅果 47,382,053 薯片 20,058,560 其他 2,517,636	二零二四年 Revenue 收益 毛利 S\$ S\$ 新加坡元 毛利 S\$ S\$ 新加坡元 S\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2024 Temper Gross profit Revenue Gross profit margin 收益 毛利 毛利率 S\$ S\$ % 新加坡元 新加坡元 % 堅果 47,382,053 12,806,951 27.0 薯片 20,058,560 6,302,422 31.4 其他 2,517,636 631,317 25.1	2024 Temper Gross profit Margin Revenue 收益 毛利率 收益 S\$ % S\$ 新加坡元 新加坡元 新加坡元 堅果 47,382,053 12,806,951 27.0 45,972,369 薯片 20,058,560 6,302,422 31.4 22,027,219 其他 2,517,636 631,317 25.1 2,118,378	2024 2023 Temper 2024 2023 Temper Coross profit Coross profit Revenue Gross profit 收益 毛利 毛利率 收益 毛利 S\$ S\$ % S\$ S\$ 新加坡元 新加坡元 新加坡元 新加坡元 新加坡元 E型果 47,382,053 12,806,951 27.0 45,972,369 12,039,839 薯片 20,058,560 6,302,422 31.4 22,027,219 7,183,114 其他 2,517,636 631,317 25.1 2,118,378 543,195

The pricing of the Group's nuts and chips products are generally based on prices comparable to competitors for similar products.

Overall, the Group's gross profit margin has remained constant at approximately 28.2% for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

整體而言,本集團的毛利率於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度保持不變,為約28.2%。

本集團堅果及薯片產品的定價通常基於競爭對手

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

Economic performance in Singapore in the fourth quarter of 2024

The Singapore economy grew by 5.0% on a year-on-year basis in the fourth quarter of 2024, moderating from the 5.7% growth in the third quarter of 2024. On a quarter-on-quarter seasonally-adjusted basis, the economy expanded by 0.5%, which was slower than the 3.0% expansion in the previous quarter.

(Source: The Ministry of Trade and Industry, Singapore)

前景及策略

相若產品的價格水平釐定。

二零二四年第四季度新加坡的經濟表現

新加坡經濟於二零二四年第四季度同比增長5.0%,與二零二四年第三季度的5.7%相比,增速有所放緩。經季節性調整後,新加坡經濟環比增長0.5%,低於上一季度3.0%的增長率。

(資料來源:新加坡貿易與工業部)



管理層討論及分析

Overall economic performance in Singapore in 2024

For the whole of 2024, the Singapore economy expanded by 4.4%, which was faster than the 1.8% expansion in 2023.

(Source: The Ministry of Trade and Industry, Singapore)

Economic outlook for 2025

The Ministry of Trade and Industry, Singapore forecasted a gross domestic product ("GDP") growth for 2025 of between 1.0% and 3.0%.

Since the Economic Survey of Singapore in November 2024, major economies have remained resilient, performing largely in line with expectations in the fourth quarter of 2024 amidst rising global economic uncertainty. Singapore's external demand outlook for 2025 has also remained broadly unchanged, with overall GDP growth in Singapore's key trading partners expected to ease from 2024's level.

Among the advanced economies, GDP growth in the US is projected to moderate in 2025, as private consumption growth is expected to taper over the course of the year in tandem with easing tightness in the labour market. Nonetheless, there is a large cone of uncertainty surrounding the outlook of the US economy, with its trajectory depending on the policies of the new US administration. By contrast, GDP growth in the Eurozone is likely to improve on the back of stronger consumption growth and a gradual recovery in investments as monetary policy becomes more accommodative.

In Asia, China's GDP growth is expected to moderate on account of a slowdown in merchandise exports and investment growth due to tariff hikes and industrial overcapacity respectively. Meanwhile, growth in the key Southeast Asian economies should remain steady, supported by improving domestic demand and a sustained recovery in tourism demand.

二零二四年新加坡的整體經濟表現

新加坡經濟於二零二四年全年增長4.4%,高於二 零二三年1.8%的增長率。

(資料來源:新加坡貿易與工業部)

二零二五年經濟前景

新加坡貿易與工業部預測二零二五年國內生產總 值(「國內生產總值」)增幅介於1.0%至3.0%之間。

自二零二四年十一月新加坡經濟調查發佈以來, 在全球經濟不確定性不斷上升的情況下,主要經 濟體仍保持韌性,於二零二四年第四季的表現基 本符合預期。二零二五年新加坡的外部需求前景 也大致維持不變,與二零二四年相比,預計新加 坡主要貿易夥伴的整體國內生產總值增長將會趨 緩。

在發達經濟體中,預計美國的國內生產總值增長 將在二零二五年有所放緩,原因是隨著勞動力市 場緊張狀況有所緩解,私人消費增長預計將在年 內逐漸減弱。然而,美國經濟前景仍存在很大的 不確定性,其發展軌跡取決於美國新一屆政府的 政策。相較之下,隨著貨幣政策變得更加寬鬆,歐 元區的消費增長強勁,投資逐步復甦,有望推動 歐元區的國內生產總值增長回升。

亞洲方面,由於關稅上調及工業產能過剩分別導 致商品出口及投資增長放緩,預期中國的國內生 產增值增長將趨緩。與此同時,東南亞主要經濟 體在內需改善及旅遊需求持續復甦的支持下,應 可維持穩定增長。

管理層討論及分析

Taking into account the external and domestic economic environment, and barring the materialisation of downside risks, the Singapore economy is projected to expand by 1.0% to 3.0% in 2025.

(Source: The Ministry of Trade and Industry, Singapore)

Outlook for the Group and Strategies

The Group noted that the global snack food market, which includes nuts and chips, will continue to grow at approximately 2.7% annually to 2027 driven by changes in dietary habits and demand for healthy and functional snacks.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's revenue decreased by approximately 0.2% while profit increased by 15.9%.

Overall, the Group expects that demand for snack products to remain stable, in particular those with less sugar, artificial sweeteners and flavourings, as health awareness is increasing among consumers.

In view of the foregoing, the Group will continue to adopt cautious and prudent approach in managing its business without compromising the quality of its products in line with its objectives to maintain sustainable growth in its business and create long-term shareholders' value. We are also actively monitoring potential investment opportunities in China to drive long-term growth and value creation.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue decreased by approximately \$\$160,000 or 0.2% from approximately \$\$70.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$70.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to a decrease in sale of chips of \$\$2.0 million which was partially offset by an increase in sale of nuts and other products of \$\$1.4 million and \$\$0.4 million, respectively.

考慮到國內外的經濟環境,在不出現下行風險的情況下,預計二零二五年新加坡的經濟增長率介乎1.0%至3.0%。

(資料來源:新加坡貿易與工業部)

本集團前景及策略

本集團留意到,由於人們的飲食習慣改變以及對功能性健康休閒食品的需求,全球休閒食品市場(包括堅果及薯片)於二零二七年之前將繼續按每年約2.7%的幅度增長。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的收益減少約0.2%而溢利增加15.9%。

總體而言,本集團預期,由於消費者的健康意識 日漸提升,消費者對休閒食品尤其是含糖量、人 造增甜劑及調味料更少的休閒食品的需求依舊保 持穩定。

鑒於上文所述,本集團將繼續以小心審慎的態度 管理業務,同時保持產品質量,力爭實現維持業 務持續增長及創造長期股東價值的目標。我們亦 積極留意中國境內的潛在投資機會,以推動長遠 增長及創造價值。

財務回顧

收益

本集團的收益由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約70.1百萬新加坡元減少約160,000新加坡元或0.2%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約70.0百萬新加坡元·主要由於薯片的銷售額減少2.0百萬新加坡元·惟因堅果及其他產品的銷售額分別增加1.4百萬新加坡元及0.4百萬新加坡元而被部分抵銷。

管理層討論及分析

Cost of sales

The Group's cost of sales decreased by approximately S\$134,000 or 0.3% from approximately \$\$50.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$50.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to a decrease in cost of materials, consistent with a decrease in revenue, and a decrease in overheads partially offset by increase in production staff costs.

Gross profit

The Group's total gross profit decreased by approximately \$\$25,000 or 0.1% from approximately \$\$19.77 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$19.74 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. The Group's overall gross profit margin remained constant at 28.2% for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024.

Other income

The Group's other income increased by approximately \$\$63,000 or 6.9% from approximately \$\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$1.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to an increase in interest income on bank balances in 2024 with an increase in fixed deposit placements.

Other gains and losses

The Group reported other gains of approximately \$\$0.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, as compared to other losses of approximately \$\$0.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. This was mainly due to foreign exchange gain of \$\$0.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, as compared to foreign exchange loss of approximately \$\$0.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本由截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度約50.4百萬新加坡元減少約 134,000新加坡元或0.3%至截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度約50.2百萬新加坡元,主要由 於原材料成本下降(與收益減少一致)及日常開 支減少(因生產員工成本增加而被部分抵銷)。

毛利

本集團的毛利總額由截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度的約19.77百萬新加坡元減少約 25,000新加坡元或0.1%至截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度的約19.74百萬新加坡元。 本集團的整體毛利率於截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度保 持不變,為28.2%。

其他收入

本集團的其他收入由截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度約0.9百萬新加坡元增加約 63,000新加坡元或6.9%至截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度約1.0百萬新加坡元,主要由 於二零二四年定期存款增加,銀行結餘之利息收 入有所增加。

其他收益及虧損

本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 錄得其他收益約0.8百萬新加坡元,而截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度錄得其他虧損約 0.4百萬新加坡元。這主要是由於截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度錄得外匯收益0.6百萬 新加坡元,而截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度錄得外匯虧損約0.5百萬新加坡元。

管理層討論及分析

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately \$\$0.7 million or 15.1% from approximately \$\$4.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$4.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to decreased marketing expenditure and advertisement costs.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses increased by approximately \$\$1.0 million or 12.0% from approximately \$\$8.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$9.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to an increase in repair and maintenance expenditure and an increase in staff cost for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased by approximately \$\$29,000 or 29.5% from approximately \$\$97,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$68,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to full repayment of bank loans during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense increased by approximately \$\$0.1 million or 9.9% from approximately \$\$1.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$1.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, in line with the higher profit before taxation.

Profit for the year

Profit for the year increased by approximately \$\$0.9 million or 15.9% from approximately \$\$5.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately \$\$6.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly due to an increase in other income and other gains, a decrease in finance costs and selling and distribution expenses, partially offset by an increase in administrative expenses.

銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約4.7百萬新加坡元減少約0.7百萬新加坡元或15.1%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約4.0百萬新加坡元,主要由於市場推廣開支及廣告費減少。

行政開支

行政開支由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約8.6百萬新加坡元增加約1.0百萬新加坡元或12.0%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約9.6百萬新加坡元,主要由於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度維修保養開支增加以及員工成本增加。

融資成本

融資成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約97,000新加坡元減少約29,000新加坡元或29.5%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約68,000新加坡元·乃主要由於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度內全額償還銀行貸款。

所得税開支

所得税開支由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約1.5百萬新加坡元增加約0.1百萬新加坡元或9.9%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約1.6百萬新加坡元,與除税前溢利增加一致。

年度溢利

年度溢利由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約5.5百萬新加坡元增加約0.9百萬新加坡元或15.9%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約6.3百萬新加坡元,主要由於其他收入及其他收益增加以及融資成本及銷售及分銷開支減少,惟部分被行政開支增加所抵銷。

管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's source of funds comprises a combination of internally generated funds, bank and other borrowings and net proceeds from the share offer. As part of the Group's liquidity risk management, the Group monitors its working capital to ensure that its financial obligations can be met when due by (i) ensuring healthy bank balances and cash for payment of its short-term working capital needs; (ii) monitoring trade receivables and its aging monthly and following up closely to ensure prompt payment from customers; and (iii) monitoring bank and lease payments.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group's current ratio, being current assets over current liabilities, was 7.5 times and 6.6 times, respectively.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Group provided performance guarantee to certain customers with balances amounted to approximately \$\$0.4 million and approximately \$\$0.5 million, respectively.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group has pledged leasehold building to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group with carrying values of approximately \$\$7.4 million and approximately \$\$7.0 million as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND COMMITMENTS

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had incurred capital expenditures of approximately \$\$3.0 million as compared to approximately \$\$3.1 million in the year ended 31 December 2023. The expenditures were mainly related to the purchase of property, plant and equipment to support the growth of the Group's business.

The Group has capital commitments of approximately \$\$25,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately S\$0.5 million).

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group did not hold any significant investments as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團的資金來源包括內部產生資金、銀行及其 他借款與股份發售所得款項淨額的組合。作為本 集團流動資金風險管理的一部分,本集團透過(i) 確保擁有穩健的銀行結餘及現金以應付短期營運 資金需求;(ii)每月監控貿易應收款項及其賬齡, 並密切跟進確保客戶及時付款;及(iii)監控銀行及 租賃付款,藉以監控營運資金,以確保能夠履行 到期的財務責任。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,本 集團的流動比率(即流動資產除以流動負債)分 別為7.5倍及6.6倍。

或然負債

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團向若干客戶提供履約保證,結餘分別 約0.4百萬新加坡元及約0.5百萬新加坡元。

抵押資產

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團已抵押租賃樓宇作為本集團 獲授的一般銀行信貸的擔保,賬面值分別為約7.4 百萬新加坡元及約7.0百萬新加坡元。

資本開支及承擔

本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 產生資本開支約3.0百萬新加坡元,而截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度則約為3.1百萬新 加坡元。該開支主要與購買物業、廠房及設備以 支持本集團業務發展有關。

本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的資本承擔 為約25,000新加坡元(二零二三年:約0.5百萬新 加坡元)。

重大投資

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團概無持有任何重大投資。

管理層討論及分析

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

There was no material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies for the year ended 31 December 2024.

EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events after the year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM LISTING

The Company's shares have been listed on the Stock Exchange since 14 January 2019, being the Listing Date, and the net proceeds from the share offer (after deducting listing expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$66.8 million (equivalent to approximately S\$11.7 million) (the "Net IPO Proceeds").

The following sets forth a summary of the utilisation of the Net IPO Proceeds as at 31 December 2024, and the expected timeline for utilisation of the unutilised Net IPO Proceeds:

重大收購事項及出售附屬公司及聯 營公司

本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 並無任何重大收購事項,亦無出售附屬公司及聯 營公司。

報告期後事項

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度結束後及 直至本年報日期,概無發生重大事項。

上市所得款項用途

本公司股份自二零一九年一月十四日(即上市日 期)於聯交所上市,股份發售所得款項淨額(「首 次公開發售所得款項淨額」)(經扣除上市開支) 約為66.8百萬港元(相當於約11.7百萬新加坡 元)。

下文載列於二零二四年十二月三十一日首次公開 發售所得款項淨額之動用情況的概要以及動用未 動用的首次公開發售所得款項淨額的預期時間表:

Total	總計	66.8	61.1	5.7	
Working capital	營運資金	12.2	12.2		-マーハナ (- バコー) - H たが。
(output capacity and product diversity) Expansion of workforce	(擴大產能及 產品多樣化) 擴充勞動力	7.6	1.9	5.7	by 31 December 2026 二零二六年十二月三十一日之前
Expansion of existing nuts and potato chips products	豐富現有堅果及 馬鈴薯片產品	47.0	47.0	_	-
		(HK\$'million) (百萬港元)	(HK\$'million) (百萬港元)	(HK\$'million) (百萬港元)	
Use of proceeds	所得款項用途	Planned use of Net IPO Proceeds 首次 公開發售 所得款項淨額 的計劃用途	Actual use of Net IPO Proceeds as at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日 首次公開發售 所得款項淨額 的實際用途	Unutilised Net IPO Proceeds as at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日 未動用的首次 公開發音 所得款項淨額	Expected timeline for utilisation of unutilised Net IPO Proceeds 未動用首次公開發售所得款項 淨額的預計動用時間

管理層討論及分析

As at the date of this annual report, the unutilised Net IPO Proceeds were deposited with licensed banks in Singapore and Hong Kong.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

As the Group sells a majority of its food products overseas in which these sales are principally denominated in US\$ and sources its main materials in which these purchases are principally denominated in US\$, Euro and AUD, the Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange fluctuations arising in the normal course of its business operations.

The Group generally hedges 30% of its expected monthly sales and purchases denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group has a committee in place, comprising its finance manager and its executive Directors. The committee meets regularly from time to time when necessary and is responsible for reviewing, researching and studying the future foreign exchange rates and the methods of hedging. In deciding whether to enter into any foreign currency hedging transactions, the committee will undertake a cautious approach and will consider factors including (i) the expected sales and purchases denominated in foreign currencies; (ii) the historical foreign exchange rates; and (iii) the perceived future foreign exchange rates. The finance manager keeps track of the Group's hedging activities and all hedging contracts have to be approved by the executive Directors. As sales and purchases will continue to be denominated in foreign currencies, the Group expects that it will continue to enter into hedging arrangements where necessary.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Final Dividend"), representing a total payment of approximately HK\$2.3 million (equivalent to approximately S\$0.4 million) (Dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share declared for the year ended 31 December 2023). The payment of the 2024 Final Dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be held.

於本年報日期,尚未動用的首次公開發售所得款 項淨額存於新加坡及香港的持牌銀行。

外匯風險

由於本集團向海外出售大部分食品產品,銷售主 要以美元計值,而主要材料採購亦主要以美元、 歐元及澳元計值,故本集團承受日常業務經營過 程中產生的外匯波動風險。

本集團通常對沖30%的外幣計值預期月銷售額 及採購額。

本集團已成立由財務經理及執行董事組成的委員 會。該委員會於必要時不時定期舉行會議,負責 審閱、調查及研究未來外匯匯率及對沖方法。於 決定是否訂立任何外幣對沖交易時,委員會將採 取審慎方法並考慮包括(i) 以外幣計值的預期銷售 及採購額;(ii) 過往外匯匯率;及(iii) 預期未來外 匯匯率等因素。財務經理持續記錄本集團的對沖 活動且所有對沖合約均須經執行董事批准。由於 銷售及採購額仍將以外幣計值,故預期本集團將 繼續於必要時訂立對沖安排。

末期股息

董事會建議派付截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度的末期股息每股普通股0.23港仙(「二零 二四年末期股息」),派付總額約為2.3百萬港元 (相當於約0.4百萬新加坡元)(截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度宣派股息每股普通股0.23 港仙)。派付二零二四年末期股息須待本公司股 東於將予舉行的股東週年大會上批准後,方可作 會。

管理層討論及分析

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") will be held at 9:00 a.m. on 30 May 2025 at 255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433 and the notice of the AGM will be published and despatched in accordance with the requirements under the Company's articles of association and the Listing Rules in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the shareholders' rights to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 27 May 2025 to 30 May 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, non-registered shareholders must lodge all completed transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 26 May 2025.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group had 350 employees and 358 employees as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively. The Group incurred staff costs of approximately \$\$13.3 million and \$\$12.4 million for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively. Remuneration is determined by reference to prevailing market terms and in accordance with the performance, qualification and experience of each individual employee. The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 20 December 2018 to enable the Board to grant share options to eligible participants with an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with a view to achieve the following objectives: (i) motivate the eligible participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain an ongoing business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

As at 31 December 2024, there was no outstanding share option granted under the Share Option Scheme.

股東週年大會

本公司將於二零二五年五月三十日上午九時正於 255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433舉行股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」),股東週年大會的通告將根據本公司組織章程細則及上市規則的規定於適當時候刊發及寄發。

暫停辦理股東登記手續

為釐定股東出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的權利,本公司將於二零二五年五月二十七日至二零二五年五月三十日(包括首尾兩日)期間暫停辦理股東登記手續,期間將不會辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,未登記股東須於二零二五年五月二十六日下午四時三十分前將填妥的所有過戶文件連同有關股票送交本公司香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司(地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓),以辦理登記手續。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團分別僱傭350名及358名僱員。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別產生員工成本約13.3百萬新加坡元及12.4百萬新加坡元元。薪酬乃經參考現行市況及根據各名僱員的表現工戶,以經營養定。本公司已於二零一八年十二月二十日採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),以等有機會於本公司擁有個人股權,以達至下列目標:(i)激勵合資格參與者為本集團利益而提高工作效率與者的持續業務關係,而該等合資格參與者的貢獻有利於或將有利於本集團的長期發展。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 購股權計劃項下概無任何尚未行使的已授出購股權。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out as follows:

DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Lim Seow Yen ("Ms. Sandy Lim"), aged 68, was appointed as a Director on 19 April 2018. She was re-designated as an executive Director and appointed as the chairlady of the Board on 5 July 2018. She is the chairlady of the risk management committee. Ms. Sandy Lim is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Sandy Lim has over 30 years of experience in the snacks industry. Ms. Sandy Lim's core responsibilities lie in operations activities of the Group including procurement where she sources and plans the supply of raw materials as well as maintains close working relationship with suppliers, finance and administration.

Ms. Sandy Lim is the sibling of Mr. Winston Lim and Mr. Lawrence Lim, both being executive Directors. Ms. Sandy Lim is the spouse of Mr. James Loo and the mother of Mr. Terence Loo, both being members of the senior management of the Group.

SWL Limited ("SWL") is interested in 750,000,000 shares ("Share(s)"), representing 75% of the issued share capital of the Company. The issued share capital of SWL is legally and beneficially owned as to 24.5% by Mdm. Han Yew Lang ("Mdm. Han"), 24.5% by Ms. Sandy Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Winston Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Lawrence Lim, 1.0% by Mr. James Loo and 1.0% by Ms. Ong Liow Wah ("Ms. Jillian Ong"), who are family members. Ms. Sandy Lim is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which SWL is interested in under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

Mr. Lim Fung Yee ("Mr. Winston Lim"), aged 67, was appointed as a Director on 19 April 2018. He was re-designated as an executive Director on 5 July 2018. He is a member of each of the remuneration committee and the risk management committee. Mr. Winston Lim is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Winston Lim has over 30 years of experience in the snacks industry. Mr. Winston Lim's core responsibilities lie in sales and marketing where he strategises business development and product innovation, ascertains the viability of potential new markets and proactively maintains close working relationship with the customers of the Group.

本集團董事及高級管理層履歷詳情載列如下:

董事

執行董事

林小燕女士(「林小燕女士|),68歳,於二零一八 年四月十九日獲委任為董事。彼於二零一八年七 月五日調任為執行董事並獲委任為董事會主席。 彼為風險管理委員會主席。林小燕女士亦為本集 團多間附屬公司的董事。林小燕女士於休閒食品 行業累積逾30年經驗。林小燕女士的核心職責為 負責本集團的營運活動,包括採購(當中彼負責 尋求及規劃原材料供應及與供應商維持密切的合 作關係)、財務及行政。

林小燕女士為林芳宇先生及林方宙先生的胞姐, 林芳宇先生及林方宙先生均為執行董事。林小燕 女士為James Loo先生的配偶及呂永強先生的母 親, lames Loo先生及呂永強先生均為本集團高級 管理層成員。

SWL Limited (「SWL」)於750,000,000股股份 (「股份」)(相當於本公司已發行股本的75%)中 擁有權益。SWL的已發行股本由韓友蘭女士(「韓 女士」)、林小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生、 James Loo先生及王蓮華女士(「王蓮華女士」) 分別合法及實益擁有24.5%、24.5%、24.5%、 24.5%、1.0%及1.0%,該等人士均為家庭成員。根 據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部,林小燕女士被視為於SWL擁有 權益的股份中擁有權益。

林芳宇先生(「林芳宇先生」),67歲,於二零一八 年四月十九日獲委任為董事。彼於二零一八年七 月五日調任為執行董事。彼分別為薪酬委員會及 風險管理委員會成員。林芳宇先生亦為本集團多 間附屬公司的董事。林芳宇先生於休閒食品行業 累積逾30年經驗。林芳宇先生的核心職責為銷售 及營銷工作,當中彼負責制定業務發展及產品創 新戰略,確定潛在新市場的可行性及積極與本集 團客戶維持密切的合作關係。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

Mr. Winston Lim is the sibling of Ms. Sandy Lim and Mr. Lawrence Lim, both being executive Directors. Mr. Winston Lim is the father of Mr. Sean Lim, an executive Director.

SWL is interested in 750,000,000 Shares, representing 75% of the issued share capital of the Company. The issued share capital of SWL is legally and beneficially owned as to 24.5% by Mdm. Han, 24.5% by Ms. Sandy Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Winston Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Lawrence Lim, 1.0% by Mr. James Loo and 1.0% by Ms. Jillian Ong, who are family members. Mr. Winston Lim is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which SWL is interested in under Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Lim Fung Chor ("Mr. Lawrence Lim"), aged 63, was appointed as a Director on 19 April 2018. He was re-designated as an executive Director on 5 July 2018. He is a member of each of the nomination committee and the risk management committee. Mr. Lawrence Lim is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Lawrence Lim has over 30 years of experience in the snacks industry. Mr. Lawrence Lim is currently responsible for overseeing the Group's production facilities in Johor, Malaysia to ensure that the production process as well as the products adhere to the relevant standards and/or certifications, and customers' requirements.

Mr. Lawrence Lim is the sibling of Ms. Sandy Lim and Mr. Winston Lim, both being executive Directors. Mr. Lawrence Lim is the father of Mr. Brandon Lim, a member of the senior management of the Group.

SWL is interested in 750,000,000 Shares, representing 75% of the issued share capital of the Company. The issued share capital of SWL is legally and beneficially owned as to 24.5% by Mdm. Han, 24.5% by Ms. Sandy Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Winston Lim, 24.5% by Mr. Lawrence Lim, 1.0% by Mr. James Loo and 1.0% by Ms. Jillian Ong, who are family members. Mr. Lawrence Lim is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which SWL is interested in under Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai) ("Mr. Sean Lim"), aged 40, was appointed as an executive Director on 5 July 2018. He is a member of the risk management committee. Mr. Sean Lim joined the Group in September 2013 as sales business development assistant manager. He is currently assisting Mr. Winston Lim in overseeing the overall sales function of the Group as business development manager.

林芳宇先生為林小燕女士及林方宙先生的兄弟, 林小燕女士及林方宙先生均為執行董事。林芳宇 先生為執行董事林生財先生的父親。

SWI於750,000,000股股份(相當於本公司已發行股本的75%)中擁有權益。SWI的已發行股本由韓女士、林小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生、James Loo先生及王蓮華女士分別合法及實益擁有24.5%、24.5%、24.5%、1.0%及1.0%,該等人士均為家庭成員。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部、林芳宇先生被視為於SWI擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。

林方宙先生(「林方宙先生」),63歲,於二零一八年四月十九日獲委任為董事。彼於二零一八年七月五日調任為執行董事。彼分別為提名委員會及風險管理委員會成員。林方宙先生亦為本集團多間附屬公司的的董事。林方宙先生於休閒食品行業累積逾30年經驗。林方宙先生現負責監察本集團位於馬來西亞柔佛的生產設施,以確保生產工序及產品符合相關標準及/或認證及客戶的要求。

林方宙先生為林小燕女士及林芳宇先生的兄弟, 林小燕女士及林芳宇先生均為執行董事。林方宙 先生為本集團高級管理層成員林生廣先生的父親。

SWL於750,000,000股股份(相當於本公司已發行股本的75%)中擁有權益。SWL的已發行股本由韓女士、林小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生、James Loo先生及王蓮華女士分別合法及實益擁有24.5%、24.5%、24.5%、1.0%及1.0%,該等人士均為家庭成員。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,林方宙先生被視為於SWL擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。

林生財先生(「林生財先生」),40歲,於二零一八年七月五日獲委任為執行董事。彼為風險管理委員會成員。林生財先生於二零一三年九月加入本集團擔任銷售業務發展經理助理。彼目前擔任業務發展經理,協助林芳宇先生監察本集團的整體銷售工作。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

He obtained a Diploma in Microelectronics from Temasek Polytechnic in June 2006 and a Letter of Merit for High Achiever Award from The Republic of Singapore Air Force in February 2008.

Mr. Sean Lim is the son of Mr. Winston Lim, an executive Director.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Ka Yu ("Mr. Chan"), aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 December 2018. He is currently the chairman of the audit committee and member of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee. Mr. Chan obtained his Bachelor of Commerce degree in accounting from Hong Kong Shue Yan University in October 2009. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since March 2009.

Mr. Chan has over 15 years of professional accounting and financial reporting experience. From July 2004 to July 2007, Mr. Chan was an accountant at Kam & Cheung, Certified Public Accountants. From July 2007 to August 2010, he was a senior auditor at World Link CPA Limited. From September 2010 to April 2012, he worked at BDO Limited (which was formerly known as JBPB & Company), initially as a senior accountant and subsequently promoted as a senior associate. From May 2012 to April 2013, he worked as an investor relations officer for Fantasia Group (China) Company Limited, a subsidiary of Fantasia Holdings Group Co., Limited (stock code: 1777), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

From June 2013 to December 2024, he worked as the chief financial officer of Virtual Mind Holding Company Limited (formerly known as CEFC Hong Kong Financial Investment Company Limited) (stock code: 1520), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Dragon Rise Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 6829) from January 2018 to December 2024. Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Metaspacex Limited (which was formerly known as Yield Go Holdings Ltd.) (stock code: 1796) from December 2018 to January 2024, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

彼於二零零六年六月取得淡馬錫理工學院的微電 子學文憑及於二零零八年二月獲得新加坡共和國 空軍高級成就獎功績獎章。

林生財先生為執行董事林芳宇先生的兒子。

獨立非執行董事

陳家宇先生(「陳先生」),45歲,於二零一八年 十二月二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼現為 審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。陳先生於二零零九年十月獲得香港樹仁大學 會計學商業學士學位。彼自二零零九年三月起為 香港會計師公會會員。

陳先生擁有逾15年專業會計及財務申報經驗。自 二零零四年七月至二零零七年七月, 陳先生為張 沛鴻甘耀成會計師行會計師。自二零零七年七月 至二零一零年八月,彼為華普天健(香港)會計師 事務所有限公司高級審計師。自二零一零年九月 至二零一二年四月,彼就職於香港立信德豪會計 師事務所有限公司(前稱莊柏會計師行),起初擔 任高級會計師,其後晉升為高級審計師。自二零 一二年五月至二零一三年四月,彼於聯交所主板 上市公司花樣年控股集團有限公司(股份代號: 1777)的附屬公司花樣年集團(中國)有限公司 擔任投資者關係主任。

自二零一三年六月至二零二四年十二月,彼擔任 聯交所主板上市公司天機控股有限公司(前稱香 港華信金融投資有限公司)(股份代號:1520) 的財務總監。自二零一八年一月至二零二四年 十二月,陳先生為龍昇集團控股有限公司(股份 代號:6829)的獨立非執行董事。自二零一八年 十二月至二零二四年一月,陳先生為聯交所主板 上市公司Metaspacex Limited(前稱耀高控股有限 公司)(股份代號:1796)的獨立非執行董事。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

Mr. Lee Yan Fai ("Mr. Lee"), aged 40, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 December 2018. He is currently the chairman of the remuneration committee and member of the audit committee and the nomination committee. Mr. Lee obtained his Master's degree of Professional Accounting from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

李恩輝先生(「李先生」),40歲,於二零一八年 十二月二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼現為 薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成 員。李先生取得香港理工大學專業會計碩士學位。

Mr. Lee has been a practising accountant in Hong Kong since 2014. He is a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate of The Institute of Concreted Accountants in England and Wales. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Colour Life Services Group Co., Limited (stock code: 1778), a company listed on the Stock Exchange.

李先生自二零一四年起一直為香港執業會計師。 彼亦為香港會計師公會資深會員及英格蘭及威爾 士特許會計師公會會員。彼現為聯交所上市公司 彩生活服務集團有限公司(股份代號:1778)獨 立非執行董事。

Mr. Lee has over 10 years' extensive experience by working in international audit firms and other listed companies. Mr. Lee was the financial controller of each of China Carbon Neutral Development Group Limited (formerly known as Bisu Technology Group International Limited) (stock code: 1372) from August 2015 until December 2018 and Sino Golf Holdings Limited (stock code: 361) from September 2015 until December 2018, both being companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He currently serves as a managing director of Yongtuo Fuson CPA Limited.

李先生擁有在國際審計公司及其他上市公司工作 逾10年的豐富經驗。李先生自二零一五年八月至 二零一八年十二月及自二零一五年九月至二零 一八年十二月分別擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國 碳中和發展集團有限公司(前稱比速科技集團國 際有限公司,股份代號:1372)及順龍控股有限 公司(股份代號:361)的財務總監。彼現擔任永 拓富信會計師事務所有限公司的董事總經理。

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao) ("Mr. Chew"), aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 December 2018. He is currently the chairman of the nomination committee and member of the remuneration committee and the audit committee. Mr. Chew obtained his Bachelor in Engineering degree from the National University of Singapore in July 1998 and subsequently obtained his Master of Business Administration from the National University of Singapore in April 2004. He went on to obtain professional qualifications, namely, Project Management Professional (PMP) in June 2010, Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL) Expert in August 2012 and Certified Chief Information Security Officer in October 2017.

周洁耀先生(「周先生」),51歲,於二零一八年 十二月二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼現為 提名委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及審核委員會成 員。周先生於一九九八年七月取得新加坡國立大 學工程學士學位,及隨後於二零零四年四月取得 新加坡國立大學工商管理碩士學位。彼相繼於二 零一零年六月、二零一二年八月及二零一七年十 月分別取得項目管理專家專業資格,資訊科技基 礎架構庫專家專業資格及執業首席信息安全官專 業資格。

Mr. Chew has over 10 years of experience in the information technology field. He has been a general manager of OxPay SG Pte Ltd (formerly known as Mobile Credit Payment Pte Ltd), a payment technology and merchant service company, since April 2020 and was its chief technology officer from 2012 until 2017. Prior to that, he was business support manager for Orange Business Services, a global telecommunication operator and information technology services company, from 2009 until 2012.

周先生於資訊科技領域擁有逾10年經驗。彼自 二零二零年四月起擔任OxPay SG Pte Ltd(前稱 為Mobile Credit Payment Pte Ltd, 一間提供支付技 術及商戶服務的公司)的總經理,彼自二零一二 年至二零一七年擔任該公司的首席技術官。在此 之前,彼自二零零九年至二零一二年於Orange Business Services (一間全球通信營運商及資訊科 技服務公司)擔任業務支持經理。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Mok Tang Eng ("Mr. John Mok"), aged 69, joined the Group in January 2014 as the manufacturing manager. Mr. John Mok is primarily responsible for monitoring the production flow, increase quality and stabilisation of production, improve production procedure and reduce production costing and overhead. Mr. John Mok obtained his Diploma in Management from the Malaysian Institute of Management in January 1992. Mr. John Mok became a member of the Malaysian Institute of Management in January 1991.

Mr. Loo Soon Hock James ("Mr. James Loo"), aged 68, joined the Group since January 1985. Mr. James Loo has over 30 years of experience in the snacks industry. In January 2017, he was promoted to senior sales manager where he is responsible for overseeing and handling direct business-to-business sales with focus on hospitality and wholesale customers including overseeing the deliveries to the customers, sourcing for new potential customers and maintaining close relationship with the customers.

Mr. James Loo is the spouse of Ms. Sandy Lim, an executive Director, and the father of Mr. Terence Loo, a member of the senior management of the Group.

Mr. Er Eng Hui ("Mr. Ricky Er"), aged 64, joined the Group since January 1985. Mr. Ricky Er has over 30 years of experience in the snacks industry. In January 2017, he was promoted to senior sales manager where he is responsible for overseeing and handling direct business-to-business sales to major supermarket chains in Singapore including overseeing the promotional activities in the supermarkets and maintaining close relationship with the customers.

高級管理層

Mok Tang Eng先生(「John Mok先生」), 69歲, 於二零一四年一月加入本集團,擔任生產經理。 lohn Mok先生主要負責監督生產流程、提高生產 質量及穩定性、改進生產程序及降低生產成本及 經常性開支。John Mok先生於一九九二年一月取 得馬來西亞管理學院管理學文憑。John Mok先生 於一九九一年一月成為馬來西亞管理學院會員。

Loo Soon Hock, James先生(「James Loo先生」), 68歲,自一九八五年一月起加入本集團。Igmes Loo先生於休閒食品行業累積逾30年經驗。於二 零一七年一月,彼獲晉升為高級銷售經理,負責 監察及處理直銷業務,且專注於酒店及批發客戶, 包括監察向客戶發貨、尋求新的潛在客戶及與客 戶保持密切的關係。

lames Loo先生為執行董事林小燕女士的配偶及本 集團高級管理層成員呂永強先生的父親。

余榮輝先生(「余榮輝先生」),64歲,自一九八五 年一月起加入本集團。余榮輝先生於休閒食品行 業累積逾30年經驗。於二零一七年一月,彼獲晉 升為高級銷售經理,負責監察及處理向新加坡大 型超市的直銷業務,包括監察超市的推廣活動及 與客戶維持密切的關係。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

Mr. Loo Yong Keong Terence (Lu Yongqiang) ("Mr. Terence Loo"), aged 40, joined the Group in June 2014 as the finance manager. Mr. Terence Loo is primarily responsible for overseeing the Group's working capital needs, financial performance, income, cashflow and expenditure, overall preparation, management and monitoring of corporate budgeting, overseeing human resources department and development of business process and accounting policies. The finance team led by Mr. Terence Loo will provide advice to the Board and coordinate with the sales and procurement teams to manage financial and operational risks so that the Group can attain an optimal cashflow position. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Terence Loo has worked in the financial industry for over 3 years. He obtained his undergraduate degree in Bachelor of Finance from the Australian National University in July 2011 and postgraduate degree in Master of Professional Accounting from Singapore Management University in June 2020.

Mr. Terence Loo is the son of Ms. Sandy Lim, an executive Director, and Mr. James Loo, a member of the senior management of the Group.

Mr. Lim Sheng Kwong ("Mr. Brandon Lim"), aged 35, joined the Group in February 2014 as assistant sales manager, subsequently he was transferred to being an assistant production manager. In April 2021 he was transferred back to sales as business development manager. Mr. Brandon Lim obtained a Bachelor of Commerce from Murdoch University majoring in management marketing in June 2015.

Mr. Brandon Lim is the son of Mr. Lawrence Lim, an executive Director.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Hank, Daniel ("Mr. Chan"), age 50, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 17 December 2022. Mr. Chan is currently a partner at the law firm of CLKW Lawyers LLP, specialising in corporate finance work including initial public offerings, mergers and acquisitions and restructuring. Mr. Chan is a practising solicitor and was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong in 2003. He received a degree of Bachelor of Laws and Bachelor of Commerce from Macquarie University, Sydney, Australia in 2000. Mr. Chan was the company secretary of GT Steel Construction Group Limited (now known as Plateau Treasures Limited) (stock code: 8402) from March 2017 to 1 July 2023, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

呂永強先生(「呂永強先生」),40歲,於二零一四年六月加入本集團,擔任財務經理。呂永強先生主要負責監督本集團的營運資金需求、財務表現,收入,現金流量及開支,公司預算的整體編制、管理及監控,監督人力資源部以及業務流程及馬門政策的發展。呂永強先生領導的財務團隊協調,以令本集團實現最佳現金融量狀況。於加入本集團前,呂永強先生曾於金融業工作超過三年。其於二零一一年七月取得澳洲國立大學金融學學士學位,並於二零二零年六月取得新加坡管理大學專業會計碩士研究生學位。

呂永強先生為執行董事林小燕女士及本集團高級管理層成員James Loo先生的兒子。

林生廣先生(「林生廣先生」),35歲,於二零一四年二月加入本集團,擔任銷售經理助理。其隨後被調任生產經理助理。於二零二一年四月被調回銷售部門任業務發展經理。林生廣先生於二零一五年六月取得莫道克大學的商學學士學位,主修管理營銷學。

林生廣先生為執行董事林方宙先生的兒子。

公司秘書

陳恒先生(「陳先生」) 50歲,於二零二二年十二月十七日獲委任為公司秘書。陳先生現為CLKW Lawyers LLP的合夥人,該公司專注於企業融資工作,包括首次公開發售、併購及重組。陳先生為執業律師,於二零零三在香港取得律師資格。彼於二零零零年取得澳洲悉尼麥覺理大學法學士學位及商學士學位。於二零一七年三月至二零二三年七月一日期間,陳先生擔任聯交所GEM上市公司GT Steel Construction Group Limited (現稱高原之寶有限公司) (股份代號:8402)之公司秘書。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "Financial Statements").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and through its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the production, packaging and sale of nuts and chips with track record of more than 50 years. The core products include roasted nuts, baked nuts, potato chips and cassava chips. The products have been sold and distributed to over 10 countries, including Singapore, Malaysia and the PRC.

The particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 33 to the Financial Statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Discussion and analysis of the business of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2024 are set out in the Financial Statements.

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Final Dividend"), representing a total payment of approximately HK\$2.3 million (equivalent to approximately S\$0.4 million) (Dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents per ordinary share declared for the year ended 31 December 2023). The payment of the 2024 Final Dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be held.

The 2024 Final Dividend will be payable on or around Monday, 30 June 2025 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 9 June 2025, being the record date for the 2024 Final Dividend.

There is no arrangement that a Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

董事會欣然提呈其截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度的報告, 連同本集團截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表 (「財務報表」)。

主營業務

本公司的主營業務為投資控股及(透過其附屬公 司)主要從事堅果及薯片生產、包裝及銷售,具有 逾50年經營歷史。核心產品包括堅果炒貨類、堅 果烘烤類、馬鈴薯片及木薯片。產品在超過10個 國家均有銷售及分銷,包括新加坡、馬來西亞及

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載於財務報表附許 33 .

業務回顧

有關本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度的業務討論及分析載於本年報「管理層討論及 分析」一節。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的 業績及本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的財 務狀況載於財務報表中。

董事會建議派付截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度的末期股息每股普通股O.23港仙(「二零 二四年末期股息」),派付總額約為2.3百萬港元 (相當於約0.4百萬新加坡元)(截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度宣派股息每股普通股0.23 港仙)。派付二零二四年末期股息須待本公司股 東於將予舉行的股東週年大會上批准後,方可作 實。

二零二四年末期股息將於二零二五年六月三十日 (星期一)或前後派付予於二零二五年六月九日 (星期一)(即二零二四年末期股息的記錄日期) 名列本公司股東名冊的股東。

概無股東放棄或同意放棄任何股息的安排。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy on 20 December 2018, which sets out the approach in recommending dividends, to allow the shareholders to participate in the Group's profits and for the Group to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The Company's ability to pay dividends will depend upon, among other things, the Group's current and future operations, financial position, development pipeline, prevailing economic environment, contractual restrictions, capital and other reserve requirements, dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries and associates, as well as any other conditions or factors which the Board deems relevant. The form, frequency and amount of dividend payment by the Company are subject to any restrictions under the memorandum and articles of association (the "Articles") of the Company, the applicable laws and regulations of Hong Kong and the Cayman Islands and any other laws and regulations applicable to the Company.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

AGM AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the shareholders' rights to attend and vote at the AGM to be held at 9:00 a.m. on 30 May 2025 at 255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 27 May 2025 to 30 May 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, non-registered shareholders must lodge all completed transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 26 May 2025.

股息政策

董事會於二零一八年十二月二十日採納股息政策(其載有建議股息的方法)以讓股東分享本集團溢利及為本集團未來發展保留充足儲備。本公司派付股息的能力將取決於(其中包括)本集團前及未來營運、財務狀況、發展項目、現行經濟環境、合約限制、資本及其他儲備要求、已收本不經濟、合約限制、資本及其他儲備要求、已收本有關的層公司及聯營公司股息以及董事會認為有關的任何其他條件或因素。本公司派付股息的形式與制(「章程細則」)的限制,並須符合香港及開東設定。

物業、廠房及設備

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於財務報表附註 13。

股 東 週 年 大 會 及 暫 停 辦 理 股 東 登 記 手 續

為釐定股東出席將於二零二五年五月三十日上午 九時正假座255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433 舉行的股東週年大會並於會上投票的權利,本公司將於二零二五年五月二十七日至二零二五年五 月三十日(包括首尾兩日)期間暫停辦理股東東 記手續,期間將不會辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,未登記股東須於二零二五年五月二十六日下午四時三十分前將填妥的所有過戶文件連同有關股票送交本公司在香港的股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司(地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓),以辦理登記手續。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

For determining the entitlement of the proposed 2024 Final Dividend, the register of members of the Company will also be closed from Thursday, 5 June 2025 to Monday, 9 June 2025, both dates inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the 2024 Final Dividend, unregistered holders of the Shares should ensure that all share transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 4 June 2025. Subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the AGM, the Final Dividend will be paid on or around Monday, 30 June 2025 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 9 June 2025.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group in the form of a comparative table for the last five financial years is set out in the section headed "Financial Highlights" of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group has complied with all applicable laws and regulations in relation to environmental protections, including, but not limited to The Environmental Protection and Management Act (Chapter 94A of Singapore), Environmental Quality (Industrial Effluent) Regulations 2009 (Malaysia) and Environmental Quality (Sewage) Regulations 2009. In 2024, the Group was not subject to any material claims or penalties in relation to environmental protection.

Details of the Group's environmental, social and governance performance for the year ended 31 December 2024 can be found in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has in place compliance and risk management policies and procedures, and members of the senior management are delegated with the continuing obligation to monitor adherence to and compliance with all significant legal and regulatory requirements by the Group.

To the best knowledge of the Board, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations applicable to its business and industry in Singapore and Malaysia in all material aspects during the year ended 31 December 2024.

為釐定收取擬議的二零二四年末期股息的資格, 本公司亦將於二零二五年六月五日(星期四)至 二零二五年六月九日(星期一)(包括首尾兩日) 暫停辦理股份過戶登記,期間將不會辦理股份過 戶登記手續。為符合資格收取二零二四年末期股 息,未登記股份持有人應確保所有股份過戶表格 連同有關股票不遲於二零二五年六月四日(星期 三)下午四時三十分送交本公司的香港股份過戶 登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司(地址為香港夏 慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓),以辦理過戶登記 手續。待股東於股東週年大會上批准後,末期股 息將於二零二五年六月三十日(星期一)或前後 派付予於二零二五年六月九日(星期一)名列本 公司股東名冊的股東。

財務概要

本集團於以往五個財政年度的已公佈業績以及資 產及負債概要以對照表的形式載於本年報「財務 摘要」一節。

環境政策

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 遵守所有適用環境保護法律法規,包括但不限於 環境保護管理法(新加坡法例第94A章)、二零零 九年環境質量管理(工業廢水)條例(馬來西亞) 及二零零九年環境質量管理(污水)條例。於二零 二四年,本集團並無涉及任何環保相關的重大申 索或罰款。

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度環 境、社會及管治表現的詳情可於本年報「環境、社 會及管治報告」一節查閱。

遵守法律及法規

本集團訂有合規及風險管理政策及程序,並委派 高級管理層成員持續負責監控本集團遵守及符合 所有重大法律及監管要求的情況。

據董事會所盡悉,於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團已於所有重大方面遵守 適用於其在新加坡及馬來西亞的業務及所在行業 的法律及法規。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Board is aware that the Group's financial condition, results of operation, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group are set out as follows:

(i) The Group's business is seasonal

The Group experiences seasonal fluctuations in its revenue and operating income for its products. The Group generally records higher revenue for its products during the holiday seasons, such as the Chinese New Year, Hari Raya Puasa and Christmas. The seasonal nature of its products causes its production lines to operate at levels approaching full capacity during certain times of the year to meet the demand particularly for the holiday seasons. As a result of these fluctuations, sales and operating results for any particular period may not necessarily be indicative of the Group's results for the full year or future periods. The Group's results of operations are likely to continue to fluctuate due to seasonality.

(ii) The Group's profitability may be adversely affected by fluctuations in material prices

The Group purchases all its materials which mainly comprise various types of nuts and beans including peanuts, cashews, pistachios, almonds, macadamia nuts, USA walnuts, broad beans and green peas, as well as fresh potatoes and cassava roots from third party suppliers. Its cost of materials accounted for more than 80% of its cost of sales. The quality and price of its materials are dependent on the output of the harvest which may be affected by events beyond its control such as natural disasters, infectious diseases, pest infestations and climate change. The Group's suppliers may not be able to continue to provide materials in sufficient quantities and of suitable quality at an acceptable price to satisfy the Group's production needs should there be a bad harvest. The global supply chain is also affected by several factors, including pandemic, war/conflicts, climate changes and other local conditions that affect crops or logistics. Any interruptions to its material supplies could materially and adversely affect its production and business operation.

主要風險及不確定因素

董事會知悉,本集團的財務狀況、經營業績、業務 及前景可能受多種風險及不確定因素的影響。本 集團識別的主要風險及不確定因素載列如下:

(i) 本集團業務受季節性影響

本集團的產品收益及經營收入存在季節性 波動。本集團通常於假日季期間錄得較高產 品收益,如中國農曆新年、開齋節及聖誕節。 本集團產品的季節性導致其生產線於一年 中的某些時期以接近滿負荷的水平運作,以 滿足假日季的特別需求。受該等波動影響, 於特定時期的銷售及經營業績未必可反映 本集團全年或未來期間的業績。本集團的經 營業績可能仍將受季節性影響而波動。

(ii) 本集團的盈利能力或會受到材料價 格波動的不利影響

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The Group relies on certain third party suppliers

The Group's purchases from its five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 46.9% of its total purchases for the year ended 31 December 2024. There is no assurance that these suppliers will continue to supply materials at prices and on terms and conditions acceptable to the Group. The materials from its suppliers may be affected by natural disasters, infectious diseases, pest infestations and climate change which may expose the Group to the risk of price fluctuation and availability of supplies. Should there be any disruptions in the operations of its suppliers which affect the supply of materials, there is no assurance that the Group will be able to locate alternative suppliers with sufficient quantities of suitable quality at an acceptable price and commercial terms, which could then materially and adversely affect its business, overall profitability and financial performance.

For other risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the prospectus of the Company dated 31 December 2018.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 25 to the Financial Statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the section headed "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" in the Financial Statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Group, as calculated under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, was approximately \$\$53.7 million.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2024, the Group has made charitable donations of approximately \$\$21,000 and \$\$5,000 respectively.

(iii) 本集團依賴若干第三方供應商

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團向其五大供應商作出的採購佔總採 購額約46.9%。無法保證該等供應商將繼續 按本集團可接受的價格以及條款及條件供 應材料。向供應商採購材料可能受到自然災 害、傳染病、蟲害及氣候變化的影響,其可 能使本集團面臨價格波動及物資供應風險。 倘因供應商業務中斷而影響材料供應,則概 無保證本集團將能夠按可接受價格及商業 條款,物色可提供數量充足且質量適宜的材 料的替代供應商、繼而可能對其業務、整體 盈利能力及財務表現造成重大不利影響。

有關本集團面臨的其他風險及不確定因素,請參 閱本公司日期為二零一八年十二月三十一日之招 股章程「風險因素|一節。

股本

本公司的股本變動詳情載於財務報表附註25。

儲備

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的 儲備變動載於財務報表「綜合權益變動表」一節。

可供分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,按開曼群島公司 法計算,可供分派予本集團權益股東的儲備總額 約為53.7百萬新加坡元。

捐贈

截至二零二三年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團所作慈善捐款分別為約21,000新加 坡元及5,000新加坡元。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 63.2% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 whilst the largest customer accounted for approximately 30.8% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 46.9% of the Group's total purchases during the year ended 31 December 2024 whilst the largest supplier accounted for approximately 20.9% of the total purchases of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

At all times during the year ended 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any shareholder (who, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of number of issued Shares) had an interest in any of the five largest customers or five largest suppliers of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme on 20 December 2018. The terms of the Share Option Scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme:

(A) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide an incentive or a reward to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity").

主要客戶及供應商

本集團來自五大客戶的收益佔本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度總收益的約63.2%,而來自最大客戶的收益佔本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度總收益的約30.8%。

本集團向五大供應商作出的採購佔本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度總採購額的約46.9%,而向最大供應商作出的採購佔本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度總採購額的約20.9%。

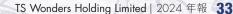
於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的任何時間,概無董事或彼等之任何緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有已發行股份數目5%以上者)於本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的任何五大客戶或五大供應商中擁有任何權益。

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一八年十二月二十日採納購股權計劃。購股權計劃的條款乃按上市規則第十七章的條文釐定。下文為購股權計劃主要條款概要:

(A) 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在鼓勵或獎賞合資格參與者 對本集團所作出的貢獻及/或使本集團能 夠聘請及挽留優秀僱員及吸引對本集團或 本集團持有其任何股權的任何實體(「投資 實體」)具價值的人力資源。



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董事會報告

Participants of the Share Option Scheme

The participants of the Share Option Scheme shall be:

- (1) any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of the Company, any of the subsidiaries and any Invested Entity;
- any director (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any customer of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any consultant, adviser, manager, officer or entity that (5) provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group or any Invested Entity eligible for options under the Share Option Scheme.

(C) Total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme

Under the Share Option Scheme, the total number of Shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the number of issued shares as at 14 January 2019, being the Listing Date, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders.

As at the date of this annual report, a total of 100,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company, are available for issue under the Share Option Scheme.

(D) Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme

The maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of the options must not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.

購股權計劃的參與者

購股權計劃的參與者須為:

- 本公司、其任何附屬公司及任何投資 實體的任何僱員(不論全職或兼職僱 員);
- 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資 (2) 實體的任何董事(包括執行、非執行 及獨立非執行董事);
- (3) 本集團的仟何成員公司或仟何投資實 體的任何商品或服務供應商;
- (4)本集團或任何投資實體的任何客戶;
- 任何向本集團或任何投資實體提供研 (5) 究、開發或其他技術支援的任何顧問、 諮詢人士、經理、高級職員或實體;或
- (6) 董事會全權酌情認為曾經或可能對本 集團有貢獻之任何人士或根據購股權 計劃合資格獲得購股權之任何投資實

(C) 根據購股權計劃可供發行的股份總 數

根據購股權計劃,因根據購股權計劃及本公 司任何其他購股權計劃將授出的所有購股 權獲行使而可配發及發行的股份總數合共 不得超過於二零一九年一月十四日(即上 市日期)已發行股份總數的10%,除非本公 司獲股東另行批准則另作別論。

於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃合共 100,000,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股本 10%)可予發行。

購股權計劃項下各參與者的最高限 (D)

直至購股權授出日期(包括該日)止任何 十二個月期間,購股權計劃項下各參與者的 最高限額不得超過已發行股份總數的1%。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Each grant of share options to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, is subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their associates, resulting in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person, in a 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the Shares in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, is subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting of the Company.

The period within which the Shares must be taken up (E) under an option

The period during which an option may be exercised is determined by the Board at its discretion, save that such period shall not be longer than 10 years from the date of grant.

The minimum period for which an option must be held (F) before it can be exercised

As determined by the Board upon the grant of an option.

(G) The amount payable on acceptance of an option and the period within which payments shall be made

A consideration of S\$1 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an option where the grantee should accept or decline the offer of grant of an option within the date as specified in the offer letter issued by the Company, being a date not later than 21 business days from the date upon which it is made.

The basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and notified to an eligible person, and shall be at least the higher of: (1) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, (2) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five consecutive business days immediately preceding the date of grant, and (3) the nominal value of a share on the date of grant.

每次向本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要 股東或彼等之任何聯繫人授出購股權,須 事先經由獨立非執行董事批准。此外,於直 至該授出日期(包括該日)止十二個月期間 內已向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等 之任何聯繫人授出任何購股權會導致因行 使已授予及將授予該人士之所有購股權(包 括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使的購股權)而 已發行及將發行之股份超出已發行股份0.1% 及相關總值(按於授出日期股份之收市價 計算)超出5百萬港元,須事先於本公司股 東大會上取得股東批准。

購股權項下股份須獲承購的期限 (E)

購股權的行使期由董事會酌情釐定,惟相關 期限不得超過授出日期後10年。

(F) 可行使購股權前須持有購股權的最 短期限

由董事會於授出購股權時釐定。

(G) 於接納一份購股權時應付款項及應 作出付款的期限

於接納授出一份購股權的要約時須支付1新 加坡元代價,而承授人應於本公司發出的要 約函件所訂明的日期之內(即不遲於自發 出日期起21個營業日)接納或拒絕授出購 股權的要約。

(H) 釐定行使價的基準

根據購股權計劃授出的任何特定購股權的 一股股份行使價將由董事會全權酌情釐定 並知會合資格人士,且至少須為以下最高 者:(1)於授出日期聯交所每日報價表所報 股份收市價,(2)於緊接授出日期前連續五 個營業日聯交所每日報價表所報股份平均 收市價,及(3)於授出日期股份的面值。

董事會報告

The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 20 December 2018, being the adoption date, until 19 December 2028.

No share option has been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption on 20 December 2018, and there is no outstanding share option as at 31 December 2024.

As at the date of this annual report, there was no outstanding share option granted under the Share Option Scheme.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served for the year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Lim Seow Yen (Chairlady)(1)

Mr. Lim Fung Yee(1)

Mr. Lim Fung Chor(1)

Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai)(2)

Notes:

- (1) Appointed as Director on 19 April 2018 (date of incorporation of the Company) and were re-designated as executive Director on 5 July 2018.
- Appointed as executive Director on 5 July 2018

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Ka Yu

Mr. Lee Yan Fai

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)

Note: All appointed as independent non-executive Directors on 20 December 2018

購股權計劃的剩餘期限

購股權計劃將自二零一八年十二月二十日 (即採納日期)起至二零二八年十二月十九 日止10年期間內有效及生效。

自購股權計劃於二零一八年十二月二十日 獲採納以來,概無購股權根據購股權計劃 獲授出、行使、註銷或失效及於二零二四年 十二月三十一日,概無尚未行使的購股權。

於本年報日期,概無根據購股權計劃授出而 尚未行使的購股權。

董事

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度及直至本 年報日期提供服務之董事如下:

執行董事:

林小燕女士(主席)[] 林芳宇先生門 林方宙先生門 林生財先生[2]

附註:

- 於二零一八年四月十九日(本公司註冊成立日 期)獲委任為董事及於二零一八年七月五日調 任為執行董事。
- 於二零一八年七月五日獲委任為執行董事。

獨立非執行董事:

陳家宇先生 李恩輝先生 周洁耀先生

附註: 均於二零一八年十二月二十日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and shall then be eligible for re-election. As such, Mr. Lim Fung Yee, Mr. Lim Fung Chor and Mr. Chan Ka Yu will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming AGM, being eligible, and offer themselves for re-election.

根據章程細則第108(a)條,於每屆股東週年大會 上,為數三分之一的董事(或倘董事數目不是三 或三的倍數,則為最接近的數字但不少於三分之 一)均須輪值退任,惟每名董事應至少每三年輪 值退任一次且屆時將合資格重選連任。因此,林 芳宇先生、林方宙先生及陳家宇先生將於應屆股 東週年大會上退任董事之職,並符合資格重選連

DIRECTORS' SERVICE AGREEMENT

Each executive Director is appointed under a service agreement for a term of three years from the Listing Date which is terminable by either party by giving three months' written notice to the other party.

Each independent non-executive Director is appointed under a letter of appointment for a term of three years from the Listing Date which is terminable by either party by giving one month's written notice to the other party.

None of our Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by our Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set in the section headed "Biographical Details of the Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTEREST IN TRANSACTIONS. ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S **BUSINESS**

Save for the related party transactions as disclosed in Note 30 to the Financial Statements, no Director and/or any of his/her connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party subsisted at any time during the year ended 31 December 2024.

董事服務協議

各執行董事根據服務協議獲委任,自上市日期起 計為期三年,可由任何一方向另一方發出三個月 書面通知終止。

各獨立非執行董事乃根據委任函獲委任,自上市 日期起計為期三年,可由任何一方向另一方發出 一個月書面通知終止。

建議於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任的董事概無 與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立不支付賠償(法 定賠償除外)不得於一年內終止之未屆滿服務合 約。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

本集團董事及高級管理層履歷詳情載於本年報「董 事及高級管理層履歷詳情」一節。

董事於與本公司業務有關之重大交 易、安排及合約中的重大權益

除財務報表附註30所披露之關聯方交易外,截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度任何時間,概 無存續本公司、其控股公司或其附屬公司或同系 附屬公司所訂立任何對本集團業務而言屬重大且 任何董事及/或其關連實體直接或間接於其中擁 有重大權益之交易、安排或合約。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND THE ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2024, the interests or short positions of the Directors of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of the associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

LONG POSITION IN THE SHARES OF SWL LIMITED, AN ASSOCIATED CORPORATION OF THE COMPANY

Name of Directors Capacity/nature of interest 董事姓名 身份/權益性質 Lim Seow Yen Beneficial owner 林小燕 實益擁有人 Lim Fung Yee Beneficial owner 林芳宇 實益擁有人 Lim Fung Chor Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 林方宙

Note: SWL Limited held in aggregate 750,000,000 Shares, representing 75% of the issued share capital of the Company. The issued share capital of SWL Limited is legally and beneficially owned as to 24.5% by Mdm. Han Yew Lang, 24.5% by Ms. Lim Seow Yen, 24.5% by Mr. Lim Fung Yee, 24.5% by Mr. Lim Fung Chor, 1.0% by Mr. Loo Soon Hock James and 1.0% by Ms. Ong Liow Wah.

董事於本公司及相聯法團的股份、相 關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,董事於本公司或 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有,(a)根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及 聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨 條例有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉); (b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於該條所 述登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(c)根據上市規則附錄 C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守 則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益 或淡倉如下:

於本公司相聯法團SWL LIMITED股份 中的好倉

Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比	Number of shares held 所持股份數目
24.5%	490
24.5%	490
24.5%	490

附註: SWL Limited合共持有750,000,000股股份,佔 本公司已發行股本的75%。SWL Limited的已發 行股本分別由韓友蘭女士、林小燕女士、林芳 宇先生、林方宙先生、Loo Soon Hock James先生 及王蓮華女士合法及實益擁有24.5%、24.5%、 24.5%、24.5%、1.0%及1.0%。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/ she was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (c) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND **UNDERLYING SHARES**

As at 31 December 2024, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than a Director of the Company) and entities had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

Name of shareholder Capacity/nature of interest Shares held 持有的 股東姓名 身份/權益性質 股份數目 SWL Limited Beneficial owner 750,000,000 SWL Limited 實益擁有人

Note: The issued share capital of SWL Limited is legally and beneficially owned as to 24.5% by Mdm. Han Yew Lang, 24.5% by Ms. Lim Seow Yen, 24.5% by Mr. Lim Fung Yee, 24.5% by Mr. Lim Fung Chor, 1.0% by Mr. Loo Soon Hock James and 1.0% by Ms. Ong Liow Wah.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, so far as the Directors are aware, no other persons (other than a Director of the Company) or entities had any interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company, which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,概無本公司董事於本公司(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁 有:(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須 知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括彼 等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視為擁 有的權益及淡倉),(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須登記於該條所述登記冊的任何權益或淡倉, 或(c)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何 權益或淡倉。

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益 及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,下 列人士(本公司董事除外)及實體於本公司股份 及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 2及3分部條文須披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券 及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公司存置的登記 冊的權益或淡倉:

> Number of Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比 75%

附註: SWL Limited的已發行股本分別由韓友蘭女士、 林小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生、Loo Soon Hock James先生及王蓮華女士合法及實 益擁有24.5%、24.5%、24.5%、24.5%、1.0%及 1.0% .

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,就董事所知,概無其他人士(本公司董事除外) 或實體於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須披露的任 何權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條 須記錄於本公司存置的登記冊的任何權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into or subsisted by the Company at the year ended 31 December 2024.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND **DEBENTURES**

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2024 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective associates nor was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2024, details of the material related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business are set out in Note 30 to the Financial Statements.

Save as disclosed in Note 30 to the Financial Statements, the Group has not engaged in any other connected transactions and/or related party transactions during the year ended 31 December 2024.

EMOLUMENT POLICY AND DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Group believes that the remuneration package to its employees is in line with local industries. It offers its employees medical insurance coverage. The Group also offers its employees discretionary bonus depending on their respective performance and profitability of the Group which encourages their individual performance and then to contribute to their departmental performance as well. The emoluments of the Directors are reviewed and approved by the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to factors including remuneration paid by comparable companies, time commitment, job duties and responsibilities in respect of the relevant positions. The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in Note 10 to the Financial Statements. During the year ended 31 December 2024, there was no arrangement under which any Director had waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

股票掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃外,本公司於截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度並無訂立或存續任何股票掛鈎 協議。

董事購買股份及債券的權利

本公司概無於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度任何時間向任何董事或彼等各自的的聯繫人 授出權利,藉購入本公司的股份或債券而獲取利 益,本公司及其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排。

關聯方交易

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,於日常 業務過程中進行的重大關聯方交易詳情載於財務 報表附註30。

除財務報表附註30所披露者外,本集團於截至二 零二四年十二月三十一日止年度並無訂立任何其 他關連交易及/或關聯方交易。

酬金政策及董事薪酬

本集團認為其僱員薪酬待遇符合當地行業水平。 其為僱員提供醫療保險保障。本集團亦視乎僱員 各自表現及本集團的盈利能力而提供酌情花紅, 以此激勵僱員的個人表現,從而加強部門表現。 董事酬金由董事會薪酬委員會經考慮包括可資比 較公司支付的薪酬、所投放的時間以及有關職位 的工作職責及責任等因素審核及批准。本公司已 採納購股權計劃,其詳情載於上文「購股權計劃」 一段。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事薪 酬及本集團五名最高薪酬人士的詳情載於財務報 表附註10。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,並無有關任何董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金 之安排。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to its shareholders and protecting and enhancing shareholders' value through good corporate governance. The Directors recognise that a good corporate governance is essential for the Company to achieve its objectives and drive improvement, as well as maintain legal and ethical standing in the eyes of shareholders, regulators and the general public. The Company is committed to the view that the Board should include a balanced composition of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "Corporate Governance Code") contained in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. To the best knowledge of the Board and saved as disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report, for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code which are applicable to the Company. Please refer to the said section for details.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct governing the Directors' securities transactions and each of the Directors has confirmed, upon specific enquiries made by the Company, that he/she had complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2024.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors a written annual confirmation of independence, and the Company considers that each of them is independent and has met the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

購買、出售或贖回股份

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

優先購買權

章程細則或開曼群島法例項下並無優先購買權的 規定,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售 新股份。

企業管治

本公司致力於履行其對股東的責任並透過良好的 企業管治保護及提高股東價值。董事認為良好的 企業管治對本公司實現其目標及推動工作改進以 及在股東、監管機構及公眾的監督下維持合法道 德地位至關重要。本公司認同,董事會應由執行 董事及獨立非執行董事的均衡組合組成,以使董 事會具有高度獨立性,從而有效作出獨立判斷。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1第二部分所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)。據董事會所知及除本年報「企業管治報告」一節所披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司一直遵守適用於本公司的企業管治守則。詳情請參閱上述章節。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之標準守則, 作為董事進行證券交易之操守準則。經本公司向 各董事作出具體查詢後,各董事確認其於截至二 零二四年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守 則。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性發出 之年度書面確認函·本公司認為彼等各自均具獨 立性,並已符合上市規則第3.13條所載的指引。

董事會報告

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS IN A COMPETING **BUSINESS**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or their respective close associates had interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

SWL Limited, Mdm. Han Yew Lang, Ms. Lim Seow Yen, Mr. Lim Fung Yee, Mr. Lim Fung Chor, Mr. Loo Soon Hock James and Ms. Ong Liow Wah (collectively, the "Controlling Shareholders") entered into a deed of non-competition dated 20 December 2018 in favour of the Company and the subsidiaries (the "Deed of Non-competition"). Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition, each of the Controlling Shareholders has irrevocably and unconditionally undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of the subsidiaries), among others, that, during the period which (i) the Shares remain listed in the Stock Exchange and (ii) the Controlling Shareholder and their close associates (other than members of the Group) individually or jointly, are entitled to exercise, or control the exercise of, not less 30% of the issued share capital of the Company or control the Board. He/she/it shall not, and shall procure that his/her/its close associates (other than any member of the Group) not to carry on or be engaged, concerned or interested, or otherwise be involved directly or indirectly, in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business activity of any member of the Group or any business activity to be conducted by any member of the Group from time to

Each of the Controlling Shareholders further undertakes that if any project or new business opportunity which may compete with the business of the Group is identified by or offered to him/her/it, he/she/it shall procure that his/her/its close associates to promptly notify the Group in writing and the Group shall have a right of first refusal to take up such opportunity. The Group shall within 30 business days after the receipt of the written notice, notify the Controlling Shareholders whether the Group will exercise the right of first refusal.

董事於競爭業務的權益

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無董 事或彼等各自的緊密聯繫人根據上市規則於與本 集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭的 業務中擁有權益。

不競爭承諾

SWL Limited、韓友蘭女士、林小燕女士、林芳宇先 生、林方宙先生、Loo Soon Hock lames先生及王蓮 華女士(統稱為「控股股東」)以本公司及其附屬 公司為受益人訂立日期為二零一八年十二月二十 日的不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」)。根據不競爭契 據,各控股股東已不可撤回及無條件向本公司(為 其本身及為附屬公司的利益)承諾(其中包括), 於(i)股份仍在聯交所上市及(ii)控股股東及彼等各 自緊密聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)個別或共 同有權行使或控制行使不少於本公司已發行股本 的30%或控制董事會期間,彼將不會並促使其緊 密聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)進行或從事、涉 及與本集團任何成員公司現有業務活動或本集團 任何成員公司不時進行的任何業務活動構成競爭 或可能構成競爭的任何業務,或於其中擁有權益, 或以其他方式直接或間接牽涉其中。

各控股股東進一步承諾,倘其識別或獲提供的任 何項目或新商機可能與本集團業務構成競爭,其 將促使其緊密聯繫人立即向本集團發出書面通知 且本集團對於是否接受該機會擁有優先權。本集 團須於接獲書面通知後30個營業日內通知控股 股東,本集團是否將行使優先權。

董事會報告

The Company has received a written confirmation from the Controlling Shareholders in respect of the compliance with and the enforcement of the terms of the Deed of Non-competition by the Controlling Shareholders during the year ended 31 December 2024. All independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance of the Deed of Non-competition entered into by the Controlling Shareholders as to whether the Controlling Shareholders had abided by the Deed of Non-competition. All independent non-executive Directors also confirmed that the Controlling Shareholders had not been in breach of the Deed of Non-competition during the year ended 31 December 2024.

本公司已接獲控股股東有關控股股東於截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度遵守及執行不競爭 契據條款的確認書。全體獨立非執行董事已審閱 控股股東所訂立不競爭契據的遵守情況,以判斷 控股股東是否已遵守不競爭契據。全體獨立非執 行董事亦確認,控股股東於截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度並無違反不競爭契據。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirmed that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as at the date of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND **SUPPLIERS**

The Group believes that its employees are valuable assets for the Group's continuous development and endeavours to provide competitive remuneration package and various benefits to attract and retain its talents. Employees are remunerated according to their job scope, responsibilities, and performance. Employees are also entitled to discretionary bonus depending on their respective performance and profitability of the Group. Other form of remuneration packages include medical insurance coverage for all employees and leaves including marriage, maternity, paternity, childcare leaves and compassionate leaves.

The Company has also adopted the Share Option Scheme to recognise and motivate contributions of its employees. Further details regarding the Share Option Scheme are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

The Group maintains a close relationship with its customers and suppliers. The Group has approximately 30 years of relationship with its largest customer, which is the largest supermarket chain in Singapore with a network of over 200 outlets and approximately 20 years of relationship with its largest supplier, which is a grower, processor and international trader and exporter of nuts and dried fruits.

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可查閱的公開資料及據董事所知,董 事確認,於本年報日期,本公司已維持充足公眾 持股量。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

本集團認為其僱員乃本集團持續發展的的寶貴資 產,並致力提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇及各項福利 以吸引及挽留其人才。僱員的薪酬乃根據其工作 範圍、職責及表現釐定。僱員亦可按彼等個別表 現及本集團的盈利能力獲得酌情花紅。其他形式 的薪酬待遇包括為所有僱員提供醫療保險保障及 包括婚假、產假、陪產假、育兒假及恩恤假在內的 假期。

本公司亦採納購股權計劃以認可及鼓勵其僱員做 出的貢獻。有關購股權計劃的進一步詳情載於上 文「購股權計劃」一段。

本集團與其客戶及供應商保持密切關係。本集團 與其最大客戶保持約30年的關係,其為新加坡最 大的連鎖超市,網絡覆蓋200多間門店,本集團與 其最大供應商保持約20年的關係,其為堅果及乾 果種植戶、加工商以及國際貿易商及出口商。

董事會報告

RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

As required by the Singapore and Malaysia law, the Group makes contribution to the Central Provident Fund and the Employees Provident Fund which provides for the retirement benefits for eligible employees in Singapore and Malaysia respectively. Both the employer and employee are required to make contributions into the employee's individual account in the Central Provident Fund or the Employees Provident Fund at a specified percentage of the employee's monthly income. As at the date of this annual report, the Group is in compliance with this requirement.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Articles, every Director or other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may sustain or incur by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices.

The Company has taken appropriate insurance coverage in respect of Directors' and officers' liability for the year ended 31 December 2024.

RELIEF OF TAXATION

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract concerning the management or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2024.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events after the year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this report.

退休福利計劃

新加坡及馬來西亞法例規定,本集團分別向中央 公積金及僱員公積金作出供款,以為新加坡及馬 來西亞合資格僱員提供退休福利。僱主及僱員雙 方均須就僱員於中央公積金或僱員公積金的個人 賬戶按僱員月收入的指定百分比作出供款。於本 年報日期,本集團已遵守該規定。

獲許可之彌償條文

根據章程細則,各董事或本公司其他高級職員就 彼等或其中任何人士執行其各自的職務或推定職 務時因作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受 的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支而從 本公司的資產及溢利中獲得彌償,確保免受損害。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 已就董事及高級職員的責任進行適當投保。

税務寬免

本公司並不知悉股東因持有有關股份而可享有任 何税務寬免。

管理合約

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,概無訂 立或存續有關本公司全部或任何重大部分業務之 管理或行政的合約。

報告期後事項

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度結束後 直至本報告日期,概無發生重大事項。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

REVIEW OF THE ANNUAL RESULTS

The audit committee (the "Audit Committee") has three members, consisting of all the independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chan Ka Yu, Mr. Lee Yan Fai and Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao). Mr. Chan Ka Yu is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee had reviewed this annual report (including the Financial Statements) and the annual results announcement of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024 and had submitted the same to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee were of the opinion that the Financial Statements, the results announcement and this annual report had been prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting standards, requirements and the Listing Rules, and that adequate disclosure had been made.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Company appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024. The Financial Statements were audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP. Deloitte & Touche LLP will retire, and being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the external auditor of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

On behalf of the Board Lim Seow Yen Chairlady and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

審閱年度業績

審核委員會(「審核委員會」)包括三名成員,由獨 立非執行董事陳家宇先生、李恩輝先生及周洁耀 先生組成。陳家宇先生為審核委員會的主席。

審核委員會已審閱本年報(包括財務報表)及本公司截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績公告並遞交董事會予以審批。審核委員會認為,財務報表、業績公告及本年報均已按適用會計準則、規定及上市規則編製,並已作出充分披露。

獨立核數師

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司委任Deloitte & Touche LLP為本公司核數師。財務報表由Deloitte & Touche LLP審核。Deloitte & Touche LLP將於應屆股東週年大會上卸任,惟符合資格並願意續聘。於應屆股東週年大會上,本公司將提呈一項決議案,以續聘Deloitte & Touche LLP為本公司外部核數師直至下屆股東週年大會結束,並授權董事會釐定其酬金。

代表董事會 林小燕 主席兼執行董事

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日



企業管治報告

The Company is committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to its shareholders and protecting and enhancing shareholders' value through good corporate governance.

The Directors recognise that a good corporate governance is essential for the Company to achieve its objectives and drive improvement, as well as maintain legal and ethical standing in the eyes of shareholders, regulators and the general public.

The Company has been listed on the Stock Exchange since 14 January 2019, being the Listing Date. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code contained in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. To the best knowledge of the Board and save as disclosed hereunder, for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code which are applicable to the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Code provision C.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code states that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Ms. Lim Seow Yen is the Chairlady of the Board. As the Chairlady, Ms Lim Seow Yen manages the board's business and activities and provides guidance and direction to other board members to ensure that the Board works effectively and acts in the best interest of the Company.

The Company has no such position as the chief executive officer and therefore the daily operation and management of the Company is monitored by the executive Directors as well as the senior management of the Group. The Board believes that there is sufficient balance of power and authority as there are four experienced executive Directors each overseeing various aspects of the business, namely finance and operations, sales and marketing and production functions. In addition, there are three independent non-executive Directors who are sufficiently experienced and capable of monitoring the operations of the Group. The Board will meet from time to time to discuss issues arising from operations of the Group.

本公司致力於履行其對股東的責任並透過良好的 企業管治保護及提高股東價值。

董事認為良好的企業管治對本公司實現其目標及 推動工作改進以及在股東、監管機構及公眾的監 督下維持合法道德地位至關重要。

本公司由二零一九年一月十四日(即上市日期) 起已於聯交所上市。本公司已採納上市規則附錄 C1第二部分所載企業管治守則。據董事會所知 及除下文所披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司一直遵守適用於本公司 的企業管治守則。

主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則守則條文C.2.1條訂明,主席與行 政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由同一名人士兼

林小燕女士為董事會主席。作為主席、林小燕女 士管理董事會事務及活動並向其他董事會成員提 供指引及方向,以確保董事會有效運作及以本公 司最佳利益為依歸。

本公司並無設立行政總裁一職,故本公司的日常 營運及管理由本集團執行董事及高級管理層監察。 董事會認為,由於有四名經驗豐富的執行董事分 別監督業務的各個方面,即財務及營運、銷售及 營銷以及生產職能,可充分平衡職責與權力。此 外,董事會亦有三名經驗豐富且能夠監督本集團 營運的獨立非執行董事。董事會將不時召開會議 以討論本集團經營中出現的問題。

企業管治報告

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set forth in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions of the Directors. Employees of the Group (the "Relevant Employees") who, because of their office or employment, are likely to possess inside information in relation to the Company or its securities are also subject to compliance with the Model Code. Following specific enquiry, each of the Directors has confirmed compliance with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2024. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the Relevant Employees was noted by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises seven members as follows:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Lim Seow Yen (Chairlady)

Mr. Lim Fung Yee

Mr. Lim Fung Chor

Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Ka Yu

Mr. Lee Yan Fai

Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of the Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. The relationships between the members of the Board are also disclosed under the same section.

