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(吉星新能源有限責任公司)*

(incorporated under the laws of Alberta with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 3395)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

This announcement is issued pursuant to Rule 13.09(2) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and under Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The board of directors of JX Energy Ltd. is pleased to announce its unaudited condensed interim financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of JX Energy Ltd. (the "Company") is pleased to announce the unaudited condensed interim financial results of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 (the "Interim Results") and its business updates. This announcement is issued by the Company pursuant to Rule 13.09(2) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and under Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Board and its Audit and Risk Committee have reviewed the Interim Results. Please see the attached announcement for further information.

By Order of the Board
JX Energy Ltd.
Yongtan Liu
Chairman

Calgary, November 14, 2025 Hong Kong, November 14, 2025

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises of two executive Directors, being Mr. Yongtan Liu and Mr. Binyou Dai; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhanpeng Kong, Ms. Kit Man To and Ms. Jia Wei.

^{*} For identification purpose only



(incorporated under the laws of Alberta with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 3395)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying condensed interim financial statements of JX Energy Ltd. have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

^{*} For identification purpose only

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at September 30, 2025

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Unaudited

Unaudited		As at	As at
	Note	September 30, 2025	
Assets			-
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	343,732	211,491
Accounts receivable	5	51,176	692,330
Prepaid expenses and deposits		297,572	242,314
Total current assets		692,480	1,146,135
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	123,478	3,884,949
Property, plant and equipment	7	19,164,389	20,660,091
Right of use assets	8	42,879	196,945
Total Assets		20,023,226	25,888,120
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9	5,173,887	8,889,489
Current portion of long-term payable	10	644,112	644,112
Current portion of long-term debt	10	14,815,446	4,544,566
Convertible debt	10	2,492,291	2,372,260
Convertible debt derivative portion	10	29,881	41,714
Current portion of lease liabilities	8	22,534	240,519
Decommissioning liabilities	11	691,448	691,448
Total current liabilities		23,869,599	17,424,108
Long-term accounts payable	10	27,579,232	20,052,041
Lease liabilities	8	26,418	10,547
Long-term debt	10	_	9,101,882
Decommissioning liabilities	11	549,420	760,517
Total liabilities		52,024,669	47,349,095
Shareholders' equity:			
Share capital	12	228,508,959	222,417,603
Contributed surplus		13,757,614	15,193,215
Accumulated deficit		(274,268,016)	(259,071,793)
Total shareholders' equity		(32,001,443)	(21,460,975)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		20,023,226	25,888,120
Coing gongorn	3		
Going concern Commitments	3 20		
Subsequent Events	20 21		
Subsequent Dients	21		

STATEMENT OF LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Unaudited

		Three months ended September 30,				Nine month Septembe	
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Revenue							
Commodity sales from production	13	256,769	252,350	5,289,753	3,794,348		
Trading revenue (loss)	13	12	(1,815)	2,124	1,441		
Other income	13	306	4,705	4,686	14,809		
Royalty expense	-	(17,479)	(48,676)	(367,210)	(10,315)		
Total net revenue		239,608	206,564	4,929,353	3,800,283		
Expenses							
Operating costs		(3,494,486)	(3,169,232)	(11,682,664)	(10,142,837)		
General and administrative costs		(267,806)	(314,001)	(729,406)	(1,150,770)		
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	7,8	(64,368)	(156,293)	(1,578,499)	(1,464,103)		
Impairment recovery and write-offs	6	(1,412,608)		(3,763,831)	(18,694)		
Total expenses	-	(5,239,268)	(3,639,526)	(17,754,400)	(12,776,404)		
Loss from operations		(4,999,660)	(3,432,962)	(12,825,047)	(8,976,121)		
Finance expenses	14	(1,316,901)	(779,223)	(2,425,734)	(2,513,898)		
Change in fair value of derivative							
component of convertible debentures	19	9,176		54,558			
Loss before taxes Income taxes	-	(6,307,385)	(4,212,185)	(15,196,223)	(11,490,019)		
Loss and comprehensive loss	<u>.</u>	(6,307,385)	(4,212,185)	(15,196,223)	(11,490,019)		
Loss per share							
Basic	16	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)		
Diluted	16	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)		
	-						

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Unaudited

	Note	Share Capital	Convertible Debt	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	Total Equity
At January 1, 2025		222,417,603	_	15,193,215	(259,071,793)	(21,460,975)
Shares issued for cash		1,344,139	_	_	_	1,344,139
Allocation for shares issued below						
market value		2,562,510	_	(2,562,510)	_	_
Share issue costs		(8,856)	_		_	(8,856)
Share-based expenses		_	_	5,335	_	5,335
Convertible debt redeemed		2,193,563	_	_	_	2,193,563
Fair value adjustment on long-term						
payable	10	_	_	1,121,573	_	1,121,573
Loss for the period					(15,196,223)	(15,196,223)
As at September 30, 2025	12	228,508,959		13,757,614	(274,268,016)	(32,001,443)
		Share	Convertible	Contributed	Accumulated	Total
	Note	Capital	Debt	Surplus	Deficit	Equity
At January 1, 2024	13	220,212,755	_	13,091,943	(238,804,683)	(5,499,985)
Shares issued for cash		2,540,956	_	_	_	2,540,956
Allocation for shares issued above						
market value		(309,168)	_	309,168	_	_
Share issue costs		(13,666)	_	_	_	(13,666)
Share-based expenses		_	_	12,003	_	12,003
Convertible debt issued for cash		_	2,190,350			2,190,350
Accrued and unpaid interest		_	48,286			48,286
Fair value adjustment on shareholder loan		_	_	13,911	_	13,911
Fair value adjustment on long-term						
payable	10	_	_	1,398,614	_	1,398,614
Income for the period					(11,490,019)	(11,490,019)
As at September 30, 2024	13	222,430,877	2,238,636	14,825,639	(250,294,702)	(10,799,550)

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
Unaudited

Unaudited	Note	Three months ended \$ 2025	September 30, 2024	Nine months ended S 2025	September 30, 2024
Cash provided by (used in): Operations Net loss		(6,307,385)	(4,212,185)	(15,196,223)	(11,490,019)
Items not involving cash: Depletion, depreciation and amortization Share-based expenses Non-cash change in phantom units Non-cash finance expenses Foreign exchange loss (gain)		64,370 1,779 - 963,569 276,216	156,293 4,001 (6,708) 710,338 (102,448)	1,578,500 5,335 - 2,687,890 (444,328)	1,464,103 12,003 (9,796) 1,447,923 302,203
Impairment and write-offs Change in fair value of derivative component of convertible debenture	10	1,412,608 (9,176)	-	3,763,831 (54,558)	18,694 -
Funds from operations Changes in non-cash working capital	4	(3,598,019) 2,729,551	(3,450,709) 2,374,330	(7,659,553) 7,066,339	(8,254,889) 5,067,029
Total cash from operations		(868,468)	(1,076,379)	(593,214)	(3,187,860)
Investing Sale of exploration and evaluation assets Expenditures on property, plant and equipment Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets		(571,930) (4,688)	(115,519) (64,805)	(1,156,410) (39,784)	1,900,000 (186,490) (306,594)
					 i
Net cash from (used in) investing		(576,618)	(180,324)	(1,196,194)	1,406,916
Financing Changes in subscriptions payable Shares issued for cash, net of share issuance costs Debenture proceeds received prior to issuance Proceeds from debenture issuance Proceeds from shareholder loans Repayment of shareholder loans Principal portion of lease payments Interest portion of lease payments Repayment of term debt	10 10 8 8	1,335,283 - - - (42,468) (5,199)	(806,491) 2,190,350 - (254,941) (180,971) (21,447) (94,055)	1,335,283 (2,114,802) 2,114,802 1,163,150 (228,412) (225,916) (22,573) (99,930)	(1,278,093) 2,527,290 754,283 2,190,350 87,000 (1,449,441) (559,877) (66,377) (634,130)
Net cash from (used in) financing		1,287,616	832,445	1,921,602	1,571,005
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(157,470) 155	(424,258)	132,194 47	(209,939)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		501,047	577,677	211,491	363,305
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	4	343,732	153,458	343,732	153,458
Supplementary information: Interest paid		8,304	599,602	116,579	759,434

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated)
Unaudited

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

JX Energy Ltd., (the "Company" or "JX") was incorporated in Calgary, Alberta, Canada under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) in 2005. JX is an exploration and development company pursuing petroleum and natural gas production in Alberta, Canada. The Company's registered office is located at 15th Floor, Bankers Court, 850-2nd Street SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 0R8, Canada, and its head office is located at Suite 900, 717-7th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 0Z3, Canada.

Pursuant to an initial public offering on March 10, 2017, the Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and traded under the stock code of "3395". The Company has been a reporting issuer under the Securities Act (Alberta) since October 2, 2018. On June 22, 2022, shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") approved the change of the Company's name from Persta Resources Inc. to JX Energy Ltd.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". The Financial Statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these unaudited condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024. These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies as the audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Financial Statements") and should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and the notes thereto. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included in the Financial Statements. These unaudited condensed interim financial statements were approved by the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") on November 14, 2025.

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("C\$"), which is the Company's functional currency.

3 GOING CONCERN

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at September 30, 2025 the Company had a working capital deficiency of C\$23.2 million, generated a loss from operations of C\$6.3 million and C\$15.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, respectively.

The global impact of the wars in Ukraine and the middle east, global warming, tariff threats and supply chain interruptions, have resulted in significant volatility in global stock markets has created a great deal of uncertainty in the global economy and specifically the volatility of natural gas price has significantly affected the operating performance of the Company.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability to generate positive cash flow from operations, obtain equity and/or additional financing, dispose of assets or other arrangements to fund operating and investing activities. There are no assurances that any transactions will be completed on terms acceptable to the Company. If the Company is unable to make its scheduled payments on its term debt to CIMC and related Shareholder Loan, these facilities may become due on demand. These conditions cause material uncertainty which cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Notwithstanding this, based on the cash flow projection, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the use of the going concern basis in preparation of the financial statements be determined to be not appropriate, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying amounts of the Company's assets to their realizable values, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the financial statements. If the Company is unable to continue as a going concern, it may be forced to seek relief under applicable bankruptcy and insolvency legislation.

4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions Cash on hand	341,727 2,005	209,486 2,005
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows	343,732	211,491

(b) Supplementary cash flows information

	Three months ended September 30,				
<i>C</i> \$	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Change in non-cash working capital:					
Accounts receivable	147,445	67,878	641,154	769,316	
Prepaid expenses and deposits	211,756	(66,887)	(55,258)	504,121	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities ¹	2,148,483	1,023,947	3,811,589	(1,643,322)	
	2,507,684	1,024,938	4,397,485	(369,885)	
Change in non-cash working capital included in investing and financing	(22.4.0.47)		42.440.00	/ o	
activities	(221,867)	(1,349,392)	(2,668,854)	(5,436,914)	
Change in non-cash working capital included in operating activities	2,729,551	2,374,330	7,066,339	5,067,029	
	2,507,684	1,024,938	4,397,485	(369,885)	

Excludes the change in Long-term payable, which is included in the Change in non-cash working capital included in operating activities.

5 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Trade receivables Other receivables	51,176	691,842 488
Total	51,176	692,330

(a) Aging analysis of trade receivables

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the aging analysis of trade receivables (included in accounts receivable), based on the invoice date (or date of revenue recognition, if earlier) and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

	As at	As at
	September 30,	December 31,
C\$	2025	2024
Within 1 month	51,118	691,622
1 to 3 months	57	158
Over 3 months		62
Total	51,176	691,842

Trade receivables are generally collected within 25 days from the date of billing.

(b) Impairment of accounts receivable

Impairment losses in respect of trade and other receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Company determines that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against account receivables directly. No accounts receivable are considered individually nor collectively to be impaired. No material balances of trade or other receivables are past due, and no impairment loss has been recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024.

6 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

<i>C</i> \$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Balance, beginning of period Net additions/(disposals) Write-offs	3,884,949 2,360 (3,763,831)	5,914,591 (1,881,306) (148,336)
Balance, end of period	123,478	3,884,949

Exploration and evaluation ("E&E") assets consist of undeveloped lands, unevaluated seismic data and unevaluated drilling and completion costs on the Company's exploration projects which are pending the determination of proven or probable reserves in sufficient quantity to warrant commercial development. Transfers are made to property, plant and equipment ("PP&E") as proven or probable reserves are determined. E&E assets are expensed due to uneconomic drilling and completion activities and write-offs of lease expiries.

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's E&E assets in respect of its Basing, Voyager and Dawson cash generating units ("CGU") were comprised solely of undeveloped lands in which the Company holds a right to explore for and produce petroleum and/or natural gas.

Impairment is assessed based on the recoverable amount compared with the asset's carrying amount to measure the amount of the impairment. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company assessed the E&E assets for impairment or recovery and did not record any impairment or recovery of its CGUs.

On April 1, 2024, the Company signed a letter of intent to sell five sections of its non-producing Basing assets to an independent third party for C\$1.9 million. Due to the impairment of the E&E assets as at December 31, 2023, there was no gain or loss on the asset sale for the year ended December 31, 2024.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, there were no capitalized G&A costs, disposals, or transfers to PP&E. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024, the Company wrote off C\$3.8 million and C\$0.15 million, respectively, of E&E assets attributable to land lease expiries.

