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ORIENT OVERSEAS (INTERNATIONAL) LIMITED

東方海外(國際)有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with members' limited liability)
(Stock code: 316)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30TH JUNE 2025

The Directors of Orient Overseas (International) Limited (the "Company" or "OOIL") announce the unaudited interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the six months ended 30th June 2025. The following financial information, including the Group's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as at 30th June 2025 and the unaudited condensed consolidated profit and loss account, the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unaudited condensed consolidated cash flow statement and the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period and explanatory notes 1 to 21 as presented below are extracted from the Interim Financial Information which has been reviewed by the Company's independent auditor, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA").

Condensed Consolidated Profit and Loss Account (Unaudited) For the six months ended 30th June 2025

US\$'000	Note	2025	2024
Revenue On proting a sets	5, 6	4,876,265	4,645,576
Operating costs		(3,907,230)	(3,731,322)
Gross profit		969,035	914,254
Other operating income		179,250	194,257
Business and administrative expenses		(214,952)	(236,013)
Reversal of/(provision for) impairment losses		2 ==0	((,005)
on financial assets, net		2,778	(6,995)
Other gains/(losses), net		41,883	(30,588)
Operating profit	7	977,994	834,915
Finance costs	9	(11,974)	(9,976)
Share of profits of joint ventures		2,701	2,524
Share of profits of associated companies		4,319	3,067
Profit before taxation		973,040	830,530
Taxation	10	(17,905)	3,525
Profit for the period		955,135	834,055
Profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		954,229	833,277
Non-controlling interests		906	778
		955,135	834,055
Earnings per ordinary share (US\$)	11		
Basic and diluted		1.44	1.26

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) For the six months ended 30th June 2025

US\$'000	2025	2024
Profit for the period	955,135	834,055
Other comprehensive loss:		
Item that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:		
Remeasurement (losses)/gains on defined benefit scheme	(201)	2,349
Items that have been reclassified or may be reclassified		
subsequently to profit or loss:		
Currency translation adjustments		
Subsidiaries	(4,562)	(3,073)
Joint ventures	(23)	(142)
Associated companies	569	(550)
Total amount that has been reclassified or may be reclassified		
subsequently to profit or loss	(4,016)	(3,765)
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax	(4,217)	(1,416)
Total comprehensive income for the period	950,918	832,639
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	949,980	832,088
Non-controlling interests	938	551
	950,918	832,639

As at 50th June 2025			
TVG-1000		30th June	31st December
US\$'000	Note	2025	2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	7,925,010	6,710,820
Right-of-use assets	13	1,705,354	1,732,776
Investment property	13	200,000	200,000
Investments in joint ventures and associated companies		145,646	145,308
Intangible assets	13	5,669	4,840
Deferred taxation assets		33,227	37,010
Pension and retirement assets		18,592	16,973
Restricted bank balances		291	292
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		34	34
Investments at amortised cost		34,852	47,889
Other non-current assets		12,445	9,277
		10,081,120	8,905,219
Current assets			
Inventories		203,772	191,513
Debtors and prepayments	14	857,065	743,603
Investments at amortised cost		18,016	4,998
Portfolio investments at fair value through profit or loss		10,611	9,174
Tax recoverable		8,232	6,650
Restricted bank balances		4,881	3,753
Cash and bank balances		7,020,711	7,903,473
		8,123,288	8,863,164
Total assets		18,204,408	17,768,383
EQUITY			
Equity holders			
Share capital	15	66,037	66,037
Reserves	16	13,257,800	13,179,513
		13,323,837	13,245,550
Non-controlling interests		4,364	3,947
Total equity		13,328,201	13,249,497
Total equity		13,326,201	15,247,477
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	17	809,527	811,607
Deferred taxation liabilities		184,878	184,113
Provision	18	896,745	896,745
		1,891,150	1,892,465
Current liabilities		<u></u>	
Creditors and accruals	19	2,265,808	1,930,036
Lease liabilities	17	592,299	561,616
Current taxation		126,950	134,769
		2,985,057	2,626,421
Total liabilities		4,876,207	4,518,886
Total equity and liabilities		18,204,408	17,768,383
rotal equity and nabilities		10,204,400	17,700,303

US\$'000	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash generated from operations	1,172,946	1,001,597
Interest and financing charges paid	(25,550)	(25,794)
Income tax paid	(22,625)	(17,076)
Net cash from operating activities	1,124,771	958,727
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	24,976	32,032
Decrease in portfolio investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	5,695
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets	(973,880)	(742,012)
(Increase)/decrease in restricted bank balances and bank deposits	(5(0.222)	1 55(400
maturing more than three months from the date of placement Interest received	(560,232) 152,878	1,556,408 193,300
Movements of other investing activities	2,341	133,300
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	(1,353,917)	1,045,553
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of lease liabilities	(333,652)	(361,397)
Dividends paid to equity holders of the Company	(871,693)	(119,528)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(521)	
Cash used in financing activities	(1,205,866)	(480,925)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,435,012)	1,523,355
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,650,964	1,129,210
Currency translation adjustments	(6,855)	(3,586)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,209,097	2,648,979
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and bank balances	7,020,711	6,685,466
Bank deposits maturing more than three months	,,0=0,711	0,000,100
from the date of placement	(2,811,614)	(4,036,487)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4,209,097	2,648,979

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited) For the six months ended 30th June 2025

