

# CONTENT 目錄

Corporate Information 公司資料	2
Chairman's Statement 主席報告書	4
	4
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析	6
Profiles of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員簡介	14
Directors' Report 董事局報告	20
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	35
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	55
Financial Information 財務資料	
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss	
綜合損益表	60
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	
綜合全面收益表	61
Consolidated Balance Sheet	
綜合資產負債表	62
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	6.4
綜合權益變動表	64
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	65
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	03
综合財務報表附註	66
Financial Summary 財務概要	167
Schedule of Group's Properties 本集團物業一覽表	168
Glossary 專用詞彙	170

# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. TOU Kit Vai *(Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)* Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael Mr. NG Ching Wah Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel

Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel (Chairman)
Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael

Mr. NG Ching Wah
Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael (Chairman)

Mr. NG Ching Wah

Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel

Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI

Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. NG Ching Wah (Chairman)

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael

Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel

Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI

Mr. TOU Kit Vai

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. TOU Kit Vai

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

Hang Seng Bank Limited

Bank of China Limited

BNP Paribas, Hong Kong Branch

MUFG Bank, Ltd.

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, Hong Kong Branch

## **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

## 董事局

#### 執行董事

奧富勝先生(主席兼行政總裁) 杜結威先生(首席財務總監兼公司秘書) 福元究一先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳裕光博士

伍清華先生

施國榮先生

凌致和女士

## 審核委員會

施國榮先生(主席)

陳裕光博士

伍清華先生

凌致和女士

## 薪酬委員會

陳裕光博士(主席)

伍清華先生

施國榮先生

凌致和女士

奧富勝先生

福元究一先生

## 提名委員會

伍清華先生(主席)

陳裕光博士

施國榮先生

凌致和女士

奧富勝先生

杜結威先生

## 公司秘書

村 結 威 先 牛

## 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

恒牛銀行有限公司

中國銀行股份有限公司

法國巴黎銀行香港分行

三菱UFJ銀行

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

星展銀行(香港)有限公司

三井住友銀行香港分行

### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

香港執業會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit B1, 7/F., Block B, Eastern Sea Industrial Building 48–56 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung New Territories, Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Liu Chong Tong Xin County Wan Qing Sha Town Nansha, Guangzhou City Guangdong Province, PRC

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN VIETNAM

Lai Vu Industrial Zone, Lai Vu Commune Kim Thanh District Hai Duong Province Vietnam

Lot K1, Rang Dong Textile Industrial Park Rang Dong Town Nghia Hung District Nam Dinh Province Vietnam

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-1100, Cayman Islands

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17/F., Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

### HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK CODE

01382

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.pacific-textiles.com

## 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

## 總辦事處及香港主要 營業地點

香港新界 葵涌大連排道48-56號 東海工業大廈B座8樓B1室

## 中國主要營業地點

中國廣東省 廣州市南沙 萬頃沙鎮 六涌同興村

## 越南主要營業地點

Lai Vu Industrial Zone, Lai Vu Commune Kim Thanh District Hai Duong Province Vietnam

Lot K1, Rang Dong Textile Industrial Park Rang Dong Town Nghia Hung District Nam Dinh Province Vietnam

## 主要股份過戶登記處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-1100, Cayman Islands

## 股份過戶登記處香港分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

## 香港聯合交易所股份代號

01382

## 公司網址

www.pacific-textiles.com

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Dear Shareholders

On behalf of the Board, I hereby present the Group's consolidated financial results for the 2025 Financial Year and give an overview of the Group's strategy and business outlook.

## FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The year under review concluded with a similar financial result to that of 2024 Financial Year amid the unexpected event of the hit of typhoon Yagi which caused production disruption to our Vietnam Plant in Hai Duong. Without such an incident, the Group's financial performance during 2025 Financial Year should have been better.

## **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

Pacific Textiles is committed to creating premium textiles by integrating advanced knitting and dyeing technologies cultivated over years with innovative and sustainable concepts. Last year, our Research and Development ("R&D") team's focus was on the advancement of functional fabrics such as highly stretchable ones which could enhance the performance of various range of garments. Through launching new products, the Group hopes to steadily expand business and penetrate into new market sector which shall include non-clothing items.

Beyond production technology, the Group also prioritizes the integration of modern technology across all different aspects of its business operations. As part of its digitalization initiatives, the Group has updated its digital core with the addition of a consolidated data platform and integration platform. These new elements allow for easier data analysis and are essential components of an Al ready enterprise. Digital visualization efforts have paid dividends as the production status can be more easily grasped now. Further investments in digitalization will continue – such as offering digital versions of our products during the R&D process so that customers can create detailed 3D models of garments. This helps to reduce the sales cycle time as customers do not need to wait for physical samples and make decisions faster.

The Group's new Vietnam factory in Nam Dinh Province held an opening ceremony in July 2024, marking a milestone with positive and strong support from key customers and the local government. Production and sales volumes are gradually increasing, and the factory will achieve full production soon. We believe that the factory will serve as Vietnam's premier base for supplying high-performance fabrics to cater for our customers demand.

各位股東

本人謹代表董事局提呈本集團 2025 年財政年 度之綜合財務業績,並概述本集團的策略及 業務前景。

## 財務及業務回顧

儘管颱風摩羯突然來襲令本集團越南海陽廠的生產受到干擾,惟回顧年度結束時本集團的財務業績與2024年財政年度相若。要不是受到該事件影響,本集團於2025年財政年度應可錄得更佳財務表現。

## 業務展望

互太致力透過結合多年來育成的先進針織及染整技術,再輔以創新和可持續發展概念而創製出優質的紡織品。去年,我們的研發(「研發」)團隊專注發展功能性面料,例如可提升各類服裝性能的高彈性面料。本集團冀望可透過推出新產品而穩步拓展業務,藉此滲透包括非服裝產品在內的新市場領域。

在生產技術以外,本集團亦將現代科技融入 業務營運的各個不同層面列為首要任務。本 集團已更新其數位核心,並增設綜合數據中 一環。該等新元素使數據分析變得更容 亦是一間準備好與人工智能融合的作出的 必備組成部分。我們就數位可視化作出進 力已見成效,現已可以更輕鬆地掌握生產的 为已見成效,現已可以更輕鬆地掌握生產 說。我們將繼續針對數位化作出進 上 資,例如在研發過程中提供產品的數型。 舉使客戶免於等待實體樣品及更快作出決 定,有助於縮短銷售週期時間。

於2024年7月,本集團位於南定省的新建越南廠房舉行開幕典禮,標誌著獲得主要客戶及當地政府的積極和鼎力支持之里程碑。隨著產量及銷量逐步增加,該廠房將很快實現全面量產。我們相信,該廠房將成為越南供應高性能面料的首要基地,可滿足我們客戶的需求。

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

The reciprocal tariffs imposed by the U.S. is creating market uncertainties. For the time being, we are prioritizing rigorous cost control and inventory management aligned with the market condition. Given of the above, through strategic extension of our product range and production bases, we look forward to growing significantly in the medium term.

美國實施的對等關稅為市場帶來不確定性。 目前,我們首要重視嚴格控制成本,並根據 市況進行存貨管理。有鑑於此,我們期望透 過策略性地擴展我們的產品系列及生產基 地,於中期內實現顯著增長。

## **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to express my sincere appreciation to our customers, business partners, suppliers, bankers, community members relevant to our production sites and other stakeholders for their continuous support to the Group during the year. I sincerely hope our employees will be able to develop their fruitful career path together with the Group, realise their potential and enjoy their balanced life

I would also like to thank our shareholders for their continuous support and confidence in the Group during the past year.

On behalf of the Board

Masaru OKUTOMI

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

## 致謝

本人謹代表董事局衷心感謝我們的客戶、業務夥伴、供應商、往來銀行、我們生產基地的相關社區成員以及其他持份者年內對本集團的持續支持。本人誠摯希望,員工上下能與本集團攜手開展成果豐碩的事業生涯、盡展所長並享受均衡生活。

本人亦藉此機會感謝股東過去一年對本集團的恆久支持及信任。

代表董事局

主席

奧富勝

香港,2025年6月26日

#### **OVERVIEW**

#### **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of textiles products, including high quality cotton and synthetic knitted fabrics.

#### Revenue

During the year under review, revenue of the Group was approximately HK\$5,057.6 million (2024: approximately HK\$4,739.0 million) representing an increase of 6.7% as compared with the year ended 31 March 2024, as a result of the combined effect of an increase of 11.3% in sales volume and a decrease of 4.5% in average sales price.

Revenue generated from sales of goods from different geographical locations (as determined by where the products were delivered to) is set out in note 5 to the financial information of the Company on page 88.

Other incomes comprising, among others, government grants and insurance indemnity income are set out in note 22 to the financial information of the Company on page 130.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales of the Group was approximately HK\$4,673.6 million (2024: approximately HK\$4,241.6 million) representing an increase of 10.2% as compared with the year ended 31 March 2024 which was consistent with increase in revenue.

#### **Profit**

During the year under review, the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company was approximately HK\$167.6 million (2024: approximately HK\$167.1 million) representing an increase of 0.3% as compared with last year.

#### Distribution and selling expenses

During the year under review, selling and distribution expenses including impairment loss on trade receivables increased to HK\$55.4 million (2024: HK\$43.2 million), mainly due to increase in expense on freight charge which was consistent with increase in revenue.

## Administration expenses

The administration expenses decreased to HK\$165.3 million (2024: HK\$194.3 million). The decrease was primarily attributable to the combined effect of the following factors:

- (a) The reversal adjustment of deferred revenue in 2024 Financial Year, which increased the administration expenses for the last financial year; and
- (b) The reversal adjustment of individual income tax provision in 2025 Financial Year, which decreased administration expenses for the current financial year.

## 概覽

#### 業務及財務回顧

互太紡織控股有限公司及其附屬公司主要從 事紡織產品(包括優質全棉及化纖針織布)之 製造及貿易。

#### 收入

於回顧年度,本集團之收入約為5,057.6百萬港元(2024年:約4,739.0百萬港元),較截至2024年3月31日止年度增加6.7%,乃由於銷量增加11.3%及平均售價減少4.5%的綜合影響所致。

不同地區銷售貨品產生的收入(根據產品交付地點釐定)載於第88頁本公司財務資料附註5。

其他收入包含(其中包括)政府補助及保險 彌償收入載於第130頁本公司財務資料附註 22。

#### 銷售成本

本集團之銷售成本約為4,673.6百萬港元(2024年:約4,241.6百萬港元),較截至2024年3月31日止年度增加10.2%,與收入增加一致。

#### 溢利

於回顧年度,本公司權益持有人應佔溢利約 為167.6百萬港元(2024年:約167.1百萬港 元),較上一年度增加0.3%。

#### 分銷及銷售開支

於回顧年度,銷售及分銷開支(包括應收賬款減值虧損)增加至55.4百萬港元(2024年:43.2百萬港元),主要由於運費開支增加,與收入增加相符。

#### 行政開支

行政開支減少至165.3百萬港元(2024年: 194.3百萬港元)。減少乃主要由於以下因素的綜合影響所致:

- (a) 2024年財政年度的遞延收入的撥回調整,使上個財政年度的行政開支增加;及
- (b) 2025年財政年度的個人所得税撥備的 撥回調整,使本財政年度的行政開支 減少。

## **OVERVIEW (Cont'd)**

#### BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Cont'd)

#### Finance costs

Finance costs slightly increased by approximately 1.9% to HK\$61.6 million (2024: HK\$60.5 million).

#### Trade receivables and trade payables turnover days

Trade receivables turnover days was 53 days while trade payables turnover days was 49 days.

#### Income tax

The Group recorded an income tax expense of approximately HK\$34.8 million during the year under review (2024: HK\$30.4 million). The average effective tax rate of the Group during the year under review was approximately 17.9% which was higher than the year ended 31 March 2024 (2024: 15.0%). The increase in effective tax rate was mainly attributed to the decrease in profit before income tax of the Group resulted from the operating loss of Vietnam Hai Duong Plant and Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant during the 2025 Financial Year.

#### Assets

As at 31 March 2025, the total assets of the Group were HK\$5,310.4 million (2024: HK\$5,566.0 million) representing a decrease of approximately 4.6%. The total assets comprised non-current assets of HK\$2,840.7 million (2024: HK\$2,816.6 million) and current assets of HK\$2,469.7 million (2024: HK\$2,749.3 million).

Key financial ratios are set out below:

## 概覽(續)

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 財務成本

財務成本輕微增加約1.9%至61.6百萬港元(2024年:60.5百萬港元)。

#### 應收賬款及應付賬款週轉天數

應收賬款週轉天數為53日,而應付賬款週轉 天數為49日。

#### 所得税

於回顧年度,本集團錄得所得稅開支約34.8 百萬港元(2024年:30.4百萬港元)。於回顧年度,本集團之平均實際稅率為約17.9%,較截至2024年3月31日止年度(2024年:15.0%)為高。實際稅率增加,主要歸因於越南海陽廠及越南南定廠於2025年財政年度出現經營虧損,以致本集團的所得稅前溢利減少所致。

#### 資產

於2025年3月31日,本集團之資產總值為5,310.4百萬港元(2024年:5,566.0百萬港元),減少約4.6%。資產總值包括非流動資產2,840.7百萬港元(2024年:2,816.6百萬港元)及流動資產2,469.7百萬港元(2024年:2,749.3百萬港元)。

關鍵財務比率載列如下:

			For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
		2025年	2024 2024年	
Gross Profit Margin <sup>(1)</sup>	毛利率(1)	7.6%	10.5%	
Return on Equity <sup>(2)</sup>	權益回報率(2)	5.5%	5.8%	
Interest Coverage Ratio(3)	利息覆蓋比率(3)	4.4	4.0	

#### Notes:

- (1) The calculation of Gross Profit Margin is based on gross profit divided by revenue and multiplied by 100%.
- (2) The calculation of Return on Equity is based on profit for the year divided by total equity and multiplied by 100%.
- (3) The calculation of Interest Coverage Ratio is based on profit before interest expenses on bank loans and tax expenses divided by interest expenses on bank loans.

#### 附註:

- (1) 毛利率乃按毛利除以收入再乘以100%計算。
- (2) 權益回報率乃按年內溢利除以權益總額再 乘以100%計算。
- (3)利息覆蓋比率乃按銀行貸款利息開支及税項開支前溢利除以銀行貸款利息開支計算。

## OVERVIEW (Cont'd)

#### BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Cont'd)

#### Liquidity and financial resources and capital structure

As at 31 March 2025, the Group was in a net debt position (cash and bank balances and time deposits less total borrowings) of HK\$679.8 million (2024: net debt position of HK\$585.7 million). The increase in a net debt position was due to increase in trade receivables and repayment of bank loans.

The Group's principal source of working capital was cash generated from sales of its products, supplemented with bank borrowings and a shareholder's loan contributed by our joint venture partner for a Vietnam subsidiary.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had total cash and bank balances of HK\$666.5 million (2024: HK\$894.9 million) comprising of HK\$34.6 million, the equivalent of HK\$437.2 million denominated in US\$, the equivalent of HK\$187.2 million denominated in RMB, the equivalent of HK\$6.9 million denominated in VND and the equivalent of HK\$0.6 million denominated in other currencies. The cash and bank balances and time deposits were to finance the Group's working capital and capital expenditure plans.

The Group had bank loans of HK\$1,220.9 million (2024: HK\$1,354.5 million) and shareholder's loan of HK\$125.4 million (2024: HK\$126.2 million) contributed by our joint venture partner to a Vietnam subsidiary. The said shareholder's loan was of equity nature and was not repayable within one year. The Group did not pledge any of its assets for bank borrowing (2024: Nil).

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's total assets amounted to HK\$5,310.4 million (2024: HK\$5,566.0 million) representing a decrease of 4.6%. Non-current assets and current assets were HK\$2,840.7 million and HK\$2,469.7 million respectively. The above assets were financed by current liabilities of HK\$2,087.3 million, non-current liabilities of HK\$340.2 million and equity attributable to Shareholders of HK\$2,882.7 million

## 概覽(續)

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 資金流動性與財務資源及資本架構

於2025年3月31日,本集團之淨負債水平 (現金及銀行結餘連同定期存款減借貸總額) 為679.8百萬港元(2024年:淨負債水平為 585.7百萬港元)。淨負債水平增加乃由於應 收賬款增加及償還銀行貸款。

本集團之主要營運資金來源為銷售其產品產 生的現金,配以銀行借貸以及我們的合營企 業夥伴向一家越南附屬公司提供的股東貸 款。

於2025年3月31日,本集團擁有現金及銀行結餘總額666.5百萬港元(2024年:894.9百萬港元),當中包括34.6百萬港元、相等於437.2百萬港元之美元、相等於187.2百萬港元之人民幣、相等於6.9百萬港元之越南盾及相等於0.6百萬港元之其他貨幣。現金及銀行結餘連同定期存款為本集團之營運資金及資本開支計劃提供資金來源。

本集團擁有銀行貸款1,220.9百萬港元(2024年:1,354.5百萬港元)及由我們的合營企業夥伴向一家越南附屬公司提供的股東貸款125.4百萬港元(2024年:126.2百萬港元)。所述股東貸款為權益性質,毋須於一年內償還。本集團並無就銀行借貸抵押其任何資產(2024年:無)。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團資產總值為5,310.4百萬港元(2024年:5,566.0百萬港元),減少4.6%。非流動資產及流動資產分別為2,840.7百萬港元及2,469.7百萬港元。上述資產由流動負債2,087.3百萬港元、非流動負債340.2百萬港元及股東應佔權益2,882.7百萬港元提供融資。

## **OVERVIEW (Cont'd)**

#### **BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Cont'd)**

### Capital expenditure and capital commitment

The Group had been adopting cautious measures and fine-tuned its capital expenditure in response to the market demand. During the year under review, total capital expenditure decreased by 69.4% to HK\$310.1 million (2024: HK\$1,012.9 million) which was mainly due to less investment on capital expenditures for the Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant.

Details of capital commitments are set out in note 31 to the financial information of the Company on page 143 of this annual report.

Key liquidity or leverage ratios:

## 概覽(續)

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 資本開支及資本承擔

本集團一直採取謹慎的措施,並根據市場的需求而微調資本開支。於回顧年度,本集團錄得資本開支總額減少69.4%至310.1百萬港元(2024年:1,012.9百萬港元),主要由於越南南定廠的資本開支投資減少。

資本承擔的詳情載於本年報第143頁本公司 財務資料附註31。

主要流動資金或槓桿比率:

		於3月31日 2025		
		2025年	2024年	
Current Ratio <sup>(4)</sup>	流動比率(4)	1.2	1.2	
Quick Ratio <sup>(5)</sup>	速動比率(5)	0.7	0.8	
Gearing Ratio <sup>(6)</sup>	資本負債比率(6)	47.1%	50.2%	
Debt to Equity Ratio <sup>(7)</sup>	負債權益比率(7)	84.2%	87.6%	

#### Notes:

- (4) The calculation of Current Ratio is based on current assets divided by current liabilities.
- (5) The calculation of Quick Ratio is based on current assets minus inventories divided by current liabilities.
- (6) The calculation of Gearing Ratio is based on total borrowings and bills payable divided by total equity multiplied by 100%.
- (7) The calculation of Debt to Equity Ratio is based on total liabilities divided by total equity multiplied by 100%.

#### 附註:

- (4) 流動比率乃按流動資產除以流動負債計算。
- (5) 速動比率乃按流動資產減存貨除以流動負債計算。
- (6) 資本負債比率乃按借貸總額及應付票據除 以權益總額再乘以100%計算。
- (7) 負債權益比率乃按負債總額除以權益總額 再乘以100%計算。

## **OVERVIEW (Cont'd)**

#### BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Cont'd)

#### Risk Management on Foreign Exchange and Interest Exposure

The Group had been exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures with respect to the US Dollars, Renminbi and Vietnamese Dongs primarily. The Group managed its foreign exchange risks by performing regular review and monitoring its foreign exchange exposures. The Group would hedge against certain of its exposures in order to reduce the risk involved as appropriate.

The Group mainly operated in Hong Kong, PRC, Macau and Vietnam. Except for certain cash and bank balances and certain inter-company receivables denominated in foreign currencies, transactions were generally conducted in a functional currency of the respective group entity. The foreign currency risk arising from recognised assets and liabilities was considered by the Directors to be minimal.

The Group had been using forward foreign currency contracts to hedge part of its foreign exchange risk. These forward foreign currency contracts did not qualify for hedge accounting and were accounted for at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Pledge of Assets

No assets were pledged to obtain financing as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025 respectively.

### Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

There was no material acquisition or disposal of the Company's subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2024: Nil).

### **Events Subsequent to the Period**

There was no significant event undertaken by the Company or by the Group after 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report.

## 概覽(續)

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 外匯及利率風險管理

本集團一直面對多種貨幣之外匯風險,主要 涉及美元、人民幣及越南盾。本集團通過定 期檢討及監察以管理外匯風險。本集團於適 時採用對沖措施以降低若干風險。

本集團主要於香港、中國、澳門及越南營 運。除了若干現金及銀行結餘與若干內部公 司應收款項以外幣計算,交易通常以各集團 實體之功能貨幣進行。董事認為已確認資產 與負債所產生之外幣風險極小。

本集團一直採用遠期外匯合約對沖其部分外 匯風險。該等遠期外匯合約不符合採用對沖 會計法入賬,而按公允值計入損益。

#### 資產抵押

於2024年3月31日及2025年3月31日,並無 為獲得融資抵押資產。

### 重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團並無作 出有關本公司之附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業之重大收購或出售事項。

#### 或有負債

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無重大或有負債(2024年:無)。

#### 期後事項

於2025年3月31日後及截至本報告日期,本公司或本集團並無進行任何重大事項。

## **ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REPORTING**

The Group has been sparing no effort in the investment of environmental protection, energy consumption and reduction of wastage, and the achievements were well recognised. During the year under review, two subsidiaries of the Company in Nansha and Hong Kong respectively had been jointly commended as "Hong Kong-Guangdong Cleaner Production Excellent Partners (Manufacturing)" Label by Environment and Ecology Bureau of the HKSAR and the Department of Industry and Information Technology of Guangdong Province in October 2024\*.

During the year under review, the subsidiary of the Company in Nansha was accredited as the "Excellent Member Unit" by Guangdong Cleaner Production Association in December 2024\*.

#### PRODUCT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year under review, the Company contributed to develop innovative products to meet the market needs. The Company's subsidiary in Nansha has received multiple awards for its new products including:

graded as "2023 China Textiles Industry Top 30" by China Knitting Industrial Association in May 2024\*.

awarded with a certificate of "Fabrics China Appraisal Entry Enterprise – Outstanding Award" by China Textile Information Center and Textile Product Development Center in August 2024\*.

awarded with a certificate of "2024 7th China Eco-friendly Fabric Design Competition (Innovative Enterprise) – Outstanding products" by China Textile Information Center and Textile Product Development Center in October 2024\*.

awarded with a certificate of "Fabrics China Appraisal Entry Enterprise – Outstanding Products Award" by China Textile Information Center and Textile Product Development Center in March 2025.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had 5,115 full-time employees (2024: 4,874). There was no significant change in the Group's remuneration policy. The Group's remuneration package for its employees included salary, bonuses, allowances and retirement benefits based on the performance, skills and knowledge of each employee. The Group also provided additional benefits to its employees, for instance, subsidized accommodation and meals for those working in production facilities, accident and medical insurance, etc.

The Group will continue to provide regular trainings and competitive remuneration package to employees in order to enhance their incentive and motivation to work.

## 環境及社會報告

本集團一直不遺餘力地投資於環保、能源消耗及減少浪費,其成績已獲得認可。於回顧年度,本公司分別於南沙及香港之附屬公司於2024年10月獲香港特區環境及生態局及廣東省工業和信息化廳頒授「粵港清潔生產優越夥伴(製造業)」標誌。。

於回顧年度,本公司於南沙之附屬公司於 2024年12月獲廣東省清潔生產協會評為「優 秀會員單位 | \*。

## 產品研發

於回顧年度,本公司投入開發創新產品以迎合市場需要。本公司於南沙之附屬公司的新產品榮獲多個獎項,包括:

於2024年5月獲中國針織工業協會評選為「2023年度中國針織行業30強」\*。

於2024年8月獲中國紡織信息中心及紡織產品開發中心頒發「中國流行面料入圍企業之優秀獎」證書#。

於2024年10月獲中國紡織信息中心及紡織產品開發中心頒發「2024年第七屆中國生態環保面料設計大賽(創新獎企業)-優秀獎產品 | 證書 # 。

於2025年3月獲中國紡織信息中心及紡織產品開發中心頒發「中國流行面料入圍企業之優秀獎產品」證書#。

## 僱員及薪酬政策

於2025年3月31日,本集團僱用5,115名全職僱員(2024年:4,874名)。本集團薪酬政策並無重大變動。本集團僱員薪酬待遇包括薪金、花紅、津貼及退休福利,其乃根據各僱員表現、技能及知識釐定。本集團亦向僱員提供額外福利,如向駐生產設施之僱員提供食宿津貼、意外及醫療保險等。

本集團將持續向僱員提供定期培訓及具競爭性之薪酬待遇以提升其工作動力及積極性。

<sup>\*</sup> The English translated version is for reference only. If there is any inconsistency between the Chinese and English versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

<sup>\*</sup> 本英譯內容僅供參考。如中英文內容文意 不相符,應以中文為準。

### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board proposed to pay a final dividend of HK\$5 cents (2024: HK\$5 cents) per share for the 2025 Financial Year, subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM. Together with an interim dividend of HK\$7 cents (2024: HK\$7 cents) per share, the total dividend for the 2025 Financial Year amounted to HK\$12 cents (2024: HK\$12 cents) per share.

#### PROSPECT AND OUTLOOK

The financial year ended 31 March 2025 was concluded with HK\$167.6 million profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, similar to 2024 Financial Year. Sales revenue increased accompanied by increase in sales volumes, in spite of slight drop of average sales price. Meanwhile, EBITDA (Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization) rose by 12.5% to HK\$473.4 million, signaling enhanced operational efficiency and higher growth potential.

Last year, the hit of super typhoon Yagi on the Company's Vietnam Hai Duong Plant had led to temporary suspension of production for some time prior to its resumption to 70% of its original production capacity. The incident has dragged down the profit margin of the factory. However, with the Company's efforts to reallocate certain production orders to other plants for order fulfilments, the loss to the factory was mitigated. Disruption of typhoon Yagi has turned the factory from profit (2024 Financial Year: HK\$21.1 million) into loss (2025 Financial Year: HK\$25.8 million). Currently, the Vietnam Hai Duong Plant is almost ready for full recovery from the impact of typhoon as structure of the plant has been repaired and new machines are in place. The management expects that as Vietnam Hai Duong Plant fully resumes to its full production, profit generated by the factory for 2026 Financial Year will reach to the level of 2024 Financial Year.

The Group's expansion in Vietnam has made significant progress in 2025. The newly established Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant has shifted to bulk production in September 2024 and the production volume was about 1.1 million pounds on average during September 2024 to March 2025. During the first five months of 2025 Financial Year, the factory was in trial production stage and mainly dealing with sample making only, followed by few months' period dedicated to establishing and enhancing fabric quality to satisfy customers' requirement. The production volume generated in the remaining months of 2025 Financial Year was not high enough to yield profit for the first operating year of the plant, resulting in a loss of HK\$103.7 million. Despite the operating loss recorded during its first year, the management believes that the prospect of this new Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant is promising. The management has been putting a lot of efforts in training up staff's skill to release the full potential of the factory and plans for further expansion in next few years. Leveraging the experience of the long-established Vietnam Hai Duong Plant, the management believes that the Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant could gradually improve the efficiency and contribute to the growth of the Group.

## 股息

董事局建議就2025年財政年度派發末期股息每股5港仙(2024年:5港仙),惟須待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准。連同中期股息每股7港仙(2024年:7港仙),2025年財政年度的股息總額為每股12港仙(2024年:12港仙)。

## 前景及展望

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司權益持有人應佔溢利為167.6百萬港元,與2024年財政年度相若。儘管平均售價輕微下跌,惟銷售收入隨著銷量增長而增加。同時,EBITDA(税息折舊及攤銷前利潤)增長12.5%,為473.4百萬港元,這表明本公司的營運效率有所提升,且具備更高的增長潛力。

去年,超強颱風摩羯對本公司越南海陽廠造成破壞,導致該廠房需暫時停產一段時間,隨後方回復至原來產能的70%。該事故拖低了該廠房的利潤率。然而,在本公司為履的到單一次。在本公司為限的對大學,是不可以減輕該廠房的損失。該廠房因受到颱風摩羯的破壞而由錄得得過。 (2024年財政年度:21.1百萬港元)變為錄得虧損(2025年財政年度:25.8百萬港元)。虧損(2025年財政年度:25.8百萬港元)。目前,由於越南海陽廠的結構經已修復,新機器亦已就位,該廠房已幾乎準備就緒從颱路不已就位,該廠房已幾乎準備就緒從颱路內已就位,該廠房已幾乎準備就緒從颱路內已就位,該廠房已幾乎準備就緒從內影響中完全復原。管理層預期,隨著越國南陽廠恢復全面生產,該廠房於2026年財政年度產生的溢利將達到2024年財政年度的水平。

本集團在越南的擴展計劃於2025年取得重大 進展。新落成的越南南定廠已於2024年9月 轉為大規模生產,而於2024年9月至2025年 3月期間的平均產量約為1.1百萬磅。於2025 年財政年度首五個月,該廠房處於試產階 段,主要處理樣品製作,其後數月則專注確 立及提升面料質量以滿足客戶要求。該廠房 於2025年財政年度餘下月份的產量並不足 以為首個營運年度帶來溢利,導致錄得虧損 103.7百萬港元。儘管新落成的越南南定廠 在首年錄得營運虧損,惟管理層相信該新廠 房的前景看好。管理層一直致力培訓員工技 能,以充分釋出該廠房的潛力,並計劃在未 來幾年進一步擴張。憑藉既有越南海陽廠的 經驗,管理層相信越南南定廠可逐步提升效 率,並為本集團的增長帶來貢獻。

Had there been no special issues stated above, the profit for the Group would have been improved to approximately HK\$304.2 million.

要不是發生上述特別事件,本集團的溢利將增加至約304.2 百萬港元。

The textile industry is facing a complex landscape, shaped by trade tariffs, weak consumer sentiment and high inflation. The ongoing trade tension between major economies like the U.S. and China continues to impose pressure on supply chains and trading patterns, the impact of which on Asia-based manufacturers and traders is direct and severe. Diminishing consumer confidence in major economies is dampening the demand of apparel, causing fierce competition in price among textile mills to keep their respective market share. Inflation, on one hand, raises production cost and on the other hand, erodes purchasing power of consumers, causing challenges to both cost management and top-line growth for manufactures and traders.

紡織業面臨由貿易關税、消費意欲偏軟及高 通脹造成的複雜形勢。中美等主要經濟體之 間持續的貿易緊張局勢繼續對供應鏈及貿易 模式構成壓力,對亞洲製造商及貿易體的影響。隨著主要經濟體的影響。隨著主要經濟體的消 直接且嚴重的影響。隨著主要經濟體的消, 查達自己。 對服裝的需求亦有所減少價 致紡織廠為保持各自的市場份額而需在面的 對統一。就通脹而言,其一方面 對於 生產成本上漲,另一方面亦削弱消費者的 實力,為製造商及貿易商的成本管理及業績 增長帶來挑戰。

In 2026 Financial Year, the Group's financial performance in short term will be negatively impacted by the tariff negotiation issue between China and the U.S. as well as Vietnam and the U.S.. We have been focusing on developing business of higher value added fabrics and getting ready to increase the sales and profit in the middle and long term after the result of tariff negotiation becomes clear.

於2026年財政年度,本集團的短期財務表現將因中國與美國及越南與美國之間的關稅談判問題而受到負面影響。我們已一直專注發展高增值面料業務,並已準備就緒在關稅談判結果明朗後,增加中至長期的銷售及溢利。

The Company will concentrate on fostering closer cooperation with brand owners, especially on functional synthetic fabrics which calls for innovation and higher technological know-how. In order to satisfy customers' need, the Company's experience in producing high quality fabrics in this area is definitely an advantage. Diversifying customer base through penetrating into new markets and developing new applications continues to be one of the key strategies of the Group.

本公司將致力促進與品牌擁有者更緊密合作,特別是就需要創新及更高技術知識的功能性合成面料方面。就滿足客戶需要而言,本公司在此領域生產高品質面料的經驗絕對為一大優勢。本集團仍然以透過進軍新市場及開發新應用來擴大客戶基礎作為其主要策略之一。

In spite of the geopolitical uncertainties, the interest rate is expected to be on the decline during 2026 Financial Year. Lower interest rate might have positive impact on business, being conducive to expansion plan and decreasing cost of finance.

儘管地緣政治存在不確定性,我們預計2026 年財政年度的利率將會下調。利率下調或會 對業務產生正面影響,有利於擴張計劃及降 低融資成本。

The management is optimistic over prospect of the business and expecting the start of mid-term growth trajectory in 2026 Financial Year.

管理層對業務前景感到樂觀,並預計業務有 望在2026年財政年度踏入中期增長軌跡。

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI, aged 67, joined the Group on 1 July 2019 as executive Director and the Vice Chairman of the Board. With effect from 1 October 2021, Mr. Okutomi was re-designated from the Vice Chairman of the Board to the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Group. Mr. Okutomi continues to serve as an executive Director, a member of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. Moreover, Mr. Okutomi is a director of various subsidiaries of the Group and a non-executive director of Teejay Lanka Plc., an associated company of the Group, whose shares are listed on the Colombo Stock Exchange in Sri Lanka, Mr. Okutomi is responsible to lead the management team and oversee the overall production and operation of the Group, providing corporate directions and formulating business strategies of the Group. Mr. Okutomi holds a bachelor's degree in law from Hitotsubashi University in 1981 and after his graduation, he joined the merchandise sales department (textiles) of Toray. Toray is a company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and is a substantial shareholder of the Company. He also held various senior positions including the managing director of Toray Industries (South China) Co., Ltd. and Toray Industries (H.K.) Ltd. from May 2016 to 30 June 2019, and the deputy managing director of Toray Industries (China) Co., Ltd. from May 2016 to 30 June 2019, and has been given the title as senior director in Toray. Mr. Okutomi has extensive experience in management of textiles business.

Mr. TOU Kit Vai, aged 62, joined the Group in 2013 and became Chief Financial Officer of the Group on 1 April 2014. He has been appointed as an executive Director of the Company from 1 July 2017 and the Company Secretary of the Company from 12 August 2022. Mr. Tou has been a member of Nomination Committee of the Company since 1 October 2022. Moreover, he is a director of various subsidiaries of the Group and a non-executive director of Teejay Lanka Plc., an associated company of the Group, whose shares are listed on the Colombo Stock Exchange in Sri Lanka. Mr. Tou has extensive experience in factory operations, financial management, project management and ERP system. He is responsible for overseeing the corporate financial and treasury management, information technology, investor relations, internal audit and back office operations. Mr. Tou is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He was an executive director of a company listed on the Stock Exchange during the period from 2007 to 2012.