7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Accumulated Depletion,	
		Depreciation,	Net
C\$	Cost	and Impairment	Book Value
At January 1, 2024	170,549,237	(143,815,735)	26,733,502
Additions	101,002	_	101,002
Change in decommissioning obligations	(968,297)	_	(968,297)
Depletion and depreciation	_	(883,279)	(883,279)
Impairment	(3,036)	(4,319,801)	(4,322,837)
At December 31, 2024	169,678,906	(149,018,815)	20,660,091
At January 1, 2025	169,678,906	(149,018,815)	20,660,091
Additions	142,949	_	142,949
Change in decommissioning obligations	(238,019)	_	(238,019)
Depletion and depreciation	_	(1,400,632)	(1,400,632)
Impairment/Write-offs			
At September 30, 2025	169,583,836	(150,419,447)	19,164,389

Substantially all of the Company's PP&E consists of development and production assets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, PP&E additions include G&A capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policies of C\$0.08 million (2024: C\$0.09 million).

Depletion, depreciation and impairment

Depletion and depreciation, impairment of PP&E, and any reversal thereof, are recognized as separate line items in the statement of loss and other comprehensive loss. The depletion calculation for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 includes estimated future development costs of C\$11.7 million (2024: C\$11.7 million) associated with the development of the Company's proved plus probable reserves. Impairment and impairment recovery is assessed based on the recoverable amount compared with the asset's carrying amount to measure the amount of the impairment and/or impairment recovery refer to Note 4 in the Financial Statements for additional information on the Company's accounting policies.

As at September 30, 2025, the Company assessed the CGUs for impairment or recovery and did not record any impairment or recovery of its CGUs.

8 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASES

(a) Right of use assets

C\$	Oil and Gas Production	Office Space	Vehicles	Total
At January 1, 2024 Additions	143,869	623,312	21,385	788,566 -
Amortization	(88,671)	(490,917)	(12,033)	(591,621)
At December 31, 2024	55,198	132,395	9,352	196,945
At January 1, 2025 Additions Amortization	55,198 - (55,198)	132,395 - (111,321)	9,352 23,803 (11,350)	196,945 23,803 (177,869)
At September 30, 2025		21,074	21,805	42,879

(b) Lease liabilities

<i>C</i> \$	Oil and Gas Production	Office Space	Vehicles	Total
At January 1, 2024 Additions	182,437 _	787,934 -	21,543	991,914
Interest expense	21,892	64,660	1,271	87,823
Lease payment	(130,000)	(684,672)	(14,000)	(828,672)
At December 31, 2024	74,329	167,922	8,814	251,065
At January 1, 2025 Additions Interest expense Lease payment	74,329 - 8,920 (83,249)	167,922 - 12,659 (154,439)	8,814 23,802 994 (10,800)	251,065 23,802 22,573 (248,488)
At September 30, 2025		26,142	22,810	48,952

Future lease payments are due as follows:

C\$	Future lease payments	Interest	Present value
At September 30, 2025			
Within 1 year	25,350	2,814	22,536
1 to 2 years	20,324	1,609	18,715
2 to 5 years	8,065	364	7,701
Total	53,739	4,787	48,952

9 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Trade payables Accrued liabilities	1,502,830 1,113,797	2,233,327 1,281,133
Total trade payables and accrued liabilities Capital payables Other payables	2,616,627 1,642,589 914,671	3,514,460 2,788,265 2,586,764
Current accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,173,887	8,889,489

All trade payables, accrued liabilities, capital payables and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are payable on demand. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, capital payables are primarily comprised of costs incurred for the drilling of a new exploration well at Basing, which was included in the asset sale in 2024, and costs incurred pursuant to the Contract (as defined in Note 12 of the Company's Financial Statements). As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, other payables includes C\$0.39 million (2024: C\$0.32 million) owed pursuant to the Company's Phantom Unit Plan (as defined in Note 12 of the Company's Financial Statements). As at December 31, 2024, other payables includes proceeds from a convertible debenture received prior to the signing of the agreement of C\$2.1 million.

Legal claims have been brought against the Company by certain vendors. All expected legal, settlement, and other fees have been accrued as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. In the opinion of the Directors, after taking appropriate legal advice, the outcome of these legal claims is not expected to give rise to any significant loss beyond the amounts accrued as at September 30, 2025.

Aging analysis of trade payables

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the aging analysis of trade payables based on dates of invoices at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Within 1 month	285,650	617,981
1 to 3 months	133,916	305,839
4 to 12 months	480,020	982,500
1 to 2 years	471,612	247,148
Over 2 years	131,632	79,859
Total	1,502,830	2,233,327

10 LONG-TERM DEBT, LONG-TERM PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Long-term debt

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balances related to term debt are as follows:

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Shareholder loans (net) Term debt Less: deferred financing costs	11,515,440 3,380,353 (80,347)	10,331,024 3,435,944 (120,520)
Total	14,815,446	13,646,448
Current Long term	14,815,446	4,544,566 9,101,882

(a) Term debt

On March 27, 2023, the Company obtained new long-term debt of USD\$3.5 million (C\$4.7 million) from CIMC Leasing USA, Inc. (the "CIMC Loan"). The CIMC Loan has a term of 48 months, bares interest of 9.25% per annum and is secured by the fixed assets owned by the Company, excluding its Oil and Gas assets, and a personal guarantee from Mr. Yongtan Liu, the Company's Chairman. The Company is required to make monthly interest and principal payments of USD\$87,514 beginning on April 27, 2023.

The CIMC Loan will be senior to all other debt and equity payments, including the Jixing Gas Handling and Jixing Voyager Compression Agreements (as defined in Note 26 of the Company's Financial Statements), with exceptions for regular operating payments of Jixing Energy (Canada) Ltd. ("Jixing"), which have been approved by CIMC Leasing USA, Inc. ("CIMC") as part of the CIMC Loan agreement.

Mr. Liu and/or interests under his control, have loans with CIMC Capital (China), the parent company of CIMC. In the event there is a default with the existing loans of Mr. Liu and/or interests under his control, it will trigger a default of the CIMC Loan and shareholder loan from Jixing, and the outstanding balances will immediately become due.

On November 25, 2024, CIMC, Jixing and the Company reached an agreement that a six-month period starting November 27, 2024 allowing the Company and Jixing to be in arrears without penalty or late fees for the repayment of monthly interest and principal payments in arrears (the "Grace Period"). No other terms were modified. The Company has to repay in full any foregone payments during the Grace Period by April 25, 2025 or the CIMC Loan and the Jixing Loan will be considered in default. The Company is working with CIMC on revising the loan agreement and extending the Grace Period, as such the entire balance of the CIMC and Jixing Loans have been classified as current. As of September 30, 2025, there are eleven months of interest and principal payments on the Jixing Loan of approximately USD\$2.2 million and approximately USD\$0.96 million on the CIMC Loan in arrears.

(b) Shareholder loans

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company received C\$1.2 million of funds from a shareholder for which the loan agreement has not yet been signed. The balance has been classified as current until a long-term loan agreement with the shareholder is signed.

On December 31, 2024, the Company and Jixing agreed to extend the term of the 2019 Shareholder Loan (as defined in Note 13 of the Company's Financial Statements) to December 23, 2026 and the entire balance has been classified as long-term.

On December 31, 2024, the Company and director agreed to extend the term of the 2020 Shareholder Loan (as defined in Note 13 of the Company's Financial Statements) to June 2, 2026 and the entire balance has been classified as current.

On February 9, 2024, Jixing advanced C\$0.09 million to the Company (the "2024 Shareholder Loan"), with an initial term of two years, is unsecured, non-interest bearing, carries no covenants, and is repayable at any time at the Company's sole discretion. In calculating the C\$0.08 million fair value of the 2024 Shareholder Loan as at February 9, 2024, the Company applied an effective interest rate of 9.1%, comprised of 4% base plus 5.1% Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada's one month Bankers' Acceptance rate. The residual of C\$0.01 million was recorded to Contributed Surplus (refer to Note 16 of the Company's Financial Statements).

On March 27, 2023 the Company received a loan from Jixing (the "**Jixing Loan**") for USD\$8.0 million (C\$10.8 million). The Jixing Loan has a term of 48 months, bares interest of 9.25% per annum and is not secured by the fixed assets owned by the Company. The Company is required to make monthly interest and principal payments of USD\$200,031 beginning on April 27, 2023.

Long-term accounts payable

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Opening carrying amount Fair value adjustments	20,696,153 (1,121,573)	13,286,657 (1,762,189)
Initial measurement of Jixing GHCA liability Additions Less: Repayments Accretion	19,574,579 7,504,493 (462,000) 1,606,271	11,524,468 8,207,778 (523,000) 1,486,907
Closing carrying amount	28,223,344	20,696,153
Current Long term	644,112 27,579,232	644,112 20,052,041

On March 27, 2023, pursuant to the subordination agreement which included the CIMC Loan, the modification of terms of the existing Jixing Gas Handling Agreement and Jixing Voyager Compression Agreement (the "Jixing GHCA"), is accounted for as an extinguishment. A gain on extinguishment of substantially modified terms was recognized of C\$5.1 million in contributed surplus for the year ended December 31, 2023 for the difference between the derecognition of original account payable and recognition of the account payable under subordination agreement with CIMC discounted at the new effective interest rate of 9.4% and a term of 48 months.

The Company incurs monthly costs increasing the total liability over time. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company incurred an additional C\$2.2 million and C\$6.5 million, respectively, of cost related to the Jixing GHCA, and an adjustment to contributed surplus of C\$0.32 million was recognized for the period ended September 30, 2025. Per the terms of the subordination agreement, the Company may make payments against the Jixing GHCA liability for regular operating payments. For the period ended September 30, 2025, the Company paid C\$0.46 million against the Jixing GHCA liability. As at September 30, 2025, the Company classified the amount of C\$0.64 million as the current portion of the long-term payable to reflect the Company's anticipated payments to Jixing.

In determining the fair value of the Jixing GHCA for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company applied an average effective rate of 9.38%.

Convertible debentures

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the balances related to the convertible debentures are as follows:

C\$	Debt component	Derivative component
At January 1, 2024	_	_
Proceeds of debt	2,179,062	_
Fair value of the derivative component recognized at the issue date	(46,525)	46,525
Interest expense	112,858	_
Change in fair value recognized in profit or loss	_	(6,490)
Foreign exchange adjustments	126,865	1,679
At December 31, 2024	2,372,260	41,714
At January 1, 2025	2,372,260	41,714
Proceeds of debt	2,114,802	_
Repayment of debt with equity	(2,193,562)	_
Fair value of the derivative component recognized at the issue date	(45,534)	45,534
Interest expense	349,821	_
Change in fair value recognized in profit or loss	_	(54,558)
Foreign exchange adjustments	(105,497)	(2,809)
At September 30, 2025	2,492,291	29,881

The fair value of derivative component of convertible debentures as at initial measurement and September 30, 2025 have been arrived using the Black-Scholes valuation model is used for valuation of the derivative component. The key inputs used in the model are disclosed in Note 19(f). The share price as at September 30, 2025 was HK\$0.365.

On March 19, 2025, the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for approximately USD\$1.52 million, bearing interest of 9% per annum payable monthly and maturing on December 10, 2025 (the "**December Debenture**"). On July 24, 2024 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.6 million, bearing interest of 12% per annum payable monthly and maturing on July 24, 2025 (the "**July Debenture**").

The Company can repay the convertible debentures in full or part upon maturity including accrued and unpaid interest with common shares at a deemed price of HK\$0.20 per common share or one common share for each USD\$0.02558 of the July Debenture outstanding including accrued and unpaid interest and USD\$0.02571 of the December Debenture outstanding including accrued and unpaid interest.

On August 1, 2025, the Company issued 62,548,866 common shares to convert the principal portion of the July Debenture of USD1.60 million maturing on July 24, 2025. Any accrued and unpaid interest remaining after the conversion of the principal portion was continuously accrued interest at 12% per annum until the accrued and unpaid interest is repaid. As at July 24, 2025, the accrued and unpaid interest of US\$0.192 million related to the July Debenture was recognized as a new convertible debenture (the "New July Debenture") with terms consistent with the original July Debenture. The derivative component of the New July Debenture was initially recognized at fair value on the maturity date of the original July Debenture and will be remeasured at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss, and its maturity date is reasonably estimated to be December 31, 2026.

As at September 30, 2025, the convertible debentures contain two components, debt component and derivative component (including conversion option). Upon initial recognition, the fair value of New July Debenture debt component was USD\$0.193 million (equivalent to C\$0.268 million) and the fair value of derivative component is USD\$0.004 million (equivalent to C\$0.006 million). Upon initial recognition, the fair value of December Debenture debt component was USD\$1.60 million (equivalent to C\$2.22 million) and the fair value of derivative component is USD\$0.017 million (equivalent to C\$0.024 million). The derivative components are measured at fair value at initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period with fair value gain of C\$0.05 million recognized in the profit or loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The fair value of derivative components of convertible debentured as at initial measurement and September 30, 2025 have been determined on the basis of a valuation carried out by the management of JX Energy.

