



中國民航信息網絡股份有限公司
TravelSky Technology Limited

*(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability
on 18 October, 2000.)*

TravelSky Technology Limited

Working Rules of the Board of Directors

The Working Rules of the Board of Directors include all amendments up to 26 June 2026. The latest amendments were approved by ordinary resolution at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on 26 June 2026.

This English version is a translation of the Chinese version. In case of inconsistencies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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TravelSky Technology Limited

Working Rules of the Board of Directors

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article1 In order to further standardize the construction of the Board of Directors, accelerate the improvement of the modern enterprise system with Chinese characteristics, and enhance the decision-making efficiency of the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the "Board of Directors") of TravelSky Technology Limited, in accordance with the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Company Law"), the Law of the People's Republic of China on the State-Owned Assets of Enterprises, the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Listing Rules"), the Working Rules of the Board of Directors of Central Enterprises (Trial) and other relevant laws and regulations, and the Articles of Association of TravelSky Technology Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Articles of Association"), Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules, the Code on Corporate Governance and other relevant rules and regulations, and to formulate these Rules.

Article2 These rules shall apply to the Board of Directors of the Company. The following definitions are used in these rules:

"Company", "the Company" or "Listed Company" means TravelSky Technology Limited.

"Listed Group" or "the Group" means the Company and its holding subsidiaries. "Subsidiaries", which includes both holding and non-holding subsidiaries.

"Holding Subsidiaries" means the "Subsidiaries" of the Company consolidated for accounting purposes, including "Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries" (or wholly-owned subsidiaries) and "Non-Wholly-Owned Holding Subsidiaries" (or non-wholly-owned subsidiaries).

"Non-Holding Subsidiaries" means Associates, Joint Ventures, and Participating Companies that are not consolidated for accounting purposes by the Company.

"Branches" means branches, offices, representative offices, sales offices, etc. established by the Company that do not have independent legal person status.

Article3 The Board of Directors shall adhere to statutory, transparency and unity of authority and responsibility, grasp the functional positioning, faithfully perform its duties and responsibilities, improve the level of scientific decision-making, democratic decision-making and decision-making in accordance with the law, safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company, the legitimate rights and interests of the employees, and promote the high-quality development of the Company.

Article4 The Board of Directors shall perform its duties in accordance with the laws and regulations and the Articles of Association, exercise its powers in accordance with the authorizations granted by the Meeting of Shareholders, and be subject to the supervision of the Audit Committee and the regulatory department of the Company.

Article5 The Party Committee of the Company has a statutory position in the governance structure of the Company, and the Board of Directors shall safeguard the leading role of the Party Committee in the Company in setting the direction, managing the overall situation and promoting implementation. Matters involving the Company's material operation and management shall first be

studied and discussed in advance by the Party Committee.

CHAPTER 2 COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article6 The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company shall comply with the corresponding provisions of the Articles of Association. Meanwhile, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall generally be the secretary of the Party Committee and shall be elected and removed by a majority of all directors; the chairman of the Board of Directors and the general manager shall generally be separated, and the general manager and the full-time deputy secretary of the Party committee shall generally be on the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors shall include directors who are representatives of workers and staff.

Article7 External directors (directors who do not assume an internal position of the Company, hereinafter the same) shall constitute a majority of the total number of members of the Board of Directors, of which at least three (3) shall be independent (non-executive) directors (directors who are independent from the Company and do not assume an internal position of the Company in compliance with the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules, hereinafter the same), and at least one-third (1/3) of the members in the Board of Directors must be independent directors.

Article8 Directors who are not assumed by representatives of workers and staff shall be elected and removed at the general meeting of shareholders, directors who are assumed by representatives of workers and staff shall be elected and removed at the employee representative meetings or other forms of democratic election.

Article9 The term of office of the Directors shall be three (3) years as stipulated in the Articles of Association, and they may be re-elected for a second consecutive term. Generally, independent directors shall not hold office for consecutive terms exceeding nine(9)years.

Where a director has not been timely re-elected at the expiry of the term of office or a director has resigned during the term of office as a result of which the number of members in the Board of Directors falls below the quorum, the original director shall perform his/her duties as a director, prior to the assumption by the re-elected director, in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the provisions of the Articles of Association.

If a director resigns, he/she shall notify the Board of Directors in writing, and the resignation shall take effect on the date the Board of Directors receives the notification; provided, however, that if the circumstances set forth in the preceding paragraph exist, the director shall continue to perform his/her duties.

Article10 The Board of Directors shall be scientifically and reasonably composed of independent directors who have rich experience in managing large group companies, are familiar with macroeconomic policies, are familiar with the Company's primary business or related industries, or have expertise in finance, valuation and distribution, laws and regulations, internal control, risk control, scientific and technological innovation and international operations, so as to ensure that the Board of Directors has diversified professional experience and a complementary structure of competence. The policy of diversity of the Board of Directors includes not having a single gender on the Board.

CHAPTER 3 FUNCTIONAL POSITIONING AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article11 The Board of Directors is the main decision-making body for the Company's operations, responsible for setting strategies, making decisions, and preventing risks. It exercises decision-making power on major issues of the Company in accordance with legal procedures and the Articles of Association of the Company, and strengthens the governance and supervision over the management.

Article12 The Board of Directors shall establish and improve a closed-loop management system for the research, preparation, implementation and assessment of the strategic plan of the Company, which shall include:

- (1) Adaptation to the needs of optimizing the layout and restructuring of the state-owned economy, compliance to the laws of market economy and corporate development, execution of in-depth research and overall plan of the strategic positioning and development direction of the Company;
- (2) Emphasis on the main responsibilities and businesses, organization and formulation of the strategic plan around continuously enhancing the core competitiveness of the Company;
- (3) Promotion of effective implementation of strategic plan, receipt of regular implementation reports from the management, promptly rectification of the deviations in implementation to ensure that the major operating and investment activities of the Company are in line with the strategic plan and main responsibilities and businesses;

- (4) Regular evaluations of strategic plans and adjustments thereon when necessary.