## 執行董事

奧富勝先生,67歲,於2019年7月1日加入 本集團,出任執行董事及董事局副主席。自 2021年10月1日起, 奥富先生由董事局副主 席調任為董事局主席兼本集團行政總裁。 奧富先生繼續擔任執行董事、薪酬委員會成 員及提名委員會成員。此外,奧富先生為本 集團多間附屬公司之董事及本集團聯營公 司Teejay Lanka Plc.(其股份於斯里蘭卡科倫 坡證券交易所上市)之非執行董事。奧富先 生負責領導管理團隊,監督本集團整體生產 及營運,提供企業指示及制定本集團業務策 略。奧富先生於1981年取得一橋大學法律學 士學位,於畢業後加入Toray商品銷售部門 (紡織品)。Toray為一間於東京證券交易所 上市的公司,亦為本公司之一名主要股東。 彼亦曾擔任多個高級職位,包括於2016年5 月至2019年6月30日出任東麗(華南)有限 公司及東麗(香港)有限公司之董事總經理 及於2016年5月至2019年6月30日出任東麗 (中國)投資有限公司之副董事總經理,彼亦 獲授予Toray常任理事之職銜。奧富先生於 紡織業務方面擁有豐富的管理經驗。

杜結威先生,62歲,於2013年加入本集團 並於2014年4月1日成為本集團首席財務總 監。彼自2017年7月1日起獲委任為本公司 執行董事及自2022年8月12日起獲委任為本 公司公司秘書。杜先生自2022年10月1日起 出任本公司提名委員會成員。此外,彼為本 集團多間附屬公司之董事及本集團聯營公司 Teejay Lanka Plc. (其股份於斯里蘭卡科倫坡 證券交易所上市)之非執行董事。杜先生於 工廠運營、財務管理、項目管理及ERP系統 方面擁有豐富經驗。彼負責監督企業財務及 資金管理、資訊科技、投資者關係、內部審 計以及後勤支援職能。杜先生為香港會計師 公會及特許公認會計師公會資深會員。彼於 2007年至2012年期間於一間聯交所上市之公 司擔任執行董事。

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Cont'd)**

**Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO**, aged 54, joined the Group in February 2022 as an executive Director. Mr. Fukumoto has been a member of Remuneration Committee of the Company since 1 October 2022. Moreover, he is a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Fukumoto is responsible for the Group's budgetary control and setting up of key performance indicators for fulfilling corporate goal and targets. Mr. Fukumoto continues to lead further expansion of Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant following its commencement of operations. Mr. Fukumoto graduated from the faculty of law in Tokyo University in 1995 and has been an employee of Toray Industries, Inc. since 1995. Toray is a company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he was a senior staff of the Fibers & Textiles Strategic Business Planning Department of Toray from May 2017 to March 2019 and was an Assistant General Manager of the said Department since April 2019 to end of 2021. Mr. Fukumoto has extensive experience in the textiles industry.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael, aged 73, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2007. Dr. Chan has been the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee since 2007. He was the former chairman and is currently the non-executive director of Cafe de Coral Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong listed company which he joined in 1984, and has considerable experience in planning and management. Dr. Chan has also been an independent non-executive director of Starlite Holdings Limited since 1993, Tse Sui Luen Jewellery (International) Limited since 2010, Modern Dental Group Limited since 2015 and Human Health Holdings Limited since 2016, and a non-executive director of Tao Heung Holdings Limited since 2007, the abovementioned companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dr. Chan holds a Bachelor of Arts, a Master degree in City Planning from the University of Manitoba, Canada, an Honorary Doctorate Degree in Business Administration and is also bestowed as Honorary Fellow from Lingnan University. He is currently the adviser of the Quality Tourism Services Association, the Honorary Chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Marketing. Dr. Chan was the former chairman of Business Enterprise Management Centre of The Hong Kong Management Association and was also a member of the advisory committee of the department of management and marketing of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

## 執行董事(續)

福元究一先生,54歲,於2022年2月加入本集團出任執行董事。福元先生自2022年10月1日起出任本公司薪酬委員會成員。此外,彼為本集團多間附屬公司之董事。福元先生負責本集團之財務預算控制及設立主要績效指標以達成企業目標。福元先生在越南南定海企業組織主導該工廠的進一步擴張。福元先生於1995年畢業於東京大學法學院,並自1995年起獲聘於Toray Industries, Inc.。Toray為一間於東京證券交易所上市的公司,亦為本公司之一名主要股東。加入本集團之前,彼於2017年5月至2019年3月期間為Toray纖維及紡織品策略業務規劃部高級職員,及於2019年4月至2021年底擔任該部門之助理總經理。福元先生在紡織業擁有豐富經驗。

## 獨立非執行董事

陳裕光博士,73歳,自2007年起獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。陳博士自2007年起擔 任薪酬委員會之主席、審核委員會及提名委 員會之成員。彼於1984年加入香港上市公司 大家樂集團有限公司,曾任該公司主席,現 擔任非執行董事,於策劃及管理工作方面擁 有豐富經驗。陳博士自1993年起出任星光集 團有限公司之獨立非執行董事,自2010年起 出任謝瑞麟珠寶(國際)有限公司之獨立非執 行董事,自2015年及2016年起先後出任現代 牙科集團有限公司及盈健醫療集團有限公司 之獨立非執行董事及自2007年起出任稻香控 股有限公司之非執行董事,上述公司均於聯 交所主板上市。陳博士持有加拿大曼尼托巴 大學(University of Manitoba)文學學士學位及 城市規劃碩士學位,更獲頒授工商管理榮譽 博士學位及榮膺嶺南大學之榮譽院士殊榮。 彼現為優質旅遊服務協會顧問及香港市務學 會榮譽主席。陳博士曾擔任香港管理專業協 會企業管理發展中心主席,亦曾經為香港理 工大學管理及市場學系顧問委員會成員。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

Mr. NG Ching Wah, aged 75, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2007. Mr. Ng has been the Chairman of Nomination Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee since 2007. Mr. Ng has over 35 years of senior management experience in the telecommunications industry. Mr. Ng was a director and a member of the executive committee for Advanced Info Service Public Company Limited, a Thailand listed company. He was an independent director of China Digital TV Holding Co. Ltd., a New York Stock Exchange listed company and a non-executive director of HKC International Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong listed company. He was the chief executive officer of Hong Kong CSL Limited. He was the chief executive officer of SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited, a Hong Kong listed company and the President of PCCW Mobility Services Limited. Mr. Ng was the Honorary Advisor of the Communications Association of Hong Kong. Mr. Ng was a member of the Digital 21 Strategy Advisory Committee (D21SAC) and an appointed member of Communications Authority, an independent statutory body established under the Communications Authority Ordinance in April 2012. Mr. Ng graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1975, with a Bachelor of Business and Administration.

Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel, aged 67, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2007. Mr. Sze has been the Chairman of Audit Committee, a member of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee since 2007. Mr. Sze has senior management experience in the private and investment banking industry serving high net worth clients and institutions. Mr. Sze is an independent non-executive director of Wecon Holdings Limited since 27 February 2019, which a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was the managing director, head of China and Hong Kong of Julius Baer Bank; the chief executive officer of EFG Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited for Asia Pacific Region; the managing director, head of investment of Citi Wealth Management for Asia Pacific region; the chief executive officer of Asia Pacific for Barclays Wealth and an executive director in the private clients division at Morgan Stanley Asia Limited, Hong Kong. Mr. Sze holds a Master of Business from the University of Newcastle, Australia. He is a Fellow of CPA Australia.

## 獨立非執行董事(續)

**伍清華先生**,75歲,自2007年起獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。伍先生自2007年起擔 任提名委員會之主席、審核委員會及薪酬委 員會之成員。伍先生於電訊業擁有逾35年 資深管理經驗。伍先生曾出任泰國上市公司 Advanced Info Service Public Company Limited 之董事兼執行委員會成員。彼曾出任紐約證 券交易所上市公司中華數字電視控股有限公 司之獨立董事及香港上市公司香港通訊國際 控股有限公司之非執行董事。彼曾出任香港 流動通訊有限公司行政總裁、香港上市公司 數碼通電訊集團有限公司行政總裁及PCCW Mobility Services Limited 總裁。伍先生曾擔任 香港涌訊業聯會榮譽顧問。伍先生曾擔任數 碼 21 資訊科技策略諮詢委員會(D21SAC)委員 及曾獲委任為於2012年4月根據《通訊事務 管理局條例》成立之獨立法定機構通訊事務 管理局之成員。伍先生於1975年畢業於香港 中文大學,獲頒工商管理學學士學位。

施國榮先生,67歲,自2007年起獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。施先生自2007年起擔 任審核委員會之主席、提名委員會及薪酬委 員會之成員。施先生於私人及投資銀行業擁 有資深管理經驗,服務高資產淨值之客戶及 機構。施先生自2019年2月27日起出任偉工 控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該公司於 聯交所主板上市。彼曾任瑞士寶盛銀行有限 公司中國和香港區之董事總經理和主管;瑞 士盈豐資產管理(香港)有限公司亞太區行政 總裁; Citi Wealth Management 亞太區董事總 經理與投資部主管; Barclavs Wealth 亞太區 行政總裁與香港摩根士丹利亞洲有限公司私 人客戶部執行董事。施先生持有澳洲紐卡素 大學(University of Newcastle)頒授之商學碩士 學位,並為澳洲註冊會計師公會資深會員。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa, aged 66, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 1 March 2023. Ms. Ling has also been a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee since 1 March 2023. Ms. Ling possess ample years of experience in business management. She has been working for Newtimes group of companies, a privately held apparel development and sourcing group with its headquarter in Hong Kong, for over 30 years. She became the director of Newtimes (HK) Limited since 2014. In addition, Ms. Ling is currently a director of Ling Charitable Foundation Limited. Ms. Ling holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Psychology from University of California, Berkeley. She also obtained a Master of Business Administration Degree from California State University, East Bay.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. GAO Jinhua**, aged 59, is the Chief Operating Officer (Vietnam) and a director of some of the subsidiaries of the Company who has worked for the Group for more than 20 years and is experienced in operational and production management. Prior to taking up the current position, Mr. Gao has been the General Manager of the Production Department. Mr. Gao graduated from Shanghai Normal University, major in Chemistry in 1988.

**Mr. ZHAO Qizhi**, aged 59, is the Chief Operating Officer (PRC) and a director of a subsidiary of the Company who joined the Group in 1997 and has over 25 years of experience in the textiles industry. He is responsible for managing the engineering department of the factories. Mr. Zhao holds a Bachelor's Degree in Mechanical Engineering from Shanghai Jiaotong University, China.

**Mr. LAI Chi Man**, aged 59, is the Chief Marketing Officer and a director of some of the subsidiaries of the Company who joined the Group in 1998 and has over 25 years of experience in the textiles industry. Mr. Lai holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Textile and Clothing Marketing from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He also obtained a Master of Business Administration Degree (The Kellogg – HKUST EMBA Program) awarded by Northwestern University and The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology jointly.

**Mr. TSANG Sian Chung, Hubert**, aged 48, is the Chief Information Officer and a director of some of the subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Tsang joined the Group in 2010 and now leads the Group's digitalization initiatives. Mr. Tsang has over 25 years of experience in the IT field, ranging from performing academic research on high performance computing to building large scale internet websites to building and maintaining enterprise shared services. Mr. Tsang holds an MBA degree and Bachelor of Computer Science, both from the University of Maryland, College Park.

## 獨立非執行董事(續)

凌致和女士,66歲,自2023年3月1日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。凌女士亦自2023年3月1日起擔任審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。凌女士在重業管理方面擁有豐富的經驗。彼於新旭集團公司工作超過30年,該集團為私人擁有之之,其總部設於香港。彼司及採購集團,其總部設於香港。彼司之董事。此外,凌女士現任凌天慈善基金有限公司之董事。凌女士持有加州大學伯克萊分校心理學文學士學位。彼亦取得加州州立大學東灣分校的工商管理碩士學位。

## 高級管理人員

高金華先生,59歲,首席營運總監(越南)及 本公司若干附屬公司之董事,於本集團任職 逾20年,在營運及生產管理方面富有經驗。 履任現時職位前,高先生為生產部總經理。 高先生於1988年畢業於上海師範大學化學 系。

趙奇志先生,59歲,首席營運總監(中國)及本公司一間附屬公司之董事,於1997年加入本集團,在紡織業擁有逾25年經驗。他負責管理各廠房之工程部門。趙先生持有中國上海交通大學頒授之機械工程學學士學位。

黎志文先生,59歲,首席營銷總監及本公司若干附屬公司之董事,於1998年加入本集團,在紡織業擁有逾25年經驗。黎先生持有香港理工大學紡織和服裝營銷文學士學位。彼亦獲西北大學 (Northwestern University)與香港科技大學共同頒授之工商管理碩士(凱洛格商學院與香港科技大學合辦之行政人員工商管理碩士課程)學位。

曾憲中先生,48歲,首席資訊總監及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。曾先生於2010年加入本集團,現時主管本集團之數碼化方針。曾先生在資訊科技領域擁有逾25年經驗,當中包括高性能計算學術研究及搭建大型網站及建立和維護企業共享服務系統。曾先生持有馬里蘭大學旗艦校區 (University of Maryland, College Park)頒發之工商管理碩士及電腦科學學士學位。

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

**Mr. Mitsuru KAWABATA**, aged 65, is the General Manager (HR & Administration) who joined the Group in 2020. Mr. Kawabata holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree from Doshisha University. Upon his graduation from Doshisha University, Mr. Kawabata joined Toray in 1984. He has extensive business development experiences in fibres, fabrics, and garment as well as general management experience. Prior to joining the Group, he was the managing director of Toray Ultrasuede Marketing, Inc. a subsidiary of Toray.

**Mr. Masanari MURAKAMI**, aged 56, is the General Manager (Research & Development Division) who joined the Group in 2021. Upon his graduation from Faculty of Law, Kobe University in 1991, Mr. Murakami joined Toray. Mr. Murakami has worked as a knit textile salesman over 15 years in Japan and Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, he was a director of Toray Industries (H.K.) Ltd. and was responsible for textiles business and garment business.

**Mr. Hiroyuki MATSUDA**, aged 58, is the General Manager (Engineering) who joined the Group in 2020. Mr. Matsuda is responsible for managing the engineering department of the factories in China. Mr. Matsuda holds a Master Degree from Graduate School of Letters of Kansai University, Japan. Prior to joining the Group, he was a manager of Toray Industries, Inc. and has extensive experience in the management of machinery, plant and equipment of factories.

**Mr. CHUNG Chi Shing**, aged 61, is the Assistant General Manager (Research & Development Division – Inno-Tech Department & Material) and a director of a subsidiary of the Company who joined the Group in 1998 and has been serving for 27 years. He is responsible for dyeing and finishing technology, fabric development, procurement of yarns, dyes and chemicals (DCA). Mr. Chung graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in Textile Chemistry, with over 30 years of experience in textiles industry. He is a holder of Chartered Colourist granted by the Society of Dyers and Colourists.

Mr. WANG Sijie, aged 54, is the General Manager (Production) and a director of a subsidiary of the Company who joined the Group in 1997. Mr. Wang is responsible for the production and related production technology, and quality management of China Nansha Plant. Mr. Wang graduated from the Hunan University, major in chemistry in 1994. Mr. Wang is a professorate senior engineer and a holder of master degree. He is a member of the 11th expert technical committee of Knitting Industry (《針織工業》十一屆專家技術委員會委員), a specialized journal in the field of knitting industry. Mr. Wang was awarded as outstanding chief engineer by China Knitting Industries Association and technical innovation award by China Textile Engineering Society.

## 高級管理人員(續)

川端充先生,65歲,總經理(人力資源及行政),於2020年加入本集團。川端先生持有同志社大學法律學士學位。從同志社大學畢業後,川端先生於1984年加入Toray。彼在纖維、面料和服裝方面擁有豐富的業務開發經驗以及綜合管理經驗。加入本集團前,彼為Toray附屬公司Toray Ultrasuede Marketing, Inc.之董事總經理。

村上征成先生,56歲,總經理(產品研發中心),於2021年加入本集團。於1991年從神戶大學法學院畢業後,村上先生加入了Toray。村上先生曾於日本及香港擔任針織紡織品營業員超過15年。加入本集團前,彼為東麗(香港)有限公司之董事,負責紡織業務及服裝業務。

松田博之先生,58歲,總經理(工程),於2020年加入本集團。松田先生負責管理中國廠房的工程部門。松田先生持有日本關西大學文學研究科碩士學位。加入本集團前,彼為Toray Industries, Inc.的經理,並在廠房機器、廠房及設備管理方面擁有豐富的經驗。

鍾志成先生,61歲,副總經理(產品研發中心一創新技術部及物料)及本公司一間附屬公司之董事,於1998年加入本集團,至今服務本公司27年。彼負責染整技術、布料研發以及紗線、染料及化學品採購(DCA)。鍾先生畢業於香港理工大學紡織化學學系,在紡織業擁有逾30年經驗。彼持有英國染色家學會(Society of Dyers and Colourists)之特許公認印染師資格。

王思捷先生,54歲,總經理(生產)及本公司一間附屬公司之董事,於1997年加入本集團。王先生負責生產及相關生產技術、及中國南沙廠的質量管理。王先生於1994年畢業於湖南大學化工工藝專業,為一名正高級工程師,持有碩士學位。彼為針織工業領域的專業期刊《針織工業》十一屆專家技術委員會委員。王先生曾獲中國針織工業協會評為優秀總工程師及獲中國紡織工程學會頒發「技術創新獎」。

## SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

**Mr. Hidetoshi SUZUKI**, aged 57, is the General Manager (Research & Development Division) and he joined the Group as General Manager (Research and Development) in 2021. Mr. Suzuki has over 30 years of experience in textiles and related production technology development. Upon his graduation with a Bachelor's Degree of Engineering from Yamagata University, he started his career in textiles industry with Toray in 1990. Prior to joining the Company, he has extensive experience and had worked in laboratories in Japan, China, and USA respectively, such as Du Pont-Toray Co., Ltd., Toray Fiber Research Center (China) and DuPont de Nemours, Inc. (USA).

**Mr. LAU Tak Ho Kevin**, aged 51, is the Assistant General Manager (Finance, Human Resources Management & Administration) and a director of a subsidiary of the Company who joined the Company in 2013. Mr. Lau is mainly responsible for group finance, human resources, administration, procurement management in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Mr. Lau graduated with Engineering (Hons.) and MBA degree in Development & Industrialisation from the University of Liverpool in the United Kingdom and a Postgraduate Certificate in Professional Accounting from the City University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of Institute of Public Accountants in Australia. Prior to joining the Group, he had worked in an international accounting firm and various listed companies. He has extensive working experiences in finance, cost control, human resources & administration and procurement management.

**Mr. CHAN Kam Yuen**, aged 57, is the Assistant General Manager (Sales) who joined the Group in 1998 and has been serving for 27 years. Mr. Chan graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Higher Diploma in Textile Chemistry, with over 30 years of experience in textiles industry.

**Mr. CHENG Wai Keung**, aged 61, is the Assistant General Manager (Operations in Vietnam) who joined the Group in 2018. Mr. Cheng is responsible for human resources, administration and procurement management in Vietnam. Mr. Cheng holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Laurentian University in Canada. He has extensive experience in human resources, administration and procurement management.

**Mr. Jiro TABATA**, aged 58, is the Deputy General Director of a subsidiary in Vietnam who joined the Group in 2023. Mr. Tabata is responsible for overseeing the operations of Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant. Upon his graduation with a Bachelor's Degree of Engineering from University of Fukui, he started his career with Toray in 1992. Prior to joining the Group, he was a manager at Strategy Development Office, Global Operations Department of Toray Industries, Inc. and has over 30 years of experience in textiles and related production technology development.

## 高級管理人員(續)

鈴木英俊先生,57歲,總經理(產品研發中心),於2021年加入本集團,當時出任總經理(產品研發)。鈴木先生在紡織及相關生產技術開發方面擁有超過30年經驗。從山形大學畢業並取得工程學學士學位後,彼於1990年加入了Toray開展其紡織事業。加入本公司前,彼擁有豐富經驗,曾先後在Du Pont-Toray Co., Ltd., Toray Fiber Research Center (China)及DuPont de Nemours, Inc.(USA)等日中美三地各大實驗室任職。

劉德浩先生,51歲,副總經理(財務、人力資源管理及行政)及本公司一間附屬公司之董事,於2013年加入本公司。劉先生主要負責本集團財務、人力資源、行政及香港與中國內地的採購管理。劉先生畢業於英國內地的採購管理。劉先生畢業於英國內方學,並取得工程學學士(榮譽)及工商管理(工業化及發展)碩士學位,亦自香港城市大學取得專業會計學深造證書。彼為奧州公共會計師協會之資深會員。於加入多間,彼曾於一間國際會計師事務所及多間,彼曾於一間國際會計師事務所及多問上市公司工作。彼在財務、成本控制、員工作經驗。

陳錦源先生,57歲,副總經理(銷售),於 1998年加入本集團,至今服務本公司27年。 陳先生畢業於香港理工大學並獲頒紡織化學 高級文憑,在紡織業擁有逾30年經驗。

鄭偉強先生,61歲,副總經理(越南營運), 於2018年加入本集團。鄭先生主要負責越南 的人力資源、行政及採購管理。鄭先生持有 加拿大勞倫森大學文學士學位。彼在人力資 源、行政及採購管理等界別擁有豐富經驗。

田畑次郎先生,58歲,越南附屬公司之副總監,於2023年加入本集團。田畑先生負責監督越南南定廠的營運。從福井大學畢業並取得工程學學士學位後,彼於1992年加入Toray開展其事業。加入本集團前,彼擔任TorayIndustries, Inc. 國際營運部門戰略拓展辦公室之經理並在紡織及相關生產技術開發方面擁有超過30年經驗。

The Board is pleased to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the 2025 Financial Year.

董事局欣然提呈本集團2025年財政年度之年 報連同經審核綜合財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of textiles products, including high quality cotton and synthetic knitted fabrics.

An analysis of the performance of the Group for the 2025 Financial Year by geographical locations of business operations is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 主要業務

本集團主要從事優質全棉及化纖針織布等紡 織產品之製造及貿易。

本集團按商業營運之地區劃分的2025年財政年度之表現分析載於綜合財務報表附註5。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the Group during the year and discussions on its future developments are provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report.

## 業務回顧

本集團年內回顧及其未來發展之討論載於本 年報「管理層討論與分析」一節。

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, business and prospects might be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The followings were the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group for the 2025 Financial Year. There might be other risks and/or uncertainties in addition to those outlined below which were unknown to the Group or which might not be material during the year under review but will turn out to be material in the future.

#### 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景可能受多項風險及不明朗因素影響。本集團 識別到2025年財政年度的主要風險及不明朗 因素載列如下。除下文所概述者外,亦可能存在本集團並不知悉或於回顧期內未必屬重大但日後可能變成重大的其他風險及/或不明朗因素。

#### **Business Risk**

The macro-economic and political factors, such as US-China tensions, reciprocal tariff and other potential trade barriers, posed uncertainty to the business of the Group. Global economic uncertainty, slowing down of global economic growth, inflation, fluctuating exchange rate in RMB, USD and VND, and drop of demand for garment and textiles were also the factors that adversely affected the financial performance of the Group.

#### 業務風險

中美緊張局勢、對等關稅及其他潛在貿易壁 壘等宏觀經濟及政治局勢,對本集團業務構 成不明朗因素。全球經濟不穩定、全球經濟 增長放緩、通脹、人民幣、美元及越南盾匯 率波動及服裝及紡織品的需求下降等因素, 亦對本集團財務表現構成不利影響。

#### Strategic Direction Risk

The success of future business depends on the achievement of our strategic objectives including but not limited to acquisitions, joint ventures, disposals and/or restructurings. The Group faced risk in its application of assets and capital towards potential investments when business and investment opportunities had arisen.

#### 策略方針風險

我們未來業務的成功取決於策略目標的達致,包括但不限於收購、合營公司、出售及/或重組。本集團於出現業務及投資機會時動用資產及資金作適合投資時,會面臨風險。

#### Legal and Compliance Risk

Legal risk might be constituted due to unenforceable contracts, lawsuits or unfavourable judgements which disrupted or negatively affected the business operations or financial conditions of the Group.

#### 法律及合規風險

不可執行合約、訴訟或不利判決可能造成法 律風險,其可能使本集團之業務營運或財務 狀況出現混亂或負面影響。

Failing to oblige by relevant applicable laws and regulations might constitute compliance risk. The Group might suffer from financial losses or losses in reputation due to any possible legal risk or regulatory sanctions.

未有遵守相關適用法例及規例可能造成合規 風險。本集團可能因任何潛在法律風險或監 管機構制裁而蒙受財務損失或聲譽受損。

## **BUSINESS REVIEW (Cont'd)**

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Cont'd)

#### Policy risk

The change in governmental policies and regulations in the countries in which the Group operated, such as amended environmental protection policies, might result in adjustment to production method or increase in cost in fulfilling those statutory standards.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2025 are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the 2025 Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 60 of this report.

An interim dividend of HK\$7 cents (2024: HK\$7 cents) per Share was paid on 18 December 2024 to the Shareholders. The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK\$5 cents (2024: HK\$5 cents) per Share. Subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM, the final dividend of HK\$5 cents will be paid on 4 September 2025 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 25 August 2025.

The Board intends to maintain long term return for shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into consideration of various factors, such as the financial results of the operation, general financial condition of the Group, future funding requirements on capital, business operations and development, general market conditions, interest of shareholders as a whole, legal requirements, and other conditions that the Board deems relevant.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Register of the Members of the Company will be closed from 11 August 2025 to 14 August 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the identity of members who are entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for attending the forthcoming AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17/F., Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 8 August 2025. The record date which determines the Shareholder's voting right is scheduled on 11 August 2025.

## 業務回顧(續)

#### 主要風險及不明朗因素(續)

#### 政策風險

本集團業務經營所在國家的政府政策及規例 作出的變更(如修訂環境保護政策等),可能 導致須調整生產方式或為符合該等法定標準 而導致成本增加。

## 附屬公司

本公司附屬公司於2025年3月31日之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

## 業績及股息

本集團之2025年財政年度業績載於本報告第 60頁綜合損益表。

本公司已於2024年12月18日向股東派發中期股息每股7港仙(2024年:7港仙)。董事局已建議派發末期股息每股5港仙(2024年:5港仙)。待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後,末期股息5港仙將於2025年9月4日派付予於2025年8月25日名列於本公司股東名冊之股東。

董事局有意持續為股東帶來長期回報。於決定是否建議派發股息及釐定股息金額時,董事局會考慮多項因素,例如營運之財務業績、本集團之整體財務狀況、未來資金需求、業務營運及發展、整體市況、全體股東利益、法律規定以及董事局認為相關之其他情況。

## 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將由2025年8月11日至2025年8月14日(首尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以便釐定股東出席應屆股東週年大會的權利並於會上投票之資格,期間將不會辦理本公司股份過戶登記。為符合出席應屆股東週年大會之資格,股東最遲須於2025年8月8日下午4時30分前將所有過戶文件連同有關股票交回本公司之股份過戶登記處香港分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖。釐定股東投票權的記錄日期為2025年8月11日。

## **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS (Cont'd)**

The Register of the Members of the Company will be closed from 21 August 2025 to 25 August 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the identity of members who are entitled to the final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17/F., Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 20 August 2025.

## **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the issued share capital of the Company during the 2025 Financial Year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the 2025 Financial Year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2025, the distributable reserves of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$2,056 million (2024: HK\$2,005 million) comprising share premium, share-based reserve and retained earnings of the Company.

Under the Companies Act (As Revised) (Cap. 22) of the Cayman Islands, in addition to the retained earnings of the Company, the share premium and capital reserves of the Company are also available for distribution to the Shareholders provided that the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business immediately following the date on which any such distribution is proposed to be paid.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into or existed during the 2025 Financial Year.

## 暫停辦理股份過戶登記(續)

本公司將由2025年8月21日至2025年8月25日(首尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以便釐定股東有權獲派發截至2025年3月31日止年度之末期股息之資格,期間將不會辦理本公司股份過戶登記。為符合獲派發末期股息之資格,股東最遲須於2025年8月20日下午4時30分前將所有過戶文件連同有關股票交回本公司之股份過戶登記處香港分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖。

## 股本

本公司已發行股本於2025年財政年度期間之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

## 儲備

本集團儲備於2025年財政年度期間之變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

## 可供分派儲備

於2025年3月31日,本公司之可供分派儲備總額約為2,056百萬港元(2024年:2,005百萬港元),包括本公司股份溢價、以股份為基準儲備及保留溢利。

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)(第22章), 除本公司之保留溢利外,本公司之股份溢價 和資本儲備亦可向股東分派,惟於緊隨建議 進行任何上述分派當日之後,本公司必須仍 有能力償還在日常業務中到期支付之欠款。

## 優先認購權

本公司之章程細則或本公司註冊成立地點開 曼群島之法例並無關於優先認購權之規定, 要求本公司須按比例向現有股東發行新股。

## 管理合約

本公司於2025年財政年度期間並無就整體業 務或任何重要業務之管理及行政工作簽訂或 存有任何合約。

### **DONATIONS**

During the year under review, the Group made charitable and other donation totalling approximately HK\$223,000 (2024: HK\$368,000).

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Expenditure of approximately HK\$310 million (2024: HK\$1,013 million) was incurred during 2025 Financial Year primarily to expand the production capacity of the Group.

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of the Group are set out in note 6 and 7 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

### **CAPITALISED INTERESTS**

During the 2025 Financial Year, interest expenses of approximately HK\$1,590,000 had been capitalised (2024: HK\$10,129,000).

## **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company repurchased a total of 7,167,000 shares on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of (excluding expenses) HK\$11,137,970. Among those repurchased shares, 3,027,000 repurchased shares were cancelled on 1 August 2024, and 4,140,000 shares were subsequently cancelled on 15 January 2025. The issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the par value thereof.

Details of the repurchases of shares were as follows:

## 捐款

本集團於回顧年度作出之慈善及其他捐款共約223,000港元(2024年:368,000港元)。

## 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產

於2025年財政年度期間,主要就擴充本集團 產能支出約310百萬港元(2024年:1,013百 萬港元)。

本集團物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之 變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註6及7。

## 利息資本化

於 2025 年財政年度期間,約 1,590,000 港元的 利息開支資本化(2024年:10,129,000港元)。

## 購買、出售或贖回股份

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司從聯交所購回合共7,167,000股股份,總代價(撇除開支)為11,137,970港元。在該等購回股份中,3,027,000股購回股份於2024年8月1日註銷,而4,140,000股股份其後在2025年1月15日註銷。本公司的已發行股本按註銷股份的面值減少。

有關股份購回的詳情如下:

Month of repurchase 購回月份		Number of Shares repurchased 購回股份數目	Price po Highest 每股 最高	Aggregate consideration (excluding expenses) 總代價 (撇除開支)	
			HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
July 2024 December 2024	2024年7月 2024年12月	3,027,000 4,140,000	1.75 1.48	1.63 1.42	5,101,260 6,036,710

The repurchase of shares was made by the Directors, pursuant to the general mandate granted by the Shareholders at the annual general meetings held on 10 August 2023 and 15 August 2024 respectively with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report.

董事根據股東分別在2023年8月10日及2024年8月15日舉行的股東週年大會上授予的一般授權進行股份購回,旨在提高每股資產淨值及每股盈利,從而使股東整體獲益。

除上文所披露者外,截至2025年3月31日止年度及直至本報告日期,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司之任何上市證券。

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the 2025 Financial Year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 74.4% of the Group's total sales and sales to the Group's largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 45.0%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 64.4% of the Group's total purchases and purchase from the Group's largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 39.0%.

Except as disclosed below, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors had owned more than 5% of the Company's issued Shares) had any interests in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers noted above:

Toray, a substantial shareholder of the Company, accounted for approximately 0.8% of the Group's total purchases. The purchase from Toray constituted continuing connected transactions, details of which are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Toray also accounted for approximately 0.3% of the Group's total sales. The sales to Toray constituted continuing connected transactions, details of which are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results and consolidated balance sheet of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 167 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The list of Directors as at the date of this report was as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. TOU Kit Vai (Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)
Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael Mr. NG Ching Wah Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

## 主要客戶及供應商

於2025年財政年度,向本集團五大客戶作出之銷售佔本集團銷售總額約74.4%,而當中向本集團最大客戶作出之銷售佔其中約45.0%。向本集團五大供應商作出之採購佔本集團採購總額約64.4%,而當中向本集團最大供應商作出之採購佔其中約39.0%。

除以下披露者外,本公司各董事、其聯繫人 或任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行 股份5%以上)概無擁有上述本集團五大客戶 或供應商之任何權益:

本公司主要股東Toray佔本集團採購總額約 0.8%。向Toray作出之採購構成持續關連交 易,有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

Toray 亦佔本集團銷售總額約0.3%。向Toray 的銷售構成持續關連交易,其詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註32。

## 財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之綜合業績和綜 合資產負債表概要載於本年報第167頁。

## 董事

於本報告日期之董事名單如下:

#### 執行董事

奧富勝先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 杜結威先生*(首席財務總監兼公司秘書)* 福元究一先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳裕光博士 伍清華先生 施國榮先生 凌致和女士

## DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

Pursuant to article 130 of the Articles, at every AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Accordingly, Mr. Tou Kit Vai, Mr. Kyuichi Fukumoto and Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel will retire by rotation from the Board at the forthcoming AGM and will, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election as Directors.

### **PROFILES OF DIRECTORS**

Profiles of the Directors are set out on pages 14 to 17 of this annual report.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive Directors had entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of two years, renewable thereafter until terminated by either party by giving at least six months' prior notice to another party in writing.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors had been appointed for a term of two years and are renewable thereafter.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles and the Listing Rules.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM had a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

#### REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS

The remuneration of the Directors are reviewed and determined by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of each Director's experience, responsibility and the time commitment to the business of the Group.

Details of emoluments of every Director for the 2025 Financial Year are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 董事(續)

根據章程細則第130條,於每屆股東週年大會上三分之一的當時在任董事(或倘董事人數並非三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一的人數)須輪席告退,惟每位董事(包括委任為特定任期的董事)須最少每三年輪席告退一次。

因此,杜結威先生、福元究一先生及施國榮 先生將於應屆股東週年大會上從董事局輪席 告退,惟彼等合資格並願膺選連任董事。

## 董事之簡介

董事之簡介詳列於本年報第14頁至第17頁。

## 董事之服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立初步為期兩年之 服務協議,其後可予續期,直至其中一方向 另一方發出不少於六個月事先書面通知終止 協議為止。

各獨立非執行董事獲委任之任期為兩年,其 後可予續期。

全體董事須根據章程細則及上市規則輪席退 任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概 無與本公司或任何附屬公司訂立任何本公司 不可於一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠 償除外)之服務合約。

## 董事薪酬

董事之薪酬由薪酬委員會按各董事之經驗、 職責及於本集團業務所投放之時間而審閱與 釐定。

每位董事於2025年財政年度之酬金詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註34。

## DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transaction, arrangement, or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his or her connected entity had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during or at the end of the 2025 Financial Year.

#### **COMPETING INTEREST**

None of the Directors had, either directly or indirectly, an interest in a business which caused or might cause any significant competition with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person had or might had with the Group during the year under review.

#### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors were not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders of the Company by reason of their holdings of the Shares.

### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the 2025 Financial Year was the Company, its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

## 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權益

於2025年財政年度內任何時間或年末,概無存續任何與本集團業務相關,而本公司或其任何附屬公司為訂約方及董事或其關連實體直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、安排或合約。

## 競爭權益

於回顧年度內,董事概無在與本集團業務構成或可能構成任何重大競爭的業務中直接或間接擁有任何權益,而任何該等人士與本集團亦無存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。

## 税務減免與豁免

董事並不知悉任何本公司之股東因持有股份 而可享有任何税務減免與豁免。

## 購買股份或債券之安排

本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同 系附屬公司於2025年財政年度期間任何時間 概無參與訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可 藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或 債券而獲益。

## 獲准許彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,每位董事就其於履行職 務或其他相關情況下可能蒙受或招致的一切 損失或債務,均有權獲得本公司以其資產賠 償。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives (Note 1) of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (Note 1) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

## 董事於股份和相關股份之權益及淡倉

於2025年3月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員(附註1)於本公司或其任何相聯法團(附註1)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予存置之登記冊所記錄或須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

#### LONG POSITIONS IN SHARES

#### 股份之好倉

	Number of Issued Shares Held and Nature of Interests 持有已發行股份數目及權益性質						
	Name of Directors/	Personal Interests	Family Interests	Corporate Interests (interests of a controlled	Trusts and	Total	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of
	Chief Executives 董事/最高行政人員姓名	(beneficial owner) 個人權益 (實益擁有人)	(interests of spouse) 家屬權益 (配偶權益)	corporation) 法團權益 (受控法團權益)	similar interests 信託及 類似權益	Interests 權益總額	the Company 於本公司 已發行股本 之概約百分比 (Note 2) (附註2)
村 Sz	ou Kit Vai - 結威 ze Kwok Wing Nigel 5國榮	900,000	-	-	-	900,000 650,000	0.06%

#### Notes:

- 1. Within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. Based on the information and the total number of issued Shares of the Company on the date of relevant event per notification to the Company made by the Directors/Chief Executives.

#### 附註:

- 1. 定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部。
- 根據董事/最高行政人員向本公司作出通 知之資料及於相關事件日期之本公司已發 行股份總數。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Cont'd)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, no Directors nor chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

At no time during the year under review were the rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2025, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

## 董事於股份和相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

除上文披露者外,於2025年3月31日,概無本公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有任何根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予存置之登記冊所記錄或須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

於回顧年度內任何時間,概無任何董事或彼 等各自的配偶或未成年子女獲授可藉購入本 公司股份而獲益的權利,或彼等行使任何此 等權利;或本公司、其控股公司或其任何附 屬公司概無參與任何安排,致令董事可於任 何其他法人團體獲得此等權利。

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份和 相關股份之權益及淡倉

股份之好倉

於2025年3月31日,以下人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊所記錄之權益或淡倉如下:

#### LONG POSITIONS IN SHARES

Name 姓名/名稱	Capacity in which ordinary shares were held 於所持普通股之身份	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 於本公司已發行股本之概約百分比 (Note 5) (附註5)
Toray	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	405,394,000 (L)	29.04%
Pandanus Associates Inc.	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	82,047,000 (L) (Note 3) (附註3)	5.88%
Pandanus Partners L.P.	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	82,047,000 (L) (Note 3) (附註3)	5.88%

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Cont'd)

LONG POSITIONS IN SHARES (Cont'd)

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份和 相關股份之權益及淡倉 (續)

股份之好倉(續)

Name 姓名/名稱	Capacity in which ordinary shares were held 於所持普通股之身份	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 於本公司已發行股本之概約百分比(Note 5)(附註5)
			(113 P.E. 9 /
FIL Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	82,047,000 (L) (Note 3) (附註3)	5.88%
Lam Wing Tak 林榮德	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	14,566,000 (L)	
	Interest of Spouse 配偶權益	718,000 (L)	
	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託之創辦人	69,243,000 (L)	
		84,527,000 (Note 4) (附註4)	5.85%
Wong Bik Ha 黃碧霞	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	718,000 (L)	
	Interest of Spouse 配偶權益	14,566,000 (L)	
	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託之創辦人	69,243,000 (L)	
		84,527,000 (Note 4) (附註4)	5.85%
WEBB DAVID MICHAEL	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	79,862,000 (L)	5.74%

#### Notes:

- 3. Pandanus Partners L.P. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Pandanus Associates Inc., and Pandanus Partners L.P. holds 40.44% shareholding of FIL Limited. Pandanus Associates Inc., Pandanus Partners L.P. and FIL Limited are therefore deemed to be interested in the 82,047,000 shares of the Company.
- 4. Mr. Lam Wing Tak is the spouse of Ms. Wong Bik Ha, vice versa. For the purpose of the SFO, Mr. Lam Wing Tak is the founder of the family trust.
- Based on the information and the total number of issued Shares of the Company on the date of relevant event per notification to the Company made by the respective Shareholders.

#### 附註:

- 3. Pandanus Partners L.P.為 Pandanus Associates Inc.的全資附屬公司,及 Pandanus Partners L.P.持有FIL Limited的40.44%股權。因此,Pandanus Associates Inc.、Pandanus Partners L.P.及FIL Limited被視為於本公司82,047,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 4. 林榮德先生與黃碧霞女士為配偶。就證券 及期貨條例而言,林榮德先生為家族信託 之創辦人。
- 5. 根據相關股東向本公司作出通知之資料及 於相關事件日期之本公司已發行股份總數。

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Pursuant to the written resolutions of Shareholders passed on 27 April 2007, the Company adopted the Share Option Scheme subject to the terms and conditions therein. The Share Option Scheme was terminated automatically at midnight on the day immediately before the 10th anniversary of the Listing Date, in other words, the Share Option Scheme was terminated as at 17 May 2017.

