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Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.

上海寶濟藥業股份有限公司

(A joint stock company established in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 2659)

**INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

The board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Directors**”) of Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (上海寶濟藥業股份有限公司) (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiary, the “**Group**”) is pleased to announce the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (the “**Reporting Period**”), together with the comparative figures for the six months ended June 30, 2025 (the “**Corresponding Period**”). The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the Reporting Period has been reviewed by the Board and the Audit Committee.

In this announcement, “we”, “us” and “our” refer to the Company and where the context otherwise requires, the Group. Certain amounts and percentage figures included in this announcement have been subject to rounding adjustments or have been rounded to one or two decimal places, as appropriate. Any discrepancies in any table, chart or elsewhere between totals and sums of amounts listed therein are due to rounding.

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this announcement, we continued rapidly advancing the development of our drug pipeline. The following is a summary of our key historical and current milestones and achievements:

Progress of Our Products

Progress of Core Products

- *KJ017 (Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase)*
 - KJ017 is a highly glycosylated recombinant human hyaluronidase that can specifically degrade hyaluronic acid in subcutaneous tissue and temporarily and locally increase the permeability of the extracellular matrix in subcutaneous tissue, thereby enabling safe, rapid and large-volume subcutaneous administration and providing a new option to address drug administration challenges for patients with difficult intravenous access. Compared with conventional animal-derived hyaluronidase, which carries a risk of allergic reactions, requires skin testing prior to use, and is subject to inconsistent quality between batches, KJ017 adopts recombinant gene technology and, through a controlled manufacturing process, can achieve a high degree of batch-to-batch consistency, improve safety, and significantly reduce immunogenicity risk. No skin test is required before use, thereby enhancing the convenience and safety of clinical use.
 - KJ017 is the most advanced recombinant human hyaluronidase in China. In March 2026, our internally developed Human Hyaluronidase for Injection (葆舒宜®), in the 385U/vial dosage strength, was approved for marketing by the NMPA for use as an adjuvant to subcutaneous infusion, including Sodium Chloride Injection and Sodium Lactate Ringer's Injection.
 - During the Reporting Period, results from two randomized, double-blind, self-controlled Phase III clinical trials of KJ017 were published in the *European Journal of Pharmaceutics and Biopharmaceutics*. The results showed that KJ017 enhanced gravity-driven SC infusion performance while maintaining favorable safety and tolerability. By increasing SC tissue permeability, KJ017 enabled the delivery of clinically relevant fluid volumes through the SC route across multiple anatomical sites. These findings support the further development of KJ017 as an adjunct for large-volume SC administration and its potential co-administration with therapeutic agents requiring rapid or high-volume SC delivery.
 - We will advance commercialization preparations for KJ017 in an orderly manner and evaluate the most appropriate commercialization model, including potential collaborations with specialized commercialization service providers or leading biopharmaceutical companies with established promotion capabilities. We expect to leverage the sales networks, distribution channels and commercialization expertise of selected partners to support market access, medical affairs, channel management and subsequent commercialization of KJ017 across different regions, with a view to broadening its market coverage and realizing its clinical and commercial value.

➤ As of the date of this announcement, we had established formal collaboration partnerships with multiple pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies (including, among others, WuXi Biologics (2269.HK), Qyuns (2509.HK), Shanghai RAAS (002252.SZ), and Sumgen) to co-develop subcutaneous formulations. In addition to the collaborations disclosed above, we continue to proactively expand our collaboration ecosystem. More than 60 partners have used our recombinant human hyaluronidase in their product development, with projects at various stages ranging from early-stage research to clinical development. As such collaborations are subject to confidentiality obligations, details thereof have not been disclosed in this announcement. Under our typical collaboration model, we continuously supply our recombinant human hyaluronidase product as an excipient and provide related technical services, while our partners independently fund the development of subcutaneous formulations used in combination with their product candidates.

▪ In January 2025, we entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with WuXi Biologics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (上海藥明生物技術有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of WuXi Biologics (2269.HK), in relation to the supply, manufacturing and licensing of recombinant human hyaluronidase. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company and WuXi Biologics intend to achieve mutually beneficial cooperation in the application of recombinant human hyaluronidase for subcutaneous drug delivery, and to jointly pursue in-depth development of new business opportunities and expansion of new customer channels.

▪ In January 2026, we and Guangxi Laishi Biopharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (廣西萊士生物製藥有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shanghai RAAS (002252.SZ), jointly announced that the parties had entered into a strategic cooperation in relation to the development of new blood product formulations based on hyaluronidase-enabled subcutaneous administration technology. Pursuant to the agreement, the parties will leverage the Company's subcutaneous drug delivery technology platform together with the leading strengths of Shanghai RAAS in the blood products sector to jointly develop novel blood product treatment solutions with enhanced convenience and improved patient friendliness, with the aim of improving patient compliance and optimizing the utilization of healthcare resources.

• *KJ103 (Recombinant IgG-Degrading Enzyme)*

➤ KJ103 is a globally first-in-class, low-immunogenicity innovative recombinant immunoglobulin G (“**IgG**”)-degrading enzyme for the treatment of various immune-mediated diseases and conditions driven by pathogenic IgG antibodies. KJ103 specifically cleaves IgG at a specific site in the hinge region between CH1 and CH2 by binding to the CH2 domain in the constant region of IgG. With a well-defined mechanism of action and a low immunogenicity risk, KJ103 can safely, efficiently, rapidly and specifically degrade human IgG.

➤ KJ103 is the first and only low-immunogenic IgG-degrading enzyme to reach the registrational clinical stage globally, and has obtained Breakthrough Therapy Designation (“**BTD**”) from the NMPA both as a desensitization therapy in kidney transplantation and for the treatment of anti-GBM disease. KJ103 is designed to target and degrade IgG antibodies in the blood and tissues, thereby inhibiting pathogenic IgG-mediated immune responses that cause various immunological conditions.

- For desensitization before kidney transplantation, we initiated the Phase III clinical trial (CTR20252973) in August 2025, and completed the primary trial follow-up for all enrolled subjects in March 2026. Subsequent to the submission in May 2026, the NDA was included in the priority review and approval procedure by the Center for Drug Evaluation of the NMPA in the same month, and was accepted by the NMPA in June 2026. For the anti-GBM disease indication, we completed the Phase II clinical trial in October 2025 and convened the Phase III clinical trial investigator meeting in January 2026. For the GBS indication, we received IND approval from the NMPA in April 2025, and we are actively advancing the Phase II clinical trial initiated in November 2025.
- In the Phase III clinical trial (CTR20252973) of KJ103 for desensitization treatment in highly sensitized kidney transplant patients completed in March 2026, KJ103 met the primary endpoint and demonstrated a rapid and significant desensitization effect. The data showed a 100% success rate in desensitization therapy prior to transplantation and a 100% success rate in kidney transplantation, with no hyperacute rejection observed. KJ103 also demonstrated a favorable safety profile, with no KJ103-related serious adverse events reported.
- In June 2026, results from a Company-sponsored Phase II, open-label, single-arm, multicenter study of early repeated administration of KJ103 (Ricefidase) in patients with anti-GBM disease were presented at the 63rd Congress of the European Renal Association (ERA). The study indicated that KJ103 enabled highly efficient, rapid, and sustained clearance of anti-GBM antibodies, with potential clinical benefits in key outcomes, thereby providing a novel direction for therapeutic exploration in this life-threatening rare autoimmune disease.
- In November 2025, the Company was awarded a pivotal task under the National Science and Technology Major Project “Medical-Grade Donor Pig Breeding and Clinical Translation of Xenotransplantation,” taking on a critical role in providing the key drugs essential for overall clinical translation. During the project, leveraging our R&D strengths in recombinant enzymes and immunomodulatory drugs, we provided multiple critical immunotherapeutic agents that supported the long-term survival of the xenogeneic kidney transplant. As of the date of this announcement, the recipient monkey has survived for more than 660 days with stable renal graft function, representing a new Asia record for the long-term survival of non-human primates following xenogeneic kidney transplantation. This achievement demonstrates our ability to provide key support for the exploration and innovation of immunological intervention strategies for xenotransplantation, as well as the potential to contribute to the future development of xenotransplantation.

- *SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)) (Long-acting Recombinant Human FSH-CTP)*

- SJ02 is a long-acting recombinant human follicle-stimulating hormone carboxyl-terminal peptide fusion protein (FSH-CTP) designed for controlled ovarian stimulation in combination with a gonadotropin-releasing hormone antagonist approved in China. This treatment regimen effectively stimulates multiple follicular development in females undergoing superovulation or assisted reproductive technology (ART) procedures.

- In China, we received the NDA approval for SJ02 under the approved drug name Corifollitropin alfa N01 Injection (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)) in August 2025 and completed the delivery of the first order in November 2025. In July 2025, we entered into an exclusive sales agency agreement with an independent third party, Anhui Anke Biotechnology (Group) Co., Ltd. (“**ANKE BIO**,” 300009.SZ), pursuant to which we granted ANKE BIO an exclusive right to market, sell, distribute, and promote SJ02 in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan (“**Greater China**”), and accordingly, ANKE BIO acts as an exclusive CSO responsible for the commercialization of SJ02 in the same region.
- As of June 30, 2026, SJ02 had completed online procurement platform listing and market access procedures in more than 29 provinces across China and had covered more than 70 medical institutions. As of the date of this announcement, ANKE BIO has commenced actual commercial sales of SJ02 and is continuously advancing hospital admission and formulary inclusion procedures for the product. We will continue to work closely with ANKE BIO, our exclusive CSO partner, to optimize the marketing strategy for SJ02, further strengthen the product’s market position, reinforce its academic promotion capabilities and distribution network, and enhance its market penetration and brand awareness.

Progress of Other Selected Clinical-Stage Products

- *KJ101 (Recombinant Human Chymotrypsin)*
 - KJ101 is a leading recombinant human chymotrypsin developed through synthetic biology in China. Chymotrypsin has exhibited a wide range of clinical applications, particularly in wound healing for burn injuries, traumatic injuries, surgical incision, pressure sores and diabetic foot ulcers, among others. Chymotrypsin, a proteolytic enzyme, has historically been extracted from bovine pancreas tissue, which poses challenges such as low yield, potential contamination and religious or ethical concerns. Built upon our proprietary green recombinant yeast fermentation technology, KJ101 provides a pure, safer and more scalable alternative with high expression levels. Furthermore, KJ101 offers superior biosafety profile, effectively addressing the viral contamination concerns inherent in biochemically extracted counterparts.
 - For the wound-healing indications of burns, trauma, surgical incisions, pressure ulcers, and diabetic foot ulcers, we initiated its Phase II clinical trial (CTR20252263) in July 2025 and completed the trial in June 2026.
 - For the indication of KJ101 for the dissolution and removal of gastric mucus during gastroscopy, we submitted the IND application to the NMPA in December 2025, received IND approval in March 2026, and initiated its Phase I clinical trial (CTR20261865) in May 2026.

- *BJ044 (Recombinant Ulinastatin)*
 - BJ044 is potentially the only recombinant ulinastatin developed through synthetic biology in China and globally. Ulinastatin, also known as bikunin, is a glycoprotein with strong inhibitory activity, first discovered in human urine in 1909. Ulinastatin can be widely applied in the treatment of acute pancreatitis, acute exacerbation of chronic recurrent pancreatitis, and acute circulatory failure. Owing to its potent enzyme-inhibiting and anti-inflammatory properties, Ulinastatin has been widely used in the treatment of a range of critical and life-threatening conditions with promising clinical outcomes, including sepsis, severe pneumonia, acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), acute poisoning, severe heatstroke, burns and severe traumas.

