

興 發 鋁 業 控 股 有 限 公 司 XINGFA ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(HKEX stock code: 98) (香港交易所股份代號: 98)



2024年報 ANNUAL REPORT

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Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEES

Directors

Executive Directors

WANG Li (Chairman)
LIAO Yuqing (Chief Executive Officer)
ZHENG Jianhua (Chief Financial Officer)
(appointed on 16 August 2024)
LAW Yung Koon
WANG Zhihua
LUO Jianfeng

Non-executive Directors

ZUO Manlun XIE Jingyun (resigned on 16 August 2024) WANG Lei (redesignated as non-executive Director on 16 August 2024)

Independent Non-executive Directors

CHEN Mo HO Kwan Yiu LAM Ying Hung, Andy WEN Xianjun

Board Committees

Audit Committee

LAM Ying Hung, Andy *(Chairman)*CHEN Mo
HO Kwan Yiu
XIE Jingyun (resigned on 16 August 2024)
WANG Lei (appointed on 16 August 2024)

Remuneration Committee

HO Kwan Yiu (Chairman) CHEN Mo LAM Ying Hung, Andy WANG Li LIAO Yuqing

董事及董事委員會

董事

執行董事

王立(主席) 廖玉慶(行政總裁) 鄭建華(財務總監)(於二零二四年 八月十六日獲委任) 羅用冠 王志華 羅建峰

非執行董事

左滿倫 謝景雲(於二零二四年八月十六日辭任) 王磊(於二零二四年八月十六日調任為 非執行董事)

獨立非執行董事

陳默 何君堯 林英鴻 文獻軍

董事委員會

審核委員會

林英鴻(主席) 陳默 何君堯 謝景雲(於二零二四年八月十六日辭任) 王磊(於二零二四年八月十六日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

何君堯*(主席)* 陳默 林英鴻 王立 廖玉慶



Corporate Information 公司資料

Nomination Committee

WANG Li (Chairman) CHEN Mo HO Kwan Yiu LAM Ying Hung, Andy ZUO Manlun

Company Secretary

PANG Wai Ho

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

WANG Li LIAO Yuqing WANG Zhihua (alternate to LIAO Yuqing)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1–1111
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

No. 5, Zone D, Central Science and Technology Industrial Park Sanshui District Foshan City Guangdong Province the PRC

提名委員會

王立*(主席)* 陳默 何君堯 林英鴻 左滿倫

公司秘書

彭韋豪

授權代表

王立 廖玉慶

王志華(廖玉慶之替任代表)

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1–1111 Cayman Islands

總辦事處及中國主要營業地點

中國 廣東省 佛山市 三水區

中心科技工業園D區5號



Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 605, 6/F Wing On Plaza 62 Mody Road Tsim Sha Tsui East Kowloon Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China Agriculture Bank of China Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

LEGAL ADVISER

As to Hong Kong law:

Hastings & Co.

As to Cayman Islands law:

Conyers Dill & Pearman

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tomatsu Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors 35/F, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍 尖沙咀東部 麼地道62號 永安廣場 6樓605室

主要往來銀行

中國銀行 中國農業銀行 中國工商銀行股份有限公司

法律顧問

香港法律:

希仕廷律師行

開曼群島法律:

Conyers Dill & Pearman

核數師

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 金鐘道88號 太古廣場一座35樓



Corporate Information 公司資料

SHARE REGISTRARS

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office in the Cayman Islands

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1–1100 Cayman Islands

Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office in Hong Kong

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716 17/F, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.xingfa.com

STOCK CODE

00098.HK

股份過戶登記處

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1–1100 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

網址

www.xingfa.com

股份代號

00098.HK



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

I am pleased to present the 2024 annual results of Xingfa Aluminium Holdings Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group", "the Company", or "Xingfa Aluminium").

In the past year of 2024, the real estate market in the PRC gradually showed signs of marginal stabilization under the continuous impact of policies. Despite certain challenges faced by the market, as one of China's leading manufacturers of aluminium profiles, the Group, under the right leadership of the board of directors, had established strong market competitiveness through flexible business strategies and solid research and development capabilities, achieving steady performance growth. In terms of the international market, with the complexity and volatility of the current international trade situation, the Group adopted a more prudent attitude when developing overseas business, and enhanced research on trade policies and market dynamics to address risks such as trade frictions and exchange rate fluctuations, thus ensuring steady growth of its overseas business.

As a leading supplier of aluminium profiles in China, the Group integrated brand building into the construction of a modern industrial system, consistently striving to strengthen and refine its service brand, continuously enhancing and improving brand management systems, and formulating a long-term brand development strategy. The Group achieved outstanding results in brand building, winning numerous high-quality landmark projects at home and abroad with its excellent reputation and services, and its products had been applied in landmark construction such as the Shanghai Jiushi International Equestrian Center(上海久事國際馬 術中心), Hangzhou Grand Convention and Exhibition Center, and Shenzhen Qianhai Financial Holdings Building(深圳前海金控大廈). The Group also continued to deepen its cooperative relationships with real estate developers with good cash flow conditions to reduce the Group's financial risks and maintain healthy cash flow, so as to sustain operational resilience amid market fluctuations. Meanwhile, the Group actively expanded its business scope, including expanding into the home decoration market, strengthening cooperation with the government on public facility projects, and accelerating the expansion of retail business to improve the level of business diversification and further enhance the Group's brand influence. Moreover, the Group placed great emphasis on digitalization and automation upgrades to enhance production efficiency, and was actively increasing production capacity in overseas by setting up production bases, establishing professional sales teams, and building overseas sales networks to improve competitiveness in overseas markets. Through a series of efforts, the Group further consolidated its leading position in the aluminium profiles industry and was moving towards a higher quality, more resilient, and more sustainable development direction.

本人欣然提呈興發鋁業控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」、「本公司」或「興發鋁業」)二零二四年之年度業績。

作為中國首屈一指的鋁型材供應商,本集團將 品牌建設融入現代化產業體系建設,始終堅持 做強做精服務品牌,不斷加強完善品牌管理制 度和制定長遠的品牌發展戰略。本集團的品牌 建設成果卓著,憑藉優質的口碑及服務,中標 多個海內外優質地標項目,產品應用於上海久 事國際馬術中心、杭州大會展中心、深圳前海 金控大廈等地標建築。本集團還不斷深化與現 金流狀況良好的房地產開發商的合作關係,以 減少本集團的財務風險,維持健康現金流,在 市場波動中保持經營韌性。同時,本集團積極 拓展業務範圍,包括拓展家裝市場、加強與政 府在公共設施項目上的合作,以及加速推進零 售業務的拓展,以提高業務多元化水平,進一 步提升本集團的品牌影響力。此外,本集團十 分重視數字化與自動化升級,以提升生產效益, 並在海外積極提升產能,設立生產基地,搭建 專業銷售團隊、構建海外銷售網絡,以提高在 海外市場的競爭力。通過一系列努力,本集團 進一步鞏固了在鋁型材行業的領先地位,正朝 著更高質量、更具韌性、更可持續的發展方向 邁维。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

In 2024, the Group continued to achieve steady growth in performance. Revenue increased by 8.7% year-on-year to approximately RMB18,854.6 million (2023: RMB17,352.6 million), and sales volume increased by 6.8% year-on-year to 809,312 tonnes (2023: 757,480 tonnes). Among them, the sales of construction aluminium profiles and industrial aluminium profiles accounted for 88.2% and 10.2% of the revenue respectively. During the year, gross profit was approximately RMB1,763.7 million (2023: RMB1,990.2 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 11.4%. Profit attributable to shareholders increased by 2.7% year-on-year to approximately RMB826 million (2023: RMB804.2 million). Despite the increasing competition in the market and the impact on gross margin during the year, the Group successfully overcame market pressure through effective cost control and production efficiency, achieving growth in profit attributable to shareholders.

Despite the numerous uncertainties in the macro environment, the Group has demonstrated strong intrinsic resilience by relying on continuous investment in research and development, advanced production processes, and ever-improving management quality and business standards. The Group has cumulatively participated in the formulation of more than 100 national and industry standards and held more than 900 valid patents. In terms of products, the Group continued to focus on innovation in aluminium profile products, striving to enhance the adaptability of products in various scenarios such as construction and industry. In terms of the market, the Group has accelerated its expansion into the home decoration and overseas markets, developing lightweight and high value-added products to meet the diversified demands of downstream sectors.

於二零二四年,本集團持續實現業績的穩健增長。營業額按年同比增長8.7%至約人民幣18,854.6百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣17,352.6百萬元),銷量按年同比增長6.8%至809,312噸(二零二三年:757,480噸)。其中,建築鋁型材及工業鋁型材銷售分別佔營業額的88.2%及10.2%。年內毛利錄得約人民幣1,763.7百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣1,990.2百萬元),同比下滑11.4%。股東應佔溢利按年上升2.7%至約人民幣826百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣804.2百萬元)。儘管市場競爭愈發激烈,年內毛利率受到影響,然而本集團通過良好的成本控制和生產效率,成功克服了市場壓力,實現股東應佔溢利的增長。

縱然宏觀環境存在諸多不確定性,本集團依托 持續的研發投入、先進的生產工藝和不斷提升 的管理品質和業務水準,展現了強大的內生韌 性。本集團累計參與了逾百項國家及行業標準 的制定,擁有有效專利超九百件。在產品方面, 本集團持續深耕鋁型材產品創新,致力于提升 產品在建築、工業等多場景的適應性。市場充 面,本集團加速佈局家裝及海外市場,開發輕 量化、高附加值產品以應對下游多元化需求。



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

In terms of business development, the Group has actively strived for China's dual carbon target, consistently adhered to the dual-engine development model of "construction profiles + industrial profiles", and continued to promote digital intelligence and green production. The Group continued to promote digital transformation, with the Zhejiang digital base as a pilot, through digitalization and automation upgrade, production efficiency has been significantly improved. Currently, the first phase of the project has been fully put into operation. At the same time, the Group's overseas projects are steadily being implemented, with the construction of production bases in Australia and Vietnam accelerating, and the global business layout is gradually improving. The Group believes that the domestic and overseas markets are expected to form a strong synergy, jointly driving the development of the Group.

業務拓展方面,本集團積極回應中國的「雙碳」 目標,始終堅持「建築材+工業材」的雙引擎發 展模式,繼續推動數智化和綠色生產。本集團 不斷推進數字化轉型,以浙江數位化基地為試 點,通過數字化與自動化升級,生產效益明期 提升。目前該項目一期已全面投產。與此同時, 本集團的海外項目穩步落地,澳大利亞及越集 團相信,海內外市場相互之間有望形成強大的 協同效應,共同驅動集團發展。

Looking ahead, we are still optimistic about China's aluminium profile industry. The policy support effect of the real estate market will be gradually released, and with the continuous advancement of green building construction, urban village renewal projects, and supporting policies for "Three Major Projects", the demand for construction aluminium profiles will be sustained in the long term. In terms of industrial aluminium profiles, the vigorous development in high-end manufacturing sectors such as the new energy revolution, photovoltaics, and communications will continue to drive the diversification and advancement of aluminium profile applications. The aluminium profile industry, as a large-scale stock market, is still full of development opportunities. The Group places great emphasis on product innovation and green development, and is expected to seize more market opportunities in future developments.

展望未來,我們仍然對中國的鋁型材行業感到樂觀。房地產市場的政策托底效應將逐步釋放,而隨著綠色建築、「城中村」改造與「三大工程」配套政策的不斷推進,建築鋁型材的需求將得到長期支撐。工業鋁型材方面,新能源革命、光伏、通訊等高端製造領域的蓬勃發展,將持續驅動鋁型材應用的多元化與高端化。鋁型材行業作為規模巨大的存量市場,仍然充滿發展機遇,而本集團十分注重產品創新和綠色發展,有望在未來發展中,把握住更多的市場機遇。



Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Finally, on behalf of the board of directors, I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to all shareholders and customers for their support. In the future, Xingfa Aluminium will continue to uphold its original aspiration, fully promote the high-quality development of the Group, and strive courageously towards the grand goal of becoming a global leader in the aluminium profile industry, continuously creating substantial and stable long-term value returns for shareholders. Thank you.

最後,本人謹代表董事會對各股東及客戶的支持表示衷心的感謝。未來,興發鋁業繼續秉持初心,全力推動集團的高質量發展,錨定成為全球鋁型材行業領軍者的宏偉目標奮勇前行,持續為股東創造豐厚且穩定長遠的價值回報,謝謝各位。

Wang Li

Chairman

Foshan, China, 26 March 2025

主席 王立

中國佛山,二零二五年三月二十六日



INDUSTRY AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Industry Review

According to the data of the National Bureau of Statistics ("NBS"), the PRC's Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") reached RMB134.9084 trillion in 2024, representing a year-on-year increase of 5.0% at constant prices. Generally, in the face of complex and severe situations such as increased external pressures and growing internal difficulties throughout 2024, the national economic operated steadily with steady progress. New advancements were made in highquality development, particularly with the timely deployment and introduction of a package of incremental policies, which effectively boosted social confidence and contributed to a significant economic rebound, successfully achieving the major objectives and tasks of economic and social development. For the real estate market, from the perspective of the whole year of 2024, although real estate sales continued the downward trend since 2022, the stabilization and recovery of the real estate market began to take effect driven by a series of regulatory policy combinations, and showed a marginal stabilization trend on a quarterly basis. In 2024, the central government continuously upgraded real estate stabilization policies, insisted on the principle of "optimization of existing stock and strict control of increment" to stabilize the real estate market from both the supply and demand sides. In particular, since the meeting of the Political Bureau held in September, multiple positive signals have shown in the real estate market. There has been a recovery in the housing demand from residents since October, and the real estate market has been on a stable and positive trend at this stage. In 2025, it is expected that the real estate market will undergo continuous recovery with the gradual implementation of a series of favorable real estate policies. According to the data of the NBS, the sales area of newly built commercial housing nationwide in 2024 was 973.85 million square meters, representing a year-on-year decrease of 12.9%. The amount of sales of newly built commercial housing nationwide was RMB9,675 billion, representing a yearon-year decrease of 17.1%. In the face of industry fluctuations and uncertainties, Xingfa Aluminium, as a major manufacturer and supplier of construction aluminum profiles in the PRC, adopted a proactive business attitude, flexibly adjusted its business principles, reinforced its cooperation with real estate developers with healthy cash flow conditions, as well as actively expanded its business scope, effectively resisted market risks, so as to maintain the Group's market competitiveness and profitability through the diversified development of the aluminium profile business.

行業及業務概覽

行業回顧

根據國家統計局(「國統局」)數據顯示,2024年 全年,我國的國內生產總值達到1,349,084億元, 按不變價格計算,同比增長5.0%。整體來看, 2024年全年在面對外部壓力加大、內部困難增 多的複雜嚴峻形勢下,國民經濟運行總體平穩、 穩中有進,高質量發展取得新進展,特別是及 時部署出臺一攬子增量政策,推動社會信心有 效提振、經濟明顯回升,經濟社會發展主要目 標任務順利完成。就房地產市場而言,從2024 年全年來看,雖然地產銷售延續2022年以來的 下跌狀態,但受系列調控政策組合拳的拉動, 房地產市場止跌回穩初見成效,分季度看則呈 現邊際回穩勢頭。2024年中央穩地產政策不斷 升級,堅持「優化存量、嚴控增量」,從供需兩 端發力穩定房地產市場。尤其自9月政治局會議 以來, 樓市已現多重積極信號。10月以來居民 購房需求有所回暖, 樓市出現階段性企穩向好 跡象。預計2025年,隨著一系列樓市利好政策 逐漸落地,房地產市場將得到持續修復。國統 局數據顯示,2024年全國新建商品房銷售面積 97,385萬平方米,同比下降12.9%;全國新建商 品房銷售額96,750億元,同比下降17.1%。面對 行業波動和不確定性, 興發鋁業作為中國主要 的建築鋁型材生產及供貨商,採取積極應變的 經營態度,靈活調整業務方針,深化與現金流 狀況良好的房地產開發商的合作關係,積極拓 展業務範圍,有效抵禦市場風險,通過鋁型材 業務的多元化發展保持本集團的市場競爭力和 盈利能力。



Business Review

Xingfa Aluminium is one of the leading aluminium profile manufacturers in the PRC and is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of aluminium profiles. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had a total of 960 valid patents, including 127 invention patents, 319 utility model patents, 514 design patents, and participated in the drafting of approximately 113 national and industrial standards. In this year, the Group ranked first among the top 10 in the "2024 Top 500 Preferred Suppliers in terms of Comprehensive Strengths in Real Estate Supply Chain • Aluminium Category" and top 3 in the "2024 Top 500 Preferred Suppliers in terms of Comprehensive Strengths in Real Estate Supply Chain • Window System Category". The Group was honoured with the titles of "2024 Benchmark of Investment Value of China Real Estate Suppliers" and was successfully included in the "5A Supplier" enterprise database of the China Real Estate Association Supply Chain Big Data Center. The Group's brand is highly recognized in the market.

In 2024, the national economy showed a stable and progressive momentum, and the real estate market underwent continuous recovery under policy-driven measures, currently in the stage of recovery and stabilization. In a challenging business environment, the Group embraced the difficulties and still adhered to the mission of "Pursuing Excellence in Quality, Serving Global Customers". With the unremitting efforts of all members of the Group, advantages on product technology and outstanding quality, the Group continued to consolidate its good brand image and market reputation in the industry.

During the twelve months ended 31 December 2024, the Group achieved revenue of RMB18,854.6 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 8.7% compared to RMB17,352.6 million in 2023. The sales volume was 809,312 tonnes, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.8% compared to 757,480 tonnes in 2023. The net profit attributable to shareholders of the Group was RMB826.0 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.7% compared to RMB804.2 million in 2023. Although the market competition was intense, the Group had fully demonstrated the inherent resilience of its business model, and improved its profitability.

業務回顧

興發鋁業是中國領先鋁型材製造商之一,主要從事製造及銷售鋁型材業務。截至2024年12月31日,本集團共有有效專利960件,其中發明專利127件,實用新型專利319件,外觀專利514件,並參與起草約113項國家和行業標準。並於今年位居「2024房建供應鏈綜合實力TOP500首選供應商 • 鋁型材類」十強榜首和「2024房建供應鏈綜合實力TOP500首選供應商 • 系統窗類」前三名,榮獲「2024房建配套供應鏈上市公司投資價值典範企業」稱號,並成功收錄入中國房地產業協會供應鏈大數據中心「5A供應商」企業庫。集團的品牌在市場中備受肯定。

2024年,國民經濟呈現穩中向好態勢,房地產市場在政策驅動下持續修復,正處于復蘇企穩階段。在艱難的營商環境下,本集團迎難而上,始終堅守「追求卓越品質,服務全球客戶」的使命,憑藉本集團同人的不懈努力、過硬的產品技術優勢和突出的品質優勢,持續鞏固本集團在業內的良好品牌形象和市場口碑。

截至2024年12月31日止十二個月,本集團實現營業收入人民幣18,854.6百萬元,較2023年的人民幣17,352.6百萬元同比增長8.7%;銷量為809,312噸,較2023年的757,480噸同比增長6.8%;歸屬於本集團股東的淨利潤為人民幣826.0百萬元,較2023年年的人民幣804.2百萬元同比增長2.7%。儘管市場競爭激烈,但本集團仍充分體現了本集團業務模式的內在韌性,盈利水平實現提升。



In terms of business development, the Group, as one of the earliest enterprises to manufacture aluminium profiles in Mainland China, specialises in the production of construction aluminium profiles and industrial aluminium profiles. In terms of construction aluminium profiles, the Group will continue to consolidate its market share and enhance its profitability. In 2024, sales revenue from construction aluminium profiles was RMB16,621.2 million (RMB14,121.8 million in the corresponding period of 2023), representing a year-onyear increase of 17.7%. Confronted with the increasing overall volatility in the construction market and pressure on order volumes, as well as the uncertain business environment, the Group adopted a prudent business strategy, which proactively chose to establish partnerships with central-government-controlled enterprises, stateowned enterprises, and real estate developers with good reputations, strong financial positions, and healthy cash flows, to reduce financial risks, so as to ensure the Group possessed healthy cash flow for stable operations and enhanced the certainty of its performance. At the same time, the Group flexibly responded to market changes, promptly adjusted strategic direction, deeply explored and expanded the home decoration market. Compared to the construction market, although the home decoration market was also affected by the macroeconomic environment and the real estate market, its demand was closely related to factors such as demographic structure and consumption concept, resulting in relatively stable market performance and certain counter-cyclical characteristics during economic downturns. In addition, the customer base in the home decoration market was broader, which was conducive to expanding the Group's market coverage, enhancing its brand influence, and further increasing market share and profitability. The Group believes that by expanding the home decoration market, it can bring the Group closer to the end market to gain an in-depth understanding of users' needs. Moreover, the coordination between the construction market and the home decoration market can help the Group diversify operational risks and seek steady growth.

業務發展方面,本集團作為中國大陸最早生產 鋁型材的企業之一,專業生產建築鋁型材、工 業鋁型材。在建築鋁型材方面,本集團將持續 鞏固市場份額並提升公司盈利能力。2024年, 來自建築鋁型材的銷售收入為人民幣16,621.2 百萬元(2023年同期為人民幣14,121.8百萬元), 同比增長17.7%。面對整體波動加劇的建築市 場和有所承壓的訂單情況,以及存在諸多不確 定性的營商環境,本集團採取謹慎的經營策略, 主動挑選與信譽良好、資金雄厚的央企、國企 以及擁有健康現金流的房地產開發商建立合作 關係,在降低財務風險,使得本集團擁有良好 現金流以穩健運營的同時,亦能提高本集團的 業績確定性。同時,本集團靈活應對市場變化, 及時轉變戰略方向,深入探索並拓展家裝市場。 相比于建築市場而言,雖然家裝市場亦受宏觀 經濟及房地產市場影響,但因其需求還與人口 結構、消費觀念等因素密切相關,市場表現相 對穩定,在經濟下行階段具有一定抗周期性。 此外,家裝市場的客戶群體更為廣泛,有利于 本集團擴大市場覆蓋面,增強品牌影響力,進 一步提高市場份額和盈利能力。本集團相信, 通過拓展家裝市場,能夠使得本集團更加貼近 終端市場,以深入了解用戶需求。同時,建築 市場與家裝市場相配合,可幫助本集團分散經 營風險,並尋求穩健增長。

To vigorously boost consumption and lead the development of new quality productivity through technological innovation, the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Finance issued the "Notice on Expanding the Implementation of Large-scale Equipment Renewal and Consumer Goods Trade-in Policy by 2025", which clearly specified the expansion of support for consumer goods trade-in and actively supported innovation in consumer goods for home decoration. The Group believes that a series of policies to promote consumption will bring new development opportunities to the home decoration market and the Group.

為大力提振消費,以科技創新引領新質生產力發展,國家發展改革委、財政部印發《關於2025年加力擴圍實施大規模設備更新和消費品以舊換新政策的通知》,其中明確擴圍支持消費品以舊換新,積極支持家裝消費品創新。本集團認為,一系列促進消費政策將為家裝市場和本集團帶來新的發展機遇。

In addition, in response to the call for national infrastructure construction and improvement of people's livelihood, and to explore commercial opportunities outside the commercial housing market, the Group continuously reinforced cooperation with the government on public facility projects such as stadiums, schools, hospitals, roads and bridges. The public facility projects not only provided performance growth opportunities to the Group, but also had a higher social value, thus enhancing the Group's social reputation. In addition, the Group accelerated the pace of expanding its retail business, continuously improved and enriched the product lines of home doors and windows. We enhanced the market penetration through the provision of door and window products that targeted at the household market, expanded the brand's influence at the retail level, and made the retail business and engineering business complement each other, jointly enhancing the Group's brand awareness.

此外,為響應國家基礎設施建設與民生改善的號召,並探索商品房市場之外的商業機會,本集團持續加強與政府在公共設施項目上的合作,如體育館、學校、醫院以及道路橋梁等。公共設施項目不僅為本集團帶來業績增長機會,共設施項目不僅為本集團帶來業績增長機會,共會聲譽。此外,本集團加速推進零售線的拓展步伐,不斷完善和豐富家居門窗產品,提會對家居市場的門窗產品,提高產品的市場滲透率,擴大品牌在零售層面的影響力,並使得零售業務和工程業務兩者相輔相成,協同發力,共同提升本集團的品牌知名度。

Apart from the construction aluminium profile business, the Group also continued to develop the industrial aluminium profile business. Industrial aluminium profiles are widely used in various industries such as new energy photovoltaics, automotive parts, durable consumer goods, medical devices, electromechanical equipment, aerospace, electronic consumer goods, and transportation, with good development prospects. In 2024, sales revenue from industrial aluminium profiles was RMB1,914.5 million (RMB2,642.8 million in the corresponding period of 2023), representing a year-onyear decrease of 27.6%. To better capture market opportunities, the Group's research and development team will continue to strengthen the research and development of industrial aluminium profile products, so as to seek to develop new products with better performance, continuously leverage the market competitive advantage accumulated through research and development, and achieve diversified business development.

除建築鋁型材業務外,本集團亦繼續深耕工業鋁型材的業務發展。工業鋁型材廣泛應用于新能源光伏、汽車零部件、耐用消費品、醫療器械、機電設備、航空航太、電子消費品、交通運輸等多個行業領域,發展前景良好。2024年,來自工業鋁型材的銷售收入為人民幣1,914.5百萬元(2023年同期為人民幣2,642.8百萬元),同比下降27.6%。為更好把握市場機遇,本集團的研發團隊將持續加強工業鋁型材產品的研發,以尋求開發出更優效能的新產品,持續發揮研發積累的市場競爭優勢,實現業務的多元化發展。



Despite the challenging market in the short term, with years of industry experience and excellent product quality, the Group has established a good brand reputation in the market and has built long-term stable cooperation with customers. The Group flexibly adjusted its business strategies to adapt to market trends and continuously strove for orders to drive the Group's long-term sustainable development. Therefore, the Group actively enhanced its production capacity to capture market opportunities. Currently, the Group has 7 production bases domestically and continuously improves the capacity layout to enhance production efficiency. In addition, the Group attaches great importance to digitalization and automation upgrades in the production process. The Group's digital and automated production base located in Zhejiang can reduce the land use scale and personnel cost, allowing for more effective use of land. Currently, the first phase of such production base has commenced its production with output gradually increasing with scale of business. The Group will align with the trend of digital transformation to enhance the quality and efficiency of the production process.

In terms of overseas business, the Group actively increased production capacity to enhance competitiveness in overseas markets such as Australia and Southeast Asia. In 2024, the equipment installation of the plant of the Group's project in Australia was officially launched, with a project planned capacity of 20,000 tonnes. The project in Vietnam was also underway in an orderly manner, and commenced the application process for the construction of the plant in the second half of 2024, with a project planned capacity of 180,000 tonnes. The Group believes that establishing professional sales teams in overseas and building overseas sales networks will effectively intensify the cooperation relationship with overseas customers. The Group is committed to realising the "zero-distance strategy" of local production, local users, and local services so as to provide higher quality and more efficient services to overseas customers, which will not only help expand the Group's business footprint in the global market, but also further consolidate the Group's industry position, propelling the Group to become a wellpositioned pioneer in this industry.

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the revenue and sales volume of the Group increased by 8.7% and 6.5% to approximately RMB18,854.6 million and 809,312 tonnes respectively (2023: RMB17,352.6 million and 757,480 tonnes respectively), of which the sales of construction aluminium profiles and industrial aluminium profiles accounted for 88.2% and 10.2% of the revenue respectively. The gross profit of the Group for the Year decreased by 11.4% year-on-year to approximately RMB1,763.7 million. The gross profit margin decreased to 9.4% (2023: 11.5%), and such decrease was mainly due to the intensified market competition during the Year. During the Year, the profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB826.0 million, representing an increase of 2.7% year-on-year.

Construction aluminium profiles

Construction aluminium profiles are surface treated aluminium profiles mainly used for the construction and installation of doors and windows, curtain walls, ceilings and blinds and other decorative products.

In 2024, the revenue of construction aluminium profiles increased by 17.7% year on year to approximately RMB16,621.2 million (2023: RMB14,121.8 million), and sales volume grew by 8.1% year on year to approximately 672,915 tonnes (2023: 622,678 tonnes).

Industrial aluminium profiles

Industrial aluminium profiles are mainly plain aluminium profiles, which can be used as container frames and other products such as new conductive profiles of urban railway locomotives and ship components. In addition, they can also be made into different forms and shapes, such as heat sinks of central processing units (CPUs) and displays and frames of consumer electronic products.

The revenue of industrial aluminium profiles decreased by 27.6% year-on-year to approximately RMB1,914.5 million (2023: RMB2,642.8 million) in 2024 while sales volume increased by 8.1% year-on-year to approximately 136,397 tonnes (2023: 126,171 tonnes).

營業額

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之營業額及銷量分別增加8.7%及6.5%至約人民幣18,854.6百萬元及809,312噸(二零二三年:分別為人民幣17,352.6百萬元及757,480噸),其中建築鋁型材及工業鋁型材銷售分別佔營業額的88.2%及10.2%。年內本集團毛利錄得人民幣1,763.7百萬元,按年減少11.4%。毛利率減少至9.4%(二零二三年:11.5%),毛利率減少主要是年內市場競爭加劇。年內,本公司擁有人應佔溢利為人民幣826.0百萬元,按年增加2.7%。

建築鋁型材

建築鋁型材是經表面處理的鋁型材,主要用作 建造及安裝門窗、幕牆、天花板及百葉窗等裝 飾成品。

於二零二四年,建築鋁型材營業額增加17.7% 至約人民幣16,621.2百萬元(二零二三年:人 民幣14,121.8百萬元),而銷量增加8.1%至約 672,915噸(二零二三年:622,678噸)。

工業鋁型材

工業鋁型材主要為光身鋁型材,可用作集裝箱的箱框,例如城市鐵路機車的新導電型材及船舶元件等;另外,亦可製成不同形式及形裝,例如中央處理器(CPU)及顯示器的散熱片及電子消費產品框架。

工業鋁型材營業額於二零二四年按年減少27.6%至約人民幣1,914.5百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣2,642.8百萬元),而銷量按年上升8.1%至約136,397噸(二零二三年:126,171噸)。



PROSPECT

Looking ahead to 2025, the real estate industry is expected to remain subdued. However, as policies serve as an important driving factor for the fluctuations in the real estate cycle, with the Central Economic Work Conference focusing on "stabilizing the property market", as well as a series of central and local policies in the future, the PRC's real estate market is expected to halt its downward trend and gradually stabilize. Nevertheless, the extent of overall market recovery and the pace of rebound depend on the strength of policies for economic stabilization and de-stocking, a cautious approach is still needed. In terms of aluminium profile industry, although the industry may show marginal adjustment trend in the short term, it is expected that with the advancement of global urbanization and the acceleration of infrastructure construction, particularly the promotion of green and energy-saving buildings, as well as the rapid development of new energy, photovoltaic, and aviation and aerospace sectors, the market demand for aluminum profiles may continuously increase due to its excellent thermal insulation and energy-saving performance. From a medium to long-term perspective, the application of aluminium profiles will become more diverse, with increasing focus on technological innovation and green development. The aluminum profile industry, as a huge stock market, is still full of development opportunities. The Group maintains a cautiously optimistic attitude toward the aluminium profile industry and its own development.

The Group firmly believes that opportunities are embedded within challenges. In face of multiple market challenges, all employees of the Group will work together, firmly believe in our mission, and consistently uphold the core values of "Customer First, Quality Foremost, Innovation Leading, Ingenious Craftsmanship". We will continuously develop products that meet market demands, while vigorously expanding the market to achieve diversification in the business model for the aluminium profile industry. In terms of construction aluminium profiles, the Group will continue to reinforce cooperation with market partners who have healthy cash flow condition, and actively explore the potential of the home decoration market and public facility projects, as well as accelerate the layout of the retail market that can precisely reach consumers. In the field of industrial aluminium profiles, the Group will also continue to develop aluminium products that are highly resilient, lightweight, and have high added value, striving to gain a competitive advantage in such market with a wide range of applications, and to build the industrial aluminum profiles business into a growth engine beyond the construction segment.

前景

展望2025年,房地產行業預計仍將處干低位運 行,但政策作為地產周期波動的重要驅動因素, 隨著中央經濟工作會議定調「穩住樓市」,以及 未來中央及地方一系列政策作用下,我國房地 產市場有望止住下跌態勢,並逐步回穩。但整 體市場的修復程度和回暖節奏取決于穩經濟和 去庫存的政策力度,仍需採取謹慎態度。鋁型 材行業方面,儘管行業短期或呈現邊際調整趨 勢,但預計隨著全球城市化進程的推進和基礎 設施建設的加速,特別是綠色建築和節能建築 的推動,以及新能源、光伏、航空航太等領域 的快速發展,鋁型材憑藉良好的隔熱性能和節 能性能,其市場需求或將繼續增長。從中長期 角度來看, 鋁型材的應用將更加多元, 亦將愈 發注重技術創新和綠色發展,鋁型材行業作為 規模巨大的存量市場,仍然充滿發展機遇,本 集團對鋁型材行業乃至自身發展抱有審慎樂觀 的態度。

In addition, to fully seize the market opportunities brought by the intensifying of global trade, the Group will make every effort to promote capacity expansion and overseas deployment to further improve the domestic and overseas sales and production networks. Domestically, the Group owned 7 production bases, among which, the production base located in Zhejiang improved its production efficiency through digital and automated technologies. With regard to overseas, the project in Australia and the project in Vietnam were underway in a smooth manner. Upon completion and put into production, these projects will further improve the Group's overseas sales layout. By then, in terms of production and sales, both domestic and overseas are expected to form strong synergies to jointly enhance the Group's industry position and brand awareness globally.

此外,為充分捕捉全球化貿易日益深化帶來的市場機遇,本集團將全力推進產能擴建與海外佈局,進一步完善國內及海外的銷售及生產網絡。國內方面,本集團擁有7個生產基地,其中位於浙江的生產基地通過數字化和自動化技術實現生產效益的提升。國外方面,澳大利亞項目及越南項目進展順利,待項目完工投產後將完善本集團的海外銷售網絡佈局。屆時,在生產及銷售方面,國內與海外均有望形成強大的協同作用,共同提高本集團在全球的行業地位和品牌知名度。

Since its establishment, the Group has upheld a spirit of seeking progress and relentlessly pursued innovation and breakthroughs with the help and support of customers, suppliers, and various business partners. In the current challenging market environment, the Group has always maintained a proactive stance. We deeply understand that challenges and opportunities coexist, and only through continuous self-innovation and market adaptation can we maintain a competitive advantage in the wave of competition. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to respond to changes in market with flexible marketing strategies, provide powerful and cost-effective products and services to customers nationwide to satisfy the customers' growing demand for products, at the same time, the Group will realise sustainable growth, so as to continuously create returns for the shareholders of the Group.

In the long run, the Group remains optimistic about the medium and long-term development of the aluminium profile industry. The aluminium profile industry, as a huge stock market, is full of development opportunities, even though the industry is facing increasing pressure in the short run. As a major participant in the PRC's aluminium profile industry, Xingfa Aluminium is confident to increase its market share and lay a solid foundation for sustainable development in the medium and long run.

長遠而言,本集團對鋁型材行業的中長線發展依然感到樂觀。雖然行業在短期面臨的壓力加大,鋁型材作為規模巨大的存量市場,仍然充滿發展機遇。作為中國鋁型材行業的主要參與者,興發鋁業有信心藉此提升市場份額,為中長線實現可持續發展奠定穩固基礎。



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The revenue and sales volume of the Group for the Year increased by 8.7% and 6.8% year-on-year to approximately RMB18,854.6 million and 809,312 tonnes respectively (2023: RMB17,352.6 million and 757,480 tonnes respectively). The growth of revenue was attributable to the increase in sales orders during the Year.

The sales volume of construction aluminium profiles and industrial aluminium profiles for the Year both increased by 8.1% to approximately 672,915 tonnes (2023: 622,678 tonnes) and 136,397 tonnes (2023: 126,171 tonnes) respectively.

The following table sets forth the details of our revenue by reportable segments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

財務回顧

營業額

於本年度,本集團之營業額及銷量按年分別增加8.7%及6.8%至約人民幣18,854.6百萬元及809,312噸(二零二三年:分別為人民幣17,352.6百萬元及757,480噸)。該營業額增長乃主要由於年內銷售訂單增加所致。

於本年度,建築鋁型材及工業鋁型材銷量分別增加8.1%至約672,915噸(二零二三年:622,678噸)及136,397噸(二零二三年:126,171噸)。

下表載列本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度按可呈報分部劃分的 營業額詳情:

		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Manufacturing and sale of aluminium profiles	生產及銷售鋁型材		
 Construction aluminium profiles 	一建築鋁型材	16,621,204	14,121,789
 Industrial aluminium profiles 	一工業鋁型材	1,914,451	2,642,811
		18,535,655	16,764,600
All other segments	所有其他分部	318,986	587,951
Total	總計	18,854,641	17,352,551

Note: Our Group's revenue from all other segments represented revenue generated from processing service contracts related to aluminium products, sale of aluminium panels, aluminium alloy, moulds and spare parts, and sale of office

premises and residential properties.

附註: 本集團來自所有其他分部的營業額指有關鋁產品之 加工服務合約、銷售鋁板、鋁合金、模具及零部件 以及銷售辦公物業及住宅物業所產生的營業額。



Gross profit and gross profit margin

The gross profit of the Group for the Year decreased by 11.4% year-on-year to approximately RMB1,763.7 million (2023: RMB1,990.2 million).

The overall gross profit margin for the Year of the Group decreased by 2.1% to 9.4% (2023: 11.5%), and the sales to production ratio decreased slightly to 98.8% (2023: 99.5%).

The following table sets forth the gross profit margin of our aluminium profiles in 2024 and 2023:

Construction aluminium profiles	建築鋁型材
Industrial aluminium profiles	工業鋁型材

The gross profit margin of construction aluminium profiles and industrial aluminium profiles decreased to 9.3% and 3.8% for the Year respectively as compared to that of 2023. The decrease in gross profit margin of construction aluminium and industrial aluminium was mainly due to the intensified competitive market.

Other income

Other income of the Group for the Year increased to approximately RMB200.9 million (2023: RMB193.7 million), which was mainly attributable to the combined effect of the increase from income from additional value-added tax input deduction, offset by the decrease in interest income for the Year.

Distribution costs

The distribution costs of the Group for the Year increased by 6.8% to approximately RMB399.4 million (2023: RMB374.1 million), which accounted for 2.1% of the revenue (2023: 2.2%). The increase was mainly due to the general increase in transportation costs and agent fee.

毛利及毛利率

於本年度,本集團之毛利按年減少11.4%至約人民幣1,763.7百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣1,990.2百萬元)。

於本年度,本集團之整體毛利率減少2.1%至9.4%(二零二三年:11.5%),而銷售生產比率略微減少至98.8%(二零二三年:99.5%)。

下表載列本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年鋁型材之毛利率:

2024	2023
2024年	2023年
9.3%	11.5%
3.8%	5.7%

較二零二三年,本年度建築鋁型材及工業鋁型材分別減少至9.3%及3.8%。建築鋁型材及工業鋁型材之毛利率減少乃主要由於市場競爭加劇所致。

其他收益

於本年度,本集團之其他收益增加至約人民幣 200.9百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣193.7百萬元),乃主要由於本年度額外增值稅進項扣減收入增加,並抵銷利息收入減少的綜合影響。

分銷成本

於本年度,本集團之分銷成本增加6.8%至約人 民幣399.4百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣374.1百 萬元),佔營業額之2.1%(二零二三年:2.2%)。 該增加主要由於運輸費及代理費總體增加所致。



Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses of the Group for the Year increased by 2.0% to approximately RMB447.9 million (2023: RMB439.3 million), which accounted for 2.4% of the revenue (2023: 2.5%). The increase was mainly due to the general increase in staff costs.

Impairment loss on trade and other receivables

The impairment loss on trade and other receivables of the Group for the Year decreased by RMB225.3 million to RMB67.9 million (2023: RMB293.2 million), which was mainly attributable to the decrease of RMB225.3 million in loss allowances provided for the creditimpaired trade receivables. Such loss allowances were provided for after considering the recoverability of trade receivables due from certain property sub-contractors as a result of adverse circumstance in construction aluminium profile industry.

Finance costs

Despite of the increase in the level of bank borrowings, finance costs remained stable at approximately RMB104.6 million for the Year (2023: RMB138.1 million) which is due to the decrease in the average interest rate of bank borrowings.