Options enabling the exercise of 22,820,000 Shares were granted on 18 July 2007 ("1st Grant") and expired on 17 July 2017. Options enabling the exercise of 10,000,000 Shares were granted on 11 October 2013 ("2nd Grant") and expired on 10 October 2023. In other words, all options granted under the Share Option Scheme had been exercised, lapsed or ceased to be exercisable by 10 October 2023.

## CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Certain related party transactions set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Group had the following continuing connected transactions, which were subject to reporting, and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A.33 of the Listing Rules:

#### (1) SALE AND PURCHASE OF KNITTED FABRIC TO CRYSTAL GROUP

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Group conducted business pursuant to a master agreement dated 29 March 2018 in relation to the sale of knitted fabric manufactured and owned by the Group to Crystal International Group Limited ("Crystal" together with its subsidiaries, referred to as "Crystal Group") with its term up to 31 March 2021. The original term of the agreement has expired on 31 March 2021 and the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2024. On 28 March 2024, the term of the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2027. The annual cap for each of the three years ended 31 March 2025 and ending 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2027 shall be HK\$1,500 million. Details of the Master Agreement relating to the sale of knitted fabrics were set out in the Company's announcements dated 29 March 2018, 30 March 2021 and 28 March 2024 respectively.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the total transaction amount between Crystal Group and the Group was approximately HK\$961.4 million which was within the relevant annual cap.

## 購股權計劃

根據股東於2007年4月27日通過之書面決議案,本公司已採納購股權計劃,並受限於其所訂之條款及條件。購股權計劃於緊接上市日期第10週年屆滿當日前一日凌晨起自動終止,換言之,購股權計劃已於2017年5月17日終止。

可行使購股權發行22,820,000股股份於2007年7月18日授出(「第一次授出」),已於2017年7月17日屆滿。可行使購股權發行10,000,000股股份於2013年10月11日授出(「第二次授出」),並於2023年10月10日屆滿。換言之,根據購股權計劃授出的全部購股權已於2023年10月10日前行使、失效或不可再行使。

### 持續關連交易

載於綜合財務報表附註32的若干關聯方交易 亦構成上市規則下的持續關連交易。

於2025年財政年度期間,本集團有下列持續關連交易須根據上市規則第14A.33章遵守申報及公告規定惟可獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准:

#### (1) 向晶苑集團銷售及購入針織布

於2025年財政年度,本集團根據日期 為2018年3月29日有關本集團向Crystal International Group Limited(「晶苑」,連 同其附屬公司統稱為[晶苑集團])銷售本 集團所製造及擁有的針織布的總目協議 進行業務,年期直至2021年3月31日為 止。該協議之原定年期已於2021年3月 31日屆滿,而該協議已再續期三年,直 至2024年3月31日為止。於2024年3月 28日,該協議之年期已再續期三年,直 至2027年3月31日為止。截至2025年3 月31日、2026年3月31日及2027年3月 31日止三個年度之年度上限各為1,500百 萬港元。有關銷售針織布總目協議的詳 情分別載於本公司日期為2018年3月29 日、2021年3月30日和2024年3月28日 的公告。

於2025年財政年度,晶苑集團與本集團 之間的交易總額約為961.4百萬港元,有 關金額並無超出相關年度上限。

## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)**

#### (1) SALE AND PURCHASE OF KNITTED FABRIC TO CRYSTAL GROUP (Cont'd)

According to the Listing Rules, by virtue of its shareholding in PCGT Limited (an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company) and PC Textiles Trading Limited (an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company), Crystal is a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of each of these two non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level. Crystal Group is therefore also regarded as connected person of the Company.

In accordance with Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company reviewed the continuing connected transactions in the paragraph above and confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better: and
- (iii) according to the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

#### (2) SALE OF YARNS BY TORAY TO THE GROUP

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Group conducted business pursuant to an agreement dated 28 July 2017 in relation to sale of yarns by manufactured or owned by Toray Industries, Inc. ("Toray", together with its subsidiaries, "Toray Group") to the Group for a period ended 31 March 2020. The original term of the agreement has expired on 31 March 2020 and the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2023. On 30 March 2023, the term of the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2026. The annual cap for each of the three years ended 31 March 2024, 31 March 2025 and ending 31 March 2026 shall be HK\$100 million. Details of the Master Agreement relating to the sale of yarns were set out in the Company's announcements dated 28 July 2017, 27 April 2020 and 30 March 2023 respectively.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the total transaction amount between Toray Group and the Group was approximately HK\$24.8 million which was within the relevant annual cap.

According to the Listing Rules, Toray is a substantial shareholder of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company. Toray Group is therefore also regarded as connected person of the Company.

## 持續關連交易(續)

#### (1) 向晶苑集團銷售及購入針織布(續)

根據上市規則,因晶苑為本公司間接非全資附屬公司PCGT Limited 及本公司間接非全資附屬公司PC Textiles Trading Limited 的股東,晶苑為本公司該兩間非全資附屬公司各自的主要股東(定義見上市規則),故此為本公司附屬公司層面的關連人士。晶苑集團亦因而視作本公司關連人士。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,本公司獨立 非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易並 確認該等交易的訂立:

- (i) 屬本集團的日常業務;
- (ii) 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款進行; 及
- (iii) 根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交 易條款屬公平合理,並且符合本集團 股東的整體利益。

### (2) TORAY 向本集團銷售紗線

於2025年財政年度,本集團根據日期為 2017年7月28日有關Toray Industries, Inc. (「Toray」, 連同其附屬公司統稱為「Toray 集團」)向本集團銷售其生產或擁有的紗 線之協議進行業務,年期截至2020年3月 31日為止。該協議之原定年期已於2020 年3月31日屆滿,而該協議已再續期 三年,直至2023年3月31日為止。於 2023年3月30日,該協議之年期已再續 期三年,直至2026年3月31日為止。截 至2024年3月31日、2025年3月31日及 2026年3月31日止三個年度之年度上限 各為100百萬港元。有關銷售紗線的總 目協議詳情分別載於本公司日期為2017 年7月28日、2020年4月27日及2023年 3月30日的公告。

於2025年財政年度,Toray集團與本集團 之間的交易總額約為24.8百萬港元,有 關金額並無超出相關年度上限。

根據上市規則,由於Toray為本公司的主要股東,故為本公司的關連人士。Toray 集團亦視作本公司的關連人士。

## CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

#### (2) SALE OF YARNS BY TORAY TO THE GROUP (Cont'd)

In accordance with Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company reviewed the continuing connected transactions in the paragraph above and confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

#### (3) SALE OF FABRICS BY THE GROUP TO TORAY GROUP

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Group conducted business pursuant to an agreement dated 27 February 2019 in relation to sale of fabrics by the Group to Toray Group for a period ended 31 March 2021. The original term of the agreement has expired on 31 March 2021 and the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2024. On 22 March 2024, the term of the agreement has been renewed for a further term of three years up to 31 March 2027. The annual cap for each of the three years ended 31 March 2025 and ending 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2027 shall be HK\$70 million. Details of the Master Agreement relating to the sale of yarns were set out in the Company's announcements dated 27 February 2019, 30 March 2021 and 22 March 2024 respectively.

According to the Listing Rules, Toray is a substantial shareholder of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company. Toray Group is therefore also regarded as connected person of the Company.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the total transaction amount between Toray Group and the Group was approximately HK\$13.1 million which was within the relevant annual cap.

In accordance with Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company reviewed the continuing connected transactions in the paragraph above and confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Group as a whole.

## 持續關連交易(續)

#### (2) TORAY 向本集團銷售紗線(續)

根據上市規則第14A.55條,本公司獨立 非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易並 確認該等交易的訂立:

- (i) 屬本集團的日常業務;
- (ii) 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款進行; 及
- (iii) 根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交 易條款屬公平合理,並且符合本集團 股東的整體利益。

#### (3) 本集團向TORAY集團銷售布料

於2025年財政年度,本集團根據日期為2019年2月27日有關本集團向Toray集團銷售布料之協議進行業務,年期截至2021年3月31日為止。該協議之原定年期已於2021年3月31日屆滿,而該協議已再續期三年,直至2024年3月31日為止。於2024年3月22日,該協議之年期已年至2025年3月31日、2026年3月31日及2027年3月31日止三個年度之年度上限各為70百萬港元。有關銷售紗線總目協議的詳情分別載於本公司日期為2019年2月27日、2021年3月30日及2024年3月22日的公告。

根據上市規則,由於Toray為本公司的主要股東,故為本公司的關連人士。Toray 集團亦視作本公司的關連人士。

於2025年財政年度,Toray集團與本集團 之間的交易總額約為13.1百萬港元,有 關金額並無超出相關年度上限。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,本公司獨立 非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易並 確認該等交易的訂立:

- (i) 屬本集團的日常業務;
- (ii) 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款進行; 及
- (iii) 根據有關交易的協議條款進行,而交 易條款屬公平合理,並且符合本集團 股東的整體利益。

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

#### (3) SALE OF FABRICS BY THE GROUP TO TORAY GROUP (Cont'd)

The Company has complied with the applicable disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Company's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. PwC had issued an unmodified letter containing findings and conclusions in respect of the above continuing connected transactions (1) to (3) as disclosed by the Group in accordance with rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. The members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, Mr. Ng Ching Wah, Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael and Ms. Ling Chi Wo Teresa (who are Independent Non-executive Directors). Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, a Fellow of CPA Australia, is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee had reviewed the financial statements of the Group for the 2025 Financial Year and discussed with the management and the auditor of the Company on the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and internal controls and financial reporting matters.

Pursuant to the recent development of CG Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, an amended and restated terms of reference for Audit Committee was effective from 1 January 2019.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 35 to 54 of this annual report.

### ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance, relationships with its key stakeholders and compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group will be provided in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report which will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## 持續關連交易(續)

#### (3) 本集團向TORAY集團銷售布料(續)

本公司已按照上市規則第14A章遵守適用的披露規定。

根據上市規則第14A.56條,本公司的外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸永道])獲聘遵照香港會計師公會發出的香港核證聘用準則第3000號(經修訂)的「歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的核證聘用」、並參照《實務説明》第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就本集團的持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就本集團於上文(1)至(3)項披露之持續關連交易的審驗結果的無保留意見函件。

## 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」), 並定明符合上市規則附錄C1所載的企業管 治守則的書面職權範圍。審核委員會之成員 為施國榮先生、伍清華先生、陳裕光博士及 凌致和女士(彼等均為獨立非執行董事)。施 國榮先生為澳洲註冊會計師公會資深會員, 擔任審核委員會主席。

審核委員會已審閱本集團2025年財政年度的 財務報表,並已與本公司管理層及核數師討 論本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例,以及內 部監控及財務申報事宜。

依據上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則的 最新修訂,審核委員會經修訂及重列的職權 範圍自2019年1月1日起生效。

## 企業管治

本公司所採納的主要企業管治常規載列於本 年報第35頁至第54頁的企業管治報告內。

## 環境、社會以及管治報告

有關本集團環境政策及績效、與其關鍵持份 者的關係以及對本集團有重大影響之相關法 律法規合規情況的討論,將載於環境、社會 以及管治報告,該報告將在本公司及聯交所 網站登載。

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, there was sufficient public float of more than 25% of the issued shares of the Company as required under the Listing Rules.

## **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements for the 2025 Financial Year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company will be proposed for approval by the Shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

### Masaru OKUTOMI

Chairman Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

## 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開資料顯示及就董 事所知,於刊發本年報前之最後實際可行日 期,本公司已發行股份有足夠並超過上市規 則規定25%之公眾持股量。

## 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所已審核2025年財政年度的綜合財務報表。於應屆股東週年大會上將提呈決議案,以取得本公司股東批准續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

代表董事局

#### 奧富勝

主席

香港,2025年6月26日

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Board is committed to maintaining high standard of corporate governance to enhance transparency and accountability and to safeguard the interests of Shareholders of the Company. The Group reviews corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are properly regulated.

董事局致力維持高水平的企業管治,以提升 透明度與問責性,維護本公司股東之利益。 本集團不時檢討企業管治常規,藉以確保業 務活動及決策程序受到適當的規管。

## A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE OF THE COMPANY

The Company had complied with the applicable code provisions and certain recommended best practices set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules where suitable to the Company except for the following deviations throughout the 2025 Financial Year.

During the year, Mr. Masaru Okutomi served the roles of Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company simultaneously, hence the Company did not comply with the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code which requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Although the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company have not been segregated, powers and authorities have not been over-concentrated as all major decisions are made in consultation with Board members and senior management who possess the relevant knowledge and expertise, as well as appropriate Board committees. Hence, the current arrangements are subject to adequate checks and balances notwithstanding such deviation. While the dual role arrangement has provided strong and consistent leadership and facilitated the implementation of the Group's business strategies, the Company will nevertheless review the structure from time to time in light of the prevailing circumstance.

Under the code provision C.1.6 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael, the independent non-executive director of the Company, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 15 August 2024 due to his other commitments.

### **B. THE BOARD**

#### 1. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company, the Board is responsible for formulation of strategic, management and financial objectives of the Group and ensuring that Shareholders' interests are protected. Daily operations and administration of the Group are delegated to the Executive Directors and the management. The Board has established Board committees and has delegated various responsibilities to these committees as set out in their respective terms of reference. All relevant terms of reference are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

## A. 本公司的企業管治常規

本公司於整個2025年財政年度內一直遵守上市規則附錄C1所載的企業管治守則載列的適用守則條文與若干建議最佳常規,惟以下偏離除外。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.1.6 條,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事 應出席股東大會,從而對股東的意見有 全面、公正的了解。本公司獨立非執行 董事陳裕光博士因其他要務在身,未能 出席本公司於2024年8月15日舉行的股 東週年大會。

## B. 董事局

## 1. 董事局的責任

董事局負責領導及控制本公司。董事局負責制定本集團策略、管理和財務目標,以及確保股東的權益得以保障。本集團的日常營運及行政管理委派執行董事和管理層處理。董事局已成立董事委員會並將多項責任委派予該等委員會(如其各自之職權範圍的於聯交所政本公司網站刊載。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

#### 1. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD (Cont'd)

The Company and the Board require each Director to keep abreast of the responsibilities as a Director of the Company and of the business and operating activities and development of the Group. Every Director is committed to devoting sufficient time and involvement in the affairs of the Board and material matters of the Company and serving the Board with such degree of care and due diligence given his own expertise, qualification and professionalism.

Executive Directors are responsible for managing different aspects or functions of the business of the Group. The Non-executive Directors advise on business strategies of the Group and review its financial and operational performance. The INEDs serve the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee and provide independent reviews on the issues of strategic direction, development, performance and risk management of the Group.

All Directors had been updated and briefed relevant changes in legal and regulatory matters to ensure that they had a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Group and that they were fully aware of their responsibilities under applicable laws and regulations.

#### 2. DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for making all major decisions of the Company, including approving and monitoring all major policies, overall strategies and budgets, internal control, risk management framework, significant financial and operational matters as well as nomination of directors. The dayto-day management and operation of the Company are delegated to the management team of the Company under the supervision of the Executive Directors. The Executive Directors normally meet on an informal basis and participate in senior management meetings on a regular basis to keep abreast of the latest operations and performance of the Group and to monitor and ensure the management carrying out all directions and strategies set by the Board appropriately.

#### 3. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

Profiles of current Directors are set out on pages 17 to 20 of this annual report and are available on the website of the Company. The list of Directors during the 2025 Financial Year was as follows:

## **Executive Directors**

Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. TOU Kit Vai (Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)

Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO

## B. 董事局(續)

### 1. 董事局的責任(續)

本公司及董事局要求各董事清楚彼作 為本公司董事之職責,以及了解本集 團之業務和經營活動及發展。各董事 均已承諾投入足夠時間及精神處理董 事局事務及本公司重要事宜,並按照 各自之專門知識、資歷及專業技能, 以謹慎盡責之態度為董事局服務。

執行董事於本集團的業務上擔負不同 的管理範疇或職責。非執行董事就本 集團業務策略提供意見和審閱其財 務和營運表現。獨立非執行董事出任 審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提名委員 會成員,並獨立審閱本集團的策略方 針、發展、業績及風險管理事宜。

所有董事皆獲得最新有關法例和監管 事項的變動簡要提示,以確保彼等清 楚了解本集團之營運及業務,且充分 明了彼等於適用法律及法規下之責 任。

#### 2. 委派管理職能

董事局負責本公司的所有重大決策, 包括批准及監督所有重大政策、整體 策略及預算、內部監控、風險管理框 架、重大財務及營運事宜以及提名董 事。本公司的日常管理及營運委派本 公司管理團隊處理並受執行董事監 督。執行董事一般定期舉行非正式會 議,並定期參與高級管理層之會議, 以便掌握本集團近期之營運及表現, 且監察及確保管理層恰當地執行董事 局制定之所有指示及策略。

#### 3. 董事局之組成

有關各現任董事的簡介載於本年報第 17頁至第20頁及載於本公司網站。 2025年財政年度的董事局名單如下:

### 執行董事

奧富勝先生(主席兼行政總裁) 杜結威先生

(首席財務總監兼公司秘書) 福元究一先生

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

### 3. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD (Cont'd)

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael

Mr. NG Ching Wah

Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel

Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa

There is no financial, business, family or other material relationships among the Directors, and between chairman and chief executive. The list of Directors and their roles and functions are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

The composition of the Board is well-balanced with the Directors having sales and marketing experience and technical knowledge in textiles business, administrative and managerial experience in PRC factories and financial and accounting skill. Taking into account the nature and scope of business operations and development of the Group, such balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives is appropriate for effective decision making. The Board considers that each of the INEDs bring their own relevant expertise to the Board.

As permitted under the Articles, the Company has arranged Directors and Officers Liability Insurance in respect of any legal actions which may be taken against Directors and management in execution and discharge of their duties or in relation thereto.

#### 4. APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The Board is empowered under the Articles to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional member of the Board. Suitable candidates who are experienced and competent and able to fulfil fiduciary duties and duties of skill, care and diligence would be recommended to the Board.

If a Shareholder wishes to propose a person for election as a Director at the AGM, the Shareholder can deposit a written notice to that effect at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary. Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director are published on the website of the Company.

Each of the Executive Directors was appointed for an initial term of two years and each service agreement is renewable thereafter until terminated by either party by giving to the other party at least six months' prior notice in writing.

## B. 董事局(續)

#### 3. 董事局之組成(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳裕光博士

伍清華先生 施國榮先生

凌致和女士

董事之間,主席及最高行政人員之間 概無存有有關財務、業務、家屬或其

概無存有有關財務、業務、家屬或其 他重大關係。董事名單與其職責和職 能已刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。

董事局之均衡組成,有賴董事具備有關紡織業務之銷售及市場推廣經驗與技術知識、中國工廠之行政及管理經驗,以及財務及會計技能。鑑於本集團之業務營運與發展性質及規模,此等技能、經驗與觀點多元化的平衡對其決策效率而言實屬合適。董事局認為各獨立非執行董事均能將其本身之專業知識帶入董事局。

於章程細則允許下,本公司已為董事和管理層就履行其職責或相關事宜時可能承擔之法律行動安排董事和管理 人員責任保險。

#### 4. 董事委任、重選及罷免

董事局依照章程細則有權委任任何人 士出任董事以補替臨時空缺或作為董 事局新增成員。具豐富經驗及才能, 有能力履行受託職責,有技能、謹慎 及勤勉之合適候選人士將獲推薦予董 事局。

若股東擬在股東週年大會上提名人 士競選董事,彼可向本公司註冊辦事 處遞交書面通知,抬頭註明公司秘書 收。股東提名人士競選董事之程序已 刊載於本公司網站。

各執行董事之委任初步為期兩年,其 後各服務協議可予續期,直至其中一 方向另一方發出不少於六個月事先書 面通知終止協議為止。

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

### 4. APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors had been appointed for a term of two years and are renewable thereafter.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and are eligible for reelection pursuant to the Articles. Pursuant to the Articles, any Director appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM and then be eligible for re-election at that AGM. In addition, at every AGM, one-third of the Directors, including the chairman, shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by Shareholders at least once every three years. The Directors appointed by the Board who are subject to retirement and re-election as mentioned above shall be taken into account in calculating the total number of Directors for the time being but shall not be taken into account in calculating the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation. All Directors eligible for re-election shall have their biographical details made available to Shareholders to enable them to make an informed decision on their reelection.

Any appointment, resignation, removal or re-designation of Director shall be timely disclosed to Shareholders by announcement. Any reasons for resignation given by the Director shall also be included in such announcement.

#### 5. INDUCTION AND CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT FOR DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed Director had been provided with comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business operation of the Group and full awareness of Directors' responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company from time to time updates the Directors on the latest development on the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

## B. 董事局(續)

### 4. 董事委任、重選及罷免(續)

各獨立非執行董事獲委任之任期為兩 年,其後可予續期。

根據章程細則,全體董事須輪席退任 並符合資格膺選連任。根據章程細 則,董事局委任之任何董事(不論為 填補臨時空缺或屬董事局新增成員) 均僅留任至下屆股東週年大會為止, 屆時將合資格於股東週年大會上膺 撰連任。此外,於每屆股東週年大會 上,三分之一之董事(包括主席)均須 至少每三年一次輪席银仟及由股東重 撰。於計算當時董事總數時,將會計 入按上文所述由董事局委任而須退任 及膺選連任之董事,惟於計算將輪席 退任董事人數時則不予計算。所有符 合資格膺選連任之董事均須向股東披 露個人履歷,以便股東於重選時作出 知情決定。

任何董事委任、辭任、罷免或調任事 宜均須以公告形式及時向股東披露。 董事所提供任何辭任之理由亦須在該 公告中註明。

#### 5. 董事之入職介紹及持續發展

每名新委任董事均於首次獲委任時獲 得詳盡而有針對性的介紹,以確保其 對本集團的業務營運有適當的理解, 並充分明瞭在上市規則及相關法定規 定下的董事職責及義務。

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展並更新其知識及技能。本公司不時向董事提供上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新修訂,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事局作出貢獻。

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

## 5. INDUCTION AND CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT FOR DIRECTORS (Cont'd)

According to the training records provided by the Directors, a summary of which during the 2025 Financial Year is as follows:

## B. 董事局(續)

## 5. 董事之入職介紹及持續發展(續)

根據董事所提供的培訓記錄,於2025 年財政年度期間的培訓記錄概要如 下:

		Corporate governance 企業管治	Topics on training cove 培訓所涵蓋的主題 Listing Rules and regulatory updates 上市規則及法規更新	Risk and financial management 風險及財務管理
Executive Directors Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI Mr. TOU Kit Vai Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO	<b>執行董事</b> 奥富勝先生 杜結威先生 福元究一先生	В В В	B B B	В В В
Independent Non-executive Directors	5+ \/\\ \			
Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael Mr. NG Ching Wah Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel	陳裕光博士 伍清華先生 施國榮先生	A, B B	A, B B B	A, B B
Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa	凌致和女士	В	В	В
Type of trainings			培訓類別	
A. Attending briefings, semin	ars, webinar or training courses		A. 參加簡介1 會或培訓詞	會、座談會、網絡研討 課程 
B. Reading materials			B. 閱讀資料	

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

#### 6. THE BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

#### **Number of Meetings**

The Board meets at least 4 times per year and additional meetings are convened when deemed necessary by the Board. The schedule of regular meetings for the whole year had been informed to each Director. The attendance record of the Directors is set out on page 41 of this annual report.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Board held 5 meetings to approve interim and final results announcements, interim report and annual report, to consider dividend policy, to discuss significant issues and general operation of the Company.

The Company held the AGM on 15 August 2024. All proposed Shareholders' resolutions put forwarded were resolved by poll and were duly passed. The poll result of each resolution was set out in the Company's announcement released on the even date.

## **Practice and Conduct of Meetings**

Notice of Board meeting will be served to all Directors at least 14 days before the meeting. Notices and agenda of the Board meeting are prepared by the Company Secretary as delegated by the chairman. All Directors are given the opportunity to include any matters which they believe to be appropriate in the agenda of the Board meetings.

Agenda and relevant information of Board meeting with adequate background information and supporting analysis are made available to the Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of the Board meeting. All Directors are given separate and independent access to the Company's senior management for further information and enquiries. The Company Secretary and relevant senior management members attend all the meetings of the Board and Board committees to advise on corporate governance, statutory compliance and financial matters.

Any material matters that would have conflict of interest between the Directors or substantial Shareholders and the Company will be dealt with in the Board meeting. Pursuant to the Articles, a Director is not entitled to vote on (nor is counted in the quorum) any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he or any of his associates (including any person who would be deemed to be an "associate" of the Directors under the Listing Rules) has any material interest except in certain special circumstances. The chairman of the Board meeting is required to ensure that each Director is aware of such requirement at the commencement of each Board meeting and declaration of interest is properly made in the Board meeting where conflicts of interest arise.

## B. 董事局(續)

## 6. 董事局會議及股東大會

#### 會議次數

董事局每年召開會議不少於4次,並 於董事局認為需要時增開會議。全年 定期會議時間表已通知各董事。董事 出席會議記錄載於本年報第41頁。

於2025年財政年度期間,董事局舉行5次會議以批准中期與全年業績公告、中期報告與年報、商討派息政策、討論本公司重要事項及一般運作。

本公司已於2024年8月15日舉行股東週年大會。所有獲提呈之建議股東決議案已按投票表決方式議決並獲正式通過。各項決議案之表決結果載於本公司於同日刊發之公告。

#### 會議常規及程序

召開董事局會議通告將會於會議舉行 前不少於14天送呈全體董事。召開董 事局會議通告及議程由主席委派公司 秘書負責編製。全體董事皆有機會提 出任何彼等認為合適商討之事項並將 其列入董事局會議議程。

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

### 6. THE BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS (Cont'd)

## Practice and Conduct of Meetings (Cont'd)

Directors have access to advice and services of the Company Secretary and key officers of the Company in relation to the Board procedures. Draft minutes of the Board or Board committee meetings recorded in sufficient details, the matters considered by the participants of those meetings and decisions reached are forwarded to the participants for comments within a reasonable time after the meetings and final versions of minutes of Board or Board committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary, which are open for inspection by any Directors at any reasonable time on reasonable notice.

Board members are provided with complete, adequate and timely information to allow the Directors to fulfil their duties properly. Directors may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses with the approval of the Board, if necessary.

#### Attendance of Meetings

The attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and AGM during the 2025 Financial Year are set out as follows:

## B. 董事局(續)

### 6. 董事局會議及股東大會(續)

#### 會議常規及程序(續)

董事有權要求本公司公司秘書和主要 職員提供有關董事局程序的意見和和 務。董事局或其轄下委員會會議草 所知記錄該等會議參與者所考慮的 時間內送呈會議草稿予議會會者表達 時間內送呈會議草稿予議會會者表 是 是 後定稿由公司秘書存檔。任何 要 於合理時間內,發出合理通知後 閱有關文件。

董事局向其成員提供完整、適當、及時的資料,以使董事能夠恰當地履行 其職責。董事如有需要時,於得到董 事局批准後,可尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司支付。

#### 出席會議情況

各董事於2025年財政年度期間出席 董事局、審核委員會、薪酬委員會、 提名委員會會議及股東週年大會之記 錄載列如下:

		Board 董事局	出席會	s attended/Meeti 議次數/舉行會 Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	•	AGM 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Masaru OKUTOMI (Chairman and	奧富勝先生 <i>(主席兼</i>	4/5	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	1/1
Chief Executive Officer)	行政總裁)					
Mr. TOU Kit Vai (Chief Financial Officer	杜結威先生 <i>(首席財務總監</i>	5/5	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
and Company Secretary)	兼公司秘書)					
Mr. Kyuichi FUKUMOTO	福元究一先生	4/5	N/A 不適用	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1
INEDs	獨立非執行董事					
Dr. CHAN Yue Kwong Michael	陳裕光博士	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	0/1
Mr. NG Ching Wah	伍清華先生	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. SZE Kwok Wing Nigel	施國榮先生	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. LING Chi Wo Teresa	凌致和女士	5/5	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 企業管治報告

## B. THE BOARD (Cont'd)

#### 7. INEDS

The Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least 3 INEDs with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise throughout the 2025 Financial Year.

As at 31 March 2025, the Board comprised seven members with four INEDs. The number of INEDs met the minimum requirement prescribed under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

## C. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

The Chairman of the Board provides leadership for the Board and is responsible for chairing the meetings, managing the operations of the Board and ensuring that all matters submitted for discussion are discussed by the Board in a timely and orderly manner. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for leading the management team and overseeing the operations for the Group.

During the year, Mr. Masaru Okutomi served the roles of Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company simultaneously, hence the Company did not comply with the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code which requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Company is of the view that it is in the best interest of the Company that Mr. Masaru Okutomi, with his relevant in-depth expertise and knowledge in the Group's business, acts in the dual capacity as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Although the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are not segregated, powers and authorities have not been over-concentrated as all major decisions are made in consultation with Board members and senior management who possess the relevant knowledge and expertise, as well as appropriate Board committees. Hence, the current arrangements are subject to adequate checks and balances notwithstanding such deviation.

While the dual role arrangement has provided strong and consistent leadership and facilitated the implementation of the Group's business strategies, the Company will nevertheless review the structure from time to time in light of the prevailing circumstance.

## B. 董事局(續)

#### 7. 獨立非執行董事

董事局於2025年財政年度期間所有時間均符合上市規則之規定,委任最少3名獨立非執行董事,而其中最少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資格,或會計或有關財務管理之專業知識。

於2025年3月31日,董事局由七名成員組成,包括四名獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行董事人數符合上市規則第3.10A條規定之最低要求。

## C. 主席及最高行政人員

董事局主席領導董事局及負責主持會議、管理董事局之運作及確保董事局及時有序地討論已提呈的所有待商討事宜。行政總裁負責領導管理團隊及監督本集團的營運。

年內,奧富勝先生同時兼任本公司主席與 行政總裁的角色,故本公司未能遵守企 業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條(該條文 規定主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分, 並不應由一人同時兼任)。

儘管雙重職務安排已提供強大一致的領導及有利於實施本集團的業務策略,本公司仍會因應當前情況不時檢討有關架構。

## C. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES (Cont'd)

With the support of the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that all Directors were properly briefed on the issues arising at the Board meetings and provided with adequate information in a timely manner.

The Company received an annual written confirmation from each of the INEDs of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considered them to be independence of the management and free of any relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgements.

## D. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three main Board Committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, each chaired by different INED, to assist the Board in overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Board Committees report to the Board of their decisions and recommendations at the Board meetings.

The terms of reference (as revised) setting out the principles, procedures and arrangements of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee have been reviewed by the Board with reference to the CG Code and are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

The Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established on 27 April 2007 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are reviewing, overseeing and supervising the effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems.

The members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, Mr. Ng Ching Wah, Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael and Ms. Ling Chi Wo Teresa. All of them are INEDs. Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, a Fellow of CPA Australia, is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited annual consolidated financial information of the Group for the 2025 Financial Year and the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group with the management in conjunction with the auditor. The Annual Report for the 2025 Financial Year has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

## C. 主席及最高行政人員(續)

在公司秘書協助下,主席確保於董事局會 議上所有董事均適當知悉當前的事項, 並適時獲得充足資料。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條之規定發出之年度獨立性書面確認函,並認同獨立非執行董事乃獨立於管理層,且並無任何足以嚴重干預彼等進行獨立判斷之關係。

## D. 董事局委員會

董事局已成立三個主要董事局委員會, 即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會,分別由不同獨立非執行董事出任主 席,以協助董事局監督本公司事務之各 項特定範疇。董事局委員會於董事局會 議向董事局匯報其決定和建議。

審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會之原則、程序及安排之職權範圍(經修訂)已由董事局經參照企業管治守則審閱,並已刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。

董事局委員會獲提供充足資源以履行其 職責,並於提出合理要求後,可於適當 情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用概由本 公司承擔。

## 審核委員會

審核委員會於2007年4月27日成立,其 書面職權範圍與企業管治守則相符。審 核委員會之主要職責為檢討、管理及監 督本集團之財務匯報程序、風險管理及 內部監控系統的成效。

審核委員會之成員為施國榮先生、伍清 華先生、陳裕光博士及凌致和女士。彼 等均為獨立非執行董事。施國榮先生, 澳洲註冊會計師公會資深會員,為審核 委員會主席。

審核委員會已和管理層聯同核數師審閱本集團2025年財政年度之經審核年度綜合財務資料及本集團所採納之會計原則及常規。2025年財政年度之年報已由審核委員會審閱。

## D. BOARD COMMITTEES (Cont'd)

## AUDIT COMMITTEE (Cont'd)

The Audit Committee held 4 meetings during 2025 Financial Year. The major work performed by the Audit Committee in respect of the 2025 Financial Year included approving the terms of engagement (including the remuneration) of the external auditor; reviewing the unaudited interim financial information and interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 September 2024; reviewing the audited annual consolidated financial information and final results announcement for the 2025 Financial Year; reviewing the work of the Group's internal audit department; assessing the effectiveness of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control and reviewing the effectiveness of the whistleblowing policy and the incidents reported through such channel. The attendance of the Directors for the Audit Committee meetings is set out in the table on page 41 of this annual report.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the scope and results of the audit and its cost effectiveness and the independence and objectivity of the Company's external auditor.

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's external auditor during the years under review (and the previous year) are as follows:

## D. 董事局委員會(續)

#### 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會於2025年財政年度期間舉行 了4次會議。審核委員會於2025年財政 年度已履行之主要職務包括批准外聘核 數師之聘任條款(包括酬金)、審閱截至 2024年9月30日止六個月之未經審核中 期財務資料及中期業績公告、審閱 2025 年財政年度經審核全年綜合財務資料及 全年業績公告、審閱本集團內部審計部 之工作、評估本集團之風險管理系統與 內部監控系統之成效及審閱檢舉政策之 成效與诱過此渠道檢舉之事件。董事出 席審核委員會會議記錄載於本年報第41 頁之表內。

審核委員會已檢討審核之範疇、結果及 成本效益,以及本公司外聘核數師的獨 立性和客觀性。

於回顧年度(及去年),本公司外聘核數 師所提供的審核及非審核服務之費用如 下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Audit Services Non-audit Services	審核服務 非審核服務	3,510	3,308
– Tax consultation and other services	一税務顧問及其他服務	734	461

The Audit Committee has undertaken a review of all non-audit services provided by the Company's external auditor and concluded that such services did not affect the independence of the external auditor.

The Audit Committee recommended the Board about re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the Company's external auditor for the coming year and the related resolutions shall be put forth in the forthcoming AGM.

審核委員會已檢討本公司外聘核數師所 提供之全部非審核服務,認為該等服務 並不影響外聘核數師之獨立性。

審核委員會向董事局建議重新聘任羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所為本公司下年度之 外聘核數師,並建議於應屆股東週年大 會提呈有關決議。

## D. BOARD COMMITTEES (Cont'd)

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established on 27 April 2007 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to develop and formulate relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, make recommendations to the Board on appointment of Directors with due regard to diversity of the Board and management of the Board succession and assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

The majority members of the Nomination Committee are INEDs. As at the date of the report, the members of the Nomination Committee are Mr. Ng Ching Wah; Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael, Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, Ms. Ling Chi Wo Teresa, Mr. Masaru Okutomi and Mr. Tou Kit Vai. Mr. Ng Ching Wah, an INED, is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee met once during the 2025 Financial Year and reviewed the implementation of the board diversity policy. The major work performed by the Nomination Committee in respect of the 2025 Financial Year included assessing the independence of the INEDs, reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and making recommendations in line with the Policy on re-election of the Directors of the Company to be subject to rotation requirements at the forthcoming AGM (including the new director(s) appointed by the Board who is subject to re-election requirement under rule 114 of the Articles. The attendance of the Directors for the Nomination Committee meeting is set out in the table on page 41 of this annual report.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Diversity Policy") on 21 March 2014. A summary of this Diversity Policy, together with the measurable objectives set for implementing this policy, and the progress made towards achieving those objectives are disclosed as below.

#### **Summary of the Board Diversity Policy**

In reviewing and assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee and the Board members considered a number of factors, including but not limited to educational background, professional qualifications, skills, industry experience, age, gender and ethnic origin, subject to the actual situation of the Company and relevant provisions under the applicable laws. Restrictions like age, gender and ethnic origin will not be set when short-listing the candidates.

## D. 董事局委員會(續)

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會於2007年4月27日成立,其書面職權範圍與企業管治守則相符。提名委員會之主要職責為構思及制訂有關提名及委任董事的程序、就委任董事適當考慮董事局多元化及董事局繼任之管理向董事局提供建議,以及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

提名委員會之大部份成員均為獨立非執 行董事。於本報告日期,提名委員會之 成員為伍清華先生、陳裕光博士、施國 榮先生、凌致和女士、奧富勝先生及杜 結威先生。獨立非執行董事伍清華先生 為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會於2025年財政年度期間舉行了1次會議並檢討了董事局多元化政策的實施情況。提名委員會於2025年財政年度已履行之主要職務包括評估獨立性,檢討董事局多元化政策以及於應屆股東週年大會上根據軍人民獲董事之獨立性,檢討董事局多元化政策以及於應屆股東週年大會上根據重大會上根據可章程細則第114條項下之政策任須遵守章程細則第114條項下之政策提定之新董事)連任之事宜依據該政策作出建議。董事出席提名委員會會議記錄載於本年報第41頁之表內。

### 董事局多元化政策

董事局已於2014年3月21日採納一項董事局多元化政策(「多元化政策」)。多元化政策概要連同為落實政策而設的計量目標以及該等目標的達成進度於下文披露。

#### 董事局多元化政策概要

在檢討及評估董事局的組成時,提名委員會及董事局成員已按照本公司之實際情況,在遵守適用法律相關條文之情況下,考慮多項因素,包括但不限於教育背景、專業資格、技能、行業經驗、年齡、性別及種族。篩選候選人名單時,將不會設置如年齡、性別和種族的規限。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

## D. BOARD COMMITTEES (Cont'd)

### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (Cont'd)**

### **Measurable Objectives**

The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree on the measurable objectives for achieving diversity and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

The achievement of these objectives is measurable on an objective review by shareholders of the overall composition of the Board, the diversity of background and experience of individual directors and the effectiveness of the Board in promoting shareholder's interests. In order for shareholders to judge whether the Board as constituted is a reflection of diversity, the Nomination Committee shall provide sufficient information to shareholders about the size, qualifications of each individual Board member and therefore, the Board as a whole.