	Equity holders			Non-		
US\$'000	Share capital	Reserves	Sub-total	controlling interests	Total	
At 1st January 2025	66,037	13,179,513	13,245,550	3,947	13,249,497	
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	949,980	949,980	938	950,918	
Transactions with owners						
2024 final dividend	-	(871,693)	(871,693)	-	(871,693)	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests				(521)	(521)	
At 30th June 2025	66,037	13,257,800	13,323,837	4,364	13,328,201	
At 1st January 2024	66,037	11,141,059	11,207,096	3,267	11,210,363	
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	832,088	832,088	551	832,639	
Transactions with owners						
Employee share-based compensation	-	14	14	_	14	
2023 final dividend	-	(95,754)	(95,754)	_	(95,754)	
2023 second special dividend		(23,774)	(23,774)		(23,774)	
At 30th June 2024	66,037	11,853,633	11,919,670	3,818	11,923,488	

Notes to the Interim Financial Information

1. General information

The Company is a members' limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and the principal office is 31st Floor, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, China.

The Company has its shares listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The ultimate parent company of the Group is China COSCO SHIPPING Corporation Limited ("COSCO SHIPPING"), a state-owned enterprise established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

This interim financial information is presented in US dollar, unless otherwise stated.

This interim financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 21st August 2025.

2. Basis of preparation

The interim financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the HKICPA and the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix D2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment property, investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and portfolio investments at fair value through profit or loss which are carried at fair value. The interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2024, which have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA.

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the interim financial information are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2024 except for the adoption of amendments to existing standards effective for the financial year ending 31st December 2025.

The adoption of revised standards

In 2025, the Group adopted the following amendments to existing standards, which are relevant to its operations.

Amendments to existing standards

HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments)

2. Basis of preparation (Continued)

The adoption of revised standards (Continued)

The adoption of the above amendments to existing standards does not have a material impact to the results and financial position of the Group.

New standard and amendments and improvement to existing standards and interpretation that are relevant to the Group but not yet effective

		Effective for accounting periods
	d amendments and improvement to rds and interpretation	beginning on or after
HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1st January 2026
HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity	1st January 2026
HKFRS Accounting Standards	Annual Improvements - Volume 11	1st January 2026
HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1st January 2027
HK Int 5 (Amendment)	Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1st January 2027
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be announced

The Group has not early adopted the above new standard and amendments and improvement to existing standards and interpretation. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the Group's accounting policies and consolidated financial statements. The adoption of the above amendments and improvement to existing standards and interpretation is not expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except that the adoption of HKFRS 18 may have impact on the presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. Financial risk management

All aspects of the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2024.

3.1 Fair value estimation

The financial instruments that are measured in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value, require disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 30th June 2025:

US\$'000	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Assets			
Portfolio investments at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Equity securities	10,611	-	10,611
Investments at fair value through			
other comprehensive income			
Unlisted equity securities	<u> </u>	34	34
Total	10,611	34	10,645

3. Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31st December 2024:

US\$'000	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Assets			
Portfolio investments at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Equity securities	9,174	-	9,174
Investments at fair value through			
other comprehensive income			
Unlisted equity securities	<u> </u>	34	34
Total	9,174	34	9,208

There were no transfers among levels 1, 2 and 3 during the period.

Specific valuation techniques used to value level 3 financial instruments include dealer quotes.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

Instruments included in level 3 comprise unlisted equity securities classified as investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

There were no movements in level 3 instruments during the period.

3.2 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

	Carrying amounts		nounts Fair value	
	30th	31st	30th	31st
	June	December	June	December
US\$'000	2025	2024	2025	2024
Investments at amortised cost	52,868	52,887	53,027	52,765

The fair values of debtors, cash and bank balances, restricted bank balances, other financial assets and creditors approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the consolidated financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions applied in the preparation of the interim financial information are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2024.

5. Revenue

US\$'000	2025	2024
Container transport and logistics	4,864,271	4,634,100
Others	11,994	11,476
	4,876,265	4,645,576

The principal activities of the Group are container transport and logistics.

Revenue comprises gross freight income, service and other income from the operation of the container transport and logistics and rental income from the investment property.

6. Segment information

The principal activities of the Group are container transport and logistics. Container transport and logistics include global containerised shipping services in major trade lanes, covering Trans-Pacific, Trans-Atlantic, Asia/Europe and Intra-Asia/Australasia trades, and integrated services over the management and control of effective storage and flow of goods. In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting provided to the chief operating decision-makers, who are responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance of the operating segments and making strategic decisions, the reportable operating segments are container transport and logistics and others. The Executive Directors are the Group's chief operating decision-makers.

Operating segments

The segment results for the six months ended 30th June 2025 are as follows:

US\$'000	Container transport and logistics	Others	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers:			
Over time	4,751,356	-	4,751,356
Revenue from other source	112,915	11,994	124,909
	4,864,271	11,994	4,876,265
Other operating income	176,152	3,098	179,250
	5,040,423	15,092	5,055,515
Operating profit	969,823	8,171	977,994
Finance costs	(11,974)		(11,974)
Share of profits of joint ventures	2,701	-	2,701
Share of profits of associated companies	4,319		4,319
Profit before taxation	964,869	8,171	973,040
Taxation	(16,256)	(1,649)	(17,905)
Profit for the period	948,613	6,522	955,135
Additions to non-current assets*	1,680,535	_	1,680,535
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	246,496	7	246,503
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	232,657	-	232,657
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,191		2,191

Operating segments (Continued)