11 DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITIES

C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Balance, beginning of period Change in estimate Accretion expense (Note 14)	1,451,965 (238,019) 26,922	2,372,611 (968,297) 47,651
Balance, end of period	1,240,868	1,451,965
Current Long term	691,448 549,420	691,448 760,517

The total future decommissioning obligations were estimated based on the Company's net ownership interest in petroleum and natural gas assets including well sites, gathering systems and facilities, the estimated costs to abandon and reclaim the petroleum and natural gas assets and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future periods. As at September 30, 2025, the Company estimated the total undiscounted amount of cash flows required to settle its decommissioning obligations to be approximately C\$1.6 million (2024: C\$2.6 million) which will be incurred between 2025 and 2072. The majority of these costs will be incurred by 2050. As at September 30, 2025, an average risk-free rate of 3.54% (2024: 3.11%) and an inflation rate of 2.0% (2024: 3.11%) were used to calculate the decommissioning obligations.

12 SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized:

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares.

(b) Issued:

	Common Shares	Amount C\$
At January 1, 2024	459,886,520	220,212,755
Shares issued for cash	63,000,000	2,540,956
Share issuance costs	_	(26,940)
Allocation to contributed surplus for shares issued above		
market value		(309,168)
At December 31, 2024	522,886,520	222,417,603
At January 1, 2025	522,886,520	222,417,603
Shares issued for cash	20,667,134	1,344,139
Allocation to contributed surplus for shares issued above		
market value	_	2,562,510
Share issue costs	_	(8,856)
Convertible debt redeemed	62,548,866	2,193,563
At September 30, 2025	606,102,520	228,508,959

On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 12.89 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.33 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$4.25 million (C\$0.75 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.38 and the HK\$0.050 per share discount to market value, totaling C\$0.11 million (HK\$0.64 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 7.78 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.436 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$3.39 million (C\$0.59 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.38 and the HK\$0.056 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.08 million (HK\$0.44 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On July 15, 2025, upon maturity of the convertible debenture, the principal amount of US\$1.60 million was converted into common shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$0.20 (US\$0.02558) per common share in accordance with the terms of the agreement. At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.44, and the HK\$0.240 per share discount to market value, totaling C\$2.64 million (HK\$15.01 million), was allocated to contributed surplus.

On May 29, 2024 the Company completed the placing issuing 33 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.22 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.26 million (C\$1.26 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.188and the HK\$0.032 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.19 million (HK\$1.06 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On March 7, 2024, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements to issue 30 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.24 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.20 million (C\$1.28 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.216 and the HK\$0.024 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.12 million (HK\$0.72 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

c) Stock options and share-based expenses:

The Company has a stock option plan which was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company by ordinary resolution passed on June 8, 2018 (the "Option Plan"). The Option Plan is a rolling plan and provides that the number of common shares issuable under the Option Plan, together with all of the Company's other previously established or proposed share compensation arrangements, may not exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding common shares, on a non-diluted basis, as of the date on which the Option Plan is approved by the shareholders. The exercise price of each option equals the volume-weighted average market price for the five days preceding the issue date of the Company's stock on the date of grant and the option's maximum term is ten years. Options granted vest 1/3 on each of the first, second and third anniversaries from the date of grant.

On May 15, 2025, 2.3 million options expired unexercised under the terms of the option agreements.

As at September 30, 2025, the remaining options held and exercisable have an exercise price that exceeded the share price of the Company's stock. The average trading price of the Company's common shares for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was HK\$0.40 and HK\$0.24 per share respectively.

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the outstanding options are as follows:

HK\$ except number of options amounts	Number of Options	Exercise Price
At January 1, 2024 Cancelled	4,580,200 (1,500,000)	\$0.51 0.52
At December 31, 2024	3,080,200	\$0.51
At January 1, 2025 Expired	3,080,200 (2,280,000)	\$0.51 \$0.52
At September 30, 2025	800,200	\$0.48

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2025:

	A 4	D	Weighted	A A	Weighted
Exercise	Amount Outstanding at	Remaining Contractual	Average Exercise	Amount Exercisable at	Average Exercise
Price (HK\$)	Period End	Life	Price (HK\$)	Period End	Price (HK\$)
\$0.48	800,200	2.17 years	\$0.48	533,467	\$0.48

d) Contributed surplus:

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, contributed surplus is comprised of the difference between the deemed fair value and gross value of the Shareholder Loans and Longterm payable (refer to Note 10) at the date of initial recognition, share- based expenses incurred during the period, and the allocation of shares issued during the year in excess of market value.

13 REVENUE

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
C\$	2025	2024	2025	2024
Commodity sales from production				
Natural gas, natural gas liquids and condensate	21,675	15,421	4,544,687	2,899,906
Crude oil	235,094	236,929	745,066	894,442
Total commodity sales from production	256,769	252,350	5,289,753	3,794,348
Trading revenue (loss)				
Natural gas trading revenue	569	_	19,062	38,413
Natural gas trading cost	(557)	(1,815)	(16,938)	(36,972)
Total trading revenue (loss)	12	(1,815)	2,124	1,441
Other income				
Total other income	306	4,705	4,686	14,809

The Company sells its products pursuant to variable-price contracts. The transaction price for variable price contracts is based on the commodity price, adjusted for quality, location or other factors, whereby each component of the pricing formula can be either fixed or variable, depending on the contract terms. Commodity prices are based on market indices that are determined on a monthly or daily basis. The contracts generally have a term of one year or less, whereby delivery takes place throughout the contract period. Revenues are typically collected on the 25th day of the month following production.

Trading revenue is realized when the Company purchases natural gas on the open market to meet its forward sale obligations. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of the costs incurred to purchase the natural gas.

Other income is comprised of over-riding royalty payments and income generated from sources outside normal operations including subsidies. Over-riding royalty payments are periodically received from arm's length entities, whereby the Company receives a portion of oil and natural gas revenues generated from wells in which it holds a royalty interest.

Information about major customers

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company had five active customers, of which two customers exceeded 10% of the Company's revenues. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company' largest customer accounted for 69% and 72% of revenues (2024: 31% and 57%) respectively; the second largest customer accounted for 20% and 14% of revenues (2024: 47% and 24%) respectively.

Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers and non-current assets are all located in Canada.

Timing of revenue recognition

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, all of the Company's revenues and commodity sales from production is recognized at a point in time.

14 FINANCE EXPENSES

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
<i>C</i> \$	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest expense and financing costs:				
Term debt (Note 10)	55,485	657,055	175,698	831,659
Shareholder term loan debt (Note 10)	126,821	(271,589)	401,595	66,377
Right of use assets and leases (Note 8)	5,199	20,237	22,573	65,167
Commitment charges ¹	69,058	(47,022)	98,629	_
Convertible debenture (Note 10)	115,070	48,286	349,822	48,286
Other financing costs and bank charges	4,669	10,041	13,923	33,655
Accretion expenses:				
Decommissioning liabilities (Note 11)	_	(4,807)	26,922	48,230
Shareholder loans (Note 10)	47,270	61,902	149,894	23,286
Long-term payable (Note 10)	600,332	393,610	1,606,271	1,054,773
Amortization of debt issuance costs	13,392	13,392	40,174	40,174
Loss on foreign exchange ²	279,605	(101,882)	(459,767)	302,293
Total finance expenses	1,316,901	779,223	2,425,734	2,513,898

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, commitment charges are primarily comprised of costs associated with the Company's PSG facility (Note 19(e)).

15 INCOME TAXES

The blended statutory tax rate was 23% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 (2024: 23%). As at September 30, 2025, the Company has approximately C\$166 million of tax deductions, which includes loss carry forwards of approximately C\$56 million which begin to expire in 2037.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the gain on foreign exchange is primarily due to the conversion of the Company's USD term debt, shareholder loan, and convertible debentures. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 the loss on foreign exchange is primarily due to the conversion of the Company's USD term debt and shareholder loan.

16 INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

C\$ except share amounts	Three mon Septem		Nine months ended September 30,		
-	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Loss and comprehensive loss Dilutive shares ¹	(6,307,385)		(15,196,223) 104,577,304	(11,490,019) 63,947,219	
Income (loss) per share – basic	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)	
Income (loss) per share – diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)	

The dilutive shares represent the maximum number of shares that would be issued related to the convertible debentures. The dilutive shares related to the convertible debentures are limited to the Company's general mandate of 104,577,304 common shares that could be issued without a special shareholders' meeting pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

There were 0.8 million options and excluded from the weighted-average share calculations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 3.08 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 because they were anti-dilutive.

17 DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of a dividend for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

18 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS, PERSONNEL COSTS AND REMUNERATION POLICY

Remuneration policy

The Company's remuneration and bonus policies are determined by the performance of individual employees. The emolument of the executives are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the Company's operating results, the executives' duties and responsibilities within the Company and comparable market statistics.

(a) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 including director's emoluments is as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
C\$	2025	2024	2025	2024
Director's fees	21,913	90,000	76,420	110,000
Salaries, allowance and other benefits	97,966	112,040	295,570	321,625
Share-based payments and phantom unit				
adjustments	1,778	1,180	5,335	12,003
Severance	_	_	_	385,000
Employer portion of Canadian Pension				
Plan contributions	1,739	(3,302)	13,444	11,682
Total	123,396	199,918	390,769	840,310

(b) Transactions with directors

Directors' Fees and Phantom Unit Plan

Director compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 totaled C\$0.04 million and C\$0.12 million respectively (2024: C\$0.08 million and C\$0.08 million). C\$Nil was accrued pursuant to the Phantom Unit Plan (as defined in Note 19 of the Company's Financial Statements) during the respective periods (2024: C\$(0.01) million and C\$(0.02) million). Of the total director compensation, C\$0.02 million and C\$0.07 million were paid in cash during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 respectively (2024: C\$0.09 million and C\$0.09 million).

As at September 30, 2025 the total accrued and unpaid compensation under the Phantom Unit Plan was C\$0.39 million (2024: C\$0.43 million).

Receipt of Shareholder Loans

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company received C\$1.2 million of funds from a shareholder for which the loan agreement has not yet been signed.

Save as disclosed above, all other transactions with directors are unchanged from those disclosed in Note 26 of the Financial Statements.

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity and market risk from its use of financial instruments. This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Company's activities.

(a) Credit risk

The Company's credit risk on cash arises from possible default of the counterparty. The Company limits its exposure to counterparty credit risk on cash by only dealing with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

Credit risk on trade and other receivables is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from purchasers of the Company's crude oil and natural gas and joint venture partners. The Company seeks to manage its credit risk on trade and other receivables by trading with third party customers it considers to be creditworthy. As at September 30, 2025, the Company's accounts receivables consisted of C\$0.05 million (September 30, 2024: C\$0.06 million) due from purchasers of the Company's crude oil and natural gas production.

Receivables from purchasers of the Company's crude oil and natural gas when outstanding are normally collected on the 25th day of the month following production. The carrying amount of accounts receivable and cash balances represents the maximum credit exposure. In determining whether amounts past due are collectible, the Company will assess the nature of the past due amounts as well as the credit worthiness and past payment history of the counterparty. The Company has determined that no allowance for impairment was necessary as at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Company has also not written off any receivables during the period ended September 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024 as all material accounts receivables were collected in full. There are no material financial assets that the Company considers at risk of collection. As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the majority of the trade receivables were less than 90 days old.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, to the extent possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions. The Company will attempt to match its payment cycle with collection of crude oil and natural gas revenues on the 25th of each month. The Company prepares annual budgets and updates forecasts for operating, financing and investing activities on an ongoing basis to ensure it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due (see Note 3).

The current challenging economic climate may lead to adverse changes in cash flow, working capital levels or debt balances, which may also have a direct impact on the Company's results and financial position. These and other factors may adversely affect the Company's liquidity and the Company's ability to generate profits in the future.

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at September 30, 2025 are as follows:

<i>C\$</i>	Carrying amount	Total	1 year or less	1-2 years	3-5 years	5+ years
Accounts payable and accrued						
liabilities	5,173,887	5,173,887	5,173,887	_	_	_
Long-term payable ³	28,223,344	32,323,845	644,112	31,679,733	_	_
Lease liabilities	48,952	37,606	17,283	20,323	_	_
Shareholder loans ¹	11,515,440	11,651,670	10,745,653	906,017	_	_
Convertible debenture ⁴	2,492,291	4,597,672	4,597,672	_	_	_
Term debt ²	3,300,006	3,380,353	3,380,353			
Total	50,753,920	57,165,033	24,558,960	32,606,073		

⁽¹⁾ Carrying amount is the net value of shareholder loans per Note 10.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market metrics, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates that will affect the Company's valuation of financial instruments, the debt levels of the Company, as well as its profit and cash flow from operations. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

⁽²⁾ Carrying amount is term debt value per Note 10 less deferred financing costs.

⁽³⁾ Carrying amount is the long-term payable fair value per Note 10.

⁽⁴⁾ Carrying amount is the convertible debentures balance of the debt portion per Note 10.

Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for crude oil and natural gas are impacted by not only the relationship between the Canadian and United States dollar but also world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. The Company may utilize commodity contracts as a risk management technique to mitigate exposure to commodity price volatility. The Company did not enter into any financial derivatives to mitigate commodity price risk during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Interest rate risk

As at September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company's debts are comprised of shareholder's loans, term debt and amounts owing under the Contract (refer to Note 12 in the Financial Statements), which all carry a fixed interest rate. As at September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company has no variable rate borrowings. As such, a one percent change in prevailing interest rates would not change the Company's net loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Foreign currency risk

The Company manages foreign exchange risk by monitoring foreign exchange rates and evaluating their effects on using Canadian versus United States or Hong Kong vendors as well as timing of transactions. The Company recognizes a foreign exchange gain/loss based on the revaluation of monetary items held in United States Dollars ("USD") or Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") and the value changes with the fluctuation in the USD/CAD and HKD/CAD exchange rates.

Changes in the HKD/CAD foreign exchange rate of less than 10% would not materially change the Company's financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2025. Changes in the USD/CAD foreign exchange rate of +/- USD0.01 would increase/decrease the foreign exchange gain by approximately C\$0.1 million and increase/decrease the Company's USD denominated debts by the same amount for the period ended September 30, 2025.

As at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's overall net exposure to foreign exchange risk is as follows:

Expressed in C\$	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
HKD Cash and cash equivalents	1,498	3,436
USD Cash and cash equivalents	190	256
HKD Trade and other payables	(318,361)	(298,085)
USD Trade and other payables	_	(2,116,065)
USD Long term debt (current and long term portions)	(11,106,873)	(11,291,092)
USD Convertible debentures (debt component)	(2,664,871)	(2,372,260)
Overall net exposure	(14,088,417)	(16,073,810)

(d) Capital management

The Company's general policy is to maintain an appropriate capital base in order to manage its business in the most effective manner with the goal of increasing the value of its assets and thus its underlying share value. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maintain financial flexibility in order to preserve its ability to meet financial obligations; to maintain a capital structure that allows the Company to favor the financing of its growth strategy using internally-generated cash flow and its debt capacity; and to optimize the use of its capital to provide an appropriate investment return to its shareholders.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying crude oil and natural gas assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, long-term payable, long-term debt, convertible debt and working capital. To assess capital and operating efficiency and financial strength, the Company continually monitors its net debt.

The Company has not paid nor declared any dividends since its inception.

As part of its capital management process, the Company prepares budgets and forecasts, which are used by management and the Board of Directors to direct and monitor the strategy and ongoing operations and liquidity of the Company. Budgets and forecasts are subject to significant judgment and estimates relating to activity levels, future cash flows and the timing thereof and other factors which may or may not be within the control of the Company.

The following represents the capital structure of the Company:

	As at	As at
	September 30,	December 31,
C\$	2025	2024
Long term debt (excluding current portion as per Note 10)	_	9,101,882
Long-term payable (excluding current portion as per Note 10)	27,579,232	20,052,041
Long term lease liabilities (current portion included in net		
working capital deficit)	26,418	10,547
Convertible debentures (debt component as per Note 10)	2,492,291	2,372,260
Net working capital deficit (excluding convertible debentures		
per Note 10)	20,684,828	13,905,713
Net debt	50,782,769	45,442,443
Shareholders' equity	(32,001,443)	(21,460,975)
Total	18,781,326	23,981,468

Net working capital consists of current assets less current liabilities (excluding convertible debentures). The current portions of lease liabilities, CIMC and Jixing Loan term debts, shareholder loans, and long-term accounts payable are included in net working capital.

(e) Performance services guarantee ("PSG") facility

On April 25, 2018, the Company obtained a PSG facility from Economic Development Canada ("EDC") totaling C\$4.4 million. On July 30, 2020 the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$1.85 million. On October 17, 2022, the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$1.55 million. On February 25, 2025, the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$0.78 million. Under the terms of the PSG facility, EDC will guarantee qualifying letters of credit ("L/C") on behalf of the Company. Previously, these L/C's were cash collateralized, following approval by the EDC the requirement of the Company to hold cash to underwrite the L/C is relieved for the duration of the PSG approval.

Under the terms of the PSG facility, the L/C guarantee period is the lesser of one year or the term of the L/C if less than 12 months. The guarantee can be renewed annually for long term L/C's subject to subsequent approval by the EDC. As at September 30, 2025, the Company has PSG coverage for the following L/C:

Amount	Expiry
C\$650,000	March 16, 2026

During the nine months ending September 30, 2025, the holder of the C\$0.08 million L/C was called and PSG facility covered the amount of the L/C. The Company will begin repaying the called L/C to EDC in equal monthly installments over six months starting in May 2025, and is current with its payments.

The PSG facility has a 12 month term and must be renewed annually. The current term expires on March 16, 2026. If the facility is not approved for renewal, the PSG coverage will terminate at the expiry of the existing L/C's and the Company will seek alternative insurance arrangements to guarantee the L/C's or cash collateralize them.

(f) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the Company's financial liabilities are determined (in particular the valuation technique and inputs used):

Financial liabilities	Fair value at September 30, 2025	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique and inputs used
Derivative component of July Debenture	-	Level 3	Black-Scholes Model Fair value is estimated based on time to maturity, stock price,
Derivative component of July Debenture interest balance for initial recognition	6,212	Level 3	conversion price, risk-free rate, discount rate, expected volatility and expected dividend.
Derivative component of December Debenture	23,669	Level 3	
Total	29,881		

As at September 30, 2025 a 1% increase/(decrease) in growth rate would not materially impact the fair value. There were no transfers among different levels during the period.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements	July Debenture	December Debenture	Total
As at January 1, 2024	_	_	_
Fair Value recognized at the issue date	46,525	_	46,525
Change in fair value recognized in profit or			
loss	(6,490)	_	(6,490)
Foreign exchange adjustments	1,679	<u> </u>	1,679
At December 31, 2024	41,714	-	41,714
At January 1, 2025	41,714	_	41,714
Change in fair value recognized in profit or			
loss	(39,269)	(15,289)	(54,558)
Foreign exchange adjustments	(1,585)	(1,224)	(2,809)
At September 30, 2025	6,212	23,669	29,881

20 COMMITMENTS

Commitments and contingencies exist under various agreements and operations in the normal course of the Company's business. The following table outlines the Company's commitments as at September 30, 2025:

		Less than			After
<i>C</i> \$	Total	1 year	1-2 years	3-5 years	5 years
Transportation commitment	2,131,488	1,888,776	242,712	_	_
Jixing agreements ²	112,057,281	10,055,750	13,272,313	10,402,500	78,326,718
PSG facility ¹	650,000	650,000			
Total	114,838,769	12,594,526	13,515,025	10,402,500	78,326,718

The PSG facility commitment will only be due if the facility is not renewed and the L/C's are cash collateralized by the Company (see Note 19).

Refer to Note 26 in the Financial Statements for details on the Jixing agreements.

Transportation Commitment:

The Company entered into a take or pay firm service transportation agreement with committed transportation volumes as below:

Description	Volume (MMcf/d)	Effective date	Expiring date	Duration
JX FT-R with NGTL	47.29	2018-12-01	2026-11-30	8 years

The firm service transportation agreements cover the period from December 1, 2018 to November 30, 2026 (the firm service fee varies and is subject to review by the counterparty on an annual basis). The amounts presented in the Commitments table above for the transportation service commitment fee are based on fixed transportation capacity as per these agreements and management's best estimate of future transportation charges.

21 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 10, 2025, the Company announced a private placement to issue 11,161,639 common shares at a price of HK\$0.31 per share for gross proceeds of approximately C\$620,000. 11,161,639 common shares have been alloted and issued on November 3, 2025 under general mandate pursuant to the subscription of new shares by an independent third party, details of which are set out in the announcements of the Company dated October 13, 2025 and November 7, 2025.

On October 30, 2025, the Company entered into an agreement to issue 1,987,925 common shares at a price of HK\$0.279 per share as an exit payment to a departing executive officer.

On October 31, 2025, the Company, Jixing Energy, and Mr. Liu entered into a loan capitalization agreement, pursuant to which (i) a shareholder's loan of C\$3,838,150 (equivalent to approximately HK\$21,337,280) will be settled in full, and (ii) C\$7,494,290 (equivalent to approximately HK\$41,662,720) of outstanding debt will be settled through the issuance of 210,000,000 common shares at a price of HK\$0.30 per share. Based on the closing market price of HK\$0.305 per share on October 31, 2025, the capitalization shares had a market value of approximately HK\$64,050,000.



(吉星新能源有限責任公司)*

(incorporated under the laws of Alberta with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 3395)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

^{*} For identification purpose only

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of JX Energy Ltd., ("JX" or "JX Energy" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (the "Financial Statements") and the unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2025 and 2024 (the "Interim Statements"). All amounts and tabular amounts in this MD&A are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars ("C\$000") unless indicated otherwise. This MD&A is dated November 14, 2025.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements that are, by their nature, subject to significant risks and uncertainties and the Company hereby cautions investors about important factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those projected in a forward-looking statement. Any statements that express, or involve discussions as to expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, through the use of words or phrases such as "will", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "going forward", "ought to", "may", "seek", "should", "intend", "plan", "projection", "could", "vision", "goals", "objective", "target", "schedules" and "outlook") are not historical facts, are forward-looking and may involve estimates and assumptions and are subject to risks (including the risk factors detailed in this MD&A), uncertainties and other factors some of which are beyond the Company's control and which are difficult to predict. Accordingly, these factors could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements.

Since actual results or outcomes could differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements, the Company strongly cautions investors against placing undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Statements relating to "reserves" or "resources" are deemed to be forward-looking statements, as they involve the implied assessment, based on estimates and assumptions that the resources and reserves described can be profitably produced in the future. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

All forward-looking statements in this MD&A are expressly qualified by reference to this cautionary statement.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

The financial information contained herein has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and sometimes referred to in this MD&A as Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This MD&A also includes references to financial measures commonly used in the oil and natural gas industry. These financial measures are not defined by IFRS as issued by IASB and, therefore, are referred to as non-IFRS measures. The non-IFRS measures used by the Company may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. See "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" of this MD&A for information regarding the following non-IFRS financial measures used in this MD&A: "operating netback" and "adjusted EBITDA".

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The Company acquired Petroleum and Natural Gas Licenses for Basing, Voyager and Kaydee in the Alberta Foothills and Dawson near Peace River in northern Alberta between 2006 and 2018. Approximately 90% of the Company's revenue is generated from the Basing area. Voyager is geologically analogous and located approximately 30 kilometers ("km") from Basing.

During 2024, commodity prices continued to fall as the ongoing global impact of the wars in Ukraine and the middle east, global warming and supply chain interruptions have created additional volatility in commodity markets. During 2025, market uncertainty due to ongoing tariff negotiation continued to put downward pressure on commodity markets. In the third quarter of 2025, the market price for natural gas recorded a slight decrease compared with the previous quarter. As the spot price for Western Canadian gas changes daily, there is no guarantee the Company will sell its gas in the future for currently forecast prices. The Company is evaluating additional targets which it would look to commence drilling during 2026 and 2027, subject to availability of capital, if prices reach the averages from 2022.

Natural gas power project

On July 25, 2025, the Company announced its intention proceed with a project to build a 9.6MW natural gas power plant (the "**Project**"). The Company is proceeding with the engineering, procurement and construction phase (the "**EPC Phase**") of the Project and it is expected that the EPC Phase will cost approximately C\$5.84 million subject to further adjustments depending on, among others, subsequent quotations from other independent suppliers and the prevailing market conditions. To finance the development of the Project, the Company intends to raise funds through equity financing, including issuing new shares. Any such fundraising arrangement will be subject to further approval from the Board and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. As at the date of this MD&A, the Company has not entered into any understanding, arrangement or agreement about the aforesaid plan with any party.

The Company views the Project as a strategic objective to expand the Company's revenue sources and enable the Company to generate electricity independently for both internal operations and external markets, helping to address the rising electricity demand in Alberta. While the application for the regulatory permits and approvals for the Project remain in progress, the Company has resolved to proceed with certain activities of the EPC Phase, as the Company recognizes the strategic importance of maintaining the momentum and readiness of the Project. As at September 30, 2025, the Company has spent approximately C\$0.06 million on the Project.

Convertible debenture

On March 19, 2025 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.5 million, bearing interest of 9% per annum payable monthly, and matures on December 10, 2025. The Company can repay the convertible debenture in full or part upon maturity including accrued and unpaid interest in cash or with common shares at a deemed price of HK\$0.20 per common share. If the loan shall be settled through the allotment and issuance of any common shares of the Company, the Company will at most allot and issue 42,028,438 common shares of the Company which shall be allotted and issued under the general mandate granted to the Directors by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on June 28, 2024 (Calgary time) ("2024 General Mandate").

On July 24, 2024 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.6 million, bearing interest of 12% per annum payable monthly, and matures on July 24, 2025. The Company can repay the convertible debenture in full or part upon maturity including accrued and unpaid interest in cash or with common shares at a deemed price of HK\$0.20 per common share.