#### **GENDER DIVERSITY**

At 31 March 2025, the Group employed around 5,115 people, being 66.2% male and 33.8% female. The Company will take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels of the Company, including but without limitation at the Board and the management levels. The Company has achieved gender diversity at the Board level with one female Independent Non-executive Director on the Board. Appropriate emphasis on maintaining gender diversity has been placed in the reviews of board composition, board diversity and succession planning.

The following table sets out the workforce gender diversity by geographical region and gender at 31 March 2025:

## D. 董事局委員會(續)

## 董事局多元化政策(續)

#### 可計量目標

提名委員會將討論及協定達致多元化的 可計量目標並向董事局作出推薦以供採 納。

該等目標的達致乃通過股東客觀地檢討 董事局整體組成、各董事的背景及經驗 的多元以及董事局促進股東利益的有效 性來衡量。為了讓股東判斷董事局的組 成是否反映出多元化,提名委員會應向 股東提供有關董事局規模、各董事局成 員的資格以至於董事局整體的足夠資料。

#### 性別多元

於2025年3月31日,本集團聘有約5,115 名員工,當中66.2%為男性,33.8%為女 性。本公司將採取步驟,於本公司上下 各級推動性別多元,包括但不限於董事 局及管理層。董事局有一名女性獨立非 執行董事,故本公司已於董事局層面達 致性別多元。適當強調保持性別多元化 已納入董事局組成、董事局多元化及繼 任計劃中。

下表按地域及性別載列於2025年3月31 日的員工性別多元狀況:

		Percentage of Workforce 員工所佔百分比		
Geographical Region	地域	Total 總計	Male 男性	Female 女性
China	中國	60.0%	40.9%	19.1%
Vietnam	越南	38.9%	24.7%	14.2%
Hong Kong and other offices in Asia	香港及其他亞洲辦事處	1.1%	0.6%	0.5%
Total	總計	100.0%	66.2%	33.8%

## D. BOARD COMMITTEES (Cont'd)

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established on 27 April 2007 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to review and determine the terms of remuneration packages, bonuses and other compensation payable to Directors and senior management of the Group with reference to the nature of their works, complexity of their responsibilities and performances and to make recommendations to the Board. No director is allowed to take part in any discussion about his own remuneration.

The majority members of the Remuneration Committee are INEDs. As at the date of report, the members of the Remuneration Committee are Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael; Mr. Sze Kwok Wing Nigel, Mr. Ng Ching Wah, Ms. Ling Chi Wo Teresa, Mr. Masaru Okutomi and Mr. Kyuichi Fukumoto. Dr. Chan Yue Kwong Michael, an INED, is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the 2025 Financial Year. The major work performed by the Remuneration Committee for the 2025 Financial Year included reviewing the remunerations of the Directors and senior management with reference to the remuneration levels of directors and senior management of comparable listed companies. The attendance of the Directors for the Remuneration Committee meeting is set out in the table on page 41 of this annual report.

Details of the remunerations of the Directors disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Appendix D2 of the Listing Rules are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. Executive Directors' remunerations shall from time to time be determined by the Remuneration Committee with reference to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

## E. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board should be responsible for performing corporate governance duties as follows:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

## D. 董事局委員會(續)

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於2007年4月27日成立,其書面職權範圍與企業管治守則相符。薪酬委員會之主要職責為參照本集團董事及高級管理人員之工作性質、職責的複雜性和表現,審閱及釐定付予彼等之薪酬組合條款、花紅及其他應付酬金,並就此向董事局提出建議。任何董事不可參與討論其個人薪酬。

薪酬委員會之大部份成員均為獨立非執 行董事。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會之 成員為陳裕光博士、施國榮先生、伍清 華先生、凌致和女士、奧富勝先生及福 元究一先生。獨立非執行董事陳裕光博 士為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會於2025年財政年度期間舉行了一次會議。薪酬委員會於2025年財政年度已履行之主要職務包括參照可比較上市公司之董事及高級管理人員薪酬水平以審閱董事及高級管理人員酬金。董事出席薪酬委員會會議記錄載於本年報第41頁之表內。

依照香港公司條例第383條及上市規則 附錄D2而披露之董事酬金資料詳列於綜 合財務報表附註34。執行董事酬金則由 薪酬委員會參照董事之職責及責任而不 時釐定。

## E. 企業管治功能

董事局應負責履行如下企業管治職責:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規並提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

## E. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS (Cont'd)

- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

## F. COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tou Kit Vai, the executive Director, was appointed as Company Secretary on 12 August 2022 to report directly to the Board. The Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure the Board procedures, and all applicable law, rules and regulations, are followed. During the 2025 Financial Year, the Company Secretary complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

## G. DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the standard of Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors, Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in such Code throughout the 2025 Financial Year.

### H. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board acknowledged its responsibility for preparing the Company's financial statements for 2025 Financial Year which gave a true and fair view of financial position of the Group and in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Company's interim report and annual report were prepared and published in accordance with statutory requirements and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards in a timely manner required under the Listing Rules. Directors were provided with adequate information to enable them to make an informed assessment of financial and other information on matters for their approval. Furthermore, Directors were provided with monthly updates on the Group's performance to enable them to discharge their duties.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company regarding its reporting responsibility to Shareholders on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 55 to 59 of this annual report.

## E. 企業管治功能(續)

- (d) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事適用的 操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況 及在企業管治報告內的披露。

## F. 公司秘書

執行董事杜結威先生於2022年8月12日 獲委任為公司秘書,直接向董事局匯報。 董事可獲取公司秘書之意見及服務以確 保遵從董事局程序及所有適用法例、規 則及規例。於2025年財政年度,公司秘 書诱過參加不少於15小時的有關專業培 訓遵守上市規則第3.29條。

## G. 董事的證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載標準 守則的標準,作為其內部有關董事所推 行證券交易的行為守則。在向全體董事 作出特定杳詢後,全體董事已確認,彼 等於2025年財政年度內已遵守該守則所 規定的標準。

## H. 董事的財務報告責任

董事局知悉其有編製本公司2025年財政 年度財務報表的責任且賬目須真實而公 平地反映本集團的財政狀況, 並根據法 定規定與適用會計準則編製。本公司中 期報告及年報乃根據上市規則要求按法 定規定及香港財務報告準則而適時編製 與刊發。董事獲提供適當資料,以便彼 等就批准的事項作出財務和其他資料的 知情決定。此外,董事每月獲提供本集 團的表現之更新資料,以使彼等履行其 職責。

本公司外聘核數師就其對本集團綜合財 務報表向股東承擔之申報責任作出之聲 明載於本年報第55頁至第59頁之獨立核 數師報告。

## I. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities for establishing and maintaining effective risk management and internal control systems, as well as determining the nature and extent of risks it is willing to accept in pursuit of strategic objectives. Management is primarily responsible for designing, implementing, and monitoring these systems.

Procedures have been established to safeguard the Group's assets against unauthorized use or disposal, maintain accurate accounting records, ensure the reliability of financial information for both internal and external purposes, and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations. These controls are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failing to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatements or losses.

#### **KEY RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES:**

#### (i) Delegation of Authority

The Board has delegated powers and responsibilities to business units and functional departments for day-to-day management, operations, and maintenance of internal control systems. The Group has adopted a tailored governance structure with clear lines of responsibility and authority, ensuring effective segregation of duties while incorporating checks and balances.

## (ii) Risk Management Process

Systematic procedures are in place to govern the identification, evaluation, management, and reporting of key risks, including strategic, operational, financial, compliance, reporting, and technology-related risks. The Risk Management Committee (RMC) is responsible for monitoring and reviewing the risk management system, overseeing the overall risk framework, setting risk tolerance levels, assessing risk profiles, prioritizing critical risks, and fostering a strong culture of risk awareness.

The Risk Management Framework consists of five core components: risk identification, risk assessment and prioritization, appointment of risk managers/owners, development of risk response plans, and risk communication with ongoing monitoring. A Corporate Risk Register is maintained and reviewed annually by the RMC to ensure it remains relevant. Risk owners continuously monitor high-risk areas and implement strategies to effectively mitigate those risks.

## 1. 風險管理及內部監控

董事局確認其有責任建立及維持有效的 風險管理及內部監控系統,及確定其為 追求戰略目標而願意承擔的風險性質及 程度。管理層主要負責設計、執行及監 控該等系統。

本集團已制定程序,以保障本集團資產 不受未經授權使用或處置、維持準確的 會計記錄、確保用於內部及外部用途的 財務資料的可靠性,以及監控適用法律 及法規的遵守情況。該等控制的設計目 的在於管理而非消除無法達成業務目標 的風險,並且僅能就重大誤報或損失提 供合理而非絕對的保證。

#### 關鍵風險管理及內部監控程序:

#### (i) 授權

董事局已將日常管理、營運及維護內 部監控系統的權力及責任授予業務單 位及職能部門。本集團採用定制的管 治架構,其責任與權力分工明確,確 保有效的職責分工,同時納入制衡機 制。

## (ii) 風險管理程序

系統化的程序可用來規管主要風險的識別、評估、管理及報告,包括策略、營運、財務、合規、報告及技術相關風險。風險管理委員會負責監控及審查風險管理系統、監督整體風險框架、設定風險容忍度、評估風險狀況、釐定關鍵風險優次,及培養強健的風險意識文化。

風險管理框架包含五個核心部分:風險識別、風險評估及優次、風險管理員/擁有人的委任、風險應對計劃的開發,及持續監控的風險溝通。風險管理委員會每年均會維護及審查企業風險名冊,以確保其維持相關性。風險擁有人持續監控高風險領域,並實施策略以有效降低該等風險。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

## I. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Cont'd)

#### KEY RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES: (Cont'd)

### (iii) Market Conditions & External Environment

The Board periodically assesses the effectiveness of internal control systems and implements appropriate measures. Dedicated management committees have been established to formulate policies and oversee potential internal control weaknesses, ensuring alignment with the dynamic business environment. Additionally, processes are in place to identify risks arising from changes in market conditions or external factors that could impact operations or reputational standing. Management is responsible for evaluating, monitoring, mitigating, and managing these risks.

#### (iv) Financial Reporting

Management closely monitors business performance by reviewing monthly financial results against budgets or forecasts. Appropriate controls are in place to ensure financial information is recorded accurately and in a timely manner. Additionally, regular external audits are conducted to ensure compliance with accounting standards, policies, and regulatory requirements.

#### (v) Internal Audit

The Internal Audit Department performs independent assessments of the Group's risk management, internal control, and governance systems, providing recommendations for improvement. The annual internal audit work plan is developed using a risk-based approach and is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee evaluates investigation outcomes presented in internal audit activity reports and examines ad hoc reports on incidents that may impact internal controls or indicate potential irregularities. Audit progress, findings, and follow-up actions are reported to the Committee on a quarterly basis.

## (vi) Inside Information

The Company has established policy and procedures for handling and disseminating inside information. This policy serves as a general guideline for Directors, officers, senior management, and relevant employees on handling confidential information, overseeing disclosure, and responding to inquiries.

Control procedures are in place to strictly prevent unauthorized access to and use of inside information, as well as to govern its handling and disclosure. The Group ensures confidentiality prior to public disclosure unless exemptions apply. If confidentiality cannot be maintained, relevant information is promptly disclosed by way of announcements.

## I. 風險管理及內部監控(續)

### 關鍵風險管理及內部監控程序:(續)

### (iii) 市場狀況及外部環境

董事局定期評估內部監控系統的有效 性,並實施適當措施。專門管理委員 會已告成立,以制定政策並監督潛 的內部監控弱點,確保其與動態的商 業環境保持一致。此外,我們亦設有 相關程序,以識別因市場狀況或外的 因素變動而可能影響營運或聲譽的風 險。管理層負責評估、監控、降低及 管理該等風險。

#### (iv) 財務報告

管理層會根據預算或預測審查每月的 財務業績,密切監控業務表現。我們 設有適當的監控機制,以確保準確及 時地記錄財務資料。此外,我們亦會 定期進行外部審計,以確保符合會計 準則、政策及法規要求。

#### (v) 內部審計

內部審計部門對本集團的風險管理、內部監控及管治系統進行獨立評估,並提供改善建議。年度內部審計工作計劃乃採用以風險為基礎的方法制定,並由審核委員會審查及批准。

審核委員會評估內部審計活動報告中 呈列的調查結果,並審查可能影響內 部監控或顯示潛在違規行為的事件專 案報告。每季度向委員會報告審計進 度、結果及跟進行動。

## (vi) 內幕消息

本公司已制定處理及發佈內幕消息的 政策及程序。該政策為董事、高級職 員、高級管理人員及相關員工處理機 密資料、監督披露及回應查詢的一般 指引。

我們已制定監控程序,嚴格防止未經授權接觸及使用內幕消息,並監管其處理及披露。除非豁免情況適用,否則本集團會在公開披露前確保機密性。若無法保密,則會以公告方式迅速披露相關資料。

## I. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Cont'd)

## KEY RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES: (Cont'd)

#### (vii) Code of Conduct

The Company's "Code of Conduct" provides employees with behavioral guidance for various situations they may encounter while performing their duties. It promotes business practices rooted in honesty, integrity and fairness. This Code establishes expected standards of conduct and offers guidelines for navigating different scenarios in business interactions.

#### (viii) Whistle-Blowing Channels

To combat unethical practices, malpractice, fraud, and corruption, the Company has established a whistleblowing policy and supporting system. This system provides a confidential communication channel for employees, business partners, and suppliers to raise concern about potential improprieties related to the Group without fear of retaliation. The Whistleblowing Committee carefully reviews reported cases to determine if an investigation is warranted and takes appropriate actions to address concerns.

#### **OVERALL ASSESSMENT**

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Board, assisted by the Audit Committee, conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. This review encompassed all material controls, including financial, operational, and compliance controls, as well as an assessment of the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs, and budgets allocated to the Group's accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions, and relevant environmental, social, and governance performance and reporting.

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Board considered that the risk management and internal control system was effective and adequate and was not aware of any material internal control deficiencies or significant issues affecting Shareholders' interests.

## I. 風險管理及內部監控(續)

## 關鍵風險管理及內部監控程序:(續)

### (vii) 行為準則

本公司的「行為準則」為員工在履行職責時可能遇到的各種情況提供行為指引。其提倡以誠實、正直及公平為基礎的商業慣例。本準則確立了預期行為標準,並為應對業務互動中的各種情況提供指引。

#### (viii)舉報渠道

為打擊失德行為、來當行為、欺詐及貪污,本公司已建立舉報政策及支援系統。該系統為僱員、業務夥伴及供應商提供保密的溝通渠道,讓其對關本集團有關的潛在不當行為表達開東,而不必擔心遭到報復。舉報委員會將仔細審查舉報案件,以決定是否需要進行調查,並採取適當的行動解決疑慮。

#### 整體評估

截至2025年3月31日止年度,董事局在 審核委員會的協助下,對本集團風險管 理及內部監控系統的有效性進行了年度 檢討。該檢討涵蓋所有重大監控,包括 財務、營運及合規監控,以及評估資源、 員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及分配予予 集團會計、內部審核、財務報告職能的 預算,以及相關環境、社會及管治表現 及報告是否充分。

於2025年財政年度,董事局認為風險管理及內部監控系統有效且充分,並無發現任何重大內部監控缺失或影響股東利益的重大問題。

## J. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of continuing communications with Shareholders and strives to ensure timeliness, completeness and accuracy of information disclosure to Shareholders and to protect the interests of Shareholders.

The Board has established a shareholders' communication policy and reviews it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. As a channel to further promote effective communication, the Group maintains a website allowing Shareholders to access updates on the Company's particulars where the Company's announcements, financial information, shareholders' communication policy and other information are posted.

The Board maintains an on-going dialogue with Shareholders through general meeting of the Company to communicate with Shareholders. The chairman of the Board, the representative of each committee and the external auditor attend the general meeting to answer any questions from Shareholders. A separate resolution shall be proposed at general meeting on each substantially separate issue. A Shareholder is permitted to appoint any number of proxies to attend and vote in his stead.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website, www.pacific-textiles.com. where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

The relevant part of the shareholders' communication policy was reviewed during the year. Sufficient channels for shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company and the steps to solicit and understand the views of shareholders and stakeholders were considered to be sufficient. The implementation of the policy and the communication with shareholders were effective.

## 」. 與股東溝涌

董事局明白與股東維持溝通的重要性, 並致力確保能適時向股東披露完整準確 的資料及保障股東的利益。

董事局已制定股東通訊政策,並定期檢 討以確保其成效。本集團已設立網站, 以作為增進有效溝通之渠道,讓股東杳 閱本公司最新資料,而本公司之公告、 財務資料、股東通訊政策及其他資料皆 於網站刊登。

董事局涌渦本公司股東大會作為與股東 溝通的橋樑,與股東保持持續對話。董事 局主席、各委員會代表及外部核數師均 出席股東大會,回答股東之任何提問。 本公司須就各項實質上個別事項於股東 大會上個別提呈決議案。股東可委派任 何數目之代表出席大會及代其投票。

本公司設立網站www.pacific-textiles.com 以增進有效溝通。公眾可於該網站查閱 有關本公司業務發展及營運之資料及更 新情況、財務資料、公司管治常規及其 他資料。

於年內已檢討股東通訊政策的相關部分。 已設有足夠渠道供股東就影響本公司之 各種事宜表達其意見,而且徵求及了解股 東和持份者意見的步驟亦被視為足夠。 政策執行及與股東溝通均見成效。

## K. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

## PROCEDURES FOR CONVENING AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Any one or more shareholders, holding not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company may, in accordance with requirements and procedures set out in the Articles of the Company, make a written requisition to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company and put forward proposals at the meeting. The objects of the meeting must be stated in the written requisition which must be signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to put forward new resolutions at general meetings under Cayman Islands law or the Articles of the Company. Shareholders who wish to put forward a resolution may request the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with procedures set out above.

#### **NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS**

Notice of all general meetings shall be sent to Shareholders in accordance with the Articles and the requirements of Listing Rules. Notice for AGM and all other general meetings shall be sent at least 20 clear business days and 10 clear business days prior to the meeting respectively.

#### **VOTING BY POLL**

At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll save that the Chairman may, in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter as prescribed under the Listing Rules to be voted on by a show of hands. The Chairman will explain detailed procedures for conducting a poll and answer any questions from Shareholders on voting by poll. The results of the poll, if any, will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

## K. 股東權利

### 召開股東特別大會之程序

根據本公司章程細則列明之規定及程序,任何一名或以上持有本公司股本中不少於十分之一投票權(按一股一票之基準)之股東,可向董事局書面要求召開本公司股東特別大會,並於會上提呈議案。召開會議之目的必須列明於有關書面要求內,並由提出該請求之人士簽署及送達本公司之香港主要營業地點。

開曼群島法例或本公司章程細則並未規 定股東可在股東大會上提呈新決議案。 有意提呈決議案之股東可按上述程序要 求本公司召開股東特別大會。

#### 股東大會通告

所有股東大會之通告將根據章程細則及 上市規則之規定寄發予股東。股東週年 大會通告及所有其他股東大會通告須分 別在大會舉行前不少於足20個營業日及 不少於足10個營業日寄發。

#### 以投票方式表決

於任何股東大會上,提呈予會議表決的決議案應予投票表決方式決定,主席可真誠允許以舉手方式表決純屬與上市規則規定的程序或行政事項相關的決議案。主席將解釋以投票方式進行表決之詳細程序以及回答股東有關以投票方式進行表決的任何提問。投票方式表決的結果(如有)將於聯交所及本公司網站登載。

## K. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Cont'd)

#### PROCEDURES FOR RAISING ENOUIRIES

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited (Address: 17M/F., Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong and Telephone: (852) 2862 8555).

Shareholders who have any questions for the Board may send written enquiries together with their detailed contact information, such as postal address or e-mail address, by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong or by e-mail to ir@pacific-textiles.com.

The Board also encourages Shareholders to attend general meetings to make enquiries directly.

## L. CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The current Memorandum and Articles of Association was amended and restated on 15 August 2024, and is available for viewing on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. There were no further changes to the Memorandum and Articles of Association since such amendment and restatement.

## K. 股東權利(續)

### 提出查詢之程序

股東如對其名下持有之股份有任何疑問,應向本公司股份過戶登記處香港分處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址:香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17M樓:電話:(852)28628555)提出。

股東如欲向董事局提出任何查詢,可將書面查詢連同其詳細聯絡資料(如郵寄地址或電郵地址)郵寄至本公司之香港主要營業地點,或電郵至ir@pacific-textiles.com。

董事局亦鼓勵股東出席股東大會,直接提出查詢。

## L. 憲章文件

目前的組織章程大綱及細則已於2024年 8月15日修訂及重列,並可於本公司及 聯交所網站查閱。自該修訂及重列後, 組織章程大綱及細則並無其他變動。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



## 羅兵咸永道

### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PACIFIC TEXTILES HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 60 to 166, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2025;
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## 致互太紡織控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審計的內容

互太紡織控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於 第60至166頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2025年3月31日的綜合資產負債表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策 信息及其他解釋信息。

#### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則會計準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2025年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道 德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)中適用於公眾利 益實體財務報表審計的相關要求,我們獨立 於 貴集團。我們亦已履行守則中的其他道 德責任。

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to revenue recognition.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關於收 入確認。

## Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Revenue Recognition 收入確認

Refer to note 5 for the Group's accounting policies on revenue recognition and the analysis of revenue from sales of goods for the year ended 31 March 2025.

有關 貴集團採用的對收入確認的會計政策及有關截至2025年3月31日止年度銷售貨品所得收入的分析,請參閱附註5。

Revenue from sales of goods for the year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to HK\$4,985,019,000. The Group has operations in several geographical locations, and derives revenue from sales to multiple customers.

截至2025年3月31日止年度銷售貨品所得收入為4,985,019,000港元。 貴集團於多個地區經營業務,並從多個客戶銷售取得收入。

Revenue is recognised when the control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the price to sell the products and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location and the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers.

當產品的控制權轉移至客戶(即交付產品予客戶時),而客戶 對銷售產品的價格擁有絕對酌情權,且並無可能影響客戶接 納產品的未履約義務時,貴集團確認收入。當產品付運至指 定地點,且陳舊及損失風險已轉移至客戶時,則落實交付。

We focused on this area due to the large volume of revenue transactions derived from sales to multiple customers in different geographical locations such that we have incurred significant time and resources in carrying out our work in this area.

我們關注該領域是因為源自在不同地區向多個客戶銷售的收 入交易量大,故我們為進行於該領域的工作花費了大量時間 及資源。 We understood, evaluated and tested management's key internal controls that are present in the Group's sales process from end-to-end

我們已了解、評估及驗證管理層對 貴集團銷售過程中的關鍵 內部監控。

We tested samples of sales transactions against invoices, shipping documents, and other supporting documents.

我們已針對發票及其他支持性文件對銷售交易作出抽樣測試。

Furthermore, we tested sales transactions that took place shortly before and after the balance sheet date to assess whether sales transactions were recognised in the correct reporting periods. 此外,我們已測試於緊接資產負債表日期前後發生的銷售交易,以評估銷售交易是否於正確的報告期間確認。

Our work also included testing of a sample of revenue-related journal entries by inquiring management of their nature and inspecting the relevant supporting documents.

我們的工作還包括通過詢問管理層日誌性質及查閱相關支持 性文件對收入相關日誌的樣本進行測試。

We found that the Groups' sales transactions being tested were recognised in a manner consistent with the Group's accounting policy for revenue recognition.

我們認為 貴集團被測試的銷售交易已按與 貴集團的收入確認會計政策一致的方式確認。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. We have obtained some of the other information including Corporate Information, Chairman's Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Profiles of Directors and Senior Management, Director's Report, Corporate Governance report, Financial Summary and Schedule of Group's Properties prior to the date of this auditor's report. The remaining other information, including the Environmental, Social and Governance report and the other sections to be included in the annual report, is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the remaining other information to be included in the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。我們在本核數師報告日前已取得部份其他信息包括公司資料、主席報告書、管理層討論與分析、董事局報告、企業管治和、董事局報告、企業管治報告、財務概要及本集團物業一覽表。餘下及將使信息,包括環境、社會及管治報告及將有數師報告日後取得。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

當我們閱讀該等將包括在年報內餘下的其他信息後,如果我們認為其中存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要將有關事項與董事溝通,並考慮我們的法律權利和義務後採取適當行動。

## 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則會計準則》及香港《公 司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合 財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的 擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## 獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- · 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、 偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於 內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發 現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- · 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence
  regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the
  Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
  We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group
  audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lam Chun Yee, Johnny (practising certificate number: P06566).

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃和執行集團審計,以獲取關於 貴集 團內實體或業務單位財務信息的充足和 適當的審計憑證,以對綜合財務報表形 成審計意見提供基礎。我們負責指導、 監督和覆核為集團審計而執行的審計工 作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出的內部控制的 任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 林俊而。(執業證書編號: P06566)

## PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

## 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,2025年6月26日

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

For the Year ended 31 March 2025

## 綜合損益表

截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 2.1)
				(附註2.1)
Revenue	收入	5	5,057,570	4,739,010
Cost of sales	銷售成本	23	(4,673,585)	(4,241,573)
Gross profit	毛利		383,985	497,437
Other income and other gains – net	其他收入及其他收益-淨額	22	36,979	15,576
Reversal of/(provision for) impairment of	應收賬款撥回減值/(減值撥備)			
trade receivables		12	367	(724)
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售開支	23	(55,737)	(42,478)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	23	(165,280)	(194,285)
Operating profit	經營溢利		200,314	275,526
Finance income	財務收入	25	34,204	42,388
Finance costs	財務成本	25	(61,630)	(60,481)
Share of profits of associates	分佔聯營公司之溢利	9	21,369	9,625
Impairment of interests in an associate	對一家聯營公司的權益之減值	9	_	(64,196)
Profit before income tax	所得税前溢利		194,257	202,862
Income tax expense	所得税開支	26	(34,840)	(30,404)
Due State und harrow	年度溢利		150 417	172 450
Profit for the year	一		159,417	172,458
Profit attributable to:	下列人士應佔溢利:			
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人		167,597	167 110
	非控制性權益			167,118
Non-controlling interests	が は 一		(8,180)	5,340
			159,417	172,458
Earnings per share attributable to equity	年內本公司權益持有人			
holders of the Company for the year	應佔每股盈利			
(expressed in HK\$ per share)	(以每股港元列示)			
– basic	-基本	27	0.12	0.12
– diluted	一攤薄	27	0.12	0.12

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with 以上綜合損益表應與隨附之附註一併閱讀。 the accompanying notes.

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

For the Year ended 31 March 2025

截至2025年3月31日止年度

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年度溢利	159,417	172,458
Other comprehensive income:  Items that have been or may be reclassified  to profit or loss:  Currency translation differences	其他全面收入: <i>已或可能重新分類至損益的</i> 項目: 外幣換算差額	(64,296)	(123,876)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	95,121	48,582
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔: 本公司權益持有人 非控制性權益	107,099 (11,978)	50,113 (1,531)
		95,121	48,582

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合全面收益表應與隨附之附註一併閱 讀。

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

As at 31 March 2025

## 綜合資產負債表

於2025年3月31日

			2025	2024
			2025年	2024年
		Note 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	2,316,482	2,290,69
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	7	161,021	169,05
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	9	263,997	251,11
Financial assets at fair value through other	按公允值計入其他全面收入的	1		
comprehensive income	金融資產	10	427	42
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	19	25,427	17,21
Prepayments for property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備預付款項			
equipment		13	73,304	88,13
			2,840,658	2,816,63
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	11	990,962	1,031,25
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	12	743,534	735,68
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款項及其他			
receivables	應收款項	13	67,659	86,12
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	32(b)	1,046	1,09
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允值計入損益的			
profit or loss	金融資產	14	_	23
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	15	_	1,05
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	15	666,507	893,88
			2,469,708	2,749,33
Total assets	資產總值		5,310,366	5,565,97
EQUITY	權益 本公司權益持有人應佔權益			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	个厶叫惟血对行入應旧惟道			
Share capital	股本	16	1 201	1.20
	股份溢價	16 16	1,391	1,39
Share premium Reserves	(A)		1,268,039	1,279,22 1,673,65
עבאבו עבא	简 消	17	1,613,260	1,0/3,05
			2,882,690	2,954,27
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		204	12,18
Total equity	權益總額		2,882,894	2,966,45

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Cont'd)**

As at 31 March 2025

## 綜合資產負債表(續)

於2025年3月31日

		Note	2025 2025年 HK\$'000	2024 2024年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
	<b>4</b>			
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借貸	18	125,428	126,156
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7	6,715	125
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	19	53,497	43,521
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	21	154,538	181,594
			340,178	351,396
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Borrowings	借貸	18	1,220,904	1,354,491
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據	20	634,210	629,757
Accruals and other payables	應計項目及其他應付款項	21	161,861	178,759
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7	856	7,683
Financial liabilities at fair value through	按公允值計入損益的			
profit or loss	金融負債	14	143	294
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		69,320	77,137
			2,087,294	2,248,121
			_,,	2,2 10,121
Total liabilities	負債總額		2,427,472	2,599,517
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		5,310,366	5,565,971

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合資產負債表應與隨附之附註一併閱 讀。

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2025 and were signed on its behalf:

董事局已於2025年6月26日批准綜合財務報 表並代表董事局簽署:

Masaru Okutomi 奥富勝 Director 董事 Tou Kit Vai 杜結威 Director 董事

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the Year ended 31 March 2025

## 綜合權益變動表

截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Attributa	ble to equity h 本公司權益持	olders of the Co 有人應佔權益	mpany		
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 干港元 (Note 16) (附註16)	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 16) (附註 16)	Reserves 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 17) (附註 17)	Sub-total 小計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日之結餘	1,408	1,295,880	1,777,576	3,074,864	13,713	3,088,577
Comprehensive income: Profit for the year	<b>全面收入</b> : 年內溢利	-		167,118	167,118	5,340	172,458
Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences	<b>其他全面收入</b> : 外幣換算差額	-	-	(117,005)	(117,005)	(6,871)	(123,876)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	其他全面收入總額,扣除税項			(117,005)	(117,005)	(6,871)	(123,876)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	_	-	50,113	50,113	(1,531)	48,582
<b>Transactions with owners:</b> Repurchase and cancellation of shares Dividend paid to equity holders	<b>與擁有人交易:</b> 回購及註銷股份 向權益持有人派付股息	(10) -	(16,659) -	_ (154,036)	(16,669) (154,036)	- -	(16,669) (154,036)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	(10)	(16,659)	(154,036)	(170,705)		(170,705)
Balance at 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日之結餘	1,398	1,279,221	1,673,653	2,954,272	12,182	2,966,454
Balance at 1 April 2024	於2024年4月1日之結餘	1,398	1,279,221	1,673,653	2,954,272	12,182	2,966,454
Comprehensive income: Profit/(loss) for the year	<b>全面收入:</b> 年內溢利/(虧損)	-	<del>_</del>	167,597	167,597	(8,180)	159,417
Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences	<b>其他全面收入</b> : 外幣換算差額	-	-	(60,498)	(60,498)	(3,798)	(64,296)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	其他全面收入總額,扣除稅項		<del>_</del>	(60,498)	(60,498)	(3,798)	(64,296)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	_	_	107,099	107,099	(11,978)	95,121
<b>Transactions with owners:</b> Repurchase and cancellation of shares Dividend paid to equity holders	<b>與擁有人交易:</b> 回購及註銷股份 向權益持有人派付股息	(7) -	(11,182) -	- (167,492)	(11,189) (167,492)	- -	(11,189) (167,492)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	(7)	(11,182)	(167,492)	(178,681)		(178,681)
Balance at 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日之結餘	1,391	1,268,039	1,613,260	2,882,690	204	2,882,894

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合權益變動表應與隨附之附註一併閱

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Year ended 31 March 2025

## 綜合現金流量表

截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flow from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	營運產生之現金	29(a)	482,567	631,868
Interest paid	已付利息		(57,876)	(61,025)
Hong Kong profits tax (paid)/refunded	(已付)/已退香港利得税		(20,348)	2,803
PRC and overseas tax paid	已付中國及海外税項		(20,292)	(32,792)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所產生的淨現金		384,051	540,854
Cook flow from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量			
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b> Purchases of property, plant and equipment	<b>投員冶劃州侍児並派皇</b> 購置物業、廠房及設備		(204 416)	(060 605)
Proceeds from disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		(294,416)	(868,605)
plant and equipment	所得款項	29(b)	4,919	6,585
Dividends received from associates	收取聯營公司之股息 	9	10,786	10,186
Placement of short-term bank deposits	存入短期銀行存款		-	(1,051)
Release of short-term bank deposits	解除短期銀行存款		1,051	160,383
Interest income received	已收利息收入		23,093	25,992
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用的淨現金		(254,567)	(666,510)
Cash flow from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量			
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	29(c)	(1,403,558)	(1,056,456)
New bank borrowings	新增銀行借貸	29(c)	1,219,611	1,090,670
Payment of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債	29(c)	(874)	(25,531)
Dividends paid to equity holders	向權益持有人派付股息	25(0)	(167,492)	(154,036)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份		(11,189)	(16,669)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用淨現金		(363,502)	(162,022)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額		(234,018)	(287,678)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	於4月1日之現金及現金			
Cash and Cash equivalents at 1 April	等值項目		893,889	1,187,110
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額		6,636	(5,543)
Cach and each equivalents at 31 May-1	於3月31日之現金及現金			
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	が 3 月 3 I 日 之 現 並 及 現 並 等 值 項 目	15	666,507	893,889

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合現金流量表應與隨附之附註一併 閱讀。

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of textile products with production base located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Vietnam.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2025.

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES**

## 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and derivative financial instruments which were measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

Comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. The Company has reclassified certain other income to revenue for both financial years.

## 綜合財務報表附註

### 1 一般資料

互太紡織控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事紡織 產品之製造及貿易。其生產基地位於中 華人民共和國(「中國」)及越南。

本公司是於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公 司。其註冊地址為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands °

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 主板 上市。

除另有説明外,此等綜合財務報表以港 元(「港元」)呈報。此等綜合財務報表於 2025年6月26日經董事局批准刊發。

#### 2 編製基準與主要會計政策概要

#### 2.1 編製基準

本集團綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的 所有適用香港財務報告準則會計準則 編製。綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本 基準編製,惟按公允值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產及衍生金融工具乃按 公允值計量。

編製財務報表乃符合香港財務報告準 則所規定使用的若干主要會計估計。 此亦要求管理層在運用本集團會計政 策時行使其判斷。

綜合財務報表內的比較金額已重新分 類,以符合本年度的呈列方式。本公 司已將該兩個財政年度的若干其他收 入重新分類為收入。

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

Hong Kong Interpretation 5

(Revised)

(a) Amended standards and Interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments to standards, annual improvements and guideline for the first time for the reporting period commencing 1 April 2024:

Amendments to HKAS 1

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

Amendments to HKAS 1

Non-current Liabilities with Covenant

Amendments to HKFRS 16

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Presentation of Financial Statements

 Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a

Repayment on Demand Clause

Amendments to HKAS 7 and Supplier Finance Arrangements

HKFRS 7

The adoption of these amended standards, does not have any significant change to the accounting policies or any significant effect on the results and financial position of the Group.

### 2 編製基準與主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(a) 本集團已採納之經修訂準則及詮 釋

> 本集團於2024年4月1日開始之 年度報告期間首次應用以下準則 修訂、年度改進及指引:

香港詮釋第5號 財務報表的呈 (經修訂) 列-借貸人 對包含按要 求償還條文 的有期貸款 的分類

香港會計準則 供應商融資 第7號及 安排 香港財務報告 準則第7號 (修訂本)

採納該等經修訂準則概無對會計 政策構成任何重大變動,且對本 集團之業績及財務狀況概無任何 重大影響。

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

(b) New and amended standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not effective

The following amended standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 April 2025 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

## 2 編製基準與主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒佈但未生效之新訂及經修訂 準則及詮釋

下列為已頒佈之新訂及經修訂準 則以及詮釋,但並未於2025年4 月1日開始之財政年度生效且本 集團並未提早採納:

		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after		於以下日期 或之後開始 之年度 期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025	香港會計準則第21號 及香港財務報告準 則第1號(修訂本)	缺乏可兑換性 2025年1月1日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026	香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	金融工具分類與 2026年1月1日 計量
HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	1 January 2026	香港財務報告準則第 1號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港 財務報告準則第9 號、香港財務報告 準則第10號及香港	香港財務報告準則 2026年1月1日 會計準則之年度 改進-第11卷
HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027	會計準則第7號 香港財務報告準則 第18號	財務報表之呈列及 2027年1月1日 披露
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027	香港財務報告準則 第19號	非公共受託責任附 2027年1月1日 屬公司:披露
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be announced	香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號 (修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公 待定 司或合營企業之 間的資產出售或 注資

None of the above new and amended standards and interpretation is expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

上述新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋預 期將不會對本集團於當前或未來 申報期間的綜合財務報表以及可 見將來交易造成重大影響。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 2.2 Changes in accounting policies

As a result of the adoption of the amendments to HKAS 1, the group changed its accounting policy for the classification of borrowings:

"Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Covenants that the group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification."

This new policy did not result in a change in the classification of the Group's borrowings. The group did not make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting the amendments to HKAS 1.

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

### (a) Market risk

## (i) Foreign exchange risk

As at 31 March 2025, the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollars ("US\$"), Renminbi ("RMB") and Vietnamese Dongs ("VND"). The Group manages its foreign exchange risks by performing regular review and monitoring its foreign exchange exposure. The Group hedges certain of its exposure to reduce the risk involved as appropriate (2024: same).

As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, management believes that the exchange rate risk for translations between HK\$ and US\$ do not have material impact to the Group.