Profit for the Year and net profit margin

The profit attributable to shareholders of the Company ("**Shareholders**") for the Year increased by 2.7% year-on-year to approximately RMB826.0 million (2023: RMB804.2 million). The increase was mainly attributable to decrease in provision of impairment loss on trade and other receivables in the Year and increase in sales orders of the Group in the Year.

行政開支

因此,於本年度,本集團之行政開支增加2.0% 至約人民幣447.9百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣 439.3百萬元),佔營業額之2.4%(二零二三年: 2.5%)。該增加主要由於員工成本總體增加所致。

交易及其他應收款項減值虧損

本集團年內交易及其他應收款項減值虧損減少人民幣225.3百萬元至人民幣67.9百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣293.2百萬元),主要由於出現信貸減值的交易應收款項計提虧損撥備減少人民幣225.3百萬元。在考慮到由於建築鋁型材行業的不利情況而導致的若干物業分包商的交易應收款項的可收回性後計提上述虧損撥備。

財務成本

儘管銀行借貸增加,惟財務成本維持平穩, 為約人民幣104.6百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣 138.1百萬元),乃由於銀行借貸平均利率減少 所致。

本年度溢利及純利率

本公司股東(「**股東**」)應佔本年度溢利按年增加 2.7%至約人民幣826.0百萬元(二零二三年:人 民幣804.2百萬元)。該增加主要由於本集團於 年內對交易及其他應收款項計提減值虧損減少 及銷售訂單增加。



ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Current and quick ratios

The following table sets out our Group's current and guick ratios as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

財務狀況分析

流動及速動比率

下表載列本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日之流動及速動比率:

		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
Current ratio (Note i)	流動比率(<i>附註i</i>)	1.60	1.80
Quick ratio (Note ii)	速動比率 <i>(附註ii)</i>	1.34	1.51

Notes:

- (i) Current ratio is calculated based on the total current assets divided by the total current liabilities at the end of the year.
- Quick ratio is calculated based on the difference between the total current (ii) assets and the inventories divided by the total current liabilities at the end of the year.

Both ratios as at 31 December 2024 decreased as compared to those as at 31 December 2023. Such decreases were mainly due to the increase in current liabilities as a result of an increase in trade and other payables and bank and other borrowings as at 31 December 2024.

Gearing ratio

The following table sets out our Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

附註:

- 流動比率以年末之流動資產總值除以流動負債總額 計算。
- 速動比率以年末之流動資產總值與存貨之差額除以 (ii) 流動負債總額計算。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,兩個比率均 較截至二零二三年十二月三十一日下降。有關 下降乃主要由於截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日交易及其他應付款項以及銀行及其他借貸增 加導致流動負債增加所致。

負債比率

下表載列本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日之負債比率:

2024	2023
2024年	2023年
19.8%	24.5%

Gearing ratio (Note)

負債比率(附註)

Note: Gearing ratio is calculated based on the loans and borrowings divided by total assets and multiplied by 100%.

The gearing ratio decreased for the Year as compared to that of 2023 which was mainly due to the decrease in the balances of loans and borrowings as at 31 December 2024.

附註: 負債比率以貸款及借貸除以資產總值再乘以100% 計算。

於本年度之負債比率較二零二三年減少,乃主 要由於於二零二四年十二月三十一日的貸款及 借貸結餘減少所致。



Inventory turnover days

The following table sets out our Group's inventory turnover days during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

存貨周轉期

下表載列本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度之存貨周轉期:

2024	2023
2024年	2023年

存貨周轉期(附計) Inventory turnover days (Note)

附註: 存貨周轉期以計提撥備前之期初及期終之存貨結餘

32

Inventory turnover days is calculated based on the average of the beginning and ending inventory balance before provision for the periods divided by the total cost of sales during the years multiplied by 365 days.

平均數除以年內之銷售成本總額再乘以365日計算。

Inventory turnover days for the Year remained stable as compared to that for 2023 due to enhanced arrangement on production plans, leading to a stable inventory backlog and inventory turnover days for the Year.

本年度存貨周轉期相比二零二三年維持平穩, 乃由於生產計劃安排得到改善,令年內存貨積 壓及存貨周轉期保持穩定。

Debtors' turnover days

The following table sets out our Group's debtors' turnover days during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

應收賬款記賬期

下表載列本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度之應收賬款記賬期:

2024	2023
2024年	2023年

應收賬款記賬期(附註) Debtors' turnover days (Note)

90

Debtors' turnover days is calculated based on the average of the beginning and ending balance of trade and bills receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) for the periods divided by revenue during the years multiplied by 365 附註: 應收賬款記賬期以期初及期終之交易應收款項及應 收票據結餘(扣除呆賬撥備)之平均數除以年內之營 業額再乘以365日計算。

86

The debtors' turnover days decreased for the Year as compared to that of 2023. This was mainly because the Group tightened credit period to its debtors generally during the Year.

於本年度之應收賬款記賬期較二零二三年下降。 此乃主要因為本集團於本年度一般收緊就應收 賬款的信貸期。

Creditors' turnover days

The following table sets out our Group's creditors' turnover days during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

應付賬款記賬期

下表載列本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度之應付賬款記賬期:

2024 2023 **2024**年 2023年

Creditors' turnover days (Note)

應付賬款記賬期(附註)

80 79

Note: Creditors' turnover days is calculated based on the average of the beginning and ending balance of trade and bills payables for the periods divided by the total cost of sales during the years multiplied by 365 days.

the beginning 附註: 應付賬款記賬期以期初及期終之交易應付款項及應 divided by the 付票據結餘之平均數除以年內之銷售成本總額再乘 以365日計算。

The creditors' turnover days for the Year increased as compared to that of 2023. This was a result of Group's bargaining strategy with its suppliers to maintain the payment period in order to maintain a competitive purchase costs.

於本年度,應付賬款記賬期較二零二三年增加, 此乃由於本集團與供應商採取議價策略以保持 付款期限,從而維持具競爭力的採購成本。

Loans and borrowings

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's loans and borrowings dominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB2,877.4 million (31 December 2023: RMB3,147.5 million), of which approximately RMB564.8 million were fixed rate borrowings (31 December 2023: RMB1,146.6 million).

貸款及借貸

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之貸款及借貸以人民幣計值約為人民幣2,877.4百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣3,147.5百萬元),其中約人民幣564.8百萬元為固定利率借貸(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,146.6百萬元)。

Save for typically lower borrowing requirements in the first quarter of the Year due to holidays during the Chinese Lunar New Year, there was no seasonality in the Group's bank borrowing requirements. 除因農曆新年假期令本年度第一季度的借貸要 求通常較低外,本集團的銀行借貸要求並無季 節性。

Banking facilities and guarantee

As at 31 December 2024, the banking facilities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB14,231.2 million (31 December 2023: RMB14,176.2 million), of which approximately RMB6,420.1 million were utilised (31 December 2023: RMB4,509.0 million).

銀行信貸額度及擔保

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行信貸額度約為人民幣14,231.2百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣14,176.2百萬元), 其中約人民幣6,420.1百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣4,509.0百萬元)已動用。

No banking facilities were guaranteed by related parties of the Group.

並無銀行信貸額度已獲本集團關連方擔保。



Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure was used for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and land use rights. During the Year, our Group's capital expenditure amounted to approximately RMB955.8 million (2023: RMB980.9 million). The increase in capital expenditure during the Year was mainly due to the acquisition of equipment and land use rights for our production plants.

Capital structure

As at 31 December 2024, the Company had 420,649,134 ordinary shares of HKD0.01 each in issue. During the Year, no share of the Company was issued.

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserve of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in both short term and long term.

Certain sales and purchases of inventories of the Group are denominated in the United States ("**US**") dollars and Hong Kong ("**HK**") dollars. Furthermore, certain trade receivables, trade payables, bank balances and bank loans are denominated in US dollars and HK dollars, therefore exposing the Group to the currency risk of US dollars and HK dollars.

資本開支

資本開支乃用作購買物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權。於本年度,本集團之資本開支約為人民幣955.8百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣980.9百萬元)。本年度之資本開支增加乃主要由於購置生產廠房之設備及土地使用權。

資本結構

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司已發行420,649,134股每股面值0.01港元之普通股。於年內,本公司並無發行任何股份。

庫務政策

本集團之政策為定期監察流動資金需求及遵守 借貸契諾,以確保其維持充裕現金儲備及向大 型金融機構取得足夠的承諾資金額度,從而滿 足其短期及長遠流動資金需要。

本集團若干存貨之買賣乃以美元(「**美元**」)及港元(「**港元**」)計值。此外,由於若干交易應收款項、交易應付款項、銀行結餘及銀行貸款乃以美元及港元計值,因而令本集團面臨美元及港元貨幣風險。



CASH FLOW HIGHLIGHTS

現金流量摘要

The following table sets out our Group's cash flow highlights during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

下表截列本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日11年度之現金流量摘要:

2024

2023

		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	1,415,490	1,466,607
Interest received	已收利息	46,070	63,220
Payment for purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備之付款		
plant and equipment		(955,826)	(980,917)
Interest paid	支付利息	(128,217)	(146,135)
Net (decrease)/increase in bank borrowings	銀行借貸(減少)/增加淨額	(270,141)	648,486
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	已付本公司擁有人之股息	(245,629)	(141,047)

We generally finance our operations through internally generated cash flows and bank borrowings. Our Directors believe that on a long-term basis, our liquidity will be funded from operations and, if necessary, additional equity financing or bank borrowings.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,726.1 million (31 December 2023: RMB2,840.4 million), among which 1.8% was held in US dollars, 1.5% was held in HK dollars and the remaining balance was held in RMB.

本集團一般透過內部產生之現金流量及銀行借貸為營運提供資金。董事相信,長遠而言,本集團之流動資金將以來自營運及(如有需要)額外股本融資或銀行借貸撥資。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有現金及現金等價物人民幣2,726.1百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣2,840.4百萬元),其中1.8%以美元持有、1.5%以港元持有及餘額以人民幣持有。



SALE OF COMPLETED PROPERTIES

(i) Xingfa Plaza

"Xingfa Plaza" (興發大廈), a property project wholly-owned by the Group, is located at the northern side of Jihua Road and western side of Changang Road, Chancheng District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC. The land use rights of the property were granted for a term of 40 years expiring on 19 May 2050 for commercial service, office, culture and entertainment uses. The property comprises a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 16,961.36 sq.m. and a gross floor area of approximately 123,527.29 sq.m..

During the Year, no unit of "Xingfa Plaza" (興發大廈) had been sold and delivered. There was revenue of RMB3.7 million recognized from the sale of completed properties for the Year (2023: RMB8.1 million). As at 31 December 2024, approximately 40.3% of the saleable floor area have been delivered to the customers.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, our Group employed a total of approximately 10,035 full time employees in the PRC and Hong Kong which included management staff, technicians, salespersons and workers. In 2024, our Group's total expenses on the remuneration of employees were approximately RMB1,188.3 million, represented approximately 6.3% of the revenue of our Group. Our Group's emolument policies are formulated on the performance of individual employees, which will be reviewed regularly every year. Apart from the provident fund scheme (according to the provisions of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for Hong Kong employees), housing fund, medical insurance, unemployment insurance and other relevant insurance (according to the PRC rules and regulations for PRC employees), discretionary bonuses and employee share options are also awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance. In-house and external training programmes are provided as and when required.

出售已竣工物業

(i) 興發大廈

興發大廈(由本集團全資擁有之物業項目)位於中國廣東省佛山市禪城區季華路以北及禪港路以西。該物業之土地使用權獲授年期40年,於二零五零年五月十九日屆滿,用作商業服務、辦公、文化及娛樂用途。該物業包括一幅地盤面積約16,961.36平方米及建築面積約123,527.29平方米的土地。

於本年度,興發大廈並無出售及交付任何單元。於本年度確認竣工物業之銷售營業額人民幣3.7百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣8.1百萬元)。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,約40.3%的可銷售建築面積已交付客戶。

人力資源

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國及香港聘用合共約10,035名全職僱員,包括管理員工、技術人員、銷售人員及工人。於二零二四年,本集團之僱員薪酬總開支約為人民幣1,188.3百萬元,佔本集團營業額約6.3%。本集團之酬金政策乃按個別僱員之表現而制定金數條例之規定為香港僱員設立公積金計劃,根據中國之條例及規定為中國僱員參與住房外,大業保險及其他相關保險外,積金、醫療保險、失業保險及其他相關保險外,本集團亦會根據個別表現評估結果。本集團亦按問表現實行為發勵。本集團亦按需要提供內部及外界培訓計劃。



Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Wang Li ("Mr. Wang"), aged 46, has been an executive Director and the chairman of the Company ("Chairman") since 14 April 2022. Mr. Wang has over 19 years of working experience in investment banking, mergers and acquisitions, and operation management. Mr. Wang obtained a Bachelor's degree in Investment Economics Management from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics in 2001 and a Master's degree in Finance from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics in 2004. Mr. Wang held different positions in various banks and financial institutions during the period from June 2004 to June 2018. Mr. Wang was the general manager of the investment banking department of Guangzhou branch of China Everbright Bank (中 國光大銀行廣州分行) from May 2014 to November 2016. From November 2016 to June 2018, Mr. Wang was the general manager of Guangdong Finance Fund Management Co., Ltd.* (廣東粵財基金 管理有限公司). From June 2018 to February 2021, Mr. Wang was the assistant to general manager and head of the capital operation department of Guangdong Province Guangging Holding Group Co., Ltd.* (廣東省廣輕控股集團有限公司). Since February 2021, he has been serving as the operation management director of Guangdong Guangxin Holdings Group Co., Ltd.* (廣東省廣新控股集團有限公 司) ("Guangxin Holdings"). During his employment with Guangxin Holdings, Mr. Wang also took up the position of director in various companies invested by Guangxin Holdings, namely FSPG Hi-Tech Co., Ltd. (佛山佛塑科技集團股份有限公司), the shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000973) (from August 2021 to March 2022), Star Lake Bioscience Co. Inc. Zhaoging Guangdong* (廣東肇慶星湖生物科技股份有限公司), the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600866) (from August 2021 to April 2022), Guangdong Foodstuffs Import & Export Group Co., Ltd.* (廣東省食品進出口集團有限 公司) and Guangdong Guangxin Emerging Industries Investment Private Equity Management Co., Ltd.* (廣東廣新新興產業投資私 募基金管理有限公司). Guangxin Holdings is the holding company of Guangxin Aluminium (HK) Limited, which holds approximately 31.47% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report, and is the controlling shareholder of the Company.

董事

執行董事

王立先生(「王先生」),46歳,自二零二二年四 月十四日起擔任本公司的執行董事及主席(「主 席」)。王先生於投資銀行、併購及運營管理方 面擁有逾19年的工作經驗。王先生於二零零一 年獲上海財經大學投資經濟管理學士學位,於 二零零四年獲西南財經大學金融學碩士學位。 王先生於二零零四年六月至二零一八年六月期 間,曾於不同銀行及金融機構擔當不同職位。 王先生於二零一四年五月至二零一六年十一月 曾任中國光大銀行廣州分行投資銀行部總經 理。於二零一六年十一月至二零一八年六月, 王先生曾任廣東粵財基金管理有限公司總經 理。王先生於二零一八年六月至二零二一年二 月曾任廣東省廣輕控股集團有限公司總經理 助理兼資本運營部部長。自二零二一年二月至 今,彼擔任廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司(「廣 新控股」) 運營管理總監。於彼受僱於廣新控股 期間,王先生亦於廣新控股投資的多間公司擔 任董事職務,該等公司為(於二零二一年八月至 二零二二年三月)佛山佛塑科技集團股份有限 公司(其股份於深圳證券交易所上市,股份代 號:000973)、(於二零二一年八月至二零二二 年四月)廣東肇慶星湖生物科技股份有限公司 (其股份於上海證券交易所上市,股份代號: 600866)、廣東省食品進出口集團有限公司以 及廣東廣新新興產業投資私募基金管理有限公 司。廣新控股為香港廣新鋁業有限公司的控股 公司,於本年報日期持有本公司已發行股份約 31.47%,並為本公司控股股東。



Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Mr. Liao Yuqing ("Mr. Liao"), aged 56, is an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company. He is in charge of the sales and marketing activities of the Group and is responsible for the planning, development, implementation and evaluation of the marketing strategies of the Group. Mr. Liao joined the Group in January 1993. Prior to that, Mr. Liao was in the military between 1986 to 1991. Mr. Liao worked at the Agricultural Bank of China Jiujiang Branch from 1991 to 1992. Mr. Liao is the director of Guangdong Xingfa and an executive director of Foshan Xingfa Trading Co., Ltd., Guangdong Xingfa Precision Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Guangdong Xingfa Aoke Architecture Technology Co., Ltd., Alxin Investment Co., Ltd. (鋁信投資有限公司) and Alxin Development Co., Ltd. (鋁信發展有限公司). Mr. Liao is the son-in-law of Mr. Luo Su, the Honourable Adviser of the Group.

Ms. Zheng Jianhua ("Ms. Zheng"), aged 51, has been the chief financial officer of the Company since 30 September 2022 and has been appointed as an executive Director on 16 August 2024. Ms. Zheng is also a director of Guangdong Xingfa. Ms. Zheng has extensive experience in accounting, finance and business management. Ms. Zheng obtained a bachelor's degree in economics (majoring in accounting) from Sun Yat-Sen University in July 1999. Prior to joining the Group, she worked in various departments and subsidiaries of the group companies of Guangxin Holdings. From May 1995 to January 2002, she was a deputy manager of the finance department of 廣東陸海國際貨運代理有限公司, a subsidiary of Guangdong Foreign Trade Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd.* (廣東 省外貿開發公司). In January 2002, she served as a deputy manager of the finance department of Guangdong Foreign Trade Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd.* (廣東省外貿開發公司), and has been promoted to the manager of the finance department of Guangdong Foreign Trade Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd.* (廣東省外貿開發公司) since December 2005. She then served as the deputy head of the clearings department and the deputy head of the capital management department of Guangxin Holdings from March 2010 to June 2014. Later, she served as the deputy head of the operating management department in June 2014 and was then promoted to the head of the operating management department in September 2018. Subsequently, she was appointed as the head of the innovation and strategic management department in February 2019. She has been promoted to the general manager of the information management department since February 2020. From January 2021 to August 2022, she was promoted to the deputy general manager of the strategic management department (Group Director). Since August 2022, she has been the chief financial officer of Guangdong Xingfa.

廖玉慶先生(「廖先生」),56歲,本公司之執行董事及行政總裁。彼負責本集團銷售及市場推廣活動,並且負責規劃、開展、執行及檢討本集團之市場推廣策略。廖先生於一九九三年一月加入本集團。加入本集團前,廖先生於一九八六年至一九九一年服兵役,於一九九一年至一九九二年任職於中國農業銀行九江分行。廖先生為廣東興發之董事及佛山市興發商東東限公司、廣東興發精密製造有限公司、預東與發精密製造有限公司、有與發與科建築科技有限公司、鋁信投資有限公司及鋁信發展有限公司之執行董事。廖先生為本集團榮譽顧問羅蘇先生之女婿。

鄭建華女士(「鄭女士」),51歲,自二零二二年 九月三十日起擔任本公司的財務總監並於二零 二四年八月十六日獲委任為執行董事。鄭女士 亦為廣東興發之董事。鄭女士士具有豐富的會 計、財務及業務管理經驗。鄭女士於一九九九 年七月獲中山大學經濟學學士(會計系專業)。 她在加入本集團之前,於廣新控股之集團公司 的多個部門及旗下公司工作。自一九九五年五 月起至二零零二年一月,於廣東省外貿開發公 司屬下廣東陸海國際貨運代理有限公司擔任財 務部副經理。於二零零二年一月擔任廣東省外 貿開發公司財務部副經理,於二零零五年十二 月起升任至廣東省外貿開發公司財務部經理。 其後,於二零一零年三月至二零一四年六月期 間出任廣新控股結算中心副主任及資金管理部 副部長。其後,於二零一四年六月出任運營管 理部副部長,並於二零一八年九月獲升任為運 營管理部部長。其後,於二零一九年二月出任 創新與戰略管理部部長。自二零二零年二月起, 獲升任為資訊化管理部總經理。於二零二一年 一月至二零二二年八月期間,獲升任為戰略管 理部副總經理(集團正部長級)。自二零二二年 八月起,出任廣東興發之財務總監。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

During her employment with Guangxin Holdings, Ms. Zheng also took up the position of director in various companies invested by Guangxin Holdings, namely Guangdong Foreign Trade Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd.* (廣東省外貿開發公司) (from June 2020 to June 2022), GMG International Tendering Co., Ltd.* (國義招標公司) and 紡織股份公司 (from June 2020 to August 2022).

於彼受僱於廣新控股期間,鄭女士亦於廣新控股投資的多間公司擔任董事職務,該等公司為廣東省外貿開發公司(自二零二零年六月至二零二二年六月)、國義招標公司及紡織股份公司(自二零二零年六月至二零二二年八月)。

Mr. Law Yung Koon ("Mr. Law"), aged 67, has been appointed as an executive Director since 28 April 2009. He is responsible for the sales and marketing of our products in overseas market. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Law was the general manager of Hang Fat Aluminium Profiles Company Limited, which was the sole distributor of the Group in Hong Kong and Macau and one of the suppliers of aluminium ingots.

羅用冠先生(「羅先生」),67歲,自二零零九年四月二十八日起擔任執行董事,負責本集團產品於海外市場之銷售及市場推廣。於加入本集團前,羅先生為恒發鋁型材有限公司之總經理,該公司為本集團於香港及澳門之唯一分銷商,並為鋁錠供應商之一。

Mr. Wang Zhihua ("Mr. Wang"), aged 54, has been appointed as an executive Director since 1 March 2008. Prior to joining the Group in January 2003, from 1992 to 1997, Mr. Wang worked at Guanglian Industrial Co., Ltd. and the Guangzhou Branch of Huaxia Securities Co., Ltd. Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in statistics from the Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics in 1992. Mr. Wang is also an executive director of Xingfa Aluminium (Chengdu) Co., Ltd..

王志華先生(「王先生」),54歲,自二零零八年 三月一日起獲委任為執行董事。二零零三年 一月加入本集團前,王先生自一九九二年至 一九九七年於廣聯實業有限公司及華夏證券有 限公司廣州分公司工作。王先生於一九九二年 獲頒發江西財經大學統計學學士學位。王先生 亦為興發鋁業(成都)有限公司之執行董事。

Mr. Luo Jianfeng ("Mr. Luo"), aged 53, has been appointed as an executive Director since 16 April 2018. Mr. Luo has approximately 32 years of experience in accounting and finance. He worked in (i) Shunde City Accounting Firm from July 1993 to March 1996; (ii) Guangdong Dezheng Accounting Firm with Limited Liability from April 1996 to December 2001; (iii) Guangdong Gongcheng Accounting Firm from January 2002 to December 2007. He then worked in Foshan City Zhongzhengcheng Accounting Firm Co., Limited as a certified public accountant from January 2008 to April 2016. In addition, Mr. Luo was the independent non-executive director of Bestsun Energy Co. Ltd. (百川能源股份有限公司) (stock code: 600681), the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, from June 2009 to June 2015. Mr. Luo obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from Guangdong University of Business Studies in the PRC in June 1993 and is a non-practising member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Luo is an executive director of China Lesso Group Holdings Limited (中國聯塑集團控股有限公司) (stock code: 2128) ("China Lesso"), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and a substantial shareholder of the Company. He is also a director/general manager/ supervisor of various companies in China Lesso and its subsidiaries ("China Lesso Group").

羅建峰先生(「羅先生」),53歲,自二零一八年 四月十六日起擔任執行董事。羅先生於會計及 財務方面擁有約32年經驗,(i)於一九九三年七 月至一九九六年三月任職於順德市會計師事務 所;(ii)於一九九六年四月至二零零一年十二月 任職於廣東德正有限責任會計師事務所;(iii)於 二零零二年一月至二零零七年十二月任職於廣 東公誠會計師事務所。彼其後於二零零八年一 月至二零一六年四月任職於佛山市中正誠會計 師事務所有限公司(擔任註冊會計師)。此外, 羅先生曾於二零零九年六月至二零一五年六月 在百川能源股份有限公司(股份代號:600681, 其股份於上海證券交易所上市)出任獨立非執 行董事。羅先生於一九九三年六月取得中國廣 東商學院的經濟學學士學位,現為中國註冊會 計師協會非執業會員。羅先生為中國聯塑集團 控股有限公司(「中國聯塑」,其股份於香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市(股份代 號:2128),為本公司一名主要股東)之執行董 事。彼亦為中國聯塑及其附屬公司(「中國聯塑 集團」)內多間公司之董事/總經理/監事。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zuo Manlun ("Mr. Zuo"), aged 52, has been appointed as a non-executive Director since 16 April 2018. Mr. Zuo has approximately 25 years of experience in the industry of plastic pipe. Mr. Zuo has extensive business management experience. He is the chief executive officer of China Lesso Group and was appointed as an executive director of China Lesso in February 2010. He is also a director/general manager/supervisor of various companies in China Lesso Group. Mr. Zuo's expertise was recognised by several awards including "Outstanding Worker of the Plastic Industry in the PRC" accredited by China Plastics Processing Industry Association in 2009 and "Senior Plastic Product Engineer (Technical Entrepreneur)" accredited by Guangdong Human Resources and Social Security Department in 2019.

Mr. Wang Lei, aged 55, is a senior engineer, was appointed as an executive Director on 4 August 2021 and has been re-designated as a non-executive Director on 16 August 2024. Mr. Wang obtained his bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from University of Science and Technology Beijing(北京科技大學) and master's degree in business administration from Central South University(中 南大學) in 1991 and 2004 respectively. He has extensive business management experience. Mr. Wang was the executive president of Guangzhou Zhongyong Group Co., Ltd.*(廣州市中庸集團有限 公司) from 2005 to 2006 and the general manager of Guangdong Venture Capital Group Co., Ltd.*(廣東省風險投資集團有限公司) stationed in Guangdong Hongli Machinery Co., Ltd.*(廣東泓利機 器有限公司) from 2006 to 2009. Since 2009, Mr. Wang has served various group companies of Guangdong Guangxin Holdings Group Ltd.*(廣東廣新控股集團有限公司)("Guangxin Holdings"). He was the vice president of FSPG Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.(佛山佛塑科技集 團股份有限公司), the shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000973), from 2009 to 2016 and was a member of the party committee of FSPG Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.. From 2016 to 2017, Mr. Wang served as the deputy director of the operation department of Guangxin Holdings and the deputy general manager of Guangxin Maritime Heavy Industry Co., Ltd.*(廣新海 事重工股份有限公司). He was also the chairman and secretary of the party committee of Guangdong Guangging Metal Technology Co., Ltd.*(廣東廣青金屬科技有限公司) as well as the executive director of Guangdong Guangqing Metal Rolling Company*(廣東廣 青金屬壓延公司) from 2017 to 2020. From 2020 to present, he is a director of Guangxin Shengte Investment Co., Ltd.*(廣東廣新盛特 投資有限公司).

非執行董事

左滿倫先生(「左先生」),52歲,自二零一八年四月十六日起擔任非執行董事。左先生於塑料管行業擁有約25年經驗。左先生擁有豐富之業務管理經驗。彼為中國聯塑集團行政總裁及於二零一零年二月獲委任為中國聯塑執行董事。彼亦為中國聯塑集團內多間公司之董事/總經理/監事。左先生之專業曾獲多個獎項認可,包括於二零零九年獲中國塑料加工工業協會評為「中國塑料行業先進工作者」及於二零一九年獲廣東省人力資源及社會保障廳認證為「高級塑料產品工程師(技術企業家)」。

王磊先生,55歳,正高級工程師,於二零二一 年八月四日擔任執行董事並於二零二四年八 月十六日調任為非執行董事。王先生分別於 一九九一年及二零零四年獲北京科技大學機械 工程學士學位及中南大學工商管理碩士學位。 彼擁有豐富的業務管理經驗。王先生曾於二零 零五年至二零零六年任廣州市中庸集團有限公 司執行總裁,並於二零零六年至二零零九年任 廣東省風險投資集團有限公司派駐廣東泓利機 器有限公司總經理。自二零零九年起,王先生 曾任職於廣東廣新控股集團有限公司(「廣新控 股」)旗下多間集團公司。彼曾於二零零九年至 二零一六年任佛山佛塑科技集團股份有限公 司(其股份於深圳證券交易所上市(股份代號: 000973))副總裁,曾為佛山佛塑科技集團股份 有限公司黨委委員。於二零一六年至二零一七 年,王先生曾任廣新控股運營部副部長兼任廣 新海事重工股份有限公司副總經理。彼亦曾於 二零一七年至二零二零年任廣東廣青金屬科技 有限公司董事長及黨委書記以及廣東廣青金屬 壓延公司執行董事。自二零二零年至今,彼擔 任廣東廣新盛特投資有限公司董事。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Mo ("Mr. Chen"), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 29 February 2008. He obtained the lawyer qualification certificate issued by the Guangdong Provincial Department of Justice in June 1989. Mr. Chen has been a practicing lawyer in the PRC since 1993 and has been a partner of (i) Goldsun Law Firm (國信聯合律師事務所) from 1998 to 2011; and (ii) Guangdong King & Land Law Firm(廣東君厚律師 事務所) from 2011 to March 2019. Mr. Chen was admitted as a lawyer by the Department of Justice of Guangdong Province in June 1989 and obtained三級律師資格(Third Grade Lawyer) from the Department of Personnel of Guangdong Province in 1999. Mr. Chen graduated from the Political Education Department of South China Normal University (華南師範大學) in 1986. He has been granted the《律師從事證券法律業務資格證書》(Certificate of Engaging in Securities Law Business) jointly by the Ministry of Justice and China Securities Regulatory Commission in 1996, the《律師從事集體科 技企業產權界定法律業務資格證書》(Certificate of Engaging in Delimitation of Property Rights of Collective Science and Technology Enterprises) jointly by the Ministry of Justice, the Ministry of Science and Technology of the PRC and the State-owned Asset supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council in 1998, and the《上市公司獨立董事培訓結業證》(Certificate of Completion of Training on Independent Directors of Listed Companies) by the China Securities Regulatory Commission and the School of Management of Fudan University jointly in 2001. Mr. Chen joined Guangdong Lianyue Law Firm (廣東連越律師事務所) in April 2019.

獨立非執行董事

陳默先生(「陳先生」),60歲,於二零零八年二 月二十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於 一九八九年六月獲得廣東省司法廳頒發的律師 執業資格證書。陳先生自一九九三年起為中國 執業律師,及由(i)一九九八年至二零一一年為 國信聯合律師事務所合夥人;及(ii)二零一一年 至二零一九年三月為廣東君厚律師事務所合夥 人。陳先生於一九八九年六月獲委任為廣東省 司法廳律師,其後於一九九九年獲得廣東省人 事廳三級律師資格。陳先生於一九八六年畢業 於華南師範大學政治教育系,於一九九六年獲 司法部及中國證券監督管理委員會聯合頒發《律 師從事證券法律業務資格證書》,於一九九八年 獲司法部、中國科學技術部及國務院國有資產 監督管理委員會頒發《律師從事集體科技企業 產權界定法律業務資格證書》,於二零零一年獲 中國證券監督管理委員會及復旦大學管理學院 聯合頒發《上市公司獨立董事培訓結業證》。陳 先生於二零一九年四月加入廣東連越律師事務



Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Dr Hon Junius K. Y. Ho, JP (何君堯) **("Junius")**, is a Senior Partner of Messrs K.C. Ho & Fong, Solicitors & Notaries where he is the head of the Litigation and Commercial Department.

何君堯博士,太平紳士,(「何君堯」),是何君 柱律師樓的高級合夥人之一,主理訴訟及商業 部門。

Having studied at Anglia Ruskin University in the United Kingdom (formerly known as the Chelmer Institute of Higher Education), Junius obtained his Bachelor of Laws in 1984. He then enrolled at the University of Hong Kong to complete his Post-graduate Certificate in Laws study. In 2019, Junius was awarded an Honorary Doctorate in Law by the China University of Political Science and Law in recognition of his "outstanding contribution and achievements in the legal sector."

何君堯於1984年畢業於英國州瑪高等教育學院 (即現今的安格裡亞魯斯金大學),取得榮譽法 律學士學位後,回港攻讀香港大學專業法律文 憑課程。何君堯於2019年獲中國政法大學頒授 法學榮譽博士學位,以表彰他「為法律界作出的 傑出貢獻和成就」。

Junius was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong in 1988. He was subsequently admitted in Singapore, and England and Wales in 1995 and 1997, respectively. In 2003, he was appointed as a China-Appointed Attesting Officer. In 2022, he was also admitted as a lawyer of the People's Republic of China (Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area).

何君堯於1988年取得香港執業律師資格,其後分別在1995年及1997年取得新加坡和英國及威爾斯律師資格,2003年被委任為中國委託公證人,2022年取得中華人民共和國律師執業證(粵港澳大灣區)。

Over the 30 years of his career, Junius' commitment to serving the community and contributing to the economic co-operation between Hong Kong and Mainland China has never wavered. Furthermore, other than serving as a legal practitioner, Junius also serves on various government and public boards as follows:

何君堯在過去三十多年期間,一直持之以恒,專注為客戶服務,累積得來的豐富法律經驗,亦應用於社區服務和促進香港及內地法律合作的交流與發展。另一方面,何君堯亦熱心公共事務,出任多個政府及不同社區機構的公職,其中包括如下:

- Member of the 14th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (since 2023);
- 1. 中國人民政治協商會議第十四屆全國委員會委員(2023至今);
- 2. Member of Legislative Council of HKSAR (since 2016);
- 2. 香港特別行政區立法會議員(2016至今);
- 3. Representative of the non-governmental organization (IPLSA) granted Special Consultative Status by the United Nations Economic and Social Council (since 2022);
- 3. 獲聯合國經濟及社會理事會授予特別諮 商地位的非政府組織(IPLSA) 代表(2022 至今);
- 4. Bronze Bauhinia Star from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (since 2023);
- 4. 香港特別行政區政府銅紫荊星章(2023 至今);
- 5. Justice of the Peace of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (since 2016);
- 5. 香港特別行政區太平紳士(2016至今);
- 6. New Territories Justice of the Peace of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (since 2016);
- 6. 香港特別行政區新界太平紳士(2016 至 今);
- 7. Accredited Speaker on National Security Education, Supervisor and Co-Ordinator for the Curriculum of the National Security Education, Chairman of the Examination Board of the National Security Education (since 2022);
- 7. 國家安全教育認可導師,國安教育課程 總監及評審委員會主席(2022 至今);

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Ex-officio Executive Councilor of Heung Yee Kuk (since 2016); 新界鄉議局當然執行委員(2016至今); 8. 9. Indigenous Village Representative of Leung Tin Village (2011– 新界屯門良田村原居民村代表(2011-9. 2023): 2023); 仁愛堂主席及董事(1993-1997)及現任 10. Director and Chairman of Yan Oi Tong (1993–1997) and 10. Advisory Board Member of Yan Oi Tong (since 1997); 諮議局成員(1997至今); Founder of Butterflyers Association Limited (a charitable 匯蝶公益創辦人(2010至今); 11. 11. organization) (since 2010); 12. Founder and Chairman of International Probono Legal 國際公益法律服務協會(IPLSA) 創辦人及 12. Services Association Limited ("IPLSA") (since 2018); 主席(2018至今); 13. Spokesman of New Territories Concern Group (since 2013); 13. 新界關注大聯盟發言人(2013至今); Member of the 14th National Committee of the Chinese 中國人民政治協商會議第十四屆全國委 14. 14. People's Political Consultative Conference (since 2023); 員會委員(2023至今); 中國國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會香港仲裁 Arbitrator of China International Economic and Trade 15. 15. Arbitration Commission Hong Kong Arbitration Centre (2021 中心仲裁員(2021至2026); to 2026); 16. Arbitrator of Guangzhou Arbitration Commission (since 16 廣州仲裁委員會仲裁員(2021至今); 2021); 17. Arbitrator of Zhaoqing Arbitration Committee (since 2021); 17. 肇慶仲裁委員會仲裁員(2021至今); 華南國際經濟貿易仲裁委員會(深圳國 18. Arbitrator of South China International Economic and Trade 18. Arbitration Commission (Shenzhen Court of International 際仲裁院)仲裁員(2012至今); Arbitration) (since 2012); Special Adviser of "One Belt One Road" Legal Services 19 廣東省律師協會一帶一路法律服務研究 Research Centre of the Guangdong Lawyers Association 中心香港特邀顧問(2017至今); (since 2017); Expert of Compliance Expert Think Tank of Guangzhou 廣州粵港澳大灣區企業廉潔與合規管 20. 20. Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Federation for 理聯合會「合規專家智庫」專家(2022 至 Enterprise Compliance and Anti-corruption (since 2022); 今); 21. Trainer of National Security Education (Train the Trainers) 21. 國家安全教育課程認可導師班導師(2022 Course (since 2022); 至今); 22. President of the Foreign Legal Services Branch of Guangzhou 22. 廣州市律師協會涉外法律服務分會會長 Lawyers Association (2024); (2024);

Advisor of the Dongguan Foreign-related Rule of Law

Research Association of the Dongguan Law Society (2024);

23.

23.

顧問(2024);

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- 24. Member of the Office of Rule of Law of the Guangdong Provincial Party Committee (2023–2028);
- 25. Part-time Tutor of Master of Public Administration, China University of Labor Relations (2018–2021);
- 26. Independent Director of Hong Kong Football Association (2011–2019);
- 27. Member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of Huangpu District, Guangzhou (2013–2021);
- 28. Elected Member of Lok Tsui District of Tuen Mun District Council (2016–2019);
- 29. Member of the Council of Lingnan University of Hong Kong (2015–2021);
- 30. Past President (2011–2012) and Council Member (1995–2017) of the Law Society of Hong Kong;
- 31. Member of the Panel of Adjudicators of the Obscene Articles Tribunal (2013–2022);
- 32. Member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Guangzhou Committee (2022–2023);
- 33. Visiting Professor at the Law School of Jinan University (since 2024); and
- 34. Solicitor of Honour of the Law Society of Hong Kong (2024).

Mr. Lam, Ying Hung Andy ("Mr. Lam"), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 29 February 2008. He is an associate member of various professional organisations, namely The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, The Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries and The Hong Kong Institute of Bankers. Mr. Lam is also a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He obtained his master's degree in professional accounting from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Lam has over 30 years of experience in the accounting, banking and finance sectors and currently is the managing consultant of Lontreprise Consulting Limited. Mr. Lam was also the president of Dragon Junior Chamber, a local chamber affiliated with Junior Chamber International Hong Kong in 2004 and was elected as the national vice president of the Junior Chamber International Hong Kong in 2005. He is currently an independent non-executive director of each of Litu Holdings Limited (formerly known as Brilliant Circle Holdings International Limited) (stock code: 1008), Synertone Communication Corporation (stock code: 1613) and Weiye Holdings Limited (stock code: 1570), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

- 24. 廣東省黨委法治辦公室委員(2023-2028);
- 25. 中國勞動關係學院公共管理碩士專業學 位研究生校外前導師(2018-2021):
- 26. 香港足球總會獨立前董事(2011-2019);
- 27. 中國人民政治協商會議廣州市黃埔區委員會前委員(2013至2021);
- 28. 新界屯門區議會樂翠區前區議員(2016—2019);
- 29. 香港嶺南大學前校董(2015-2021);
- 30. 香港律師會前會長(2011-2012)及前理 事(1995-2017);
- 31. 管制淫褻及不雅物品審裁小組前委員 (2013-2022);
- 32. 中國人民政治協商會議廣州市委員會前 委員(2022至2023);
- 33. 暨南大學法學院客座教授(2024至今); 以及
- 34. 香港律師會榮譽律師(2024)。

林英鴻先生(「林先生」),60歲,於二零零八年 二月二十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。林先 生為多家專業機構之會員,包括英國特許秘書 及行政人員公會、香港公司秘書公會及香港銀 行學會,亦是英國特許公認會計師公會及香港 會計師公會資深會員。林先生在香港理工大學 取得專業會計碩士學位,擁有逾30年會計、銀 行和金融行業經驗,目前為龍企諮詢有限公司 之首席顧問。林先生於二零零四年擔任騰龍青 年商會會長,該商會是國際青年商會香港總會 之地方分支機構,並於二零零五年獲選為國際 青年商會香港總會副會長。彼目前為力圖控股 有限公司(前稱為貴聯控股國際有限公司)(股 份代號:1008)、協同通信集團有限公司(股份 代號:1613)及偉業控股有限公司(股份代號: 1570)之獨立非執行董事,該等公司股份均於 聯交所主板上市。

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Mr. Wen Xianjun ("Mr. Wen"), aged 62, graduated from Central South University (中南大學) with a bachelor of engineering majoring in metallic materials in July 1984 and Beijing Non-Ferrous Research Institute* (北京有色金屬研究總院) with a master of engineering majoring in metallic materials in June 1990. Mr. Wen has approximately over 37 years of experience in the industry of non-ferrous metals. He successively served as an associate engineer of Beijing Non-Ferrous Research Institute* (北京有色金屬研究總 院) from 1984 to 1987, an engineer of the technology department of China National Non-ferrous Metals Industry Corporation* (中國 有色金屬工業總公司) from 1990 to 1992, a deputy director and a senior engineer of Development and Exchange Centre of China Nonferrous Metals Industry Technology* (中國有色金屬技術開發交 流中心) from 1992 to 1996, a deputy director of the investment and operations department and a senior engineer of China National Nonferrous Metals Industry Corporation* (中國有色金屬工業總公司) from 1996 to 1998, the deputy head, a director level consultant and a senior engineer of Industry Administration Department of the State Non-ferrous Metals Industry Administration of the People's Republic of China* ("PRC") (國家有色金屬工業局行業管理司) from 1998 to 2000, as well as the director of CPC Central Enterprise Working Committee (中央企業工委) from January 2001 to March 2001. He also served as the chairman of China Non-ferrous Metals Processing Industry Association* (中國有色金屬加工工業協會) from 2010 to 2017, and has successively served as the deputy head of industry coordination department, head of the aluminium department, and the vice chairman of China Non-ferrous Metals Industry Association* (中國有色金屬工業協會) from April 2001 to April 2021.