Upon maturity on July 24, 2025, the principal amount of US\$1.6 million was converted into 62,548,866 common shares of the Company, which were allotted and issued under the 2024 General Mandate on August 1, 2025. The accrued and unpaid interest of US\$0.192 million remaining after the conversion was recognized as a new convertible debenture (the "New July Debenture") with terms consistent with the original debenture and bearing interest at 12% per annum until repaid. The derivative component of the New July Debenture was initially recognized at fair value on the maturity date and will be remeasured at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Management has reasonably estimated its maturity date to be December 31, 2026.

Share issuance for cash

On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 12.89 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.33 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$4.25 million (C\$0.75 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.38 and the HK\$0.050 per share discount to market value, totaling C\$0.11 million (HK\$0.64 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 7.78 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.436 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$3.39 million (C\$0.59 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.38 and the HK\$0.056 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.08 million (HK\$0.44 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On May 29, 2024 the Company completed the placing issuing 33 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.22 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.26 million (C\$1.26 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.188 and the HK\$0.032 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.19 million (HK\$1.06 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

On March 7, 2024, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements to issue 30 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.24 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.20 million (C\$1.28 million). At closing, the market price of the Company's common shares was HK\$0.216 and the HK\$0.024 per share in excess of market value, totaling C\$0.12 million (HK\$0.72 million) was allocated to contributed surplus.

Land transaction

On February 27, 2024, the Company accepted a non-binding letter of intent from an independent third party to purchase five sections of undeveloped land in the Basing CGU for C\$1.9 million. On April 1, 2024, the purchase and sale agreement was executed, the gross proceeds of C\$1.9 million were received, and the transaction was completed. The Company did not incur any significant additional costs because of the sale.

SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

Daily Average Production	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023
Natural gas (mcf/d)	219	7,194	10,231	3,746	(16)	1,361	8,030	8,899
Crude oil (bbls/d)	31	31	26	28	33	36	41	59
NGLs and condensate (bbls/d)	4	67	75	33		17	82	90
Total production (boe/d)	72	1,297	1,807	685	30	280	1,461	1,633
Daily Average Trading								
Natural gas (boe/d)	2	3	13	18	3	4	31	9
Daily Average Sales (boe/d)	74	1,300	1,820	703	33	284	1,492	1,642
Financial								
C\$ 000s except share amounts	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023
Production revenue	256	2,125	2,908	1,174	252	715	2,827	3,177
Net trading (loss) revenue	-	(8)	10	_	(2)	_	3	_
Royalties (expense) recovery	(17)	(151)	(198)	(78)	(48)	70	(32)	(553)
Operating costs	(3,495)	(3,990)	(4,199)	(3,358)	(3,169)	(3,318)	(3,656)	(3,733)
Operating netback ¹	(3,255)	(2,024)	(1,479)	(2,262)	(2,967)	(2,533)	(858)	(1,109)
Net (loss) income	(6,307)	(5,313)	(3,576)	(8,777)	(4,212)	(3,848)	(3,430)	(14,235)
Adjusted EBTIDA ⁴	(3,511)	137	574	(553)	(1,251)	(726)	574	195
Net working capital ²	(23,177)	(24,029)	(16,261)	(16,278)	(20,606)	(13,307)	(12,177)	(13,120)
Total assets	20,023	21,924	25,726	25,888	30,812	31,340	34,722	35,508
Capital expenditures (disposals) ³	67	52	28	27	43	82	(32)	268
Loss per share basic	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Loss per share diluted	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)

- (1) Operating netback is defined as revenue less royalties, trading cost and operating costs. Operating netback is a non-IFRS financial measure. See "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" for further information.
- (2) Net working capital consists of current assets less current liabilities. As at September 30, 2025, C\$14.8 million of term debt has been classified as current the Company is in arrears of its payments. See note 10 of the Company's Interim Statements for further information.
- (3) Capital expenditures consist of total expenditures for property, plant and equipment plus exploration and evaluation assets, net of accrual reversals, excluding changes in non-cash working capital and asset retirement obligations.
- (4) Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before income tax, depreciation, amortization and non-cash expenses. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-IFRS financial measure. See "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" for further information.

Selected Quarterly Information Summary

The Company's total production is impacted by seasonal fluctuations experienced in western Canada. During the Canadian winter (October – March), demand for gas is highest as it is used for heating and power generation. The market price for natural gas is cyclical and follows demand, with prices generally strongest in the winter, and weakest in summer. Historically, the Company's revenues have been strongest during the first and fourth quarters, and weakest in the second and third quarters, reflecting the demand cycle.

In Q3 2025, the Company reported a net loss primarily attributable to the temporary suspension of gas production and non-cash write-offs of undeveloped land. The Company recorded C\$1.4 million in write-offs related to the expiry of undeveloped lands in the Voyager CGU. In response to the sustained weakness in natural gas prices during the quarter, management elected to shut in gas production in early July for approximately 3.5 months to preserve reserves and mitigate losses from uneconomic operations. This temporary production curtailment was the principal factor contributing to the loss for the quarter.

As market fundamentals began to improve toward the end of the quarter, the Company resumed production in October 2025. To enhance cash flow stability and mitigate exposure to continued price volatility, the Company entered into hedging arrangements covering approximately 8,500 GJ per day at prices ranging from C\$3.04 to C\$3.08 per GJ. These forward sales contracts are expected to provide greater revenue certainty and support positive operating cash flows as natural gas prices strengthen through the fourth quarter of 2025.

In Q2 2025, the Company recorded a net loss that included C\$2.4 million in write-offs of undeveloped land in the Voyager CGU due to land expiries. The decision to curtail production during June and July followed a significant decline in commodity prices from late Q2 2025 levels, which rendered gas production uneconomic at the time.

In contrast, natural gas prices in Q1 2025 had recovered modestly above Q4 2024 averages, allowing the Company to resume full production. However, the broader natural gas market remained volatile throughout 2024 and early 2025, impacted by fluctuating demand, warmer-than-expected winters, and oversupply conditions across North America.

Earlier, in April 2024, the Company had temporarily shut in its wells due to persistently low gas prices, preserving reserves until market conditions improved. Partial production resumed in October 2024 as prices stabilized. The higher net losses reported in Q4 2024 and 2023 were primarily due to non-cash impairment and write-off charges, reflecting reduced asset carrying values amid declining commodity price forecasts and weaker economic assumptions at the time.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Daily Production and Sales Volumes

Boe Conversions – Per barrel of oil equivalent amounts have been calculated using a conversion rate of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil equivalent (6:1). Barrel of oil equivalents ("boe") may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of 6 mcf:1 bbl is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. In addition, as the value ratio between natural gas and crude oil based on current prices of natural gas and crude oil is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6:1, utilizing a conversion on a 6:1 basis may be misleading as an indication of value.

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Production						
Natural gas (mcf/d)	219	(16)	(1430%)	5,938	3,144	89%
Oil (bbl/d)	31	32	(3%)	31	36	(13%)
NGLs (bbl/d)	3	_	_	19	9	113%
Condensate (bbl/d)	1			31	25	23%
Total production (boe/d)	72	30	144%	1,071	594	80%
Trading						
Natural gas (mcf/d)	13	16	(19%)	37	74	(51%)
Total trading (boe/d)	2	3	(19%)	6	12	(51%)
Total sales volume (boe/d)	74	33	127%	1,077	606	78%

Total sales volume for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was 1430% and 89% higher than the comparative periods due to the gas wells being shut in during Q3 2025 and Q2 2024, and the Company capitalized on the increased wellhead pressure to allow for additional production over historical levels in Q1 2025.

The Company did not enter into any forward sales contracts during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, and traded gas on days when it would not be able to deliver its nominated volume. As nominations are made daily, a shortfall experienced on a given day can be rectified the next day adjusting the nomination to reflect changes in production.

As the Company's production is generally stable, shortfalls are infrequent as demonstrated by the small quantity of gas traded during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 comprising only 0.6% and 2.0% respectively, of the total gas sold during the periods.

Natural gas liquids ("NGLs") and condensate production are by-products of natural gas. The amount of NGL and condensate production varies for each well, and their production rates as a percentage of natural gas production can change over time. On an absolute boe/d basis, NGL and condensate production as a percent of natural gas boe/d was consistent for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 at approximately 5.0% and 6.5% respectively.

Oil production for the three and nine months and year ended September 30, 2025 was 3% and 13% lower than the comparative periods in 2024 due to natural declines, and periods where production was sub-optimal due to maintenance.

Revenue

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Production						
Natural gas	27	_	_	3,602	2,153	67%
Crude oil	235	236	(0%)	745	894	(17%)
NGLs	_	_	_	133	71	86%
Condensate	(6)	16	(138%)	810	676	20%
Total production revenue	256	252	2%	5,289	3,794	39%
Trading						
Natural gas trading revenue	1	_	_	19	38	(51%)
Natural gas trading cost	(1)	(2)	(50%)	(17)	(37)	(54%)
		<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total trading revenue (loss)		(2)	(100%)	2	1	47%
Other income	0	5	(94%)	5 _	15	(68%)
Total revenue	256	255	1%	5,297	3,811	39%

Production revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 increased Nil and 67% over the comparative periods in 2024 primarily due to the shut in gas production during Q3 2025 and Q2 2024.

Crude oil production revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was impacted by general production declines and decreases in average sales price for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 over the comparative periods in 2024.

NGL and Condensate revenue for three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 decreased 138% and increased 26% over the comparative periods in 2024 due to the production increase offset by a decrease in average sales prices.

Commodity prices

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	
Natural gas (C\$/mcf)							
Average market price (AECO)	0.99	0.80	24%	2.13	1.61	32%	
Average trading price	2.19	_	_	1.91	1.89	1%	
Average trading cost price	2.06	1.23	68%	1.69	1.82	(7%)	
Average sales price	1.94	_	_	2.18	2.38	(8%)	
Crude oil (C\$/bbl)							
Average market price							
(Edmonton Par)	84.84	102.46	(17%)	95.19	107.55	(11%)	
Average sales price	62.28	79.72	(22%)	87.40	90.78	(4%)	
Sales/market differential	(27%)	(22%)		(8%)	(16%)		
NGLs (C\$/bbl)							
Average market price							
(Propane/Butane)	33.47	28.97	16%	37.02	31.88	16%	
Average sales price	21.55	208.82	(90%)	25.38	96.81	(74%)	
Sales/market differential	(36%)	621%		(31%)	204%		
Condensate (C\$/bbl)							
Average market price							
(Pentane Plus)	86.69	104.03	(17%)	91.45	102.92	(11%)	
Average sales price	96.09	24,087.93	(100%)	96.43	96.81	(0%)	
Sales/market differential	11%	23055%		5%	(6%)		

Realized gas price sales for the three months ended September 30, 2025 was 24% higher than the same period in 2024 primarily due to average market price increasing. Natural gas price is impacted by the quality of the gas and, generally, the greater the Btu of the gas produced the realized price will exceed the AECO average.

Typically, the AECO price is highest during the cold winter months from October through March. The temperature throughout the first three and nine months of 2024 was unseasonably warm contributing to the lower overall AECO pricing during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The Company does not utilize forward contracts to sell its gas and daily trading prices do not necessarily reflect the average AECO price for the period.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company traded gas as required to meet shortfalls in its daily production nomination. The average trading price is a function of the gains or losses realized on the quantity and price of gas traded over a given time, and therefore not directly comparable to prior periods.

NGL and Condensate production is tied to natural gas production. The Company's natural gas wells produce varying amounts of NGLs (propane and butane), which are sold at different prices in the market. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the average sales price for NGLs reflects the impact of market demand and production mix. The quantity of butane and propane produced by a well can change over time and generally, the more butane produced, the higher the realized price for NGLs.

The Company's realized crude oil prices can vary due to the quality of the oil produced and the Company controls when product is shipped, which is typically on a weekly basis. Variations from the benchmark are a function of product sales occurring periodically over the quarter, compared to the average daily reference price.

Royalties

	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	Sep	tember 30	,	September 30,		
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Natural gas, NGLs and						
condensate	(11)	(3)	267%	149	(289)	(151%)
Crude oil	28	52	(46%)	218	299	(27%)
Total royalty expense/						
(recovery)	<u>17</u>	49	(65%)	367	10	3641%
Effective average vevalty rate	7%	19%	(66%)	7%	0%	2584%
Effective average royalty rate	/ 70	19%	(00%)	/ 70	0%	2384%

In Alberta, royalties are set by a sliding scale formula containing separate elements that account for market price and well production. Royalty rates will fluctuate to reflect changes in production rates, market prices and cost allowances. On a "per-well" basis, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company's base royalty rate for natural gas ranged from 5% to 26%, the base royalty rate for NGLs (propane and butane) was 30% and the base royalty rate for condensate and crude oil was 40%. Effective royalty rates can differ from the base rates if the production qualifies for any cost allowances which offset the base amount payable.

Operating Costs

		ee months end September 30,	led	Nine months ended September 30,			
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	
Natural gas, NGLs and							
condensate	3,417	2,949	16%	11,441	9,656	18%	
Crude oil	78	220	(65%)	242	487	(50%)	
Total operating costs	3,495	3,169	10%	11,683	10,143	15%	
Unit Cost (C\$/boe)							
Natural gas, NGLs and							
condensate	913.93	(11,762.63)	(108%)	40.31	63.14	(36%)	
Crude oil	26.99	74.02	(64%)	28.39	49.51	(43%)	
Average cost	527.24	1,164.47	(55%)	39.96	62.32	(36%)	

Total operating costs ("**OPEX**") for natural gas, NGLs and condensate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was 16% and 18% higher than the comparative period in 2024 reflecting the increase in production for the period. On a Unit Cost basis, OPEX for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was lower than the comparative periods due to operational efficiency from increased production.