The segment results for the six months ended 30th June 2024 are as follows:

	Container transport		
US\$'000	and logistics	Others	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers:			
Over time	4,553,214	-	4,553,214
Revenue from other source	80,886	11,476	92,362
	4,634,100	11,476	4,645,576
Other operating income	185,077	9,180	194,257
	4,819,177	20,656	4,839,833
Operating profit/(loss)	872,500	(37,585)	834,915
Finance costs	(9,976)	(37,303)	(9,976)
Share of profits of joint ventures	2,524	_	2,524
Share of profits of associated companies	3,067	-	3,067
Profit/(loss) before taxation	868,115	(37,585)	830,530
Taxation	(10,481)	14,006	3,525
Profit/(loss) for the period	857,634	(23,579)	834,055
Fair value loss from an investment property	_	50,000	50,000
Additions to non-current assets*	1,003,872	-	1,003,872
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	204,828	6	204,834
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	229,835	-	229,835
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,125		2,125

^{*} Additions to non-current assets comprise additions to property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets.

Operating segments (Continued)

The segment assets and liabilities at 30th June 2025 are as follows:

US\$'000	Container transport and logistics	Others	Group
	15 5 4 4 5 9 2	207.105	10.050.050
Segment assets	17,744,783	306,195	18,050,978
Joint ventures	13,987	-	13,987
Associated companies	139,443		139,443
Total assets	<u>17,898,213</u>	306,195	18,204,408
Segment liabilities	(4,753,124)	(123,083)	(4,876,207)

The segment assets and liabilities at 31st December 2024 are as follows:

	Container transport			
US\$'000	and logistics	Others	Group	
Segment assets	17,051,422	571,545	17,622,967	
Joint ventures	10,113	-	10,113	
Associated companies	135,303	<u>-</u>	135,303	
Total assets	17,196,838	571,545	17,768,383	
Segment liabilities	(4,399,586)	(119,300)	(4,518,886)	

The segment of "Others" primarily includes assets and liabilities of property investment and corporate level activities. Assets under the segment of "Others" consist primarily of investment property, investments at amortised cost, portfolio investments at fair value through profit or loss together with cash and bank balances related to property investment activities. Liabilities under the segment of "Others" primarily include creditors and accruals and deferred taxation liabilities related to property investment and corporate level activities.

Geographical information

The Group's two reportable operating segments operate in below main geographical areas, even though they are managed on a worldwide basis. Freight revenues from container transport and logistics are analysed based on the outbound cargoes of each geographical territory. Revenues from other sources are analysed based on the geographical territory that the Group derives revenue from customers.

The Group's non-current assets mainly include container vessels and containers which are primarily utilised across geographical markets for shipment of cargoes throughout the world. Accordingly, non-current assets by geographical areas are not presented.

		Additions to non-current
US\$'000	Revenue	assets#
Six months ended 30th June 2025		
Asia	3,829,647	21,034
Europe	568,510	736
North and South America	324,556	2,537
Australia and Africa	153,552	356
Unallocated*	-	1,655,872
	4,876,265	1,680,535
Six months ended 30th June 2024		
Asia	3,665,092	26,090
Europe	561,024	1,143
North and South America	281,697	1,084
Australia and Africa	137,763	30
Unallocated*		975,525
	4,645,576	1,003,872

Additions to non-current assets comprise additions to property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets.

^{*} Unallocated additions to non-current assets comprise additions to container vessels and capitalised dry-docking costs, assets under construction, scrubbers and vessel equipment, containers and computer software costs.

7. Operating profit

	US\$'000	2025	2024
	Operating profit is arrived at after crediting:		
	Interest income from banks	175,712	190,893
	Interest income from deposits in a fellow subsidiary	1,144	972
	Interest income from investments at amortised cost	1,343	1,343
	Gross rental income from an investment property	11,994	11,476
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	10,509	10,970
	Income from portfolio investments at fair value		
	through profit or loss		
	Fair value gain (realised and unrealised)	1,437	500
	Distribution	5	5
	Dividend income	90	874
	Exchange gain	29,947	7,960
	and after charging:		
	Fair value loss from an investment property	-	50,000
	Loss on early termination of leases	10	18
8.	Key management compensation		
	US\$'000	2025	2024
	Salaries, discretionary bonuses and other employee benefits	1,019	4,471
	Estimated money value of other benefits	-	55
	Pension costs - defined contribution plans	68	194
		1,087	4,720

The Group usually determines and pays discretionary bonuses to employees (including Directors) around middle of each year based on the actual financial results of the Group for the preceding year. The discretionary bonuses represent actual payments to the Directors and individuals during the current financial period in relation to performance for the preceding year, if any.

9. Finance costs

	US\$'000	2025	2024
	Interest expense		
	Lease liabilities	29,899	31,456
	Amount capitalised under assets under construction	(17,925)	(21,480)
	Net interest expense	11,974	9,976
10.	Taxation		
	US\$'000	2025	2024
	Current taxation		
	HKSAR profits tax	4,355	(749)
	Non HKSAR taxation	8,899	15,992
		13,254	15,243
	Deferred taxation	4,651	(18,768)
		17,905	(3,525)

Taxation has been provided at the appropriate tax rates prevailing in the countries/regions in which the Group operates on the estimated assessable profits for the period. These rates range from 5% to 39% (2024: 5% to 39%) and the rates applicable to the withholding tax for undistributed earnings of subsidiaries range from 5% to 30% (2024: 5% to 30%). The HKSAR profits tax for ocean freight transportation business is charged based on the relevant entity's Hong Kong-sourced income (i.e. at a percentage of the total worldwide ocean freight transportation business profit) under the HKSAR tax incentive regime for international shipping businesses and at the applicable tax rate of 16.5% (2024: 16.5%).