文獻軍先生(「文先生」),62歲,於一九八四年 七月畢業於中南大學,取得工學學士學位,主 修金屬材料,於一九九零年六月畢業於北京有 色金屬研究總院研究生部,取得工學碩士學位, 主修金屬材料。文先生於有色金屬行業擁有逾 37年經驗。彼自一九八四年至一九八七年擔任 北京有色金屬研究總院助理工程師,自一九九 零年至一九九二年擔任中國有色金屬工業總公 司科技局工程師,自一九九二年至一九九六年 擔任中國有色金屬技術開發交流中心副處長及 高級工程師,自一九九六年至一九九八年擔任 中國有色金屬工業總公司投資經營部副處長及 高級工程師,自一九九八年至二零零零年擔任 中華人民共和國(「中國」)國家有色金屬工業局 行業管理司副處長、正處級調研員及高級工程 師,自二零零一年一月至二零零一年三月擔任 中央企業工委處長。彼亦自二零一零年至二零 一七年擔任中國有色金屬加工工業協會理事長, 並自二零零一年四月至二零二一年四月於中國 有色金屬工業協會相繼擔任行業協調部副主任、 鋁部主任及副會長。



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Mr. Wen has served as an independent director in various listed companies. From August 2008 to July 2021, he served as an independent non-executive director of China Zhongwang Holdings Limited (中國忠旺控股有限公司) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1333, and was delisted from the Stock Exchange in April 2023). He served as an independent director of Henan Zhongfu Industrial Co., Ltd. (河南 中孚實業股份有限公司)(a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600595) from October 2009 to November 2015 and since November 2021, an independent director of Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd.(寧夏東方鉭業股份有限公司) (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000962) from April 2011 to October 2014, an independent director of Wanbangde Pharmaceutical Holding Group Co., Ltd. (萬邦德醫藥 控股集團股份有限公司)(previously named as Zhejiang Dongliang New Material Co., Ltd.(浙江棟樑新材股份有限公司)) (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002082) from May 2011 to September 2013, an independent director of Jiaozuo Wanfang Aluminum Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (焦作萬方鋁業股份有 限公司)(a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000612) from July 2013 to February 2016, an independent director of ZYF Lopsking Aluminium Co., Ltd(中億豐羅普斯金材料 科技有限公司)(previously named as Suzhou Lopsking Aluminium Co. Ltd.(蘇州羅普斯金鋁業股份有限公司)) (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002333) from October 2013 to December 2014. He has served as an independent director of Henan Shenhuo Coal & Power Co., Ltd.(河南神火煤電股份有 限公司)(a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000933) since May 2020, an independent non-executive director of China Hongqiao Group Limited(中國宏橋集團有限公司) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 1378) since March 2021, an independent director of Zhejiang Hailiang Co., Ltd(浙江海亮股份有限公司)(a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002203) since September 2021 and an independent non-executive director of Nanshan Aluminium International Holdings Limited(南山鋁業國際控股有限 公司)(a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 2610) since March 2025.

文先生曾於多家上市公司擔任獨立董事。彼於 二零零八年八月至二零二一年七月擔任中國忠 旺控股有限公司(聯交所主板上市公司,股份代 號:1333,並於二零二三年四月從聯交所除牌) 的獨立非執行董事。彼於二零零九年十月至二 零一五年十一月及自二零二一年十一月起擔任 河南中孚實業股份有限公司(上海證券交易所 上市公司,股份代號:600595)的獨立董事,二 零一一年四月至二零一四年十月擔任寧夏東方 鉭業股份有限公司(深圳證券交易所上市公司, 股份代號:000962)的獨立董事,二零一一年 五月至二零一三年九月擔任萬邦德醫藥控股集 團股份有限公司(前稱浙江棟樑新材股份有限 公司)(深圳證券交易所上市公司,股份代號: 002082)的獨立董事,二零一三年七月至二零 一六年二月擔任焦作萬方鋁業股份有限公司(深 圳證券交易所上市公司,股份代號:000612)的 獨立董事,二零一三年十月至二零一四年十二 月擔任中億豐羅普斯金材料科技有限公司(前 稱蘇州羅普斯金鋁業股份有限公司)(深圳證券 交易所上市公司,股份代號:002333)的獨立 董事。彼自二零二零年五月起擔任河南神火煤 電股份有限公司(深圳證券交易所上市公司,股 份代號:000933)的獨立董事,自二零二一年 三月起擔任中國宏橋集團有限公司(聯交所主 板上市公司,股份代號:1378)的獨立非執行董 事,自二零二一年九月起擔任浙江海亮股份有 限公司(深圳證券交易所上市公司,股份代號: 002203)的獨立董事及自二零二五年三月起擔 任南山鋁業國際控股有限公司(聯交所主板上 市公司,股份代號:2610)的獨立非執行董事。



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Senior Management

Mr. Lin Yan ("Mr. Lin"), aged 56, is the deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group. Prior to joining Xingfa Aluminium, Mr. Lin worked in a state-owned enterprise, Guangdong Metals & Minerals Import & Export Group Corporation (廣東省五金礦產進出口集團公司), with more than 20 years of experience in international trade. He was awarded a certificate of Economist by Ministry of Human Resources of the PRC in 1996. Mr. Lin held a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Jinan University, the Degree of Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA) at South China University of Technology.

Mr. Liu Yuntang, aged 56, is the deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group. Mr. Liu Yuntang joined Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium Profiles Factory in 1993. Prior to joining the Group in October 1993, Mr. Liu Yuntang worked at Nanhai Guangdong Cable Factory Co., Ltd. from 1991 to 1993. Mr. Liu Yuntang was granted a bachelor's degree in engineering by the Guangdong Mechanics Institute in 1991. He was certified as assistant engineer in 1993 by the Nanhai City Science Technology Committee and certified as engineer in 2001 by the Foshan City Human Resources Bureau. He was awarded as senior engineer by Guangdong Human Resources and Social Security Department on 4 May 2015, and was granted a senior Executive Master in Business Administration Degree by Sun Yat-sen University on 29 December 2015. On 15 December 2020, he was awarded as Intermediate Certified Safety Engineer by Human Resources and Social Security Department of the PRC.

高級管理人員

林嚴先生(「林先生」),56歲,擔任廣東興發集團之副總經理。林先生加入興發鋁業前,於大型國有企業廣東省五金礦產進出口集團公司工作,有二十多年從事國際貿易的的經驗。彼於一九九六年獲全國人力資源部經濟師資格。林先生持有暨南大學經濟學學士學位,華南理工大學高級工商管理碩士學位(EMBA)。

^{*} 僅供識別

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Mr. Chen Wensi ("Mr. Chen"), aged 54, is the deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group. Mr. Chen joined Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium Profiles Factory in 1997. Prior to joining the Group in January 1997, Mr. Chen worked for Guangdong Chang'e Thermal Insulation Container Factory (廣東嫦娥保溫器皿廠) from 1995 to 1996. Mr. Chen graduated from Guangzhou Zhongkai Institute of Agricultural Technology (廣州仲愷農業技術學院) in 1995. He was qualified as a senior engineer in mechanical engineering in 2018. He is also a member of the Measurement Technology Committee of China Non-ferrous Metals Industry Association and an expert of the Expert Committee of China Non-ferrous Metals Processing Industry Association. Mr. Chen has participated in the development, management and standardization of scientific research projects from various national, provincial, municipal and district governments. He has won 5 excellence awards in patents in China. 3 first prizes of the excellence awards in technical standards by the National Non-ferrous Metals Standardization Technical Committee, and 2 progress awards in science and technology by Guangdong Province. On 4 November 2020, he was awarded as senior engineer in metal pressure processing by Foshan Science and Technology Association (佛山市科 學技術協會).

陳文泗先生(「陳先生」),54歲,廣東興發集團 之副總經理。陳先生於一九九七年加入廣東興 發鋁型材廠。一九九七年一月加入本集團前, 陳先生於一九九五年至一九九六年任職於廣東 嫦娥保溫器皿廠。陳先生於一九九五年畢業於 廣州仲愷農業技術學院,於二零一八年獲機械 工程高級工程師資格,兼任中國有色金屬工業 協會計量技術委員會委員及中國有色金屬加工 工業協會專家委員會專家。陳先生參與多項國 家、省、市、區各級政府科研項目開發管理工 作及標準編製工作,獲中國專利優秀獎5項、全 國有色金屬標準化技術委員會技術標準優秀獎 一等獎3項、廣東省科技進步獎2項等多項科技 獎勵。於二零二零年十一月四日,彼獲得由佛 山市科學技術協會授予的金屬壓力加工教授級 高級工程師。

Mr. Guan Dubiao ("Mr. Guan"), aged 54, is the deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group. Mr. Guan is a senior Economist and is currently the council member of Foshan City CPA Institute and Foshan City Association of Chief Financial Officers. His education background is undergraduate, studying business management (accounting) and economic management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Guan started his accounting career in the business department of Foshan Nanzhuang Economic Development Company. Subsequently, Mr. Guan served as different important financial positions, such as chief accountant, chief of finance, etc., within several group companies of Foshan Nanzhuang Economic Development Company. Mr. Guan joined the Group in 1999 as deputy head of finance department and chief accountant and subsequently promoted as head of finance department. He was further promoted as deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group since September 2011.

關道標先生(「關先生」),54歲,廣東興發集團之副總經理。關先生為一名高級經濟師,現任佛山市會計學會及佛山市總會計師協會常務理事。學歷:本科,攻讀企業管理(財會類)專業和經濟管理專業。加入本集團前,關先生於明山南莊經濟發展總公司經營部任會計工作,其後在佛山南莊經濟發展總公司之下屬多間務。關先生於一九九九年加入本集團並任職財務。關先生於一九九九年加入本集團並任職財務。關先生於一九九九年加入本集團並任職財務部副部長兼主管會計,其後升任至財務部部長,二零一一年九月升任為廣東興發集團之副總經理。



Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

Mr. Wu Xi Kun ("Mr. Wu"), aged 53, is the deputy general manager of Guangdong Xingfa Group since 12 May 2020. Mr. Wu obtained Bachelor of Material Science and Engineering from Guangdong Industrial University in the PRC and joined Guangdong Xingfa Group in July 1994. Currently, Mr. Wu is a postgraduate student of Master of Philosophy (Engineering) in Central South University in the PRC.

吳錫坤先生(「吳先生」),53歲,自二零二零年五月十二日起為廣東興發集團之副總經理。於一九九四年七月,吳先生於中國廣東工業大學畢業取得材料科學與工程學學士學位及加入廣東興發集團。吳先生現為中國中南大學工程學碩士研究生。

Mr. Wu has over 20 years of experience in the production management, quality control and research of manufacturing of aluminium ingots and aluminium profiles. Mr. Wu participated in the academic research and seminars in the industry. He published the "Practical Handbook in the Processing Techniques of Aluminium Profiles" in 2006. He also participated in the set up of various national standards regarding aluminium profiles.

吳先生於生產鋁錠及鋁型材擁有逾20年生產管理、品質管理及研究的經驗。吳生先參與了業界學術研究及交流。於二零零六年,吳先生出版了《鋁型材加工技術實用手冊》。吳先生亦參與就鋁型材料設定不同的國家標準。

COMPANY SECRETARY

公司秘書

Mr. Pang Wai Ho ("Mr. Pang"), aged 36, joined our Group as the company secretary of the Company since February 2021. Mr. Pang has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since March 2015. He obtained the Bachelor degree of Business Administration in Accountancy and Master degree of Science (Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance) from City University of Hong Kong in July 2010 and June 2024 respectively. He has more than 10 years' experience in accounting, auditing and company secretarial matters.

彭韋豪先生(「彭先生」),36歲,自二零二一年二月起加入本集團並擔任本公司之公司秘書。彭先生於二零一五年三月起,為香港會計師公會會員。彼分別於二零一零年七月及二零二四年六月獲香港城市大學頒授工商管理會計學學士學位及理學碩士(專業會計與企業管治)。彼於會計、核數及公司秘書事宜方面擁有逾10年經驗。



董事會報告

The directors ("Directors") of Xingfa Aluminium Holdings Limited ("Company") present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), for the year ended 31 December 2024 ("Year").

興發鋁業控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」) 呈報其報告,連同本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (「本年度」)之經審計綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of other members of the Group are set out in note 16 in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2024.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATION

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 107 of the annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend of HKD0.64 per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HKD0.64).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

To ascertain the Shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 26 May 2025 to Thursday, 29 May 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all transfer of Shares accompanied by the relevant Share certificates must be lodged with the branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong by 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 23 May 2025.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團其他成員公司之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註之附註16。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團之主要業務性質並無重大變動。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 之業績載於年報第107頁綜合損益表。

末期股息

董事建議就截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股普通股0.64港元(二零二三年:0.64港元)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定股東出席股東週年大會並投票之權利,本公司將自二零二五年五月二十六日(星期一)起至二零二五年五月二十九日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日)止暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,於高期間內,將不會辦理任何股份過戶。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並投票,所有過戶文件連同相關股票須不遲於二零二五年五月二十三日(星期五)下午四時三十分前送交予本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖。



To ascertain the Shareholders' entitlement to the final dividend, subject to Shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 4 June 2025 to Friday, 6 June 2025 (both days inclusive). During such period, no transfer of the Shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant Share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at the above address not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 3 June 2025.

為確定股東享有末期股息之權利(有待股東於股東週年大會上批准),本公司將自二零二五年六月四日(星期三)起至二零二五年六月日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)止暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。於該期間內,本公司將不會辦理任何股份過戶。為符合資格收取末期股息,所年內份過戶文件連同相關股票須不遲於二零二五年六月三日(星期二)下午四時三十分前送交予本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址如上文所述)。

For the purpose of determining the entitlement to the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 4 June 2025 to Friday, 6 June 2025 (both days inclusive). During such period, no transfer of the shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 3 June 2025.

為釐定享有末期股息之權利,本公司將自二零二五年六月四日(星期三)起至二零二五年六月六日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。於該期間內,將不會辦理任何本公司股份之過戶。為符合收取末期股息之資格,所有過戶文件連同相關股票須不遲於二零二五年六月三日(星期二)下午四時三十分送交予本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five years is set out on page 215 and page 216.

本集團於過往五年之業績、資產及負債概要載 於第215頁及第216頁。

LOANS AND BORROWINGS

貸款及借貸

Details of the Group's loans and borrowings at the balance sheet date are set out in note 24 in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

本集團於結算日之貸款及借貸詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註之附註24。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

物業、廠房及設備

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 in notes to the consolidated financial statements. 本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註之附註14。

SHARE CAPITAL

股本

Details of the Company's paid-in capital for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in note 28 in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

本公司截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 之實繳股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註之附註 28。



董事會報告

DONATIONS

The Group made no donation (2023: RMB100,000) for charitable or any other purposes during the Year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Details of the equity-linked agreements entered into during the Year or subsisting at the end of the Year are set out below.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted a new share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") on 29 December 2017. The Share Option Scheme became effective for 10 years commencing from 5 January 2018.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity in which the Group holds an equity interest ("Invested Entity").

Eligible participants under the Share Option Scheme include directors and employees of the Group or any Invested Entity; any suppliers, customers, advisers or consultants of the Group or any Invested Entity; any persons or entities that provide research and development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity; any holders of securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and any other groups or classes of participants whom the Board considers have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

With effect from 1 January 2023, any grant of share options shall comply with the new requirements under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules which took effect on 1 January 2023.

The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

The maximum number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

捐款

於本年度,本集團並無作出(二零二三年:人民幣100,000元)慈善捐款或作任何其他用途。

股權掛鈎協議

於本年內訂立或於本年末存續之股權掛鈎協議詳情載於下文。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一七年十二月二十九日有條件採納一項新購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。購股權計劃自二零一八年一月五日起10年內有效。

購股權計劃旨在讓本集團向合資格參與者授出 購股權作為彼等對本集團貢獻之鼓勵或獎勵及/ 或讓本集團招聘及留聘優秀僱員,並吸引對本 集團及本集團持有股權之任何實體(「投資實體」) 有價值之人力資源。

購股權計劃項下之合資格參與者包括本集團或 投資實體之董事及僱員:本集團或任何投資實 體之任何供應商、客戶、顧問或諮詢人;向 集團或任何投資實體提供研發或其他科技支援 之任何人士或實體;本集團任何成員公司或任 何投資實體所發行證券之任何持有人;本集團 任何成員公司或任何投資實體任何業務範疇或 業務發展之任何顧問(專業或其他);及任何組別 或類別之參與者。

自二零二三年一月一日起,任何購股權的授出 須符合於二零二三年一月一日起生效的上市規 則第17章之新規定。

購股權計劃之主要條款概述如下:

根據購股權計劃及本集團採納之任何其他購股權計劃將予授出之授出而尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使時而可予配發及發行之最高普通股數自合共不得超過本公司不時已發行普通股之30%。

The total number of shares of the Company which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group) to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 41,800,000 ordinary shares, being 10% of the ordinary shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme by the Shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting held on 29 December 2017. As at 1 January 2024, the total number of ordinary shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 39,150,866 shares. As at the date of this report, the total number of ordinary shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 39,150,866 shares, which represents approximately 9.3% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report. No service provider sublimit has been authorised under the Share Option Scheme.

因行使所有根據本集團購股權計劃及任何其他 購股權計劃而授出的購股權(不包括就根據本 集團購股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃條款已 失效的購股權)而可配發及發行之本公司股份 總數合共不得超過41,800,000 股普通股,相當 於股東於二零一七年十二月二十九日舉行已 股東特別大會上批准購股權計劃當天本公司已 發行普通股的10%。於二零二四年一月一日, 根據購股權計劃可予以發行的普通股總數為39,150,866 股。 該本報告日期已發行股份的約 9.3%。概無服務提供商次限額根據購股權計劃 獲授權。

The maximum number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group to each eligible participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares of the Company from time to time.

於任何12 個月期間根據購股權計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃授予每名合資格參與者之購股權(包括已行使及未行使購股權)獲行使而已發行及將予發行本公司股份之最高數目,不得超過本公司不時已發行股份之1%。

The subscription price for shares of the Company under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the directors of the Company, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for trade in one or more board lots of the shares on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for trade in one or more board lots of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

購股權計劃項下本公司股份之認購價將由本公司董事釐定,惟不得低於下列之最高者:(i)本公司股份於發售日期(必須為營業日)按一手或多手買賣單位交易時於聯交所之每日報價表所示之收市價:(ii)緊接發售日期前五個營業日本公司股份按一手或多手買賣單位交易時於聯交所每日報價表所示之平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份面值。

Upon acceptance of the grant of an option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as nominal consideration for the grant.

於接納授出購股權後,承授人須向本公司支付 1.00港元作為授出之名義代價。



No share option was granted, exercised, cancelled, lapsed or expired under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2024. No share option was outstanding as at 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024.

Further details of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme are set out in Note 26 in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association ("Articles") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2024.

PLEDGE OF GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's pledged deposits amounting to approximately RMB196.1 million (31 December 2023: RMB124.3 million) and bills receivable with carrying value of approximately RMB273.3 million (31 December 2023: RMB887.3 million) were pledged as security for issuing bills.

As at 31 December 2024, certain plants with net book value of RMB375.4 million (31 December 2023: RMB365.6 million) and land use rights under right-of-use assets with carrying value of RMB390.7 million (31 December 2023: RMB379.8 million) were pledged as security for bank loans and borrowings of the Group.

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,購 股權計劃項下概無購股權獲授出、行使、註銷、 失效或已屆滿。於二零二四年一月一日及二零 二四年十二月三十一日,概無購股權尚未行使。

購股權計劃項下授出購股權之進一步詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註之附註26。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則(「細則」)或開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立之司法權區)法例並無優先購買權之規定,致使本公司必須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回任何本公司上市證券。

集團資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團抵押存款金額約為人民幣196.1百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣124.3百萬元),以及 賬面值約人民幣273.3百萬元(二零二三年十二 月三十一日:人民幣887.3百萬元)的應收票據 已抵押作為發行票據的抵押品。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬面淨值為人民幣375.4百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣365.6百萬元)及使用權資產項下之土地使用權賬面值為人民幣390.7百萬元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣379.8百萬元)之若干廠房已抵押作為本集團銀行貸款及借貸之擔保。



RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the Year are set out in note 28 in notes to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2024, the Company's reserves available for distribution calculated in accordance with the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands amounted to RMB652,686,000 (2023: RMB639,723,000).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2024, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 14.1% (2023: 12.4%) of the Group's revenue where sales to the largest customer accounted for 5.8% (2023: 5.6%) of the Group's revenue.

For the year ended 31 December 2024, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 59.6% (2023: 77.0%) of the Group's total cost of purchase whereas purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 30.9% (2023: 43.0%) of the Group's total cost of purchase.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2024.

儲備

本集團儲備於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註之附註28及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六一年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)計算並可用作分派之儲備達人民幣652,686,000元(二零二三年:人民幣639,723,000元)。

或然負債

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團概無重 大或然負債(二零二三年:無)。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向五大客戶之銷售額佔本集團營業額14.1% (二零二三年:12.4%),而向最大客戶之銷售額佔本集團營業額5.8%(二零二三年:5.6%)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,向五大供應商之採購額佔本集團總採購成本59.6%(二零二三年:77.0%),而向最大供應商之採購額佔本集團總採購成本約30.9%(二零二三年:43.0%)。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,董事或彼等任何緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所深知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上) 概無擁有本集團五大客戶或五大供應商之任何權益。



BUSINESS REVIEW

Below is a business review of this report as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The discussion on a fair review of the Group's business, financial key performance indicators and performance indicators and performance and indication of future development of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 can be found in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report. Those discussions form part of this report of the Directors.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACED BY THE GROUP

The Group is exposed to various risks and uncertainties. The effects of such risks may vary over time. The following sets forth material risks classified by the Group and the relevant alleviating measures for each material risk for the management of such risks.

Business risks

Firstly, most of the Group's revenue was generated from customers in the PRC. Should there be any material adverse change in the political, economic, legal or social conditions in the PRC and the Group is unable to divert sales to other markets outside of the PRC, the turnover, profitability and prospects may be adversely affected.

In order to alleviate such risk, the Group will continue to put efforts to expand overseas market and increase the proportion of overseas sales. During the Year, we have export sales to Australia and Vietnam. In addition, a joint venture project of the Group in Australia has completed equipment installation and commissioning, with a project planned capacity of 20,000 tonnes. The Group believes that setting up factories overseas will help it to understand customer needs in the overseas market and accelerate the overall overseas business development. The Group will also continue to review competitive edges of the Group in the industry and market trend.

業務回顧

以下為按香港法例第622章公司條例附表5規定 所作出的本報告業務回顧。有關截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度對本集團業務、關鍵 財務績效指標及表現以及預計日後發展的討論 載於本年報「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」 章節。該等討論組成本董事會報告一部分。

本集團面臨之主要風險及不明朗因 素

本集團面臨若干風險及不明朗因素。該等風險 之影響可不時發生變動。下文載列本集團分類 之重大風險及就各重大風險的相關應對措施, 以管理有關風險。

業務風險

首先,本集團大部分營業額產生自中國客戶。 倘中國政治、經濟、法律或社會環境出現任何 重大不利變動,而本集團未能將銷售轉移至中 國境外的其他市場,則營業額、盈利能力及前 景可能受到不利影響。

為降低有關風險,本集團將繼續致力拓展海外市場及增加海外銷售比例。於本年度,我們的銷售出口至澳洲及越南。此外,本集團於澳大利亞的合營企業項目已完成設備安裝及試運轉,項目規劃產能為20,000噸。本集團相信,設立海外工廠有助於瞭解海外市場的客戶需求並加速整體的海外業務發展。本集團亦將繼續檢討本集團於業內之競爭優勢及市場趨勢。

Secondly, the Group's production activities of aluminium profiles rely on, among other things, sufficient and uninterrupted supply of aluminium ingots, being our principal raw materials. The Group procures such principal raw materials from several major suppliers and has not entered into any long-term purchase contracts with any of our major suppliers of aluminium ingots for flexibility in purchasing aluminium ingots at competitive prices at various times.

In order to alleviate such risk, the Group will conduct investigation and assessment on suppliers periodically to ensure stable supply source of raw materials.

Financial risks

Delayed payments of customers who were granted credit period by the Group will increase the Group's exposure to financial risks and have an impact on financial performance and operating cash flows of the Group.

In order to alleviate such risk, the Group will review accounts receivables due from major customers on a regular basis and control over it to an appropriate level. The Group will also manage and maintain strict control internally and put additional efforts to collect trade receivables overdue.

其次,本集團鋁型材的生產活動依賴(其中包括) 主要原材料鋁錠的充足及不間斷供應。本集團 自若干主要供應商採購有關主要原材料,及並 未與任何主要鋁錠供應商訂立任何長期購買合 約,以於不同時期可按具競爭力價格靈活購買 鋁錠。

為降低有關風險,本集團將定期對供應商進行 調查及評估以確保原材料供應來源的穩定。

金融風險

獲授予本集團信貸期的客戶若延遲付款將令本 集團面臨的金融風險增加及對本集團之財務表 現及營運現金流產生影響。

為降低有關風險,本集團將定期審閱應收主要 客戶之賬款並將其控制在適當水平。本集團亦 實施嚴密的內部管理及監控並盡力收回逾期應 收賬款。



KEY RELATIONSHIPS

1. Employees

Human resources are the most valuable asset of the Group. Developing and retaining talents are vital to our success. The Group is committed to providing our employees with a safe, pleasant and healthy working environment. The Group rewards and recognises employees by competitive remuneration package and implements a key performance index scheme with appropriate incentives, and promote career development and progression by providing opportunities for career advancement to employees.

In addition, each department of the Group is responsible for determining its training needs for employees in its department and any suggested applicable training courses either arranged internally or by external service providers shall be submitted to the senior management of the Group for approval. Knowledge, skills and capacities of employees are vital to continuous business growth and success of the Group. The Group strives to ensure that all employees can fulfill the relevant job requirements in terms of education, training, technical and work experience.

2. Suppliers

We have developed long-standing relationships with a number of our vendors and take great care to ensure that they share our commitment to quality and ethics. We carefully select our suppliers and require them to satisfy certain assessment criteria including track record, experience, financial strength, reputation, ability to produce high-quality products and quality control effectiveness.

3. Distributors and customers

We sell our products to distributors and customers. We require our distributors and customers to comply with the relevant laws and regulations and our sales and marketing policies, including but not limited to selling price, promotional activities and usage of our ERP system. We also monitor the financial condition and repayment history of our distributors and customers, and their sales performance.

主要關係

1. 顧員

人力資源是本集團最具價值之資產。培養及留聘人才對我們的成功至關重要。本集團致力於為我們的僱員提供安全、舒適及健康的工作環境。本集團透過提供有競爭力的薪酬待遇獎勵及認可我們的僱員,實施附帶適當激勵的主要業績指標計劃,通過為僱員提供晉升機會促進僱員職業生涯發展。

此外,本集團各部門負責確定本部門僱員培訓需求,內部安排或外界服務提供商建議的任何相關培訓課程須交由本集團高級管理層批准。僱員的知識、技能及能力對於本集團業務持續增長及成功至關重要。本集團致力確保所有僱員在教育、培訓、技術及工作經驗方面均符合相關工作要求。

2. 供應商

我們已與多名供應商建立長期的合作關係,並盡力確保其遵守我們對質素及道德的承諾。我們審慎挑選供應商,並要求其滿足若干評估標準,包括往績記錄、經驗、財務實力、聲譽、生產高質素產品的能力及質量控制效力。

3. 分銷商及客戶

我們向分銷商及客戶銷售我們的產品。 我們要求分銷商及客戶遵守相關法律 法規以及我們的銷售及市場政策(包括 但不限於銷售價格、推廣活動以及我們 的ERP系統的使用)。我們亦會監控分銷 商及客戶之財務狀況及過往付款情況, 以及彼等的銷售表現。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("Dividend Policy") to enhance the transparency of the Company and to facilitate its shareholders and investors to make informed investment decisions relating to the Company. The Dividend Policy allows shareholders to share the Company's profits while reserving sufficient reserves for the Group's future development. Proposed dividends, if any, will be proposed and declared at the discretion of the Board. When proposing any dividend payment, the Board will take into consideration, among others things, the general financial position and strategies, expected operating cash flows and capital requirements, surplus, contractual restrictions of the Group, actual and expected government financial conditions, macroeconomics and such other factors as the Board may deem relevant from time to time. Furthermore, any payment of dividend by the Company is subject to the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the articles of association of the Company.

Subject to the above factors, the final dividend to be declared and paid by the Company shall be not less than 30% of the Group's audited consolidated profit attributable to the shareholders of the Company in any financial year.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed by the Board from time to time and there is no assurance that any dividend will be paid in any particular amount for any given period or that the Company is obliged to declare any dividend at any time or from time to time.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCES

As a supporter of environmental protection and taking into account of the national green manufacturing development plan and guided by enterprise strategy, the Group formulated the Xingfa Aluminium Protection System. The primary mission of the Group's environmental production policy is to govern production emissions by relying on technology, comprehensive utilisation of production waste residue, reduce environmental pollution and develop clean production.

During the Year, the Group has complied with the relevant environmental laws and regulations in both PRC and Hong Kong.

A further discussion of the environmental policies of the Group is contained in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company.

股息政策

在上述因素的規限下,本公司將宣派及派付的 末期股息不得少於任何財政年度本公司股東 應佔本集團經審核綜合溢利的30%。

股息政策將由董事會不時予以檢討,並無法保證任何股息將於任何特定期間派付任何特定 金額,亦無法保證本公司有義務於任何時間或 不時宣派任何股息。

環境政策及表現

作為環保擁護者,並結合國家綠色製造發展規劃,以企業戰略為導向,本集團制定了興發鋁業環境保護制度。本集團環境保護的主要任務是依靠科技治理生產排放,生產廢渣綜合利用,減少環境污染及發展潔淨生產。

於本年度,本集團已遵守中國及香港兩地的相關環境法律法規。

有關本集團環境政策的進一步討論載於本公 司環境、社會及管治報告。

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with relevant requirements could lead to adverse impact on business operation and financial position of the Group. The Board as a whole is responsible to ensure the Group is in compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company. During the course of the business operations, the Group shall comply with different laws and regulations, including i) laws regarding employee recruitment and benefits, such as the "Labor Law of the PRC", the "Labor Contract Law of the PRC", and the "Rulings of Implementing the Labor Contract Law of the PRC"; and ii) the PRC national and local laws and regulations with respect to environmental protection, including the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group was in strict compliance with the aforesaid laws and regulations.

遵守相關法律及法規

本集團深明遵守監管規定的重要性及不遵守相關規定會對本集團業務營運及財務狀況本集團業務營運及財務狀況本集團遵守對本公司有重大影響之相關法律是人民共和國導守各議與,包括i)有關員工招募及福利的法律法規,包括i)有關環境保護與中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》之《中華人民共和國勞動合同。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2024 and as at date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. WANG Li (Chairman)

Mr. LIAO Yuqing (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. ZHENG Jianhua (appointed on 16 August 2024)

Mr. LAW Yung Koon Mr. WANG Zhihua Mr. LUO Jianfeng

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. ZUO Manlun

Ms. XIE Jingyun (resigned on 16 August 2024)

Mr. WANG Lei (redesignated as non-executive Director

on 16 August 2024)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHEN Mo Mr. HO Kwan Yiu

Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy

Mr. WEN Xianjun

董事

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內 及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事:

王立先生(主席) 廖玉慶先生(行政總裁) 鄭建華女士(於二零二四年八月十六日獲委任) 羅用冠先生

王志華先生 羅建峰先生

非執行董事:

左滿倫先生

謝景雲女士(於二零二四年八月十六日辭任) 王磊先生(於二零二四年八月十六日調任為 非執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

陳默先生 何君堯先生 林英鴻先生 文獻軍先生

The names of Directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report are available on the Company's website "www.xingfa.com".

於本年度及直至本報告日期,於本公司附屬公司董事會任職的董事姓名已載於本公司網站「www.xingfa.com」。

None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation. 概無董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本 集團不可於一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外) 而予以終止之服務合約。

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence with reference to the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and the Company considered all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent. Please refer to the details disclosed in the section headed "Independent non-executive Directors" in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

本公司已收到每名獨立非執行董事參考聯交所證券上市規則「(上市規則」)第3.13條所載指引發出的有關其獨立性之年度確認書,而本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。請參閱本年報企業管治報告內「獨立非執行董事」一節披露之詳情。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

董事及高級管理層履歷

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 27 to 39 of the annual report. 本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於年報第27至39頁。

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

重大合約

Save as disclosed in note 33 in notes to the consolidated financial statements and in paragraph headed "Connected transactions" in this report, (i) there is no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance subsisting during or at the end of the Year in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly; (ii) no other contract of significance was entered into by, and/or subsisted between the Company or any of its subsidiaries with its controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the Year; and (iii) no other contract of significance in relation to provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the Year.

除綜合財務報表附註之附註33及本報告「關連交易」一段所披露者外,(i)本公司於本年度內或於本年度末概無存在任何董事或董事之關連實體於其中直接或間接擁有或曾擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排或合約;(ii)本公司與其控股股東或其任何附屬公司與其控股股東或其任何附屬公司之間概無於年內訂立、及/或存在任何其份重大合約;及(iii)年內概無涉及控股股東或任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務之任何其他重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix C3 (formerly known as Appendix 10) of the Listing Rules ("Model Code"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、 相關股份及債權證中之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,按本公司根據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條須予保存之登記冊所記錄,或根據上市規則附錄C3(前稱附錄十)所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)必須知會本公司及聯交所之資料,各董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉如下:

Long position

Name of directors	Capacity	No. of ordinary shares of the Company 本公司	No. of underlying shares of the Company 本公司	Total	Percentage of interest in the Company 佔本公司
董事姓名	身份	普通股數目	相關股份數目	總數	權益百分比
LIAO Yuqing	Founder of a discretionary trust who can influence how the trustee exercises his discretion	48,200,100	-	48,200,100	11.46%
廖玉慶	全權信託創立人,可影響受託人行使其酌情 權之方式				
LAW Yung Koon 羅用冠	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	19,432,000	-	19,432,000	4.62%
	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	1,719,000	-	1,719,000	0.41%
WANG Zhihua 王志華	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	128,000	-	128,000	0.03%



Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,董事或本公司主要行政人員概無登記於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份中擁有的根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予記錄或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBT SECURITIES

Other than the share options granted under the share option scheme disclosed in note 26 in notes to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2024 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisitions of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Director to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 17 March 2008, none of the Directors hold any interests in any business apart from the Company's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Company's business for the year ended 31 December 2024.

董事購買股份或債務證券之權利

除綜合財務報表附註之附註26披露之購股權計劃項下授出之購股權外,於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內任何時間概無授予任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女可透過購入本公司股份或債權證而獲益之權利,或由彼等行使任何該等權利;或由本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何安排致使董事可於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

董事於競爭業務之權益

除本公司於二零零八年三月十七日刊發之售 股章程所披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,董事概無於與本公司業務直 接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之任何業務 (本公司業務除外)中擁有任何權益。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS WHO ARE REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE THEIR INTERESTS PURSUANT TO PART XV OF THE SFO

根據證券及期貨條例第XV部須披露 彼等之權益之主要股東及其他人士

As at 31 December 2024, the following persons, other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company, had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which are required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,下列人士(董事或本公司行政人員除外)於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條而存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉:

Long position 好倉

Name of entities	Capacity	Total number of ordinary shares of the Company	Percentage of interest in the Company
實體名稱	身份	本公司之 普通股總數	佔本公司 權益百分比
GuangXin (Hong Kong) Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	132,382,000	31.47%
廣新香港投資有限公司	實益擁有人		
Guangdong Guangxin Holdings Group Ltd*	Interest of controlled corporation	132,382,000	31.47%
廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司	受控制法團權益		
State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of The People's Government of Guangdong Province*	Interest of controlled corporation	132,382,000	31.47%
廣東省人民政府國有資產監督 管理委員會	受控制法團權益		
Lesso Group Holdings Limited 領尚集團控股有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	109,842,900	26.11%
China Lesso Group Holdings Limited 中國聯塑集團控股有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	109,842,900	26.11%
New Fortune Star Limited	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	109,842,900	26.11%



Name of entities	Capacity	Total number of ordinary shares of the Company 本公司之	Percentage of interest in the Company 佔本公司
實體名稱	身份	普通股總數	權益百分比
Xi Xi Development Limited 西溪發展有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	109,842,900	26.11%
UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	109,842,900	26.11%
WONG Luen Hei 黃聯禧	Founder of a discretionary trust who can influence how the trustee exercises his discretion 全權信託創立人,可影響受託人行使其酌情權之方式	109,842,900	26.11%
Sure Keen Limited 利順有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	48,200,100	11.46%
Glorious Joy Limited	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	48,200,100	11.46%
TMF (Cayman) Limited	Trustee 受託人	48,200,100	11.46%

Save as disclosed above and in the paragraph headed "Directors' interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" above, as at 31 December 2024, no other person had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文及於「董事於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中之權益」一段所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,概無其他人士於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條而存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉。



董事會報告

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

A. The following entities are connected parties of the Company and had connected transactions and/or continuing connected transactions with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024:

Name of the entity 實體名稱

廣東興發幕牆門窗有限公司 (Guangdong Xingfa Curtain Wall, Door & Window Co., Ltd.* ("Xingfa Curtain Wall"))

廣東興發幕牆門窗有限公司(「興發幕牆」)

China Lesso Group Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("China Lesso Group")

中國聯塑集團控股有限公司及其附屬公司 (「中國聯塑集團」)

江西省景興鋁模板製造有限公司
(Jingxing Aluminium Panel Manufacturing Co., Ltd.*
("Jiangxi Jingxing"))

江西省景興鋁模板製造有限公司(「江西景興」)

廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司 (Guangdong Guangxin Holding Group Co., Ltd.*

("Guangxin Holding"))

廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司(「廣新控股」)

河南省景興鋁模板製造有限公司 (Henan Province Jingxing Aluminium Panel Manufacturing Co., Ltd.* ("Henan Jingxing"))

河南省景興鋁模板製造有限公司(「河南景興」)

關連交易

A. 以下實體為本公司之關連人士,並於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 內與本集團進行關連交易及/或持續關 連交易:

Relationship with the Company 與本公司之關係

Owned as to 21% by Mr. LIAO Yuqing and as to 46% by Mr. LUO Su as at the date of this report. Mr. LIAO Yuqing is an executive Director and Mr. LUO Su is the father-in-law of Mr. LIAO Yuqing.

於本報告日期,由廖玉慶先生擁有21%權益及羅蘇先生 擁有46% 權益。廖玉慶先生為執行董事及羅蘇先生為廖 玉慶先生的岳父。

A substantial shareholder of the Company, holding, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, approximately 26.11% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report.

本公司主要股東透過其全資附屬公司於本報告日期持有本公司已發行股份之約26.11%。

A non-wholly owned subsidiary of China Lesso, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

中國聯塑(本公司的一名主要股東)之非全資附屬公司。

The controlling shareholder of the Company and is indirectly interested in approximately 31.47% of the total issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report.