Article13 In addition to matters that should be decided by the shareholders' meeting according to the laws, regulations and the Listing Rules that are applicable to the Company, or matters that are prohibited by laws and regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for reviewing or making decisions on the following major matters related to business management:

- (1) Major measures to implement the decisions and arrangements of the Party Central Committee and the State Council and implement national development strategies.
- (2) Responsibility to convene the shareholders' meeting of the Company, report to the shareholders' meeting, and implement the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting.
- (3) Formulation of the operating policies, development strategies, and mid-term and long-term development plans of the listed company group, and preparation of the sustainability report (i.e. ESG report) of the listed company group.
- (4) Determination on the annual operating plan, annual investment plan and annual financial budget of the listed company group and the adjustments thereof. The relevant budgets include the total salary budget, liquidation plan, annual donation budget, etc., of the Company.
- (5) Review and approval of the internal annual audit of the Company.
- (6) Preparation of the work report of the Board of Directors, the annual and half-year financial accounting reports of the listed company group (including the annual and half-year financial statements of the listed company).

- (7) Formulation of the profit distribution plan and loss compensation plan of the Company, including the plan for withdrawing any provident fund, dividend payment plan, etc.
- (8) Formulation of the debt and financial policies of the Company, the amendment plans for the major accounting policies and accounting estimates of the Company, and the plans for the Company to increase or decrease its registered capital.
- (9) Formulation of the plans for company merger, division, dissolution or change of corporate form.
- (10) Formulation of the plans for the issuance or redemption of corporate bonds, and the issuance or repurchase of securities (stocks).
- (11) Determination on the financing plan, mortgage or pledge plan, external loan, guarantee and other financial assistance plan of the listed company and its holding subsidiaries. In particular, matters in relation to the provision of guarantees for the shareholders of the listed company by the listed company or its holding subsidiaries shall be approved by resolutions at a meeting of shareholders of the listed company;
- (12) Determination on internal loans between the listed company and its controlled non-financial subsidiaries (including between such subsidiaries) totaling no less than RMB50 million for twelve (12) consecutive months, as well as any internal loans involving financial business subsidiaries;
- (13) Determination on matters that involve the listed company and its holding subsidiaries who purchase or sell major assets from or to the same party within the annual operating plan and budget of the listed company group for twelve (12) consecutive months for an accumulative amount of not less than the total assets amount in the annual or half-year financial accounting report of

the listed company group or 5% of the average market value of the assets in the last five trading days (whichever is lower) (provided that there is no identifiable income from such assets. Otherwise, the income and profit ratio should also be included in the calculation). In respect of unplanned matters, the percentage shall be 1%;

- (14) Determination on matters related to disposal of fixed assets that involve the total value of fixed assets disposed of by the listed company and its holding subsidiaries within the annual operating plan and budget within four (4) consecutive months (including the expected value of the fixed assets to be disposed of) not less than 5% of the fixed asset value as shown in the latest audited annual financial statements of the listed company group;
- (15) Determination on matters related to the equity investment plans and investment projects of the listed company and its holding subsidiaries, including the establishment of subsidiaries, the transfer or acceptance of transfer of equity in subsidiaries, etc. In particular, matters that involve the transfer or change of state-owned property rights shall be handled in accordance with relevant regulatory provisions. In respect of the high-risk overseas investment projects that do not involve non-main businesses and are below a certain scale, the chairman of the Board of Directors or the general manager may be authorised to make decisions;
- (16) Determination on matters related to external donations by the listed company and its holding subsidiaries. The annual donation budget of the listed company group should be included in the annual budget of the listed company group for management. Any donation exceeding RMB30 million shall be filed in accordance with the requirements of the regulatory authorities (if required);

- (17) Determination on the establishment of the internal management institutions of the Company (functional departments, business departments and organizations at the same level), including the number of institutions, structure and main responsibilities of each institution, excluding the working institutions of party organization and trade unions. The general manager may be authorized to make decision on the establishment and adjustment of the specific name, structure, non-primary responsibilities and subordinate internal departments of the departments;
- (18) Determination on the establishment of the branches of the Company. The establishment or cancellation of domestic branches below a certain scale may be authorized by the general manager;
- (19) Formulation of the basic management system of the Company, excluding systems related to party building, employee representative meeting and trade union work;
- (20) Formulation of the amendment plan for the Articles of Association of the Company;
- (21) Proposal at the shareholders' meeting for approval of matters relating to the engagement or dismissal of the accounting firm who is responsible for the annual audit of the listed company group, and determination of the remuneration of the accounting firm pursuant to the authorisation of the shareholders' meeting;
- (22) Determination on major acquisition or sale plans of the listed company and its holding subsidiaries, spin-off listing plans, major construction projects worth no less than RMB50 million, and major asset restructuring and capital operations plans that have a significant impact on the listed company group;
- (23) (23) Determination on major matters related to the exercise of shareholder rights by the Company's subsidiaries, including

plans for subsidiaries to increase or decrease registered capital, merge, split, dissolve, liquidate or change corporate form, and any decisions that are required to be made by the Board of Directors of the listed company or shareholders' meeting (if necessary) at the level of the holding subsidiary and belong to major operational and management matters of the listed company group, including (8) to (14) above;

(24) In addition to matters that are required to be decided by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to the Company Law, the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association of the Company, determination on other major matters and administrative affairs of the Company;

(25) Other powers granted by laws, administrative regulations, departmental regulations, the Listing Rules, shareholders' meeting and the Articles of Association of the Company. The abovementioned "major" matters include matters that should be decided by the Board of directors or shareholders' meeting of the Company in accordance with the laws, regulations and the Listing Rules applicable to the Company, as well as matters that should be decided by the Board of Directors or shareholders' meeting of the Company in accordance with Articles 14 and 15 of these Rules, and matters that are judged to be of major nature by the Board of Directors of the Company. The abovementioned "certain scale" shall be separately specified by the Board of Directors in the authorized decision-making plan and/or authorized decision-making matters list (if any).