## 2 編製基準及會計政策更改(續)

#### 2.2 會計政策的更改

由於採納香港會計準則第1號(修訂本),本集團對借款分類的會計政策 作出以下更改:

「借款歸類為流動負債,除非在報告期末,本集團有權將負債的結算延後 至報告期間後至少12個月。

附有契約的貸款安排分類為流動或非 流動時,會考慮本集團於報告期末或 之前須遵守的契約。本集團於報告期 後須遵守的契約不影響分類。|

該新政策並未導致集團借款分類的改變。本集團並無因採納香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)而作出追溯調整。

### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團業務面臨多種財務風險:市場 風險(包括外匯風險、現金流量及公 允值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資 金風險。本集團之整體風險管理專注 於金融市場之不可預測性,並尋求將 對本集團財務表現之潛在不利影響降 至最低。

## (a) 市場風險

### (i) 外匯風險

於2025年3月31日,本集團 涉及多種貨幣之外匯風險,主 要為美元(「美元」)、人民幣」)及越南盾(「越南 盾」)。本集團透過定期電閱 和不斷監察所承受外匯風險 以管理其外匯風險。本集團對 沖若干外匯風險以減低所涉 及之風險(如適用)(2024年: 相同)。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,管理層 認為港元與美元換算的匯率 風險不會對本集團產生重大 影響。

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

- (a) Market risk (Cont'd)
  - (i) Foreign exchange risk (Cont'd)

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, the PRC, Macau and Vietnam. Except for certain cash and bank balances and certain intercompany receivables denominated in foreign currencies, transactions are mainly conducted in the functional currency of the respective group entity. The foreign currency risk arising from recognised assets and liabilities is considered by the Directors to be minimal.

The Group uses forward currency contracts to economically hedge part of its foreign exchange risk. These forward currency contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting and are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss.

The table below illustrates the sensitivity as at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the respectively exchange rates against the functional currency of the respective group entities, with all other variables held constant, to the profit for the year ended 31 March 2025, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange impact on translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in these foreign currencies.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
  - (i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團主要於香港、中國、澳門及越南營運。除了若干現金 及銀行結餘與若干內部公司 應收款項以外幣計算,交易主 要以各集團實體之功能貨幣 進行。董事認為已確認資產與 負債所產生之外幣風險極小。

本集團採用遠期貨幣合約經濟對沖其部分外匯風險。該等 遠期貨幣合約不符合採用對 沖會計法入賬,而按公允值計 入損益。

下表闡釋於報告期末的各集 團實體之功能貨幣各匯率的 合理可能變動(其他所有變量 保持不變)對截至2025年3月 31日止年度溢利的敏感度分 析,主要因換算以該等外幣列 值的金融資產及負債的外匯 影響淨值而產生。

		Change in exchange rate 匯率變動	Impact on post-tax profit 對除税後溢利的影響 HK\$'000 千港元
2025 If US\$ strengthens/weakens against RMB If US\$ strengthens/weakens against VND If RMB strengthens/weakens against HK\$	2025年 倘美元對人民幣升值/貶值 倘美元對越南盾升值/貶值 倘人民幣對港元升值/貶值	+1%/-1% +1%/-1% +1%/-1%	9,329 higher/lower 增加/減少 832 lower/higher減少/增加 274 higher/lower 增加/減少
2024  If US\$ strengthens/weakens against RMB  If US\$ strengthens/weakens against VND  If RMB strengthens/weakens against HK\$	2024年 倘美元對人民幣升值/貶值 倘美元對越南盾升值/貶值 倘人民幣對港元升值/貶值	+1%/-1% +1%/-1% +1%/-1%	10,801 higher/lower增加/減少 440 lower/higher減少/增加 239 higher/lower增加/減少

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

- (a) Market risk (Cont'd)
  - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As at 31 March 2025, except for derivative financial instruments, bank deposits, lease liabilities and bank loans, details of which are disclosed in Note 14, Note 15, Note 7 and Note 18 respectively, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities (2024: same).

The Group's bank deposits and bank loans are subject to variable rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group manages its interest rate risk by performing regular reviews and continually monitoring its interest rate exposures. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

If the market interest rates for cash and bank balance and bank loans had been 50 basis points (2024: 50 basis points) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 March 2025 would have been approximately HK\$2,774,000 lower/higher (2024: HK\$2,298,000 lower/higher).

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
  - (ii) 現金流量及公允值利率風險 於2025年3月31日,除衍生 金融工具、銀行存款、租賃負 債及銀行貸款(詳情分別於附 註14、附註15、附註7及附註 18中披露)外,本集團並無其 他重大計息資產或負債(2024 年:相同)。

本集團之銀行存款及銀行貸款按浮動利率計息,此令本集團面對現金流量利率風險。本集團透過定期審閱及以管理察其利率所承受風險以管理其利率風險。本集團並無利用任何利率掉期交易以對沖其所承受之利率風險。

倘現金及銀行結餘及銀行貸款之市場利率上升/下降50基點(2024年:50基點),而其他可變因素維持不變,本集團截至2025年3月31日止年度除税後溢利將減少/增加約2,774,000港元(2024年:減少/增加2,298,000港元)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's credit risk arises from trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, amounts due from associates, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, short-term deposits and cash and bank balances (2024: same).

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits

## (i) Risk management

Substantially all of the cash and bank balances, as detailed in Note 15, are held in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, the PRC, Macau and Vietnam. with high credit rating.

#### (ii) Impairment of cash and bank deposits

Cash and bank deposits are also subject to impairment requirement of HKFRS 9. Management is of the view that the Group's cash and bank deposits are placed in those banks which are independently rated with a high credit rating. Management does not expect any material losses from non-performance by these banks as they have no default history in the past. Thus, the loss allowance provision recognised for cash and bank deposits is close to zero as at 31 March 2025 (2024: same).

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險

於2025年3月31日,本集團的信貸風險來自應付賬款及票據、按金及其他應收款項、應收聯營公司款項、按公允值計入損益的金融資產、短期存款以及現金及銀行結餘(2024年:相同)。

現金及現金等值項目以及短期銀行存款

#### (i) 風險管理

誠如附註15所詳列,幾乎所有現金及銀行結餘存放於香港、中國、澳門及越南具高信貸評級之主要金融機構。

#### (ii) 現金及銀行存款減值

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk (Cont'd)

Trade and bills receivables

(i) Risk management

The Group monitors the outstanding debts from its customers individually due to the concentration of credit risk. Management assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. The compliance with credit limits by customers is regularly monitored by management.

### (ii) Impairment of trade and bills receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and bills receivables.

As the Group's historical credit loss experience indicates different loss patterns in different geographical region, the calculation of expected credit losses on trade and bill receivables are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, the debtors' credit history and the ageing profile in different geographical region. Subsequently, the expected credit losses on trade and bills receivables are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

The Group identified the Gross Domestic Products ("GDP") of the countries in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the loss allowance for trade and bills receivables was determined as follows. The expected credit losses below also incorporated forward looking information.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 應收賬款及票據

(i) 風險管理

由於信貸風險集中,本集團個別監察其客戶的未清償債務。 管理層考慮財政狀況、過往經驗及其他因素而評估客戶之 信貸質素。管理層會定期監察客戶符合信貸限額的情況。

### (ii) 應收賬款及票據減值

本集團採用香港財務報告準 則第9號簡化方法計量預期信 貸虧損,並就所有應收賬款及 票據使用整個生命期的預期 虧損撥備。

本集團將其銷售貨品及服務 國家的國內生產總值(「國內 生產總值」)識別為最相關因 素,並據以根據該等因素的預 期變動調整過往虧損比率。

於2025年及2024年3月31日 就應收賬款及票據計提的虧 損撥備釐訂如下。下表的預期 信貸虧損已納入前瞻資訊。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk (Cont'd) Trade and bills receivables (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of trade and bills receivables (Cont'd)

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

## 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) 應收賬款及票據(續) (ii) 應收賬款及票據減值(續)

		Not yet past due 未逾期	1 to 30 days 1 至 30 日	31 to 60 days 31至60日	Over 60 days 超過60日	Total 總計
31 March 2025	2025年3月31日					
Trade and bills receivables – Gross (HK\$'000)	應收賬款及票據一總額(千港元)	716,918	19,728	6,888	1,611	745,145
Weighted average expected	加權平均預期	0.040/	0.000/	2.720/	F7 420/	0.22%
loss rate (%) Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損率(%) 虧損撥備(千港元)	0.04% 255	0.88% 174	3.73% 257	57.42% 925	1,611
		Not yet past due 未逾期	1 to 30 days 1至30日	31 to 60 days 31 至60 日	Over 60 days 超過60日	Total 總計
<b>31 March 2024</b> Trade and bills receivables	2024年3月31日 應收賬款及票據一					
– Gross (HK\$'000)	總額(千港元)	704,105	24,868	6,710	2,000	737,683
Weighted average	加權平均預期	0.050/	1.000/	5.420/	54.000/	0.270/
expected loss rate (%) Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損率(%) 虧損撥備(千港元)	0.05% 350	1.09% 270	5.13% 344	51.80% 1,036	0.27% 2,000

Impairment losses on trade and bills receivables is presented as provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

The loss allowances for trade and bills receivables as at 31 March 2025 reconcile to the opening loss allowances are presented in Note 12.

應收賬款及票據減值虧損於經營溢利內列報為應收賬款及票據減值撥備。後續收回先前已撇銷的款項於同一項目記賬。

於2025年3月31日就應收賬款及票據計 提的虧損撥備與年初虧損撥備的對賬於 附註12呈列。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments and unlisted financial product classified as FVPL

(i) Risk management

The Group had investments in derivative financial instruments – foreign currency forward contracts (the "investments"). The Group monitors the credit risks of its investments through evaluation of financial data provided by the investees.

### (ii) Credit risk of derivative financial instruments

The derivative financial instruments – foreign currency forward contracts were entered into with banks with sound credit ratings and the Group did not consider there was material exposure to credit risks. As at 31 March 2025, the maximum exposure of derivative financial instruments was Nil (2024: HK\$239,000).

#### Other financial assets at amortised cost

#### (i) Risk management

The directors of the Group consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of the assets and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The following indicators are considered:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the company's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the company;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the company, including changes in the payment status of the third party.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

衍生金融工具及非上市金融產品 分類為按公允值計入損益的資產

(i) 風險管理

本集團對衍生金融工具一外幣遠期合約進行投資(「投資」)。本集團會評估投資對象提供的財務資料,藉此監察 其投資的信貸風險。

(ii) 衍生金融工具的信貸風險 衍生金融工具一外幣遠期合 約乃與具有良好信貸評級的 銀行訂立,本集團認為不存在 重大信貸風險。於2025年3月 31日,衍生工具的最高風險為 零(2024年:239,000港元)。

# 按攤銷成本列賬的其他金融資產

#### (i) 風險管理

本集團董事在初始確認資產 時考慮違約的可能性,並持續 評估信貸風險有否顯著增加。 在評估信貸風險有否顯著增 加時,本集團將資產於報告日 期的違約風險與初始確認日 期的違約風險加以比較。已考 慮以下指標:

- 預期導致公司履行責任能力出現重大變動的業務、財務經濟狀況的實際或預期重大不利變動;
- 公司經營業績的實際或預期重大變動;
- 公司預期表現及行為的重大變動,包括第三方的付款狀況變動。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

- (b) Credit risk (Cont'd)
  Other financial assets at amortised cost (Cont'd)
  - (ii) Impairment of other financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group categories a receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments/repayable demanded greater than 365 days past due. Where the receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets at amortised cost include certain deposits and other receivables. These financial assets are considered to be low credit risk primarily because they had no history of default and the counterparties had a strong capacity to meet their contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed that the expected credit losses for these receivables are immaterial under 12 months expected losses method. Thus, the loss allowance provision recognised for these balances is close to zero as at 31 March 2025 (2024: same).

## (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through adequate committed credit facilities. The Group's primary cash requirements are for additions and upgrades to property, plant and equipment, purchases of land, capital injections into subsidiaries, and payments for purchases and operating expenses and any other unforeseen crisis. The Group finances its working capital requirements through funds generated from its operations, bank loans and other borrowings.

The Group's policy is to monitor current and expected liquidity requirements regularly to ensure it maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and has available funding through adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its working capital requirements.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

按攤銷成本列賬的其他金融資產(續)

(ii) 按攤銷成本列賬的其他金融 資產減值

> 倘無合理的收回預期,例如債務人未能與本集團制訂還該計劃,則會撤銷金融資產。項 債務人未能支付合約款項資還款項被催繳超過365 天,本集團即將應收款項已被繼 為撤銷。倘應收款項已被強 銷,本集團仍會繼續採取強制 活動嘗試收回到期應收款項。 倘收回款項,該款項會於損益 中確認。

#### (c) 流動性風險

本集團之政策為定期監察現時及 預期流動資金要求,從而確保本 集團有足夠之現金及現金等值項 目及通過充足之信貸額度獲得資 金,以滿足營運資金需求。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(c) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the consolidated balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### As at 31 March 2025

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

下表為按相關到期組別列示本集 團於綜合結算日至合約到期日 之剩餘期間之財務負債情況之分 析。於表中披露之金額為合約性 未折算現金流量。

### 於2025年3月31日

		On demand 按要求 HK\$′000 千港元	Within 1 year 1 年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 1 year 1年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans Loan from a non-controlling	銀行貸款 一間附屬公司非控制	1,220,904	-	-	1,220,904
interest of a subsidiary	性權益提供貸款	-	-	125,428	125,428
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據	-	634,210	-	634,210
Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables	租賃負債 應計項目及其他應付	-	890	7,144	8,034
	款項	-	90,253	-	90,253
		1,220,904	725,353	132,572	2,078,829

As at 31 March 2024 於 2024年 3 月 31 日

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 1 年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 1 year 1年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans Loan from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Trade and bills payables	銀行貸款 一間附屬公司非控制性 權益提供貸款 應付賬款及票據	1,354,491 - -	- 629,757	- 126,156 -	1,354,491 126,156 629,757
Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables	租賃負債 應計項目及其他應付 款項	-	8,017 135,500	126	8,143 135,500
		1,354,491	773,274	126,282	2,254,047

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(c) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The table below summarises the maturity analysis of the Group's bank loans with repayable on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the loan agreements. The amounts included interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "on demand" time band in the maturity analysis contained above.

Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretions to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such loans will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment date as set out in the loan agreements.

Maturity Analysis – bank borrowings subject to a repayable on demand clause based on scheduled repayments (including related interest payable):

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

下表概括根據貸款協議所列之既 定還款時間表,本集團包含按要求償還條款之銀行貸款之到期分析。該等款項包括以合約利率計算之利息付款。因此,該等款項超過上文所載到期分析中「按要 超過上文所載到期分析中「按要求」時間範圍內所披露之款項。

計及本集團之財務狀況,董事並 不認為銀行有可能行使其權利以 要求即時還款。董事認為該等貸 款將根據貸款協議內所列之既定 還款時間表還款。

到期分析-根據既定還款時間表 包含按要求償還條款之銀行借貸 (包括相關應付利息):

		Less than 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2025	2025年3月31日	1,126,744	67,027	52,893	_	1,246,664
31 March 2024	2024年3月31日	1,116,377	154,961	122,889	_	1,394,227

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Cont'd)

(c) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The table below analyses the Group's unlisted financial product and derivative financial instruments which will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

下表為按相關到期組別列示本集 團結算日至合約到期日之剩餘期 間之以毛額基準結算之非上市金 融產品及衍生金融工具之分析。 於表中披露之金額為合約性未折 算現金流量。

		Less than 1 month 少於1個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 3 months 1至3個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 3 months and 1 year 3個月至1年 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Over</b> 1 year 1年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2025: Foreign currency forward contracts: Outflow	<b>於2025年3月31日</b> : 外幣遠期合約: 流出	_	(143)	_	_	-
At 31 March 2024: Foreign currency forward contracts:	<b>於2024年3月31日</b> : 外幣遠期合約: 流入		239	_	_	239
Outflow	流出		(294)			(294)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, draw down or repay debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total capital. Total debt includes borrowings and bills payables as shown in the consolidated balance sheet, and total capital is the amount of "equity" as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. The gearing ratios were as follows:

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資金風險管理

本集團之資金管理目標為保障本集團 能繼續營運,以為股東提供回報,同 時兼顧其他股權持有人之利益,並維 持最佳之資本結構以減低資金成本。 為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 能會調整向股東派付之股息金額、向 股東發還資金、發行新股、提取或償 還債務。

與其他同業相同,本集團以資本負債 比率監察資本。此比率按照債務總額 除以資本總額計算。債務總額包括綜 合資產負債表所列之借貸及應付票據 以及資本總額為綜合資產負債表所列 之「權益」。資本負債比率如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings	借貸	1,346,332	1,480,647
Bills payables	應付票據	11,268	9,895
Total debt	債務總額	1,357,600	1,490,542
Total capital	資本總額	2,882,894	2,966,454
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	47%	50%

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income carries at fair value while the carrying amounts of the Group's cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits, trade and bills receivables, deposits, other receivables, amounts due from associates, trade and bills payables, accrual and other payables (excluding employees benefits related payable, provisions and other taxes payable), lease liabilities and borrowings approximate their fair values due to their short maturities and/or bear interest rate at market. The nominal values less estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values (2024: same).

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 March 2025 and 2024, by level of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允值估計

下表載列按計量公允值所用估值技術輸入值等級分析本集團於2025年及2024年3月31日以公允值列賬之金融工具。輸入值按以下三個公允值層級分類:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場之報價(未經調整)(第1層)。
- 除了第1層所包括之報價外,該資產或負債之可觀察之其他輸入,可為直接(即例如價格)或間接(即源自價格)(第2層)。
- 資產或負債並非依據可觀察市場 數據之輸入(即非可觀察輸入) (第3層)。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## 3.3 Fair value estimation (Cont'd)

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2025.

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允值估計(續)

下表列示本集團於2025年3月31日 按公允值計量之資產及負債。

		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第 3 層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 10)  - Club debentures	資產 按公允值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產 (附註10) 一會籍債券	427			427
- Club dependres	日相识分	427	-	-	427
		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第3層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14) – Derivative financial instruments Foreign currency forward contracts	負債 按公允值計入損益的 金融負債(附註14) 一衍生金融工具遠期 外幣合約	_	143		143
		-	143	_	143

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

## 3.3 Fair value estimation (Cont'd)

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2024.

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.3 公允值估計(續)

下表列示本集團於2024年3月31日 按公允值計量之資產及負債。

		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第 3 層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 10)  - Club debentures Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14)  - Derivative financial instruments Foreign currency forward	資產 按公允值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產 (附註10) 一會籍債券 按公允值計入損益的 金融資產(附註14) 一衍生金融工具遠期 外幣合約	427	-	-	427
contracts		_	239	-	239
		427	239	_	666
		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第 3 層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14) – Derivative financial instruments Foreign currency forward	負債 按公允值計入損益的 金融負債(附註14) 一衍生金融工具遠期 外幣合約				
contracts		_	294	-	294
		_	294	_	294

There were no transfers between levels during the years ended 31 March 2025 (2024: same).

截至2025年3月31日止年度各層級之間 並無轉撥(2024年:相同)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Cont'd)

The fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry Group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the closing bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, specific valuation techniques used by the Group to value level 1 and 2 financial instruments include:

- · Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允值估計(續)

在活躍市場買賣的金融工具的公允 值根據結算日的市場報價列賬。交報 價可即時和定期從證券交易所、交易 商、經紀、業內人士、定價服務者。 監管代理獲得,而該等報價代表按公 平交易基準進行的實際和常規市場 場時,該市場被視為活躍。本集團持 有的金融資產的市場報價為收市 報價。此等工具包括在第1層。

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工具(例如場外衍生工具)的公允值利用估值技術釐定。估值技術儘量利用可觀察市場數據(如有),儘量少依賴主體的特定估計。如計算一金融工具的公允值所需的所有重大輸入為可觀察數據,則該金融工具列入第2層。

如一項或多項重大輸入並非根據可觀察市場數據,則該金融工具列入第3層。

於2025年及2024年3月31日,本集 團用於評估第1層及第2層金融工具 的具體估值技術包括:

- 同類型工具的市場報價或交易商報價。
- 遠期外匯合約的公允值利用結算 日的遠期匯率釐定,而所得價值 折算至現值。

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

#### (a) Impairment of interests in associates

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of the Group's interests in associates, in particular when they consider objective evidence of impairment exists, such as the quoted market value of listed associate having fallen below its carrying amount or significant adverse changes in the market environment of the associates and the countries in which they operate.

In determining the recoverable amounts of interests in associates, management considered the higher of the value in use and fair value less cost to disposal. In determining value-in-use, an entity estimates either: (a) its share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associates and proceeds on disposal, or (b) the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received and proceeds on disposal. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including (i) the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections and (ii) control premium in the fair value less cost of disposal could materially affect the recoverable amount used in the impairment assessment and as a result affect the Group's reported balance sheet and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the significant assumptions used in the impairment assessment, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to the statement of profit or loss. Any impairment loss is recognised by writing down the interests in associates. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 4 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會持續評估,並根據過往經 驗及其他因素作出,包括於有關情況下 被認為屬合理之日後事項預測。

本集團作出有關日後之估計及假設。作出之會計估計顧名思義地甚少與相關實際結果相同。存有重大風險或會導致須對下一個財政年度資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整之估計及假設論述如下。

## (a) 對聯營公司的權益之減值

管理層定期檢討本集團於聯營公司之權益的可收回程度,彼等尤其會考慮減值的客觀證據,如上市聯營公司之市場報價跌至低於其賬面值或聯營公司之市場環境及其營運所在國家出現重大不利變動。

在釐定於聯營公司之權益的可收回金 額時,管理層已考慮使用價值與公允 值減處置成本兩者中的較高者。於釐 定使用價值時,實體估計(a)其應佔 預期將由聯營公司產生之估計未來 現金流量之現值及出售所得款項;或 (b) 將予收取股息產生之估計未來現 金流量之現值及出售所得款項。管理 層評估減值時所選用假設如有任何變 化,包括(i)現金流量預測所用貼現率 或增長率假設以及(ii)公允值減處置 成本的控制溢價,可能對減值評估中 所用可收回金額造成重大影響,以致 對本集團報告資產負債表及營運業績 造成重大影響。倘減值評估中所用的 重大假設出現重大負面變動,則或須 於損益表作出減值支出。任何減值虧 損將透過撇減於聯營公司之權益予以 確認。確認之減值虧損撥回以該項投 資其後所增加之可收回金額為限。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### (b) Income taxes, deferred taxes and other taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions where its subsidiaries operate. Significant judgement is required in determining provisions for income taxes. There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

The Group is also exposed to other taxes and duties. Significant judgement is required in determining these provisions. Where the final outcomes of these matters differ from the actual results, such difference will impact the provisions made and the earnings stated in the statement of profit or loss.

Recognition of deferred tax assets, which principally relate to tax losses, depends on the expectation of future taxable profit that will be available against which tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different. Management has performed an assessment on the recoverability of these deferred tax assets and consider that the realisation of these tax losses probable and no impairment provision is required as at year end.

### (c) Provision for impairment of trade and bills and other receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates (Note 3.1(b)). The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward – looking estimates at the balance sheet date.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (b) 所得税、遞延税項及其他税項

本集團須在其附屬公司營運所在司法 權區繳納所得稅。於釐定所得稅撥備 時須作出重大判斷。存在若干交易及 計算無法確定最終税款。本集團按是 否須繳納額外税項確認預計税務審核 事宜的負債。倘該等事宜的最終税務 結果有異於最初記錄的數額,有關差 額將會影響釐定有關數額期間的即期 及遞延所得稅資產及負債。

本集團還須繳納其他稅項與關稅。於 釐定該等撥備時須作出重大判斷。倘 該等事宜的最終税務結果有異於實際 結果,則有關差額將會影響有關撥備 和於損益表上之盈利。

遞延税項資產之確認主要涉及稅項虧 損,視平獲得可動用税項虧損抵扣的 未來應課稅溢利之預期而定。實際動 用結果可能有所不同。管理層於年末 對此等遞延所得稅資產的收回成數作 出評估,認為此等稅務虧損有可能實 現,故毋須作出減值撥備。

## (c) 應收賬款及票據及其他應收款項之減 值撥備

本集團基於有關違約風險及預虧損比 率的假設作出應收款項減值撥備(附 註3.1(b))。本集團作出此等假設時運 用判斷並基於本集團過往記錄、現行 市況及於結算日的前瞻性估計挑選減 值計算的輸入數據。

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### (d) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. Management reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

#### (e) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. These estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in the future periods.

#### (f) Impairment of non-current assets

The group tests at least annually whether intangible assets have suffered nay impairment. Other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on the higher of value-in-use calculations or fair values less cost to disposal. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell or net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the assets in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's reported balance sheet and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to the statement of profit or loss.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (d) 存貨可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃按日常業務過程 中之估計售價減估計完成成本及出售 開支計算。該等估計乃按現行市況及 製造及銷售類似性質產品之過往經驗 作出。這可能因客戶口味轉變及競爭 對手因應嚴峻行業週期而作出之行動 而大幅變化。管理層於每個結算日重 新評估該等估計。

#### (e) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

#### (f) 非流動資產減值

本集團須最少每年對無形資產進行測 試以確定其是否有任何減值。其他非 金融資產於出現顯示可能無法收回賬 面值之事件或狀況變化時檢討有否減 值。可收回金額乃按使用價值或公允 值減出售成本之較高者釐定。此等計 算需要作出判斷及估計。

管理層須就資產減值之情況作出判 斷,特別是:(i)評估有否發生可能顯 示有關資產價值可能無法收回之事 件;(ii)評估資產之可收回金額能否支 持其賬面值,可收回金額為公允值減 出售成本,或估計於業務中持續使用 該資產可產生之日後現金流量淨現值 之較高者;及(iii)評估編製現金流量 預測時所用適當主要假設,包括該等 現金流量預測是否按適當比率貼現。 管理層評估減值時所選用假設(包括 現金流量預測所用貼現率或增長率假 設)如有任何變化,均可能對減值檢 測中所用淨現值造成重大影響,以致 對本集團報告資產負債表及營運業績 造成重大影響。倘所預測表現及因此 作出之日後現金流量預測出現重大負 面變動,則或須於損益表作出減值支 出。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") has been identified as the executive directors of the Company collectively, who review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources.

As all of the Group's business operations relate to the manufacturing and trading of textile products with similar economic characteristics, the executive directors review the performance of the Group as a single segment, which covers operations conducted by subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Macau, the PRC and Vietnam. The executive directors review resources allocation and assess performance of the Group on a regular basis based on the following financial information:

## 5 分部資料

首席經營決策者(「首席經營決策者」)已 被確認為本公司執行董事,彼審閱本集 團之內部呈報,以評估表現並分配資源。

由於本集團所有業務均與製造及買賣具有類似經濟特性的紡織品有關,執行董事按照單一分部(包括於香港、澳門、中國與越南的附屬公司所經營的業務)審閱本集團之表現。執行董事亦基於以下財務資料,定期審閱本集團的資源分配及進行表現評估:

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue – sales of goods (recognised at a point in time) (Note (iii)) Sales and distribution of steam Service fee income Others	收入一銷售貨品(於特定時間點確認) (附註(iii)) 蒸汽銷售與輸配 服務費收入 其他	4,985,019 39,464 22,530 10,557	4,691,347 41,709 - 5,954
		5,057,570	4,739,010
Gross profit Gross profit margin (%)	毛利 毛利率(%)	383,985 7.6%	497,437 10.5%
Operating expenses Operating expenses/Revenue (%)	經營開支 經營開支/收入(%)	220,650 4.4%	237,487 5.0%
EBITDA (Note (ii)) EBITDA/Revenue (%)	利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利(附註(ii)) 利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利/收入(%)	473,414 9.4%	420,960 8.9%
Finance income Finance costs Depreciation (included in cost of sales and	財務收入 財務成本 折舊(計入銷售成本及經營開支)	34,204 61,630	42,388 60,481
operating expenses) Share of profits of associates Income tax expense	分佔聯營公司之溢利 所得稅開支	251,731 21,369 34,840	200,005 9,625 30,404
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company Net profit margin (%)	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 純利率(%)	167,597 3.3%	167,118 3.5%
Total assets	資產總值	5,310,366	5,565,971
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔權益	2,882,690	2,954,272
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	666,507	894,940
Borrowings	借貸	1,346,332	1,480,647
Inventories Inventory turnover days (Note (iv))	存貨 存貨週轉日數(附註(iv))	990,962 79	1,031,258 86
Trade and bills receivables Trade and bills receivables turnover days (Note (v))	應收賬款及票據 應收賬款及票據週轉日數(附註(v))	743,534 53	735,683 61
Trade and bills payables Trade and bills payables turnover days (Note (iv))	應付賬款及票據 應付賬款及票據週轉日數(附註(iv))	634,210 49	629,757 54

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) To supplement the consolidated results of the Group prepared in accordance with HKFRS, certain non-HKFRS financial measures, including EBIDTA, EBITDA/Revenue, inventories turnover days, trade and bills receivables turnover days, and trade and bills payables turnover days have been presented in this report. The Company's management believes that the non-HKFRS financial measures provide investors with clearer view on the Group's financial results, and with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of the Group's strategic operations. Nevertheless, the use of these non-HKFRS financial measures has limitations as an analytical tool. These non-HKFRS financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, analysis of the Company's financial performance prepared in accordance with HKFRS.
- (ii) EBITDA is defined as profit for the year before finance income, finance costs, income tax expense, depreciation and amortisation.
- (iii) For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recognised revenue of HK\$8,332,000 (2024: HK\$7,517,000) related to carried-forward contract liabilities.
- (iv) The turnover days are calculated by the simple average of the beginning of the year and the end of the year balances over costs of sales.
- (v) The turnover days are calculated by the simple average of the beginning of the year and the end of the year balances over revenue.

A reconciliation of EBITDA to profit before income tax is provided as follows:

### 5 分部資料(續)

附註:

- (ii) 利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利被定義 為未計財務收入、財務成本、所得税開 支、折舊與攤銷前年度溢利。
- (iii) 截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團就 結轉合約負債確認收益8,332,000港元 (2024年:7,517,000港元)。
- (iv) 週轉日數按年初與年末結餘之簡單平均 數除以銷售成本計算。
- (v) 週轉日數按年初與年末結餘之簡單平均 數除以收入計算。

利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利與所得 税前溢利之間的對賬如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
EBITDA Depreciation Finance income Finance costs	利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利 折舊 財務收入 財務成本	473,414 (251,731) 34,204 (61,630)	420,960 (200,005) 42,388 (60,481)
Profit before income tax	所得税前溢利	194,257	202,862

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

The Group's revenue represents sales of goods. An analysis of revenue by geographical location, as determined by the destination where the products were delivered, is as follows:

## 5 分部資料(續)

本集團的收入指貨品銷售。對按地區(以產品交付之目的地為準)劃分之收入的分析如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024年 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /6 /6	17676
Vietnam	越南中國	2,568,849	2,329,801
PRC		1,372,531	1,224,907
Indonesia	印尼	234,020	151,641
Bangladesh	孟加拉	211,605	278,172
Cambodia	柬埔寨	190,000	178,175
Sri Lanka	斯里蘭卡	108,692	127,470
Jordan	約旦	106,887	80,310
Africa	非洲	90,932	61,247
Hong Kong	香港	75,833	139,698
India	印度	30,919	33,738
America	美洲	29,119	70,845
Haiti	海地	20,103	36,285
Other Asian countries Others non-Asian countries	其他亞洲國家	17,674	26,039
	其他非亞洲國家	406	682
		5,057,570	4,739,010

For the year ended 31 March 2025, customer A and customer B accounted for approximately 45% (2024: 45%) and 19% (2024: 21%) of the Group's revenue, respectively. All other customers individually accounted for less than 5% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: same).

截至2025年3月31日止年度,客戶A及客戶B分別佔本集團收入的約45%(2024年:45%)及19%(2024年:21%)。截至2025年3月31日止年度,所有其他客戶各自佔本集團收入均低於5%(2024年:相同)。

The Group's non-current assets (excluding interests in associates and deferred income tax assets) are located in the following geographical areas:

本集團之非流動資產(不包括於聯營公司 之權益及遞延所得税資產)位於以下地 區:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Vietnam	越南	1,553,960	1,493,673
PRC Hong Kong	中國 香港	985,651 11,623	1,041,949 12,690
		2,551,234	2,548,312

## 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

## Accounting policies of revenue recognition

#### (a) Sales of goods

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing and trading of textile products. Revenue are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location and the risk of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised based on the price specified for each order.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

A contract liability is recognised when a customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. The Group recognised its down payments from customers under other payables and accruals in the consolidated balance sheet.

## (b) Sales and distribution of steam

Sales and distribution of steam are recognised at a point in time when control is transferred to customers, which coincides with the time when steam is transmitted primarily derived from steam meter readings.

#### (c) Service fee income

Service fee income represents the development of software, the revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer accepted the software.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 5 分部資料(續)

#### 收入確認的會計政策

#### (a) 銷售貨品

本集團主要從事紡織產品之製造及貿易。當產品的控制權轉移至客戶(即交付產品予客戶時),而客戶已接納產品,且並無可能影響客戶接納產品,且並無可能影響客戶接納產品的未履約義務時,則確認收入。當產品付運至指定地點,且陳舊及損失風險已轉移至客戶時,則落實交付。

銷售貨品的收入乃基於每份訂單各自 的價格確認。

應收款項於交付貨品時確認,原因為僅在付款日期到期前才需經過一段時間予以確認,而該階段的代價為無條件。

合約負債於客戶在本集團確認相關收 入之前支付代價時確認。本集團將收 取客戶之訂金於綜合資產負債表之其 他應付款項及應計費用下確認。

#### (b) 蒸汽銷售與輸配

蒸汽的銷售與輸配在控制權轉移至客 戶時確認,其與主要根據蒸汽錶讀數 得出的蒸汽傳輸時間一致。

## (c) 服務費收入

服務費收入指軟件開發收入,其於客 戶接收軟件時確認。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 综合財務報表附註(續)

## 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## 6 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings	Plant and machinery	Leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment 租賃物業	Motor vehicles	Computer software	Construction in progress	Total
		<b>樓宇</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>廠房及機器</b> HK\$′000 千港元	<b>装修、傢具及</b> 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>汽車</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>電腦軟件</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>在建工程</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日							
Cost	成本	1,212,998	2,648,531	525,356	49,494	111,830	363,296	4,911,505
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(704,823)	(2,166,766)	(392,359)	(36,411)	(66,498)	-	(3,366,857
Net book amount	賬面淨值	508,175	481,765	132,997	13,083	45,332	363,296	1,544,648
		'						
Year ended 31 March 2024	截至2024年3月31日止年度							
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	508,175	481,765	132,997	13,083	45,332	363,296	1,544,648
Interest capitalisation Additions	利息資本化 添置	44,703	- 53,249	17,410	- 628	12,784	10,129 883,261	10,129 1,012,035
Disposals and write-off	出售與撇銷	(492)	(10,001)	(920)	(207)	12,704	003,201	(11,620
Depreciation (Note 23)	折舊(附註23)	(50,747)	(93,317)	(31,274)	(2,625)	(16,615)	_	(194,578
Transfers	轉撥	36,912	41,152	13,630	-	7,712	(99,406)	(,
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	(19,894)	(19,597)	(5,566)	(479)	(539)	(23,849)	(69,924
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	518,657	453,251	126,277	10,400	48,674	1,133,431	2,290,690
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日							
Cost	成本	1,274,227	2,713,334	549,910	49,436	131,787	1,133,431	5,852,125
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(755,570)	(2,260,083)	(423,633)	(39,036)	(83,113)	-	(3,561,435
Net book amount	<b>賬面淨值</b>	518,657	453,251	126,277	10,400	48,674	1,133,431	2,290,690
Year ended 31 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日止年度							
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	518,657	453,251	126,277	10,400	48,674	1,133,431	2,290,690
Interest capitalisation	利息資本化	-	-	-	-	-	1,590	1,590
Additions	添置	1,493	51,627	40,665	3,466	23,279	188,718	309,248
Disposals and write-off	出售與撤銷	(396)	(9,583)	(2,457)	(199)	(51)	-	(12,68)
Depreciation (Note 23)	折舊(附註23) 轉撥	(67,986)	(117,660)	(42,697)	(3,300)	(11,909)	- (1 227 022)	(243,55)
Transfers Currency translation differences		491,646 (11,418)	578,522 (10,186)	156,196 (2,558)	11,469 (213)	(275)	(1,237,833) (4,158)	(28,80
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	931,996	945,971	275,426	21,623	59,718	81,748	2,316,48
	N 5 5 5							
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	1 755 550	2 222 747	744 755	(2.244	154740	04 740	( 430 000
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	1,755,552 (823,556)	3,323,714 (2,377,743)	741,755 (466,329)	63,344 (41,721)	154,740 (95,022)	81,748 -	6,120,853 (3,804,371

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss is analysed as follows:

#### 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於綜合損益表內確認之折舊開支分析如 下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of sales	銷售成本	231,175	178,317
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	12,377	16,261
		243,552	194,578

### Accounting policies of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Construction in progress represents buildings, plant and machinery and leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment on which construction work has not been completed. It is carried at cost which includes construction expenditures and other direct costs less any impairment losses. On completion, construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment at cost less accumulated impairment losses if any.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

#### 物業、廠房及設備的會計政策

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)乃按 歷史成本減折舊及減值虧損(如有)列賬。

在建工程指建設工程尚未完成之樓宇、廠房及機器及租賃物業裝修、傢具及設備,乃按成本(包括工程開支及其他直接成本)減任何減值虧損列賬。完成時,在建工程會按成本減累計減值虧損(如有)轉撥至適當類別之物業、廠房及設備。

歷史成本包括收購該等項目直接應佔之開支。成本亦可包括從權益中轉撥之有關利用外幣購買物業、廠房及設備之合資格現金流量對沖產生之任何收益或虧損。

只有當與項目相關之日後經濟利益有可能流入本集團及能可靠地計算項目成本之情況下,往後成本方會計入資產之賬面值或確認為獨立資產(按適用情況)。 作為獨立資產入賬的任何組成部分的賬面值在替換時予以取消確認。所有其他維修及保養於其產生期間在綜合損益表內扣除。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation on other assets other than construction in progress are calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs (less estimated residual values, if any) over their estimated useful lives at the annual rates, as follows:

Buildings 4%–5%
Plant and machinery 10%–20%
Leasehold improvements 20%–33%
or shorter of the lease terms

Furniture and equipment 20%–33% Motor vehicles 20%–25% Computer software 10%

Depreciation is not provided for construction in progress until the asset is completed and available for use.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 36.4).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

電腦軟件

#### 物業、廠房及設備的會計政策(續)

其他資產(在建工程除外)以直線法計算 折舊,以根據年率按其估計可使用年期 攤銷成本(減去估計剩餘價值(如有))如 下:

樓宇4%-5%廠房及機器10%-20%租賃物業裝修20%-33%或較短租期20%-33%汽車20%-25%

直至資產完成及可投入使用前,不會就 在建工程計提折舊。

10%

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期會於每個 結算日檢討及(倘適用)作出調整。

倘資產之賬面值超過其估計可收回金額, 則資產之賬面值將即時撇減至其可收回 金額(附註36.4)。

出售盈虧按將所得款項與賬面值相比較 後釐定,並於綜合損益表中確認。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 7 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

## (a) Balance recognised in the consolidated balance sheet $% \left( \mathbf{a}\right) =\left( \mathbf{a}\right) ^{2}$

Right-of-use assets

## 7 使用權資產及租賃負債

(a) 於綜合資產負債表確認之結餘 使用權資產

		Office premise 辦公室物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Land use rights 土地使用權 HK\$'000 千港元	Prepayment for land use rights 土地使用權 預付款項 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2024	截至2024年3月31日					
	止年度					
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	807	1,008	100,099	76,891	178,805
Additions	添置	839	_	_	-	839
Transfer	轉撥	- (222)	- (40)	76,891	(76,891)	- (5.403)
Depreciation (Note 23)	折舊(附註23)	(839)	(42)	(4,546)	_	(5,427)
Exchange differences	換算差額			(5,158)		(5,158)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	807	966	167,286	-	169,059
A. 24 A. J. 2024	₩ 2024 /E 2					
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日 成本	4.056	2 707	232,247		239,990
Cost Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	4,956 (4,149)	2,787 (1,821)	(64,961)	_	(70,931)
Accumulated depreciation	系 II 1/I 百	(4,149)	(1,021)	(04,901)		(70,931)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	807	966	167,286		169,059
Year ended 31 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	807	966	167,286	-	169,059
Additions	添置	859	-	-	-	859
Depreciation (Note 23)	折舊(附註23)	(797)	(42)	(7,340)	-	(8,179)
Exchange differences	換算差額		_	(718)	_	(718)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	869	924	159,228	-	161,021
At 31 March 2025	於 2025 年 3 月 31 日					
Cost	成本	5,815	2,787	232,247	_	240,849
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,946)	(1,863)	(73,019)	-	(79,828)
Net book amount		869	924	159,228	_	161,021

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 7 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

# (a) Balance recognised in the consolidated balance sheet (Cont'd) Lease liabilities

## 7 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(a) 於綜合資產負債表確認之結餘(續) 租賃負債

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current portion	流動部分	856	7,683
Non-current portion	非流動部分	6,715	125
		7,571	7,808

### (b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement

### (b) 於綜合收益表確認之金額

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	8,179	5,427
Expenses relating to short-term leases	短期租賃相關開支	1,553	2,344
Unwinding of interests on lease liabilities	解除租賃負債之利息	651	1,396

The total cash outflow of leases for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$2,427,000 (2024: HK\$27,875,000).

