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APOLLO FUTURE MOBILITY GROUP LIMITED

APOLLO 智慧出行集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 860)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Apollo Future Mobility Group Limited ("AFMG" or the "Company") announces the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2025 (the "Period") together with the comparative figures for the six months ended 30 June 2024. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information for the Period has been reviewed by the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") of the Company.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSSFOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Notes	For the six n 30 June 2025 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	30 June 2024 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
REVENUE Cost of sales	4	84,898 (79,643)	126,235 (113,925)
Gross profit		5,255	12,310
Other income Other losses, net Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and other operating expenses Research and development costs Finance costs Share of losses of: Joint venture Associate		17,064 (3,320) (3,364) (95,826) (2,585) (7,761) (1,484) (15,036)	(4,878) (56,786) (15,587) (2,072) (1,280)
LOSS BEFORE TAX Income tax (expense)/credit	<i>5 6</i>	(107,057) (674)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	Ü	(107,731)	
Loss for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(105,302) (2,429) (107,731)	(4,654)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	8		
Basic		HK(10.30) cents	HK(50.14) cents
Diluted		HK(10.50) cents	HK(51.41) cents

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	For the six made 30 June 2025 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	30 June 2024 <i>HK\$</i> '000
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(107,731)	(347,895)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of		
foreign operations	57,699	(70,445)
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of an associate	(715)	1,313
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	56,984	(69,132)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(50,747)	(417,027)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(47,393)	, , ,
Non-controlling interests	(3,354)	3,605
	(50,747)	(417,027)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	31 December 2024 HK\$'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		64,829	63,964
Investment properties		11,297	10,971
Right-of-use assets		18,918	20,547
Goodwill		598,697	542,369
Other intangible assets		261,625	195,056
Interest in a joint venture		_	_
Interest in an associate		_	-
Loans receivable		54,175	66,723
Deposits Financial assets at fair value through		204,449	2,442
Financial assets at fair value through		403,384	411 501
profit or loss Deferred tax assets		3,334	411,521 3,728
Deferred tax assets		3,334	
Total non-current assets		1,620,708	1,317,321
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		64,825	42,040
Accounts receivable	9	3,233	8,596
Loans receivable		106,231	92,434
Prepayments, deposits and other		,	,
receivables		171,887	283,264
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss		_	658,635
Cash and cash equivalents		666,295	464,844
Total current assets		1,012,471	1,549,813

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL

POSITION (continued)

AT 30 JUNE 2025

		30 June	31 December
	Notes	2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
	ivoies	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(Chaudited)	(Madica)
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	10	38,270	83,244
Other payables and accruals		286,720	451,672
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		2,925	2,804
Lease liabilities		3,366	3,277
Convertible bonds		312,270	298,304
Tax payable		15,828	15,398
Total current liabilities		659,379	854,699
AIET CUDDENT ACCETC		252.002	(05.114
NET CURRENT ASSETS		353,092	695,114
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		1,973,800	2,012,435
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		13,529	13,571
Lease liabilities		2,865	4,570
Deferred tax liabilities		27,633	27,533
Total non assument lightlities		44.027	15 671
Total non-current liabilities		44,027	45,674
NET ASSETS		1,929,773	1,966,761
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	11	10,224	10,224
Reserves		1,955,795	1,989,429
Equity attributable to owners			
of the Company		1,966,019	1,999,653
Non-controlling interests		(36,246)	(32,892)
TOTAL EQUITY		1,929,773	1,966,761

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Apollo Future Mobility Group Limited was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability duly registered and validly existing under the laws of Bermuda. The address of the registered office of the Company is situated at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is located at Units 2001–2002, 20/F, Li Po Chun Chambers, 189 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

During the Period, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- designing, developing, manufacturing and sales of high performance hypercars and provision of mobility technology solutions;
- retailing and wholesale of jewellery products, watches and other commodities; and
- money lending.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the Period (the "Interim Financial Information") has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the applicable disclosure provisions of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The preparation of the Interim Financial Information in conformity with HKAS 34 requires the Group's management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a period to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Interim Financial Information includes an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and financial performance of the Group since 31 December 2024, and therefore, do not include all of the information required for full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with the HKFRS Accounting Standards, which collective term includes all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), HKASs and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. They shall be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Annual Report").

The Interim Financial Information has been prepared on historical costs basis, except for the Group's investment properties, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), and convertible bonds which are measured at fair value. The Interim Financial Information is presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousands ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise indicated.

3. SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies, methods of computation, significant judgements made by the Group's management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty applied in the preparation of the Interim Financial Information is consistent with those applied in preparing the 2024 Annual Report except for the adoption of the new/revised HKFRS Accounting Standards further described in the "Adoption of new/revised HKFRS Accounting Standards" section below which are relevant to the Group and effective for the Group's financial period beginning on 1 January 2025.

Adoption of new/revised HKFRS Accounting Standards

In the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA which are mandatory effective for the period beginning on or after 1 January 2025 for the preparation of the Interim Financial Information.

Amendments to HKAS 21: Lack of Exchangeability

The amendments require an entity to apply a consistent approach to assessing whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and, when it is not, to determining the exchange rate to use and the disclosures to provide.

The adoption of the above amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in the current period has no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in the Interim Financial Information.

Future changes in HKFRS Accounting Standards

At the date of authorisation of the Interim Financial Information, the HKICPA has issued the following new/revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that are not yet effective for the current period, which the Group has not early adopted.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement and HKFRS 7 of Financial Instruments¹ Volume 11¹ Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards Amendments to HKFRS 9 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity¹ and HKFRS 7 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements² HKFRS 18 HKFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures² Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture³ and HKAS 28

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- The effective date to be determined

The Group will adopt the above new or amended standards as and when they become effective. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of adopting these new or amended standards on its current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

4. REVENUE

	For the six m 30 June 2025 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	30 June 2024 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 Sales and distribution of vehicles and related components, provision of engineering services, and/or provision of design, development and prototyping of vehicle		
components Sales of jewellery products, watches and other commodities	1,122 81,040	37,457 84,923
Subtotal	82,162	122,380
Revenue from other sources Interest income from loan financing	2,736	3,855
Total	84,898	126,235

5. LOSS BEFORE TAX

This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	For the six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold	81,403	112,490
(Reversal of)/Provision for write-down of inventories, net	(1,760)	1,317
Net fair value losses on investment properties*	11	432
Net fair value (gains)/losses on financial assets at FVTPL*	(16,513)	189,836
Net fair value losses/(gains) on convertible bonds*	13,966	(1,801)
Provision for/(Reversal of) loss allowances on accounts		
receivable, net*	1,301	(321)
Provision for loss allowances on loans receivable, net*	4,992	2,240
Provision for loss allowances on other receivables, net*	8,000	77,390
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and		
right-of-use assets, net*		3,397
receivable, net* Provision for loss allowances on loans receivable, net* Provision for loss allowances on other receivables, net* Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and	4,992	2,240 77,390

^{*} Included in "Other losses, net" on the face of the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

6. INCOME TAX

The Group calculates the income tax for each interim period based on the best estimate of the applicable weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. The major components of the Group's income tax in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss were:

	For the six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Current tax:		
Hong Kong profit tax	_	202
Elsewhere corporate income tax	308	311
Deferred taxation	366	(1,224)
Total income tax expense/(credit) for the period	674	(711)

7. DIVIDEND

The board of directors of the Company does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend in respect of the Period (six months ended 30 June 2024: Nil).

8. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic loss per share amount for the Period is based on the loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,022,438,090 (six months ended 30 June 2024: 684,620,769) in issue during the Period.

The calculation of the diluted loss per share amount for the Period and the six months ended 30 June 2024 is based on the loss for the respective period attributable to owners of the Company, adjusted for the effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares of an associate arising from adjustment to the share of result of an associate and other financial impact resulted from holding the preferred shares of this associate. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of the diluted loss per share amount for the Period and the six months ended 30 June 2024 is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the respective period, as used in the basic loss per share calculation. No adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share presented for the Period and the six months ended 30 June 2024 in respect of a dilution arising from share options and convertible bonds as the impact of the share options and convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share presented.

The calculations of basic and diluted loss per share are based on:

Loss

	For the six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company, used in the basic loss per share calculation	(105,302)	(343,241)
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares of an associate arising from adjustment to the share of result of an associate and other financial impact		
resulted from holding the preferred shares of this associate	(2.078)	(9.752)
uns associate	(2,078)	(8,753)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company,		
used in the diluted loss per share calculation	(107,380)	(351,994)

Shares

9.