Article 14 The Board of Directors of the Company is fully responsible for the information disclosure, transaction report and other compliance matters of the listed company group, including:

(1) Formulation and revision of the "Information Disclosure

Management Measures" of the Company, which should include the management mechanism for information disclosure matters such as "annual report", "interim report", inside information (i.e. stock price sensitive information), board resolutions, shareholders' meeting resolutions and voting results;

- (2) Formulation and revision of insider trading prevention management systems and standard codes of conduct for employees to trade securities of the Company. Establishment of an insider trading prevention risk management mechanism;
- (3) Formulation and revision of the "Management Measures for Connected Transactions and Discloseable Transactions" and establishment of relevant internal control and compliance risk management mechanisms. The management mechanism regarding sale and purchase of assets, operating leases, technical services, option transactions, financial leases, financial assistance, and other transactions, should at least comply with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules;
- (4) Determination on all information disclosure, transaction compliance reporting and ongoing compliance responsibilities of the listed company group, except for those that are required to be determined by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to the Listing Rules, Information Disclosure Management Measures and Management Measures for Connected Transactions and Discloseable Transactions;
- (5) Consideration on major matters regarding the listed company group's performance of responsibilities in respect of information disclosure, transaction compliance reporting, and ongoing compliance. Timely report to regulatory authorities and fulfillment of disclosure responsibilities. The chairman of the Board of Directors may also be granted the power to deal with

sudden emergencies as appropriate.

Article15 The responsibilities of the Board of Directors of the Company in governance of the listed company and corporate governance shall include but not limited to:

- (1) Formulation of the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company and the procedures of nomination of directors by shareholders;
- (2) Election of the chairman of the Board of Directors;
- (3) Appointment or dismissal of the general manager of the Company; appointment or dismissal of the deputy general manager, chief accountant, and general legal counsel of the Company based on the recommendation by the general manager, and determination on their remuneration; appointment or dismissal of the Board secretary and/or company secretary of the Company based on the recommendation by the chairman of the Board of Directors, and determination on their remuneration;
- (4) Determination on the performance appraisal and remuneration management system for the management and other senior management personnel of the Company, as well as their mid-term and long-term incentive mechanisms and plans. The mid-term and long-term incentive plans involving the shares (stocks) of the Company must be approved or authorized by shareholders' meeting;
- (5) Determination on liability insurance plans for directors and senior management personnel of the listed company;
- (6) Formulation of the "Working Rules of the Board of Directors" of the Company and important systems related to corporate governance such as the Board of Directors' authorization management system and authorization plan, working rules of

special committees, working rules (rules of procedure) of the general manager, etc.;

- (7) Preparation of the annual work report of the Board of Directors;
- (8) Formulation and review of the corporate governance policies and practices of the Company. Review of and supervision over the policies and practices of the Company regarding compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. Review of the compliance of the Company with the Corporate Governance Code.

Article16 The Board of Directors shall establish and improve the risk management system, internal control system, compliance management system, accountability system for irregular operations and investments, and sustainable development (environmental, social and governance) management system of the Company, and determine relevant major matters; formulate major risk management strategies and solutions, and plans for handling major litigation, arbitration and other legal affairs; determine major matters regarding production safety, ecological and environmental protection, maintenance of stability, and social responsibility. The "major" matters mentioned in this article shall be ultimately assessed and judged by the Board of Directors, provided that they shall be matters that have a significant impact on the ongoing operation, operating performance, and long-term development of the listed group company, or matters involving major projects or the use of large funds, etc. The specific judgment and identification standards should be clearly stipulated in the relevant basic management system of the Company and complied with the relevant major provisions of Articles 13 and 14 of these Rules.

Article17 All matters that involve employee rights and interests, such as

democratic management of the enterprise, employee transfer and placement, employee wage and income distribution, etc., should first be heard through the employee representative meetings or other democratic forms before being submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration.

Article18 The Board of Directors shall establish and enhance a system for tracking the implementation and post-evaluation of Board resolutions, regularly study the management's reports on the implementation of Board resolutions and the production and operation conditions of the Company, strengthen supervision and inspection of the management's implementation of Board resolutions, promptly identify problems, and supervise rectification.

CHAPTER 4 ESTABLISHMENT AND DUTIES OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article19 The Board of Directors shall establish a strategy and investment committee, a remuneration and appraisal committee, an audit committee, a nomination committee, and other special committees as necessary. As a specialized body of the Board of Directors, the special committee is responsible to the Board of Directors and provides consultation and suggestions for decision-making of the Board of Director. Special committees study major business management matters generally after the Party Committee has conducted preliminary research and discussions and before the Board of Directors makes a decision.

The special committee is composed of directors. Independent directors should be the majority in the Nomination Committee, and the chairman shall be the chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Remuneration and Appraisal Committee and the Audit Committee shall be composed of independent directors, and the chairman of the Audit Committee shall generally be a professional who is familiar with finance or risk management. The chairman of the Strategy and Investment Committee shall be the chairman of the Board of Directors.

Subject to compliance with the Listing Rules, the establishment, composition and adjustment of special committees shall be proposed by the chairman of the Board of Directors after consultation with relevant directors and shall take effect after approval by the Board of Directors.

Article20 Strategy and Investment Committee: Convene a meeting at least once a year, the main responsibilities are to study the Company's strategic planning, sustainable development strategy and management system, as well as to submit to the Board of Directors for decision-making on the adjustment of the main business, the negative list of investment projects, asset restructuring, asset disposal, material investments, property rights transfer, capital operation and other material matters affecting the development of the Company, and submit their opinions to the Board of Directors for deliberation.

Article21 Remuneration and Appraisal Committee: Convene a meeting at least once a year, the main responsibilities are to:

- (1) To study and formulate the remuneration management and appraisal management mechanism for directors, members of the management team and other senior management personnel in accordance with the relevant regulatory requirements;
- (2) To study the mid-term and long-term incentive plans and implementation programmes for directors and senior management personnel of the Company in accordance with

relevant regulatory requirements;

- (3) Reviewing the basic management system related to the Company's remuneration management and appraisal to be submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration and making recommendations to the Board of Directors;
- (4) To study and decide on the insurance plan for directors' and senior management's liability insurance in accordance with the authorization of the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors.