In December 2021, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development released the Pillar Two Model Rules (the Global Anti-Base Erosion Proposal, or "GloBE") to reform international corporate taxation. Large multinational enterprises with consolidated revenue of over EUR750 million are subject to the rules. They are required to calculate their GloBE effective tax rate for each jurisdiction where they operate and will be liable to pay a minimum effective tax rate of 15%.

10. Taxation (Continued)

The Group is within the scope of the GloBE. However, international shipping income and certain qualified ancillary international shipping income are excluded from the GloBE. Certain jurisdictions where the Group has operations, such as the United Kingdom, countries under the European Union, Australia and Canada, etc. have their Pillar Two legislation being effective in 2024. The Pillar Two legislation has also been enacted in Hong Kong in 2025 and becomes effective from 1st January 2025. The Group applies the exception from recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to the Pillar Two income taxes, as provided in the Amendments to HKAS 12 issued in July 2023.

As the Group operates worldwide and the types of international shipping income and ancillary income covered by the exclusion are subject to complicated rules and restrictions, the Group would continue to cooperate with the ultimate parent company in assessing the full impact of the rules, covering Hong Kong and other jurisdictions.

11. Earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share are the same since there are no potential dilutive shares.

	2025	2024
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	660,373	660,373
Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (US\$'000)	954,229	833,277
Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company (US\$)	1.44	1.26

12. Dividends

US\$'000	2025	2024
Interim dividend of US\$0.72 (2024: US\$0.63)		
per ordinary share	475,469	416,035

The final dividend for 2024 of US\$871.7 million has been accounted for as an appropriation of retained profit in the six months ended 30th June 2025.

The Board of Directors declares an interim dividend of US\$0.72 (2024: US\$0.63) per ordinary share for the six months ended 30th June 2025 on 21st August 2025. The interim dividend will be payable in cash in US dollar or Hong Kong dollar (HK\$5.616 converted at the exchange rate of US\$1 to HK\$7.8) or Renminbi (RMB5.138 converted at the exchange rate of US\$1 to RMB7.1355, being the average of middle exchange rate between US dollar and Renminbi as announced by the People's Bank of China for the 5 business days before and excluding the date of Board meeting for, among other matters, considering the payment of the interim dividend).

13. Capital expenditure

	Property,				
	plant and	Right-of-use	Investment	Intangible	
US\$'000	e quipme nt	assets	property	assets	Total
Net book amounts					
At 1st January 2025	6,710,820	1,732,776	200,000	4,840	8,648,436
Currency translation adjustments	602	2,285	_	3	2,890
Additions	1,317,897	359,621	_	3,017	1,680,535
Reclassification, disposals/written off	142,194	(156,671)	-	-	(14,477)
Depreciation and amortisation	(246,503)	(232,657)	<u>-</u>	(2,191)	(481,351)
At 30th June 2025	7,925,010	1,705,354	200,000	5,669	9,836,033
At 1st January 2024	5,607,991	1,861,705	250,000	7,679	7,727,375
Currency translation adjustments	(505)	(2,652)	-	(4)	(3,161)
Fair value loss	-	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)
Additions	772,590	230,818	-	464	1,003,872
Reclassification, disposals/written off	152,784	(174,004)	-	-	(21,220)
Depreciation and amortisation	(204,834)	(229,835)		(2,125)	(436,794)
At 30th June 2024	6,328,026	1,686,032	200,000	6,014	8,220,072

Note:

During the six months ended 30th June 2025, construction of five (2024: five) vessels was completed and the vessels were delivered to the Group.

14. Debtors and prepayments

	30th June	31st December
US\$'000	2025	2024
Trade receivables		
Third parties	431,944	433,781
Joint ventures	2,835	108
Fellow subsidiaries	8,475	6,312
Related companies	1,153	1,087
Less: Provision for impairment	(42,051)	(44,720)
Trade receivables - net	402,356	396,568
Other debtors	271,162	208,324
Other prepayments, utility and other deposits	115,885	102,133
Amounts due from related parties		
Associated companies	4,949	-
Fellow subsidiaries	62,635	36,384
Related companies	78	194
	857,065	743,603

Trade receivables are normally due for payment on presentation of invoices or granted with an approved credit period ranging mainly from 10 to 30 days. Debtors with overdue balances are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables, net of provision for impairment, prepared in accordance with the dates of invoices, is as follows:

US\$'000	30th June 2025	31st December 2024
Below 1 month	323,300	312,895
2 to 3 months	72,142	76,391
4 to 6 months	4,855	6,594
Over 6 months	2,059	688
	402,356	396,568

15. Share capital

US\$'000	30th June 2025	31st December 2024
Authorised:		
900,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.10 each	90,000	90,000
65,000,000 convertible redeemable preferred		
shares of US\$1 each	65,000	65,000
50,000,000 redeemable preferred shares		
of US\$1 each	50,000	50,000
	205,000	205,000
Issued and fully paid:		
660,373,297 ordinary shares of US\$0.10 each	66,037	66,037

