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LONGFOR GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

龍湖集團控股有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 960)

**UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

- Consolidated revenue of the Company for the first half of 2026 (“**1H2026**”) was RMB39.80 billion. Among that, revenue of property development was RMB26.10 billion; revenue of property operation was RMB7.30 billion; revenue of property service was RMB6.40 billion. Total revenue from property operation and property service increased by 3.2% year-on-year (“**YOY**”) to RMB13.70 billion, and represented 34.4% of total consolidated revenue.
- In 1H2026, profit attributable to owners of the Company was RMB1.96 billion. Excluding effects of fair value changes of investment properties and other derivative financial instruments, core net profit attributable to owners of the Company was RMB64 million. The core net profit of property operation and property service maintained steady growth, and the property operation and property service has been the key contributors to the Group’s core net profit.
- In 1H2026, basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company was RMB0.29. Excluding effects of fair value changes of investment properties and other derivative financial instruments, core basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company was RMB0.009. The Board resolved not to distribute interim dividend for 2026.
- As of 30 June 2026, the consolidated total borrowing of the Company was RMB147.12 billion, representing a decrease of RMB5.69 billion as compared to the end of last year. Cash in hand was RMB24.88 billion, and the equity attributable to the owners of the Company was RMB165.16 billion. The net debt to equity ratio (net debt divided by total equity) was 52.0%, the average finance cost was 3.36% per annum.

INTERIM RESULTS

The board of directors (the “**Board**”) of Longfor Group Holdings Limited (the “**Company**” or “**Longfor**”) is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “**Group**” or the “**Longfor Group**”) for the six months ended June 30, 2026 with comparative figures for the preceding corresponding period as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

		Six months ended June 30,	
		2026	2025
	NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Revenue	3	39,795,243	58,750,323
Cost of sales		<u>(35,371,697)</u>	<u>(51,327,981)</u>
Gross profit		4,423,546	7,422,342
Other income	4	136,932	236,882
Other gains and losses	5	(263,725)	(200,132)
Lease liability charges		(358,314)	(395,917)
Change in fair value of investment properties		3,005,712	2,819,775
Change in fair value of other derivative financial instruments		10,764	89,410
Selling and marketing expenses		(1,216,947)	(1,526,402)
Administrative expenses		(1,535,157)	(1,710,438)
Finance costs	6	(67,904)	(84,088)
Share of results of associates		(53,164)	(136,855)
Share of results of joint ventures		<u>(211,024)</u>	<u>(127,902)</u>
Profit before taxation		3,870,719	6,386,675
Income tax expense	7	<u>(1,530,244)</u>	<u>(2,438,429)</u>
Profit for the period	8	<u>2,340,475</u>	<u>3,948,246</u>
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		1,961,420	3,215,852
Non-controlling interests		<u>379,055</u>	<u>732,394</u>
		<u>2,340,475</u>	<u>3,948,246</u>

		Six months ended June 30,	
		2026	2025
<i>NOTE</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Other comprehensive (expense) income:			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Fair value (losses) gains on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”)		<u>(70,049)</u>	<u>62,734</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Net fair value losses on hedging instruments		(579,837)	(333,592)
Gains on hedging instruments reclassified to profit or loss		<u>423,885</u>	<u>133,210</u>
		<u>(155,952)</u>	<u>(200,382)</u>
Total other comprehensive expense		<u>(226,001)</u>	<u>(137,648)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>2,114,474</u>	<u>3,810,598</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		1,735,419	3,078,204
Non-controlling interests		<u>379,055</u>	<u>732,394</u>
		<u>2,114,474</u>	<u>3,810,598</u>
Earnings per share, in RMB cents			
Basic	10	<u>28.5</u>	<u>47.7</u>
Diluted	10	<u>28.4</u>	<u>47.6</u>

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AT JUNE 30, 2026

	At June 30, 2026	At December 31, 2025
<i>NOTE</i>	<i>RMB'000</i> (unaudited)	<i>RMB'000</i> (audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investment properties	227,192,182	224,058,628
Property, plant and equipment	1,772,663	1,768,466
Right-of-use assets	550,273	574,287
Goodwill	3,834,757	3,834,757
Intangible assets	1,490,419	1,599,077
Interests in associates	12,051,432	12,922,891
Interests in joint ventures	16,799,183	16,615,697
Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI	4,355,344	4,450,428
Derivative financial instruments	124,725	313,335
Deferred taxation assets	12,916,403	13,242,632
	<u>281,087,381</u>	<u>279,380,198</u>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Derivative financial instruments	17,803	–
Inventories of properties	157,503,220	176,866,197
Other inventories	58,569	53,093
Deposits paid for acquisition of properties held for development	1,256,514	1,874,121
Accounts and other receivables, deposits and prepayments	11 20,807,690	22,026,689
Contract cost	1,733,186	1,837,604
Amounts due from non-controlling interests	55,448,835	59,599,688
Amounts due from associates	2,119,379	3,260,332
Amounts due from joint ventures	8,550,732	8,279,752
Taxation recoverable	12,252,419	13,483,570
Pledged bank deposits	1,687,242	1,839,177
Bank balances and cash	23,196,042	27,361,936
	<u>284,631,631</u>	<u>316,482,159</u>