Currently marketed ulinastatin products derived from human urine rely on an unstandardized production process involving collecting and purifying urine, which introduces risks of viral contamination and batch-to-batch quality inconsistencies. In contrast, recombinant ulinastatin, such as BJ044, is designed to overcome these limitations and deliver a more stable, efficient and scalable production method. The recombinant technology utilized by BJ044 minimizes contamination risks and improves clinical safety. It boasts the advantages of high purity, excellent batch consistency and remarkable cost-effectiveness, while eliminating ethical concerns associated with traditional biochemical extraction methods.

 - The IND application for BJ044 was submitted to the NMPA in March 2026 and was approved by the NMPA in June 2026, permitting the commencement of clinical trials.
- *KJ015 (Bispecific Anti-HER2 Antibody (SC Formulations))*
 - KJ015 is an SC formulation of an innovative bispecific anti-HER2 antibody derived from common light chain technology, which is designed to have two Fab arms with the common light chain forming a near-native IgG1 structure.
 - We received IND approval from the NMPA for KJ015 in December 2024 and commenced the Phase I clinical trial (CTR20251923) in June 2025. We expect to complete the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026.
 - For overseas development, we submitted an IND application to the FDA in July 2026 and received the approval in August 2026 to commence clinical trials.
- *BJ007 (Ceftriaxone Sodium (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ007 is an SC-administered ceftriaxone sodium formulation for the treatment of bacterial infections. To date, there is no approved SC-administered ceftriaxone sodium product globally, and BJ007 is the first and only drug candidate of this class advanced to the clinical stage. The innovation reduces the need for vascular access and use of long-term IV catheters, providing a more convenient, safer and lower-cost administration option. BJ007 can thus offer non-inferior therapeutic benefits without the risks, discomfort and costs associated with infusion lines that are routinely required for longer courses of ceftriaxone treatment, while also overcoming key treatment challenges for DIVA patients.

- We received IND approval from the NMPA in February 2025. Upon approval, we initiated a Phase I clinical trial (CTR20253085) for BJ007 in August 2025 and completed the trial in January 2026. We are currently in communication with the CDE regarding commencement of a pivotal clinical trial, with initiation anticipated in the second half of 2026.
- For overseas development, in May 2026, the IND application for BJ007 was approved by the FDA, permitting the commencement of clinical trials. We expect to commence the clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

Progress of Other Selected Products

- *BJ045 (Anti-CD20 Antibody Resistant to Enzyme Degradation (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ045 is an SC-administered anti-CD20 antibody resistant to enzyme degradation by KJ103 with the potential for the treatment of moderate-to-severe autoimmune diseases when used in combination with KJ103. In combination with KJ103, it exerts a synergistic effect by cleaving existing IgG antibodies, rapidly eliminating the damage to normal tissues caused by pathogenic IgG antibodies and modulating pathogenic IgG antibody production. In addition, leveraging our competitiveness in SC drug delivery candidates, the SC administration modality of BJ045 could potentially improve the treatment experience and patient compliance.
 - We submitted an IND application for BJ045 to the NMPA in July 2026 and expect to obtain IND approval from the NMPA in the second half of 2026.
- *BJ047 (Anti-CD154 Antibody Resistant to Enzyme Degradation (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ047 is an SC-administered anti-CD154 antibody resistant to enzyme degradation by KJ103 developed for solid organ transplantation, xenotransplantation, and autoimmune diseases (Lupus Nephritis, multiple sclerosis, IgG4-related disease, among others). BJ047's resistance to enzyme degradation further leads to increased stability against breakdown by enzymes in the body, ensuring sustained immune suppression and promoting xenograft survival over time. This contributes to a synergistic effect in its target indications. For example, its use in combination with KJ103, which effectively degrades anti-xenograft antibodies, will further contribute to the reduction of both the source and effect of the pathogenic antibodies in xenotransplantation. Additionally, with superior convenience and treatment flexibility, BJ047 has the potential to stand out in the market as an innovative treatment option.
 - We expect to submit the IND application for BJ047 to the NMPA in the second half of 2026.

Product Pipeline

The following diagram summarizes the development status of our selected drug candidates as of the date of this announcement:

Candidate Drugs	Key Component	Regimen	Indications	Lines(s) of treatment	Preclinical	IND	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	NDA	Drug Classification	Current Status/Milestone	IND/ND/ Application/ Drug Approval No.	Source	Commercial Rights
Soluble Intravenous Delivery	Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase ² ★	Mono/Combo	Large-volume SC Delivery (Combo), Body Fluid Loss due to Hemorrhage, Facilitation of SC fluid administration (Combo)	1L ▲	NMPP						Biologics	Received NDA approval in March 2026	國藥准字S2026020	Self-developed	Global
					EMA/EPD						Improved Formulation of Innovative Drug ³	Pre-clinical stage; Expect to submit an IND application in 2026 H2			
	RJ007 ²	Mono	Bacterial Infection	1L	NMPP						Chemical Drug	Completed Phase I trial in January 2026; Expect to enter pivotal clinical trial in 2026 H2	CXHL2401399	Self-developed	Global
					FDA						Improved Formulation of Chemical Drug ³	Received IND approval from the FDA in May 2026; Expect to initiate clinical trial in 2026 H2	IND 179838		
	RJ008 ²	Mono	Bacterial Infection	1L	NMPP						Chemical Drug	Preclinical stage		Self-developed	Global
Antibody-mediated Anti-immune Diseases	RJ009 ²	Mono	Bacterial Infection	1L	NMPP						Chemical Drug	Phase I trial stage	CXHL2500565	Self-developed	Global
	KJ015	Mono	Solid Tumors	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Phase I trial stage; Expect to complete Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2400672	Self-developed	Global
					FDA						Innovative Biologics ³	Received IND approval in August 2026	IND 181553		
					NMPP						Biologics	Submitted NDA application in June 2026; Expect to receive NDA approval in 2027; Received BTD from the NMPA in November 2024	CXSL2200266	Self-developed	Global
	KJ103 ²	Mono	Pathological IgG-mediated Autoimmune Diseases ²	1L	FDA						Innovative Biologics ³	Expect to communicate with the FDA regarding commencement of a pivotal clinical trial in 2027	IND 160657		
Antibody-mediated Anti-immune Diseases	RJ045	Mono	Anti-GBM Diseases	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Completed Phase II trial in October 2025; Expect to submit NDA application in 2026 H2; Received BTD from the NMPA in July 2025	CXSL2400378	Self-developed	Global
					NMPP						Biologics	Initiated Phase II trial in November 2025; Expect to complete the patient enrollment in 2026 H2	CXSL2500128		
			GBS	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Submitted IND application in July 2026; Expect to obtain IND approval in 2026 H2		Self-developed	Global
			Moderate-to-Severe Autoimmune Diseases	1L	NMPP						Biologics			Self-developed	Global
	RJ047	Mono	Solid Organ Transplantation, Autoimmune Disease (Lupus, Scleroderma, Multiple Sclerosis, etc.)	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Preclinical stage; Expect to submit IND application in 2026 H2		Self-developed	Global
Assisted Reproduction	S02 (葆嬰健®) ³ ★	Mono	Controlled Ovarian Stimulation, Stimulating Follicular Development, Ovarian Stimulation, Ovarian Ovarian	1L ▲	NMPP						Biologics	Received NDA approval in August 2025	國藥准字S202500498 國藥准字S202500500	Self-developed	Global
					EMA						Biosimilar	Expect to submit IND application in 2027			
	SJ04	Mono	Stimulating Follicular Maturation, Luteal Phase Support	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Completed the Phase I trial in September 2025	CXSL2400176	Self-developed	Global
			Wound Healing for Burn Injuries, Trauma Injuries, Surgical Incision, Pressure Sores and Diabetic Foot Ulcers, etc.	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Completed the Phase II trial in June 2026; Expect to initiate Phase III trial in 2027	CXSL2400781	Self-developed	Global
	KJ101	Mono	The Dissolution and Removal of Gastric Mucus During Gastroscopy	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Phase I trial stage; Expect to complete Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2501119		
Synthetic Biology Upgrading Platform			Acute Pancreatitis, Chronic Pancreatitis, and Acute Cholecystitis	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Received IND approval from the NMPA in June 2026; Expect to initiate Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2600415	Self-developed	Global
	RJ044	Mono	Acute Pancreatitis, Chronic Pancreatitis, and Acute Cholecystitis	1L	NMPP						Biologics	Received IND approval from the NMPA in June 2026; Expect to initiate Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2600415	Self-developed	Global
★ Core Product 🚧 Breakthrough Designation from the NMPA ▲ Lead Indication															

Abbreviations: BTD = Breakthrough Therapy Designation; FSH-CTP = Follicle-stimulating hormone-carboxyl-terminal peptide; GBM = Glomerular Basement Membrane; GBS = Guillain-Barré syndrome; H1 = First Half; H2 = Second Half; IgG = Immunoglobulin G; SC = Subcutaneous.

Notes:

- (1) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of KJ017's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for KJ017's future clinical development in Europe and the U.S.
- (2) We have completed the pharmaceutical excipient registration in China and are advancing the registration progress globally. The DMF for KJ017 was successfully filed with the FDA in May 2025.
- (3) The subcutaneous antibiotic formulation is developed based on the Chemical Drug Modification (Category 2.2) new administration route, with subsequent studies on area under the curve (AUC) equivalent and PK/PD.
- (4) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of KJ103's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for KJ103's future clinical development in the U.S.
- (5) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of SJ02's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for SJ02's future clinical development in Europe.
- (6) Pathological IgG-mediated Autoimmune Diseases refer to a group of disorders in which the immune system produces abnormal IgG antibodies that target the body's own cells, tissues, or organs.
- (7) We entered into an exclusive sales agency agreement with ANKE BIO in July 2025, pursuant to which ANKE BIO acts as an exclusive CSO responsible for the commercialization of SJ02 in Greater China.
- (8) This definition is established under Section 505(b)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
- (9) This definition is established under Section 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
Research and development expenses	(92,570)	(111,045)
Administrative expenses	(40,616)	(46,153)
Loss for the period	(153,685)	(183,096)

Our research and development expenses decreased by RMB18.5 million, or 16.6%, from RMB111.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB92.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026. This decrease was primarily attributable to: (i) a RMB20.1 million reduction in share-based payment expenses associated with equity incentives granted to our R&D personnel, partially offset by (ii) a RMB13.8 million increase in trial and testing expenses as we advanced the ongoing clinical development of our drug candidates.

Our administrative expenses decreased by RMB5.5 million, or 12.0%, from RMB46.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB40.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026. This decrease was primarily due to the reduction in share-based payment expenses incurred from our grant of share incentives to management and administrative personnel.

	As at	As at
	June 30,	December 31,
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
Cash and cash equivalents	1,042,096	1,241,609
Total assets	2,169,835	2,216,979
Total equity	1,448,724	1,591,974

Other Highlights

- In April 2026, following recommendation by the Shanghai Federation of Trade Unions, the Company received the National May 1 Labor Certificate (全國五一勞動獎狀) at a national ceremony and was one of 25 enterprises in Shanghai to receive the award.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Founded in 2019, we are a biotechnology company strategically focused on four areas: (i) large-volume subcutaneous (SC) drug delivery; (ii) antibody-mediated autoimmune conditions; (iii) assisted reproduction; and (iv) recombinant biologic products. Our portfolio primarily consists of 12 self-developed products and product candidates, comprising three Core Products (KJ017 (葆舒宜®), KJ103 and SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®))), six other clinical-stage candidates (KJ101, BJ044, KJ015, BJ007, BJ009, and SJ04), and three preclinical assets (BJ045, BJ047 and BJ008). Our Core Products comprise: (i) KJ017 (葆舒宜®), a recombinant human hyaluronidase, the 385U/vial dosage strength of which was approved for marketing by the NMPA in March 2026 for use as an adjuvant to subcutaneous infusion, including Sodium Chloride Injection and Sodium Lactate Ringer's Injection; (ii) KJ103, an innovative recombinant immunoglobulin G (IgG)-degrading enzyme, the NDA for which was included in the priority review and approval procedure in May 2026 and accepted by the NMPA in June 2026 for desensitization therapy in highly sensitized kidney transplant patients; and (iii) SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)), a long-acting recombinant human follicle-stimulating hormone carboxyl-terminal peptide fusion protein (FSH-CTP) for assisted reproduction, which received NDA approval from the NMPA in August 2025.