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之上市發行 人董事進行證券交易之標準守則,作為董事進行 證券交易之操守準則。因職務或僱傭關係而可能 接觸有關本公司或其證券內幕消息的本集團僱員 (「有關僱員」)亦須遵守標準守則。作出特定查詢 後,各董事確認於截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度一直遵守標準守則。截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無獲悉有關僱 員不遵守標準守則的事件。

董事會

董事會現時由以下七名成員組成:

執行董事:

林小燕女士(主席)

林芳宇先生

林方宙先生

林生財先生

獨立非執行董事:

陳家宇先生

李恩輝先生

周洁耀先生

董事的履歷資料載於本年報「董事及高級管理層 履歷詳情」一節。董事會成員之間的關係亦於此 節披露。

獨立非執行董事

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會 始終滿足上市規則關於委任至少三名獨立非執行 董事(佔董事會的三分之一,且其中一人擁有適 當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長)的規定。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條所載之獨立性指引就其獨立性發出的年度 獨立性確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事 均為獨立人士。

企業管治報告

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

According to Code provision B.2.2 of the Corporate Governance Code, every director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three vears.

Each of Ms. Lim Seow Yen, Mr. Lim Fung Yee, Mr. Lim Fung Chor and Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai), all being executive Directors, is appointed under a service agreement for a term of three years from the Listing Date which is terminable by either party by giving three months' written notice to the other party. Each of Mr. Chan Ka Yu, Mr. Lee Yan Fai and Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao), all being independent non-executive Directors, is appointed under a letter of appointment for a term of three years from the Listing Date which is terminable by either party by giving one month's written notice to the other party.

In accordance with the Articles, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board, led by the Chairlady, Ms. Lim Seow Yen, determines and monitors the overall strategy and policies, annual budgets and business plans, evaluates the performance of the Group, and supervises the management of the Company.

The Board is accountable to the shareholders for the activities and performance of the Group and its primary functions cover, among other things, the formulation of overall strategy, the review of the corporate and financial policies, review and assessment of the Company's financial reporting, internal control and risk management systems and the oversight of the management of the Group's business and affairs.

委任及重選董事

根據企業管治守則守則條文B.2.2條,每名董事(包 括以指定任期獲委任的董事)應至少每三年輪值 退任一次。

林小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生及林生財 先生(均為執行董事),乃根據服務協議獲委任, 自上市日期起計為期三年,可由任何一方向另一 方發出三個月書面通知終止。陳家宇先生、李恩 輝先生及周洁耀先生(均為獨立非執行董事),乃 根據委任函獲委任,自上市日期起為期三年,可 由任何一方向另一方發出一個月書面通知終止。

根據章程細則,於每屆股東週年大會上,為數三 分一的董事均須輪值退任,惟每名董事(包括以 指定任期獲委任的董事)應至少每三年輪值退任 一次。退任董事合資格重選連任。本公司可就股 東大會上退任之董事填補空缺。

董事會的角色及職責

由主席林小燕女士領導的董事會決定及監督本集 團的整體策略及政策、年度預算及業務計劃,評 估本集團的表現,及監督本公司的管理。

董事會須就本集團業務及表現向股東負責,其主 要職能為(其中包括)制定整體策略,審閱企業及 財務政策,審閱及評估本公司的財務申報、內部 控制及風險管理系統,以及監督本集團業務及事 務的管理。

企業管治報告

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company as well as the services and advice from the senior management. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them and the Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board had adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 20 December 2018, which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, integrity, management experience, technical skills, industry or professional knowledge and experience. All Board appointments are based on meritocracy, and candidates are considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The nomination committee of the Board had reviewed the Board Diversity Policy to ensure its effectiveness and considered that the Group had achieved board diversity for the year ended 31 December 2024.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board had adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") on 20 December 2018, which sets out the approach to determine the nomination of Directors, the procedure, process and criteria to be adopted for the purposes of selecting and recommending candidates for directorship, and shall make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均帶給董事會 廣泛的寶貴業務經驗、知識及專業能力,以便其 高效而有效地運作。全體董事均可充分及時地獲 取本公司的全部資料以及高級管理層的服務及建 議。董事可在適當情況下要求取得獨立專業意見, 以便履行其對本公司的職責,費用由本公司承擔。

董事應向本公司披露彼等的其他任職情況,且董 事會將定期審查各董事為履行其對本公司的責任 而作出的貢獻。

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已於二零一八年十二月二十日採納載有實 現董事會成員多元化之方法的董事會成員多元化 政策(「董事會成員多元化政策」)。本公司認為 董事會成員多元化可透過考慮(包括但不限於) 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、誠信、管理 經驗、技術技能、行業或專業知識及經驗等多個 方面達致。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則, 以客觀標準考慮人選,並充分顧及董事會成員多 元化的裨益。

董事會提名委員會審閱董事會成員多元化政策以確保其有效性,並認為本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度已實現董事會成員多元化。

提名政策

於二零一八年十二月二十日,董事會採納提名政策(「提名政策」),當中載列釐定董事提名的方法、為挑選及推薦董事候選人而採納之程序、過程及標準,就董事委任或重新委任以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提供建議。

企業管治報告

The Company considered that, in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, the nomination committee of the Board may make reference to certain criteria, including but not limited to, the experience in the Company's principal business and/or the industry in which the Company operates, balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board, and various aspects set out in the Board Diversity Policy.

The nomination committee of the Board had reviewed the Nomination Policy to ensure its effectiveness and considered that the Board has a balance of expertise, skills and experience required for the business of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directors keep abreast of responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

A newly appointed Director will receive formal and comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

The Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All Directors were encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expense.

本公司認為,在評估建議候選人是否合適時,董 事會提名委員會須參考若干標準,包括但不限於 於本公司主要業務及/或本公司經營所在行業的 經驗,董事會於技能、知識及經驗的平衡以及董 事會多元化政策所載的各個方面。

董事會提名委員會已審閱提名政策,以確保其有 效性,並認為,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,董事會於本公司業務所需的專業知識、 技能及經驗方面取得平衡。

董事的持續專業發展

董事時刻履行作為本公司董事的責任及操守、留 意本公司的業務活動及發展。

新委任的董事將在首次接受委任時獲得正式及全 面的入職説明,以確保彼等對本公司的業務及營 運有適當理解,以及完全知悉董事在上市規則及 相關法定規定下的責任及義務。

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展,以發展及增進 彼等的知識及技能,確保繼續在具備全面資訊及 切合所需的情况下對董事會作出貢獻。本公司鼓 勵全體董事出席相關培訓課程,費用由本公司支 什。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

BOARD PROCESS

The Group has in place a clear board process. Regular Board meetings are scheduled at least four times per year. Directors receive at least 14 days' prior written notice of regular Board meetings and agenda. The Board papers, including supporting analyses and relevant background information, are normally sent to all Directors at least three days before the Board meeting. For other Board meetings, Directors are given as much notice as possible in the circumstances. Directors may include any matters they wish to discuss in the agenda.

Minutes of the Board and committee meetings are prepared and kept by the company secretary of the Group, and are open for inspection by Directors upon request. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary, and are allowed to seek external professional advice if needed.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board had four meetings.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established certain Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the risk management committee (the "Risk Management Committee") to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website (www.tswonders.com.hk) and the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk) and are available to shareholders upon request. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

董事會程序

本集團已有清晰的董事會程序。每年常規董事會會議計劃為至少四次。董事可至少提前14日收到常規董事會會議書面通知及會議議程。董事會文件(包括支持性分析及相關背景資料)一般於董事會會議前至少三日寄發予全體董事。就其他董事會會議而言,董事亦在可行情況下接獲盡量之通知。董事可將彼等有意討論之任何事項納入會議議程內。

董事會及其轄下委員會的會議記錄由本集團公司 秘書編製及保存,並可應董事要求公開查閱。所 有董事均可獲得公司秘書的意見及服務,並可於 需要時尋求外部專業意見。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會舉行了四次會議。

董事委員會

董事會已成立多個董事委員會,包括審核委員會、 薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)、提名委員會(「提 名委員會」)及風險管理委員會(「風險管理委員 會」),以監督本公司特定方面的事務。所有董事 委員會均已訂明其書面職權範圍。審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會的職權範圍刊載於本 公司網站(www.tswonders.com.hk)及聯交所網站 (www.hkexnews.hk),並可應股東要求提供。董事 委員會獲提供足夠資源履行彼等的職務。



企業管治報告

Audit Committee

The Group established the Audit Committee on 20 December 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and Code provision D.3 of the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee has three members, consisting of all independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chan Ka Yu, Mr. Lee Yan Fai and Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao). Mr. Chan Ka Yu is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Chan Ka Yu possesses appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the existing external auditors of the Company.

The members of the Audit Committee should meet at least twice a year. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Audit Committee had two meetings.

The following is a summary of the work performed by the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2024:

- Review and discuss the annual financial statements, results announcements and reports, the related accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the relevant audit findings;
- Review and report on related party transactions carried out during the year ended 31 December 2024;
- Discuss and recommend the re-appointment of external auditors.

There had been no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee.

審核委員會

本集團於二零一八年十二月二十日成立審核委員 會,並遵照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守則守 則條文D.3條制定書面職權範圍。審核委員會的 主要職責為協助董事會就本集團的財務申報程序、 內部監控及風險管理制度的有效性提供獨立意見、 監察審核過程以及履行董事會指派的其他職務與 職責。

審核委員會由三名成員(全體獨立非執行董事即 陳家宇先生、李恩輝先生及周洁耀先生)組成。陳 家宇先生為審核委員會主席。

陳家宇先生具備上市規則第3.10(2)條規定的合適 專業資格、會計及財務管理專業知識。概無審核 委員會成員為本公司現任外部核數師的前任合夥

審核委員會成員應至少每年舉行兩次會議。截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日 | 上年度 | 審核委員會 舉行了兩次會議。

以下概述截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 審核委員會進行的工作:

- 審閱及討論年度財務報表、業績公告及報 告、本集團所採納的相關會計原則及慣例以 及相關審計結果;
- 審閱及報告截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度的關聯方交易;
- 討論及建議重新委任外部核數師。

董事會與審核委員會並無分歧。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Remuneration Committee

The Group established the Remuneration Committee on 20 December 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with Code provision E.1 of the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the remuneration committee include but not limited to, (i) making recommendations to the Directors on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) determining the terms of the specific remuneration package of the Directors and senior management; and (iii) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Directors from time to time.

The Remuneration Committee has four members, consisting of an executive Director, Mr. Lim Fung Yee, and all independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chan Ka Yu, Mr. Lee Yan Fai and Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao). Mr. Lee Yan Fai is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The members of the Remuneration Committee should meet at least once a year. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Remuneration Committee had two meetings.

薪酬委員會

本集團於二零一八年十二月二十日成立薪酬委員會,並遵照企業管治守則守則條文E.1條制定書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於)(i)就所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及就制定有關薪酬政策而建立正式及透明程序,向董事提供建議;(ii)釐定董事及高級管理層具體薪酬待遇的條款;及(iii)經參照董事不時議決的公司目標及宗旨,檢討及批准按表現績效釐定的薪酬。

薪酬委員會由四名成員(一名執行董事林芳宇先生及全體獨立非執行董事,即陳家宇先生、李恩輝先生及周洁耀先生)組成。李恩輝先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會成員應至少每年舉行一次會議。截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會 舉行了兩次會議。



企業管治報告

The following is a summary of the work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 31 December 2024:

- Review on the remuneration packages for individual Directors and made recommendations to the Board; and
- Review on the bonus and salary packages for the executive Directors and made recommendations to the Board

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the Corporate Governance Code, the annual remuneration of the members of the senior management (other than Directors) by bands for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out below:

以下概述截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 薪酬委員會進行的工作:

- 檢討各董事薪酬待遇,向董事會提出建議; 及
- 檢討執行董事的花紅及薪酬待遇,並向董事 會提出建議。

根據企業管治守則守則條文E.1.5條,截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度,按薪酬範圍劃分 的高級管理層成員(董事除外)的年度薪酬載列 如下:

Band of remuneration	(HK\$)
薪酬範圍(港元)	

HK\$0 to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 0港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元

2 3

No. of individuals 人數

5

Further details of the remuneration of the Directors and the 5 highest paid employees is set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

Nomination Committee

The Group established the Nomination Committee on 20 December 2018 with written terms of reference in compliance with Code provision B.3 of the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include but not limited to, (i) reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board on a regular basis; (ii) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; (iii) assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; (iv) making recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment and removal of Directors and senior management, and on matters of succession planning; and (v) making recommendations to the Board regarding candidates to fill vacancies on the Board and/or senior management.

董事及5名最高薪酬僱員的薪酬詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註10。

提名委員會

本集團於二零一八年十二月二十日成立提名委員 會,並遵照企業管治守則守則條文B.3條制定書 面職權範圍。提名委員會的主要職責包括(但不 限於)(i)定期檢討董事會之架構、人數、組成及成 員多元化;(ii)物色具備合適資格可成為董事會成 員的人士; (iii)評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性; (iv) 就董事及高級管理層委任及罷免以及繼任計劃事 宜向董事會提供建議;及(/)為就填補董事會及/ 或高級管理層空缺的候選人向董事會提供建議。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee reviews and assesses the Board composition on behalf of the Board and recommends the appointment of new Directors, taking into account a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge, industry and regional experience, and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

提名委員會代表董事會檢討及評估董事會人員組成並經考慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識、行業及地區經驗以及服務年期等多個方面後,就委任新董事提出推薦建議。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,以客觀標準考慮人選,並充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy, and assess their effectiveness, and where necessary, make any revisions that may be required and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

提名委員會將檢討董事會成員多元化政策及提名 政策,以及評估其效果,並於必要時作出任何所 需修改及向董事會提出任何有關修改以供審批。

The Nomination Committee has four members, consisting of an executive Director, Mr. Lim Fung Chor, and all independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chan Ka Yu, Mr. Lee Yan Fai and Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao). Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao) is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

提名委員會由四名成員(一名執行董事林方宙先生及全體獨立非執行董事即陳家宇先生、李恩輝先生及周洁耀先生)組成。周洁耀先生為提名委員會主席。

The members of the Nomination Committee should meet at least once a year. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Nomination Committee had one meeting.

提名委員會成員應至少每年舉行一次會議。截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會 舉行了一次會議。

The following is a summary of the work performed by the Nomination Committee during the year ended 31 December 2024:

以下概述截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 提名委員會進行的工作:

- Review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes;
- 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及就任何擬 進行的變化向董事會提供建議;
- Assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- Make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.
- 就有關委任或重新委任董事事宜向董事會 提供建議。

企業管治報告

Risk Management Committee

The Group established the Risk Management Committee on 20 December 2018 with written terms of reference, to further enhance the Group's existing internal risk management functions. The primary duties of the Risk Management Committee include but not limited to, monitoring the Group's exposure to sanctions risks and its implementation of the related internal control procedures.

The Risk Management Committee has four members, consisting of four executive Directors, Ms. Lim Seow Yen, Mr. Lim Fung Yee, Mr. Lim Fung Chor and Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai). Ms. Lim Seow Yen is the chairlady of the Risk Management Committee.

The members of the Risk Management Committee should meet at least twice a year. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Risk Management Committee had two meetings.

The following is a summary of the work performed by the Risk Management Committee during the year ended 31 December 2024:

- Review and approve all relevant business transaction documentation from customers/distributors or potential customers/distributors from sanctioned countries and with sanctioned persons;
- Monitor the use of proceeds from the share offer of the Company; and
- Review the internal control policies and procedures with respect to sanctions law matters.

風險管理委員會

本集團於二零一八年十二月二十日成立風險管理 委員會,並制定書面職權範圍,進一步提升本集 團現有內部風險管理職能。風險管理委員會的主 要職責包括(但不限於)監控本集團遭受制裁的 風險及執行相關內部控制程序的情況。

風險管理委員會由四名成員(四名執行董事即林 小燕女士、林芳宇先生、林方宙先生及林生財先 生)組成。林小燕女士為風險管理委員會主席。

風險管理委員會成員應至少每年舉行兩次會議。 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,風險管 理委員會舉行了兩次會議。

以下概述截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 風險管理委員會進行的工作:

- 審閱及批准所有來自受制裁國家的客戶/ 分銷商或潛在客戶/分銷商或受制裁人士 的業務交易文件;
- 監控本公司股份發售所得款項用途;及
- 審查有關制裁法律事宜的內部控制政策及 程序。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Board reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and the guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The attendance record of each Director at the annual general meeting, Board meetings and Board committee meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out in the table below:

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文A.2.1條 所載的職能。

董事會審核本公司的企業管治政策及常規、董事 及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司在 遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規、對標準 守則及指引的遵守情況及本公司遵守企業管治守 則的情況,以及本企業管治報告中的披露情況。

董事及委員會成員的出席記錄

各董事參加本公司於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度舉行的股東週年大會、董事會會 議及董事委員會會議的出席記錄載於下表:

Number of attendance/number of meetings held 出席次數/舉行會議次數

Name of Directors		Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Risk Management Committee 風險管理委	Annual General Meeting 股東週年	
董事姓名		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	員會	大會	
Executive Directors: Ms. Lim Seow Yen	<i>執行董事:</i> 林小燕女士	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Lim Fung Yee	林芳宇先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Lim Fung Chor	林方宙先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	2/2	M	
Mr. Lim Seng Chye (Lin Shengcai)	林生財先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	
Independent Non-executive Directors: Mr. Chan Ka Yu	<i>獨立非執行董事:</i> 陳家宇先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Mr. Lee Yan Fai	李恩輝先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Mr. Chew Keat Yeow (Zhou Jieyao)	周洁耀先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1	
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企業管治報告

According to article 62 of the Articles, an annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year other than the year of the Company's adoption of the Articles. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company held its annual general meeting on 27 May 2024.

根據章程細則第62條,除本公司採納章程細則的 年度外,本公司應每年舉行一次股東週年大會。 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 於二零二四年五月二十七日召開股東週年大會。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024 and ensure that they are published in a timely manner.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this annual report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2024, Deloitte & Touche LLP was engaged as the Group's independent auditor.

The remuneration paid/payable to auditors of the Company and Deloitte Network firms for audit services and non-audit services in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 amount to \$\$227,732 and S\$4,971 respectively.

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責編製本公司截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的財務報表並確保及時刊發有關 報表。

就董事所知,概無任何與事件或情況有關之重大 不確定因素可能對本公司之持續經營能力構成重 大疑慮。

本公司獨立核數師關於其對財務報表報告責任的 聲明載於本年報的獨立核數師報告中。

獨立核數師酬金

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,Deloitte & Touche LLP獲聘為本集團的獨立核數師。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,就核數 服務及非核數服務已付/應付本公司核數師及德 勤有限公司與其他成員所的薪酬分別為227,732 新加坡元及4,971新加坡元。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks the Company is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The Board acknowledges that such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Company had reviewed the need for an internal audit function. Internal audit function of the Company had been and will be carried out under the leadership of the Board and the Audit Committee.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board, through (i) the Risk Management Committee, had conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, particularly on the Group's exposure to sanctions risks; and (ii) the Audit Committee, had conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance as well as risk management. The Board considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective. The Board expects that a review of the risk management and internal control systems will be performed annually.

INSIDE INFORMATION POLICY

The Group has established policy for ensuring that inside information is disseminated to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Procedures such as limit access to inside information to those who need to know and requiring external parties to execute confidentiality agreement have been implemented by the Company to guard against mishandling of inside information. The Group also reminds those relevant personnel and other professional parties to preserve confidentiality of the inside information until it is publicly disclosed.

風險管理及內部控制

董事會負責評估及釐定本公司在實現其戰略目標時願意承擔的風險性質及程度,並確保本公司設立及維持適當及有效的風險管理及內部控制系統。董事會監督風險管理及內部控制系統的設計、實施及監控。董事會承認,該等風險管理及內部控制系統旨在管理(而非消除)未能達成業務目標的風險,以及僅可合理保證(但非百分百保證)不會出現重大錯誤陳述或損失。本公司已檢討是否需要內部審核職能。本公司的內部審核職能已經並將會在董事會及審核委員會的領導下進行。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會透過(i)風險管理委員會,已對本集團風險管理及內部控制系統的有效性進行檢討,尤其是本集團面對的受制裁風險;及(ii)審核委員會,已對本集團涵蓋所有重大控制事宜的內部控制系統的有效性進行檢討,其中包括財務、經營及合規事項以及風險管理。董事會認為,本集團的風險管理及內部控制均屬充分且有效。董事會預期將每年檢討風險管理及內部控制系統。

內幕消息政策

本集團已制定政策,確保根據適用法律法規以公平及適時方式向公眾發佈內幕消息。本公司已實施多項程序,包括將內幕消息接觸範圍限於須知情人士,以及要求外部人士簽訂保密協議,以防範不當處理內幕消息。本集團亦提醒有關人員及其他專業人士在內幕消息公開披露前必須保密。

企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Hank, Daniel ("Mr. Chan") is the company secretary of the Company, who reports directly to the Board and is responsible for, among others, providing updated and timely information to all Directors from time to time. Mr. Chan is nominated by an external service provider to assist in company secretarial affairs of the Company. Mr. Chan's primary contact person at the Company is the Chairlady of the Board, Ms. Lim Seow Yen. During the year ended 31 December 2024, Mr. Chan confirmed that he had taken no less than 15 hours of professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. His biographical details are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of the Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

SHARFHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company aims to establish fair and transparent procedures to enable all shareholders an equal opportunity to exercise their rights in an informed manner and communicate efficiently with the Company. Under the Articles and the relevant policies and procedures of the Company, the shareholders enjoy, among others, the following rights:

convene an extraordinary general meeting or put forward proposals:

The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting, pursuant to article 64 of the Articles. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition at the Company's Hong Kong office at Rooms 1901A, 1902 & 1902A, 19/F, New World Tower I, 16-18 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

公司秘書

陳恒先生(「陳先生」)為本公司的公司秘書,彼直 接向董事會報告及負責(其中包括)不時向所有 董事提供最新而及時的資料。陳先生由外部服務 提供商提名、協助處理本公司的公司秘書事務。 陳先生於本公司的主要聯絡人為董事會主席林小 燕女士。按照上市規則第3.29條,截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度,陳先生確認彼已接受 不少於15小時的專業培訓。陳先生的履歷詳情載 於本年報「董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情」一節。

股東的權利

本公司旨在建立公平及透明的程序, 使所有股東 有平等機會以知情方式行使其權利及與本公司進 行有效溝通。根據本公司章程細則及有關政策及 程序,股東享有(其中包括)以下權利:

召開股東特別大會或提呈建議: (i)

根據章程細則第64條,董事會可在其認為 合適的情況下,召開股東特別大會。股東特 別大會亦可由一名或多名股東要求召開, 該等股東於提出要求當日須持有本公司實 繳股本不少於十分之一並有權在股東大會 上投票。有關要求須以書面形式向董事會或 公司秘書提出,藉以要求董事會就處理有 關要求所指明之任何事務而召開股東特別 大會。有關會議須在提呈該要求後2個月內 在本公司香港辦事處(地址為香港皇后大 道中16至18號新世界大廈一座19樓1901A 室、1902室及1902A室)召開。如董事會在 提呈日期起計21日內未有進行安排召開有 關會議,則請求人(或多名請求人)可用相 同方式自行召開會議,且請求人因董事會 未有妥為召開會議而招致的所有合理費用, 須由本公司償還請求人。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

(ii) put forth proposals at shareholders' meeting:

Shareholders are requested to follow article 64 of the Articles for including a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting. The requirements and procedures are set out in paragraph (i) above.

Pursuant to article 113 of the Articles, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company. The period for lodgment of the notices required will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

(iii) put forth enquiries to the Company:

Specific enquiries by shareholders requiring the Board's attention can be sent in writing to the company secretary at the Company's Hong Kong office at Rooms 1901A, 1902 & 1902A, 19/F, New World Tower I, 16-18 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other extraordinary general meetings. At the annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries.

(ii) 在股東大會上提呈建議:

要求股東遵守章程細則第64條,在股東特別大會上提呈決議案。有關要求及程序載於上文第(i)段。

根據章程細則第113條·除非獲董事推薦參選,或有表明有意提名選舉相關人士參選為董事的書面通知以及該位獲提名人士表明其願意當選的書面通知呈交至本公司總辦事處或註冊辦事處,否則概無人士(退任董事除外)有資格在任何股東大會上參選出任董事職位。呈交該等通知之期間須由不早於寄發有關推選董事之股東大會通告翌日起計,至不遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七日結束,而向本公司發出該等通知之最短期間須為最少七日。

(iii) 向本公司提呈查詢:

股東須提呈董事會垂注的具體查詢可以書面形式寄發至本公司香港辦事處的公司秘書收,地址為香港皇后大道中16至18號新世界大廈一座19樓1901A室、1902室及1902A室。

與股東溝通

本公司認為,對於提升投資者關係及投資者對本 集團業務表現及策略的了解而言,與股東有效溝 通至關重要。本公司努力維持與股東的持續對話, 特別是透過股東週年大會及其他股東特別大會。 在股東週年大會上,股東可與董事(或其指定人 員,如適用)會面並由董事回答股東的質詢。

企業管治報告

The Company's website (www.tswonders.com.hk) provides comprehensive and accessible news and information of the Company to the shareholders, other stakeholders and investors. The Company will also update the website information from time to time to inform the shareholders and investors of the latest development of the Company.

Shareholders and investors may send written enquiries or requests to the Company as follows:

Singapore	Hong Kong	新加
255 Pandan Loop	Rooms 1901A, 1902	255
Singapore 128433	& 1902A 19/F, New World Tower I	Sing
	16-18 Queen's Road Central Central, Hong Kong	

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its shareholders and investors. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them posted of the Company's developments. Enquiries from shareholders and investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

Besides, shareholders' meetings provide an opportunity for communication between the Board and the shareholders. Board members and appropriate senior staff of the Group are available at the meeting to answer any questions raised by shareholders.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there had been no significant changes of the constitutional documents of the Company.

An up-to-date version of the memorandum and the Articles is available on both the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

本公司網站(www.tswonders.com.hk)為股東、其他 持份者及投資者提供有關本公司的全面而易獲取 的消息及資料。本公司亦會不時更新網站內容以 通知股東及投資者有關本公司的最新發展。

股東及投資者可按如下方式向本公司發送書面詢 問或要求:

新加坡	香港
255 Pandan Loop Singapore 128433	香港中環 皇后大道中16至18號 新世界大廈一座19樓 1901A室、1902室及 1902A室

本公司持續加強與其股東及投資者的溝通及關係。 指定之高級管理人員與機構投資者及分析師保持 定期對話,讓彼等了解本公司的發展。對於股東 及投資者的查詢,本公司將提供資料並及時處理。

此外,股東大會為董事會及股東提供交流機會。 董事會成員及本集團之適合高級管理人員將在大 會上回答股東提出的任何問題。

章程文件

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 的章程文件並無重大改動。

組織章程大綱及章程細則的最新版本可於聯交所 及本公司網站查閱。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report of TS Wonders Holding Limited ("We" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the "Group"), ("ESG Report") addresses a range of material impacts on the Group, outlining our sustainability approaches and disclosing our ESG performances during the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (the "Reporting Period").

TS Wonders Holding Limited (「我們」或「本公司」) 及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)的環境、社會及 管治 (「ESG」)報告 (「ESG報告」)列載一系列對 本集團有重大影響的議題,概述我們的可持續發 展方針並披露我們於二零二四年一月一日至二 零二四年十二月三十一日期間 (「報告期間」)的 ESG表現。

BASIS OF THIS ESG REPORT

This ESG Report is prepared according to the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" (the "ESG Reporting Guide") setout in Appendix C.2 to the Main Board Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("Listing Rules").

With reference to the ESG Reporting Guide and the Group's business operation, this ESG Report divides the relevant aspects and key performance indicators ('KPI'), which are considered to be relevant and material to the Group, into nine subject areas:

- 1. We and the Environment
- 2. Dealing with Climate Change Impact
- 3. Our Supply Chain Management
- 4. Commitment to Product Quality
- 5. Commitment to Our Employees
- 6. Commitment to Uphold Ethics and Integrity
- 7. Development and Training
- 8. Occupational Health and Safety
- 9. Giving Back to the Community

A complete index in compliance with the ESG Reporting Guide is also available at the end of the ESG Report for reference. The Group has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Reporting Guide in the Reporting Period.

As a snack food manufacturer, we are committed to delivering high quality and safe food products and continuously meeting customers' expectations and complying with legal requirements.

本ESG報告之編製基礎

本ESG報告乃按照香港聯合交易所主板上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄C.2中所載的《環境、社會及 管治報告指引》(「ESG報告指引」)進行編製。

根据ESG報告指引及本集團的業務經營,本ESG報告將被視為與本集團有關且對本集團屬重要的相關層面及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)分為九個主要範疇:

- 1. 我們與環境
- 2. 應對氣候變化的影響
- 3. 供應鏈管理
- 4. 對產品質量的承諾
- 5. 對員工的承諾
- 6. 職業道德及誠信承諾
- 7. 發展與培訓
- 8. 職業健康與安全
- 9. 回饋社區

本ESG報告末亦附有遵守ESG報告指引情況的完整索引,以供參考。於報告期間,本集團已遵守 ESG報告指引中所載的「不遵守就解釋」條文。

作為休閒食品生產商·我們致力於提供優質安全的食品·不斷滿足客戶的期望並遵守法律規定。



環境、社會及管治報告

THE BOARD AND ESG EXECUTIVE GROUP

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company retains overall responsibility for the governance of ESG which includes, but not limited to identifying and evaluating ESG related risks, determining ESG strategy and scope, setting forth related risk management and internal control system and approving the disclosure in this ESG Report.

An ESG Executive Group, consisting of an executive Director, senior management from Finance, Operation and Human Resources departments in Singapore and Malaysia, is established by the Board for the purpose of implementing the ESG initiatives, collecting and continuously monitoring ESG data and preparing this ESG Report.

The key functions, and responsibilities of the ESG Executive Group are:

Leadership 1.

The ESG Executive Group is chaired by an executive Director.

Knowledge of Business

All ESG Executive Group members are involved in the daily operations and management of the business.

Active Involvement

Members of the ESG Executive Group shall meet regularly, no less than an interval of annually.

董事會與ESG執行小組

本公司董事會(「董事會」)對ESG管治承擔全面 責任,包括但不限於識別及評估ESG相關的風險、 確定ESG策略與範圍、制定相關風險管理與內部 控制系統以及批准ESG報告的披露內容。

董事會已設立ESG執行小組,成員包括一名執行 董事以及來自新加坡和馬來西亞財務、營運及人 力資源部門的高級管理人員,負責推行ESG措施、 收集及持續監控ESG數據並編製ESG報告。

ESG執行小組的主要職能及責任為:

1. 領導

ESG執行小組由一名執行董事擔任主席。

2. 業務知識

ESG執行小組的所有成員均參與業務的日 常營運及管理。

3. 積極參與

ESG執行小組成員須定期舉行會議,每年舉 行不少於一次會議。

環境、社會及管治報告

Right to Access

The ESG Executive Group has the rights to access to all ESGrelated facts and information and to engage specialists to assist in the study and preparation of ESG matters at cost of the Company.

Responsibilities to Implement and Monitor

The ESG Executive Group is instructed by the Board to implement and monitor our ESG-related initiatives.

Independent Reporting

The ESG Executive Group has the rights and responsibilities to report to the Board independently on important ESG matters.

4. 查閱權利

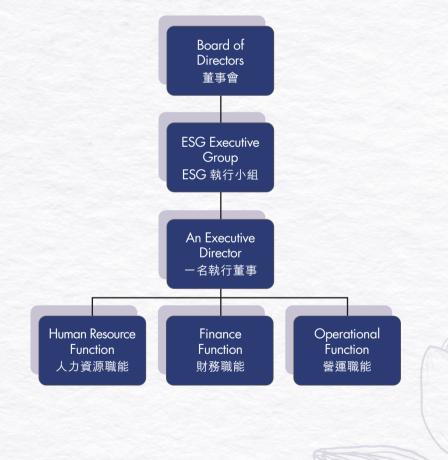
ESG執行小組有權查閱所有ESG相關事實及 資料,以及委聘專家協助研究及籌備ESG事 項,費用由本公司承擔。

實施及監察責任

ESG執行小組根據董事會指示實施及監察 ESG相關措施。

獨立匯報 6.

ESG執行小組有權利及責任獨立向董事會 匯報重要的ESG事宜。



環境、社會及管治報告

MANAGEMENT APPROACH

The Company has adopted a management approach to identify, assess, priorities and manage material ESG-related issues, which has the following seven elements.

1. **Policies**

We have established and rolled out company-wide policies to regulate our ESG-related activities.

2. Commitments

We are committed to complying with all ESG-related regulatory requirements in Singapore and Malaysia and ESG reporting standards applicable to listed issuers in Hong Kong.

Goals and targets

We are dedicated to setting realistic and achievable goals and targets, taking into consideration our scale of business and current and optimal level of standard.

Responsibilities

We have a top-down governance to manage our ESG activities, which is primarily driven by the Board of Directors and effectively executed by our ESG Executive Group.

5. Resources

We have set aside sufficient resources to execute the ESG activities, including an acceptable financial budget and time devotion by relevant departmental/functional personnel, including but not limited to Operation Department, Finance Department, and Human Resources Department.

Grievance mechanisms

We have monitored the effectiveness of our ESG activities and welcome feedback from our stakeholders to improve our ESG initiatives from time to time.

Specific actions 7.

We have put in place ISO ("International Organisation for Standardisation") certified systems and product quality management system to ensure related ESG activities adhere to internationally and industry recognized standards.

管理方法

本公司已採納一套管理方法,以識別、評估、按優 次排列及管理重要的ESG相關事宜,其包含以下 七個元素。

1. 政策

我們已制定並於全公司範圍內推行規管 ESG相關工作的政策。

2. 承諾

我們致力遵守新加坡及馬來西亞所有ESG 相關監管規定,以及適用於香港上市發行人 的FSG匯報標準。

目標及指標 3.

我們致力設定實際及可實現的目標及指標, 並考慮我們的業務規模以及我們目前及期 望達致的最佳水平。

4. 責任

我們採用由上而下的管治架構以管理ESG 工作,主要以董事會為首並由ESG執行小組 有效執行。

5. 資源

我們已調撥足夠資源以執行ESG工作,包括 營運部、財務部及人力資源部等相關部門/ 職能人員適當的財務預算及時間投入。

申訴機制 6.

我們監察ESG工作的成效,並歡迎持份者隨 時提供意見以改進我們的ESG措施。

7. 具體行動

我們實施經ISO(「國際標準化組織」)認證 的系統及產品質量管理系統,以確保相關 ESG工作符合國際及業界認可的標準。

環境、社會及管治報告

REPORTING BOUNDARIES AND PRINCIPLES

The Board, with the assistance of the ESG Executive group, has identified key ESG risks of the Group based on the consideration of a series of factors such as business nature and scale, geographic location, regulatory requirements, operating practices, and stakeholders' expectations.

The key considerations that the Board has taken with regards to the business operations of the Group include:

- Our business is headquartered in Singapore with factories in Malaysia;
- 2. Our operation involves production, packaging and sale of snack food products;
- 3. Our production and logistic arrangement involve emissions and use of natural resources;
- 4. Our operation is subject to the various food safety related regulations; and
- 5. Our operation is subject to the various environmental protection related regulations.

In preparing this ESG Report, the ESG Executive Group has followed the principles of materiality, quantitative and consistency under which we believe it has applied a consistent and structured methodology for determining the materiality level, measuring in meaningful quantitative units and reporting our ESG matters in a scope that is relevant and significant to the Group.

Based on our assessment, the reporting boundary for this ESG Report shall be set at the management, production, and logistic function of our Singapore and Malaysia operations.

匯報範圍及原則

董事會在ESG執行小組協助下,綜合考慮業務性質及規模、地理位置、監管要求、營運常規及持份者的期望等一系列因素,從而確定本集團的主要ESG風險。

董事會就本集團業務營運所考慮的主要因素包括:

- 1. 我們的業務總部設在新加坡·另有工廠設在 馬來西亞;
- 我們的業務涉及生產、包裝及銷售休閒食品;
- 3. 我們的生產及物流安排涉及排放及使用天 然資源;
- 4. 我們的經營須遵守各種食品安全相關法規; 及
- 5. 我們的經營須遵守各項環保相關法規。

在編製本ESG報告時,ESG執行小組已遵循重要性、量化及一致性原則,我們認為其已應用一致及有條理的方法釐定重要性程度,以有意義的量化單位計量及在與本集團相關且對本集團屬重大的範圍內匯報ESG事宜。

根據我們的評估,本ESG報告的匯報範圍涵蓋新加坡及馬來西亞業務營運的管理、生產及物流職能。

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The Board and ESG Executive Group have understood, concurred with and applied the four core ESG principles in the course of setting ESG strategy, conducting our ESG initiatives, collecting ESG data, calculating ESG KPI and preparing and issuing this ESG Report. The four core ESG principles are materiality, consistency, balance and quantitative measures.

在制定ESG策略、推行ESG措施、收集ESG數據、 計算ESG關鍵績效指標以及編製及刊發本ESG報 告的過程中,董事會及ESG執行小組已了解、同 意及應用四項核心ESG原則,即重要性、一致性、 平衡及量化。

Areas of Focus 關注領域	By Major Activities 主要業務活動			
	Management 管理	Production 生產	Logistic 物流	
Singapore operation	Higher		Higher	
新加坡業務營運	較高		較高	
Malaysia operation		Higher	Higher	
馬來西亞業務營運		較高	較高	

STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

In order to determine what issues are relevant and material to our business with respect to sustainability, the Group is aware that the key is to understand the issues that our stakeholders are concerned most.

We acknowledge that in today's rapidly changing business climate, attention to ESG issues is becoming critical to our long-term competitive success. Stakeholders' engagement is an integral part of the Group's business management as it helps the Group to assess potential risks and business opportunities. Communicating with stakeholders and understanding their views may better align the Group's business practices with stakeholder's needs and expectations and properly address different views.

持份者參與

為確定在可持續發展方面與我們的業務相關且屬 重大的事宜,本集團意識到關鍵是理解持份者最 關注哪些事宜。

我們深知,在當今快速變化的商業環境下,對 ESG事宜的關注對於我們在競爭中的長期成功至 關重要。持份者參與是本集團業務管理不可或缺 的一部分,有助本集團評估潛在風險及商機。與 持份者溝通及了解彼等的觀點可使本集團的業務 常規更好地與持份者的需要及期望保持一致,並 適當地納入不同的觀點。

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We have identified the following key stakeholders based on the mutual dependency and influence. On a regular basis, the Group communicates with key stakeholders within and outside the Group through various channels.