		At June 30, 2026 <i>RMB'000</i> (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 <i>RMB'000</i> (audited)
	<i>NOTE</i>		
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables and accrued charges	12	49,022,394	51,242,976
Contract liabilities		57,312,289	73,127,537
Amounts due to non-controlling interests		10,011,112	10,648,550
Amounts due to associates		5,991,666	6,011,501
Amounts due to joint ventures		8,417,140	8,237,303
Taxation payable		16,491,862	20,259,446
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		–	54,069
Lease liabilities – due within one year		1,178,319	1,319,338
Bank and other borrowings – due within one year		14,311,261	15,794,719
Other derivative financial instrument		1,435	13,681
Senior notes – due within one year		1,542,389	–
Derivative financial instruments		20,098	–
		<u>164,299,965</u>	<u>186,709,120</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>120,331,666</u>	<u>129,773,039</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>401,419,047</u>	<u>409,153,237</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital		620,482	615,595
Reserves		164,540,287	162,194,258
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		165,160,769	162,809,853
Non-controlling interests		69,913,182	74,192,698
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>235,073,951</u>	<u>237,002,551</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL		–	18,200
Lease liabilities – due after one year		10,411,463	11,811,961
Bank and other borrowings – due after one year		123,771,432	127,694,240
Senior notes – due after one year		7,495,492	9,320,357
Derivative financial instruments		606,066	217,134
Other derivative financial instruments		–	2,059
Deferred taxation liabilities		24,060,643	23,086,735
		<u>166,345,096</u>	<u>172,150,686</u>
		<u>401,419,047</u>	<u>409,153,237</u>

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Listing Rules**”).

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as appropriate.

Other than additional accounting policies resulting from application of amendments to an IFRS Accounting Standard, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2026 are the same as those presented in the Group’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Application of amendments to an IFRS Accounting Standard

In the current interim period, the Group has applied the following amendments to an IFRS Accounting Standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group’s annual period beginning on January 1, 2026 for the preparation of the Group’s condensed consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity
Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards	Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11

The application of the amendments to an IFRS Accounting Standard in the current interim period has had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group determines its operating segments based on internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) (i.e., the executive directors of the Company) in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

The Group is organised into business units based on their types of activities, based on which information is prepared and reported to the Group’s CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance. The Group’s operating segments under IFRS 8 *Operating Segments* are identified as the following three main operations:

- Property development: this segment represents the development and sales of office premises, commercial and residential properties. The Group’s activities in this regard are carried out in the PRC.
- Property operation: this segment represents the lease of investment properties, which are self-developed or under subleases by the Group to generate rental income and to gain from the appreciation in the properties’ values in the long term. Currently, the Group’s investment property portfolio mainly comprises shopping malls and rental housing and are all located in the PRC.
- Property service: this segment mainly represents the income generated from property management and entrusted construction and others. Currently the Group’s activities in this regard are carried out in the PRC.

(a) Segment results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Company’s executive directors monitor the revenue and results attributable to each operating segment base on the followings:

Segment assets include all tangible assets, intangible assets and current assets directly attributable to each segment with the exception of deposits paid for acquisition of properties held for development, interests in associates and joint ventures, equity instruments designated at FVTOCI, deferred taxation assets, taxation recoverable, derivative financial instruments and other corporate assets. Other corporate assets are not allocated to the operating segments because they are head office assets or assets which are managed centrally by the Group. The investment properties included in segment assets are stated at cost when assessed by the CODM.

Segment liabilities include accounts payables and accrued expenditure on construction, lease liabilities, contract liabilities, deferred consideration payable and financial liabilities at FVTPL but exclude taxation payable, deferred taxation liabilities, bank and other borrowings, senior notes, derivative financial instruments, other derivative financial instruments and other corporate liabilities. Other corporate liabilities are not allocated to the operating segment because they are head office liabilities or liabilities which are managed on a group basis.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the operating segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is adjusted earnings before interest, other income, other gains and losses, taxes, depreciation and amortisation, share of results of associates and joint ventures, change in fair value of investment properties and upon transfer to investment properties, change in fair value of other derivative financial instruments and finance costs (“**Adjusted Earnings**”), where “interest” includes investment income and “depreciation” includes impairment losses on non-current assets. To arrive at Adjusted Earnings, the segment earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as directors’ and auditor’s remuneration and other head office or corporate administration costs.

For the measurement of segment assets and results, property, plant and equipment and certain right-of-use assets are allocated to segments while their corresponding depreciation and amortisation are not allocated to segments.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning segment profit, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment sales). Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar service.

Information regarding the Group’s operating and reportable segments is set out below.

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (unaudited)			
	Property	Property	Property	Total
	development	operation	service	
	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 1)	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 2)	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 3)	
Revenue from external customers	26,095,048	7,301,210	6,398,985	39,795,243
Inter-segment revenue	—	—	2,093,221	2,093,221
Segment revenue	<u>26,095,048</u>	<u>7,301,210</u>	<u>8,492,206</u>	<u>41,888,464</u>
Segment (loss) profit (Adjusted Earnings)	<u>(4,114,162)</u>	<u>4,558,394</u>	<u>2,404,052</u>	<u>2,848,284</u>
	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (unaudited)			
	Property	Property	Property	Total
	development	operation	service	
	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 1)	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 2)	<i>RMB’000</i> (Note 3)	
Revenue from external customers	45,478,268	7,008,234	6,263,821	58,750,323
Inter-segment revenue	—	—	2,741,888	2,741,888
Segment revenue	<u>45,478,268</u>	<u>7,008,234</u>	<u>9,005,709</u>	<u>61,492,211</u>
Segment (loss) profit (Adjusted Earnings)	<u>(1,182,231)</u>	<u>4,126,116</u>	<u>2,556,138</u>	<u>5,500,023</u>