16. Reserves

		Employee share-based		Capital	Foreign exchange		
US\$'000	Share premium	compensation reserve	Contributed surplus	redemption reserve	translation reserve	Retained profit	Total
At 1st January 2025 Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period Transaction with owners	734,717 -	10,774 -	88,547	4,696	(39,257) (4,048)	12,380,036 954,028	13,179,513 949,980
2024 final dividend						(871,693)	(871,693)
At 30th June 2025	734,717	10,774	88,547	4,696	(43,305)	12,462,371	13,257,800
At 1st January 2024	734,717	10,760	88,547	4,696	(32,536)	10,334,875	11,141,059
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	(3,538)	835,626	832,088
Transactions with owners Employee share-based compensation 2023 final dividend	-	14	-	-	-	(95,754)	14 (95,754)
2023 second special dividend At 30th June 2024	734,717	10,774	88,547	4,696	(36,074)	(23,774) 11,050,973	(23,774) 11,853,633
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17. Lease liabilities

US\$'000	30th June 2025	31st December 2024
Non-current	809,527	811,607
Current	592,299	561,616
	1,401,826	1,373,223

18. Provision

The Group entered into the Terminal Service Agreement ("TSA") in October 2019 to which the Group committed to place, or procure the placement of an annual minimum number of vessel lifts in Long Beach Container Terminal ("LBCT") for 20 years. Failure to meet the committed volume for each contract year would require certain level of deficiency payment as stipulated in the TSA.

As at 30th June 2025, the Group reassessed the expected number of vessel lifts in LBCT for each of the remaining contract years with reference to future prospects of the market and its expected load factor. The current economic environment, tariff policies and other targeted policies in the USA are still highly uncertain. Frequent shifts in tariff policies and the additional port charges to be levied by the USA on Chinese carriers are expected to have some negative impact on the demand/import of the USA in the near future. As at 30th June 2025, with these uncertainties over such a long-term contract period, management reassessed that the projected vessel lifts in LBCT would result in a shortfall on minimum volume commitment over the remaining contract period. The Group estimated an onerous contract provision of US\$896.7 million as at 30th June 2025 (31st December 2024: US\$896.7 million).

19. Creditors and accruals

US\$'000 Trade payables Third parties Joint ventures Fellow subsidiaries Related companies Other creditors Accrued expenses [#] Contract liabilities Amounts due to related parties Joint ventures Fellow subsidiaries* Related companies*	30th June 2025	31st December 2024	
Trade payables			
Third parties	186,043	203,696	
Joint ventures	1,486	1,375	
Fellow subsidiaries	35,500	23,894	
Related companies	21,037	28,662	
	244,066	257,627	
Other creditors	172,947	160,366	
Accrued expenses [#]	1,468,005	1,482,933	
Contract liabilities	18,911	19,618	
Amounts due to related parties			
Joint ventures	6,475	4,506	
Fellow subsidiaries*	287,188	4,722	
Related companies*	68,216	264	
	2,265,808	1,930,036	

[#] Accrued expenses mainly represent accrual for operating costs for container transport and logistics operation and accrued discretionary bonuses.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables, prepared in accordance with the dates of invoices, is as follows:

US\$'000	30th June 2025	31st December 2024
Below 1 month	182,933	182,022
2 to 3 months	48,200	67,192
4 to 6 months	9,017	2,490
Over 6 months	3,916	5,923
	244,066	257,627

^{*} As at 30th June 2025, the amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and related companies mainly include instalment payables for vessels under construction.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital commitments - Property, plant and equipment

US\$'000	30th June 2025	31st December 2024
Contracted but not provided for		
Vessels under construction	4,399,985	2,209,801
Others	468	5,470
	4,400,453	2,215,271

(b) Lease commitments

The non-cancellable lease commitments include leases of low-value assets, short-term leases with a term of twelve months or less and long-term leases with a term of over twelve months not yet commenced at 30th June 2025.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments of these leases are as follows:

US\$'000	Vessels and equipment	Land and buildings	Total
At 30th June 2025			
Less than 1 year	205,124	1,393	206,517
Between 1 and 2 years	100,673	60	100,733
Between 2 and 5 years	115,895	80	115,975
Over 5 years	926	<u> </u>	926
	422,618	1,533	424,151
At 31st December 2024			
Less than 1 year	179,470	1,184	180,654
Between 1 and 2 years	83,445	-	83,445
Between 2 and 5 years	135,660	-	135,660
Over 5 years	1,577	<u> </u>	1,577
	400,152	1,184	401,336

On 22nd October 2024, the Group as lessee entered into the charterparties for the chartering of a total of six vessels for a term of 15 years commencing from the dates of delivery of the respective vessels, which are expected to be between the fourth quarter of 2026 and the first quarter of 2028. As at 30th June 2025, the aggregate minimum lease payments payable by the Group for all vessels under the charterparties are US\$1,553.6 million (31st December 2024: US\$1,563.4 million).

21. Significant related party transactions

The Company is controlled by COSCO SHIPPING, the ultimate parent company of the Group and a state-owned enterprise established in the PRC.

COSCO SHIPPING itself is controlled by the PRC government, which also owns a significant portion of the productive assets in the PRC. Government-related entities and their subsidiaries directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government are defined as related parties of the Group. On that basis, related parties include COSCO SHIPPING and its subsidiaries (other than the Group) (collectively referred to as "COSCO SHIPPING Group") and related entities of COSCO SHIPPING (including joint ventures and associated companies), other government-related entities and their subsidiaries, entities in which the Company is able to exercise joint control or significant influence, and key management personnel of the Company and COSCO SHIPPING as well as their close family members. The Group's transactions with other government-related entities and their subsidiaries include but are not limited to rendering or receiving of services, purchases or sales of assets and receiving of bank deposit services. The detailed disclosures in relation to these transactions and outstanding balances are exempted. The Directors believe that the information of related party transactions has been adequately disclosed in the interim financial information.