	Number of shares	
	For the six months ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2025	2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period used in the basic and diluted		
loss per share calculation	1,022,438,090	684,620,769
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
	30 June	31 December
	2025	2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accounts receivable	6,368	10,117
Less: loss allowances	(3,135)	(1,521)
Net carrying amount	3,233	8,596

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance may be required. The credit period is generally one month, extending up to three months or more for certain customers. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable, net of loss allowances, at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, was as follows:

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Within 30 days	202	322
61 to 90 days	_	2,025
Over 90 days	3,031	6,249
Total	3,233	8,596

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, was as follows:

30 June

480,655

541,783

1,022,438

4,807

5,417

10,224

31 December

	30 Jt	IIIC	31 December
	20)25	2024
	HK\$'		HK\$'000
	(Unaudit	ed)	(Audited)
W	7ithin 30 days	144	122
	ver 90 days 38,1	126	83,122
To	otal 38,2	270	83,244
11. IS	SSUED CAPITAL		
	ordina sha	ary	Nominal value of ordinary shares HK\$'000
	uthorised:		
	At 1 January 2024, 30 June 2024,		
	1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025 200,000,0)00	2,000,000
	Number ordina sha '(ary	Issued capital HK\$'000
Iss	sued and fully paid:		

Notes:

At 1 January 2024

Issue of new shares (Notes (a) and (b))

At 30 June 2024, 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025

- (a) On 24 January 2024, 96,130,985 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued at a subscription price of HK\$0.51 per share to a subscriber for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$49,027,000.
- (b) On 13 May 2024, 445,652,177 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued at a subscription price of HK\$0.46 per share to certain subscribers for a total consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$205,000,000.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Hypercar Market

Hypercars epitomize the pinnacle of automotive engineering, featuring state-of-the-art innovations such as high-performance powertrains, lightweight carbon-fiber materials, and striking aesthetics. They offer an unparalleled driving experience tailored for ultra-high-net-worth individuals. In the first half of 2025, the hypercar market sustained robust momentum, bolstered by consumers' increasing affluence and a strong appetite for ultra-high-performance vehicles. Continuous innovation in automotive technologies has further propelled this sector forward. According to Cognitive Market Research, the global hypercar market is projected to reach approximately US\$15.62 billion in 2025, with an impressive compound annual growth rate ("CAGR") of approximately 32.2% anticipated through 2033.

North America is expected to maintain its dominant position, accounting for over 40% of global revenue, while the Asia-Pacific region continues to exhibit rapid growth, with an anticipated CAGR of approximately 34.2% during the same period. This dynamic growth in both regions reflects a broader shift in consumer preferences towards high-performance and technologically advanced vehicles, solidifying the hypercar market's prominence in the luxury automotive landscape.

High-end Vehicles and Luxury Vehicles

The global luxury vehicles market continued its upward trajectory in the first half of 2025, driven by a combination of factors. An expanding affluent population and rising disposable income are contributing to the increased demand for luxury vehicles. This trend is further fueled by the ongoing electrification of luxury models, which appeals to environmentally conscious consumers who are also seeking high-performance options.

Additionally, the integration of emerging technologies into luxury vehicles, such as advanced driver-assistance systems, cutting-edge infotainment, and connectivity features, is enhancing the overall driving experience. As these innovations become more prevalent, they attract a broader audience, thereby accelerating the proliferation of the luxury vehicles market. According to Precedence Research, a leading market research company, the global luxury vehicles market size was valued at approximately US\$700.59 billion in 2024 and is projected to reach approximately US\$1.37 trillion by 2034, reflecting a CAGR of approximately 6.91%.

The luxury vehicles market in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") remains a major contributor to global growth. The China luxury vehicles market was valued at approximately US\$195 billion in 2024 and is expected to grow at a CAGR of around 6.7% from 2025 to 2033, reaching about US\$351 billion by 2033. Demand from high-net-worth individuals continues to shift towards customized, technology-rich vehicles, with international brands enhancing their local presence through limited-edition models and consumer engagement initiatives.