本公司控股股東,於本報告日期間接擁有本公司已發行股份總額約31.47%。

A non-wholly owned subsidiary of China Lesso, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

中國聯塑(本公司的一名主要股東)之非全資附屬公司。



Name of the entity 實體名稱

廣東興發環境科技有限公司 (Guangdong Xingfa Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.* ("Xingfa Environmental")) 廣東興發環境科技有限公司(「興發環境」)

廣東省外貿開發有限公司 (Guangdong Province Foreign Trading Development Co., Limited* ("Guangdong Foreign Trading")) 廣東省外貿開發有限公司(「廣東外貿」)

Relationship with the Company 與本公司之關係

A non-wholly owned subsidiary of China Lesso, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

中國聯塑(本公司的一名主要股東)之非全資附屬公司。

Owned as to 4% by Guangdong Xingfa and a non-wholly owned subsidiary of Guangxin Holding as at the date of this report

於本報告日期,廣東興發擁有4%權益及廣新控股的非全 資附屬公司

- B. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the following continuing connected transactions were non-exempt continuing connected transactions and are subject to the reporting, announcement and annual review requirements. The following is a brief description of the continuing connected transactions:
- B. 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,下列持續關連交易為非豁免持續 關連交易,並須遵守報告、公佈及年度 審閱規定,以下為持續關連交易之簡介:

1. 2024-2026 Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 29 December 2023. 廣 東興發鋁業有限公司 ("Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium Co., Ltd.*) ("Guangdong Xingfa"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Xingfa Curtain Wall entered into a master supply agreement ("Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement") on 29 December 2023 in relation to the supply of aluminium profiles to Xingfa Curtain Wall by Guangdong Xingfa and its subsidiaries ("Guangdong Xingfa Group"), for a term of three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (both dates inclusive). The aluminium profiles purchased by Xingfa Curtain Wall were further processed into windows and curtain walls and sold to its customers.

1. 二零二四年至二零二六年興 發幕牆協議

(i) 交易性質

謹此提述本公司日期為二 零二三年十二月二十九日 之公告。廣東興發鋁業有 限公司(「廣東興發」)(本 公司之間接全資附屬公司) 與興發幕牆於二零二三年 十二月二十九日訂立一份 主供應協議(「興發幕牆協 議」),內容有關由廣東興 發及其附屬公司(「廣東興 發集團」) 向興發幕牆供應 鋁型材,協議期限為期三 年,自二零二四年一月一 日起至二零二六年十二月 三十一日止(包括首尾兩 日)。興發幕牆將購入之 鋁型材再加工為門窗及幕 牆後向其客戶出售。

董事會報告

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2024 of the continuing connected transactions set out above was RMB111.0 million, and the actual aggregate amount of sale transactions was approximately RMB52,132,000 for the Year.

(iii) Internal control procedure

The Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the pricing and terms of the transactions in relation to the sale of aluminium profiles by Guangdong Xingfa Group to Xingfa Curtain Wall and ensure that the prices and terms offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to Xingfa Curtain Wall will be no more favourable than prices and terms offered to independent customers and that the annual cap is not exceeded:

- (a) monitoring the prevailing average price of aluminium ingots as quoted on the Guangdong Nanhai Nonferrous Metals Market and/or Shanghai Nonferrous Metals Market on a daily basis;
- (b) comparing the price and terms of the supply of aluminium profiles to Xingfa Curtain Wall with the prices and terms of aluminium profiles supplied by the Group in the PRC as agreed with independent customers on a regular basis;
- (c) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the price and terms of supply of aluminium profiles offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to Xingfa Curtain Wall to ensure that they shall be no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent customers: and

(ii) 年度上限

上文所載持續關連交易於 截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之年度上 限為人民幣111,000,000 元,及本年度之實際銷售 交易總金額約為人民幣 52,132,000元。

(iii) 內部監控程序

本集團已遵守以下內部監控措施以監察有關廣新與 發集團向興發幕牆與及之定價及 就,並確保廣東興發集體 向興發幕牆提供之價格 條款將不優於向獨立客戶 提供之價格及條款及並無 超出年度上限:

- (a) 每日監察於廣東南 海有色(靈通)及/ 或上海有色金屬市 場所報之現行平均 鋁錠價格;
- (b) 定期將向興發幕牆 供應之鋁型材價格 及條款與本集團經 與獨立客戶協定於 中國供應之鋁型材 之價格及條款進行 比 較:
- (c) 秉承本集團有關關 連交易之相關內部 監控政策監察廣東 興發集團向興發幕 牆提供之供應鋁型 材之價格及條款, 確保其將不優於本 集團向獨立客戶所 提供者:及

(d) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group including the continuing connected transactions under the Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

2. 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement)

(i) Nature of transactions

Reference is made to the announcements of 30 December 2022 and 27 October 2023 and the circular of the Company dated 28 November 2023. On 30 December 2022, Guangdong Xingfa and China Lesso entered into a master supply agreement ("2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement"). The 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement was then amended and supplemented by the supplemental agreement ("Supplemental Agreement") dated 27 October 2023 entered into between Guangdong Xingfa and China Lesso. Pursuant to the 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement), Guangdong Xingfa Group, as suppliers, would supply and China Lesso and its subsidiaries ("China Lesso Group"), as purchasers, would purchase aluminium profiles and/or panels supplied by Guangdong Xingfa Group members on an on-going basis for a term of three years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap in respect of the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) for the Year was RMB350,000,000, and the actual aggregate amount of purchase and sale transactions was approximately RMB50,644,000 for the Year.

(d) 每月已向董事會提 交載有關於本集團 進行之所有關連交 易(包括興發幕牆 協議項下之持續關 連交易)之資料之 財務報告。

2. 二零二三年聯塑總供應協議 (經補充協議修訂及補充)

(i) 交易性質

謹此提述本公司日期為二 零二二年十二月三十日及 二零二三年十月二十七日 之公告及本公司日期二零 二三年十一月二十八日之 通函。於二零二二年十二 月三十日,廣東興發與中 國聯塑訂立總供應協議 (「二零二三年聯塑總供應 協議」)。二零二三年聯塑 總供應協議當時經廣東興 發與中國聯塑於二零二三 年十月二十七日訂立之補 充協議(「補充協議」)。根 據二零二三年聯塑總供應 協議(經補充協議修訂及 補充),廣東興發集團(作 為供應商)將供應及中國 聯塑及其附屬公司(「中國 聯塑集團1)(作為買方)將 採購由廣東興發集團成員 公司按持續基準供應之鋁 型材及/或鋁製模板,期 限為三年,自二零二三年 一月一日起至二零二五年 十二月三十一日(包括首 尾兩日)。

(ii) 年度上限

本年度有關二零二三年聯 塑總供應協議(經補充協 議修訂及補充)項下擬進 行之交易之年度上限為 人民幣350,000,000元, 及本年度之實際採購及 售交易總金額約為人民幣 50,644,000元。

董事會報告

(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the pricing and terms of the transactions under the 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) and ensure that the prices and terms offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to China Lesso Group were no more favourable than prices and terms offered to independent customers and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

- (a) monitoring the prevailing average price of aluminium ingots as quoted on Guangdong Nanhai Nonferrous Metals Market on a daily basis;
- (b) comparing the prices and terms of the supply of aluminium profiles and/or panels to China Lesso Group with the prices and terms of aluminium profiles and/or panels supplied by the Group in the PRC as agreed with independent customers on a regular basis;
- (c) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the prices and terms of supply of aluminium profiles and/or panels offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to China Lesso Group to ensure that they would be no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent customers; and
- (d) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group including the continuing connected transactions under the 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

(iii) 內部監控程序

- (a) 每日監察於廣東南 海有色(靈通)所報 之現行平均鋁錠價 格:
- (b) 定期將向中國聯塑 集團供應之鋁型材 及/或鋁製模板價 格及條款與本等 經與獨立客戶協型 於中國供應之鋁型 材 及/或鋁製模 板之價格及條款進 行比較;
- (d) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團建 行之所有關連之 易(包括二年聯塑總供應議 (經補充協議下之 續關連交易)之 類之財務報告。

Further details of the 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement) were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 December 2022 and 27 October 2023 and the circular of the Company dated 28 November 2023.

3. 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

On 29 December 2023, Guangdong Xingfa and Guangdong Foreign Trading entered into a master supply agreement ("2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement") pursuant to which Guangdong Xingfa Group, as suppliers, agreed to sell to Guangdong Foreign Trading Group, as purchasers, aluminium profiles and/or panels for a term from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap in respect of the transactions contemplated under the 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB80,000,000, and the actual aggregate amount of sales transactions were approximately RMB11,606,000 for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

3. 二零二四年廣東外貿集團總 供應協議

(i) 交易性質

(ii) 年度上限

董事會報告

(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the pricing and terms of the transactions under the 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement and to ensure that the prices and terms offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to Guangdong Foreign Trading Group were no more favourable than prices and terms offered to independent customers and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

- (1) monitoring the prevailing average price of aluminium ingots as quoted on Guangdong Nanhai Nonferrous Metals Market on a daily basis;
- (2) comparing the prices and terms of the supply of aluminium profiles and/or panels to Guangdong Foreign Trading Group with the prices and terms of aluminium profiles and/or panels supplied by the Group in the PRC as agreed with independent customers on a regular basis;
- (3) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the prices and terms of supply of aluminium profiles and/or panels offered by Guangdong Xingfa Group to Guangdong Foreign Trading Group members to ensure that they were no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent customers;
- (4) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group, including the continuing connected transactions under the 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement, were submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

(iii) 內部監控程序

- (1) 每日監察於廣東南 海有色(靈通)所 報現行平均鋁錠價 格:
- 定期將向廣東外貿 集團供應毀型材 及/或鋁製類板之 價格及條款與獨立應 型材及/或與 型材及/或路 類板之價格 類板之價格 進行比較;
- (4) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交易 (包括二零二四年 廣東外貿集團總供 應協議項下之持續 關連交易)之資料 之財務報告。

Further details of the 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023.

二零二四年廣東外貿集團 總供應協議的進一步詳情 載於本公司日期為二零 二三年十二月二十九日之 公佈。

4. 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement

(i) Nature of transaction

On 29 December 2023, 廣東興發鋁業(河 南)有限公司 (Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Henan) Co., Ltd.*) ("Xingfa Henan"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as landlord, and Henan Jingxing, as tenant, entered into a tenancy agreement ("2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement") pursuant to which Xingfa Henan agreed to lease the property located at 中國河南省沁陽市沁北工 業集聚區 (Qinbei Industrial District, Qinyang City, Henan Province, the PRC*) to Henan Jingxing for the welding, assembling, recycling and maintenance of aluminium panels which were applied as construction materials and the sale of such aluminium panels for a fixed term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB3,232,128, and the actual aggregate amount of rent was approximately RMB3,018,452.

4. 二零二四年河南租賃協議

(i) 交易性質

於二零二三年十二月 二十九日,本公司之間接 全資附屬公司廣東興發鋁 業(河南)有限公司(「興發 河南1)(作為業主)與河南 景興(作為租戶)訂立租賃 協議(「二零二四年河南租 賃協議」),據此興發河南 同意向河南景興出租位於 中國河南省沁陽市沁北工 業集聚區之物業,用作焊 接、組裝、回收及維護用 作建築材料的鋁製模板及 銷售有關鋁製模板,固定 期限自二零二四年一月一 日起至二零二四年十二月 三十一日(包括首尾兩日) 為期一年。

(ii) 年度上限

二零二四年河南租賃協議項下擬進行交易自二零二四年一月一日起至二零二四年十二月三十一日止期間之年度上限為人民幣3,232,128元,及實際總租金約為人民幣3,018,452元。



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(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the rent and terms of the transactions under the 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement and to ensure that the rent and terms offered by Xingfa Henan to Henan Jingxing would be no more favourable than the rent and terms offered to independent tenants and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

- (a) monitoring the prevailing market rent at similar locations on a quarterly basis;
- (b) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the rent under the 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement to ensure that they were no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent tenants; and
- (c) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group including the continuing connected transactions under 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

Further details of the 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023.

(iii) 內部監控程序

於本年度,本集團已遵守以本年度,本集團已遵守以下內部監控措施以南國二零二四年河南租金及交列南京之租金及交列南景興提供之租金及條款,並確保興發河南條條河南景興提供之租金及條款及並無超出年度上限:

- (a) 每季度監察同一區 域當前市場租金;
- (b) 秉承本集團有關關 連交易之相關內部 監控政策監察二零 二四年河南租賃協 議項下之租金,確 保其將不優於本集 團向獨立租戶所提 供者;及
- (c) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交易 (包括二零二四年 河南租賃協議項下 之持續關連交易) 之資料之財務報 告。

二零二四年河南租賃協議 的進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零二三年十二月 二十九日之公佈。



5. 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

On 29 December 2023, 廣東興發鋁業(江西)有限公司 (Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Jiangxi) Co., Ltd.*) ("Xingfa Jiangxi"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as landlord, and Jiangxi Jingxing, as tenant, entered into a tenancy agreement ("2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement") pursuant to which Xingfa Jiangxi agreed to lease the property located at 中國江西省宣春經濟技術開發區經發大道21 號 (No. 21, Jingfa Road, Yichun Economic Development Zone, Jiangxi Province, the PRC*) to Jiangxi Jingxing for the manufacturing of aluminum panels for a fixed term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB4,296,528, and the actual aggregate amount of rent was approximately RMB4,296,527.

5. 二零二四年江西租賃協議

(i) 交易性質

於二零二三年十二月 二十九日,本公司之間接 全資附屬公司廣東興發鋁 業(江西)有限公司(「興發 江西」)(作為業主)與江西 景興(作為租戶)訂立租賃 協議(「二零二四年江西租 賃協議」),據此興發江西 同意向江西景興出租位於 中國江西省宜春經濟技術 開發區經發大道21號之物 業,用作製造鋁製模板, 固定期限自二零二四年一 月一日起至二零二四年 十二月三十一日(包括首 尾兩日)為期一年。

(ii) 年度上限

二零二四年江西租賃協議項下擬進行交易自二零二四年一月一日起至二零二四年十二月三十一日止期間之年度上限為人民幣4,296,528元,及實際總租金約為人民幣4,296,527元。



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(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the rent and terms of the transactions under the 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement and to ensure that the rent and terms offered by Xingfa Jiangxi to Jiangxi Jingxing would be no more favourable than the rent and terms offered to independent tenants and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

- (a) monitoring the prevailing market rent at similar locations on a quarterly basis;
- (b) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the rent under the 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement to ensure that they were no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent tenants; and
- (c) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group including the continuing connected transactions under 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

Further details of the 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023.

(iii) 內部監控程序

- (a) 每季度監察同一區 域當前市場租金;
- (b) 秉承本集團有關關 連交易之相關內部 監控政策監察二零 二四年江西租賃協 議項下之租金,確 保其將不優於本集 團向獨立租戶所提 供者;及
- (c) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交易 (包括二零二四年 江西租賃協議項下 之持續關連交易) 之資料之財務報 告。

二零二四年江西租賃協議 的進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零二三年十二月 二十九日之公佈。



6. Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 31 December 2021 and 16 October 2023. On 16 October 2023, 廣東興發精密製造有限公司 (Guangdong Xingfa Precision Manufacturing Co., Ltd.*) ("Xingfa Precision"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as landlord, and Xingfa Environmental, as tenant, entered into a tenancy agreement ("Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement") pursuant to which Xingfa Precision agreed to lease the property located at 中國廣東省佛山市三水區樂平鎮中心科技 工業園D區12號(No. 12 Central Science and Technology Industrial Zone D, Leping Town, Foshan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC*) to Xingfa Precision for the processing and recycling of waste resources for a fixed term of nineteen years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2041 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB4,228,285, and the actual aggregate amount of rent was approximately RMB4,228,285.

(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the rent and terms of the transactions under the Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement and to ensure that the rent and terms offered by Xingfa Precision to Xingfa Environmental were no more favourable than the rent and terms offered to independent tenants and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

(a) monitoring the prevailing market rent at similar locations on a quarterly basis;

6. 興發精密租賃協議

(i) 交易性質

謹此提述本公司日期為二 零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二三年十月十六日 之公告。於二零二三年十 月十六日,本公司之間接 全資附屬公司廣東興發 精密製造有限公司(「興發 精密 |)(作為業主)與興發 環境(作為和戶)訂立和 賃協議(「興發精密租賃協 議」),據此興發精密同意 向興發環境出租位於中國 **廣東省佛山市三水區樂** 平鎮中心科技工業園D 區 12 號之物業,用作加工 及回收廢棄物資源,固定 期限自二零二三年一月一 日起至二零四一年十二月 三十一日(包括首尾兩日) 為期十九年。

(ii) 年度上限

興發精密租賃協議項下擬進行交易自二零二四年一月一日起至二零二四年十二月三十一日止期間之年度上限為人民幣4,228,285元。

(iii) 內部監控程序

於本年度,本集團已遵守以下內部監控措施以監察有關興發精密租賃協議項下之租金及交易條款,並確保興發精密向興發環境提供之租金及條款不優於內獨立租戶提供之租金及條款及並無超出年度上限:

(a) 每季度監察相似地 點當前市場租金;

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- (b) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the rent under Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement to ensure that they were no more favourable than those offered by the Group to independent tenants; and
- (c) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group including the continuing connected transactions under New Tenancy Agreement was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

Further details of the Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 31 December 2021 and 16 October 2023.

7. 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

On 29 December 2023, Guangdong Xingfa and Xingfa Curtain Wall entered into a service agreement ("2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement") pursuant to which Xingfa Curtain Wall agreed to provide the certain engineering services, including but not limited to the installation of windows, doors and curtain walls ("Engineering Services"), to Guangdong Xingfa Group members for a fixed term of three year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB7,500,000 and the actual aggregate amount of service fee was approximately RMB1,211,000 for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

- (b) 秉承本集團有關關 連交易之相關內部 監控政策監察與發 精密租賃協議項下 之租金,確保其不 優於本集團向獨立 租戶所提供者;及
- (c) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交易 (包括新租賃協議 項下之持續關連交 易)之資料之財務 報告。

興發精密租賃協議的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為 二零二一年十二月三十一 日及二零二三年十月十六 日之公佈。

7. 二零二四至二零二六年工程 服務協議

(i) 交易性質

(ii) 年度上限

(iii) Internal control procedures

During the Year, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the pricing and terms of the transactions contemplated under the 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement and to ensure that the service fees and terms offered by Xingfa Curtain Wall to Guangdong Xingfa Group were no less favourable than service fees and terms offered to Guangdong Xingfa Group by independent suppliers and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

- (a) monitoring the prevailing average market service fee of the engineering service which is identical to or comparable to the Engineering Services;
- (b) comparing the service fees and terms of the provision of Engineering Services by Xingfa Curtain Wall with the service fees and terms of the provision of engineering services in the PRC as agreed with or quoted by independent suppliers on a regular basis;
- (c) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the service fees and terms of provision of Engineering Services by Xingfa Curtain Wall to Guangdong Xingfa Group to ensure that they shall be no less favourable than those offered by independent suppliers; and
- (d) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group, including the continuing connected transactions under the 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement , was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

Further details of the 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023.

(iii) 內部監控程序

- (a) 監察與工程服務相 同或類似之工程服 務的現行平均市場 服務費:
- (b) 定期將向興發幕牆提供之工程服務之服務費及條款與獨立供應商於中國提供工程服務協定或報價之服務費及條款進行比較:
- (c) 就監察興發幕牆向 廣東興發集團提供 工程服務之時等 及條關連交易時 國就關連交易大 關內部監控政策 以確保其不遜於 立供應 者;及
- (d) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交易 (包括二零二四程 二零二六年工程服 務協議項下之持續 關聯交易)之資料 之財務報告。

二零二四至二零二六年 工程服務協議的進一 步詳情載於本公司日期 為二零二三年十二月 二十九日之公佈。

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8. 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement

(i) Nature of transactions

On 29 December 2023, Guangdong Xingfa and Xingfa Environmental entered into a service agreement ("2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement") pursuant to which Xingfa Environmental agreed to provide certain hazardous waste processing and disposal services ("Hazardous Waste Processing Services"), to Guangdong Xingfa Group members for a fixed term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive).

(ii) Annual Cap

The annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Services Agreement for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 was RMB15,000,000 and the actual aggregate amount of service fee was approximately RMB3,352,000 for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

(iii) Internal control procedures

During the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, the Group has complied with the following internal control measures to monitor the pricing and terms of the transactions contemplated under the 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Agreement Service Agreement and to ensure that the service fees and terms offered by Xingfa Environmental to Guangdong Xingfa Group were no less favourable than service fees and terms offered to Guangdong Xingfa Group by independent suppliers and that the annual cap was not exceeded:

8. 二零二四至二零二六年危險 廢物處置服務協議

(i) 交易性質

(ii) 年度上限

於二零二四年一月一日一日至二零二四年十二月三十一日三十三零二四年十二月三十三零務協議項限為之年度上限為有度上限為有自之四年一月一日三十二月三十一日之服務費實際總定。

(iii) 內部監控程序

- monitoring the prevailing average market service fee of hazardous waste processing services which is identical to or comparable to the Hazardous Waste Processing Services;
- (2) comparing the service fees and terms of the provision of Hazardous Waste Processing Services by Xingfa Environmental with the service fees and terms of the provision of hazardous waste processing services in the PRC as agreed with or quoted by independent suppliers on a regular basis;
- (3) adhering to the relevant internal control policy of the Group on connected transactions in monitoring the service fees and terms of provision of Hazardous Waste Processing Services by Xingfa Environmental to Guangdong Xingfa Group to ensure that they were no less favourable than those offered by independent suppliers; and
- (4) financial report containing information on all connected transactions carried out by the Group, including the continuing connected transactions under the 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement, was submitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

- (1) 監察與危險廢物處 置服務相同或相若 的危險廢物處置服 務之現行平均市場 服務費:
- (2) 定期將興發環境提供危險廢物處置服務之服務費及條款與獨立供應商就在中國提供危險廢物處置服務協定或報價之服務費及條款進行比較;
- (3) 秉承本集團有關關 連交易之相關關 連交易之相關解 職境向廣東與 環境向廣東與物 電提供危險務費 置服務之服務費 條款,確保其 遜於獨立供應 提供者:及
- (4) 每月向董事會提交 載有關於本集團進 行之所有關連交 易(包括二零二六年危 廢物處置服務協議 項下之持續關連交 易)之資料之財務 報告。



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Further details of the 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement were set out in the announcement dated 29 December 2023.

9. Views of the independent non-executive Directors

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions carried out pursuant to 2024-2026 Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement, 2023 Lesso Master Supply Agreement (as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Agreement), 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement, 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement, 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement, Xingfa Precision Tenancy Agreement, 2024-2026 Engineering Service Agreement and 2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement, and have considered the information on internal control procedures referred to in sections B.1(iii). B.2(iii), B.3(iii), B4(iii), B5(iii), B6(iii), B7(iii) and B8(iii) above, and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available to or from independent third parties (as the case may be); and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

二零二四至二零二六年危險廢物 處置服務協議的進一步詳情載於 日期為二零二三年十二月二十九 日之公佈。

9. 獨立非執行董事之觀點

獨立非執行董事已審閱根據二零二四至二零二六年興發應法、二零二三年聯塑總供應議(經補充協議修訂及補充)應議(經補充協議修訂及補充)應議。二四年廣東外貿集團總供協議。二零二四年廣東外貿集團總供協議。二零二四年江西租賃協議、二零二四年江西租債協議。至零二四年江程服務協議與二二四年江程服務協議至三二級精密,在工程服務協議至三二級務協議至三二級務協議至三二級務協議至三二級務協議至三二級。以前、B.1(iii)、B.2(iii)、B.2(iii)、B.3(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.2(iii)、B.3(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.2(iii)、B.3(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.2(iii)、B.3(iii)、B.1(iii)、B.3(iii),B.3(iii

- (i) 於本公司一般及日常業務 過程中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或不遜於 本公司向獨立第三方提供 或取得之條款訂立(視情 況而定):及
- (iii) 根據規管該等交易之相關協議並按公平合理之條款訂立,且符合股東之整體利益。



10. Review by the auditors

The auditors of the Company was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditors have issued its letter to the Board containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions as set out in this sections "B1" to "B8" above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. The auditors confirmed that:

- (i) nothing has come to the attention of the auditors that caused the auditors to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's board of directors:
- (ii) for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to the attention of the auditors that caused the auditors to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group;
- (iii) nothing has come to the attention of the auditors that caused the auditors to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (iv) with respect to the aggregate amount of the continuing connected transactions, nothing has come to the attention of the auditors that caused the auditors to believe the disclosed continuing connected transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company.

10. 核數師審閱

- (i) 核數師並無發現任何事項,令其相信所披露持續關連交易並未獲本公司董事會批准;
- (ii) 就涉及本集團提供貨物或 服務之交易而言,核數師 並無發現任何事項,令其 相信該等所披露持續關連 交易於所有重大方面並未 根據本集團之定價政策進 行:
- (iii) 核數師並無發現任何事項,令其相信該等所披露持續關連交易於所有方面並未根據規管該等交易之相關協議進行;及
- (iv) 就持續關連交易之總額而 言,核數師並無發現任何 事項,令其相信該等所披 露持續關連交易已超出本 公司所設定之年度上限。

11. The 2024–2026 Xingfa Curtain Wall Master Supply Agreement, 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement, 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement, 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement, the 2024–2026 Engineering Service Agreement and the 2024–2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement (collectively as the "2024 CCT Agreements")

Given that the parties to each of the Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement, 2023 Tenancy Agreement A, 2023 Tenancy Agreement B, the 2023 Engineering Service Agreement and 2023 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement expected that the continuing connected transactions contemplated thereunder would continue on an on-going basis, on 29 December 2023:

- (i) Guangdong Xingfa and Xingfa Curtain Wall entered into a new master supply agreement ("2024–2026 Xingfa Curtain Wall Master Supply Agreement") for a term of three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (both dates inclusive);
- (ii) Guangdong Xingfa and Guangdong Foreign Trading Group entered into a new master supply agreement ("2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement") for a term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive);

11. 二零二四年至二零二六年興 發幕牆總供應協議、二零協議 年廣東外貿集團總供應協議 年廣東外貿集團南租賃協協 二零二四年江西租賃協 二零二四年至二零二四年至 程服務協議 工零二四年至二零二四 程服等二次年 程服等二次年 發協議(統稱為「二零 務協議 持續關連交易協議」)

> 鑒於興發幕牆協議、二零二三年 租賃協議A、二零二三年租賃協 議B、二零二三年工程服務協議 及二零二三年危險廢物處置服務 協議各自訂約方預期該等協議項 下擬進行之持續關連交易將按持 續基準進行,於二零二三年十二 月二十九日:

- (i) 廣東興發與興發幕牆訂立 新總供應協議(「二零二四 年至二零二六年興發幕 牆總供應協議」),自二零 二四年一月一日起至二零 二六年十二月三十一日止 (包括首尾兩日)為期三年;
- (ii) 廣東興發與廣東外貿集團 訂立新總供應協議(「二零 二四年廣東外貿集團總供 應協議」),自二零二四年 一月一日起至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止(包括 首尾兩天)為期一年;



- (iii) Xingfa Henan and Henan Jingxing entered into a new tenancy agreement ("2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement") for a fixed term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive);
- (iv) Xingfa Jiangxi and Jiangxi Jingxing entered into a new tenancy agreement ("2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement") for a fixed term of one year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (both dates inclusive);
- (v) Guangdong Xingfa and Xingfa Curtain Wall entered into a new service agreement ("2024–2026 Engineering Service Agreement") for a term of three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (both dates inclusive); and
- (vi) Guangdong Xingfa and Xingfa Environmental entered into a new service agreement ("2024-2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement") for a term of three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (both dates inclusive).

The terms and conditions (including the pricing policies) of each of the 2024–2026 Xingfa Curtain Wall Master Supply Agreement, 2024 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement, 2024 Henan Tenancy Agreement, 2024 Jiangxi Tenancy Agreement, 2024–2026 Engineering Service Agreement and 2024–2026 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement are substantially similar to those of the Xingfa Curtain Wall Agreement, 2023 Guangdong Foreign Trading Group Master Supply Agreement, 2023 Tenancy Agreement A, 2023 Tenancy Agreement B, 2023 Engineering Service Agreement and 2023 Hazardous Waste Processing Service Agreement respectively. Further details of the 2024 CCT Agreements were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2023.

- (iii) 興發河南與河南景興訂立 新租賃協議(「二零二四年 河南租賃協議」),固定年 期為一年,自二零二四年 一月一日起至二零二四年 十二月三十一日(包括首 尾兩日);
- (iv) 興發江西與江西景興訂立 新租賃協議(「二零二四年 江西租賃協議」),固定年 期為一年,自二零二四年 一月一日起至二零二四年 十二月三十一日(包括首 尾兩日);
- (v) 廣東興發及興發幕牆訂立 新服務協議(「二零二四年 至二零二六年工程服務協 議」),自二零二四年一月 一日起至二零二六年十二 月三十一日止(包括首尾 兩日)為期三年;及
- (vi) 廣東興發與興發環境訂立 新服務協議(「二零二四年 至二零二六年危險廢物 處置服務協議」),自二零 二四年一月一日起至二零 二六年十二月三十一日止 (包括首尾兩日)為期三年。

二零二四年至二零二六年興發幕 牆總供應協議、二零二四年廣東 外貿集團總供應協議、二零二四 年河南租賃協議、二零二四年江 西租賃協議、二零二四年至二零 二六年工程服務協議及二零二四 年至二零二六年危險廢物處置服 務協議各自的條款及條件(包括 定價政策)大部分分別與興發幕 墻協議、二零二三年廣東外貿集 **图**總供應協議、二零二三年租賃 協議A、二零二三年租賃協議B、 二零二三年工程服務協議及二零 二三年危險廢物處置服務協議的 條款及條件相似。二零二四年持 續關連交易協議的進一步詳情披 露於本公司日期為二零二三年 十二月二十九日之公佈。

C. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the following connected transaction was non-exempt connected transactions and was subject to the reporting and announcement requirements. The following is a brief description of the connected transaction:

Disposal of equity interest in廣東省廣新創新 研究院有限公司(unofficial English translation being Guangdong Guangxin Innovative Research Centre Co., Ltd.) ("Guangxin Research Centre")

On 6 November 2024, Guangdong Xingfa, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, FSPG Hi-Tech Co., Ltd ("FSPG") and Star Lake Bioscience Co., Inc Zhaoging Guangdong ("Star Lake Bioscience") entered into the Equity Transfer Agreement with Guangxin Holding. Pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreement, each of Guangdong Xingfa, FSPG and Star Lake Bioscience agreed to sell and transfer 2.80% equity interest in the Guangxin Research Centre and Guangxin Holding agreed to acquire and accept the transfer of an aggregate of 8.40% equity interest in the Guangxin Research Centre. The aggregate consideration of the disposal amounts to approximately RMB33,559,390 (equivalent to approximately HK\$36,579,735) and the consideration of Guangdong Xingfa's disposal amounts to approximately RMB11,186,463 (equivalent to approximately HK\$12,193,245). As at the date of this report, Guangxin Holding is indirectly holding 91.60% equity interest of the Target Company. Upon completion of the disposal, the Group ceased to hold any interest in the Guangxin Research Centre.

D. The Directors confirm that the material related party transactions as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

C. 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,以下關連交易為非豁免關連交易及 須受申報及公告規定所規限,以下為關 聯交易之簡介:

> 出售廣東省廣新創新研究院有限 公司(「廣新研究院」)的股權

> 於二零二四年十一月六日,廣東興發 (本公司的間接全資附屬公司)、佛山佛 塑科技集團股份有限公司(「佛塑科技」) 及廣東肇慶星湖生物科技股份有限公 司(「星湖科技」)與廣新控股訂立股權 轉讓協議。根據股權轉讓協議,廣東興 發、佛塑科技及星湖科技各自同意出售 及轉讓廣新研究院2.80%的股權,而廣 新控股同意收購及接受轉讓廣新研究 院合共8.40%的股權。出售事項的總代 價約為人民幣33,559,390元(相當於約 36,579,735港元),而廣東興發出售事項 的代價約為人民幣11,186,463元(相當於 約12,193,245港元)。於本報告日期,廣 新控股間接持有目標公司91.60%的股 權。隨出售事項完成後,本集團不再持 有廣新研究院任何權益。

D. 董事確認,綜合財務報表附註33 所披露 之重大關連方交易屬於上市規則第14A 章定義下之「關連交易」或「持續關連交 易」(視情況而定)。董事確認,本公司已 遵守上市規則第14A 章之披露規定。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company had complied with all the code provisions of the prevailing Corporate Governance Code as set out in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules for year ended 31 December 2024.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct ("Code of Conduct") regarding Directors' securities transactions. After having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Company has received confirmations from all Directors that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Code of Conduct for the Year.

The Company has also adopted procedures on terms no less exacting than the Model Code in respect of the securities transactions of the employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 9 of the Companies (Directors' Report) Regulation (Chapter 622D of the Laws of Hong Kong)) for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the Year.

企業管治

董事認為,本公司於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守當時現行之上市規則附錄C1第二部分所載之企業管治守則之全部守則條文。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則(「操守守則」)。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,本公司獲全體董事確認,彼等於本年度內一直遵守標準守則及操守守則所載規定標準。

本公司亦已採納就有關可能會擁有本公司未公 佈內幕消息之僱員進行證券交易之程序,其條 款並不較標準守則寬鬆。

獲准許的彌償條文

為董事訂立之獲准許的彌償條文(定義見香港 法例第622D 章《公司(董事報告)規例》第9條) 現正有效並於本年度一直有效。



EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

No significant event has occurred after the end of the Year.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as at the date of this report.

AUDITORS

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tomatsu ("Deloitte").

Deloitte was appointed as the auditors of the Company following the retirement of KPMG at the conclusion of the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company. Save for the appointment of Deloitte, there was no change in auditors of the Company for the preceding three years. The consolidated financial statements for FY2024 were audited by Deloitte and they have issued an unqualified opinion. Deloitte shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the 2025 AGM. A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte as auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix the auditors' remuneration will be proposed at the 2025 AGM.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

WANG Li

Chairman

Foshan China, 26 March 2025

財政年度結束後事項

年度結束後概無重大事件發生。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲提供之公開資料及就董事所知, 於本報告日期,本公司一直維持足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

本公司截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 的財務報表已由德勤•關黃陳方會計師行(「德 勤」)審計。

在畢馬威會計師事務所於本公司二零二四年股 東週年大會結束時退任後,德勤獲委任為本公司 司核數師。除委任德勤外,本公司於過去三年 內並無更換核數師。二零二四財年的綜合財務 報表已由德勤審核,且其已發出無保留意見財務 德勤將退任並符合資格願意於二零二五年股東 週年大會上重選連任。將於二零二五年股東週 年大會上提出一項決議案,以續聘德勤為本公司核數師,並授權董事釐定核數師酬金。

代表董事會

主席 王立

中國佛山,二零二五年三月二十六日



The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules ("Corporate Governance Code") during the year ended 31 December 2024. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company had complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2024.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)。董事認為,本公司於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守上市規則附錄C1所載之企業管治守則之全部守則條文。

The Directors are committed to upholding the corporate governance of the Company to ensure that formal and transparent procedures are in place to protect and maximise the interests of the Shareholders.

董事致力維持本公司之企業管治,確保具有正式及具誘明度程序保障及為股東謀求最大利益。

Set out below is a detailed discussion of the corporate governance practices adopted and observed by the Company throughout the year ended 31 December 2024.

下文載列本公司於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止整個年度內所採納及遵守之企業管 治常規之詳細討論。

A. DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

A. 董事進行之證券交易

The Company adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules ("Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions during the year ended 31 December 2024.

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內已遵守標準守則所載之規定標準及董事進行證券交易之操守守則。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

B. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(i) Board composition

The Board currently comprises a combination of executive Directors and non-executive Directors. As at the date of this report, the Board consisted of the following Directors:

Executive Directors:

Mr. WANG Li (Chairman)

Mr. LIAO Yuqing (Chief Executive Officer)
Ms. ZHENG Jianhua (Chief Financial Officer)
(appointed on 16 August 2024)

Mr. WANG Lei (redesignated as non-executive Director

on 16 August 2024) Mr. LAW Yung Koon Mr. WANG Zhihua Mr. LUO Jianfeng

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. ZUO Manlun

Ms. XIE Jingyun (resigned on 16 August 2024)

Mr. WANG Lei (redesignated as non-executive Director on 16 August 2024)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHEN Mo Mr. HO Kwan Yiu

Mr. LAM Ying Hung Andy

Mr. WEN Xianjun

(ii) Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, overseeing the Group's businesses, approving investment and strategic plans, maintaining the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and monitoring the performance of the Group. There are currently three committees established under the Board, being the audit committee, nomination committee and the remuneration committee. Each committee has its terms of reference and reports to the Board regularly.

B. 董事會

(i) 董事會之組成

董事會現時由執行董事及非執行 董事組成。於本報告日期,董事 會包括以下董事:

執行董事:

王立先生(主席) 廖玉慶先生(行政總裁) 鄭建華女士(財務總監) (於二零二四年八月十六日 獲委任) 王磊先生(於二零二四年八月十六日調任為非執行董事) 羅用冠先生

非執行董事:

王志華先生

羅建峰先生

左滿倫先生 謝景雲女士(於二零二四年 八月十六日辭任) 王磊先生(於二零二四年 八月十六日調任為非執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

陳默先生 何君堯先生 林英鴻先生 文獻軍先生

(ii) 董事會職責

董事會負責領導及監控本公司、 監督本集團業務、批准投資管理 略計劃、維持本集團風險管理及 內部監控系統的有效性,以及 察本集團的表現。董事會現 三個委員會,即審核委員會 名委員會及薪酬委員會。各 會均有其職權範圍,並定期向董 事會匯報。

In addition, the executive Directors, with the assistance from the senior management, form the core management team of the Company. The executive Directors have the overall responsibility for formulating the business strategies and development plan of the Group and the senior management are responsible for supervising and executing such plans of the Group.

此外,在高級管理層之協助下,執行董事組成本公司之核心管理隊伍。執行董事肩負為本集團制訂業務策略及發展計劃之整體責任,高級管理層則負責監察及執行本集團之相關計劃。

(iii) Board meetings

During the Year, three full board meetings were held, at which, among other matters:

- the Directors approved the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and reviewed the related results announcement, annual report and the circular to the Shareholders in relation, amongst others, to the general mandate proposal and re-election of the Directors retiring by rotation;
- the Directors approved the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and reviewed the related results announcement; and

During the Year, the Board also discussed and approved the Group's affairs by way of circulation of written resolutions.

Prior notices convening the Board meetings were despatched to the Directors setting out the matters to be discussed. At the Board meetings, the Directors were provided with the relevant documents to be discussed and approved. The company secretary of the Company is responsible for keeping minutes of the Board meetings.