Notes:

1. All of the Group's revenue from property development is recognised at a point in time.
2. All of the revenue from property operation is recognised over time.
3. During the period ended June 30, 2026, the amount of revenue from property service recognised at a point in time and recognised over time are RMB780,002,000 (June 30, 2025: RMB659,883,000) and RMB5,618,983,000 (June 30, 2025: RMB5,603,938,000) respectively.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning segment profit, the CODM is provided with information concerning the Group's consolidated amount of interests in associates and related share of results, interests in joint ventures and related share of results, changes in fair value of investment properties, change in fair value of other derivative financial instruments, other income, other gains and losses, finance costs from borrowings, depreciation and amortisation and impairment losses (if any) which are not allocated to operating segments.

(b) Reconciliations of segment revenue and profit or loss

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Revenue		
Segment revenue	41,888,464	61,492,211
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	(2,093,221)	(2,741,888)
Consolidated revenue	<u>39,795,243</u>	<u>58,750,323</u>
Profit		
Segment profit	2,848,284	5,500,023
Other income	136,932	236,882
Other gains and losses	(263,725)	(200,132)
Change in fair value of investment properties	3,005,712	2,819,775
Change in fair value of other derivative financial instruments	10,764	89,410
Finance costs	(67,904)	(84,088)
Share of results of associates	(53,164)	(136,855)
Share of results of joint ventures	(211,024)	(127,902)
Depreciation and amortization	(177,532)	(174,778)
Unallocated expenses	(1,357,624)	(1,535,660)
Consolidated profit before taxation	<u>3,870,719</u>	<u>6,386,675</u>

(c) Revenue from major product and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from its properties sold, properties self-developed or under subleases and services provided:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Property development segment	26,095,048	45,478,268
Property service	6,398,985	6,263,821
Revenue from contract with customers	32,494,033	51,742,089
Rental income	7,301,210	7,008,234
Total revenue	39,795,243	58,750,323

(d) Segment assets

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets by operating and reportable segment:

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2026	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Property development	167,288,102	189,284,653
Property operation	176,935,825	177,146,590
Property service	12,562,642	11,900,520
Total segment assets	356,786,569	378,331,763
Cumulative change in fair value of investment properties	57,825,820	53,931,305
Interests in associates	12,051,432	12,922,891
Interests in joint ventures	16,799,183	16,615,697
Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI	4,355,344	4,450,428
Deposits paid for acquisition of properties held for development	1,256,514	1,874,121
Deferred taxation assets	12,916,403	13,242,632
Derivative financial instruments	142,528	313,335
Taxation recoverable	12,252,419	13,483,570
Unallocated head office and other assets	91,332,800	100,696,615
Consolidated total assets	565,719,012	595,862,357

(e) **Segment liabilities**

The following is an analysis of the Group's liabilities by operating and reportable segment:

	At June 30, 2026 RMB'000 (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 RMB'000 (audited)
Property development	82,324,564	99,248,209
Property operation	18,502,558	19,490,215
Property service	3,742,257	4,878,518
Total segment liabilities	104,569,379	123,616,942
Taxation payable	16,491,862	20,259,446
Deferred taxation liabilities	24,060,643	23,086,735
Bank and other borrowings	138,082,693	143,488,959
Senior notes	9,037,881	9,320,357
Derivative financial instruments	626,164	217,134
Other derivative financial instruments	1,435	15,740
Unallocated head office and other liabilities	37,775,004	38,854,493
Consolidated total liabilities	330,645,061	358,859,806

4. **OTHER INCOME**

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000 (unaudited)
Interest income	60,812	120,631
Government subsidies (<i>Note a</i>)	30,840	29,952
Penalty income (<i>Note b</i>)	9,804	8,151
Consultancy income (<i>Note c</i>)	35,121	64,458
Sundry income	355	13,690
Total	136,932	236,882

Notes:

- (a) The amount represents the grants received from the relevant PRC local government to encourage the investments in specific regions. The subsidies are unconditional and granted on a discretionary basis to the Group during the period.
- (b) It represents penalty received from property buyers who do not execute sales and purchase agreements on property sales and from tenants who early terminated tenancy agreements.
- (c) The amount represents the consultancy services provided to the Group's joint ventures, associates and independent third parties in relation to the property development projects.

5. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Gains on disposal and written off of property, plant and equipment	3,603	40,253
Net exchange gains (<i>Note</i>)	423,895	133,224
Reclassification of fair value losses of hedging instruments from hedging reserve	(423,885)	(133,210)
Losses on disposal of subsidiaries	(74,829)	(70,416)
Others	(192,509)	(169,983)
	<u>(263,725)</u>	<u>(200,132)</u>

Note: It represents exchange difference arising from translation of bank balances, bank borrowings and senior notes either denominated in foreign currencies of Hong Kong Dollar (“**HKD**”) or United States Dollar (“**USD**”).

6. FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Interest on bank and other borrowings	(2,346,107)	(2,800,390)
Interest expense on senior notes	(190,166)	(196,903)
	<u>(2,536,273)</u>	<u>(2,997,293)</u>
Less: Amount capitalised to properties under development for sales and investment properties under development	2,468,369	2,913,205
	<u>(67,904)</u>	<u>(84,088)</u>

Borrowing costs capitalised arose on the general borrowing pool of the Group and were calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 3.36% (six months ended June 30, 2025: 3.58%) per annum for the six months ended June 30, 2026 to expenditure on the qualifying assets.

7. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Current tax		
PRC Enterprise Income Tax (“EIT”)	(97,585)	(527,844)
Hong Kong Profits Tax	(1,456)	(9,811)
Withholding tax on distributed earnings	(4,375)	(21,375)
Land Appreciation Tax (“LAT”)	(482,488)	(767,705)
	(585,904)	(1,326,735)
Overprovision in prior periods		
EIT	23,237	–
LAT (<i>Note</i>)	155,306	175,410
	(407,361)	(1,151,325)
Deferred taxation		
Current period	(1,122,883)	(1,287,104)
	(1,530,244)	(2,438,429)

Note: The actual appreciation amount of certain property projects had been finalised in the current period and the development plan for certain property projects had been revised in which the revised estimated or final appreciation amount was different with the appreciation amount made in prior periods, resulting in an overprovision of LAT in respect of prior periods.

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits.

Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the “EIT Law”) and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both periods.

Certain of the Company’s subsidiaries operating in the PRC are eligible for exemption from PRC EIT for both periods.

8. PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

Six months ended June 30,	
2026	2025
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
(unaudited)	(unaudited)

Profit for the period has been arrived at after charging:

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	50,157	56,528
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	18,722	15,383
Amortisation of intangible assets	108,653	102,867

9. DIVIDENDS

Six months ended June 30,	
2026	2025
<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
(unaudited)	(unaudited)

Dividends recognised as distribution during the period:

Final dividend recognised in respect of 2025 of nil

(six months ended June 30, 2025: Final dividend

recognised in respect of 2024 of RMB0.10) per share

<u>–</u>	<u>698,718</u>
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In respect of the interim dividend for the period ended June 30, 2025, RMB112,025,000 has been paid in cash and the remaining portion has been settled in form of 55,771,336 new fully paid shares of the Company on April 30, 2026.

The directors of the Company have resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Board resolved not to recommend the payment of an interim dividend in respect of the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025: RMB489,103,000, representing RMB0.07 per share).

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Earnings attributable to the owners of the Company for the purposes of calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share	<u>1,961,420</u>	<u>3,215,852</u>
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	'000	'000
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Number of shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculation of basic earnings per share	6,888,559	6,744,356
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of share awards	<u>24,280</u>	<u>18,045</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculation of diluted earnings per share	<u>6,912,839</u>	<u>6,762,401</u>

The weighted average number of ordinary shares adopted in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for both periods have been arrived at after deducting the shares held in trust for the Company by two independent trustees under the share award scheme of the Company.

During the period ended June 30, 2026, certain share award schemes are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

11. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

Trade receivables are mainly arisen from sales of properties, property operation and rendering of services. Considerations in respect of sales of properties are paid by customers in accordance with the terms of the related sales and purchase agreements. For property operation, rental income are paid by tenants within two months from invoice date in accordance with the terms in the tenancy agreements. Service income is received in accordance with the terms of the relevant service agreements.

	At June 30, 2026 RMB'000 (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 RMB'000 (audited)
Trade receivables (<i>Note a</i>)		
– Contract with customers	5,590,571	4,801,302
– Rental	109,763	140,042
	<u>5,700,334</u>	4,941,344
Other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful debts (<i>Note b</i>)	4,845,817	6,033,620
Advances to contractors	1,675,089	1,819,954
Prepaid value added tax and other taxes	8,575,833	9,221,724
Prepayments and utilities deposits	10,617	10,047
	<u>20,807,690</u>	<u>22,026,689</u>

Notes:

- (a) The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period based on the dates of delivery of goods and dates of demand notes:

	At June 30, 2026 RMB'000 (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 RMB'000 (audited)
Within 60 days	3,645,172	3,135,966
61 – 180 days	1,313,148	908,401
181 – 365 days	205,926	378,663
1 – 2 years	174,068	466,499
2 – 3 years	399,289	38,133
Over 3 years	22,731	13,682
	<u>5,700,334</u>	<u>4,941,344</u>

- (b) Other receivables mainly comprise rental deposits, receivables of refund of the deposits for land auctions, deposits for construction work, temporary payments and miscellaneous project-related deposits paid which are refundable within one year.

12. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED CHARGES

	At June 30, 2026 <i>RMB'000</i> (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 <i>RMB'000</i> (audited)
Trade payables and accrued expenditure on construction (<i>Note a</i>)	35,491,218	37,168,552
Dividend payables	31,043	537,205
Other payables and accrued charges (<i>Note b</i>)	12,225,735	11,956,052
Value added tax payables	1,098,307	1,463,882
Consideration payable for business combination	176,091	117,285
	<u>49,022,394</u>	<u>51,242,976</u>

Notes:

- (a) Trade payables and accrued expenditure on construction comprise construction costs and other project-related expenses which are payable based on project progress certified by the Group. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within in the credit timeframe.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, at the end of the reporting period:

	At June 30, 2026 <i>RMB'000</i> (unaudited)	At December 31, 2025 <i>RMB'000</i> (audited)
Within 60 days	6,843,482	7,209,766
61 – 180 days	5,874,607	6,168,574
181 – 365 days	5,212,978	5,246,477
1 – 2 years	1,834,171	2,036,348
2 – 3 years	1,524,443	1,530,974
Over 3 years	599,015	592,184
	<u>21,888,696</u>	<u>22,784,323</u>

- (b) Other payables and accrued charges comprise mainly tax received and payable to the government on behalf of customers, accrued salaries and accrued staff welfare.