Article22 Audit Committee: Convene regular meetings at least twice a year, the main responsibilities are to:

- (1) To be responsible for the duties of the Supervisory Committee as stipulated in the Company Law;
- (2) Reviewing the Company's annual and interim financial reports, considering the Company's significant accounting policies or accounting estimates and changes thereto, and giving advice to the Board of Directors;
- (3) To provide guidance on the Company's risk management system and internal control system, and to inspect and evaluate the relevant systems and their implementation;
- (4) Evaluating the effectiveness of the work of the internal audit department and making recommendations to the Board of Directors;
- (5) Examining the internal control and risk control work related to connected transactions;
- (6) To propose to the Board of Directors the appointment or dismissal of the Chief Accountant;
- (7) To propose to the Board of Directors the appointment or

dismissal of the accounting firm and its remuneration, and to maintain good communication with the external auditor;

- (8) Supervising the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors.

Article23 Nomination Committee: Convene a meeting at least once a year, the main responsibilities are to:

- (1) To review annually the size and composition of the Board of Directors and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy of the Listed Company;
- (2) To formulate policies on board diversity, including skills, knowledge, experience, gender and age;
- (3) To formulate criteria and procedures for the selection of directors and make recommendations to the Board of Directors in accordance with relevant regulations, and to report to the Board of Directors on the identification and examination of candidates and the assessment of the independence of the independent directors;
- (4) To study the criteria and procedures for the selection of senior management personnel and make recommendations to the Board of Directors;
- (5) To make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the appointment and re-appointment of directors and senior management personnel.

Article24 Special Committees of the Board of Directors may, upon authorization by the Board of Directors, engage social intermediaries or experts to provide them with professional advice at the Company's expense.

Article25 Special Committees of the Board of Directors shall perform their duties in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and the authorization of the Board of Directors, and shall formulate working rules setting out the powers and duties of the committees and clarifying the scope of deliberation and procedures, etc., which shall be implemented after approval by the Board of Directors. Regarding the study or decision-making matters within the scope of duties of each committee, irregular meetings may be convened by the chairman of the committee in accordance with the time of submission, the completeness of the relevant resolutions and the time requirement for compliance.

CHAPTER 5 DUTIES, RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article26 The directors shall perform the following duties:

- (1) To implement the deployment requirements of the superior regulatory authorities on the reform and development of the Company;
- (2) Analyzing the macroeconomic situation and the development trend of the industry, and studying and planning the development strategy of the enterprise. To understand the reform and development of the Company and its operation and management through research, reviewing relevant information such as financial reports and audit reports, attending the Company's annual and interim working meetings, communicating with the management outside of meetings, and listening to reports from the management and the Company's functional departments;

- (3) Attend Board Meeting and of the special committees on which the Directors serve, study the resolutions and related materials in depth and express clear opinions on the matters under discussion in an objective, independent and appropriate manner;
- (4) If it is found that the Board of Directors and the special committees on which the Directors serve have violated the law in making decisions, or that the proposed resolutions will harm the interests of shareholders and the Company, or the legitimate rights and interests of the employees, it shall expressly object to such decisions;
- (5) To help the Company identify and reveal material risks, and to make relevant recommendations to the Board of Directors or the chairman of the Board of Directors;
- (6) Supervise the management to implement the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and listen to special reports and carry out special supervision according to the needs of the work;
- (7) Reporting to the supervisory authority on material issues and material abnormalities of the Company when necessary;
- (8) Promote the standard operation of the Board of Directors, and actively contribute to the strengthening of the Board of Directors;
- (9) Other duties prescribed by laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

Article27 Directors have the following rights:

- (1) To be informed of regulatory policies and laws and regulations necessary for the performance of their duties as directors;
- (2) To be informed of the Company's information necessary for the performance of their duties as directors;

- (3) To attend Board Meeting and special committees meetings on which they serve and to exercise the right to vote on voting matters;
- (4) To propose the convening of extraordinary Board Meeting, the postponement of Board Meeting and the postponement of voting on the items to be discussed, and to submit requests to supplement or amend the documents relating to the resolutions to be considered by the Board of Directors and the Special Committees to which they serve;
- (5) To receive remuneration or work allowances in accordance with the regulations;
- (6) To be entitled to the necessary working conditions and protections in accordance with the regulations;
- (7) Other rights prescribed by laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

Article28 Directors have the following obligations of loyalty and diligence:

- (1) Comply with laws and regulations, the Articles of Association and rules and regulations of the Company, faithfully safeguard the interests of shareholders as a whole, the interests of the Company and the lawful rights and interests of employees, adhere to principles, make prudent decisions, and take up their responsibilities;
- (2) Devoting sufficient time and energy to the performance of their duties, and meeting the requirements of the relevant regulations in respect of the time spent on their duties and the number of Board Meeting they attend each year;
- (3) Keeping the state secrets, work secrets and commercial secrets of the Company known to them;

- (4) Comply with the Company's regulations on honesty and integrity;
- (5) Participate in the relevant training arranged by the regulatory authority and the Company;
- (6) Other obligations prescribed by laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

Article29 The chairman of the Board of Directors shall have all the rights of a director and shall assume all the obligations and duties of a director. The chairman of the Board of Directors shall exercise his/her powers in accordance with the law and perform the following duties:

- (1) Communicate to the Board of Directors the important spirit of meetings of regulatory authorities and supervisory policies, and notify the relevant regulatory authorities of the need for the Board of Directors to promote the implementation of the work pointed out by the supervisory inspections and to urge rectification of the problems;
- (2) To chair meetings of shareholders and convene and chair Board Meeting;
- (3) Organize strategic research and convene at least one (1) strategic seminar or evaluation meeting each year with the participation of members of the Board of Directors and the management;
- (4) Determine the annual plan for regular Board Meeting, including the number of meetings, meeting time, etc., and decide to convene extraordinary Board Meeting when necessary;
- (5) Determine the topics of the Board Meeting, convene and chair the Board Meeting, and enable each director to fully express their personal opinions and vote on the basis of thorough discussion;