(iii) 董事會會議

於本年度,曾舉行三次董事會全 體會議,會上(其中包括):

- 董事批准本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績,並審閱相關業績公佈、年報、有關(其中包括)一般授權建議及重選輪席退任之董事而致股東之通函;
- 董事批准本集團截至二零 二四年六月三十日止六個 月之中期業績,並審閲相 關業績公佈;及

於本年度,董事會亦通過提呈書 面決議案的形式討論及批准本集 團事宜。

載有將於董事會會議上商討事項 之通告已在會議召開前寄發予董 事。董事會會議上,董事獲提供 將予考慮及批准之有關文件。本 公司之公司秘書負責將董事會會 議記錄存檔。



(iv) Attendance record

The following is the attendance record of the meetings held by the Board and general meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2024:

(iv) 出席紀錄

以下為於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度所舉行之董事會 會議及股東大會出席紀錄:

Attendance at meeting

			Board Meetings 董事會會議	General Meetings 股東大會
Executive Directors:	執行董事:			
Mr. WANG Li (Chairman)	王立先生(主席)		3/3	1/1
Mr. LIAO Yuqing (Chief Executive Officer)	廖玉慶先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i>		2/3	0/1
Ms. ZHENG Jianhua (Chief Financial Officer)#1	鄭建華女士(財務總監)#1		2/3	0/1
Mr. WANG Lei ^{#2}	王磊先生#2		3/3	1/1
Mr. LAW Yung Koon	羅用冠先生		3/3	1/1
Mr. WANG Zhihua	王志華先生		3/3	1/1
Mr. LUO Jianfeng	羅建峰先生		3/3	1/1
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:			
Mr. ZUO Manlun	左滿倫先生		3/3	1/1
Ms. XIE Jingyun ^{#3}	謝景雲女士#3		1/4	0/1
Mr. WANG Lei ^{#4}	王磊先生#4		3/3	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:			
Mr. CHEN Mo	陳默先生		3/3	1/1
Mr. HO Kwan Yiu	何君堯先生		3/3	1/1
Mr. LAM Ying Hung Andy	林英鴻先生		3/3	1/1
Mr. WEN Xianjun	文獻軍先生		3/3	1/1
#1 (appointed on 16 August 2024)		#1	(於二零二四年八)	月十六日獲委任)
#2 (redesignated as non-executive Director on	16 August 2024)	#2	(於二零二四年 <i>)</i> 為非執行董事)	八月十六日調任
#3 (resigned on 16 August 2024)		#3	(於二零二四年八	月十六日辭任)
(redesignated as non-executive Director on 16 August 2024)		#4	(於二零二四年八月十六日調任	

⁽redesignated as non-executive Director on 16 August 2024) 為非執行董事)

XINGFA ALUMINIUM HOLDINGS LIMITED 興發鋁業控股有限公司

(v) Independent non-executive Directors

In compliance with Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed four independent non-executive Directors. The Board considers that all independent non-executive Directors have the appropriate and sufficient industry or finance experience and qualifications to carry out their duties so as to protect the interests of shareholders of the Company. In compliance with Rule 3.10 (2) of the Listing Rules, one of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy, has over 30 years of experience in the accounting, banking and finance sectors and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence with reference to the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considered that each of the independent non-executive Directors, with a diverse business and professional background as well as his in-depth understanding of the Company's operations and business, have brought his valuable experience to the Board and contributed to ensuring that the interests of the Company's shareholders were taken into account. In assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, particular consideration is paid to those independent non-executive Directors who have been serving on the Board for more than 9 years and seeking re-election in the forthcoming annual general meeting. When appropriate, reasons will be given in the annual general meeting circular to explain why the Board believes those independent non-executive Directors are still independent and should be re-elected.

By virtue of the above, the Board considers that all four independent non-executive Directors as at the date of this report, namely, Mr. CHEN Mo, Mr. HO Kwan Yiu, Mr. LAM Ying Hung Andy and Mr. WEN Xianjun were independent having regard to the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

(v) 獨立非執行董事

為符合上市規則第3.10(1)條,本。司委任四名獨立非執行董事會認為,全體獨立非執行董事均具有合適及充足之業界表為人資格,以履行彼是權,以保障本公司股東之益,權等之一名獨立非執行董事金融,並為英國特別等。其鴻確公會及香港會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。

本公司已收到每名獨立非執行董 事參考上市規則第3.13 條所載指 引發出的有關其獨立性之年度確 認。董事會認為,各獨立非執行 董事擁有不同商業及專業背景, 且對本公司營運及業務有深入了 解,為董事會獻出其寶貴經驗, 並為確保本公司股東之利益得到 考慮作出貢獻。於評估獨立非執 行董事之獨立性時,該等在董事 會任職超過九年及擬於應屆股東 週年大會上尋求重選之獨立非執 行董事應給予特別考慮。股東週 年大會通函內將列出理由闡述董 事會為何仍認為該等獨立非執行 董事具獨立性及應予以重選(如 適用)。

鑒於上文所述,經考慮上市規則 第3.13 條所載的獨立性指引,董 事會認為於本報告日期,所有四 名獨立非執行董事(即陳默先生、 何君堯先生、林英鴻先生及文獻 軍先生)均為獨立人士。

(vi) Relationship among members of the Board

Mr. LIAO Yuqing, an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company, is the son-in-law of Mr. LUO Su, the Honourable Adviser of the Group. Save as aforesaid, there is no other relationship (including financial, business, family or other material relationship) between any of the Directors, the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. All of the Directors are free to exercise their independent judgement.

(vii) Continuous professional development

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has provided regular updates to Directors on material changes to regulatory requirements applicable to the Directors and the Company and on the latest business development of the Company. The Directors confirmed that they have complied with code provision C.1.4 of the Corporate Governance Code on directors' training. Every newly appointed Director has received a formal and comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements. During the year ended 31 December 2024, all Directors, namely Mr. WANG Li, Mr. LIAO Yuqing, Ms. ZHENG Jianhua, Mr. LAW Yung Koon, Mr. WANG Zhihua, Mr. LUO Jianfeng, Mr. ZUO Manlun, Ms. XIE Jingyun, Mr. WANG Lei, Mr. CHEN Mo, Mr. HO Kwan Yiu, Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy, and Mr. WEN Xianjun, have participated in continuous professional development by reading materials to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in areas related to their roles, functions and duties of Directors such as corporate governance, regulatory updates and topics related to aluminium industry, and provided their respective record of training to the Company.

(vi) 董事會成員間之關係

本公司執行董事兼行政總裁廖玉 慶先生為本集團榮譽顧問羅蘇 先生之女婿。除上述者外,任何 本公司董事、主席或主要行政人 員之間概無任何其他關係(包括 財務、業務、家庭或其他重大關 係)。全體董事均可作出獨立判 斷。

(vii) 持續專業發展

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,本公司已就董事及本 公司適用之規管規定之重大變動 以及有關本公司最新業務發展向 董事提供定期更新資料。董事確 認,彼等已遵守企業管治守則之 守則條文第C.1.4 條有關董事培訓 之規定。每名新委任的董事於其 獲委任之初已接受正式全面的入 職培訓,以確保彼等適當了解本 公司業務及營運以及充分認識到 上市規則及相關法定規定下董事 的職責及責任。於截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度,全體 董事(即王立先生、廖玉慶先生、 鄭建華女士、羅用冠先生、王志 華先生、羅建峰先生、左滿倫先 生、謝景雲女士、王磊先生、陳 默先生、何君堯先生、林英鴻先 生及文獻軍先生)已透過閱讀各 種資料之方式參與持續專業發 展,以發展及更新有關其作為董 事之角色、職能及職責之知識及 技能,如企業管治、最新規管資 料及鋁材行業相關資料等,並已 向本公司提供彼等各自培訓記錄。



C. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer are segregated. The Chairman, Mr. WANG Li, is chiefly responsible for managing the Board. Mr. LIAO Yuqing is the chief executive officer of the Company who takes charge of the supervision of the execution of the policies determined by the Board. The Chairman also chairs the Board meetings and briefs the Board members on the issues discussed at the Board meetings.

D. INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of Mr. CHEN Mo, Mr. HO Kwan Yiu and Mr. WEN Xianjun has been appointed for a fixed term of three years commencing from 4 August 2024 and Mr. LAM Ying Hung Andy has been appointed for a fixed term of three years commencing from 1 April 2023.

Mr. ZUO Manlun has been appointed for a fixed term of three years commencing from 1 April 2023 and Mr. WANG Lei has been appointed for a fixed term of three years commencing from 16 August 2024.

The independent non-executive Directors have attended the Board meetings and provided independent judgement on the issues discussed thereat.

E. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company established a remuneration committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the remuneration committee comprised Mr. HO Kwan Yiu (chairman of the remuneration committee), Mr. CHEN Mo, Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy and Mr. WANG Li and Mr. LIAO Yuqing. The primary duties of the remuneration committee are to review and make recommendations to the Board on the terms of remuneration packages, bonuses and other compensation payable to the Directors and senior management. The remuneration committee shall also be responsible for review and/or approve matters relating to share option scheme of the Company. No share option has been granted by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024.

C. 主席及行政總裁

主席及行政總裁兩者角色分立。主席王立先生主要負責管理董事會。廖玉慶先生則為本公司行政總裁,負責監察及落實董事會釐定之政策。主席亦主持董事會會議,並向董事會成員簡介於董事會會議上商討之事項。

D. 獨立非執行董事及非執行董事

陳默先生、何君堯先生及文獻軍先生各 自之固定委任年期由二零二四年八月四 日開始,為期三年,而林英鴻先生之固 定委任年期則由二零二三年四月一日開 始,為期三年。

左滿倫先生之固定委任年期由二零二三年四月一日開始,為期三年。而王磊先生之固定委任年期由二零二四年八月十六日開始,為期三年。

獨立非執行董事已出席董事會會議,並就當時所商討之事項提供獨立判斷。

E. 董事薪酬

本公司已遵守企業管治守則,成立薪酬委員會,並以書面界定其職權範圍。於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 薪酬委員會由何君堯先生(薪酬及王人 新酬委員會由何君堯先生(薪酬及王人 大生及廖玉慶先生組成。薪酬委員會立之之 生及廖玉慶先生組成。薪酬委員會允 生及廖玉慶先生組成。薪酬委員會允 生及廖玉慶先生組成。薪酬委員會允 生及廖玉慶先生組成。薪酬委員會允 生及於書酬組合、花之之 要職責為檢討及就薪酬組合、花之主 要職責為檢討及高級管理層之酬金之及條負計 向董事會提供建議。薪酬委員服權計一 檢討及一或批准有關本公司購股權計一 日止年度,本公司概無授出任何購股權。

It is the Company's policy that the remuneration package of each Director and senior management shall be determined by reference to the duties, responsibilities, experience and qualifications of each candidate.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, no meeting was held by the remuneration committee during the year members of the remuneration committee members have reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of certain Directors.

F. NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company established a nomination committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the nomination committee comprised Mr. WANG Li (chairman of the nomination committee), Mr. HO Kwan Yiu, Mr. CHEN Mo, Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy and Mr. ZUO Manlun. The primary duties of the nomination committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the nominees for appointment as Directors and senior management of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, no meeting was held by the nomination committee. During the Year, members of the nomination committee have considered matters relating to the re-election of Directors.

According to the articles of association of the Company, onethird of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from the office and offer themselves for re-election. The Directors to be retired by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment. At a full Board meeting held on 21 March 2024, the Directors have reviewed the Directors who would retire at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 May 2024 and approved the recommendation of re-electing such Directors at the aforesaid annual general meeting of the Company. 根據本公司政策,每名董事及高級管理 層之薪酬組合須參考各候選人之職責、 責任、經驗及資格而釐定。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會並無舉行會議。年內,薪酬 委員會成員已審閱並就若干董事的薪酬 待遇向董事會提供意見。

F. 提名董事

本公司已遵守企業管治守則,成立提名委員會,並以書面界定其職權範圍。於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會由王立先生(提名委員會主席)、何君堯先生、陳默先生、林英鴻先生及左滿倫先生組成。提名委員會之主要職責為就提名委任為本集團董事及高級管理層之人士向董事會作出推薦意見。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,提名委員會並無舉行會議。於本年 度,提名委員會成員已考慮有關重選董 事的事宜。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,三分之一董事須輪席退任,如數目並非三或三之倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一之整數須退任並可重選連任。將予輪席民任之董事須為自彼等上一次獲委任起計任期為最長者。在二零二四年三月二十一日舉行之董事會全體會議上,董事已檢討會於本公司在二零二四年五月三十日舉行之股東週年大會上退任董事,並批准推薦該等董事於本公司前述之股東週年大會上重選連任。



The Company continuously seeks to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance and recognizes and embraces the benefits of diversity in the Board. The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy ("Board Diversity Policy") to comply with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code which was effective from 1 September 2013. The Company believes that a diversity of perspectives can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors including. but not limited to, skills, regional and industry experience, cultural and educational background, race, gender and other qualities. In informing its perspective on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The composition, experience and balance of skills on the Board retains core members with longstanding knowledge of the Group alongside new Director(s) appointed from time to time who bring fresh perspectives and diverse experiences to the Board. The Board considers that gender diversity is vital in order to achieve a diverse Board composition. To achieve gender diversity within the Board, the Company's objective is to have at least 1 female director in the Board composition. At present, out of the 12 Board members, 11 of them are male and 1 of them is a female.

本公司不斷尋求提升董事會之效率及維 持最高水平之企業管治,且了解及認同 董事會多元化之裨益。董事會採納董事 會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」)以 符合於二零一三年九月一日生效之企業 管治報告之守則條文。本公司認為多元 化觀點可透過考慮若干因素而達致,包 括但不限於技能、區域及行業經驗、文 化及教育背景、種族、性別及其他質素。 於達致於多元化觀點時,本公司亦將根 據本身不時之業務模式及特別需要事宜 作考慮。董事會組成、經驗及技能平衡 將維持對本集團具有長期認識之核心成 員以及為董事會帶來嶄新觀點及不同經 驗之不時獲委任之新董事。董事會認為, 性別多元化是實現多元董事會組成的關 鍵,為達致董事會的性別多元化,本公 司的目標是在董事會組成中至少有一名 女性董事。目前,在12名董事會成員中, 其中11名為男性,1名為女性。



The process for the nomination of Directors is led by the nomination committee, which has been made on a merit basis. A nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") was adopted on 31 December 2018 and became effective on 1 January 2019, which serves to improve the transparency of the process and criteria in selecting and recommending candidates as directors of the Company for the Board's approval from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. The Directors and the nomination committee will consider and nominate candidates according to the Nomination Policy based on objective criteria with due regard to the benefits of diversity as set out in the Board Diversity Policy, to the Board for approval. In identifying individuals and making recommendations for nominations. the nomination committee considers whether such individuals have the appropriate qualifications, ability and perspectives that would enable them to effectively fulfill their roles and responsibilities as directors of the Company. The Board will review the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy on a regular basis to ensure their continued effectiveness. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the nomination committee was satisfied with the diversity of the existing Board composition and did not, for the time being, set up any measurable objective regarding board diversity.

The following sets out the gender distribution in the workforce of the Group (including senior management):

提名委員會主導以優點為基準作出之提 名董事程序。本公司於二零一八年十二 月三十一日採納一項提名政策(「提名政 策」),及該政策於二零一九年一月一日 起生效,該政策旨在提高於甄選及推薦 本公司董事候選人以供董事會不時批准 以及隨時委任任何人士為董事以填補董 事會臨時空缺或作為新董事方面的程序 诱明度及標準。董事及提名委員會將根 據提名政策基於客觀標準,並經妥為計 及董事會多元化政策所載之多元化之裨 益後,審議及提名候選人以供董事會批 准。於物色個人及就提名作出推薦意見, 提名委會考慮有關個人是否擁有合適資 格、能力及觀點使其能有效履行其作為 本公司董事之職責及責任。董事會將定 期檢討董事會多元化政策及提名政策, 以確保其持續有效。於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,提名委員會信 納現有董事會構成之多元,及暫時並無 就董事會之多元化設立任何可衡量之目

以下載列本集團員工(包括高級管理層) 的性別分佈:

Percentage of

			the total
		Number of	workforce
Employment by gender		employees	of the Group 佔本集團 員工總數的
按性別劃分的僱傭		僱員人數	百分比
Male	男性	7,987	79.6%
Female	女性	2,048	20.4%
Total number of employees	僱員總人數	10,035	100%



G. POLICY IN RELATION TO INDEPENDENT VIEWS AVAILABLE TO THE BOARD

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board adopted the Policy in relation to Independent Views Available to the Board which aims to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board.

The Policy in relation to Independent Views Available to the Board served as a guideline on the requirements in relation to independent non-executive Directors. The independent non-executive Directors shall satisfy the independence criteria under the Listing Rules on Stock Exchange. In this connection, each independent non-executive Director is required to confirm in writing to the Company his/her independence upon his/her appointment as a director of the Company with reference to the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Each independent nonexecutive Director is also required to inform the Company and the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable if there is any subsequent change of circumstances which may affect his/ her independence and must provide an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company. An annual review shall be conducted by the Company to assess the continuing independence of independent non-executive Directors, with attention to ensuring that they remain independent in character and judgement, and continue to present an objective and constructive challenge to the assumptions and viewpoints presented by the management and the Board.

The implementation and the effectiveness of the Policy in relation to Independent Views Available to the Board are subject to review by the Board on an annual basis.

G. 有關董事會獲得獨立意見的政 策

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會採納有關董事會獲得獨立意見的政策,旨在確保董事會能獲得獨立意見及建議。

有關董事會獲得獨立意見的政策為獨立 非執行董事相關規定的指引。獨立非執 行董事應符合聯交所上市規則的獨立性 標準。為此,各獨立非執行董事須參照 上市規則第3.13 條所載的獨立指引向本 公司書面確認彼獲委任為本公司董事後 之獨立性。各獨立非執行董事亦須在切 實可行情況下儘快知會本公司及聯交所 是否有任何後續情況變動可能影響彼之 獨立性,且必須向本公司提供有關彼之 獨立性的年度確認書。本公司應進行年 度檢討,以評估獨立非執行董事的持續 獨立性,以期確保彼等在角色及判斷方 面始終獨立,並繼續向管理層及董事會 所提出假設及觀點表達客觀及建設性的 質疑。

董事會將每年檢討有關董事會獲得獨立 意見的政策的實施及成效。



H. REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

H. 高級管理層薪酬

During the Year, the range of remuneration payable to the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) of the Group is set out below: 年內,應付本集團高級管理層成員(董事除外)的薪酬範圍載列如下:

	Number of
Remuneration range	persons
薪酬範圍	人數

Nil to RMB2,000,000零至人民幣2,000,000元1RMB2,000,001 to RMB2,500,000人民幣2,000,001元至人民幣2,500,000元4RMB2,500,001 to RMB3,000,000人民幣2,500,001元至人民幣3,000,000元-

I. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

the Group)

I. 核數師酬金

For the year ended 31 December 2024, Deloitte, the Group's external auditors, provided annual audit services and other non-audit services to the Company. A breakdown of the remuneration of the Group's external auditors is as follows

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團外部核數師德勤向本公司提供年度審核服務及其他非審核服務。本集團外部核數師之酬金明細如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日 止年度 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)

Audit service審核服務Annual audit services年度審核Other non-audit services (among others, for
reviewing the interim financial information of其他非審

年度審核服務 其他非審核服務 (包括審閱本集團中期財務資料)

1,518

1,450

J. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee with written terms of reference based upon the code provisions and recommended practices of the Corporate Governance Code. The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control systems of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2024, in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, members of the audit committee comprised Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy (chairman of the audit committee), Mr. CHEN Mo and Mr. HO Kwan Yiu, being the independent non-executive Directors, and Mr. WANG Lei being a non-executive Director.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the audit committee has held two meetings, at which:

- the audit committee members have reviewed and discussed with the external auditors of the Company the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, who is of the opinion that such statements complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made;
- the audit committee have reviewed the reasonableness and fairness of the continuing connected transactions of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023;
- the audit committee have reviewed and discussed about the change of auditors and made recommendation to the Board; and
- the audit committee members have reviewed and discussed with the external auditors of the Company the Group's unaudited consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2024.

J. 審核委員會

本公司已根據企業管治守則之條文及建議常規成立審核委員會,並以書面界定其職權範圍。審核委員會之主要職責為審閱及監察本集團之財務申報程序及內部監控系統。於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,為遵守上市規則第3.21條,審核委員會由獨立非執行董事任以及一名非執行董事王磊先任組成。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議,會上:

- 審核委員會成員已對本集團截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報表作出審閱,並 與本公司外聘核數師進行商討, 其認為該報表符合適用會計準 則、上市規則及法例規定,亦已 作出足夠披露;
- 審核委員會已檢討本公司截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度之持續關連交易之合理性及公平性;
- 審核委員會已檢討及討論核數師變動,並向董事會作出建議;及
- 審核委員會成員已與本公司外部 核數師審閱及討論本集團截至二 零二四年六月三十日止六個月之 未經審核綜合財務報表。



The following is the attendance record of the meetings held by the audit committee during the year ended 31 December 2024: 以下為審核委員會於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度舉行會議之出席 記錄:

> Attendance at meeting 會議出席率

Mr. LAM Ying Hung Andy	林英鴻先生	5/5
Mr. CHEN Mo	陳默先生	5/5
Mr. HO Kwan Yiu	何君堯先生	3/5
Ms. XIE Jingyun (resigned on 16 August	謝景雲女士(於二零二四年八月十六日辭任)	0/5
2024)		
Mr. WANG Lei (appointed on 16 August	王磊先生(於二零二四年八月十六日獲委任)	0/5
2024)		

K. DIRECTORS' ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2024.

L. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control system of the Group. The Board has not established a risk management committee. Instead, the full Board is responsible for performing the risk management function, including establishing and approving the overall risk management strategies of the Group form time to time, overseeing senior management's implementation of those strategies to align with the Company's risk profile, overseeing risk management framework structure, reviewing key risks and mitigation strategies and ensuring risk management effectiveness.

K. 董事確認

所有董事均已確認彼等編製截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度賬目之責 任。

L. 風險管理及內部監控

董事會整體負責維持本集團穩健而有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會整體負責維持本集團不會未成立風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會整體負債,包括不時建立及國本集團整體的風險管理戰略,監督風險管理層對該等戰略的實施以符合理框架結構,審核主要風險及緩解戰略及保障風險管理的有效性。



A bottom-up and top-down approach is utilised to ensure a holistic risk management process. The bottom-up approach is supported by key business units to identify and prioritise risks while the top-down approach reviews and assesses if risks are comprehensively identified, prioritised, and properly addressed by key business units to accomplish the Group's objectives. The management team is regularly monitoring emerging risks for continuous risk assessment purpose and for building the risk-management based internal audit plan and periodically assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal controls for ongoing risk assurance purposes. This enhances the effectiveness of the Group's risk and control framework.

The Group's risk management and internal control system is designed to reduce risks, safeguard the Group's assets, prevent and detect fraud and protect shareholders' investment as well as to ensure that proper accounting records are maintained and applicable legislation and regulations are complied with. During the year under review, through discussions with the management, the internal audit team and external auditors and with reference to a report submitted by the internal audit team and a risk assessment report prepared by a professional audit firm, the Board has conducted assessments and reviews of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system in various perspectives, including, among others, financial control, operational and compliance controls and risk management. The risk management and internal control systems are reviewed by the Board annually and each review covers a whole financial year.



The internal audit unit of the Company, which is subordinated to the Board, formulates the internal audit plan of the Group based on the strategic objectives analysis, business flow analysis, risk assessment and performance evaluation and the self-inspection mechanism with comprehensive risk management functions under the authority of the Board and the guidance of the audit committee. It regularly reports its audit findings and recommendations on internal control to the audit committee and the Board. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives.

During the year under review, the internal audit unit of the Company continuously optimized job responsibilities and functions of different departments according to the annual audit plan approved by the Board. Such audit work covered financial, operation, statutory compliance and connected transactions, etc., of the Group. During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and material internal controls system. Based on information furnished to it and on its own observations, the Board is satisfied with the present risk management and internal control systems of the Group and considers them effective and adequate. During the year under review and up to the date of this annual report, nothing has been found which requires substantial improvement.

The Company has formulated policies on information disclosure and regularly reminded Directors and employees to properly comply with relevant policies on inside information while notifying the Directors (who are also the senior management of the Group) and employees the latest guidance announced by the regulatory body on such information disclosure from time to time to keep all of them abreast of the latest information.

於回顧年度,本公司稽核室在不斷完善部門崗位職責之前提下,遵循董事會通過之年度稽核計劃,對本集團進行法等。當運不審計範圍涵蓋財務、營運年度持續,對本集團的風險管理及關連交易等。於回顧年度重大,內部監控系統。根據董事會所獲得更及大政,董事會滿意本集團現行系統是有效及充分。於回顧年度及截至中報日期,並無發現有重大事項需要改進,並無發現有重大事項需要改進。

本公司已制定信息披露政策,並定期提 醒董事及員工適當遵守內幕消息的相關 政策,並會不時知會董事(彼等亦為本 集團的高級管理層)及員工有關監管機 構公佈的上述信息披露最新指引,以令 彼等全體獲得最新的資訊。



M. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board has taken up the corporate governance functions in accordance with code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code and has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and compliance; has reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Company; has reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; reviewed and monitored the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees of the Company and the Directors; and has reviewed the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code during the Year as well as the disclosures in this Corporate Governance Report.

N. COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Pang Wai Ho was the company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary"). In performing his role as Company Secretary, Mr. Pang directly reported to the Chairman. Mr. Pang has confirmed that for the year under review, he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

O. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

(i) Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 64 of the Company's articles of association, any one or more shareholder(s) holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself(themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of

M. 企業管治職能

董事會根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條負責企業管治職能,並已審閱本公司企業管治及遵例方面之政策及常規;審閱及監察董事及本公司高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展;審閱及監察本公司遵守法定及規管規定之政策及常規;檢討並監控《操守準則》以及適用於本公司僱員及董事的合規手冊;以及審閱和公司於本年度遵守企業管治守則之情况及於企業管治報告中之披露。

N. 公司秘書

彭韋豪先生為本公司公司秘書(「公司秘書」)。於履行作為公司秘書之職責時, 彭先生直接向主席報告。彭先生確認彼 已於回顧年度接受不少於15 小時之相關 專業培訓。

O. 股東權利

(i) 股東召開特別股東大會之程 序

根據本公司之組織章程細則第64 條,任何一名或以上之股東,倘 於提交要求日期,持有本公司繳 足股本(附有股東於本公司股東 大會上之投票權)不少於十分之 一,則有權隨時向董事會或本公 司秘書提交書面要求,要求董事 會召開股東特別大會,以處理該 要求書中指明之任何事宜,而該 大會應於提交該要求書後兩個月 內舉行。倘於提交書面要求後21 日內,董事會未能落實召開該大 會,則提出要求之人士可以相同 方式自行召開大會,而因董事會 未能應要求行事而導致提出要求 之人士產生之所有合理費用,應

the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. The written requisition must state the objects of the meeting, and must be signed by the relevant shareholder(s) and deposited to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business, which is presently situated at Unit 605, 6/F, Wing On Plaza, 62 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong. Any shareholder enquiry may be directed to the Board through the Company Secretary by sending to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

(ii) Shareholders' enquiries put to the Board

Shareholders' enquiries about their shareholdings can be directed to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited. Shareholders may send their enquiries in respect of other matters to the Company by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or by email to dennispang@xingfa.com.

(iii) Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

There is no provision allowing shareholders to put forward proposals at the general meeting under the Company's articles of association or under the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands. Shareholders may follow the procedures set out above to convene an extraordinary general meeting for any business specified in such written requisition.

由本公司向其歸還。書面要求須 載明大會目的,且須由有關股東 簽署及送交公司秘書,地址為本 公司之主要營業地點,其現時位 於香港九龍尖沙咀東部麼地道62 號永安廣場 6 樓605 室。任何股 東可透過公司秘書以寄往本公司 之香港主要營業地點之方式直接 向董事會查詢。

(ii) 股東向董事會提出之查詢

股東可向本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司查詢其持股情況。股東可將有關其他事項的查詢郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營業地點,或電郵至dennispang@xingfa.com。

(iii) 於股東大會上提呈建議之程 序

本公司之組織章程細則或根據開 曼群島公司法(經修訂)並無准 許股東於股東大會提呈建議之條 文。股東可按上文所載程序召開 股東特別大會,以處理有關書面 要求中指明之任何事項。



P. Dividend Policy

The Company adopted a dividend policy ("Dividend Policy") to enhance the transparency of the Company and to facilitate its shareholders and investors to make informed investment decisions relating to the Company. The Dividend Policy allows shareholders to share the Company's profits while reserving sufficient reserves for the Group's future development. Proposed dividends, if any, will be proposed and declared at the discretion of the Board. When proposing any dividend payment, the Board will take into consideration, among others things, general financial position and strategies, expected operating cash flows and capital requirements, surplus, contractual restrictions of the Group, actual and expected government financial conditions, macroeconomics and such other factors as the Board may deem relevant from time to time. Furthermore, any payment of dividend by the Company is subject to the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the articles of association of the Company.

Subject to the above factors, the final dividend to be declared and paid by the Company shall be not less than 30% of the Group's audited consolidated profit attributable to the shareholders of the Company in any financial year.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed by the Board from time to time and there is no assurance that any dividend will be paid in any particular amount for any given period or that the Company is obliged to declare any dividend at any time or from time to time.

Q. INVESTOR RELATIONS

(i) Constitutional documents

During the year under review, the Company did not amend its constitutional documents.

P. 股息政策

在上述因素的規限下,本公司將宣派及派付的末期股息不得少於任何財政年度本公司股東應佔本集團經審核綜合溢利的30%。

股息政策將由董事會不時予以檢討,並 無法保證任何股息將於任何特定期間派 付任何特定金額,亦無法保證本公司有 義務於任何時間或不時宣派任何股息。

Q. 投資者關係

(i) 章程文件

於回顧年度,本公司並無修訂其 組織章程文件。



(ii) Shareholders' communication policy

The Company has adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy ("Shareholders' Communication Policy") which sets out the provisions with the objective of providing shareholders of the Company with ready, equal and timely information on the Company for them to make informed assessments of the Company's strategy, operations and financial performance, and enabling them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. The Board reviewed and considered the Shareholders' Communication Policy was effective during the year under review. The Shareholders' Communication Policy is available on the website of the Company at "http://www.xingfa.com".

On behalf of the Board of Directors

WANG Li

Chairman

Foshan China, 26 March 2025

(ii) 股東溝通政策

代表董事會

主席 王立

中國佛山,二零二五年三月二十六日



Deloitte.

德勤

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Xingfa Aluminium Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Xingfa Aluminium Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 107 to 214, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告 致興發鋁業控股有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 107至214頁的興發鋁業控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零二四 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該 日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面 收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表, 以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資 料及其他解釋資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露要求妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及就其出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills

We identified the expected credit losses ("ECL") allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills as a key audit matter because the gross carrying amount of the trade receivables not backed by bank bills and the related ECL allowance are significant to the consolidated financial statements and determining the level of the ECL allowance requires the exercise of significant management judgement, which is inherently subjective.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's gross trade receivables not backed by bank bill amounted to RMB4,189,857,000, against which an allowance of RMB1,094,199,000 for ECL was recorded.

Management measures the ECL allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Management assessed the ECL allowance for credit-impaired trade receivables not backed by bank bills individually, taking into account the estimated future cash flows to be derived from the collateralised assets, if any.

For remaining trade receivables not backed by bank bills, the ECL allowance is measured using a provision matrix, which involves the use of estimated loss rates for each category of trade receivables not backed by bank bills which are grouped according to ageing profiles. The estimated loss rates take into account the historical observed default rates of the debtors taking into consideration of the forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue costs or effort.

Our audit procedures to assess the ECL allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of relevant controls relating to estimating the ECL allowance;
- Evaluating the Group's policy for estimating the ECL allowance with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standard;
- Challenging management's basis and judgement in determining credit loss allowance on trade receivables not backed by bank bills at year end, including their identification of credit-impaired trade receivables not backed by bank bills, the reasonableness of management's grouping of the remaining trade receivables not backed by bank bills into different categories in the provision matrix, and the basis of estimated loss rates applied in each category in the provision matrix (with reference to historical observed default rates and forward-looking information);
- For credit-impaired trade receivables not backed by bank bills, evaluating if managements estimation of cash flows to be derived from the collateralised assets (if any) with reference to market information;



Key audit matters (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

我們將並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備識別為關鍵審計事項,原因是並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的賬面總值及相關預期信貸虧損撥備對綜合財務報表屬重要,且釐定預期信貸虧損撥備的水平需管理層作出重大的判斷,這存在內在不確定性。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項總額為人民幣4,189,857,000元,其中錄得預期信貸虧損撥備人民幣1,094,199,000元。

管理層按照相當於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量並無銀行票 據支持的交易應收款項的預期信貸虧損備。

管理層單獨評估出現信貸減值的並無銀行票據支援的交易應 收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備,計及將自抵押資產(如有)產生 的估計未來現金流量。

就餘下並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項而言,採用撥備矩陣計量預期信貸虧損撥備,這涉及使用按賬齡分類分組的各類並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的估計虧損率。估計虧損率考慮了債務人過往觀察的違約率以及無需過度成本或投入即可獲取的合理及支持性前瞻性資料。

我們用以評估並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項 之預期信貸虧損撥備的審計程序包括以下各項:

- 了解及評估與估計預期信貸虧損撥備相關的 控制設計及實施;
- 經參考當前會計準則的規定,評估 貴集團估 算預期信貸虧損撥備的政策;
- 質疑管理層釐定年末並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的信貸虧損撥備的基準及判斷,包括其對出現信貸減值的並無銀行票據支援的交易應收款項的識別、管理層將餘下並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項歸入撥備矩陣中不同類別的合理性,以及應用於撥備矩陣中各類別的估計虧損率基準(經參考歷史觀察違約率及前瞻性資料);
- 就出現信貸減值的並無銀行票據支援的交易 應收款項而言,評估管理層是否經參考市場 信息估計將自抵押資產(如有)產生的現金流 量;



Key audit matters (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter (Continued)	How our audit addressed the key audit matter (Continued)		
Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills (Continued)			
The details are set out in Notes 3.2(v), 4 and 30(a) to the consolidated financial statements.	 Testing the accuracy of the ageing analysis of a selection of the trade receivables not backed by bank bills by tracing to the supporting evidence; Testing and retrospective reviewing the accuracy of the estimated loss rates and evaluating whether the estimated loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on forward-looking information. 		
關鍵審計事項(續)	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項(續)		
並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備(續)			
詳情載於綜合財務報表附註3.2(v)、4及30(a)。	• 通過追溯證明文件測試部分並無銀行票據支 持的交易應收款項賬齡分析的準確性;		
	• 測試及追溯審閱估計虧損率的準確性,並評估估計虧損率是否根據前瞻性資料進行適當調整。		

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 21 March 2024.

Other information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

其他事項

貴集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 的綜合財務報表已由另一核數師審計,其已於 二零二四年三月二十一日就該等報表發表無保 留意見。

其他資料

貴公司董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 刊載於年報內的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表 及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

Other information (Continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料(續)

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

管治層履行監督 貴集團的財務報告過程的責任。

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關當了或假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 規劃及執行集團審計,以獲取有關集團內 實體或業務單位財務資料的充足、適當的 審計憑證,作為對集團財務報表發表意見 的基礎。我們負責集團審計目的下所進行 的審計工作的方向、監督和審閱。我們為 審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與管治層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向管治層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有 關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,為消 除威脅而採取的行動或已採用的防範措施。

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lam Chi Hong.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

從與管治層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是藍 志康。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

26 March 2025

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師* 香港

二零二五年三月二十六日



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Revenue	營業額	5	18,854,641	17,352,551
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(17,090,943)	(15,362,349)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Distribution costs Administrative expenses	毛利 其他收益 其他收益及虧損 分銷成本 行政開支	6(a) 6(b)	1,763,698 200,851 20,571 (399,438) (447,887)	1,990,202 193,658 (21,040) (374,054) (439,264)
Impairment losses on trade and other receivables	交易及其他應收款項減值虧損	7	(67,883)	(293,204)
Finance costs Share of loss of an associate	財務成本 分佔一間聯營公司虧損	8	(104,558) 	(138,056) (1,919)
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	9 10	965,354 (137,259)	916,323 (108,222)
Profit for the year	年度溢利		828,095	808,101
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		826,033 2,062	804,171 3,930
			828,095	808,101
Earnings per share, in RMB Basic	每股盈利(人民幣元) 基本	13	1.96	1.91



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

(Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Profit for the year	年度溢利	828,095	808,101
Other comprehensive income for the year: Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation from functional currency to presentation currency Fair value (losses) gains on equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive	功能貨幣換算至呈列貨幣產生的 匯兑差額 按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按公 平值計入其他全面收益」)的股權	134,209	81,699
income ("FVTOCI"), net of related income tax	投資的公平值(虧損)收益,扣除 相關所得税	(1,581)	3,112
		132,628	84,811
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可被重新分類至損益之項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算境外業務之匯兑差額	(133,465)	(81,498)
Total other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	年度其他全面(開支)收益總額	(837)	3,313
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額	827,258	811,414
Total comprehensive income attributable	下列人士應佔全面收益總額:		
to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	825,196 2,062	807,484 3,930
		827,258	811,414



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表

綜合財務狀況表 At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

		Notes 附註	31 December 2024 二零二四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current assets Investment properties Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 投資物業 物業、廠房及設備	14 14	197,920 3,562,266	193,580 3,303,653
			3,760,186	3,497,233
Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Equity securities designated at FVTOCI	使用權資產 無形資產 指定為按公平值計入其他全面	15	447,164 3,823	465,218 2,586
Derivative financial instruments	收益的股本證券 衍生金融工具	17	23,462 6,957	36,508 4,315
Prepayments Deferred tax assets	預付款項 遞延税項資產	20 27	72,700 214,098	31,432 201,919
			4,528,390	4,239,211
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Prepayments Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 存貨 交易及其他應收款項 預付款項 已抵押存款 現金及現金等價物	18 19 20 21 21	1,654,256 5,281,970 155,702 196,062 2,726,060	1,362,123 4,191,085 107,102 124,250 2,840,415
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售之非流動資產		10,014,050	8,624,975 2,040
			10,014,050	8,627,015
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Contract liabilities Bank and other borrowings Lease liabilities Tax liabilities	流動負債 交易及其他應付款項 合約負債 銀行及其他借貸 租賃負債 税項負債	22 23 24	5,230,340 349,002 627,019 1,995 37,716	3,822,213 382,413 499,590 2,518 88,201 4,794,935
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		3,767,978	3,832,080
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		8,296,368	8,071,291

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

		Notes 附註	31 December 2024 二零二四年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	24	2,250,332	2,647,902
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		331	3,537
Deferred income	遞延收入	25	117,570	66,118
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	27	20,675	27,903
			2,388,908	2,745,460
Net assets	資產淨值		5,907,460	5,325,831
	55 -L 04 (44			
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備 股本	28	2 752	2.752
Share capital Reserves	(A)	28	3,753 5,894,122	3,753 5,314,555
Neserves	阻止用		3,034,122	
Total equity attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔權益總額			
owner of the Company	个公司推行八层旧作血减银		5,897,875	5,318,308
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		9,585	7,523
	lele X/ /ds Act			
Total equity	權益總額		5,907,460	5,325,831

The consolidated financial statements on pages 107 to 214 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2025.