CHAIRMAN’S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to our shareholders the half-year business review and outlook of Longfor Group Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, collectively the “**Group**”) for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

During the first half of 2026, China’s economy maintained steady growth, supported by the rapid development of new growth drivers. The real estate sector continued to bottom out, shifting away from scale-driven expansion towards a greater focus on operational capabilities and existing assets. Against this backdrop, Longfor Group has remained focused on strengthening its core business foundation and cultivating new growth drivers, laying a solid foundation for the Company’s future development and building key momentum.

We fully understand that amid heightened market volatility, it is all the more critical to uphold prudence and restraint. Adhering to the strict financial discipline of “zero payment defaults, zero extensions and zero breaches”, we are building a strong reputation for creditworthiness while continuously optimizing our financial structure. By the end of the first half of 2026, the Group reduced its interest-bearing debt to RMB147.1 billion, with bank financing accounting for 91% and the average financing cost further declining to 3.36%. Our operating cash flow, after capital expenditures, remained positive, supporting the steady reduction of debt. Meanwhile, our business segments have gradually established a development model driven by positive operating cash flow. Our continuously strengthened financing and cash management mechanism serves as a core bulwark to withstand industry volatility and navigate through the industry cycle.

Meanwhile, we are deeply aware that declining new home sales and persistent inventory pressures pose severe challenges to our development business. In response, proactive measures have been taken to accelerate destocking, optimize land reserves, and revitalize existing assets. Concurrently, guided by our value system of “Excellent Community, Excellent Neighborhood, Excellent Home, and Excellent Service,” we honor our commitments to customers through high-quality delivery, an approach that is an inevitable step in advancing strategic transformation in this new phase.

Driven by the combined momentum of goods consumption and service experiences, our investment property operation and property service segments achieved steady growth. As each business segment continued to evolve around its respective positioning while supporting one another, they unlocked greater value and enabled the Group to advance toward a new stage of development.

Amid strong service consumption, product upgrades and active experiential consumption, Longfor Commercial's occupancy rate rose to a robust 97.4% during the first half of 2026, while overall rental income increased by 8.7% and same-store growth reached 2.7%, with steady growth in both retail sales and average daily customer traffic. We have stayed committed to "revitalizing existing assets through renewal," increasing capital investment since last year to advance shopping mall renovations in Chongqing, Beijing, Suzhou, Shanghai, and other cities. Leveraging original IPs such as "Paradise Walk's Temple Fair," we have deepened content operations to transform temporary traffic into lasting customer retention. With multiple shopping malls set to open in the second half of 2026, we will uphold the high standard of "getting it right from day one," meet consumer demand through diverse scenarios, and continue to deliver long-term value.

Our asset management segment has proactively optimized its asset structure. Though short-term revenue is under pressure, such moves are building momentum for sound future growth. Existing assets recorded steady improvements through renovation, renewal, and refined operations. Newly launched heavy-asset projects this year cover multiple formats, including the rental housing brand "Goyoo", the dynamic commercial pedestrian precinct brand "Hybrid Space", and the healthcare and senior living brand "Ever Spring". These new product lines are more competitive. We have also leveraged the advantages of our diversified formats to steadily expand end-to-end asset management services externally, with partnerships established for multiple light-asset projects.

Our property services segment remained committed to quality growth, achieving revenue of RMB5.65 billion during the first half of 2026, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.3%, while further strengthening its long-term and resilient business model. Leveraging the HALO Smart Space Management Platform and AI agents, we have further advanced our "key account" strategy while maintaining a stable scale. End-to-end "asset management + property management" services have been expanded to cover multiple projects in Chongqing, Chengdu, Hangzhou, and other cities. Through these initiatives, Longfor Intelligent Living has further consolidated its service foundation in an era focused on existing assets.

Our smart construction segment maintained positive momentum. Longfor Smart Construction leverages full-cycle development management and quality control systems to continuously provide professional urban development and construction services. During the first half of 2026, sales of projects under construction management reached RMB11.2 billion, while client satisfaction reached 98%, with multiple projects becoming benchmarks in their respective regions. In the face of intensifying industry competition, Longfor Smart Construction is focused on “making every project a success” and continues to create value for clients through smart construction capabilities.

Upholding a customer-centric approach and leveraging our “One Longfor” ecosystem, we are working to integrate services across all business segments. Specifically, the “Longfor” App brings together information on member benefits, services, and activities, while “Longzhu” points connect multiple business scenarios, including living, shopping, renting, property services, and healthcare. Our members can enjoy benefits and redeem points across the entire Longfor ecosystem, with products and services accessible across all business segments.

The second half of the industry cycle is ultimately a test of stamina and resolve. We have resolutely embraced a more arduous, yet more grounded path, building our foundation on credibility and delivering growth through our capabilities. Longfor Group will stand firm amid market swings, gather momentum through transformation, and march toward a promising future with steady steps.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers, and the wider community for your continued support.

Longfor Group Holdings Limited
Chen Xuping
Chairman

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

From January to June 2026, revenue from property development business of the Group was RMB26.10 billion. The Group delivered 2.179 million square meters of property in total gross floor area (GFA) terms. Recognized average selling price was RMB11,975 per square meter in 2026.