The Company has a long-term contract with a related party Jixing Energy (Canada) Ltd. ("**Jixing**") which comprises the majority of the OPEX for natural gas, NGLs and condensate (see Note 26 in the Financial Statements for details). For the three and nine months ending September 30, 2025, Jixing related operating expenses were C\$2.38 million or 68% and C\$7.15 million or 61% (2024 – C\$2.03 million or 64% and C\$5.96 million or 59%), respectively. Under the Company's current long-term debt agreements, the majority of the Jixing operating expenses are cash deferred. See Note 10 of the Company's Interim Statements and Notes 13 and 26 of the Financial Statements for details on the Jixing related agreements.

Total OPEX for crude oil decreased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 of 65% and 50%, respectively, over the comparative periods primarily due to decreased trucking expenses. On a Unit Cost basis, OPEX for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was lower than the comparative periods to a lesser degree than the change in OPEX due to the drop in production because of the fixed costs associated with operations.

General and Administrative Costs

	Three I	Nine months ended September 30,				
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Staff costs	100	166	(40%)	309	776	(60%)
Directors fees	21	90	(77%)	76	110	(31%)
Phantom Unit charges						
(recovery)	_	(7)	(100%)	_	(10)	(100%)
Accounting, legal and						
consulting fees	110	70	57%	317	372	(15%)
Office	25	(36)	(169%)	8	(197)	(104%)
Share-based expense	1	4	(75%)	5	12	(58%)
Other	11	27	(61%)	14	88	(84%)
Total G&A costs	268	314	(15%)	729	1,151	(37%)
Capitalized staff costs	27	54	(51%)	80	86	(8%)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the decrease in staff costs and phantom unit charges reflect the changes in the CEO and board. In February 2024, the Company's CEO resigned, and a severance of C\$0.39 million was incurred.

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, accounting, legal, and consulting fees increased compared to the same period in 2024, primarily due to professional and advisory fees incurred in connection with new share issuances during the quarter. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, these expenses were lower than in the prior year, reflecting improved management efficiency within the Company.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, office expenses increased over the same periods in 2024 primarily due to the Company moving its head office and subleasing the space which ended in February 2025.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 other costs include memberships, travel and accommodation, and computer and software contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 other costs dropped due to the Company not renewing certain computer and software contracts that were in effect for 2024.

Capitalized G&A costs are comprised of qualifying expenditures in respect of geological and geophysical activities. The Company reviews its capitalized G&A costs policy periodically and will adjust the amount as required.

Finance Expenses

	Three	months en	ded	Nine months ended		
	Sej	otember 30,	,	Sep	tember 30	,
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Interest expense and financing						
costs:						
Term debt	56	77	(27%)	176	252	(30%)
Shareholder loan term debt	127	242	(48%)	402	580	(31%)
Right of use assets and leases	6	21	(71%)	23	67	(66%)
Commitment charges	69	18	283%	98	65	50%
Convertible debentures	115	48	100%	350	48	100%
Other financing costs and bank						
charges	5	11	(55%)	14	34	(59%)
Accretion expenses:						
Decommissioning liabilities	_	(5)	(100%)	27	48	(44%)
Shareholder loans	47	62	(24%)	150	23	544%
Long-term payable	600	394	52%	1,606	1,055	52%
Amortization of debt issuance						
costs	13	13	_	40	40	(0%)
(Gain)/loss on foreign exchange	279	(102)	(374%)	(460)	302	(252%)
Total finance expenses	1,317	779	69%	2,426	2,514	(4%)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, interest expenses were incurred from the Company's term debt, shareholder loan term debt, convertible debentures, and capitalized leases. As the Company's term loans and debentures are denominated in USD, the interest incurred can vary due to fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, accretion expenses were incurred from decommissioning liabilities, the fair-value adjustments of the Company's long-term payable, and Shareholder loans. Amortization of debt issuance costs includes legal fees, commissions and commitment fees which were incurred for the closing of the CIMC Debt and Jixing Debt facilities obtained in March 2023. These costs are capitalized against the debt and are amortized over the course of the loan terms.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the loss and gain in foreign exchange is primarily due to the differences in the USD:CAD exchange rate on the CIMC and Jixing Loans and the convertible debentures from the beginning to the end of the periods. See Note 10 of the Interim Statements for additional details on interest and foreign exchange.

Depletion, Depreciation and Amortization

		months en tember 30		Nine months ended September 30,			
C\$ 000s except per unit costs	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	
Depletion	30	11	173%	1,399	1,013	38%	
Depreciation Amortization of right of use	_	1	(100%)	1	4	(73%)	
assets	34	144	(76%)	178	447	(60%)	
Total DD&A	64	156	(59%)	1,578	1,464	8%	
Per boe	0.21	57.51	(100%)	5.40	8.99	(40%)	

Depletion expense is comprised of depletion incurred from production of the Company's developed assets and will vary depending on production. The depreciation expense is comprised of the depreciation of fixed assets including office furniture and office equipment, which is amortized on a straight-line basis. The amortization of capitalized leases is carried as the right of use of capitalized lease assets.

Depletion is a function of both production and the capitalized value of assets subject to depletion. The decrease in DD&A on a per boe basis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 is attributable to the reduction in the Company's reserves from production and adjustments to the asset retirement obligation.

Impairment and Write-Offs

	Three : Sep	Nine months ended September 30,				
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
E&E write-offs	1,413			3,764	19	20035%
Total impairment and write-offs	1,413	_	_	3,764	19	20035%

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company assessed its E&E and PP&E assets for impairment on a cash generating unit ("CGU") basis in accordance with its policy (refer to the Financial Statements for details of the Company's impairment policy) and determined that there was no impairment for the periods.

The Company wrote off the value of expired leases related to its E&E assets for the three months ended September 30, 2025. There were nine leases in the Company's Voyager CGU that expired during the quarter ending September 30, 2025 where the Company was unable to obtain a lease extension from the Government of Alberta.

On April 1, 2024, the Company sold certain E&E assets in its Basing CGU and the impairment recorded in 2023 was reversed when the asset values were removed from the Company's asset listing. For the period ending September 30, 2024 the Company realized additional costs related to the sold assets, and the value was written off. There was no gain or loss on the sale of the E&E assets recognized in the three months ended September 30, 2024 as the asset value was already impaired in 2023.

Loss and Comprehensive Loss

	Three	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	Sep	tember 30,	,	September 30,			
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	
Total loss and comprehensive loss	(6,307)	(4,412)	(50%)	(15,196)	(11,490)	(32%)	

Loss and Comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2025 was 50% higher than the comparative period in 2024 primarily attributable to the value of E&E assets written off offset by the gain in foreign exchange. Loss and Comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was 32% higher than the comparative period in 2024 primarily attributable to the value of E&E assets written off and the severance expense incurred in 2024 offset by the gain in foreign exchange.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

	Three months ended			Nine months ended			
	September 30,			September 30,			
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	
PP&E Assets							
Power plant	40	_	100%	63	_	100%	
Drilling, completion and							
workovers	_	16	(100%)	_	(12)	(100%)	
G&A costs capitalized	27	27		<u>79</u> _	86	(8%)	
Total PP&E	67	43	56%	142	74	91%	
E&E Assets							
Land	_	_	_	2	_	100%	
Drilling, completion and							
workovers					19	(100%)	
Total E&E				2	19	(89%)	
Total PP&E and E&E Change in non-cash working	67	43	56%	144	93	55%	
capital	(536)	(138)	288%	(1,131)	(419)	170%	
Total	(469)	(95)	394%	(987)	(326)	203%	

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company capitalized a total of C\$0.03 million and C\$0.8 million (2024 – C\$0.03 million and C\$0.09 million), respectively, of G&A in accordance with its accounting policies (refer to Note 4 in the Financial Statements).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 the PP&E capital expenditure recovery relates to changes in the accrual for a project in its Voyager CGU to optimize production during December 2023 and the cost of drilling, completion and workovers in the Company's E&E assets was written off due to the sale of the asset on April 1, 2024.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Capital management

The Company's general policy is to maintain an appropriate capital base in order to manage its business in the most effective manner with the goal of increasing the value of its assets and thus its underlying share value. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maintain financial flexibility in order to preserve its ability to meet financial obligations; to maintain a capital structure that allows the Company to favor the financing of its growth strategy using internally-generated cash flow and its debt capacity; and to optimize the use of its capital to provide an appropriate investment return to its shareholders.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying crude oil and natural gas assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, shareholders' loans, term debt, long-term accounts payable, convertible debentures, other liabilities, lease liabilities and working capital. To assess capital and operating efficiency and financial strength, the Company continually monitors its net debt. As disclosed in Note 3 of the Financial Statements, the Company's future viability is dependent on its ability to source additional capital on acceptable terms.

Capital structure of the Company

The Company's capital structure is as follows:

C\$ 000s	As at September 30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024
Long term debt ⁽¹⁾	_	9,102
Long term accounts payable ⁽⁵⁾	27,579	20,052
Convertible debentures ⁽⁶⁾	2,492	2,372
Long-term lease liabilities ⁽²⁾	26	11
Net working capital deficit ⁽²⁾	20,685	13,906
Net debt	50,782	45,443
Shareholders' equity ⁽³⁾	(32,001)	(21,461)
Total capital	18,781	23,981
Gearing ratio ⁽⁴⁾	270%	189%

Notes:

- Represents the fair value of the long-term portions of the shareholder loans, CIMC Loan and Jixing Loan.
- Net working capital consists of current assets less current liabilities (excluding convertible debentures). The current portions of lease liabilities, CIMC and Jixing Loan term debts, shareholder loans, and long-term accounts payable are included in net working capital.
- As at September 30, 2025, the Company has 606,102,520 common shares issued and outstanding and 0.8 million stock options issued with a strike price of HK\$0.48 per option. As at September 30, 2025, all options were antidilutive.
- 4 Gearing ratio is defined as net debt as a percentage of total capital.
- Long term accounts payable consists of the related party OPEX payable which is deferred under the CIMC Loan terms, whereas the OPEX payable not be paid (except for certain exclusions) until the CIMC and Jixing Loans have been paid in full.
- The value of the Convertible debentures excludes the derivative portion, which is included in net working capital. As at September 30, 2025, the Company had estimated 104,577,304 common shares would be issued to pay for the principal and unpaid interest on the convertible debentures. On August 1, 2025 62,548,866 common shares were issued to repay USD\$1.6 million of principal.

Performance services guarantee ("PSG") facility

On April 25, 2018, the Company obtained a PSG facility from Economic Development Canada ("EDC") totaling C\$4.4 million. On July 30, 2020 the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$1.85 million. On October 17, 2022, the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$1.55 million. On February 25, 2025, the aggregate PSG was reduced to C\$0.78 million. Under the terms of the PSG facility, EDC will guarantee qualifying letters of credit ("L/C") on behalf of the Company. Previously, these L/C's were cash collateralized, following approval by the EDC the requirement of the Company to hold cash to underwrite the L/C is relieved for the duration of the PSG approval.

Under the terms of the PSG facility, the L/C guarantee period is the lesser of one year or the term of the L/C if less than 12 months. The guarantee can be renewed annually for long term L/C's subject to subsequent approval by the EDC. As at September 30, 2025, the Company has PSG coverage for the following L/C:

Amount Expiry

C\$650,000 March 16, 2026

During the nine months ending September 30, 2025, the holder of the C\$0.08 million L/C was called and PSG facility covered the amount of the L/C. The Company was repaying the called L/C to EDC in equal monthly installments over six months starting in May 2025, and is current with its payments.

The PSG facility has a 12 month term and must be renewed annually. The current term expires on March 16, 2026. If the facility is not approved for renewal, the PSG coverage will terminate at the expiry of the existing L/C's and the Company will seek alternative insurance arrangements to guarantee the L/C's or cash collateralize them.

Capital resources

The Company operates in a capital intensive industry. The Company's liquidity requirements arise principally from the need for financing the expansion of its exploration and development activities, acquisition of land leases and petroleum and natural gas licenses. The Company's principal sources of funds have been proceeds from debt financings, equity financings, shareholder loans and cash generated from operations. The Company's liquidity primarily depends on its ability to generate cash flow from its operations and to obtain external financing to meet its debt obligations as they become due, as well as the Company's future operating and capital expenditure requirements.

Loan and convertible debenture

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company received C\$1.2 million of funds from a shareholder for which the loan agreement has not yet been signed and the balance has been classified as a current liability.

On March 19, 2025 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.5 million, bearing interest of 9% per annum payable monthly, and matures on December 10, 2025 (the "**December Debenture**").

In November 2024, the Company obtained an agreement from its term lenders, whereas, the Company has been given a grace period for payments on its loans until April 27, 2025. If the agreement is not extended, the Company is required to repay the foregone interest and principal payments in full on April 27, 2025. The Company was unable to repay the amounts foregone payments during the Grace Period on April 25, 2025. As at the date of this MD&A, CIMC has not called the loans, and the Company is negotiating with CIMC to extend the Grace Period and/or renegotiate the terms of the loans.