我們根據相互依存與相互影響關係確定以下主要 持份者。本集團定期透過各種渠道與集團內外的 主要持份者進行溝通。

Key Stakeholders 主要持份者

Communication Channels 潇涌渠道

Government Departments & Regulators 政府部門及監管機構

- Regulatory updates correspondence 監管規定更新溝通
- Interaction and visits 互動及訪問
- Compliance advisor 合規顧問
- Government inspections 政府視察

Investors & Shareholders 投資者及股東

- Corporate website and emails 公司網站及電郵
- Annual general meeting 股東週年大會
- Announcements and disclosures 公告及披露
- Interim/Annual Reports 中期/年度報告

Employees 員工

- Regular management meetings 定期管理層會議
- Employee suggestion boxes 員工意見箱
- Performance evaluation 表現評估
- Training 培訓

Stakeholders' Main Concerns 持份者的主要關注事項

- Legal compliance 遵守法規
- Food safety 食品安全
- Work safety 工作安全
- Environmental protection 環境保護
- Climate change 氣候變化
- Performance and profitability 業績與盈利
- Scale and capacity 規模與產能
- Market share 市場份額
- Supply chain management 供應鏈管理
- Reputation 聲譽
- Career development 職業發展
- Remuneration and benefits 薪酬與福利
- Staff training 員工培訓
- Work health and safety 工作健康與安全



環境、社會及管治報告

Key Stakeholders 主要持份者

Customers 客戶

Communication Channels 溝涌渠道

- Site visits 實地,拜訪
- Interim/Annual Reports 中期/年度報告
- Customer hotline 客戶熱線
- Sales representative's visit 銷售代表拜訪

Suppliers & subconsultants • 供應商及分包顧問

- Meeting and correspondence 會議與通信
- On-site visits 實地考察
- Product quality inspection 產品質量檢驗
- Regular performance assessment 定期表現評估

Media, community and the public 媒體、社區及公眾

- Community events 社區活動
- Employees' voluntary activities 員工志願活動

The Board and ESG Executive Group acknowledge that the stakeholders' engagement is an important step to obtain different views of sustainability development and to form a basis for us to provide feedback. Accordingly, on top of our regular engagements, we have formulated plans to strengthen our stakeholders' engagement process, including the intended use of an ESG survey and interview program, from which the information and feedback to be collected and exchanged, will further enable us to take appropriate actions and enhance our ESG initiatives and reporting.

Stakeholders' Main Concerns 持份者的主要關注事項

- Product quality 產品質量
- Food safety 食品安全
- Product pricing 產品定價
- Image and reputation 形象與聲譽
- Environmental protection 環境保護
- Material pricing 材料定價
- Stability and sustainability 穩定性與可持續性
- Food safety 食品安全
- Product quality 產品質量
- Climate change 氣候變化
- Community service 社區服務
- Environmental protection 環境保護

董事會及ESG執行小組深知,持份者的參與是獲 得可持續發展不同觀點及讓我們據此作出反饋的 重要一步。因此,除常規參與外,我們已制定計劃 以強化持份者的參與,包括擬定使用ESG調研及 訪談計劃,藉以收集及交流信息及反饋意見,此 舉將有助於我們採取適當行動及改進我們的ESG 措施及匯報。

環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

In the preparation of this ESG Report, our ESG Executive Group gathers important facts and information through continuous communications with our stakeholders, particularly those in relation to our operating practices, employment practices, and environmental performance/ impact. The ESG Executive Group has further analysed those facts and information, collated them with industry reference and evaluated them against materiality, quantitative measures, balance and consistency of this ESG Report. The ESG Executive Group has considered every provision of the ESG Reporting Guide and identified the 14 most relevant ESG issues for this ESG Report as presented below.

重要性評估

於編製本ESG報告時,ESG執行小組通過持續與 持份者溝通收集重要事實及資料,特別是與我們 的營運慣例、僱傭常規及環境表現/影響有關的 方面。ESG執行小組已進一步分析該等事實及資 料,並與行業參考資料進行對比以及根據本ESG 報告的重要性、量化指標、平衡及一致性原則進 行評估。ESG執行小組已考慮ESG報告指引的每 項條文,並確定如下文所述就本ESG報告而言相 關性最高的14項ESG事宜。

Environmental 環境

- Environmental protection 環境保護
- Waste management 廢棄物管理
- Climate change impact on business 氣侯變化對業務的影響

Social 社會

- Product quality 產品質量
- Care for employee 關愛員工
- Staff occupational health and safety 員工職業健康及安全
- Labour compliance 勞工合規
- Staff competency 員工能力
- Green supply chain 綠色供應鏈
- Stable supply 穩定供應
- Operational efficiency 營運效率
- Care for society 關懷社會

Governance 管治

- Anti-corruption 反貪污
- Diversity and equality 多元化及平等

The Board has reviewed and approved the assessment of the ESG Executive Group and has integrated the concerned ESG issues into the overall risk management framework and incorporated into regular internal review or internal audit plan on a rotation basis.

董事會已審閱及批准ESG執行小組的評估,並將 相關ESG事宜納入整體風險管理框架,以及輪流 納入定期內部審閱或內部審核計劃。



環境、社會及管治報告

WE AND THE ENVIRONMENT

The Group is dedicated to protecting the environment and targeting at being a good environmental steward. In respect of environmental aspect, we have established three objectives:

- Full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations relating to environmental protection;
- Reduce the impact of business on the environment; and
- 3. Reduce the use of natural resources.

Overall compliance standing

During the Reporting Period, we have complied with all applicable laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, including, but not limited to the following:

- Energy Conservation Act 2012 Singapore;
- Environmental Protection and Management Act 1999 of Singapore;
- Environmental Public Health Act (EPHA) 1987 of Singapore;
- Environmental Quality (Industrial Effluent) Regulations 2009 of Malaysia; and
- 5. Environmental Quality (Sewage) Regulations 2009 of Malaysia.

We have not been subjected to any material claims or penalties in relation to environmental protection.

The KPI in respect of emissions and use of resources are presented in the section headed "Environmental Key Performance Indicators'

我們與環境

本集團致力保護環境,並以成為良好的環境 管理者為目標。在環境方面,我們確立了三 個目標:

- 1. 全面遵守有關環境保護的所有適用法 律法規;
- 2. 減少業務營運對環境的影響;及
- 3. 減少使用天然資源。

總體合規情況

於報告期間,我們已遵守有關廢氣及溫室氣 體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢 棄物的產生等方面的所有適用法律及法規, 包括但不限於以下各項:

- 新加坡《二零一二年能源節約法》;
- 新加坡《一九九九年環境保護與管理 法》;
- 新加坡《一九八七年環境公共衛生 3. 法》;
- 馬來西亞《二零零九年環境質量(工 4 業污水)條例》;及
- 馬來西亞《二零零九年環境質量(污 水)條例》。

我們未曾因環境保護方面事宜而遭受任何 重大索償或處罰。

有關排放及資源使用的關鍵績效指標於下 文「環境關鍵績效指標」一節呈列。

環境、社會及管治報告

Emission and conservation measures

The greenhouse gas ('GHG') emissions of our Group are mainly generated from diesel consumed in the logistics operation in Singapore and Malaysia. Our indirect GHG emissions are mainly generated from the purchased electricity in our Singapore and Malaysia operations.

We are dedicated in reducing the emission generated by our Group and, accordingly, have established relevant policies and initiatives, including:

- 1. Promoting the use of proper diesel for our truck team;
- Sending our truck team for periodic inspection and repair for any emission issues;
- Encouraging our driver to turn off the trucks at prolonged stoppage; and
- 4. Considering and planning the use of more environmentally friendly truck models at next replacement.

Water consumption and waste management

The major water consumption of the Group is mainly for the production processes in Malaysia. A number of ESG initiatives have been taken by us, including:

- We have established controls and procedures to ensure our water usage is within the reasonable range necessary for our productions to avoid overuse;
- We maintain a wastewater treatment plant at our production facility in Johor, Malaysia where liquid waste is treated before it is discharged; and
- 3. We have arranged the sludge used for our wastewater treatment plant to be processed to extract heavy metals and recycled for industrial use, or otherwise, disposed to a licensed processor under the Ministry of Energy, Science, Technology and Environment and Climate Change of Malaysia for further processing, such as turning into fertiliser or other form of safe or non-harmful disposable waste.

排放及節約措施

本集團的溫室氣體排放主要來自新加坡及 馬來西亞的物流營運所消耗的柴油。我們的 間接溫室氣體排放主要來自新加坡及馬來 西亞業務營運所耗用的電力。

我們致力減少本集團產生的排放,並已制定相關政策及措施,包括:

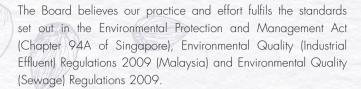
- 1. 促使卡車隊使用合適的柴油;
- 卡車隊定期檢查及維修,以確保無排 放問題;
- 3. 鼓勵司機在長時間停泊時停車熄匙; 及
- 4. 考慮及規劃於下次更換時使用更環保 的卡車型號。

耗水量及廢棄物管理

本集團的主要耗水量主要與馬來西亞的生產過程用水有關。我們已採取多項ESG措施,包括:

- 我們已制定監控措施及程序,以確保 用水量處於我們生產所需的合理範圍內,不會出現過度用水問題;
- 2. 我們於馬來西亞柔佛州的工廠配有廢水處理設施,廢水經處理後方予排放; 及
- 3. 我們安排將污水處理設施所用的污泥 進行處理,以提取重金屬並回收作工 業用途,或送至持有馬來西亞能源、 科學、技術、環境及氣候變化部所頒 發牌照的廢物處理商進行進一步處理, 例如轉化為肥料或其他形式的安全或 無害的可處置廢物。

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Other water consumption is related to office water consumption, which is considered minimal in quantity. We have encouraged all employees to develop the habit of conserving water consciously. The domestic sewage is discharged into the urban sewage pipe network.

Non-hazardous waste management

The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group's business activities are carton and plastic packaging. Such waste is usually collected and partially recycled. For damaged or contaminated carton and plastic packaging that cannot be recycled, they are collected and processed by general waste service providers.

Use of Resources

The Group is fully aware of the high values of natural resources and committed to reducing the waste of resources in its daily operation. Our operation protocol has set out several principles of saving resources in a bid to encourage employees to use the natural resources in an effective way.

However, we are not able to formulate any sustainable development plan to reduce the usage of natural resources, especially those non-renewable energy such as diesel, LPG, paper cartons, electricity and water as all these resources are consumed in tandem with production and sales demand of finished goods.

The Group is open and eager to explore any efficiency improvement measure and system to enhance our sustainability development.

董事會相信,我們的方法及措施符合新加坡 法例第94A章《環境保護與管理法》、馬來 西亞《二零零九年環境質量(工業污水)條 例》以及《二零零九年環境質量(污水)條 例》所載的標準。

其他耗水量與辦公室用水有關,用量極小。 我們鼓勵全體僱員培養自覺節約用水的習 **惯**。牛活污水排入城市污水管網。

無害廢棄物管理

本集團業務活動產生的無害廢棄物為紙箱 及塑膠包裝。本集團通常會收集此類廢棄 物,部分予以回收利用。損壞或受污染且無 法回收利用的紙箱及塑膠包裝,則由一般廢 棄物處理服務提供商收集及處理。

資源使用

本集團深知天然資源的寶貴價值,致力減少 日常營運中的資源浪費。我們的營運規約列 明多項節約資源的原則,以鼓勵僱員有效使 用天然資源。

然而,我們無法制定任何可持續發展計劃以 減少天然資源使用量,尤其是柴油、液化石 油氣、紙箱、電力及水等不可再生能源,因 為這些資源均隨製成品的生產及銷售需求 而消耗。

本集團持開放態度,積極探索各類效益提升 措施及系統,以加強可持續發展。

環境、社會及管治報告

Water

We often explore effective ways of conserving water in each segment of our operations such as fixing dripping taps and leakage immediately, using brooms and mops frequently to clean the floor in all our working and production premises, advocating the importance of saving water among employees through posters and protocols.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not face any issues in sourcing suitable water, which is supplied by the government.

Packaging material

We adopt standardised packaging materials for finished products. It is widely acknowledged that the snack packaging is one of the environmental concerns. To better control the consumption of packaging materials, we have specific procurement procedure that allow us to order and use packaging materials optimally to avoid over-ordering and wastage.

Our Group will continue to look for ways to reduce emissions and natural resource impact from our operations. We aim to continually strive to understand and assess the impact from our operations and our contributions to all environmental, social and governance issues.

Environmental and natural resources

We are active in promoting environmental awareness among our employees through encouraging them of the fours principles of "recycle", "reuse", "conserve water" and "conserve energy".

We are dedicated to promote the principles by encouraging our employees to adopt the following "green" actions, among other environmental measures mentioned above:

- Minimise paper usage;
- 2. Reusing or recycling used paper;
- 3. Turning off lights after office hours and during holidays; and
- Usage of light-emitting diode (LED) lighting in efforts to reduce energy consumption.

Our Environmental Targets

The Company considers that it has reached an optimal point in relation to emission control and use of resources.

水資源

我們時常探索業務營運各個環節有效的節 水方法,例如及時修理滴水的水龍頭及漏水 處、經常使用掃帚及拖把清潔工作及生產場 所的地面、透過海報及規約向僱員宣傳節約 用水的重要性。

於報告期間,本集團在獲取合適水源(由政 府供應)方面並無遇到任何問題。

包裝材料

我們就製成品採用標準化包裝材料。衆所周 知,休閒食品包裝是環境問題之一。為更好 地控制包裝材料的消耗,我們設有特定的採 購程序,以便我們能夠以最佳方式訂購及使 用包裝材料,避免過度訂購及浪費。

本集團將繼續探尋減少排放及耗用天然資 源的方法。我們目標是不斷努力了解及評估 我們對所有ESG事宜的影響及貢獻。

環境及天然資源

我們積極提高僱員的環保意識,鼓勵僱員奉 行「循環再用」、「再利用」、「節約用水」及 「節約能源」四項原則。

我們致力推廣上述原則,除上述其他環保措 施外,亦鼓勵僱員採取以下「綠色」措施:

- 盡量減少用紙; 1.
- 2. 重複使用或者回收利用使用過的紙張;
- 3. 在非辦公時間及假期期間關閉電燈;
- 使用發光二極管(LED)照明以減少能源 消耗。

我們的環保目標

本公司認為其在排放控制及資源使用方面 已達致最佳水平。

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental	Key Performance Indicators	環境關鍵績	效指標	
KPIs 關鍵績效指標	Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	2023 二零二三年	2024 二零二四年
A1.1	Sulphur Dioxide	kg	_	4
A1.1	二氧化硫	千克		
	Nitrogen Oxides	kg	785	717
	氮氧化物	千克		
	Particulate Matter 顆粒物	kg 千克	75	68
A1.2	Scope 1 GHG emissions ²	tonnes CO ₂ e	3,094	2,632
A1.2	範圍1溫室氣體排放2	噸二氧化碳當量	0,0,	2,002
	Scope 2 GHG emissions ³	tonnes CO ₂ e	2,128	2,218
	範圍2溫室氣體排放3	噸二氧化碳當量		
	Scope 3 GHG emissions ⁴	tonnes CO ₂ e	107	114
	範圍3溫室氣體排放 ⁴	噸二氧化碳當量		
	Total greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3)	tonnes CO ₂ e	5,329	4,964
	溫室氣體排放總量(範圍1、2及3)	噸二氧化碳當量		
	GHG emissions intensity	tonnes CO ₂ e/	77	71
	(Total GHG emissions/revenue)	revenue		
	溫室氣體排放強度	噸二氧化碳		
	(溫室氣體排放總量/收益)	當量/收益		
A1.4	LPG	tonnes	24,371	27,898
A1.4	液化石油氣	噸		
	Electricity consumption intensity (Total electricity consumption/revenue)	tonnes/revenue	348	399
	電力消耗強度	噸/收益		
	(總耗電量/收益)			
A2.1	Total electricity consumption	kWh	3,040,543	3,168,192
A2.1	總耗電量	千瓦時		
	Electricity consumption intensity	kWh/revenue	43,363	45,287
	(Total electricity consumption/revenue)			
	電力消耗強度(總耗電量/收益)	千瓦時/收益	1 00/ 007	0.40, 500
	Total diesel consumption	litre	1,006,097	949,528
	柴油消耗總量	公升	14240	10 570
	Diesel consumption intensity (Total diesel consumption/revenue)	litre/revenue	14,349	13,573
	柴油消耗強度(柴油消耗總量/收益)	公升/收益		
A2.2	Total water consumption	tonnes	139,311	122,753
A2.2	總用水量	·····································	107,011	122,730
	Water consumption intensity	tonnes/revenue	1,987	1,754
	(Total water consumption/revenue)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	用水強度(總用水量/收益)	噸/收益		
	Total paper consumption	tonnes	1,124	1,884
	總耗紙量	噸		
	Total paper consumption intensity (Total paper consumption/revenue)	tonnes/revenue	16	27
	耗紙強度(總耗紙量/收益)	噸/收益		

環境、社會及管治報告

Notes to above table:

- GHG emissions data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.
- 2 Major source of Scope 1 emission came from diesel and LPG.
- 3 Major source of Scope 2 emission came from usage of purchased electricity.
- 4 Major source of Scope 3 emission came from processing fresh water and sewage by government departments.
- 5 Intensity of major resource consumed for every S\$1.0 million of revenue for FY2024.
- 6 We did not produce any hazardous waste.

上表附註:

- 溫室氣體排放數據以二氧化碳當量呈列, 基於(包括但不限於)世界資源研究所及世界企業永續發展委員會發佈的《溫室氣體 盤查議定書:企業會計及報告標準》,以及 香港聯合交易所發佈的《附錄二:環境關 鍵績效指標匯報指引》。
- 2 範圍1排放主要源自使用柴油及液化石油 氣。
- 3 範圍2排放主要源自使用外購電力。
- 4 範圍3排放主要源自政府部門處理淡水及 污水的相關作業。
- 5 二零二四財年每百萬新加坡元收益所消耗 的主要資源強度。
- 6 我們並無產生任何有害廢棄物。



環境、社會及管治報告

DEALING WITH CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT

In assessing the climate change impact on the Group, the Company follows recommendations and approach set out by The Task Force of Climate-related Financial Disclosure ("TCFD").

The ESG Executive Group measures the climate change impact by the following two risk categories:

Transition Risk

Referring to a situation where the transitioning to a lowercarbon economy may entail extensive policy, legal, technology, and market changes to address mitigation and adaptation requirements related to climate change.

Physical Risk

Referring to direct damage to assets and indirect impacts from supply chain disruption that may have financial implications for the Group. Physical risk can be event driven (as "Acute Events risk") or gradually shifted over in a period of time (as "Chronic Shift risk").

The ESG Executive Group has also considered:

1. Country risk

The overall level of climate change impact in Singapore and Malaysia

Industry Trend 2.

The trends and practice of the food industry in Singapore and Malaysia

Group Challenge

The ESG Executive Group has also evaluated the possibilities of the four main impacts led by climate change, namely:

- Increased wildfires;
- 2 Declining water supplies;
- 3 Reduced agricultural yields; and
- 4 Health impact

應對氣候變化的影響

於評估氣候變化對本集團的影響時,本 公司遵循氣候相關財務信息披露工作組 (「TCFD」)提出的的建議及方法。

ESG執行小組按以下兩個風險類別衡評估 氣候變化的影響:

轉型風險

指向低碳經濟轉型的過程中,為應對 與氣候變化相關的緩解及適應要求, 可能牽涉廣泛的政策、法律、技術及 市場變革。

實體風險

指可能對本集團產生財務影響的資產 直接損壞及供應鏈中斷的間接影響。 實體風險可由事件引起(稱為「急性 事件風險」)或於一段時間內逐漸轉移 (稱為「慢性轉移風險」)。

ESG執行小組亦考慮以下風險:

國家風險 1.

新加坡及馬來西亞氣候變化影 響的整體水平

行業趨勢 2.

新加坡及馬來西亞食品行業的 趨勢及慣例

本集團面臨的挑戰 3.

ESG執行小組亦已評估氣候變化帶來 的四大主要影響的可能性,即:

- 山火增加;
- 供水減少;
- 3 農產品產量下降;及
- 健康影響

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

The ESG Executive Group has considered all relevant risks in relation to climate change impact and believes that the Company is more likely to be subject to the risks presented below.

ESG執行小組已考慮與氣候變化影響有關的所有 相關風險,並認為本公司較可能面臨以下風險。

Country Risk 國家風險

Increasing use of electric cars and tightened fuel controls 電動汽車使用增加,燃料控制加強

Crop yield drop in Malaysia due to rising temperature 因氣溫上升, 馬來西亞農作物產量下降

No direct physical risk at large for Singapore and Malaysia 就新加坡及馬來西亞而言, 無直接實體風險

Industry Trend 行業趨勢

Disruptive technology has not emerged yet 尚未出現顛覆性技術

No industry-specific regulation yet 尚無針對特定行業的法規

Not easy to have an alternative market for food industry 食品行業尋找替代市場不容易



Intensive concentration of suppliers in Malaysia 供應商高度集中在馬來西亞 Rising customers' green awareness of environmental impact of food industry 客戶對食品行業的環境影響日益關注



環境、社會及管治報告



Risk Considerations over Climate Change Impact 氣候變化影響的風險考慮因素 Application to the Group's Operations (Singapore and Malaysia) 適用於本集團業務營運(新加坡及馬來西亞)

Political and legal risk 政治及法律風險 Market risk 市場風險 Reputation risk 聲譽風險 Technology risk 技術風險

Both 兩國均有 Both 兩國均有 Singapore 新加坡 Malaysia's operation 馬來西亞的業務營運

Physical risk 實體風險

Acute event risk 急性事件風險 Chronic shift risk 慢性轉移風險

Malaysia's operation 馬來西亞的業務營運 Both

Risk level assessment 風險水平評估

Political and legal risk 政治及法律風險

Market risk 市場風險 Reputation risk 聲譽風險

Technology risk 技術風險

急性事件風險

Acute event risk

Medium to High 中等至高

兩國均有

Low to Medium, no trend of mitigation/replacement of market

低至中等,無緩解趨勢/替代市場

High

Low to Medium, no trend of disruptive technology for food industry

低至中等,食品行業無出現顛覆性技術趨勢 Low to Medium, no direct threat from sea level rise, decreased water supplies, and increased wildfire

低至中等,無來自海平面上升、供水減少及山火增加等的直接

威脅

Chronic shift risk Medium to High 慢性轉移風險 中等至高

環境、社會及管治報告

The Company is considered to be subjected to the following climate change impacts to which the Company has developed relevant action plans to manage them as presented in the table below. The Company will continue its study on climate change impacts, committed to on-going monitoring of relevant risks and will update our climate change impact from time to time.

本公司被認為受到以下氣候變化影響,本公司已 制定相關行動計劃以應對該等影響,如下表所示。 本公司將繼續研究氣候變化影響,致力持續監察 相關風險,並不時更新有關氣候變化影響的資料。

Relevant Climate Change Risk 相關氣候變化風險	Driving Forces 驅動力	The Group's Action 本集團的應對措施
Political and legal risk	Singapore requires vehicles to meet Euro VI emission standards.	Vehicle will be replaced with Euro VI compliant vehicle when it is due for decommissioning.
政治及法律風險	新加坡要求車輛符合歐六排放標準	當車輛退役時,將更換為符合歐六標準的車輛。
Political and legal risk	Fuel cost may rise or may be subject to direct or indirect environmental tax, which may drive up our	
政治及法律風險	transportation costs. 燃料成本可能上升或可能須繳納直接或間接環境稅,而這可能會推高我們的運輸成本。	situation applied to all food industry's participants. 由於這是所有食品行業參與者均面對的情況,我們應可向消費者轉移一部分此類額外成本。
Reputation risk	Our customers have higher expectation that we shall operate a greener and environmentally friendly business.	We are active in managing our supplier and dedicated in engaging environmentally friendly suppliers.
聲譽風險	我們的客戶對我們「綠色」及環保經營寄予更 高的期望。	我們積極管理供應商,並致力委聘環保型供應商。
		We will consider putting Environmental Management System in place such as ISO 14001. 我們將考慮實施環境管理體系,如ISO 14001。
Chronic shift risk	Increased CO_2 will reduce food production, including crop yields such as rice, wheat and maize worldwide.	We have a supply chain management plan to diversify our supply chain within Malaysia and around other regions.
慢性轉移風險	二氧化碳增加將會減少全球糧食產量,包括水稻、小麥及玉米等農作物的產量。	我們設有供應鏈管理計劃,以實現我們在馬來西亞境內及其他地區的供應鏈多元化。

We will continue to monitor the crop yield situations worldwide and form a holistic view of food

我們將繼續監控全球農作物產量情況,以了解糧

We will continue to monitor the financial and operational performance of our suppliers. 我們將繼續監察供應商的財務及營運表現

production rate.

食生產率的整體情況。

環境、社會及管治報告

OUR SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Food material supply is critical to our business and operations.

It is our policy to ensure we conduct business with legitimate suppliers who maintain good social and compliance standards. Accordingly, we have adopted and maintained stringent procedures for the selection and assessment of our suppliers in order to manage the potential environmental and social risks that might arise in the course of business.

Supplier selection and continuous assessment

We conduct business with approved suppliers only after they have passed our initial assessment. To be admitted as our approved supplier, one must fulfill a number of social and compliance conditions, including but not limited to:

- satisfactory product quality by conducting sample material evaluation;
- compliance with food safety regulatory matters; and
- 3. relevant quality and food safety management system and certifications.

B5 Supply Chain Management

Locations of our critical suppliers 重要供應商所在地	2023 二零二三年	2024 二零二四年
Singapore 新加坡	19	12
Malaysia 馬來西亞	218	227
Others 其他地區	19	26
Total 總計	256	265

供應鏈管理

食物原料供應對於我們的業務及營運至關 重要。

我們的政策是確保我們與能夠保持良好社 會及合規標準的合法供應商開展業務。相應 地,我們已經採用並保持嚴格的程序來挑選 及評估我們的供應商,從而對可能在業務經 營過程中產生的環境及社會風險進行管理。

供應商選擇及持續評估

我們僅與已通過我們初步評估的認可供應 商開展業務。為了獲准成為我們的認可供應 商,其必須滿足若干社會及合規條件,包括 但不限於:

- 進行樣品材料評估,達致滿意的產品 品質;
- 2. 符合食品安全監管規定;及
- 具有相關的品質及食品安全管理體系 及認證。

B5 供應鏈管理

環境、社會及管治報告

Product quality 產品品質

Inspect and examine samples provided by suppliers by laboratory testing for microbiological and chemical, transportation and environmental test and accelerated shelf life study.

Our internal laboratory will check product colour, quality, product moisture, and packaging sealing of every batch of product. 通過實驗室檢測對供應商提供的樣品進行查驗,包括微生物、化學成分、運輸及環境檢測以及保質期加速試驗。 我們的內部實驗室將檢查每批產品的顏色、質量、產品濕度和包裝密封性。

Food safety compliance 食品安全合規

Request for and research on efforts adopted by the suppliers on their food safety, production and delivery procedures and assess if their quality and food safety management system are reliable and sufficient.

要求並研究供應商在食品安全、生產和運輸程序所做的努力。評估其質量和食品安全管理體系是否是可靠和充足的。

Annual assessment 年度評估

Quality control department will perform an assessment on suppliers based on their product quality, timeliness of delivery, responsiveness and pricing. The result of the assessment will then be discussed with executive Directors.

品質控制部將根據產品品質、準時交付情況、應對能力及定價對供應商進行評估。隨後執行董事將對評估結果進行討論。

Our assessment is also conducted on a continuous basis. We perform inspections on incoming materials on a transaction basis, and we also have a designated quality control team to perform an annual assessment of our suppliers over their product quality and responsiveness. These assessments facilitate us to understand and monitor the suppliers' compliance readiness against the standard of product quality and food safety which is one of our ESG concerns.

In the event when our suppliers are found or potentially perceived to have significant deficiencies in relation to product quality and safety, we would not hesitate in taking appropriate corrective actions, including termination of services.

Considerations of Environmentally Friendly Products

One of the key considerations we adopt in the selection of our critical suppliers is whether they use environmentally friendly products or systems in their production process. Nevertheless, it is our policy that we do not engage suppliers which have been constantly or seriously in breach of related ESG rules and regulations.

我們的評估亦將持續進行。我們實施基於交 易的來料檢查,並設有一個指定的品質控制 團隊來對供應商的產品品質和響應能力等 進行年度評估。此類評估有助我們理解並監 督供應商符合產品質量和食品安全標準的 情況,這亦是本集團ESG關注的重點之一。

倘發現我們的供應商(或認為其可能)在產 品質量及安全方面存在重大缺陷,我們將立 即採取適當糾正措施,包括終止服務。

環保產品方面的考量

供應商在生產流程中是否採用環保產品或 體系,是我們選擇主要供應商時考慮的主要 因素之一。然而·我們的政策是不會與持續 或嚴重違反相關ESG規則及法規的供應商 合作。

環境、社會及管治報告

COMMITMENT TO PRODUCT QUALITY

We are committed to producing high quality snacks which are safe and wholesome. Due to the nature of business, our operation and products are subjected to high product responsibilities, particularly over food safety and advertising and labelling. On top of our standard hygiene and safety measure, we manage our food safety concern through quality control, packaging and product recall management.

Quality Control Management

In respect of food safety, we have been accredited with various international quality management certifications for our production facilities, including but not limited to Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points ("HACCP") and various ISO 9001, ISO 22000 and Food Safety System Certification ("FSSC") 22000 certificates. All responsible personnel in our operations department are required to attend refresher training according to our HACCP Quality Management system and requirement on FSSC 22000.

We have implemented quality control throughout our production process from raw materials to product delivery to ensure our food safety standards are met. The key quality control measures that we have taken include, but not limited to:

Materials

- Supplier selection and assessment
- Inspection before accepting goods receipt
- Sample examination on quality

Inventory

- Accepted materials are labelled and stored accordingly
- Materials are stacked and stored under first-in-first-out
- Temperature of the storage facility is closely monitored

對產品質量的承諾

我們承諾生產安全和健康的高品質休閒食 品。由於業務性質使然,本集團的營運及產 品須承擔較高的產品責任、尤其是在食品安 全以及廣告與標簽方面。除了標準的衛生和 安全措施之外,我們通過質量控制、包裝和 產品召回管理對食品安全問題進行管控。

質量控制管理

關於食品安全,我們的生產設施已取得多 項國際質量管理體系認證,包括但不限 於危害分析重要管制點(「HACCP」)以及 ISO 9001、ISO 22000以及食品安全體系 認證(「FSSC」)22000證書。我們營運部門 的所有負責人員須根據HACCP質量管理系 統及FSSC 22000的規定參加進修培訓。

我們在從原材料到產品交付的整個過程中, 均已實施質量控制,以確保符合我們的食品 安全標準。我們採取的關鍵質量控制措施包 括但不限於:

材料

- 供應商選擇及評估
- 貨物驗收前進行檢查
- 品質抽樣檢查

存貨

- 已驗收的材料貼上標籤並相應儲存
- 材料按先進先出法堆放及儲存
- 密切監控儲存設施的溫度

環境、社會及管治報告

Production

- Quality sample testing and inspection on semi-finished products are systematically performed
- Laser sorters are deployed to automatically detect and eject irregular items based on colour, shape and size

Delivery

- All finished products are subject to a final comprehensive test prior to loading for delivery
- Ensure delivery vehicles or containers are free from any substances that may taint the packaged products.

Packaging management

Our packaging material must also meet the following four criteria to ensure the quality of finished products,

Barrier Protection 隔離層保護

- Moisture barrier 防潮層
- Oxygen barrier 隔氧層
- Ultra violet transmittance 紫外透射度

2. Permeability 渗透性

- Moisture barrier 防潮層
- Oxygen barrier 隔氧層

生產

- 系統性地進行半成品質量抽樣檢測及 檢查
- 採用激光分選機,根據顏色、形狀及 大小自動檢測及剔除殘次品

交付

- 所有成品在裝運交付之前進行最終的 全面檢查
- 確保送貨車輛或容器不含有任何可能 會污染包裝產品的物質

包裝管理

為確保成品的質量,我們的包裝材料亦須滿足以下四項標準:

3. Sealing Strength 密封度

 Mechanical strength of the seal to ensure no leakage and packaging integrity 密封的機械強度,確保無洩漏及 包裝完整性

4. Coefficient of Friction (COF) 摩擦係數(COF)

 Estimation on the ratio of COF while in motion 估計移動中摩擦係數比率

Product recall management

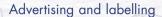
We have also established relevant product recall procedures that enable us to respond to recall incidents in a timely and orderly manner by our designated recall coordinator. Our key measures include informing relevant parties such as our customers and general public on a timely basis, tracing the affected products through our labelling system, inspecting the affected products and destroying and disposing them by appropriate means.

產品召回管理

我們亦已制定相關的產品召回程序,遇到召回事件時指定的召回協調員能及時有序地作出響應。我們的主要措施包括及時通知客戶及公眾等相關方、透過我們的標識系統追蹤受影響的產品、對受影響的產品進行檢查,並採用合適的方法對其進行銷毀及處置。



環境、社會及管治報告



We are constantly engaged in marketing and branding of our products through various advertising platforms including in-store displays, social media, outdoor sampling and events sponsorship. It is our policy to advertise our products and brands in a fair manner and without mis-leading information.

As for our labelling activities, we require our customers to provide us with all necessary information pertaining to packaging and labelling with respect to local requirements within the stipulated territory.

Privacy protection

We are responsible for protecting our customers' privacy in the collection, processing and use of their personal data. We are in compliance with the applicable data protection regulations and we ensure appropriate technical measures are in place to protect personal data from any unauthorized use or access. We also ensure that customers' personal data is stored securely and processed only for the purpose for which it has been collected.

Overall Compliance Standing

During the Reporting Period, we have complied with all applicable laws and regulations in relation to product liabilities, advertising and labelling and privacy matters. For the Reporting Period, we have not been subjected to any material product recall, liabilities claim or failed regulatory inspection in relation to our product quality.

COMMITMENT TO OUR EMPLOYEES

We strive to provide our employees with a harmonious and safe working environment, and development platform. As of 31 December 2024, we have employed a total of 350 employees (2023: 358) in our operations.

廣告與標籤

我們一直通過各種廣告平台(包括店內展 示、社會媒體、戶外樣品派送以及活動贊助) 進行產品推廣及品牌營銷。我們的政策是採 用公平的方式推廣產品和品牌,不附帶任何 誤導信息。

至於標籤方面,我們要求客戶向我們提供規 定地區內當地有關包裝及標籤規定的一切 必要資料。

隱私保護

我們有責任在收集、處理和使用客戶個人資 料時保護其隱私。我們遵守適用的資料保護 條例並且確保採用適當的技術措施來保護 個人資料免受未經授權的使用或者訪問。我 們亦會確保客戶的個人資料得到安全儲存 及處理,且僅用於收集資料時所用之目的。

總體合規情況

在報告期間,我們已遵循所有與產品責任、 廣告、標籤和隱私事宜相關的適用法律和法 規。報告期間我們並無在產品質量方面遭遇 任何重大產品召回、責任索償或未能通過監 管檢查。

對員工的承諾 5.

我們致力為僱員提供和諧安全的工作環境 及發展平台。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,我們的業務營運合共僱用350名僱員(二 零二三年:358名)。

環境、社會及管治報告

	B1.1 Number of staff B1.1員工人數	B1.2 Staff turnover rate B1.2員工流失率
By Gender		
按性別劃分 Male	254	11.0%
男性		
Female 女性	96	15.6%
Total 總計	350	
By age group		
按年齡組別劃分 Below 30 years old	177	8.5%
30歲以下 30 to 50 years old	142	14.1%
30至50歲		
Above 50 years old 50歲以上	31	25.8%
Total 總計	350	
By ranking		
按職級劃分 Managerial grade and above	36	2.8%
管理級別及以上 General staff and sales force	314	13.4%
一般員工及銷售人員		
Total 總計	350	
By geographical region		
按地域劃分 Singapore	43	4.7%
新加坡		
Malaysia 馬來西亞	144	14.6%
Others 其他地區	163	12.3%
Total 總計	350	

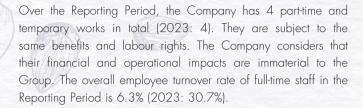
Note 1 employees here refer to staff with employment contractual relationship with the Group.

此處的僱員是指與本集團有僱傭合約 附註1 關係的員工。

附註2 指定類別的離職僱員人數除以指定類 別的僱員人數。

Note 2 Employees in the specified category leaving employment divided by number of employees in the specified category.

環境、社會及管治報告



Employment and remuneration

We have a comprehensive Human Resources Management System and Procedure to determine the optimal size of staff force that fits our business operation. Our Human Resource Department manages our hiring process, which is considered fair and transparent. We generally enter into a standard form of employment contract with our employees, which contain confidentiality clauses and standard covenants.

We endeavor to provide competitive remuneration package and various benefits to attract and retain talents. Our employees are remunerated according to their job scope, responsibilities, and performance and entitled to discretionary performance bonus. We also offer other form of employee benefits such as medical insurance coverage and different kinds of compensated leave for matters of marriage, maternity, paternity, childcare and compassionate events.

Equal opportunity

We are committed to building and maintaining a fair workplace and valuing equal opportunity and diversity, throughout all stages of employment, including in the remuneration, recruitment, training and promotion of staff.

Our employee will not be treated in less favorable terms or discriminated against on grounds of gender, sexual orientation, disability, marital status, race, religion, age, nationality or ethnic origin. Our employees are hired, appointed, promoted and remunerated on a fair scale and in accordance to objective measures such as their qualifications, experience, hardships, competencies and contributions.

於報告期間,本公司共有4名兼職及臨時工 (二零二三年:4名)。彼等享有相同的福利 及勞工權利。本公司認為其對本集團財務 及營運影響甚微。於報告期內,全職員工 的整體僱員流失率為6.3%(二零二三年: 30.7%) •

僱傭及薪酬

我們擁有全面的人力資源管理系統及程序, 以釐定符合我們業務營運的最佳員工人數。 我們的人力資源部管理我們的招聘流程, 此流程被視為公平透明。我們通常會與僱員 簽訂一份標準格式的聘用合同,其中包含保 密條款和標準契諾。

我們致力提供有競爭力的薪酬待遇及各種 福利以吸引和留住人才。我們的僱員按照其 工作範圍、責任和績效獲取報酬,並有權享 有酌情績效獎金。我們亦提供其他形式的僱 員福利,如醫療保險及各類補休(包括婚假、 產假、陪產假、育兒假及恩恤假)。

平等機會

我們致力在僱傭的所有階段(包括員工的 薪酬、招聘、培訓和晉升)營造和維護公平 的工作場所,重視平等機會和多元化。

我們的僱員不會因性別、性取向、殘疾、婚 姻狀況、種族、宗教、年齡、國籍或民族血統 而遭到不利對待或歧視。我們根據客觀指標 (如資歷、經驗、辛勞度、能力和貢獻)以公 平基準對員工進行聘用、任命、晉升及給付 報酬。

環境、社會及管治報告

Labour standards

We fully adopt and adhere to the human rights framework that creates an environment where human rights issues can be openly discussed. We are committed to doing the right thing and we encourage our workers to engage in candid and respectful dialogue to explore feasible solutions.

Our foreign workers in Singapore and Malaysia are typically employed on a two-year or three-year basis respectively, depending on the period of their work permits, and subject to renewal based on their performance, and are remunerated fairly according to their work skills and standard of the laws. In the reporting period, all our foreign workers have obtained valid work permits. Our Human Resources Department is responsible for monitoring the validity of work permits of our foreign employees.

We have formulated and implemented a series of internal management systems and policies, in order to ensure equal treatment for employees in recruitment, promotion, salary, benefits, training, appraisal, relationships, communication and more, and put an end to forced labour and child labour. In order to protect the legality and compliance of employment, we strictly check the age and identity of new hires when they join us. If one is found to have provided false information, we will immediately terminate his/her employment procedures and disqualify him/her from employment. Since our inception, we have signed labor contracts with all our employees based on the principles of equality, voluntariness and consensus. According to the characteristics of the positions, we adopt standard work system. In case of voluntary overtime work due to emergency, we will give employees certain days off or overtime pay, in order to protect their legitimate rights and interests.