Product Pipeline

The following diagram summarizes the development status of our selected drug candidates as of the date of this announcement:

Candidate Drugs	Key Component	Regimen	Indications	Lines of treatment	Preclinical	IND	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	NDA	Drug Classification	Current Status/Milestone	IND/NDA Application/Drug Approval No.	Source	Commercial Rights
Subcutaneous Delivery	KJ017 (重组人IL-7)	Mono/Combo	Large-volume SC Delivery (Combo, Body Fluid Leak due to Various Causes (Mono), Auto-immune Diseases (Combo) administration (Combo))	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Received NDA approval in March 2026 Expect to submit an IND application in 2026 H2	国食药监字S20260020	Self-developed	Global
					EMA/ED						Improved Formulation of Innovative Drug ^a	Pre-clinical stage: Expect to submit an IND application in 2026 H2			
	RJ007 ^b	Mono	Bacterial Infection	IL	NMPA						Chemical Drug	Completed Phase I trial in January 2026 Expect to start phase II clinical trial in 2026 H2	CXHL2401399	Self-developed	Global
	RJ008 ^b	Mono	Bacterial Infection	IL	NMPA						Chemical Drug	Pre-clinical stage	IND 179838		
	RJ009 ^b	Mono	Bacterial Infection	IL	NMPA						Chemical Drug	Phase I trial stage	CXHL2605665	Self-developed	Global
Anti-body-mediated Auto-immune Diseases	KJ015	Mono	Solid Tumors	IL	FDA						Biologics	Expect to complete Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2400672	Self-developed	Global
					NMPA						Innovative Biologics ^a	Received IND approval in August 2026	IND 18153		
	KJ103 ^a	Mono	Desensitization before kidney transplantation	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Submitted NDA application in June 2026 Expect to receive NDA approval in 2027 Received BTD from the NMPA in November 2024	CXSL2200266		
					FDA						Innovative Biologics ^a	Expect to communicate with the FDA regarding commencement of a pivotal clinical trial in 2027	IND 166657	Self-developed	Global
			Pathological IgG-mediated Autoimmune Diseases ^a	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Completed Phase II trial in October 2025 Expect to initiate Phase III trial in 2026 H2 Received BTD from the NMPA in July 2025	CXSL2400378		
Assisted Reproduction	RJ045	Mono	Moderate to Severe Autoimmune Diseases	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Initiated Phase I trial in November 2025 Expect to complete the patient enrollment in 2026 H2	CXSL2300128	Self-developed	Global
			Multiple Organ Transplantation, Autoimmune Disease (Lupus Nephritis, Multiple Sclerosis, IgG-Related Disease, etc.)	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Submitted IND application in July 2026 Expect to submit IND application in 2026 H2			
	RJ047	Mono	Solid organ transplantation, Autoimmune Disease (Lupus Nephritis, Multiple Sclerosis, IgG-Related Disease, etc.)	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Pre-clinical stage: Expect to submit IND application in 2026 H2		Self-developed	Global
	SJ04 (重组人IL-17)	Mono	Controlled Ovarian Stimulation, Stimulating Multiple Follicular Development, Promoting Ovarian	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Received NDA approval in August 2025	国食药监字S20250609, 国食药监字S20250650	Self-developed	Global
					EMA						Biosimilar	Pre-clinical stage: Expect to submit IND application in 2027			
Synthetic Biology Upgrading Platform	SJ04	Mono	Stimulating Follicular Maturation, Inducing Ovulation and Luteinization	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Completed the Phase I trial in September 2025	CXSL2400176	Self-developed	Global
	KJ101	Mono	Wound Healing for Burn Injuries, Acute Pancreatitis, Chronic Kidney Disease, Diabetes, Diabetic Foot Ulcers, etc.	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Completed the Phase II trial in June 2026 Expect to initiate Phase III trial in 2027	CXSL2400781	Self-developed	Global
			The Dissolution and Removal of Gastric Mucin During Gastroscopy		NMPA						Biologics	Phase I trial stage Expect to complete Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2301119		
	RJ044	Mono	Acute Pancreatitis, Chronic Kidney Disease, Acute Cerebral Failure	IL	NMPA						Biologics	Received IND approval from the NMPA in June 2026 Expect to initiate Phase I trial in 2026 H2	CXSL2600415	Self-developed	Global
★ Core Product 🚧 Breakthrough Designation from the NMPA ▲ Lead Indication															

Abbreviations: BTD = Breakthrough Therapy Designation; FSH-CTP = Follicle-stimulating hormone-carboxyl-terminal peptide; GBM = Glomerular Basement Membrane; GBS = Guillain-Barré syndrome; H1 = First Half; H2 = Second Half; IgG = Immunoglobulin G; SC = Subcutaneous.

Notes:

- (1) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of KJ017's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for KJ017's future clinical development in Europe and the U.S.
- (2) We have completed the pharmaceutical excipient registration in China and are advancing the registration progress globally. The DMF for KJ017 was successfully filed with the FDA in May 2025.
- (3) The subcutaneous antibiotic formulation is developed based on the Chemical Drug Modification (Category 2.2) new administration route, with subsequent studies on area under the curve (AUC) equivalent and PK/PD.
- (4) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of KJ103's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for KJ103's future clinical development in the U.S.
- (5) We have remained the sole sponsor responsible for funding each phase of SJ02's clinical development in China and expect to remain the sole sponsor for SJ02's future clinical development in Europe.
- (6) Pathological IgG-mediated Autoimmune Diseases refer to a group of disorders in which the immune system produces abnormal IgG antibodies that target the body's own cells, tissues, or organs.
- (7) We entered into an exclusive sales agency agreement with ANKE BIO in July 2025, pursuant to which ANKE BIO acts as an exclusive CSO responsible for the commercialization of SJ02 in Greater China.
- (8) This definition is established under Section 505(b)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
- (9) This definition is established under Section 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act.

Our Product Candidates

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this announcement, we continued advancing the development of our pipeline. Our key achievements and planned next steps as of the date of this announcement include:

- *KJ017 (Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase)*
 - KJ017 is a highly glycosylated recombinant human hyaluronidase that can specifically degrade hyaluronic acid in subcutaneous tissue and temporarily and locally increase the permeability of the extracellular matrix in subcutaneous tissue, thereby enabling safe, rapid and large-volume subcutaneous administration and providing a new option to address drug administration challenges for patients with difficult intravenous access. Compared with conventional animal-derived hyaluronidase, which carries a risk of allergic reactions, requires skin testing prior to use, and is subject to inconsistent quality between batches, KJ017 adopts recombinant gene technology and, through a controlled manufacturing process, can achieve a high degree of batch-to-batch consistency, improve safety, and significantly reduce immunogenicity risk. No skin test is required before use, thereby enhancing the convenience and safety of clinical use.
 - KJ017 is the most advanced recombinant human hyaluronidase in China. In March 2026, our internally developed Human Hyaluronidase for Injection (葆舒宜®), in the 385U/vial dosage strength, was approved for marketing by the NMPA for use as an adjuvant to subcutaneous infusion, including Sodium Chloride Injection and Sodium Lactate Ringer's Injection.
 - As of the date of this announcement, we had achieved the following progress and milestones, and we outline our planned next steps below:
 - o We submitted the NDA application for KJ017 to the NMPA in 2024. In 2025, we passed the NMPA GCP inspection of the hospital and bioanalytical laboratory conducting the KJ017 clinical trial, and cleared the NMPA pre-approval GMP compliance inspection for KJ017. In March 2026, our internally developed Human Hyaluronidase for Injection (葆舒宜®), in the 385U/vial dosage strength, was approved for marketing by the NMPA for use as an adjuvant to subcutaneous infusion, including Sodium Chloride Injection and Sodium Lactate Ringer's Injection.
 - o During the Reporting Period, results from two randomized, double-blind, self-controlled Phase III clinical trials of KJ017 were published in the *European Journal of Pharmaceutics and Biopharmaceutics*. The results showed that KJ017 enhanced gravity-driven SC infusion performance while maintaining favorable safety and tolerability. By increasing SC tissue permeability, KJ017 enabled the delivery of clinically relevant fluid volumes through the SC route across multiple anatomical sites. These findings support the further development of KJ017 as an adjunct for large-volume SC administration and its potential co-administration with therapeutic agents requiring rapid or high-volume SC delivery.

- o We will continue to advance commercialization preparations for KJ017 in an orderly manner while evaluating and selecting the most appropriate commercialization model, including potential collaborations with specialized commercialization service providers or leading biopharmaceutical companies with established promotion capabilities. We expect to leverage the extensive sales networks, established distribution channels and commercialization expertise of selected partners to support market access, medical affairs, channel management and subsequent commercialization of KJ017 across different regions, thereby broadening its market coverage. In selecting potential partners, we will comprehensively assess factors including product accessibility and the competitive landscape, with a view to realizing the clinical and commercial value of KJ017.
- o As of the date of this announcement, we had established formal collaboration partnerships with multiple pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies (including, among others, WuXi Biologics (2269.HK), Qyuns (2509.HK), Shanghai RAAS (002252.SZ), and Sumgen) to co-develop subcutaneous formulations. In addition to the collaborations disclosed above, we continue to proactively expand our collaboration ecosystem. More than 60 partners have used our recombinant human hyaluronidase in their product development, with projects at various stages ranging from early-stage research to clinical development. As such collaborations are subject to confidentiality obligations, details thereof have not been disclosed in this announcement. Under our typical collaboration model, we continuously supply our recombinant human hyaluronidase product as an excipient and provide related technical services, while our partners independently fund the development of subcutaneous formulations used in combination with their product candidates.
 - In January 2026, we and Guangxi Laishi Biopharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (廣西萊士生物製藥有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shanghai RAAS (002252.SZ), jointly announced that the parties had entered into a strategic cooperation in relation to the development of new blood product formulations based on hyaluronidase-enabled subcutaneous administration technology. Pursuant to the agreement, the parties will leverage the Company's subcutaneous drug delivery technology platform together with the leading strengths of Shanghai RAAS in the blood products sector to jointly develop novel blood product treatment solutions with enhanced convenience and improved patient friendliness, with the aim of improving patient compliance and optimizing the utilization of healthcare resources.
 - In January 2025, we entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with WuXi Biologics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (上海藥明生物技術有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of WuXi Biologics (2269.HK), in relation to the supply, manufacturing and licensing of recombinant human hyaluronidase. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company and WuXi Biologics intend to achieve mutually beneficial cooperation in the application of recombinant human hyaluronidase for subcutaneous drug delivery, and to jointly pursue in-depth development of new business opportunities and expansion of new customer channels.

- In August 2024, we entered into a technology services and supply agreement with Qyuns for the joint development of innovative SC formulations of original biologic products selected by Qyuns and owned, being developed or to be developed by it, in combination with our recombinant human hyaluronidase. Qyuns, an Independent Third Party to us, is a leading biotechnology company exclusively focused on biologic therapies for autoimmune and allergic diseases.