第107頁至第214頁的綜合財務報表已於二零 二五年三月二十六日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

Wang Li 王立 *Chairman* 主席 Liao Yuqing 廖玉慶 Executive Director 執行董事



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

					e to owners of t 本公司擁有人應					
Tota equity	Non- controlling interests	Total	Retained earnings	FVTOCI reserve 按公平值計入 其他全面收益	Exchange reserves	Statutory reserves	Other reserve	Capital reserve	Share premium	Shares Capital
總權益	非控股權益	總計	保留盈利	之儲備	匯兑儲備	法定儲備	其他儲備	資本儲備	股份溢價	股本
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
4,655,464	3,593	4,651,871	3,872,876	2,298	2,059	406,470	209,822	6,354	148,239	3,753
808,101	3,930	804,171	804,171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
201	-	201	-	-	201	-	-	-	-	-
3,112		3,112		3,112						
811,414	3,930	807,484	804,171	3,112	201					
	-	-	(7,496)	_	_	7,496	_	-	_	-
(141,047		(141,047)	(141,047)							
5,325,831	7,523	5,318,308	4,528,504	5,410	2,260	413,966	209,822	6,354	148,239	3,753
828,095	2,062	826,033	826,033	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
744	-	744	-	-	744	-	-	-	-	-
(1,581	-	(1,581)	-	(1,581)	-	-	-	-	-	-
			3	(3)						
827,258	2,062	825,196	826,036	(1,584)	744					
	-	-	(7,982)	-	-	7,982	-	-	_	-
(245,629	-	(245,629)	(245,629)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

At 1 January 2023

Profit for the year

Exchange differences

Fair value gain on equity investments at FVTOCI

Total comprehensive income for the year

Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 28(b))

Fair value losses on equity investments at FVTOCI

Disposal of equity investment of FVTOCI

Total comprehensive income for the year

Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 28(b))

At 31 December 2024

Appropriation to reserves

At 31 December 2023

Profit for the year

Exchange differences

於二零二三年一月一日

的公平值收益

年度全面收益總額

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

按公平值計入其他全面收益的股權投資

出售按公平值計入其他全面收益的

轉撥至儲備 確認為分派之股息(附註28(b))

年度溢利

的公平值虧損

股權投資

轉撥至儲備 確認為分派之股息(附註28(b))

年度全面收益總額

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

3,753

148,239

6,354

209,822

421,948

3,004

3,826

5,100,929

5,897,875

9,585

5,907,460

按公平值計入其他全面收益的股權投資

年度溢利 匯兑差額



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

綜合現金流量表 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	965,354	916,323
Adjustments for:	經下列各項調整:	303,331	310,323
Depreciation	折舊	578,806	470,310
Amortisation	攤銷	1,062	412
Write down of inventories	撇減存貨	3,000	38,107
Impairment losses on trade and other	交易及其他應收款項減值虧損	3,000	30,107
receivables		67,883	293,204
Impairment loss on prepayments for	物業預付款項減值虧損	07,003	255,204
properties		_	23,224
Finance costs	財務成本	104,558	138,056
Interest income	利息收入	(46,070)	(63,220)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備以及其他	(12,213,	(,)
equipment and other assets	資產的虧損	370	14,880
Share of loss of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司虧損	_	1,919
Gain on disposal of an associate	出售一間聯營公司收益	(12,960)	, _
Changes in fair value of other derivative	其他衍生金融工具及遠期外匯		
financial instruments and forward	合約之公平值變動		
exchange contracts		(2,642)	7,643
Net foreign exchange gain	外匯收益淨額	(1,938)	(1,844)
Government grants amortised from	遞延收入攤銷之政府補貼		
deferred income		(5,609)	(9,895)
Operating cash flows before movements in	營運資金變動前的營運現金流量		
working capital		1,651,814	1,829,119
3 1			
(Increase) decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)減少	(295,133)	68,777
(Increase) decrease in trade and other	交易及其他應收款項(增加)減少		
receivables		(1,174,768)	234,012
(Increase) decrease in prepayment	預付款項(增加)減少	(48,600)	56,455
Increase (decrease) in trade and other	交易及其他應付款項增加(減少)		
payables		1,522,459	(584,102)
(Decrease) increase in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)增加	(33,411)	3,896
Cash generated from operations	業務所得現金	1,622,361	1,608,157
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(193,260)	(131,537)
Dividend withholding tax paid	已付股息預扣税	(13,500)	(10,000)
Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") paid	已付土地增值税(「土地增值税」)	(111)	(13)
Net cash from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	1,415,490	1,466,607
,		, , , , , , , ,	

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 综合租金流量表

綜合現金流量表For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度
(Expressed in Renminbi)(以人民幣列示)

	Not		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i>
	附靠	註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Investing activities Interest received Payment for purchase of property, plant and	投資活動 已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備之款項		46,070	63,220
equipment Placement of pledged deposits	存放已抵押存款		(955,826) (2,045,554)	(980,917) (2,022,764)
Proceeds from government grants for property, plant and equipment acquisition Proceeds received upon maturity of pledged	就收購物業、廠房及設備的政府補 貼的所得款項 於已抵押存款到期後已收所得款項		49,931	-
deposits			1,973,742	2,123,250
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		4,802	4,826
Payment for purchase of unlisted equity securities	購置非上市股本證券之付款		_	(27,516)
Payment for deposit of commodity futures contracts	商品期貨合約按金之付款		_	(2,000)
Refund from deposit of commodity futures	自商品期貨合約按金的退款			F 200
contracts Proceeds from disposal of an associate Repayment of loans from an associate	出售一間聯營公司所得款項 6 來自一間聯營公司償還貸款 33(15,000 16,000	5,200 - -
Proceeds from disposal of equity investments at FVTOCI	出售按公平值計入其他全面 收益的股權投資所得款項 17		11,186	_
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(884,649)	(836,701)
Financing activities	融資活動			
Payment of lease liabilities	租賃負債之付款		(3,729)	(2,293)
Payment of interest on lease liabilities Interest paid	租賃負債利息之付款 已付利息		(161) (128,217)	(321) (146,135)
Additions of bank and other borrowings	新增銀行及其他借貸		1,993,593	2,771,236
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸		(2,263,734)	(2,122,750)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	已付本公司擁有人之股息		(245,629)	(141,047)
Net cash (used in) generated from	融資活動(所用)所得現金淨額			
financing activities			(647,877)	358,690
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物(減少)增加淨額			
equivalents			(117,036)	988,596
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日的現金及現金等價物		2,840,415	1,849,773
Effect of foreign exchange rates changes	匯率變動之影響		2,681	2,046
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的現金及現金 等價物		2,726,060	2,840,415

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

1 General information

Xingfa Aluminium Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the annual report.

The Company's functional currency is Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"). The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are manufacturing and sale of aluminium products and sale of completed properties. As the operation of the Group's subsidiaries are principally conducted in the PRC, consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB").

2 Application of new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards

Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback

Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current

Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants

Amendments to IAS 7 and Supplier Finance Arrangements

IFRS 7

The application of the amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

1 一般資料

興發鋁業控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一間 於開曼群島註冊成立之公眾有限公司,其 股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。本 公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址已 於年報之公司資料一節披露。

本公司的功能貨幣為港元(「港元」)。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要業務為製造及銷售鋁型材及銷售已竣工物業。由於本集團附屬公司的業務主要於中國進行,綜合財務報表乃按人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列。

2 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則

於本年度強制生效的國際財務報告準 則會計準則修訂本

於本年度,本集團已首次應用國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的以下經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則, 其於本集團於二零二四年一月一日開始的年度期間強制生效,以編製綜合財務報表:

國際財務報告準則第16號 售後租回中的租賃

修訂本負債

國際會計準則第1號修訂本 負債分類為流動或

非流動

國際會計準則第1號修訂本 遵守契諾之非流動

負債

國際會計準則第7號及國際財 供愿 務報告準則第7號修訂本

供應商融資安排

於本年度應用國際財務報告準則會計準則 修訂本對本集團於本年度及過往年度的財 務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所 載的披露概無重大影響。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

Application of new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards (Continued)

New and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments³

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7

Contracts Referencing Naturedependent Electricity³

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture¹

Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards -

Amendments to IAS 21 IFRS 18

Volume 11³ Lack of Exchangeability² Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements⁴

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

Except for the new IFRS Accounting Standard mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂國 際財務報告準則會計準則

本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但尚未生 效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計 準則:

國際財務報告準則第9號及 國際財務報告準則第7號 金融工具分類與計 量之修訂本3

修訂本

國際財務報告準則第9號及國際 財務報告準則第7號修訂本 國際財務報告準則第10號及國

參考自然依賴型電 力的合約3 投資者與其聯營公

際會計準則第28號修訂本 司或合營企業之

間的資產出售或 出資1

國際財務報告準則會計準則 修訂本

國際財務報告準則 會計準則的年度

國際會計準則第21號修訂本 國際財務報告準則第18號

改進一第11卷3 缺乏可兑換性2 財務報表之呈列及

披露4

- 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於二零二五年一月一日或之後開始的年度期 間牛效
- 於二零二六年一月一日或之後開始的年度期
- 於二零二七年一月一日或之後開始的年度期 間生效

除下述新訂國際財務報告準則會計準則 外,本公司董事預期,於可預見將來應用 所有其他國際財務報告準則會計準則修訂 本將不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

2 Application of new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards (Continued)

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18, which sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements, will replace IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. This new IFRS Accounting Standard, while carrying forward many of the requirements in IAS 1, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. In addition, some IAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to IAS 8 and IFRS 7. Minor amendments to IAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows* and IAS 33 *Earnings per Share* are also made.

IFRS 18, and amendments to other standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted. The application of the new standard is expected to affect the presentation of the statement of profit or loss and disclosures in the future financial statements. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of IFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第**18**號財務報表之 呈列及披露

國際財務報告準則第18號規定財務報表之呈列及披露要求,將取代國際會計準則第1號財務報表之呈列。該項新國際財務報告準則會計準則於承襲國際會計準則第1號的多項要求的同時,引入於損益表中呈現指定類別及定義小計的新要求;於財務報表附註中提供管理層定義的績效指標之披露,並改善財務報表中披露的資料的匯總及分拆。此外,若干國際會計準則第8號及國際會計準則第8號及國際財務報告準則第7號。對國際會計準則第33號每股盈利亦進行小幅修訂。

國際財務報告準則第18號及其他準則之修訂本將於二零二七年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並允許提前應用。預期新準則的應用將影響未來財務報表中損益表之呈列及披露。本集團現正評估國際財務報告準則第18號對本集團綜合財務報表的具體影響。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information

3.1 Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the IASB. For the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

3.2 Material accounting policy information

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料

3.1 綜合財務報表之編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據國際會計準則 委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會 計準則編製。就編製綜合財務報表 而言,倘有關資料可合理預期期 響主要使用者的決策,則有關資料 被視為重大。此外,綜合財務報證 包括香港聯合交易所有限公司證 上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司 條例規定的適用披露。

3.2 重大會計政策資料

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司、本公司 所控制之實體及其附屬公司之財務 報表。當符合以下要素時,則本公 司取得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象業務而承擔浮動回報的風險或享有權利;及
- 有能力使用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實或情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中,有一項或以上出現變動, 則本集團重新評估其是否對投資對 象擁有控制權。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information *(Continued)*

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

綜合基準(續)

附屬公司之綜合入賬於本集團取得有關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於本集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及開支乃自本集團取得控制權之日起計入綜合損益表,直至本集團不再控制有關附屬公司之日為止。

損益及其他全面收益之每個項目乃 歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。 附屬公司之全面收益總額歸屬於本 公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此 舉會導致非控股權益產生虧絀結餘。

於必要時,將對附屬公司之財務報 表作出調整,以令彼等之會計政策 與本集團之會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易的所 有集團內公司間之資產及負債、權 益、收入、支出及現金流量於綜合 時悉數對銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團 於其中的權益分開呈列,乃使其持 有人於清算後有權獲得相關附屬公 司資產淨值份額的當前所有權權益。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information *(Continued)*

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料*(續)*

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司及合資企業的投資

聯營公司指本集團對其擁有重大影響的實體。重大影響指參與被投資 方財務及營運政策決策的權力,但 並不能夠控制或者共同控制該等政 策。

當本集團不再對聯營公司具有重大影響或不再共同控制時,應列賬為出售於被投資方的全部權益,並於損益中確認相關盈虧。

持作出售之非流動資產

倘非流動資產(及出售組別)之賬面 值將可主要通過銷售交易,而非通 過持續使用而收回,則分類為持作 出售。此情況僅於資產(或出售組別) 可按其現時情況立即出售、出售 件僅屬出售該資產(或出售組別)之 一般慣常條款,且極有可能出售時, 方告符合。管理層須進行有關出計一 年內合資格確認為已完成出售。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Non-current assets held for sale (Continued)

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate or joint venture, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

持作出售之非流動資產(續)

當本集團致力履行涉及出售聯營公司或合營企業中的投資或部分投資之出售計劃時,倘符合上述條件,將予出售的投資或部分投資分類為持作出售,且本集團自該投資(或部分投資)分類為持作出售時起,終止就分類為持作出售的部分使用權益法。

分類為持作出售之非流動資產(及出售組別)乃按其賬面值與公平值減出售成本兩者中的較低者計量。

客戶合約收益

本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此) 確認收益,即當特定履約責任相關 貨品或服務之「控制權」轉移客戶之 時。

履約責任指個別貨品或服務(或一組 貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同之個 別貨品或服務。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取 代價(或到期的代價金額),而須向 客戶轉讓貨品或服務之責任。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

A refund liability represents the Group's obligation to offer cash rebate to a customer when the sales volume reach certain amount, and it is included in other payables.

Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under IFRS 16 at inception of the contract. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of motor vehicles and properties that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use assets includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; and
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

退回負債指本集團在銷量達到一定 數量時,向客戶提供現金回扣之責 任,並計入其他應付款項。

租賃

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第16號的定義,在合約開始時評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。除非該合約的條款及條件其後發生變更,否則將不會重新評估該合約。

本集團作為承租人

短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於租期自開始日期起為12個月或以下的汽車及物業租賃,且並不包括購買選擇權。短期租賃的租賃付款於租期內按直線法確認為開支。

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 和賃負債的初始計量金額;及
- 於開始日期或之前所作的任何 租賃付款,減任何已收租賃優 惠。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊 及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的 任何重新計量作出調整。

使用權資產按其估計可使用年期及 租期的較短者以直線法折舊。

本集團在綜合財務狀況表中將使用 權資產作為單獨的項目呈列。

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日尚 未支付租賃付款的現值確認及計量 租賃負債。於計算租賃付款的現值 時,倘租賃中內含利率無法輕易釐 定,則本集團於租賃開始日期使用 增量借款利率。

租賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃獎勵。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever the lease term has changed, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料*(續)*

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

於開始日期後,租賃負債就利息增 長及租賃付款作出調整。

倘租期改變,本集團會重新計量租 賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出相 應調整),就此,相關租賃負債會透 過使用於重新評估之日的經修訂貼 現率貼現經修訂租賃款項而重新計 量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表中將租賃 負債作為單獨的項目呈列。

本集團作為出和人

租賃分類及計量

本集團作為出租人的租賃分類為經 營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入於相關租期以 直線法於損益確認。於協商及安排 經營租賃時產生之初步直接成本乃 新增至租賃資產之賬面值。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Sale and leaseback transactions

The Group applies the requirements of IFRS 15 *Revenue* from Contracts with Customers to assess whether sale and leaseback transaction constitutes a sale by the Group.

The Group as a seller-lessee

For a transfer that does not satisfy the requirements as a sale, the Group as a seller-lessee continues to recognise the assets and accounts for the transfer proceeds as borrowings within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

售後租回交易

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第15 號來自客戶合約收益的規定評估售 後租回交易是否構成本集團的出售。

本集團作為賣方一承租人

對於未滿足出售規定的轉讓,本集 團作為賣方一承租人繼續確認資產 並將轉讓所得款項作為國際財務報 告準則第9號金融工具範圍內的借貸 入賬。

借貸成本

直接用於收購、建造或生產合資格 資產(即需要相當長時間始能達到其 擬定用途或出售之資產)之借貸成本 會計入該等資產之成本,直至該等 資產實際達到其擬定用涂或出售。

倘於相關資產可用於擬定用途或出售後,則任何仍未償還的特定借貸 在計算一般借貸的資本化比率時計 入一般借貸組合。

所有其他借貸成本均於其產生期間 於損益中確認。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information *(Continued)*

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivables as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current and deferred income tax expense.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

政府補貼

政府補貼於合理保證本集團將遵守 政府補貼所附條件且將接獲政府補 助時,方予確認。

政府補貼乃於本集團將補助金擬補 償的有關成本確認為開支的期間系統地於損益中確認。具體而言,主要條件為本集團須購買、建設府法 其他方式取得非流動資產的政府補貼會於綜合財務狀況表內確認為無延收入,並於有關資產的可使用年期內系統及合理地轉撥至損益。

用作已產生開支或虧損的補償或向 本集團提供即時財務援助而應收(並 無日後相關成本)與收入相關的政府 補貼,乃於應收期間於損益內確認。 有關補貼呈列為「其他收入」。

税項

所得税開支表示即期及遞延所得税 開支之總和。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利有別於除税前溢利,乃由於在其他年度應課税或可扣税的收入或開支,以及永久毋須課税或扣税之項目。本集團即期税項負債按報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈之税率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項按綜合財務報表資產及負 債之賬面值與計算應課税溢利之相 應税基之暫時差額確認。遞延税項 負債通常會就所有應課税暫時差額 確認。遞延税項資產通常會就所有 可扣減暫時差額予以確認,惟以該 等可扣減暫時差額可用於抵銷應課 税溢利為限。如暫時差額產生自初 始確認(業務合併除外)一項交易的 資產與負債,且並無影響應課稅溢 利或會計溢利,且於交易時不會產 生等額應課税及可扣減暫時差額, 則有關遞延税項資產及負債不予確 認。此外,若暫時差額產生自商譽 之初始確認,則不確認遞延税項負 倩。

與附屬公司之投資相關的應課税暫時差額確認為遞延税項負債,惟本集團可控制暫時差額之撥回以內國主來撥回則除外。與該等投資相關之可沒產僅於時差額所產生之遞延税項資產僅於可能有足夠應課税溢利以抵銷動用暫時差額之利益且預計於可見將來予以撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期 末檢討,並以不再可能有足夠應課 税溢利以收回全部或部分資產為限 予以減值。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information

(Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to the lease liabilities and the related assets separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根據報告期 末已頒佈或實質已頒佈之稅率(及稅 法),按預期於結算負債或變現資產 期間應用之稅率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映按 本集團預期於報告期末收回或結算 其資產及負債之賬面值的方式計算 之稅務結果。

為計量本集團於其確認使用權資產 及相關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延 税項,本集團首先釐定税項扣減是 否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負債。

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債的租賃 交易而言,本集團將國際會計準則 第12號所得稅之規定分別應用於租 賃負債及相關資產。本集團就所有 應課稅暫時差額確認相關租賃負債 的遞延税項資產(以可能有應課稅溢 利可用作抵銷該等可扣減暫時差額 為限)及遞延税項負債。

倘有合法可強制執行權利以即期税 項資產抵銷即期税項負債,且兩者 均涉及由相同徵税機關向相同課税 實體徵收之所得税,則遞延税項資 產與負債互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress as described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Buildings and machinery in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management, including costs of testing whether the related assets is functioning properly and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Sale proceeds of items that are produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management (such as samples produced when testing whether the asset is functioning properly), and the related costs of producing those items are recognised in the profit or loss. The cost of those items are measured in accordance with the measurement requirements of IAS 2 Inventories. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括就生產用途 或供應貨品或服務或行政目而持有 的樓宇(下述在建工程除外))乃按成 本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值 虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表入賬。

供生產、供應或行政用途的在建樓 宇及機器按成本減任何已確認的減 值虧損列賬。成本包括任何直接歸 屬於使資產達至必要地點及狀態可 按管理層擬定方式運作的成本,包 括測試相關資產是否正常運作的成 本及(就合資格資產而言)根據本集 團的會計政策資本化的借款成本。 當將一項物業、廠房及設備達至必 要地點及狀態可按管理層擬定方式 運作而產生的項目(例如測試資產是 否正常運作時製作的樣品)的銷售所 得款項,以及生產該等項目的相關 成本於損益確認。該等項目之成本 乃根據國際會計準則第2號存貨的計 量要求計量。該等資產的折舊基準 與其他物業資產相同,乃於資產可 供用於擬定用途時開始計提。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals.

Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment properties over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘本集團就物業(包括租賃土地及 樓宇部分)擁有權權益作出付款,則 代價按於初始確認時之相對公平間 比例於租賃土地及樓宇部分之間可 數分配。倘相關付款能可靠分配 則租賃土地的權益於綜合財務所價 表呈列為「使用權資產」。倘代傳宇配 法在相關租賃土地的非租賃樓配, 別將物業悉數分類為物業、廠房及 設備。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金的物業。

投資物業亦包括確認為使用權資產 且由本集團根據經營租賃分租的租 賃物業。

投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應佔支出)進行初始計量。初始確認後, 投資物業乃按成本減其後累計折舊 及任何累計減值虧損列賬。折舊乃 使用直線法按投資物業的估計可使 用年期並經計及其估計剩餘價值而 確認,以撇銷其成本。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Investment properties (Continued)

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale

Properties for sale are classified as current assets. Properties for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sales. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

投資物業(續)

投資物業於出售時或投資物業永久 停用且預期出售該物業將不會產生 未來經濟利益時終止確認。

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中的 較低者列賬。存貨成本乃按加權平 均法釐定。可變現淨值指存貨的估 計售價減所有估計完成成本及進行 出售所需的成本。進行出售的所需 成本包括直接歸屬於銷售的增量成 本及本集團為進行出售而須承擔的 非增量成本。

待售物業被歸類為流動資產。待售物業按成本與可變現淨值的較低大與可變現淨值的較產生的有關開發支出,及(倘適用)資本化借貸成本。計畫與淨值指物業的估計售價減估本。對完成成本及進行出售所需的成本。對售的增量成本及本集團為進行出售的預承擔的非增量成本。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時確認。 所有定期買賣的金融資產按買賣日 期基準確認及終止確認。定期買賣 是須於市場規例或慣例制定的時限 內交付資產的金融資產買賣。

金融資產及金融負債初始按公交融資產及金融負債初始按公交惠負債初始按公交惠負債的產生的產生的產生的產業項初始按國際財務報告主命。收購或發行計量。收購或發行計量。收購或工值,在企業的負債(按公平值計入損益的金融初份,於時計入金融資產或金融負債。產期,於時期,以與與其一種。

實際利率法是一種計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本以及於有關期間分配利息收入及利息開支的方法。實際利率是將估計未來現金收入及付款(包括所有構成實際利率組成必分的已付或已收費用及點數、交易費用及其他溢價或折價)透過金融負債的預期年期或(倘適用)較短期間準確折現至初始確認時之賬面淨值的利率。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows;
 and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* applies.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產的分類及後續計量

滿足以下條件的金融資產後續按攤 銷成本計量:

- 持有金融資產的業務模式乃以 收取合約現金流量為目標;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生僅為 支付本金及未償還本金額的利息的現金流量。

符合以下條件的金融資產隨後乃按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收益!)計量:

- 持有金融資產的業務模式乃以 透過收取合約現金流量及出售 金融資產為目標;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生僅為 支付本金及未償還本金額的利 息的現金流量。

所有其他金融資產其後均按公平值計入損益計量,惟於初始確認金融資產時,倘股本投資並非持作買賣,亦非收購方於國際財務報告准則第3號業務合併適用的業務合併中確認的或然代價,則本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益呈列股本投資公平值的其後變動。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets (Continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not a designated and effective hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及後續計量(續)

倘屬以下情況,則金融資產持作買 賣:

- 主要為於近期出售而被收購; 或
- 於初始確認時,其為本集團集中管理的已識別金融工具組合的一部分,且近期具備短期獲利的實際模式;或
- 其為並非指定及有效作為對沖工具的衍生工具。

此外,倘可消除或大大減少會計錯配,本集團可不可撤銷地指定須按 攤銷成本計量的金融資產為按公平 值計入損益計量。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in the FVTOCI reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained earnings.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

攤銷成本及利息收入

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益工具

按公平值計入其他全面收益之權益 工具投資其後按公平值計量,其自 公平值變動所產生之收益及虧損於 其他全面收益中確認,並於按公平 值計入其他全面收益之儲備中累計; 毋須予以減值評估。有關累計收益 或虧損將不會於出售股本投資後重 新分類至損益,且將轉撥至保留盈 利。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI (Continued)

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income" line item in profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated at FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, pledged deposits and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益 的權益工具*(續)*

當本集團收取股息之權利獲確立時, 該等權益工具投資之股息於損益內 確認,除非股息明確代表收回部分 投資成本則當別論。股息計入損益 內之「其他收益」項目。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益計量或指定為按公平 值計入其他全面收益計量標準的金 融資產,按公平值計入損益計量。

按公平值計入損益計量的金融資產於各報告期末按公平值計量,任何公平值收益或虧損均於損益內確認。

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第9號對須進行減值評估的金融資產(包括交易及其他應收款項、已抵押存款及銀行結餘)按預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額會於各報告日期更新,以反映自初始確認以來信貸風險的變化。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on trade receivables is assessed individually for debtors with credit-impaired and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings based primarily on the debtors' ageing profiles.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

全期預期信貸虧損指在相關工具的預期信貸虧損指在相關工具的預期信貸虧損。相反的預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損」)指預期於報告日期預期信貸虧損」)指預期於報告日期預期信貸虧損的全期預期信貸虧損部分。經濟狀況以及於報告日期當所以以及於報告日期當所,並根據以及於報告日期當所,並根據以及於報告日期當所出出調整。

本集團始終就交易應收款項確認全期預期信貸虧損。交易應收款項的預期信貸虧損乃就出現信貸減值的債務人進行個別評估,並/或使用主要基於債務人賬齡概況的適當分組撥備矩陣進行整體評估。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量 虧損撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損, 除非信貸風險自初始確認以來大幅 上升,在此情況下,本集團確認全期 預期信貸虧損。是否應確認全期 預期信貸虧損的評估乃基於自初始 確認以來發生違約的可能性或風險 是否顯著增加。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料*(續)*

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅上升

具體而言,以下資料於評估信 貸風險是否大幅上升時將予以 考慮:

- 金融工具外部(如適用) 或內部信貸評級實際或 預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化,例如債務人的信貸息差、信貸違約掉期價格大幅上升:
- 商業、金融或經濟情況 目前或預期有不利變動, 預計將導致債務人償還 債項的能力顯著下降;

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綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
 - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
 - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險大幅上升(續)
 - 債務人經營業績實際或 預期顯著惡化;
 - 債務人的監管、經濟或 技術環境有實際或預期 的重大不利變動,導致 債務人償還債項的能力 顯著下降。

不論上述評估的結果,當合約 付款逾期超過30天,則本集團 假定信貸風險自初始確認起大 幅上升,除非本集團有合理及 具支持性的資料説明其他情況。

本集團定期監察用於識別信貸 風險是否大幅上升標準的有效 性,並酌情修訂以確保該標準 能夠於款項逾期前識別信貸風 險的大幅上升。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

(ii) 違約的定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本 集團認為,違約事件於內部編 製或自外部來源獲取的資料表 明債務人不大可能向其債權人 (包括本集團)悉數還款(並無 計及本集團所持任何抵押品) 時發生。

不論上文所述,當金融資產逾 期超過90天,則本集團認為違 約已發生,除非本集團有合理 及具支持性的資料説明更滯後 違約標準更為合適。

(iii) 出現信貸減值的金融資產

當發生一項或多項對金融資產 估計未來現金流量有不利影響 的違約事件時,金融資產出現 信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸 減值的證據包括以下事件的可 觀察資料:

- (a) 發行人或借款人有重大 財務困難;
- (b) 違約,例如拖欠或逾期 事件;

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
 - (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
 - (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

- (ii) 出現信貸減值的金融資產(續)
 - (c) 貸款人出於借款人財務 困難相關的經濟或合約 原因,而向借款人授予 貸款人原本不會考慮的 優惠;或
 - (d) 借款人可能破產或進行 其他財務重組。

(iv) 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易對手陷入嚴重財政困難且無實際收回可能時(例如交易對手被清盤或已 進入破產程序,以較早發生為 為準),本集團則撇銷金融當 產。經考慮法律意見(倘適當) 後,已撇銷金融資產仍可根 , 在集團的收回程序實施強制執 。 其後收回的任何款項將於損益 確認。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information *(Continued)*

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的現金流量(按初始確認時釐定的實際利率折現)之間的差額。

利息收入乃根據金融資產的總 賬面值計算,除非金融資產出 現信貸減值,在該情況下,利 息收入乃根據金融資產的攤銷 成本計算。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables and other receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減 值評估的金融資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

本集團透過調整其賬面值於損益確認所有金融工具的減值收益或虧損,惟相應調整透過虧損撥備賬確認的交易應收款項及其他應收款項除外。

終止確認金融資產

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收 代價總和之間的差額於損益確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

3 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements and material accounting policy information (Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables and bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3 綜合財務報表之編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本

分類為債務或股本

由集團實體發行的債務及股本工具 乃根據合約安排的內容以及金融負 債及股本工具的定義分類為金融負 債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具指證明實體於資產經扣除 所有負債後的剩餘權益的任何合約。 由本集團發行的股本工具於扣除直 接發行成本後按已收所得款項確認。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

金融負債(包括交易及其他應付款項 以及銀行及其他借貸)其後採用實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認金融負債

本集團於(及僅於)其責任被解除、 註銷或屆滿時終止確認金融負債。 已終止確認的金融負債賬面值與已 付及應付代價的差額於損益確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

4 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following is the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

ECL allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills

The ECL on trade receivables not backed by bank bills is assessed individually for debtors with credit-impaired and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings based primarily on the debtors' ageing profiles.

The estimated loss rates applied in the provision matrix are estimated based on the historical observed default rates of the debtors taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue costs or effort. At the end of each reporting period, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and updated if required after considering the forward-looking information that is available to the directors of the Company.

4 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

於應用本集團會計政策時,本公司董事須就未能於其他來源獲取的資產及負債的賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為屬有關的因素作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。會計估計之 修訂會在修訂估計期間(倘修訂僅影響該 期間)或修訂期間及未來期間(倘修訂影 響目前及未來期間)確認。

以下為有關日後之主要假設及於報告期末 估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,可能導 致下一財政年度資產及負債之賬面值須作 出重大調整之重大風險。

並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預 期信貸虧損撥備

並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預期 信貸虧損乃就出現信貸減值的債務人進行 個別評估及/或基於債務人的賬齡概況採 用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行共同評估。

撥備矩陣所應用的估計虧損率乃基於過往 觀察的債務人的違約率,計及具合理及支 持性以及毋須花費不必要成本或努力即可 獲得的前瞻性資料進行估計。於各報告期 末,經考慮本公司董事可獲得的前瞻性資 料後,過往觀察的違約率須重新評估並在 必要時更新。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

4 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

ECL allowance for trade receivables not backed by bank bills (Continued)

The allowance for credit losses is sensitive to changes in estimates. At the end of each reporting period, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered. At 31 December 2024, the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables not backed by bank bills is RMB4,189,857,000 (2023: RMB3,384,201,000) (net of allowance for expected credit losses of RMB1,094,199,000 (2023: RMB1,033,451,000). The information about the ECL and the Group's trade receivables not backed by bank bills are disclosed in Note 30.

5 Revenue and segment reporting

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are manufacturing and sale of aluminium products and sale of completed properties. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in Note 5(b).

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines is as follows:

4 估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的預 期信貸虧損撥備*(續)*

信貸虧損撥備對估計變動相當敏感。於各報告期末,過往觀察的違約率會重新評估並會考慮前瞻性資料的變化。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的總賬面值為人民幣4,189,857,000元(二零二三年:人民幣3,384,201,000元)(經扣除預期信貸虧損撥備人民幣1,094,199,000元(二零二三年:人民幣1,033,451,000元))。有關預期信貸虧損及本集團並無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的資料於附註30披露。

5 收益及分部報告

(a) 營業額

本集團之主要業務為製造及銷售鋁型材及銷售已竣工物業。有關本集團主要業務活動之進一步詳情披露於附註5(b)。

按主要產品或服務線劃分之客戶合約收益明細如下:

		二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自與客戶合約收益		
Disaggregated of products or service lines	按產品或服務線劃分之明細		
 Sales of aluminium profiles Sales of aluminium panels, aluminium alloy, moulds and 	一銷售鋁型材 一銷售鋁板、鋁合金、模具及 零部件	18,535,655	16,764,600
spare parts	一加工服務合約收益	315,292	585,582
 Revenue from processing service contracts 	一川上加州古州北無	_	2,369
– Sales of completed properties	一銷售已竣工物業	3,694	
		18,854,641	17,352,551

2023

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

5 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)

The Group's customer base is diversified and does not include any individual customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue (2023: Nil).

For sales of aluminium products for which the control of the product is transferred at a point in time, revenue is recognised when control of goods has transferred, being when the customer accepts the products. The normal credit term is disclosed in Note 19.

For sale of property for which the control of the property is transferred at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains the control of the completed property and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

The performance obligation under the contracts for the sales of products has original expected duration of less than one year and as permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition and by geographic markets is disclosed below.

5 收益及分部報告(續)

(a) 營業額(續)

本集團客戶基礎多元化,且並不包括交易佔本集團收益超過10%之任何個別客戶(二零二三年:無)。

對於在某一時點轉移產品控制權的 鋁產品銷售,收益在貨品控制權轉 移,即客戶接納產品時確認。正常 信貸期於附註19披露。

對於物業銷售,當物業的控制權在 某一時點轉移時,收入在客戶獲得 竣工物業的控制權且本集團有現時 付款權及代價有可能收回時確認。

產品銷售合約項下的履約責任原預期期限少於一年,並根據國際財務報告準則第15號所允許,分配至該等未履約合約的交易價格不予披露。

按收益確認時間及按區域市場劃分之客戶合約收益細分於下文披露。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

5 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by product lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which the information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following reportable segments.

- Industrial aluminium profiles: this operating and reportable segment manufactures and sells plain aluminium profiles, mainly for industrial usage.
- Construction aluminium profiles: this operating and reportable segment manufactures and sells aluminium profiles with surface finishing, including anodic oxidation aluminium profiles, electrophoresis coating aluminium profiles, powder coating aluminium profiles and PVDF coating aluminium profiles. Construction aluminium profiles are widely used in architecture decoration.
- All other segments: this reportable segment including the revenue generated from processing service contracts related to aluminium products, sale of aluminium panels, aluminium alloy, moulds and spare parts, sale of office premises and residential properties.

5 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團按產品線管理其業務。按與 向本集團最高執行管理人員內部呈 報資料以進行資源分配及績效評估 一致之方式,本集團已呈列下列可 報告分部。

- 工業鋁型材:該營運及可報告 分部製造及銷售純鋁型材,主 要用作工業用途。
- 建築鋁型材:該營運及可報告 分部製造及銷售經表面處理鋁 型材,包括陽極氧化鋁型材、 電泳塗裝鋁型材、粉末噴塗鋁 型材及PVDF噴塗鋁型材。建築 鋁型材廣泛用於建築裝修。
- 所有其他分部:該可報告分部 包括鋁產品相關加工服務合 約、銷售鋁板、鋁合金、模具 及零部件、銷售辦公室物業及 住宅物業產生之收益。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

5 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

5 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

Revenue are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments. The measure used for reporting segment profit is gross profit. The Group's most senior executive management is provided with segment information concerning segment revenue and gross profit. Segment assets and liabilities are not reported to the Group's most senior executive management regularly.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is set out below:

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績

為進行分部績效評估及分部間 資源分配,本集團最高級執行 管理人員按以下基準監察各個 可報告分部應佔業績:

收益乃參考該等分部所產生之 銷售分配至可報告分部。用於 報告分部溢利之計量方式為毛 利。本集團最高級執行管理人 員獲提供有關分部收益及毛利 之分部資料。分部資產及負債 並無定期向本集團最高級執行 管理人員報告。

就截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度資源 分配及分部績效評估而言,向 本集團最高級執行管理人員提 供之有關本集團可報告分部之 資料載列如下:

	Indu	Industrial Construction						
		aluminium profiles		m profiles	All other segments		Total	
	上美]	^{呂型材}	建梁:	留型材	 	他分部	總計	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from external 於某一時間點研	企 認							
customers recognised by 之來自外界容	等 戶							
point in time 之收益	1,914,451	2,642,811	16,621,204	14,121,789	318,986	587,951	18,854,641	17,352,551
Reportable segment profit 可報告分部溢利	[1]							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		151.610	4 520 200	1 (10 70)	452.400	210 700	4 762 600	1 000 202
Gross profit 毛利	72,299	151,610	1,539,299	1,619,793	152,100	218,799	1,763,698	1,990,202

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

5 Revenue and segment reporting (Continued)

5 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment profit

(ii) 可報告分部溢利之對賬

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external	來自本集團外界客戶之可報告 分部溢利		
customers	22 ΠΕ\ππ.4l	1,763,698	1,990,202
Other income	其他收入	200,851	193,658
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	20,571	(21,040)
Distribution costs	分銷成本	(399,438)	(374,054)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(447,887)	(439,264)
Impairment losses on trade and	交易及其他應收款項減值虧損		
other receivables		(67,883)	(293,204)
Finance costs	財務成本	(104,558)	(138,056)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司虧損		(1,919)
Consolidated profit before taxation	除税前綜合溢利	965,354	916,323

(iii) Geographic information

(iii) 地區資料

Analysis of the Group's revenue and results as well as analysis of the Group's carrying amount of non-current assets by geographical market has not been presented as over 97% (2023: 98%) of the revenue are generated from the mainland China and over 99% (2023: 99%) of the non-current assets are located in mainland China.

並無呈列本集團按地區市場劃 分之收益及業績分析以及本集 團非流動資產賬面值之分析, 原因為逾97%(二零二三年: 98%)之收益均來自中國內地 及逾99%(二零二三年:99%) 之非流動資產位於中國內地。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

6 Other income and other gains and losses

6 其他收入以及其他收益及虧損

(a) Other income

(a) 其他收入

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest income	利息收入	46,070	63,220
Government grants	政府補貼		
 Unconditional subsidies 	一無條件補貼	15,308	15,978
 Conditional subsidies 	一有條件補貼	5,609	9,895
Income from additional value-added	額外增值税(「增值税」)進項		
tax ("VAT") input deduction (i)	扣減收入(i)	120,152	88,850
Rental income	租金收入	13,712	15,815
Others	其他		(100)
		200,851	193,658

Income from additional VAT input deduction represented the deduction on VAT input granted by the government authorities in the PRC.

(b) Other gains and losses

(b) 其他收益及虧損

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Net foreign exchange gain	外匯收益淨額	5,339	1,483
Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments Loss on disposal of property, plant	衍生金融工具之公平值變動 出售物業、廠房及設備以及	2,642	(7,643)
and equipment and other assets	其他資產之虧損	(370)	(14,880)
Gain on disposal of an associate (i)	出售一間聯營公司之收益(1)	12,960	
		20,571	(21,040)



⁽i) 額外增值税進項扣減收入指中國政府 機關授予的增值税進項扣減。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

6 Other income and other gains and losses (Continued)

(b) Other gains and losses (Continued)

(i) On 29 December 2023, the Group entered into an agreement to dispose of 40% interest in Guangdong Xingfa Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Environmental") to Yongbao Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. (a subsidiary of China Lesso Group Holdings Limited) at a cash consideration of RMB15 million. Before the disposal, the Group owned 40% interest in Xingfa Environmental and the investment was previously accounted for as an investment in an associate using the equity method of accounting. As at 31 December 2023, the disposal transaction has not yet been completed, the Group discontinued the use of the equity method over its interest in Xingfa Environmental and classified the carrying amount of its interest in Xingfa Environmental amounted to RMB2,040,000 as "non-current assets held for sale". During the year ended 31 December 2024, the disposal transaction has been completed.

This transaction has resulted in the Group recognising a gain of RMB12,960,000 in profit or loss, calculated as follows:

6 其他收入以及其他收益及虧損

(b) 其他收益及虧損(續)

於二零二三年十二月二十九日,本集 團訂立一份協議,以現金代價人民幣 15百萬元向永葆環保科技股份有限公 司(中國聯塑集團控股有限公司之附 屬公司)出售其於廣東興發環境科技有 限公司(「興發環境」)的40%權益。於 出售之前,本集團擁有興發環境40% 的權益,而該投資先前使用會計權益 法入賬作為聯營公司之投資。於二零 二三年十二月三十一日,出售交易尚 未完成,本集團已就其於興發環境的 權益停止使用權益法,並將其在興發 環境的權益賬面值人民幣2,040,000元 分類為「持作出售的非流動資產」。於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,該出售交易已完成。

> 此交易導致本集團於損益確認收益人 民幣12,960,000元,計算如下:

> > RMB'000 人民幣千元

Cash proceeds

Less: carrying amount of the 40% investment on the date of loss of significant influence of Xingfa Environmental

現金所得款項

15,000

減:於失去對興發環境重大影響力的日期 40%投資的賬面值

(2,040)

Gain recognised in profit or loss

於損益確認的收益

12,960



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

7 Impairment losses on trade and other receivables

7 交易及其他應收款項減值虧損

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Provision of impairment losses on	以下各項減值虧損之撥備		
– trade receivables (i)	一交易應收款項(i)	67,648	293,138
– other receivables	一其他應收款項	235	66
		67,883	293,204

⁽i) Details of impairment assessment are set out in Note 30.