New Energy Vehicles

The global new energy vehicle ("NEV(s)") market continued to demonstrate significant expansion in the first half of 2025. According to Rho Motion, a leading electric vehicles ("EV(s)") research house, a total of 9.1 million EVs were sold worldwide in the first half of 2025. The EV market grew by approximately 24% year-on-year in June 2025. Current sales figures indicated that China and Europe are at the forefront of the electric transition, with over half of all EVs sold globally being purchased in China. In fact, around half of all new cars sold in China are electric. Bloomberg forecasts that global EV sales for 2025 are expected to reach nearly 22 million units, with an expected year-on-year growth rate of approximately 25%. Plug-in EVs are projected to represent one in four passenger vehicles sold globally this year. Under the Economic Transition Scenario, which assumes that EV adoption follows current technoeconomic trends without any new policy interventions or more aggressive climate targets, it is anticipated that EVs will represent 56% of global passenger vehicle sales by 2035 and 70% by 2040.

The PRC remains the world's largest and most dynamic NEV market, where the rapid transition to clean transportation is being driven by a combination of consumer adoption, industrial innovation, and proactive policy support. According to the China Automobile Dealers Association, NEV production from January to June 2025 reached approximately 6.45 million units, marking an approximately 38.7% year-on-year increase. The PRC has not only maintained its position as the world's largest NEV market but also stands out as a major market where EVs are typically cheaper than internal combustion engine ("ICE") vehicles, particularly when compared to emerging markets like Thailand and Brazil. According to the Ministry of Public Security, NEV registrations in China hit a record high, with 5.622 million units recorded in the first half of 2025, marking an approximately 27.86% year-on-year increase and accounting for nearly 45% of all new vehicle registrations.

In tandem with this market growth, the PRC's Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, and State Taxation Administration have jointly announced a series of pivotal NEV policies for 2024 and 2025. Among the most impactful is the tax exemption for all NEVs purchased between 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2025, followed by a reduced exemption (up to RMB15,000) from 2026 to 2027, signalling a gradual shift towards market-driven growth. Additionally, the renewal of the vehicle trade-in subsidy scheme for 2025, offering up to RMB20,000, aims to stimulate consumer adoption by targeting older ICE and EV models. Environmental and fuel efficiency measures, including tougher corporate average fuel consumption rules and battery recycling mandates, further integrate sustainability into industrial standards.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Apollo Hypercar

The Group's hypercar division continues to build upon the foundation laid by the Apollo Intensa Emozione ("Apollo IE"), a model that embodies the brand's philosophy of delivering unfiltered, opulent design, analog driving experiences rooted in mechanical purity and emotional intensity. The Apollo IE, with its race-inspired engineering, high-revving naturally aspirated V12 engine, cutting edge technology and striking carbon fiber design, stands as a testament to the brand's dedication to blending performance with artistry. All 10 exclusive units of the Apollo IE have been completed and delivered.

Building on its success, the Group is developing its successor, the Apollo EVO, a hypercar engineered to represent the next leap in Apollo's design and performance evolution. Drawing from the DNA of the Apollo IE, the Apollo EVO features a groundbreaking carbon fiber monocoque chassis and a radical aerodynamic design with interiors crafted for comfort that seamlessly blend sculptural form with technical functionality. The Apollo EVO signifies the Company's forward-thinking approach, redefining modern hypercar aesthetics and capabilities. It promises enhanced handling dynamics, superior downforce, and a deeper emotional attachment between driver and vehicle. The vehicle is currently undergoing refinement from its prototype, which is expected to be completed by late 2025.

To further enhance brand visibility, the Group participated in MYLE Festival 2025, a premier hypercar event held at Motorworld Munich from 30 May 2025 to 1 June 2025. At this event, the Group showcased its state-of-the-arts features and personalized services. Both the Apollo IE and Apollo EVO were exhibited alongside other prestigious hypercar marques, garnering considerable interest from industry stakeholders and collectors alike.

Brand Licensing

Over the years, the Group has been amplifying its brand presence in the digital and e-sports arenas by featuring its hypercars in popular racing games. Building on the strong momentum generated by the Apollo IE's appearance at Gamescom 2024 in Cologne — which drew thousands of attendees and over a million of online viewers — the Group sees significant potential in virtual racing platforms to reach broader audiences. Throughout the Period, efforts have continued to strengthen the brand's presence through licensing activities within the virtual motorsport space. These initiatives are further complemented by ongoing collaborations with major game developers in China and globally, allowing the Group to connect with younger and digitally savvy consumers across key markets.