We strictly comply with the Prevention of Human Trafficking Act 2014 and Anti-Trafficking in Persons and Anti-Smuggling of Migrants Act 2007. In the reporting period, no child labour or forced labour was found in the Group

勞工準則

我們完全採用並始終堅持人權框架,營造可以公開討論人權問題的環境。我們為所應為,鼓勵員工進行開誠佈公、相互尊重的對話交流,探討切實可行的解決方案。

我們在新加坡和馬來西亞的外籍工人通常按兩年或三年的基準僱用(視乎彼等的工作許可證期限而定),並可根據彼等的表現續期,而薪酬乃根據彼等的工作技能及法律標準公平釐定。於報告期間,我們所有外籍工人均已取得有效工作許可證。我們的人力資源部負責監察外籍僱員工作許可證的有效性。

我們制定並實施了一系列內部管理制度及、政策,確保員工在招聘、晉升、薪酬、福利等相關、考核、關係、溝通等方面享有平等值場,社絕強制勞工及童工。為了保障僱傭的合法性與合規性,我們在新進人員入職時會嚴格審核其年齡與身份。若發現提供虛取假資料者,我們會立即終止其僱用手續,並取等其僱用資格。本公司自成立以來,本着平等自願、商一致的原則,與所有員工簽準工作制。如遇緊急情況自願加班,我們採用標給予一定的休息日補償或加班工資,以保障員工的合法權益。

我們嚴格遵守《二零一四年防止人口販運 法》及《二零零七年反販運人口及反偷運 移民法》。於報告期間,本集團並無發現童 工或強制勞工。

環境、社會及管治報告



During the Reporting Period, we have been in compliance with the laws and regulations in Singapore and Malaysia relevant to the Labour Standards such as relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare, including, but not limited to:

- The Employment Act (Chapter 91 of Singapore);
- The Employment of Foreign Manpower Act (Chapter 91A of Singapore);
- The Central Provident Fund Act (Chapter 36 of Singapore);
- The Employment of Children and Young Persons Regulations (Singapore);
- Workmen's Compensation Act;
- 6. The Employment Act 1955 (Malaysia);
- The Employees Provident Fund Act 1991 (Malaysia); and
- The Employment (Restriction) Act 1968 (Malaysia).

COMMITMENT TO UPHOLD ETHICS AND INTEGRITY

Anti-corruption

It is our policy to maintain a reputation for honesty, fairness, respect, responsibility, integrity and trust. We maintain a strict anti-corruption policy, including but not limited to the following key codes.

- We prohibit all forms of bribes, kickbacks or other similar remuneration;
- Employees are not allowed to offer or accept gifts and benefits in the course of their employment; and
- Conflict of interest must be avoided or reported to our directors on a timely and complete basis.

總體合規情況

於報告期間,我們一直遵守新加坡和馬來 西亞有關勞工標準的法律法規,如與補償 及解僱、招聘及晉升、休息時間、機會均等、 多元化、反歧視以及其他福利待遇有關的法 律法規,包括但不限於:

- 《就業法》(新加坡法例第91章);
- 《僱用外國勞工法》(新加坡法例第91 章);
- 《中央公積金法》(新加坡法例第36 3. 章);
- 《僱用兒童及青少年條例》(新加坡); 4.
- 《工傷賠償法》; 5.
- 《一九五五年就業法》(馬來西亞);
- 7. 《一九九一年僱員公積金法》(馬來西 亞);及
- 《一九六八年就業(限制)法》(馬來西 亞)。

恪守職業道德及誠信承諾

反貪污

我們的方針是保持誠信、公平、尊重、責任、 廉正及可信賴的聲譽。我們奉行嚴格的反貪 政策,包括但不限於以下主要守則:

- 我們禁止一切形式的賄賂、回扣或其 1. 他類似報酬;
- 員工在工作過程中不得贈送或接受禮 物及好處;及
- 必須避免利益衝突或及時完整地向董 事報告。

環境、社會及管治報告

For the Reporting Period, we did not encounter any anti-corruption confirmed cases, incidents, reporting, enforcements and/or legal proceedings against our Group, Directors and employees.

Anti-money laundering

From anti-money laundering perspective, it is our policy not to accept any cash receipt or payment, or any transfers from unknown or suspicious third parties, or transfers without legitimate business relation and purpose.

Whistleblowing policy

We encourage our stakeholders, including our employees, customers and suppliers to report any suspicious or confirmed cases relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

In our daily operation, our employees are encouraged to report to their department head or, in a more independent manner, to our Human Resources Department.

We have also established a whistleblowing policy that allows our employees and other stakeholders to inform us of any kind of fraud, misconduct and/or non-compliance with our internal policy, or laws and regulations.

Goodwill whistleblowers can file their report to us at email: whistleblow@taisun.com.sg. Our executive director shall first review and clear the cases, keep the records, gather further information and escalate to the Board or Audit Committee or senior management depending on the independence, complexity and significance of the matter.

Our whistleblowing policy has a protection clause by which we prohibit all kinds of harassment and discrimination of goodwill whistleblowers on the grounds of their goodwill whistleblowing.

Overall Compliance Standing

During the Reporting Period, we have been in compliance with the laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 於報告期間,我們並無遇到任何針對本集團、董事及僱員的已確認反貪污案件、事件、報告、強制執法及/或法律訴訟。

反洗黑錢

反洗黑錢方面,我們的政策是不接受任何現 金收付或來自未知或可疑第三方的轉賬或 無合法業務關係及目的之轉賬。

舉報政策

我們鼓勵持份者(包括我們的員工、客戶和 供應商)向我們報告任何與賄賂、勒索、欺 詐和洗黑錢有關的可疑或確定案例。

在日常營運中,我們鼓勵僱員向其部門主管報告,或獨自向人力資源部報告。

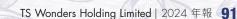
我們亦已制定舉報政策,讓僱員及其他持份 者可以將任何形式的欺詐、不當行為及/或 不符合我們的內部政策或違法違規的行為 通知我們。

善意舉報人可以通過電子郵件 whistleblow@taisun.com.sg向我們提交報告。 我們的執行董事須首先審查及理清有關個 案、保存記錄、收集進一步資料,並視乎事 項的獨立性、複雜性及重要性向董事會或審 核委員會或高級管理層報告。

我們的舉報政策訂有保護條款,據此,我們 禁止因善意舉報人的善意舉報而對其進行 任何形式的騷擾及歧視。

總體合規情況

於本報告期間,我們一直遵守有關反貪污、 勒索、欺詐及洗錢的法律法規。



環境、社會及管治報告

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group encourages and supports our directors and staff to receive internal and external training to promote operational compliance and sustainable development.

Our new employees are required to participate in orientation training before the start of their work and undergo on-the-job training. Generally, the training areas are related to their work scope and duties of their respective department. The typical training topics involve personal hygiene, food hygiene and safety, and employee illness and communicable disease. In addition, our employees' training needs are identified through yearly staff performance appraisal, technological changes or any major changes introduced to the management system, equipment or changes in our product offering.

All our directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, have attended training to reinforce their knowledge and skills as a director, and knowledge on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules, other applicable statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate them to discharge their responsibilities.

In the Reporting Period, our employee received 7,540 hours (2023: 7,994) of training and mainly focusing on production related issues. The average training hours was 21.5 (2023: 22.3).

發展與培訓 7.

本集團鼓勵及支持董事及員工接受內部及 外部培訓,以促進合規營運及可持續發展。

我們的新僱員必須在入職前參加入職培訓, 入職後接受在職培訓。一般來說,培訓內容 與彼等的工作範疇及所在部門的職責有關。 培訓主題通常包括個人衛生、食品衛生及安 全、僱員疾病及傳染病。此外,我們通過年 度員工績效考評、因應技術變更或管理系統 或設備引入的任何重大變更或我們產品供 應各類的變化來確定僱員的培訓需要。

我們的所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均 須參加培訓以增強其作為董事應具備的知 識和技能,並了解有關上市規則、其他適用 的法定及監管制度以及營商環境的最新發 展動態,促進彼等履行職責。

於報告期間,我們的僱員已接受7.540小時 (二零二三年:7,994小時)的培訓,內容主 要集中於生產相關事宜。平均受訓時數為 21.5小時(二零二三年:22.3小時)。

環境、社會及管治報告

Anti-Corruption Training

The Company has rolled out a rotation plan of anti-corruption training in the Reporting Period. As of the date of this ESG Report, we intend to provide anti-corruption training, through professional organisation, to our Directors and Management first. We will also extend such training to our staff on a 5-year rotation plan targeting to attain a 100% training coverage in 5 years.

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

Our employees' safety and health is one of our main concerns, and we emphasize on matters related to work safety and health. We have established Periodical Safety Committee and hired Safety, Health and Environmental ("SHE") management manager for the control of work safety and health. The committee takes in charge of the following duties:

- 1 Establishing health and safety policies (including SHE Policy, Stop Work Policy, and Drug, Alcohol and Smoking Policy)
- 2 Developing standard operating procedures in relation to SHE
- 3 Conducting Hazard Identification, Risk Assessment and Control ("HIRAC") mechanism for managing hazards in the workplace
- 4 Conducting periodical safety inspection and audit in every SOP
- 5 Holding periodical safety committee meeting with action plan

反貪污培訓

於報告期間,本公司已制定反貪污的輪訓計劃。截至本ESG報告日期,我們擬首先透過專業組織向董事及管理層提供反貪污培訓。我們亦將向員工提供為期五年的輪訓計劃,目標為於五年內實現100%的培訓覆蓋率。

8. 職業健康與安全

僱員的安全與健康是我們的主要關注點之一,我們重視與工作安全及健康有關的事宜。我們已成立定期安全委員會,並聘請安全、健康及環境管理經理,以對工作安全及健康進行管控。該委員會負責以下工作:

- 制定健康及安全政策(包括安全、健康及環境政策、停工政策及藥物、酒精及吸煙政策)
- 2 制定有關安全、健康及環境的標準操作程序
- 3 實行危害識別、風險評估及控制 (「HIRAC」)機制,以管理工作場所的 危害
- 4 在每個標準作業程序中進行定期安全 檢查及審查
- 5 舉行定期安全委員會會議並制定行動 計劃

環境、社會及管治報告

We have implemented procedures and guidelines in relation to (i) personal hygiene; (ii) work instructions in handling our machines and safety gadgets required such as safety shoes and hand gloves; and (iii) handling of employees' illness and communicable disease. We also carry out regular maintenance on our machines and equipment to ensure that they are thoroughly tested and safe for use. We also maintain work injury compensation policies, group personal accident and foreign worker medical insurance for our workers.

In the past 3 years, the Group has not encountered any workrelated fatalities, which is defined with reference to circumstances in which the Group, as an employer, is liable for compensation under relevant employment-related laws in Singapore, Malaysia and/or Hong Kong. In the Reporting Period, there were five minor accidents resulting in a total of five days of sick leave. There were no fine or legal case related to the case.

B2 Work health safety - injury and fatalities statistic B2 工作健康與安全-傷亡統計數據

Leading to injuries or illness or disabilities 導致受傷、患病或殘疾 Leading to death 導致死亡 Resulting loss of working days 因傷亡事故而損失的工作日數

Overall Compliance Standing

During the Reporting Period, we have been in compliance with the laws and regulations in Singapore and Malaysia relating to occupational health and safety, including, but not limited to Occupational Safety and Health Act 1994.

We did not encounter any incidents and accidents that led to serious work injury or fatalities, and we did not receive any material staff claims in relation to work safety and health.

我們已實施有關以下各項的程序及指引: (i)個人衛生;(ii)操作機器的工作指引及所需 的安全器具(如安全鞋及手套);及(iii)僱員 患病及傳染病的處理。我們亦定期保養機器 及設備,確保對其進行全面測試並可安全使 用。我們亦為工人購買工傷保險、團體人身 意外險和外籍工人醫療保險。

於過去三年,本集團並無遭遇任何工作相關 死亡事故,此乃參考本集團作為僱主根據新 加坡、馬來西亞及/或香港相關僱傭法律須 承擔賠償的情況而界定。於報告期間,發生 了五次輕微事故,共導致五天病假。沒有與 此等個案相關的罰款或訴訟案件。

2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
2	2	0
0	0	0
5	6	0

總體合規情況

於報告期間,我們一直遵守新加坡和馬來西 亞有關職業健康與安全的法律法規,包括但 不限於《一九九四年職業安全與健康法》。

我們並無發生任何導致嚴重工傷或死亡的 事件及事故,亦沒有收到任何與工作安全及 健康有關的重大員工索償。

環境、社會及管治報告

GIVING BACK TO THE COMMUNITY

The Group is committed to giving back to the community and maintains close communication and interaction with the community to contribute to community development.

For the Reporting Period, we actively contribute and support the community by donating to local charitable organisations.

The Group has made charitable donations of approximately \$\$5,000 in 2024 (2023: approximately \$\$21,000).

SEHK ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures 聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》一般披露

A. Environment A. 環境

A1 Emission

Information on:

A1 排放物 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排 污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:

> the policies; and 政策;及

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

> 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及 規例的資料。

KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標A1.1

The types of emissions and respective emissions data.

排放物種類及相關排放數據。

KPI A1 2 關鍵績效指標A1.2

Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體 排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每 產量單位、每項設施計算)。

回饋社區

本集團致力回饋社區,與社區保持密切溝通 及互動,為社區發展作出貢獻。

於報告期間,我們透過向當地慈善機構捐 款,積極為社區作項獻並提供支持。

於二零二四年,本集團向社會作出慈善捐款 約5,000新加坡元(二零二三年:約21,000 新加坡元)。

Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註

Comply or explain 遵守或解釋

We and the environment 我們與環境

Complied 遵守

Environmental Key Performance

環境關鍵績效指標

Indicators

Environmental Key Performance Indicators

環境關鍵績效指標

Complied 遵守

Complied 遵守



環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	We do not have material hazardous waste produced 我們並無已產生的重大有害廢棄物	Explained 解釋
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Complied 遵守
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources 資源使用 Our Environmental Targets 我們的環保目標	Complied 遵守
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Non-hazardous waste management 無害廢棄物管理	Complied 遵守
A2 Use of Resource A2 資源使用	Policies on efficient use of resources including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	Emission and conservation measures 排放及節約措施 Water consumption and waste management 耗水量及廢棄物管理	Complied 遵守
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Complied 遵守

環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Complied 遵守
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources 資源使用 Our Environmental Targets 我們的環保目標	Complied 遵守
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Water consumption and waste management 耗水量及廢棄物管理	Complied 遵守
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Complied 遵守
A3 The Environment and Natural Resources A3 環境及天然資源	Policies on minimizing the operation's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低業務活動對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	Environmental and natural resources 環境及天然資源	Complied 遵守
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響	Environmental and natural resources 環境及天然資源	Complied 遵守

Aspect A4 層面A4 Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.

及已採取管理有關影響的行動。

識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響 的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。 Dealing with climate change impact

應對氣候變化的影響

Complied 遵守

環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	Dealing with climate change impact 應對氣候變化的影響	Complied 遵守
B1 Employment	Policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Commitment to our employees	Complied
B1 僱傭		對員工的承諾	遵守
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full-or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	Commitment to our employees	Complied
關鍵績效指標B1.1		對員工的承諾	遵守
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	Commitment to our employees	Complied
關鍵績效指標B1.2		對員工的承諾	遵守
B2 Health and Safety B2 健康與安全	Information on: 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) the policies; and 政策:及 (b) compliance and material non-compliance with relevant standards, rules and regulations on providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 遵守及嚴重違反相關標準、規則及規例的資料。	Occupational health and safety 職業健康與安全	Complied 遵守

環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Occupational health and safety	Complied
關鍵績效指標B2.1		職業健康與安全	遵守
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury	Occupational health and safety	Complied
關鍵績效指標B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數	職業健康與安全	遵守
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Occupational health and safety	Complied
關鍵績效指標B2.3		職業健康與安全	遵守
B3 Development and Training B3 發展及培訓	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Development and training 發展與培訓	Complied 遵守
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Development and training	Complied
關鍵績效指標B3.1		發展與培訓	遵守
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Development and training	Complied
關鍵績效指標B3.2		發展與培訓	遵守
B4 Labour Standard B4 勞工準則	Information on: 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) the policies; and	Labour standards 勞工準則	Complied 遵守

compliance and material non-compliance with relevant standards, rules and regulations on preventing child or forced

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及

labour.

規例的資料。

環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	Labour standards	Complied
關鍵績效指標B4.1		勞工準則	遵守
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	Labour standards	Complied
關鍵績效指標B4.2		勞工準則	遵守
B5 Supply Chain Management B5 供應鏈管理	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Our Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	Complied 遵守
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Our Supply Chain Management	Complied
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應鏈管理	遵守
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Our Supply Chain Management	Complied
關鍵績效指標B5.2		供應鏈管理	遵守
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Our Supply Chain Management	Complied
關鍵績效指標B5.3		供應鏈管理	遵守
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察的方法。	Our Supply Chain Management	Complied
關鍵績效指標B5.4		供應鏈管理	遵守

環境、社會及管治報告

SEHK ESG Reporting Guide General Disclosures
聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》一般披露

Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註

Comply or explain 遵守或解釋

B6 Product Responsibility B6 產品責任

Information on: 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、 標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:

Commitment to product quality 對產品質量的承諾

Complied 遵守

the policies; and (a) 政策;及

compliance with relevant laws and (b) regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及 規例的資料。

> We did not have any product recalls for safety and health reason in the Reporting Period 我們於報告期間並無因安全與

Explained 解釋

KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由 而須回收的百分比。

健康理由而須回收仟何產品。

Explained 解釋

KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標B6.2 Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt

接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方 法。

We did not receive any serious product or service-related complaints in the Reporting Period. 我們於報告期間並無接獲任何

關於產品及服務的嚴重投訴。

KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標B6.3

Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。

Advertising and labelling 廣告與標籤 Privacy protection 隱私保護

Complied 遵守

KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4

Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。

Product recall management 產品召回管理

Complied 遵守

KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5

Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.

Privacy protection 隱私保護

Complied 遵守

描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關 執行及監察方法。



環境、社會及管治報告

- 1000 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
B7 Anti-corruption	Information on: 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) the policies; and 政策:及 (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Anti-corruption training	Complied
B7 反貪污		反貪污培訓	遵守
KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	We didn't have any legal case regarding corrupt practices in the Reporting Period. For details, please refer to Anti-corruption 我們於報告期間並無任何貪污訴訟案件,詳情請參閱反貪污一節。	Complied 遵守
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Whistleblowing policy	Complied
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	舉報政策	遵守

Development and training

發展與培訓

Anti-corruption 反貪污 Complied

遵守

Description of anti-corruption training provided to

描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。

KPI B7.3

關鍵績效指標B7.3 directors and staff.

環境、社會及管治報告

	g Guide General Disclosures 及管治報告指引》一般披露	Reference Section/Remark 參考章節/備註	Comply or explain 遵守或解釋
B8 Community Investment B8 社區投資	Policies on community engagement to understand the community's needs where it operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Giving back to the community 回饋社區	Complied 遵守
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Giving back to the community 回饋社區	Complied 遵守
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	Giving back to the community 回饋社區	Complied 遵守

獨立核數師報告

To the Shareholders of TS WONDERS HOLDING LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of TS Wonders Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (herein referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 104 to 200, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致TS WONDERS HOLDING LIMITED股東

(於開曼群島計冊成立的有限公司)

綜合財務報表審核報告

意見

我們已審核載於第104頁至200頁之TS Wonders Holding Limited (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下簡稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,其包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重要會計政策資料及其他解釋性資料)。

我們認為,隨附綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現、綜合權益變動及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們根據國際審計與鑒證準則理事會頒佈的國際審計準則(「國際審計準則」)進行審核。在該等準則下,我們的責任在我們的報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節進一步闡述。根據國際會計師職業道德準則理事會之國際專業會計師職業道德守則(包括國際獨立性標準)(「IESBA守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循IESBA守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據我們的專業判斷,於審核本年度的綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。我們在審核綜合財務報表整體及就此達致意見時處理此等事項,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意見。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

Valuation of properties (Note 13) 物業估值(附註13)

The Group has freehold land and buildings in Malaysia of approximately S\$12.5 million and a leasehold building in Singapore of approximately S\$7.4 million as at 31 December 2024. These land and buildings which are used for its own production are measured using the revaluation model after initial recognition.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團於馬來西亞擁有 永久業權土地及樓宇約12.5百萬新加坡元及於新加坡擁 有租賃樓宇約7.4百萬新加坡元。該等土地及樓宇由 貴 集團用作生產用途,於初始確認後使用重估模型計量。

The above properties, constituted 21% of the Group's total assets as at 31 December 2024, representing significant assets on the consolidated statement of financial position. 上述物業佔 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日資產總

上述物業佔 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日資產總值的21%,為綜合財務狀況表內的重要資產。

Management has engaged external independent valuers (the "Valuers") to perform the fair value assessment as at 31 December 2024.

管理層已委聘外部獨立估值師(「估值師」)於二零二四年 十二月三十一日進行公平值評估。 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們在審核中的處理方法

As part of our audit, we performed the following procedures, among others:

於審核過程中,我們進行以下程序(其中包括):

- obtained an understanding of the Group's process of appointment and the terms of engagement of the Valuers entered into to determine whether there were any matters that might have affected the Valuers' objectivity or placed limitations in the scope of their work.
- 了解 貴集團委任估值師的過程及所訂立的委聘條款,以釐定是否存在任何可能影響估值師客觀性或 對彼等工作範圍施加限制的事項。
- assessed the independence, qualification and competence of the Valuers.
- 評估估值師之獨立性、資格及能力。
- involved our internal specialists to assess the appropriateness of the key assumptions adopted by the Valuers.
- 我們的內部專家參與評估估值師所採納的主要假設是否適當。

獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們在審核中的處理方法
Valuation of properties (Note 13) 物業估值 (附註13)	
The valuation of properties is considered a key audit matter as it requires management to exercise judgement to determine the valuation method and the key assumptions which includes price per square feet of market comparables to be used. These valuations are highly sensitive to changes in market and economic factors. 物業估值被視為關鍵審核事項,乃由於其需管理層作出判斷以釐定估值方法及主要假設(包括採用的每平方呎可比較市場價)。該等估值對市場及經濟因素變動高度敏感。	 discussed with the Valuers to understand the valuation techniques and key assumptions used in valuing the properties and the market evidence used by the Valuers to support their assumptions. 與估值師討論以了解估值師對該等物業進行估值時使用的估值方法及主要假設以及為支持其假設所用的市場憑證。 evaluated the appropriateness of the valuation techniques used by the Valuers for each of the asset and evaluated the key assumptions applied in the determination of fair value by benchmarking and challenging the key assumptions used in the valuation by reference to externally published industry data and comparable property transactions, where available. We also considered whether these key assumptions are consistent with the prevailing market conditions. 通過參考外部發佈之行業數據及可資比較物業交易(如有),評估估值師就各項資產所用估值方法的適當性及通過比對及質詢估值所用主要假設評估用於釐定公平值的主要假設。我們亦考慮該等主要假設是否與現行市況一致。 We also checked the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements.

我們亦核查綜合財務報表所作披露的充分性及適當性。

獨立核數師報告

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Company (the "directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. All other information was obtained prior to the date of the auditor's report, other than the Environmental, Social, and Governance Report, which is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Environmental, Social and Governance Report which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance, and take appropriate actions in accordance with ISAs.

Responsibilities of the Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

綜合財務報表及核數師報告以外之資料

貴公司董事(「董事」)須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括 貴公司年報所載資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。除環境、社會及管治報告預計於本核數師報告日期之後提供給我們之外,所有其他資料均於本核數師報告日期前取得。

我們對綜合財務報表做出的意見並無涵蓋其他資料,而我們不會對其他資料發表任何形式的核證 結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等責任為閱讀獲提供的其他資料,並於此過程中考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中獲悉的情況 存在重大不一致,或是否存在重大錯誤陳述。倘若我們根據對於本核數師報告日期前取得之其他 資料所執行的工作,得出結論認為其他資料存在 重大錯誤陳述,則我們須報告有關事實。就此而 言,我們並無任何事宜須報告。

倘若我們閱讀預期於本核數師報告日期之後獲提供的環境、社會及管治報告時,發現當中存在重大錯誤陳述,則我們須依據國際會計準則向治理 層傳達該事項並採取適當行動。

貴公司董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披露要求,編製真實而公平地反映情況的綜合財務報表,並對管理層認為為使該等綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的事 項(如適用)。除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或停止 營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否 則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責

我們的目標為根據約定的委聘條款合理確定此等 綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述, 並發出載有我們意見的核 數師報告。本報告僅向全體股東報告,除此之外, 本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容 而對任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。合理確定屬 高層次的確定,惟根據國際審計準則進行的審核 工作不能始終保證能察覺所存在的重大錯誤陳述。 錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生,倘個別或整體在 合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表 作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據國際審計準則進行審核的過程中,我們運 用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財 務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計及執 行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足 和適當的審核憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、 虚假陳述或淩駕內部監控的情況,因此未能 發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險 高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Plan and perform the Group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the Group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

- (b) 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當的 審核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控 的有效性發表意見。
- (c) 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- (d) 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在與可能令 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑問的事項或情況有關的重大不確定性。倘我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。倘有關披露不足,則發表非無保留意見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- (e) 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及 內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- (f) 規劃並執行 貴集團審核工作,以就 貴集 團內各實體或業務單位財務資料獲取充分 適當的審核憑證,作為對 貴集團財務報表 發表意見的基礎。我們負責指導、監督及覆 核為集團審核目的所執行的審核工作。我們 為審核意見承擔全部責任。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

我們與治理層溝通(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、 時間安排及重大審核發現,該等發現包括我們在 審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺失。

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們亦向治理層作出聲明,指出我們已符合有關 獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合 理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜, 以及為消除對獨立性之威脅而採取的行動或相關 防範措施(如適用)。

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們釐定對本年度綜 合財務報表的審核最為重要,因而構成關鍵審核 事項的事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項, 除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在 極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期在我們的報告中 溝通某事項造成的負面後果超出產生的公眾利益, 則我們決定不應在報告中傳達該事項。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Mao Meijiao.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為Mao Meijiao女士。

Deloitte & Touche LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

28 March 2025

Deloitte & Touche LLP 執業會計師及 特許會計師 新加坡

二零二五年三月二十八日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Note	S\$	S\$
		附註	新加坡元	新加坡元
Revenue	收益	5	69,958,249	70,117,966
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(50,217,559)	(50,351,818)
Gross profit	毛利		19,740,690	19,766,148
Other income	其他收入	6a	972,273	909,388
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	6b	829,714	(440,582)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(3,959,414)	(4,662,465)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(9,601,159)	(8,574,011)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(68,064)	(96,580)
	na av at was			
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		7,914,040	6,901,898
Income tax expense	所得税開支	8	(1,589,459)	(1,446,746)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	9	6,324,581	5,455,152
	女体入类收头 / 眼 十)			
Other comprehensive income (expense)	其他全面收益(開支)			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently	隨後可能重新分類至損益的 項目:			
to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation	換算海外業務產生的匯兑 差額		1,324,167	(1,133,560)
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently	隨後不會重新分類至損益的			
to profit or loss:	項目:			
Revaluation of property, plant and	重估物業、廠房及設備,	0.4	1 (05 51 (40.4.000
equipment, net of tax	扣除税項	26	1,685,514	484,030
Other comprehensive income (expense)	年內其他全面收益(開支)			
for the year			3,009,681	(649,530)
Total profit and other comprehensive	年度溢利及其他全面收益			
income for the year, net of tax	總額,扣除稅項		9,334,262	4,805,622
D	気吹甘木及利 / 英加地へ)	10	0.72	0.55
Basic earnings per share (S\$ cents)	每股基本盈利(新加坡分)	12	0.63	0.55
Diluted earnings per share (S\$ cents)	每股攤薄盈利(新加坡分)	12	0.63	0.55

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

			2024 二零二四年	202 二零二三年
		Note 附註	S\$ 新加坡元	S 新加坡 <i>5</i>
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	30,707,933	26,821,22
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	1,075,605	1,151,48
Deposits	按金	17	23,718	717,63
			31,807,256	28,690,34
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	15	10,647,441	11,438,77
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	16	12,177,902	11,557,87
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及	10	12,177,702	11,007,07
prepayments	預付款項	17	1,536,240	990,39
Financial asset at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之		1,000,2-10	,,,,,,,
profit or loss	金融資產	18	_	7,774,26
Financial asset at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	19	_	3,990,80
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	20	17,636	34,83
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	21	36,927,862	19,490,03
			61,307,081	55,276,98
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	22	6,253,499	6,453,64
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	20	60,079	157,48
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23	208,409	196,90
Income tax payable	應付所得税		1,638,496	1,532,74
			8,160,483	8,340,77
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		53,146,598	46,936,20
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		84,953,854	75,626,55

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

於二零二四年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2024

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	租賃負債 遞延税項負債	23 24	1,055,535 1,756,418	1,126,109 1,294,536
			2,811,953	2,420,645
Net assets	資產淨值		82,141,901	73,205,907
	Min V			
EQUITY Capital and reserves	權益 股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	25	1,725,820	1,725,820
Share premium	股份溢價	20	13,487,471	13,487,471
Other reserve	其他儲備		(332,000)	(332,000)
Merger reserve	合併儲備		299,994	299,994
Revaluation reserve	重估儲備	26	15,991,259	14,305,745
Translation reserve	匯兑儲備		(2,722,399)	(4,046,566)
Accumulated profits	累計溢利		53,691,756	47,765,443
			82,141,901	73,205,907

The consolidated financial statements on pages 104 to 200 were 第104至200頁之綜合財務報表已於二零二五年 approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

三月二十八日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下 列董事代表簽署:

Lim Seow Yen 林小燕 Director 董事

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Lim Fung Yee 林芳宇 Director

董事

請見綜合財務報表隨附附註。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 S\$ 新加坡元	Share premium 股份溢價 S\$ 新加坡元 (Note a) (附註a)	Other reserve 其他儲備 S\$ 新加坡元 (Note b) (附註b)	Merger reserve 合併儲備 S\$ 新加坡元 (Note c) (附註c)	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 S\$ 新加坡元 (Note 26) (附註26)	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 S\$ 新加坡元 (Note d) (附註d)	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 S\$ 新加坡元	Total 總額 S\$ 新加坡元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	(332,000)	299,994	13,821,715	(2,913,006)	42,310,291	68,400,285
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益(開支)	-	-	-	-	484,030	- (1,133,560)	5,455,152	5,455,152 (649,530)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	484,030	(1,133,560)	5,455,152	4,805,622
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	(332,000)	299,994	14,305,745	(4,046,566)	47,765,443	73,205,907
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益		-	-	-	1,685,514	1,324,167	6,324,581	6,324,581
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	-	-			1,685,514	1,324,167	6,324,581	9,334,262
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity: Dividends (Note 11)	與擁有人之交易,直接於權益中 確認: 股息(附註11)		-			-	-	(398,268)	(398,268)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	(332,000)	299,994	15,991,259	(2,722,399)	53,691,756	82,141,901

Note:

- a) Share premium represents the excess of share issue over the par value.
- b) Other reserve represents the combined effect upon completion of share transfer of Treatz Foods Sdn. Bhd. ("TZF") and Tai Sun Lim Kee Food Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("TSF") to Tai Sun (Lim Kee) Food Industries Pte. Ltd. ("TSS") by two individual shareholders of TZF and TSF in April 2018 as part of group reorganisation.
- c) Merger reserve represents the difference between the cost of acquisition pursuant to the group reorganisation in financial year 2018 and the total value of share capital of the entities acquired.
- d) Exchange differences relating to the translation of net assets in the Group's foreign operations, which mainly relate to subsidiaries, from their functional currency into the parent's functional currency, being Singapore dollars, are accumulated in the foreign exchange translation reserve.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

附註:

- a) 股份溢價指發行股份所得款項超出所發行股份 面值的部分。
- b) 其他儲備指作為集團重組的一部分,兩名Treatz Foods Sdn. Bhd.(「TZF」)及Tai Sun Lim Kee Food Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd.(「TSF」)的個人股東於二零一八年四月向Tai Sun (Lim Kee) Food Industries Pte. Ltd.(「TSS」)轉讓TZF及TSF股份後的合併影響。
- 合併儲備指二零一八財政年度根據集團重組進行收購之成本與已收購實體之股本總值的差額。
- 古 本集團海外業務(主要與附屬公司有關)的資產 淨值由其功能貨幣換算為母公司功能貨幣(即新加坡元)所產生的匯兑差額於外匯匯兑儲備累計。

請見綜合財務報表隨附附註。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Net cash from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	7,887,178	7,443,440
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	已付所得税,扣除退税	(1,371,105)	(1,132,344)
Cash generated from operations	經營產生的現金	9,258,283	8,575,784
Trade and other payables	其勿及共他應自私換	(101,074)	721,723
Settlement of derivative financial instruments Trade and other payables	衍生金融工具結算 貿易及其他應付款項	1,961 (161,674)	127,819 921,725
Culturate Character to the control of the control o	預付款項	(126,098)	(29,083)
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	其他應收款項、按金及		
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	(450,168)	531,098
Inventories	存貨	1,196,058	(1,778,740)
Movements in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
in working capital		8,798,204	8,802,965
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前經營現金流量		
Net unrealised foreign exchange (gain) loss	未變現外匯(收益)虧損淨額	(637,750)	597,573
Inventories written off	存貨撇銷	152,268	48,308
fair value through profit or loss	資產之公平值收益	(134,955)	(43,469)
Fair value gain on financial asset at	按公平值計入損益之金融	(02,137)	(24,703)
Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具之公平值 收益	(82,159)	(24,905)
at amortised cost	金融資產之利息收入	(9,200)	(64,200)
Interest income on financial asset	按攤銷成本計量之		
Interest income on bank balances	銀行結餘之利息收入	(877,726)	(746,845)
Finance costs	融資成本	68,064	96,580
Gain on lease modification	租賃修改收益	(3,217)	(3,506)
equipment		905	340
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	210,072	177,737
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊	2,191,042 216,892	1,843,434 197,757
Adjustments for:	經調整:	0 101 040	1 0 40 40 4
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	7,914,040	6,901,898
Operating activities	經營活動		
		新加坡元	新加坡元
		S\$	S\$
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		2024 二零二四年	2020
		_ ♦ _ผ+ S\$	_ \$ †
		うゅ 新加坡元	新加坡元
		利加权几	利加数
nvesting activities	投資活動		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備		
(Note A)	(附註A)	(2,496,390)	(2,907,66
Deposits paid to purchase of property,	就購置物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備已付按金	(23,718)	(655,54
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備	, ,	
and equipment	所得款項	11,705	2,26
Interest received on bank balances	銀行結餘之已收利息	479,600	618,29
Interest received on financial asset	按攤銷成本計量之	,	
at amortised cost	金融資產之已收利息	9,200	64,20
Redemption of fixed deposits	贖回定期存款	17,337,723	32,236,000
Placement of fixed deposits	存入定期存款	(39,512,800)	(19,145,72
Redemption (purchase) of financial asset at	贖回(購買)按公平值計入損益	, , ,	
fair value through profit or loss	之金融資產	7,909,215	(7,730,79
Redemption (purchase) of financial asset at	贖回(購買)按攤銷成本計量之	. , ,	(7. 227.
amortised cost	金融資產	3,990,800	(3,926,60
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額	(12,294,665)	(1,445,56
Financing activities	融資活動		
Financing activities Repayment of lease liabilities	融 資活動 償還租賃負債	(197,607)	(188,08
		(197,607)	
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(197,607) - (68,064)	(2,859,36
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款		(2,859,36
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息	(68,064) (398,268)	(2,859,36 (96,58
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息	(68,064)	(2,859,36 (96,58
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息	(68,064) (398,268)	(2,859,36 (96,58
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額	(68,064) (398,268)	(2,859,36 (96,58 (3,144,02
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939)	(188,08) (2,859,36) (96,58) (3,144,02) 2,853,85
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加 淨額	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939)	(2,859,36 (96,58) (3,144,02
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加 淨額 外匯匯率變動對所持外匯	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939) (5,071,426)	(2,859,36 (96,58 (3,144,02 2,853,85
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加 淨額 外匯匯率變動對所持外匯 現金結餘之影響	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939) (5,071,426)	(2,859,36 (96,58) (3,144,02 2,853,85
Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加 淨額 外匯匯率變動對所持外匯 現金結餘之影響 年初現金及現金等價物	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939) (5,071,426) 334,173	(2,859,36 (96,58 (3,144,02 2,853,85 (153,01
Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of bank and other borrowings Interest paid Dividend paid Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	償還租賃負債 償還銀行及其他借款 已付利息 已派付股息 融資活動所用現金淨額 現金及現金等價物(減少)增加 淨額 外匯匯率變動對所持外匯 現金結餘之影響	(68,064) (398,268) (663,939) (5,071,426) 334,173	(2,859,36 (96,58) (3,144,02 2,853,85 (153,01)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

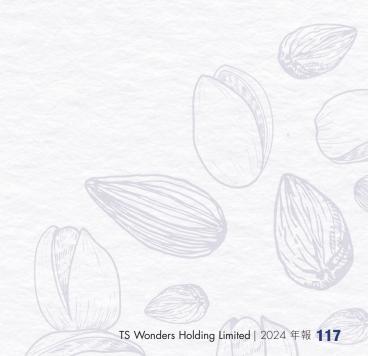
For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Note A: 附註A:

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Purchase of plant and equipment (Note 13) Add: Settlement on purchase of plant and equipment remained payable as at	購置廠房及設備(附註13)加:已結付於年初列為應付款項 之廠房及設備購置款項	2,980,809	3,140,873
beginning of year Less: Non-cash movement Utilisation of deposits for purchase of	減:非現金變動 動用購置物業、廠房及設備之	233,212	
property, plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment remained in payable as at end of year	按金 於年末列為應付款項之物業、 廠房及設備購置款項	(717,631)	(233,212)
		2,496,390	2,907,661

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

請見綜合財務報表隨附附註。



綜合財務報表附註

GENERAL

TS Wonders Holding Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company and registered in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 19 April 2018. The Company was registered with the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong as a non-Hong Kong company under Part 16 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "Companies Ordinance") on 23 May 2018 and the principal place of business in Hong Kong is Rooms 1901A, 1902 & 1902A, 19/F., New World Tower I, 16-18 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong. Its registered office and principal place of business are located at Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and 255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433, respectively. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") with effect from 14 January 2019.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the production, packaging and retailing of food products. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements. Its parent and ultimate holding company is SWL Limited ("SWL"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Its ultimate controlling shareholders are Mr. Lim Fung Yee ("Mr. Winston Lim"), Mr. Lim Fung Chor ("Mr. Lawrence Lim"), Ms. Lim Seow Yen ("Ms. Sandy Lim"), Mdm. Han Yew Lang, Mr. Loo Soon Hock James and Ms. Ong Liow Wah, all of them are family members (collectively known as the "Controlling Shareholders").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars ("S\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements are approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 28 March 2025.

