

***This is an inverse product. It is different from conventional exchange traded funds as it seeks inverse investment results relative to the Index and only on a Daily basis.***

***This product is not intended for holding longer than one day as the performance of this product over a longer period may deviate from and be uncorrelated to the inverse performance of the Index over the period.***

***This product is designed to be used for short term trading or hedging purposes, and is not intended for long term investment.***

***This product only targets sophisticated trading-oriented investors who understand the potential consequences of seeking Daily inverse results and the associated risks and constantly monitor the performance of their holdings on a Daily basis.***

***This is a product traded on the exchange.***

***This statement provides you with key information about this product.***

***This statement is a part of the Prospectus.***

***You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.***

### Quick facts

|                                                                                      |                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Stock code:                                                                          | 07300                                            |
| Trading lot size:                                                                    | 100 Units                                        |
| Manager:                                                                             | CSOP Asset Management Limited<br>南方東英資產管理有限公司    |
| Trustee and Registrar:                                                               | HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited |
| Ongoing charges over a year <sup>#</sup><br>(annual average daily ongoing charges*): | 1.25% (0.005%)                                   |
| Annual average daily tracking difference <sup>##</sup> :                             | -0.01%                                           |

<sup>#</sup> The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ended 31 December 2025. This figure may vary from year to year.

<sup>\*</sup> The annual average daily ongoing charges figure is equal to the ongoing charges figure divided by the number of dealing days for the year ended 31 December 2025. This figure may vary from year to year.

<sup>##</sup> This is the actual tracking difference of the last calendar year. Investors should refer to the ETF website for more up to date information on actual tracking difference.

## CSOP Hang Seng Index Daily (-1x) Inverse Product

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Index:</b>              | Hang Seng Index (the “ <b>Index</b> ”)                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Base currency:</b>      | Hong Kong dollars (HKD)                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Trading currency:</b>   | Hong Kong dollars (HKD)                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Financial year end:</b> | 31 December                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Dividend policy:</b>    | Annually in December subject to the Manager’s discretion. Distributions may be paid out of capital or effectively out of capital. All Units will receive distributions in the base currency (HKD) only. |
| <b>Website:</b>            | <a href="https://www.csopasset.com/en/products/i-hsi">https://www.csopasset.com/en/products/i-hsi</a>                                                                                                   |

### What is this product?

CSOP Hang Seng Index Daily (-1x) Inverse Product (the “**Product**”) is a sub-fund of CSOP Leveraged and Inverse Series, an umbrella unit trust established under Hong Kong law. Units of the Product (the “**Units**”) are traded in HKD on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**SEHK**”) like stocks. It is a futures-based product which invests directly in futures contracts on the Hang Seng Index (“**HSI Futures**”) listed on the Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (“**HKFE**”) so as to give the Product the inverse (-1x) of the Daily performance of the Index. It is denominated in HKD. Creations and redemptions are in HKD only.

### Objective and investment strategy

#### Objective

The investment objective of the Product is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the inverse (-1x) of the Daily performance of the Index. **The Product does not seek to achieve its stated investment objective over a period of time greater than one day.**

“**Daily**” in relation to the inverse performance of the Index or the performance of the Product, means the inverse performance of the Index or the performance of the Product (as the case may be) from the close of market of a given Business Day until the close of the market on the subsequent Business Day.

#### Strategy

To achieve the investment objective of the Product, the Manager will adopt a futures-based replication strategy through investing directly in the spot month HSI Futures subject to the rolling strategy discussed below, to obtain the required exposure to the Index.

In entering into the spot month HSI Futures, the Manager anticipates that no more than 12.5% of the Net Asset Value of the Product (the “**NAV**”) from time to time will be used as margin to acquire the HSI Futures. Under exceptional circumstances (e.g. increased margin requirement by the exchange in extreme market turbulence), the margin requirement may increase substantially.

Not less than 87.5% of the NAV (this percentage may be reduced proportionately under exceptional circumstances where there is a higher margin requirement, as described above) will be invested in cash (HKD or USD) and other HKD or USD denominated investment products, such as deposits with banks in Hong Kong and HKD or USD denominated short-term investment-grade government bonds, money market funds and short-term and high quality money market instruments in accordance with the requirements of the Code.

#### Daily rebalancing

The Product as an inverse product will rebalance its position on a day when the HKFE and the SEHK are open for trading (i.e. a Business Day). On such days the Product will rebalance its position by the end of trading of the underlying futures market, following the movement of the Index, by decreasing exposure in response to the Index’s Daily gains or increasing exposure in response to the Index’s Daily losses, so that its Daily inverse exposure ratio to the Index is consistent with the Product’s investment

objective.

### **Futures roll**

The Manager will use its discretion to carry out the roll-over of the spot month HSI Futures into next month HSI Futures with the goal that, by one Business Day before the last trading day of the spot month HSI Futures, all roll-over activities would have occurred.