Mobility Development and Engineering Services

GLM Co., Ltd. ("GLM"), a subsidiary of the Group, is a pioneering Japanese company dedicated to EV technology and solutions. With a strong commitment to innovation and sustainability, GLM aims to redefine mobility through advanced engineering and eco-friendly design. During the Period, GLM continued to foster innovation across its three key initiatives, namely, engineering services, K-EVs and sub-battery systems, leveraging its extensive technical expertise and future-focused approach. These initiatives align with Japan's accelerating push towards low-emission mobility, urban micro-transit solutions, and next-generation EV technologies.

Engineering Services

Drawing on its extensive expertise in EV development, GLM provides a wide range of engineering services tailored for automotive original equipment manufacturers ("OEM(s)") and component suppliers. These services include chassis development, rigorous testing, and bespoke customization of both interior and exterior designs for automakers.

By actively exploring emerging market trends and maintaining a steadfast commitment to excellence, GLM is dedicated to delivering sustainable, high-performance solutions that meet the evolving demands of the automotive industry and the broader mobility ecosystem. GLM's focus on innovation and quality ensures that it not only keeps pace with industry changes but also leads the way in creating forward-thinking automotive solutions.

K-EV

The Kei-EV ("K-EV") project, meaning lightweight EV in English, represents GLM's ambitious initiative to develop electric micro-vehicles aimed at promoting sustainable mobility. Throughout the Period, the K-EV project continued to progress. Developed meticulously to meet Japan's energy management, transportation, and road standards, as well as to comply with increasingly tightening urban emissions regulations, the K-EV forms part of GLM's ongoing efforts in next-generation mobility development.

The innovative vehicle boasts a vibrant and appealing design as well as practical features. Its ultra-lightweight construction is particularly well-suited for navigating Japan's narrow urban roads, ensuring agility in bustling city environments. The project positions as a vital solution for urban mobility and sustainable transportation in Japan.

According to a research house, IMARC Group, Japan's EV market was valued at approximately US\$43.22 billion in 2024 and is projected to reach approximately US\$179.35 billion by 2033, exhibiting a CAGR of approximately 17.2% from 2025 to 2033. This growth is largely fueled by robust government support and incentives aimed at encouraging the adoption of EVs. Consumers benefit from subsidies, while tax breaks stimulate EV production. These supportive measures, coupled with significant investments in charging infrastructure and advancements in battery technology, are pivotal in expanding Japan's EV market and facilitating a shift towards a more sustainable automotive sector. The K-EV project not only underscores GLM's commitment to innovation but also reflects the broader trend towards eco-friendly transportation solutions in Japan.

Sub-battery Systems

Understanding the pivotal role of energy efficiency in the EV sector, GLM has developed innovative modular sub-battery systems tailored for idle power support in trucks and specialty vehicles. These systems offer remarkable scalability and flexibility across various applications, enabling auxiliary functions such as cooling and electronics to operate without requiring full electrification. This approach significantly enhances energy efficiency in both electric and industrial contexts.

GLM's sub-battery systems project is gaining commercial traction among logistics operators, OEMs, and specialty vehicle integrators throughout Japan. Particularly, GLM has established a robust national distributor network which serves as a solid foundation for driving sales to transport companies. In addition, GLM is currently engaged in discussions with leading truck OEMs regarding potential integration of its sub-battery systems with auxiliary applications such as parking cooler systems. These conversations remain ongoing as part of GLM's broader strategy to identify practical use cases for its technology. Concurrently, GLM is actively seeking various collaboration opportunities, including with manufacturers of special-purpose vehicle, to explore the potential use of its sub-battery systems in applications such as mobile container units for emergency and disaster response.

These developments underscore GLM's significant progress in forging strategic partnerships, advancing product development, and expanding its foothold in Japan's commercial vehicle electrification and cooling solutions market. By focusing on innovative energy solutions, GLM is well-positioned to lead the change in sustainable transportation technology.

PROSPECTS

The global mobility landscape is undergoing significant transformation, yet the demand for exclusive, high-performance vehicles remains robust. As a brand rooted in the design and engineering of ICE hypercars, the Group is uniquely positioned to capitalize on growth within the ultra-luxury performance segment. While the industry explores new technologies and powertrains, the timeless allure of hypercars — driven by exceptional craftsmanship, cutting-edge innovation, and exhilarating driving experiences continues to define the Group's core business and strategic focus.

According to Precedence Research, the hypercar market is projected to experience impressive growth, boasting a CAGR of approximately 31% from 2025 to 2034. This expansion is expected to propel the market from approximately US\$33.5 billion in 2025 to a staggering US\$384.9 billion by 2034. Such sustained growth underscores the ongoing appetite for vehicles that embody design excellence, engineering sophistication, and exclusivity.