In addition to the related party information and transactions disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial information, the following is a summary of significant related party transactions conducted in the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties during the period.

21. Significant related party transactions (Continued)

(a) Transactions with COSCO SHIPPING Group and related entities of COSCO SHIPPING (including joint ventures and associated companies)

US\$'000	2025	2024
Income		
Container transport income (note ii)	77,519	93,717
Freight forwarding income	12,525	9,260
Service income	,	,
Vessels	93,262	68,493
Containers	18,305	13,557
Information technology service income	20,591	19,133
Interest income	1,144	972
Expenses		
Cargo transportation costs	73,534	55,648
Freight forwarding expenses	17,057	11,875
Terminal charges (note iii)	215,227	130,475
Expenses relating to short-term leases and		
leases with low-value assets		
Vessels	98,711	102,375
Containers	37,350	35,833
Land and buildings	775	404
Slot hire expenses	20,746	3,425
Purchase of bunker (note iv)	105,489	175,609
Crew expenses	1,565	1,405
Service fee	150	150
Others		
Purchase of containers	202,354	73,391
Instalments of vessels under construction (note v)	890,425	617,311

21. Significant related party transactions (Continued)

(b) Transactions with joint ventures of the Group

U	S\$'000	2025	2024
Ir	ncome		
	Container transport income	<u>80</u>	95
Е	xpenses		
	Cargo transportation costs	8,912	7,821
(c) T	ransactions with other related parties		
U	'S\$'000	2025	2024
Ir	ncome		
	Container transport income	110	93
	Freight forwarding income	<u>553</u>	372
Е	xpenses		
	Cargo transportation costs	6,840	9,391
	Freight forwarding expenses	453	415
	Terminal charges	86,289	72,806
	Expenses relating to short-term leases and		
	leases with low-value assets		
	Containers	-	27
	Slot hire expenses		1,961

(d) Transactions with state-owned banks

As at 30th June 2025, approximately 40% (31st December 2024: 60%) of the Group's bank balances are with state-owned banks.

21. Significant related party transactions (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) These transactions were conducted either (i) based on terms as governed by the master agreements and subsisting agreements entered into between the Group and COSCO SHIPPING Group or (ii) based on terms as set out in the underlying agreements, statutory rates or market prices or actual costs incurred, or as mutually agreed between the Group and the parties in concern.
- (ii) Container transport income of US\$28.0 million (2024: US\$20.8 million) were transacted with the associated companies and joint ventures of COSCO SHIPPING during the six months ended 30th June 2025.
- (iii) Terminal charges of US\$150.0 million (2024: US\$82.7 million) were transacted with the associated companies and joint ventures of COSCO SHIPPING during the six months ended 30th June 2025.
- (iv) Bunker of US\$93.2 million (2024: US\$96.9 million) was purchased from a joint venture of COSCO SHIPPING during the six months ended 30th June 2025.
- (v) The Group entered into shipbuilding contracts for fourteen vessels with a subsidiary and a joint venture of COSCO SHIPPING respectively for an aggregate consideration of US\$3,080.0 million during the six months ended 30th June 2025 (2024: nil). The remaining capital commitment is disclosed in note 20(a).

Results for First Half 2025

For the first six months of 2025, the Group recorded a profit attributable to equity holders of US\$954.2 million, compared to a profit of US\$833.3 million for the corresponding period of 2024.

OOIL INTERIM RESULTS ANALYSIS		
(US\$ '000)	2025	2024
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation by Activity:		
Container Transport and Logistics	964,869	868,115
Other Activities	8,171	(37,585)
Profit Before Taxation	973,040	830,530
Taxation	(17,905)	3,525
Profit for the Period Ended 30th June	955,135	834,055
Non-Controlling Interests	(906)	(778)
Profit Attributable to Equity Holders	954,229	833,277

Review of Operations

Geopolitical uncertainties still significantly influence the shipping market. If the situation in the Red Sea was a defining factor which contributed to the strong performance of the container shipping market in 2024, then the ongoing changes in tariff policies and trade disputes have undoubtedly played a decisive role in shaping market trends in the first half of 2025.

Both the International Monetary Fund ("IMF") and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development have lowered their forecasts for global economic growth in 2025 in the first half of this year, to 2.8% and 2.9% respectively. Then, at the end of July IMF raised its global growth forecast for 2025 to 3%, but the figure is still below the level it predicted at the beginning of the year and the one in 2023 and 2024. Frequent shifts in tariff policies have disrupted long-term planning, raised concerns among customers, and eroded both business and consumer confidence. This is especially evident on Trans-Pacific services, where freight rates have generally declined compared to the beginning of the year. While the 90-day tariff suspension between China and the U.S. led to a rapid recovery in freight rates from early-May lows, the rebound proved temporarily, with rates subsequently falling once more. Rapid capacity influx and the arrival of new competitors have significantly expanded overall capacity, while ongoing policy uncertainties have fuelled market concerns. As a result, many customers seem to have started to shift away from their precautious strategy of front-loading earlier this year to a more cautious, wait-and-see approach at present.