- (6) To organize the execution of the duties of the Board of Directors and to review the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors;
- (7) To organize the formulation and amendment of systems relating to the governance and operation of the Board of Directors and arrange for submission to the Board of Directors for approval;
- (8) To recommend to the Board of Directors candidates for the post of Secretary of the Board of Directors, and to propose to the Board of Directors the composition of special committees and their nominees after sufficient communication with the relevant directors;
- (9) In accordance with laws, regulations and relevant provisions, signing relevant documents on behalf of the Company or the Board of Directors in accordance with resolutions of the meetings of shareholders, resolutions of the Board of Directors or authorizations of the Board of Directors, including physical certificates of shares or other securities and debentures issued by the Company, directors' service contracts, material agreements of the Company, power of attorney for identification of shareholders, authorizations of the Company required by the securities registrars or the H share dividend agent, and contracts and authorizations related to the scriplessness of securities, Registration and filing documents required by domestic and overseas regulatory authorities, etc.;
- (10) Organizing the formulation of the annual internal audit plan of the Company;
- (11) Organizing the drafting of the annual work report of the Board of Directors, and reporting the annual work on behalf of the Board of Directors to the meetings of shareholders and regulatory authorities;

- (12) Maintaining good communication with regulatory authorities and, where appropriate, communicating with external directors outside of meetings, listening to the views of external directors, organizing necessary research and training for external directors, and having at least one (1) separate meeting with the independent non-executive directors each year;
- (13) In the event of force majeure circumstances or a material crisis that makes it impossible to convene a Board meeting in a timely manner, exercising special dispositions within the terms of reference of the Board of Directors that are in compliance with laws and regulations and in the interests of the enterprise, and reporting to the Board of Directors after the event and approving them retroactively in accordance with the procedures;
- (14) Other duties prescribed by laws and regulations and the Articles of Association and assigned by the Board of Directors.

In exercising the aforesaid powers and functions, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall be subject to the prior study of the Party Committee in respect of decision-making on material matters, appointment and dismissal of important cadres, arrangement of material projects, and use of large sums of funds; and in respect of any material matters involving the interests of the employees and which shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for deliberation, the opinions and suggestions of the employees shall be listened to through the employee representative meetings or other democratic forms before they are reported to the special committees of the Board of Directors (if necessary) and the Board of Directors for deliberation.

Article30 Directors who are assumed by representatives of workers and staff shall participate in corporate governance in an orderly manner on behalf of workers and staff and perform their duties in

accordance with the relevant provisions; in addition to having the same rights and assuming the same obligations as other directors, they shall also fulfil their obligations to pay attention to and reflect the legitimate demands of workers and staff and to represent and safeguard the lawful rights and interests of workers and staff.

CHAPTER 6 BOARD MEETINGS AND DECISION MAKING PROCEDURES

Article31 Board Meetings shall include regular and extraordinary meetings, and shall be held as often as necessary to fulfil the duties of the Board of Directors. Board Meetings shall be held in the presence of more than half of the Directors.

Board Meetings shall be convened and chaired by the chairman of the Board of Directors. If the chairman of the Board of Directors is unable to convene and chair the meeting for any reason, more than half of the directors shall jointly elect a director to convene and chair the meeting.

Article32 The Board Meetings shall be held at least four (4) regular meetings a year, and the meeting schedule shall be determined by the end of the previous year, or no later than January of the current year. Notices of regular meetings, together with the required documents, information and other materials, shall be sent to all directors fourteen 14 days before the meeting.

Article33 The chairman of the Board of Directors shall convene and chair an extraordinary Board Meeting within ten 10 days from the date of receipt of the proposal in any of the following circumstances:

- (1) When proposed by shareholders with one-tenth (1/10) or more of

the voting rights;

- (2) When proposed by more than one-third (1/3) of the directors;
- (3) When proposed by a special committee of the Board of Directors;
- (4) Other cases as stipulated in the Articles of Association.
- (5) Except for special urgent matters, the notice of extraordinary Board Meetings and the required documents, information and other materials shall be sent to all Directors five (5) days prior to the date of the meeting.

Article34 If an extraordinary Board Meeting is proposed to be held in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article (except for those proposed by the chairman of the Board of Directors), a written proposal signed (sealed) by the proposer shall be submitted to the chairman of the Board of Directors through the Board Work Department. The written proposal shall contain the following matters:

- (1) The name of the proposer;
- (2) The reasons for the proposal or the objective reasons on which the proposal is based;
- (3) A clear and specific proposal;
- (4) The contact information of the proposer and the date of the proposal.

The content of the written proposal shall fall within the matters within the scope of duties of the Board of Directors as stipulated in the Articles of Association, and the materials related to the proposal shall be submitted together.

The Board Work Department shall forward the above written proposal and related materials to the chairman of the Board of

Directors as soon as possible after receiving them. If the chairman of the Board of Directors considers that the content of the proposal is not clear or specific or the relevant materials are not sufficient, he/she may request the proposer to amend or supplement the proposal. If the situation is urgent and it is necessary to convene an extraordinary Board Meeting as soon as possible, notice of the meeting may be given by telephone or other verbal means at any time, but the convenor shall make an explanation at the meeting.

Article 35 Regular Board Meetings shall, in principle, be held in the form of on-site meetings, except in cases of force majeure. In principle, the extraordinary meeting shall be held in the form of an on-site meeting; in the event of an urgent matter and when the directors have sufficient information to vote, they may also adopt the form of communication such as a video conference, a telephone conference, etc., or the form of a written document to consider the resolutions separately. If a substantial shareholder of the Company or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board of Directors that the Board of Directors deems to be material, the matter must be considered at an on-site or aforementioned communication meeting, and cannot be considered at a Board Meeting by written circulation. If a Board Meeting is held in the form of a telephone conference, with the aid of similar communication equipment, or on-site in conjunction with the foregoing form of communication, the participating Directors shall be deemed to be physically present at the meeting if the participating Directors are able to hear the other Directors and are able to communicate with each other. If a Director is unable to sign the resolution of the meeting immediately at such meeting, he/she may vote orally and fulfil the procedure of signing in writing as soon as possible. A Director's oral vote shall have the same effect as a written signature, provided that the subsequent written signature is consistent with the oral vote taken

at the meeting. Any written resolution not formed in accordance with the statutory procedures and signed by the Directors shall not have the legal effect of a resolution of the Board of Directors, even if each of the Directors has expressed his/her opinion in a different manner.