### **Index**

The Index serves as a market benchmark that reflects the overall performance of the Hong Kong stock market. It comprises a representative sample of stocks quoted on the SEHK. It is denominated in HKD. The Index was launched on 24 November 1969 and had a base level of 100 on 31 July 1964. The Manager (and each of its Connected Persons) is independent of Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited, the Index Provider.

The Index is a price return, freefloat-adjusted market capitalisation weighted index, with a specified cap-level of 8% on individual non-foreign companies constituent, 4% on individual foreign companies constituent and 10% on aggregate foreign companies constituents. As at 27 February 2026, it comprised of 88 securities with total market capitalisation of HKD 31,636.12 billion.

The constituents of the Index and their respective weightings are published at <https://www.hsi.com.hk/eng/indexes/all-indexes/hsi> (this has not been reviewed or approved by the SFC). You can also obtain additional information of the Index including the index methodology and the closing level of the Index from the above website.

Bloomberg Code: HSI

Reuters Code: .HSI

### **Use of derivatives / investment in derivatives**

**The Product's net derivative exposure may be more than 100% of the Product's Net Asset Value.**

### **What are the key risks?**

**Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus for details including as to the risk factors.**

#### **1. Investment risk**

- The Product is a derivative product and is not suitable for all investors. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal. Therefore your investment in the Product may suffer substantial or total losses.

#### **2. Inverse performance risk**

- The Product tracks the inverse performance of the Index on a Daily basis. Should the value of the underlying securities of the Index increase, it could have a negative effect on the performance of the Product. Unitholders could, in certain circumstances including a bull market, face minimal or no returns, or may even suffer a complete loss, on such investments.

#### **3. Long term holding risks**

- **The Product is not intended for holding longer than one day** as the performance of the Product over a period longer than one day will very likely differ in amount and possibly direction from the inverse performance of the Index over that same period (e.g. the loss may be more than -1 times the increase in the Index).
- The effect of compounding becomes more pronounced on the Product's performance as the Index experiences volatility. With higher Index volatility, the deviation of the Product's performance from the inverse performance of the Index will increase, and the performance of the Product will generally be adversely affected.
- As a result of Daily rebalancing, the Index's volatility and the effects of compounding of each day's return over time, it is even possible that the Product will lose money over time while the Index's

performance falls or is flat.

#### **4. Inverse product vs short selling risk**

- Investing in the Product is different from taking a short position. Because of rebalancing, the return profile of the Product is not the same as that of a short position. In a volatile market with frequent directional swings, the performance of the Product may deviate from a short position.

#### **5. Unconventional return pattern risk**

- Risk investment outcome of the Product is the opposite of conventional investment funds. If the value of the Index increases for extended periods, the Product will likely to lose most or all of its value.

#### **6. Risk of rebalancing activities**

- There is no assurance that the Product can rebalance its portfolio on a Daily basis to achieve its investment objective. Market disruption, regulatory restrictions or extreme market volatility may adversely affect the Product's ability to rebalance its portfolio.

#### **7. Liquidity risk**

- The rebalancing activities of the Product typically take place near the end of trading of the underlying futures market to minimise tracking difference. As a result, the Product may be more exposed to the market conditions during a shorter interval and may be more subject to liquidity risk.

#### **8. Intraday investment risk**

- The Product is normally rebalanced at the end of trading of the underlying futures market on a Business Day. As such, return for investors that invest for period less than a full trading day will generally be greater than or less than the inverse investment exposure to the Index, depending upon the movement of the Index from the end of one trading day until the time of purchase.

#### **9. Portfolio turnover risk**

- Daily rebalancing of Product's holdings causes a higher level of portfolio transactions than compared to the conventional exchange traded funds. High levels of transactions increase brokerage and other transaction costs.

#### **10. Futures contracts risks**

- Investment in futures contracts involves specific risks such as high volatility, leverage, rollover and margin risks. There may be imperfect correlation between the value of the underlying reference assets and the futures contracts, which may prevent the Product from achieving its investment objective.
- A "roll" occurs when an existing HSI Future is about to expire and is replaced with another HSI Future with a later expiration date. The value of the Product's portfolio (and so the NAV per Unit) may be adversely affected by the cost of rolling positions forward as the HSI Futures approach expiry.
- An extremely high degree of leverage is typical of a futures trading account. As a result, a relatively small price movement in a HSI Future may result in a proportionally high impact and substantial losses to the Product, having a material adverse effect on the NAV. A futures transaction may result in significant losses in excess of the amount invested.