Apollo's product roadmap aligns perfectly with these market trends. The Apollo IE remains a celebrated icon of analog hyper-performance, consistently captivating discerning ultra-high-net-worth buyers. Building on this foundation, the Apollo EVO, currently undergoing refinement from its prototype, demonstrates the Group's ability to advance in materials, aerodynamics, and design, while preserving the brand's distinctive DNA. With strong market interest and anticipated pre-orders, the Apollo EVO further reinforces the Group's standing among the top tier of global performance automotive brands.

Leveraging on Apollo's strong brand equity, the Group reaffirms its long-term commitment to expanding brand reach, expanding market presence, and fostering consumer engagement through strategic brand licensing initiatives. By focusing on flagship models such as the Apollo IE and the Apollo EVO, the Group aims to elevate brand visibility among car aficionado worldwide through a variety of licensing channels, often at accessible price points for consumers. The Group is dedicated to exploring innovative opportunities that connect its brand with digital game developers and entertainment platforms. This strategy aims to establish its vehicles as iconic symbols within racing simulators and virtual gaming experiences, solidifying Apollo's presence in the digital realm and enhancing its appeal to a broader audience.

In addition to its involvement in virtual motorsport, the Group has been actively licensing its brand for a range of merchandise, enabling car enthusiasts and aspirational buyers to engage with the brand in wider contexts. The Group also plans to pursue co-branded collaborations with other luxury brands, creating synergistic promotional opportunities that enhance aspirational value and broaden market influence. This forward-looking licensing strategy is pivotal to the Group's efforts to connect with a wider audience and expand its global presence, reinforcing its status as a leader in the luxury automotive sector.

In parallel, the Group is actively exploring region-specific opportunities in urban mobility. One notable initiative is the development of a lightweight EV specifically for the Japanese market. This compact EV addresses unique urban use cases in densely populated areas, offering a commercially viable solution tailored to local conditions. Market research indicated sustained growth trajectory for the micro-EV segment in Asia, and GLM's K-EV exemplifies the Group's ability to create targeted mobility products that resonate with local market demand.

Meanwhile, GLM has numerous exciting engineering projects in the pipeline and is exploring a variety of opportunities and partnerships that align with its brand values. The GLM division remains focused on innovation, adaptability, and practical applications, positioning itself to capitalize on the sustainable growth trends in the NEV industry.

Looking ahead, the Group's strategic roadmap is firmly anchored in its legacy of high-performance automotive innovation. From the groundbreaking Apollo IE to its forthcoming Apollo EVO, the focus remains on delivering exceptional and exhilarating driving experiences that resonate with discerning enthusiasts worldwide. Continued investment in research and development, coupled with cutting-edge technological advancements, will ensure the Group maintain its competitive edge and agility in navigating an increasingly dynamic global mobility landscape. This strategic vision lays a robust foundation for long-term growth, resilience, and continued excellence in a world where luxury, performance, and sustainability converge.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the Period, the revenue of the Group decreased to approximately HK\$84.9 million as compared to approximately HK\$126.2 million in the last interim period. The revenue for the Period comprised the revenue from mobility services segment of approximately HK\$1.1 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$37.5 million), sales of jewellery products, watches and other commodities of approximately HK\$81.0 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$84.9 million), and interest income from loan financing of approximately HK\$2.7 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$3.9 million). During the Period, revenue from mobility services segment decreased due to the decrease in sales and distribution of vehicles as all of the Apollo IEs had been delivered in the last interim period and the next generation hypercar, the Apollo EVO, is still under development.

The Group's gross profit amounted to approximately HK\$5.3 million for the Period as compared to approximately HK\$12.3 million for the last interim period. The gross profit margin decreased to approximately 6.2% for the Period (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately 9.8%) mainly due to (i) the decrease in sales and distribution of vehicles; and (ii) the decrease in interest income from loan financing which contributed to a higher gross profit margin.

Administrative and other operating expenses increased by approximately 68.7% to approximately HK\$95.8 million for the Period (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$56.8 million) mainly due to (i) the increase in employees' costs (including equity-settled share option expenses) for the Period; and (ii) the increase in certain expenses relating to the next generation hypercar.