Article 36 If it is necessary to change the time, place or other matters of a regular Board Meeting, or to add, change or cancel a proposal for a meeting after the written notice of the meeting has been issued, a written notice of the change shall be issued three (3) days prior to the original date of the meeting, describing the situation and the relevant contents of the new proposal and related materials. If less than three (3) days, the date of the meeting shall be postponed accordingly, or the meeting shall be held as scheduled after obtaining the approval of all the attending directors, or the relevant resolution or meeting shall be cancelled. If it is necessary to change the time, place or other matters of an extraordinary Board Meeting, or to add, change or cancel a proposal for a meeting after the notice of the Board of Directors Meeting has been sent out, the approval of all the attending Directors shall be obtained and the corresponding records shall be made before the scheduled meeting.

Article 37 Board Meetings shall be attended by the directors in person. Board Meetings shall be held in the presence of more than half of the directors (those who have appointed other directors in writing to attend the Board Meetings on their behalf). If a director is unable to attend for any reason, they may appoint another director in writing to attend and exercise voting rights on their behalf. The proxy shall carefully review the materials of the resolution in advance to form a clear opinion, and the proxy shall contain the scope of authorization, a brief opinion on each resolution, clear instructions on voting on behalf of the director, the duration of the

authorization and specific instructions on how to exercise the voting right on the temporary proposal, etc. The director attending the meeting on behalf of the director shall exercise the director's rights within the scope of the authorization. A director who fails to attend a Board Meeting and fails to appoint a proxy to attend the meeting shall be deemed to be absent from the meeting. A director shall not appoint another director to attend on their behalf with full powers without stating their own personal opinion on the proposal and intention to vote, nor shall the director concerned accept full powers and powers of attorney with unclear authorization.

Article38 The secretary to the Discipline Inspection Commission of the Company may attend Board Meetings.

Article39 The non-director general manager shall attend the Board Meetings.

Article40 The deputy general manager, the chief accountant, the general counsel and the Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Company shall attend the Board Meetings. If the above deputy general manager, chief accountant, general counsel and Secretary of the Board of Directors cannot attend the Board Meetings, they shall ask for leave from the chairman of the Board of Directors prior to the Board Meetings.

Article41 The head of the working group of each special committee of the Board of Directors shall attend the relevant Board Meetings in respect of the resolutions related to the duties of the committee, and if he/she is unable to attend the Board Meetings, he/she shall report to the chairman of the committee to make appropriate arrangements.

Article42 The preparation of resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be carried out by the Board Work Department by drawing up the

Guidelines for the Preparation of Resolutions of the Board of Directors, which regulate the principles for the preparation of information on resolutions and the prerequisites that should be fulfilled in order to be submitted to the Board of Directors for deliberation, and shall be implemented after submission to the Board of Directors for approval. The Board Work Department shall be responsible for the interpretation of the Guidelines and shall propose amendments to the Board of Directors for approval in a timely manner.

Article43 The Board of Directors has adopted a decision-making system based on collective deliberation, independent voting and individual responsibility. Voting on the resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be on a one-person-one-vote basis. Directors may express their agreement or disagreement. If he/she expresses his/her opposition, he/she must state the specific reason and record it in the minutes of the meeting. The person in charge of the Board Work Department shall act as the teller of the votes of the directors, and the Secretary of the Board of Directors shall act as the scrutineer of the votes, and the teller and scrutineer shall sign a record of the results of the counting of the votes of the directors, which shall be filed together with the minutes of the Board Meetings. If there are no special circumstances, the record of resolutions of the Board Meetings held on-site shall be signed on-site by the participating directors before the end of the meeting based on the results of the vote count.

Article44 If a resolution of the Board of Directors violates laws, regulations and the Articles of Association, the director who voted in favour of the resolution shall be directly liable; the director who voted against the resolution may be exempted from liability if it is proved that he/she has expressed his/her objection during the vote and recorded it in the minutes of the meeting; the director who did

not attend the meeting or delegate another person to attend the meeting cannot be exempted from liability; and the director who has explicitly expressed his/her objection during the discussion but has not explicitly voted against it during the vote may not be exempted from liability either.

Article45 The resolutions of the Board of Directors are divided into ordinary and special resolutions. Ordinary resolutions shall be approved by more than half of all members of the Board of Directors, while special resolutions shall be approved by more than two-thirds (2/3) of all members of the Board of Directors. Special resolutions of the Board of Directors include:

- (1) To formulate a plan for the increase or decrease of the registered capital of the Company;
- (2) To formulate a plan for the merger, demerger, restructuring, dissolution, bankruptcy or change of corporate form of the Company;
- (3) To formulate a plan for the amendment of the Articles of Association;
- (4) To formulate material investment plans in non-primary businesses of the Company;
- (5) Approving external guarantee matters;
- (6) Other matters requiring the approval of two-thirds (2/3) or more of the entire Board of Directors as stipulated by laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

Article46 For matters considered and resolved by the Board of Directors, the participating Directors and attendees, recorders and service personnel of the meeting, etc., shall be obliged to maintain permanent confidentiality with respect to such matters and the contents of the resolutions, except for those that the Company has

already disclosed publicly or externally in accordance with the laws and regulations and the Listing Rules. Among them, persons who have not entered into the relevant confidentiality agreement with the Company and who are not obliged to bear the responsibility of confidentiality in accordance with laws and regulations shall sign an undertaking of confidentiality prior to their participation in or attendance at the meeting of the Board of Directors.

Article 47 Where a director is related to an unit involved in a matter being resolved by the Board of Directors, or where there is a material interest, existing or potential conflict of duty or interest in the matter being resolved as defined in the Listing Rules, such director shall not exercise his/her voting rights regarding the resolution, nor shall he/she vote on behalf of other directors. Any director who has a connected relationship is not counted in the number of directors required to be present for the Board to study and decide on the issue. The resolution made by the Board of Directors pursuant to the issue, according to the different categories of ordinary resolutions and special resolutions, shall be approved by more than half or two-thirds (2/3) of the full Board (excluding any director who has a connected relationship). If the number of directors who may vote is less than three (3), the matter shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for consideration and vote. Except for obtaining the unanimous consent from all the directors present at the meeting and the total number of directors present and their proxy votes reaching the number of directors which has formed a valid resolution, any proposal not set out in the meeting notice shall not be voted at the Board meeting. Unless clearly stated in the instrument of appointment, directors who accept other directors' appointment to attend the Board meeting on their behalf shall not vote on the proposals not set out in the meeting notice on behalf of other directors.