Depreciation of HK\$7,382,000 (2024: HK\$4,588,000) has been charged in 'cost of sales' and HK\$797,000 (2024: HK\$839,000) in 'general and administrative expenses' respectively during the year ended 31 March 2025.

於截至2025年3月31日止年度有關租賃之現金流出總額約為2,427,000港元(2024年:27,875,000港元)。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度分別 於「銷售成本」及「一般及行政開支」 扣除折舊7,382,000港元(2024年: 4,588,000港元)及797,000港元(2024年:839,000港元)。

## 7 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

### (c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases land under land use right arrangements in the PRC and Vietnam and owns leasehold land in Hong Kong.

The Group leases various office premises. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 3 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amount for land use rights in Vietnam amounted to HK\$72,896,000, (2024: HK\$75,243,000) which the Group obtained the formal legal title in 2024. As at 31 March 2025, the outstanding lease liabilities in respect of such land use rights amounted to HK\$6,715,000.

#### Accounting policies of leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable (if any);
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 7 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### (c) 本集團之租賃活動及其入賬方法

本集團於中國及越南根據土地使用權 安排租用土地以及於香港擁有租賃土 地。

本集團租用若干辦公室物業。租賃合約一般為2至3年的固定期限。

租賃條款個別磋商,條款及條件各有 不同。租賃協議並無施加任何契諾, 惟租賃資產不可用作借款之抵押品。

於2025年3月31日,越南土地使用權的賬面值為72,896,000港元(2024年:75,243,000港元),而本集團已於2024年取得正式的法定產權。於2025年3月31日,有關土地使用權的未清償租賃負債為6,715,000港元。

#### 租賃之會計政策

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日確認為使用權資產及相關負債。

租賃條款按個別基準磋商、並包含多種 不同條款及條件。除出租人就租賃資產 持有擔保利益外,租賃協議不會施加任 何其他契諾。租賃資產未必會用於借款 抵押。

租賃產生的資產及負債最初按現值基準 計量。租賃負債包括下列租賃付款的淨 現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款),減 任何應收租賃優惠(如有);
- 購買選擇權的行使價,倘本集團合理 確定行使該選擇權;及
- 終止租賃的罰款,倘租期反映本集團 行使該選擇權。

根據合理確定延續選擇權而支付的租賃款項亦包括於負債計量。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

### 7 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

#### Accounting policies of leases (Cont'd)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received (if any); and
- any initial direct costs

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small items of office equipment.

Lease income from operating leases where the group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 31(b)). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expenses over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated balance sheet based on their nature. The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 7 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### 租賃之會計政策(續)

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以貼現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(本集團的租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承租人遞增借款利率,即個別承租人在類似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條件借入所需資金以獲得與使用權資產價值類似的資產必須支付的利率。

為釐定遞增借款利率,本集團使用個別 承租人最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點 作出調整以反映自獲得第三方融資以來 融資條件的變動。

租賃付款於本金及融資成本之間攤分。 融資成本在租期於損益扣除,藉以令各 期間的負債餘額的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各項:

- 最初計量租賃負債之金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃 付款,扣除已收之任何租賃優惠(如 有):及
- 任何初始直接成本。

使用權資產一般按直線法於資產可使用 年期或租期(以較短者為準)計算折舊。 倘本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權,則 使用權資產於相關資產的可使用年期內 折舊。

與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃有關之付款按直線法於損益中確認為開支。短期租賃指租賃期為12個月或以下之租賃。低價值資產包括辦公室設備的小型項目。

本集團作為出租人從經營租賃收取的租赁收入於租期內以直線法於收入內確認(附註31(b))。取得經營租賃產生的初始直接成本加入相關資產的賬面值,並於租期內以確認租賃收入的相同基礎認為開支。個別租賃資產按其性質計入,本為開產負債表。採納新租賃準則後,本集團無需對以出租人身份持有資產的會計處理作出任何調整。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

## 8 附屬公司

下表列示於2025年及2024年3月31日之 主要附屬公司。

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Particulars of issued share/ paid up capital 已發行股本/	Equity interes		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	法人實體類型	繳足股本詳情	本集團應信 2025 2025年	<b>5股本權益</b> 2024 2024年	主要業務
Shares held directly by the Company: 本公司直接持有股份:					
Pacific Textured Jersey Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands, limited liability	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
	company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1港元			投資控股
Pacific Textiles Overseas Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1港元			投資控股
Pacific HK & China Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1港元			投資控股
Pacific SPM Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1港元			投資控股
Fast Right Group Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
正迅集團有限公司	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1,000美元			投資控股
Gain Trillion Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Product Champion Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1美元			投資控股

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 综合財務報表附註(續)

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

## 8 附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及 法人實體類型	Particulars of issued share/paid up capital 已發行股本/繳足股本詳情	to the	st attributable Group 占股本權益 2024	Principal activities 主要業務	
			2025年	2024年		
Shares held indirectly by the Company: 本公司間接持有股份:						
Fast Right Group (HK) Limited 正迅集團 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Pacific Textiles Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$103,000,000	100%	100%	Investment holding and trading of	
互太紡織有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	103,000,000港元			textile products in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股及紡織品貿易	
Pacific SPM Investment Limited 互太汽車紡織投資有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港,有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Trillion Trading Macao Limited 兆益貿易 (澳門) 有限公司	Macau, limited liability company 澳門,有限責任公司	MOP1,000,000 1,000,000澳門幣	100%	100%	Trading of textile products in Macau 於澳門進行紡織品貿易	
Pacific (Panyu) Textiles Limited (Note (a))	PRC, wholly foreign owned limited	US\$134,804,000	100%	100%	Manufacturing and trading of textile	
互太(番禺)紡織印染有限公司(附註(a))	liability company 中國,外商獨資有限責任公司	134,804,000美元			products in PRC 於中國進行紡織品製造及貿易	
Pacific GT Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability	US\$19,025,000	95%	95%	Investment holding	
	company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	19,025,000美元			投資控股	
PCGT Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$3,900,000	71.25%	71.25%	Investment holding	
	香港,有限責任公司	3,900,000港元			投資控股	
PC Textiles Trading Limited ("PCTT")	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	71.25%	71.25%	Trading of textile products in	
	香港,有限責任公司	10,000港元			Hong Kong 於香港進行紡織品貿易	

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

## 8 附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及 法人實體類型	Particulars of issued share/paid up capital 已發行股本/繳足股本詳情	Equity interes to the 本集團應化 2025 2025年	Group	Principal activities 主要業務
Shares held indirectly by the Company: (Cont'd) 本公司間接持有股份:(績)					
Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited ("PCTL") (Note (b)) Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited (「PCTL」) (附註(b))	Vietnam, limited liability company 越南,有限責任公司	US\$55,500,000 55,500,000美元	71.25%	71.25%	Manufacturing and trading of textile products in Vietnam 於越南進行紡織品製造及貿易
South Shining Limited 南昱有限公司	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	US\$1 1美元	95%	95%	Investment holding 投資控股
Wonder Lucky Star Trading Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港,有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	100%	Trading of textile products in Hong Kong 於香港進行紡織品貿易
Joyful Wonder Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港・有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangzhou Gaozhuan Information Technology Limited (Note (c)) 廣州高專資訊科技有限公司 (附註(c))	PRC, wholly foreign owned limited liability company 中國·外商獨資有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	100%	100%	Provision for information technology service in PRC 於中國提供資訊科技服務
Top Textiles Limited (Note (d)) Top Textiles Limited (附註(d))	Vietnam, limited liability company 越南·有限責任公司	US\$178,000,000 178,000,000美元	100%	100%	Manufacturing and trading of textile products in Vietnam 於越南進行紡織品製造及貿易

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 8 SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

- (a) Pacific (Panyu) Textiles Limited is a wholly foreign owned limited liability company incorporated in the PRC with registered capital of US\$134,804,000 to be operated from July 1997 to July 2047. As at 31 March 2025, the Group has fully paid up the registered capital to this subsidiary.
- (b) Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Vietnam with registered capital of US\$55,500,000 to be operated from April 2011 to January 2054. As at 31 March 2025, the Group has fully paid up the registered capital to this subsidiary.
- (c) Guangzhou Gaozhuan Information Technology Limited is a wholly foreign owned limited liability company incorporated in PRC with registered capital of RMB20,000,000 to be operated from May 2016 to May 2046. As at 31 March 2025, the Group is yet to pay up registered capital of RMB10,000,000 to this subsidiary.
- (d) Top Textiles Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Vietnam with registered capital of US\$178,000,000 to be operated from December 2019 to December 2065. As at 31 March 2025, the Group has fully paid up the registered capital to this subsidiary.
- (e) None of the subsidiaries has issued any debt security at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 8 附屬公司(續)

- (a) 互太(番禺)紡織印染有限公司為一家於中國註冊成立之外商獨資有限責任公司,其註冊資本為134,804,000美元,由1997年7月開始營運至2047年7月。於2025年3月31日,本集團已繳足該附屬公司之註冊資本。
- (b) Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited 為一家 於越南註冊成立之有限責任公司,其 註冊資本為55,500,000美元,由2011 年4月開始營運至2054年1月。於 2025年3月31日,本集團已繳足該附 屬公司之註冊資本。
- (c) 廣州高專資訊科技有限公司為一家於中國註冊成立之外商獨資有限責任公司,其註冊資本為人民幣20,000,000元,由2016年5月開始營運至2046年5月。於2025年3月31日,本集團尚未繳付該附屬公司之註冊資本人民幣10,000,000元。
- (d) Top Textiles Limited為一家於越南註冊成立之有限責任公司,其註冊資本為178,000,000美元,由2019年12月開始營運至2065年12月。於2025年3月31日,本集團已繳足此附屬公司之註冊資本。
- (e) 於年末或年內任何時間,附屬公司概 無發行任何債務證券。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

## (f) Material non-controlling interests

The total non-controlling interest as at 31 March 2025 is HK\$204,000 (2024: HK\$12,182,000), mainly comprised the Group's investment in Vietnam through Pacific GT Limited, PCGT Limited, PCTL and PCTT. The non-controlling interests in respect of South Shining Limited are not material.

Summarised financial information on subsidiaries with material noncontrolling interests

Set out below are the summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the Group.

## 8 附屬公司(續)

### (f) 重大非控制性權益

於2025年3月31日之非控制性權益總額為204,000港元(2024年:12,182,000港元),主要包括本集團透過Pacific GT Limited、PCTL及PCTT於越南進行的投資。南昱有限公司的非控制性權益屬非重大。

擁有重大非控制性權益附屬公司之財 務資料概要

以下載列擁有對本集團而言屬重大的 非控制性權益之各附屬公司之財務資 料概要。

		Pacific GT Limited		PCGT L	imited	PC	TL	PCT	Т
		2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
		2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Summarised balance sheet	資產負債表概要								
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,932	2,932	434,057	435,906	223,036	250,628	-	_
Current assets	流動資產	138,322	153,409	10,769	13,123	185,722	208,159	180,418	265,172
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	-	125,428	126,156	41,861	28,771	-	-
Current liabilities	流動負債	2,084	2,117	279,384	285,059	17,255	23,348	162,511	67,331
Net assets	資產淨值	139,172	154,224	38,156	37,814	349,642	406,668	17,907	197,841

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 8 SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(f) Material non-controlling interests (Cont'd)

## 8 附屬公司(續)

(f) 重大非控制性權益(續)

		Pacific GT	Limited	PCGT Li	mited	PCT	ΓL	PCT	П
		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Summarised statement of	損益表概要								
<b>profit or loss</b> Revenue	收入		4		582,040	607,554	813,187	1,067,714	709,069
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/溢利	(15,052)	(14,989)	341	9,282	(24,992)	8,877	1,067,714	5,857
Other comprehensive loss for	年度其他全面虧損	(13,032)	(11,505)	341	7,202	(24,332)	0,077	12,040	3,031
the year		_	_	_	_	13,216	(2,830)	_	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/incom	e 年度全面(虧損)/					.,	( , ,		
for the year	收入總額	(15,052)	(14,989)	341	9,282	(38,208)	6,047	12,040	5,857
(Loss)/profit attributable to non-	分配至非控制性權益								
controlling interests	之(虧損)/溢利	(753)	(749)	98	2,669	(10,985)	1,738	3,462	1,682
Summarised cash flows	現金流量概要								
Net cash (used in)/generated	<b>况並派里恢安</b> 營運活動(所用)/								
from operating activities	所得之現金淨額	(3)	(1.679)	(4,584)	(37,283)	14,931	26,581	(65,267)	160,408
Net cash (used in)/generated	投資活動(所用)/	(5)	(1,073)	(4,504)	(37,203)	17,551	20,301	(03,207)	100,400
from investing activities	所得現金淨額	_	_	_	_	(6,083)	(22,086)	3,335	(54,316)
Net cash generated from/	融資活動所得/					(0,003)	(22,000)	3,333	(31,310)
(used in) financing activities	(所用)現金淨額	_	_	727	(78,523)	_	(184)	_	_
Net (decrease)/increase in cash	現金及現金等值				, , -,		. ,		
and cash equivalents	項目(減少)/								
	增加淨額	(3)	(1,679)	(3,857)	(115,806)	8,848	4,311	(61,932)	106,092

The information above is the amount before inter-company eliminations.

As at 31 March 2025, cash and bank deposits of HK\$18,339,000 (2024: HK\$9,491,000) of PCTL are held in Vietnam and are subject to local exchange control regulations. These local exchange control regulations provide for restrictions on exporting capital from the country, other than through normal dividends.

上述資料為公司間抵銷前金額。

於2025年3月31日,PCTL於越南持有現金及銀行存款18,339,000港元(2024年:9,491,000港元),且須受地方外匯管制規定的規限。該等地方外匯管制規定對從國內匯出資本作出限制,惟透過普通股息匯出則除外。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 综合財務報表附註(續)

## 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES

## 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
SPM Automotive Textile Co., Ltd. ("SPM Automotive") Teejay Lanka PLC ("PT Sri Lanka")	住江互太(廣州)汽車紡織產品 有限公司(「住江互太」) Teejay Lanka PLC(「PT斯里蘭卡」)	35,851 228,146	38,620 212,492
		263,997	251,112

Movements in share of net assets of associates are as follows:

## 分佔聯營公司資產淨值之變動如下:

		2025	2024
		2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
		l ASTA	
At 1 April	於4月1日	251,112	315,869
Dividends	股息	(10,786)	(10,186)
Share of profits	分佔溢利	21,369	9,625
Impairment of interests in an associate	對一家聯營公司的權益之減值	_	(64,196)
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	2,302	_
At 31 March	於3月31日	263,997	251,112

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

The particulars of the associates at 31 March 2025 and 2024, which were held indirectly by the Company, are as follows:

# 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項 (續)

於2025年及2024年3月31日之聯營公司 (由本公司間接持有)之詳情如下:

Name of associates	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行	Equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔股本權益		Principal activities and place of operation	
附屬公司名稱	法人實體類型	股本詳情	2025年	2024 2024年	主要業務	
SPM Automotive	PRC, limited liability company	US\$7,500,000	33%	33%	Manufacturing and trading of vehicles related textile products in	
住江互太	中國,有限責任公司	7,500,000美元			the PRC 於中國進行汽車相關紡織品製造及 貿易	
Teejay Lanka PLC	Sri Lanka, limited liability company	RS4,582,871,000	27%	28%	Manufacturing and trading of textile products in Sri Lanka	
PT斯里蘭卡	斯里蘭卡,有限責任公司	4,582,871,000 斯里蘭卡盧比			於斯里蘭卡進行紡織品製造及貿易	

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

### Summarised financial information for associates

Set out below are the summarised financial information for SPM Automotive and PT Sri Lanka, which are accounted for using the equity method.

## 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項 (續)

## 聯營公司的財務資料概要

以下載列住江互太及PT斯里蘭卡以權益 法入賬的財務資料概要。

		SPM Automotive 住江互太		PT Sri Lanka PT斯里蘭卡	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Summarised balance sheet	資產負債表概要				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	9,281	11,013	593,056	637,897
Current assets	流動資產	147,002	154,203	903,575	800,555
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	264	_	187,143	223,904
Current liabilities	流動負債	47,377	48,186	460,689	435,320
Net assets	資產淨值	108,642	117,030	848,799	779,228
Summarised statement of	損益表概要				
	<b>只血化</b> 侧女				
profit or loss Revenue	收入	254.716	205 461	1 770 510	1 516 017
		254,716	285,461	1,779,519	1,516,817
Profit for the year	年度溢利	4,614	7,051	73,074	26,148
Other comprehensive income for	年度其他全面收入				
the year	左京 医二十二 (4) 20	_	_	-	_
Total comprehensive income for	年度全面收入總額				
the year		4,614	7,051	73,074	26,148

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

#### Summarised financial information for associates (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information of the associates to the carrying value of the Group's interests in associates is as follows:

### 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項 (續)

#### 聯營公司的財務資料概要(續)

上述聯營公司財務資料概要與本集團於 聯營公司權益賬面值的對賬如下:

		SPM Automotive PT Sri Lanka 住江互太 PT斯里蘭卡			Tot 總		
		2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
		2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Opening net assets at 1 April	於4月1日年初之資產淨值	117,030	124,615	779,228	770,968	896,258	895,583
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	_	6,143	25,066	(5,960)	25,066	183
Profit for the year	年度溢利	4,614	7,051	73,074	26,148	77,688	33,199
Dividends	股息	(13,002)	(20,779)	(28,569)	(11,928)	(41,571)	(32,707)
Closing net assets at 31 March	於3月31日年末之資產淨值	108,642	117,030	848,799	779,228	957,441	896,258
Net assets attributable to	本集團應佔資產淨值						
the Group		35,851	38,620	230,258	214,604	266,109	253,224
Goodwill	商譽	_	_	108,693	108,693	108,693	108,693
Less: Impairment loss	減:減值虧損	-	-	(110,805)	(110,805)	(110,805)	(110,805)
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	35,851	38,620	228,146	212,492	263,997	251,112
Dividends received from	已收聯營公司股息						
associates		4,291	6,857	6,495	3,329	10,786	10,186

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associates adjusted for differences in accounting policies between the Group and the associates.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's share of contingent liability in respect of a pending tax claim against PT Sri Lanka amounted to approximately HK\$11,412,000 (2024: HK\$3,626,000). The Group has no contingent liabilities relating to its interests in associates.

Cash and bank deposits of HK\$46,000,000 (2024: HK\$54,885,000) which belongs to the Group's associate in the PRC are held in the PRC and are subject to local exchange control regulations. These local exchange control regulations provide for restrictions on exporting capital from the country, other than through normal dividends.

上述資料反映聯營公司財務報表所列金額,並已就本集團與聯營公司之會計政 策差異作出調整。

於2025年3月31日,本集團就一項對PT 斯里蘭卡提出之待決稅務申索應佔的 或有負債約為11,412,000港元(2024年: 3,626,000港元)。本集團概無關於其聯營 公司權益之或有負債。

於中國持有歸屬於本集團於中國之聯營公司的現金及銀行存款46,000,000港元(2024年:54,885,000港元),且須受地方外匯管制規定的規限。該等地方外匯管制規定對從國內匯出資本作出限制,惟透過普通股息匯出則除外。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

#### Amounts due from associates

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and current in nature. The amounts are denominated in USS.

#### Accounting policies of associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee in the consolidated statement of profit or loss after the date of acquisition and the investor's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its investments in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The financial information of associates has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

The Group's interests in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any difference between the cost of the associate and the Group's share of the aggregate fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investments in associates are impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to "impairment of interests in an associate" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項 (續)

#### 應收聯營公司款項

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息、於 要求時償還及屬於即期性質。金額以美 元列值。

#### 聯營公司之會計政策

聯營公司是指本集團對其有重大影響力 而無控制權之所有實體·通常附帶有20% 至50%投票權之股權。於聯營公司權益 以權益會計法入賬。

根據權益法,投資初始以成本確認,賬面值可予增減,以於綜合損益表確認投資公司於收購日期後應佔所投資公司之損益及於綜合全面收益表確認投資者應佔所投資公司之其他全面收入變動。已收或應收聯營公司股息以扣減投資賬面值的方式確認。

當本集團分佔聯營公司的虧損等於或超 出於聯營公司的投資(包括任何其他無抵 押應收款項),除非本集團產生法律或推 定責任,或須代替聯營公司付款,否則 不會進一步確認虧損。

如本集團與其聯營公司進行上下游交易並引致損益,本集團僅會於財務報表中,確認無關連投資者於聯營公司的權益部分。除非交易有證據顯示轉讓資產已經減值,否則未變現虧損會被對銷。已對聯營公司的財務資料作出必要改動,確保與本集團採取的會計保持政策一致。

本集團於聯營公司之權益包括於收購時 識別之商譽。在購買一間聯營公司之所 有權權益時,購買成本與本集團享有之 聯營公司可識別資產和負債之公允值總 額之任何差額入賬列作商譽。

本集團在每個報告日期釐定是否有客觀證據證明聯營公司投資已減值。如投資已減值,本集團計算減值,數額為聯營公司可收回數額與其賬面值之差額,並在綜合損益表中緊鄰「對一家聯營公司的權益之減值」確認有關數額。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 9 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

#### Accounting policies of associates (Cont'd)

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate. Gains or losses on dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 36.4.

### 9 於聯營公司之權益及應收聯營公司款項 (續)

#### 聯營公司之會計政策(續)

如對聯營公司的擁有人權益下降,但仍 保留重大影響力,在先前已於其他全面 收益確認的金額中,僅會將適當比例的 份額重新分類至損益。於聯營公司之股 權所產生之攤薄盈虧於綜合損益表確認。

權益類投資的賬面值根據附註36.4描述 的政策進行減值測試。

# 10 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## 10 按公允值計入其他全面收入的金融資產

		2025年 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Club debentures	會籍債券	427	427

The fair values of club debentures are based on second hand market prices. See Note 3.3 for further information on fair value. The club debentures are denominated in HK\$.

會籍債券之公允值乃根據二手市場價釐 定。見附註3.3有關公允值之進一步資 料。會籍債券以港元列值。

### 11 INVENTORIES 11 存貨

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原料	590,942	672,564
Work-in-progress	在製品	97,734	146,486
Finished goods	製成品	302,286	212,208
		990,962	1,031,258

The cost of inventories included in cost of sales during the year amounted to approximately HK\$3,906,750,000 (2024: HK\$3,598,052,000) which included impairment loss of provision for inventories amounted to approximately HK\$10,042,000 (2024: reversal of provision for inventories amounted to approximately HK\$9,435,000) for the year ended 31 March 2025.

年內計入銷售成本之存貨成本約 為3,906,750,000港元(2024年: 3,598,052,000港元),包括截至2025年3 月31日止年度計提存貨撥備之減值虧損約10,042,000港元(2024年:撥回存貨撥備約9,435,000港元)。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 11 INVENTORIES (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

### 11 存貨(續)

### 存貨之會計政策

存貨以成本與可變現淨值之較低者列賬。 成本以加權平均法釐定。製成品及在製 品之成本包括原料、直接勞工、其他直 接成本及相關生產間接費用(按正常營運 能力計算),而不包括借款成本。可變現 淨值為日常業務過程中之估計售價減適 用之變動銷售開支。

### 12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

### 12 應收賬款及票據

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Bills receivables	應收賬款 應收票據	718,831 26,314	710,431 27,252
Less: provision for impairment of trade and bills	減:應收賬款及票據減值撥備	745,145	737,683
receivables	,	(1,611)	(2,000)
		743,534	735,683

Majority of the Group's sales are with credit terms of 30 to 120 days. The ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

本集團大部分銷售之信貸期介乎30至 120天。根據發票日期,應收賬款及票據 之賬齡分析如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
0.60 days	0.60 =		
0–60 days 61–120 days	0-60天 61-120天	669,725 73,644	621,347 114,395
121 days–1 year	121天-1年	1,776	1,941
		745,145	737,683

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Trade and bills receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

### 12 應收賬款及票據(續)

應收賬款及票據按以下貨幣列值:

		2025年 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$	美元	650,049	614,103
RMB	人民幣	80,792	108,635
HK\$	港元	14,304	14,945
		745,145	737,683

The top two customers accounted for approximately 42% (2024: 38%) and 29% (2024: 24%), respectively, of the Group's trade and bills receivables; all other customers individually accounted for less than 4% of the Group's trade and bills receivables as at 31 March 2025 (2024: 6%).

The book carrying amounts of trade and bills receivables approximate their fair values.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and bills receivables. Note 3.1 provides for details about the calculation of the allowance and the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

Movements in the Group's provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables are as follows:

首兩大客戶分別約佔本集團應收賬款及票據42%(2024年:38%)及29%(2024年:24%);於2025年3月31日,所有其他客戶個別佔本集團應收賬款及票據少於4%(2024年:6%)。

應收賬款及票據之賬面值與其公允值相若。

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號簡 化方法計量預期信貸虧損,並就所有應 收賬款及票據使用整個生命期的預期虧 損撥備。附註3.1載有計算撥備以及本集 團外匯風險及利率風險之詳情。

本集團就應收賬款及票據作出減值撥備 之變動如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April (Reversal of impairment)/impairment loss of	於4月1日 應收賬款及票據(撥回減值)/	2,000	1,308
trade and bills receivables	減值虧損	(367)	724
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	(22)	(32)
At 31 March	於3月31日	1,611	2,000

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the net book carrying amounts of the receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

於結算日,最大信貸風險為上述應收款 項之賬面淨值。本集團並無持有任何抵 押品作擔保。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of trade and bills receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and bills receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 36.5 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

### 12 應收賬款及票據(續)

#### 應收賬款及票據之會計政策

應收賬款為在日常營運活動中就貨品銷售或提供服務而應收客戶之款項。如應收賬款及其他應收款項之收回預期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),則其被分類為流動資產:否則分類為非流動資產。

應收賬款及票據初步按公允值確認,其 後則按實際利率法以攤銷成本扣除減值 撥備計量。有關本集團減值政策之描述, 請參閱附註36.5。

### 13 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 13 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental, utility and other deposits Prepayments for purchase of inventories	租金、公用服務及其他按金 購買存貨與消耗品預付款項	674	651
and consumables Prepayments for purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備預付款項	33,724	35,498
plant and equipment		73,304	88,136
Other prepayments	其他預付款項	5,756	9,642
Value-added tax recoverable	可收回增值税	12,154	23,674
Import duty receivables	應收進口税	4,638	4,264
Social insurance receivables from staff	應收員工社會保險款項	3,630	3,339
Others	其他	7,083	9,052
		140,963	174,256
Less non-current portion:	減非流動部分:	,	,
Prepayments for purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備預付款項		
plant and equipment		(73,304)	(88,136)
Current portion	流動部分	67,659	86,120

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 13 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Deposits, prepayments and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

### 13 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

按金、預付款項及其他應收款項按以下 貨幣列值:

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000
		十冷兀	千港元
VND	越南盾	76,218	75,082
RMB	人民幣	49,521	81,786
US\$	美元	8,925	8,638
MOP	澳門幣	1,031	3,359
HK\$	港元	5,268	5,391
		140,963	174,256

As at 31 March 2025, due to the short-term nature of deposits and other receivables, except for the prepayments and value-added tax recoverable which are not financial assets, the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values (2024: same).

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the carrying amount of deposits and other receivables. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all deposits and other receivables. Information about the impairment of deposits and other receivables and the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 3.1.

於2025年3月31日,由於按金及其他應收款項的短期性質,除預付款項及可收回增值税並非金融資產外,按金及其他應收款項的賬面值與其公允值相若(2024年:相同)。

於結算日,最大信貸風險為按金及其他 應收款項之賬面值。本集團並無持有任 何抵押品作擔保。

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號簡 化方法計量預期信貸虧損,並就所有按 金及其他應收款項使用整個生命期的預 期虧損撥備。有關按金及其他應收款項 減值以及本集團信貸風險、外幣風險及 利率風險的資料載於附註3.1。

# 14 FINANCIAL ASSETS/LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR 14 按公允值計入損益的金融資產/負債 LOSS

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets:  Derivative financial instruments  - Foreign currency forward contracts (Note)	<b>資產:</b> 衍生金融工具 一外幣遠期合約(附註)	-	239
Liabilities:  Derivative financial instruments  - Foreign currency forward contracts (Note)	<b>負債:</b> 衍生金融工具 一外幣遠期合約(附註)	143	294

Note: As at 31 March 2025, the notional principal amounts of the Group's outstanding foreign currency forward contracts were US\$5,000,000 (2024: US\$10,000,000).

附註:於2025年3月31日,本集團之未到 期外幣遠期合約之名義本金額為 5,000,000美元(2024年:10,000,000 美元)。

### 15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS

### 15 現金及現金等值項目以及短期銀行存款

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000	2024 2024年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	666,507	893,889
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	-	1,051
		666,507	894,940

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date is the book carrying value of the cash at banks.

於結算日,最大信貸風險為銀行現金之 賬面值。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

# 15 現金及現金等值項目以及短期銀行存款 (續)

現金及現金等值項目以及短期銀行存款 按以下貨幣列值:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$	美元	437,219	735,947
RMB	人民幣	187,187	122,804
HK\$	港元	34,633	27,211
VND	越南盾	6,873	8,621
Others	其他	595	357
		666,507	894,940

The Group's cash and bank balances denominated in RMB amounted HK\$187,062,000 (2024: HK\$122,037,000) and VND amounted HK\$6,831,000 (2024: HK\$7,570,000) are primarily deposited with banks in the PRC and Vietnam. The conversion of RMB and VND denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of the PRC and Vietnam are subject to rules and regulations on foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC Government and the Vietnam Government, respectively.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates ranging from 0.1% to 3.96% per annum at 31 March 2025 (2024: 0.20% to 3.73% per annum).

The effective annual interest rate and maturities of short-term bank deposits at 31 March 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

本集團以人民幣及越南盾列值之現金及銀行結餘分別為187,062,000港元(2024年:122,037,000港元)及6,831,000港元(2024年:7,570,000港元),乃主要存放於中國及越南之銀行。將人民幣及越南盾列值之結餘兑換為外幣以及匯款至中國及越南境外須遵守中國政府及越南政府分別頒佈之外匯管制規則及規定。

銀行現金按銀行每日存款利率以浮息賺取利息,於2025年3月31日息率介乎每年0.1%至3.96%(2024年:每年為0.20%至3.73%)。

於2025年及2024年3月31日,短期銀行 存款之實際年利率及到期日如下:

		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
Effective annual interest rate Maturities	實際年利率 到期日	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	5.01% 29–365 days 29–365 天

Information about the impairment of cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits and the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 3.1.

有關現金及現金等值項目及短期銀行存款減值以及本集團信貸風險、外幣風險及利率風險的資料載於附註3.1。

15 現金及現金等值項目以及短期銀行存款

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金等值

項目包括手持現金、活期銀行存款及原

到期日為三個月或以下之其他短期高流

現金及現金等值項目的會計政策

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

# 16 股本、股份溢價及購股權計劃

(a) 股本

通性投資。

### 16 SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE PREMIUM AND SHARE OPTION SCHEME

#### (a) Share capital

		(Ordinary s HK\$0.001 法定(每股面值	Authorised (Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each) 法定(每股面值0.001港元 之普通股)		(Ordinary shares of (Ordin HK\$0.001 each) HK\$0 法定(每股面值0.001港元 已發行及		fully paid hares of l each) (每股面值 Z普通股)
		Number of shares 股份數目 (thousands) (千股)	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Number of shares 股份數目 (thousands) (千股)	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 千港元		
At 1 April 2023 Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares (Note i)	於2023年4月1日 購回及註銷普通股 (附註i)	5,000,000	5,000	1,408,521 (9,730)	1,408		
At 31 March 2024 Repurchase and cancellation of ordinary shares (Note i)	於2024年3月31日 購回及註銷普通股 (附註i)	5,000,000	5,000 –	1,398,791 (7,167)	1,398		
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	5,000,000	5,000	1,391,624	1,391		

#### Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company repurchased a total of 7,167,000 shares (2024: 9,730,000) at an aggregate consideration of HK\$11,189,000 (2024: HK\$16,669,000). As at 31 March 2025, all share repurchased by the Company have been cancelled.
- (ii) The issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares and the premiums paid on these shares upon the repurchase were charged against the share premium account.

#### (b) Share premium

In accordance with the Companies Law, Cap.22 of the Cayman Islands, share premium is distributable to the shareholders of the Company, provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company is in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

### 附註:

- (i) 截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公 司以總代價11,189,000港元(2024 年:16,669,000港元)購回合共 7,167,000股股份(2024年:9,730,000 股股份)。於2025年3月31日,本公 司購回的所有股份已註銷。
- (ii) 本公司之已發行股本已按該等股份 之面值減少,而就購回該等股份支 付之溢價已於股份溢價賬扣除。

### (b) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法第22章,股份溢 價可供分派予本公司股東,惟本公司 於緊隨建議派發股息當日後,須有能 力償還日常業務過程中到期的債項。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 综合財務報表附註(續)

17 RESERVES 17 儲備

				Foreign				
		Capital	Statutory	currency	Share-based	Capital		
		reserve	reserves	translation	compensation	redemption	Retained	
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
		資本儲備	法定儲備	外幣換算	以股份為基礎	資本贖回		
		(附註(i))	(附註(ii))	儲備	之酬金儲備	儲備	保留溢利	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	1,000	472,542	205,860	14,942	35	1,083,197	1,777,576
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利							
of the Company		-	-	-	-	-	167,118	167,118
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	-	-	(117,005)	-	-	-	(117,005)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		-	(117,005)	- 		167,118	50,113
Transaction with owners:	與擁有人交易:							
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	_	_	-	(14,942)	-	14,942	-
Transfer to statutory reserve	轉撥至法定儲備	_	14,338	-	-	-	(14,338)	-
2022/2023 final dividends	2022/2023年末期股息	_	_	-	-	-	(55,825)	(55,825
2023/2024 interim dividends	2023/2024年中期股息	_	-	-	-	_	(98,211)	(98,211)
Total transaction with owners	與擁有人交易總額		14,338	-	(14,942)		(153,432)	(154,036)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	1,000	486,880	88,855	_	35	1,096,883	1,673,653
			1					
Representing:	表示:							
Proposed final dividend (Note 28)	建議末期股息(附註28)						69,940	
Others	其他						1,026,943	
Proposed final dividend (Note 28)	建議末期股息(附註28)						1,096,883	

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 17 RESERVES (Cont'd)

### 17 儲備(續)

				Foreign			
		Capital	Statutory	currency	Capital		
		reserve	reserves	translation	redemption	Retained	
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	reserve	reserve	earnings	Tota
		資本儲備	法定儲備	外幣換算	資本贖回		
		(附註(i))	(附註(ii))	儲備	儲備	保留溢利	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2024	於2024年4月1日	1,000	486,880	88,855	35	1,096,883	1,673,653
AL 1 APRII 2024	派2024年4月1日	1,000	400,000			1,090,083	1,0/3,033
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利						
of the Company		-	-	-	-	167,597	167,597
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	-	-	(60,498)	-	-	(60,498
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	<u>-</u>	<del>.</del>	(60,498)		167,597	107,099
Transaction with owners:	與擁有人交易:						
Transfer to statutory reserve	轉撥至法定儲備	_	367	_	-	(367)	
2023/2024 final dividends	2023/2024年末期股息	_	_	-	-	(69,789)	(69,789
2024/2025 interim dividends	2024/2025年中期股息	-	-	-	-	(97,703)	(97,703
Total transaction with owners	與擁有人交易總額	<u> </u>	367	<u>-</u>	<u></u>	(167,859)	(167,492
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	1,000	487,247	28,357	35	1,096,621	1,613,260
Representing:	表示:						
Proposed final dividend (Note 28)	建議末期股息(附註28)					69,581	
Others	其他					1,027,040	
						1,096,621	

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 17 RESERVES (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) Capital reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of shares of subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a reorganisation in November 2004 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange thereof.
- (ii) Statutory reserves represent legal reserve of a subsidiary incorporated in Macau and statutory reserves of a subsidiary incorporated in the PRC.