On July 24, 2024 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.6 million, bearing interest of 12% per annum payable monthly, and matures on July 24, 2025 (the "July Debenture"). Upon maturity on July 24, 2025, the principal amount of US\$1.6 million was converted into 62,548,866 common shares of the Company, which were allotted and issued under the 2024 General Mandate on August 1, 2025. The accrued and unpaid interest of US\$0.192 million remaining after the conversion was recognized as a new convertible debenture (the "New July Debenture") with terms consistent with the original debenture and bearing interest at 12% per annum until repaid. For details of the December Debenture and the July Debenture, please refer to the section headed "FUTURE PROSPECTS".

On February 9, 2024, Jixing advanced C\$0.09 million to the Company (the "2024 Shareholder Loan"). The 2024 Shareholder Loan has an initial term of two years, is unsecured, non-interest bearing, carries no covenants, and is repayable at any time at the Company's sole discretion.

The Company obtained new long-term debt through a combination of a shareholder loan from Jixing for USD\$8 million (the "**Jixing Loan**"), and USD\$3.5 million from CIMC Leasing USA, Inc. (the "**CIMC Loan**") on March 27, 2023. The Jixing Loan has a term of 48 months and bare interest of 9.25% per annum. The Company will be required to make monthly interest and principal payments of USD\$200,031.

The CIMC Loan has a term of 48 months, bare interest of 9.25% per annum and is secured by the fixed assets owned by the Company, excluding its Oil and Gas assets, and a personal guarantee from Mr. Yongtan Liu, the Company's Chairman. The Company will be required to make monthly interest and principal payments of USD\$87,514. The CIMC Loan will be senior to all other debt and equity payments, including the Jixing Gas Handling and Jixing Voyager Compression Agreements.

Share issuance

On October 10, 2025, the Company announced a private placement to issue 11,161,639 common shares at a price of HK\$0.31 per share for gross proceeds of approximately HK\$3.46 million (C\$620,000).

On October 30, 2025, the Company entered into an agreement to issue 1,987,925 common shares at a price of HK\$0.279 per share as an exit payment to a departing executive officer.

On October 31, 2025, the Company, Jixing Energy, and Mr. Liu entered into a loan capitalization agreement, pursuant to which (i) a shareholder's loan of C\$3,838,150 (equivalent to approximately HK\$21,337,280) will be settled in full, and (ii) C\$7,494,290 (equivalent to approximately HK\$41,662,720) of outstanding debt will be settled through the issuance of 210,000,000 common shares at a price of HK\$0.30 per share. Based on the closing market price of HK\$0.305 per share on October 31, 2025, the capitalization shares had a market value of approximately HK\$64,050,000.

On September 5, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 12.89 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.33 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$4.25 million (C\$0.75 million).

On August 14, 2025 the Company completed the placing issuing 7.78 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.436 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$3.39 million (C\$0.59 million).

On May 29, 2024 the Company completed the placing issuing 33 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.22 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.26 million (C\$1.26 million).

On March 7, 2024, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements to issue 30 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.24 per common share for gross proceeds of HK\$7.20 million (C\$1.28 million).

Working capital and going concern basis

As at September 30, 2025 the Company had a working capital deficiency of C\$23.2 million, generated a loss from operations of C\$6.3 million and C\$15.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, respectively.

The global impact of the wars in Ukraine and the middle east, global warming, tariff threats, and supply chain interruptions, have resulted in significant volatility in global stock markets has created a great deal of uncertainty in the global economy and specifically the volatility of natural gas price has significantly affected the operating performance of the Company. These factors may have a significant impact on the Company's operations and its ability to raise financing to meet its debt covenants. If the Company is in breach of any covenants in future periods, the lender will have the right to demand repayment of all amounts owed under the Company's term debts.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability to generate positive cash flow from operations, obtain equity financing, dispose of assets or other arrangements to fund operating and investing activities. There are no assurances that any transactions will be completed on terms acceptable to the Company. If the Company is unable to make its scheduled payments on its CIMC and Jixing Loans, the facilities may become due on demand.

These conditions cause material uncertainty which cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Notwithstanding this, based on the cash flow projection, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Use of proceeds from the September 2025 Subscription C\$000,000

		Planned use of net proceeds from the	Actual use of net proceeds during the period from the Closing		
Business objective as stated in the announcement ¹	% of total net proceeds	Closing Date to December 31, 2025 ²	Date to December 31, 2025 ²	Proceeds unused	
General working capital	100%	0.75	0.75		
Total	100%	0.75	0.75		

Notes:

- (1) Refer to the Company's announcement dated September 5, 2025.
- (2) The September 2025 subscription was closed on September 23, 2025.

Use of proceeds from the August 2025 Subscription C\$000,000

Business objective as stated in	% of total	Planned use of net proceeds from the Closing Date to December 31,	Actual use of net proceeds during the period from the Closing Date to December 31,	Proceeds
the announcement ¹	net proceeds	2025 ²	2025 ²	unused
General working capital	100%	0.59	0.59	
Total	100%	0.59	0.59	_

Notes:

- (1) Refer to the Company's announcement dated August 14, 2025.
- (2) The August 2025 subscription was closed on September 23, 2025.

Use of proceeds from the March 2024 Subscription C\$000,000

		Planned use of net proceeds from the Closing Date to	Actual use of net proceeds during the period from the Closing Date to	
Business objective as stated in the announcement ¹	% of total net proceeds	December 31, 2024 ²	December 31, 2024 ²	Proceeds unused
General working capital	100%	1.26	1.26	
Total	100%	1.26	1.26	_

Notes:

Use of proceeds from the November 2023 Subscription C\$000,000

		Planned use of net proceeds from the Closing Date to	Actual use of net proceeds during the period from the Closing Date to	
Business objective as stated in the announcement ¹	% of total net proceeds	December 31, 2024 ²	December 31, 2024 ²	Proceeds unused
General working capital	100%	1.28	1.28	
Total	100%	1.28	1.28	

Notes:

- (1) Refer to the Company's announcement dated November 20, 2023.
- (2) The November 2023 subscription was closed on February 8, 2024.

Refer to the Company's announcement dated March 15, 2024.

The March 2024 subscription was closed on May 29, 2024.

SHARES, WARRANTS, CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE AND STOCK OPTIONS OUTSTANDING

Common Shares

On September 5, 2025, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for 12.9 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.33 per common share. On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing for gross proceeds of HK\$4.3 million (C\$0.75 million).

On August 14, 2025 the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for 7.8 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.436 per common share. On September 19, 2025 the Company completed the placing for gross proceeds of HK\$3.4 million (C\$0.59 million).

On August 1, 2025, the Company settled the principal portion on the convertible debenture maturing on July 24, 2025 of USD\$1.6 million by issuing 62,548,866 common shares of the Company.

On March 7, 2024, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for 33 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.22 per common share. On May 29, 2024 the Company completed the placing for gross proceeds of HK\$7.3 million (C\$1.3 million).

On November 20, 2023, the Company entered into private placement subscription agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for 30 million common shares at a price of HK\$0.24 per common share. On February 8, 2024 the Company completed the placing for gross proceeds of HK\$7.2 million (C\$1.3 million).

As at September 30, 2025, the Company has 606,102,520 common shares outstanding and 617,264,159 common shares outstanding as at the date of this MD&A.

Convertible Debentures

On July 24, 2024 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.6 million, bearing interest of 12% per annum payable monthly, and matures on July 24, 2025. Upon maturity on July 24, 2025, the principal amount of US\$1.6 million was converted into 62,548,866 common shares of the Company, which were allotted and issued under the 2024 General Mandate on August 1, 2025. The accrued and unpaid interest of US\$0.192 million remaining after the conversion was recognized as a new convertible debenture (the "New July Debenture") with terms consistent with the original debenture and bearing interest at 12% per annum until repaid.

On March 19, 2025 the Company entered into a convertible debenture agreement with an independent third party for USD\$1.5 million, bearing interest of 9% per annum payable monthly, and matures on December 10, 2025. For details of the December Debenture and the July Debenture, please refer to the section headed "FUTURE PROSPECTS".

Refer to Note 10 in the Interim Statements and Note 13 in the Financial Statements for additional information on the valuation of the debt and derivative related to the convertible debentures.

As at September 30, 2025, the Company has accrued and unpaid interest of C\$0.35 million against the December Debenture and July Debenture.

Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan which was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company by ordinary resolution passed on June 8, 2018 ("Stock Option Plan"). On May 18, 2020, the Company issued 3.78 million options with an exercise price of HK\$0.52 per option and a term of 5 years. On November 30, 2022, the Company issued 0.8 million options with an exercise price of HK\$0.48 per option and a term of 5 years. The options vest equally over a 3 year period, with the first tranche vesting on the first anniversary of the award, and the second and third tranches vesting equally on the second and third anniversary respectively. As at September 30, 2025 and as at the date of this MD&A, the Company has 0.8 million options outstanding (2024: 3.08 million).

COMMITMENTS

Commitments and contingencies exist under various agreements and operations in the normal course of the Company's business. Refer to Note 20 of the Interim Statements and Note 28 of the Financial Statements for disclosure of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

DIVIDEND

The Board did not approve the payment of a dividend for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Refer to Notes 10, 18 and 20 of the Interim Statements and Notes 13, 19 and 26 of the Financial Statements for disclosure of the Company's related party transactions.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

The Company was not involved in any off-balance sheet transactions during the three and nine months and year ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

PLEDGED ASSETS

As disclosed in this MD&A, all the physical property and plant and equipment assets with a cost of approximately C\$5.2 million (2024 – approximately C\$5.2 million) are pledged in support of the Company's debt arrangements. The Company's remaining assets are not pledged as security.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at September 30, 2025 and up to the date of this MD&A, the Company had no material undisclosed contingent liabilities.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Save as disclosed in this MD&A, the Company has neither any other significant investments nor significant acquisitions and disposals of the relevant subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and up to the date of this MD&A.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this MD&A, the Company did not have other plans for material investments or capital assets as of the date of this MD&A, as pursuant to paragraphs 32(4) and 32(9) of Appendix D2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On October 10, 2025, the Company announced a private placement to issue 11,161,639 common shares at a price of HK\$0.31 per share for gross proceeds of approximately C\$620,000. 11,161,639 common shares have been alloted and issued on November 3, 2025 under general mandate pursuant to the subscription of new shares by an independent third party, details of which are set out in the announcements of the Company dated October 13, 2025 and November 7, 2025.

On October 30, 2025, the Company entered into an agreement to issue 1,987,925 common shares at a price of HK\$0.279 per share as an exit payment to a departing executive officer.

On October 31, 2025, the Company, Jixing Energy, and Mr. Liu entered into a loan capitalization agreement, pursuant to which (i) a shareholder's loan of C\$3,838,150 (equivalent to approximately HK\$21,337,280) will be settled in full, and (ii) C\$7,494,290 (equivalent to approximately HK\$41,662,720) of outstanding debt will be settled through the issuance of 210,000,000 common shares at a price of HK\$0.30 per share. Based on the closing market price of HK\$0.305 per share on October 31, 2025, the capitalization shares had a market value of approximately HK\$64,050,000.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board has implemented and monitors compliance with risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company's financial risks are discussed in Note 19 of the Interim Statements and Note 27 of the Financial Statements.

The Company holds a number of financial instruments, the most significant of which are accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, cash and cash equivalents, long-term payable, CIMC and Jixing Loans, convertible debentures and shareholder loans. Due to their near-term maturities, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and cash and cash equivalents are recorded at fair value. The subordinated debt, shareholder loans, long-term payable, and CIMC and Jixing Loan debts are recorded at amortized cost.

The Company's convertible debentures are classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss. The derivative portions of the convertible debentures are revalued at each reporting period in accordance with the Company's accounting policies (refer to Note 4 in the Financial Statements). Refer to Note 19 of the Company's Interim Statements and Note 27 of the Financial Statements for details on the valuation of the derivatives related to the convertible debentures.

The Company did not enter into any financial derivatives contracts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company experienced an unrealized foreign exchange loss of C\$0.28 million and gain of C\$0.46 (2024: gain of C\$0.10 million and loss of C\$0.30 million), respectively. These foreign exchange losses are predominantly related to the revaluation of term debt held in United States Dollars and the value changes with the fluctuation in the USD\$/C\$ exchange rates. The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates for the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in the currencies other than the functional currencies to which they relate. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuation and the Company currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, however, management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Company has actively cultivated, established, and maintained positive relationships with First Nations and all individuals and other enterprises who are proximate to, or interested in, the Company's projects. The Company provides project updates and meets with the local community on a regular basis to discuss its current and anticipated operations to pro-actively manage any potential concerns or issues. The Company also works closely with stakeholders at the municipal, provincial, and federal level to ensure that the regulatory authorities are aware of the Company's adherence to all requisite rules, regulations, and laws which pertain the Company's activities.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company had 3 employees as at September 30, 2025 (2024: 5 employees). The employees of the Company are employed under employment contracts which set out, among other things, their job scope and remuneration. Further details of their employment terms are set out in the employee handbook of the Company. The Company determines the employees' salaries based on their job nature, scope of duty, and individual performance. The Company also provides reimbursements, allowances for site visits and a discretionary annual bonus for the employees. Employee compensation, including directors' fees, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 totaled C\$0.10 million and C\$0.31 million (2024: C\$0.17 million and C\$0.78 million, including C\$0.39 million of severance), respectively. In relation to staff training, the Company also provides different types of programs for its staff to improve their skills and develop their respective expertise.