1 一般資料

TS Wonders Holding Limited (「本公司」)於 二零一八年四月十九日根據開曼群島公司 法第22章(1961年第3號法例,經合併及修 訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免公司並 於開曼群島登記為有限公司。本公司於二 零一八年五月二十三日根據香港公司條例 (「公司條例」)第16部向香港公司註冊處處 長登記為非香港公司,香港主要營業地址 位於香港中環皇后大道中16至18號新世界 大廈一座19樓1901A室、1902室及1902A 室。其註冊辦事處及主要營業地點分別位 於Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands及255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 128433。本公司股份已於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市,自二零 一九年一月十四日起生效。

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事食品生產、包裝及零售。附屬公司的主要業務於綜合財務報表附註33中披露。 其母公司及最終控股公司為SWL limited (「SWL」,一家於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立的公司)。其最終控股股東為林芳宇先生(「林芳宇先生」)、林方宙先生(「林方宙先生」)、林小燕女士(「林小燕女士」)、韓友蘭女士、Loo Soon Hock James 先生及王蓮華女士(統稱為「控股股東」),該等人士均為家庭成員。

綜合財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣新加坡 元(「新加坡元」)呈列。

綜合財務報表乃經本公司董事會於二零 二五年三月二十八日批准。

綜合財務報表附註

2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS")

New and amended IFRS Accounting Standards that are effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") that are effective for an annual period that begins on or after 1 January 2024. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these consolidated financial statements, except as disclosed below.

Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The Group has adopted the amendments to IAS 1, published in January 2020, for the first time in the current year.

The amendments affect only the presentation of liabilities as current or non-current in the statement of financial position and not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability, income or expenses, or the information disclosed about those items.

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability, explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period, and introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance to the consolidated financial statements.

2 採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則(「國際財務報告準則會計 準則」)

於本年度生效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則

於本年度,本集團已應用國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)所頒佈於二零 二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生 效的國際財務報告準則會計準則的修訂本 及詮釋。除下文所披露者外,採納該等修訂 本對此等綜合財務報表中的披露或呈報金 額並無任何重大影響。

國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)「將 負債分類為流動或非流動」

本集團於本年度首次採用於二零二零年一 月發佈的國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)。

該等修訂僅影響財務狀況表中將負債呈列 為流動或非流動,而不影響任何資產、負債、 收入或開支的金額或確認時間,亦不影響有 關該等項目的披露資料。

該等修訂澄清負債分類流動或非流動乃基於報告期末存在的權利,指明分類不受實體是否會行使其權利延遲清償負債的預期影響,闡明倘於報告期末已遵守契約,則該權利存在,並引入「清償」的定義以明確清償是指向對手方轉移現金、股權工具、其他資產或服務。

應用該等修訂對本集團的綜合財務狀況及表現並無重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2024 零二四年十二月三十一日

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS")

New and revised IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, the Group has not applied the following new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS 9 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments³

Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electrcity³ Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor IFRS 10 and and its Associate or Joint Venture

IAS 28

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards -Amendments to

IFRS Accounting Volume 113 Standards

Amendments to Lack of Exchangeability²

IAS 21

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements⁴

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial position and performance as well as disclosure in the period of their initial adoption, except as indicated below.

採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則(「國際財務報告準則會計 準則|)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 國際財務報告準則會計準則

於此等綜合財務報表獲授權刊發日期,本集 團尚未應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂 及修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則:

國際財務報告準則第9號 金融工具分類及計量之 修訂3 及國際財務報告準則

第7號(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第9號 涉及倚賴自然能源生產

及國際財務報告準則 電力的合約3

第7號(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司或 第10號及國際會計 合營企業之間的資產

準則第28號(修訂本) 出售或投

國際財務報告準則 國際財務報告準則會計 會計準則(修訂本) 準則年度改進-第11卷3

國際會計準則第21號 缺乏可兑換性2 (修訂本)

國際財務報告準則 財務報表之呈現與披露4 第18號

- 待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。
- 於二零二五年一月一日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- 於二零二六年一月一日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- 於二零二十年一月一日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。

除下文所述者外,本公司董事預期應用上述 新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則 不會對首次採用期間的綜合財務狀況、表現 及披露構成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS")

(Continued)

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 replaces IAS 1, carrying forward many of the requirements in IAS 1 unchanged and complementing them with new requirements. In addition, some IAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to IAS 8 and IFRS 7. Furthermore, the IASB has made minor amendments to IAS 7 and IAS 33 *Earnings per Share*.

IFRS 18 introduces new requirements to:

- present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss
- provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures (MPMs) in the notes to the financial statements
- improve aggregation and disaggregation

An entity is required to apply IFRS 18 for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with earlier application permitted. The amendments to IAS 7 and IAS 33, as well as the revised IAS 8 and IFRS 7, become effective when an entity applies IFRS 18. IFRS 18 requires retrospective application with specific transition provisions.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these amendments may have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in future periods. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of IFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2 採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則(「國際財務報告準則會計 準則」)(續)

國際財務報告準則第18號「財務報 表之呈列及披露|

國際財務報告準則第18號取代國際會計準則第1號,其延續了國際會計準則第1號的許多規定,未作任何改動,惟亦補增數項新規定。另外,國際會計準則第1號的部分段落已移至國際會計準則第8號及國際財務報告準則第7號。此外,國際會計準則理事會亦對國際會計準則第7號及國際會計準則第33號「每股收益」作出少量修訂。

國際財務報告準則第18號新增的規定要求:

- 於損益表呈列指列的類別及所界定的 小計項目
- 於財務報表附註中披露管理層界定的 績效指標(MPM)
- 改進資料的匯總及分類

國際財務報告準則第18號於二零二七年一月一日或之後開始的年度報告期間強制生效,並允許提早應用。國際會計準則第7號及國際會計準則第33號的修訂本,以及經修訂的國際會計準則第8號及國際財務報告準則第7號,於實體應用國際財務報告準則第18號時生效。國際財務報告準則第18號時生效。國際財務報告準則第18號要求追溯應用,並設有特定的過渡規定。

本公司董事預期應用該等修訂可能會對本 集團未來期間的綜合財務報表造成影響。 本集團正在評估國際財務報告準則第18號 對本集團綜合財務報表的具體影響。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB.

In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and the applicable disclosures required by the Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with the following accounting policies which conform to IFRS Accounting Standards except for certain buildings and land and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amount or fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 Inventories or value in use in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料

綜合財務報表的編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃根據國際會計準 則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準 則編製。

此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則規定的適用披露及公司條例規定的適用 披露。

綜合財務報表已按歷史成本基準及根據符合國際財務報告準則會計準則的以下會計政策編製,惟於各報告期末按重估金額或公平值計量的若干樓宇及土地以及金融工具除外。

歷史成本一般根據換取商品及服務所付代價的公平值計算。

公平值乃於計量日期市場參與者在有序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債須支付使用其他估值技術估計。倘市場參與者於或之時期對資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或之情點,則本集團於估計資產或負債定價時會考慮或之十分。 值時會考慮該等特點。此財務報表中作量人或被露用途之公平值乃按此基準營為支收國際財務報告準則第2號以份的計算的的財份為基礎的付款範圍內的以股份為基礎的付款範圍內的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部合計算人。 場內的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算例的租赁企業。 國內的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁交易,以及與公平值有部計算別的租赁企業。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Going concern

The directors have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

綜合財務報表的編製基準(續)

此外,就財務申報而言,公平值計量根據公 平值計量之輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值 計量之輸入數據對其整體之重要性分類為 第一、第二或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體可於計量日期 取得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之 報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為就資產或負債而言可直接或間接觀察之輸入數據,惟第一級所載報價除外;及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債之不可 觀察輸入數據。

所採納之主要會計政策載列如下。

持續經營

於批准綜合財務報表時,董事合理預期本 集團擁有足夠資源於可見將來繼續經營。 因此,彼等於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採納 持續經營會計基準。

合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公司及其 附屬公司所控制的實體之財務報表。本公司 於以下情況獲得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力:
- 因參與被投資方之業務而獲得或有權 獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力行使其權力影響其回報。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue from the sale of goods. Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product to a customer.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at a point in time the control of the goods has transferred, i.e. when the goods have been delivered to customers. A receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(章)

合併基準(續)

倘事實及情況反映上文所列三項控制因素 其中一項或多項改變,則本集團會重估其是 否仍然控制被投資方。

本集團獲得附屬公司控制權時便開始將附屬公司合併入賬,於喪失附屬公司控制權時則終止入賬。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬公司的收入及開支於本公司獲得控制權日期計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表,直至本公司不再控制該附屬公司日期為止。

於必要時,會對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團的會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易的所有集團 內資產、負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量 會於合併入賬時全數對銷。

收益確認

本集團確認銷售貨品的收益。收益乃根據本 集團預期於客戶合約中有權獲得的代價計 量,不包括代表第三方收取的金額。本集團 於其向客戶轉移產品控制權時確認收益。

銷售貨品的收益於貨品控制權轉移的時間點(即貨品已交付予客戶時)確認。應收款項指本集團收取代價的無條件權利,即代價到期付款前僅需時間推移。

租賃

租賃的定義

如果合約一方讓渡了在一定期間內控制一項或多項已識別資產使用的權利以換取代價,則該合約為租賃或者包含租賃。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Definition of a lease (Continued)

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under IFRS 16 at inception or modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as lessee

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lessee.

The incremental borrowing rate depends on the term, currency and start date of the lease and is determined based on a series of inputs including: the risk-free rate based on government bond rates; a country-specific risk adjustment; a credit risk adjustment based on bond yields; and an entity specific adjustment when the risk profile of the entity that enters into the lease is different to that of the Group and the lease does not benefit from a guarantee from the Group.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

租賃(續)

租賃的定義(續)

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改之合約而言,本集團按國際財務報告準則第16號所載之定義,於合約開始或修改日期評估該合約是否屬於或包含租賃。除非合約之條款及條件其後出現變動,否則有關合約將不予重新評估。

本集團作為承租人

本集團在合約開始時即評估合約是否屬於或包含租賃。本集團就其為承租人的所有租賃安排確認使用權資產及相應的租賃負債,惟短期租賃(定義為租期12個月或以下的租賃)及低價值資產租賃除外。就該等租賃而言,本集團於租期內以直線法將租賃款項確認為經營開支,除非另有系統基準更能代表耗用租賃資產所產生經濟利益的時間模式則作別論。

租賃負債按於開始日期尚未支付的租賃付款的現值進行初始計量,並使用租賃中隱含 比率進行折現。倘難以釐定該比率,本集團 將使用針對承租人的增量借款利率。

增量借款利率取決於租賃期、貨幣及租賃開始日期,並根據一系列輸入數據釐定,包括:基於政府債券利率的無風險利率;國家特定風險調整;基於債券收益率的信用風險調整;於訂立租賃之實體的風險狀況有別於本集團的風險狀況且租賃並無受惠於本集團的擔保情況下,針對實體作出的特定調整。

租賃負債計量計入的租賃付款包括固定租賃付款(包括實質性固定款項),並扣減任何租賃優惠。

租賃負債在綜合財務狀況表中單獨呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a significant event, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate;
- the lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used); or
- a lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Whenever the Group incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognised and measured under IAS 37. To the extent that the costs relate to a right-of-use asset, the costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

B 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

其後透過增加賬面值以反映租賃負債的利息(採用實際利率法)及透過減少賬面值反映作出的租賃付款重新計量租賃負債。

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量租賃負債 (並就相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租賃期有所變動或發生重大事件,在 該情況下,通過使用經修訂貼現率貼 現經修訂租賃付款重新計量租賃負債;
- 租賃付款因指數或比率變動或有擔保 剩餘價值下預期付款變動而出現變動, 在此情況下,使用初始貼現率(除非 租賃付款是由於浮動利率改變而有所 變動,在這種情況下則使用經修訂貼 現率)貼現經修訂的租賃付款重新計 量租賃負債;或
- 租賃合約已修改且租賃修改不作為一項單獨租賃入賬,在該情況下,透過使用修改生效日期經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款重新計量租賃負債。

使用權資產包括相應租賃負債的初步計量 金額、於開始日期或之前作出的租賃付款, 減去已收取的任何租賃優惠及任何初期直 接成本。隨後按成本減去累計折舊及減值虧 損計量。

當本集團產生拆除及移除租賃資產、恢復 相關資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租 賃條款及條件所規定狀態的成本責任時, 將根據國際會計準則第37號確認及計量撥 備。倘成本與使用權資產相關,成本計入相 關使用權資產中,除非該等成本乃因生產存 貨而產生。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group applies IAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the 'Impairment of tangible assets' policy.

Foreign currency transactions and translation

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are measured and presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and equity of the Company are presented in Singapore dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產乃按租賃期及相關資產的可使 用年期(以較短者為準)折舊。倘租賃轉讓 相關資產的所有權·則相關的使用權資產在 相關資產的使用年期內折舊。折舊於租賃開 始日期開始計算。

使用權資產於綜合財務狀況表單獨呈列。

本集團應用國際會計準則第36號釐定使用權資產是否已減值,並就「有形資產減值」政策所述任何已識別減值虧損入賬。

外幣交易及換算

各集團實體之個別財務報表均以該實體營運所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣(其功能貨幣)計量及呈報。本集團之綜合財務報表及本公司之財務狀況及權益報表皆以新加坡元呈列,而新加坡元為本公司之功能貨幣及綜合財務報表之呈報貨幣。

編製個別實體之財務報表時,並非以該實體 之功能貨幣進行之交易按貨幣交易當日適 用之匯率記賬。於各報告期末,以外幣計值 之貨幣項目按報告期末適用之匯率重新換 算。以外幣計值、按公平值列賬的非貨幣項 目,按釐定公平值當日的通行匯率重新換 算。以歷史成本按外幣計量之非貨幣項目不 會重新換算。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Foreign currency transactions and translation (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on retranslation of monetary items are included in profit or loss for the periods. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the periods except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in Singapore dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity under the header of translation reserve.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments made to Central Provident Fund ("CPF") and Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"), being defined contribution benefits, are recognised as expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

外幣交易及換算(續)

結算及重新換算貨幣項目的匯兑差額在產生期間計入損益。重新換算以公平值列賬之非貨幣項目所產生匯兑差額會計入產生期間之損益,惟重新換算非貨幣項目所產生差額之盈虧於其他全面收益中確認。就該等非貨幣項目而言,有關收益或虧損之任何匯兑部份亦於其他全面收益內確認。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團海外業務的資產及負債乃按報告期末的現行匯率以新加坡元計值。收入及開支項目(包括比較數字)乃按期內平均匯率換算,除非期內匯率大幅波動,在此情況下,則會採用交易當日之匯率換算。所產生匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益確認,並累計計入匯兑儲備項下權益的單獨部分。

借貸成本

因收購、興建或生產合資格資產(為需要頗 長時間方可用作擬定用途或出售的資產)直 接產生的借貸成本乃計入該等資產之成本, 直至資產大體上可用作擬定用途或出售。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間確認為期 內損益。

退休福利成本

向中央公積金(「中央公積金」)及僱員公積 金(「僱員公積金」)作出的付款(即定額供 款福利)於僱員已提供服務因而有權獲得供 款時確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another IFRS Accounting Standards requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deduction of any amount already paid.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred income tax expense.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "Profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted in countries where the Company and subsidiaries operate by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時按預期應付福利的未貼現金額確認。所有短期僱員福利均確認為開支,除非另有國際財務報告準則會計準則規定或允許將福利計入資產成本。

僱員累計福利(如工資及薪金、年假及病假) 於扣除已付金額後確認為負債。

税項

所得税開支即當期所得税開支與遞延所得 税開支的總和。

現時應付的税項乃按年內應課税溢利計算。 應課稅溢利未計其他年度的應課稅或可扣稅收入或開支,亦未計毋須課稅或不可扣稅項目,因此有別於綜合損益及其他全面收益表呈報的「除稅前溢利」。本集團的即期稅項負債乃使用於報告期末之前在本公司及其附屬公司營運所在國家已頒佈或實際已頒佈的稅率(及稅法)計算。

遞延稅項乃按資產及負債在綜合財務報表 的賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基 之間的暫時差額予以確認。一般將會就所有 應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。 就所有可扣減暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。 產 能應以應課稅溢利可用以抵銷該等確 暫時差額為限。倘暫時差額因初步確 項交易(業務合併除外)中的其他資產 債而產生,而有關交易既不影響應課稅 責而產生,而有關交易既不影響應課稅 實 等額的應課稅暫時差額與可扣減暫時差額 則不會確認遞延稅項資產及負債。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of each reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

税項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃就於附屬公司的投資所產生的應課稅暫時差額確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額的撥回及暫時差額很可能不會於可見將來撥回則除外。與該等投資及權益相關的可扣減暫時差額所產生的遞延稅項資產,僅於很可能有足夠應課稅溢利可動用暫時差額的利益且預計會於可預見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值乃於各報告期末檢 討及作出扣減,惟以不再可能有足夠應課税 溢利用以收回所有或部分資產為限。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於各報告期末 之前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税 法)·按於結清負債或變現資產期間預期適 用的税率予以計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集團於 各報告期末預期將遵循的收回或結清其資 產及負債賬面值的方式而產生的稅務後果。

為計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃 負債的租賃交易的遞延税項,本集團首先釐 定税項扣減是否歸因於使用權資產或租賃 負債。

當有合法執行權利可將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且與同一稅務機關向同一應課稅實體徵收之所得稅有關時,則遞延稅項資產及負債可互相抵銷。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 requirements to the lease liabilities and the related assets separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the property revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

税項(續)

就税項扣減歸因於租賃負債的租賃交易而言,本集團將國際會計準則第12號的規定分別應用於租賃負債及相關資產。本集團確認與租賃負債相關的遞延税項資產,惟以很可能獲得可用來抵扣可扣減暫時差額的應課稅溢利為限,並就所有應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認為開支或收入,惟與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認的項目有關者除外,在此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

物業、廠房及設備

用作生產或提供產品或服務或用作行政用途的土地及樓宇,乃按其重估值(於重估日期之公平值減其後出現之任何累計折舊及其後之累計減值虧損)於綜合財務狀況報表呈列。重估工作須定期進行,頻密程度以足夠令賬面值不致大幅偏離於報告期末使用公平值確定者為宜。

任何因有關土地及樓宇之重估所產生之增值均於其他全面收益內確認及於重估儲備內累積,除因相同之資產於以往重估時而引致之重估減值已於損益內確認,此等重估增值需撥入損益但不能超越以往之減值支出。因重估有關土地及樓宇而致賬面值減少之數額須於損益內扣除,惟以超出以往就重估該項資產而撥入物業重估儲備之餘額(如有)為限。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Asset in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

The payments of leasehold building and leasehold land are separate. Leasehold building is fully paid and presented as "property, plant and equipment" in the consolidated statement of financial position while interest in leasehold land is paid over its lease term and presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Except for freehold land and renovation in progress, depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the properties revaluation reserve is transferred directly to accumulated profits. No transfer is made from the revaluation reserve to accumulated profits except when an asset is derecognised.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

正在興建用於生產、供貨或行政用途,或用 途尚未釐定之資產以成本減任何已確認之 減值虧損列賬。成本包括專業費用及根據本 集團會計政策資本化之合資格資產之借貸 成本。該等資產之折舊基準與其他資產相 同,於該等資產可作擬定用途時開始折舊。

租賃樓宇及租賃土地之付款單獨呈列。租賃樓宇利息須悉數支付並於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為「物業、廠房及設備」,而租賃土地利息則於其租賃期內支付,並在綜合財務狀況表中呈列為「使用權資產」。

廠房及設備乃按成本減日後累計折舊及累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

除土地及正在進行的翻新外,折舊乃以直線 法按估計可使用年期撇減物業、廠房及設備 項目的成本減剩餘價值確認。估計可使用年 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期末檢 討,而任何估計變動的影響按未來適用基準 入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。物業、廠房及設備項目在出售或報廢時產生的任何收益或虧損,釐定為出售所得款項與該資產賬面值的差額,並在損益內確認。其後出售或棄用經重估物業時,於物業重估儲備仍然存在之應佔重估盈餘直接轉撥至累計溢利。除非終止確認資產,否則不會從重估儲備轉撥至累計溢利。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises raw material and where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in-first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Impairment on property, plant and equipment and rightof-use assets

At the end of each reporting period, the management of the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of tangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較低者列賬。 成本包括原材料及(如適用)直接勞工成本 及使存貨達致現時地點及現況產生的費用。 成本乃使用先進先出法計算。可變現淨值指 估計售價減所有估計完成成本及銷售所需 成本。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的減值

於各報告期末,本集團管理層審閱物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的賬面值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已出現減值虧損。如存在任何有關跡象,則會估計有關資產的可收回金額以釐定減值虧損的程度(如有)。

有形資產的可收回金額乃個別估計。當不可 能個別估計可收回金額時,本集團會估計該 資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。

於測試現金產生單位的減值時,倘可建立合理一致的分配基準,則企業資產會分配至相關現金產生單位,否則會分配至可建立合理一致的分配基準的最小現金產生單位組別。可收回金額按企業資產所屬的現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別釐定,並與相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別的賬面值進行比較。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

B 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值(續)

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩者的較高者。於評估使用價值時,乃使用可反映現時市場對貨幣時間值的評估及該資產特有的風險(未來現金流量的估計並無就此作調整)的稅前貼現率,將估計未來現金流量貼現至其現值。倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之明面值下調至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘一項減值虧損於其後撥回,則將該資產的賬面值增至經修訂的估計可收回金額,惟增加後的賬面值不得超過過往期間未曾就該項資產確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益內確認,惟倘相關資產以重估價值入賬,則減值虧損撥回被視為重估增值。

撥備

倘本集團因過去事件引致現時的責任(法律或推定),而本集團很可能須履行該項責任且能可靠地估計該項責任之金額時,則確認機備。

確認為撥備之金額是於各報告期末經計及 有關責任之風險及不明朗因素後,對償付現 有責任之所需代價之最佳估計。倘撥備使用 償付現有責任之估計現金流量計量,則其賬 面值為該等現金流量之現值。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Provisions (Continued)

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

撥備(續)

倘用以償還撥備之部分或全部經濟利益預期將自第三方收回,則當實質上確認將收到 償款且應收金額能可靠計量時,應收款項方確認為資產。

是正婚金

金融資產及金融負債乃於本集團成為工具 合約條文的訂約方時於本集團財務狀況表 內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量,惟根據國際財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收益初步計量的來自客戶合約收益的貿易應收款項除外。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)之金融資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的交易成本,乃於初步確認時計入金融資產或金融負債的公平值內或自當中扣除資如產或金融負債直接應佔的交易成本即時於損益中確認。

金融資產

所有常規金融資產買賣於交易日確認及終 止確認。常規金融資產買賣指購買或出售須 於有關市場規則或慣例設定的時限內交付 之金融資產。所有已確認的金融資產其後視 乎金融資產類別整體按攤銷成本或公平值 計量。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Classification of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial assets and of allocating interest income over the relevant periods.

For financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses ("ECL"), through the expected life of the financial assets, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the financial assets on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

金融資產的分類

符合下列條件之金融資產其後按攤銷成本 計量:

- 在目標為收取合約現金流量而持有金融資產的業務模式下持有金融資產;及
- 金融資產的合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

攤銷成本及實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融資產攤銷成本及於 有關期間分配利息收入的一種方法。

就金融資產而言,實際利率指將金融資產於預期年期或適用的較短期間內的估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利率組成部分的所有已付或已收費用及點數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)(不包括預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)),準確貼現至金融資產初步確認時的賬面總值所使用的利率。

金融資產的攤銷成本指金融資產初步確認時的計量金額減去本金還款額,再加上使用實際利率法將初始確認金額與到期日金額之差額進行攤銷形成的累計攤銷,並就任何虧損撥備作出調整。另一方面,金融資產賬面總值為就任何虧損撥備作出調整前的金融資產攤銷成本。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Amortised cost and effective interest method (Continued)

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. For financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial asset improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method and is included in the "Other income" line item.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IFRS 9 (including trade receivables, other receivables and deposits and bank balances and cash) are subsequently measured at amortised costs.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "Other gains and losses" line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 29

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

攤銷成本及實際利率法(續)

就其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而言,利息收入使用實際利率法確認。就金融資產 (其後出現信貸減值的金融資產除外)而言, 利息收入透過對金融資產賬面總值採用實際利率計算。就其後出現信貸減值的金融資產的攤銷成 產而言,利息收入透過對金融資產的攤銷成 本採用實際利率確認。倘於其後報告期間, 原先發生信貸減值的金融資產的信貸風險 好轉,不再出現信貸減值,則利息收入透過 對金融資產賬面總值採用實際利率確認。

利息收入採用實際利息法於損益內確認, 並計入「其他收入」項目。

屬國際財務報告準則第9號範圍內的所有已確認金融資產(包括貿易應收款項、其他應收款項及按金以及銀行結餘及現金)其後均按攤銷成本計量。

按公平值計入損益的金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其他全 面收益計量標準的金融資產按公平值計入 損益計量。

於各報告期末按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平值計量,而倘任何公平值收益或虧損並非指定對沖關係的一部分,則其將於損益中確認。於損益中確認的淨收益或虧損包括就金融資產賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收益及虧損」項目內。公平值按附註29所述之方式釐定。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入損益 計量。

綜合財務報表附註

3

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets under ECL model

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under IFRS 9 (including trade receivables, other receivables and deposits and bank balances). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experiences, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and measures the lifetime ECL for portfolios of trade receivables that share similar economic risk characteristics. The ECL on those financial assets are estimated using an analysis of assets by risk level of customers and apply a probability weighted estimate of the credit losses within the relevant risk type. The probability weighted estimate of the credit losses is determined based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL.

The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

預期信貸虧損模式下金融資產減值

對於可根據國際財務報告準則第9號減值的 金融資產(包括貿易應收款項、其他應收款 項及按金以及銀行結餘),本集團確認預期 信貸虧損的損失撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於 各報告日期進行更新,以反映自初步確認相 關金融工具以來信貸風險的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預計年期內所有可能發生的違約事件而導致的預期信貸虧損。而十二個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損」)指預計於報告日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件導致的全期預期信貸虧損的一部分。評估乃根據本集團的歷史信貸虧損記錄作出,並就債務人的具體因素、一般經濟狀況以及對報告日期的現況及未來狀況預測的評估作出調整。

本集團就貿易應收款項確認全期預期信貸虧損,並就具有類似經濟風險特徵的貿易應收款項組合計量全期預期信貸虧損。該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損採用客戶之風險類型分析進行估計,並應用相關風險類型的信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損的概率加權估計乃根據本集團的過往信貸虧損經歷釐定,並就債務人的具體因素、一般經濟狀況以及於報告日期對現況及未來方向預測的評估作出調整,包括貨幣的時間價值(如適用)。

對於所有其他金融工具,本集團按與12個 月預期信貸虧損相同的金額計量虧損撥備, 惟自初始確認以來信貸風險顯著增加時則 確認全期預期信貸虧損。

評估是否應確認全期預期信貸虧損的依據 是,自初始確認以來發生違約的可能性或風 險是否顯著增加。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from financial analysts and governmental bodies, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations namely the production, packaging and retailing of food products.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

評估金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來 是否顯著增加時,本集團會比較於報告日期 金融工具發生違約事件的風險與在初始 認日期金融工具發生違約事件的風險。於 出有關評估時,本集團會考慮合理及可取得的 定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及可取得的 能性資料,而毋須付出過多成本或努力。 所考慮的前瞻性資料包括從金融分析在的 政府機構獲取的本集團債務人經營所在(即 業的未來前景,以及與本集團核心業際及 食品的生產、包裝及零售)相關的實際及預 測經濟資料的各種外部來源。

尤其是,在評估自初始確認以來信貸風險是 否顯著增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 業務、財務或經濟狀況發生或將會發生不利變動,預期將導致債務人償債能力明顯下降;
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期明顯轉差;及
- 債務人所處的監管、經濟或技術環境 實際或預期發生重大不利變動,導致 債務人償債能力顯著下降。

綜合財務報表附註

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) it has a low risk of default (i.e. no default history), ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(章)

金融工具(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

無論上述評估的結果如何,本集團假設倘合約付款逾期超過30天,則金融資產的信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著增加,除非本集團有能說明信貸風險並無顯著增加的合理可靠資料,則作別論。

儘管如上文所述,本集團假設倘金融工具於報告日期被釐定為信貸風險較低,則金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著增加。倘i)其違約風險低(即無違約歷史),ii)借款人實力於近期內履行其合約現金流量義務,及iii)經濟及業務狀況的長期不利變動可能但未必會削弱借款人履行其合約現金流量義務的能力,則債務工具被釐定為信貸風險較低。

本集團定期監控識別信貸風險是否出現顯 著增加所用標準的有效性,並對其作出適當 修訂以確保在款項逾期前有關標準能識別 信貸風險的顯著增加。

違約的定義

由於過往經驗表明滿足下列標準的應收款項一般不可收回,本集團認為就內部信貸風險管理而言,下列情況構成違約事件。

- 倘交易對手方違反財務契諾;或
- 內部編製或自外部來源獲得的資料表明,債務人不大可能向其債權人(包括本集團)悉數還款(未計及本集團持有的任何抵押品)。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Definition of default (Continued)

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

Financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
 or
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

違約的定義(續)

無論上述分析結果如何,本集團亦認為,當 金融資產逾期超過90天時,則發生違約事件,除非本集團有合理可靠的資料可證明更 寬鬆的違約標準更為合適,則作別論。

信貸減值的金融資產

倘發生對金融資產的估計未來現金流量有不利影響的一項或多項事件,則該金融資產出現信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸減值的證據包括涉及以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行方或借款人遇到嚴重財政困難:或
- 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期的情況;或
- 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人出於與借款人財政困難有關的經濟或合約考慮, 給予借款人在其他情況下不會作出的讓步;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務重知。

撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易對手方有嚴重財務困難 且沒有實際可收回希望(如交易對手方已 進行清算或已進入破產程序)或(倘為貿易 應收款項)賬款逾期超過一年(以較早發生 者為準),本集團會撤銷金融資產。根據本 集團收回程序並考慮法律建議(如適用), 已撒銷金融資產仍可實施強制執行程序。 任何收回金額均於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Where lifetime ECL is measured on a collective basis to cater for cases where evidence of significant increases in credit risk at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments (i.e. the Group's trade receivables, other receivables and deposits are each assessed as a separate group.)
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

B 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量取決於違約概率、違約損失率(即違約時的損失程度)及違約風險。評估違約概率及違約損失率乃基於歷史數據(已根據前瞻性資料進行調整)。至於金融資產的違約風險敞口,則於報告日期按資產的賬面總值呈列。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期將收取的所有現金流量之間的差額進行估計,並按於初步確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。

倘按集體基準計量全期預期信貸虧損,以處理於個別工具層面出現信貸風險顯著上升之證據尚未獲得之情況,金融工具按以下基準分組:

- 金融工具之性質(即本集團之貿易應 收款項、其他應收款項及按金各自作 為單獨組別評估);
- 逾期情况;
- 債務人之性質、規模及從事行業;及
- 可用之外部信貸評級。

管理層定期檢討分組情況,以確保各組別的組成部分繼續擁有類似的信貸風險特徵。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工具的減值 收益或虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬戶對其賬面 值進行相應調整。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification of financial liabilities or equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

終止確認金融資產

倘從資產收取現金流量之合約權利已到期, 或金融資產已轉讓且本集團已將其於金融 資產擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報讓渡予 另一方,則終止確認金融資產。

於全數終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價總和之間的差額於損益內確認。

金融負債或權益工具分類

集團實體發行的金融負債及權益工具按照 已訂合約安排內容及金融負債與權益工具 的定義分類為金融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具為證明實體在扣減所有負債後的資產中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。集團實體發行的權益工具按收取的所得款項扣除直接發行成本予以確認。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法按攤銷 成本或按公平值計入損益計量。

按公平值計入損益的金融負債

如金融負債為持作買賣,則將金融負債分類為按公平值計入損益。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value with any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss to the extent that they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liabilities and is included in the "Other gains and losses" line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 29.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not 1) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, 2) held-for-trading, or 3) designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant periods. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

B 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

按公平值計入損益的金融負債(續)

倘屬以下情況,則將金融負債分類為持作買 賣:

- 其獲收購的主要目的為在短期內購回;或
- 初步確認時,其為本集團所集中管理 且近期實際模式為短期獲利之已識別 金融工具組合之一部分;或
- 其為未被指定作有效對沖工具的衍生工具。

按公平值計入損益的金融負債按公平值列 賬,公平值變動產生的任何收益或虧損於損 益內確認,前提是有關金融負債並非指定對 沖關係的一部分。於損益內確認的收益或 虧損淨額包括就金融負債支付的任何利息, 且計入「其他收益及虧損」項目內。公平值 按附註29所述之方式釐定。

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

並非1)收購方於業務合併中的或然代價,2) 持作買賣,或3)指定為按公平值計入損益 計量的金融負債其後使用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

實際利率法指於有關期間計算金融負債的攤銷成本及分配利息開支的方法。實際利率指在金融負債的預期年期內或(如適用)更短期間內,將估計未來現金付款(包括所支付或收取屬實際利率組成部分的所有費用及貼息、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至金融負債攤銷成本的利率。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses

For financial assets and liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments. These foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the "Other gains and losses" line item in profit or loss for financial assets and liabilities that are not part of a designated hedging relationship. For financial assets and liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss for financial assets and liabilities that are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

Derivatives are not offset in the financial statements unless the Group has both a legally enforceable right and intention to offset.

A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not due to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

金融工具(續)

外匯收益及虧損

就於各報告期末以外幣計值及按攤銷成本 計量的金融資產及負債而言,外匯收益及虧 損基於該等工具的攤銷成本釐定。對於 非指定對沖關係一部分的金融資產及負債, 該等外匯收益及虧損於損益的「其他收益及 虧損」條目確認。就按公平值計入損益計 之金融資產及負債而言,外匯部分構成公對 值收益或虧損的一部分,對於並非指定對沖 關係一部分的金融資產及負債,該等外匯部 分於損益中確認。

終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團的責任獲履行、解除或到期時,本集團終止確認金融負債。終止確認的 金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價(包括 任何已轉讓非現金資產或所承擔負債)之間 的差額於損益確認。

衍生金融工具

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合約當日初步按 公平值確認,其後於報告期末按公平值重新 計量。所產生的收益或虧損於損益確認。

公平值為正數的衍生工具確認為金融資產, 而公平值為負數的衍生工具則確認為金融 負債。

除非本集團有法定可執行權利及有意進行 抵銷,否則衍生工具不會於財務報表中抵 銷。

倘衍生工具的剩餘期限超過12個月且並非 於12個月內到期變現或結算,則衍生工具 呈列為非流動資產或非流動負債。其他衍生 工具呈列為流動資產或流動負債。

綜合財務報表附註

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Group's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and bank deposits that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The Group's management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following is the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next twelve months.

3 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要 會計政策資料(績)

股息分派

於股息獲本公司股東或董事批准(倘適合)的期間,將分派予本集團股東的股息於本集團及本公司的財務報表中確認為負債。

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括現金結餘及可隨時 兑換為已知數額現金且價值變動之風險極 微之銀行存款。

4 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定因素 的主要來源

本集團管理層須就目前不能從其他來源得 出的資產及負債的賬面值作出判斷、估計及 假設。

該等估計及有關假設乃基於過往經驗及被 視為相關的其他因素作出。實際結果或會有 別於該等估計。

本集團會持續檢討該等估計及相關假設。 倘會計估計的修訂僅影響修訂估計的期間, 其影響會在該期間內確認:倘修訂對當前和 未來期間均有影響,則在作出修訂的期間和 未來期間確認。

以下為於各報告期末有關未來的主要假設 及估計不確定因素的其他主要來源。該等假 設及來源具有重大風險,可能導致對隨後 十二個月內資產的賬面值作出大幅調整。

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Revaluation of freehold land and buildings and a leasehold building (Note 13)

The Group's freehold land and buildings and a leasehold building are measured at revaluation model. The valuation was determined by the management of the Group by reference to valuation performed by an independent professional valuer. The valuation involves significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustment. In relying on the valuation reports of the independent professional valuers, the management has exercised its judgement and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the market conditions prevailing at respective valuation dates after taking into consideration the state of the relevant properties. Any changes in the market conditions will affect the fair value of these properties of the Group.

As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate carrying amount of freehold land and buildings and a leasehold building are \$\$19,917,246 (2023: \$\$17,775,744).

Allowance for inventories (Note 15)

The Group's accounting policy requires allowance for inventories to be made based on an assessment of the net realisable value of inventories. Allowances are applied to inventories where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net realisable value is lower than the cost of inventories. The identification of obsolete inventories requires the use of judgement and estimates on the conditions and usefulness of the inventories. In cases where the net realisable value of inventories assessed are less than expected, a material recognition of allowance for inventories may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which such recognition takes place.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of inventories is \$10,647,441 (2023: \$\$11,438,773) and no allowance for inventories is made in both years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

4 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定因素 的主要來源(續)

永久業權土地及樓宇以及租賃樓宇 重新估值(附註13)

本集團的永久業權土地及樓宇以及租賃樓宇乃按重估模式計量。估值乃由本集團管理層參考獨立專業估值師之估值釐定。估值涉及大量不可觀察輸入數據及估值調整。管理層已根據獨立專業估值師的估值報告作出判斷及經考慮相關物業的狀況後,信納估值方法可反映各估值日期當時之市況。市況出現任何變動均會對本集團該等物業之公平值造成影響。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,永久業權土地及樓宇以及租賃樓宇的總賬面值為19,917,246新加坡元(二零二三年:17,775,744新加坡元)。

存貨撥備(附註15)

本集團的會計政策要求根據對存貨可變現 淨值所作之評估計提存貨撥備。倘發生若干 事件或情況轉變,顯示可變現淨值低於存貨 成本,則會就存貨作出撥備。識別陳舊存貨 須判斷及估計存貨狀況及是否可用。倘評估 存貨的可變現淨值較預期少,或須就存貨確 認重大撥備,並將於確認該撥備期間於損益 中確認。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,存貨賬面 值為10,647,441新加坡元(二零二三年: 11,438,773新加坡元),於截至二零二四年 及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,概無 就存貨計提任何撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Provision of ECL for trade receivables (Note 16)

The Group recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables, using an analysis of assets by risk level of customers based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of trade receivables is \$\$12,177,902 (2023: \$\$11,557,873).

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable from the sales of food products, which can largely be grouped under nuts and chips, also represents the revenue from contracts with customers.

Information is reported to the executive directors of the Company, which are also the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of products sold and in respect of the "Nuts" and "Chips" operations.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under IFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) Nuts;
- (ii) Chips; and
- (iii) Others.

Others mainly include items such as disposable towels which are normally sold together with the nuts and chips products to food and beverage companies.