In accordance with the Macao Commercial Code, the Group's subsidiary incorporated in Macau is required to set aside a minimum of 25% of its after-tax profit to legal reserve until the balance of this reserve reaches a level equivalent to 50% of its capital.

The subsidiary established in the PRC is required to make appropriations to certain statutory reserves from profit for the year after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years before any profit distribution to equity holders. The percentages to be appropriated to different statutory reserves are determined according to the relevant regulations in the PRC or at the discretion of the board of the subsidiary. Such statutory reserves can only be used to offset accumulated losses, to increase capital, or for special bonus or collective welfare of employees.

These statutory reserves cannot be distributed to equity holders of the subsidiary.

No other statutory reserves are required to be made by the Group in other jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

### 17 儲備(續)

附註:

- (i) 資本儲備指根據2004年11月之重組所 收購附屬公司股份之面值與本公司就此 發行之股本面值之差額。
- (ii) 法定儲備指於澳門註冊成立之一間附屬 公司之合法儲備與於中國註冊成立之一 間附屬公司之法定儲備。

根據澳門商法典,於澳門註冊成立之本 集團附屬公司須將其除税後溢利最少 25%撥入合法儲備,直至該儲備結餘達 至相當於其股本50%為止。

於中國成立之附屬公司經抵銷以往年度累計虧損後之年度溢利在向權益持有人作出任何溢利分派之前須提撥若干法定儲備。提撥法定儲備資金比率按相關中國法規或由該附屬公司董事局自行決定。有關法定儲備只可用作抵銷累計虧損、增加資本或派發特別花紅或員工集體福利。

該等法定儲備不能分派予該附屬公司之 權益持有人。

本集團無須於本集團經營所在的其他司 法權區作出其他法定儲備。

18 BORROWINGS 18 借貸

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current:  Loan from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary (Note (i))	<b>非流動:</b> 一間附屬公司非控制性權益 提供貸款(附註(i))	125,428	126,156
Current: Short-term bank loans (Note (ii))	<b>流動:</b> 短期銀行貸款(附註(ii))	1,220,904	1,354,491

#### Notes:

- (i) The loan from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary is denominated in US\$, unsecured, non-interest bearing, and not expected to be repayable within the next 12 months. The fair value of this balance approximates its carrying amount.
- (ii) The bank loans bear interest at floating rates. The fair values of the bank loans approximates their carrying amounts.

The Group's bank borrowings, after taking into account of repayable on demand clause, are repayable as follows:

### 附註:

- (i) 一間附屬公司非控制性權益提供貸款以 美元列值,為無抵押、免利息及預期無 須於未來12個月內償還。該結餘之公 允值約等於其賬面值。
- (ii) 銀行貸款按浮動利率計息。銀行貸款之 公允值約等於其賬面值。

經計及按要求償還條款,本集團之銀行 借貸償還期限如下:

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year or on demand	須於1年內或按要求償還	1,220,904	1,354,491

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 18 BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

The Group's bank borrowings repayable based on the scheduled repayment dates are as follows:

### 18 借貸(續)

於計劃還款日期本集團應償還的銀行借 貸如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years	1年內 1至2年 2至5年	1,109,126 62,378 49,400	1,092,521 145,837 116,133
between 2 and 3 years	2131	1,220,904	1,354,491

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團銀行借貸之賬面值按以下貨幣列 值:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	891,908	1,133,951
US\$	美元	9,334	_
CNY	人民幣	319,662	220,540
		1,220,904	1,354,491

As at 31 March 2025, the weighted average interest rates at each of the consolidated balance sheet date were 4.16% (2024: 5.03%).

於2025年3月31日,於各綜合資產負債表日期的加權平均利率為4.16%(2024年:5.03%)。

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately HK\$3,668,755,000 (2024: HK\$3,139,431,000). Unused facilities as at the same date amounted to approximately HK\$2,447,851,000 (2024: HK\$1,784,940,000).

於2025年3月31日,本集團的銀行融資總額約為3,668,755,000港元(2024年:3,139,431,000港元)。於同日的未動用融資約為2,447,851,000港元(2024年:1,784,940,000港元)。

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has complied with the financial covenants of its bank facilities (2024: same).

於2025年3月31日,本集團已遵守其銀 行融資的財務契據(2024年:相同)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 18 BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's borrowings amounting to HK\$814,004,000 (2024: HK\$980,350,000) were secured by corporate guarantees provided by the Company.

Information about the Group's exposure to liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 3.1. The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates were as follows:

### 18 借貸(續)

於 2025 年 3 月 31 日 , 本 集 團 為 數 814,004,000港元(2024年:980,350,000港元)之借貸由本公司提供的企業擔保所抵 细。

有關本集團流動資金風險、外幣風險及 利率風險的資料載於附註3.1。本集團借 貸的利率變化風險及合約重新定價日期 載列如下:

		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /8/0	17670
6 months or less	6個月或以內	1,220,904	1,354,491

### **Accounting policies of borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Covenants that the group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification at the reporting date.

#### 借貸的會計政策

借貸初步按公允值扣除所產生之交易成本確認。借貸其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值間任何差額乃以實際利率法按借款期於綜合損益表確認。

倘部分或全部融資很可能將被提取,則 設立貸款融資時支付之費用確認為貸款 之交易費用。在此情況下,費用遞延至 貸款被提取為止。如沒有證據證明部分 或全部融資很可能將被提取,則該費用 資本化為流動資金服務之預付款,並於 有關融資期間攤銷。

借款會在合約列明的責任獲履行、註銷或屆滿時自資產負債表移除。已撇除或轉移至其他部分、且已經支付代價的金融負債(包括任何已轉移非現金資產或已承擔負債),賬面值差額會於損益確認為財務成本。

借貸於報告期末分類為流動負債,惟本 集團有權利遞延償還負債日期至結算日 後最少12個月者除外。

將附有契約的貸款安排分類為流動或非 流動時,會考慮集團在報告期末或之前 必須遵守的契約。集團在報告期間後必 須遵守的契約不影響報告日的分類。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

### 18 BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of borrowings (Cont'd)

Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 19 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

The net movement in the deferred income tax assets/(liabilities) is as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 18 借貸(續)

#### 借貸的會計政策(續)

借款成本

直接源於收購、建設或生產合資格資產 的一般及特定借款成本,會於資產完成 及準備好作擬定用途或銷售的期間資本 化。合資格資產指需要花費可觀時間方 能準備好作擬定用途或銷售的資產。

等待將特定借款用於合資格資產開銷的 期間,倘曾將有關借款用作臨時投資, 所賺取的投資收入須自合資格資本化的 借款成本中扣除。

其他借款成本於產生期間支銷。

#### 19 搋延税項

當有法定可執行權力將即期所得稅資產及即期所得稅負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產及負債涉及由同一稅務機關對應課稅實體或不同應課稅實體但有意向以淨額基準結算結餘時,則可將遞延所得稅資產及負債互相抵銷。

遞延所得税資產/(負債)的淨變動如下:

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 April	於4月1日	(26,310)	(53,745)
(Charged)/credited to the consolidated	於綜合損益表(扣除)/計入		
statement of profit or loss (Note 26)	(附註26)	(4,971)	13,070
Payment of withholding tax	支付預扣税	2,954	12,958
Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	257	1,407
At 31 March	於3月31日	(28,070)	(26,310)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 19 DEFERRED TAXATION (Cont'd)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

Deferred income tax assets:

### 19 遞延税項(續)

遞延所得稅資產及負債變動(未計及同一 稅務司法權區抵銷之結餘)如下:

遞延所得税資產:

		Decelerated tax deprecation allowance 減速税項 折舊撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Provisions <b>撥備</b> HKS'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Credited/(charged) to profit or loss Currency translation differences	於2023年4月1日 於損益計入/(扣除) 外幣換算差額	- 19,678 -	14,923 (4,411) (611)	14,923 15,267 (611)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024  (Charged)/credited to profit or loss Currency translation differences	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日 於損益(扣除)/計入 外幣換算差額	19,678 (785) (36)	9,901 1,019 (22)	29,579 234 (58)
At 31 March 2025	於 2025 年 3 月 31 日	18,857	10,898	29,755

Deferred income tax liabilities:

遞延所得税負債:

		Accelerated tax depreciation allowance 加速税項 折舊撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Undistributed profits of a subsidiary and associates 附屬公司與聯營公司未分配溢利	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Charged to profit or loss Transfer to current tax liabilities Currency translation differences	於2023年4月1日 於損益扣除 轉撥至即期税項負債 外幣換算差額	13,387 2,104 - 213	55,281 93 (12,958) (2,231)	68,668 2,197 (12,958) (2,018)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024  (Credited)/charged to profit or loss Transfer to current tax liabilities Currency translation differences	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日 於損益(計入)/扣除 轉撥至即期税項負債 外幣換算差額	15,704 (195) - 4	40,185 5,400 (2,954) (319)	55,889 5,205 (2,954) (315)
At 31 March 2025	於 2025 年 3 月 31 日	15,513	42,312	57,825

See note 26 for the accounting policies of deferred income tax.

遞延所得税的會計政策載於附註26。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 綜

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### **20 TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES**

### 20 應付賬款及票據

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Bills payables	應付賬款 應付票據	622,942 11,268	619,862 9,895
		634,210	629,757

The book carrying amounts of trade and bills payables approximate their fair values.

應付賬款及票據之賬面值與其公允值相 若。

Credit period granted by creditors generally ranges from 30 to 90 days. The aging analysis based on invoice date on trade and bills payables were aged as follows:

貸方授予之信貸期一般介乎30至90天。 基於發票日期之應付賬款及票據之賬齡 分析如下:

		2025年 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-60 days	0-60天	618,176	617,640
61–120 days	61-120天	11,146	10,114
121 days–1 year	121天-1年	4,646	1,848
Over 1 year	1年以上	242	155
		634,210	629,757

Trade and bills payables were denominated in the following currencies:

應付賬款及票據按以下貨幣列值:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$ VND RMB HK\$	美元 越南盾 人民幣 港元	430,345 108,755 91,226 3,884	512,100 26,447 85,939 5,271
		634,210	629,757

Information about the Group's exposure to liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 3.1.

有關本集團流動資金風險、外幣風險及 利率風險之資料載於附註3.1。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 20 TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of trade and bills payables

Trade and bills payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and bills payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and bills payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 20 應付賬款及票據(續)

#### 應付賬款及票據的會計政策

應付賬款及票據為在日常營運活動中自供應商購買貨品或服務而應支付之義務。如應付賬款及票據之支付日期為一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),則其被分類為流動負債;否則分類為非流動負債。

應付賬款及票據初步按公允值確認,其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 21 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 21 應計項目及其他應付款項

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
		1 7870	17070
Accrual for operating expenses	營運開支之應計項目	47,494	43,713
Payables for purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備之		
equipment (Note)	應付款項(附註)	31,613	29,573
Provision for employee benefits expense	僱員福利支出撥備(包括花紅)		
(including bonus)		60,323	64,193
Provision customer claims	客戶索賠撥備	6,549	13,985
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	144,636	120,032
Contract liabilities	合約負債	1,590	8,332
Retention payables (Note)	應付保留金(附註)	1,954	51,237
Value-added tax ("VAT") payables	應付增值税(「增值税」)	2,834	4,811
Deferred government grant	遞延政府補貼	10,214	13,500
Others	其他	9,192	10,977
		316,399	360,353
Less: non-current portion	減:非流動部分	·	
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	(144,636)	(120,032)
Retention payables (Note)	應付保留金(附註)	(1,954)	(51,237)
Deferred government grant	遞延政府補貼	(7,948)	(10,325)
Current portion	流動部分	161,861	178,759

Note: The payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment and retention payables were related to the construction factory located in Vietnam. The retention period is over 2 to 3 years after acceptance check, and as such the balance was classified as non-current.

附註: 購買物業、廠房及設備的應付款項 及應付保留金與位於越南的建設工 廠有關。保留期超過驗收後2至3 年,因此該結餘分類為非流動。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 21 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES (Cont'd)

Movement of provision for reinstatement costs is as follows:

### 21 應計項目及其他應付款項(續)

修復成本撥備變動如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April Addition Imputed interest of provision for reinstatement	於4月1日 添置 修復成本撥備推定利息(附註25)	120,032 25,297	29,637 90,493
costs (Note 25) Currency translation differences	外幣換算差額	4,693 (5,386)	1,619 (1,717)
As at 31 March	於3月31日	144,636	120,032

Accruals and other payables were denominated in the following currencies:

應計項目及其他應付款項按以下貨幣列值:

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
US\$	美元	134,036	175,086
RMB	人民幣	102,436	85,688
HK\$	港元	36,591	50,134
Others	其他	43,336	49,445
		316,399	360,353

Information about the Group's exposure to liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 3.1.

有關本集團流動資金風險、外幣風險及 利率風險之資料載於附註3.1。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

### 21 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of other payables and provisions

Other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

### 21 應計項目及其他應付款項(續)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 其他應付款項及撥備的會計政策

其他應付款項為在日常營運活動中自供應商購買貨品或服務而應支付之義務。如其他應付款項之支付日期為一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),則其被分類為流動負債;否則分類為非流動負債。

其他應付款項初步按公允值確認,其後 以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

倘本集團須就過去事件承擔現有法律或 推定責任,而有可能須產生資源流出以 履行該責任,並能可靠估計金額,則會 確認撥備。日後營運虧損不予確認撥備。

倘出現多項類似責任,會否導致資源流 出以履行責任之可能性乃於整體考慮該 責任類別後確定。即使同一責任類別中 任何一項可能流出資源之機會不大,仍 會確認撥備。

撥備採用反映當時市場對金錢時間價值 之評估及該責任之特定風險之稅前利率, 按照履行責任預期所需支出的現值計量。 因時間流逝而產生之撥備增加確認為利 息開支。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 22 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS - NET

### 22 其他收入及其他收益-淨額

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income:	其他收入:		
Government grants	政府補助	8,888	4,662
Insurance indemnity income (Note (i))	保險彌償收入(附註(i))	7,449	-
Sundry income	雜項收入	8,137	8,365
		24,474	13,027
Other gains – net: Derivative financial instruments – foreign	其他收益-淨額: 衍生金融工具-外匯遠期合約		
currency forward contracts		(143)	255
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
equipment		(7,767)	(5,035)
Net foreign exchange gains	外匯收益淨值	20,415	7,329
		12,505	2,549
		36,979	15,576

Note:

附註:

<sup>(</sup>i) It represents insurance indemnity income for damaged property, plant and equipment and inventories.

<sup>(</sup>i) 其指受損物業、廠房及設備以及存貨的 保險彌償收入。

### 23 EXPENSES BY NATURE

### 23 按性質細分的開支

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories	存貨成本	3,896,708	3,607,487
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of	存貨減值撥備/(撥回)	3,090,700	3,007,407
inventories		10,042	(9,435)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註6)	ŕ	
(Note 6)		243,552	194,578
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	使用權資產折舊(附註7)	8,179	5,427
Employee benefits expense (including	僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)		
directors' emoluments) (Note 24)	(附註24)	629,581	602,823
Freight charges	貨運費用	36,385	24,288
Lease payments for short-term and	短期及低價值租約款項		
low-value leases		1,553	2,344
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
– Audit services	一審核服務	3,510	3,308
– Non-audit services	一非審核服務	734	461
Others	其他	64,358	47,055
Total cost of sales, distribution and selling	銷售成本、分銷及銷售開支總額與		
expenses and general and administrative	一般及行政開支		
expenses		4,894,602	4,478,336

### 24 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) 24 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Wages, salaries, and allowances Retirement benefit – defined contribution	工資、薪金及津貼 退休福利-定額供款計劃(附註(a))	540,797	514,920
schemes (Note (a))		42,860	39,734
Welfare and benefits	福利及利益	45,924	48,169
		629,581	602,823

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 24 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Cont'd)

#### (a) Retirement benefit - defined contribution schemes

The Company's subsidiary in the PRC is a member of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the Government of the PRC. The Group contributes to the scheme at a fixed percentage of the basic salaries of the subsidiary's employees, subject to a cap, and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond its contributions. The state-managed retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% (2024: 5%) of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the Group's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,500 (2024: HK\$1,500) per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary.

The Company's subsidiary in Vietnam contributes to state-sponsored employees' social insurance scheme for its employees in Vietnam. The Group contributes to the scheme at 18% (2024: 18%) of the basic salaries of the subsidiary's employees, subject to a cap. The state-sponsored social insurance scheme is responsible for the pension obligations payable to retired employees.

### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 include 2 directors (2024: 3 directors), whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 34. The aggregate emolument payable to the remaining 3 individuals (2024: 2 individuals) is as follow:

### 24 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)(續)

#### (a) 退休福利-定額供款計劃

本公司於中國之附屬公司為中國政府 所推行國家管理退休福利計劃之成 員。本集團按附屬公司僱員基本薪金 之固定百分比向計劃作出供款(不超 過某一上限),而除其供款外,並無 實際支付退休金或離職福利之進一步 責任。國家管理之退休計劃負責向退 休僱員支付所有退休金。

本集團已安排其香港僱員參加強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。該計劃為由獨立受託人管理之定額供款計劃。根據強積金計劃,本集團及其僱員按強制性公積金條例定義之僱員收入之5%(2024年:5%)每月向計劃作出供款。本集團及僱員供款均以每月1,500港元(2024年:1,500港元)為上限,其後作出之供款屬自願性質。

本公司於越南之附屬公司為其越南僱員向國家推行之僱員社會保險計劃作出供款。本集團按附屬公司僱員基本薪金之18%(2024年:18%)(不超過某一上限)向計劃作出供款。國家推行之社會保險計劃負責為退休僱員提供退休金。

### (b) 五名最高薪人士

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團之五名最高薪人士包括2名董事(2024年:3名董事),彼等之酬金於附註34披露。應付餘下3名人士之酬金總額(2024年:2名人士)如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses	薪金及津貼 酌情花紅	9,701 1,011	7,132 284
		10,712	7,416

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# 24 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Cont'd)

### (b) Five highest paid individuals (Cont'd)

The number of non-directors with emoluments fell within the following bands:

### 24 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)(續)

### (b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

非董事人士之酬金在下列範圍之人 數:

		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	2	_
HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	_	1
HK\$3,500,001-HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	_	-
HK\$4,000,001-HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	1	1
		3	2

### (c) Senior management remuneration by band

The number of senior management with emoluments fell within the following bands:

### (c) 高級管理層薪酬範圍

高級管理層之酬金在列範圍之人數:

		2025 2025 年	2024 2024年
Nil-HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	3
HK\$1,000,001-HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	6	3
HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	2	2
HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	3	5
HK\$3,500,001-HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	_	_
HK\$4,000,001-HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	1	1
		15	15

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 25 FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

### 25 財務收入及成本

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance income:  – Bank interest income  – Net foreign exchange gain on cash and	財務收入: 一銀行利息收入 一現金及現金等值項目的匯兑	23,093	22,944
cash equivalents  – Net foreign exchange gain on bank loans	收益淨額 一銀行貸款的匯兑收益淨額	10,766 345	19,444
		34,204	42,388
Finance costs:  - Interest expense on bank loans  - Net foreign exchange loss on bank loans  - Interest expenses arising from lease liabilities  - Imputed interest of provision for	財務成本: 一銀行貸款利息開支 一銀行貸款的匯兑虧損淨額 一租賃負債產生的利息開支 一修復成本撥備推定利息	(57,876) - (651)	(67,338) (257) (1,396)
reinstatement cost  Less: amount capitalised	滅:資本化金額	(4,693) (63,220) 1,590	(70,610) 10,129
Ecss. amount capitalised	WA ATION BY	(61,630)	(60,481)
Net finance cost	財務成本淨額	(27,426)	(18,093)

### **26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

The Group is subject to profits tax in Hong Kong, the PRC and Vietnam. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% (2024: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. PRC enterprise income tax has been provided for at the rate of 25% (2024: 25%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Vietnam enterprise income tax has been provided for at the rate of 20% (2024: 20%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Macau enterprise income tax has been provided for at the rate of 12% (2024: 12%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year.

### 26 所得税開支

本集團須繳納香港、中國及越南利得稅。香港利得稅乃就年內估計應課稅溢利按16.5%(2024年:16.5%)之稅率作出撥備。中國企業所得稅乃就年內估計應課稅溢利按25%(2024年:25%)之稅率作出撥備。越南企業所得稅乃就年內估計應課稅溢利按20%(2024年:20%)之稅率作出撥備。澳門企業所得稅乃就年內估計應課稅溢利按12%(2024年:12%)之稅率作出撥備。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

Two of the Group's subsidiaries registered in the PRC are recognised as a High and New-technology Enterprise which has been granted tax concessions by the local tax bureau and was entitled to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at concessionary rate of 15% during the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: 15%).

During the year ended 31 March 2025, one of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC is entitled to an additional deduction on research and development ("R&D") expenses for which the R&D expenses is incurred in the profit or loss by the that subsidiary in the course of carrying out manufacturing activities (2024: same).

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

### 26 所得税開支(續)

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團有兩間中國註冊附屬公司獲認定為高新科技企業,獲地方稅局給予稅務優惠,可按15%的優惠稅率繳納中國企業所得稅(2024年:15%)。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團 其中一間中國附屬公司享有額外的研究 及開發(「研發」)開支扣減,該等研發開 支乃由該附屬公司在開展製造活動的過程中於損益產生(2024年:相同)。

於綜合損益表扣除之所得稅金額為:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current income tax	即期所得税		
– Hong Kong profits tax	- 香港利得税	8,609	13,774
– Overseas income tax	一海外所得税	21,334	31,692
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(74)	(1,992)
Deferred tax (Note 19)	遞延税項(附註19)	4,971	(13,070)
		34,840	30,404

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities as follows:

### 26 所得税開支(續)

就本集團所得稅前溢利之稅項與按適用 於綜合實體溢利之加權平均稅率計算之 理論金額之差異如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	所得税前溢利	194,257	202,862
Less:	減:		
Associates results reported net of tax	聯營公司之呈報業績(不含税)	(21,369)	(9,625)
Impairment of interests in an associate	對一家聯營公司的權益之減值	(21)303)	64,196
		172,888	257,433
Tax calculated at weighted average domestic	按適用於相關司法權區之		
tax rate applicable to profits in respective	加權平均地方税率計算之税項		
jurisdictions		15,841	46,530
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(3,268)	(1,732)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税開支	9,163	15,282
Tax concession	税收優惠	(12,006)	(15,126)
Previously unrecognised tax loss	先前未確認之税務虧損	(1,708)	(771)
Recognition of previously unrecognised	確認先前未確認暫時差額		
temporary difference		-	(19,678)
Other unrecognised temporary difference	其他未確認暫時差額	(4,068)	4,141
Tax losses for which no deferred income	未確認遞延所得税資產之税務虧損		
tax asset was recognised		25,560	_
Tax on certain undistributed retained profit of	附屬公司及聯營公司若干		2.752
a subsidiary and associates	未分派保留溢利之税項	5,400	3,750
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(74)	(1,992)
		34,840	30,404

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 9.2% (2024: 18.1%). The change in weighted average applicable tax rate is due to a change in the profitability of the Group's subsidiaries in the respective countries.

加權平均適用税率為9.2%(2024年: 18.1%)。加權平均適用税率變動乃因本集團附屬公司在各自國家的盈利能力發生變化所致。

### 26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

In December 2021, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ('OECD') published Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy – Global Anti-Base Erosion Model Rules (Pillar Two). In general, the rules apply a system of top-up taxes that brings the total amount of taxes paid on an entity's excess profit in a jurisdiction up to the minimum rate of 15%.

There is no major jurisdiction which the Group operates in have enacted or substantively enacted the Pillar Two legislation. The Hong Kong government has announced the implementation of the Pillar Two legislation for years commencing on or after 1 January 2025.

In late 2024, the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam released a draft decree on the global minimum tax, aligning with international efforts to create a fairer taxation system and address issues like base erosion and profit shifting (BEPS). This draft decree is now open for comments and is primarily aligned with the OECD Pillar 2 model rules.

Based on the management's assessment, the Group is not subjected to the scope of rule. The Group continues to monitor local legislation and other development of the Pillar Two legislation in relevant jurisdictions and assess the potential impact, if any.

### Accounting policies of current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates and joint ventures operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 26 所得税開支(續)

於2021年12月,經濟合作與發展組織(「OECD」)發佈《數位經濟衍生稅務挑戰一全球防止稅基侵蝕模型規則(支柱二)。原則上,該規則透過「補足稅」機制,使企業於單一司法權區超額溢利的實質稅率,補足至最低稅率15%。

本集團營運所在的主要司法權區尚未制定或實質性通過支柱二法規的立法。香港政府已宣佈於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度實施支柱二法規。

於2024年底,越南財政部發佈有關全球 最低税額的法令草案,旨在配合國際社 會建立更公平税制及解決税基侵蝕與利 潤轉移(BEPS)等問題。該法令草案目前 已公開徵求意見,並主要與OECD支柱二 模型規則保持一致。

根據管理層的評估,本集團不受規則範圍 所限。本集團會繼續監察相關司法權區 的當地法規及其他支柱二法規的發展, 並評估潛在影響(如有)。

### 即期及遞延所得税之會計政策

期內之税項支出包括即期和遞延税項。 除了在其他全面收入或直接在權益中確 認之項目相關者外,稅項在綜合損益表 中確認。在該情況下,稅項亦分別在其 他全面收入或直接在權益中確認。

即期所得税費用根據本公司附屬公司與聯營公司及合營公司營運及產生應課税收入之國家於結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈之稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例詮釋所規限之情況定期評估納稅申報表之狀況,並在適當情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付之稅款設定撥備。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

### 26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

### Accounting policies of current and deferred income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only when there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liability in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from the associate's undistributed profits is not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 26 所得税開支(續)

#### 即期及遞延所得税之會計政策(續)

遞延所得税是以負債法就資產與負債之 税基與綜合財務報表內之賬面值間之暫 時差額確認。然而,倘遞延所得稅因資 或負債而產生,而交易時並無對該等 或負債而產生,而交易時並無對該等 應課稅溢利或虧損造成影響,則該等 應課稅溢利或虧損造成影響,則改乃 實質頒佈,及預期稅 結算日已經頒佈或實質頒佈,及預期稅 有關遞延所得稅資產變現或遞延所得稅 負債清償時適用之稅率(及法例)釐定。

遞延所得税資產僅於可能出現日後應課 税溢利抵銷暫時差額時方會確認。

當有法定可執行權力將即期稅項資產與 即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產 和負債涉及由同一稅務機關對有意向以 淨額基準結算結餘之應課稅主體或不同 應課稅主體徵收之所得稅時,則可將遞 延所得稅資產與負債互相抵銷。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### **27 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

### (a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, during the year.

### 27 每股盈利

### (a) 基本

每股基本盈利按本公司權益持有人應 佔溢利除年內已發行股份加權平均數 (不包括庫存股份)計算。

		2025	2024
		2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit attributable to equity holders of the	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利		
Company		167,597	167,118
Weighted average number of shares in issue	已發行股份加權平均數(千股)		
(thousands)		1,395,755	1,403,440
Basic earnings per share (HK\$ per share)	每股基本盈利(每股港元)	0.12	0.12

### (b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company had share options to employees for the year ended 31 March 2023, which was lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2024.

### (b) 攤薄

每股攤薄盈利以假設兑換所有潛在攤 薄普通股而調整已發行普通股之加 權平均數計算。於截至2023年3月31 日止年度,本公司曾向僱員發行購股 權,惟該等購股權已於截至2024年3 月31日止年度失效。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 综合財務報表附註(續)

28 DIVIDENDS 28 股息

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interim dividend paid of HK\$7 cents (2024: HK\$7 cents) (Note (i)) Proposed final dividend of HK\$5 cents	已派付7港仙之中期股息 (2024年:7港仙)(附註(i)) 擬派付5港仙之末期股息	97,703	98,211
(2024: HK\$5 cents) (Note (ii))	(2024年:5港仙)(附註(ii))	69,581	69,940
		167,284	168,151

#### Notes:

- (i) On 21 November 2024, the Company's Board of Directors declared an interim dividend of HK\$7 cents per share (2024: HK\$7 cents per share) for the six-month period ended 30 September 2024. The amount was paid in December 2024.
- (ii) On 26 June 2025, the Company's Board of Directors proposed a final dividend of HK\$5 cents (2024: HK\$5 cents) per share for the year ended 31 March 2025. This proposed dividend has not been reflected as dividend payable in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2025.

#### 附註:

- (i) 於2024年11月21日,本公司董事局宣 派截至2024年9月30日止六個月期間 中期股息每股7港仙(2024年:每股7港 仙)。該等款項已於2024年12月支付。
- (ii) 於2025年6月26日,本公司董事局建議 宣派截至2025年3月31日止年度末期 股息每股5港仙(2024年:5港仙)。擬 派付股息並無於2025年3月31日的綜 合財務報表內反映為應付股息。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### 29. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) Cash generated from operations

(a) 營運產生之現金

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	所得税前溢利	194,257	202,862
	以下各項之調整:	·	
Share of profits of associates	分佔聯營公司之溢利	(21,369)	(9,625)
Impairment of interests in an associate	對一家聯營公司的權益之減值	-	64,196
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	243,552	194,578
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	8,179	5,427
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	7.747	5.025
equipment	滯銷及陳舊存貨撥備淨額	7,767	5,035
Provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventories, net	/	10,042	(9,435)
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment of trade	應收賬款減值(撥回)/撥備	10,042	(9,433)
receivables		(367)	724
Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial	衍生金融工具的公允值	(507)	721
instruments	虧損/(收益)淨值	143	(255)
Finance income	財務收入	(34,204)	(42,388)
Finance costs	財務成本	61,630	60,481
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之經營溢利	469,630	471,600
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)	43,442	(57,600)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and bills receivables		(12,612)	84,963
Decrease/(increase) in deposits, prepayments	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項		
and other receivables	減少/(增加)	18,640	(3,474)
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from	應收聯營公司款項減少/(增加)	=-	(1.50)
associates	<b>库什思勃及要塘獭加</b>	50	(158)
Increase in trade and bills payables (Decrease)/increase in accruals and other	應付賬款及票據增加 應計項目及其他應付款項	4,362	4,015
payables	(減少)/增加	(40,945)	132,522
Payables	(WN 2 1/ 10 MH	(40,543)	132,322
Cash generated from operations	營運產生之現金	482,567	631,868

# (b) In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment comprise:

### (b) 於綜合現金流量表內,出售物業、廠 房及設備所得款項包括:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net book amount of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備賬面淨值出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	12,686 (7,767)	11,620 (5,035)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項	4,919	6,585

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Cont'd)

29. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) (c) 融資活動債務淨額對賬

(c) Reconciliation of net debt in financing activities

		Loan from a			
		non-controlling	D l.		
		interest of a subsidiary	Bank	Lease liabilities	Total
		a subsidiary 一間附屬公司	borrowings	liabilities	Total
		非控制性權益			
		提供貸款	銀行借貸	和賃負債	總計
		HK\$'000	W 17 旧页 HK\$'000	₩\$. HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		17670	17670	17676	17670
As at 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	126,576	1,320,277	33,310	1,480,163
New bank borrowings	新借銀行借貸	120,370	1,320,277	33,310	1,460,103
Repayment of bank borrowings	信還銀行借貸 信還銀行借貸	_	(1,056,456)	_	(1,054,889)
Accrued interest	應計利息	_	67.595	1.396	68,991
Interest payments	利息付款	_	(67,338)	1,550	(67,338)
Acquisition for leases	<b>收購租賃</b>	_	(07,550)	839	839
Payment for lease liabilities	支付租賃負債	_	_	(25,531)	(25,531)
Exchange currency alignment	匯	(420)	(257)	(2,206)	(2,883)
As at 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	126,156	1,354,491	7,808	1,488,455
AS at 31 March 2024	№ 2024 + 3 Л 31 П	120,130	1,334,451	7,000	1,400,433
As at 1 April 2024	於2024年4月1日	126,156	1,354,491	7,808	1,488,455
New bank borrowings	新借銀行借貸	-	1,219,611	-	1,219,611
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	-	(1,403,558)	-	(1,403,558)
Accrued interest	應計利息	-	57,531	651	58,182
Interest payments	利息付款	-	(57,876)	-	(57,876)
Acquisition for leases	收購租賃	-	-	859	859
Payment for lease liabilities	支付租賃負債	-	-	(874)	(874)
Exchange currency alignment	匯兑調整	(728)	50,705	(873)	49,104
As at 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	125,428	1,220,904	7,571	1,353,903

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### **30 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

At 31 March 2025, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2024: Nil).

For contingent liabilities relating to associates, please refer to Note 9.

# 31 承擔

# 31 COMMITMENTS 31 (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

# 30 或有負債

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無重大或 有負債(2024年:無)。

有關聯營公司之或有負債請參閱附註9。

### (a) 資本承擔

於結算日已訂約但尚未發生之資本開 支如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted but not provided for: Property, plant and equipment	已訂約但未撥備: 物業、廠房及設備	123,145	141,894

At 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any significant share of capital commitments of its associates (2024: Nil).

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無分 佔聯營公司任何重大資本承擔(2024 年:無)。

### (b) Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The future aggregate minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

### (b) 經營租約承擔-本集團作為出租人

根據不可撤銷經營租約應收的未來最 低租金款項總額如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
As losser.	作為出租人:		
As lessor: Not later than 1 year	不超過1年	2,938	3,821
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	超過1年但不超過5年	3,232	7,055
		6,170	10,876

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### **32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Related parties are those parties that have the ability to control, jointly control or exert significant influence over the other party in holding power over the investee; exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or joint control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

The directors are of the view that the following entities were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year.

### 32 有關連人士交易

有關連人士指有能力控制、聯合控制被投資方或對其他可對被投資方行使權力的人士行使重大影響力的人士;須承擔或享有自其參與被投資方所得可變對的風險或權利的人士;及可利用其對的投資方的權力影響投資者回報金額的人士。受共同控制或聯合控制的人士亦被視為有關連。有關連人士可為個人或其他實體。

董事認為,下列實體為年內曾與本集團 進行交易或擁有結餘之有關連人士。

Name	Relationship with the Group
名稱	與本集團之關係
Toray Industries, Inc.	A substantial shareholder 主要股東
Teejay Lanka PLC	An associate 聯營公司
SPM Automotive Textiles Co. Ltd.	An associate
住江互太(廣州)汽車紡織產品有限公司	聯營公司

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

### (a) The following transactions were carried out with related parties

#### 32 有關連人士交易(續)

(a) 與有關連人士進行之交易如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of goods	銷售貨品		
– Toray Industries, Inc. (Notes (ii))	—Toray Industries, Inc. (附註(ii))	13,109	31,365
Purchase of materials  – Toray Industries, Inc. (Notes (i))	購買材料 —Toray Industries, Inc.(附註(i))	24,795	10,303
Rental income  - SPM Automotive Textiles Co. Ltd. (Note (iii))	租金收入 一住江互太(廣州)汽車紡織 產品有限公司(附註(iii))	2,375	2,327
Sub-contracting income  – SPM Automotive Textiles Co. Ltd. (Note (ii))	分包收入 一住江互太(廣州)汽車紡織 產品有限公司(附註(ii))	5,649	2,537
Handling income  – Teejay Lanka PLC (Note (iv))	<b>處理收入</b> —Teejay Lanka PLC (附註(iv))	19	96
Dividend income received from associates  – Teejay Lanka PLC  – SPM Automotive Textiles Co. Ltd.	<b>已收聯營公司股息收入</b> 一Teejay Lanka PLC 一住江互太 (廣州 ) 汽車紡織 產品有限公司	6,495 4,291	3,329 6,857
		10,786	10,186

#### Notes:

- (i) Goods are purchased at prices mutually agreed by the Group and the substantial shareholder in the ordinary course of business.
- (ii) Goods are sold and sub-contracting income are received at prices mutually agreed by the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business.

#### 附註:

- (i) 貨品購買乃在日常業務過程中按本 集團與主要股東共同協定之價格進 行。
- (ii) 貨品銷售與分包收入乃在日常業務 過程中按本集團與有關連人士共同 協定之價格進行及收取。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

## (a) The following transactions were carried out with related parties: (Cont'd) Notes: (Cont'd)

- (iii) Rental income is determined based on the size of the property and the relevant market rate.
- (iv) Handling fee received from an associate is charged at 2% to 3% of the value of certain purchases made as an agent of the associate, and the rates of the handling fee were mutually agreed by both parties.