#### **11. Holding of HSI Futures restriction in number risk**

- The positions of futures contracts or stock options contracts held or controlled by the Manager, including positions held for the Manager's own account or for the funds under its management (such as the Product) but controlled by the Manager, may not in aggregate exceed the relevant maximum under the Securities and Futures (Contracts Limits and Reportable Position) Rules (the "Rules"). Accordingly, if the position held or controlled by the Manager reaches the relevant position limit or if the Net Asset Value of the Product grows significantly, the restrictions under the Rules may prevent creations of Units due to the inability under the Rules of the Product to acquire further HSI Futures. This may cause a divergence between the trading price of a Unit on the SEHK and the Net Asset Value per Unit. The investment exposure could also deviate from the target exposure which adds tracking error to the Product.

## 12. Concentration risk

- To the extent that the index constituents concentrates in Hong Kong listed securities (including H-shares and red chip shares) of a particular sector or market, the investments of the Product may be similarly concentrated. The value of the Product may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments. The value of the Product may be more susceptible to adverse conditions in such particular market/sector.

## 13. Distributions risk

- Payment of distributions out of capital or effectively out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment and may result in an immediate reduction in the NAV per Unit.

## 14. Passive investments risk

- The Product is not "actively managed" and the Manager will not adopt any temporary defensive position when the Index moves in an unfavourable direction. In such circumstances, Units of the Product will also decrease in value.

## 15. Trading risks

- The trading price of the Units on the SEHK is driven by market factors such as the demand and supply of the Units. Units may trade at a substantial premium or discount to the NAV.
- As investors will pay certain charges (e.g. trading fees and brokerage fees) to buy or sell Units on the SEHK, investors may pay more than the NAV per Unit when buying Units on the SEHK, and may receive less than the NAV per Unit when selling Units on the SEHK.
- In addition, under extreme market conditions, the trading price of the Units may fall to a very low nominal level. In such circumstances, the bid-ask spreads of the Product may widen significantly, trading liquidity may deteriorate, and market makers may face practical difficulties or be unable to fulfil their market making obligations. The trading price may reach the price floor of 0.01 (of any available currency unit). Where this occurs, the secondary market trading price of the Units may not be able to fully reflect movements in the NAV or indicative NAV of the Product, and the Units may trade at prices that deviate materially from their respective NAV. Investors should exercise caution when trading the Units in the secondary market and should consider the latest available NAV, indicative NAV, trading price, bid-ask spread and liquidity of the Product before making any investment decision.

## 16. Trading differences risk

- The HKFE and the SEHK have different trading hours. As the HKFE may be open when Units in the Product are not priced, the value of the HSI Futures in the Product's portfolio may change at times when investors will not be able to purchase or sell the Product's Units. Difference in trading hours between the HKFE and the SEHK may increase the level of premium/discount of the Unit price to its Net Asset Value.
- Trading of the Index constituents closes earlier than trading of the HSI Futures so there may continue to be price movements for the HSI Futures when Index constituents are not trading. There may be imperfect correlation between the value of the Index constituents and the HSI Futures, which may prevent the Product from achieving its investment objective

## 17. Reliance on market maker risk

- Although the Manager will use its best endeavours to put in place arrangements so that at least one market maker will maintain a market for the Units and gives not less than three months' notice prior to termination of the market making arrangement, liquidity in the market for the Units may be adversely affected if there is only one market maker for the Units. There is also no guarantee that any market making activity will be effective.

## 18. Tracking error and correlation risks

- The Product may be subject to tracking error risk, which is the risk that its performance may not track that of the Daily inverse performance of the Index exactly. This tracking error may result from the investment strategy used, high portfolio turnover, liquidity of the market and fees and expenses and the correlation between the performance of the Product and the inverse (-1x) Daily performance of the Index may be reduced. The Manager will monitor and seek to manage such risk in minimising tracking error. There can be no assurance of exact or identical replication of the inverse performance of the Index at any time.