4 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定因素 的主要來源(續)

貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備 (附註16)

本集團基於本集團過往信貸虧損記錄使用客戶風險等級的資產分析確認貿易應收款項的全期預期信貸虧損,並就債務人特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及於報告日期之現狀及未來狀況方向的評估作出調整。根據預期模式作出的減值撥備金額按根據自約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與的基準量,並按初始確認時的實際利率貼現。倘未來現金流量少於預期或因事實及環境變化而下調,則可能產生重大減值虧損。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項賬面值為12,177,902新加坡元(二零二三年:11,557,873新加坡元)。

5 收益及分部資料

收益指來自銷售食品(可大致分為堅果及 薯片兩大類)的已收及應收款項的公平值, 亦指客戶合約收益。

為分配資源及評估分部表現而向本公司執行董事(亦為本集團的主要營運決策者(「主要營運決策者」))呈報的資料,側重於「堅果」及「薯片」業務的已售產品類型。

具體而言,本集團根據國際財務報告準則第 8號之可呈報分部如下:

- (i) 堅果;
- (ii) 薯片;及
- (iii) 其他。

其他主要指本集團向食品及飲料公司銷售 堅果及薯片產品時通常一併出售的一次性 毛巾等物品。

綜合財務報表附註

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results

The following is a breakdown of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

5 收益及分部資料(續) 分部收益及業績

以下為按可呈報分部劃分的本集團收益及 業績的明細:

			Revenue 收益		Net profit 純利	
		2024 二零二四年 S\$	2023 二零二三年 S\$	2024 二零二四年 S\$	2023 二零二三年 S\$	
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	
Nuts	堅果	47,382,053	45,972,369	12,806,951	12,039,839	
Chips	薯片	20,058,560	22,027,219	6,302,422	7,183,114	
Others	其他	2,517,636	2,118,378	631,317	543,195	
		69,958,249	70,117,966	19,740,690	19,766,148	
Other income	其他收入			972,273	909,388	
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損			829,714	(440,582)	
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支			(3,959,414)	(4,662,465)	
Administrative expenses	行政開支			(9,601,159)	(8,574,011)	
Finance costs	融資成本			(68,064)	(96,580)	
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利			7,914,040	6,901,898	

The Group derives its revenue from sales of Nuts, Chips and Others where all performance obligations for sales of goods are at a point in time. During the year, all the contracts for sales of goods to external customers are short-term, and the contract prices are agreed based on factors such as volume per unit price.

本集團的收益來自銷售堅果、薯片及其他, 而銷售貨品的所有履約責任均於某一時點 履行。於年內,向外部客戶銷售貨品的所有 合約均為短期,且合約價格基於多項因素 (如數量/單價)協定。

綜合財務報表附註

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The accounting policies are the same as Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of centralised other income, other gains and losses, selling and distribution expenses, administrative expenses, finance costs and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Segment assets and liabilities

No analysis of segment assets or segment liabilities is presented as they are not regularly provided to the CODM of the Group.

Other segment information

分部收益及業績(續) 會計政策與附註3所述本集團的會計政策相 同。分部溢利指各分部賺取的溢利,並無就

收益及分部資料(續)

5

同。分部溢利指各分部賺取的溢利,並無就 集中後的其他收入、其他收益及虧損、銷售 及分銷開支、行政開支、財務費用及所得稅 開支進行分配。此乃就資源分配及分部表現 評估向主要營運決策者報告之計量方式。

分部資產及負債

由於並無定期向本集團主要營運決策者提供分部資產或分部負債的分析,因此並無呈 列有關分析。

其他分部資料

	HPSCIII	
	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	S\$	S\$
	新加坡元	新加坡元
使用權資產折舊:		
堅果	1,419,303	1,178,029
薯片	600,843	564,441
其他	75,403	54,283
未分配	312,385	244,438
	2,407,934	2,041,191
	物業、廠房及設備折舊以及 使用權資產折舊: 堅果 薯片 其他	

綜合財務報表附註

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group principally operates in Singapore and Malaysia, which are the place of domicile of respective group entities. Revenue from external customer is based on the geographical location of the end-customers. The Group's non-current assets are located in Singapore and Malaysia.

5 收益及分部資料(續)

地區資料

本集團主要於新加坡及馬來西亞(均為各集團實體的原居地)經營業務。來自外部客戶的收益乃基於終端客戶的地理位置。本集團的非流動資產均位於新加坡及馬來西亞。

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Revenue by geographical location of	按終端客戶地理位置劃分的		
the end-customers:	收益:		
- Singapore	一新加坡	42,677,732	42,721,738
- Malaysia	一馬來西亞	21,237,718	20,491,958
– The People's Republic of China	-中華人民共和國(包括	, ,	
(including Hong Kong and Macau)	香港及澳門)	3,274,757	3,670,934
- Others*	-其他*	2,768,042	3,233,336
		69,958,249	70,117,966

*	This includes customers from Southeast Asia other than Singapore
	and Malaysia.

包括來自新加坡及馬來西亞以外的東南亞 客戶。

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
			11/2
Non-current assets:	非流動資產:		
- Singapore	一新加坡	8,975,674	8,799,773
- Malaysia	一馬來西亞	22,831,582	19,890,573
		31,807,256	28,690,346

綜合財務報表附註

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about major customers

The revenue from customers individually contributing over 10% of total revenue of the Group during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

5 收益及分部資料(續) 主要客戶資料

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,來自個別佔本集團總收益逾10%的客戶的收益如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Customer A	客戶A	21,555,753	21,248,885
Customer B	客戶B	8,735,872	9,500,742

6A OTHER INCOME

6A 其他收入

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Government grants ¹ Interest income on bank balances Interest income on financial asset at amortised cost Others	政府補助 ¹ 銀行結餘之利息收入 按攤銷成本計量之 金融資產之利息收入 其他	63,322 877,726 9,200 22,025	91,509 746,845 64,200 6,834
Onicio	不臣	972,273	909,388

The government grants received during the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 mainly comprised the Wage Subsidy Program ("PSU"), the Progressive Wages Credit Scheme ("PWCS") and CPF Transition Credit ("CTO"), all of them are compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度收到的政府補貼主要包括工資補貼計劃(「工資補貼計劃」)、漸進式加薪補貼計劃(「漸進式加薪補貼計劃」)及中央公積金過渡援助計劃(「中央公積金過渡援助計劃」)項下的補助,均作為已產生開支或虧損的補償,或旨在給予本集團即時財務資助(無未來相關成本)。

綜合財務報表附註

二零二四年十二月三十一日 31 December 2024

6B OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

6B 其他收益及虧損

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Gain on lease modification	租賃修改收益	3,21 <i>7</i>	3,506
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
plant and equipment		(905)	(340)
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net	外匯匯兑收益(虧損)淨額	610,288	(512,122)
Fair value gain on financial asset at	按公平值計入損益之金融資產之		
FVTPL (Note 18)	公平值收益(附註18)	134,955	43,469
Fair value gain on derivative	衍生金融工具之公平值收益		
financial instruments		82,159	24,905
	No. of the second	829,714	(440,582)

FINANCE COSTS

7 融資成本

		20	24	2023
		二零二四]年	二零二三年
			S\$	S\$
		新加坡	元	新加坡元
Interest on:	以下各項之利息:			
– Bank loans	一銀行貸款		_	34,503
– Lease liabilities	一租賃負債	68,0	64	62,077
		68,0	64	96,580

綜合財務報表附註

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

8 所得税開支

0 게 4.66岁文			
	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元	
税項開支包括:			
即期所得税			
本年度	1,443,794	1,328,668	
過往年度超額撥備	(14,453)	(31,132)	
	1,429,341	1,297,536	
預扣税項	912	1,748	
遞延税項(附註24)			
	200 488	197,345	
		(39,756)	
	(20,002)	(07,700)	
至旧名左5,7697,96 目	(12,620)	(10,127)	
	159,206	147,462	
	1,589,459	1,446,746	
	税項開支包括 : 即期所得税 本年度 過往年度超額撥備	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元 税項開支包括: 即期所得税 本年度 過往年度超額撥備 1,443,794 (14,453) 1,429,341 預扣税項 912 遞延税項(附註24) 本年度 過往年度超額撥備 宣估資產的税務影響 (12,620)	

The Group has no assessable profit before tax in Cayman Islands and Hong Kong other than those subject to Singapore and Malaysia corporate income tax.

Singapore Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") is calculated at 17% of the estimated assessable profit, determined based on financial year end date of the Group of companies. Singapore incorporated companies can enjoy 75% tax exemption on the first \$\$10,000 of chargeable income and a further 50% tax exemption on the next \$\$190,000 of chargeable income.

In Malaysia, the standard corporate tax rate is 24% for the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

除須繳納新加坡及馬來西亞企業所得税外, 本集團於開曼群島及香港並無應課税除税 前溢利。

新加坡企業所得税(「企業所得税」)按於本集團的財政年度結算日釐定的估計應課税 溢利的17%計算。於新加坡註冊成立的公司 的應課税收入首10,000新加坡元可豁免繳納75%的稅項,其後190,000新加坡元的應 課税收入可進一步豁免繳納50%的稅項。

於馬來西亞·截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度的標準公司税率為 24%。

綜合財務報表附註

8 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

8 所得税開支(續)

本年度的所得税開支與綜合損益及其他全 面收益表的除税前溢利對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	7,914,040	6,901,898
Tax at applicable tax rate of 17% Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	按17%的適用税率計算的税項 在不同司法權區經營的附屬公司	1,345,387	1,173,323
operating in other jurisdiction	不同税率的影響	224,200	204,226
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税開支的税務影響	235,075	237,703
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose Effect of tax concessions and	毋須納税收入的税務影響 税收減免及部分税收豁免的影響	(124,834)	(66,057)
partial tax exemptions	No NWASCACE AS AS MEETING IN THE	(39,747)	(17,425)
Over provision in prior year Effect of revaluation of assets	過往年度超額撥備 重估資產的税務影響	(43,115)	(70,888)
for taxation purposes		(12,620)	(10,127)
Withholding tax	預扣税項	912	1,748
Others	其他	4,201	(5,757)
		1,589,459	1,446,746

綜合財務報表附註

9 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:

9 年度溢利

年度溢利已扣除以下項目:

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Annual audit fees: — Paid to auditors of the Company and	物業、廠房及設備折舊 年度核數費用: 一支付予本公司核數師及德勤	2,191,042	1,843,434
Deloitte Network firms Non-audit fees: - Paid to auditors of the Deloitte	有限公司與其他成員所 非核數費用: 一支付予德勤有限公司與	227,732	225,963
Network firms	其他成員所核數師	4,971	25,038
- Paid to other auditors	- 支付予其他核數師	7,500	4,500
Directors' remuneration (Note 10) Other staff costs	董事酬金(附註10) 其他員工成本	4,659,594	4,318,139
- Salaries and other benefits	一薪金及其他福利	8,021,215	7,480,049
- Contributions to CPF and EPF	-中央公積金及僱員公積金供款	598,332	570,430
Total staff costs	總員工成本	13,279,141	12,368,618
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	確認為銷售成本的存貨	40,730,287	41,114,079
Inventories written off	存貨撇銷	152,268	48,308

Amount recognised in profit or loss relating to leases

(Disclosure required by IFRS 16)

於損益中確認的租賃相關款項

(按國際財務報告準則第16號的規定披露)

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊費用	216,892	197,757
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	68,064	62,077
Expense relating to short-term leases	短期租賃相關開支	4,750	10,650

The total cash outflow for leases, including short-term leases, amount to \$\$270,421 (2023: \$\$260,807).

租賃(包括短期租賃)之現金流出總額為270,421新加坡元(二零二三年:260,807新加坡元)。

綜合財務報表附註

10 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company by entities comprising the Group are as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2024

10 董事酬金及僱員薪酬

董事酬金

本集團旗下實體已付或應付本公司董事的 酬金如下:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

					0	
			<u>.</u>		Contributions	
			Discretionary	Salaries and	to retirement	
		Fees	bonus	allowances	benefit scheme	Total
					退休福利	
		袍金	酌情花紅	薪金及津貼	計劃供款	總計
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lawrence Lim	林方宙先生	_	892,424	644,264	11,730	1,548,418
Mr. Winston Lim	林芳宇先生	_	746,212	644,264	9,180	1,399,656
Ms. Sandy Lim	林小燕女士	_	746,212	644,264	9,180	1,399,656
Mr. Lim Seng Chye	林生財先生	_	79,855	122,200	17,340	219,395
0 /						
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Mr. Chan Ka Yu	陳家宇先生	30,823	_	_	_	30,823
Mr. Lee Yan Fai	李恩輝先生	30,823	_	_	_	30,823
Mr. Chew Keat Yeow	周潔耀先生	30,823	_	_	_	30,823
- Cherrical reow	/引水/年/0上	00,020				30,020
		92,469	2,464,703	2,054,992	47,430	4,659,594

綜合財務報表附註

10 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' 10 董事酬金及僱員薪酬(續) EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2023

董事酬金(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

					Contributions	
			Discretionary	Salaries and	to retirement	
		Fees	bonus	allowances	benefit scheme 退休福利	Total
		袍金	酌情花紅	薪金及津貼	計劃供款	總計
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lawrence Lim	林方宙先生	<u>-</u> -	794,568	633,500	11,224	1,439,292
Mr. Winston Lim	林芳宇先生	_	647,284	633,500	9,272	1,290,056
Ms. Sandy Lim	林小燕女士	_	647,284	625,700	8,672	1,281,656
Mr. Lim Seng Chye	林生財先生	-	79,549	117,600	17,340	214,489
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Mr. Chan Ka Yu	陳家宇先生	30,882		-	-	30,882
Mr. Lee Yan Fai	李恩輝先生	30,882	=	-	-	30,882
Mr. Chew Keat Yeow	周潔耀先生	30,882	-	-	-	30,882
		92,646	2,168,685	2,010,300	46,508	4,318,139

No chief executive had been appointed during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Discretionary bonus was determined by reference to the duties and responsibilities of the relevant individual within the Group and the Group's performance.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,並無委任最高行政人員。

酌情花紅乃經參考相關人士於本集團的職 責及責任以及本集團的表現後釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

10 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Directors' emoluments (Continued)

No other retirement benefits were paid to directors of the Company in respect of their respective services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

Employees' remuneration

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2023: three) were directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024 whose emoluments are included in the disclosures above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2023: two) individual was as follows:

10 董事酬金及僱員薪酬(續)

董事酬金(續)

概無因本公司董事就管理本公司或其附屬 公司的事務所提供的服務而向彼等支付其 他退休福利。

上文所示執行董事的酬金乃就彼等管理本公司及本集團事務所提供的服務而支付。

上文所示獨立非執行董事的酬金乃就彼等 擔任本公司董事所提供的服務而支付。

僱員薪酬

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團五名最高薪酬人士中,三名(二零二三 年:三名)為本公司董事,彼等的酬金載於 上文披露。餘下兩名(二零二三年:兩名)人 士的薪酬如下:

		476,345	471,941
			11/2
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	退休福利計劃供款	24,990	24,992
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	178,955	178,149
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	272,400	268,800
		新加坡元	新加坡元
		S\$	S\$
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023

綜合財務報表附註

10 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Employees' remuneration (Continued)

The emoluments of five highest paid individuals (including directors) fall within the following bands:

10 董事酬金及僱員薪酬(續)

僱員薪酬(續)

五名最高薪酬人士(包括董事)之薪酬範圍如下:

Number of Employees 僱員人數

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
Emolument bands	薪酬範圍		
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	2
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	7,000,001港元至7,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$7,500,001 to HK\$8,000,000	7,500,001港元至8,000,000港元	-]
HK\$8,000,001 to HK\$8,500,000	8,000,001港元至8,500,000港元	2	1
HK\$8,500,001 to HK\$9,100,000	8,500,001港元至9,100,000港元	1	-
		5	5

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

- No remuneration was paid by the Group to any director of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office;
- (ii) No resigned directors during the year;
- (iii) No loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities, and the Company's holding company.

No significant transactions, arrangements, and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 or at any time during the years.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度:

- (i) 本集團並無向本公司任何董事支付酬金,作為其加入本集團的獎勵或離職補償;
- (ii) 年內無董事辭任;
- (iii) 概無向董事、董事控制的法人團體及 關連實體以及本公司控股公司提供貸 款、類似貸款或其他形式之利益。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度結束時或年內任何時間,本 公司並無訂立與本集團業務有關且本公司 董事直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、 安排及合約。

綜合財務報表附註

11 DIVIDENDS

11 股息

				2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
(i)	Dividends paid during the financial year are as follows:	(i)	於本財政年度派發的股息如下:		
	Final dividend of 0.23 Hong Kong cents ("HK\$ cents") per Share for the financial year ended 31 December		截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止財政年度的末期 股息每股0.23港仙		
	2023			398,268	-
				2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
(ii)	Dividends proposed before these financial statements were authorised and not included as liabilities in these financial statements are as follows*:	(ii)	於財務報表獲授權刊發前建 議派發而並無作為負債列入 財務報表的股息如下*:		
	Final dividend of 0.23 HK\$ cents per Share for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: 0.23 HK\$ cents)		截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止財政年度的末 期股息每股0.23港仙(二零 二三年:0.23港仙)	HK\$2.3 million (equivalent to approximately \$\$0.4 million) 2.3百萬港元 (相當於約0.4 百萬新加坡元)	HK\$2.3 million (equivalent to approximately \$\$0.4 million) 2.3百萬港元 (相當於約0.4 百萬新加坡元)

- * This dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements.
- 此股息須經股東於股東週年大會上批准後 方可作實,並未作為負債列入財務報表。

綜合財務報表附註

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

12 每股盈利

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
VADB			
Profit for the year attributable to the	本公司擁有人應佔年度溢利		
owners of the Company (S\$)	(新加坡元)	6,324,581	5,455,152
Weighted average number of	已發行普通股加權平均數		
ordinary shares in issue		1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Basic earnings per share (S\$ cents)	每股基本盈利(新加坡分)	0.63	0.55

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of shares in issue.

No diluted earnings per share were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,每股基本盈利乃基於本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利及已發行股份加權平均數計算。

由於本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度並無潛在已發行 普通股,故並無呈列每股攤薄盈利。

綜合財務報表附註

PROPERTY, PLA	NT AND EQU	IIPMENT	13 物業、廠房及設備						
		Leasehold	Freehold	Freehold	Plant and	Furniture	Motor	Renovation	
		building	land 永久業權	buildings 永久業權	machinery	and fittings	vehicles	in progress	Tota
		租賃樓宇	土地	水八米 権宇	廠房及設備	傢具及裝置	車輛	翻新中工程	總計
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:								
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年								
	一月一日	6,900,000	6,572,379	4,003,758	14,356,847	4,367,587	1,441,833	1,469,990	39,112,394
Additions	添置	_	589,136	282,809	976,416	150,838	298,270	843,404	3,140,873
Revaluation gain (loss)	重估收益(虧損)	100,000	64,804	(109,014)	_	_	_	_	55,790
Disposal	出售	_	_	_	(15,600)	(47,491)	(41,162)		(104,253
Transferred to plant and	轉撥至物業、廠房及				, =/===0/	1	1 1 1		,,
machinery	設備	_	-	- 1	2,264,516	_	_	(2,264,516)	
Exchange difference	匯 兑差額	-	(393,831)	(234,297)	(834,481)	(120,686)	(27,325)	(48,878)	(1,659,498
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年								
	十二月三十一日	7,000,000	6,832,488	3,943,256	16,747,698	4,350,248	1,671,616	-	40,545,300
Additions	添置	-	-		2,092,742	563,271	324,796	-	2,980,809
Revaluation gain	重估收益	374,000	795,394	286,575	-	-	-	-	1,455,969
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	(183,102)	(35,671)	(157,825)	-	(376,598
Reclassification	重新分類	-	-	-	-	(41,162)	41,162	-	
Exchange difference	匯		439,111	246,422	1,000,972	140,886	37,021	-	1,864,412
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年								
	十二月三十一日	7,374,000	8,066,993	4,476,253	19,658,310	4,977,572	1,916,770	-	46,469,898
Comprising:	包括:								
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年								
AN OT DECEMBER 2023	十二月三十一日								
At cost	安成本計				16,747,698	4,350,248	1,671,616		22,769,562
At valuation	按估值計	7,000,000	6,832,488	3,943,256	10,747,090	-,000,240	1,0/1,010		17,775,744
, a rollomon	I I I I I I I I	7,000,000	0,002,400	0,740,230					17,775,744
		7,000,000	6,832,488	3,943,256	16,747,698	4,350,248	1,671,616		40,545,300
	M = ==								
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年								
A	十二月三十一日				10 / 50 010	1.077.570	1.01/.770		0/ 550 /50
At cost	按成本計	7.074.000	- 0.077.000	4 47/ 050	19,658,310	4,977,572	1,916,770	1/2/12	26,552,652
At valuation	按估值計	7,374,000	8,066,993	4,476,253	6				19,917,246
		7,374,000	8,066,993	1 174 252	19,658,310	4,977,572	1 016 770		46,469,898
		1,3/4,000	0,000,993	4,4/0,233	14,000,010	4,411,312	1,410,/70		40,407,090

綜合財務報表附註

13	PROPERTY,	PLANT	AND	EQUIPMENT	(Continued)
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13 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Leasehold building	Freehold land 永久業權	Freehold buildings 永久業權	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings	Motor vehicles	Renovation in progress 進行中的	Total
		租賃樓宇	土地	樓宇	廠房及設備	傢具及裝置	車輛	翻新工程	總計
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:								
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年								
	一月一日	-	-	-	9,160,843	2,564,977	1,261,136	-	12,986,956
Charge for the year	年內開支	328,572	-	100,980	971,889	320,839	121,154	-	1,843,434
Disposal	出售		-	-	(13,000)	(47,491)	(41,162)	-	(101,653)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	-	-	-	(498,398)	(58,421)	(18,288)	-	(575,107)
Eliminated on revaluation	重估時抵銷	(328,572)	-	(100,980)	-	-	=	-	(429,552)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年								
Al 01 December 2020	十二月三十一日				9,621,334	2,779,904	1,322,840		13,724,078
Charge for the year	年內開支	338,863		106,078	1,234,673	361,513	149,915		2,191,042
Disposal Programme (1948)	出售	-		-	(173,809)	(32,547)	(157,632)		(363,988)
Reclassification	重新分類	_	-	_	-	(41,162)	41,162		-
Exchange difference	匯 兑差額		_	_	564,248	70,237	21,289	_	655,774
Eliminated on revaluation	重估時抵銷	(338,863)	-	(106,078)	-	-	-	-	(444,941)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年								
AI 31 December 2024	十二月三十一日	-	-	-	11,246,446	3,137,945	1,377,574	-	15,761,965
	F 工 体 ·								
Carrying amounts: At 31 December 2024	賬面值 : 於二零二四年								
ALSI December ZUZ4	於 <u></u> 一 令 一 四 年 十 二 月 三 十 一 日	7,374,000	8,066,993	4,476,253	8,411,864	1,839,627	539,196	-	30,707,933
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	7.000.000	6.832.488	3.943.256	7,126,364	1.570.344	348.776		26,821,228

The above items of property, plant and equipment (except for freehold land and renovation in progress) are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following useful lives after taking into account the residual values:

Leasehold building – Over the land lease term till 2044 (Note)

Freehold buildings - 50 years

Plant and machinery - 10 years

Furniture and fittings - 3 to 10 years

Motor vehicles - 5 years

Note: The building which is owned by the Group is located on a leasehold land expiring in 2044. The leasehold land is separately recognised as right-of-use asset in Note 14. 上述物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括永久業權土地及進行中的翻新工程)乃經考慮剩餘價值後於下列可使用年期內以直線法計算折舊:

租賃樓宇 - 於土地租期內直至 (附註) 二零四四年

 永久業權樓字
 50年

 廠房及設備
 10年

 傢具及裝置
 3至10年

 車輛
 5年

附註: 本集團擁有的樓宇坐落於一幅於二零 四四年到期的租賃土地上。該租賃土地 於附註14中單獨確認為使用權資產。

綜合財務報表附註

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The Group has pledged leasehold building with carrying amount of \$\$7,374,000 (2023: \$\$7,000,000) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Fair value measurement of the Group's land and buildings

The Group's land and buildings are stated at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation. For years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group engages third party qualified valuers not related to the Group, Premas Valuers & Property Consultants Pte Ltd and MacReal International (JB) Sdn Bhd, who have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the fair value measurement of the properties in the relevant locations, to perform the valuation as at 31 December 2024 and 2023. Management has assessed that the key inputs and assumptions used by the valuers for valuation date 31 December 2024 and 2023 remain applicable and reasonable as at year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The valuation conforms to International Valuation Standards. Where the external valuer is engaged, the management of the Group works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The fair value of the land and buildings were determined based on either the transaction price and/or the direct comparison approach that reflects relevant transaction prices for similar properties, adjusted for differences in the nature, location and condition of the land under review. There has been no change to the valuation technique used during the year.

13 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已抵押賬面值為7,374,000新加坡元(二零二三年:7,000,000新加坡元)的租賃樓宇作為本集團獲授一般銀行信貸的擔保。

本集團土地及樓宇的公平值計量

本集團土地及樓宇按其重估金額呈列,即重估當日之公平值。截至二零二四年及二零年人二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團委聘與本集團並無關聯的第三方合資格估值的及MacReal International (JB) Sdn Bhd(彼等具備適當資質及對相關地點物業進行公零二三年十二月三十一日進行估值。經評估,管理層認為估值師於二零二四年及二零二年程期,由主主,一日估值日期使用的主要等十二月三十一日估值日期使用的主要。

該估值符合國際估值準則。倘已委聘外部估值師,則本集團管理層與合資格外部估值師密切合作以確立適當的估值技術及模式的輸入數據。

土地及樓宇的公平值為基於反映同類物業相關交易價的成交價及/或直接比較方法釐定,及就所評估土地的不同性質、地點及狀況作出調整。於年內使用的估值技術並無出現變動。

綜合財務報表附註

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Fair value measurement of the Group's land and buildings (Continued)

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

13 物業、廠房及設備(續) 本集團土地及樓宇的公平值計量(續)

於估計本集團物業之公平值時,該等物業的 最高及最佳用途為其現時用途。

Fair value as at 於以下年度之公平值

	M-X1 1 1 2 2 2	1 14			
	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元	Valuation Technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Sensitivity 敏感度
Level 3 第三層 Leasehold building; 255 Pandan Loop, Singapore 租賃樓宇:	7,374,000	7,000,000	Direct comparison approach 直接比較法	Average market price of 2024: \$\$292.60 (2023: \$\$277.76) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility. 經就模齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為:	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
255 Pandan Loop, Singapore Freehold building A: No. 7, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81 800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	1,122,867	964,992	Direct comparison approach	二零二四年: 292.60新加坡元 (二零二三年: 277.76新加坡元)。 Average market price of 2024: S\$27.50 [2023: S\$23.63] per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業權使字A: No. 7., Jalon Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia Freehold building B	803,352	700 384	直接比較法 Direct comparison		市價越高·公平值越高。 The higher the market
No. 8, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia 永久業權樓宇B No. 8, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	603,332	709,304	approach 直接比較法	Average make pince of 2024. 3926.91 [2023: 3920.33] per square real after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility. 歴就模談・位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後毎平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年: 28.91新加坡元(二零二三年: 25.53新加坡元)。	price, the higher the fair value. 市價越高·公平值越高。
Freehold building C No. 6, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	906,814	795,544	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$32.63 [2023: \$\$28.63] per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業權樓宇C No. 6, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:32.63新加坡元(二零二三年:28.63新加坡元)。	市價越高、公平值越高。
Freehold building D No. 6, Jalan Maju Cemerlang 3, Taman Perindustrian Maju Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	572,084	516,960	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$42.11 (2023: \$\$38.05) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業権樓宇D No. 6, Jalan Maju Cemerlang 3, Taman Perindustrian Maju Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就模齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:42.11新加坡元(二零二三年:38.05新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值越高。

綜合財務報表附註

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Fair value measurement of the Group's land and buildings (Continued)

13 物業、廠房及設備(續) 本集團土地及樓宇的公平值計量(續)

Fair value as at 於以下年度之公平值

	於以下年度之	2公平值			
	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元	Valuation Technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Sensifivity 敏感度
Freehold building E No. 3, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim,	803,352	709,384	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$28.91 (2023: \$\$25.53) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
Malaysia 永久業權複字E No. 3. Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:28.91新加坡元(二零二三年:25.53新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值 越高。
Freehold building F No. 16 Jalan Istimewa 4, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	267,784	246,992	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$27.92 (2023: 25.76) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業權樓宇F No. 16 Jalan Istimewa 4, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:27.92新加坡元(二零二三年:25.76)新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值 越高。
Freehold land A No. 7, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	1,968,821	1,677,248	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$31.17 (2023: \$\$26.55) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業権土地A No. 7, Jolan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:31.17新加坡元(二零二三年:26.55新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值越高。
Freehold land B No. 8, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	1,491,070	1,278,040	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$34.20 (2023: \$\$29.32) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
NAC 8, John Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:34.20新加坡元(二零二三年:29.32新加坡元)。	市價越高・公平值越高。
rreehold land C No. 6, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	1,491,070	1,278,040	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$34.20 (2023: \$\$29.32) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業権土地C No. 6, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:34.20新加坡元(二零二三年:29.32新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值越高。
Freehold land D No. 6, Jalan Maju Cemerlang 3, Taman Perindustrian Maju Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	867,255	683,536	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024; \$\$45.55 [2023; \$\$35.90] per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
永久業權土地D No. 6, Jolan Maju Cemerlang 3, Taman Perindustrian Maju Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim,			直接比較法	經就模齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:45.55新加坡元(二零二三年:35.90新加坡元)。	市價越高・公平值越高。

綜合財務報表附註

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Fair value measurement of the Group's land and buildings (Continued)

13 物業、廠房及設備(續) 本集團土地及樓宇的公平值計量(續)

Fair value as at 於以下年度之公平值

	2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元	Valuation Technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Sensitivity 敏感度
Freehold land E No. 3, Jalan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim,	1,673,650	1,447,488	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\\$32.55 (2023: \$\\$28.15) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the market price, the higher the fair value.
Malaysia 永久業權土地E No. 3, Jolan Istimewa 1, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:32.55新加坡元(二零二三年:28.15新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值越高。
Freehold land F No. 16, Jalan Istimewa 4, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia	575,127	468,136	Direct comparison approach	Average market price of 2024: \$\$39.94 (2023: \$\$32.51) per square feet after adjusting for age, location, condition and surrounding facility.	The higher the price, the higher the fair value.
8 1800 Ulu Iliam, Johar Daril Takzim, Malaysia 永久葉權土始F No. 16, Jalan Istimewa 4, Taman Perindustrian Cemerlang 81800 Ulu Tiram, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia			直接比較法	經就樓齡、位置、狀況及周邊設施調整後每平方呎平均市價為: 二零二四年:39.94新加坡元(二零二三年:32.51新加坡元)。	市價越高,公平值越高。
	19,917,246	17,775,744			

Any significant isolated changes to the inputs would result in a significant change in fair value measurement.

The properties' fair value hierarchy is based on Level 3, and there were no transfers between the fair value hierarchy levels during the year.

Had the properties been carried under the cost model, the carrying amounts of the properties would have been the following:

輸入數據的任何單個重大變化將導致公平 值計量的重大變動。

物業公平值層級乃基於第三層級,且於年內,公平值層級之間並無出現轉移。

倘物業以成本模式計量,則物業的賬面值如下:

		0004	0000
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
	V 8 1 H 8 ==		
Under cost model	於成本模式下		
Leasehold building	租賃樓宇	333,332	349,999
Freehold buildings	永久業權樓宇	3,200,752	3,094,913
Freehold land	永久業權土地	4,612,421	4,353,228
		8,146,505	7,798,140

綜合財務報表附註

14 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (GROUP AS A LESSEE)

The Group leases leasehold land, warehouses, accommodation for staff and motor vehicle. The lease term is in range of 2 to 30 years, some with average option to extend 2 years.

The Group has no options to purchase any of its leased assets at the end of the lease term. Other than the leased motor vehicle, the Group's obligations are not secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets for such leases.

14 使用權資產(本集團作為承租人)

本集團租用租賃土地、倉庫、員工宿舍及車輛。租期介乎2年至30年,當中部分可選擇平均延期2年。

本集團概無選擇權於租賃期末購買其任何 租賃資產。除租賃車輛外,本集團之責任並 無以出租人對有關租賃之租賃資產所有權 作為抵押。

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 S\$ 新加坡元	Warehouses 倉庫 S\$ 新加坡元	Accommodation 宿舍 S\$ 新加坡元	Motor vehicle 車輛 S\$ 新加坡元	Total 總計 S\$ 新加坡元
Group Cost: At 1 January 2023 Additions Exchange difference	本集團 成本: 於二零二三年一月一日 添置 匯兑差額	1,096,703 - -	698,551 100,168 (42,625)	318,619 84,423 (8,968)	105,789	2,219,662 184,591 (51,593)
At 31 December 2023 Additions Exchange difference	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 添置 匯兑差額	1,096,703 1,262 -	756,094 98,926 49,033	394,074 23,968 8,764	105,789 - -	2,352,660 124,156 57,797
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	1,097,965	904,053	426,806	105,789	2,534,613
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 January 2023 Charge for the year Exchange difference	累計折舊: 於二零二三年一月一日 年內開支 匯兑差額	284,284 37,639	489,857 96,977 (30,560)	155,697 63,141 (1,651)	105,789 - -	1,035,627 197,757 (32,211)
At 31 December 2023 Charge for the year Exchange difference	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 年內開支 匯兑差額	321,923 39,784 -	556,274 97,935 37,097	217,187 79,173 3,846	105,789	1,201,173 216,892 40,943
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	361,707	691,306	300,206	105,789	1,459,008
Carrying amount: At 31 December 2024	賬面值: 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	736,258	212,747	126,600		1,075,605
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	774,780	199,820	176,887	-	1,151,487

綜合財務報表附註

14 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (GROUP AS A LESSEE)

Continued

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there are additions of right-of-use assets of \$\$124,156 (2023: \$\$184,591) relating to extension of existing lease contracts, increase in lease payments and new lease of accommodation.

At 31 December 2024, the Group is committed to S\$Nil (2023: S\$4,750) for short term leases.

14 使用權資產(本集團作為承租人)

(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 由於現有租賃合約延期、租賃付款增加及新 訂宿舍租約,使用權資產增加124,156新加 坡元(二零二三年:184,591新加坡元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之 短期租賃承擔為零新加坡元(二零二三年: 4,750新加坡元)。

15 INVENTORIES

15 存貨

		10,647,441	11,438,773
Finished goods	製成品	2,253,834	1,756,038
Work-in-progress	在製品	969,924	1,783,263
Packaging materials	包裝材料	1,076,006	1,398,219
Raw materials	原材料	6,347,677	6,501,253
		S\$ 新加坡元	S\$ 新加坡元
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年

貿易應收款項

16 TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables

16 貿易應收款項

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
S\$	S\$
新加坡元	新加坡元
12,177,902	11,557,873

As at 1 January 2023, trade receivables amounted to \$\\$12,242,384.

於二零二三年一月一日,貿易應收款項為 12,242,384新加坡元。

綜合財務報表附註

16 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group grants credit terms to customers typically ranging from 7 to 60 days (2023: 7 to 60 days) from the invoice date for trade receivables and certain sales require payment in cash upon delivery. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date which approximated the revenue recognition date at the end of each reporting period:

16 貿易應收款項(續)

本集團通常自貿易應收款項的發票日期起授予客戶介乎7至60天(二零二三年:7至60天)的信貸期,而若干銷售要求於交付時以現金付款。以下為各報告期末按發票日期(接近收益確認日期)呈列的貿易應收款項的賬齡分析:

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	S\$	S\$
	新加坡元	新加坡元
30日內	6,637,075	6,315,158
31日至60日	4,676,156	4,305,913
61日至90日	788,363	889,146
91日至180日	59,561	38,114
181日至一年	16,747	9,542
	12,177,902	11,557,873
	31日至60日 61日至90日 91日至180日	二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元 30日内 6,637,075 31日至60日 4,676,156 61日至90日 788,363 91日至180日 59,561 181日至一年 16,747

The carrying values of trade receivables approximate its fair values.

Before accepting any new customer, the Group has assessed the potential customer's credit quality and defined credit limit to each customer on individual basis. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed when necessary. The majority of the Group's accounts receivables that are past due but not impaired have no history of defaulting on repayment. As at the end of each reporting period, the Group does not charge interest nor hold any collateral over the balances.

The Group applied the simplified approach to provide the expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9. The impairment methodology is set out in Notes 3 and 29(b).

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group assesses the impairment for its customers based on different group of customers which share common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. There has been no change in the estimation technique or significant assumption made during the current reporting period.

貿易應收款項的賬面值與其公平值相若。

於接納新客戶前,本集團已按個別基準評估潛在客戶的信貸質素以及釐定各客戶的信貸額度。授予客戶的額度在必要時予以檢討。本集團大部分已逾期但未減值應收賬款並無拖欠還款記錄。於各報告期末,本集團並無就結餘收取利息或持有任何抵押品。

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第9號的規定 應用簡化方法就預期信貸虧損計提撥備。 減值方法載於附註3及29(b)。

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分,本集團 按具有共同風險特徵的不同客戶組別評估 其客戶減值,有關特徵代表客戶根據合約條 款支付所有到期款項的能力。於本報告期 間,估計方法或重大假設並無發生重大變 動。

綜合財務報表附註

16 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The directors of the Company considered that the expected credit loss allowance is immaterial.

16 貿易應收款項(續)

預期虧損率乃根據預計債務年限內過往觀察所得違約率作出估計,並就無須付出不必要成本或努力即可獲得之前瞻性資料作出調整。本公司董事認為預期信貸虧損撥備並不重大。

17 OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND 17 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 PREPAYMENTS

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Current Advances to suppliers Advances to staffs Deposits	流動 給予供應商的墊款 給予員工的墊款 按金	624,745 -	545,015 862
- Refundable (Note i)	-可退還(附註i)	198,339	174,985
– Non-refundable	一不可退還	2,737	17,571
Prepayments Goods and services tax ("GST") receivables	預付款項 應收商品及服務税 (「商品及服務税」)	90,721 1 <i>57</i> ,226	142,659 44,960
Interest receivables	應收利息	462,472	64,346
		1,536,240	990,398
Non-current Deposits for purchase of property, plant and equipment	<u>非流動</u> 購置物業、廠房及設備的按金	23,718	717,631

Note:

(i) The management considered that the ECL for deposits and others is insignificant as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

附註:

(i) 管理層認為,於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日,按金及其他的預期信貸 虧損並不重大。

綜合財務報表附註

18 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH 18 按公平值計入損益之金融資產 PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial asset measured at FVTPL:

按公平值計入損益計量的金融資產:

20242023二零二四年二零二三年S\$S\$新加坡元新加坡元

Credit-linked note 信用掛鈎票據 - 7,774,260

As at 31 December 2023, the Group invested in credit-linked note which matured in February 2024. Accordingly, it had been classified as current assets and a fair value gain of \$\$43,469 was recognised in 2023. In 2024, a gain of \$\$25,740 has been recognised upon maturity and redemption of the credit-linked note.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Group invested in credit-linked note which matured in May 2024. A gain of S\$109,215 has been recognised upon maturity and redemption of the credit-linked note.

年度,本集團投資於二零二四年二月到期的信貸掛鈎票據。因此,該票據分類為流動資產,並於二零二三年確認公平值收益43,469新加坡元。於二零二四年,該信貸掛鈎票據到期贖回時確認收益25,740新加坡元。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團投資於二零二四年五月到期的信貸掛鈎票據。該信貸掛鈎票據到期贖回時已確認收益109,215新加坡元。

19 FINANCIAL ASSET AT AMORTISED COST

19 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產

 2024
 2023

 二零二四年
 二零二三年

 S\$
 S\$

 新加坡元
 新加坡元

Treasury bill at carrying amount

按賬面值列賬的國庫券

3,990,800

As at 31 December 2023, the market value of the investment carried at amortised cost was \$\$3,989,140. The contractual and effective interest rate of this financial assets were 3.73% and 1.61% respectively, with a maturity date on 23 January 2024.