APPLICATION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of IFRS accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next twelve months are described in Note 5 of the Financial Statements.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable IFRSs as issued by the IASB. The IASB has issued new and revised IFRSs effective January 1, 2025. For the purpose of preparing the Interim Statements, the Company has adopted all applicable new and revised IFRSs for the period ended September 30, 2025.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

For the period starting January 1, 2025 and ending September 30, 2025, Mr. Yongtan Liu in the capacity as Interim Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and Ms. Tara Leray Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), have designed, or caused to be designed under their supervision, disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") to provide reasonable assurance that: (i) material information relating to the Company is made known to the Company's CEO and CFO by others, particularly during the period in which the annual and quarterly filings are being prepared; and (ii) information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in securities legislation.

For the period starting January 1, 2025 and ending September 30, 2025, Mr. Yongtan Liu and Ms. Tara Leray, in their capacity as CEO and CFO's of the Company respectively, have designed or caused to be designed under their supervision, internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR") to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded, transactions are appropriately authorized and to facilitate the preparation of relevant, reliable and timely information. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objective of the control system is met, and it should not be expected that the disclosure and internal controls and procedures will prevent all errors or fraud. In reaching a reasonable level of assurance, management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost/benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

There were no changes made to JX Energy's internal controls over financial reporting during the period beginning on January 1, 2025 and ending on September 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

Management has concluded that JX Energy's ICFR and DC&P was effective as of September 30, 2025. This assessment was based on the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has established a framework for identifying, evaluating and managing key risks faced by the Company. The Board, through the Audit and Risk Committee, reviews annually the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company, considering factors such as:

- changes, since the last annual review, in nature and extent of significant risks, and the Company's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment;
- the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems;
- the extent and frequency of communication of monitoring results to the board which enables it to assess control of the Company and the effectiveness of risk management;
- the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience and training programmes;
- budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions; communication of the monitoring results to the Board that enables it to assess control of the Company and the effectiveness of the risk management;

- significant control failings or weaknesses that have been identified during the period. Also, the extent to which they have caused unforeseeable outcomes or contingencies that had or might have, a material impact on the Company's financial performance or condition; and
- the effectiveness of the Company's processes for financial reporting and compliance with applicable listing rules and securities laws.

The liquidity position of JX Energy would be expected to be improved by a material increase in future commodity prices and an increase in proved and probable reserves based on the Company's drilling program. The Company is involved in regular discussions with its lender and is continually pursuing other financing opportunities such as alternative debt arrangements, joint venture opportunities, property acquisitions or divestitures and other recapitalization opportunities and is taking steps to manage its spending and leverage including the implementation of cost reduction and capital management initiatives. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing or come to some other arrangement with its lender, it will be required to curtail certain capital expenditure activities and/or possibly be required to liquidate certain assets. Ongoing exploration and development of JX Energy's properties will require substantial additional capital investment. Failure to secure additional financing, and/or secure other funds from asset sales, would result in a delay or postponement of development of these prospective properties. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available or that, if available, will be on terms favorable or acceptable to JX Energy.

JX Energy monitors and complies with current government regulations that affect its activities, although operations may be adversely affected by changes in government policy, regulations, royalty regime or taxation. In addition, JX Energy maintains a level of liability, business interruption and property insurance which is believed to be adequate for the Company's size and activities but is unable to obtain insurance to cover all risks within the business or in amounts to cover all possible claims. See "Forward-Looking Information" in this MD&A and "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the year ended December 31, 2024. The AIF is available at the Company's website at www.jxenergy.ca and also www.sedarplus.ca.

IMPACT OF NEW ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

The oil and gas industry is currently subject to regulation pursuant to a variety of provincial and federal environmental legislation, all of which is subject to governmental review and revision from time to time. Such legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on the spill, release or emission of various substances produced in association with certain oil and gas industry operations, such as sulphur dioxide and nitrous oxide. In addition, such legislation sets out the requirements with respect to oilfield waste handling and storage, habitat protection and the satisfactory operation, maintenance, abandonment and reclamation of well and facility sites. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach of such requirements may result in suspension or revocation of necessary licenses and authorizations, civil liability and the imposition of material fines and penalties.

The use of fracture stimulations has been ongoing safely in an environmentally responsible manner in western Canada for decades. With the increase in the use of fracture stimulations in horizontal wells there is increased communication between the oil and natural gas industry and a wider variety of stakeholders regarding the responsible use of this technology. This increased attention to fracture stimulations may result in increased regulation or changes of law which may make the conduct of the Company's business more expensive or prevent the Company from conducting its business as currently conducted. JX Energy focuses on conducting transparent, safe and responsible operations in the communities in which its people live and work.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

This MD&A or documents referred to in this MD&A make reference to the terms "operating netback" and "adjusted EBITDA" which are not recognized measures under IFRS, and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. Accordingly, the Company's use of these terms may not be comparable to similarly defined measures presented by other companies. Management considers operating netback an important measure to evaluate the Company's operational performance, as it demonstrates its field level profitability relative to current commodity prices. Management uses adjusted EBITDA to measure the Company's efficiency and its ability to generate the cash necessary to fund a portion of its future growth expenditures or to repay debt. Investors are cautioned that the non-IFRS measures should not be construed as an alternative to net income determined in accordance with IFRS as an indication of the Company's performance.

Operating netback

	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	September 30,			September 30,		
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Commodity sales from						
production	257	252	2%	5,290	3,794	39%
Net trading revenue (loss)	_	(2)	(100%)	2	1	47%
Royalties	(17)	(49)	(65%)	(367)	(10)	3460%
Operating costs	(3,495)	(3,169)	10%	(11,683)	(10,143)	15%
Operating netback	(3,255)	(2,968)	10%	(6,758)	(6,358)	6%

Adjusted EBITDA

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
C\$ 000s	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
(Loss) and comprehensive (loss)	(6,307)	(4,212)	50%	(15,196)	(11,490)	32%
Finance expenses	1,317	779	69%	2,426	2,514	(4%)
Depreciation and amortization	64	156	(59%)	1,578	1,464	8%
Cash deferred operating						
expenses ¹	2,382	2,028	17%	7,147	6,088	17%
Non-cash share-based expenses	1	4	(75%)	5	12	(58%)
Phantom unit (recovery)						
expense	_	(7)	(100%)	_	(10)	(100%)
E&E Write-offs	1,413			3,764	19	20035%
Adjusted EBITDA	(1,130)	(1,252)	(10%)	(276)	(1,403)	(80%)

⁽¹⁾ Cash deferred operating expenses represent the OPEX incurred pursuant to the agreement with the Company's related party. Under the Company's current long-term debt agreements, the majority of the Jixing operating expenses are cash deferred. See Note 10 of the Company's Interim Statements and Notes 13 and 26 of the Financial Statements for details on the Jixing related agreements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of its shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Board has adopted the principles and the code provisions contained in Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules (the "CG Code") to ensure that the Company's business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner. The Company has complied with the relevant code provisions contained in the CG Code during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 (the "Reporting Period"), save for the deviation from C.2.1 of the CG Code as explained below.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, Mr. Yongtan Liu was the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and Mr. Pingzai Wang was the Company's CEO. Following the resignation of Mr. Wang as CEO on February 14, 2024 and the appointment of Mr. Liu as interim chief executive officer of the Company on February 14, 2024, Mr. Liu acts as the chairman of the Board and interim chief executive officer of the Company. This deviates from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, whereby the roles of chairman and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Board believes that Mr. Liu, being an executive Director and chairman of the Board, is already familiar with the Company's business operation and has excellent knowledge and experience of the Company's business which can help improve the operation efficiency of the Company and help facilitate the execution of the Company's business strategies. Under the supervision of the Board which will comprise of two executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, the Board is appropriately structured with balance of power to provide sufficient checks to protect the interests of the Company and from time to time and will consider the segregation of the two roles at an appropriate time.

In October 2025, the Company regularized its corporate governance structure in accordance with code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. On October 24, 2025, Mr. Yongtan Liu resigned as the interim Chief Executive Officer to focus on the strategic direction and overall leadership of the Board, while continuing to serve as its Chairman. Effective October 31, 2025, Mr. Binyou Dai, an Executive Director and the Company's Chief Operating Officer, was appointed as Chief Executive Officer. With this appointment, the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are now segregated, thereby aligning the Company's governance practices with the requirements of the CG Code.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its code of conduct regarding dealings in the securities of the Company by the Directors and the Company's senior management who, because of his/her office or employment, is likely to possess inside information in relation to the Company's securities. Upon specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the Reporting Period. In addition, the Company is not aware of any non-compliance of the Model Code by the senior management of the Company during the Reporting Period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

On September 19, 2025, the Company completed a private placement issuing 7,775,884 common shares at a price of HK\$0.436 per common share for gross proceeds and net proceeds (after deducting all related expenses) from the Subscription Shares amounted to C\$594,139.00 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,390,285.42) and C\$576,160.50 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,287,785.42), respectively. Each Subscription Share has no par value. The net Subscription Price, after deduction of all related expenses, is approximately HK\$0.423 per Subscription Share.

On September 19, 2025, the Company completed a private placement issuing 12,891,250 common shares at a price of HK\$0.33 per common share for gross proceeds and net proceeds (after deducting all related expenses) from the Subscription Shares amounted to C\$750,000.00 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,254,112.50) and C\$731,929.28 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,151,612.50), respectively. Each Subscription Share has no par value. The net Subscription Price, after deduction of all related expenses, is approximately HK\$0.322 per Subscription Share.

On August 1, 2025, the Company issued 62,548,866 common shares at a price of HK\$0.20 per common share to convert the principal portion of the convertible debt in the amount of USD1.6 million pursuant to the convertible debt agreement dated July 24, 2024. Each common share ranks pari passu with, and carries the same rights in all respects as, the existing issued common shares.

Save as disclosed above, the Company has not purchased, redeemed or sold any of its listed securities during the Reporting Period.

REVIEW OF THE INTERIM STATEMENTS AND RESULTS

The Company established an audit and risk committee of the Company (the "Audit and Risk Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As at the date of this announcement, the Audit and Risk Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Kit Man To (Chairman), Mr. Zhanpeng Kong and Ms. Jia Wei. The Audit and Risk Committee has reviewed the Company's Interim Statements and has also discussed with management the internal control, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company. The Audit and Risk Committee is of the opinion that the Interim Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards, laws and regulations and the Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION

This quarterly results announcement is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www. hkexnews.hk), SEDAR+(www.sedarplus.ca) and the Company (www.jxenergy.ca). This announcement is prepared in both English and Chinese and in the event of inconsistency, the English text of this announcement shall prevail over the Chinese text.

SELECTED ABBREVIATIONS

In this MD&A, the abbreviations set forth below have the following meanings:

Crude oil and natural gas liquids

Bbls/d or Bbl/d barrels of oil per day

Bbls or Bbl barrels of oil or barrel of oil
Boe barrel of oil equivalent

Boe/d barrel of oil equivalent per day C\$/Bbl Canadian dollars per barrel of oil

C\$/Boe Canadian dollars per barrel of oil equivalent

Mbbls or Mbbl thousand barrels

Mboe thousand barrels of oil equivalent

Mbpd thousand barrels per day MMbbls million barrels of oil

MMbbls/d million barrels of oil per day
MMboe million barrels of oil equivalent

MMboe/d million barrels of oil equivalent per day

US\$/Bbl US dollars per barrel of oil

Natural gas

Bcf billion cubic feet
Bcm billion cubic meters
Btu British thermal units

Cf cubic feet

C\$/Mcf Canadian dollars per thousand cubic feet

C\$/MMbtu Canadian dollars per million British thermal units

GJ gigajoule

GJ/d gigajoules per day
Mcf thousand cubic feet

Mcf/d thousand cubic feet per day

Mcfe thousand cubic feet of gas equivalent

Mcfe/d thousand cubic feet of gas equivalent per day

MMbtu million British thermal units

MMcf million cubic feet

MMcf/d million cubic feet per day

MMcfe million cubic feet of gas equivalent

MMcfe/d million cubic feet of gas equivalent per day

tcf trillion cubic feet

US\$/MMbtu US dollars per million British thermal units

Other

km kilometres

km² square kilometres

m metres

m³ cubic meters mg milligrams °C degrees Celsius

CONVERSION FACTORS — IMPERIAL TO METRIC

Bbl = 0.1590 cubic metres (m³)

Mcf = 0.0283 cubic metres $(10^3 m^3)$

acres = 0.4047 hectares (ha)

Btu = 1054.615 joules (J)

feet (ft) = 0.3048 metres (m)

miles (mi) = 1.6093 kilometres (km)

pounds (Lb) = 0.4536 kilograms (kg)