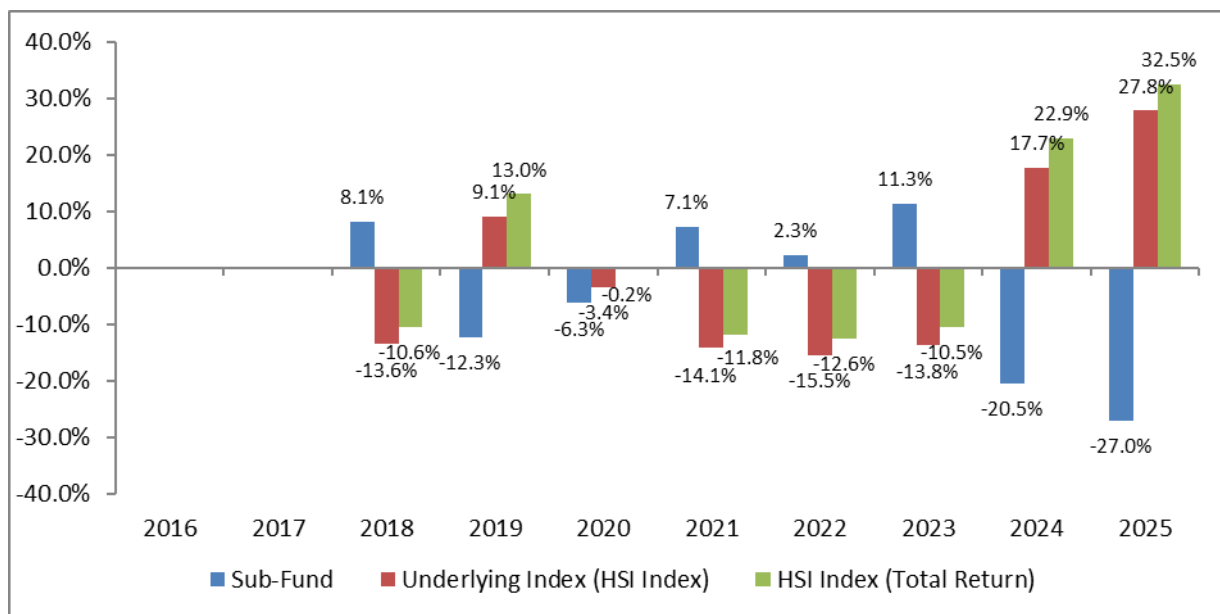
#### 19. Volatility risk

- Prices of the Product may be more volatile than conventional ETFs because of the daily rebalancing activities.

#### 20. Termination risk

- The Product may be terminated early under certain circumstances, for example, where there is no market maker, the Index is no longer available for benchmarking or if the size of the Product falls below USD20 million. Investors may not be able to recover their investments and suffer a loss when the Product is terminated.

### How has the Product performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Product increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in HKD taking into account ongoing charges and excluding your trading costs on SEHK.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Fund launch date: 14 March 2017.

### Is there any guarantee?

The Product does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

## What are the fees and charges?

### Charges incurred when trading the Product on the SEHK

| Fee                                                                  | What you pay                               |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Brokerage fee                                                        | Market rate                                |
| Transaction levy                                                     | 0.0027% <sup>1</sup> of the trading price  |
| Accounting and Financial Reporting Council ("AFRC") transaction levy | 0.00015% <sup>2</sup>                      |
| Trading fee                                                          | 0.00565% <sup>3</sup> of the trading price |
| Stamp duty                                                           | Nil                                        |

<sup>1</sup> Transaction levy of 0.0027% of the trading price of the Units payable by each of the buyer and the seller.

<sup>2</sup> AFRC transaction levy of 0.00015% of the trading price of the Units, payable by each of the buyer and the seller.

<sup>3</sup> Trading fee of 0.00565% of the trading price of the Units, payable by each of the buyer and the seller.

### Ongoing fees payable by the Product

The following expenses will be paid out of the Product. They affect you because they reduce the NAV of the Product which may affect the trading price.

|                    | Annual rate (as a % of NAV)    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Management fee*    | 0.99%                          |
| Trustee fee        | Included in the management fee |
| Performance fee    | Nil                            |
| Administration fee | Included in the management fee |

\* Please note that the management fee may be increased up to a permitted maximum amount by providing one month's prior notice to Unitholders. Please refer to the section headed "Fees and Expenses" in the Prospectus for further details of the fees and charges payable and the permitted maximum of such fee allowed, as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Product.

## Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the Units of the Product. Please refer to the Prospectus for details.

## Additional information

The Manager will publish important news and information with respect to the Product (including in respect of the Index), in the English and Chinese languages (unless otherwise specified), on the Manager's website at <https://www.csopasset.com/en/products/i-hsi> (which has not been reviewed or approved by the SFC) including:

- (a) the Prospectus and this statement (as revised from time to time);
- (b) the latest annual accounts and half-yearly unaudited report (in English only);
- (c) any notices relating to material changes to the Product which may have an impact on Unitholders such as material alterations or additions to the Prospectus or the Product's constitutive documents;
- (d) any public announcements made by the Product, including information with regard to the Product and Index, notices of the suspension of the calculation of the NAV, suspension of creation and

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redemption of Units, changes in fees, and the suspension and resumption of trading;

- (e) the near real time indicative NAV per Unit updated every 15 seconds during SEHK trading hours in HKD;
- (f) the last NAV of the Product and the last NAV per Unit of the Product in HKD;
- (g) the past performance information of the Product;
- (h) the daily tracking difference, the average daily tracking difference and the tracking error of the Product;
- (i) full portfolio information of the Product (updated on a Daily basis);
- (j) a “performance simulator” which allows investors to select a historical time period and simulate the performance of the Product vis-à-vis the Index during that period based on historical data;
- (k) the latest list of the participating dealers and market makers; and
- (l) compositions of dividends (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital), if any, for a rolling 12-month period.

### **Important**

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.