For the purposes of impairment assessment, the treasury bill is considered to have low credit risk as the counterparties to this investment have a minimum Aa3 credit rating. Accordingly, for the purpose of impairment assessment, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,按攤銷成本列賬的投資的市值為3,989,140新加坡元。 此項金融資產的合約利率及實際利率分別 為3.73%及1.61%,到期日為二零二四年一 月二十三日。

就減值評估而言,由於該投資的交易對手的信貸評級最低為Aa3級,因此國庫券被視為信貸風險較低。因此,就減值評估而言,虧損撥備按等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量。

綜合財務報表附註

19 FINANCIAL ASSET AT AMORTISED COST (Continued)

In determining the expected credit loss for this financial asset, management has taken into account the historical default experience, the financial position of the counterparties, as well as the future prospects of the industries in which the issuer of the treasury bill operates obtained from economic expert reports, financial analyst reports and considering various external sources of actual and forecast economic information, as appropriate, in estimating the probability of default of each of these financial assets occurring within their respective loss assessment time horizon, as well as the loss upon default in each case.

The management considered that the ECL is insignificant as at 31 December 2023.

In 2024, the treasury bill had fully matured and the Group recognised interest income amounting to \$\$9,200 (Note 6a).

20 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

19 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(續)

於釐定該金融資產的預期信貸虧損時,管理層已考慮歷史違約經驗、交易對手的財務狀況以及從經濟專家報告、金融分析師報告獲得的國庫券發行人經營所在行業的未來前景,並考慮實際及預測經濟資料的各種外部來源(如適用),以估計該等金融資產在其各自的虧損評估時間範圍內發生違約的損失。

管理層認為,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,預期信貸虧損並不重大。

二零二四年,該國庫券已全數到期,本集團確認利息收入9,200新加坡元(附註6a)。

20 衍生金融工具

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Foreign exchange option contracts not designated in hedge accounting relationships carried at fair value (Net settled)	未於對沖會計處理關係中 指定的按公平值計量的 外匯期權合約 (淨額結算)		
Current assets	流動資產	17,636	34,839
Current liabilities	流動負債	(60,079)	(157,480)
		(42,443)	(122,641)

During the year, the Group had entered into several foreign currency option contracts with banks and financial institutions to reduce its exposure to currency fluctuation risk of settlement from trade payables that are denominated in Australian Dollar ("AUD") or US Dollar ("USD"). These derivatives were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The contracts are subject to net settlement at each maturity date and were measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

於本年度,本集團已與銀行及金融機構訂立若干外匯期權合約,以降低其因結算以澳元 (「澳元」)或美元(「美元」)計值的貿易應付款項面臨的貨幣波動風險。該等衍生工具未按對沖會計法列賬。該等合約須於各到期日結算其淨額,並於報告期末按公平值計量。

綜合財務報表附註

20 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

20 衍生金融工具(續)

The major terms of these foreign currency option contracts were as follows:

該等外匯期權合約的主要條款如下:

Foreign currency option contracts

外匯期權合約

Notional Amount	
名義金額	

Maturity Date 到期日 Exchange Rate 匯率

2024

二零二四年

Buy USD and sell SGD 買入美元及賣出新加坡元 USD200,000 or USD400,000 200,000 美元或400,000美元

16 June 2025 二零二五年六月十六日

S\$1.335/USD 1.335新加坡元兑1美元

Buy USD and sell SGD 買入美元及賣出新加坡元 USD200,000 or USD400,000 200,000 美元或400,000美元

25 December 2025 二零二五年十二月二十五日 S\$1.3337/USD 1.3337新加坡元兑1美元

Buy AUD and sell SGD 買入澳元及賣出新加坡元 AUD200,000 or AUD400,000 200,000澳元或400,000澳

15 July 2025 二零二五年七月十五日 S\$0.86/AUD 0.86新加坡元兑1澳元

2023

二零二三年

Buy AUD and sell SGD 買入澳元及賣出新加坡元 AUD200,000 or AUD400,000 200,000澳元或400,000澳元

15 July 2024 二零二四年七月十五日 S\$0.875/AUD

四年七月十五日 0.875新加坡元兑1澳元

Buy USD and sell SGD 買入美元及賣出新加坡元 USD200,000 or USD400,000 200,000美元或400,000美元

15 February 2024 二零二四年二月十五日 S\$1.295/USD 1.295新加坡元兑1美元

Buy USD and sell SGD 買入美元及賣出新加坡元 USD200,000 or USD400,000 200,000 美元或400,000美元

15 March 2024 二零二四年三月十五日 S\$1.3295/USD 1.3295新加坡元兑1美元

Buy USD and sell SGD 買入美元及賣出新加坡元 USD200,000 or USD400,000 200,000 美元或400,000美元

25 September 2024 二零二四年九月二十五日 S\$1.346/USD 1.346新加坡元兑1美元

The fair value of derivative financial instruments has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out as at the end of the reporting period by banks and financial institutions. 衍生金融工具的公平值已根據銀行及金融 機構於報告期末所進行之估值達致。

綜合財務報表附註

21 BANK BALANCES AND CASH

21 銀行結餘及現金

	= : >>< 13 ///		
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Cash at banks	銀行現金	10,044,730	14,824,042
Cash at hand	手頭現金	24,302	33,720
Bank deposits	銀行存款	26,858,830	4,632,276
		36,927,862	19,490,038
Less: Fixed deposits with original	減:原有到期日為三個月以上的		
maturity more than 3 months	定期存款	(26,256,800)	(4,081,723)
Cash and cash equivalents in the	綜合現金流量表內的現金及		
consolidated statement of cash flows	現金等價物	10,671,062	15,408,315

Bank deposits bear interest rates ranging from 2.10% to 4.25% (2023: 2.00% to 4.20%) per annum and for a tenure ranging from 1 month to 12 months (2023: 1 month to 12 months).

銀行存款年利率介乎 2.10%至 4.25%(二零二三年: 2.00%至 4.20%),期限介乎 1 個月至 12 個月(二零二三年: 1 個月至 12 個月)。

綜合財務報表附註

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

22 貿易及其他應付款項

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	4,290,490	4,448,421
Accrued operating expenses Other payables: - Advances from customers - Deposits received - GST payables - Others	應計營運開支 其他應付款項: 一客戶預付款 一已收按金 一應付商品及服務税 一其他	1,385,045 114,853 36,356 207,440 219,315	1,157,547 105,115 62,192 187,605 492,767
		1,963,009	2,005,226
Total	總計	6,253,499	6,453,647

The credit period on purchases from suppliers is between 7 to 60 (2023: 7 to 60) days or payable upon delivery.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

向供應商採購的信貸期為7天至60天(二零 二三年:7天至60天),或於交貨時付款。

以下為於各報告期末按發票日期呈列的貿易應付款項賬齡分析:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
///:d: 20 -l	20 E 4	2 700 205	2 402 502
Within 30 days	30日內	3,700,285	3,493,592
31 days to 90 days	31日至90日	584,041	928,408
91 days to 180 days	9 1日至180日	6,164	26,421
		4,290,490	4,448,421

綜合財務報表附註

23 LEASE LIABILITIES

23 租賃負債

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		_ ♦ _ਖ਼+ S\$	令+ S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Within one year	一年內	208,409	196,907
Within a period of more than one year	一年後但兩年內期間		
but not exceeding two years	T = // /a = = 1 14888	159,057	168,155
Within a period of more than two years	兩年後但五年內期間	1.44.010	101.051
but not exceeding five years		144,018	181,051
Over five years	五年後	752,460	776,903
		1,263,944	1,323,016
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:於流動負債項下列示的		
shown under current liabilities	一年內到期款項	(208,409)	(196,907)
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	於非流動負債項下列示的款項	1,055,535	1,126,109

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities. Lease liabilities are monitored within the Group's finance function. The above represents leases for leasehold land, warehouses, accommodation for staff and motor vehicle of the Group. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate was 5.0% (2023: 4.9%). The Group's lease does not contain variable lease payments and accordingly no expense relating to variable lease payments is included in the measurement of lease liabilities. Certain leases of the Group contain extension periods, for which the related lease payments had been included in lease liabilities as the Group believes that they will exercise these extension options.

本集團並未面臨租賃負債相關的重大流動資金風險。租賃負債由本集團的財務部門監控。以上為本集團有關租賃土地、倉庫、員工宿舍及車輛的租賃。加權平均增量借款年利率為5.0%(二零二三年:4.9%)。本集團的租賃不包含可變租賃付款,因此,租賃負債計量中不包含與可變租賃付款有關的費用。本集團的若干租賃包含延期期間,由於本集團認為其將行使此等延期選擇權,相關租賃付款已計入租賃負債。

綜合財務報表附註

24 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and the movements thereon:

24 遞延税項負債

以下為已確認的主要遞延税項負債及其變動:

		Revaluation of freehold building and freehold land 永久業權樓字	Accelerated tax depreciation	Total
		及永久業權 土地重新估值 S\$ 新加坡元	加速税項折舊 S\$ 新加坡元	總計 S\$ 新加坡元
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	508,574	704,724	1,213,298
Charge to other comprehensive income for the year (Note 26) Overprovision in prior year	於年內其他全面收益扣除 (附註26) 過往年度超額撥備	1,312	-	1,312
(Note 8) (Credit) charge to profit or loss for the year (Note 8) Exchange difference	(附註8) 於年內(計入損益)從 損益扣除(附註8) 匯兑差額	(10,127) (28,988)	(39,756) 197,345 (38,548)	(39,756) 187,218 (67,536)
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	470,771	823,765	1,294,536
Charge to other comprehensive income for the year (Note 26) Overprovision in prior year	於年內其他全面收益扣除 (附註26) 過往年度超額撥備	215,395	-	215,395
(Note 8) (Credit) charge to profit or loss	(附註8) 於年內(計入損益)從	_	(28,662)	(28,662)
for the year (Note 8) Exchange difference	損益扣除(附註8) 匯兑差額	(12,620) 36,263	200,488 51,018	187,868 87,281
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	709,809	1,046,609	1,756,418

綜合財務報表附註

24 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

The deferred tax liabilities are resulted from temporary taxable differences arising from (1) accelerated depreciation in relation to capital allowance claims on qualified assets in accordance with prevailing tax law in Singapore and Malaysia, and (2) revaluation of freehold building and freehold land in relation to the fair value uplift as computed by the external valuers and the book value of the freehold building and freehold land.

25 SHARE CAPITAL

24 遞延税項負債(續)

遞延税項負債乃由於(1)根據新加坡及馬來西亞現行稅法,就合資格資產之資本減免申索有關的加速折舊,及(2)就外聘估值師計算的公平值增加對永久業權樓宇及永久業權土地進行重估與永久業權樓宇及永久業權土地賬面值之間產生的暫時應課稅差額所導致。

25 股本

Number of		
shares	Par value	Share capital
股份數目	票面值	股本
	HK\$	HK\$
	港元	港元

Authorised share capital of

本公司法定股本:

the Company:

At 1 January 2023,

於二零二三年一月一日、

31 December 2023 and 2024

二零二三年及二零二四年

十二月三十一日

5,000,000,000

0.01

50,000,000

Number of

shares 股份數目 Share capital 股本

S\$

新加坡元

Issued and fully paid of the Company:

At 1 January 2023,

31 December 2023 and 2024

本公司已發行及繳足:

於二零二三年一月一日、

二零二三年及二零二四年

十二月三十一日

1,000,000,000

1,725,820

綜合財務報表附註

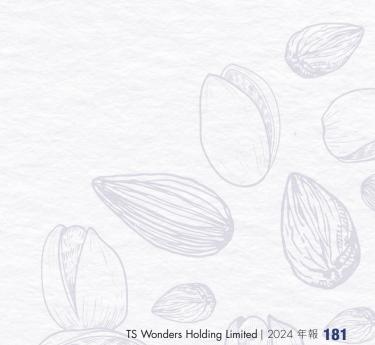
26 REVALUATION RESERVE

The revaluation reserve records increase in the fair value of freehold land and buildings and leasehold building, net of tax, and decrease to the extent that such decrease relate to increase on the same asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income.

26 重估儲備

重估儲備錄得永久業權土地及樓宇及租賃樓宇的公平值增加(經扣除税項),而減幅與此前於其他全面收益內確認的同一資產增幅有關。

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
At beginning of the year Increase on revaluation of freehold	於年初 永久業權物業及租賃樓宇	14,305,745	13,821,715
properties and leasehold building Deferred tax on revaluation of	重估增值 永久業權物業之重估遞延税項	1,900,909	485,342
freehold properties (Note 24)	(附註24)	(215,395)	(1,312)
At end of the year	於年末	15,991,259	14,305,745



綜合財務報表附註

27 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 27 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 RESERVE OF THE COMPANY

(Pinkli))		2024	2023
VANNY		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
ASSETS AND LIABILITY	資產及負債		
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	14	14
Current assets	流動資產		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	派劉貝隆 應收附屬公司款項	0.450.170	5 606 660
Other receivables		9,452,179	5,626,669
	其他應收款項	101,468	35,376
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	6,073,189	6,254,190
		15,626,836	11,916,235
Current liability	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	162,220	154,372
Net current asset	流動資產淨值	15,464,616	11,761,863
Total assets less current liability,	總資產減流動負債,即資產淨值		
representing net assets		15,464,630	11,761,877
FOLUTY	權益		
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備	1 705 000	1 705 000
Share capital (Note 25)	股本(附註25)	1,725,820	1,725,820
Share premium	股份溢價	13,487,471	13,487,471
Accumulated profits (losses)	累計溢利(虧損)	251,339	(3,451,414)
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
the Company	个 A 引账 H 八 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	15,464,630	11,761,877
me company		13,404,030	11,/01,0//

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

27 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 27 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續) RESERVE OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

A summary of the Company's share capital and reserves is as follows:

本公司的股本及儲備概要如下:

		Share capital	Share premium	Accumulated profits (losses) 累計溢利	Total
		股本	股份溢價	(虧損)	總計
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年				
	一月一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	(2,878,537)	12,334,754
Total comprehensive loss for the year:	年內全面虧損總額:				
– Loss for the year	一年內虧損	_	<u>-</u>	(572,877)	(572,877)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年				
	十二月三十一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	(3,451,414)	11,761,877
Total comprehensive profit for the year:	年內全面溢利總額:				
- Profit for the year	一年內溢利		_	4,101,021	4,101,021
Transaction with owner, recognised directly in equity:	與擁有人之交易,直接 於權益中確認:				
Dividends (Note 11)	股息(附註11)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(398,268)	(398,268)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年				
	十二月三十一日	1,725,820	13,487,471	251,339	15,464,630

28 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged for year ended 31 December 2024.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Group, comprising share capital and reserves.

28 資本管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團將能繼續 持續經營,同時透過優化債務與權益之間的 平衡為股東帶來最大回報。截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的整體策略 保持不變。

本集團的資本架構由本集團擁有人應佔權 益(包括股本及儲備)組成。

綜合財務報表附註

28 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The management of the Group review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management consider the cost of capital and the associated risk with each class of items in the context of capital structure, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group's capital structure. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through continuity of funding of cash flows from operating activities.

28 資本管理(續)

本集團管理層定期檢討資本架構。作為檢討的一部分,管理層會在資本架構方面考慮資本成本及與各類項目相關的風險,並採取適當的措施調整本集團的資本架構。根據管理層的建議,本集團將通過來自經營活動之持續現金流量平衡其整體資本架構。

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK 29 金融工具及財務風險管理 MANAGEMENT

Categories of financial instruments

金融工具分類

		2024 二零二四年 S\$ 新加坡元	2023 二零二三年 S\$ 新加坡元
Financial assets	金融資產		
- Amortised cost	一攤銷成本		
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	12,177,902	11,557,873
Other receivables and deposits (i)	其他應收款項及按金(i)	660,811	239,331
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	36,927,862	19,490,038
Financial asset measured at amortised cost - FVTPL	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 一按公平值計入損益	-	3,990,800
Financial asset measured at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	_	7,774,260
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	17,636	34,839
		49,784,211	43,087,141
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
- Amortised cost	一攤銷成本		
Trade and other payables (ii)	貿易及其他應付款項(ii)	5,931,206	6,160,927
– FVTPL	一按公平值計入損益		
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	60,079	157,480
		5,991,285	6,318,407

⁽i) Includes refundable deposits and interest receivables.

⁽ii) Advances from customers and GST payables are excluded.

⁽i) 包括可退回按金及應收利息。

⁽ii) 不包括客戶墊款及應付商品及服務税。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, other receivables and deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(a) Market risk management

Interest rate risk management

The Group does not have exposure on interest rate risk other than lease liabilities which bore interest at fixed rates. The interest rates and terms of repayment are disclosed in the Note 23.

No sensitivity analysis is prepared as the Group does not expect any material effect on the Group's profit or loss arising from the effects of reasonably possible changes to interest rates on the interest-bearing financial instruments at the end of the reporting period.

Currency risk management

The Group transacts business in various foreign currencies, and has certain monetary assets and liabilities denominated in US Dollar ("USD"), Australian Dollar ("AUD"), Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR"), and Euro ("EUR") other than the functional currency of the respective group entities, which exposes the Group to foreign currency risk

The Group manages the risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rate.

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易應收款項、 其他應收款項及按金、銀行結餘及現金、貿 易及其他應付款項以及衍生金融工具。該 等金融工具的詳情已於相關附註披露。與 該等金融工具有關的風險包括市場風險(利 率風險及貨幣風險)、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。如何降低該等風險的政策載於下文。 管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及時有 效地執行適當措施。

(a) 市場風險管理

利率風險管理

除按固定利率計息的租賃負債外,本 集團並無其他利率風險。利率及償還 條款於附註23披露。

於報告期末,本集團預期計息金融工具利率之合理可能變動的影響不會對本集團損益產生任何重大影響,故並無編製敏感度分析。

貨幣風險管理

本集團以不同外幣進行業務交易,並擁有若干以美元(「美元」)、澳元(「澳元」)、港元(「港元」)、馬來西亞林吉特(「馬來西亞林吉特」)及歐元(「歐元」)(均非各集團實體的功能貨幣)計值的貨幣資產及負債,令本集團面臨外幣風險。

本集團透過密切監察外幣匯率走勢來 管理相關風險。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK 29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續) MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Market risk management (Continued)

Currency risk management (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in currencies other than the respective group entities' functional currencies are as follows:

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險管理(續)

貨幣風險管理(續)

於報告期末,以相關集團實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值的貨幣資產及貨幣 負債的賬面值如下:

Group 本集團

		2024 二零二四年		20: 二零二	
		Assets Liabilities 資產 負債		Assets 資產	Liabilities 負債
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
USD	美元	721,172	1,314,339	821,176	1,553,432
AUD	澳元	355,618	231,443	278,081	227,141
HKD	港元	6,204,673	44,168	6,342,657	_
MYR	馬來西亞林吉特	6,526	21,048	6,526	31,857
EUR	歐元	-	_	-	711,117

The Group has a number of investments in foreign subsidiaries, whose net assets are exposed to currency translation risk. The Group does not currently designate its foreign currency denominated debt as a hedging instrument for the purpose of hedging the translation of its foreign operations.

Further details on the forward exchange derivative instruments are found in Note 20 to the financial statements.

本集團在海外附屬公司擁有多項投資, 而該等海外附屬公司的資產淨值面臨 貨幣匯兑風險。本集團現時並無指定 以外幣計值的債務作為對沖工具,以 對沖其海外業務的匯兑風險。

有關遠期外匯衍生工具之進一步詳情 載列於本財務報表附註20。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Market risk management (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

- USD

- AUD

- HKD

MYREUR

The following table details the sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the relevant foreign currencies against the respective group entities' functional currencies. 10% represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible charge in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates.

If the relevant foreign currency strengthens by 10% against the functional currency of each group entity, Group's profit before tax will increase (decrease) by:

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險管理(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳述相關外幣兑各集團實體的功能貨幣升值及貶值10%的敏感度情況。 10%之敏感度比率代表管理層對匯率可能出現之合理變動之評估。敏感度 分析僅包括未結算之外幣列值貨幣項目,並於期末按10%之匯率變動調整 換算。

倘有關外幣兑各集團實體的功能貨幣 升值10%·則本集團除稅前溢利將增加(減少):

Group

本集團

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
S\$	S\$
新加坡元	新加坡元
(59,317)	(73,226)
12,418	5,166
616,051	634,266
(1,452)	(2,533)
_	(71,112)

If the relevant foreign currency weakens by 10% against the functional currency of each group entity, the effect on profit before tax will be vice versa.

一美元

-澳元 -港元

-歐元

-馬來西亞林吉特

倘有關外幣兑各集團實體的功能貨幣 貶值10%,則對除税前溢利產生相反 的影響。





綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Market risk management (Continued)

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk through its derivative investments in foreign currency forward and option contracts. The foreign currency option and forward contracts change with the exchange rate and no sensitivity analysis on such risk has been prepared as the directors of the Group considered the carrying amount of derivative instruments are insignificant to the Group.

(b) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. At the end of reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk at 31 December 2024 on trade receivables from the Group's top five major customers accounted for 77% (2023: 76%) of the Group's trade receivables. The major customers of the Group are certain reputable organisations.

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險管理(續)

其他價格風險

本集團因遠期外匯及期權合約衍生投資而面臨其他價格風險。外匯期權及遠期合約隨匯率變動,由於本公司董事認為衍生工具的賬面值對本集團而言並不重大,故並無就有關風險編製敏感度分析。

(b) 信貸風險管理

信貸風險指對手方違反合約責任導致 本集團財務虧損的風險。於報告期末, 本集團所面對的將導致本集團因對方 未能履行責任而產生財務虧損的最高 信貸風險,乃來自於綜合財務狀況表 所列的各項已確認之金融資產賬面值。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團面臨來自本集團五大客戶的貿易應收款項的集中信貸風險,相關款項佔本集團貿易應收款項的77%(二零二三年:76%)。本集團的主要客戶為若干知名組織。

綜合財務報表附註

二零二四年十二月三十一日 31 December 2024

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk management (Continued) (b)

Catogory

In order to minimise the credit risk, the directors of the Company has delegated its finance team to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk gradings to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The finance team uses publicly available financial information and the Group's own historical repayment records to rate its major customers and debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Description

類別	描述	Basis for 確認預其
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts.	12-month receive financi
良好	交易對手違約風險低,並無任何逾期款項。	12個月至 大融資 除外)
Doubtful	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.	Lifetime E
可疑	自初始確認起,信貸風險顯著增加。	全期預期 值
In default 違約	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit impaired. 有跡象表明資產出現信貸減值。	Lifetime E 全期預期 減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery.	Amount is
核銷	有跡象表明債務人陷入嚴重的財務困境,因而本集團	款項被核

收回款項的希望渺茫。

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險管理(續)

為最大限度降低信貸風險,本公司董 事已委派其財務小組制定及維持本集 團的信貸風險等級以根據違約風險程 度對風險進行分類。財務小組使用公 開可得的財務資料及本集團自身過往 還款記錄對其主要客戶及債務人進行 評級。本集團持續監察風險及其交易 對手的信貸評級及將已達成交易的總 值於經核准交易對手間進行分攤。

本集團現時的信貸風險等級框架由以 下類別構成:

Basis for recognising ECL 期信貸虧損的基準

th ECL (other than trade ables without significant cing component) 預期信貸虧損(並無重 資成分的貿易應收款項

ECL - not credit-impaired

期信貸虧損-無信貸減

ECL - credit-impaired 期信貸虧損-出現信貸

is written off

核銷

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK 29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續) MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk management (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險管理(續)

下表詳列本集團金融資產的信貸質素, 以及按信貸風險評級劃分的本集團最 高信貸風險。

2024	Note 附註	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount ⁽¹⁾ 賬面總額 ⁽¹⁾ S\$ 新加坡元
二零二四年				
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	16	(a) (a)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	12,177,902
Other receivables and deposits 其他應收款項及按金	17	Performing 良好	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	660,811
				12,838,713
2023				
二零二三年				
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	16	(a) (a)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	11,557,873
Other receivables and deposits 其他應收款項及按金	17	Performing 良好	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	239,331

11,797,204

The gross carrying amount is equivalent to the net carrying value as the Group has no loss allowance for the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

由於本集團於截至二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並 無虧損撥備,故賬面總額等於賬面 淨額。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) Credit risk management (Continued)

a) For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses on these items by using an analysis of assets by risk level of customers, estimated based on historical credit loss experience adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For other receivables and deposits, the Group has assessed the credit profile and background of the counterparties and concluded that there is no significant increase in credit risk of the counterparties since initial recognition. The ECL for these financial assets is measured at 12-month ECL, which is considered to be insignificant based on the Group's assessment on the risk of default of that counterparty.

Other than concentration of credit risk on bank deposits and balances placed in 5 (2023: 4) banks in which the counterparties are financially sound and on trade receivables from top 5 customers, the Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk on other receivables, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) 信貸風險管理(續)

(a) 就貿易應收款項而言,本集團已應用國際財務報告準則第9號的簡化方法計量全期預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備。於釐定該等項目的預期信貸虧損時,本集團基於過往信貸虧損經驗所估計的發展,與對資產作出分析,並就債務人的特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及於報告日期之現時狀況及預測狀況走向(包括貨幣時間價值(倘適用))作出調整。

就其他應收款項及按金而言,本集團已評估交易對手的信貸狀況及背景,並認為交易對手的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著增加。該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損按12個月預期信貸虧損計量,根據本集團對該交易對手違約風險的評估,預期信貸虧損被視為並不重大。

除存置於五家(二零二三年:四家)銀行(交易對手之財政穩健)的銀行存款及結餘及來自五大客戶的貿易應收款項的集中信貸風險外,由於其他應收款項分散至多名交易對手,故本集團並無面對其他應收款項相關之其他重大集中信貸風險。



綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in meeting its financial obligations as and when they fall due. In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

Non-derivative financial assets

All the non-derivative financial assets are repayable within one year and non-interest bearing, except for short-term fixed deposits which are disclosed in Note 21.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturity for non-derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. The adjustment column represents the possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which is not included in the carrying amount of the financial liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 流動資金風險管理

流動資金風險乃指本集團於履行其到期財務責任時遇到困難之風險。於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察現金及現金等價物水平,並將其維持在管理層認為足夠的水平,以撥支本集團的營運所需,亦減低現金流量波動的影響。

非衍生金融資產

所有非衍生金融資產須於一年內償還且不計息,惟附註21披露的短期定期存款除外。

非衍生金融負債

下表詳述非衍生金融負債及租賃負債餘下合約到期情況。該表乃根據本集團須償付金融負債最早之日的未貼現現金流量而制定。該表包括利息及本金現金流量。調整一欄指到期情況分析中有關工具應佔未來可能現金流量,其並無計入綜合財務狀況表的金融負債賬面值內。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK 29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續) MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

Non-derivative financial liabilities (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

[c] 流動資金風險管理(續) 非衍生金融負債(續)

		Weighted average					
		effective	On demand or	Within 2 to			Carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	within 1 year 按要求或	5 years	After 5 years	Adjustments	amount
		實際利率	於1年內	2至5年	5年後	調整	賬面值
			\$\$	\$\$	\$\$	\$\$	S\$
			新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元	新加坡元
31 December 2024 Fixed rate – lease liabilities	於二零二四年十二月三十一日 固定利率-租賃負債	5.0%	267,861	473,160	1,053,581	(530,658)	1,263,944
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	5,931,206	, -	-	-	5,931,206
Total	總計		6,199,067	473,160	1,053,581	(530,658)	7,195,150
31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日						
Fixed rate – lease liabilities	固定利率-租賃負債	4.9%	254,182	507,110	1,067,144	(505,420)	1,323,016
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項		6,160,927	-	-	-	6,160,927
Total	總計		6,415,109	507,110	1,067,144	(505,420)	7,483,943

Derivative financial liabilities and assets

All derivative financial liabilities and assets of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are due within one year. Details of derivative financial liabilities and assets are as disclosed in Note 20.

(d) Fair value

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on recurring basis

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

衍生金融負債及資產

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零 二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的所 有衍生金融負債及資產於一年內到期。 衍生金融負債及資產之詳情披露於附 註20。

(d) 公平值

並非按經常性基準以公平值計量的本集團金融資產及金融負債的公平值

本集團管理層認為,綜合財務報表中 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產及金融負 債的賬面值與其公平值相若。

綜合財務報表附註

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK 29 金融工具及財務風險管理(續) MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(d) Fair value (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of derivative financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 公平值(續)

按經常性基準以公平值計量的本集團金融資產及金融負債的公平值

本集團部分金融資產及金融負債於各報告期末按公平值計量。下表載列有關如何釐定衍生金融工具的公平值之資料(尤其是所使用的估值技術及輸入數據)。

C: --: f: ----

Fair value as at 於下列日期之公平值

於卜列日期	己公平值			Significant
31 December	31 December	Fair value		unobservable
2024	2023	hierarchy	Valuation technique(s); and key input(s)	input(s)
二零二四年	二零二三年			
十二月	十二月			重大不可觀察輸入
三十一日	三十一日	公平值層級	估值技術及關鍵輸入數據	數據
S\$	S\$			
新加坡元	新加坡元			
Assets:	Assets:	Level 2	Fair value is based on spot exchange rates (from observable	N/A
Current -	Current -	第二級	spot exchange rates at the end of the reporting period) and	不適用
17,636	34,839		contracted forward rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the	
資產:	資產:		credit risk of various counterparties.	
流動-	流動-		公平值乃按即期匯率(來自報告期末的可觀察即期匯率)及約	
17,636	34,839		定遠期匯率計算,並按反映各交易對手信貸風險的利率貼	
			現。	
Liabilities:	Liabilities:			
Current -	Current -			
60,079	157,480			
負債:	負債:			
流動-	流動-			
60,079	157,480			

There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year.

於年內,公平值層級之間並無出現轉移。

綜合財務報表附註

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Some of the Group's transactions and arrangements are with related parties and the effect of these on the basis determined between the parties are reflected in these financials statements. Related parties refer to entities in which directors of the Group have a beneficial interest in it. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

The Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

30 關聯方交易

本集團若干交易及安排乃與關聯方訂立,按訂約方釐定基準訂立的該等交易及安排的影響於本財務報表內反映。關聯方指本集團董事於其中擁有實益權益的實體。除另有說明者外,有關結餘均為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

本集團已與關聯方訂立以下交易:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
S\$	S\$
新加坡元 (108,782)	新加坡元 (109,579)

Transactions with related parties
Rental charged (Note)

與關聯方的交易 已繳租金(附註)

Note: This pertains to rental paid to Tai Sun Lim Kee Trading Sdn. Bhd. The Group leases warehouse buildings for an average lease term of 2 years with an option to extend another 12 months. In current year, the rental charged amounting to \$\$108,782 (2023: \$\$109,579) pursuant to the lease agreements. Under IFRS 16, the Group recognised ROU asset of \$\$212,747 (2023: \$\$199,820) and lease liability of \$\$220,402 (2023: \$\$205,352) as at 31 December 2024. Correspondingly, a depreciation of \$\$97,935 (2023: \$\$96,977), finance cost of \$\$15,786 (2023: \$\$12,204) and gain on lease modification of \$\$3,217 (2023: \$\$3,506) were recognised during the current year.

附註: 已繳租金與付予Tai Sun Lim Kee Trading Sdn. Bhd的租金有關。本集團租賃倉 庫樓宇的平均租期為兩年,並可選擇 另行續期12個月。於本年度,根據租 賃協議已繳租金為108,782新加坡元 (二零二三年:109,579新加坡元)。 根據國際財務報告準則第16號,本集 團於二零二四年十二月三十一日確認 使用權資產212,747新加坡元(二零 二三年:199,820新加坡元)及租賃負 債220,402新加坡元(二零二三年: 205,352新加坡元)。相應地,本集團於 本年度確認折舊97,935新加坡元(二零 二三年:96,977新加坡元)、融資成本 15,786新加坡元(二零二三年:12,204 新加坡元)及租賃修改收益3,217新加 坡元(二零二三年:3,506新加坡元)。

綜合財務報表附註

30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the years were as follows:

30 關聯方交易(續)

董事及其他主要管理人員於兩個年度的薪 酬載列如下:

VIIII//			
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		S\$	S\$
		新加坡元	新加坡元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	5,413,814	5,057,002
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	104,672	101,793
		5,518,486	5,158,795

31 RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

As prescribed by the Central Provident Fund Board of Singapore and Employees Provident Fund of Malaysia, the Group's employees employed in Singapore and Malaysia respectively, who are Singapore Citizens or Permanent Residents and Malaysian Citizens or Permanent Residents, are required to join the CPF and EPF scheme respectively. For the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group contributes up to 17% and 13% of the eligible employees' salaries to the CPF and EPF scheme, with each employee's qualifying salary capped at \$\$6,800 per month (2023: \$\$6,300) and no cap respectively.

The total costs charged to profit or loss, amounting to \$\\$615,672\$ for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: \$\\$587,770), represent contributions paid to the retirement benefits scheme by the Group.

As at 31 December 2024, contributions of \$\$220,259 (2023: \$\$230,081) were accrued. The amounts were paid subsequent to the end of the period.

31 退休福利計劃

新加坡中央公積金局及馬來西亞僱員公積金規定,本集團在新加坡及馬來西亞聘用來僱員如屬新加坡公民或永久居民及馬來西亞馬來西亞馬來內居民或永久居民,分別須參與中央公積金計劃。截至二零十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於中央公積金及僱員公積金計劃薪出。在上限定於每月6,800新加坡元(二零二三年:6,300新加坡元),馬來西亞僱員的合資格薪金並無上限。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 計入損益的總成本為615,672新加坡元(二 零二三年: 587,770新加坡元),乃本集團 就退休福利計劃已付的供款。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應計供款為220,259新加坡元(二零二三年:230,081新加坡元)。該等款項已於期末後支付。

綜合財務報表附註

32 RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statements of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

32 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表載列本集團自融資活動所產生負債的 變動詳情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生負債為已經或將於本集團綜合現 金流量表分類為融資活動所產生現金流量 的現金流量或未來現金流量之負債。

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 S\$ 新加坡元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 S\$ 新加坡元	Interest payable 應付利息 S\$ 新加坡元	Total 總計 S\$ 新加坡元
At 1 January 2023 Financing cash flows	於二零二三年一月一日 融資現金流量	2,859,361 (2,859,361)	1,350,167 (188,080)	(96,580)	4,209,528 (3,144,021)
Non-cash changes New lease liabilities Lease modification gain (Note 6b) Finance costs recognised (Note 7) Exchange difference	非現金變動 新租賃負債 租賃修改收益(附註6b) 已確認融資成本(附註7) 匯兑差額	- - - -	184,591 (3,506) – (20,156)	- - 96,580 -	184,591 (3,506) 96,580 (20,156)
At 31 December 2023 Financing cash flows	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 融資現金流量	-	1,323,016 (197,607)	(68,064)	1,323,016 (265,671)
Non-cash changes New lease liabilities Lease modification gain (Note 6b) Finance costs recognised (Note 7) Exchange difference	非現金變動 新租賃負債 租賃修改收益(附註6b) 已確認融資成本(附註7) 匯兑差額	- - -	124,156 (3,217) - 17,596	- - 68,064 -	124,156 (3,217) 68,064 17,596
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	=	1,263,944		1,263,944

綜合財務報表附註

33 PARTICULAR OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are set out below.

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Paid up issued capital 繳足已發行股本	Group's effective interest 本集團的 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有權益	Principal activities 主營業務
Tai Sun Holding Limited	BVI	US\$10	100%	100%	Investment holding
Tai Sun Holding Limited	英屬處女群島	10美元			投資控股
TSS TSS	Singapore 新加坡	S\$300,000 300,000新加坡元	100%	-	Packing and retailing of food products 食品包裝及零售
TSF TSF	Malaysia 馬來西亞	MYR 2,300,000 2,300,000 馬來西亞林吉特	100%	-	Producers, manufacturers of and dealers in nuts 堅果生產商、製造商及交易商
TZF TZF	Malaysia 馬來西亞	MYR 500,000 500,000 馬來西亞林吉特	100%		Producers, manufacturers of and dealers in chips 薯片生產商、製造商和交易商
TS Group Investment Limited ("TSGI")	BVI	US\$1	100%	-	Inactive
TS Group Investment Limited	英屬處女群島	1美元			暫無營運
ZC China Limited ("ZCC") ZC China Limited (「ZCC」)	Hong Kong 香港	HKD 1 1港元	100%	-	Inactive 暫無營運

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

33 附屬公司詳情

本公司於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日直接及間接持有的附屬公司詳情 載列如下。

截至年末,概無附屬公司發行任何債務證 卷。

綜合財務報表附註

34 BANKERS' GUARANTEES

34 銀行擔保

20242023二零二四年二零二三年S\$S\$新加坡元新加坡元

Bankers' guarantees with customers

銀行對客戶的擔保

The balances represent the performance guarantee provided by the Group in favour to its customers.

35 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to a share option scheme approved by a written resolution passed by the shareholder of the Company on 20 December 2018 (the "Share Option Scheme"), the Company may grant options to eligible directors of the Group, eligible employees of the Group and other selected participants, for the recognition of their contributions, to subscribe for shares in the Company with a payment of HK\$1 upon each grant of options offered, within the period of 10 years after the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

The exercise price of the share option will be not less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date (the "Offer Date") of grant of the particular option, which must be a business day;
- the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the Offer Date of the option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share on the Offer Date.

The share options are exercisable at any time during a period of not more than 10 years from the date of grant, subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, or any conditions stipulated by the Board of Directors.

有關結餘指本集團以其客戶為受益人提供的履約擔保。

35 購股權計劃

根據本公司股東於二零一八年十二月二十日通過的書面決議案所批准的購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),本公司於購股權計劃採納日期起計十年內可向本集團合資格董事、 合資格僱員及其他選定參與者授出購股權 以認購本公司股份,藉以肯定彼等的貢獻, 於每次接納所授出購股權時須支付1港元。

購股權之行使價不會低於以下最高者:

- (i) 於授出特定購股權當日(「要約日期」, 須為營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所 報的本公司股份收市價:
- (ii) 緊接購股權要約日期前五個營業日在 聯交所每日報價表所報的股份平均收 市價:及
- (iii) 於要約日期的股份面值。

購股權可於授出日期起計不超過十年之期 間內隨時行使,惟須受購股權計劃之條款及 條件或董事會所訂明之任何條件規限。

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

35 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted shall not exceed 10% of the number of shares of Company. Unless further shareholders' approval has been obtained pursuant to the conditions set out in the Share Option Scheme, no person shall be granted an option which, if all the options granted to the person (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12 months period up to the date of grant are exercised in full, would result in such person's maximum entitlement exceeding 1% of the number of issued shares of Company.

Up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements, no options have been granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no share options have been granted nor exercised and there is no outstanding share option of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

36 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

35 購股權計劃(續)

本公司可授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目 上限不得超逾本公司股份總數10%。除非已 根據購股權計劃所列條件另行取得股東批 准,否則,於直至授出日期的任何12個月期 間內,倘授予一名人士的購股權(包括已行 使及尚未行使的購股權)獲全數行使會導致 該名人士獲授股份上限超逾本公司已發行 股份數目1%,則不可向該名人士授出購股 權。

直至本綜合財務報表刊發日期,概無根據購 股權計劃授出或同意授出任何購股權。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無購股權已獲授出或行 使,而於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本公司概無尚未行使的購股權。

36 資本承擔

C/ II II / IL CO / II I / II I / I I I I I I I I I I I	Z.1.12.114	
	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	S\$	S\$
	新加坡元	新加坡元
Commitments for acquisition of property, 收購物業、廠房及設備之承擔	佐 信	
plant and equipment	24,648	537,193