Table 1: Breakdown of property development revenue of the Group from January to June 2026

Region	Revenue		Total GFA	
	January to June	January to June	January to June	January to June
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	RMB million	RMB million	'000 Sqm	'000 Sqm
Yangtze River Delta	8,353	19,082	439	1,010
Western China	6,362	9,074	655	858
Pan Bohai Rim	5,473	8,880	661	908
Southern China	4,065	6,094	301	517
Central China	1,842	2,348	123	234
Total	26,095	45,478	2,179	3,527

From January to June 2026, the Group achieved contracted sales of RMB16.55 billion. The Group sold 1.750 million square meters in total GFA. Average selling price of GFA sold was RMB9,460 per square meter. Contracted sales from Pan Bohai Rim, western China, Yangtze River Delta, southern China and central China were RMB5.35 billion, RMB4.68 billion, RMB3.59 billion, RMB2.00 billion and RMB0.93 billion respectively, accounting for 32.3%, 28.3%, 21.7%, 12.1% and 5.6% of the contracted sales of the Group, respectively.

Table 2: Details of contracted sales of the Group from January to June 2026

Region	Contracted Sales		Total GFA	
	January to June	January to June	January to June	January to June
	2026	2025	2026	2025
	RMB million	RMB million	'000 Sqm	'000 Sqm
Pan Bohai Rim	5,347	8,228	616	687
Western China	4,687	9,825	524	782
Yangtze River Delta	3,592	9,293	310	563
Southern China	1,997	4,206	175	303
Central China	927	3,458	125	279
Total	16,550	35,010	1,750	2,614

As at June 30, 2026, the Group had sold but unrecognized contracted sales of RMB83.8 billion (with an area of approximately 7.34 million square meters).

PROPERTY OPERATION

The Group has been intensifying the management of its properties based on its coverage in first and second-tier cities in China. Currently, the property operation business of the Group are mainly commercial investments and assets management. For commercial investments, the Group has adhered to its strategy of asset light and asset heavy model while steadily facilitating its presence in core cities. Urban shopping malls under the brand name of “Paradise Walk” is the main product line. For assets management, it encompasses six major divisions, including rental housing branded as “Goyoo”, dynamic commercial pedestrian precinct branded as “Hybrid Space”, serviced apartment branded as “Hsiafei Mansion”, industrial office branded as “Blue Engine”, maternity and children’s hospital branded as “Youyou Baobei”, and healthcare and senior living branded as “Ever Spring” with an aim to offer customers more diverse products and services. In particular, “Goyoo”, the rental housing, aiming to provide new generations with comprehensive rental housing services, has commenced operation in several high-magnitude cities such as Beijing, Shanghai, Guangzhou, Shenzhen, Chengdu, Hangzhou, Chongqing, Wuhan and Nanjing.

From January to June 2026, the income of the Group's property operation business was RMB7.30 billion, representing an increase of 4.2% as compared to last year. The rental income from commercial investments and asset management accounted for 81.9% and 18.1% of the total rental income respectively. As at June 30, 2026, the Group has shopping malls totaling 10.39 million square meters in GFA (13.86 million square meters in GFA including parking space) that had commenced operation with income of RMB5.98 billion recorded, representing a growth of 8.7% as compared to last year. The occupancy rate of the shopping malls at the end of the period was 97.4%. Rental housing are constantly being iterated, boasting a leading position in the industry in terms of its scales with the occupancy rate of 94.9% at the end of the period. The occupancy rate of the portions of rental housing which have commenced operation for more than six months was 96.2%.

Due to the rental increase of shopping malls in operation, continuous investments in shopping malls under construction and the development of rental housing Goyoo, the valuation gain of investment properties of the Group amounted to RMB3.01 billion from January to June 2026.

PROPERTY SERVICE

The Group has continued to improve its service capability and service chain. Currently, the Group's property service business mainly comprises property management service and smart construction. Property management service mainly includes five major divisions, namely residential property services, commercial property services, home decoration, selected products, and house rental and sales, covering 13 business types, including residential, commercial, office, industrial parks, corporate headquarters, urban services, hospitals and public venues. Smart construction integrates the Group's full industry development experience and digital technology capabilities, leveraging on the synergies of the core businesses to offer customers with full-industry, full-cycle, digital "one-stop solutions", which mainly comprise product and service modules, including planning & design, construction management and smart decoration.

From January to June 2026, the total income generated from the property service business of the Group was RMB6.40 billion, representing an increase of 2.2% as compared to last year. From January to June 2026, the income from property management service was RMB5.65 billion, representing an increase of 2.3% as compared with last year. Smart construction business recorded an income of RMB653 million, representing an increase of 3.3% as compared with last year, it has spread to Beijing, Shanghai, Chengdu, Chongqing, Xi'an, Hangzhou and other core first and second tier cities, and it has continued to focus on deep cultivation and achieve high-quality development.

COST CONTROL

From January to June 2026, benefiting from the Group's continuous focus on organization and business efficiency improvement, the administrative expenses of the Group decreased by 10.2% from RMB1.71 billion for the corresponding period last year to RMB1.54 billion. The selling expenses decreased by 20.3% from RMB1.53 billion for the corresponding period last year to RMB1.22 billion.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense includes PRC enterprise income tax and land appreciation tax. From January to June 2026, the enterprise income tax expense and land appreciation tax of the Group were RMB1.20 billion and RMB327 million, respectively. The total income tax expenses for the period amounted to RMB1.53 billion.