Pursuant to this agreement, Qyuns will be the marketing authorization holder for the SC formulations developed under this agreement and enjoy exclusive rights to the development, manufacturing and commercialization thereof, while bearing all related costs. We agreed to supply recombinant human hyaluronidase for product development, provide necessary technical support, and assist in regulatory filings.

- o In May 2025, the DMF for KJ017 was successfully filed with the FDA. We plan to submit IND applications for KJ017 to the European Medicines Agency (EMA) and the FDA, and are in the process of simultaneously preparing both EMA and FDA IND filings. We anticipate submitting the application to the FDA in the second half of 2026 and will subsequently complete the IND application for the other region. Our KJ017 exhibits broad applications across multiple therapeutic modalities to enable SC administration, including antibodies and chemicals especially antibiotics, with the potential to enhance drug safety profiles, patient convenience and efficacy.

Warning under Rule 18A.08(3) of the Listing Rules: There is no assurance that KJ017 will be successfully commercialized in China or that KJ017 will ultimately be successfully developed and marketed for additional indications, formulations or in overseas markets.

- *KJ103 (Recombinant IgG-Degrading Enzyme)*
 - KJ103 is a globally first-in-class, low-immunogenicity innovative recombinant immunoglobulin G (“**IgG**”)-degrading enzyme for the treatment of various immune-mediated diseases and conditions driven by pathogenic IgG antibodies. KJ103 specifically cleaves IgG at a specific site in the hinge region between CH1 and CH2 by binding to the CH2 domain in the constant region of IgG. With a well-defined mechanism of action and a low immunogenicity risk, KJ103 can safely, efficiently, rapidly and specifically degrade human IgG.
 - KJ103 is the first and only low-immunogenicity IgG-degrading enzyme to reach the registrational clinical stage globally, and has obtained Breakthrough Therapy Designation (“**BTD**”) from the NMPA both as a desensitization therapy in kidney transplantation and for the treatment of anti-GBM disease. KJ103 is designed to target and degrade IgG antibodies in the blood and tissues, thereby inhibiting pathogenic IgG-mediated immune responses that cause various immunological conditions.

➤ As of the date of this announcement, we had achieved the following progress and milestones, and we outline our planned next steps below:

- o For desensitization before kidney transplantation, we initiated the Phase III clinical trial (CTR20252973) in August 2025, and completed the primary trial follow-up for all enrolled subjects in March 2026. Subsequent to the submission in May 2026, the NDA was included in the priority review and approval procedure by the Center for Drug Evaluation of the NMPA in the same month, and was accepted by the NMPA in June 2026. We expect to receive the NDA approval in 2027.

In the Phase III clinical trial (CTR20252973) of KJ103 for desensitization treatment in highly sensitized kidney transplant patients completed in March 2026, KJ103 met the primary endpoint and demonstrated a rapid and significant desensitization effect. The data showed a 100% success rate in desensitization therapy prior to transplantation and a 100% success rate in kidney transplantation, with no hyperacute rejection observed. KJ103 also demonstrated a favorable safety profile, with no KJ103-related serious adverse events reported.

- o For the anti-GBM disease indication, we convened the Phase III clinical trial investigator meeting in January 2026. We expect to initiate the Phase III clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

In the Phase II clinical trial (CTR20243543) of KJ103 for anti-GBM disease, the 3-month overall survival rate was 100.0% and 66.7% of patients were dialysis independent with preserved renal function. At 6.0 months after KJ103 treatment, overall survival was 100.0% and 75.0% of patients were dialysis independent with preserved renal function. A comparative efficacy analysis versus historical data indicated that KJ103 demonstrated a clear clinical advantage. Historical data for patients receiving current standard intensive therapy showed a 3.0-month overall survival rate of 81.2%, with only 30.6% of patients being dialysis independent with preserved renal function. KJ103 had a favorable safety profile, with no drug-related serious adverse events reported.

In June 2026, results from the Phase II, open-label, single-arm, multicenter study of early repeated administration of KJ103 (Ricefidase) in patients with anti-GBM disease were presented at the 63rd Congress of the European Renal Association (ERA). The study indicated that KJ103 enabled highly efficient, rapid, and sustained clearance of anti-GBM antibodies, with potential clinical benefits in key outcomes, thereby providing a novel direction for therapeutic exploration in this life-threatening rare autoimmune disease.

- o For the GBS indication, we initiated the Phase II clinical trial in November 2025 and expect to complete the patient enrollment in the second half of 2026.

- o In November 2025, the Company was awarded a pivotal task under the National Science and Technology Major Project “Medical-Grade Donor Pig Breeding and Clinical Translation of Xenotransplantation,” taking on a critical role in providing the key drugs essential for overall clinical translation. During the project, leveraging our R&D strengths in recombinant enzymes and immunomodulatory drugs, we provided multiple critical immunotherapeutic agents that supported the long-term survival of the xenogeneic kidney transplant. As of the date of this announcement, the recipient monkey has survived for more than 660 days with stable renal graft function, representing a new Asia record for the long-term survival of non-human primates following xenogeneic kidney transplantation. This achievement demonstrates our ability to provide key support for the exploration and innovation of immunological intervention strategies for xenotransplantation, as well as the potential to contribute to the future development of xenotransplantation.
- o For KJ103’s overseas program targeting pathogenic IgG-mediated autoimmune diseases, we submitted an Orphan Drug Designation (ODD) application to the FDA for the GBS indication in August 2026 and expect to communicate with the FDA regarding commencement of a pivotal clinical trial in 2027.

Warning under Rule 18A.08(3) of the Listing Rules: There is no assurance that KJ103 will ultimately be successfully developed and marketed by our Company.

- *SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)) (Long-acting Recombinant Human FSH-CTP)*
 - SJ02 is a long-acting recombinant human follicle-stimulating hormone carboxyl-terminal peptide fusion protein (FSH-CTP) designed for controlled ovarian stimulation in combination with a gonadotropin-releasing hormone antagonist approved in China. SJ02 is the first approved long-acting FSH-CTP product in China.

The treatment regimen of SJ02 effectively stimulates multiple follicular development in females undergoing superovulation or assisted reproductive technology procedures. Built upon the traditional short-acting FSH, SJ02 has been structurally enhanced by fusing the CTP sequence of human chorionic gonadotropin subunit to the C-terminus of the FSH subunit. This modification significantly prolongs the in vivo half-life of FSH by two to three times without affecting its functionality. The long-acting nature of SJ02 enables a single injection to replace up to seven days of daily injections required with short-acting FSH. By extending the dosing interval from daily to weekly, SJ02 can offer greater convenience, minimize injection-related discomfort, and enhance the overall treatment experience and quality of life for patients.

- As of the date of this announcement, we had achieved the following progress and milestones, and we outline our planned next steps below:
 - o In China, we received the NDA approval for SJ02 under the approved drug name Corifollitropin alfa N01 Injection (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)) in August 2025 and completed the delivery of the first order in November 2025.

In July 2025, we entered into an exclusive sales agency agreement with an independent third party, ANKE BIO, pursuant to which we granted ANKE BIO an exclusive right to market, sell, distribute, and promote SJ02 in Greater China, and accordingly, ANKE BIO acts as an exclusive CSO responsible for the commercialization of SJ02 in the same region. As of June 30, 2026, SJ02 had completed online procurement platform listing and market access procedures in more than 29 provinces across China and had covered more than 70 medical institutions. As of the date of this announcement, ANKE BIO has commenced actual commercial sales of SJ02 and is continuously advancing hospital admission and formulary inclusion procedures for the product. We will continue to work closely with ANKE BIO, our exclusive CSO partner, to optimize the marketing strategy for SJ02, further strengthen the product's market position, reinforce its academic promotion capabilities and distribution network, and enhance its market penetration and brand awareness.

- o In Europe, we plan to submit an IND application for SJ02 to the EMA in 2027.

Warning under Rule 18A.08(3) of the Listing Rules: There is no assurance that the successful commercialization of SJ02 in Greater China will continue or that SJ02 will ultimately be successfully developed and marketed in overseas markets.

- *KJ101 (Recombinant Human Chymotrypsin)*

- KJ101 is a leading recombinant human chymotrypsin developed through synthetic biology in China. Chymotrypsin has exhibited a wide range of clinical applications, particularly in wound healing for burn injuries, traumatic injuries, surgical incisions, pressure sores and diabetic foot ulcers, among others. Chymotrypsin, a proteolytic enzyme, has historically been extracted from bovine pancreas tissue, which poses challenges such as low yield, potential contamination and religious or ethical concerns. Built upon our proprietary green recombinant yeast fermentation technology, KJ101 provides a pure, safer and more scalable alternative with high expression levels. Furthermore, KJ101 offers a superior biosafety profile, effectively addressing the viral contamination concerns inherent in biochemically extracted counterparts.
- For the wound-healing indications of burns, trauma, surgical incisions, pressure ulcers, and diabetic foot ulcers, we received IND approval for KJ101 from the NMPA in February 2025, initiated its Phase II clinical trial (CTR20252263) in July 2025 and completed the trial in June 2026. We expect to commence the Phase III clinical trial in 2027.
- For the indication of dissolution and removal of gastric mucus during gastroscopy, we submitted the IND application to the NMPA in December 2025, received IND approval in March 2026, and initiated its Phase I clinical trial (CTR20261865) in May 2026. We expect to complete the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

- *BJ044 (Recombinant Ulinastatin)*

- BJ044 is potentially the only recombinant ulinastatin developed through synthetic biology in China and globally. Ulinastatin, also known as bikunin, is a glycoprotein with strong inhibitory activity, first discovered in human urine in 1909. Ulinastatin can be widely applied in the treatment of acute pancreatitis, acute exacerbation of chronic recurrent pancreatitis, and acute circulatory failure. Owing to its potent enzyme-inhibiting and anti-inflammatory properties, Ulinastatin has been widely used in the treatment of a range of critical and life-threatening conditions with promising clinical outcomes, including sepsis, severe pneumonia, acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), acute poisoning, severe heatstroke, burns and severe traumas.

Currently marketed ulinastatin products derived from human urine rely on an unstandardized production process involving collecting and purifying urine, which introduces risks of viral contamination and batch-to-batch quality inconsistencies. In contrast, recombinant ulinastatin, such as BJ044, is designed to overcome these limitations and deliver a more stable, efficient and scalable production method. The recombinant technology utilized by BJ044 minimizes contamination risks and improves clinical safety. It boasts the advantages of high purity, excellent batch consistency and remarkable cost-effectiveness, while eliminating ethical concerns associated with traditional biochemical extraction methods.

- The IND application for BJ044 was submitted to the NMPA in March 2026 and was approved by the NMPA in June 2026, permitting the commencement of clinical trials. We expect to commence the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

- *KJ015 (Bispecific Anti-HER2 Antibody (SC Formulations))*

- KJ015 is an SC formulation of an innovative bispecific anti-HER2 antibody derived from common light chain technology, which is designed to have two Fab arms with the common light chain forming a near-native IgG1 structure.
- We received IND approval from the NMPA for KJ015 in December 2024 and commenced the Phase I clinical trial (CTR20251923) in June 2025. We expect to complete the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026.
- For overseas development, we submitted an IND application to the FDA in July 2026 and received the approval in August 2026 to commence clinical trials.