Article48 The Board of Directors shall prepare minutes for the matters considered at the meeting. The meeting minutes shall include the date, venue, name of the convenor of the meeting, names of attending directors, agenda and issues to be discussed at the meeting, key points of directors' statement (written feedback in case of meeting via written resolution) (including any concerns raised by directors or dissenting views expressed), voting methods and results of the resolutions (including the number of votes for and against, and name of the directors voting against), etc.

The minutes of each Board meeting shall be provided to all the directors for review as soon as possible. Directors who wish to make supplementary amendments to the minutes shall provide their written comments within seven (7) days upon receipt of the minutes. After the minutes are finalized, all the directors present at the meeting and the secretary to the Board of Directors in-attendance at the meeting shall sign the minutes.

Archives of the meetings of the Board including notices of meeting, meeting materials, powers of attorney for proxy directors (if any), votes (if any), meeting minutes signed by the attending directors, resolution records, announcements of the resolutions (if any), etc. shall be kept by the Board Work Department and the filing shall be implemented pursuant to the Company's archive management system. Archives of the meetings of the Board shall be kept permanently.

Article49 The permanent office of the board of directors is the Board Work Department, which specifies the organization and preparation of convening meetings of the Board, and is responsible for recording minutes of the meetings.

Article50 When the Board of Directors and its special committees convene a meeting, the secretary to the Discipline Inspection Commission

may attend according to the needs of the work; other relevant persons may be required to be present at the Board meeting if considered necessary by the chairman of the Board of Directors, and to provide explanations, to accept inquiries or to offer advice on the proposals involved.

Article51 Board decisions are generally made in accordance with the following procedures:

- (1) The management studies and formulates the proposed plan on the basis of thorough research and scientific evidence. In accordance with the relevant regulations and work requirements, feasibility studies, risk assessments, due diligence investigations and legal reviews shall be conducted in advance. For particularly significant or complex and sensitive matters, the Board of Directors shall arrange for external directors to conduct research. The special committees of the Board of Directors may also organize the preparation of the proposed plan on related matters, as required.

The management is responsible for the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the information provided;

- (2) The content of the proposed plan is generally communicated and brewed within the scope of the chairman of the Board of Directors, general manager and relevant leadership staff to form a consensus;
- (3) The content of the proposed plan shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration after preliminary examination by the chairman of the Board of Directors. Matters falling into the responsibilities of the special committees of the Board of Directors shall generally be submitted to the corresponding special committees for research before the Board of Directors makes a decision. Where the proposed plan involves major

business management matters of the Company, it shall be studied and discussed by the Party Committee before being submitted to the special committees and the Board of Directors according to procedures for consideration;

- (4) The Board of Directors shall convene a meeting to consider the proposed plan and make decisions. For the proposed plan prepared by the management, they shall be reported by the members of the management. Where the matters under consideration are studied by a special committee of the Board of Directors, the chairman of the special committee or the relevant person entrusted by him/her shall report on the consideration; where there are different opinions, explanations shall be given to each.

Article52 The consideration of the Board of Directors should focus on studying and determining the legal compliance of matters to be decided on, the compatibility of the matters with the Company's development strategy, and the comprehensive balance of risk and benefit considerations.

Article53 When more than one-third (1/3) of the directors or more than two (2) external directors have material disagreement on a matter to be submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration, the matter shall generally be postponed; where directors consider the information incomplete or the discussion ambiguous, such directors jointly propose in writing a postponement of the matter, and such proposal shall be adopted by the Board of Directors, and such directors proposing to postpone the meeting shall put forward clear requirements for the conditions that should be met when the proposal is resubmitted to the Board of Directors for consideration. No more than two (2) postponements should be made for the same proposal. If, after the same proposal is postponed twice, the director, previously submitted the

postponement, still considers that the proposal is questionable, he/she may vote against the proposal at the time of voting, or may either reflect or report to the relevant bodies and departments in accordance with relevant regulations. If the proposal is not approved by the Board of Directors, it may be re-submitted to the Board of Directors for consideration after being adjusted and improved according to procedures. Approved proposals need to be submitted to regulatory bodies for examination, approval and filing and shall be handled in accordance with the laws and regulations, the Articles of Association and the relevant provisions.

Article54 The Board of Directors may, in accordance with the Articles of Association and relevant provisions, delegate part of its powers to the chairman of the Board of Directors and the general manager. A comprehensive consultative body with no directors in it shall not accept authorization of the Board of Directors by the Company, and no meeting mechanism, such as the chairman's office meeting shall make decisions on matters authorized by the Board of Directors; the aforesaid consultative body and meeting mechanism shall not replace the Board of Directors to exercise powers. For the matters authorized by the Board of Directors to the chairman of the Board of Directors for decision-making, the chairman of the Board of Directors shall generally convene a special meeting for collective study and discussion, and members of the Company's Party Committee, external directors, members of the management and professional advisors may be invited to participate or attend the meeting, depending on the content of the issue. For the matters authorized by the Board of Directors to the general manager for decision-making, they are generally studied and discussed in meetings such as the general manager office meetings. The opinions of the chairman of the Board of Directors shall generally be heard before decision, and the

meeting shall be adjourned if there is any disagreement in opinions. In case of any special work requirements, the chairman of the Board of Directors may attend the general manager office meeting. If the chairman of the Board of Directors, and the general manager need to abstain from voting as decisions to be made on matters authorized by the Board of Directors, such matters shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for decision.

Article 55 The Company shall take into consideration the actual situation, in accordance with the principle of synchronizing decision-making's quality and efficiency, adopt scientific demonstration to reasonably determine the matters authorized by the Board of Directors, and the budget limit, so as to prevent illegal authorization and excessive authorization. Major, non-main business and high-risk investment projects of the Company shall be decided by the Board of Directors. The Board does not delegate matters to its committees, the directors who transact corporate business or the management to an extent that would significantly hinder or reduce the ability of the Board as a whole to perform its powers.