(i) 減值評估之詳情載於附註30。

8 Finance costs

8 財務成本

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Interest expenses on bank and other	銀行及其他借貸之利息開支		
borrowings		98,931	92,967
Interest expenses on discounted bills	已貼現票據之利息開支及		
and trade receivables	交易應收款項	17,294	50,543
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	161	321
Total interest expenses	利息開支總額	116,386	143,831
Less: interest expenses capitalised into	減:於在建工程中資本化的		
construction in progress	利息開支	(11,828)	(5,775)
		104,558	138,056



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

9 Profit before taxation

9 除税前溢利

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging:	除税前溢利乃扣除以下各項後得出:		
Staff costs	員工成本		
Contributions to defined contribution	向定額供款退休福利計劃供款		
retirement plans		104,756	94,010
Salaries, wages and other benefits	薪金、工資及其他福利	1,083,561	1,003,189
Total staff cost	員工成本總額	1,188,317	1,097,199
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業折舊	5,802	5,472
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		559,028	451,509
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	13,976	13,329
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產的攤銷	1,062	412
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
– audit services	一審核服務	1,450	2,052
– other services	一其他服務	1,518	920
Cost of inventories sold (i)	已售存貨成本(i)	16,251,382	14,553,923
Research and development costs (ii)	研發成本(ii)	839,561	808,426

- (i) Cost of inventories sold included RMB913,397,000 (2023: RMB1,113,899,000) relating to depreciation and staff costs, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each of these types of expenses, and included RMB3,000,000 (2023: RMB38,107,000) and Nil (2023: RMB23,224,000) relating to write down of inventories – completed properties for sale (Note 18) and impairment loss on prepayments for properties (Note 20), respectively.
- (ii) Research and development costs included RMB196,265,000 (2023: RMB188,131,000) relating to staff costs of employees and depreciation expenses, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each of these types of expenses.
- (i) 已售存貨成本包括與折舊及員工成本有關之人民幣913,397,000元(二零二三年:人民幣1,113,899,000元),該金額亦已計入上文分開披露各類的開支總額,及就撒減存貨一已竣工待售物業(附註18)及物業預付款項減值虧損(附註20)分別計入人民幣3,000,000元(二零二三年:人民幣38,107,000元)及零(二零二三年:人民幣23,224,000元)。
- (ii) 研發率成本包括與僱員至員工成本及折舊開 支有關之人民幣196,265,000元(二零二三年: 人民幣188,131,000元),該金額亦已計入上文 分開披露各類的開支總額。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

10 Income tax expense

10 所得税開支

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

(a) 於綜合損益表內之税項為:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current tax	即期税項		
Provision for PRC corporate income tax	中國企業所得税撥備	132,869	148,729
Provision for Hong Kong Profits tax	香港利得税撥備	365	137
PRC dividend withholding tax	中國股息預扣税	13,500	10,000
Under provision in prior years	於過往年度撥備不足	9,652	_
		156,386	158,866
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of temporary	臨時差額產生及撥回(附註27)		
differences (Note 27)		(5,627)	(40,644)
Effect on distribution of dividends	股息分派的影響(附註27)		
(Note 27)		(13,500)	(10,000)
		137,259	108,222



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

10 Income tax expense (Continued)

10 所得税開支(續)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

(b) 按適用税率計算之税項開支與 會計溢利對賬:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	965,354	916,323
Tax at the average income tax rate of	按平均所得税税率24.41%(二零		
24.41% (2023: 24.66%) (iii)	二三年:24.66%)之税項(iii)	235,684	225,973
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支之税務影響	1,737	877
Tax effect of share of loss of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司虧損之税務 影響	_	288
Effect of tax concessions	税務優惠之影響	(83,567)	(88,798)
Super deduction on research and development expenses in respect of	上一年度之研發開支加計扣除(и)		
prior year (v)		(32,799)	(46,284)
Effect of withholding on undistributed profits retained by PRC subsidiaries	預扣中國附屬公司未分配保留溢 利的影響(iv)		
(iv)		6,552	16,166
Under provision in prior years	於過往年度撥備不足	9,652	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	137,259	108,222



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

10 Income tax expense (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates: (Continued)

- Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations (i) of the PRC, the PRC subsidiaries of the Company are liable to PRC corporate income tax at a rate of 25% for 2024 (2023: 25%) except for Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium Co., Ltd. ("Guangdong Xingfa"), Xingfa Aluminium (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Chengdu"), Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Henan) Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Henan"), Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Jiangxi) Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Jiangxi") and Guangdong Xingfa Precision Manufacturing Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Precision"), which were certified as "High and New Technology Enterprises " and entitled to the preferential income tax rate of 15% for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: 15%).
- (ii) The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2024 is calculated at 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year. One subsidiary of the Company is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime, the first HKD2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%. The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for this subsidiary was calculated at the same basis in 2023.
- (iii) The average income tax rate for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 represents the weighted average tax rate of the operations in different jurisdictions on the basis of the relevant amounts of profit before tax and the tax rate of the relevant entities for the year.

10 所得税開支(續)

(b) 按適用税率計算之税項開支與 會計溢利對賬:(續)

- 根據中國所得税規則及規例, (i) 本公司之中國附屬公司於二 零二四年須按25%(二零二三 年:25%) 之税率繳納中國企 業所得税,惟廣東興發鋁業有 限公司(「廣東興發」)、興發鋁 業(成都)有限公司(「興發成 都」)、廣東興發鋁業(河南)有 限公司(「興發河南」)、廣東興 發鋁業(江西)有限公司(「興發 江西」)及廣東興發精密製造有 限公司(「興發精密」)具備「高 新技術企業」之資格並於截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度享有15%(二零二三年: 15%) 之優惠所得稅稅率。
- (ii) 二零二四年香港利得税撥備乃按該年度之估計應課税溢利以16.5%(二零二三年:16.5%)税率計算。本公司一間身為利得税兩級制合資格企業之附屬公司,首2百萬港元應課税溢利以8.25%的税率徵税,而餘下應課税溢利以16.5%的税率徵税。此附屬公司之香港利得税撥備乃按與二零二三年相同的基準計算。
- (iii) 截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度的平均 所得税税率指不同司法權區的 業務根據年內除税前溢利的相 關金額及相關實體的税率計算 的加權平均税率。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

10 Income tax expense (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

(Continued)

iv) According to the "Arrangement between the Mainland of China and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes on Income" and Guoshuifa 2008 No. 112, where the Hong Kong resident company directly owns at least 25% of the capital of the Mainland company, 5% dividend withholding tax rate is applicable. The amount represents the withholding income tax provided on the undistributed profits of certain PRC subsidiaries during the year.

At 31 December 2024, deferred tax liabilities of RMB20,000,000 (2023: RMB26,948,000) (Note 27) have been provided for in this regard based on the expected dividends to be distributed from the PRC subsidiaries in the foreseeable future.

(v) During the year of 2024, Guangdong Xingfa, Xingfa Chengdu, Xingfa Henan, Xingfa Jiangxi and Xingfa Precision were entitled to super deduction on research and development expenses. As such, the income tax for 2024 was reduced by RMB32,799,000 (2023: RMB46,284,000). Such additional tax deduction on research and development expenses equals 100% (2023: 100%) of the amount actually incurred.

10 所得税開支(續)

(b) 按適用税率計算之税項開支與 會計溢利對賬:(續)

(iv) 根據《內地和香港特別行政區關於對所得避免雙重徵稅和防止偷漏稅的安排》及國稅發[2008]112號·5%股息預扣稅稅率適用於直接擁有內地公司股本最少25%的香港居民公司。該數額指年內就若干中國附屬公司的未分派溢利而撥備的預扣所得稅。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,以中國附屬公司在可預見將來將會派發的預期股息為基礎,已就人民幣20,000,000元(二零二三年:人民幣26,948,000元)之遞延税項負債作出撥備(附註27)。

(v) 於二零二四年,廣東興發、 興發成都、興發河南、興發江 西及興發精密有權就研發開 支享有加計扣除。因此,二零 二四年之所得税減少人民幣 32,799,000元(二零二三年: 人民幣46,284,000元)。有關對 研發開支之額外扣税相等於實 際產生金額之100%(二零二三年:100%)。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

10 Income tax expense (Continued)

(c) Pillar Two income tax:

The Group is subject to the global minimum top-up tax the Global Anti-base Erosion Rules ("GloBE Rules" or "Pillar Two Rules"). Pillar Two Rules are enacted in certain jurisdiction in which the Company's subsidiary is incorporated, and this implementation has no material tax impact to the Group. Pillar Two Rules has not yet been enacted in other certain jurisdictions in which the Company's major subsidiaries are incorporated and will come into effect on or after 1 January 2025 within the Group. Since the Pillar Two Rule is not yet effective at the reporting date for the Company's major subsidiaries, the Group has no related current tax exposure during the year.

The Group is continuing to assess the impact of the Pillar Two income taxes on its future financial performance.

10 所得税開支(續)

(c) 第二支柱所得税:

本集團正持續評估第二支柱所得稅 對其未來財務表現的影響。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

11 Directors' emoluments

11 董事酬金

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

根據適用上市規則及香港公司條例披露的 年內董事及主要行政人員酬金如下:

			Salary,	Contribution		
			allowance	to retirement		
			and other staff	benefit	Discretionary	2024
		Fees	benefits	schemes	bonus paid (ii)	Total
			薪金、津貼及	退休福利	已付酌情	二零二四年
		袍金	其他員工利益	計劃供款	花紅 <i>(ii)</i>	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. WANG Li	王立先生	241	568	46	1,939	2,794
Mr. LIAO Yuqing	廖玉慶先生	458	270	20	2,686	3,434
Mr. LAW Yung Koon	羅用冠先生	572	-	-	980	1,552
Mr. WANG Zhihua	王志華先生	129	444	40	1,383	1,996
Mr. LUO Jianfeng	羅建峰先生	440	-	-	-	440
Ms. ZHENG Jianhua (appointed on	鄭建華女士(於二零					
16 August 2024)	二四年八月十六日					
	獲委任)	217	443	46	1,306	2,012
Mr. WANG Lei (resigned on	王磊先生(於二零二四					
16 August 2024)	年八月十六日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ms. XIE Jingyun (resigned on	謝景雲女士					
16 August 2024)	(於二零二四年					
10 / tagast 202 t/	八月十六日辭任)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. ZUO Manlun	左滿倫先生	330	_	_	_	330
Mr. WANG Lei (appointed on	王磊先生(於二零二四	330				330
16 August 2024)	年八月十六日獲委					
10 / lagust 202 l/	任)	_	_	_	_	_
	,					
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors	77 77 117 10 - 7					
Mr. CHEN Mo	陳默先生	181	_	_	_	181
Mr. HO Kwan Yiu	何君堯先生	181	_	_	_	181
Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy	林英鴻先生	181	_	_	_	181
Mr. WEN Xianjun	文獻軍先生	180	_	_	_	180
,						
Total	總計	3,110	1,725	152	8,294	13,281
				// \\		

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

11 Directors' emoluments (Continued)

11 董事酬金(續)

		Fees 袍金 <i>RMB'000</i>	Salary, allowance and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 RMB'000	Contribution to retirement benefit schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000	Discretionary bonus paid (ii) 已付酌情 花紅(ii) RMB'000	2023 Total 二零二三年 總計 <i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. WANG Li	王立先生	180	548	42	350	1,120
Mr. LIAO Yuqing	廖玉慶先生	465	271	19	2,054	2,809
Mr. LAW Yung Koon	羅用冠先生	557	-	_	1,683	2,240
Mr. WANG Zhihua	王志華先生	238	114	17	1,040	1,409
Mr. LUO Jianfeng	羅建峰先生	429	-	_	-	429
Mr. WANG Lei	王磊先生	_	-	-	-	_
N 0 P 0	ᅪ <i>ᄼ</i> ᆥᆂ					
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ms. XIE Jingyun	謝景雲女士	-	_	_	_	-
Mr. ZUO Manlun	左滿倫先生	322	-	-	-	322
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. CHEN Mo	陳默先生	179	_	_	_	179
Mr. HO Kwan Yiu	何君堯先生	179	_	_	-	179
Mr. LAM Ying Hung, Andy	林英鴻先生	179	_	-	_	179
Mr. WEN Xianjun	文獻軍先生	180	-	_	-	180
Total	總計	2,908	933	78	5,127	9,046



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

11 Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Liao Yuqing is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive. Ms. Zheng Jianhua is also the Chief Financial Officer of the Company and her emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by her as the Chief Financial Office. Other executive directors' remuneration were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, bonuses paid to the relevant Directors were determined based on the contribution of the Directors to the Board and the financial performance of the Group.
- (iii) During both years, no emolument was paid by the Group to the directors or the chief executive as compensation for loss of office or an inducement to join the Group. None of the directors or the chief executive waived any emoluments for both years.
- (iv) The non-executive directors' and independent non-executive directors remuneration were for their services as directors of the Company.

11 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 廖玉慶先生亦為本公司之主要行政人員,其上 並所披露的酬金包括其作為主要行政人員所 提供服務的酬金。鄭建華女士亦為本公司之財 務總監,其上述所披露的酬金包括其作為財務 總監所提供服務的酬金。其他執行董事的酬金 乃為其管理本公司及本集團事務的服務而支付。
- (ii) 截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度,向有關董事支付的花紅乃根據董事 對董事會的貢獻及本集團的財務表現釐定。
- (iii) 本集團於兩個年度內並無向董事或主要行政 人員支付任何酬金作為離職補償或加入本集 團的報酬。概無董事或主要行政人員於兩個年 度內放棄任何酬金。
- (iv) 非執行董事及獨立非執行董事的酬金乃因其 作為本公司董事提供服務而支付。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

12 Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2023: two) of them are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 11. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining three (2023: three) individuals are as follows:

Salaries, allowance and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益 Contributions to retirement benefit 向退休福利計劃供款 schemes Discretionary bonus paid 已付酌情花紅

The emoluments of the three (2023: three) individual(s) with

the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

HKD2,000,001 - HKD2,500,000 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 HKD2,500,001 - HKD3,000,000 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元

13 Earnings per share

HKD1,500,001 - HKD2,000,000

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to owners of the Company of RMB826,033,000 (2023: RMB804,171,000) and the weighted average number of 420,649,000 ordinary shares (2023: 420,649,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year.

No diluted earnings per share is presented as the Group did not have dilutive potential ordinary share for both 2023 and 2024.

12 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人十中,兩名(二零二三年: 兩名)為董事,彼等之酬金於附註11披露。 餘下三名(二零二三年:三名)最高薪酬人 士的酬金總額如下:

2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
1,587	1,801
65 5.335	106 3,303
6,987	5,210

三名(二零二三年:三名)最高薪人士的酬 金介平下列範圍:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
Number of	Number of
individuals	individuals
人數	人數
-	2
1	1
2	

13 每股盈利

1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔溢 利人民幣826,033,000元(二零二三年:人 民幣804,171,000元)及年內已發行普通股 加權平均數420,649,000股(二零二三年: 420,649,000股普通股)計算。

概無呈列每股攤薄盈利,乃由於本集團於 二零二三年及二零二四年並無攤薄潛在普 通股。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

14 Investment properties and property, plant 14 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備 and equipment

(a) Property, plant and equipment

(a) 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings and plants 樓宇及廠房	Machinery 機器	Motor vehicles 汽車	Office equipment and others 辦公室設備 及其他	Construction in progress 在建工程	Subtotal 小計	Investment properties 投資物業	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost: At 1 January 2023 Additions Transfer from construction in progress Disposal	成本: 於二零二三年一月一日 添置 轉撥自在建工程 出售	1,437,212 16,304 156,245 (3,406)	3,901,207 395,049 113,584 (65,166)	33,363 4,873 1,216 (2,829)	246,601 9,851 2,197 (4,383)	235,510 502,866 (273,242)	5,853,893 928,943 - (75,784)	212,831 - - -	6,066,724 928,943 - (75,784)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	1,606,355	4,344,674	36,623	254,266	465,134	6,707,052	212,831	6,919,883
Additions Transfer from property, plant and equipment/right-of-use assets to	添置 由物業、廠房及設備/使用權 資產轉撥至投資物業	595	433,723	7,560	92,618	294,381	828,877	-	828,877
investment property Transfer from construction in progress	轉撥自在建工程	(7,078) 264,475	- 210,007	- 1,541	- 1,757	- (477,780)	(7,078) -	11,838	4,760 -
Disposal	出售		(9,788)	(3,755)	(879)		(14,422)		(14,422)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	1,864,347	4,978,616	41,969	347,762	281,735	7,514,429	224,669	7,739,098
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 January 2023 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals	累計折舊: 於二零二三年一月一日 年內支出 出售時撤除	(353,501) (60,885) 447	(2,457,860) (372,046) 49,255	(21,907) (3,234) 2,456	(174,700) (15,344) 3,920	- - -	(3,007,968) (451,509) 56,078	(13,779) (5,472) —	(3,021,747) (456,981) 56,078
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	(413,939)	(2,780,651)	(22,685)	(186,124)	-	(3,403,399)	(19,251)	(3,422,650)
Charge for the year Transfer from property, plant and equipment/right-of use assets to	年內支出 由物業、廠房及設備/使用權 資產轉撥至投資物業	(75,965)	(464,183)	(3,080)	(15,800)	-	(559,028)	(5,802)	(564,830)
investment property Eliminated on disposals	出售時撤除	1,014 	6,479	1,981	790		1,014 9,250	(1,696) 	(682) 9,250
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(488,890)	(3,238,355)	(23,784)	(201,134)		(3,952,163)	(26,749)	(3,978,912)
Carrying value:	賬面值:								
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	1,375,457	1,740,261	18,185	146,628	281,735	3,562,266	197,920	3,760,186
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	1,192,416	1,564,023	13,938	68,142	465,134	3,303,653	193,580	3,497,233



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(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

14 Investment properties and property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(a) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

- (i) As at 31 December 2024, the Group is in the process of applying for the title certificates of certain properties with carrying value of approximately RMB283,711,000 (2023: RMB27,165,000). The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the use of and the conduct of operating activities at the properties referred to above are not affected by the fact that the Group has not yet obtained the relevant property title certificates.
- (ii) Details of pledge of certain plants are set out in Note 34.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

 Buildings and plants held for own use which are situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of the lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 35 years after the date of completion.

Machinery 3 - 15 years
 Motor vehicles 3 - 5 years
 Office equipment and others 3 - 10 years

14 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備

(a) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (i) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團正在為賬面值約為人民幣283,711,000元(二零二三年:人民幣27,165,000元)之若干物業申請辦理產權證。本公司董事認為,使用上述物業及在上述物業從事經營活動並不會因本集團尚未取得相關物業業權證書而受到影響。
- (ii) 有關抵押若干廠房的詳情載於 附註34。

本期間及比較期間的估計可使用年期如下:

 位於租賃土地持作自用之樓宇 及廠房於未屆滿租期與估計可 使用年期兩者之較短期間(不 得超過落成日期起計35年)內 折舊。

一 機器 3至15年一 汽車 3至5年一 辦公室設備及其他 3至10年



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

14 Investment properties and property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(b) Investment properties

The Group leases out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 10 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. Lease payments are usually increased every year to reflect market rentals. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

Within 1 year 1年內 Over 1 year 1年以上

Investment properties of the Group were stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Fair value of these investment properties is RMB298,846,000 as at 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: RMB312,691,000). The fair value has been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by independent valuers not connected with the Group.

14 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備

(b) 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租投資物業。 租賃一般初步為期1至10年,並有權 選擇續訂,屆時所有條款均會重新 磋商。租賃付款通常會每年增加, 以反映市場租金水平。各項租賃均 不包含可變租賃付款。

本集團將於未來期間根據於報告日 期訂立的不可解除經營租賃應收的 未貼現租賃付款如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
12,362	3,954
2,266	
14,628	3,954

本集團的投資物業乃於綜合財務狀況表按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損呈列。該等投資物業於二零二四年十二月三十一日的公平值為人民幣298,846,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣312,691,000元)。公平值乃根據與本集團無關之獨立估值師進行的估值而得出。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

15 Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the carrying value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

15 使用權資產

按相關資產類別分析使用權資產賬面值如下:

		Land use rights 土地使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other leased assets 其他租賃資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost: At 1 January 2023 Additions	成本: 於二零二三年一月一日 添置	500,507 76,437	11,913 297	512,420 76,734
At 31 December 2023 Transfer to investment properties	於二零二三年十二月三十一日轉撥至投資物業	576,944 (4,760)	12,210	589,154 (4,760)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	572,184	12,210	584,394
Accumulated amortisation: At 1 January 2023 Charge for the year	累計攤銷 : 於二零二三年一月一日 年內支出	(105,391) (11,182)	(5,216) (2,147)	(110,607) (13,329)
At 31 December 2023 Transfer to investment	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 轉撥至投資物業	(116,573)	(7,363)	(123,936)
properties Charge for the year	年內支出	682 (11,577)	(2,399)	(13,976)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(127,468)	(9,762)	(137,230)
Carrying amount: At 31 December 2024	賬面值: 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	444,716	2,448	447,164
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	460,371	4,847	465,218



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

15 Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

Expense relating to short-term leases

Total cash outflow for leases

與短期租賃有關之開支 租賃現金流出總額

Details of land use rights under right-of-use assets pledged are set out in Note 34.

(i) Land use rights

As at 31 December 2024, the remaining period of the land use rights ranges from 32 to 49 years (31 December 2023: 33 to 50 years).

(ii) Other leased assets

The Group has obtained the right to use properties in its plants and office through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 10 years. Lease payments are usually increased to reflect market rentals.

(iii) Restrictions or covenants on leases

The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

15 使用權資產(續)

與於損益確認之租賃有關之開支項目分析 如下:

> **2024** 二零二四年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元

2023 二零二三年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元

947 4,837 1,487 4,101

有關抵押使用權資產項下土地使用權的詳 情載於附註34。

(i) 土地使用權

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,土 地使用權的剩餘期限介乎32年至49 年(二零二三年十二月三十一日:33 年至50年)。

(ii) 其他租賃資產

本集團透過租賃協議獲得使用其廠房及辦公室物業的權力。租賃一般初步為期2至10年。租賃付款通常會增加,以反映市場租金水平。

(iii) 租賃的限制或契諾

除出租人持有租賃資產的抵押權益 外,租賃協議不施加任何契諾。租 賃資產不得用作借款抵押。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

16 Investments in subsidiaries

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated:

16 於附屬公司之投資

下表僅載有主要影響本集團業績、資產或 負債之附屬公司詳情。除另有指明者外, 其持有之股份類別為普通股:

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權比例

				DE 13 (E-0)/3		
Name of companies 公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/establishment 註冊成立地點及 營業場所/成立日期	Registered and paid-up capital 註冊及繳足資本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	由附屬公司	Principal activities 主要業務
China Xingfa (BVI) Limited ("Xingfa BVI") (ii)	BVI 2 October 2007	United States Dollars ("USD") 2,000/USD2,000	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
China Xingfa (BVI) Limited ([Xingfa BVI])(ii)	英屬處女群島 二零零七年十月二日	2,000美元 (「美元」)/2,000美元				投資控股
Xingfa Aluminium (Hong Kong) Limited ("Xingfa Hong Kong") (ii) 興發鋁業 (香港) 有限公司 (「興發香港」) (ii)	Hong Kong 14 April 2008 香港 二零零八年四月十四日	HKD1,000/ HKD1,000 1,000港元/1,000港元	100%	-	100%	Sales of aluminium profiles 銷售鋁型材
Guangdong Xingfa Holdings Limited 廣東興發控股有限公司(//ii/ii) ("Guangdong Xingfa Holding") 廣東興發控股有限公司(//ii/iii) (「廣東興發控股」)	PRC 25 January 2021 中國 二零二一年一月二十五日	RMB50,000,000/ Nil 人民幣50,000,000元/零	100%	-	100%	New materials technology research and development 新材料科技研發
Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium Co., Ltd 廣東興發鋁業有限公司(//ii) ("Guangdong Xingfa") 廣東興發鋁業有限公司(//ii) (「廣東興發」)	PRC 26 May 2006 中國 二零零六年五月二十六日	RMB360,041,350/ RMB360,041,350 人民幣360,041,350元/ 人民幣360,041,350元	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles 生產及銷售鋁型材
Xingfa Aluminium (Chengdu) Co., Ltd . 興發鋁業(成都)有限公司(Xii) ("Xingfa Chengdu")	PRC 7 July 2009	RMB130,000,000/ RMB130,000,000	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles
興發鋁業(成都)有限公司(i)(i) (「興發成都」)	中國二零零九年七月七日	人民幣130,000,000元/ 人民幣130,000,000元				生產及銷售鋁型材
Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Jiangxi) Co., Ltd. 廣東興發鋁業 (江西) 有限公司(//iii) ("Xingfa Jiangxi")	PRC 14 August 2009	RMB100,000,000/ RMB100,000,000	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles
廣東興發鋁業(江西)有限公司(i)(ii) (「興發江西」)	中國 二零零九年八月十四日	人民幣100,000,000元/ 人民幣100,000,000元				生產及銷售鋁型材

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

16 Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

16 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權比例

				1年11年11月		
Name of companies 公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/establishment 註冊成立地點及 營業場所/成立日期	Registered and paid-up capital 註冊及繳足資本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Guangdong Xingfa Aluminium (Henan) Co., Ltd .廣東興發鋁業 (河南) 有限公司 <i>(Viii)</i> ("Xingfa Henan")	PRC 10 May 2010	RMB100,000,000/ RMB100,000,000	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles
廣東興發鋁業(河南)有限公司(Nii) (「興發河南」)	中國 二零一零年五月十日	人民幣100,000,000元/ 人民幣100,000,000元				生產及銷售鋁型材
Foshan Xingfa Real Estate Co., Ltd. 佛山市興發房地產開發有限公司(7/17) ("Xingfa Real Estate")	PRC 5 June 2013	RMB8,000,000/ RMB8,000,000	100%	-	100%	and management of properties
佛山市興發房地產開發有限公司(I)(II) (「與發房地產」)	中國 二零一三年六月五日	人民幣8,000,000元/ 人民幣8,000,000元				物業開發、銷售及管理
Foshan Xingfa Trading Co., Ltd. 佛山市興發商貿有限公司(<i>Nii)</i> ("Xingfa Trading")	PRC 3 December 2014	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Trading of aluminium profiles
供山市興發商貿有限公司 <i>(Nii)</i> (「興發商貿」)	中國 二零一四年十二月三日	人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元				鋁型材貿易
Xingfa New Material (Zhejjang) Co., Ltd. 興發新材 (浙江) 有限公司(//iii) ("Xingfa Zhejjang")	PRC 21 January 2023	RMB200,000,000/ RMB200,000,000	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles
與發新材(浙江)有限公司(I/III) (「興發浙江」)	中國二零二三年一月二十一日	人民幣200,000,000元/ 人民幣200,000,000元				生產及銷售鋁型材
Guangdong Xingfa Precision Manufacturing Co., Ltd. 廣東興發精密制造有限公司(<i>Niii</i>) ("Xingfa Precision")	PRC 26 September 2017	RMB200,000,000/ RMB200,000,000	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of precision products
廣東與發精密製造有限公司(Ni) (「與發精密」)	中國二零一七年九月二十六日	人民幣200,000,000元/ 人民幣200,000,000元				生產及銷售精密產品
Guangdong Xingfa Aoke Architecture Technology Co., Ltd. 廣東興發奧科建筑科技有限公司(()(ii) ("Xingfa Aoke")	PRC 20 July 2018	RMB20,000,000/ RMB19,622,070	51%	-	51%	Manufacturing and sales of architecture products
廣東興發奧科建築科技有限公司(Nii) (「興發奧科」)	中國二零一八年七月二十日	人民幣20,000,000元/ 人民幣19,622,070元	51%	-	51%	生產及銷售建築產品
Alxin Australia Industrial Pty Ltd <i>(ii)</i> ("Alxin Australia") Alxin Australia Industrial Pty Ltd <i>(ii)</i> (「Alxin Australia」)	Australia 4 September 2020 澳大利亞 二零二零年九月四日	AUD 1,000/ AUD 1,000 1,000澳元/1,000澳元	100%	-	100%	Manufacturing and sales of aluminium profiles 生產及銷售鋁型材

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

16 Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

- (i) The English translation of the entities names are for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.
- (ii) The subsidiaries are companies with limited liabilities.
- (iii) The subsidiary is a wholly-foreign owned enterprise.

17 Equity securities designated at FVTOCI

Investments in unlisted equity securities 非上市股本證券投資

The unlisted equity securities are the investments held for strategic purposes. No dividends were received on the investments during the year (31 December 2023: Nil).

On 6 November 2024, the Group entered into an agreement to dispose of 2.8% interest in Guangdong Guangxin Innovative Research Centre Co., Ltd. to Guangdong Guangxin Holdings Group Co., Ltd. at a cash consideration of RMB11,186,000. The cumulative gain in the FVTOCI reserve of RMB3,000 at the date of disposal was transferred to retained earnings. Before the disposal, the Group owned 2.8% interest in Guangdong Guangxin Innovative Research Centre Co., Ltd. accounted as equity investments at FVTOCI. As at 31 December 2024, the disposal transaction has been completed.

16 於附屬公司之投資(續)

- (i) 該等實體的英文譯名僅供參考。該等公司的英文譯名僅供參考。
- (ii) 該等附屬公司為有限責任公司。
- (iii) 該附屬公司為外商獨資企業。

17 指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的股本證券

2024 二零二四年 *RMB'000 人民幣千元* 2023 二零二三年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元

23,462

36,508

非上市股本證券乃為戰略目的而持有的 投資。本年度並無就投資收到股息(二零 二三年十二月三十一日:無)

於二零二四年十一月六日,本集團訂立協議,以現金代價人民幣11,186,000元向廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司出售廣東省廣新創新研究院有限公司2.8%的權益。於出售日期,按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備的累計收益人民幣3,000元已轉撥至保留盈利。於出售前,本集團擁有廣東省廣新創新研究院有限公司2.8%的權益,並作為按公平值計入其他全面收益的股本投資入賬。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,出售交易已完成。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

18 Inventories 18 存貨

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Inventories	存貨		
Aluminium profiles manufacturing	鋁型材製造		
– Raw materials	一原材料	237,336	215,491
– Work in progress	一在製品	307,600	170,684
– Finished goods	一製成品	863,717	731,712
		1,408,653	1,117,887
Completed properties for sale	已竣工待售物業		
 Properties developed by the Group 	一本集團開發的物業	150,619	151,589
– Acquired properties (i)	-已收購物業 <i>(i)</i>	94,984	92,647
		245,603	244,236
		1,654,256	1,362,123

(i) Up to 31 December 2024, the Group has entered into the sale and purchase agreements with property developers to obtain certain properties with total consideration of RMB217,063,000 (31 December 2023: RMB206,258,000). Also, the Group has settled the consideration by endorsing its trade receivables to the property developers without right of recourse.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has completed the purchase of properties of RMB136,091,000 (31 December 2023: RMB130,754,000) with ownership certificates obtained as recorded at costs, net of the provision for write down of such acquired properties held for sale to net realisable value amounted to RMB41,107,000 (31 December 2023: RMB38,107,000).

(i) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團與物業開發商訂立買賣協議以獲取若干物業,總代價為人民幣217,063,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣206,258,000元)。本集團亦以無追索權的方式將交易應收款項批予物業開發商,以結算代價。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團已獲得人民幣136,091,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣130,754,000元)的附產權證明物業及入賬列作成本,並經扣除就該等已收購持作出售物業撇減至可變現價值淨額的撥備人民幣41,107,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣38,107,000元)。



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(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

18 Inventories (Continued)

(Note 9)

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

18 存貨(續)

確認為開支及計入損益之存貨金額分析如下:

二零二四年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

已售存貨賬面值(附註9)

Write down of inventories – completed 撇減存貨—已竣工待售物業 properties for sale

16,248,382 14,492,592

3,000 38,107

All of the inventories are expected to be recovered within one year, except for the properties held for sale which are expected to be recovered after more than one year.

所有存貨預期可於一年內收回,惟預期於 一年以後可收回之待售物業除外。

19 Trade and other receivables

Carrying amount of inventories sold

19 交易及其他應收款項

Trade debtors and bills receivable, net 交易應收款項及應收票據 of loss allowance (i) (扣除虧損撥備)(i)
Other debtors, net of loss allowance (ii) 其他應收款項(扣除虧損撥備)(ii)

二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> <i>人民幣千元</i>	二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
4,939,460 342,510	3,995,609 195,476
5,281,970	4,191,085

(i) As at 31 December 2024, loss allowance on trade debtors and bills receivable is RMB1,094,199,000 (31 December 2023: RMB1,033,451,000).

Bills receivable with carrying value of RMB273,251,000 were pledged as security of issuing bills payable by the Group as at 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: RMB887,325,000).

(ii) As at 31 December 2024, VAT input receivable of RMB307,874,000 was included in other receivables (at 31 December 2023: RMB164,600,000). As at 31 December 2024, loss allowance on other debtors is RMB363,000 (31 December 2023: RMB1,476,000).

(i) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日·交易應收款項及應收票據的虧損撥備為人民幣1,094,199,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,033,451,000元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬面值為人民幣273,251,000元的應收票據已抵押作為本集團發行應付票據的抵押品(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣887,325,000元)。

(ii) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收增值 税進項人民幣307,874,000元計入其他應收 款項(於二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民 幣164,600,000元)。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,其他應收款項之虧損撥備為人民幣 363,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民 幣1,476,000元)。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

19 Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivable (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date or bill acceptance date and net of allowance for credit losses, is as follows:

Within 1 month	一個月內
1 to 3 months	一至三個月
3 to 6 months	三至六個月
Over 6 months	超過六個月

The credit period of trade receivables and bills receivables is within 30 days to 360 days from the invoice date or bills acceptance date. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables and bills receivable are set out in Note 30.

19 交易及其他應收款項(續)

賬齡分析

於報告期末,按發票日期或票據接納日期 計算並扣除信貸虧損撥備之交易應收款項 及應收票據(其計入交易及其他應收款項) 之賬齡分析如下:

二零二四年	二零二三年
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
人民幣千元	人 <i>民幣千元</i>
2,142,174	2,009,535
1,663,596	1,217,612
932,157	672,929
201,533	95,533
4,939,460	3,995,609

交易應收款項及應收票據的信貸期由發票 日期或票據接納日期起30日至360日內到 期。有關本集團信貸政策及自交易應收款 項及應收票據產生的信貸風險的進一步詳 情載於附註30。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

20 Prepayments

20 預付款項

		—————————————————————————————————————	
Prepayments for raw materials and others	原材料及其他的預付款項	170,654	86,254
Prepayments for properties (i)	物業預付款項(i)	80,972	75,504
Less: Impairment loss on prepayments for	減:物業預付款項之減值虧損(i)	251,626	161,758
properties (i)		(23,224)	(23,224)
Non-current portion included in prepayments	計入預付款項之非流動部分	(72,700)	(31,432)
		155,702	107,102

The prepayment represented completed properties obtained from the property developers that have been delivered to the Group but without obtaining the related ownership certificates. The properties will be transferred to inventories of the Group subsequently upon the issuance of ownership certificate to the Group. As at 31 December 2024, impairment loss on prepayment for properties amounted to RMB23,224,000 (31 December 2023: RMB23,224,000).

(i) 預付款項指從物業開發商處獲取的已交付 予本集團,但並未取得相關產權證明的已竣 工物業。該等物業將在產權證明頒發予本集 團後轉入本集團存貨。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,物業預付款項之減值虧損為人民幣 23,224,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日: 人民幣23,224,000元)。

2024

2023 零一二年

21 Cash and cash equivalents/Pledged deposits

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits and short term deposits for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitments, which carry interest at market rates range from 0.1% to 3.5% (2023: 0.01% to 4.9%).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, pledged deposits represented bank deposits pledged to banks as securities for issuing bills payable.

21 現金及現金等價物/已抵押存款

現金及現金等價物包括用於滿足本集團 短期現金承諾的活期存款及短期存款,按 市場利率介乎0.1%至3.5%(二零二三年: 0.01%至4.9%)計息。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日,已抵押存款指已抵押予銀行作為發行 應付票據之抵押品之銀行存款。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

22 Trade and other payables

22 交易及其他應付款項

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Trade payables	交易應付款項	1,084,474	1,153,505
Bills payable (i)	應付票據(i)	3,377,143	1,853,247
Accrued payroll and benefits	應計工資及福利	274,627	253,667
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	411,104	373,613
Payable for purchase of property, plant	購置物業、廠房及設備之應付款項		
and equipment		42,613	137,823
Deferred income	遞延收入	5,173	12,303
Financial liabilities measured at amortised	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
cost		5,195,134	3,784,158
Refund liabilities	退款負債		
– arising from volume rebates	一源自批量折扣	35,206	38,055
		5,230,340	3,822,213

All of the trade and other payables (including amounts due to related parties) are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

所有交易及其他應付款項(包括應付關聯 方款項)預期將於一年內償付或確認為收 入或應要求償還。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

22 Trade and other payables (Continued)

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables and bills payable (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date or bills issuance date, is as follows:

Within 1 month	一個月內
1 to 3 months	一至三個月
3 to 6 months	三至六個月
Over 6 months	超過六個月

The credit period on purchase of materials is within 120 days. The maturity period of bills payable ranges from six month to one year. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to monitor the settlement.

As at 31 December 2024, bills payable of RMB2,104,143,000 (31 December 2023: RMB1,183,074,000)was secured by bills receivables and pledged deposits of the Group (Note 34).

(i) These relate to trade payables in which the Group has issued bills to the relevant suppliers for future settlement of trade payables. The Group continues to recognise these trade payables as the relevant banks are obliged to make payments only on due dates of the bills, under the same conditions as agreed with the suppliers without further extension. In the consolidated statement of cash flows, settlements of these bills are included within operating cash flows based on the nature of the arrangements.

22 交易及其他應付款項(續)

於報告期末,按發票日期或票據發行日期 計算之交易應付款項及應付票據(其乃計 入交易及其他應付款項)之賬齡分析如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
567,917	508,500
1,906,863	1,205,945
1,509,035	1,018,991
477,802	273,316
4,461,617	3,006,752

購買材料的信貸期於120天內。應付票據 的到期期限介乎六個月至一年。本集團已 制定財務風險管理政策以監察結算情況。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應付票據 人民幣2,104,143,000元(二零二三年十二 月三十一日:人民幣1,183,074,000元)由 本集團之應收票據及已抵押存款作抵押(附 註34)。

(i) 該等與交易應付款項有關,即本集團就未來結算交易應付款項已向相關供應商發出票據。本集團繼續確認該等交易應付款項,因為有關銀行僅於票據到期日作出付款,並且在與供應商協定的相同情況下不再進一步延長。於綜合現金流量表中,該等票據的結算根據安排的性質計入經營現金流量內。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

23 Contract liabilities

23 合約負債

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Aluminium profiles contracts – Billings in advance of performance	鋁型材合約 一履約預付款項	349,002	382,413
Movements in contract liabilities 合約負債變動			
		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract	於一月一日之結餘 因確認年內收益(計入年初合約負債)而產生之合約負債減少	382,413	378,517
liabilities at the beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of manufacturing activities	因製造活動預付款項而導致的合 約負債增加	(382,413)	(378,517)
activities		349,002	382,413
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	349,002	382,413

All of the contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year.

所有合約負債預期於一年內確認為收益。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

24 Bank and other borrowings

24 銀行及其他借貸

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2,828,506	3,098,475
48,845	49,017
2,877,351	3,147,492

(i) Other borrowings were from financial institutions other than banks.

(a) The analysis of the repayment schedule of bank borrowings is as follows:

Within one year or on demand	一年內或應要求
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內
After 5 years	五年後

(b) The analysis of the repayment schedule of

other borrowings is as follows:

Within one year or on demand	一年內或應要求
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內

其他借貸來自非銀行的金融機構。

(a) 銀行借貸之還款時間表分析如下:

2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
623,066	495,746
942,343 1,025,703 237,394	1,243,306 1,181,296 178,127
2,205,440	2,602,729
2,828,506	3,098,475

(b) 其他借貸的還款計劃分析如下:

2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
3,953	3,844
44,892	3,953 41,220
44,892	45,173
48,845	49,017



Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 Other borrowings (i) 其他借貸(i)

由集團內部實體提供抵押及擔保

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

24 Bank and other borrowings (Continued)

(c) Assets pledged as security and covenants for bank and other borrowings

At 31 December 2024, the bank and other borrowings were secured and guaranteed as follows:

Secured and guaranteed by intragroup entities

Unsecured 無抵押

The bank and other borrowings were secured by certain plants and land use rights(Note 34). and guaranteed by the intra-group entities.

As at 31 December 2024, the banking facilities of the Group amounted to RMB14,231,200,000 (31 December 2023: RMB14,176,200,000) were utilised to the extent of RMB6,420,069,000 (31 December 2023: RMB4.509.000,000).

As at 31 December 2024, the bank loans of the Group, amounted to RMB1,751,493,000 (31 December 2023: RMB946,541,000), are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the subsidiaries' balance sheet ratios, as are commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the drawn down loans would become repayable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in Note 30. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, none of the covenants relating to drawn down loans had been breached.

24 銀行及其他借貸(續)

(c) 已抵押作為銀行及其他借貸擔 保及契諾的資產

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,銀 行及其他借貸抵押及擔保如下:

銀行及其他借貸以若干廠房及土地 使用權(附註34)作抵押,並由集團 內部實體作擔保。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,於本集團人民幣14,231,200,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣14,176,200,000元)之銀行信貸額度中,人民幣6,420,069,000元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣4,509,000,000元)經已動用。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

25 Deferred income

G

25 遞延收入

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Government grant at 31 December 於十二月三十一日的政府補貼	122,743	78,421
ess: current portion included in trade and 減:列入交易及其他應付款項之		
other payables (Note 22) 流動部份(附註22)	(5,173)	(12,303)
	117,570	66,118

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, deferred income of the Group represented various conditional government grants received from the local government authorities for acquisition cost of property, plant and equipment, which would be recognised as income on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the relevant assets, or on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the related costs of relevant activities are incurred.

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的遞延收入為從地方政府當局 獲得的各種有條件的政府補助,用於物 業、廠房及設備的收購成本,該等款項將 於相關資產的預期使用時間內以直線方式 確認為收入或於發生有關活動的相關費用 的同一期間,按系統基準計提。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

26 Equity settled share-based transactions

The Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 15 October 2018 whereby the directors of the Company are authorised, at their discretion, to invite employees of the Group, including directors of any company in the Group, to take up options at nil consideration to subscribe for shares of the Company. The options vest after two years to four years from the date of grant and are then exercisable on or before 14 October 2023. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company and is settled gross in shares.