- *BJ045 (Anti-CD20 Antibody Resistant to Enzyme Degradation (SC Formulations))*

- BJ045 is an SC-administered anti-CD20 antibody resistant to enzyme degradation by KJ103 with the potential for the treatment of moderate-to-severe autoimmune diseases when used in combination with KJ103. In combination with KJ103, it exerts a synergistic effect by cleaving existing IgG antibodies, rapidly eliminating the damage to normal tissues caused by pathogenic IgG antibodies and modulating pathogenic IgG antibody production. In addition, leveraging our competitiveness in SC drug delivery candidates, the SC administration modality of BJ045 could potentially improve the treatment experience and patient compliance.

- We submitted an IND application for BJ045 to the NMPA in July 2026 and expect to obtain IND approval from the NMPA in the second half of 2026.
- *BJ047 (Anti-CD154 Antibody Resistant to Enzyme Degradation (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ047 is an SC-administered anti-CD154 antibody resistant to enzyme degradation by KJ103 developed for solid organ transplantation, xenotransplantation, and autoimmune diseases (Lupus Nephritis, multiple sclerosis, IgG4-related disease, among others). BJ047's resistance to enzyme degradation further leads to increased stability against breakdown by enzymes in the body, ensuring sustained immune suppression and promoting xenograft survival over time. This contributes to a synergistic effect in its target indications. For example, its use in combination with KJ103, which effectively degrades anti-xenograft antibodies, will further contribute to the reduction of both the source and effect of the pathogenic antibodies in xenotransplantation. Additionally, with superior convenience and treatment flexibility, BJ047 has the potential to stand out in the market as an innovative treatment option.
 - We expect to submit an IND application for BJ047 to the NMPA in the second half of 2026.
- *BJ007 (Ceftriaxone Sodium (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ007 is an SC-administered ceftriaxone sodium formulation for the treatment of bacterial infections. To date, there is no approved SC-administered ceftriaxone sodium product globally, and BJ007 is the first and only drug candidate of this class advanced to the clinical stage. The innovation reduces the need for vascular access and use of long-term IV catheters, providing a more convenient, safer and lower-cost administration option. BJ007 can thus offer non-inferior therapeutic benefits without the risks, discomfort and costs associated with infusion lines that are routinely required for longer courses of ceftriaxone treatment, while also overcoming key treatment challenges for DIVA patients.
 - We received IND approval from the NMPA in February 2025. Upon approval, we initiated a Phase I clinical trial (CTR20253085) for BJ007 in August 2025 and completed the trial in January 2026. We are currently in communication with the CDE regarding commencement of a pivotal clinical trial, with initiation anticipated in the second half of 2026.
 - For overseas development, in May 2026, the IND application for BJ007 was approved by the FDA, permitting the commencement of clinical trials. The approved clinical trial is a randomized, open-label clinical trial to evaluate the pharmacokinetic characteristics, absolute bioavailability and PK/PD efficacy of subcutaneous infusion of BJ007 compared with intravenous infusion of ceftriaxone sodium in healthy participants. We expect to commence the clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

- *BJ008 (Cefoperazone Sodium and Sulbactam Sodium (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ008 is an innovative SC formulation of cefoperazone sodium and sulbactam sodium. The combination of cefoperazone sodium and sulbactam sodium is a common compound preparation for the treatment of bacterial infections spanning respiratory tract infection, urinary tract infections, intra-abdominal infections, gynecological infections, skin and soft tissue infections, bone and joint infections, bacterial sepsis, meningitis, endocarditis, as well as surgical prophylaxis. Cefoperazone, a third-generation cephalosporin antibiotic, demonstrates strong synergistic antibacterial activity against Gram-negative bacteria with good stability when combined with sulbactam sodium, an irreversible beta-lactamase inhibitor. By utilizing our large-volume SC delivery system, BJ008 may have the potential to replace the IV infusion of currently available cefoperazone sodium and sulbactam sodium with subcutaneous injection, with a reduced risk of complications and improved patient compliance.
 - We will actively advance the preclinical research of BJ008 as planned.
- *BJ009 (Cefazolin Sodium (SC Formulations))*
 - BJ009 is designed as an innovative SC formulation of cefazolin sodium, a first-generation cephalosporin antibiotic that works by inhibiting bacterial cell wall synthesis, leading to cell lysis. Similar to intravenous cefazolin sodium, BJ009 has the potential to treat a wide range of infections caused by bacteria, including those affecting the skin, bone, joint, genital, blood, heart valve, respiratory tract, biliary tract, and urinary tract infections. Moreover, the SC administration of BJ009 may offer an enhanced treatment experience, lower risks of complications and reduced treatment costs, suggesting its market potential.
 - We submitted an IND application for BJ009 in May 2025 and received IND approval from the NMPA in September 2025. Upon approval, we initiated a Phase I clinical trial for BJ009 (CTR20255246) in December 2025. We plan to keep advancing the Phase I clinical trial for BJ009.
- *SJ04 (Recombinant Human Chorionic Gonadotropin)*
 - SJ04 is a recombinant human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) and can be used in assisted reproductive procedures to accelerate follicle maturation and induce ovulation. Additionally, it is suitable for treating prepubertal cryptorchidism, male hypogonadotropic hypogonadism, luteal phase deficiency, and dysfunctional uterine bleeding. In females, SJ04 promotes follicular maturation and triggers ovulation, while facilitating the transformation of ruptured follicles into functional corpora lutea for enhanced progesterone secretion. Thus, it enhances endometrial development for improved reproductive outcomes in people with luteal phase deficiency and helps establish regular menstrual cycles through normalized hormonal patterns for people with dysfunctional uterine bleeding.
 - We obtained the IND approval from the NMPA for SJ04 in May 2024. Subsequently, we commenced a Phase I clinical trial for SJ04 in August 2024 in China and completed the patient enrollment in August 2025. We completed the Phase I clinical trial in September 2025. Following recent regulatory developments for biosimilar drugs, we are communicating with the relevant regulatory authority regarding the subsequent clinical development plan.

Warning under Rule 18A.08(3) of the Listing Rules: There is no assurance that KJ101, BJ044, KJ015, BJ045, BJ047, BJ007, BJ008, BJ009 and SJ04 will ultimately be successfully developed and marketed by our Company.

Our proprietary technology platforms

Leveraging our strengths in synthetic biology technology, we have had the foresight to build fully integrated in-house R&D and manufacturing capabilities. To date, we operate three technology platforms spanning across drug design, chassis cell engineering, and comprehensive bioprocessing, which allow us to navigate the intricate processes of bringing our transformative recombinant protein drugs from bench to bedside. Specifically, our three technology platforms consist of:

- **Drug Design Platform:** Our approach to drug design centers on developing customized delivery systems and formulations that align with the unique properties of the drug and specific needs of the target patient population. We prioritize immunogenicity, molecular stability, and cost-effective production in drug development. Leveraging AI-powered models, we integrate advanced computational simulations with rigorous experimental validation to achieve precise protein engineering and functional optimization. Data generated from wet-lab experiments is continuously fed back into our models to refine and enhance their performance, thereby fostering an iterative and adaptive design process. As a result, KJ103, one of our Core Products, emerged from our drug design platform as a candidate composed of complex enzymes with exceptional stability and functionality, exemplifying its translational power.
- **Chassis Cell Engineering Platform:** Our chassis cell engineering platform focuses on glycosylation modification and advanced expression technologies. Drawing on our extensive expertise in enzyme engineering, glycoengineering, and synthetic biology, we have achieved key breakthroughs in various fields, such as the regulation of protein translation and post-translational modifications for recombinant human hyaluronidase, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell glycosylation engineering, and protein high-expression technologies.

We adopt a multidisciplinary approach across three major biopharmaceutical host systems — including *E. coli*, *Pichia pastoris*, and CHO cell systems – to design bioparts, engineer metabolic pathways, and screen drug proteins from modified hosts. This approach allows us to express proteins in the most suitable host based on the structural and functional requirements of a specific drug protein, thereby significantly shortening the development cycle for novel therapeutics.

In particular, we have developed a CHO cell library with engineered glycosyltransferases to produce humanized glycoproteins with enhanced structural uniformity. This notably reduces immunogenicity, extends half-life, and improves therapeutic efficacy. Additionally, our *Pichia pastoris* cell library features expression chaperones and optimized hosts ready for immediate use in new project process research, which streamlines our drug production and accelerates project timelines.

- **Comprehensive Bioprocessing Platform:** Our comprehensive bioprocessing platform integrates mammalian, yeast, and *E. coli* expression systems to support large-scale, efficient, and sustainable production of our recombinant protein drugs. We optimize production processes and equipment with a focus on environmental sustainability. By integrating high-yield strains or cells, optimized culture processes, and advanced purification technologies, we achieve scalable manufacturing capabilities with a green manufacturing edge.

This platform tackles key technical challenges including, without limitation: (i) enhancing recombinant protein expression and addressing protein degradation in fermentation through synthetic biology and genetic engineering, thereby providing an upstream solution for efficient recombinant protein production; (ii) employing diverse fermentation strategies to overcome issues such as toxic byproduct accumulation, protein misfolding, and low activity during rapid cell growth, enabling stable, high-efficiency expression of target proteins using high-density synthetic biology techniques; (iii) combining different chromatographic separation techniques and utilizing customized resins to develop scalable, cost-effective processes for high-purity recombinant protein preparation; and (iv) improving volumetric productivity and developing resource-efficient, low-energy green manufacturing solutions to meet the demands of commercial-scale recombinant protein production.

Beyond our proprietary platform technologies, we boast commercial-scale manufacturing capabilities and rigorous quality control and assurance systems, which enable us to efficiently scale up production to accommodate the escalating demands of our drug candidates upon commercialization, while ensuring exceptional quality and cost-effectiveness.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS

During the first half of 2026, we steadily advanced our core strategy of leveraging synthetic biology to engineer chassis cells and to develop and manufacture recombinant biologic medicines that are difficult to express using conventional gene engineering, achieving a number of important milestones across R&D innovation, clinical advancement and industrial deployment. During the remainder of 2026, we will further deepen reform of our R&D operating mechanisms in synthetic biology, sharpen our focus on the core advantages of recombinant biologics, and continue to improve R&D efficiency, strengthen external strategic collaborations, enhance science-based decision-making, and consolidate and expand our leadership across four strategic areas: large-volume subcutaneous drug delivery, antibody-mediated autoimmune conditions, assisted reproduction, and recombinant biologic products. We will remain market- and clinical-value oriented, and, around areas of high unmet medical need, continue to develop innovative medicines with clear differentiation and global potential. Anchored by our chassis cell construction platform and integrated with our drug design platform and end-to-end biomanufacturing platform, we will keep strengthening core technological capabilities and raising the probability of success in innovative drug R&D. In parallel, we will actively broaden global collaborations to accelerate the cultivation of new competitive advantages and fully unlock the global value of our product pipeline.

Specifically, we plan to implement the following strategies: (i) Accelerate development of our pipeline in core therapeutic areas to fully unlock clinical and commercial value; (ii) Enhance commercial-scale manufacturing capabilities and quality management systems to advance steadily toward commercialization; (iii) Expand our global footprint, deepen strategic partnerships, and realize the global value of our product pipeline; and (iv) Attract, develop and retain high-caliber talent, optimize our operating system, and strive to become a global leader in developing recombinant biologics using synthetic biology.