Other losses, net during the Period mainly comprised: (i) the fair value gains of approximately HK\$16.5 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: fair value losses of approximately HK\$189.8 million) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, which was mainly due to the fair value gains on the investment in EV Power Holdings Limited ("EV Power") and Divergent Technologies Inc. ("Divergent"); (ii) the fair value losses of approximately HK\$1.0 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: fair value gains of approximately HK\$1.8 million) on convertible bonds; and (iii) provision for loss allowances on loans receivable, net of approximately HK\$5.0 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$2.2 million) and provision for loss allowances on other receivables, net of approximately HK\$8.0 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: HK\$77.4 million) mainly due to the increasing competitive business landscape and challenging external environment.

Overall, the loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Period was approximately HK\$105.3 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: approximately HK\$343.2 million) due to the reasons as explained above.

Significant Investments Held

Investment in EV Power

EV Power and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of convenient, safe and cost-effective EV charging solutions in Hong Kong, Indonesia and the PRC. EV Power is China's largest charging point operator in terms of number of charging sites in operation in residential areas. It operates over 7,200 charging sites and over 38,000 charging piles (or 71,000 charging bays), covering over 70 cities in the PRC. The Group's investment in EV Power represents an opportunity for the Group to create strong synergies with EV Power through the Group's proprietary EV technologies and thereby completing the full value chain of mobility.

Investment in Divergent

Divergent is a company based in the US which uses three-dimensional ("3D") metal printing technology through its patented hardware and software platform to conduct research, design, development and production of 3D printed vehicle structures. Not only does the patented digital manufacturing system radically reduces capital needs and design risks, it also reduces product cycle time and increases market response.

On 26 July 2024, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to conditionally dispose of its entire interest in Divergent (the "Divergent Disposal"). The Divergent Disposal constituted a very substantial disposal of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The completion of the Divergent Disposal took place on 21 May 2025. Further details of the Divergent Disposal are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 7 August 2024 and the circular of the Company dated 21 August 2024.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing

At 30 June 2025, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$666.3 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$464.8 million), which were mainly denominated in HK\$, Renminbi ("RMB"), Euro ("EUR"), United States dollars ("US\$") and Japanese Yen ("JPY").

The total current assets and total current liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2025 were approximately HK\$1,012.5 million and HK\$659.4 million, respectively (at 31 December 2024: total current assets of approximately HK\$1,549.8 million and total current liabilities of HK\$854.7 million, respectively). The Group's current assets as at 30 June 2025 comprised of inventories of approximately HK\$64.8 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$42.0 million), accounts receivable, prepayments, deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$175.1 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$291.9 million) and loans receivable of approximately HK\$106.2 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$92.4 million).

The Group's inventory turnover, accounts receivable turnover and accounts payable turnover periods were 123 days, 13 days and 140 days, respectively. The turnover ratios were consistent and complied with the respective policies of the Group on credit terms granted to customers and credit terms obtained from suppliers.

During the Period, the Group financed its operations and investment activities mainly through a combination of (i) proceeds from the Divergent Disposal; (ii) convertible bonds; (iii) interest-bearing bank borrowings; and (iv) cash flows from operating activities. As at 30 June 2025, equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$1,966.0 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$1,999.7 million).

The Group's total interest-bearing bank borrowings as at 30 June 2025 amounted to approximately HK\$16.5 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$16.4 million) and the Group's convertible bonds issued by the Company as at 30 June 2025 amounted to approximately HK\$312.3 million (at 31 December 2024: approximately HK\$298.3 million), respectively, which were mainly denominated in HK\$ and JPY. The interest-bearing bank borrowings and convertible bonds were mainly used for investment in business opportunities in order to expand into the mobility technology solutions and related business and for working capital purpose and all of which are at commercial lending variable interest rates.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. At 30 June 2025, the gearing ratio was approximately 0.8% (at 31 December 2024: approximately 0.8%). This ratio is calculated as total interest-bearing bank borrowings divided by total equity.

Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to ensure that members of the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders of the Company through the optimization of its debt and equity ratio. The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. In view of this, the Company will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues as it sees fit and appropriate.

During the Period, the Group had not entered into any contract to hedge its financial interests.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group's sales and purchases during the Period were mostly denominated in HK\$, EUR, JPY, RMB and US\$. The Group was exposed to certain foreign currency exchange risks, but it does not anticipate future currency exchange rate fluctuations to cause material operational difficulties or liquidity problems. Nevertheless, the Group continuously monitors its foreign exchange position and, when necessary, will hedge foreign exchange exposure arising from contractual commitments in sourcing products from overseas suppliers.