#### 32 有關連人士交易(續)

- (a) 與有關連人士進行之交易如下:(續) 附註:(續)
  - (iii) 租金收入乃基於物業面積與相關市 場價格釐定。
  - (iv) 向一間聯營公司收取處理費用是以 作為聯營公司代理人進行若干採購 的價值按2%至3%收取,而處理費 用比率乃經雙方共同協商。

#### (b) Year-end balances

#### (b) 年末結餘

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade in nature:  Amount due from SPM Automotive Textiles  Co. Ltd. for sub-contracting income and rental income	貿易性質: 應收住江互太(廣州)汽車紡織產品 有限公司分包收入及租金收入	1,046	1,038
Trade in nature:  Amount due from Teejay Lanka PLC arising from purchase of goods on behalf  Amount due from Toray Industries, Inc. arising from sales of goods on behalf	貿易性質: 因代為購買貨品產生之應收Teejay Lanka PLC款項 因代為銷售貨品產生之應收Toray Industries, Inc.款項	2,546	58 3,992
		2,546	4,050
Trade in nature: Amount due to Toray Industries, Inc. arising from purchase of materials	貿易性質: 因購買材料產生之應付Toray Industries, Inc. 款項	810	277

#### (c) Key management compensation

#### (c) 主要管理人員酬金

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, bonus and allowances Retirement benefits – defined contribution schemes	薪金、花紅及津貼 退休福利-定額供款計劃	43,060 126	46,106 131
schemes		43,186	46,237

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

## 33 本公司資產負債表及儲備之變動

**Balance sheet of the Company** 

本公司資產負債表

		2025 2025 年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產		
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	1,478,297	1,478,297
Current assets	流動資產		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	925,440	846,528
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	1,528	1,690
		926,968	848,218
Total assets	資產總值	2,405,265	2,326,515
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital	股本	1,391	1,398
Share premium	股份溢價	1,268,039	1,279,221
Reserves	儲備	788,362	726,077
		2,057,792	2,006,696
LIABILITIES	負債		
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Borrowings	借貸	136,000	153,600
Accruals and other payables	應計項目及其他應付款項	3,217	4,123
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	208,256	162,096
		347,473	319,819
		34/,473	الاان,لااد
Total liabilities	負債總額	347,473	319,819
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		

The balance sheet of the Company has been approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2025 and has been signed on behalf.

本公司資產負債表已於2025年6月26日 獲董事局批准並由以下董事代表簽署。

Masaru Okutomi 奧富勝 Director 董事 Tou Kit Vai 杜結威 Director 董事

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd) Reserve movement of the Company

## 33 本公司資產負債表及儲備之變動(續) 本公司儲備之變動

		Share-based compensation reserve	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption reserve	Tota
		以股份為基礎 之酬金儲備	保留溢利	資本贖回儲備	總計
		<b>一町立随佣</b> HK\$'000	<b>沐笛/盆列</b> HK\$'000	貝 平 順 凹 陥 佣 HK\$'000	#क हा HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
4.44 !! 2000	₩ 2002 /T 4 P 4 P	14042	620.200	2.5	6.42.275
At 1 April 2023	<b>於2023年4月1日</b> 年度溢利	14,942	628,398	35	643,375
Profit for the year	并及溢剂 購股權失效	(14.042)	236,738		236,738
Lapse of share options 2022/2023 final dividends	期以惟大双 2022/2023年末期股息	(14,942)	14,942	_	/55.00/
	2022/2023 午末期极息 2023/2024 年中期股息		(55,825)	_	(55,825
2023/2024 interim dividends	2023/2024 午中 别 放 总	_	(98,211)		(98,21
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	-	726,042	35	726,07
Damasantia	表示:				
Representing: Proposed final dividend (Note 28)	建議末期股息(附註28)		69,940		
Others	其他		656,102		
Others	<u> </u>		030,102		
			726,042		
At 1 April 2024	於2024年4月1日	_	726,042	35	726,07
Profit for the year	年度溢利	_	229,777	_	229,77
2023/2024 final dividends	2023/2024年末期股息	_	(69,789)	_	(69,789
2024/2025 interim dividends	2024/2025年中期股息	-	(97,703)	_	(97,70
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	_	788,327	35	788,362
Representing:	表示:				
Proposed final dividend (Note 28)	建議末期股息(附註28)		69,581		
Others	其他		718,746		
			788,327		

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 34 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

#### Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid/payable to directors of the Company by the Group are as follows:

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2025 are as follows:

#### 34 董事及最高行政人員之酬金

#### 董事及最高行政人員之酬金

本集團已付/應付本公司董事之酬金總額如下:

截至2025年3月31日止年度,各董事之酬金如下:

				Retirement	
				benefit –	
			Salaries,	defined	
			bonus and	contribution	
Name of directors		Fees	allowances	schemes 退休福利-	Total
			薪金、花紅	定額供款	
董事姓名		袍金	及津貼	計劃	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
Masaru Okutomi (Chief executive officer)	奧富勝 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	1,000	3,729	_	4,729
Tou Kit Vai	杜結威	1,000	3,278	18	4,296
Kyuichi Fukumoto	福元究一	1,000	2,501	-	3,501
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光	276	-	-	276
Ng Ching Wah	伍清華	276	-	-	276
Sze Kwok Wing, Nigel	施國榮	276	_	_	276
Ling Chi Wo Teresa	凌致和	276	-	_	276
		4,104	9,508	18	13,630

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 34 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Cont'd)

The emoluments of each director for the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

## 34 董事及最高行政人員之酬金(續) 董事及最高行政人員之酬金(續)

截至2024年3月31日止年度,各董事之酬金如下:

			5	
		<i>,</i>		
	Fees	allowances		Total
		±± △ ++ /-T		
	治今			總計
	,			HK\$'000
	十港兀	十港兀	十港兀	千港元
執行董事				
奥富勝(行政總裁)	1,000	3,673	_	4,673
杜結威	1,000	3,237	18	4,255
福元究一	1,000	2,361	_	3,361
非執行董事(附註)				
劉耀棠	-	_		-
獨立非執行董事				
陳裕光	263	_	_	263
伍清華	263	_	_	263
施國榮	263	_	_	263
凌致和	263	_	_	263
	4,052	9,271	18	13,341
	奥富勝(行政總裁) 杜結威 福元究一 非執行董事(附註) 劉耀棠 <b>獨立非執行董事</b> 陳裕 五 東 統 五 東	奥富勝(行政總裁)       1,000         杜結威       1,000         福元究一       1,000         非執行董事(附註)       獨立非執行董事         陳裕光       263         伍清華       263         施國榮       263         凌致和       263	執金       薪金、花紅 及津貼         HK\$'000       HK\$'000         千港元       千港元         執行董事       東富勝(行政總裁)       1,000       3,673         杜結威       1,000       3,237         福元究一       1,000       2,361         非執行董事(附註)       3個檔案       -       -         獨立非執行董事       263       -       -         版光       263       -       -         伍清華       263       -       -         施國榮       263       -       -         凌致和       263       -       -	東京 (Mith)       Donus and allowances allowance

Note: Mr. Lau has waived any emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2024.

附註: 劉先生已放棄截至2024年3月31日 止年度的任何酬金。

#### 35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

#### 35 按類別劃分的金融工具

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	743,534	735,683
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	16,025	17,306
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	_	1,051
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	666,507	893,889
Amount due from associate	應收聯營公司款項	1,046	1,096
		1,427,112	1,649,025
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允值計入其他全面收益的 金融資產	427	427
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融資產	-	239
		1,427,539	1,649,691
		1,127,555	1,015,051
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據	634,210	629,757
Accruals and other payables	應計項目及其他應付款項	90,253	135,500
Borrowings	借貸	1,346,332	1,480,647
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7,571	7,808
		2,078,366	2,253,712
inancial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益的金融負債	143	294
		2,078,509	2,254,006

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### **36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 36.1 Subsidiaries

36.1.1 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

#### (a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the aggregate fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisitionby-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要

#### 36.1 附屬公司

36.1.1 綜合賬目

#### (a) 業務合併

本集團應用收購法為業務合 併列賬。收購附屬公司之轉讓 代價為向被收購方前擁有人 轉讓之資產、產牛之負債及本 集團所發行股本權益之公允 值總額。所轉讓代價包括或然 代價安排產牛之仟何資產或 負債之公允值。收購相關成本 於產生時列為開支。在業務合 併中所收購可識別之資產以 及所承擔之負債及或有負債, 首先以其於收購日期之公允 值計量。本集團根據逐項收購 基準按公允值或非控制性權 益佔被收購方之可識別資產 淨值之已確認金額之比例,確 認任何於被收購方之非控制 性權益。非控制性權益之所有 其他組成部分按收購日期之 公允值計量,惟香港財務報告 準則規定按其他計量基準計 量者除外。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.1 Subsidiaries (Cont'd)

36.1.1 Consolidation (Cont'd)

(a) Business combinations (Cont'd)

Intra-Group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change in control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between the fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

#### (c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.1 附屬公司(續)

36.1.1綜合賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

集團內公司之間之交易、結餘 及交易之未變現收益予以對 銷。未變現虧損亦予以對銷。 附屬公司報告之數額已按需 要作出改變,以確保與本集團 會計政策相符。

附屬公司業績及權益中的非 控股權益,分別於綜合損益 表、綜合全面收益表、綜合資 產負債表及綜合權益變動表 中獨立列示。

#### (b) 不涉及控制權變動之於附屬

公司擁有權權益變動並無導 致失去控制權之非控制 益交易入賬列作權益為 即與擁有人以彼等。任何 人身份進行之交易。 任價公允值與有關應已所 購附屬公司資產淨值 時間之差額均計入權益。 非控制性權益之收益或虧損 亦計入權益。

#### (c) 出售附屬公司

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.1 Subsidiaries (Cont'd)

36.1.2Separate financial statements

Interests in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the interests in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 36.2 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors collectively, who make strategic decisions.

#### 36.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the group entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuations where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss within "finance income" or "finance costs". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss within "other income and other gains – net".

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.1 附屬公司(續)

36.1.2 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之權益乃以成本減減 值入賬。成本亦包括投資之直接 應佔費用。附屬公司之業績由公 司按已收及應收股息入賬。

當收到於附屬公司之投資之股息時,如股息超過附屬公司在宣派股息期間之總全面收入,或在獨立財務報表之投資賬面值超過被投資方資產淨值(包括商譽)在財務報表之賬面值時,必須對有關投資進行減值測試。

#### 36.2 分部呈報

報告經營分部之基準與向首席經營決 策者所提供之內部報告所探用之基準 貫徹一致。首席經營決策者負責分配 資源和評估經營分部之表現,其為作 出策略決定之執行董事全體。

#### 36.3 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所列項 目·均以集團實體經營所在主要 經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表乃以本公司之 功能貨幣及本集團之呈列貨幣港 元呈列。

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易或項目重新計量 日之匯率換算為功能貨幣。結算 該等交易及按年結日之匯率換算 以外幣列值之貨幣資產及負債所 產生外匯盈虧均於綜合損益表確 認。

借貸、現金及現金等值項目有關之外匯盈虧在綜合損益表內之「財務收入」或「財務成本」中列報。所有其他外匯盈虧於綜合損益表「其他收入及其他收益一淨額」中呈列。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.3 Foreign currency translation (Cont'd)

(b) Transactions and balances (Cont'd)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the securities and other changes in the carrying amount of the securities. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are included in other comprehensive income.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.3 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

分類為按公允值計入其他全面收入的金融資產之外幣列值貨幣證券之公允值變動,分析為證券攤銷成本變動產生之換算差額及蒸券賬面值之其他變動。攤銷成本變動相關之換算差額乃於損益確認,而賬面值其他變動則於其他全面收入確認。

非貨幣金融資產及負債(例如按公允值計入損益之權益)之換算差額乃於損益中確認為公允值損益之一部分。分類為按公允值計入其他全面收入的金融資產之權益等非貨幣金融資產之換算差額於其他全面收入入賬。

#### (c) 集團公司

集團旗下所有實體(當中不持有嚴重通脹經濟之貨幣)之功能貨幣倘有別於呈列貨幣,則其業績及財務狀況須按以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份資產負債表內所呈列資 產及負債按該結算日之收市 匯率換算;
- (ii) 每份損益表所列收益及開支 按平均匯率換算,除非此平均 匯率不足以合理反映於交易 日期適用匯率之累計影響,則 在此情況下,收益及開支按交 易日期之匯率換算;及
- (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差額均 確認為其他全面收入。

收購海外實體時產生之商譽及公 允值調整視為該海外實體之資產 及負債處理,並按收市匯率換算。 所產生匯兑差額均計入其他全面 收入。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date.

#### 36.5 Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.4 非金融資產之減值

倘事件或情況變動顯示賬面值或不可 收回,須作折舊及攤銷之資產亦會 減值檢討。在資產賬面值高於可收 數額時須將差額確認為減值虧損。 數額時須將差額確認為減值虧損。 使用價值兩者當中之較高者。為 這一次值,資產按獨立可識別現金流 最低水平(在很大程度上獨立)(現金融 資產或組別資產的現金流量)(現金融 資產或組別資產的現金流量)(現金融 產若出現減值,則須於各資產 至若出現減值,則須於各資產 日期評估會否撥回減值。

#### 36.5 金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團將其金融資產按以下計量 類別分類:

- 隨後將按公允值計量(計入其 他全面收入或計入損益);及
- 將按攤銷成本計量。

該分類取決於實體管理金融資產 及現金流量合約期之業務模式。

就按公允值計量的資產而言,其 收益及虧損將於損益或其他全面 收入列賬。就債務工具投資而言, 將取決於持有投資的業務模式。 就權益工具而言,將取決於本 國有否於初始確認時不可撤回 選擇將股本投資以按公允值計入 其他全面收入之方式入賬。

本集團僅會於管理債務投資之業 務模式改變時方將該等資產重新 分類。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.5 Financial assets (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash
flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal
and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt
investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is
not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the consolidated
statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance
income using the effective interest rate method.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.5 金融資產(續)

#### (ii) 確認及終止確認

常規購買及出售金融資產在交易日確認,交易日指本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之日。當從金融資產收取現金流量之權利亞主轉讓,而本集團已實轉讓將所有權之所有風險和報酬轉勝,金融資產即終止確認。

#### (iii) 計量

初始確認時,本集團按金融資產的公允值加(倘並非按公允值計入損益的金融資產)直接歸屬於收購金融資產的交易成本計量該金融資產。按公允值計入損益的金融資產的交易成本於綜合損益表列作開支。

#### 債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本集 團管理資產之業務模式及該資產 之現金流量特徵。本集團將其債 務工具分類為三種計量類別:

· 攤銷成本:持作收回合約現金 流量之資產,倘該等現金流量 僅指支付之本金及利息,則按 攤銷成本計量。後續按攤銷成 本計量且並非對沖關係一 份之債務投資的收益或虧值 於資產終止確認或減值時於 綜合損益表確認。該等金融資 產的利息收入採用實際利率 法計入財務收入。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.5 Financial assets (Cont'd)

(iii) Measurement (Cont'd)

Debt instruments (Cont'd)

- Fair value through other comprehensive income: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and recognised in 'other income and other gains net.' Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria
  for amortised cost or financial assets at fair value through other
  comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit
  or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently
  measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a
  hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net
  in the consolidated statement of profit or loss within "other income
  and other gains net" in the period in which it arises. Interest income
  from these financial assets is included in the "finance income".

#### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.5 金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 按公允值計入其他全面收入: 持作收回合約現金流量及出 售金融資產之資產,倘該等資 產現金流量僅指支付本金及 利息,則按公允值計入其他 全面收入(其他全面收入)計 量。賬面值之變動乃計入其他 全面收入,惟於損益確認之減 值收益或虧損、利息收入及外 匯盈虧除外。金融資產終止確 認時, 先前於其他全面收入 確認之累計收益或虧損由權 益重新分類至綜合損益表並 於「其他收入及其他收益-淨 額 | 確認。該等金融資產的利 息收入採用實際利率法計入 財務收入。
- · 按公允值計入損益:未達攤銷 成本標準或未按公允值計入 其他全面收入的資產按公允 值計入損益計量。後續按公允 值計入損益計量且並非資 關係一部份的債務投資對的 益或虧損於損益確認,並內內 益或虧損於損益確認,其他以 是期間在綜合損益表「其他以 入及其他收益一淨額」內以 值呈列。該等金融資產的利息 收入計入「財務收入」。

#### 權益工具

本集團按公允值後續計量所有權 益投資。倘本集團管理層選擇於 其他全面收入列報權益投資之公 允值收益及虧損,概無後續重新 分類公允值收益及虧損至綜合損 益表。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.5 Financial assets (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Measurement (Cont'd)

Equity instruments (Cont'd)

Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as "other income and other gains – net" when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in "other income and other gains – net" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at fair value through OCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost using historical and forward looking data. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade and bills receivables and amounts due from associates, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. See Note 3.1(b) for further details.

#### 36.6 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.5 金融資產(續)

#### (iii) 計量(續)

權益工具(續)

當本集團有權收取股息付款時, 該等投資之股息繼續於綜合損 益表確認為「其他收入及其他收 益-淨額」。

按公允值計入損益之金融資產的公允值變動於綜合損益表的「其他收入及其他收益一淨額」確認(如適用)。按公允值計入其他全面收益之股本投資之減值虧損及(及撥回減值虧損)並無與其他公允值變動分開呈報。

#### (iv) 減值

本集團使用歷史及前瞻性數據對 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產的相 關的預期信貸虧損進行評估。所 採用的減值方法取決於信貸風險 是否大幅增加。

就應收賬款及票據以及應收聯營公司款項而言,本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方法,其中要求整個生命期的預期虧損須自初始確認應收款項時確認。更多詳情請參閱附註3.1(b)。

#### 36.6 抵銷金融工具

當有法定可執行權力可抵銷已確認金額,並有意圖按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在資產負債表報告其淨額。該法定可執行權利不得不得未來事項而定。在一般業務過程中以及倘本集團或對手方出現違約、無價債能力或破產時,也必須具有法律約束力。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.7 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at the end of each balance sheet date. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

Derivative instruments which do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 36.8 Other receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 36.5(iv) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

#### 36.9 Share capital

Shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

When any Group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to owners of the company until the shares are cancelled or reissued.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.7 衍生金融工具

衍生工具初始按於衍生工具合約訂立 日之公允值確認,其後按於各資產負 債表日期之公允值重新計量。確認所 產生之收益或虧損之方法取決於該衍 生工具是否指定作套期工具,如指定 為套期工具,則取決於其所套期項目 之性質。

不符合採用對沖會計法入賬之衍生工 具按公允值計入損益。該等衍生工具 之公允值的變動,即時於綜合損益表 中確認。

#### 36.8 其他應收款項

其他應收款項初步按公允值確認,其 後則按實際利率法以攤銷成本扣除減 值撥備計量。有關本集團減值政策之 描述,請參閱附註36.5 (iv)。

#### 36.9 股本

股份分類為權益。直接歸屬於發行新 股或購股權之新增成本在權益中列為 所得款之減少(扣除稅項)。

如任何集團公司購入本公司之權益 股本(庫存股),所支付之代價,包括 任何直接所佔之新增成本(扣除所得 税),自歸屬於本公司權益持有者之 權益中扣除,直至股份被註銷或重新 發行為止。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.10Employee benefits

#### (a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the balance sheet date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### (b) Bonus plan

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

#### (c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (d) Retirement benefits

The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefit schemes. A defined contribution plan is a retirement benefit scheme under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The schemes are generally funded through payments to state or trustee-administered funds. The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered funds on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.10僱員福利

#### (a) 短期責任

倘工資及薪金負債預期於僱員提供相關服務的期間完結後12個月內全額結付,有關負債會就直至結算日完結為止的僱員服務確認,並按結清負債時預期須付的金額計量。有關負債於綜合資產負債表呈報為即期僱員福利。

#### (b) 花紅計劃

倘本集團因僱員提供之服務而產 生現有法律或推定責任,而責任 金額能可靠估算時,則將花紅計 劃之預計成本確認為負債入賬。

#### (c) 僱員假期福利

僱員可享有之年假之權利於該等 假期累計予僱員時確認。本集團 就僱員截至結算日止所提供服務 而享有之年假之估計負債作出撥 備。僱員可享有之病假及產假於 休假時方予確認。

#### (d) 退休福利

本集團推行多項定額供款退休福 利計劃。定額供款計劃為本集團 向獨立實體作出定額供款之退休 福利計劃。倘有關基金並無足夠 資產就僱員於現時及過往期間所 提供服務支付所有僱員福利,本 集團並無法律或推定責任作出進 一步供款。

計劃一般透過向國家或受託人管理之基金作出供款撥資。本準向完善,其或私人管理基金作出供款後,本集團並和人管理基金作出供款後,本集團並無性對於責任。供款於到期應付供款。與行款責任。供款於到期應付供款確認為僱員福利支出。可扣減日時款在可取得退回現金或可預決日份款之情況下確認為資產。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.10Employee benefits (Cont'd)

#### (e) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

#### (f) Share-based compensation

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.10僱員福利(續)

#### (e) 離職福利

#### (f) 以股份為基礎之酬金

以權益結算以股份為基礎之交易 本集團實行以權益結算以股份為 基礎之酬金計劃,根據該計劃, 以本集團之權益工具(購股權)作 為實體取得僱員服務之代價。授 出購股權所相應獲得之僱員服務 公允值確認為開支。列為開支之 總額乃參考已授購股權之公允值 釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現條件(例如實體股份價格);
- 不包括任何服務和非市場表現歸屬條件(例如盈利能力、銷售增長目標和職工在某特定時期內留任實體)之影響:及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件影響(例 如要求僱員儲蓄)。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.10Employee benefits (Cont'd)

(f) Share-based compensation (Cont'd)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (Cont'd)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the statement of profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

#### Share-based payment transactions among group entities

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution to the subsidiary. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent equity accounts.

#### (g) Long service payment scheme in Hong Kong

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service amounts payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. In June 2022, the Hong Kong Government enacted the Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance"). The amendment will come into effect prospectively from a date to be appointed by the Hong Kong Government (the "Transition Date").

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.10僱員福利(續)

(f) 以股份為基礎之酬金(續) 以權益結算以股份為基礎之交易 (續)

非市場歸屬條件包括在預期歸屬購股權數目之假設。支銷之之關之。 支銷之總數則間確認,歸屬期間間之關,歸屬期間間之所,以所有特定歸屬條件之則則。 於各結算日,該實體根據非股權以關係件修訂預期歸屬購股權認制則,以表繼,並相應調整股本。

於購股權獲行使時,本公司會發 行新股。扣除任何直接應佔交易 成本所收取之所得款項計入股本 (面值)及股份溢價。

#### 集團內以股份為基礎之交易

本公司向本集團附屬公司之職工 授予其權益工具之購股權,被視 為附屬公司資本投入。收取職工 服務之公允值,參考授出日之 允值計量,並在歸屬期內確認, 作為對附屬公司投資之增加,並 相應對母公司權益賑戶之權益貸 記。

#### (a) 香港長期服務金計劃

本集團根據香港《僱傭條例》在若 干情況下終止僱用僱員而支付之 長期服務金所衍生之負債淨額, 是指僱員於本期間及過往期間 就提供服務所賺取之未來福利。 於2022年6月,香港政府頒佈了 《2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵 銷安排)(修訂)條例》(「修訂條 例」)。該修訂將於香港政府指定 的日期(「轉制日」)起生效。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

### 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.10Employee benefits (Cont'd)

(g) Long service payment scheme in Hong Kong (Cont'd)

Under the Amendment Ordinance, any accrued benefits attributable to the employer's mandatory contributions under mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Benefits") of an entity would no longer be eligible to offset against its obligations on long service payment ("LSP") for the portion of the LSP accrued on or after the Transition Date. There is also a change in the calculation basis of last monthly wages for the portion of the LSP accrued before the Transition Date.

By following the Guidance issued by HKICPA in July 2023, the Group has reattributed the deemed employee contributions on a straight-line basis from the date when services by employees first lead to their benefits in terms of the LSP legislation in accordance with HKAS 19 paragraph 93(a).

The amendment did not have material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

#### 36.11Income recognition

(a) Sub-contracting income

The Group provides ad-hoc sub-contracting service to customers. Subcontracting income is recognised when the services are rendered.

#### (b) Handling income

The Group provides handling service for purchases of raw materials on behalf. Handling income is recognised when the services are rendered.

#### (c) Rental income

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

#### 36.12Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using effective interest method is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss. Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.10僱員福利(續)

(a) 香港長期服務金計劃(續)

根據修訂條例, 實體的強制性公 積金計劃項下僱主的強制性供款 (「強積金權益」)所產生的任何累 計權益將不再符合資格抵銷其於 轉制日或之後累計的長期服務金 (「長期服務金」)部分的長期服務 金責任。於轉制日前累計的長期 服務金部分的最後一個月工資的 計算基準亦有所變動。

根據香港會計師公會於2023年7 月頒佈的指引,本集團根據香港 會計準則第19號第93(a)段,自僱 員服務就長期服務金法例而言首 次導致權益之日起,以直線法重 新歸類視作僱員供款。

該修訂對本集團截至2025年及 2024年3月31日止年度的綜合財 務報表並無重大影響。

#### 36.11收益確認

(a) 分包收入

本集團按特定情況向客戶提供分 包服務。分包收入於提供服務時 確認。

#### (b) 處理收入

本集團就代為購買原材料提供處 理服務。處理收入於提供服務時 確認。

(c) 租金收入

經營租約之租金收入乃按租約期 間以直線法來確認。

#### 36.12利息收入

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產的利息收 入採用實際利率法計算,並於綜合損 益表確認。持有作現金管理用途的金 融資產所賺取的利息收入列報為財務 收入。利息收入按實際利率應用於金 融資產賬面總值計算。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.13 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 36.14Earning per shares

- (i) Basic earnings per share
  Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:
  - The profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares.
  - By the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### (ii) Dilutive earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share taking into account:

- The after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares; and
- The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.13股息收入

股息收入在收取款項之權利確定時確認。

#### 36.14每股盈利

- (i) 每股基本盈利 計算每股基本盈利時會將:
  - 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (不包括用於普通股以外權益 的任何成本)除以
  - 財政年度內流通普通股的加權平均數(就年內發行普通股的紅股部分予以調整,且不包括庫存股份)。

#### (ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利於計及下列因素後 調整用於釐訂每股基本盈利的數 字:

- 潛在攤薄普通股之相關利息 及其他財務成於除所得稅後 的影響:及
- 財政年度內流通普通股的加權平均數(就年內發行普通股的紅股部分予以調整,且不包括庫存股份)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## 36 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIAL MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### 36.15Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group has complied with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

#### 36.16Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

#### 36.17 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### 36其他潛在重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 36.15政府補貼

當能夠合理地保證政府補貼將可收取,且本集團已符合所有附帶條件時,將政府提供之補助按其公允值確認入賬。

與成本有關之政府補貼遞延入賬,並 配合擬補償之成本所需期間在綜合損 益表中確認。

與購買物業、廠房及設備有關之政府 補貼列入非流動負債作為遞延政府補 貼,並按有關資產之預計年期以直線 法在綜合損益表列賬。

#### 36.16或有負債

或有負債指可能因過往事件而產生之可能責任,而有關責任存在須透過一項或多項並非本集團完全控制範圍內無法肯定之日後事件發生與否方能確定。或有負債亦指因過往事件而產生之現有責任,由於可能不需要流出經濟資源或責任金額無法可靠計量而未有確認。

或有負債不予確認,惟會於綜合財務 報表內披露。倘資源流出之可能性有 變,以致可能流出資源,則將確認為 撥備。

#### 36.17股息分派

分派予本公司股東之股息於本公司 股東或董事(倘適用)批准股息之期 間,在本集團之綜合財務報表確認為 負債。

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

## **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

## 綜合業績

		Year ended 31 March, 截至3月31日止年度				
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		2025年	2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	5,057,570	4,739,010	5,018,735	6,066,310	5,384,897
Gross profit	毛利	383,985	497,437	489,987	776,318	861,689
Profit attributable to:	下列人士應佔溢利:					
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	167,597	167,118	268,572	572,677	721,491
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	(8,180)	5,340	5,077	6,558	13,848
		159,417	172,458	273,649	579,235	735,339

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

## 綜合資產負債表

			1	As at 31 March, 於3月31日		
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		2025年	2024	2023年	2022	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,840,658	2,816,635	2,296,109	2,124,390	2,068,692
Current assets	流動資產	2,469,708	2,749,336	3,233,208	3,819,804	3,142,672
Total assets	資產總值	5,310,366	5,565,971	5,529,317	5,944,194	5,211,364
Current liabilities	流動負債	2,087,294	2,248,121	2,190,965	2,261,676	1,624,654
Total assets less current liabilitie	s資產總值減流動負債	3,223,072	3,317,850	3,338,352	3,682,518	3,586,710
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	340,178	351,396	249,775	251,994	233,085
Total equity	權益總額	2,882,894	2,966,454	3,088,577	3,430,524	3,353,625
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	382,414	501,215	1,042,243	1,558,128	1,518,018
Equity attributable to:	下列人士應佔權益:					
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	2,882,690	2,954,272	3,074,864	3,419,125	3,337,921
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	204	12,182	13,713	11,399	15,704
		2,882,894	2,966,454	3,088,577	3,430,524	3,353,625

# SCHEDULE OF GROUP'S PROPERTIES 本集團物業一覽表

## PROPERTIES HELD FOR OWN USE

## 持作自用物業

Property 物業	Description 概況	Lot Number 地段編號	Type 類型	Lease Term 年期
Hong Kong				
香港				
Unit B1, B3 on 7/F and Car	The property comprises unit B1 and	Kwai Chung Town Lot No. 143	Industrial/	The property is held for a term
Parking Space (No.39) on G/F	B3 on the 7th floor together with a		Office	of 99 years from 1 July 1898
Eastern Sea Industrial Building,	car parking space on the ground floor.			and renewed to 30 June 2047.
29/39 Kwai Cheong Rd. & 48/56	The property has saleable area of			
Tai Lin Pai Rd. Kwai Chung NT	approximately 1,568 sq.m.			
新界葵涌	該物業包括8樓B1及B3室,連同地	葵涌市地段第143號	工業/	該物業由1898年7月1日起
葵昌路29/39號及	下停車位。該物業的實用面積約		辦公室	計持有為期99年,並已重續
大連排道48/56號	1,568平方米。			至2047年6月30日。
東海工業大廈				
8樓B1、B3室及				
地下停車位(第39號)				
Mainland China				
中國內地				
Liu Chong Tong Xin County,	The property comprises several	Lot No.: 21-0664	Industrial	The land use right ( Lot No. :
Wan Qing Sha Town	factory buildings, warehouses,	Lot No.: 4401151002080125		21-0664) is held for a term up
Nansha, Guangzhou City Guangdong Province, PRC	sewage treatment plants, electric heating plants, office buildings,	Lot No.: 4401151002080126		to 11 June 2048.
(Pacific Textiles Industrial City)	dormitories, production facilities and			The land use rights ( Lot
,	environmental facilities. The total land			No.: 4401151002080125 &
	area is around 421,410 sq.m.			4401151002080126) are held
				for a term up to 17 October
				2061.
中國廣東省	該物業包括數間廠房、倉庫、污水	地段編號: 21-0664	工業	土地使用權(地段編號:
廣州市	成初来と行数间敞房・岩岸・77小處理廠、電熱廠、辦公樓、宿舍、生	地段編號:	土木	21-0664) 持有期限至2048年
南沙萬頃沙鎮	產設施及環保設施。總土地面積約	4401151002080125		6月11日。
六涌同興村	為421,410平方米。	地段編號:		
(互太工業城)		4401151002080126		土地使用權(地段編號:
				4401151002080125及
				4401151002080126)持有期
				限至2061年10月17日。

## **SCHEDULE OF GROUP'S PROPERTIES** 本集團物業一覽表

於2025年3月31日 As at 31 March 2025

Property 物業	Description 概況	Lot Number 地段編號	Type 類型	Lease Term 年期
<b>Vietnam</b> 越南 Land Lot CN9, CN11 and CN12, Lai Vu Industrial Zone, Lai Vu	The property mainly comprises factory buildings and warehouses. The total	Lot CN9, CN11 and CN12	Industrial	The land use right is held for a term up to 12 January 2054.
Commune, Kim Thanh District, Hai Duong Province	land area is around 308,504 sq.m.			
Land Lot CN9, CN11 and CN12, Lai Vu Industrial Zone, Lai Vu Commune, Kim Thanh District, Hai Duong Province	該物業主要包括廠房及倉庫。總土 地面積約為308,504平方米。	CN9、CN11及CN12地段	工業	土地使用權持有期限至 2054年1月12日。
Lot K1, Rang Dong Garment and Textiles Industrial Zone, Nghia Hung District, Nam Dinh Province	The property mainly comprises factory buildings, office buildings and warehouse. The total land area is around 312,000 sq.m.	Lot K1	Industrial	The land use right is held for a term up to 30 June 2065.
Lot K1, Rang Dong Garment and Textiles Industrial Zone, Nghia Hung District, Nam Dinh Province	該物業主要包括廠房、辦公樓及 倉庫。總土地面積約為312,000平方 米。	K1 地段	工業	土地使用權持有期限至2065 年6月30日。

## GLOSSARY 專用詞彙

於本年報內(獨立核數師報告與財務資料除 In this annual report (other than the Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Information), unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall 外),除非文義另有所指,下列詞彙具有以 have the following meanings: 下含義: "2024 Financial Year" For the year ended 31 March 2024 「2024年財政 截至2024年3月31日止 年度」 年度 截至2025年3月31日止 "2025 Financial Year" For the year ended 31 March 2025 [2025年財政 年度」 年度 "2026 Financial Year" For the year ended 31 March 2026 「2026年財政 截至2026年3月31日止 年度」 年度 "AGM" 「股東调年 本公司之股東週年大會 Annual General Meeting of the Company 大會」 「章程細則」 本公司不時修訂之組織章 "Articles" The Articles of Association of the Company, as amended from time to time 程細則 "Board" The board of Directors of the Company 「董事局| 本公司之董事局 「企業管治 主板上市規則附錄C1所 "CG Code" or "Corporate The Corporate Governance Code, stated in the 載之企業管治守則 守則」 Governance Code" Appendix C1 to the Main Board Listing Rules "China" or "PRC" 「中國」 中華人民共和國 The People's Republic of China 「中國南沙廠」或 於中國廣州市南沙區由互 "China Nansha Plant" or The factory run by Pacific (Panyu) Textiles Limited "Panyu Plant" or located in Nansha District of Guangzhou City, the 「番禺廠」或 太(番禺)紡織印染有限 「番禺工廠」 公司營運之工廠 "Panyu Factory" PRC "Company" Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited, an exempted 「本公司| 互太紡織控股有限公司, company incorporated in Cayman Islands with 一間於開曼群島註冊成立 之獲豁免有限公司,其股 limited liability, the Shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange 份於聯交所上市 "Director(s)" The director(s) of the Company 「董事」 本公司之董事 「本集團」 本公司及其附屬公司 "Group" The Company and its subsidiaries "HKD" or "\$" or "HK\$" [港元] 港元 Hong Kong Dollar Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the 中華人民共和國香港特別 "HKSAR" or "Hong Kong" 「香港」 People's Republic of China 行政區 "INED(s)" The independent non-executive director(s) of the 「獨立非執行 本公司之獨立非執行董事 Company 董事| "Listing Rules" or "Main Board The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on [|市規則|或 經不時修訂之聯交所證券 Listing Rules" the Stock Exchange, as amended from time to 「主板上市 上市規則 time 規則」

## GLOSSARY 專用詞彙

"LKR" or "RS"	Sri Lankan Rupee	「斯里蘭卡 盧比」	斯里蘭卡盧比
"Memorandum"	the Memorandum of Association of the Company as amended from time to time.	「章程大綱」	本公司不時修訂之組織章 程大綱
"Model Code"	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, Appendix C3 to the Main Board Listing Rules	「標準守則」	主板上市規則附錄C3上 市發行人董事進行證券交 易的標準守則
"RMB" or "CNY"	Renminbi/Chinese Yuan	「人民幣」	人民幣
"SFO"	Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong)	「證券及期貨 條例」	證券及期貨條例(香港法 例第571章)
"Share Option Scheme"	The Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company pursuant to the written resolutions of Shareholders passed on 27 April 2007, and expired on 17 May 2017. All options granted under the share option scheme had been exercised, lapsed or ceased to be exercisable by 10 October 2023	「購股權計劃」	本公司根據股東於2007 年4月27日通過之書面決 議案採納之購股權計劃, 且已於2017年5月17日 屆滿。截至2023年10月 10日,根據購股權計劃授 出的所有購股權均已行 使、失效或停止可行使
"Shareholder(s)"	The Company's Shareholder(s)	「股東」	本公司之股東
"Shares"	Shares of the Company, with a nominal value of HK\$0.001 each	「股份」	本公司每股面值0.001港 元之股份
"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	「聯交所」	香港聯合交易所有限公司
"Teejay Lanka PLC" or "Teejay"	Teejay Lanka PLC (formerly known as Textured Jersey Lanka PLC and Textured Jersey Lanka (Private) Limited), a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of Sri Lanka and whose shares are listed on the Colombo Stock Exchange of Sri Lanka	「Teejay Lanka PLC」或 「Teejay」	Teejay Lanka PLC (前稱 Textured Jersey Lanka PLC 及 Textured Jersey Lanka (Private) Limited),一間根 據斯里蘭卡法律註冊成立 之有限公司,其股份於斯 里蘭卡科倫坡交易所上市
"Toray"	Toray Industries, Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of Japan and whose shares are listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange in Japan, substantial Shareholder of the Company	「Toray 」	Toray Industries, Inc.,一間根據日本法律註冊成立之公司,其股份於日本東京證券交易所上市,現為本公司之一名主要股東
"USD" or "US\$"	United States Dollar	「美元」	美元

## GLOSSARY 專用詞彙

"U.S."	United States or United States of America	「美國」	美國或美利堅合眾國
"Vietnam Hai Duong Plant"	The factory run by Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited located in Kim Thanh District of Hai Duong Province, Vietnam	「越南海陽廠」	於越南海陽省Kim Thanh 縣由Pacific Crystal Textiles Limited營運之工廠
"Vietnam Nam Dinh Plant"	The factory run by TOP Textiles Limited located in Nghia Hung District of Nam Dinh Province, Vietnam	「越南南定廠」	於 越 南 南 定 省 Nghia Hung 縣 由 TOP Textiles Limited 營運之工廠
"VND"	Vietnamese Dong		越南盾





# PACIFIC TEXTILES HOLDINGS LIMITED 互太紡織控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 01382)