Accelerate Development of the Pipeline in Core Therapeutic Areas to Unlock Clinical and Commercial Value

In 2026, our primary goals are to continue progressing our diversified clinical portfolio, advance the commercialization of KJ017 following its approval in March 2026 and drive market uptake for SJ02. We will expedite development and registration of core assets and other clinical and preclinical candidates across our four strategic areas, while also implementing commercialization initiatives for KJ017 and SJ02 to maximize patient access and sustained value. Specifically:

- **Large-volume subcutaneous drug delivery:** We focus on recombinant human hyaluronidase as the anchor of our SC delivery franchise. In March 2026, the 385U/vial dosage strength of our Core Product KJ017 was approved for marketing by the NMPA for use as an adjuvant to subcutaneous infusion, including Sodium Chloride Injection and Sodium Lactate Ringer's Injection, and we will continue to advance its commercialization in China. In tandem, we are advancing the "Two-Anti" strategy to develop SC formulations for both antibody drugs and chemical drugs. Our in-house innovative HER2-targeted bispecific antibody SC formulation, KJ015, is expected to complete the Phase I clinical trial in China in the second half of 2026. In August 2026, we obtained the IND approval for KJ015 from the FDA to commence clinical trials. In addition to deepening collaborations with antibody developers to move more SC antibody programs into late-stage clinical development, we will accelerate the clinical development of SC antibiotics. BJ007 completed the Phase I clinical trial in China in January 2026 and is expected to enter a pivotal clinical trial in the second half of 2026. In May 2026, the IND application for BJ007 was approved by the FDA, permitting the commencement of clinical trials. We expect to commence the clinical trial for BJ007 overseas in the second half of 2026.
- **Antibody-mediated autoimmune conditions:** To address unmet needs across multiple antibody-mediated autoimmune conditions, we will vigorously advance the development of our Core Product KJ103. Our NDA for KJ103 for desensitization therapy in highly sensitized kidney transplant patients was included in the priority review and approval procedure in May 2026 and accepted by the NMPA in June 2026. We expect to receive the NDA approval in 2027. In the second half of 2026, we expect to initiate the Phase III clinical trial of KJ103 for anti-GBM disease and complete patient enrollment in the Phase II clinical trial for GBS. In parallel, we will move combination therapy with recombinant antibodies resistant to enzymatic degradation (such as BJ045 and BJ047) into the clinic and actively explore KJ103's potential in emerging fields such as xenotransplantation. Against the backdrop of increasing organ failure and persistent organ shortage, xenotransplantation has achieved notable technical progress globally. Our investigational products are designed to help overcome immune rejection – one of the key determinants of success in this field. Leveraging our expertise in enzyme technology and antibody engineering, we are confident in capturing a meaningful share of this rapidly growing market, advancing the science of xenotransplantation and addressing substantial unmet medical needs.
- **Assisted reproduction:** To solve the treatment burden of daily injections with short-acting FSH in women undergoing ART, we obtained marketing approval in August 2025 in China for SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)), a long-acting FSH-CTP that requires only a single injection, effectively replacing up to seven daily doses of short-acting FSH and meaningfully improving the current care paradigm. Going forward, we will work closely with our partner ANKE BIO to fully execute the commercialization of SJ02 (Slonva® (晟諾娃®)) in China and realize its clinical value.

- **Recombinant biologic products:** Using synthetic biology, we are developing innovative recombinant biologics by engineering high-efficiency chassis cells to produce complex proteins that are difficult to manufacture via traditional biochemical extraction, thereby addressing inefficiency, impurities, and safety risks (including allergies and unknown viral contamination). Following completion of the Phase II clinical trial in June 2026, we will continue to advance the clinical development of KJ101 for wound-healing indications including burns, trauma, surgical incisions, pressure ulcers and diabetic foot ulcers. For the indication of dissolution and removal of gastric mucus during gastroscopy, KJ101 received clinical trial approval from the NMPA in March 2026, and we expect to complete the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026. In June 2026, the IND application for BJ044 was approved by the NMPA and we expect to commence the Phase I clinical trial in the second half of 2026.

Enhance Commercial-Scale Manufacturing Capabilities and Quality Management to Advance Steadily Toward Commercialization

We have built GMP-compliant manufacturing facilities in Shanghai, covering a site area of approximately 63,000 sq.m. To further upgrade commercial-scale capacity, we are constructing a new site of approximately 37,000 sq.m. in Shanghai, which is expected to be completed and put into operation in 2026. Our existing site is equipped with production lines specifically designed for complex biological products and has specialized capabilities in recombinant protein manufacturing to meet the production needs of our Core Products SJ02, KJ017 and KJ103, while supporting the development of innovative assets under the “synthetic-biology upgrading to replace biochemical extraction” strategy, including recombinant human chymotrypsin KJ101 (Phase II) and recombinant ulinastatin BJ044 (IND-approved). These efforts respond to Shanghai’s initiative to transform science-and-technology innovation strengths into high-quality manufacturing outputs. They are also aligned with Baoshan North Shanghai Biopharmaceutical Industrial Park’s strategic positioning for “synthetic biology industrialization” and the broader policy direction of promoting “high-quality development of advanced biopharmaceutical manufacturing.”

With SJ02 approved in August 2025 and KJ017 approved in March 2026, our manufacturing focus is transitioning from solely clinical supply to a dual track of clinical and commercial production. We will continue to enhance site operational efficiency, benchmark against international standards, and further enhance our integrated quality management system to ensure that product quality, safety and efficacy consistently meet regulatory requirements and safeguard patient use.

Expand Global Footprint, Deepen Strategic Partnerships, and Fully Realize the Global Value of the Pipeline

Building on the successful track record of our existing licenses and collaborations (including, among others, WuXi Biologics, Shanghai RAAS, ANKE BIO, Qyuns, Sumgen), we will continue to actively pursue new partnership opportunities worldwide. Our strategy includes: (i) prioritizing product development and commercialization in the China market to establish first-mover advantages; (ii) generating stable revenues through domestic product sales and diversified collaborations to support sustained R&D and commercialization investment; and (iii) following commercialization success in China, further expanding indications and advancing into major overseas markets. For early-stage assets and platform technologies, we will also seek joint development or in-/out-licensing collaborations with leading global biotechnology companies and research institutions to explore new therapeutic areas and cutting-edge modalities, and to strengthen platform capabilities. Through flexible partnership models, we aim to bring our innovations to more patients globally and maximize the value of our product pipeline.

Attract, Develop and Retain High-Caliber Talent, and Optimize the Operating System

We will continue to execute a comprehensive talent strategy, proactively recruiting top professionals with deep expertise and extensive experience in R&D, commercialization, management, and global business development to support our rapid growth and internationalization. In parallel, we will keep optimizing internal management processes – particularly enhancing efficiency in R&D program management and cross-functional collaboration – to ensure agile responses to market dynamics and the efficient advancement of pipeline assets.

During the remainder of 2026, as our business expands and new products come to market, we will continue to uphold the mission of responding to urgent patient needs, address areas of unmet medical need, and consistently develop high-access, broadly beneficial medicines. We strive to grow into a globally influential leader in synthetic biology and recombinant biologics.

Cautionary Statement under Rule 18A.08(3) of the Listing Rules: There is no assurance that our Core Products and our other drug candidates will ultimately be successfully developed and marketed.

AWARDS AND RECOGNITION

In April 2026, following recommendation by the Shanghai Federation of Trade Unions, the Company received the National May 1 Labor Certificate (全國五一勞動獎狀) at a national ceremony and was one of 25 enterprises in Shanghai to receive the award.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Sales of materials	1,170	983
Technical services	8,705	1,005
Licensing revenue	—	40,002
Total	9,875	41,990

Our revenue decreased by RMB32.1 million, or 76.5%, from RMB42.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB9.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026, primarily due to the absence of RMB40.0 million in one-off licensing revenue recognized in the Corresponding Period, partially offset by increases of RMB7.7 million in technical services revenue and RMB0.2 million in sales of materials.

Cost of Sales

During the Reporting Period, our cost of sales primarily included costs of raw materials, staff costs, and certain depreciation and amortization expenses related thereto. Our cost of sales increased from RMB0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

Other Income and Gains

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other Income		
Government grants*	2,648	1,894
Bank interest income	9,465	3,591
Others	61	414
Gains		
Changes due to passive dilution of investment in an associate	75	—
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	5	—
Total	12,254	5,899

* The government grants have been received from the PRC local government authorities for supporting the Group's research and development and other operating activities. There are no unfulfilled conditions relating to these government grants. As at June 30, 2026, asset-related government grants received but not yet meeting the conditions for revenue recognition amounted to RMB114.7 million.

Our other income and gains increased by RMB6.4 million, or 107.7%, from RMB5.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB12.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026, primarily due to an increase of RMB5.9 million in bank interest income and an increase of RMB0.8 million in government grants.

Administrative Expenses

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Staff costs	15,449	13,169
Depreciation and amortization expenses	9,128	4,748
Share-based payments	4,601	17,732
Taxes and surcharges	2,787	991
Professional service fees	2,750	2,622
General office expenses	1,890	3,827
Others	4,011	3,064
Total	40,616	46,153

Our administrative expenses decreased by RMB5.5 million, or 12.0%, from RMB46.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB40.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026, primarily due to the decrease in share-based payments incurred from our grant of share incentives to management and administrative personnel.

Research and Development Expenses

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trial and testing expenses	33,710	19,881
Staff costs	29,259	36,231
Depreciation and amortization expenses	11,560	12,166
Share-based payments	7,558	27,636
Costs of raw materials	5,029	7,517
Others	5,454	7,614
Total	92,570	111,045

Our research and development expenses decreased by RMB18.5 million, or 16.6%, from RMB111.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB92.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026. This decrease was primarily attributable to a RMB20.1 million reduction in share-based payment expenses associated with equity incentives granted to our R&D personnel, partially offset by a RMB13.8 million increase in trial and testing expenses as we advanced the ongoing clinical development of our drug candidates.

Other Expenses

Our other expenses decreased by RMB20.0 million, or 36.2%, from RMB55.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 to RMB35.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026, primarily because no additional provision for losses on litigation was recognized during the Reporting Period, partially offset by a net increase of RMB35.0 million in net foreign exchange losses.

Share of Loss of an Associate

Our share of loss of an associate during the Reporting Period represented our losses from investments in ABLINK Biotech. We recognized share of loss of an associate of RMB114,000 and RMB54,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2026, respectively, which was attributable to the net losses incurred by ABLINK Biotech during the same periods.

Prepayments, Other Receivables and Other Assets

	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Non-current:		
Prepayment for property, plant and equipment	26,624	97,062
Current:		
Prepayments	5,332	3,513
Deposits and other receivables	2,124	1,333
Deductible value-added tax	46,577	21,904
Prepaid expenses	511	837
Total	54,544	27,587

Capital Structure, Liquidity and Financial Resources

As of June 30, 2026, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to RMB1,042.1 million, as compared with RMB1,241.6 million as of December 31, 2025. As of June 30, 2026, the Group's cash and bank balances were primarily denominated in RMB, HKD and USD.

The decrease in the Group's cash position was primarily attributable to net cash used in operating activities of RMB146.6 million and net cash used in investing activities of RMB116.2 million, partially offset by net cash generated from financing activities of RMB99.2 million.

As of June 30, 2026, the Group's current assets were RMB1,212.2 million (as of December 31, 2025: RMB1,363.2 million), primarily consisting of cash and cash equivalents of RMB1,042.1 million, restricted deposits of RMB91.9 million, prepayments, other receivables and other assets of RMB54.5 million, inventories of RMB16.8 million, and trade receivables of RMB6.9 million.

As of June 30, 2026, the Group's current liabilities were RMB314.7 million (as of December 31, 2025: RMB330.7 million), primarily consisting of other payables and accruals of RMB175.6 million, interest-bearing bank borrowings of RMB134.1 million, deferred income of RMB3.6 million, lease liabilities of RMB1.1 million, and trade payables of RMB0.3 million.

As of June 30, 2026, the Group maintained a healthy liquidity position. The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance its operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. During the Reporting Period, we primarily funded our working capital requirements through existing cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings.