Material Acquisitions or Disposals

Save as disclosed in this announcement, there was no other material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures by the Group during the Period.

Issue of Listed Securities of the Company and Use of Proceeds

On 6 December 2024, the Company entered into a subscription agreement (the "CB Subscription Agreement") with Ning Shing (Holdings) Company Limited (the "CB Subscriber"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue to the CB Subscriber, and the CB Subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, 5% convertible bonds of the Company due 2026 in the principal amount of HK\$300 million under a general mandate, bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum payable semi-annually from the issue date (the "Convertible Bonds"), which may be converted into not more than 194,804,000 ordinary Shares with aggregate nominal value of HK\$1,948,040 based on the initial conversion price of HK\$1.54 per conversion Share upon full conversion (the "CB Subscription").

The closing price per Share as quoted on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 6 December 2024, being the date of the CB Subscription Agreement, was HK\$0.465. The gross proceeds and the net proceeds (after deduction of relevant expenses) from the CB Subscription were HK\$300 million and approximately HK\$299.2 million, respectively. The net issue price if the conversion Shares are issued at the initial conversion price would be approximately HK\$1.54 per conversion Share.

The net proceeds from the CB Subscription of approximately HK\$299.2 million are intended for research and development of hypercars and EVs (approximately HK\$269.3 million or 90.01% of the net proceeds) and general working capital (approximately HK\$29.9 million or 9.99% of the net proceeds). The issuance of the Convertible Bonds reflects the Group's strategic intent to capitalize on the growing global demand for high-performance hypercars due to surging popularity of motorsports and increasing consumer interest in cutting-edge mobility solutions. By raising funds to invest in research and development, the Group aims to accelerate its transformation into a leading mobility services provider, enabling the Group to unveil next-generation hypercar concepts and advanced EV technologies, amplifying market interest, and reinforcing its competitive edge in the rapidly evolving automotive landscape.

As at 30 June 2025, approximately 58.76% (approximately HK\$175.8 million) of the net proceeds from the CB Subscription had been utilized for research and development of hypercars and EVs; and approximately 9.99% (approximately HK\$29.9 million) of the net proceeds from the CB Subscription had been utilized for general working capital, including salary payments, legal and professional fees and other general corporate purposes.

The remaining balance of approximately 31.25% (approximately HK\$93.5 million) of the net proceeds from the CB Subscription is expected to be fully utilized on or before 31 March 2026 for the purposes as previously disclosed.

Further details in relation to the CB Subscription are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 December 2024, 10 December 2024 and 18 December 2024.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other issue of equity securities of the Company for cash during the Period.

Event After the Reporting Period

There were no significant events affecting the Group after the period ended 30 June 2025 and up to the date of this announcement.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this announcement, there was no other specific plan for material investments or capital assets as at 30 June 2025.

EMPLOYEES AND EMPLOYMENT POLICIES

As at 30 June 2025, the Group had 47 employees (at 31 December 2024: 43). The related employees' costs for the Period (including Directors' remuneration and equity-settled share option expenses) amounted to approximately HK\$46.4 million (six months ended 30 June 2024: HK\$22.7 million). In addition to the basic salary, employees are also entitled to other benefits including social insurance contributions, employee provident fund schemes and share option schemes of the Company. The remuneration of employees was in line with market trend and with reference to the market rate and the performance of individual employees, which are regularly reviewed each year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities during the Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the Period, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions set out in Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Following specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code.

As at the date of this announcement, the Audit Committee consists of the following members:

Ms. Hau Yan Hannah Lee (Chairperson)

Mr. Peter Edward Jackson

Mr. Charles Matthew Pecot III

The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems, to review and monitor the effectiveness of the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the interim results of the Group for the Period and this announcement.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board did not declare any interim dividend for the Period (six months ended 30 June 2024: Nil).

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our appreciation to all our management and staff members for their ongoing contribution and hard work. We would also like to thank our shareholders for their continuing support.

On behalf of the Board **Apollo Future Mobility Group Limited Hui Chun Ying**

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 29 August 2025

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises two executive Directors, namely Mr. Hui Chun Ying (Chairman) and Ms. Chen Yizi; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Peter Edward Jackson, Mr. Charles Matthew Pecot III and Ms. Hau Yan Hannah Lee.