Despite the overall challenges facing the market, liftings in other trades have held up relatively well during this round of tariff changes. This resilience may be attributed to supply chain restructuring, varying economic conditions across regions, seasonalities, or port congestion. Additionally, the full impact of factors affecting Trans-Pacific routes may not yet have materialised. Regardless of the cause, the varied performance across different markets enables carriers to seize opportunities.

OOCL's total liftings for the first half of 2025 increased by 7% and total liner revenues increased by 4% year on year. Despite being only a single digit improvement, the year-on-year performance is the best post-pandemic period in terms of both liftings and liner revenue.

During the first half of 2025, the interplay between supply and demand was constantly shifting for the Trans-Pacific trade. As we began the year, strong demand carried over up until Lunar New Year over fears of tariff hikes that were to be introduced under the new U.S. administration. As tariffs did pick up significantly in April, U.S. demand on Chinese imports fell considerably but only for a short period of time where it was followed by a quick rebound upon a 90-day truce in tariffs between the U.S. and China. Freight rate changed accordingly, peaked at the earlier of June and then fell again. Total Trans-Pacific liftings in the first half of 2025 increased by 9% when compared to the same period in 2024, due to the strong growth in first quarter while revenue fell by 0.5% resulting from revenue per TEU being 8% lower this period. Specifically on the Trans-Pacific headhaul, impacts of competition amongst carriers for market share as well as effects of trade tariffs saw liftings increase by 8%, revenue per TEU fall by 12% and revenue decrease by 5%.

Despite the disruption in the Red Sea causing most Asia/Europe trade services to continue detouring via the Cape of Good Hope, westbound freight rates across all trade lanes declined during January to May 2025. This was primarily due to the extra capacity from newbuilds entering the market which outpaced the demand growth in headhaul/westbound, while intensified competition resulting from tariffs escalation since April also made a contribution. However, following the temporary de-escalation of the U.S. and China tariffs in mid-May, carriers quickly shifted vessel capacity to the Trans-Pacific trade, leading to a drop of capacity in June for the Asia/Europe trade. Meanwhile, significant port congestion in major European ports, particularly in the Mediterranean, posed key vessel delays and other disruptions. All these provided some support for the spot rate and freight rates picking up. Asia/Europe trade's total lifting reduced by 1%, mainly because the LL3 service, which had been suspended in 2024 due to the Red Sea issue, only resumed in April 2025. Total revenue and revenue per TEU both fell by 6%.

Trans-Atlantic trade's total lifting for the first half of 2025 increased 14% compared to the same period last year, of which the westbound headhaul lifting increased 11%. The improvement was aided by increased market demand for U.S. and Canadian scope to/from Europe in the first half of 2025. Primarily because of increased liftings, total revenue increased 18% year-on-year, of which westbound total revenue increased 15% and westbound revenue per TEU increased 4%.

The effects of the U.S. trade tariffs impacted our Intra-Asia/Australasia services as trading became more regional. Our overall liftings grew by 8% on Intra-Asia (including Australasia) trades for the first half of 2025 when compared to the same period last year primarily due to new routes, and re-deployment of larger vessels from Trans-Pacific services during the second quarter. Total revenue increased by 16%, while revenue per TEU rose by 8%. This revenue growth can be attributed primarily to a lower base effect in 2024 for Intra-Asia, as rates had been declining since 2023 and into the second quarter of 2024. Additionally, stronger contract rates in the Australasia trade contributed to the improvement.

In the first half of 2025, average bunker price of OOCL was approximately US\$541 per ton, an 8% decrease compared to US\$589 per ton in the same period of 2024. This decline contributed to a reduction in total bunker cost. However, fuel oil and diesel oil consumption rose by 2% in the first half of 2025 compared to the corresponding period in 2024 which was largely due to expansion of fleet operating capacity.

We continue to strengthen our synergy with COSCO SHIPPING Lines in areas such as cost optimisation and risk diversification. This not only helps OOCL enhance its operational efficiency and market competitiveness, but also supports its global network deployment.

OOCL continues to grow its fleet in an orderly and rational manner, while optimising fleet composition. In the first half of 2025, we took delivery of five 16,828 TEU container vessels, marking an upgrade of our fleet on Trans-Pacific routes. We also placed an order for fourteen 18,500 TEU class methanol dual-fuel container vessels, once again demonstrating our Group's commitment to building a green fleet and supporting global energy conservation and emissions reduction.

For the first half of 2025, OOCL Logistics demonstrated resilient performance across its operations, navigating a complex global landscape while laying foundations for future growth. The overall supply chain environment during the period continued to be shaped by evolving market dynamics, including certain ongoing geopolitical considerations and adjustments within global trade patterns. Despite these broader market conditions, OOCL Logistics maintained a steady performance. Our international business continued to show positive momentum, benefiting from sustained demand for integrated logistics solutions and our ongoing efforts to enhance service offerings.

OOCL is committed to furthering the development of an end-to-end intelligent and digitalised supply chain. By offering customised solutions for international orders, origin management, warehousing, and distribution services, we effectively enhance the supply chain. We further integrate AI into our network planning, internal processes, and container and vessel management, enhancing both management efficiency and capabilities. Together with GSBN, we are promoting a digital ecosystem that brings together ports, terminals, logistics providers, and other stakeholders across the supply chain to build a digitalised supply chain environment.

Looking Forward

At the time of writing this report, our vessels sailing on major long-haul routes are nearly fully loaded, and this is expected to continue in the coming weeks.