The Group expects to fund its working capital and other capital requirements from a combination of various sources, including but not limited to external financing at reasonable market rates. In order to better control and minimize the cost of funds, the Group's treasury activities are centralized and all cash transactions are conducted with reputable banks.

Gearing Ratio

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is calculated as total debt divided by total assets. Total debt includes current liabilities and non-current liabilities.

As of June 30, 2026, the Group's gearing ratio was 33.23%, as compared with 28.19% as of December 31, 2025.

Indebtedness

As of June 30, 2026, the Group had interest-bearing bank borrowings of RMB421.6 million, as compared with RMB312.4 million as of December 31, 2025. Of such borrowings, RMB134.1 million were repayable within one year and RMB287.5 million were repayable beyond one year.

As of June 30, 2026, the Group's lease liabilities amounted to RMB1.6 million, as compared with RMB2.6 million as of December 31, 2025. The change was primarily due to lease payments made during the Reporting Period.

Capital Commitments

As of June 30, 2026, the Group had capital commitments of RMB132.5 million (as of December 31, 2025: RMB174.5 million). Such capital commitments were primarily related to the acquisition and construction of property, plant and equipment.

Contingent Liabilities

As of June 30, 2026, the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

Pledge of Assets

As of June 30, 2026, certain of the Group's bank borrowings were secured by the Group's property, plant and equipment with carrying amounts of approximately RMB562.4 million (as of December 31, 2025: RMB539.8 million) and leasehold land with carrying amounts of approximately RMB50.2 million (as of December 31, 2025: RMB50.8 million).

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising primarily from cash and cash equivalents denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company, mainly HKD and USD.

The Group currently does not use any financial instruments or enter into any foreign exchange contracts to hedge against foreign exchange risk. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As of June 30, 2026, the Group had a total of 364 full-time employees. Our employees receive compensation comprising base salaries, discretionary bonuses and benefits, which are generally determined with reference to their qualifications, industry experience, positions and performance. We make contributions to social insurance and the housing provident fund in accordance with PRC laws and regulations. In addition, we provide relevant training to enhance our employees' skills and knowledge. We have also implemented employee incentive plans to recognize and reward employee contributions.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any significant investments or material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

The Group did not have any future plans for material investments or capital assets as of the date of this announcement. The Company will make further announcements in accordance with the Listing Rules, where applicable, if any investments and acquisition opportunities materialize.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

As of the date of this announcement, there were no material subsequent events after the Reporting Period other than those disclosed in this announcement.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend an interim dividend for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025: nil).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance with a view to safeguarding the interests of the Shareholders and to enhancing corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the CG Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. During the Reporting Period, the Board is of the view that the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions set out in Part 2 of the CG Code. In order to maintain a high standard of corporate governance, the Board will continue to review and monitor the operation of the Company.

At the annual general meeting held on May 26, 2026, the Shareholders approved, among other things, the abolition of the Supervisory Committee and the election of the second session of the Board. Following the abolition of the Supervisory Committee, the Audit Committee assumed the functions and powers formerly exercised by the Supervisory Committee in accordance with the amended Articles of Association.

Compliance with the Model Code

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding the Directors', former Supervisors' and employees' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code.

Having made specific enquiries with all Directors and former Supervisors, each of them has confirmed that he/she has complied with our Company's code of conduct regarding the Directors', former Supervisors' and employees' securities transactions during his/her respective term of office within the six months ended June 30, 2026. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company was noted by the Company during the six months ended June 30, 2026.

CHANGE OF INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

The following sets out the changes in the particulars of Directors and chief executives of the Company which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules:

- (1) Mr. Zhang Senquan (張森泉), an independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as the company secretary and the authorised representative of Yunhong Guixin Group Holdings Limited (運鴻硅鑫集團控股有限公司) (HKSE: 8349), with effect from March 9, 2026;
- (2) At the annual general meeting of the Company held on May 26, 2026, the remuneration standard for the independent non-executive Directors of the second session of the Board of Directors was approved at RMB240,000 per annum (pre-tax) (compared to RMB150,000 per annum (pre-tax) prior to the re-election), payable in equal quarterly instalments.

Save as disclosed above, there has been no other change in the information of the Directors and chief executives of the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules as of the date of this announcement.

CHANGE OF JOINT COMPANY SECRETARY, AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE AND PROCESS AGENT

Ms. Fong Christine Haiman (方希琳) (“**Ms. Fong**”) has tendered her resignation as (i) the joint company secretary of the Company (the “**Joint Company Secretary**”); (ii) an authorised representative of the Company (the “**Authorised Representative**”) for the purpose of Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange; and (iii) the representative for acceptance of service of process and notices on behalf of the Company in Hong Kong as required under Rule 19.05(2) of the Listing Rules and Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the “**Process Agent**”) with effect from July 8, 2026. Following the resignation of Ms. Fong, Mr. Tsang Chun Ho (曾俊豪) (“**Mr. Tsang**”) has been appointed as the Joint Company Secretary, the Authorised Representative and the Process Agent with effect from July 8, 2026. Following the appointment of Mr. Tsang, the Joint Company Secretaries of the Company are Ms. Li Cui (李翠) and Mr. Tsang, and the Authorised Representatives of the Company are Dr. Liu Yanjun (劉彥君) and Mr. Tsang. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated July 8, 2026.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the Reporting Period, the Company repurchased a total of 95,200 H Shares on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$1.7 million (before transaction costs). All such repurchased H Shares were held as treasury shares. Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (including any sale of treasury shares) during the Reporting Period. As of June 30, 2026, the Company held 95,200 treasury shares.

Details of the repurchase are set out below:

Month of repurchase during the Reporting Period	No. of Shares repurchased	Price paid per Share		Aggregate consideration paid (HK\$)
		Highest price (HK\$)	Lowest price (HK\$)	
June 2026	95,200	17.81	17.38	1,686,277.6
Total	95,200			1,686,277.6

USE OF PROCEEDS

With the shares of the Company listed on the Stock Exchange on December 10, 2025, the net proceeds from the Global Offering were approximately HK\$921.5 million after deducting underwriting fees and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us in connection with the Global Offering, which have been and will be utilized for the purposes as set out in the Prospectus.

As of the date of this announcement, there was no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus. To the extent that the net proceeds of the Global Offering are not immediately used for the purposes described above, we will only deposit the unused net proceeds into short-term interest-bearing accounts at licensed commercial banks and/or other authorized financial institutions (as defined under the SFO or applicable laws and regulations in other jurisdictions).

The table below sets out the planned applications of the net proceeds, the unutilized amounts as of December 31, 2025, the utilized amounts during the Reporting Period, the utilized amounts as at June 30, 2026 and the unutilized amounts as of June 30, 2026. Any discrepancies in this table between the total and sums of amounts are due to rounding.

Intended use of net proceeds	Allocation of net proceeds	Percentage of total net proceeds	Net proceeds unutilized as at December 31, 2025	Net proceeds utilized during the Reporting Period	Net proceeds utilized as at June 30, 2026	Net proceeds unutilized as at June 30, 2026
	<i>HKD in million</i>		<i>HKD in million</i>	<i>HKD in million</i>	<i>HKD in million</i>	<i>HKD in million</i>
Research and development and commercialization of our Core Products, including KJ017, KJ103 and SJ02	493.2	53.5%	489.8	42.0	45.4	447.8
Advancement of other existing pipeline assets and preparation for any related registration filings	162.8	17.7%	155.7	15.4	22.5	140.3
Continued optimization of the Group's proprietary synthetic biology technology platforms, as well as exploration and development of new drug candidates	77.4	8.4%	75.3	30.5	32.6	44.8
Enhancing and scaling up our manufacturing capabilities	95.9	10.4%	69.0	44.7	71.6	24.3
Working capital and general corporate purposes	92.2	10.0%	90.0	9.3	11.5	80.7
Total	921.5	100.0%	879.8	141.9	183.6	737.9

The unutilized amount of net proceeds from the Global Offering is expected to be fully utilized by December 31, 2028.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference that comply with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code and are published on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group and provide advice and comments to the Board. As of the date of this announcement, the Audit Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors and one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Zhang Senquan (張森泉) (“**Mr. Zhang**”), Dr. Ju Dianwen (鞠佃文) and Mr. Diao Juanhuan (刁雋桓), with Mr. Zhang serving as the chairman. Mr. Zhang has the appropriate professional experience as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee has reviewed, together with the management of the Company, the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters, including a review of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information and interim results of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

The Group’s unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended June 30, 2026 has been reviewed by Ernst & Young in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I wish to express my sincere gratitude to our Shareholders and business partners for their continued trust and support, and to our employees for their diligence, dedication, loyalty and integrity.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
for the six months ended June 30, 2026
(Unaudited and expressed in RMB)

	<i>Notes</i>	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Revenue	4	9,875	41,990
Cost of sales		<u>(537)</u>	<u>(265)</u>
Gross profit		9,338	41,725
Other income and gains	4	12,254	5,899
Research and development expenses		(92,570)	(111,045)
Business development expenses		(3,610)	(2,942)
Administrative expenses		(40,616)	(46,153)
Listing expenses		–	(12,435)
Finance costs		(3,088)	(2,666)
Other expenses		(35,339)	(55,365)
Share of loss of an associate		<u>(54)</u>	<u>(114)</u>
LOSS BEFORE TAX		(153,685)	(183,096)
Income tax credit	5	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		<u>(153,685)</u>	<u>(183,096)</u>
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(153,685)	(183,096)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	7		
Basic and diluted (RMB)		<u>(0.47)</u>	<u>(0.64)</u>

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the six months ended June 30, 2026

(Unaudited and expressed in RMB)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(153,685)	(183,096)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		
Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(542)	—
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD, NET OF TAX	(542)	—
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	<u>(154,227)</u>	<u>(183,096)</u>
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	<u>(154,227)</u>	<u>(183,096)</u>

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
as at June 30, 2026
(Expressed in RMB)

	<i>Notes</i>	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		857,276	680,696
Right-of-use assets		51,906	53,561
Other intangible assets		10,951	11,690
Investment in an associate		10,835	10,814
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	8	26,624	97,062
Total non-current assets		957,592	853,823
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		16,780	6,248
Trade receivables	9	6,906	98
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	8	54,544	27,587
Restricted deposits		91,917	87,614
Cash and cash equivalents		1,042,096	1,241,609
Total current assets		1,212,243	1,363,156
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	10	304	8
Other payables and accruals	11	175,637	210,492
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		134,083	113,958
Deferred income		3,621	4,587
Lease liabilities		1,079	1,607
Total current liabilities		314,724	330,652
NET CURRENT ASSETS		897,519	1,032,504
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,855,111	1,886,327
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		287,481	198,451
Lease liabilities		524	979
Deferred income		118,382	94,923
Total non-current liabilities		406,387	294,353
Net assets		1,448,724	1,591,974
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent			
Share capital		65,196	65,196
Treasury shares		(1,468)	—
Reserves		1,384,996	1,526,778
Total equity		1,448,724	1,591,974

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
for the six months ended June 30, 2026
(Unaudited and expressed in RMB)

	<i>Notes</i>	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2025 (Audited) RMB'000
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before tax		(153,685)	(183,096)
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	4	(9,465)	(3,591)
Finance costs		3,088	2,666
Equity-settled share-based payment expense		12,445	46,805
Foreign exchange differences, net		35,329	282
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		17,518	15,099
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		1,441	851
Amortisation of other intangible assets		1,251	1,044
Changes due to passive dilution of investment in an associate	4	(75)	–
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	4	(5)	–
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment		–	3
Share of loss of an associate		54	114
		(92,104)	(119,823)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables		(6,808)	22
Increase in prepayments, other receivables and other assets		(26,957)	(7,093)
Increase in inventories		(7,714)	(647)
(Decrease)/increase in deferred income		(940)	200
Increase in trade payables		296	–
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and accruals		(21,925)	18,644
Decrease/(increase) in restricted deposits		65	(84)
Cash used in operations		(156,087)	(108,781)
Interest received		9,465	3,591
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(146,622)	(105,190)
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment		(135,245)	(37,891)
(Placement)/withdrawal of restricted deposits		(4,368)	5,000
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment		4	371
Receipt of government grants for property, plant and equipment		23,433	2,700
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(116,176)	(29,820)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
for the six months ended June 30, 2026
(Unaudited and expressed in RMB)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
<i>Notes</i>	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	RMB'000	RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of shares	–	30,000
New interest-bearing bank borrowings	163,382	87,291
Repayment of interest-bearing bank borrowings	(54,268)	(45,750)
Principal portion of lease payment	(764)	(836)
Interest paid	(4,986)	(3,582)
Repurchase of ordinary shares	(1,468)	–
Payment for listing expenses	(2,740)	(2,597)
Net cash flows generated from financing activities	99,156	64,526
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(163,642)	(70,484)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,241,609	524,158
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	(35,871)	(282)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	1,042,096	453,392

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

The Company was established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") on 16 December 2019, as a limited liability company under the Companies Law of the PRC. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 28 Luoxin Road, Baoshan District, Shanghai. The Company was converted into a joint stock company on 26 July 2023.