As of 31 December 2023 and 2024, there were no outstanding options and no options were granted under the share option scheme during both years.

27 Deferred taxation

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債

26 以股權結算以股份為基礎的交易

本公司於二零一八年十月十五日採納購股權計劃,因此本公司董事獲授權酌情邀請本集團僱員(包括本集團任何成員公司董事)以零對價認購本公司股份。該等購股權將自授出日期起兩年至四年內歸屬及隨後於二零二三年十月十四日或之前可予行使。各份購股權賦予持有人權利認購本公司一股普通股及以股份總數結算。

截至二零二三年及二零二四年十二月三十 一日,於兩個年度內概無尚未行使的購股 權,亦無根據購股權計劃授出之購股權。

27 遞延税項

為在綜合財務狀況表中呈列,若干遞延税 項資產及負債已獲抵銷。為就財務報告目 的作出的遞延税項結餘分析如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
214,098	201,919
(20,675)	(27,903)
193,423	174,016



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

27 Deferred taxation (Continued)

The following are the major deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior year:

27 遞延税項(續)

本年度及過往年度確認的主要遞延税項資 產(負債)及其變動如下:

		Temporary differences Temporary from differences right-of-use from lease assets liabilities		differences Temporary from differences Impairment right-of-use from lease Credit loss Inventory of		Derivative financial instruments	profit from intra-group transfer of certain land use right 集團內公司問轉讓	profit from intra-group Government transfer of grants in certain land deferred use right income FVTC 集團內 公司閱轉讓		Undistributed profit of PRC VTOCI subsidiaries To			
		使用權資產之	租賃負債之	信貸		預付		衍生	使用權 產生之	遞延 收入內之	按公平值 計入其他	中國 附屬公司	
		暫時差額	臨時差額	虧損撥備	存貨撥備	款項減值	税項虧損	金融工具	未變現溢利	政府補助金	全面收益	未分派溢利	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB '000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	(675)	864	117,025	-	-	7,017	(512)	13,351	8,039	(406)	(20,782)	123,921
Credited (charged) to profit or loss	於損益內計入(扣除)	179	(184)	38,638	5,716	3,484	1,685	1,148	(154)	6,298	-	(16,166)	40,644
* * *	於儲備內計入(扣除)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(549)	-	(549)
Reversal of withholding tax upon distribution	於分派時撥回預扣税											10,000	10,000
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	(496)	680	155,663	5,716	3,484	8,702	636	13,197	14,337	(955)	(26,948)	174,016
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	(496)	680	155,663	5,716	3,484	8.702	636	13,197	14,337	(955)	(26,948)	174,016
	於損益內計入(扣除)	129	(331)	8,521	450	-	(8,702)	(396)	(68)	12,576	(333)	(6,552)	5,627
	於儲備內計入(扣除)	-	(331)	-	-	_	(0,702)	(330)	-	-	280	(0,552)	280
Reversal of withholding tax upon distribution												13,500	13,500
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(367)	349	164,184	6,166	3,484		240	13,129	26,913	(675)	(20,000)	193,423

At 31 December 2024, deferred tax liabilities of RMB258,273,000 (2023: RMB252,573,000) in respect of temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to RMB5,165,465,000 (2023: RMB5,051,468,000) have not been recognised as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

由於本公司控制該等附屬公司的股息政策,並已確定不大可能於可見未來分派該等溢利,故於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並未就與附屬公司未分派溢利人民幣5,165,465,000元(二零二三年:人民幣5,051,468,000元)有關的暫時差額確認遞延税項負債人民幣258,273,000元(二零二三年:人民幣252,573,000元)。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends

28 股本、儲備及股息

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

(a) 權益部份變動

本集團綜合權益各部份之年初及年 末結餘之對賬載於綜合權益變動表。 本公司個別權益組成部份於年初及 年末之變動詳情載列如下:

The Company 本公司

		Notes 附註	Shares Capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserve 其他儲備 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 匯兑储備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日之結餘		3,753	148,239	154	441,976	(4,764)		589,358
Changes in equity for 2023:	二零二三年權益變動:								
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額						15,232	190,555	205,787
Dividend approved in respect of the previous year	過往年度經批准的股息	(b)						(141,047)	(141,047)
Balance at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日之結餘		3,753	148,239	154	441,976	10,468	49,508	654,098
Changes in equity for 2024: Total comprehensive income for	二零二四年權益變動: 年度全面收益總額								
the year	十尺主叫狄血祕限						29,454	258,592	288,046
Dividend approved in respect of the previous year	過往年度經批准的股息	(b)						(245,629)	(245,629)
Balance at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日 之結餘		3,753	148,239	154	441,976	39,922	62,471	696,515



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year

(b) 股息

(i) 年內之應付本公司權益股 東股息

> 2024 二零二四年 *RMB'000 人民幣千元*

2023 二零二三年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元

Final dividends proposed after the 於報告年末後建議派付之 end of reporting year of HKD0.64 末期股息每股普通股0.64 per ordinary share (2023: 港元(二零二三年:每股 HKD0.64 per ordinary share) 普通股0.64港元)

247,810

243,968

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末後建議派付之末期 股息並無於報告期末確認為負 債。

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

(ii) 於年內批准及派付上一個 財政年度之應付本公司權 益股東股息

> 2024 二零二四年 *RMB'000* 人民幣千元

2023 二零二三年 *RMB'000* 人*民幣千元*

Final dividends in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HKD0.64 per ordinary share (2023: HKD0.37 per ordinary share)

於年內批准及派付上一個財政 年度之末期股息 每股普通股0.64港元 (二零二三年: 每股普通股0.37港元)

245,629

141,047



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) Share capital

(c) 股本

(i) Issued share capital

Ordinary shares,

paid

December

issued and fully

At 1 January and 31 於一月一日及

(i) 已發行股本

	2024						
	二零二四年		二零二三年				
No. of	Nominal v	alue of	No. of	No. of Nominal value of			
shares	fully paid	shares	shares	fully paid	shares		
股份數目	繳足股份	分面值	股份數目	繳足股份	分面值		
		RMB			RMB		
		equivalent			equivalent		
′000	HKD'000	′000	'000	HKD'000	'000		
		人民幣			人民幣		
(千股)	千港元	等值千元	(千股)	千港元	等值千元		
420,649	4,206	3,753	420,649	4,206	3,753		

The ordinary shares of the Company has a par value of HKD0.01 per share.

十二月三十一日

已發行及

繳足普通股

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(ii) Shares issued under share option scheme

In 2024 and 2023, there were no shares issued under share options scheme.

本公司普通股之面值為每股股份0.01港元。

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣 派的股息,並有權於本公司會 議上以每股一票進行表決。所 有普通股就本公司的剩餘資產 而言具有同等地位。

(ii) 根據購股權計劃發行的股份

於二零二四年及二零二三年,概無根據購股權計劃發行股份。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account and other reserve account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Other reserve

The other reserve of the Group represents the difference between (a) the nominal value of share capital and the existing balance on the share premium account of a subsidiary acquired; and (b) the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange under the re-organisation of the Group on 29 February 2008.

The other reserve of the Company represents the difference between (a) the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries acquired; and (b) the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange under the re-organisation of the Group on 29 February 2008.

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司股份面值與 發行本公司股份收取的所得款 項之間的差額。

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司 之股份溢價賬及其他儲備賬之 資金可分派予股東,惟緊隨建 議分派股息當日後,本公司將 能清償其於日常業務過程中到 期之債務。

(ii) 其他儲備

本集團之其他儲備指以下兩者 之差額:(a)已收購附屬公司股 份溢價賬之股本面值及現有結 餘:與(b)本公司根據於二零零 八年二月二十九日本集團重組 為交換而發行之股份面值。

本公司之其他儲備指以下兩者之差額:(a)已收購附屬公司之綜合資產淨值;與(b)本公司根據於二零零八年二月二十九日本集團重組為交換而發行之股份面值。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group comprises the following:

- waivers of liabilities due to related parties;
 and
- the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company.

(iv) PRC Statutory reserves

PRC Statutory reserves were established in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the PRC subsidiaries of the Group.

The subsidiaries are required to transfer at least 10% of their net profit, as determined under the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to statutory general reserve until the reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to equity shareholders. PRC Statutory reserves can be used to make good prior years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by issuing new shares to equity shareholders proportionate to their existing percentage of equity interests provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

(v) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve of the Group comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the consolidated financial statements of entities with functional currency other than RMB.

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(iii) 資本儲備

本集團之資本儲備包括以下各項:

- 獲豁免之應付關連方負債;及
- 授予本公司僱員尚未行 使之購股權之授出日期 公平值之部分。

(iv) 中國法定儲備

中國法定儲備乃根據有關中國 規則及規定以及本集團中國附 屬公司之組織章程細則設立。

附屬公司須轉撥其根據中國會計規則及規定釐定之經儲備之至少10%至法定一般儲備之至至儲備達到註冊資本之50%為止。向該儲備所作轉撥之所限息予儲備可用以,可國法定儲備可用以,可國法定虧損(如有),百份數分類,與稅人,惟有關發行新股份之結。內於註冊資本之25%。

(v) 匯兑儲備

本集團之匯兑儲備包括因換算 功能貨幣並非為人民幣的實體 綜合財務報表所產生之所有匯 兑差額。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

28 Capital, reserves and dividends (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(vi) FVTOCI reserve

The FVTOCI reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity investments designated at FVTOCI under IFRS 9, that are held at the end of the reporting period.

29 Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debts, which includes bank borrowings and other borrowings as disclosed in Note 24, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of the review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with the capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of the new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(vi) 按公平值計入其他全面收 益儲備

按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備包括在報告期末持有的根據香港財務報告準則第9號按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的股權投資的公平值累計變動淨額。

29 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團內的實體均可持續經營,同時通過優化債務及權益結餘為股東帶來最大回報。本集團的整體策略自過往年度起維持不變。

本集團的資本結構包括淨負債(當中包括 於附註24所披露的銀行借貸及其他借貸), 扣除現金及現金等價物,以及本公司擁有 人應佔權益(包括股本及儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為審閱的一部分,董事考慮資本成本及與資本相關的風險。根據董事的建議,本集團將透過支付股息、發行新股以及發行新債務或贖回現有債務以平衡其整體資本結構。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments

30 金融工具

Categories of financial instruments

金融工具的分類

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
金融風險:		
衍生金融工具	6,957	4,315
攤銷成本	7,896,218	6,991,150
按公平值計入其他全面收益的		
權益工具	23,462	36,508
金融負債:		
攤銷成本	7,827,891	6,703,735
	衍生金融工具 攤銷成本 按公平值計入其他全面收益的 權益工具 金融負債 :	### ### ### ### #####################

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include derivative financial instruments, trade and other receivables, pledged deposits, bank balances, equity securities designated at FVTOCI, trade and other payables, and bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk). The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables backed by bank bills, other receivables and derivative financial assets is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions, which the Group considers to represent low credit risk.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括衍生金融工 具、交易及其他應收款項、已抵押存款、 銀行結餘、指定為按公平值計入其他全項 收益的股本證券、交易及其他應付款面 收益的股本證券、交易及其他應付款面 、銀行及其他借貸以及租賃負債。該等金融 工具的詳情於相關附註內披露。與該等金融 融工具相關的風險包括信貸風險、流 融工具相關的風險包括信貸風險人利率 險)。降低該等風險的政策載於下文。管 理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及時及 有效地採取適當措施。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手未履行其合約 責任而導致本集團產生財務虧損的 風險。本集團的信貸風險主要來 集團認為信貸風險低的銀行及 集團認為信貸風險低的銀行及 機構,因此本集團承擔來自現金 現金等價物、以銀行票據支持的及 現金等價数 場應收款項及其他應收款項以 生金融資產之信貸風險有限。

本集團並無提供任何致使本集團須 承擔信貸風險之擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables

The Group has established a credit risk management policy under which individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in industries or countries in which the customers operate. Significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, less than 3% (2023: 2%), less than 2% (2023: 1%) and 8% (2023: 6%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer, the second largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within industrial aluminium and construction aluminium.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

For the trade receivables backed by bank bills, the loss allowances are assessed individually based on the credit rating of issued bank. As at 31 December 2024, the gross carrying amount of trade receivable backed by bank bills was RMB1,843,802,000(2023: RMB1,644,859,000), no loss allowance for trade receivables backed by bank bills was recognised.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

交易應收款項

本集團已制定信貸風險管理政策, 據此,個別信貸評估乃對所有需要 若干信貸金額的客戶進行。該等評 估集中於客戶支付到期款項的過往 記錄及現時的付款能力,並考慮有 關客戶及與客戶經營所在經濟環境 有關的特定資料。

本集團於客戶經營之行業或國家並無重大集中信貸風險。信貸風險高度集中之情況主要於本集團對個別客戶有著重大風險承擔時產生。於報告期末,交易應收款項總額之不足3%(二零二三年:2%)、不足2%(二零二三年:1%)及8%(二零二三年:6%)分別來自本集團工業鋁型材及建築鋁型材分部最大客戶、第二大客戶及五大客戶。

本集團按照相當於全期預期信貸虧 損的金額計量交易應收款項的虧損 撥備。

就以銀行票據支持的交易應收款項而言,虧損撥備乃根據發行銀行的信用等級進行個別評估。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,以銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的總賬面值為人民幣1,843,802,000元(二零二三年:人民幣1,644,859,000元),並無確認以銀行票據支持的交易應收款項的虧損撥備。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

For the credit-impaired trade receivables not backed by bank bills, the loss allowances are assessed individually taking into account the estimated future cash flows derived from the collateralised assets. As at 31 December 2024, the gross carrying amount of credit-impaired trade receivables was RMB907,866,000 (2023: RMB796,661,000), against which a loss allowance of RMB907,866,000 was recognised (2023: RMB796,661,000).

For the remaining trade receivables not backed by bank bills, the loss allowances are calculated using a provision matrix. The Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

Estimated loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

交易應收款項(續)

就出現信貸減值的並無銀行票據支援的交易應收款項而言,虧損撥備乃經計及抵押資產產生的估計未來現金流量個別評估。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,出現信貸減值的交易應收款項的賬面總值為人民幣907,866,000元(二零二三年:人民幣907,866,000元(二零二三年:人民幣796,661,000元)。

就並無銀行票據支持的餘下交易應 收款項而言,虧損撥備乃使用撥備 矩陣計算。本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗並無顯示不同客戶分部的虧損 模式具有明顯差異,故並無進一步 區分本集團不同客戶群按逾期狀況 的虧損撥備。

估計虧損比率乃按過往三年的實際虧損經驗為準。該等比率乃經調整,以反映收集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對應收款項的預期可用年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差異。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, loss allowances of the trade receivables not backed by bank bills are as follows:

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

交易應收款項(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並 無銀行票據支持的交易應收款項之 虧損撥備如下:

			2024 二零二四年	
		Estimated	Gross carrying	
		loss rate	amount	Loss allowance
		估計虧損比率	賬面總額	虧損撥備
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	1%	2,558,145	26,009
1 – 180 days past due	逾期1至180天	5%	499,760	24,988
181 – 360 days past due	逾期181至360天	15%	76,499	11,475
361 – 720 days past due	逾期361至720天	60%	59,316	35,590
More than 720 days past due	逾期超過720天	100%	88,271	88,271
more than 720 days past dae	27437622.207	100 /0		
Assessed collectively using	採用撥備矩陣整體評估			
the provision matrix			3,281,991	186,333
Credit – impaired assessed	個別評估信貸減值			
individually		100%	907,866	907,866
			4,189,857	1,094,199



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

Trade receivables (Continued)

交易應收款項(續)

			2023	
			二零二三年	
		Estimated	Gross carrying	
		loss rate	amount	Loss allowance
		估計虧損比率	賬面總額	虧損撥備
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	1%	1,334,148	11,760
1 – 180 days past due	逾期1至180天	5%	994,387	49,719
181 – 360 days past due	逾期181至360天	15%	57,407	8,611
361 – 720 days past due	逾期361至720天	60%	87,245	52,347
More than 720 days past due	逾期超過720天	100%	114,353	114,353
Assessed collectively using	採用撥備矩陣整體評估			
the provision matrix	5 		2,587,540	236,790
Credit – impaired assessed	個別評估信貸減值			
individually		100%	796,661	796,661
			3,384,201	1,033,451



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables not backed by bank bills during the year is as follows:

Balance at 1 January	於一月一日之結餘
Impairment losses recognised	已確認減值虧損
Write-off	撇銷

Balance at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之結餘

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

交易應收款項(續)

年內,並無銀行票據支持的交易應 收款項的虧損撥備賬變動如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,033,451	776,561
67,648	293,138
(6,900)	(36,248
1,094,199	1,033,451
1,034,133	1,055,451

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(b) 流動資金風險



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表列示於報告期末本集團之非衍生金融負債之剩餘合約到期款項, 乃按合約未貼現現金流量(包括按合約利率或(如浮動)按於報告期末之現行利率計算之利息款項)及本集團須支付之最早日期計算:

		202 二零二							
	Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約未貼現現金流出								
Within 1 year or on demand	More than 1 year but less	More than 2 years but less	More than	Total	Carrying amount at 31 December				
一年內或	than 2 years 一年後	than 5 years 兩年後	5 years	TOTAL	於十二月 三十一日				
應要求 <i>RMB'000</i>	但兩年內 <i>RMB'000</i>	但五年內 <i>RMB'000</i>	五年後 <i>RMB'000</i>	總計 <i>RMB'000</i>	之賬面值 <i>RMB'000</i>				
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元				
688,265 2,097	1,048,160 1,086	1,074,774 -	243,532 -	3,054,731 3,183	2,877,351 2,326				
4,950,540				4,950,540	4,950,540				
5,640,902	1,049,246	1,074,774	243,532	8,008,454	7,830,217				

Bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他借貸 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 Bills payables, creditors and 應付票據、應付賬款 accrued charges 及應計費用



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

2023

二零二三年

			Contractual undiscounted cash outflow					
				合約未貼現現金流出	1			
			More than 1 year	More than 2 years			Carrying	
		Within 1 year or	but less than	but less than	More than		amount at	
		on demand	2 years	5 years	5 years	Total	31 December	
							於十二月	
		一年內或	一年後	兩年後			三十一目	
		應要求	但兩年內	但五年內	五年後	總計	之賬面值	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	507,650	1,312,408	1,324,374	211,356	3,355,788	3,147,492	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2,532	2,744	1,103	_	6,379	6,055	
Bills payables, creditors and	應付票據、應付賬款	-,	- /· · ·	.,		-,	-,	
accrued charges	及應計費用	3,556,243				3,556,243	3,556,243	
		4,066,425	1,315,152	1,325,477	211,356	6,918,410	6,709,790	

Market risk

The Group's activities expose primarily to the market risks of changes in interest rates and currency rates. There

has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

市場風險

本集團業務主要面臨利率和匯率變 動的市場風險。本集團面臨的市場 風險或其管理和衡量風險的方式並 無重大變動。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 利率風險

利率風險為金融工具之公平值或未來現金流量將因應市場利率變動而波動之風險。本集團之利率風險主要來自長期借貸。按浮動利率及固定利率發出之借貸分別令本集團須承受現金流量利率風險及公平值利率風險。本集團由管理層監察之利率概況載於下文(i)。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

30 金融工具(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings at the end of the reporting period.

(c) 利率風險(續)

(i) 利率概况

向本集團管理層所呈報之下表 詳列本集團於報告期末計息借 貸之利率概況。

		2024		2023	
		二零二	四年	二零二三年	
		Effective		Effective	
		interest		interest	
		rates	Amount	rates	Amount
		實際利率	金額	實際利率	金額
			′000		′000
			千元		千元
Fixed rate borrowings:	定息借貸:				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.75% – 4.9%	2,326	3.4% - 4.9%	6,055
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他貸款	2.30%- 5.72%	564,836	2.3% - 3.3%	1,146,590
			567,162		1,152,645
Variable rate borrowings:	浮息借貸:				
Bank and other borrowings		2.30%-4.41%	2 212 515	2.7% – 3.85%	2 000 002
balik aliu otilei bollowiligs	蚁门	2.30 %-4.41 %	2,312,515	2.770 - 3.0370	2,000,902
Fixed rate borrowings as	定息借貸佔借貸				
a percentage of total	總額百分比				
borrowings			20%		37%



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variable held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB9,605,000 (2023: RMB8,504,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate nonderivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases which give rise to receivables, payables, cash balances and bank and other borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily HKD and United States Dollar ("USD").

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,估計利率整體上調/下調50個基點,而其他所有變數維持不變,本集團之除稅後溢利及保留溢利將減少/增加約人民幣9,605,000元(二零二三年:人民幣8,504,000元)。

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團主要透過以與其業務相關之功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值之銷售及購買(其產生應收款項、應付款項、現金結餘以及銀行及其他借貸)承受貨幣風險。該風險主要來自港元及美元(「美元」)。

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綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies *(Continued)*

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Renminbi, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Difference resulting from the translation of the consolidated financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency is excluded.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 外幣風險承擔

下表詳列本集團於報告期末在 以公司有關功能貨幣以外之其 他貨幣計值之已確認資產或負 債所產生之貨幣風險承擔。就 呈列目的而言,風險承擔之金 額以人民幣列示,並以年結 之現貨率換算。換算海外業務 綜合財務報表至本集團呈列貨 幣所產生之差額並不包括在內。

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in RMB) 外幣風險承擔(以人民幣列示)

2024 二零二四	 年	202 二零二	
HKD	USD	HKD	USD
港元	美元	港元	美元
′000	′000	′000	′000
$ auar{ au}$	千元	千元	千元
1,377	14,073	15,205	4,651
373	47,713	36,565	68,943
(10,632)	-	(41,249)	(15,910
(8,882)	61,786	10,521	57,684
(8,882)	61,786	10,521	57,684

Trade and other receivables 交易及其他應收款項 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 Trade and other payables 交易及其他應付款項

Gross and net exposure 已確認資產及負債產生 arising from recognised 之風險總額及淨額 assets and liabilities

Net exposure arising from 已確認資產及負債 recognised assets and Liabilities 已確認資產及負債

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

下表顯示倘本集團於報告期末 有重大風險承擔之匯率於該日 有所變動,並假設所有其他風 險變數維持不變,本集團之除 稅後溢利及保留溢利可能出現 之即時變動。

2	024	20)23
二零	二四年	二零二	二三年
Increase/	Effect on	Increase/	
(decrease)	profit after tax	(decrease)	Effect on profit
in foreign	and retained	in foreign	after tax and
exchange rate	profit	exchange rate	retained profit
	對除税後溢利		對除税後溢利
匯率上升/	及保留	匯率上升/	及保留
(下降)	溢利之影響	(下降)	溢利之影響
	′000		′000′
	千元		千元
10%	(755)	10%	894
10%	5 252	10%	4 903

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Renminbi at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

上表呈列之分析結果指對本集 團各公司以各自之功能貨幣計量之除税後溢利及權益之合計即時影響,並就呈列目的按報 告期末之匯率換算為人民幣。



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the consolidated financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

30 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析(續)



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Fair values measurement

公平值計量

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

(a) 按公平值計量之金融資產及負 債

Fair value hierarchy

公平值層級

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

下表呈列於報告期末按經常性基準 計量的本集團金融工具的公平值, 歸類為國際財務報告準則第13號, 公平值計量定義的三級公平值層級。 公平值計量歸類的層級經參考估值 技術中使用的輸入值的可觀察性及 重要性釐定如下:

第一級估值:僅以第一級輸

Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

入值計量公平 值,即相同資 產或負債於計 量日在活躍市 場的未經調整

報價

Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available

at the measurement date

第二級估值:以第二級輸入 值計量之公平 值,即其輸入 值之可觀察性 並未如第一級 輸入值,且並 無使用重大不 可觀察之輸入 值。不可觀察

> 之輸入值為並 無市場數據可 作參考之輸入

值

Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

第三級估值:使用重大不可 觀察輸入值計 量之公平值



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Fair values measurement (Continued)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

The Group has a team headed by the finance manager performing valuations for the financial instruments which are categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The team reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. A valuation report with analysis of changes in fair value measurement is prepared by the team at each interim and annual reporting date, and is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

30 金融工具(續)

公平值計量(續)

(a) 按公平值計量之金融資產及負 債(續)

本集團擁有一支由財經經理領導之 團隊,負責就分類為公平值層級第 三級之金融工具進行估值。該團隊 直接向財務總監及審核委員會報告。 載有公平值計量變動分析之估值報 告乃由團隊於中期報告及年度報告 日期編製,並由財務總監審閱及批 准。

	Fair value measurements as at				
		31 Dec	31 December 2024 categorised in		
	Fair value at		零二四年十二月三十一日	目之	
	31 December		公平值計量分類為		
	2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	於二零二四年十二月				
	三十一日之公平值	第一級	第二級	第三級	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
6.1					
也					
				22.442	
	23,462	-	-	23,462	
	6,957	_	_	6,957	
	20.440			20.440	
	30,419			30,419	

Recurring fair value 經常性公平值計量
measurements

Assets: 資產:

Equity securities designated 指定為按公平值計入其他
at FVTOCI 全面收益的股本證券
— Unlisted equity securities 一非上市股本證券
Derivative financial 衍生金融工具:
instruments:
— Other derivative — 其他衍生

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Fair values measurement (Continued)

公平值計量(續)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(a) 按公平值計量之金融資產及負 債(續)

Fair value measurements as at

31 December 2023 categorised into Fair value at 於二零二三年十二月三十一日之 31 December 公平值計量分類為

2023 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 於二零二三年十二月 三十一日之公平值 第一級 第二級 第三級 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

經常性公平值計量 Recurring fair value measurements Assets: 資產: Equity securities 指定為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的股本證券 designated at FVTOCI 一非上市股本證券 - Unlisted equity 36,508 36,508 securities Derivative financial 衍生金融工具: instruments: 一其他衍生 - Other derivative 4,315 4,315

40,823

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度,第一級與 第二級之間並無轉撥,亦無轉撥入 第三級或自第三級轉撥出。本集團 之政策為於其發生之報告期末確認 各公平值層級之間之轉撥。



40,823

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Fair values measurement (Continued)

公平值計量(續)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(a) 按公平值計量之金融資產及負 債(續)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

有關第三級公平值計量的資料

	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入	Weighted average 加權平均
Equity securities designated at FVTOCI 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的股本證券			
– Unlisted equity securities (i)	Market comparable companies price/earning ratios	Discount for lack of marketability	15.60% (2023: 15.70%)
一非上市股本證券 <i>(i)</i>	市場可資 比較公司市盈率	缺乏市場 流通性折讓	15.60% (二零二三年:15.70%)

Derivative financial instruments:

衍生金融工具:

- Other derivativeBlack-Scholes modeExpected volatility43.56%(2023: 39.77%)-其他衍生Black-Scholes模型預期波幅43.56%

(二零二三年:39.77%)

(i) The fair value of unlisted equity securities are determined using the price/earning ratios of comparable listed companies adjusted for lack of marketability discount. The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount for lack of marketability. As at 31 December 2024, a decrease/increase in discount for lack of marketability used in isolation would result in a increased/ decreased in the fair value measurement of the unlisted equity securities, and vice versa. (i) 非上市股本證券的公平值採用可資比較上市公司的市盈率釐定,並就缺乏市場流通性折讓進行調整。公平值計量與缺乏市場流通性折讓反向相關。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,單獨使用的缺乏市場流通性折讓減少/增加會導致非上市股本證券的公平值計量增加/減少,反之亦然。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

30 金融工具(續)

Fair values measurement (Continued)

公平值計量(續)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(a) 按公平值計量之金融資產及負 債(續)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

有關第三級公平值計量的資料(續)

The movements during the period in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

期內該等第三級公平值計量結餘的變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Unlisted equity securities: At 1 January Disposal during the year Fair value gains or losses in other	非上市股本證券: 於一月一日 年內已出售 於其他全面收益之	36,508 (11,186)	32,847 -
comprehensive income	公平值收益或虧損	(1,860)	3,661
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	23,462	36,508
		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Other derivative: At 1 January Fair value gains or losses in profit or loss	其他衍生: 於一月一日 於損益之公平值收益或虧損	4,315 2,642	8,556 (4,241)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,957	4,315



綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

30 Financial instruments (Continued)

Fair values measurement (Continued)

(b) Fair value of other financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

31 Commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following commitments:

30 金融工具(續)

公平值計量(續)

(b) 並非按公平值入賬之其他金融 資產及負債之公平值

管理層認為,於綜合財務報表中按 攤銷成本計量的金融資產及金融負 債的賬面值與其公平值相若。

2023

31 承擔

於報告期末,本集團有以下承擔:

		二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted for	已訂約		
– Purchase of property, plant and	一為中國內地之生產基地		
equipment for the production base in	購買物業、廠房及設備		
Mainland China		244,128	495,508
 Purchase of property, plant and 	一為中國內地境外之生產基地		
equipment for the production base	購買物業、廠房及設備		
outside Mainland China		21,429	10,550
		265,557	506,058

In addition, the Group was committed at 31 December 2023 for a 3 year lease that is not yet commenced, the lease payments under which amounted to AUD1,127,972 (equivalent to RMB5,468,859) per annum. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group entered into a supplement agreement to change the lease period from 3 years to 10 years that is not yet commenced, and the lease payments was changed to AUD1,593,589 (equivalent to RMB7,593,452) per annum. The lease agreement will be commenced upon the completion and acceptance of the plants and office.

此外,本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一 日承擔一項尚未開始的3年租賃,其租賃 付款為每年1,127,972澳元(相當於人民幣 5,468,859元)。截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團簽訂一份補充協 議,將尚未開始的租賃期由3年改為10年, 並將租賃付款改為每年1,593,589澳元(相 當於人民幣7,593,452元)。租賃協議將於 工廠及辦公室完工及驗收後開始生效。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

32 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

32 融資活動產生的負債之對賬

		Loans and borrowings 貸款及借貸 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Interest Payable 應付利息 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Dividend Payable 應付股息 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing cash	於二零二三年一月 一日 融資現金流量之變	2,499,006	14,617	8,051	-	2,521,674
flows: Proceeds of new bank loans	動: 新銀行貸款之所得					
Repayments of bank loans	款項 償還銀行貸款 已付租賃租金之本	2,771,236 (2,122,750)	- -	-	- -	2,771,236 (2,122,750)
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals	金部分已付租賃租金之利	-	-	(2,293)	-	(2,293)
paid Finance costs paid Dividend paid	息部分 已付財務成本 已付股息		(146,135) 	(321)	(141,047)	(321) (146,135) (141,047)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之 變動總值	648,486	(146,135)	(2,614)	(141,047)	358,690
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year Capitalised borrowing costs Interest expenses Dividend recognised	本年度訂立新租賃 產生之和賃賃 增加化借款成本 利息確認股息	- - - -	5,775 137,735 	297 - 321 	- - - 141,047	297 5,775 138,056 141,047
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	3,147,492	11,992	6,055	-	3,165,539
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceeds of new bank loans	融資現金流量之變 動: 新銀行貸款之所得					
Repayments of bank loans	款項 償還銀行貸款	1,993,593 (2,263,734)	-	-	- -	1,993,593 (2,263,734)
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals	已付租賃租金之本 金部分 已付租賃租金之利	-	-	(3,729)	-	(3,729)
paid Finance costs paid Dividend paid	息部分 已付財務成本 已付股息	- - -	(128,217)	(161) 	(245,629)	(161) (128,217) (245,629)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變 動總值	(270,141)	(128,217)	(3,890)	(245,629)	(647,877)
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year Capitalised borrowing costs Interest expenses Dividend recognised	本年度訂立新租賃 產生之租賃負債 增加借款成本 利息開支 已確認股息	- - - -	11,828 104,397	_ _ 161 	- - 245,629	11,828 104,558 245,629
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二 月三十一日	2,877,351		2,326		2,879,677

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

33 Material related party transactions

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions:

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the directors are of the view that related parties of the Group include the following companies:

Name of related parties 關連方名稱

Guangdong Xingfa Curtain Wall, Door & Window Co., Ltd. ("Xingfa Curtain Wall") (廣東興發幕墻門窗有限公司)(i) 廣東興發幕牆門窗有限公司(「興發幕牆」)(i)

China Lesso Group Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("China Lesso Group")(中國聯塑集團控股有限公司及其附屬公司(「中國聯塑集團」)(i)

Guangdong Guangxin Holdings Group Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Guangxin Holding")(廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司)(i) 廣東省廣新控股集團有限公司及其附屬公司(「廣新控股」)(i)

Xingfa Environmental(廣東興發環境科技有限公司)(i)

興發環境(i)

(i) The English translation of the Company names is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.

33 重大關連方交易

除該等財務報表其他部份所披露的交易及 結餘外,本集團進行以下重大關連方交易:

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司董事認為以下公司為本集團的 關連方:

Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係

Owned as to 21% by Mr. Liao Yuqing. Mr. Liao Yuqing is an executive director of the Company 由廖玉慶先生擁有21%權益。廖玉慶先 生為本公司執行董事

Substantial shareholder of the Company

本公司主要股東

Substantial shareholder of the Company

本公司主要股東

A former associate of the Company, disposed during the year ended 31 December 2024 本公司前聯營公司,已於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度出售

(i) 本集團之聯營公司該等公司的英文譯名僅供 參考。該等公司的英文譯名僅供參考。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

33 Material related party transactions (Continued) 33 重大關連方交易(續)

(a) Transactions

(a) 交易

Sales and purchase

買賣

		2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
		八八冊1九	八八四十九
Sales of goods to	銷售貨品予		
– China Lesso Group	-中國聯塑集團	50,644	176,479
– Xingfa Curtain Wall	一興發幕牆	52,132	63,748
– Guangxin Holding	一廣新控股	11,606	8,726
		114,382	248,953
		114,302	
Purchase of goods from	向以下各方採購貨品		
– China Lesso Group	一中國聯塑集團	_	26,183
		_	26,183
Purchase of services	採購服務		
– China Lesso Group	- 中國聯塑集團	3,352	3,092
– Xingfa Curtain Wall	一興發幕牆	1,211	2,457
		4,563	5,549
Properties leased out and others	物業出租及其他		
– China Lesso Group	一中國聯塑集團	13,640	11,423

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group disposed 40% interest in Xingfa Environmental to Yongbao Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. (a subsidiary of China Lesso Group Holdings Limited), at a cash consideration of RMB15 million details are disclosed in Note 6.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group disposed 2.8% interest in Guangdong Guangxin Innovative Research Centre Co., Ltd. to Guangdong Guangxin Holdings at a cash consideration of RMB11,186,000, details are disclosed in Note 17.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向永葆環保科技股份有限公司(中國聯塑集團控股有限公司之附屬公司)出售興發環境的40%權益,現金代價為人民幣15,000,000元,詳情披露於附註6。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向廣東省廣新控股出售廣東省廣新創新研究院有限公司的2.8%權益,現金代價為人民幣11,186,000元,詳情披露於附註17。

綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

33 Material related party transactions (Continued)

33 重大關連方交易(續)

(b) Balances with related parties

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

(i) Trade and other receivables

Trade related	與交易有關
– China Lesso Group	-中國聯塑集團
– Xingfa Curtain Wall	-興發幕牆
 Guangxin Holding 	一廣新控股
Non-trade related	與非交易有關
– Xingfa Environmental*	-興發環境*

* The balances included loans to the associate. The Group had a 1-year loan of RMB16,000,000 at 31 December 2023 provided to Xingfa Environmental with interest rate at 4.35% per annum. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the loan has been fully received.

No loss allowances have been made in respect of these loans.

(b) 與關連方的結餘

於報告期末,本集團與關連方的結 餘如下:

(i) 交易及其他應收款項

2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
9,931 7,269 301	31,184 23,505 42
17,501	54,731
	20,343

* 結餘包括向聯營公司提供的貸款。本集團於二零二三年十二 月三十一日向興發環境提供1年 期貸款人民幣16,000,000元,按 年利率4.35%計息。截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 該貸款已全數收取。

並無就該等貸款作出虧損撥備。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

33 Material related party transactions (Continued)

33 重大關連方交易(續)

(b) Balances with related parties (Continued)

(b) 與關連方的結餘(續)

(ii) Trade and other payables

(ii) 交易及其他應付款項

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
602	764
55	553
657	1,317

Trade related與交易有關- Xingfa Curtain Wall- 興發幕牆- China Lesso Group- 中國聯塑集團

應付關連方交易有關款項為無抵押、免息且無固定還款期。

The trade-related amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(c) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including the amounts paid to the Group's directors as disclosed in Note 11 and the senior management as disclosed in Note 12.

(c) 主要管理人員酬金

本集團主要管理人員之酬金(包括附註11及附註12所分別披露之支付予本集團董事及高級管理人員的金額)

34 Pledge of or restrictions on assets

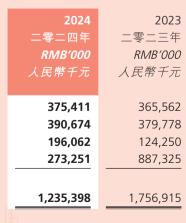
The Group's borrowings and bills payable had been secured by the pledge of the Group's assets and the carrying amounts of the respective assets are as follows:

34 資產抵押或限制

本集團的借貸及應付票據已由本集團的資 產作抵押,各項資產的賬面值如下:

Property, plant and equipment
Land use rights
Pledge bank deposits
Bills receivable

物業、廠房及設備
土地使用權
抵押銀行存款
應收票據



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,數額以人民幣列示)

35 Comparation Information

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified in these consolidated financial statements to conform with the current year's presentation, which have no material effect on previously reported financial performance and financial position.

36 Company-level statement of financial position

35 比較資料

若干比較數字已於該等綜合財務報表中重 新分類,以符合本年度的列報,這對先前 報告的財務表現及財務狀況並無重大影響。

36 公司層面財務狀況表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>RMB′000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Non-current asset Investment in a subsidiary	非流動資產 於一間附屬公司之投	資 <i>16</i>	642,794	629,036
Current assets	流動資產		50.005	24.000
Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	應收附屬公司款項現金及現金等價物		58,996 2,098	21,969 9,515
			61,094	31,484
Current liabilities Amounts due to a subsidiary	流動負債 應付附屬公司款項		1,333	_
Other payables	其他應付款項		6,040	6,422
			7,373	6,422
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		53,721	25,062
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		696,515	654,098
Net assets	資產淨值		696,515	654,098
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備	28		
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備		3,753 692,762	3,753 650,345
Total equity	權益總額		696,515	654,098

Five Years Summary 五年概要 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

For the year ended 31 December

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		截至十一月二十 日正十及				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	4,528,390	4,239,211	3,640,771	3,126,054	2,743,711
Current assets	流動資產	10,014,050	8,627,015	8,455,200	8,216,134	5,692,350
Current liabilities	流動負債	(6,246,072)	(4,794,935)	(5,423,050)	(5,543,085)	(4,387,097)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(2,388,908)	(2,745,460)	(2,017,457)	(1,319,703)	(351,031)
Net assets	資產淨值	5,907,460	5,325,831	4,655,464	4,479,400	3,697,933
1101 035015	只 庄//□ □	3,307,400				
	nn -1- 72 84 /#					
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	3,753	3,753	3,753	3,744	3,732
Reserves	儲備	5,894,122	5,314,555	4,648,118	4,475,598	3,693,460
Total equity attributabl	e 本公司權益股東應					
to equity shareholder	rs 佔權益總額					
of the Company		5,897,875	5,318,308	4,651,871	4,479,342	3,697,192
Non-controlling interes	ts 非控股權益	9,585	7,523	3,593	58	741
Total equity	權益總額	5,907,460	5,325,831	4,655,464	4,479,400	3,697,933
Total equity	作业系	3,307,400	3,323,031	4,000,404	4,479,400	2,031,333



Five Years Summary 五年概要

(Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Results	業績					
Revenue	營業額	18,854,641	17,352,551	16,933,064	15,432,900	11,886,862
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	965,354	916,323	511,884	1,055,201	873,412
Income tax	所得税	(137,259)	(108,222)	(50,575)	(168,084)	(111,953)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	828,095	808,101	461,309	887,117	761,459
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益股東					
Company		826,033	804,171	457,774	887,800	765,385
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	2,062	3,930	3,535	(683)	(3,926)
		828,095	808,101	461,309	887,117	761,459
Earnings per share Basic (RMB yuan)	每股盈利 基本 <i>(人民幣元)</i>	1.96	1.91	1.09	2.12	1.83
Diluted (RMB yuan)	攤薄(人民幣元)	1.96	1.91	1.09	2.11	1.83

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述摘要並不構成經審計綜合財務報表之一部 份。

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