The trends in the first half of the year remind us that the shipping industry is highly dynamic and anything is possible. Ongoing policy uncertainties, developments in the Red Sea, continued delivery of new vessels, changes in the global economy, and gradually tightening of environmental regulations could all have profound impacts on overall market development. The additional port charges levied by the U.S. on Chinese carriers will have a relatively large impact on the Group. On the other hand, as global trade patterns shift to becoming more regional, market divergence may occur, or there may be delayed or deferred responses due to extended or restructured supply chains, all of which may be potentially creating opportunities for shipping companies to refine their strategies in segmented markets.

The Group will continue to uphold an innovative and adaptive business strategy to effectively respond to market changes, actively seize development opportunities, and maintain its industry-leading position. Through effective cost control, efficient and large-scale vessel operations, and intelligent and diversified network construction, we are steadily promoting our end-to-end business. At the same time, the Group continues to work with partners to promote green shipping, offer high-quality services to customers, create sustainable value for shareholders, and to greenly and intelligently bridge world trade.

Interim Dividend

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to announce an interim dividend of US\$0.72 per ordinary share for the six months ended 30th June 2025 to be paid on 15th October 2025 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 12th September 2025. The interim dividend will be payable in cash in US dollar or Hong Kong dollar (HK\$5.616 converted according to the exchange rate of US\$1 to HK\$7.8) or Renminbi (RMB5.138 converted according to the exchange rate of US\$1 to RMB7.1355, being the average of middle exchange rate between US dollar and Renminbi as announced by the People's Bank of China for the 5 business days before and excluding the date of Board meeting for, among other matters, considering the payment of the interim dividend). Shareholders, who wish to change their currency election for the interim dividend, should complete the dividend election form (the currency elected shall apply to all (but not part) of the dividend) and return it to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited (the "Branch Share Registrar"), at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 30th September 2025.

Closure of Register of Members

The record date for determining the shareholders entitled to the interim dividend will be 12th September 2025. The register of members of the Company will be closed from 8th September 2025 to 12th September 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. To qualify for the interim dividend, all share transfer documents must be accompanied with the relevant share certificates and lodged with the Branch Share Registrar at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 5th September 2025.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares

During the six-month period ended 30th June 2025, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares (including sale of treasury shares (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEX")) of the Company, if any).

As at 30th June 2025, the Company did not hold any treasury shares.

Pre-emptive Rights

No pre-emptive rights exist under Bermuda law in relation to the issue of new shares by the Company.

Corporate Governance

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The Company considers that effective corporate governance makes an important contribution to corporate success and to the enhancement of shareholder value.

The Company has adopted its own corporate governance code (the "CG Code"), which in addition to applying the principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "SEHK Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, also incorporates and conforms to local and international best practices. The CG Code sets out the corporate governance principles applied by the Group and is constantly reviewed to ensure its transparency, accountability and independence.

Throughout the period from 1st January 2025 to 30th June 2025, the Company complied with the SEHK Code, save for two recommended best practices, as described below:

- the remuneration of senior management of the Group was disclosed by bands, not on an individual basis
- quarterly operational results, instead of quarterly financial results, were announced and published

Review of Financial Statements

The Audit Committee has reviewed the unaudited interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30th June 2025, in conjunction with the external and internal auditors of the Company.

Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules.

All Directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they fully complied with the required standards set out in both the Company's own code and the Model Code throughout the period from 1st January 2025 to 30th June 2025.

Publication of Results Announcement and Interim Report

This interim results announcement is published on the websites of HKEX (https://www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (https://www.ooilgroup.com). The 2025 Interim Report will be published on the same websites and despatched to the shareholders of the Company on or around 18th September 2025.

Employee Information

As at 30th June 2025, the Group had 11,656 full-time employees. Salary and benefit levels are maintained at competitive levels and employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general policy and framework of the Group's salary and discretionary bonus schemes. These schemes, based on the performance of the Group and individual employees, are regularly reviewed. Other benefits are also provided including medical insurance and retirement funds. In support of the continuous development of individual employees, training and development programmes are offered for different levels of employees. Social and recreational activities are arranged for our employees around the world.

Directors

As at the date of this announcement, our Executive Directors are Mr. WAN Min, Mr. ZHANG Feng and Mr. TAO Weidong; our Non-Executive Directors are Mr. TUNG Lieh Cheung Andrew, Mr. GU Jinshan, Ms. WANG Dan and Mr. IP Sing Chi; and our Independent Non-Executive Directors are Mr. CHOW Philip Yiu Wah, Dr. CHUNG Shui Ming Timpson, Mr. YANG Liang Yee Philip, Ms. CHEN Ying, Mr. SO Gregory Kam Leung and Mr. CHEN Hong.

Forward Looking Statements

This announcement contains forward looking statements. Statements which are not of historical facts, including statements of the Company's beliefs and expectations, are forward looking statements. They are based upon current plans, estimates and projections and, therefore, no undue reliance should be placed upon them. Forward looking statements are correct only as of the day on which they are made. The Company has no obligation and does not undertake to update any of them publicly in the light of fresh information or of future events. Forward looking statements contain inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions. The Company warns that should any of these risks or uncertainties ever materialise or that any of the assumptions should prove incorrect or should any number of important factors or events occur or not occur, then the actual results of the Company may differ materially from those either expressed or implied in any of these forward looking statements.

On behalf of the Board
Orient Overseas (International) Limited

WAN Min Chairman

Hong Kong, China, 21st August 2025

* For identification purpose only

Website: https://www.ooilgroup.com