During the period, the Company and its subsidiaries were involved in the research, development and commercialisation of pharmaceutical products.

The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") effective from 10 December 2025.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2026 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025, except for the adoption of the following amended IFRS Accounting Standards for the first time for the current period's financial information.

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	<i>Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	<i>Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</i>
<i>Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11</i>	Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7

3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segment information

For management purposes, the Group has only one reportable operating segment, which is the research, development and commercialisation of pharmaceutical products. Since this is the only reportable operating segment of the Group, no further operating segment analysis thereof is presented.

Geographical information

During the reporting period, nearly all of the Group's revenue was derived from customers located in the Chinese mainland and all of the Group's non-current assets were located in the Chinese mainland, and therefore no geographical segment information is presented in accordance with IFRS 8 *Operating Segments*.

4. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Revenue from contracts with customers	9,875	41,990

Disaggregated revenue information

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Types of goods and services		
Sales of materials	1,170	983
Technical services	8,705	1,005
Licensing revenue	–	40,002
Total	9,875	41,990

Timing of revenue recognition

Goods transferred at a point in time	1,170	983
Services transferred at a point in time	8,705	41,007
Total	9,875	41,990

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in each reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of each reporting period and recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Revenue from contracts with customers	–	40,011

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
<u>Other income</u>		
Government grants*	2,648	1,894
Bank interest income	9,465	3,591
Others	61	414
Total other income	12,174	5,899
<u>Gains</u>		
Changes due to passive dilution of investment in an associate	75	—
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	5	—
Total gains	80	—
Total other income and gains	12,254	5,899

* The government grants have been received from the PRC local government authorities for supporting the Group's operating activities. There are no unfulfilled conditions relating to these government grants.

5. INCOME TAX

Chinese mainland

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China and the respective regulations, Hainan Baoji Biotechnology Co., Ltd. was subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 25% on taxable income during the Reporting Period. Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Suzhou Centergene Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. and Suzhou Kangju Biotechnology Co., Ltd. were entitled to a preferential corporate income tax rate of 15% from 2025 to 2027 as qualified High and New Technology Enterprises.

Hong Kong

The subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong and the subsidiary registered as a Hong Kong tax resident were subject to income tax at a rate of 16.5% on estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the Reporting Period. The first HKD2,000,000 of assessable profits of the subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

No provision for income taxation has been made for the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025: nil), as the Group had no assessable profits derived from the operating entities of the Group.

6. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (six months ended June 30, 2025: nil).

7. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic loss per share amounts is based on the loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 325,981,465 (six months ended June 30, 2025: 288,040,355) outstanding during the period.

The calculation of the diluted loss per share amounts is based on the loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, as used in the basic loss per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The calculations of basic and diluted loss per share are based on:

	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
<u>Loss</u>		
Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	<u>(153,685)</u>	<u>(183,096)</u>
	Six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	Six months ended June 30, 2025 (Audited)
<u>Shares</u>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in the basic loss per share calculation*	<u>325,981,465</u>	<u>288,040,355</u>

- * The weighted average number of shares was after taking into account the effect of treasury shares held. The loss per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent for the six months ended June 30, 2025 has been restated to reflect the impacts of the share subdivision of the Company effective from December 10, 2025 ("Share Subdivision").

8. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Non-current:		
Prepayment for property, plant and equipment	<u>26,624</u>	<u>97,062</u>
Current:		
Prepayments	5,332	3,513
Deposits and other receivables	2,124	1,333
Deductible value-added tax	46,577	21,904
Prepaid expenses	<u>511</u>	<u>837</u>
Total	<u>54,544</u>	<u>27,587</u>

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the transaction dates and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Within 1 year	<u>6,906</u>	<u>98</u>

10. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Within 3 months	<u>304</u>	<u>8</u>

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of three months.

11. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	<i>Notes</i>	June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) RMB'000	December 31, 2025 (Audited) RMB'000
Payroll payables		12,436	18,331
Contract liabilities		6,549	1,818
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment		48,029	26,430
Other payables		40,467	50,797
Amounts due to related parties		70	127
Provision for losses on litigation	(a)	55,080	55,080
Accrual for property, plant and equipment	(b)	10,239	42,028
Tax payables		2,064	3,471
Accrued listing expenses		703	12,410
Total		175,637	210,492

Notes:

- (a) As at 30 June 2026, the Group was involved in litigation associated with a technology transfer agreement with a biotechnology company.

Pursuant to the first instance judgement in May 2025 issued by the PRC District Court, the Group was ordered to (i) make payment amounting to approximately RMB55,080,000 which had been recognised in “Provision for losses on litigation” under “Other expenses” in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the six months ended June 30, 2025; and (ii) return the aforesaid balance of advances from the plaintiff, of which RMB18,360,000 was recognised in “Other payables” at 31 December 2025.

In July 2026, the PRC High Court issued an order revoking the aforementioned rulings and remanding the case to the First Instance Court for retrial. As at 30 June 2026, the Group retained fully provided for the litigation exposure.

- (b) As at 31 December 2025, the Group was involved in litigation associated with a pharmaceutical enterprise regarding a construction project.

Pursuant to the first and second instance judgements in August 2025 and March 2026 issued by the PRC District Court, the Group was held jointly and severally liable to pay the outstanding construction fees along with applicable interest which had been recognised in “Accrual for property, plant and equipment” under “Other payables” at 31 December 2025 amounting to approximately RMB31,789,000.

In June 2026, the construction fees and interest were enforced against the other defendant in the litigation by the PRC District Court and accordingly, the Group was no longer liable for the payment on the litigation and the corresponding liability was fully reversed.

PUBLICATION OF THE INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT AND THE INTERIM REPORT ON THE WEBSITES OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE COMPANY

This interim results announcement is published on the Company's website (www.baopharma.com) and the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk). The 2026 interim report of the Company containing all relevant information required under the Listing Rules will be dispatched to the Shareholders (if requested) and published on the afore-mentioned websites in due course.

DEFINITIONS

In this announcement, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the following meanings. These terms and their definitions may not correspond to any industry standard definition and may not be directly comparable to similarly titled terms adopted by other companies operating in the same industries as the Company.

“ABLINK Biotech”	ABLINK Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (成都盛世君聯生物技術有限公司), a limited liability company established under the laws of the PRC on March 10, 2016, which is owned by the Company as to approximately 16.92%
“Articles of Association” or “Articles”	the articles of association of our Company adopted by special resolution on January 21, 2025 with effect from the Listing Date, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Audit Committee”	the audit committee of our Board
“Board”	the board of directors of the Company
“CDE”	the Center for Drug Evaluation of the NMPA
“CG Code”	the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules
“China” or the “PRC”	the People's Republic of China, but for the purpose of this announcement and for geographical reference only, references herein to “China” and the “PRC” do not apply to Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and Taiwan
“Companies Ordinance”	the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Core Product”	has the meaning ascribed thereto in Chapter 18A of the Listing Rules and refers to the product for the purpose of satisfying the eligibility requirements under Chapter 18A of the Listing Rules and Chapter 2.3 of the Guide for New Listing Applicants; for the purpose of this announcement, our Core Products refer to KJ017, KJ103, and SJ02

“Company,” “our Company,” or “the Company”	Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (上海寶濟藥業股份有限公司), a joint stock company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability on July 26, 2023, or, where the context requires (as the case may be), its predecessor, Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (上海寶濟藥業有限公司), a limited liability company established under the laws of the PRC on December 16, 2019
“Corresponding Period”	the six months ended June 30, 2025
“CSO”	contract sales organization, a company that provides outsourced sales and marketing services to another company on a contractual basis
“Director(s)”	the director(s) of our Company
“DIVA”	difficult venous access, a condition where it is challenging to locate or access veins for medical procedures like blood draws or intravenous cannulation insertion
“DMF”	drug master files, submissions to FDA used to provide confidential, detailed information about facilities, processes, or articles used in the manufacturing, processing, packaging, and storing of human drug products
“FDA”	Food and Drug Administration
“GCP”	Good Clinical Practice
“Global Offering”	the Hong Kong Public Offering and the International Offering (each as defined in the Prospectus)
“GMP”	Good Manufacturing Practice
“Group,” “our Group,” “we,” “us,” or “our”	the Company and its subsidiary from time to time
“H Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of our Company, with a nominal value of RMB0.20 each, which are subscribed for and traded in Hong Kong dollars and listed on the Stock Exchange
“HK\$” or “HKD”	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong” or “HK”	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
“Hong Kong Stock Exchange” or “Stock Exchange”	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“IND”	Investigational New Drug
“Listing”	the listing of the H Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

“Listing Date”	December 10, 2025
“Listing Rules”	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, as amended from time to time
“Model Code”	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules
“NMPA”	the National Medical Products Administration of the PRC (國家藥品監督管理局), successor to the China Food and Drug Administration or CFDA (國家食品藥品監督管理總局)
“Prospectus”	the prospectus of our Company dated December 2, 2025 being issued in connection with the Listing
“R&D”	research and development
“Reporting Period”	the six months ended June 30, 2026
“RMB” or “Renminbi”	the lawful currency of the PRC
“SFO”	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Share(s)”	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of our Company with a nominal value of RMB0.20 each, comprising Unlisted Share(s) and H Share(s)
“Shareholder(s)”	shareholder(s) of the Company
“treasury shares”	has the meaning as defined under the Listing Rules
“U.S.” or “United States”	the United States of America, its territories and possessions, any State of the United States, and the District of Columbia
“U.S. dollar” or “US\$”	United States dollar, the lawful currency of the United States
“%”	per cent

By order of the Board
Shanghai Bao Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.
 上海寶濟藥業股份有限公司
Dr. LIU YANJUN
Chairman of the Board and Executive Director

Shanghai, PRC, August 28, 2026

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises: (i) Dr. Liu Yanjun, Ms. Wang Zheng and Ms. Li Cui as executive Directors; (ii) Mr. Sun Yuhua as employee representative Director; (iii) Ms. Lin, Chia-ling, Mr. Diao Juanhuan and Mr. Li Chen as non-executive Directors; and (iv) Mr. Cai Zhongxi, Dr. Zeng Fanyi, Dr. Ju Dianwen and Mr. Zhang Senquan as independent non-executive Directors.