PROFITABILITY

From January to June 2026, the Group's core net profit margin was 0.19%, and core net profit margin attributable to owners of the Company was 0.16%.

LAND BANK REPLENISHMENT

As at June 30, 2026, the Group's total land bank was 20.11 million square meters or 16.05 million square meters on an attributable basis. The average unit land cost was RMB3,633 per square meter. In terms of regional breakdown, the land bank in Pan Bohai Rim, western China, central China, Yangtze River Delta and southern China accounted for 43.2%, 29.1%, 11.3%, 10.0% and 6.4% of total land bank, respectively.

From January to June 2026, the Group acquired new land bank with total GFA of 337,000 square meters or 337,000 square meters on an attributable basis. Average cost of acquisition on an attributable basis was RMB4,147 per square meter. In terms of regional breakdown, the newly acquired area in Pan Bohai Rim, Yangtze River Delta and western China accounted for 64.1%, 19.9% and 16.0% of the total GFA of the newly acquired land bank, respectively.

The geographic spread of the land bank of the Group was as follows:

Table 3: Breakdown of the land bank of the Group

Region	Total GFA <i>'000 sqm</i>	% of Total	Attributable GFA <i>'000 sqm</i>	% of Total
Pan Bohai Rim	8,682	43.2%	7,960	49.6%
Western China	5,853	29.1%	4,252	26.5%
Central China	2,279	11.3%	1,539	9.6%
Yangtze River Delta	2,002	10.0%	1,407	8.8%
Southern China	1,295	6.4%	887	5.5%
	<u>20,111</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>16,045</u>	<u>100%</u>

Table 4: Land acquisitions from January to June 2026

Region	Project	City	Attributable Interest <i>%</i>	Total GFA <i>'000 sqm</i>	Attributable GFA <i>'000 sqm</i>
Pan Bohai Rim	Jiaozhou Haomen Plot – Residential	Qingdao	100%	109	109
	Jiaozhou Haomen Plot – Commercial	Qingdao	100%	10	10
	Cotton-Linen Textile Factory Plot – Residential	Dalian	100%	92	92
	Cotton-Linen Textile Factory Plot – Commercial	Dalian	100%	5	5
	Subtotal			<u>216</u>	<u>216</u>
Yangtze River Delta	Xinwu District Boxiwei Plot	Wuxi	100%	67	67
	Subtotal			<u>67</u>	<u>67</u>
Western China	Hongshangen Plot	Lanzhou	100%	54	54
	Subtotal			<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>
	Total			<u>337</u>	<u>337</u>

FINANCIAL POSITION

As at June 30, 2026, the Group's consolidated total borrowings amounted to RMB147.12 billion. Cash in hand was RMB24.88 billion*. Net debt to equity ratio (net debt divided by total equity) was 52.0%. Liabilities to asset ratio (ex. Pre-sale Deposits)** was 53.8%. The credit rating of the Group was BB- by Standard & Poor, B1 by Moody's, BB- by Fitch, and AAA by CCXR***.

* *Of them, regulated pre-sale funds amounted to RMB8.37 billion*

** *Liabilities to asset ratio (ex. Pre-sale Deposits) = (total liabilities – Pre-sale Deposits)/(total assets – Presale Deposits)*

*** *The ratings given by CCXR were for the rating on Chongqing Longhu Development Co., Ltd., a major subsidiary of the Company in Mainland China.*

Approximately 90.0% of the Group's total borrowings were denominated in RMB, while 10.0% were denominated in foreign currencies. The Group maintains its borrowings in foreign currencies in a low proportion with all exchange rate swap so as to control the risk in exchange losses.

Approximately RMB16.72 billion of the Group's consolidated borrowings were with fixed interest rates ranging from 3.4% to 4.5% per annum, depending on the term of the loans, and the other loans were quoted at floating rates. As of June 30, 2026, the fixed interest debt as a percentage of total debt was 11% (December 31, 2025: 13%).

The Group's average finance cost was 3.36% per annum. The unsecured debt as a percentage of total debt was 21.7%. The debt due within one year was RMB15.85 billion, accounting for 10.8% of total debt.

EMPLOYEES AND COMPENSATION POLICY

The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, work experience and the prevailing market wage level. The total compensation of employees consisted of base salary, cash bonus and share-based rewards. The distribution of cash bonus is assessed and determined based on a combination of factors, such as the Group's actual performance against its targets and the scores gained on the balanced scorecard of its subsidiaries.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no significant events that have material impact on the Group after June 30, 2026 and up to the date of this announcement.

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

In the first half of 2026, supported by policy measures and adjustments in demand structure, China's property market showed signs of a structural recovery. The national new home sales reached RMB3.8 trillion, representing a year-on-year decline of 13.6%. In line with the policy focus on stabilising the property sector, the industry as a whole is transitioning from incremental scale expansion to a stage of high-quality development focused on improving the quality and efficiency of existing assets.

By being committed to establishing a high-quality development model, the Group centers on its three business segments of property development, property operation and property service and firmly pursues the synergies between five major business divisions, namely property development, commercial investment, asset management, property management service, and smart construction. In the face of deep industry adjustment, the Group has consistently prioritised customer needs, continuously refined its organisational structure and maintained stable and orderly overall operations supported by a diversified business portfolio and prudent financial strategies.