Article 56 The Board of Directors shall formulate an authorization management system and an authorization decision-making plan, specify the authorization principles, management mechanism, scope of matters, conditions of authority and other requirements in accordance with the law, and establish and improve the authorization mechanism of regular reporting, tracking and supervision, and dynamic adjustment. The system and its amendments become effective and operative upon approval by the Board and shall be organized, prepared and interpreted by the Board Work Department. The authorized object shall report to the Board of Directors on the exercise of power every six (6) months and on important information in a timely manner. The Board of

Directors shall not be exempted from liability upon delegation of authority on decision-making, and shall adjust or revoke the authorization if the authorized object fails to exercise its powers correctly.

Article57 The following matters shall be considered and approved by the shareholders' general meeting with the consent of a meeting of the Board of Directors:

- (1) the audited annual financial statements of the Company;
- (2) the profit distribution plans and loss compensation plans of the Company;
- (3) the increase or reduction of registered capital, and issuance of bonds or other securities of the Company;
- (4) the plans for major mergers and acquisitions of the Company, buyback of the Company's own shares or merger, division, dissolution and changes in corporate forms of the Company;
- (5) the amendments to the Articles of Association;
- (6) the engagement or replacement of accounting firm(s) conducting annual audits for the Company;
- (7) the compliance with other requirements as stipulated in laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association.

Article58 The Board of Directors shall establish and improve the system of follow-up and post-assessment of the resolutions of the Board of Directors, regularly listen to the report of the management members on the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors and the production and operation of the enterprise, strengthen the supervision and inspection of the management's implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and find problems in a timely manner, supervise rectification and

reform in place.

Article59 Each year the Board of Directors shall select certain major investment projects that have been completed and those investment projects with major problems and major risks in the previous year for comprehensive assessment (including authorized decision-making projects), and feedback the assessment results to all the directors.

Article60 The Board of Directors shall urge the Company to strengthen the implementation of rectification of problems found in audit, state-owned assets regulation, etc. and the relevant problems identified by the relevant special supervisory inspections.

CHAPTER 7 SUPPORT AND SAFEGUARDS FOR THE OPERATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article61 Regulatory bodies shall provide guidance to the Board members on the effective performance of their duties through meetings, documents, training and other means. The Company shall arrange the participation of external directors according to the needs of the work.

Article62 The management and all employees are obliged to provide support and service to the Board of Directors and its special committees, shall establish the Work Programme on Performance Security for External Directors, specifies the functional departments that provide work support to the special committees of the Board of Directors, reasonably arranges the research and training required for external directors to perform their duties, works with external directors to undertake special inspections, and provides necessary office, business travel etc. services to protect

external directors.

Article63 In addition to the special provisions of the state, the Company shall establish electronic office system to external directors, provide industry development information, reform and development, production and operation information, financial data and other relevant important information of the Company, and provide access for external directors to relevant documents in a timely manner. The information and data supplied by the Company must be complete and reliable. The Company shall respond to the consultation and questions from the Board of Directors and directors promptly and thoroughly. External directors shall be invited to attend important meetings such as the Company's work meetings for the year and the first half of the year, strategy seminars or evaluation meetings.

Article64 The Company shall have one (1) Secretary to the Board, who shall be accountable to the Company and the Board of Directors. The Secretary to the Board shall be a senior management personnel of the Company, nominated by the chairman of the Board of Directors, appointed or dismissed by the Board. The Secretary to the Board of the Company shall be served as "company secretary" required to employ in accordance with the Listing Rules at the same time. The Board should not deal with the appointment or dismissal of the Secretary to the Board with a written resolution. The Secretary to the Board of Directors should have expertise in finance, management and law necessary for performing duties and relevant work experience, devote sufficient time and energy to perform his/her duties, and generally be a full-time employee.

Article65 The Secretary to the Board of Directors performs his/her duties as stipulated under the Articles of Association and shall attend the meeting of the Board, the general manager office and other

important decision-making meetings, as well as the meetings of the special committees of the Board of Directors.

Article66 The Board of Directors sets up the Board Work Department to act as the working body of the Board of Directors, which shall be led by the Secretary to the Board. The Board Work Department is responsible for preparing meetings of the Board, providing support and services for the operation of the Board of Directors. The Board Work Department shall be equipped with full-time employees.

CHAPTER 8 EXPENDITURES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article67 The Company provides expenditures for the Board. The Secretary to the Board is responsible for organizing the preparation of the annual budget for the Board, which shall be included in the annual management of the Company upon approval by the chairman of Board of Directors.

Article68 Pursuant to the remuneration standards of the directors as approved in the shareholders' general meeting, work subsidy of the directors, basic salary, meeting allowance, liability insurance fees, and other benefits (if any) shall be included in the annual budget of the Company.

Article69 The expenditures of the Board are utilized as follows:

- (1) Expenses of the meetings of the Board and the special committees;
- (2) Costs and expenses for relevant training, learning, research, office and travelling of the directors performing duties;

- (3) Engagement of professional advisers by the directors and the special committees for the purpose of performing duties, consulting fees for intermediaries;
- (4) Funds for various activities arranged under the name of the Board and other expenditures of the Board.

Article70 Expenditures of the Board are conducted in compliance with the financial management and the provisions for reimbursement of the Company.

CHAPTER 9 SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

Article71 These Rules are formulated by the Board of Directors and shall come into effect upon the adoption by the shareholders' meeting. Any amendments to these Rules shall be proposed by the Board of Directors in the form of an amendment proposal, and shall come into effect upon adoption by the shareholders' meeting. The original Working Rules of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be abolished on the same date when these Rules become effective.

Article72 These Rules and any relevant matters that are not covered shall be implemented in accordance with the Company Law, the Listing Rules, the Articles of Association, the Corporate Governance Code and relevant provisions and amendments and updates from time to time of domestic and overseas regulatory bodies; in case of any inconformity between them and these Rules, the Company Law, the Listing Rules, the Articles of Association, the Corporate Governance Code or applicable laws and regulations shall be implemented.

Article73 The shareholders' meeting hereby authorizes that the right to interpret these Rules shall rest with the Board of Directors.