In terms of property development, the Group achieved contracted sales of RMB16.55 billion during the first half of the year, with tier-1 and tier-2 cities contributing around 90%. In response to pressures in the market environment, the Group adopted a sales-driven production strategy with the aim of dynamically adjusting its supply pace for ensuring cash flow security, the consolidated cash collection ratio exceeded 100%. In the second half of 2026, the Group will continue to reduce inventory, actively revitalise existing assets, and further enhance product competitiveness.

Regarding commercial investment in the first half of the year, one new asset-light shopping mall was brought into operation. As of 30 June 2026, Longfor Commercial had 96 shopping malls in operation with an increased occupancy rate of over 97%. Thanks to ongoing investment in the renovation and upgrading of existing projects, which has revitalised the operations, commercial performance showed a steady improvement in the first half of the year. The rental income for the period was RMB5.98 billion, representing a 8.7% year-on-year increase. In the second half of the year, the Group plans to open approximately six new shopping malls in cities such as Hangzhou, Chengdu, Changsha and Kunming, adopting a balanced asset-light and asset-heavy strategy to ensure steady development.

The Group's asset management brand, "Longfor Asset Management", encompasses six core business segments: rental housing, industrial offices, serviced apartments, dynamic commercial pedestrian precinct, maternity and children's hospital, and healthcare and senior living. It generated revenue of RMB1.32 billion for the first half of the year. Among these, the rental housing brand "Goyoo" has proactively restructured its portfolio to enhance product quality and optimise its asset portfolio, generating rental income of RMB1.06 billion for the first half of the year, with a constant occupancy rate of 95% at period-end. The occupancy rate for properties that had been operational for more than six months rose to over 96% by the end of the period. As of 30 June, the dynamic commercial pedestrian precinct brand "Hybrid Space" had a total of seven projects in operation with an occupancy rate of 95%, and the healthcare and senior living branded as "Ever Spring" had a total of five projects in operation with an average occupancy rate of 96%, whilst the operational capabilities of its existing assets continued to improve.

As for property management service, Longfor Intelligent Living continued to invest in enhancing service quality and expanding its service portfolio. Revenue in the first half of the year rose by 2.3% year-on-year to RMB5.65 billion, with approximately 360 million square metres of area under management at period-end. Leveraging the "HALO Smart Space Service Platform", Longfor Intelligent Living has achieved efficient service response and precise space management, whilst strengthening its service capabilities across multi-business development and scenarios.

The Group's smart construction brand, "Longfor Smart Construction", has steadily expanded its reach to secure high-quality projects by leveraging its multi-business development experience and digital technology capabilities. In the first half of the year, revenue increased by 3.3% year-on-year to RMB653 million. With a focus on diversified space creation, Longfor Smart Construction will continue to enhance its service capabilities in areas such as planning & design, construction management and smart decoration, delivering high-quality products and services.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to solidify the financial foundation, steadily and orderly reduce its debt scale, maintain positive operating cash flow, and continue to drive steady growth in its operation and service businesses for high-quality development.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board of the Company has resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025: RMB0.07 per share).

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (including the sale of treasury shares, if any). As at June 30, 2026, the Company did not hold any treasury shares (as defined in the Listing Rules). During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the trustee of the Restricted Share Award Scheme for the Company purchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 6,929,575 shares at a total consideration of approximately RMB45,769,810 pursuant to the terms of the trust deed under the Restricted Share Award Scheme.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company recognises the importance of corporate transparency and accountability. We are committed in achieving a high standard of corporate governance and leading the Group to attain better results and enhance company value with effective corporate governance procedures. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company has adopted, applied and complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “**Code**”) contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, except with the following deviation:

Following the appointment of Mr. Chen Xuping as the Chairman of the Board with effect from October 28, 2022, Mr. Chen Xuping assumes the dual roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. This deviates from code provision C.2.1 of the Code, which requires that the roles of chairman and the chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. After evaluating the development of the Group and taking into account of the experience of Mr. Chen Xuping, the Board was of the opinion that it is in the best interest of the Company at the present stage for vesting the roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in the same person as it helps to facilitate the execution of the Group's development strategies. The Board will nevertheless review this structure from time to time in order to accommodate and facilitate the development of the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the “**Audit Committee**”) consists of three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Chan Chi On, Derek, Mr. Frederick Peter Churchouse, and Mr. Xiang Bing and is chaired by Mr. Chan Chi On, Derek. The Group’s unaudited condensed consolidated interim results for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were reviewed by the members of the Audit Committee before submission to the Board for approval.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding the Company’s securities transactions of directors (the “**Securities Code**”) on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “**Model Code**”) contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules. Having been made specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the six months ended June 30, 2026.

PUBLICATION OF RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND INTERIM REPORT

This announcement is published on the website of the Company (www.longfor.com) and the designated website for issuers of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (www.hkexnews.hk), respectively. The interim report 2026 of the Company will be dispatched to the shareholders of the Company and be available on the above websites in due course.

By Order of the Board
Longfor Group Holdings Limited
Chen Xuping
Chairman

Hong Kong, August 28, 2026

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises nine members: Mr. Chen Xuping, Mr. Zhao Yi, Mr. Zhang Xuzhong and Mr. Bao Wei who are executive directors; Ms. Sun Jiahui who is non-executive director; and Mr. Frederick Peter Churchouse, Mr. Chan Chi On, Derek, Mr. Xiang Bing and Mr. Leong Chong who are independent non-executive directors